The Leader

Vol. XVIII, No 21 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, MAY 24, 1918

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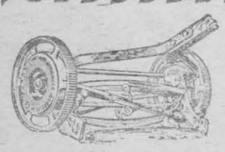
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Is that you come and make comparison of both, goods and prices. If you do not convince yourself that we can save you money, you need not buy. We will be pleased to show you our goods anyway.

Watch for the Circulars we will send You, illustrating some of the Lines and Prices.

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SURVEY OF DUNDAS COUNTY

The work being done by Ontario Agricultural College at Guelph is not a Camouflage of the Department of Finance, the Food Board, or the German Espionage System.

Since May 1st. a Farm Management Survey of Dundas County has been in progress. The objects of such work have been explained to the members of the Farmers' Clubs at Melvin, Morewood, Chesterville, South Mountain, Dixons Corners and Williamsburg. During the latter part of April, Mr. A. Leitch of the Ontario Agricultural College, in co-operation with Mr. E. P. Bradt, District Representative for Dundas County, addressed a meeting at each of these places and, invariably the feeling of the meeting was one of enthusiastic approval. But, unfortunately, there are many who were unable to be present at those meetings, and who, therefore, do not understand why such work should be undertaken, or wherein any benefit can be derived. In fact, the enumerators have been openly accused at various times, of being German spies, secret agents of the Department of Finance, seeking ways and means to increase the farmers' taxes, and employees of the Canada Food Board taking an unholy delight in snooping about pantries and attics, in search of hoarded flour and sugar. Such unfounded accusations are not particularly embarrassing but they are rather annoying, and much time is lost in explaining. It is, then, with the purpose of disabusing the minds of the public of these false impressions, that the following brief outline of the work is written.

This is the third survey which has been conducted in Ontario. The first was made last fall in Peel County and the second has just been completed in Oxford County. The object of the work is to make a study of the methods of farm management which are proving most practical on the average farm. Up until last year all agricultural research had been along the lines of crop and live stock improvement. Much valuable information has been brought to the farmers of the Province in this way. But it was felt that thos research did not go far enough. Both the Dominion and Provincial Departments have brought forth new methods and new ideas, which have met with but little approval throughout the Country. Why? Because they have not proven to be practical on the average farm. Well, then, what methods are proving to be most practical? What methods are proving to be most practical? What methods are the successful farmers adopting and what methods are the unsuccessful men employing? Previous to the commencement of these surveys nothing had been done to find out.

From the information gathered in this way, the net income of each farm may be calculated, andthe business methods of each farmer studied. A report will be sent to each man from whom a record is taken, showing the net return from his farm as compared with the net returns from other farms (no names mentioned; each farm known by its number). The man with the low income may see how the man with the high income has made his profit, and where possible change his methods accordingly. The man with the high income will have his judgment substantiated in knowing that his methods are proving more profitable than those employed on the average farm.

But the man with the high income may say, "That isn't of very great interest to me. I have known for some time that I have been making more profit than many of my neighbors." Well, there ils a broader sense in which all will benefit alike. As has been so often heard of late, the farming industry is the backbone of the country. And yet there is no other industry in Canada about whose financial condition so little is known. How much capital is required to properly equip and operate an average one-hundred acre farm? To what extent does a lack of this Capital decrease the net profits of the farm? What is the cost of producing a bushel of wheat, a ton of hay, one hundred pounds of milk, or unit quantity of any other farm product? There are no figures available to give an answer to any of these or other similar questions. Figures from experimental or demonstration farms cannot be taken to represent average conditions. The figures must be obtained from farms as they are managed in ordinary circumstances. Very few farmers keep a complete set of books, hence the necessity for the survey.

So do not set the dog on the enumerator who calls to see you. An hour spent with him may prove to be one of your most profitable investments.

RED CROSS

Recent Contributions to the Red Cross Fund:

Young Peoples' dance	$24.00
Miss Gould Smith	5.00
Miss Grace D. Merkley	10.00
Mrs. L. Tupper	3.00

Ida Ashton, Sec.-Treas

* * *

The Red Cross Workers of Morrisburg have received the donation of a handsome portrait of the late Hon. Andrew Broder, from Mr. Dan Allen of Fifth Avenue, New York. The portrait has been presented to Capt. F. S. Broder and will be on exhibition in the Public Library window for a time where all may see it.

The Red Cross Workers have changed their day day from Monday to Wednesday. Any woman who can help to make comforts for our brave men who are doing so much for us, will be gladly welcomed at the Red Cross rooms on Wednesday of each week.

Carrie L. Stata,
Press Correspondent.

PUBLIC SCHOOL

Honor Roll For April

Sr. IV—D. Willard, O. VanAllen, J Ernault, E. Eamon, Eva Burrett, H. Thompson.

Jr. IV—E. Clark, J. Wallace, E. Marsh & S. Crateau equal, P. Coligan M. Moore, D. Nash, E. Armstrong, H. Meikle, W. Weegar.

No. on roll 34. Average attendance 29

D. L. Hamilton, Principal

Form III, Sr. 3rd—Mary Casselman Charles Fetterly, Roy Weagant. Mary Heagle, Andrew Aikman, Dorothy Williams.

Jr. 3rd—Francis Baker, Gwynneth Davy, Eliza Burrett, Stewart Guay, Foster McPherson, Arthur Carson.

No. enrolled 35; average attendance 33.

C. E. COOK,

Jr. 3rd Class—Grace Meikle, Theresa O'Malley, Luella Heagle, Marcella Nash Navada McIntyre.

Sr. 2nd—Fred Barclay, Paul Carson Hugh Roy, Grant Prunner, Audrey Duvall, Dorothy Dain. Gwendolyn Herring, Gladys Clark, Harry Lapierre, Anna Ouderkirk, Eileen Baker, Lorraine Ernault, Geo. Biccum, Helen Beckstead, Jas. O'Malley.

No. on roll 30; average 25.

E. M. STEED.

Jr. 2nd Class A—Florence Ouderkirk, Lois Storey, Michael O'Malley, Muriel Marsh, Edward Williams, Pauline Biccum, Hubert Guay, Ralph Gogo, Dorcas Boccus, Charles Clark, Kermit Pyper, Ingram Redmond and Laura VanAllen equal, Margaret McGannon, Hazel McIntyre, Sadie Lapierre, Clinton Weegar.

Jr. 2nd, Class B—Flossie Reid, Margaret Empey, Clayton Merkley, Jane Williams & Margaret McGillvray equal Flossie St. Pierre, Marion Vipond, Gerald Coligan, Fred Casselman, Hazel Casselman.

Number enrolled 32. Average att. 29

C. L. Hazel, Teacher

Room E, Sr. 1st class—Evelyn Lane, Frederick Bermon, Enid Davy, Gordon Barclay, Paul Gormley, Carman Casselman, Ryerson Casselman, Orval McPherson, Dorothy Jackson.

Jr. 1st—Grant Casselman, Roberta Henderson, Marguerite Priest, Mary Casselman, Nola Borrette, Howard Beckstead, Harold Cassel, Marguerite Munroe, Vera Myers.

Sr. Primer — Hubert Duval, Laura Aikman, Homer Janack, Helen Vipond

No. on roll 32 Average attendance 26

M. Smith, Teacher

Room F., Class A—Kenneth Stitt, Edythe Laurin, Florence Mullin, Rose O'Malley, Claud Wood, Alga Wood Ernest Guay, Tommy Robinson, Willie Casselman, Andrew Hummell, Jack McMartin, Thelma Clark, Arlie Van Allen.

Class B — Harry Ulman, Maurice Bockus, Alice McPherson, Phyllis Armstrong, John Hummell.

Class C—Opal Jannack, Malcolm McGillivray, Mary Gogo, Neddie Dillen John Hartell, Raymond Empey.

Class D — Irene Laurin, Henry Rohrig, Percy Reid, Dora Casselman May Williams, Edna Ulman, Robert Merkley.

No. on roll 50. Average attendance 40

Gertrude Campbell, Teacher

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Ask the Man Who Owns One

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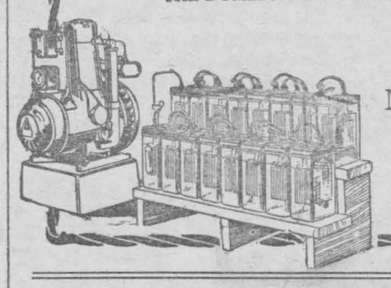
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1. **Saves time and labor**—Work formerly done under poor light and by hand can be done better and in less time with the aid of electric light and power.
2. **Labor is attracted to the farm**—The "back to the farm" movement is made practical when the conveniences afforded by electric light and power can be had in the country.
3. **Keeps the boys and girls on the farm**—Electric service on the farm offsets city attractions. Valuable labor and valuable young manhood and womanhood are saved to the country community.
4. **Solves the retired farmer problem**—Electric light and power make the farm home so attractive and comfortable that the farmer and his wife remain on the farm where their advice, experience, and immediate interests are of great practical value.
5. **Lightens burden of the housewife**—Increased farm work in war times means increased labor for the housewife. Electricity offers the only practical means of taking the drudgery of household tasks from her shoulders.

Delco-Light is a compact electric plant for farms or country homes. Self-cranking. Air-cooled. Thick plate, long-lived battery. Ball bearings. No belts.

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Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

THE LURE OF A KITCHEN GARDEN.

For four seasons we have had a garden plot only 20 x 25 feet. On this small tract of ground we have grown all the vegeables, except potatoes and sweet corn, needed for our family of three persons. Furthermore, the surplus garden products given away would, if sold, have more than paid for all the roasting ears and potatoes that we bought. The results we have obtained with our small garden can be greatly increased where more garden space is available and there is the spare help to take care of it.

Last year in this little backyard garden we grew lettuce, radishes, onions, peas, beets, bunch and stick beans, tomatoes, cucumbers, red peppers, and celery.

Peas, to be at their best, should be gathered while still small and tender. Furthermore, the chemical changes that take place in this vegetable are more marked and more rapid than in almost any other. There is all the difference in sweetness and in flavor between peas that have been off the vine from twenty-four to forty-eight hours when compared with those gathered in the forenoon and served at the midday meal. So we say that for one who really cares for peas the best way to have them is to grow them.

In growing peas we have not found the strictly dwarf varieties best. Personally we prefer the semi-dwarf kinds, as they require less room and yield more abundantly. If bits of brush are not available for sticks, a few short kindling pieces may be driven into the ground on each side of the rows about 8 or 10 feet apart. Binder twine or cord of any kind may then be strung on these, a round being added from time to time as the vines gain in height.

Our little garden spot was not naturally fertile, but a few loads of manure the first year, followed by from 20 to 30 wheel-barrow loads of stable manure each year thereafter, keep it productive. In spading it we have always gone as deep as the spading-fork tines would allow. In the soft, mellow, humus-filled soil spading to this depth is a comparatively easy task. Beginning with good soil and deep tillage, the conservation of moisture, even in a dry season, is not difficult.

After each rainfall, and as soon as the ground was dry enough to be worked, it was stirred so as to prevent the formation of any crust and to provide instead a thorough dust mulch. A slight sprinkling of the garden every few days induces a shallow root growth, and more harm than good is done. We practice level planting exclusively, making no hills or ridges. With this method and in rich soil, rows may be only half the ordinary distance apart.

In planting the earliest vegetables we always plan to let later growths come in between. For this reason, to one unacquainted with our plan, it would seem that when the early lettuce, radishes, onions, beets, and peas are in the whole garden has been planted and that there is no room for anything else. A little later, though, rows of other vegetables are seeded right in between these, just as if they were not there.

By this time, it must be acknowledged, things are pretty badly crowded. In our little garden we have had 20 rows of vegetables all at once, with double plantings, such as tomatoes, set in the radish rows. Necessarily, this condition made even hoeing difficult, so that most of the work of cultivating, for the time being, was done by using a hand weeder and spading fork. Soon, though, the rows of radishes, early peas, lettuce and onions—ten in all—were removed.

In the meantime we had set 48 pot-grown tomato plants, each plant with a piece of paper wrapped around and extending from just beneath the soil to about two inches above, as a protection against cut-worms. A dozen red-pepper plants—more than we needed—had been started. By the time the first tomatoes were ripe, the garden is made up of beans, tomatoes, cucumbers, peppers, and perhaps some late beets. Again the garden seems full so that a visitor viewing it for the first time would conclude that we had grown no early garden.

By the time the bunch beans are gone, the taller varieties grown around the edge of the garden and allowed to trail on the woven-wire fence are ready for use, and continue throughout practically the entire season. Beans and tomatoes make up the most of the late summer garden, but before cold weather head lettuce and celery are growing between the rows of tomatoes. Celery, as every experienced gardener knows, heads best in cool weather only, the growth here being made principally in September.

While we enjoy growing all vegetables for which we find room, tomatoes afford us our greatest pleasure and largest profits.

For tomatoes the most satisfactory stake that we have ever tried consists of two pieces split from heavy boards, such as are used in shipping boxes. One piece is sharpened and this nailed to another. Two 4-foot pieces will give a 7-foot stake, allowing one foot for lap. The shoulder, formed where the pieces are nailed together, affords an excellent place on which to hammer when the stakes are being set. We keep all suckers picked off the tomato vines, allowing only one or two main central stems. During the growing season the vines should be gone over, suckered, and tied up every few days. Cloth strings—from rags of any kind—should be used so as not to cut or otherwise injure the vines.

In the autumn after having spread 30 wheel-barrow loads of well-rotted stable manure over the surface, the entire garden patch was spaded good and deep.

This fall clean-up and spading of the soil of the entire garden are of much importance for several reasons. The turning over and mixing of the soil and manure allows the rain and melting snow to fill the subsoil with moisture, the plant food in the manure is less likely to be lost by washing and leaching, and the insect pests that have hibernated in the leaves, rubbish, and top soil are in great measure destroyed. Last, but not least, the lower soil stratum turned up better receives the frost action, and in consequence is in condition to be much more easily brought into good tilth in the spring.

When the garden soil is handled as I have described, we find no advantage in respading or preparing the seed bed much in advance of planting unless the spring is so dry as to endanger the moisture supply by evaporation. But should continued drying weather prevail before planting time, spading and a surface mulch check the escape of moisture. In any case, nothing is gained by trying to hurry plants into the ground before conditions are favorable for their growth.

From our little garden we have averaged annually $50 worth of vegetables. Furthermore, we have had vegetables of a quality such as we could not have bought on the market. Best of all, we have added to our health and happiness while doing our bit in food production and conservation.

Have a Bird Sanctuary.

It is patriotic to save the birds. Birds eat insects. Insects destroy about $1,300,000,000 worth of grain, fruit, vegetables, and trees every year. Now the birds can save all that money but they can help to save a big portion of it. In the great scheme of nature, birds were created to keep the insects in check. They can do it and do it well.

But much mismanagement, lack of foresight and many other reasons, we have wiped out nearly ninety per cent. of our bird life. Now, it's up to us to use all means possible to bring back the right balance of bird life. When you destroy the balance of anything, something happens. The balance of bird life has been upset; that's one of the reasons why the farmers of the great potato bearing countries are compelled to pay millions for materials to kill potato-bugs. Quail, rose-breasted grosbeaks and other species consider potato-bugs the greatest delicacy, but we haven't enough of these birds to do the work.

What are the worst enemies of birds? Man, cats, English sparrows, red squirrels, continued rains and late cold weather in spring, floods, ice storms, rats, snakes, Cooper's pigeon, marsh and sharp-shinned hawks; and in some places blue jays, crows, grackles and cowbirds.

How can cats be prevented from getting birds? Get rid of the cats, or use tin funnel-shaped guards around trees and poles; also by planting a Dorothy Perkins rosebush around trees which contain nests.

What birds walk instead of hop? Blackbird, crow, meadow-lark, cowbird and ovenbird.

Should bird-houses be cleaned in the spring? The largest manufacturer of bird-houses and a sincere lover of birds says, "No," and we agree with him. Leave the houses alone.

Why get mad when an idea strikes you? It may be the making of you.

WANTED POULTRY, EGGS and FEATHERS
Highest Prices Paid
Prompt Returns—No Commission
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SMOKE TUCKETTS
ORINOCO
CUT COARSE FOR PIPE USE



Why you should look for this Trade-mark on your Shoes

A TRADE-MARK is a manufacturers' signature. If a firm makes an article they are prepared to stand behind—they stamp it with their trade-mark. It is put on their goods so you may identify them. It stands to reason, therefore, that it is safer for the public to always buy "known" and "trade-marked" shoes rather than "anonymous" shoes.

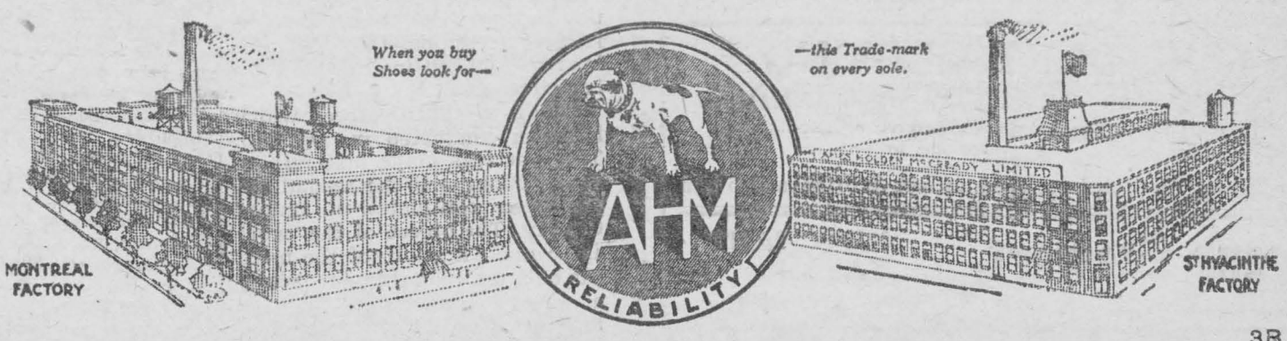
Each working day of the year, the A. H. M. trade-mark is stamped on the soles of thousands of pairs of shoes for men, women and children, because we want you to know our shoes when you see them—because we are making a sincere effort to produce good values in footwear—because we believe you will find our shoes satisfactory—and buy them again and again.

Ames Holden McCready are Canada's largest makers of shoes. A.H.M. footwear is sold by thousands of dealers in every part of Canada—and by the leading merchants in almost every town.

We make such a large proportion of the boots and shoes that the Canadian people wear that you are probably wearing A. H. M. shoes now. However, the next time you buy shoes, to make sure, look for this trade-mark on the sole.

We make many grades and styles of footwear, but no matter what price you pay for them you will find them excellent value for the money. You will find it profitable and satisfactory in future to always make this trade-mark your guide in buying footwear for yourself and your family.

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GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

Falling Of The Stomach.

I have been asked to write an article on gastroptosis, or falling of the stomach—what it means, and what are some of its symptoms.

The stomach is very movable, being in the upper part of the abdominal cavity, extending from right to left and held in place by the food tube or gullet, and by loose bands or ligaments attached to the diaphragm, to the liver on the right, and the spleen on the left.

Though so loosely held, it is in motion most of the time, particul larly when food is churned about in it, and undergoing digestion.

The tissues of the stomach and its ligaments stretch easily and, lacking the resiliency of an elastic tissue, they do not return to their normal boundaries after a certain number of stretchings.

The stomach of a full grown adult holds one to three pints, and you can imagine how much it is distended and overtaxed by those who eat and drink to excess.

It is not unusual for guzzlers of beer, wine, whiskey, gin, etc., to drink several quarts at a sitting, and for those who are intemperate in eating, to eat far more than the proper capacity of the stomach.

The kidneys and intestines do their best to relieve such sinners, but all these organs are sooner or later involved in the penalties of over-eating and drinking.

Continued abuse of the stomach must ultimately result in persistent dilatation, the organ loses its natural shape, constant fermentation and gas formation balloon it into a great bag, and it encroaches upon neighboring organs and causes unlimited discomfort.

From dilatation to relaxation of the loose supporting bands of the stomach, is but a step.

When the bands begin to give way, there is nothing to bring them back to their normal state.

The more they are pulled, the more they stretch, and the less able they become to sustain the over-distended and over-weighted stomach.

Then the latter drops, sometimes horizontally and sometimes bow or stern, first the intestines can offer little resistance, and in time the stomach distends and drops until it reaches the pelvis.

Others who suffer with falling of the stomach are the people of lax fibre, who have little muscular strength to begin with, and who have been overpowered by hard work or improper food.

Included in this group, are hard-working women burdened with the care of families among the poor and neglected.

Only recently has this condition been accurately recognized, only recently have the stomach and its disorders formed a group of diseases for careful investigation.

The X-ray, and abdominal surgery, have illuminated the subject, and though we are far from getting ideal results in the treatment of many stomach diseases, we have certainly made great gains and will gain much more.

Some of the symptoms of falling of the stomach are general discomfort, want of ambition for ordinary duties, constipation and poor nutrition.

The treatment may be medical, surgical, or instrumental.

If the abdomen is opened, a reparative operation can sometimes be successfully done.

Many cases, however, are much relieved by a properly adjusted belt, and this should be tried in preference to an operation, when possible.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

J. K.—Am weak and not able to do my housework well. Get very short of breath and my heart beats rapidly. I feel better when I can lie down and take a rest. Please tell me what is wrong with me.

Answer—My opinion would be that you are trying to carry a bigger load than you are able to carry. If you could get a rest for a few weeks, having somebody do your work for you, and just play and sleep for a time, I think you will get a new start. I should be glad to hear if you are able to do this.

Destroy The Cutworms.

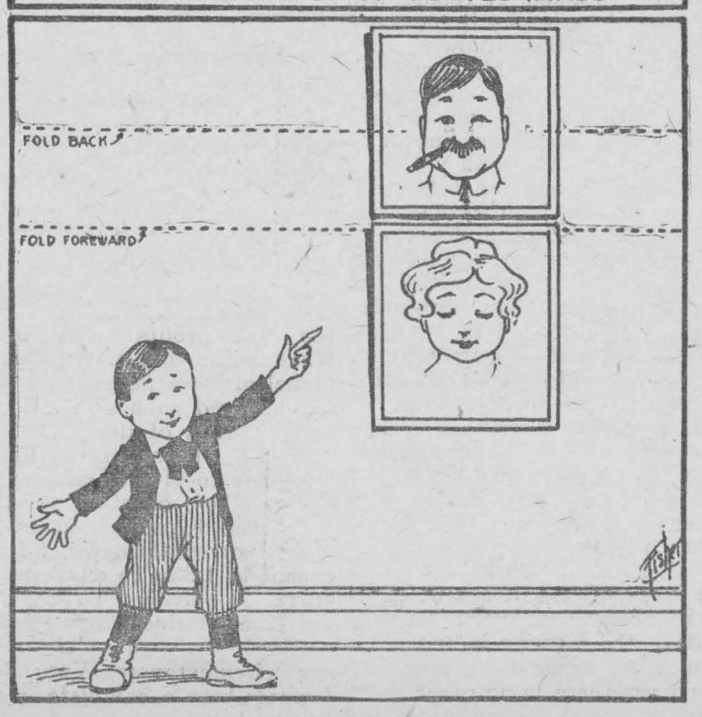
Early though the season is, the insect world is already "on the job." Cutworms destroy thousands of dollars' worth of vegetable crops every years. Gardeners must aid in the campaign to save the crops by destroying these pests. Watch for their appearance as they are already at work. They cut through the stems of the young beans and tomato plants at the ground line during the night and leave the young plant dying on the ground. Investigation in the loose soil will generally discover the miscreant a few inches away, half an inch or so below the surface, when he can be summarily squashed. They can be killed wholesale by scattering along the rows poisoned bait made as follows: Bran, 20 lbs., cheap molass 1 quart; Paris green or white arse half a pound; water from 2 to 2½ gallons. Mix the bran and Paris green (or white arsenic) thoroughly in a wash tub while dry. Dissolve the molasses in the water and wet the bran and poisen with the same, stirring well so as to dampen the bran thoroughly.

War Time Cook Book.

An excellent war-time cook book has been issued by the Women's Institutes of Ontario and copies may be secured by writing to the Ontario Department of Agriculture for Circular No. 11. Various ways and means of saving and substituting are suggested.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



I get my chin from my mama,
My eyes are pa's, you see;
So put them both together, and
The product—well, it's me.

Now is the Time for a general cleaning out of the intestines if you wish to avoid: constipation, biliousness, pimples and other troubles so frequent at this season of the year. Use

"RIGA"

PURGATIVE WATER

the ideal saline purgative which flushes out the intestines, removes offensive waste matter, insures normal bowel action, pure blood and freedom from illness.

On Sale everywhere: 25 cents the bottle.

RIGA PURGATIVE WATER CO. MONTREAL.

Seasonable Designs



Good-looking blouses are always to be desired and this is particularly smart. McCall Pattern No. 7754, Ladies' Blouse. In 6 sizes, 34 to 44 bust. Price, 20 cents.

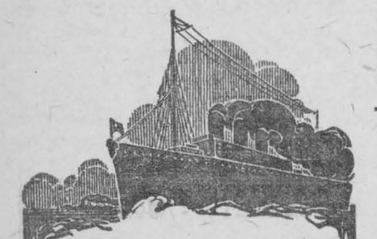


Here is a dress that really conserves material, for only 2⅝ yards of 54-inch material is necessary to make it! McCall Pattern No. 8091, Ladies' Waist. In 6 sizes; 34 to 44 bust. No. 8211, Ladies' Skirt. In 7 sizes; 22 to 34 waist. Price, 20 cents each.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

Ashes, if allowed to accumulate in the fireplace, will eventually burn the feet off the andirons.

Before the war Great Britain was dependent for two-thirds of its food upon imports, or four loaves of bread out of five.



War Demands

Saving of Sugar, Saving of Fuel, Use of other Grains with Wheat —No Waste.

Grape-Nuts

answers every demand. It's an economical, nourishing and delicious food, a builder and maintainer of Vigor and Health.

Try it.

"There's a Reason"

THE WORK OF THE SHIP DOCTORS

THREE WEEKS IN THE DRY DOCK HOSPITAL.

A Navy Officer Tells How a Battered Cruiser Was Made Hale and Well Again.

The great cruiser was indeed in a pitiable state; she looked the epitome of desolation and misery as the fussy little tugs hauled her gently past the chequered forts at Spithead, and headed her tenderly towards that home of healing for such battered hulks as she—Portsmouth Royal Dockyard.

Her foremast was snapped off short, and her fire control top had completely disappeared; the fore funnel looked like a battered tin-can or a squashed concertina, and her bridge was a mass of twisted steel and splintered woodwork. The great fore turret looked as though attacked with a gigantic tin-opener; the colossal right twelve-inch gun was snapped off short, the daw edges of the steel showing like the teeth of a beast of prey. The midship funnel had completely disappeared with its casing, but the after one, strangely enough, had not received so much as a scratch on its paintwork.

"Bearing Her Blushing Honors."

The armored hull bore evidence to the straight shooting indulged in by the enemy. Circular holes indicated where the monster shells had passed clean through; deep dents showed where the resisting plates had turned them off. One projectile had carried a high-pressure turbine completely off its bed in the port engine room. Others had ruined boilers, so that eight out of a score could only be trusted to raise steam. But, damaged as she was, the great cruiser was triumphant also—a sixteen-foot square collision mat spread over her bows covered a gaping hole made when she, in her last extremity, lifted her ram and jammed it clean through the side of her insolent foe. After that, what did it matter if the foremost compartments filled with water, if the deck did slant downwards till every ripple sent a film of water streaming over the wrecked and shell-torn forecastle?

Her captain, unhurt by the fight, had gone almost grey-haired over the getting of the ship to the place where the three magnificent tugs met and took her in charge. And now, with a pilot on the bridge, with a tug ahead to haul her along, and one on each side to steer her, he was sleeping the sleep of utter exhaustion in a wrecked fore cabin.

Right up harbor went the battered ship, saluting as she passed the Victory, and seeming to receive a welcoming "Well done!" from that battle worn craft. Trim cruisers, patrol boats, destroyers, and submarines extended their sympathy and silent praise as she sheered by them, until at last she came to the great dry-dock designed for her reception. The foremost tug cast off and dropped behind, placing her nose gently against the cruiser's stern, and slewing her into position for entering the dock.

In the Dry Dock.

Then came dirty men in fussy little steamboats, and cast lines, which, when hauled upon, brought wire hawsers to the cruiser. These were made fast to bollards, and the other ends taken to hydraulic capstans ashore. Then slowly, carefully, these were hove round, and the battered vessel slipped inch by inch into her sick bed. The caisson at the end of the dock slid into place astern of her, the great pumps clanked, and the water became lower gradually, but quite perceptibly.

Hordes of grimy dockyardmen swarmed into her as the gangways were flung to the jetty; fussy little cranes slammed into the dock huge, square baulks of timber, sized and marked to fit each in a certain position and no other. They took these baulks, the "mateys," and they adjusted them so that, when at last the cruiser's keel rested on the chocks in the bottom of the dock, the baulks supported her on both sides, and prevented her canting over to one side or the other. And as the water receded and exposed more of her underwater hull, the mateys put in other rows of shores, till at last she was dry and high, ready for the healing hands of the ship doctors.

New Ships for Old.

This done, came a small army of other grimy men—fitters, turners, artificers of all kinds—with their small tool-boxes. Followed them a host of small and even dirtier boys.

Then arose the most awful din conceivable. Hammers racketted away inside the ship, driving out old rivets; drills chopped through armored bolts like knives through cheese; saws cut away battered plating as though it had been tissue paper. The work went on day and night as if under a magician's wand.

And when at the end of their three weeks' leave—they had well earned the rest—the cruiser's complement returned to their ship, they found that not only had her wounds been repaired, not only was she fully equipped at all points and ready for immediate action if needs be, but the dockyardmen had hauled her out of dock and placed her head towards the Channel, had filled her bunkers with coal and her magazines with ammunition—in sooth, they had healed her and convalesced her, and passed her "Fit for General Service."

BUTTER FROM POTATOES.

Palatable Article Can Be Manufactured for Ten Cents a Pound.

Potato butter is recommended by the British ministry of food as a cheap substitute for butter, being made in England at a cost of less than ten cents per pound, as follows:

"Peel the potatoes and boil until they fall to pieces and become floury. Then run through a fine sieve into a warmed basin fourteen ounces of potatoes and add two ounces of butter or margarine and one teaspoonful of salt. Stir until smooth and then mold into rolls and keep in a cool place. To make the appearance approvable use butter coloring, and if intended to keep beyond a few days a butter preservative should be added."

GIRLS! LEMON JUICE IS SKIN WHITENER.

How to make a creamy beauty lotion for a few cents.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

The Wings of the Aeroplane.

War conditions have afforded an excellent opportunity for farmers in certain sections of Canada to engage extensively in the production of fibre flax. They will thereby not only add to their sources of income, but will also be of direct and vital aid in the war efforts of the Allies. The mastery of the air is proving a great, perhaps the determining factor, in the struggle now going on. Aeroplanes are being built in vast numbers as rapidly as possible. As a covering for the wings of these, linen is the only material found satisfactory. Large quantities are also needed for machine gun webbing, ambulance and truck covers, thread for sewing uniforms, and a number of other uses. Were the supply of fibre flax for these purposes to fall short, as is threatened, it would directly and profoundly affect the success of the Allied forces.

Before the war, flax was imported into the United Kingdom mainly from Belgium, France, Germany, the Netherlands and Russia. The German supply is, of course, now cut off, while in 1916 France produced no flax for export, Belgium a mere fraction of its former supply, and the Netherlands about half its former quantity. Owing to conditions in Russia no exports of fibre flax can be depended on this year; Ireland, the great flax-producing country in the United Kingdom itself, cannot with the best of seasons and with the largest possible acreage under flax, commence to meet the demand for fibre.

The foregoing information is contained in a circular on flax growing issued by the Federal Department of Agriculture and that can be had free by addressing the Publications Branch of that Department, Ottawa.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Never move a cake in the oven until the centre is set.

Eat less Bread

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or cullus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It is fine stuff and acts like a charm every time.

Remembrance.

This is the sharpest pang to bear:
How I do not forget,
But wake to see her waiting there,
As if she loved me yet.

Oh, for an end of idle dreams
That stir a sleeping heart!
So far she is, so near she seems—
So near, so far apart!

The spring comes in; the lilacs bloom;
I hear the robin call.
But in this memory-haunted room
I miss her most of all.

After these many months of pain
Her face I shall not see;
I shall not hear her voice again—
She comes not back to me!

MONEY ORDERS.

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

Sugar Saving 25 Per Cent.

The recent sugar restrictions passed by the Canada Food Board will have the effect of saving about 100,000 tons, approximately 25 per cent. of our normal consumption. These restrictions are rendered absolutely necessary by the shipping and rail transportation situation. There is sugar in Cuba but we cannot get it into Canada. What we can get we must conserve for preserving time.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Eat More Fish.

Efforts have been made throughout Canada to produce and market more fish. This country has fish resources, which have been exploited commercially for the export trade, but only in the big cities have fresh fish been available regularly to private consumers. On the Pacific Coast and the Atlantic Coast, on the lakes of the West, on the lakes of Northern Ontario and the Great Lakes, fishermen will procure fish if the demand for it becomes regular and constant. Eat more fish and save meat for the men at the front.

Had ship's anchor fall on my knee and leg, and knee swelled up and for six days I could not move it or get help. I then started to use MINARD'S LINIMENT and two bottles cured me.

PROSPER FERGUSON.

Wheat Importation Insufficient.

The British Ministry of Food has cabled to the Canada Food Board: "Wheat importations are not arriving in quantities sufficient to meet our weekly requirements. Every effort that can be exerted in Canada to increase shipments of wheat and meat will be invaluable." The British Administry has prepared to provide ships to move all the wheat that Canada will spare. Only 34,000,000 bushels remain on the continent that can be possibly available for export unless consumption in the United States is very substantially reduced.



Heals like Magic—burns, cuts, chafing, blisters, piles, abscesses, sunburn, boils, bruises, and other inflammation. At dealers, or write us.
HIRST REMEDY COMPANY, Hamilton, Canada

The Living Line.

As long as faith and freedom last,
And earth goes round the sun,
This stands—the British line held fast
And so the fight was won.

The greatest fight that ever yet
Brought all the world to dearth;
A fight of two great nations set
To battle for the earth.

That bleeding line, that falling fence,
That stubborn ebbing wave,
That string of suffering human sense,
Shuddered, but never gave.

A living line of human flesh,
It quivered like a brain;
Swarm after swarm came on afresh
And crashed, but crashed in vain.

The world shall tell how they stood fast,
And how the fight was won,
As long as faith and freedom last
And earth goes round the sun.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Obligation to Save Food.

Every pound of food saved by each Canadian citizen is a pound given to the support of our army and the Allies. Every pound wasted or eaten unnecessarily is a pound withheld from them. It is a direct personal obligation on the part of each of us to someone in Europe whom we are bound to help.

Keep your shoes neat

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES

LIQUIDS and PASTES

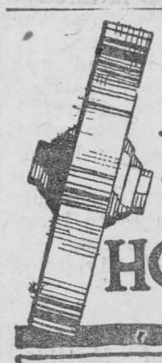
for BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES

PRESERVE the LEATHER

THE F.F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS Ltd., HAMILTON, CANADA

A Kidney Remedy

Kidney troubles are frequently caused by badly digested food which overtakes these organs to eliminate the irritant acids formed. Help your stomach to properly digest the food by taking 15 to 30 drops of Extract of Roots, sold as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup, and your kidney disorder will promptly disappear. Get the genuine. 7



HUBS and HORSES

The world is short of horses. To get the most out of your team use

MICA AXLE GREASE

"Use half as much as any other"

The mica flakes fill the pores and crevices in the axle and the grease keeps them there. Mica Grease means fresher horses at the end of the day and longer life for your harness and wagons.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

"Lengthens leather life"

Overcomes leather's worst enemies—water and dirt. It makes harness pliable and waterproof, prevents breaking of stitches and imparts that rich black lustre to all dark dressed leather.

Sold in standard sized packages by live dealers everywhere.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES



ROYAL YEAST

MADE IN CANADA



MAKES PERFECT BREAD

Sugaring the Tea Pot.

The silver tea pot can be prevented from getting musty while not in use by dropping a lump of sugar in it after it has been cleaned and dried.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

Working the farm more and the man less is the ideal farming.

FOR SALE

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN WESTern Ontario. Doing a good business. Death of owner places it on the market. A great chance for a man with cash. Apply Box 82, Wilson Publishing Co. Limited, Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried $1,500. Will go for $1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

GRANITE CUTTERS AND LETterers wanted. Write Geo. M. Paul, 156 Victoria St., Sarnia.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home, whole or spare time, good pay, work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Company, Montreal.

SMOKE TUCKETTS
ORINOCO
CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES



Let Cuticura Care for Baby's Skin

It's really wonderful how quickly a hot bath with Cuticura Soap followed by a gentle anointing with Cuticura Ointment relieves skin irritations which keep baby wakeful and restless, permits sleep for infant and rest for mother, and points to healment in most cases when it seems nothing would help.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address postcard: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold by dealers throughout the world.

THAT CHANGE IN WOMAN'S LIFE

Mrs. Godden Tells How It May be Passed in Safety and Comfort.

Fremont, O.—"I was passing through the critical period of life, being forty-six years of age and had all the symptoms incident to that change—heat flashes, nervousness, and was in a general run down condition, so it was hard for me to do my work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me as the best remedy for my troubles, which it surely proved to be. I feel better and stronger in every way since taking it, and the annoying symptoms have disappeared."—Mrs. M. GODDEN, 925 Napoleon St., Fremont, Ohio.

Such annoying symptons as heat flashes, nervousnsss, backache, headache, irritability and "the blues," may be speedily overcome and the system restored to normal conditions by this famous root and herb remedy Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If any complications present themselves write the Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for suggestions how to overcome them. The result of forty years experience is at your service and your letter held in strict confidence.

SMOKE TUCKETTS T&B

Irena

It was with much regret that we learned that Mrs. Jas. Tallmire had to go to a hospital to undergo a very serious operation for what is supposed to be cancer. She is going to St. Catharines where her brother, Dr. Graham Harkness, has a very extensive practice. We hope to see Mrs. Tallmire back among us again soon enjoying the best of health.

Mr Earl Merkley has purchased a Studebaker car from Mr. John Marcellus of Iroquois. Earl won't be behind.

Mr. Wm. Tallmire, a commercial traveller, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Joseph Tallmire.

Messrs. Vernon McAslin, Harry Bouck, Jesse Seeley and R. Marcellus, Irena boys, reported in Ottawa under the M.S.A. on May 17th. The boys have all been granted two weeks' leave. If these boys land in France, Irena will be well represented.

Already we have under command in colors: Ward Ault, S. Ault, Mowat Janack, Dan McIvor, Laurence McIvor, Russell Connor, Ivan LaPierre, Frank Coons and Percy Connor. These boys are all formerly from Irena. We have only one single man left in our vicinity between the ages of 19 and 35. Irena must surely be up with the best in regards to soldier production.

Mr. Geo. S. Ault is the possessor of a new team of horses. He purchased one from Mr. A. Armstrong and the other from James Brouse.

Irena is opening a music gallery. We have some very promising musicians.

Mr. Colin Casselman and daughter, Agnes, were visiting friends in Metcalf on Saturday and Sunday last.

Mrs. Herman Hamilton of North Williamsburg was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bouck a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth McAslin and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McAslin motored through town Sunday evening.

Mr. LaVallie of Tow's Hill was renewing acquaintances in town on Sunday last.

East Williamsburg

Messrs. Wm. Castleman and George MacKenzie spent Tuesday at Ottawa.

Mr. John Hutt and Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Garlough and daughter, Clara, spent Sunday at Mr. Thomas Garlough's.

Visitors at Mr. Joseph Bailey's last week were: Mr. and Mrs. Henry Swerdfeger, Rev. Bermon, Messrs. Lennie Merkley and David Hutchison.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Wells and son were visiting the former's brother on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Hollister and children, and Mrs. A. Hollister and baby were visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. Wagner Sunday.

Messrs. Garnet MacKenzie and Milton Casselman spent a few days in Ottawa last week.

Mrs. Martha Watson and little grandson, Gerald Garlough, spent Sunday at her home.

Mr. Harry Baker was at Cornwall on Wednesday.

Mr. James Johnston was visiting his daughter, Mrs. C. Garlough one day last week.

Mr. Thomas Garlough spent the week-end with his daughter at Morrisburg.

Miss Ethel Willard spent the week-end with her grandmother at Morrisburg.

Brinston

Misses Hattie Casselman and Greta Smail spent Sunday with friends at Strader's Hill.

Mr. Ralph Locke has purchased a new Chevrolet car.

Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Casselman of Iroquois spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Locke.

A number of Oddfellows from here attended the I.O.O.F. Service at Williamsburg on Sunday evening.

The Annual I.O.O.F. Church parade will be held here in the Methodist Church on Sunday Afternoon, May 26th.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hamilton and Mr. W. J. Hamilton of Detroit, Mich., and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Merkley spent Sunday with the former's brother, Mr. H. Hamilton of Williamsburg.

Miss Luella Bell is visiting friends at Iroquois.

A. J. Carey's Sale, held here on Saturday was largely attended.

A number of our boys who were called to the colors last week, are spending a few days with friends before going into training.

Nudell Bush

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Lount of Cornwall spent a couple of days at Mr. S. Lount's.

A good number of strangers is in our Burn at present, engaged in putting in the Hydro Electric.

Miss Mable Cramer was calling on Miss Edna Lount this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Denison were visiting friends at Riverside on the 19th.

Mrs. Robert Donley and Mrs. Croil of Aultsville were calling on friends here.

Mr. Calvin Loucks has returned home from the hospital at Cornwall, where he had spent the past week suffering from a a sore hand.

Mrs. James Prunner and son, Ross, spent Friday at Ferndale.

The Misses Florence and Edna Lount were callers in town this week.

Mrs. Isa Fetterly and daughter, passed through here enroute to Archer.

Mr. Alfred Snyder was a business caller in our Burn on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Harper and baby were the guests of Mrs. Geo. Vassaw, Sr., Sunday.

Bouck's Hill

The following is a letter received by the Bouck's Hill knitting circle:

Dear friends,—I received the socks the Knitting Circle gave my sister for me and sure appreciate the gift for if there is anything a soldier needs it is socks and those were just grand. I have a good supply of knitted goods now and I am sure I will enjoy the comforts of them in France. Friends, I expect to leave this camp where I have attended a school to fit me for a clerk in the Quartermaster Corps which is the same as the army service Corps in the Canadian Army, on May 5, and will leave for France to do doubt if I will be able to get a furlough to go home, and if I do I will sure try and have the pleasure of meeting friends like all of you who have shown such kindness to my sister, and I. The American army is young I believe we are sending 200 soldiers a month to France and when the brave Canadians and Americans get there, we will be able to show what we can do and bring victory back to the people who have so faithfully taken care of us while gone. We have had a very fine place to receive our training in, and all the boys are anxious to get over where they can be of more service to their country and help make it safe for our loved ones to live in.

Thanking you again for your kindness. I will be glad to hear from any of your members.

James H. McQuaig.

MATILDA COUNCIL

Regular meeting of Matilda Council was held in Barkley's hall, Dixon's Corners, Saturday May 4th, 1918. Members all present.

Messrs. Thompson and Timlick, That the Clerk be instructed to enter Philip Morrison's back taxes on 1918 Collector's Roll.—Carried.

Messrs. Thompson and Cooper, That By-law No. 273 adjusting different road divisions receive its several readings.—Carried.

Messrs. Cooper and Thompson That W. M. Thorpe and Ancil Tousaw be appointed Collectors for 1918—Salary $70 each. —Carried.

Messrs. Cooper and Thompson—That Ellery Casselman be appointed to look after gravel pitt, salary 50c per hour. —Carried.

W. M. Thorpe was appointed pathmaster in place of Thomas Wickware, deceased.

The following accounts were paid:

Ancil Tousaw, settlement of roll, 1917	$125.59
Wm. Thorpe, S. Allison taxes	7.04
Treas. Red Cross, May	100.00
N. Peizert, gravel	4.00
W. G. Stodart, burial expenses. J. McNeil	24.00
Adam Markell, work	5.00
John Barkley, hall rent	2.00
The Clerk, postage and telephone	10.00
James Wallace, work	7.00
Wm. Mullin, work on Nine Mile road	3.00

Messrs. Thomson and Timlick, That this Council adjourn to meet in Cooper's hall, Brinston, Saturday June 8th., 1918, as a Court of Revision of assessment roll.

J. J. Payne, Clerk.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



Health for all the Family

MODERN, artificial methods of life make it absolutely necessary to use medicines occasionally to ensure the regular and healthful action of the liver, kidneys and bowels.

In the great majority of homes Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are recognized as the most satisfactory regulating medicine for all the members of the family.

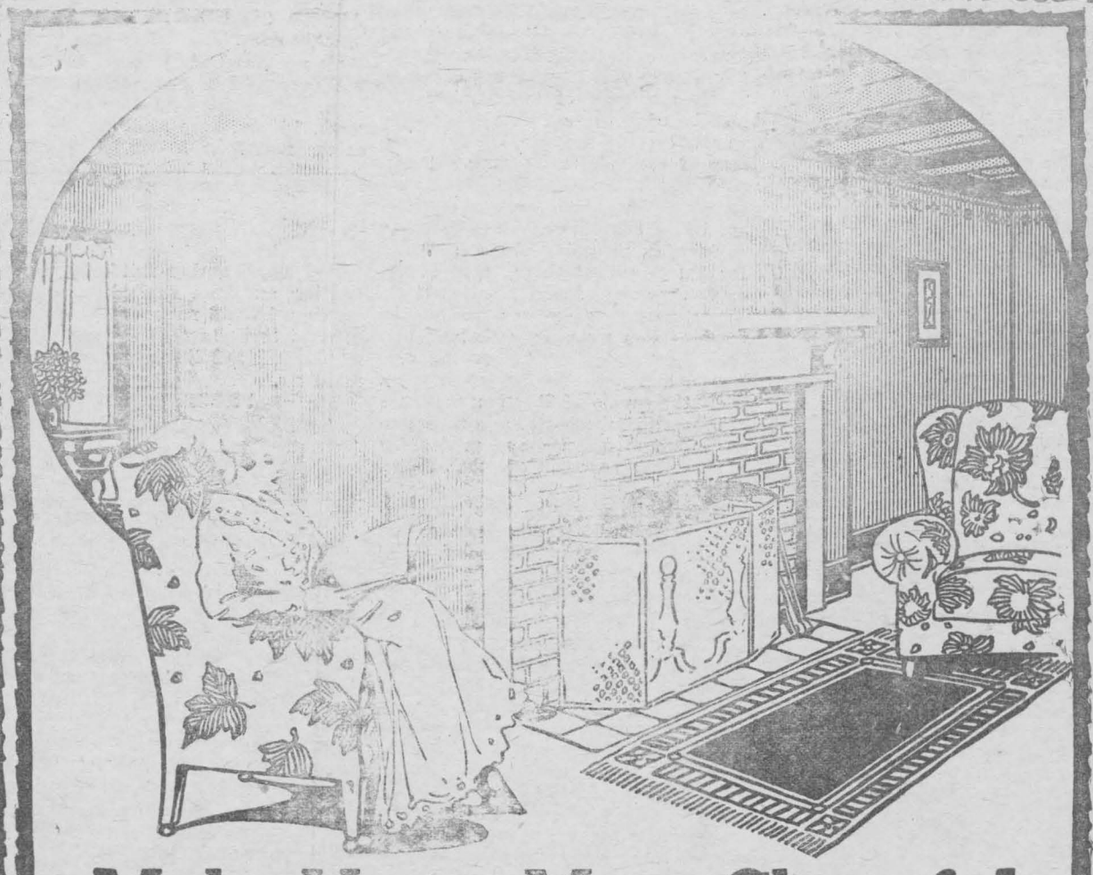
This medicine is not in any sense a cure-all, but its use occasionally, as required, ensures the activity of the liver, kidneys and bowels, the cleansing of the system, and the purifying of the blood.

For this reason you can depend on Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to prevent and cure constipation, torpid liver, indigestion, kidney derangements and resulting painful ailments, such as backache, rheumatism and lumbago.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are so universally used that you can obtain them at any store where medicines are sold.

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.
Do not be talked into accepting a substitute. Imitations only disappoint. 11



Make Home More Cheerful

Walls that are dark and dreary are made light and cheery with Lowe Brothers

Mellotone

The colors rival the rainbow tints in softness and beauty, and do not fade. They soften the light and make rooms ideal for reading and sewing.

Mellotoned walls can be washed with soap and water when soiled. Each washing makes the finish look bright and fresh. This sanitary quality appeals to careful housekeepers.

Before you do your decorating come in and let us show you the Mellotone tints.



LOCAL AGENT

R. H. Bradfield & Co.

MOrrisburg, Ont.

771

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor

A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College

'PHONE No. 18A
TAIT BLOCK
MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, J. C. ALGUIRE,

FOR SALE

Front farm for sale, containing about 130 acres, fronting on river, 2½ miles east of Iroquois, Ont.; about thirty-five acres of good bush, well fenced, and finely situated.

For particulars write.
GEO. H. PARLOW
Immigration Dept.,
Ottawa, Can.

CARDING

The Carding Mill at Finch will be opened to all customers during the season of 1918.

REWARD and NOTICE

It having been reported that I was acting as "Spotter" or "Informer" to the Military Authorities, of young men eligible under the Military Service Act, I absolutely deny the charge, and hereby agree to pay any person $500.00 for proof or evidence that I informed on any person whatsoever.

FRANK EMPEY.
Williamsburg, May 14, 1918.

SCRAP IRON

If you have any scrap iron, ring it to the Morash Foundry Co., Morrisburg, and receive a better price.

POULTRY WANTED

Owing to the fact that different parties are buying Poultry and Junk in this district, we beg to advise the public, that we guarantee highest prices and satisfactory deal to everybody.

We are always in touch with the latest market prices in poultry and bags.

J.S.TEVAN & SON
DEALERS IN
Poultry, Bags, Hides & Junk
BOX 144, MORRISBURG, ONT

Call and See Our Special $24 and $25 Suits

NONE BETTER FOR THE MONEY

W. SHENNETT - Morrisburg

FOR SALE

Good, comfortable double tenement dwelling house in good repairs.

For particulars apply at this office or S. Hutt,
Morrisburg, Ont.

FOR SALE

One brood sow due to farrow in May.

One new rubber-tired buggy.

For particulars apply to
J. D. Deeks & Sons,
Morrisburg, R.M.D.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC
LOOK! LISTEN!

Are you doing your bit in this great war? If not, start now and save up. You will find more money in your pocket to sell to the one who will give you the best prices on what you have. I am in a position to guarantee to you the highest market prices for Rags, Bags, Rubbers, Brass, Copper and Junk of all kinds. If I do not call at your home, drop a card to the old reliable,

SAM AGULNICK,
MORRISBURG, — ONT.
Box 17 Telephone 63

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

Williamsburg

Mrs. Fanny Ford spent last week at the Temperance House the guest of Mrs. J. D. Becksted.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart, Mountain is visiting their daughter, Mrs. Luther C. Barkley for a few days this week.

Mrs. R. Phair of Depot Harbor returned to her home last Wednesday after spending a few weeks at the Manse.

Messrs. Harold and Garnet Casselman of Ottawa spent the week-end at their respective homes here.

Mrs. J. D. Becksted spent a couple of days this week with Mrs. Annie Mouthrop, Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Casselman motored from Ottawa on Friday last returning on Saturday accompanied by Mrs. Hugh McIntosh and baby who visited this week with Mr. and Mrs. Casselman.

Miss Mattie Cochrane spent a few days last week with friends in Cardinal.

Pte. Paul Maurer spent Saturday and Sunday with his father Rev. J. Maurer before leaving for the front on Sunday night.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Froats, Friday, May 10th, a daughter.

Born—To Dr. and Mrs. A. E. Shaver, Brockville, on Monday May 13th., a son.

Mrs. Alice Strader spent the week-end with friends in Morrisburg.

Sergt- Alfred Casselman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Casselman, Jr., one of the Heroes of the 154th. Batt., who went overseas about two years ago returned home this week. Alfred is minus a leg, but we welcome him backjust the same.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be dispensed in the Presbyterian Church, Williamsburg, on Sunday morning, May 26th. at 11 o'clock.

Dr. J. S. Dickey of Newington spent Tuesday at Sunnybrooks.

Mrs. J. A. McIntosh returned home with the doctor after spending the past three weeks at his home.

Miss Mary Munro of Chesterville is spending this week at Mrs. Claude Merkley's.

For Honour Of and For Her

Somewhere a woman thrusting fear away,
Faces the future bravely for your sake
Toils on from dawn till dark, from day to day.
Fights back the tears nor heeds the bitter ache
She loves you, trusts you, breathes in prayer your fame,
Soil not the faith in you, by sin and shame.

Somewhere a woman—Mother, Sweetheart, wife, Grandparents,
Waits betwixt hopes and fears for your return,
Her kiss her words, will cheer you in the strife
When death itself confronts you, grim and stern.
But let your image all your reverence claim
When base temptations scorch you with their flame.

Somewhere a woman watches, thrilled with pride,
Shrined in her heart, you share a place with none.
She toils, she waits, she prays, till side by side
You stand together, when the battle done.
O keep for her dear sake, a stainless name,
Bring back to her a manhood free from shame.

3056475 PTE. CECIL CLIFFORD

Miss Maggie Robson

There passed away at the home of her brother-in-law, Mr. C. W. Norval, on Wednesday, May 15th., 1918, Miss Maggie Robison, in her 46th year. Deceased had been a great sufferer for the past nine months, but bore it with the greatest of patience. She came to Williamsburg from Lancaster six years ago and was post-mistress and clerk at Mr. W. C. Strader's store for five years. She was of a kind disposition and accomodating and was very much missed by the community from her usual place. Deceased was the youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. W. Robson, Lancaster. Two sisters survive: Mrs C. W. Norval, Williamsburg and Miss Amanda, Lancaster. The funeral service was held at the home of Mr. C. W. Norval on Friday, conducted by Rev. D. A. Ferguson, assisted by Rev. Meredith, after which the remains were taken to her old home in Lancaster, &here a burial service was held by Rev. Gourlay on Saturday, and placed in the family plot. The community generally join in sympathy with the bereaved friends

Mr. William Merkley

Another of the early pioneers of Matilda passed away at his home on Monday, May 20th. in the person of Mr. Wm. Merkley in his 85th year. Deceased had been in failing health for several months and had to be waited on like a child. His wife predeceased him about six months ago. He is survived by five daughters and one son, viz: Mrs Roland Whittaker, at the old home, Mrs. Cephrenus Casselman, California, Mrs. Levi Whittaker, Williamsburg, Mrs. Walter McIntosh, Winchester Springs Mrs. Anson Casselman, California, and Edgar of Schaller, Iowa. The funeral was held on Tuesday from his late home to the Lutheran Church. The services being conducted by the pastor, Rev. J. Maurer. One by one they leave us to claim their reward.

Froatburn

Mr. Geo. Pruner was at Finch a few days last week.

Mr. E. Miller, Good Roads Superintendent was a business caller in our Burn last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Pruner and son, Murray, and Mr. and Mrs. M. Reddick were visiting at Mr. Geo. Pruner's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Swerdfeger were the guests of Mr. P. D. Schell on Sunday.

Mr. M. Becksted of Aultsville was in Froatburn on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Warren of Archer passed through Froatburn enroute to Morrisburg on Tuesday.

Mr. Piller of Morrisburg was in Froatburn on Tuesday.

Mr. Geo. Hall of Aultsville, was in Froatburn on Tuesday.

Mr. Robt. Shaw of Archer passed through Froatburn to Morrisburg on Thursday.

Mr. Edwin Tyo was visiting at Mr. M. Reddick's on Sunday.

Messrs. Roy Schell and Geo. Froat's was in Aultsville on Friday.

Mr. Geo. Reddick of Glen Becker was visiting at Mr. M. Reddick's on Sunday.

Drs. Collison and Locke were calling at Mr. John Styles' on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. James R. Styles and son Alton, were the guests of Mr. J. Reddick of Riverside on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Styles were in Williamsburg Sunday.

Mr. James H. Tyo was calling at Mr. Geo. Pruner's Sunday.

Mrs. Jas. Pruner and son Ross, were visiting friends in Nudell Bush on Thursday.

Mrs. James Styles was visiting at Mr. Mason Becksted's recently.

The new outfit of road-making machinery was pilotted from Morrisburg station by Mr. Archie Crowder and is now in the vicinity of Hoasic.

Miss Martha Reddick was calling at Mr. A. Reddick's of Glen Becker on Thursday.

Mr. Samuel Swerdfeger was in Aultsville on Friday.

Hoasic

This vicinity was shocked to hear of the passing away of Miss Maggie Robertson of Williamsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Brown were in Morrisburg on Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Wells and Miss Minnie Kenny were at Williamsburg on Sunday.

The road machinery has arrived in our vicinity this week and we know that under the able management of Mr. Malcolm Becksted, it will mean better roads in the future.

Mr. Frank Hess visited in Morrisburg one day this week.

A Book Agent was through here on Tuesday.

Mr. E. VanAllen of East Williamsburg and Mr. Therston, Editor of the Weekly Sun, Toronto, were calling through here on Tuesday to view the road machinery.

Mr. D. T. Henderson and Mr. Wm. Farlinger of Morrisburg, passed through here on Wednesday in Mr. Farlinger's car.

A few from here attended the social evening given to Mr. C. Stiltson at Boucks Hill on Tuesday evening.

Mr. E. P. Bradt, district representative, of Morrisburg, and Mr. F. C. Nunnick pf the Commission of Conservation, Ottawa, visited the illustration farm of Durham Wells, Friday.

Rev. Mr. Mullin of Chesterville preached in the Presbyterian Church here on Sunday

A number from here attended the anniversary service of the I.O.O.F. in the Presbyterian Church, Williamsburg on Sunday evening.

Miss Ella and Ada Durant spent Saturday in Chesterville.

Mr. and Mrs. Durham Wells and son Graham, spent Sunday in Aultsville with the latter's mother, Mrs. Amanda Wells, who is at present quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Marcellus and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lane and Mrs. Melvin Casselman of Riverside spent Sunday in Chesterville with Mrs. Patrick Jordan and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dafoe and Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Vincent motored through here on Sunday enroute to Glen Becker.

Mrs. Durant is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Neil Bodette of Archer.

Mr. Fred Warren, Fire Insurance Agent of Wales was at Daniel Durant's on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Beckstead and Mr. and Mrs. C. Smyth were calling at Darwin Weegar's on Sunday.

Mr. Chas. Stiltson and sister Mrs. Allan Colquhoun motored to Woodlands on Tuesday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs Frank Stiltson.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Gallinger visited their daughter, Mrs. Ernest Styles of Froatburn recently.

Mr. Willis Swerdfeger was at Williamsburg on Sunday evening.

Nudell Bush

(Too late for last week)

Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Casselman of town spent a day here this week.

Mr. W. G. Becksted and daughter, Mrs. M. Robertson, and baby, Ruth, is spending a few days with friends here.

Mr. Calvin Loucks is, at time of writing, in the Cornwall Hospital suffering with a very bad hand.

W. Plantz was a business caller in town on Tuesday.

Mrs. Fred Bogart of Norwood, N.Y. was visiting at Mr. S. Lount's on Friday.

Mrs. J. Barnhart and daughter, Dora, were spending the evening at Fern Dale, on the 14th.

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Richard Denison held on Monday, May 13th.

Mrs. John Burton spent a few days at Riverside this week

Rev. Mr. Bermon was calling at Mr N. L. Casselman's on Monday.

Mrs. Carie Holister visited Mrs. W. Henophy on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Burton visited friends in Archer on the 12th.

Mr. and Mrs. Freen Casselman were business callers in town on Saturday.

Mr. Ross Pruner spent Saturday afternoon the guest of Geo. Hanifee.

Mariatown

Mr. Geo. Froats and family of Froatburn were callers at Mr and Mrs. Lee Deeks on Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Henry Merkley and her sister, Miss Shaver of the second Concession were visitors at Mr. and Mrs. L. Bateman's on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Cleland and son, Douglas of British Columbia arrived at his mother's, Mrs. Cleland, Sunday and will spend some time here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Becksted attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Shaver of Rowena on Sunday.

Miss Ethol Riddell arrived home on Wednesday to spend her few days' holidays.

Mr. Arthur Riddell came home on Wednesday for a short visit prior to leaving for New York where he will entrain for Overseas.

Mr. Chas. Louden of Dixon's Corners made his farewell calls on friends here before leaving for Pettawawa Camp.

Mrs. A. Cleland, Mr. Tom, and Miss Myrtle, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Cleland and son, Douglas, spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. A. McLatchie, Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Deeks spent Sunday with friends in Williamsburg.

Mrs. A. Swerdfeger and Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Swerdfeger and Gladys and Carl of Morewood spent Tuesday at Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger's. Mrs. Swerdfeger,r Sr., will remain for some time visiting here and in Cardinal.

Miss Merkley of Nation Valley spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. John Froats and left Thursday morning for Waddington to visit her Aunt, Mrs. Hanson.

Aultsville

Mrs. Sangster of Bainsville was the guest of her sister, Mrs. I. J. Cramer last week.

All the stores in this village will be closed for the 24th.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Lane and family of Morrisburg were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harold Froats on Sunday.

The Misses Zella and Lucy Hanes were in Morrisburg on Tuesday.

Mr. Chas. Hanes and family spent Sunday with friends at Osnabruck Centre.

Mr. A. E. Fetterly spent Saturday evening with Mrs. Fetterly at Lunenburg.

Mrs. Frank McCullough and son, Keith, are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Arthur McCallum at Farran's Point.

Mrs. Garnet Baker and family of Farran's Point spent Sunday here with Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Baker.

A number of members of local Lodge I.O.O.F. attended Church parade at Avonmore on Sunday.

Mr. S. E. Hanes has purchased the shop lately owned and occupied by Mr. A. E. Fetterly and will remodel it into a blacksmith shop.

Mrs. (Rev.) W. A. Hanna of Shanley was calling on friends here last week.

Mrs. Willows was in Morrisburg during one day last week.

Rev. W. Wells attended the meeting of Matilda District held in Morrisburg last Wednesday and Thursday.

Mrs. Ross Becksted and children spent a couple of days here with Mr. and Mrs. M. Becksted.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Cook of Cornwall were in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Casselman and children of East Williamsburg spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. D. Cook.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Becksted are visiting friends in Gallingertown.

Mrs. Jas. Cooper is spending the week in Cornwall.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hart of Cornwall visited friends here Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Margaret Morgan returned to her home here last week after spending the Winter with friends in Louisville, N. Y.

Nation Valley

Miss Dean Darling of Cornwall is home having graduated at the Nurses' training school in the General Hospital.

Mr. Geo. C. Merkley has presented his wife and family with a new car.

Mr. C. A. Coons of the Springs visited his aunt here the first of the week.

Mr. Bert Grey of Moose Jaw is home on a holiday.

Miss Pauline Rae of Winchester visited her home here on Sunday.

Mrs. Jno. Davidson of Winnipeg is the guest of her mother, in the Valley

Mr. and Mrs. E. Munroe and Miss Laura, were visiting at South Finch recently.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CREAM Wanted!

SHIP EXPRESS. WE SUPPLY CANS.

Our facilities for delivering Butter direct to Consumers from our sixty (60) retail waggons enable us to realize and pay Producers a higher price per pound Butter Fat

When you ship to OTTAWA DAIRY, your money and tests are guaranteed.

OTTAWA "Ottawa Dairy" CANADA

CANADA

MILITARY SERVICE ACT, 1917

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that, by the effect of the regulations of the Governor General of Canada in Council of the 20th of April, 1918, and the Proclamation of 4th May, 1918, recently published, every male British subject resident in Canada, born on or since the 13th of October, 1897, who has attained or shall attain the age of 19 years and who is unmarried or a widower without children must, (unless he is within one of the classes of persons mentioned in the schedule of Exceptions to the Military Service Act) report as hereinafter directed on or before the 1st day of June, 1918, or within ten days after his 19th birthday, whichever date shall be the latter.

Such report must be in writing and must give his name in full, the date of his birth and his place of residence and also his usual post office address.

The report must be addressed to the Registrar or Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act of the Registration District in which he resides (see below) and shall be sent by registered post, for which no Canada postage is required.

Young men so reporting will not be placed on active service till further notice. They must, however, notify the appropriate Registrar or Deputy Registrar of any change of residence or address.

On receipt of the report an identification card will be forwarded by the Registrar which will protect the bearer from arrest.

Punctual compliance with these requirements is of great importance to those affected. Failure to report within the time limited will expose the delinquent to severe penalties and will in addition render him liable to immediate apprehension for Military Service.

ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE, MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH, this 15th day of May, 1918.

NOTE: The men required to report should address their reports as follows:

ONTARIO—To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, London, if they reside in the County of Essex, Kent, Lambton, Elgin, Middlesex, Oxford, Waterloo, Wellington, Perth, Huron, or Bruce.

To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Toronto, if they reside in the County of Lincoln, Welland, Haldimand, Norfolk, Brant, Wentworth, Halton, Peel, York, Ontario, Grey, Dufferin, Simcoe, or in the Districts of Muskoka, Parry Sound, Algoma and Nipissing north of the Mattawa and French rivers (including the Townships of Ferris and Bonfield.)

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Kingston, if they reside in the County of Durham, Northumberland, Victoria, Peterborough, Hastings, Prince Edward, Lennox, Addington, Frontenac, Haliburton, Carleton, Dundas, Glengarry, Renfrew, Russell, Stormont, Grenville, Lanark, Leeds, Prescott, or the District of Nipissing south of Mattawa river (exclusive of the Townships of Ferris and Bonfield.)

To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Winnipeg, if they reside in the Districts of Kenora, Rainy River, or Thunder Bay.

QUEBEC—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Montreal, if they reside in the County of Jacques Cartier, Hochelaga, Laval, Vaudreuil, Soulanges, Napierville, Beauharnois, Chateauguay, Huntington, Laprairie, Argenteuil, Terrebonne, Two Mountains, Montcalm, L'Assomption, Joliette, Berthier, Maskinongé, St. Maurice, Three Rivers, St. Johns, Iberville, Missisquoi, Brome, Shefford, Rouville, Chambly, Verchères, St. Hyacinthe, Bagot, Drummond, Richelieu, Yamaska, Nicolet, Arthabaska, Sherbrooke, and Stanstead.

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Quebec, if they reside in the County of Wolfe, Richmond, Compton, Beauce, Bellechasse, Bonaventure, Dorchester, Gaspé, Kamouraska, Lévis, L'Islet, Champlain, Charlevoix, Chicoutimi, Montmorency, Quebec, Portneuf, Saguenay, Lotbinière, Montmagny, Matane, Mégantic, Rimouski and Témiscouata.

To the Deputy Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Hull, if they reside in the County of Timiskaming, Pontiac, Ottawa and Labelle.

NOVA SCOTIA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Halifax, if they reside in the Province of Nova Scotia.

NEW BRUNSWICK—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, St. John, if they reside in the Province of New Brunswick.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Charlottetown, if they reside in the Province of Prince Edward Island.

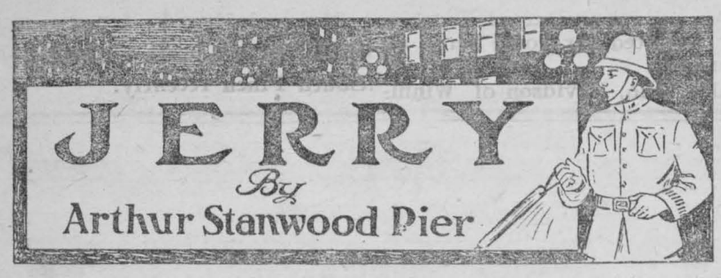
BRITISH COLUMBIA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Vancouver, if they reside in the Province of British Columbia.

SASKATCHEWAN—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Regina, if they reside in the Province of Saskatchewan.

ALBERTA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Calgary, if they reside in the Province of Alberta.

MANITOBA—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Winnipeg, if they reside in the Province of Manitoba.

YUKON—To the Registrar under the Military Service Act, 1917, Dawson, if they reside in the Yukon Territory.



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CHAPTER III.—(Cont'd.)

While she was out of the room Corcoran addressed himself to her father. What did Mr. Scanlan think of the rumor that the Works were to be sold? Mr. Scanlan grunted his contempt for the rumor. The Purroy Steel Works were a family affair; they would never be sold.

"I'm sure I hope not," said Corcoran. "For of course if they were to be sold, there's no telling what might happen to all the men there. They might be laid off, they might be turned out of their jobs. A man is lucky in these days if he has a good business of his own, that can't be sold over his head."

"You don't need to do any worryin' on my account," Mr. Scanlan replied testily.

"Oh, certainly not; oh, I don't suppose there's any real danger," Corcoran made haste to say. "Only, as I look round and see the other young fellows, like Donohue here, I can't help feeling I'm pretty lucky, to be fixed as I am."

"Them that are satisfied with what they've got have a right to feel lucky," retorted the formidable Mr. Scanlan. "Them are the ones generally that have got more than they deserve."

Corcoran threw up one arm and pretended to dodge. "Never touched me. You and Mrs. Scanlan know I must have more than I've got if I'm to be satisfied. I hope you folks wish I may get it."

The severe and tight-lipped silence on the part of both Mr. Scanlan and his wife intimated no enthusiastic assurance that they would forward their visitor's desires. Corcoran was so little abashed, however, that he laughed indulgently and remarked, "I believe Donohue has got you all hypnotized."

Incensed beyond endurance by this charge, Mr. Scanlan brought his fist down on the arm of the conversation chair and vociferated, "No man can do that to me. No, sir. No man."

And Mrs. Scanlan looking malevolently over her shoulder admonished him, "It seems to me you'd better think what you're saying, Mr. Corcoran."

In Jerry, who was silent, disdain triumphed over anger. He walked to the table at one side of the room and, picking up the copy of "Ben Hur," bound in alligator skin, began to turn the pages.

Mrs. Scanlan, impartial in her favors, at once admonished him: "I always tell Dave to be careful how he handles that book."

Jerry put down "Ben Hur" and turned to the music rack. And then Nora entered, raidant and eager, with a gray cloak over her shoulders, new white gloves on her hands, and a scarf encircling her face.

"We're off," said Corcoran, stepping forward to meet her. 'By-by, people."

He took Nora's arm and steered her by the elbow in a manner that enraged Jerry. Nora, however, did not resent it; the sound of her gay laughter seemed to linger in the room even after she had gone.

Jerry felt obliged to linger also for what should be a decent interval. Mr. Scanlan, however, commanded him to sit down, so he took a chair in front of Mrs. Scanlan's section of the conversation chair, unwilling to receive any more of her Parthian glances. Mr. Scanlan, short-necked and stiff, screwed himself round to address the young man.

"I will have it understood," he said, "that Nora is not for no drug clerk."

Though encouraged by the statement, Jerry felt it unwise to offer any comment. After a brief pause Mr. Scanlan continued,—

"She is not for no mill-hand, either. She is not for the likes of any one around here. That is not what we have been raising her for."

"No," asserted Mrs. Scanlan with dyspeptic vigor, "it is not. Would I have raised her like a little lady just for that? Twenty she was last month, and her two hands still that white soft that she might have been raised in a big house with a large lawn around it and an automobile to take her riding whenever she wished. Never a thing about the house have I let her do with them hands, neither cooking nor scrubbing nor washing nor ironing; 't is my own I have worked all these years, and without complaining. No fit wife would she be for a poor man, Jerry; mind that."

"I guess if she fell in love with a poor man she'd be a good wife to him," Jerry ventured to say.

"She understands she is not to fall in love with a poor man," replied Mrs. Scanlan.

"How is she by way of meeting the rich?"

"By means of her talent. If she doesn't be singing before long in grand opera, she will be singing anyway in grand houses. I said to her only this very night, 'Nora,' I said, 'you'll be a millionaire's wife before you die.'"

"Well," said Jerry, "you needn't try to discourage me by telling me that, Mrs. Scanlan. Maybe one of these days I'll be that millionaire."

He rose, and Mr. Scanlan rose also.

"Jerry," he said, laying his hand on the young man's shoulder and speaking not unkindly, "you'd better be putting the notion clean out of your head. I'm wishing you well, but my girl is not for you, and that's the fact. Instead of laying up money for my old age I've spent it giving her the best I could—she's had her piano and her clothes and her lessons in music and singing, and I've been glad to give them to her, for I want her to better herself in the world. Now you understand how we feel."

"Yes, but of course it can't alter my feelings, Mr. Scanlan. And if I found that Nora cared for me, you couldn't expect me to hold off, just for the sake of obliging you and Mrs. Scanlan."

"I'd like to know where you get your impudence," Mrs. Scanlan exclaimed. "Not from your ma; she never would talk back like that. And your pa, he was a mild, quiet kind of man."

"Of course I don't mean to be impudent, Mrs. Scanlan." Jerry's voice was as placating as he could make it. "If ever I can get Nora to consent, I hope I can get you and Mrs. Scanlan to do the same. I should feel badly if I couldn't."

"Well, you can't," snapped Mrs. Scanlan. "And anyway Nora has too much sense to listen to you."

Jerry flushed. "I'll say good-night," he remarked, and he left the room.

Mr. Scanlan followed him apologetically, hospitably, into the hall and opened the door for him.

"We can't back you up on this, Jerry," he said, "but you're a good boy, you are, and if I had another daughter you could have her and welcome. But not Nora—no, not Nora."

He strode briskly on to the mill gates, swung off for half a mile through the lower part of the town, ascended the hill until he reached the main street, and then struck off along it towards home. But as he passed McCabe's, the sound of dance music from the upper windows came to him; after he had gone by a few steps he stopped, turned back, and mounted the stairs. He paid twenty-five cents for a ticket and entered the hall.

It was crowded with dancers, bumping one another, shrilly exclaiming, shrilly laughing, above the sound of the tinny piano and the two raucous violins. Naked gasjets flared from brackets high along the walls; those more distant were encircled by a dim effulgence, owing to the dust that swam thick above the dancers' heads. The more rowdy of the young men of the town, the more brazen of the young women, were conspicuously present, pushing, shoving, dancing boisterously, wooing and responding to advances with flagrant publicity. Jerry stood watching for Nora to make her appearance, fair as a lily among the blowzy, loud, robust young women; he saw her presently, her slim, white figure and sweet, flushed face emerged for one shining instant, and then the profaning mob shut her again from view. From time to time he had glimpses of her, twice she passed near him but without seeing him; Corcoran, holding her close, was laughing, and talking in her ear with an effect that was to Jerry of odious intimacy. And she seemed to be enjoying it, to be responsive; Jerry saw her swing her head round and look into her partner's face and laugh gayly.

The music ceased, the dancers swarmed in search of seats, Jerry held his tenaciously. The length of the room away Nora and Corcoran established themselves; Jerry kept his eyes upon them until the music began again and they again were lost in the throng. They reappeared, they came circling down the room, they passed within a few feet of Jerry; three times he watched them pass him thus and did not move. But when they made their fourth approach, he sprang up, shouldered his way among the other dancers, and confronted Nora. "My turn," he said; and Nora, with a little cry of surprise and pleasure, slipped from Corcoran's arms into his. "Look here!" cried Corcoran, stupefied; but Jerry whirled her away and laughed exultingly.

"He kissed me," she suddenly murmured in his ear. "I didn't like it, Jerry."

"I'll pound his face." Jerry stopped dancing, to sweep the room with angry eyes.

"No; it wasn't bad enough for that." She tugged gently at his arm. "Dance with me a moment and then take me home, Jerry."

He held her more closely, more firmly, in the proud consciousness that she was seeking his protection. And soon Corcoran appeared in their path, with the smile of one who had been good-naturedly tolerant. He spread out his arms and shouted, "That's right, Donohue, bring that ship into port."

"I feel you've had me on your hands enough this evening, Charley," she said. "Jerry's promised to see me home."

"I thought I asked you to this dance."

"Yes, and it was nice of you. But Jerry's asked to take me home, and I was sure you wouldn't mind."

"Oh, sure; I don't mind who takes you home."

(To be continued.)

Never sweeten a war bread.

Cream Wanted

SWEET OR CHURNING CREAM

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Our price next week fifty-two cents

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The Smile.

Be it foul or be it fair,
Smile.
Never give in to despair—
Smile.
Drive ahead with all your might,
All the day and half the night,
Swear that you will win your fight—
And smile.

Has Dame Fortune thrown you down?
Smile.
Never mind her fickle frown,
Smile.
Just sit steady in the boat,
Down life's current smoothly float.
'Twill come right some day, you'll note—
So smile.

Sweet corn is a good substitute for wheat and meat. Have plenty of sweet corn in gardens having sufficient space. Corn requires too much room to make it worth while in small gardens.



A fruit gelatin may be made with almost any left-over fruit.

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THE postman and expressman will bring Parker service right to your home. We pay carriage one way. Whatever you send—whether it be household draperies or the most delicate fabrics—will be speedily returned to their original freshness. When you think of

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think of PARKER'S.

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BEST *for* WEAR and WEATHER

This is the Paint you need for indoors and out. The guaranteed *Ramsay Quality*, that makes the house bright and cheerful. ¶ There's a Ramsay dealer waiting to serve you.

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Makers of Paint & Varnishes since 1842

MONTREAL TORONTO VANCOUVER



6

For Sale by all Dealers.

About the House

THE NEXT SIXTY DAYS.

The next sixty days, we are told, will be very critical ones in the allied countries so far as food is concerned. If we are patriotic, if we would win the war, if we want our boys to come back safe and sound—everyone of us must help out on the food problem. It is an individual responsibility which rests on every man and woman of this country. It is absolutely necessary that we eat less of wheat, meat, fat and sugar.

Just now the wheat situation is especially critical. We must reduce our consumption one-third. Use only two-thirds or one-half wheat in breads, pie, muffins, cakes, and the like. Substitute in place of the wheat whatever you can get—potatoes, barley, oatmeal, buckwheat, cornmeal, etc. Use your own recipes, changing them to suit present conditions. Use less sugar and less shortening. Substitute one-half barley flour, corn flour or cornmeal, for one-half the wheat flour.

Here are some suggestive recipes.

Baking Powder Biscuits.—Two cups barley flour, two tablespoons fat, half teaspoon of salt, four teaspoons of baking powder, two-thirds of a cup of milk. Sift the dry ingredients together, rub in the fat, and add the liquid until a soft dough is formed. Roll to about three-fourths of an inch thick, cut with a cookie cutter and bake in hot oven.

Cornmeal Bread.—One and a quarter cups of liquid, one and a half teaspoons of salt, two-thirds of a cup of cornmeal, one-quarter of a yeast cake, dry or compressed, in one-quarter of a cup of lukewarm water, two and a half cups of flour. Pour the liquid over the cornmeal and salt and heat to the boiling point. Cook twenty minutes in the double boiler or over hot water. Cool, add yeast and flour. Knead, let rise until double in bulk. Knead again, shape into loaf, and let rise in the pan until the bulk has again doubled. Bake for fifty minutes.

Potato Bread.—One and two-thirds cups of mashed potato, one teaspoon of salt, one-quarter of a yeast cake in two tablespoons of lukewarm water, three cups of flour.

Clean the potatoes, boil, pare, and mash thoroughly, add salt, and when cool add the yeast. Add part of the flour and let rise until very light. Add the remainder of the flour and knead thoroughly, making a very stiff dough. Let rise until treble in bulk and let rise in pan till double in bulk. Bake forty-five to fifty minutes. All the flour may be added at once, but the dough is difficult to handle.

Oatmeal Bread.—One cup of liquid, one teaspoon of salt, one cup of rolled oats, one-quarter of a yeast cake in one-quarter of a cup of lukewarm water, two and one-quarter cups of rye flour, two and one-quarter cups of white flour.

Scald the liquid, cook till lukewarm, add salt, yeast and sifted flour, mix thoroughly, knead, let rise till double in bulk. Knead again, shape into loaf, and let rise in the pan until the bulk has again doubled. Bake fifty minutes.

Note.—If you have a good rule for bread use it, but in place of one-quarter of the bulk of white flour use one of the other grains. This amount will not greatly change either the texture or the flour of the bread. The sponge may be set with white flour and the mixed flour worked in later. If potato is used as a substitute, allowance must be made for the extra water content, and enough flour added to make a very stiff loaf.



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GREENSHIELDS AVENUE, MONTREAL

ITALIANS TORPEDO LARGE AUSTRIAN DREADNOUGHT AT POLA

One of Austria's Four Big Battleships Sunk by Italian Torpedo Boat—Seaplanes Also Destroyed in Simultaneous Air Fight.

A despatch from Washington says: —The Italian Embassy late on Thursday afternoon received from Rome an official communication confirming the press report of the destruction of an Austrian Dreadnought of the Viribus Unitas type at the Austrian naval base at Pola on Wednesday morning by Italian officers who were able to penetrate the harbor successfully in a small Italian torpedo boat. The message to the Embassy read:

"In the early hours of May 14 Captain Mario da Vignola of Medina, Antonio Milani of Lodi, Francesco Anselmi of Syracuse and Giuseppe Corrias of Cagliari, in a small torpedo boat, with admirable individual spirit of sacrifice and extraordinary military and naval skill eluding the sentinels and searchilghts constantly searching the water, succeeded in penetrating the well protected and fortified military port of Pola and successfully torpedoed a large Austrian Dreadnought of the Viribus Unitas type.

"Simultaneously, Italian seaplane squadrons attacked Austrian battleplanes over Pola, brought down two and forced several others down out of control. The Italian machines all returned safely to their bases."

There are four Austrian battleships of the Viribus Unitas class, which comprised the largest and most modern fighting vessels completed for the Austrian navy up to the time the European war broke out. The other ships of the class are the Tegetthof, the Prinz Eugen and the Ezent Isthvan. The nameship was completed in October, 1912, and the others at intervals between then and the beginning of the war, with the exception of the Szent Isthvan, which was not finished until 1915.

Each battleship of the class displaces 20,000 tons, is 525 feet long over all, 89 feet beam and 28 feet draught. Their armament comprises twelve 12-inch and twelve 5.9-inch guns in the main battery, with eighteen 11-pounders and various smaller guns, and from two to six torpedo tubes. The complement of the battleships ranges from 962 to 988 men. All are heavily armored, and are classed as Dreadnoughts. The Viribus Unitas developed a speed of 20.9 knots on her trial trip.



A British anti-aircraft gun which is playing havoc with German airships in France. Many of these are also in position in England and have been of great value in air raids.

ITALIANS LAUNCH STRONG OFFENSIVE ON THE ASIAGO PLATEAU

Take Initiative With View To Break Up Arrangements For Teutonic Assault—British Troops Also Defeat Austrians.

A despatch from London says: Among the rugged peaks of the Asiago Plateau, east of the Brenta River, the Italian front has again flamed up into violent action. The aggressive has been taken by the Italians, however, and the Austro-German forces, instead of launching their long-expected assault on the Italian lines, have been compelled to fight hard to maintain the positions where they have stood since last November.

The fighting seems to have centred on the comparatively short section of the battle-line between Monte Asalone and Monte Pertica. These two heights, about three miles apart, rise to an altitude of about 5,000 feet, while between them there is a sort of "saddle" on which the Teuton forces have taken up strong positions. Both the Vienna and Rome officials' statements tell of bitter fighting on this particular front, the latter stating that the Italian soldiers have entered Austrian trenches on Monte Asalone in two places.

The fact that the Italian armies have taken the initiative in the fighting would seem to indicate that they have sought to carry the fighting to the enemy in such a way as to break up any arrangements for the launching of a strong Teutonic assault.

While the fighting has been fierce east of the Brenta, the whole Italian line from Lake Garda to the Piave and thence to the sea has been marked by patrol engagements, in which the British participated, and which appear to be isolated actions, but which may be component parts of a plan of campaign in that theatre of the war. Nowhere have the Italian lines been reached by attacking parties of Austrians.

AUSTRALIANS CAPTURE VILLAGE AND TAKE 400 PRISONERS IN MIDNIGHT RAID

Ville-Sur-Ancre on Amiens Front Recaptured—New Enemy Blow Imminent and Allies Are Ready For It.

London, May 19.—The village of Ville-sur-Ancre, north of Morlancourt, on the Amiens front, has been recaptured by the British, the Australian troops making a successful raid during the night, in which they took 360 prisoners and 20 machine guns. According to Field Marshal Haig's report to-night, the casualties on the British side in this operation were light.

The enemy's new offensive against the western front is deemed here to be imminent. The French and British are fully prepared to meet the new onslaught, which they know will have the same character as the offensive launched on March 21.

The wonderful work and activity shown by the aviation services of both belligerents seem to predict an approaching German attack in big style.

No doubt exists here that the Germans have not changed their objectives, which appear to remain the same—that is, Amiens, in the hope of separating the left flank of the allied army from its centre and right, and the Channel ports, with the intention of stopping the transport of British troops and munitions.

The allied military chiefs are just as optimistic as they were at the beginning of the German offensive. Though the allied armies retreated in March and April, they were not beaten, nor could the Germans claim any other victory than the capture of a few miles of desolate ground. In the same way the allied soldiers know what they are going to face and are prepared to meet any new onslaught, determined to make the enemy pay double the price he has paid before for the slightest gain in ground.

UKRAINE GRAIN NOT AVAILABLE

Germany Reduces Flour Ration As Expected Grain Will Not Arrive Before Harvest.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: —The German food department has ordered a reduction of the flour ration from 200 to 160 grams daily per person, commencing June 6, according to advices from Berlin. A gram is 5.6 ounces.

The announcement by the department breaks the news to the German people by saying:

"While the supply of promised grain from Ukraine can certainly be reckoned upon, it is uncertain whether such supplies will reach Germany in large amounts before this year's harvest. The reduction is made in order to be quite certain of meeting the people's needs."

"Only 1,852 tons of grain have arrived in Germany from the Ukraine," said the Koelnische Volks Zeitung, a copy of which has been received here. "This is less than one-fiftieth of what we ought to have had by now," the newspaper adds.

172 BRITISH SHIPS ELUDED U-BOAT ATTACKS.

A despatch from London says: "On the whole, the general trend of the warfare against submarines has progressed quite satisfactorily since January 1st," Doctor Macnamara, financial secretary of the Admiralty has announced in the House of Commons. MacNamara said that 172 steamers were unsuccessfully attacked by German submarines between January 11th and April 30th.

BRITISH RAID GERMAN TOWNS

Factories and Barracks in Cologne Bombed—Other Places Raided.

London, May 19.—A successful raid was carried out Saturday on railway stations, factories and barracks at Cologne. Thirty-three bombs were dropped and were seen to explode on railway sheds. The bombing machines were attacked by several hostile scouts, two of which were driven down out of control. All the British airplanes returned safely, according to the official statement on aerial operations issued by the War Office.

Fourteen persons were killed and more than 40 others were injured when the Entente allied airplanes raided Cologne on Saturday, according to a despatch from Amsterdam to the Central News Agency. Six allied aviators participated in the attack. Much damage was done in the centre of Cologne, especially in the market place.

The weather on Friday again favored operations in the air. Over 22 tons of bombs were dropped on Tournai, Courtrai and the Chaulnes railway station, as well as on several hostile airdromes and billets all along the front.

TO JOIN PALESTINE AND CAIRO BY RAIL.

A despatch from Cairo says: The swing bridge over the Suez Canal at Kantara has been completed, affording direct railway communication from Cairo toward Palestine.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs

Toronto, May 21.—Manitoba wheat —No. 1 Northern, $2.23½; No. 2 do., $2.20½; No. 3 do., $2.17½; No. 4 wheat, $2.10½; in store Fort William, including 2½c. tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 80¼c; No. 3 C.W., 77¼c; extra No. 1 feed, 77¼c; No. 1 feed, 74½c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, nominal; No. 4 yellow, kiln dried, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 80 to 81c; No. 3 white, 79 to 80c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2. Winter, per car lot, $2.22; basis in store Montreal.

Peas—Nominal.

Barley—Malting, $1.50 to $1.51, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—$1.84 to $1.86, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 2, $2.30, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour — War quality, $10.95; new bags, Toronto.

Ontario flour—War quality, $10.65, new bags, Toronto and Montreal freights, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots—Delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $35; shorts, per ton, $40.

Hay—No. 1. per ton, $16.00 to $17.00; mixed, $14.00 to $15.00, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, $8.50 to $9.00, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Eggs, new-laid, 41 to 42c; selected, new-laid, 44 to 45c; cartons, 45 to 46c.

Butter—Creamery, solids, 44 to 45c; do., prints 45 to 46c; do., fresh made, 46 to 47c; choice dairy prints, 41 to 42c; ordinary dairy prints, 38 to 40c; bakers', 36 to 38c; oleomargarine (best grade), 32 to 34c.

Cheese—New, large, 23½ to 24c; twins, 23¾ to 24¼c; spring made, large, 25½ to 26c; twins, 26 to 26½c.

Beans—Canadian, prime, bushel, $7.50 to $8.00. Foreign, hand-picked, bushel, $6.75 to $7.00.

Comb Honey—Choice, 16 oz., $3.50 per dozen; 12 oz., $3 per dozen; seconds and dark comb, $2.50 to $2.75.

Maple Syrup — Imperial gallons, $2.25; 5-gallon tins, $2.10 per gallon. Maple sugar, per pound, 24 to 25c.

Provisions—Wholesale

Barrelled Meats—Pickled pork, $49; mess pork, $47.

Green Meats—Out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Smoked Meats—Rolls, 32 to 33c; hams, medium, 37 to 38c; heavy, 30 to 31c; cooked hams, 49 to 50c; backs, plain, 43 to 44c; backs, boneless, 46 to 48c. Breakfast bacon, 40 to 44c. Cottage, rolls, 35 to 36c.

Dry Salted Meats—Long clears, in tons, 30c; in cases, 30½c; clear bellies, 28 to 28½c; fat backs, 25c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 31 to 32c; tubs, 31¼ to 32¼c; pails, 31½ to 32½c; 1-lb. prints, 33 to 33½c. Shortening, tierces, 26 to 26½c; tubs, 26¼ to 26¾c; pails, 26½ to 27c; 1-lb. prints, 27½ to 28c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, May 21.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 92½c; No. 3, 90c; extra No. 1 feed, 90c: No. 3 local white, 84½c. Flour—New standard Spring wheat grade, $10.95 to $11.05. Rolled oats—Bags, 90 lbs, $5.25 to $5.35. Bran, $35.00. Shorts, $40.00. Middlings, $48.00 to $50.00. Mouillie, $60.00 to $62.00. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $17.00.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, May 21.—Extra choice heavy steers, $14.50 to $16.00; choice heavy steers, $13.50 to $14.00; good heavy steers, $13.00 to $13.25; butchers' cattle, choice, $13,25 to $13.75; do., good, $12.00 to $12.25; do., medium, $11.65 to $11.85; do., common, $11.00 to $11.25; butchers' bulls, choice, $12.00 to $13.00; do., good bulls, $11.00 to $11.50; do., medium bulls, $10.25 to $10.50; do., rough bulls, $7.50 to $8.50; butchers' cows, choice, $12.00 to $13.00; do., good, $11.00 to $11.50; do., medium, $10.25 to $10.50; stockers, $9.50 to $11.25; feeders, $11.25 to 12.00; canners and cutters, $6.25 to $7.50; milkers, good to choice, $90.00 to $140.00; do., com. and med., $65.00 to $80.00; springers, $90.00 to $140.00; light ewes, $15.00 to $18.00; lambs, $17.00 to $22.00; calves, good to choice, $14.00 to $16.00; hogs, fed and watered, $21.00; do., weighed off cars, $21.25; do., f.o.b., $20.00.

Montreal, May 21.—Choice steers, $13 to $14; good, do., $12 to $12.50; medium, do., $10 to $12; choice butchers' bulls, $11 to $12; good, do., $10 to $10.50; medium, do., $9 to $10; choice butchers' cows, $11 to $11.50; good, do., $10 to $11; medium, do., $9 to $9.50. Calves—Milk-fed, $12 to $14; good, $8.50 to $11. Sheep—$10 to $13; lambs, $16 to $17. Hogs—Choice selects, off cars, $22; sows, $20 to $20.50.

WEST GETTING NEEDED RAINFALL

General Showers Relieve Anxiety Regarding Crops.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Rains have been fairly general over northern Alberta, northern and central Saskatchewan and western Manitoba, while heavy rains in southern and central Alberta have been followed by a snowstorm. There are indications that the precipitation area will cover southern Manitoba, where it is badly needed. With all the wheat in and a good start on seeding of coarse grains, nothing could be more propitious than a general heavy rainfall. Owing to the very early spring and the dry March the land needed moisture to an extent unusual at this time, for although there is plenty in the ground, the top soil was very dry and on light land there had been considerable drifting. Any anxiety on that score is now relieved.

Brandon, Man., May 16.—"The rainfall last night was very beneficial for the crops," declared Superintendent McKillican of the Experimental Farm to-day. "It came at a time when it would do the maximum amount of good."

An electrical storm of about an hour's duration raged over this city and district just before midnight. The rainfall was about three-tenths of an inch and the moisture was heartily welcomed.

OVER $12,000,000 FOR THE RED CROSS

1,917 Subscriptions More Than Doubled Those of 1916.

A despatch from London says: According to Reuter's, Limited, the report of the British Red Cross fund for 1917, just issued, shows that the response to the appeal from overseas and at home resulted in a gross amount of £2,577,888, as compared with £1,210,037 in 1916. With the exception of enemy countries, virtually every country in the world figures in the list.

The collection throughout the Indian Empire realized £280,000.

The home return shows an increase over 1916, being more than £700,000, as against £400,000. The result in Ireland was particularly good, the total, £111,307, being nearly five times the amount collected in 1916.

322 GERMAN AIRPLANES, FRENCH BAG IN TWO MONTHS

A despatch from Paris says:—French airmen have brought down 322 enemy airplanes during March and April as compared with 96 French airplanes lost in the same peroid. The inferiority of the German air service is causing the general staff grave anxiety.

PETROGRAD BREAD SUPPLY EXHAUSTED

Food Situation in Russia Daily Growing More Serious.

Moscow, Saturday, May 11.—The food situation in Petrograd and other large cities of Russia, instead of improving with the advent of spring and river navigation, is constantly growing worse.

The bread ration in Petrograd, which has been one-eighth of a pound weekly, now is totally exhausted. Other products are scarce.

In Moscow the food situation is somewhat better. The bread ration is a quarter of a pound and other food is obtainable at high prices. Sugar is scarce. Conditions in the country generally do not promise an improvement in the food situation in the near future.

German Regiments Mutiny According to Moscow Reports

Moscow, May 18.—Mutiny is reported among German regiments at Wesenberg, Esthonia. Several officers have been killed, it is said.

The German high command immediately despatched trustworthy troops to Wesenberg and arrested about 200 of the mutineers. Ten of them were condemned to death Another mutiny occurred in a German regiment at Dvinsk, which was supported by prisoners who had returned from the interior of Russia.

TURKS HAVE LOST HEDJAZ RAILWAY

British Operations in Palestine and Mesopotamia Entirely Successful.

A despatch from London says: Recent British operations in Palestine and Mesopotamia are regarded as entirely successful by the British General Staff. The main object of Gen. Allenby's operations in Palestine have been largely realized. His object was not merely to occupy a large territory east of the Jordan, but to draw Turkish troops from the south and so ease the situation for the Arabs.

This has been done to a very marked extent, and the Arabs have taken full advantage of the opportunity by raiding the Hedjaz Railway at various points until now the entire railway is virtually out of commission. The German troops still in the south have lost their artery of supplies and are living on dates and whatever else they can obtain locally.

In Mesopotamia General Marshall's operations have been equally successful, although the British columns are competing against nature as well as against the Turks, whose policy of running away increases the difficulty. The Turks have long been planning a great offensive toward Persia and the Caspian Sea, and General Marshall's object is to interfere as much as possible with that plan. He has been successful in diverting a considerable number of Turkish units from that enterprise.

GERMAN EMPEROR AGAIN IN BELGIUM; PRELUDE OF NEW ATTACK

Enemy Airplanes Show Marked Interest in British and French Back Areas; Endeavor to Discover a Weak Point.

A despatch from the British Armies in the Field says: The German emperor is rumored again to be on the western front, presumably in connection with preparations for the next great attack. He has witnessed several distinct failures of his troops since the advance on the Somme nearly two months ago.

Prisoners taken on the Somme admitted the emperor was present in Flanders when the Landwehr and naval divisions tried to overwhelm the Belgian defences to the north of Ypres. This attack, it will be remembered, was intended to be the turning movement on the British left to cut off the allied troops in the Ypres salient. It failed completely, thanks to the stout resistance of the Belgians, and the first Landwehr divisions are said to be in disgrace, since this was the second decisive defeat of the German army in the Yser region witnessed by the emperor. He was present when the Wurtemburgers tried to ford the flooded marshes in the Autumn of 1914, and he saw them drown in large numbers.

Among the recent prisoners was an elderly farmer from Pomerania, who lamented the fact he was to have gone on leave the day after he was captured. It appears leave has been allowed in the German army to farmers and agriculturists in order that they may help look after the crops. A number of officers in certain regions have been granted leave.

Although the enemy artillery is still unusually active in the Ancre and Somme area and between Ypres and Kemmel, there has not been any other hostile movements of importance. German airplanes have shown a marked interest in the British and French back areas. During the last two days their observers have flown many miles to seaward at a great altitude in order to inspect the roads and camps. The weather continues fine, with steady sunshine and clear sky, and there have been many aerial battles behind the enemy lines.

FOUR ENEMY AIRPLANES BROUGHT DOWN IN RAID ON LONDON

Attack on Eastern England Was on Considerable Scale, a Large Number of Bombs Being Dropped.

London, May 20.—Four enemy airplanes were brought down in last night's raid over eastern England, says an official communication just issued.

The communication says:

"Reports show that four of the enemy airplanes which raided London and southeast last night have been brought down.

"The raid appears to have been on a large scale. A considerable number of bombs were dropped.

"No details of casualties or damage are yet available."

An earlier despatch said that hostile aircraft crossed the coasts of Kent and Essex shortly after 11 o'clock on Sunday night and proceeded towards London.

GERMAN PLOT IN IRELAND DISCOVERED; MANY PERSONS ARRESTED

General French, the Lord-Lieutenant, Calls on All Loyal Irishmen to Stamp Out the Conspiracy.

A despatch from London says: Evidence that the Sinn Feiners are in direct communication with the German Government has now been obtained by Great Britain.

A proclamation issued on Friday night says a German plot in Ireland has been discovered. In the proclamation General French, the Lord Lieutenant, calls upon all loyal Irishmen to defeat the conspiracy.

The proclamation, signed by Edward Shortt, Chief Secretary for Ireland, asserts that certain persons in Ireland have been in communication with Germany, "reflecting on Ireland's fair name." The proclamation calls upon all loyal subjects to aid in defeating the manueuvres. It urges voluntary recruiting so that compulsion may be avoided.

London, May 19.—The Government has adopted the policy of the iron hand in dealing with sedition in Ireland. All the leaders of the Sinn Fein Society who were implicated in the plot with Germany have been arrested by a swift comprehensive dragnet drawn by the police and soldiers during Friday night and the early hours of Saturday morning. The movement was apparently a complete surprise, and most of those arrested were quickly and quietly placed aboard ships.

The dragnet swept all over the country, and there was no possibility of resistance. The majority of those arrested were taken from their homes while abed, and only a few scuffles and a little revolver-play took place. According to latest reports 500 arrests were made.

Documents of great importance in connection with the conspiracy have fallen into the hands of the Government through the arrest by coast guards of a man with certain evidence upon him.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales May 18
Morrisburg, May 20 to June 1st

CLAIRE SUMMERS, A.T.C.M.
PIANO
Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations
Studio at her home, Main Street, West,

Vases, Hanging Baskets and Boxes filled to your satisfaction, at A. J. Harrison's, Florist.

For Sale—Seven thousand Aster Plants, choice varieties, at F. W. Herbick's.

No gypsies are to be permitted to pursue their wanderings about Ontario this summer, the order that everyone must work being due for strict enforcement and horse-trading and fortune-telling not being rated as work.

For Sale—five thousand Transplanted Tomato Plants at F. W. Herbick's.

Vegetable Plants of all kinds for sale at A. J. Harrison's

Mr. J. R. Weir has been appointed returning officer, in connection with the registration in Dundas County, to be held in June—Winchester Press.

Spring Bedding Plants of every description, for sale at A. J. Harrison's, Florist.

For Sale—Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery and Pepper plants, at F. W. Herbick's.

The Saturday Sale of Waists and Middys will be something worth while. Come out for bargains in all Washable Garments —D. C. Bush.

The E. B. Eddy Company, Hull, manufactures over seventy million matches every day. At one cent per hundred this company will pay a war tax of between seven and eight thousand dollars per day.

The Grand Trunk have issued a circular to the men advising them that the families of all employees who have volunteered, or who have been drafted for military service, will be granted passes over any part of the system. ...

For Saturday's Sale—5 Doz. Women's Aprons at 59c; worth 75c; 2 Doz. best $1.25 Corsets at 88 cents.—D. C. Bush.

In the House, on Saturday last. Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux read a statement by Naulon Cauchon, civil engineer, dealing with the navigation problem. In his statement Mr. Cauchon suggested the construction of a canal from Cardinal to Ottawa, so as to avoid the rapids. This project, he thought, would cost about fifty million dollars, and was preferable to the Georgian Bay Canal scheme, which could hardly be put through for less than $150,000,000. Boats could come down the Great Lakes to Cardinal, up the canal to the Ottawa River, and then down the Ottawa River to Montreal. Mr. Lemieux asked the Minister to draw the attention of the Geodetic Survey to this proposal.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Cleland and son, Douglas of British Columbia are spending some time with relatives in the county.

Owing to the gratifying success of a former appeal for trinkets from which those in charge realized some $20. the ladies have decided to make another appeal to the public for contributions to the Silver Thimble and Trinket Fund. All donations may be handed in at the home of Mrs. Geo. H. Challies.

Ladies' Whitewear—Sale prices Saturday—D. C. Bush.

Mrs. Wm. Rose of Frankfort, Ont., is spending a few weeks at her home here.

Mrs. M. E. Doran, who has been residing in Toronto, arrived in town last Thursday to spend the Summer with Mrs. B. S. Wickware.

A great assortment of Dresses in Prints, Ginghams, Voiles, and Foulards for Saturday Sale—Reduced Prices — D. C. Bush.

The death occurred early Saturday morning at Winnipeg, of Joseph Wallace, from pneumonia, after a brief illness. Mr. Wallace was born in Ireland 78 years ago, coming to Canada when a boy. For many years he lived near Mountain and went west to Winnipeg some 28 years ago. Besides his widow he leaves a family of three daughters and one son: Mrs. T. Davie, Mrs. W. R. Milton, Mrs. A. G. Cowan, and Henry C. Wallace.

For Saturday's Sale—broken lots of Corsets, sizes 25 to 30, to clear at 58 cents.
—D. C. Bush.

Mrs. Alice Strader of Williamsburg spent the week-end with Mrs. J. H. Mullin.

Scientific Scalp Treatment and shampooing given at Mrs. Mouthrop's, opposite the Presbyterian Church.

Saturday Sale Price on little boys' Suits — Stripe Galatea, Belted Coats with white trousers at 95 cents per Suit—2 to 8 years.—D. C. Bush.

At the Manse, Morrisburg, on Wednesday evening, May 22nd., by the Rev. Hugh Cameron Mr. Percy P. MacMillan of Winchester Springs was united in marriage to Miss Stella M. Hollister, also of the Springs.

Mr. J. H. Mullin is spending a few days in Montreal this week.

Miss W. Massey, daughter of Mr. N. T. Massey of Moose Jaw, who has been attending college in Toronto, spent a few days with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Wickware, returning home on Monday.

Mr. C. A. Duprau returned home from Montreal on Tuesday after undergoing an operation. We are pleased to report that his operation has been a complete success.

Saturday Sale Price on Children's dresses, 2 to 6 years, 35c to 49c.—D. C. Bush.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Jones and family of Massena, N.Y., were spending a few days in town with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Duvall this week.

Mr. Fred Beckstead of Ogdensburg, N.Y., is visiting at the home of Mr. F. W. Herbick.

Saturday Special Sale of Children's and Women's Ready-to-wear.—D. C. Bush.

Mr. B. B. Tucker returned home on Tuesday after spending a week in New York City and Philadelphia.

Special Self-Denial Services

Saturday, 8 p.m.
Sunday, 3 and 7 p.m.
Young People's Meetings Sunday, 11 a.m. and 2 p.m.

Special Self-Denial Services will be conducted in the Salvation Army Citadel on Church street this week-end, May 25th. and 26th. Quartermaster W. E. Parks of Belleville will be in charge assisted by the Commanding Officer, Lieutenant R. E. Parks. Special Songs for the day will be sung. Everyone is most heartily invited.

Brigadier and Mrs. W. J. Morehen will be conducting a "Special Salvation Meeting" on Tuesday at 8 p.m., May 28. The Brigadier is in charge of the work in Eastern Ontario and is a Salvationist with over thirty years' service to his credit. If you have never attended an S. A. meeting, come to one of these, and if you have been come again.

WANTED
A farm with stock, to rent, Apply, Burnis Strader,
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S. S. No. 6 Williamsburg
Class IV.—Jimmie Gow 68, Clarence Alguire 63.
Class III.—Winnie Herriman 78, Willie Gow 71, Gladys O'Shaughnessy 71.
Sr. Class II.—Iva Wells 74, Margaret Alguire 70, Beulah Darragh 64, Edris Darragh 68, Gladys Marcellus 65, George Gow 63, Leila St. Pierre 43.
Jr. Class II.—Ralph McMillan, Arnold Garlough, Cecil Darragh, Hilda Marcellus.
Class I.—Mahlon Gow, Berrice Alguire.
Primer, Sr.—Dwight Weegar.
Primer, Jr.—Alywn Darragh, Nellie Wells, Stella Herriman.
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I wish to extend sincerest thanks to my friends who so generously assisted me in my bereavement.

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Believe, naturally enough, that they have normal vision, and do not require glasses. But it doesn't necessarily follow at all.

Many people of strong physique often can, and do, overcome a considerable error of vision because of their excess energy. They argue that inasmuch as they see perfectly of what use would glasses be to them? But when they fall ill, or get even a little below par physically, their optical defects are often revealed. Glasses are then secured with happy results.

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