The Leader

XXIII, No. 38 MORRISBURG, ONT. FRIDAY, OCT. 10, 1924

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J. B. CHALLIES LEAVES GOVERNMENT SERVICE

Ottawa, Oct. 7—J. B. Challies, Director of Water Power and Reclamation in the Department of the Interior, has accepted an important professional position with the Shawinigan Water & Power Company, and leaves shortly for Montreal to enter upon his new duties. He has been director of Water Power since 1919 and Chief Engineer of the Hydrometric Survey of Canada since 1918, and Director of Reclamation since 1923. It is understood that in accordance with the policy of the Department, the vacancy created will, subject to the approval of the Civil Service Commission, be filled by promotion. J. T. Johnston is Acting Director, and S. S. Schovil is Acting Assistant Director.

His resignation is additional evidence of the increasing difficulty of retaining in the public service, skilled officers for whose services we must enter into competition with commercial enterprises," declared W. W. Cory, C.M.G., Deputy Minister of the Interior, in commenting on Mr. Challies' departure. Mr. Cory also paid a tribute to Mr. Challies' work and stated that while the Department would suffer a loss, he could not help feeling gratified that with the world to choose from, the Shawinigan Water & Power Company had selected a Canadian, and particularly a member of the staff of the Department of the Interior.

In referring to Mr. Challies' work, Mr. Cory said that some fifteen years ago, the Dominion Government realizing that there was a dearth of information as to the water-power possibilities of the Dominion, and that the growth of importance of water power as the key to all key industries demanded special effort, the Department of the Interior was charged with the responsibility of finding out more about this class of natural resource and Mr. Challies was assigned to the special work of assembling water-power data and superintending the develop ment of water powers controlled by by the Dominion. There is now, large ly as a result of his work, a well established hydrometric survey of Canada which is gradually making a complete inventory of Canadian water and power resources. The re sults of this survey, with special reference to water power, have been given wide publicity and Canada is now known not only for the unique and unrivalled character of her power resources, but for the remarkable manner and extent of their utilization. At the recent First World Power Conference in London it was said that the Dominion's water power resources were not only the most thoroughly and systematically studied, but were probably the most progressively used for the convenience and comfort of the general public.

Probably the most notable feature of Mr. Challies' work with the Government is the system of water and power administration that has been established in the prairie provinces. It is generally conceded that nowhere is there a more adaptable and a so generally satisfactory series of water nd power laws and regulations in actual practice.

J. B. Challies graduated from Woodstock College in 1899 and from the School of Practical Science in 1903 Toronto University granted him the post-graduate degree of "C.E." in 1915. He joined the Topographical surveys in 1903 where, under the tutelage of the late Dr. Deville, D.T.S., director-general of Dominion Surveys, he received a thorough grounding in general survey work and departmental activities. In 1909 he was chosen as technical assistant to the late R. R. Young, D.L.S., Chief Geographer for Canada, to organize and supervise water power administrative and investigatory work in the Department of the Interior. On the death of Mr. Young in 1911, Mr. Challies was given complete charge of all the water power work of the Department. A year ago, on the retirement of the Director of Reclamation, E. F. Drake he was also made responsible for all irrigation and drainage work of the Government, with the title of Director of Water Power and Reclamation.

Mr. Challies is not only a recognized authority on water power, hydrometric survey and cognate questions, but has achieved an enviable reputation as a general consultant and as an expert in international waterway problems. He is a member of the Dominion Power Board, the Lake of the Woods Control Board, and of the recently created Dominion Fuel Board. In recent years he has occupied very responsible positions for the Government in connection with both interprovincial and international watterway negotiations. From 1916 to 1921 he was Honorary Engineer-Secretary of the Research Council of Canada. He was one of the representatives of the Government of Canada in 1915 at the International Engineering Congress in San Francisco, and in 1924 at the First World Power Conference in London, during which he was presented to His Majesty King George at Buckingham Palace.

He was one of the founders and members of the first council of the Town Planning Institute and of the Professional Institute of Civil Servants. The Ontario Provincial Legislature two years ago named him one of the three representatives of the civil engineers upon the provisional council of the Association of Professional Engineers of Ontario. It has, however, been his contribution to the progress of the Engineering Institute, which marked him for special recognition by that body. For five years, from 1915 to 1919, he was honorary secretary of the Ottawa Branch; 1919, first chairman of the Ontario Provincial Division; for three years from 1920 a member of the Dominion Council.

In 1914 Mr. Challies was elected a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, in 1920 an associate of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, and in January, 1924, was elected vice president of the Engineering Institute of Canada

The Leader joins with the citizens of Morrisburg, in extending congratulations to Mr. J. B. Challies, son of our esteemed citizens, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Challies.

O. T. A. VS. GOVERNMENT SALE

The meeting in the Music Hall to discuss the questions involved in the plebiscite, was well attended, quite a few from outside of the town being present.

Harold Fisher, M.P.P., was the first speaker. He brought before the audience the real question at issue. "Would conditions be better under Government Sale than at present." While there was illicit sale of liquor at present time, would conditions be better by the Government setting up liquor shops in various parts of Ontario. That was the issue. Can you stop the sale of liquor by selling it? He pointed out that every one shows that man's appetite grows upon what it feeds upon. Some men can drink a bottle and keep up a fair front. others are drunk on a couple of drinks, what would a bottle do for them. While a bottle might satisfy a man today, it would not tomorrow. That he facilities and free access to liquor invariably increases the consumption of liquor, whereas the shortening of hours of sale and the increasing the difficulties of obtaining liquor, decreases the consumption. This has been proved in Ottawa by cutting off licenses. Had also been demonstrated in England by the shortening of hours.

The O.T.A. certainly put in the way of the drinker, the greatest difficulty in getting liquor; would not a Government shop in Morrisburg or Cornwall, Ottawa, Brockville, or Kingson increase the sale. It has been said, a bottle costs a large sum, poor man could not buy. Nothing to prevent two or three to club together. If people would stop and think what a liquor shop in Morrisburg would mean, and the difference between what would then occur and what takes place now, he would stop and leave the question with them. He had known men who could take a glass or so and leave it alone and apparently not be hurt, but he knew many others who could not. If you could make a law which would let the man who can take a glass or so and stop, and keep it away from those who abuse themselves and their families, he might be satisfied, but that could not be done. Those who could take a glass or so should be willing to give that up for the benefit of those who could not. No Government could see that no one gets too much liquor. In Quebec, the law is one bottle a day, but that cannot be enforced. None is obtained by easy methods. The sale of liquor in Government Shops is not control. Government sale allows liquor to be consumed in the home, in his auto, in the lodge, in his hotel bedroom. He went on to say whether our homes will be better by permitting people to buy liquor and legally bring it to their home and drink, whether that home will be a better home than now without such legalized traffic.

If a man can legally drive his auto up to a liquor shop and buy a bottle, who can see where he drinks it. We will have it everywhere men and women gather. He dealt with the objections to the O.T.A. That it did not prohibit; neither did the Customs Act prohibit people bringing in goods and avoiding paying duty. As to whether O.T.A. did prohibit, he pointed out that in 1914 Canada consumed 1.061 gallons per man, woman and child on the average, but in 1923, the average consumption dropped to .219. In other words there was only 1-5 as much consumed in Canada in 1923 as in 1914. At this time also Quebec and British Columbia have their liquor shops full blast. In other words where five men drank i 1914, only one drank in 1923.

Owners of motor cars should consider what it would mean to them when a man is able to buy a bottle and drink it in the car. It has been said there are more motor car accidents in 1923 than in 1914. Quite so, but there was only one car then to every five cars now. The day of the motor car has been only since the coming into force of the O.T.A.

In answering the question. Why should not the Government get the profit made by the Bootlegger? This presupposes that there is no bootlegging where there is Government Sale, but this is not the case. The Bootlegger can undersell the Government. He can do business in in small quantities. Government Sale was worse than license, because under license a man could go and

(Continued on page 4)

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OLD EARTH CELLAR BEST FOR APPLES.

One of the problems of the householder each year is what quantity of apples he can store economically, and another question, "Why did not my apples keep well last winter?" or "Is there any way by which I can keep them better this year?" This does not apply, of course, to those who are fortunate in having the old-fashioned cellar without a furnace, which was cool but frost-proof, and moist without being damp. It was and is in such a cellar that apples can be kept to the best advantage and where they will best retain their flavor. The nearer the conditions approach those in this old earth cellar the better the results will be. First, the fruit should be kept as cool as possible without freezing. If the temperature can be kept between 35 and 40 deg. F., this would be best. The higher the temperature the shorter the life of the fruit.

Next in importance is retaining the moisture in the fruit. If the individual specimens are exposed to a very dry atmosphere they will wither, hence the desirability of keeping them in such a way as to retain the moisture as much as possible, even though the air of the storage room be dry. This can be obtained, to some extent, by keeping the fruit in a closed package and, better still, in addition, by wrapping each individual specimen in waxed or oiled paper, which will do much to preserve the moisture in the fruit, and to keep disease from spreading from one specimen to another. It is also desirable, if one has nothing else in storage that will be adversely affected, to keep an open vessel with water in it in the room.

A careful choice of varieties should be made if one is going to lay in several barrels, or more than the family can use in a month or so, as notwithstanding favorable conditions for storage, the length of the season that any variety will remain in prime condition is limited.—W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist.

MULCHING OF SMALL FRUITS AND PERENNIAL FLOWERS.

Although the mulching of small fruits and perennial flowers is useful in the attaining of several objectives, its chief use is for winter and spring protection. Ordinarily, our common hardy species do not suffer much harm from freezing, but are usually killed by alternate freezing and thawing. By the use of a good safe mulch, properly applied, the plant, after freezing will, as a rule, stay frozen during the winter and early spring thaws, and when it finally thaws out, severe weather, and the danger of its again freezing will be over. It frequently happens that a few quite warm days will occur during early spring and the high temperatures not only thaw out unprotected plants, but induce growth as well. Such unseasonable weather may be followed by severe cold which will damage or kill the newly started growth and often kill the plant itself. It is, therefore, evident that a mulch for winter protection is not so much a protection against cold as it is against unseasonable heat by preventing premature thawing and too early growth.

Nature's protection, or mulch, is ideal, although unsightly. The stems of herbaceous plants, after dying, remain upright and catch wind blown leaves and later snow. As the season advances these stems break down and form a protection in the early spring for the crown of the plant. Shrubbery holds leaves that are blown into it, and anywhere necessary, leaves and litter collect to form an efficient mulch. It is, however, usually desirable to clear up fall litter of this sort, as it has an untidy and unsightly appearance, but if this is done, artificial protection, of a similar nature, in the form of a mulch should be given the plants. Generally speaking the best material for a mulch is coarse straw or very strawy horse manure. Close lying or dense material, such as well rotted manure, is not satisfactory, as heating may often start and kill the plants. The mulch should be applied to a depth of two or three inches as soon as the ground is frozen, in the fall, and removed when danger of severe cold is past the following spring.

Practically all of our common perennial flowers are benefited by a mulch two to four inches in depth of straw, leaf mould or strawy horse manure.

Many follow the practice of digging this material into the soil and thus enrich the soil and get rid of the litter at the same time. Strawberries are best mulched with coarse straw spread evenly over the rows to a depth of two or three inches. The canes of blackberries, tender varieties of raspberries and grapes should be laid down and covered with four to six inches of soil. Currants, gooseberries and hardy raspberries are benefited by mulching around the roots with ordinary barnyard manure, which can be worked into the ground by cultivation during the late spring. As a rule, many plants will survive and even appear to thrive without mulching, but experience has shown that mulching, if properly done, will benefit practically any variety or species of small fruits and perennial flowers.

PUTTING UP PICKLES AND RELISHES

BY FLORENCE TAFT EATON.

There is nothing that gilds the home table more than the liberal appearance upon it of the various delicious homemade relishes and appetizers.

A fine piccalilli or zestful chowchow converts a plain hash into a tempting dish; a tart, spiced-fruit catchup or relish increases the flavor and appeal of a platter of cold meat; a fine mustard pickle or tangy chili sauce seems the almost necessary complement of the Saturday-night baked beans or the Sunday-morning fish balls.

There are so many good things in this line that can be made at this season of the year that it is very hard to pick and choose. Housewives are, however, usually interested in trying something a bit different, as sometimes the family tires a bit of the same old stand-bys, however tempting.

Peaches serve as a foundation for numberless delectable concoctions.

Pickled Peaches—Make a syrup of four pounds of brown sugar and one quart of vinegar, and boil ten minutes with a loose bag of mixed spices—stick cinnamon, cassia buds, allspice and one teaspoonful of cloves; half a cupful in all.

Skim and add eight pounds of whole peaches which have been scalded and skinned. If large and firm they may be halved if preferred. Cook about ten minutes or until soft but not mushy; remove carefully into a crock, boil the syrup a few minutes longer and pour over the fruit.

Next day drain off syrup and boil until thick and rich, then pour over the peaches. Do this three days in all; keep in a stone crock, retaining the bag of spices. Ripe Seckel pears may be done the same way.

Peach Conserve—Scald, peel and cut up six pounds of ripe peaches; add an equal quantity of sugar, the shredded kernels of six or eight pits, two oranges put through the meat chopper and the juice of a small bottle of maraschino cherries. Cook, stirring frequently, until well blended, adding, a few minutes before taking up, the cherries cut in small pieces. Store in jelly glasses or in half-pint sealed jars.

Watermelon Balls—Cut the pink but firm part of the melon—near the rind—into marbles with the potato scoop. Soap over night in weak alum water—half an ounce to two quarts water. In the morning take out into cold water, rinse thoroughly and put into a boiling syrup made of three-quarters the weight of fruit in sugar and enough water to just cover the fruit; add half each of a thinly sliced lemon and orange to each pound of fruit, and one ounce of ginger root in small pieces to each three pounds.

Cook until clear, skim out the fruit, boil the syrup until thick and rich, reheat the fruit and can all boiling hot. Cubes of the melon may be used instead of cutting into marbles.

Circlets.—Select Cucumbers at least one and a half inches in diameter, pare, cut in halves and remove the seed portion with the apple corer. Then slice into half-inch thick slices. Simmer for a couple of hours in vinegar and water—half and half—to cover, salting to taste; drain. Make a syrup of one pound of brown sugar and three cupfuls of vinegar and boil five minutes with a small bag of mixed spices; skim and pour over the cucumber rings.

Stand overnight; repeat two days more. On the third day pack in jars, cover with the boiling syrup and seal.

Grape Conserve—Pulp four pounds of wild or Concord grapes, cook and strain the pulps, add to the skins and boil eighteen minutes, stirring carefully. Then add two and a quarter pounds of sugar, half an orange and half a lemon put through the meat chopper, three-quarters of a pound of small seedless raisins washed and dried, and cook, stirring, three-quarters of an hour.

Andover Conserve—Put in a large preserving kettle eight pounds of hard pears put through the meat chopper, eight pounds of sugar, two lemons, one orange and a quarter pound of preserved ginger, all put through the chopper. Pieces of ginger root cut in small pieces will do, but the preserved ginger is nicer. Set over very moderate heat until sugar is melted and juices flow, then cook, stirring occasionally, about two hours, or until thick and clear.

Polly's Conserve—Three pounds of plums, three pounds of pears and three pounds of apples. Stone the plums and boil the stones in two cupfuls of water forty minutes. Peel, core and chop fruit; add one orange or lemon put through the meat chopper, six pounds of sugar, the strained stone water, and cook, stirring occasionally, until as thick as you wish.

Green Tomato Marmalade—Green tomatoes, sliced, in such quantity as you wish. Place in good-size kettle and fill two-thirds full with water; then add two-thirds the weight of the fruit in sugar and two thin slices of lemon for each pound of fruit. Cook slowly a long time until thick and rich.

Plum Conserve—This is a fine way to use the abundant windfall plums. To six pounds of pitted plums, add the same quantity of sugar, three oranges and one lemon put through the fine knife of the meat chopper, and one and a half pounds of seeded raisins. Boil slowly until of the consistency of jelly and put in hot sterilized glasses.

Piquant Apple Jelly—Cut up crab-apples or any early tart apples, pack in a large kettle; add a cupful of vinegar, a bag of mixed spices and enough cold water to just appear between the fruit. Boil, covered, until broken and mushy, stirring and mashing, and strain through a jelly bag.

Next morning measure the fruit, boil hard with the bag of spices ten minutes; add an equal measure of hot sugar and boil three to five minutes, skimming carefully. Put in glasses.

English Chutney—Uncooked. One pound each of ripe tomatoes and tart apples, four medium-size peppers, eight medium-size onions, half a cupful of chopped mint leaves, one and a third cupfuls of seeded raisins, one heaping teaspoonful of dry mustard, one and a half teaspoonfuls of salt, two cupfuls of granulated sugar and three cupfuls of vinegar. Chop tomatoes, add salt and mix. Chop other ingredients. Scald and cool vinegar, add sugar and mustard; combine everything, mixing well, and let stand two weeks before using, stirring occasionally.

Harlequin Pickle—Ten large green peppers, ten large red peppers, twelve onions. Chop peppers coarsely, pour boiling water over them, let stand ten minutes; then drain, again cover with boiling water, and let stand five minutes. Drain thoroughly, add onions, chopped, two cupfuls of light brown sugar, two tablespoonfu'ls of salt and one quart of vinegar. Bring to boil, cook fifteen minutes and can in jars.

Meriton Pickle — Uncooked. Slice five dozen unpeeled green cucumbers about four inches long. Sprinkle liberally with salt in layers and let stand overnight. Drain off brine, add one and a half dozen small onions sliced thinly. To five cupfuls of vinegar add one large cupful of best salad oil, three teaspoonfuls of celery salt, half a teaspoonful of white mustard seed, and beat vigorously; pour over cucumbers and onions and put in pint jars and seal. This makes six jars.

Veribest Chowchow—Peel and slice one peck of ripe tomatoes and one quart of onions—less of onion if you prefer—and four green or red peppers. Sprinkle over the mixture half a cupful of salt. Let stand two or three hours; drain, saving juice. Boil one hour in a large kettle and add one pint of good vinegar, two cupfuls of brown sugar, a saltspoonful of cayenne, two tablespoonfuls of ground mustard, a tablespoonful each of cinnamon and whole cloves, a teaspoonful of celery seed, and boil another hour. Can, boiling, in quart or pint jars. Delicious with fish balls, baked beans and cold meats.

Fruit Chowchow—To half a peck of green tomatoes put through the meat chopper, add half a cupful of salt and let stand overnight; then drain. Add three pints of vinegar, two and a half pounds of brown sugar and a bag of mixed spices; cook twenty minutes after it begins to boil, then add half a peck of apples or Seckel pears put through the meat chopper. Apples must be pared; pears need not be. Cook until tender and can while boiling. If not moist enough add one cupful each of vinegar and sugar while boiling.



Although only fifteen years old the Duke of Norfolk, shown above in court attire, has inherited approximately $85,000,000. Since his father died seven years ago, it has taken all that time to complete the valuation of the estate which the boy inherits.

What is a Bacon Hog?

Pamphlet No. 40, New Series, will explain what constitutes a select bacon hog, and also the various other grades into which hogs are classified under the government grading regulations. Hog types are clearly explained and the advantages of grading are clearly set forth. The pamphlet referred to "The Bacon Hog and Hog Grading" is obtainable on request from the Dept. of Agriculture at Ottawa, and should be in the hands of every farmer who raises hogs for market.

To kill garlic, try late fall plowing, followed by an intertilled crop the following year. Corn in check-rows is a good crop to plant. To get rid of the garlic in pastures, if the plants are not too numerous, dig each plant and destroy it. Sheep eat the tops of the plants, and close grazing for a few years often kills the pest out. Coal-tar creosote oil applied to each plant at the rate of about four thimblefuls is effective in killing both the plant and the ungerminated bulbs.

How time changes! The very ones who used to demand the full dinner pail are now shouting for more parking space.



The bronze figure of Evangeline has been erected at Grand Pre, in honor of Henry Wadsworth Longfellow, well-known American poet, who made Nova Scotia famous with his poem "Evangeline."

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel.

Making and Filling of a Terrarium—By Emma B. Dashley

And Nature, the old nurse, took
The child upon her knee,
Saying, "Here is a story book
Thy Father has written for thee."

The possession of a terrarium is ever a source of delight, because of the difficult plants and berries which appeal to the eye; and also because of the bugs and other creatures which show active life.

To make a terrarium, first of all, a berry crate with a cover is needed. Saw or cut out the middle slats from near the corners on the four sides, leaving the top and bottom slats for support. If the slats run up and down, saw them from the top slat to the bottom slat. Cover the top and two short sides on the inside with wire screen. Use glass in the front and back, the entire length of the crate, to provide light and heat; also to make it possible to observe readily what is inside.

Paint the crate and wire screen dark green to harmonize with the plants inside; and set the crate in a low window or upon a pedestal stand, low enough to allow the children of the family to observe the growth of the plants from day to day.

On the bottom of the terrarium, place a pan about three or four inches deep and the length of the crate, or have a galvanized pan made. To a depth of three inches fill the pan with soil preferably from the woods. Then you are ready to select the plants you find most pleasing. As a lover of nature and the woods, I prefer to have plants from the woods. The partridge or squaw-berry vines with their bright red berries may be gathered at any time in the fall and will last all winter. Wintergreen roots and berries usually grow near the partridge-berry vines and are attractive. Ferns are always pretty and keep green until Christmas. Select small plants of a hardy nature. The rock ferns or small woods ferns are best.

If you can find a pitcher plant in the swamps, it will add greatly to the beauty of your terrarium. The wild flowers, hepatica, blood-root, pack-in-the-pulpit, and trilliums, if planted in the fall, will blossom in the spring.

In addition to plants in the terrarium, coccons on their twigs can be suspended from the cover. These cocoons may be found on lilac bushes and grape-vines, or in trees. Great will be the delight of the little folks when in the following spring, beautiful moths or butterflies come out of the cocoons.

If you can find some snails living in their shells, in a damp place, put them in the terrarium also and let them wander among the plants. At times the snails will hide away and then reappear when you least expect them. Children always enjoy watching snails. And the chirping of the cricket gives much pleasure to some people. With the grasshopper, the crickets may be housed for the winter, affording additional entertainment to the children.

Filled with these flowers, vines and insects, your terrarium will prove an interesting feature during the long winter hours.

In the spring an entire change of plants can be made, or the box filled with wandering Jew. This vine grows luxuriantly and is very ornamental.

Fortunate are the children, mothers and teachers, who are so placed that Nature's story book is close at hand; for Nature, the old nurse, is loving and bountiful, and will re-write many a page in her wondrous book, the terrarium.

Dangerous Farm Wells.

The Dominion Chemist in his annual report again calls attention to the precautions that should be taken in establishing a farm well. For more than thirty years the Division of Chemistry of the Experimental Farms, over which Dr. F. T. Shutt presides, has been analyzing well waters and issuing warnings with respect thereto. In his latest report Dr. Shutt points out that there are yet many farmers who do not realize the gravity of the question. By the continuance of the work he expresses the belief that more and more the farming community will be brought to understand more completely the bearing that the quality of the water supply has on the health of the family or on the health and thrift of the live stock.

The chief fault in the present condition of affairs, he states, is found in the location of the well. Too often safety has been sacrificed for convenience. The most innocent-looking water may carry dangerous contamination. Where an analysis confirms the suspicion that the well is receiving drainage of a dangerous character, the Dominion Chemist recommends filling up the well and sinking another on a safer site at least fifty yards from a possible source of contamination.

As it is assumed that only suspicious water is submitted for analysis, the results of the tests made by the Dominion Chemist do not represent the true condition of the average well. During the year for which the report is made but 17 per cent. of the samples of water analyzed were pure and wholesome, while 36 per cent. were shown to be seriously polluted. The remaining 47 per cent. were either suspicious or saline in character.

Samples of water for analysis should not be submitted for examination until the proper form is received from the Dominion Chemist and filled out respecting the well and its surroundings. With the information thus given the water should be sent in a thoroughly clean bottle for examination.



Art in a Hall Bedroom.

Mr. Neighborly—"Say, my friend, I'm the man that lives across the light shaft and I want to ask you if you can't close your window when you play that trombone. The noise is fiendish."

Mr. Tooter—"Sorry, old pal. Can't do it. Gotta hav room to slide the horn."

To get beeswax from the comb, put the comb in a stout sack, submerge in boiling water and with a strong paddle press out the melted wax through the sack. As the wax hardens it can be skimmed off the water.

Running silage cutters at a high speed wastes power. On a large machine, the capacity is as great when the speed is 550 or 600 revolutions per minute as when it is much higher; in some cases the capacity is greater with the lower speed. Besides, the lower speed saves power.—U. W.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

MOLLY MEADOW MOUSE PLAYS HOSTESS.

After Jackie Rabbit had at last made himself free from the fence, and pinned the big hole in his trousers together with a small twig, he, Willie Woodchuck and Johnnie Muskrat, scampered off toward the woods. Their way led them across a farmer's wheat field. It was harvest time and the wheat was cut and the bundles were placed in even rows.

"A fine place to play hide-and-seek," said Johnnie Muskrat as he hurried along a little faster to catch up with Jackie Rabbit who was far in the lead.

"Yes, it would be fun to hide behind those stacks, but we can't stop to play if we find the way home before dark. Hurry up!" he called to Willie who was waddling along, many rows of wheat behind.

"I'm getting hungry," answered Willie, "and I can't hurry when I'm hungry. What's the use of hurrying anyway. No one is after us now."

"I'm hungry, too, but there might be someone hiding behind one of these—"

But Johnnie got no farther, nor did Jackie. They stopped right there, their hearts pounding and ears keen. It sounded to them like the stack of wheat before them had said, "Where are you hurrying, and whither your way?"

Even Willie Woodchuck, who was quite a way behind, heard it, and he, too, was frightened. But in a minute the three Woodland boys saw little Molly Meadow Mouse peering around the corner of a big stack of wheat. She was so small and tiny that a big leaf from the maple tree almost hid her completely.

After the three little Woodland boys had assured themselves there was no harm, and forgot their fright, they told Molly Meadow Mouse their story.

"You run-away rascals! Now you can see what happens to little boys who run away. But you must be hungry. Come with me," she said.

Meekly they followed her, for they had never been more hungry in their lives. Around this stack of wheat and behind that one she led them until they came to a big stone pile.

"My house is in there," said Molly Meadow Mouse, "but I'm afraid you can't get in my front door. Wait here."

She disappeared between two big stones and in only a minute was back again with an oak leaf tray heaping full of Woodland goodies. It took many trips before they were satisfied, but her store seemed unlimited.

To get rid of rats, we fill our duster with calcium cyanide, stick the nozzle into the rat-hole, then pump a few strokes. The cyanide dust kills the rats in their nests. We have also used this for ground squirrels. Cyanide in any form is dangerous. The dust should not be inhaled. If we do get some of the dust, we take a few whiffs of ammonia from a bottle carried for this purpose. We have used the cyanide for a year with safety. And how it does kill the rats!—C. M. S.

Grapes should not be gathered until fully ripe, for they will not ripen after removal from the vine.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Fine, brisk flavor! Best of all in the ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY T-5

Surnames and Their Origin

HOPPER

Racial Origin—English.
Source—An occupation.

The "hopper" or "hoppere" of medieval England was nothing more or less than a dancer, a professional dancer. The proof is not hard to find. It is found in passages which make its meaning quite clear, "Le Hoppere" appearing coupled with "le Danser" in accounts of the great fairs which played such an important part in furnishing amusement to the people of that age. The terms appear to have been used interchangeably.

In the English Prayer Book Version of the Psalms there is still to be found the passage "Why hop ye so, ye high hills?" and Chaucer, who gives such a good "close-up" of the life of the ordinary people of his day, says of the merry 'prentice, one of his characters, that "at every bridale would he sing and hoppe"—that is, dance.

The "dancers" and "hopperes" of those days, however, were as hard a working crew as any professional dancers of to-day doing their two and tree turns a day on the vaudeville stage. They did not have booking agencies to arrange their tours, but traveled in bands on their own initiative, staging an entertainment, which consisted of starting their dances in whatever public place they happened to be as often as they believed they could draw a generous crowd of villagers. Often they would get engagements for an evening's entertainment at the local castle.

NORRIS.

Variations—Norrice, Norreys, Nurse.
Racial Origin—English.
Source — Georgraphical .and .occupational.

There is no doubt that in a good many instances family names in this group originated from the occupation of nurse, or, as it was spelled in the days when family names were forming,, in the days before the dominating Norman race and language had become entirely merged into the English "Noryce."

The nurse was not necessarily a woman, though most often so. Again, while women's names and occupations did sometimes give rise to family names, they did not, of course, do it so generally as men's. Both of these points make it likely that only in a minority of cases, even where the modern family name is "Nurse," did the name come from this source.

All the evidence points to "le Norreys" ("the Norse,") or "le Northern," as the origin of most of these family names. Any man coming into any part of England from a more northern place would be likely to be called "le Norreys" or "le Northern," though the term also had a distinct racial meaning as indicating a Norwegian or Norseman. There was rather lively communication, too, between the two lands even in those days, when the difficulties of transportation are taken into consideration.

There are many English family names which are traceable to the other three points of the compass, too.

THE PASHAH AND THE MOON

A Little Lesson in Living.

Abdul Ben Tewfik was thoroughly convinced of his own great wisdom. He bore himself with the dignity that a Pashah should, and looked down upon the creatures of his rule with a proper contempt.

It was his belief that they had been created by Allah to serve him, and, indeed, that all the beauties of the garden province of El-Bar-Nazar—color, perfume, bird-song and spangled sky —existed for his joyance.

But as Abdul reclined upon his silken couch in the cool of the evening he was not happy. The sherbet tasted flat and flavorless; the musicians were out of tune; even his favorite dancer seemed to lack her usual grace and abandon.

The truth is that one of Abdul's cherished plans for his own pleasure and enrichment had struck an obstacle which Abdul had, thus far, been unable either to remove or to surmount.

It always peeved the Pashah when he could not get what he wanted without delay.

There being no comfort for his disturbed mind in any of the entertainment which his devoted slaves provided, he dismissed the dancers, condemned the chief musician to be beheaded, and threw what was left of his sherbet in the chief butler's face.

His feelings somewhat relieved by this self-created diversion, he retired to his sleeping apartment.

But the soothing magic of sleep was sought in vain. He tossed restlessly. It was intolerable that circumstances should balk his will. And yet he could think of no way to overcome them. The thing he wanted lay beyond his reach, but would not be forgotten.

Hot and uncomfortable, he rose from his pillows and wandered out into his garden. He paced the paths between the fragrant shrubs and under spreading palms.

Presently he halted with an exclamation of anger. Some underling had left a great cistern uncovered. He might have fallen into it! He resolved to have the head gardener executed in the morning. Stooping over the cistern, he looked in—wondering as to its depth—and his chance of surviving had a misstep carried him over its edge.

What he beheld brought from him a gasp of dismay.

There—floating on the placid surface of the water—lay the Moon, fair goddess of the night sky.

"By Allah and the beard of the Prophet here is calamity!" he exclaimed. "The fate which might have befallen me has befallen the Moon!"

His first thought was to summon the palace guard, marshal his slaves and set all his retainers to the task of descuing the imperilled queen of the starry heavens.

But on second thought he decided to attempt the rescue alone. Success would bring to him the greater merit, and, perhaps, so win the favor of Allah as to gain for him the removal of all barriers now frustrating his cherished plan.

Near-by, he spied a long pole which he had sometimes used for poking ripe figs from the higher boughs. Seizing it, he bent over the cistern and thrust it down into the water close to the edge of the shining disc.

Certain that its end was now under the Moon, he leaned back with all his weight, as if he would pry the celestial luminary from its aqueous setting and propel it upward to its place in the zenith.

The next moment he bit the turf violently with head and shoulders, and lay sprawling and breathless—a startled, pained and most undignified Pashah!

A riot of stars danced before his closed eyes! Then, as the pyrotechnics faded, he opened his lids.

His vision rested on the distant dome of heaven, and there, sailing serenely in her accustomed place was the Moon!

Pulling himself together, he rose to his feet, assumed his normal bearing of self-satisfied chestiness, and exclaimed:

"Behold, O Allah, how great a work has been well performed by thy son!"

Whereat he returned to his bed—and to sleep.

And now, having smiled at the foolish vanity of the Pashah, consider, friend, how many there are no wiser than he, and whether, in some matters, you may not be among them. For this is a parable of waste motion—of waste motion prompted by conceit and ignorance.

And the world is full of it—full of self-important little people running around in circles, traveling far but getting nowhere, expending much energy but achieving nothing worth while. They mistake activity for utility and perspiration for performance.

Conceit and Ignorance are the parents of Futile Effort. The wise man's appreciation of his own capacity is balanced by a sense of his own limitations, and the direction of his energies is governed by a knowledge of the world in which he lives, an understanding of the nature of the task to which he sets them.

He believes in vocational guidance and vocational training—in choosing the job for which he is fit, and in fitting himself the better to do the job.

He plains his work, and works his plan.

He can distinguish between appearance and reality.

He is not misled by reflections of the moon.

If he blows bubbles for the fun of watching them, he wastes neither time nor labor in chasing them.

Conceit is a self-cheater. It fools no one but the man who indulges it. Ignorance is an unpardonable sin when uucoufessed. Beware of both. You might be less fortunate than Abdul Ben Tewfik—you might fall into the cistern—S. J. Duncan-Clark in "Success."

Premature Burial.

Fears of premature burial have resulted in the formation of a society to effect reforms in the law of death certification. There is, however, nothing new in these fears.

The Egyptians kept the bodies of the dead under careful supervision by the priests previous to embalming, and until satisfied that life was extinct. The Greeks were aware of the dangers of premature burial and often cut off the fingers of a person believed to be dead before cremation.

In modrn times, the fear of being buried alive has haunted many. Wilkie Collins had this fear, and always left overnight on his dressing-table a note solemnly enjoining that, should he be found dead, his supposed death was to be very carefully tested by a doctor.

Hans Anderson always carried a note in his pocket to the same effect. Harriet Martineau left her doctor ten pounds to see that her head was amputated before burial. Edmund Yates left twenty guineas with the provision that his jugular vein was to be severed.

Lady Burton (the widow of the famous traveller, Sir Richard Burton), who was subject to fits of trance, desired that her heart be pierced with a needle.

Premature burial is of the rarest occurrence, and it is doubtful if many authenticacted cases could be brought forward.

DAWN OF WOMANHOOD

A Time of Difficulties When Watchfulness is Needed.

Some girls upon the threshold of womanhood drift into a decline in spite of all care and attention. Even strong and usually lively girls become weak, depressed and irritable, and listless. It is the dawn of womanhood—most important in the life of every girl—and prompt measures should be taken to keep the blood rich and pure. If your blood is not in a healthy condition at this stage, the body becomes ill-nourished and other ailments develop. If the health is not maintained by a sufficiency of rich, red blood, all sorts of weaknesses are likely to arise. Remember this, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have saved thousands of girl and women from being life-long invalids, because of their wonderful blood-making properties.

The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to young women whose health was failing has been proved over and over again. These pills are the most reliable blood builder, fortifying weak nerves and creating the liberal supply of red healthy blood which a girl needs to sustain her strength.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



Just So.

First Turtle—"He's a pessimist, isn't he?"

Second Turtle — "Yes, a regular croaker."

The Perilous Organ of Other Days.

There was mention a little while ago in a provincial paper of the discovery of an old "church barrel organ," said to have been in the possession of one family for over a hundred years. If it is a genuine specimen of the mechanical organ which in far-off days did duty in village churches, we have reason to believe that the congregations of those churches were in considerable danger of musical confusion. For we note that while this church barrel-organ was perfectly in order by reason of three hymn-tunes, it also could give out "Jim Crow," and "Penny Jones," not to speak of "Scots wha hae," and 'Home, Sweet Home." What happened in those moments when the organist's attention strayed — presuming that the aforetime organists were susceptible to a weakness not entirely unknown to organists of now—can be imagined. A congregation rising in its place to sing a hymn, and hearing at the organ the strains of "Jenny Jones," might reasonably be excused for unchurchlike hilarity, while the excitement of the organist can easily be imagined. Clearly, to be in command of such an instrumnt had its trials. Then, as now, to press the wrong button meant disaster for the organist.

Cultivating Seaweed.

Japan is the only country where seaweed is cultivated for human consumption.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

Boyhood Dreams.

Oh, boyhood dreams are very fair,
The building of the castles whore
The sea-sands strew the shore,
Or, canvass filled, before the wind,
The lighthouse fading far behind,
To skim the far sea o'er.

The rhythmic rise and fall of deck
With ne'er a thought of gale or wreck,
And youth to hold the helm.
Strange seas, and stranger lands to find,
And may the Fates be ever kind
In distant lonely realm.

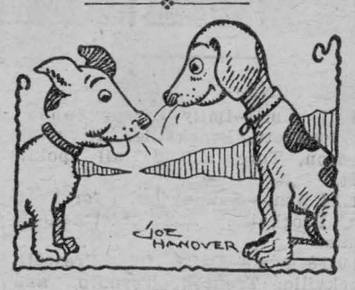
The tender mother left to weep
Will there get thoughts more near and deep
Than if he were on shore.
For hearts may cleave through spanless space
When nearer they would spurn embrace,
And leave the sheltering door.

The boy in dreams will shake the world,
With banners for crusades unfurled,
And stout hearts in the making.
So, let him go his glorious way,
His ship will come to port some day,
With many dreams abreaking.

—Lereine Ballantyne.

NOTHING TO EQUAL BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. Georges Lefebvre, St. Zenon, Que., writes: "I do not think there is any other medicine to equal Baby's Own Tablets for little ones. I have used them for my baby and would use nothing else." What Mrs. Lefebvre says thousands of other mothers say. They have found by trial that the Tablets always do just what is claimed for them. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative which regulate the bowels and sweeten the stomach and thus banish indigestion, constipation, colds, colic, etc. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



A Hero.

1st Dog—"I saved nine lives to-day."

2nd Dog—"How was that?"

1st Dog—"Rescued a kitten from drowning."

Doing It Thoroughly.

The enthusiastic girl was thrilled when she was introduced to the famous author at a dinner party. She lost no time in starting a conversation and letting him know that she was one of the keenest admirers of his latest book.

"You have no idea how very helpful I have found it, Mr. Brain!" she gushed.

"Indeed," replied the author. "In what way, may I ask"

"Oh, it has taught me to concentrate."

"To concentrate? That's very nice. Now tell me, what are you concentrating on at the present time?" asked the author.

"Oh," replied the girl, "lots and lots of things!"

A Farming People.

Approximately 60 per cent., or 1,252,604 of the population of Western Canada live on occupied farms. Of the balance, 474,516 live in its twenty cities and towns of over 2,500 and 228,962 in 3,309 small towns and villages of 2,500 or under.

When holidaying, either provide for your cat or destroy it. Do not leave it to forage for itself.

Constipation is the arch-enemy of health

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Conquer the enemy of constipation and you rout a whole army of physical foes, including indigestion, biliousness, sick headache, sleeplessness and nervous dyspepsia. Beecham's Pills have been a world-wide favorite laxative for over 80 years. They go straight to the *cause* of many ills and remove it. They act promptly, pleasantly and surely. Purely vegetable, harmless, non-habit-forming. These time-tested pills strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver and

Sold Everywhere in Canada

Relieve Constipation.

The Motorists' Saint.

Some hundreds of French motorists recently assembled in a little village near Argentan, in Normandy, to do honor to St. Christopher-le-Jajolet, a half-forgotten saint, who is now being claimed as the patron of all who use the road.

According to legend, St. Christopher-le-Jajolet, who was of giant stature, crossed the river Jordan one dark night, when the waters ran strongly, bearing the Divine Infant on his shoulder.

Over 100,000 motorists, cyclists, airmen, and others are said to have formed themselves into a brotherhood of sportsmen whose spiritual home is the ancient church of this little Norman village, where rests a gilded reliquary containing the bones of the saint.

No Difficulty At All.

Pat Macree was in search of a new house, and at last, after many weary months of unsuccessful search, he found one which he thought would be just the thing.

Accordingly he went off to see the agent.

That gentleman at once gave him the key and accompanied him on a tour of inspection.

Looking out of one of the back windows Pat remarked that the railway ran rather close to the house.

"The trains do make rather a noise," the agent admitted. "They may interfere with your sleep at first, but you'll get accustomed to that aftr the first two nights."

"Ahhah, shure, Oi'll not want to get accustomed to it at all, sir," answered Pat, "'cause Oi can easily go an' slape in me aunt's house thim couple o' nights!"

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

Tokio Libraries.

The great libraries of Tokio are now a thing of the past. Prior to the recent calamity, the libraries were stocked with English books. Every Japanese college student reads English; French and German having been relegated to the realm of second choice since English has been discovered to be the open sesame to Western opportunity.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Pain.

Tit for Tat.

Visiting Spinster—"What a charming little chap! How old are you, dear?"

Charming Little Chap—"Six in November. How old are you,"

House and Home.

"A house is built of wood and stone, of
posts and sills and piers,
But a home is built of loving deeds
that last a thousand years."

An Arable Desert.

The "Desert of Gobi" in Mongolia consists mostly of good grazing lands.

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE

APPLE BARRELS, ALSO BARREL Staves, Mill Slab Wood, and Cord Wood. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ontario.

TOILET FIXTURES FOR SALE

Bowls, tanks, wash-basins, also heating equipment, including piping coils, h.p. tube boiler, used lighting equipment, such as conduits, switch etc., all in building being altered at 73 Adelaide Street West. This material must be sold at once. **Real Estates Corporation, Limited, Top Floor, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto. Telephone Elgin 3101.**

BOILER

Water tube type, 125 h.p., in good condition, also a large amount of plumbing, lighting and heating equipment. Will sell entire or in part at great sacrifice because of alterations to our property. **Real Estates Corporation, Limited, Top Floor, 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto. Telephone Elgin 3101.**

Try MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

Thin Folks

If you are weak, thin and nervous, let your druggist supply you with Bitro-Phosphate. It is guaranteed to increase weight and strength and restore energy, vigor and nerve force. Price $1 per pkge. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

Stiff?

Minard's limbers up stiff joints and sore muscles. Splendid for rheumatism and backache.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT



Let Cuticura Help You Keep Your Good Looks

Nothing better to care for your skin, hair and hands. The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal, the Talcum to perfume. Then why not make these delicate, fragrant emollients your every-day toilet preparations?

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Cuticura, P. O. Box 2616, Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Try our new Shaving Stick.

TIRED OUT ALL THE TIME

Nerves Gave Little Rest

Relieved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Harrowsmith, Ontario.—"I took your medicine before my baby was born and it was a great help to me as I was very poorly until I started to take it. I just felt as though I was tired out all the time and would take weak, fainting spells. My nerves would bother me until I could get little rest, day or night. I was told by a friend to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I only took a few bottles and it helped me wonderfully. I would recommend it to any woman. I am doing what I can to publish this good medicine. I lend that little book you sent me to any one I can help. You can with the greatest of pleasure use my name in regard to the Vegetable Compound if it will serve to help others."—MRS. HARVEY MILLIGAN, R. R. No. 2, Harrowsmith, Ontario.

In a recent canvass of purchasers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound over 100,000 replies were received and 98 out of every 100 said they had been helped by its use. This medicine is for sale by all druggists.

Genuine BAYER ASPIRIN

Insist on BAYER TABLETS OF ASPIRIN

Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians 24 years for

Colds Headache Neuralgia Lumbago
Pain Toothache Neuritis Rheumatism

Safe — Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions.

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

MR. L. N. RHEAUME

(Ottawa Citizen)

A life spent almost entirely in the service of his country was brought to a close this morning with the death of Mr. Louis Napoleon Rheaume, former consulting engineer for the Dominion government with the Department of Railways and Canals, to whose genius there stand as monuments locks and waterways on the St. Lawrence river, at Soulanges, the Long Sault and Prescott.

The late Mr. Rheaume, whose life for over half a century was practically spent in the great outdoors which he loved, is the only survivor of the original party of geological surveyors who set out in 1872 to map out the first route which it was proposed the C.P.R. should follow through the Rockies. Under his direction many of the important waterway controls were constructed on the St. Lawrence.

The late Mr. Rheaume who was superannuated from the government service four years ago, had been in ill health for some time past and the end was not unexpected by his son, Rev. Father Rheaume, who had come from Winnipeg to be at his bedside, and his only daughter, Miss Eugenie.

The late Mr. Louis Napoleon Rheaume was born in the year 1847 in Quebec city, the son of the late Mr. J. P. Rheaume, who was a member of the Lower Canada Legislative Assembly for Quebec, and Miss E. Turcotte. He received his early education at the Quebec Seminary, and later entered McGill University from which he graduated in 1870, and chose as his profession that of a civil engineer. He entered the government service with the accession to power of the Right Honorable Alexander Mackenzie.

In 1872 he was a member of the Geological Survey party which set out to map out the proposed route of the Canadian Pacific Railway through the Rocky Mountains, with which he was the sole remaining survivor.

Returning from the west in 1873, Mr. Rheaume took as his wife Miss Cordelia Dorion, daughter of Dr. E. Dorion, at that time a well known physician in this city. The marriage took place in old St. Joseph's church here, where his son, Rev. Father A. D. Rheaume, parish priest of St. Edward's church, Winnipeg, was latter ordained to the priesthood by the late Archbishop Gauthier in 1909.

Returning to the West in 1880, Mr. Rheaume decided to divert his engineering talent from railways to the construction and control of waterways and was for two years engaged in making surveys and enlargements to the canal locks on the Lachine Canal and along the St. Lawrence.

In 1882 he removed to the town of Morrisburg and under the direction of the late Mr. Roubridge who was engineer in charge of the works, he took part in the enlargement of the Long Sault canal, which was extended three miles. On the death of Mr. Roubridge, Mr. Rheaume was placed in charge of this important government work, upon which he was engaged for over fourteen years He was then given the division to superintend from St. Soulanges to Prescott.

Upon the completion of his work in the Soulanges division, Mr. Rheaume with his family moved to Cornwall, where he resided from 1886 until 1904, when he came to Ottawa, and until the time he was superannuated four years ago was consulting engineer for the Dominion Department of Railways and Canals, in connection with the development work which had been constructed under his direction on the St. Lawrence river.

The death of his wife five years ago proved a severe blow to Mr. Rheaume, and also to the city of Ottawa where she played prominent part in the formation of the Canadin Historical Society, before which she read many important papers; was president of St. Joseph's Orphanage and vice-president of the Children's Aid Society.

He is survived by one daughter, Miss Eugenie, at home; a son, Rev. Father A. D. Rheaume, parish priest of St. Edwards Winnipeg, formerly of Ottawa; two brothers, Messrs. August A. Rheaume, Court House Librarian, Quebec City, and Eugene at Lorette, Que.; a sister, Mrs. W. Daly at Montreal, and he was a distant cousin of His Lordship Bishop Louis Rheaume of the diocese of Haileybury, Ont.

O.T.A. VS. GOVERNMENT SALE

(Continued from page 1)

buy one glass, but under Government control he had to buy a whole bottle.

In regard to taxes, Quebec had to spend 30 million dollars to get 4 million dollars, the remainder going to enrich those in the liquor business. He forcibly pointed out that the 30 million spent in liquor to harm the drinker could not be spent in dry goods, groceries and boots and shoes.

Mr. Carter dealt with conditions in Quebec. He spoke of progress of temperance and prohibition up to and under Premier Gouin. He pointed out that 90 per cent. of all the municipalities in Quebec were either under local option or Scott Act, but that since Government Sale the Commission had pushed the business into dry territory and advocated the repeal of the Scott Act. He pointed out that dry territory was better off with liquor all around them than under Government Sale. He said that Government Control means nothing at all; that there was more liquor drunk, more drunkenness, more bootlegging, more misery than under license. That Montreal had virtually become the barroom of the North American Continent. He said that there were over 1100 informations besides 1225 convictions and over 400 cases ready for trial, and people were advocating the need of another judge to deal wholly with liquor cases in one year. Also that 400 illicit stills had been unearthed and confiscated. He described the "line up" at liquor stores to get waited on; also that outside of the liquor shops were "hangers on" who for 25c would go in and buy a bottle for the auto owner.

He pointed out that the Commission were pushing the sale. In the first instance sales were only about $2,000,000 a month, but this last year the sales had mounted to considerably over 3,000,000 a month. Something over $40,000,000 this last year. The effort to stem drinking seemed to be paralized.

In conclusion he pointed out that if the people of Ontario were persuaded into voting for and bringing into force Government Sale, they would be sadly disappointed.

MOREWOOD

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Dillabough and children spent last week at Mr. Alex. Dillabough's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob E. Swerdfeger and children, Carl, Addie and Ruth and Mrs. F. McPherson spent Sunday with friends at Morrisburg.

The Misses Margaret Carlyle and Susie Elliott spent Sunday at Mr. J. E. Swerdfeger's.

Mr. and Mrs. Orren Dillabough spent a few days last week at Ottawa.

Guests at Mr. James Fetterly's on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Countryman and daughter, June, Mr Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Fetterly and children.

The Misses Olive Bogart and L. Hough of Ottawa spent the week end at the former's home.

Miss Amy Shaver spent the week-end with Miss Glasgow.

Mrs. S. Guer and daughter, Bessie of Melvin's spent Sunday at Mr. A. Marcellus'.

Mr. W. Dodge of Cardinal spent a few days here, having been called on account of the serious illness of his son.

The Rev. Mr. Jobb is spending a few weeks' holidays fishing.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Reveler and daughter Ella of Winchester spent Sunday at the former's parental home.

Mrs. Barr of Ottawa spent the week end with Mrs. Walter Carlyle.

GRANTLEY

Silo-filling is the order of the day here.

Mr. and Mrs. Alf. Wells and family of Aultsville and Mr. J. Gow of Hoasic were guests of Mr. Milton Carr's on Sunday.

The people of Grantley and vicinity spent an enjoyable evening at Mr. Ed. Perrault's, Friday. The evening was spent in games and music, after which lunch was served.

Miss Anna Perrault spent Tuesday with her Uncle, G. Hutt, Maple Ridge.

Miss Hazel Wells of Lemiux spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Milton Carr.

Visitors at Ed. Perrault's on Sunday were: Mr. and Mrs. Lester Perrault and Mr. and Mrs. Bert Fisher and children from Ottawa and Mr. and Mrs. G. Hutt and Miss Orma and Orla Hutt of Maple Ridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Elburn Carr spent Friday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. John Bogart, Chesterville.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hollister of Centre spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Bert McMillan.

ROWENA

One of Rowena's oldest residents passed away Sunday, October 5th in the person of Mrs. Annie Lewis. Her funeral was held on Tuesday at the Rowena Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Welling Seeley and family spent Sunday evening with Mrs. Richard Thompson of Stampville.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Locke and son Dwane visited at Mr. Simon Schwerdtfeger's on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Merkley and family were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Marcellus.

Mrs. Chas. Hamilton, Mrs. Milton Locke, Mrs. Howard Locke and children spent Friday at Riverside.

Mrs. McKenzie Thom and daughter Grace, were visitors of Mrs. Elgin Hamilton over the week end.

Mr. George Smith spent Tuesday afternoon in Chesterville.

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

WESTBOUND—

1.21 p.m.—Daily except Sunday, for Prescott, Brockville, Kingston, Trenton, Toronto and all points west.

1.14 p.m.—Sunday only, for Prescott, Brockville and intermediate points.

10.18 p.m.—Daily, for Prescott, Brockville, Trenton, Toronto and west.

EASTBOUND—

4.03 a.m.—Daily, 7.26 a.m. and 4.04 p.m. daily except Sunday.

3.23 p.m. and 4.30 p.m., Sunday only. For Cornwall, Coteau Jct., Ottawa and Montreal where close connection is made for all points in New England States, Central Vermont Railway, also for New York via Rutland Railway and the Maritime Provinces via C. N. Railway.

For tickets and all information apply to,

K. M. McGANNON,
Town Ticket Agent.
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HONEY

Guaranteed pure honey for sale. New crop. Bring your own containers if you wish.

LEONARD W. BARKLEY.
3mp Morrisburg, Ont.

R. LINK
Auctioneer
County of Dundas

ECZEMA You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited. Toronto.

AUCTION SALE

The following will be sold by public auction on October 22nd, 1924, at one o'clock at the rear of the 5th Concession, Williamsburg, lot 33, one mile and a half north and west of Williamsburg.

14 High-grade Holstein Cows, supposed with calf, one Pure-bred Holstein Bull, two years old; 2 heifers rising three years, supposed with calf, one brood sow supposed with pig, one brood sow due to farrow this month, 7 pigs, eight weeks old, one boar one year old, 75 hens, 30 pullets one Maxwell grain binder 5 ft. one two-horse corn cultivator, one fourteen disc harrow, two sulky plows, one three furrow gang plough, one manure spreader, one Massey Harris hay loader, one horse rake, one milk wagon, one two-horse tread power, one gas engine, one pump jack, one ensilage cutter with 44 ft. carriers one set distributing pipes, one iron roller, one cream separator, two and one half setts of double harness, one sett single harness. Quantity of hay, two thirty-gal lon milk cans, one water tank, one box stove, and other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms—Ten dollars and under, cash. All sums over this amount 12 months' credit without interest by furnishing approved joint notes or 4 per cent off for cash.

Thos. Irving, Auctioneer.

WILLIS A. McINTOSH. Prop.

bc

Cook's Regulating Compound



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

AUCTION SALE

The following will be sold by auction on October 15th, 1924 at one o'clock, Second Concession of Matilda, Lot 14, one mile east of Gravel Road and three miles from Iroquois.

23 head of milch cows, supposed with calf, 1 reg. Holstein Bull, 3 years old; 8 head of heifers, rising 2 years; 5 head of calves; 1 Chestnut mare rising 15 years; 1 Chestnut mare rising 11 years; 1 Chestnut horse rising 9; 1 Bay Horse rising 6 years; 1 bay horse rising 7 years; 1 brood sow and 4 pigs; 12 pigs six weeks old; 175 hens; 1 McCormick grain binder 6 ft. cut; one 13 disc Deering drill; one McCormick Corn Binder; two 2-wheel cultivators; one hand cultivator; one set of harrows; one set of 13 disc harrows; one Oliver Sulky plough; one double furrow Frost & Wood plough; one Wilkinson No. 8 walking plough; one Merrickville walking plough; one McCormick mower 6 ft cut; one Frost & Wood mower 6 ft. cut; one manure spreader; one hay loader, Frost & Wood, one horse rake, one waggon with double box; one wagon with hay rack; one milk wagon; one fanning mill; one set of sleighs; one manure sleigh; two sets of double harness; 50 tons of hay; 10 acres of corn in stook; 1000 bushels of oats; quantity of straw; 200 bushels of buckwheat; one power clipper; one Massey-Harris cream separator; 900 pounds capacity; two 40-gallon milk cans; one 30-gallon milk can. and other articles.

TERMS—Ten dollars and under cash. All sums over this amount 9 months' credit without interest by furnishing approved joint notes.

TOM. IRVINE Auctioneer.

MRS. DAVID MELLAN,
Prop.

bp

COAL

STOVE and NUT COAL, $15.50 per ton delivered.

All coal screened and full weight guaranteed.

M. J. CASSELMAN.

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WE SELL AND RECOMMEND
Wampole's Extract of Cod Liver
The Best Tonic for
Coughs, Colds, Influenza and Grippe

IT IS better than ordinary cough medicines, for it reaches the seat of the trouble, relieves the cough and supplies continual treatment to build up the system to withstand future attacks. A splendid blood and body-building tonic for both young and old who take it regularly.

Price • $1.00

D. T. Henderson
REXALL STORE
Morrisburg Ont.

The Moderation League of Ontario

President, I. F. Hellmuth, K.C.

ONE of the most embarrassing facts that the advocate of compulsory total abstinence has to face is that wherever his theory has been put into practice there has grown a strong movement against it; further, the longer the experiment of prohibition has been tried, the greater the opposition it has created. Time has always been against it.

This movement is that in favour of Government Control.

Had Government Control been dependent for its adoption on the votes of those who have always voted against so-called prohibition, it could never have become the law of any Province in Canada. One of the most encouraging things to those who have been active in the work of Moderation Leagues is that there have rallied around them everywhere men and women who in the past have voted with the opponents of the Leagues.

Contrary to the statements made by the prohibitionists, these men and women were not and are not concerned with promoting the interests of what is so euphoniously called "the booze business". They were not and are not men and women ignorant of conditions existing in their own communities. They were not and are not ignorant of conditions existing in other communities. They were and are, for the most part, typical sound, sane and reasonable citizens of Canada.

These men and women, just as is the case with the men and women of Ontario today, had placed before them all the usual stock arguments of the prohibition propagandist. They had placed before them rows of figures and lurid statements showing that prohibition was a success and that Government Control was a failure.

In spite of this, the greater argument of personal experience and observation made them discard prohibition and adopt Government Control.

It is impossible to enumerate all the reasons prompting the change, but it is highly significant that, to take one example only, the Province of Saskatchewan, which for years had voted strongly, whenever opportunity arose, in favour of prohibition, should last year have voted decisively against it; and the significance of this is increased when there is taken into account what the people have been told in Ontario regarding Manitoba. The people in Saskatchewan have, by their geographical position, a much better opportunity of knowing the conditions in Manitoba than have those in Ontario, and it will not be questioned that they had a much better opportunity of knowing the conditions in their own Province than people residing elsewhere.

Let it be remembered that the system in Manitoba had been in operation many months before the people in Saskatchewan voted on this question.

The conclusions are irresistible.

Prohibition was considered a lamentable failure in Manitoba, a lamentable failure in Alberta, and a lamentable failure in Saskatchewan. For their prohibitory laws these Province adopted a policy of Government Control.

And Prohibition has been a lamentable failure in Ontario.

There is no substantial evidence anywhere that any of these Western Provinces would revert to its old prohibitory system.

On the other hand, after less than twelve months, the revenues of the Province of Manitoba have been increased by more than a million dollars and for the first time in years they have balanced their Budget.

No one contends that Government Control has yet attained its last degree of perfection. It is, however, contended that it is a better method of dealing with those evils with which prohibition pretends to deal, and that in addition the revenues of the Province benefit.

Government Control can be had by marking your Ballot as follows:

1	Are you in favour of the continuance of The Ontario Temperance Act?	
2	Are you in favour of the sale as a beverage of beer and spirituous liquor in sealed packages under Government control?	X

MARK YOUR BALLOT HERE

Provincial Headquarters, 9 Richmond Street East, Toronto

Telephone: Main 8387 and Main 1193

F. Gordon Osler, Treasurer R. J. Christie, Vice-President C. D. Boyce, Secretary

38

"A wonderful all-purpose flour"

So say thousands of housewives who use Quaker Flour for all their baking. Its even texture and never-varying baking qualities make it the delight of all who use it.

Quaker Flour

Always the Same-Always the Best

Makes larger, whiter loaves; better pastry; lighter cakes.

Our expert baker has prepared a number of recipes for baking bread. We will gladly send them to you. Write to-day—they are FREE.

A product of The Quaker Mills, Peterborough and Saskatoon. 257

DISTRIBUTORS

Morrisburg, W. S. L. Merrill; Iroquois, Beach Milling Co.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

The Young Peoples' League of the Methodist Church, are having a Rally Service on Sunday evening, October 2th. The young people are to t[illegible]arge of the service.

death of Mr. Antoine Lapiere a [illegible]ly esteemed and well known resident of this community, occurred at his home on Monday, September 29th, after a long illness. The funeral service was conducted by Rev. E. Smith at his late home, on Wednesday afternoon. Interment was made in Brinston cemetery. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved widow who is left to mourn.

Dr. J. S. Dickey and Sutherland of Newington were calling on friends here last Sunday enroute from Mallorytown to Newington.

Mrs. Jane Barkley was taken to the General Hospital last Friday where she underwent a serious operation. Her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. John Hanson spent Tuesday of this week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Roland Whittaker.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Weaver last week: Mrs. Huddleston of Smiths Falls and Mr. Dunham of Brockville.

Mr. T. Huggins the "Fuller Brush' man is making calls in our village this week.

Mrs. Gilbert Beckstead and baby were guests of Mrs. Roy E. McIntosh last Thursday.

Silo filling is the order of the day.

Mrs. E. J. Bate of Ottawa and Miss Marion Dickey of Newington, are spending two weeks at the home of Mr. Willie Dickey.

Mr. Garfield Darling the "Watkins Man" was making business calls in this neighborhood this week.

Mrs. Lee Tuttle of Dundela spent last Friday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Shannette.

Mrs. Margaret Beckstead, Mrs. Diana McIntosh and Mrs. Alice Strader were guests of Mrs. J. D. Becksted last Friday.

Mrs. O. P. Becker returned home this week after spending a few days in South Carolina, U.S.A. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. (Dr. Simon Casselman of Sault St. Marie

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. Floyd Wells and friend, Miss Jennie M Caw of Montreal spent the week end at Mr. Samuel Wells'. Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wells and famfamily spent Sunday with Mr. and [illegible] Milton Carr Grantley.

Mrs. Martha Watson is spending this week with her niece at len Becker.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Watson and children spent Sunday at the latters home, Finch.

Mr. Dalton Saddlemire called at Mr. Walter Watson's Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Omeara and daughter Mary, and son Bobby of Gennesseo, N. Y. and Mrs. Fred Vanhorne and Mrs. Sandhoff of Detroit spent Monday with friends in our Burg.

Mrs. Marttha Watson returned home aftter spending the past week with her aunt and cousin at Finch.

MARIATOWN

Mr. J. H. Froats is spending a few days with friends at Froatburn.

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Reuben Mattice of Glen Becker on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beckstead, Mr. and Mrs. Grant Beckstead visited at Mr. and Mrs. A. Ball's, Nation Valley, Sunday.

Much sympathy is held out for Mrs. Byron Stata through the death of her father Mr. Reuben Mattice, Glen Becker.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Sullivan spent a few days with friends in Avonmore last week and also took in the Fair at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Barkley spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lee Casselman, River Road.

On Sunday night the store of Mr. Ezra Duvall was broken in by some unknown man and a sum of money amounting to $40 was taken and $50 or more worth of clothing. The thief entered the store from a window on the east side by removing the glass.. Mr. Ernest Duval who was awakened by the noise, got after him, but the thief made good his escape.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Beckstead and sons Dwight and Clare of Glen Becker were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Beckstead on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Fetterly, Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Gordon, Mr. Vernon Fetterly Morewood, Miss Jessie Cameron, Harmony, Miss Mabel McVey, Marvelville, were guests of Mr. R. C. McVey.

Mrs. J. H. Froats returned home Friday after a week's stay with her daughter Mr. Dafoe, Froatburn.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Swerdfeger and three childre accompanied by Mrs F. McPherson of Morewood, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger on Sunday.

Mrs. H. Bateman Sr., is spending a few days with friends in Ogdensburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. O. Hare and family of Norfolk spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. Duvall.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Dougald Grant of Potsdam N.Y., and Mr. George Grant of Norfolk, N.Y., Mr. Frank Warner and little daughter Joyce and Master Renwick Baker of Moulinette were guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. Sullivan last week.

CEDAR GROVE

Mr. Robert Dafoe spent the weekend with his son, Mr. Clarence Da[illegible]oe, Massena.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Crites of Pleasant Valley were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Beaupre the 6th.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Myers of Gallingertown visited Mr. Harry Buchanan the 5th.

A number from this section attended the Ladies Aid at the home of Mrs. Calvin Gallinger on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dafoe attended the funeral of Mr. Wm. Empey at Woodlands, Monday.

Mr. Frank Dafoe, Mrs. Garnet Grigg and son, Douglas spent Monday in Cornwall.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Schaffer and daughters Vada, Muriel and Viola, and Mrs. Sirus Burnham of Brockville called on Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell, Saturday.

Week end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dafoe were Mr. and Mrs. Earl Miller, Avonmore, Mr. and Mrs. Correl Heath and two children, Aubrey and Doris of Carp and Mrs. Alice Mc Donald and daughter Dorothy of Moulinette.

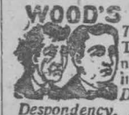
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dafoe and daughter Miss Greta visited Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Gallinger, Bush Glen, the 5th.

Miss Blanche Wereley is spending this week with friends at Finch.

Mrs. Archie McColl of Norfolk, N. Y., visited Mrs. W. A. Werley on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell and Miss Muriel attended the funeral of Mrs. McConnell's father, Mr. Gordon Fickes at Newington, on Sunday.

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE



The Great English Preparation. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5 Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

ARTHUR FLYNN

BARRISTER, ETC.

MORRISBURG ONTARIO

IRWIN HILLIARD, K. C.

Barrister,, Solicitor, Notary, etc Solicitor for the Molsons Bank Molsons Bank Building, Morrisburg Large amount of private money to loan on easy terms.

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Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Nova Scotia and for the Municipality of Morrisburg. Barry Block, Main Street Morrisburg .. ..—.... Ontario Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

BREAD

IS YOUR BEST FOOD

Eat More of It

But be sure you eat the best

TRY FAGAN'S

For Bread and Pastries

Fagan's Bakery

Lock Street

At the Old Stand

How is Your Flour Bin ?

Take a peak in and see if there is room for a bag or two of OLD WHEAT FLOUR

FLOUR arriving from now on will not be MILLED from OLD WHEAT

Get your requirements from Present Stock and be sure of OLD WHEAT PRODUCT

ARGENTINE CORN

We have a consignment of this Corn which has just arrived. This is a very nice corn. Just the proper size for poultry. See it at our Wareroom. Price $2.40 per cwt—bags extra.

A FULL STOCK OF OTHER FEED ON HAND

W. S. L. MERRILL & SONS

AT YOUR SERVICE MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

PHONES: Office 39; Residence 21J

Fall Opening

of all the latest styles in FURNITURE

At W. Marsh & Son's

The largest stock of High and Medium Grade Furniture in Eastern Ontario at the lowest possible price.

All Goods delivered FREE

Special sale of Walnut Steel and Brass Beds, Springs and Mattresses, for next week, Sept. 27th, to October 4th.

2 only Walnut Beds, 4 ft. 6 in. complete with Woven Wire Spring and Simmons' Felt Mattress, regular $40.00, SALE PRICE $27.00

2 only Walnut Beds, Rattan Panel, 2 in. posts, Banner Spiral Spring and White Label Felt Mattress. Regular $50.00 SALE PRICE $34.75

1 only Brass Bed, 4 ft 6 in., 2 in. post, finished Polet Dull Ribbon. SALE PRICE.....$19.75

2 Grey Felt Mattresses, regular $12. SALE PRICE....$7.50

All Iron Frame Springs, regular $12. SALE PRICE....$8.75

2 Spiral Springs for Wooden Beds 4 ft. SALE PRICE...$4.95

1 only Oak Kitchen Cabinet, Nickeloid, sliding top, reg. $50 SALE PRICE $39.95

1 only Kitchen Cabinet, Porcelain Sliding Top, white enamell, interior, new, up-to-date conveniences, regular $60.00 (See window) SALE PRICE $47.50

Our Torchier Electric Lamps and Shades at $3.50 are real, good buys. Swing Picture Frame, all sizes, complete with glass and back, only $3.00. Bring your pictures and have them framed any size, complete with glass and back, your choice of mouldings, complete for 99c. during the next ten days. A few more Congoleum Rugs at our special price, all designs and sizes.

GIVE US A CALL. All rugs laid free of charge.

JUST ARRIVED—Ironing Boards, Curtain Stretchers, Perforated Seats for Chairs, Window Shades, Brass Extension Rods, Curtain Poles and a complete stock of Victor double-sided Records—New stock every week. Get the latest records and enjoy the fall nights.

W. MARSH & SON

FUNERAL SERVICE, Phone 11 MORRISBURG, ONT.

Every Government Sale Province is a Bootleggers' Paradise

LIQUOR once sold cannot be controlled. The evil lies in the liquor, not in the method of its sale, nor in the form of the package. This is proven in every Canadian province where government sale, in varying forms, has been tried. ¶ With easier access to intoxicating liquor, drinking has increased enormously. More drunkenness and crime associated with drunkenness have naturally followed. Bootlegging—instead of being CURED by so-called government "control"—is flourishing to a degree that makes Ontario's illicit sale seem small and insignificant by comparison. ¶ A ghastly failure, serving only to MULTIPLY the very evils it was heralded to cure! That is the story of government sale of liquor in BRITISH COLUMBIA, in MANITOBA, in QUEBEC.

British Columbia and the Bootleggers

The Vancouver World, a newspaper friendly to the government, has declared in an editorial: "British Columbia is the bootleggers' paradise".

The Attorney-General of that province—who is the official administrator of the Government Liquor Control Act—said in a recent speech: "The greatest bootleggers of all are the brewers and export liquor dealers".

Dr. A. E. Cooke, of Vancouver, in The Canadian Congregationalist, asserts: "The Government controls neither the manufacture, importation, transportation, nor exportation of liquor. The distillers and brewers control all these, and the Government simply acts as one of their sales agents, controlling about 50 per cent. of the retail end of the trade. The whiskey ring and the bootleggers control the rest."

Manitoba Sick of "Control" in Less Than a Year

Eleven months after Manitoba adopted its government control system, an open-minded investigator of conditions in that province, sums up the situation in these words:

"I leave Manitoba impressed with the evidence that both wets and drys are dissatisfied with the government control system—the wets because there is no legal sale of beer by the glass and because there is some delay and trouble in getting hard stuff, and the drys BECAUSE BOOTLEGGING AND DRUNKENNESS HAVE GREATLY INCREASED."

The same neutral authority declares: "There is no dispute in Winnipeg about bootlegging. Everybody—drys, wets, moderationists, police, government officials, business men, professional men and rounders—tell the same story. The unanimous verdict during the week of August 24th, when I was in Winnipeg, was that bootlegging was being carried on on a tremendous scale, that the city was wide open, that the hotelmen had no regard for the will of the people as expressed in the disapproval of sale of liquor by the glass, and that something had to be done."

Quebec under Government Sale Eclipses Open Bar Evil

Quebec, with its longer experience in government sale, has drifted still further back toward the evil days of the open bar. In fact, the only difference between the Quebec "tavern" and the old bar-room is that customers sit down at tables to drink, rather than stand up at a bar!

And while Quebec goes on spending more money for booze than for education ($28,000,000 annually for liquor and $26,000,000 for educational purposes), crime is rampant. The Montreal Gazette was recently constrained to declare: "Montreal is a perfect Mecca for evil-doers, with vicious, immoral resorts and gambling joints, the hiding-places of the alien and other criminals from all corners of the continent."

Ontario Has Higher Hopes

Ontario citizens do NOT want THIS province to become "a bottleggers' paradise". They do not want their government to go into partnership with the distillers and brewers, splitting the booze business "fifty-fifty" with bootleggers—which is the best any government has been able to do under "government sale".

The responsible electors of Ontario DO want the happier homes, women and children, made possible by The Ontario Temperance Act. They DO want to defeat the liquor traffic's insidious effort to turn back the clock. They DO want Ontario to be spared the costly experience of such bootleggers' paradises as British Columbia, Manitoba and Quebec.

In this belief, and with the Government pledged to "give active and vigorous enforcement" of The Ontario Temperance Act, the Ontario Plebiscite Committee asks, with every confidence, that Ontario citizens give the Government an unmistakeable mandate on October 23rd.

For the Honor of Old Ontario mark Your Ballot thus :

1 Are you in favour of the continuance of The Ontario Temperance Act?	X
2 Are you in favour of the sale as a beverage of beer and spirituous liquor in sealed packages under Government control?	

The Ontario Plebiscite Committee

2 Toronto Street, Toronto G. B. Nicholson, *Chairman*

22

"I Suffered Terribly With Sore, Aching Back"

Mrs. Roland Ferguson, 194 Lake St., Peterboro, Ont., writes:



"For over two years I suffered terribly with sore back. I was almost mad with the pain, and had doctored with it until I was discouraged. Then my father, who is a firm believer in Dr. Chase's Medicines, advised me to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. I followed his advice, and am glad to say I was completely relieved of that torturing pain in my back. It is over a year since I used these pills, and I have had no return of the trouble, but always keep them in the house."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

35 cts. a box of 35 pills, Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

Rich Red Firm

"VICTORIA" Salmon

LAPORTE-MARTIN LIMITED Montreal, - Ontario



ONE OF THE FAMOUS VICTORIA FAMILY

V3

YOUR NEXT SUIT

Come in and make your choice as to Style, Fit and WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

Frank Stewart, MERCHANT TAILOR

MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

The Quality of "SALADA" TEA

H552

is most appreciated in the rich, delicious flavor. Try it today.



BUSY WORK FOR LITTLE FOLKS.

We have four children, three of whom are in school now. The oldest was nearly ready for the third grade when she entered school and the second, a boy, was ready for the second grade when he began attending regularly. Besides teaching them their reading and numbers, I have planned their "busy work" for which I also have gathered materials.

I believe that if a mother can direct her child's play so as to develop the small brain and muscles in the right direction, she need not worry if he does not get an early start in the average country schoolroom. It takes some time and oversight on the part of the mother to do this, but if there are a number of children in the family, the older ones are anxious to help the little tots learn to "do things." Here are some of my ideas, the materials I use, and the way in which I use them.

First, I let each child have a place for his own treasures. One has a drawer in the kitchen, the others have each a dresser drawer and a box. They also have a large box that contains material, toys, etc., for common use of all. I try to make their work teach them something and encourage them to save their best efforts and put them to some kind of use.

I have gained much help from the pages of a primary teacher's magazine and from catalogs from kindergartens and school supply houses. There are many things one can buy to amuse and instruct children, but I have used mostly what we have in the home and on the farm. A pair of scissors and a box of caryola pencils are about the only things I have bought for the little ones. I have all old magazines and catalogs and save squash and pumpkin seeds and peas for their busy work.

One of the first things a child likes to do is to sew. Our children have sewed carpet rags at three and four years of age, and sewed buttons all over their dolls. They like to string buttons, but those have to be given back to mother and they like their own material to use. In the fall before threshing I cut a quantity of oat straws in half-inch lengths and let them string these alterantely with squash or pumpkin seeds or bright colored paper cut in circles, squares or diamonds. In this work they learn to use the needle and learn color and shape.

The children like to make clay objects such as birds and nests with eggs in, apples, all kinds of animals, etc. I make a variety of clay which is as follows: one tablespoon salt and one tablespoon flour, mix thoroughly and moisten with just enough water or harmless dye of the desired color to make it knead easily.

Another of their first occupations is cutting out pictures. These pictures they paste into scrap books. I make the books with several sheets of heavy paper or sometimes they use an advertising catalog and paste the pictures in it. Strips the correct length and width from wall paper samples and magazine pages are cut for the children to make into paper chains. I also make "home-made" sewing cards for the children. They use the chains, straw and paper strings and other pretties to trim the Xmas tree or drape their own windows or have them for their play house in summer.

HOW DO YOU CLEAN YOUR SILVER?

Is silver cleaning in your family a laborious process or one finished within a very short time?

There are plenty of commercial pastes on the market that give very good results. But since whiting is used in a number of these you can buy whiting in your local drug store and mix this into a paste yourself.

If you have ammonia or denatured alcohol handy, these are excellent liquids to use with it as either one tends to cut any greasy film on the silver so that the whiting may actually get at the discoloration quickly.

If you have neither the ammonia nor alcohol you may use water. Mix to a medium thick paste and use as you would a commercial paste—that is, rub it briskly on the silver with a soft brush or cloth, let it dry and rub off. Rinse the silver thoroughly in hot water and dry.

The use of any of the above is known as the abrasive method of cleaning silver. Nowadays there are many of us looking for an easier way in which to do our work, and there is some such way for us when the family silver becomes dull and dark. This is known as the electrolytic method, sometimes simply as the soda-salt method and does not wear out your silver, either plated or solid.

The proportions are these: To each quart of boiling hot water—preferably soft water as there is less scum—use one teaspoonful of either baking or washing soda and one teaspoonful of salt. Have the water in a bright aluminum kettle; when it is boiling add the soda and salt, stir until dissolved, then drop in all the silver that the water will cover. Be sure, too, that each piece of silver is entirely covered by the water or you will have a high-water mark on it. Leave all over the heat until the silver is cleaned. This usually takes only a minute or so.

As soon as it is cleaned, remove from the fire and pour off the water at once, rinse in clear, hot water and rub briskly as you dry it. The resulting finish is not quite the same as when using the cleaning pastes, although if the silver is briskly rubbed as it is dried we have had great difficulty in telling which was which when trying both methods experimentally.

Our reason for telling you to empty the cleaning solution out of the aluminum kettle as soon as your silver is cleaned is that this alkaline water will soon darken your kettle.

A GOOD FLY DOPE.

When the flies stick close to the screen doors in the late fall, I find that this mixture sprayed well around the door keeps them away to a great extent. The mixture is made by mixing three ounces of creolin with kerosene and applying it with a hand spray to any place where the flies bother. If the bench which holds the swill pails for the pigs is sprayed with this, many of the flies will be driven away.—Mrs. J. B. B.

SCALLOPED SQUASH.

For scalloped squash, boil and mash as usual. When nearly cool beat the yolks of two eggs and stir into the squash, adding half a cupful of milk thickened with a tablespoonful each of butter and flour. Pour all into a buttered baking dish, season, cover with fine bread crumbs and bake until pale brown.

HINTS WORTH TAKING.

A bunch of arrowroot tied in a thick cotton cloth and boiled with the white clothes will give them a delightful perfume.

By using a bottle brush to clean the refrigerator pipes, the job is more thoroughly and quickly done.

Before using cabbage, cauliflower or lettuce, turn the heads down in salted water to which a few teaspoonfuls of vinegar have been added. All insects will crawl out.

Unsightly holes in the walls made by driving nails into the plaster can be filled with paraffin melted just enough to soften so as to be pressed firmly into the holes. It will keep the plaster from crumbling and will look neat.

For Sore Feet—Minard's Liniment.

WRIGLEY'S

After every meal



A pleasant and agreeable sweet and a i-a-s-t-i-n-g benefit as well.

Good for teeth, breath and digestion.

Makes the next cigar taste better.



The Ghost Book

BY CLARENCE MEILY.

PART II.

"What kind of a man was he?" Wombold asked, when he had mastered the contraction in his throat.

"Why, he was a large man—rather slightly built, perhaps about thirty-five. He had brown hair and eyes, but he was somewhat gray, and had a kind of worried look. He is hard to describe exactly—rather odd looking."

"How was he odd?"

Wombold put the question harshly, in a tone that grated with sharp insistence. The puzzled frown on Miss Armitage's forehead deepened.

"Why, he was dressed rather queerly, for one thing, as if his clothes had been laid away for thirty years or more. I noticed he wore one of those old-fashioned stiff white shirts, and he had a queer flat collar and bow tie. His coat was long, and his trousers weren't creased, but ironed smooth all round, and he had a low-crowned derby hat and buttoned shoes. He was pervaded by a general air of antiquity, one might say."

"Did he have a beard?" the old man interrupted chokingly, his face suddenly gone gray.

"Yes, a short brown beard. Why, Mr. Wombold?"

Mr. Wombold had fallen back into the depths of the chair, with one whispered syllable that the girl did not understand. His ashen cheeks stood out in high relief against the dark upholstery. Miss Armitage sprang to his side.

"Your heart? Mr. Wombold, did you say it was your heart? Oh, Mr. Wombold, are you ill?"

After two days of troubled cogitation, during which he had steadied his nerves by the exercise of that steadfast will which served him in lieu of physical strength, Mr. Wombold fixed upon two methods of investigation, the one material, the other psychic. One or the other of them, he felt, should disclose the nature of the forces that menaced him.

To carry out the first, he employed a well-known detective agency, instructing the superintendent to ascertain the origin of the last card received, and the identity of the person who had presented it. He waited for a report before resorting to the second line of inquiry.

The report, when it came, proved baffling. As far as the mysterious caller who had appeared before Miss Armitage was concerned, absolutely no trace of him could be discovered.

In short, the search of the detectives had ended against a blank wall. With a sickening apprehension, Wombold turned to his alternative line of research.

"Make an appointment with Mme. Charleroi for to-morrow afternoon," he told Miss Armitage.

The seance was held in Mr. Wombold's library, none being present but himself and the medium. The shades were drawn to half length, filling the room with a mellow, golden gloom.

Mme. Charleroi, a small, stout woman, garbed in black and with the flat features, high cheekbones and neutral complexion of the Baltic littoral, was a noted psychic, enjoying an exclusive clientele among the well-to-do and far removed from common class of irresponsible charlatans. The aged magnate had consulted her often in recent years, not infrequently with remarkable results.

The two confronted each other now in an accustomed comradeship, the medium impassive, Wombold under a severely repressed strain that showed in his intent eyes and the slight, nervous movements of his lips and hands.

"Tell me what comes to you," he said. "Allow a free inflow of suggestion from across the border."

Mme. Charleroi leaned back and closed her eyes. She was motionless for ten or fifteen minutes, during which a slightly increased paleness and regular breathing denoted the heightening of psychic susceptibility. Wombold's gaze never left her face as he waited tensely the result of the experiment. At last the medium's lips moved, and as he leaned forward he could catch a faint form of words:

"I see—darkness!"

There was another pause, and then Wombold commanded sternly.

"Yes. Go forward! Try to pierce the darkness!"

An expression of pity and pain gradually came upon Mme. Charleroi's sleeping countenance.

"A wrong, very great and very old," she whispered. "There is some one to communicate with you—a troubled spirit. He speaks the name of Henry Hart."

The listener gasped.

"Go on!" he stammered.

Suddenly the quality of Mme. Charleroi's voice changed. It assumed a masculine ring, genial and cheery, yet with a note of reproach in it.

"George, you remember that mortgage I put on my house to meet the Macey Woolen Company bill, don't you? George, they're going to foreclose that mortgage. I can't meet everything, and if I lose my home there'll be nothing for my family but beggary. I'm trying to see you—"

"Henry, have mercy!"

Wombold's stifled cry broke the thread of the medium's monologue. Mme. Charleroi's body was wrenched violently to one side, and she opened her eyes.

It was three days before Wombold left his bed, and when he reappeared it was as if five or six years had elapsed, so much older and more broken did he appear. He seemed to have become a haunted man.

Mr. Wombold had now definitely surrendered the idea of any human agency as responsible for the phenomena he had experienced. His preoccupation with spiritualism deepened, and his studies became more absorbing, though he no longer resorted to Mme. Charleroi or even permitted her to be mentioned. He still employed the detective agency, however, directing it to make discreet inquiry as to Henry Hart's relatives and their history. He learned in this way that Hart's widow still lived in Bracksford, and that the family had finally, after years of hardship, settled the last of the claims against the old partnership though not until anxiety and stress had cost the life of Hart himself while still in his early manhood.

Since the sitting with Mme. Charleroi, Wombold's sleep had been fitful and dream-laden—owing in part, perhaps, to the freer and more nutritious diet solicitously urged on him by Miss Armitage, coupled with a lack of his usual exercise. In his somnolent brain visions of a far-off boyhood mingled with broken images of present surroundings.

He woke thus one night, about the spectral hour of two in the morning, with the distressing intuition of an alien presence in the room. He listened, but could hear nothing more than his own panting breath.

By the dim glow of the night lamp he could make out the recumbent figure of Otu on a cot at the other side of the room. The sight of the Japanese, and of the vague shapes of familiar articles in the room, reassured him. He could neither see nor hear anything to justify his alarm and presently, with practiced self-control, he recomposed himself to sleep.

Some time later his dreams, which had flowed through his mind in the usual incongruous jumble of sense images, resolved themselves into the definite impression of burial. He seemed to lie entombed, a mass of earth or stone pressing down upon him with an intolerable yet hopeless weight.

As his consciousness rose to the waking plane, this impression took on the poignant reality that constitutes a nightmare. He strove to cry out, to move, to escape. He groped wildly with his hands, which encountered a heavy object lying on his breast.

In an access of terror, he sprang to a sitting posture with a shriek. The thing slipped to his lap and lay there, massive, hard, ponderous. His hands explored its angular outline as he screamed again. In an instant Otu was by his side and had switched on the electric lights.

(To be concluded.)

Finishing Lambs.

Those farmers who will cater to the market demand for a well-finished lamb ranging from 85 to 100 pounds live weight, depending on the breed and season of the year, should find a source of profit in so doing. Usually the well bred lamb weighing from 60 to 80 pounds is the best stocker lamb to put into winter quarters. The most profitable time to purchase such lambs is between August and November. Heavy lambs weighing from 80 to 110 pounds should be avoided as they make small gains at a high cost per pound, although, if thin and not exceeding 100 pounds in weight, they may with profit be given a short finish in feed lot and pasture. Useful information on the subject will be found in Pamphlet No. 16, "Finishing Lambs for the Block," issued by the Dominion Dept. of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Growing Bulbs in Water.

"This is the time to plant Chinese Sacred Lily and Paper White Narcissus bulbs. They may be planted in soil, moss, sawdust, or water alone. The cleanest and simplest method of growing or 'forcing' them is by placing them in shallow bowls, arranging pebbles around them to hold them in place, and then adding water until from one-third of the bulb is covered. By using the larger size bulbs, more flower stalks and better flowers can be obtained. The bowls should be placed in a cool, airy cellar, garret, or storeroom in a dim light. The temperature should be from forty to fifty degrees. These bulbs are not hardy, so any chance of freezing should be avoided. The water level should be maintained and they should be kept in the storeroom from four to six weks, or until there is a thick mass of roots in the water and the shoot has started to grow. Then bring them into the light and living-room temperature and in a short time they will bloom.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

Starting at Four.

So—the Southdown beauties were smoothed and brushed,
And the feathery geese and Jersey cow;
Then the clock was wound; the house was hushed;
And you fell to your dreams you knew not how.

For to-morrow opened the county fair,
How you shivered and thrilledd at joys in store—
At the hamper packed and waiting there
And the magical word, "We'll start at four."

There were silver maples along the way,
And they caught at the moon and held the moon;
While a mocking bird took shine for day
And was trilling its morning song too soon.

There had been a fog like a rain that night;
With the wheels of the spiders' mist-gray lace;
And the road led under boughs drenched white,
While they icily sprayed each upturned face.

With a tinkle-tink on a shadowed ridge
There were cattle a-grazing down the dawn;
And wheels rang out on a ghostly bridge,
And a whispering creek was past and gone.

Oh, the sun came up on an unknown land,
From a tapering hill you did not know;
There were small neat farms on either hand;
And a shimmering haze hung far and low.

There were drowsy croonings like broken rimes;
And the wheels as they turned seemed drowsy too—
Then you woke from dreams of fairy chimes;
Lo! a merry-go-round was calling you.

—Gertrude West, in Youth's Companion.

What Can You Remember?

An Indian student who visited London recently is a human calculating machine. He performs the most intricate sums without resorting to pencil and paper and can name immediately the day of the week for any date in the past or future.

As a test, two numbers, each of forty figures, were chalked on a blackboard. The Indian was told to multiply one by the other. After less than half an hour's mental arithmetic he gave the correct answer.

A great Greek scholar knew by heart every line of his favorite classic. He said, however, that his memory was a curse, since it compelled him to remember things he would rather forget.

Another man could repeat, word for word, any sermon he had heard. One of his feats was to walk down a busy street and then, at the end, repeat every sign displayed in the thoroughfare.

An Italian who had a wonderful memory was able to save a friend twelve months work. The friend came to him lamenting the loss of a manuscript which had taken a year to write. The Italian sat down and rewrote the entire manuscript from memory, although his friends had only shown it to him on two occasions.

A negro cloak-room attendant at a hotel had an amazing memory for faces. During large parties he would take charge of the belongings of three hundred guests and return them to their proper owners without the aid of checks or tickets. He relied solely upon his memory and he never made a mistake.

Where She Works.

"You work at a factory?" a woman was asked at Shoreditch County Court.

"Woman—"Don't be foolish, young man! My factory is at home—I have eleven children."

A French scientist says there are 1,000 poisonous gases that are available for war, which makes a thousand more reasons why there should be no more war.

"DIAMOND DYES"

COLOR THINGS NEW



Beautiful home dyeing and tinting is guaranteed with Diamond Dyes. Just dip in cold water to tint soft, delicate shades, or boil to dye rich, permanent colors. Each 15-cent package contains directions so simple any woman can dye or tint lingerie, silks, ribbons, skirts, waists, dresses, coats, stockings, sweaters, draperies, coverings, hangings, everything new.

Buy "Diamond Dyes"—no other kind—and tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods.

NURSES

The Toronto Hospital for Incurables, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York City, offers a three years' Course of Training to young women, having the required education, and desirous of becoming nurses. This Hospital has adopted the eight-hour system. The pupils receive uniforms of the School, a monthly allowance and travelling expenses to and from New York. For further information apply to the Superintendent.

Teaching.

Delightful task! to rear the tender Thought,
To teach the young idea how to shoot,
To pour the fresh Instruction o'er the mind,
To breathe the enlivening Spirits, and to fix
The generous Purpose in the glowing breast.

—Thomson—The Seasons.

New Island in Azov.

As a result of a terrific maritime convulsion a new island has sprung up in the Sea of Azov, an arm of the Black Sea. The island is a dangerous impediment to navigators and beacons have been erected to warn the approaching ships.

CREAM

We Make Payments Daily.
We Pay Express Charges.
We Supply Cans.
Highest Ruling Prices Paid.
BOWES CO., Limited
Toronto

A REALLY GOOD PLOW



The Genuine "Wilkinson"

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The Bateman-Wilkinson Co. Ltd.
Toronto Ont.

Beans and Peas

Send Samples—State Quantities
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It Stays on the Job!

You can bank on a "444" Day after day, month after month Smarts "444" Axe will stand the going where the going is hardest.

Get your hardware man to show you a "444". Note the hang and the "feel" of it—A real axe with a fireblued finish that resists rust.

CANADA FOUNDRIES & FORGINGS LIMITED



JAMES SMART PLANT
BROCKVILLE ONT.

Farmers' Bulletins and how to Obtain Them



The publications of the Dominion Department of Agriculture are obtainable free of charge on request, with exception noted.

They contain helpful information on all subjects relating to farming.

They number some four hundred in all, and the following are examples:

List of Publications.
Seasonable Hints.
Preparing Poultry Produce for Market.
Winter Egg Production.
Wintering Bees in Canada.
Root and Storage Cellars.
The Safe Handling of Commercial Live Stock.
The Bacon Hog and Hog Grading.
Finishing Lambs.
Selection of Lamb Cuts.
Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables for Home Use.
Insects Affecting Live Stock.
Farmer's Account Book—Price 10 cents.

Cut out this advertisement, mark on it the bulletins desired, including the full List of Publications, fill in your name and address, and mail to:

Publications Branch,
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Canada.
(No postage required)

Name.....

Post Office.....

R. R. No.....

Province.....

ARBITRATION PACT TO BE FOLLOWED BY DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE IN JUNE

Third Step in Restoring Permanent Peace to the World Will be An Agreement to Arbitrate All the Vital Economic Interests of An Industralized World — League Launched on New Ambitious Programme.

A despatch from Geneva says:—[illegible]imous approval of the compulsory arbitration protocol, as sent to it [illegible] committee on Thursday wound up the fifth assembly of the League of Nations. As part of the attempt to bring peace to the world a disarmament conference is called for next June and all Governments are urged to ratify the arbitration pact.

But though the Assembly adjourned after taking this first step toward universal peace, a wider ideal has crystallized in the closing days of the session. This is no less than eventual arbitration of raw material disputes, industrial output, immigration, national expansion, racial aspirations—all the fundamental causes of war.

The present arbitration pact is the first step. Next comes the disarmament conference. Finally there will be arbitration of all the vital economic interests of an industrialized world.

This grandiose program has more foundation in realism than at first appears. The framers of the arbitration protocol believe arbitration will not succeed unless the cause of trouble is removed.

Paul Boncour, the French Socialist, in an address to the Assembly on the protocol, pointed the way, saying:

"War can only be ended by removing the causes. Raw materials, their distribution, questions of immigration and emigration, are grave problems which must be solved if the work we have just finished is not later upset by interior convulsions."

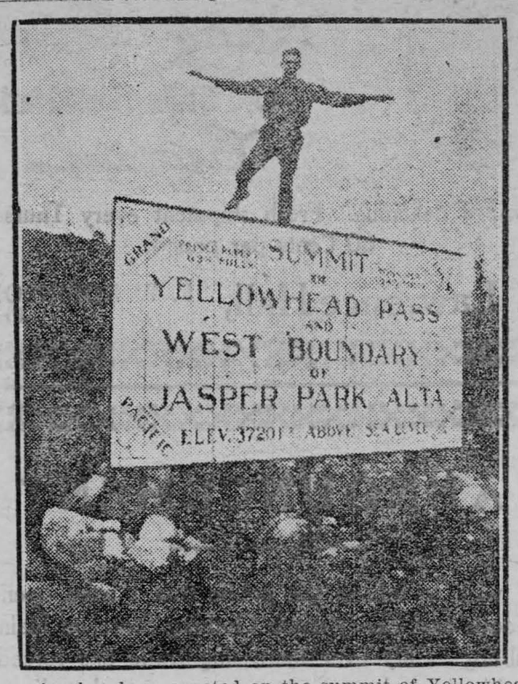
This note ran through the whole Assembly. Italian and Japanese adhesion to the protocol and Germany's entry into the League are only part of the problem which the League itself must attack, the leaders believe.

Italy and Japan have a tacit promise from the League that it will consider an outlet for their excess population.

In his address, M. Boncour emphasized an invitation to the United States to join the League. But there is a difference between the invitations from M. Boncour and others at this session and previous invitations to the United States. Hitherto the League has hesitated to take any action which might arouse criticism in the United States.

This time the League disregarded American susceptibilities in amending the protocol to suit Japan. It is this willingness to risk an understanding in order to get results which has launched the League on its new, ambitious program.

To dissipate the idea which might form in the Assembly that the United States by its absence might prove an obstacle, Senator Dandurand of Canada quoted Secretary of State Hughes' speech at the Canadian Bar Association last year. Mr. Hughes at that time advocated a permanent American-Canadian arbitration council "to which would be referred automatically questions arising as to the bearing of the action of either Government upon the interests of the other."



This large sign has been erected on the summit of Yellowhead Pass, on the Canadian National line, to announce that the elevation at that point is 3,720 feet above sea level and the west boundary of Jasper Park, Alberta.

QUEBEC FLOODS TOLL OF LIFE AND PROPERTY

Three Deaths and Million Dollars' Loss Caused by Inundations.

A despatch from Quebec says:—Three deaths, over a million dollars' loss to property, damage to railways through washouts, not yet estimated, and unprecedented interruption in the services—such is the summary of the effects of the floods which have been experienced in the section of the Province between Three Rivers and the Saguenay and from this city north to the Lake St. John and Chicoutimi districts.

Sir William Price is the outstanding victim of the floods. A 15-year-old girl named Germaine Simard had been drowned in the Larose River, Montmorency County, and a young man named E. Martel had lost his life in the St. Ann River. Preliminary estimates made by engineers of the Departments of Colonization and of Public Works placed the loss at nearly $1,000,000 in the last ten days.

A report from Kenogami received by long-distance telephone Thursday morning announced that the waters of the Des Sables River have become so furious that the Price Bros. & Co. mills were temporarily closed down in the afternoon. To prevent the continued erosion, engineers are planning to blow up during the night part of a dam which is affecting the course of the river, and thus provide an outlet for the flood waters.

McGAUGHEY TO HANG ON DECEMBER FIFTH

Plea of Insanity Fails and Sentence Passed for Murder of Beatrice Fee.

A despatch from Lindsay says:—Frederick William McGaughey was sentenced to death at ten o'clock Thursday night for the wilful murder of Lillian Beatrice Fee, on May 25 last, the jury having returned a verdict of guilty after deliberating four hours and twenty minutes. Execution will take place on December 5. The accused maintained the same attitude of immobility throughout the pronouncement of Mr. Justice Logie that he has maintained all through the trial and on which the plea of insanity in his behalf rested to a large extent.

The court room was crowded and the corridors thronged when the jury returned at 9.45.

At Thursday morning's session Dr. Robert Armour of Toronto, called in rebuttal of defence insanity testimony, declared in his opinion the accused was sane and had never suffered from catatonia dementia pruecox, the disease claimed for him by the defence, and that his attitude in the dock was a pose calculated to deceive.

In addressing the jury, His Lordship remarked that he could not see how a different verdict could have been rendered.

Dominion News in Brief

Halifax, N.S.—The situation in the Maritime Provinces is considered to be greatly improved and that the purchasing power of this area will be greater this winter than for the past three or four years. As a result of increased output and value agriculture is exhibiting much brighter prospects and the revenue from this industry, it is expected, will be in the neighborhood of $110,000,000 for the three provinces. There has likewise been a steady improvement throughout the year in the Maritime fishing industry.

St. John, N.B.—The Stetson Cutler Lumber Co. is contemplating the erection of a large saw mill in the vicinity of Hillside to cut at least fifteen million feet of lumber a year for a number of years. The company has purchased very extensive timber holdings along the headwaters of the Tobique.

Rouyn, Que.—Gold is reported to have been found in two new localities in the township of Joannes, part of the Western Quebec mining area. One is on acreage staked for the Nipissing, and the other on the property of the Goodwin Exploration Co.

Timmins, Ont.—Within a comparatively short time it is assured that the Hollinger Mine will be handling 8,000 tons of ore daily; an average of about 4,500 tons is now being handled. This will mean a production of about $20,000,000 annually. This will be a world record for tonnage in gold production from an individual mine.

Winnipeg, Man.—An intensive research laboratory, the largest in the West, for the purpose of studying rust, to discover, if possible, a means of eradicating the menace, will be established in Manitoba, according to report. The project will include the erection of several large green houses for experimental purposes and a large research building.

Regina, Sask.—A total of 547 automobiles, representing 2,007 travellers, ranging almost from the Arctic Circle to the Gulf of Mexico, have registered at the Regina Auto Camp to date. The total promises to reach 600 before the camp closes at the end of the present month. The number represents an increase of almost 200 per cent. over the cars which were parked in the only partially organized camp available last year.

Edmonton, Alta.—Evidence of the excellent standard of this season's wheat is given in one day's inspection when of 59 cars two graded No. 1 high, 40 No. 1 Northern, 9 No. 2 and 2 No. 3. The wheat came from fairly well scattered districts.

Vancouver, B.C.—The hop crop of the Fraser Valley is estimated by the British Columbia Hop Co., Sardis, and H. Hulbert, Agassiz, who are the principal growers in the district, at 4,400 bales or about 55 carloads. This is from an acreage of 520 acres under cultivation. The company's output will in all probability be exported to the United Kingdom as in the past, whilst Mr. Hulbert will most likely ship his to Eastern Canada.



Sir Hugh Clifford has recently been appointed the new governor of Ceylon. He is a knight of the Grand Cross of St. Michael and St. George, the grandson of a cardinal and one of Great Britain's noted authors.

SIR WILLIAM PRICE VICTIM OF LANDSLIDE

Prominent Business Man Meets Death on Inspection Tour at Kenogami.

A despatch from Quebec says:—Sir William Price, head of the firm of Price Brothers and Company, of Quebec, is reported to have been instantly killed Thursday morning at Kenogami, 120 miles from here, when he was buried under a landslide. The body has not yet been recovered.

Sir William left Quebec on Wednesday to inspect what is known as the "Eastern Woodpile," which is located below the falls at Kenogami, and where a small landslide occurred on Tuesday.

Thursday morning the party, consisting of Sir Wm. Price and two engineers, Messrs. A. A. MacDiarmid and N. Munro, left the mills to inspect the site of Tuesday's landslide.

The object of their visit was to ascertain how much damage had been caused, and also to see what measures should be taken to prevent further mishaps. Whether they were standing at the top or the bottom of the woodpile is not yet known, but suddenly the whole side of the hill came down with a rumble, burying Sir William. The other two escaped.

Sir William Price was one of the most influential business men in Canada. He was associated principally with the pulp and paper industry and owned very large mills in northeast Quebec. Just at the present time he was engaged with United States capitalists in completing a large scheme for developing water power for pulp plants and factories near Kenogami.

Newsprint mills in Canada produced 113,763 tons o fnewsprint in August, compared with 113,479 tons in July. For the first eight months of the year Canadian mills accounted for an output of 902,391 tons, as compared with 838,425 in the same period in 1923.

IRISH BOUNDARY BILL GETS THIRD READING

From British Commons it Goes to House of Lords, Where Adoption is Certain.

A despatch from London says:—The Irish bill providing for a commission to adjust the boundary between Ulster and the Free State, has passed through all its stages earlier even than the most sanguine had expected It passed its third reading on Thursday by a vote of 251 to 99.

The Ulster members made a voluble protest to the last, but in his final speech for the Government, J. H. Thomas, the Colonial Secretary, was able to congratulate the House on the good temper and tone of the debate. The last three days, he said, had clearly demonstrated that the House of Commons, regardless of party, was genuinely anxious to do justice to both sides. He hoped that the same spirit and good feeling would be shown to the measure in the House of Lords.

John R. Clynes, Lord Privy Seal, replying to a question in the House, said it was the British Government's intention to give effect to the Washington labor convention, calling for a 48-hour week for workers, irrespective of what other European countries might do.

Explorers Find Worms That Live Only in Ice

A despatch from Tacoma, Wash., says:—A species of worm that lives only in ice and cannot withstand even the heat of a human hand, has been found and photographed by a scientific expedition that recently went into the Olympic Mountains.

The ice on Dodwell-Rixon Pass in the Olympics was found literally alive with these worms. They are black, thin and about half an inch long. When the sun is out they crawl into the interior of the ice where the temperature is lower. Scientists with the party said that so far as they knew these worms never had been found before in the United States. When the ice surrounding them begins to melt, they die immediately. What they live on is still a mystery.

Prince's Sale of Pure Bred Stock Well Attended

A despatch from High River, Alta., says:—More than 500 people attended the live stock sale at the Prince of Wales' ranch, and the royal rancher himself mingled with the crowds all afternoon, watching the spirited bidding for his pure-bred stock.

The Prince appeared at the front door of his ranch house shortly after 12.30, dressed in old riding clothes.

October 1st was his last day at the ranch. He left late in the afternoon for High River, where he boarded his special train which took him through Calgary to Jasper Park and later to Vancouver.

Austria Decides to Adopt Shilling as Coin

A despatch from Vienna says:—Shilling currency will be introduced in Austria January 1, 1925, to replace the crown. After that date it will be illegal to quote prices or keep accounts in other than the new money. The shilling is to be issued in silver and paper and will be worth 10,000 of the present crowns.

Butter Model of Prince Will be Sold in Pieces

"The Prince of Wales Cut Into One Pound Pats," was the somewhat startling headline that appeared in London papers last week.

It did not refer to any atrocity committed on the person of the heir to the British throne, however, but to the fact that the model of the Prince on the "E. P." ranch, which was done in frozen butter, and has been a prominent feature of the Wembley Exhibition this summer, will, when the exhibition closes, be made into one pound packages and sold to the general public.

Pair of Sheep for Every Bulgarian, Census Shows

A despatch from Sofia says:—The sheep and goat census for the current year shows that there is a pair of sheep, or a sheep and a goat, for every man, woman and child in Bulgaria, with a part of a sheep or a goat to spare.

Sheep, however, are much preferred to goats by the Bulgarian government. The reason is that goats, feeding on the fresh, young tops of shrubs and small trees, apparently are eating the country bare of forests.

Prince Received More Publicity Than Any President

A despatch from New York says:—A book containing 61,120 newspaper clippings on the activities of the Prince of Wales during his recent visit to Long Island has been compiled by the Hemstreet Press Clipping Bureau and sent to London. It will be presented to the Prince on his return from his Canadian ranch.

Every article printed in any American paper about the visit of the Prince is included in the volume, which weighs 325 pounds. To classify the mass of clippings 22 experts worked night and day for 14 days on a job which, under ordinary circumstances, would have taken three months.

The Clipping Bureau says that no President of the United States ever received so much publicity in so short a time.

King Hussein Abdicates Throne of Hedjaz

A despatch from Jeddah, Arabia, says:—The committee of leading citizens of Jeddah and Mecca which had demanded the abdication of King Hussein have received a telegram from Hussein, dated Mecca, informing the committee that he was abdicating, and that he desired to leave Hedjaz.



A cache is shown in the interior of British Columbia, where surveyors of the topographical survey stored their provisions for a short time during the summer as a protection against predatory animals.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Man. wheat—No. 1 North., $1.65; No. 2 North., $1.61.

Man. oats—No. 2 CW, 70c; No. 3 CW, 69c; extra No. 1 feed, 69c; No. 1 feed, 68c; No. 2 feed, 65½c.

All the above c.i.f., bay ports.

Am. corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, $1.27.

Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $28; shorts, per ton, $30; middlings, $36; good feed flour, per bag, $2.20.

Ont. oats—No. 3 white, 48 to 50c.

Ont. wheat—No. 2 winter, $1.20 to $1.24; No. 3 winter, $1.18 to $1.22; No. 1 commercial, $1.16 to $1.19, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Barley—Malting, 82 to 85c.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 90c.

Rye—No. 2, 93 to 96c.

Ont. flour—New, ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipments, $6.25; Toronto basis, $6.25; bulk, seaboard, $5.85.

Manitoba flour—First pats., in jute sacks, $8.40 per bbl.; 2nd pats., $7.90.

Hay—No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, $14; No. 3, $12.50.

Straw—Carlots, per ton, $9.

Screenings—Standard, recleaned, f.o.b. bay ports, per ton, $22.50.

Cheese—New, large, 19c; twins, 19½c; triplets, 20c; Stiltons, 21 to 22c. Old, large, 23 to 24c; twins, 24 to 25c; triplets, 25 to 26c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 38 to 39c; No. 1 creamery, 36 to 37c; No. 2, 34 to 35c; dairy, 28 to 30c.

Eggs—Extras, fresh, in cartons, 45c; extra, loose, 43c; firsts, 38 to 39c; seconds, 32 to 33c.

Live poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 20c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 17c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15c; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 25c; roosters, 12c; ducklings, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c.

Dressed poultry—Hens, over 5 lbs., 26c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18c; spring chickens, 2 lbs. and over, 30c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c.

Beans— Canadian, hand-picked, lb., 6½c; primes, 6c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., $2.50; per 5-gal. tin, $2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 13½c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 13½c; 5-lb. tins, 14½c; 2½-lb. tins, 15c.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29c; cooked hams, 40 to 42c; smoked rolls, 18 to 20c; cottage rolls, 21 to 24c; breakfast bacon, 23 to 27c; special brand breakfast bacon, 29 to 31c; backs, boneless, 33 to 38c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., $17.50; 70 to 90 lbs., $16.80; 90 lbs. and up, $15.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, $33; heavyweight rolls, $27.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 17¼ to 18c; tubs, 17¾ to 18½c; pails, 18 to 18¾c; prints, 20¼ to 20½c; shortening, tierces, 15½ to 16c; tubs, 16 to 16½c; pails, 16½ to 17c; prints, 17½ to 18c.

Export steers, choice, $7 to $7.40; butcher steers, choice, $5.50 to $6.50; do, good, $5 to $5.25; do, com. to fair, $3 to $4.75; butcher heifers, choice, $5.25 to $6; do, good, $4.75 to $5; do, com., $3.50 to $4.25; butcher cows, choice, $4 to $4.50; do, fair, $3 to $3.75; do, canners and cutters, $1.50 to $2.50; butcher bulls, good, $3.50 to $4.25; do, fair, $3 to $3.50; do, bologna, $2.50 to $3; feeding steers, good, $5.25 to 5.50; do, fair, $4.50 to $5; stockers, good, $4.50 to $5; do, fair, $3.50 to $4; calves, choice, $10 to $11; do, med., $8 to $10; do, grassers, $4 to $5; milch cows, choice, $75 to $90; springers, choice, $80 to $100; plain cows, $45 to $65; good light sheep, $7.50 to $8.50; heavies and bucks, $4 to $5; culls, $2 to $4; good ewe lambs, $11 to $11.50; bucks, $9 to $9.50; culls, $8 to $9; hogs, fed and watered, $9.85; do. f.o.b., $9.25; do, country points, $9; do, off cars, $10.25; do, selects, fed and watered, $10.85.

MONTREAL.

Oats—Can. west., No. 2, 75c; do, No. 3, 74½c; extra No. 1 feed, 73½c. Flour—Man. spring wheat pats., 1sts, $8.40; do, 2nds, $7.90; strong bakers', $7.70; winter pats., choice, $6 to $6.10. Rolled oats—bag of 90 lbs., $3.55 to $3.65. Bran, $28.25. Shorts, $30.25. Middlings, $26.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $16.50 to $17.

Cheese—finest wests., 17¾ to 17⅞c; do, finest easts, 17½ to 17⅝c. Butter, No. 1 pasteurized, 36½c; do, No. 1 creamery, 36c; do, 2nds, 35¼c. Eggs, storage extras, 43c; do, storage, 1sts, 37c; do, storage 2nds, 31 to 32c; do, fresh extras, 48c.

Common bulls sold for $2 and $2.25; canners and cutter cows from $1.25 to $1.75; com. cows, $2.25 to $2.75; fairly good veal calves, $8; grassers, $3, $2.75 and $2.50; hogs, mixed lots, $9.50 to $9.75; selects, $10.25; sows, $6 to $7.



Mr. N. C. Havenga now holds the post of minister of finance in the new government of South Africa. General Hertzog is the new prime minister.

NEW HIGH RECORDS IN ALL GRAIN VALUES

Wheat Reaches $1.62 Per Bushel on Winnipeg Exchange—Coarse Grains Follow.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—Working under a high pitch of excitement, traders saw the price of wheat rise and fall in spectacular moves on the Winnipeg Grain Exchange.

Wheat prices burst through the roof in the opening rush of trade, and on heavy buying orders shot up to $1.62 a bushel for wheat for October delivery, by far the highest price in this season's move. The previous record was set in Thursday's trading, when October wheat touched $1.56⅞ and closed at $1.56¼.

All other principal markets of the world joined in the record-breaking rush. The volume of trade on the local market reached enormous proportions, and wheat prices fluctuated within the excessive range of six cents a bushel.

Coarse grains followed wheat, reaching new high record prices and fluctuating within ranges of 9¼ cents for oats, 13 cents for barley, 23 cents for flax and 5 cents for rye.

Orders from all the world's leading grain markets were executed in the local trading pit Friday morning.

Rye at $1.31 a bushel is more than double the price it was a year ago.

Seventy-five per cent. of the 853 cars of wheat inspected on the C.P.R. lines on Thursday went No. 3 Northern or better, keeping up the record established this season for high quality grain.

British Destroyers to Guard Empire Interests at Batum

A despatch from Constantinople says:—Two British destroyers passed through the Bosphorus into the Black Sea on Friday. Their destination is unknown, but it is believed they are going to Batum, where they will guard British interests, in view of Soviet Russia's efforts to suppress the revolutionary outbreak in the Caucasus region.

Failure may cause pain, but, if the lesson that it teaches is taken to heart, it will be a growing pain.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Automobile Bumpers renickelled

MORASH FOUNDRY

Mr. J. F. Casselman of Toronto is spending a few weeks in town.

* * *

Mrs. Chas. H. Casselman spent a few days in Montreal this week.

* * *

Mr. Percy Nash returned home from Winnipeg last week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Wiggins left on Wednesday for Montreal.

* * *

After an illness of several months, Dr. Will C. Davy will resume his dental practice on Monday next.

* * *

Mrs. I Hilliard attended the District Convention of the Women's Missionary Society held in Pakenham, this week.

* * *

Mrs. D. Davidson of Toronto is spending the week with her father, Mr. T. W. Howson.

* * *

Died—At Glen Becker, on Monday October 6th, Mrs. James Rice, in her 55th year. The funeral was held on Wednesday at one o'clock at St. James Church.

* * *

Special Discounts at W. Marsh & Son's furniture sale this week. $25 dressers. sale price $14.95. Chiffoniers $14.95. White layer felt mattress $9.95; Coil and Sagless springs $9.75. New goods arriving daily. **Compare their prices with the larger** stores and you will see that they save you money.

* * *

Mrs. W. F. Murchie of Inverness, Que., is spending a few weeks with her brother, Rev. M. MacKenzie.

* * *

Born—At Morrisburg, Thursday, October 9th to Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Foulds, a daughter.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfrid Coligan and daughter of Morrisburg, visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. Kavanagh, and were accompanied home by her grandmother, Mrs. M. Kavanagh.—Brockville Recorder.

* * *

Miss Grace D. Merkley returned home the first of the week, after spending the past month hunting up the Gatineau, with a party from Ottawa. Among other game, the party succeeded in procuring one deer and one bear.

* * *

Mrs. J. B. McRae of Ottawa was the guest of Miss G. D. Merkley the first of the week.

* * *

Parties entered the hardware store of R. H. Bradfield & Co., early Monday morning, by breaking the glass in the front door, taking a number of watches and several other small articles, Robberies are also reported from Prescott and Mariatown over the week-end.

* * *

Capt. Murray Barry of the Government Steamer Scout, is reported seriously ill with pneumonia at his home in Prescott.

* * *

One of the prettiest of the autumn weddings was solemnized in St. David's Church, St. Johns, on Saturday morning by Rev. Hugh Miller, M.A., when Miss Lelia Gertrude Cairns, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Cairns formerly of Morrisburg, was married to Chesley F. Dixon.. They will reside at West St. John.

* * *

Orders have been given by the Government for the preparation of the departmental estimates so that they may be ready for the Cabinet by the end of October. The present intention of the Government is to call Parliament in January, the 15th or the 22d.

* * *

Pursuant to a court order, the motor boat which United States revenue officers seized during the summer off American Island when Charles O'Brien, its owner, was carrying a cargo of contraband liquor, is to be sold by the customs officials at Ogdensburg on October 18th.

* * *

The steamer Hamilton of the Canada Steamship Lines, and the steamer Glenely of the Playfair fleet, have been released by units of the Donnlly wrecking fleet after having been aground in the St. Lawrence. The Hamilton was ashore in Coteau Lake and the Glenely near Allison's Island.

* * *

The Public School Field Day held on Friday, October 3rd, was a complete success, About 400 parents and children attended this annual affair which, all say, was very interesting. The thirty-two events were run off in about three hours. Among the records made were the following: High Jump, 4 ft 6 inches, by Howard Beckstead, and Running Hop, Step and Jump, 33 feet 8 inches, also by Howard Beckstead. The "hot-dog contest", won by Jack McLaren and Mae Williams caused much laughter. The Pupils and staff take this opportunity of thanking all those, who by their attendance, made this such a complete success. The prizes, donated by the merchants and other prominent citizens will be exhibited in Mr. Frank Stewart's window.

Watch W. Marsh & Son's advertisement in next week's issue. A Special Announcement of big sale of Congoleum Rugs. $1000 in cash prizes given away free for the best titles received for the picture advertising Congoleum Rugs. Come into our store and receive an Official Entry Blank—they are free.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Murray of Brockville spent the week-end with the latter's mother, Mrs. M. E. Lavis.

* * *

Mrs. R. J. Dillen and Miss Sadie Dillen spent the week end with friends in Ottawa. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Gillespie of Seattle, who after having spent a few weeks in town are leaving shortly for the West.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Woodland returned home Wednesday evening from Johnsbury, Vt., where they spent the week visiting the latter's brother, W. E. Kellogg, assistant post master. They also spent five days with Mrs. Woodland's sister, Mrs. Darling in Montreal.

* * *

Mrs. Harvey Heagle and her little niece Arville spent a few days last week in Watertown and Alexandria Bay with friends and relatives, returning home on Monday.

* * *

Any one desiring Poppy Sprays or Wreaths for Armistice Day for window decoration, church or home, leave your order with the Womens Institute—Pres., Mrs. G. Challies; Sec., Jane Dillen.

* * *

Decide what you would like to give to the Cornwall Hospital this year. Canvassers will call on you in the near future and goods will be received at the Agricultural Office on Wednesday, October 22nd.

* * *

David Weaver, eldest son of the late Frederick Weaver, born at East Williamsburg, on November 18th, 1837, died at his brother's home, Mr. Wm. A. Weaver, Lakota, N.D., on October the 4th. He is survived by two sons and two sisters, and a brother,, Mrs. Mary Sheehan Winthrop, N.Y. State and Mrs. Elizabeth Dafoe, Spokane, Wash., and W. A. Weaver, Lakota, N.D.; Roy F. Weaver and D. L. Weaver of Red Deer, Alberta.

* * *

It is reported from Waddington, that Mr. Cooglar, who was reported as having jumped in the Grass River, near Massena, in the recent bootlegging seizure of 75 cases of liquor, for whose body the river has been dragged, and whose cap has been found with two bullet holes, was found with two bullet holes in the head. It is also reported that there was great excitement in Massena and the party accused of shooting came near being mobbed, the authorities having to send him out of town under guard.

WOMENS INSTITUTE

The Womens Institute held their regular monthly meeting in St. James Hall, on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. There were forty present. Arrangements were made for the annual canvass for Cornwall General Hospital, and it was decided to pack the goods received on Wednesday, October 22nd at the Agricultural Office, and the Institute also will sell Poppies for the G.W.V.A. again this year, so that everyone can wear a Poppy on Armistice Day.

The District President, Mrs. Casselman, Morewood, addressed the meeting. Miss Hazel McIntyre sang two solos in a most charming manner. Afternoon tea was served and the meeting adjourned by singing the National Anthem.

KNOX CHURCH

Sunday, October 12th, 11 a.m. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper. All members are expected to be present. Friends and adherents are also cordially invited.

A Gospel Service, preparatory to the Communion will be held Friday at 8 p.m. All members are expected to attend this service.

7 p.m. The pastor will preach.

CARD OF THANKS

I wish to thank my friends for their kindness and sympathy extended to me during my recent bereavement.

JAMES RICE.

FOUND

A number of geese in the river. Owner may have same by paying expenses.

MRS. M. C. OLIVER.

FOR SALE

McIntosh Apples at $3.00 per barrel on the tree. Parties to furnish barrels.

ac ERN. FARLINGER.

FOR SALE

Wealthy Apples—hand-picked and wind-falls. Wind-falls at 50c a bushel.

Apply to,

J. H. CURRY,
3½ miles west of Morrisburg.

ap



Betty Brown
Old Style-Home Made
Candies

They are delicious. Fresh shipment every Thursday.
60 Cents per pound.

St. Lawrence Hall, F. W. ROBINSON, Prop.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I wish to inform the public that I have opened a Dry Goods and Ready-made Clothing Store on Main St., Morrisburg. My ever increasing trade has forced me to do this, in order to carry a more complete line, and give my customers better service, as it was impossible for me to reach them all individually.

I thank you for past favors, and invite you to my store to see my complete line of Fall and Winter Wear.

SPECIAL BARGAINS ON OPENING DAY, SAT. OCT. 11th.

SAM AGULNIK

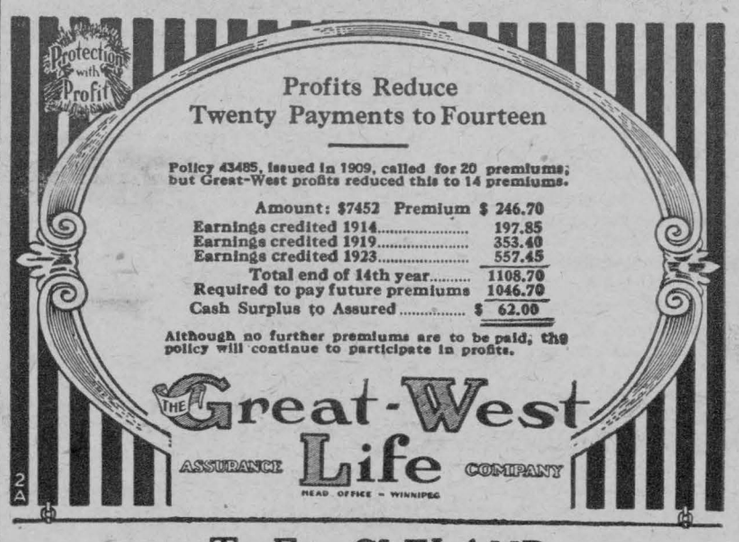


These are real meat delicacies. They are a dainty meat-food. They are always fresh, sweet and tasty. They are easy to prepare—easy to buy and easy to eat.

Put up in parchment paper packages—six to a pound.

LOOK FOR THE SIX PIGS!

McGregor's Sausage de Luxe
is sold in Morrisburg by
ORRIN W. DUPRAU



T. E. CLELAND
District Representative

West End Meat Market
"Home of Quality Meat"

Prime Western Beef.
Fresh and Salted Pork.
Spring Lamb and Veal.
Cooked and Cured Meats.

WEEK END SPECIALS

Leg of Lamb	39c
Porter House Roast	18lc
T. Bone Roast	25c
Spring Chickens	35c
Clover Leaf Salmon	39c
Red Cokoe Salmon	25c

"WE AIM TO PLEASE"

JOHNSTONE & ANDERSON
Morrisburg, 'Phone 74

To Our Customers

PAST PRESENT FUTURE

It pleased with our service, kindly tell your friends. Should you, however, chance to meet dissatisfaction here, please be fair enough to yourself and to your humble servant, to state your complaint, promptly and clearly, thus giving us an opportunity to make good, (where an error may have occurred) before spreading the news to your associates.

We aim to do our work well and to do it quickly, at a fair price.

VULCANIZING

Just-Rite Transmission Oil..
Polarine and Mobil.
Superior Cup Grease.

Open Tues., Thurs and. Sat Eves

"Tyrs, Toobs, Ford Pieces."

—TRY—

Tindal's Garage
—FOR—
McLaughlin & Ford Service

THE LAZY BOY

There are many misfit men in the world today who in their boyhood days were called "Lazy."

Parents by neglect, have committed crimes against their children and against society.

Don't call your boy or girl lazy until you know. Defective visio[illegible] caused many children to [illegible] stupid.

Have their Eyes Examined.

'Phone for appointment.

J. MILES WHITTEKER
Optometrist
MORRISBURG, Phone 18

KEEP
YOUR FEET DRY

Our Solid Leather Work Shoes are guaranteed and WATERPROOF.

DR. SCHOLL'S ARCH SUPPORTS

We carry in stock a ull line of Dr. Scholl.'s Foot Comfort Appliances.

We sell Taps, Insoles, Rubber Heels, Laces, Polish Tacks, Leather and HARNESS REPAIRS.

Auto Curtains repaired. Celluloid for sale.

SHOE REPAIRING, RUBBER FOOTWEAR VULCANIZING AND HARNESS REPAIRING. ELECTRIC SHOE REPAIRING

A. G. TAYLOR

Have Your Clothes
Made for you

There is a good reason why so many of our athetically inclined men wear "DresSwell" guaranteed Clothes and its not hard to find.

Amazing Values at $34.75, the Suit or Overcoat.

NASH
Agent for DRESSWELL Guaranteed

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL



Screened Coal
Stove & Nut Sizes
on hand

Portland Cement in Stock

ESTATE W. H. McGANNON

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL