The Leader

Vol. XVIII, No 20 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1918

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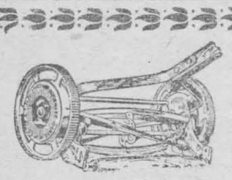
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THE HARDWARE STORE--OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

Morrisburg, : : : : Ont.

GOOD ROADS

Williamsburg Township Takes the Lead

Having abolished Statute Labor, the Township of Williamsburg this week took the initiative step toward building more resistant roadways. To do this it was necessary to proceed along different lines from those which have prevailed for years, and which have been found inadequate to meet the ever-increasing traffic, rendering present roads practically impassable during certain seasons of the year.

The question of road-building is one which has taxed the energy of previous Councils, but Reeve McMartin and Council have been putting forth their best energies towards meeting present-day requirements, and under the capable supervision of Mr. Malcolm Becksted, Road Superintendent, the problem of permanent and lasting roadways which has been courageously tackled will undoubtedly prove to be money well spent.

Approximately $5000 worth of Sawyer-Massey road machinery was unloaded at the G.T.R. on Saturday last. It consisted of a combination 20-ton bin and screen; 34 H.P. tractor, 3 spreading waggons, and a fuel tank. The township were already in possession of a stone crusher. This practically completes the road-making outfit with the exception of a roller, the purchase of which has been delayed until the enormous demands for war funds have ceased.

The road bed, which it is proposed to build, will consist of 6 to 8 inches of coarse gravel with a surface coat of 3 to 4 inches of very fine gravel, properly graded, which, it is claimed, with slight repairs, will last about fifteen years. It has been decided to designate the roads to be built at the next Township Council meeting, but for the present, Mr. Becksted is engaged in repair work in the vicinity of Hoasic

The township hope to build from five to ten miles of roads per year, which will employ about six hands. It being a township road, the entire cost will be paid by the township with the exception of 25 per cent. of the Superintendent's salary, which is paid by the Government.

The great saving which will naturally result, in wear and tear, complete break-downs, auto tires, horses' feet, and in covering long distances in comparatively shorter time, over these good roads, will undoubtedly win for the progressive promoters, deserving popularity, which, we trust, will prove an inspiration towards the completion of the county system.

OBITUARY

MRS. JULIUS GUAY

It is with profound sorrow, and keen regret, that we this week chronicle the death of Mrs Julius Guay who passed to her eternal reward on Tuesday, May 14th. Her sudden death came as a distinct shock to the many friends of the family who had not learned of her illness.

The late Mrs. Guay, whose maiden name was Mary Jean Stewart, was born in Carleton Place in 1884. In 1903 she was united in marriage to Mr. Julius Guay of Ogdensburg and for the last eleven years they had resided in Morrisburg. She leaves to mourn, besides her husband, five sons, namely: Stewart, Harold, Hubert, Ernest and Wallace, all at home; also her mother, Mrs. Mary Stewart, Lachine; two sisters, Mrs. A. Keyworth, Lachine, and Miss Bertha Stewart, Ottawa, and three brothers, Messrs. W. Stewart, Smith Falls, J. H. Steward, Schreiber Ont., and Fred Stewart., North Bay

The funeral took place today (Friday), at 9 a.m., from the family residence to St. Mary's Church, where the service was conducted by Rev. Father Meehan, after which interment was made in St. Mary's cemetery.

Among relatives from a distance at the funeral were: Mrs. J. A. Canfield, Ogdensburg, Mrs. Napoleon Guay, Ogdensburg, Mrs. Mary Stewart, and Mrs. A. Keyworth, Lachine, Miss Bertha Stewart, Ottawa, Mr. and Mrs. Stewart and son of Smiths Falls, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lapointe, Aultsville, Mrs Beaupre, Riverside.

CAPT. E. J. GLASGOW

A cable received by relatives at Morewood, on Saturday last officially announced that Capt. Glasgow had died on the field of honor. No further particulars accompanied the cable.

His many friends here will recall that in the days of the "Counties' Own", (the 154th.), Capt. Glasgow was stationed in Morrisburg, and seldom have our citizens had the privilege of meeting a higher type of Canadian Character, whose gentle kindliness, as commander, brought him into prominence and esteem with all classes. Ever ready to serve his country, when the bugle sounded the call for the 154th. to fall in line, he gladly volunteered to cross "overthere", and soon found his way to the battlefields of France. To do this, it may be said to his credit, that it was necessary for him to abdicate from the rank which he held in the Army to accept that of Lieutenant, and although having been engaged in several attacks in the last year, Capt. Glasgow had fortunately escaped being wounded.

Deceased was a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. John A. Glasgow of Cannamore. He leaves to mourn, one sister Mrs. S. Gardiner, North Winchester, and two brothers, Albert of Morewood, and William of Cannamore.

His many friends in Morrisburg extend heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved relatives.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The annual meeting of the Women's Institute was held on Monday in the Red Cross Work Rooms, Farlinger's Block. The following officers were elected:

President—Mrs. M. C. Gibson.

1st. Vice Pres.—Mrs. Arthur Casselman.

2nd. Vice. Pres.—Mrs. J. S. Goodfellow.

Sec.-Treas.—Miss Grace D. Merkley.

Directors—Mrs. W. C. Davy, Mrs. D. T. Henderson, Mrs. C. Casselman.

Auditors—Mrs. C. Casselman, Mrs. J. C. Ross.

Press Reporter—Miss Carrie Stata.

District Director—Mrs. A. D. MacArthur.

Red Cross Work Committee—Miss Minnie Loucks, Mrs. I. A. Ashton, Miss I. E. Farlinger, Miss C. Stata, Mrs. M. C. Gibson, Mrs. G. W. Cook, Mrs. J. H. Meikle, Mrs. J. A. McMartin.

Much Red Cross work was done during the year, a report of which will appear later, but so great is the need for greater effort an earnest appeal is made to the women of this vicinity to come to the workrooms and at least take material home if unable to remain and sew.

PHILHARMONIC CONCERT

The first concert of the Morrisburg Philharmonic Society, given in the Music Hall, on May 10th., was a pronounced success. For weeks previous, much interest was centered in this performance. This excellent society was organized with a view of making it an annual stitution. There is a membership of one hundred and twenty singers, men and women, girls and boys, who sing because they find pleasure in it. The program of choruses and solos was well balanced and the numbers selected to satisfy a general audience.

The work of the chorus was a surprise and was remarkable for the intelligent grasp of the singers and perfection of vocal execution. Generous applause of appreciation was given every number rendered. The soloists were Mrs. Marion Whitney Warfield, Mr. E. Smith and Mr. Fred W. Stanford. The excellent quality of all the solo voices was a big feature of a splendid program. They are all new to Morrisburg audiences and will long be remembered. Dr. Will C. Davy, conductor, is receiving congratulations on every hand. To Miss Minnie Smith the accompanist is due in a great measure, the success of the society and the entertainment. In all it was one of the finest evenings in vocal music that Morrisburg ever had.

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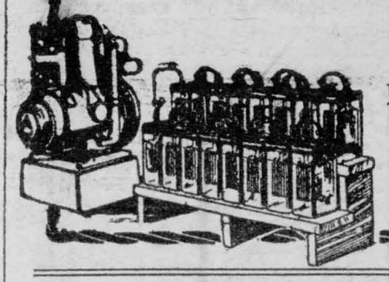
Increases Farm Efficiency

1. **Saves time and labor**—Work formerly done under poor light and by hand can be done better and in less time with the aid of electric light and power.
2. **Labor is attracted to the farm**—The "back to the farm" movement is made practical when the conveniences afforded by electric light and power can be had in the country.
3. **Keeps the boys and girls on the farm**—Electric service on the farm offsets city attractions. Valuable labor and valuable young manhood and womanhood are saved to the country community.
4. **Solves the retired farmer problem**—Electric light and power make the farm home so attractive and comfortable that the farmer and his wife remain on the farm where their advice, experience, and immediate interests are of great practical value.
5. **Lightens burden of the housewife**—Increased farm work in war times means increased labor for the housewife. Electricity offers the only practical means of taking the drudgery of household tasks from her shoulders.

Delco-Light is a compact electric plant for farms or country homes. Self-cranking. Air-cooled. Thick plate, long-lived battery. Ball bearings. No belts.

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SPRING PRICES— 80c. per quart — all colors

" " $1.65 per one-half gal — all colors

FLOOR PAINT— $1.50 " " " — all colors

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Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

The Manurial Value of Clover.

The amount of semi-decomposed vegetable matter or humus present in our cultivated soils, sandy and clay loams, bears an intimate relation to their productive capacity.

Humus not only fullfills the mechanical function of rendering soils porous and more retentive of moisture, but furnishes also the essential medium for the activities of the bacteria which liberates plant food in the soil. Furthermore, humus constitutes the chief natural source of the soil's nitrogen supply.

Applications of barnyard manure may be considered the chief means employed in the maintenance of humus in the soil. Supplementary means are the growing and ploughing in of a green cover-crop such as rye, buckwheat, rape, vetches or clover. Of these, clover—where conditions are conducive to its satisfactory growth—is to be generally preferred. By means of its deeply ramifying roots, clover disintegrates and aerates the lower soil layers and brings up therefrom plant food supplies unattainable by other more shallow rooted crops.

An additional advantage which clover, in common with all members of the legume family, possesses is that of its ability to assimilate the free nitrogen of the soil atmosphere by means of minute bacterial organisms living and operating in small nodules on its roots. Thus clover gathers the greater part of its nitrogen from the air, and its phosphoric acid, potash and lime largely from soil depths beyond the reach of the roots of ordinary crops, consequently enriching the surface soil with these constituents for the benefit of succeeding crops.

How does clover compare with manure as a fertilizer? Barnyard manure of good average quality contains approximately 10 pounds nitrogen, 5 pounds phosphoric acid and 10 pounds potash per ton. Therefore 10 tons of barnyard manure would furnish about 100 pounds nitrogen, 50 pounds phosphoric acid and 100 pounds potash.

Experiments conducted at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, have shown that a vigorous crop of clover will contain, at a moderate estimate, in its foliage and roots, from 100 to 150 pounds nitrogen, 30 to 45 pounds phosphoric acid and 85 to 115 pounds potash per acre.

A good crop of clover from one acre if it were turned under may, therefore, be deemed equal, in fertilizing value, to an application of ten tons of barnyard manure.

In the experiments referred to, 10 pounds per acre of common red clover was seeded down with various grain crops, while adjoining plots were seeded with grain alone. In no instance did the growth of clover depress the yield of grain with which it was seeded.

In the following year, fodder corn (Leaming) produced 8 tons, 480 pounds more after wheat with clover than after wheat without clover. After barley and oats, increases of 11 tons, 1280 pounds and 5 tons, 1440 pounds respectively, of corn, per acre, were obtained on the clover plots.

With potatoes the results were equally striking. After wheat, barley and oats with clover the increases were, respectively, 43 bushels, 20 pounds; 29 bushels 40 pounds and 24 bushels of potatoes, per acre, as compared with the yields from adjoining plots without clover.

The full benefits from clover will as a rule be noticeably persistent for several years.

On soils which are deficient in lime a satisfactory growth of clover will be encouraged by an application of, say, two tons of ground limestone per acre. As a phosphatic fertilizer, designed to benefit both the grain and the clover 300 pounds of superphosphate or 500 pounds of basic slag, per acre, may be recommended.

Unleached wood ashes contain, on an average, from 4 to 6 per cent. of potash, about 2 per cent. of phosphoric acid and from 20 to 30 per cent. of lime. They are eminently suitable as a fertilizer for clover and, when procurable at a reasonable price, should be applied at the rate of from 25 to 40 bushels (1000 to 1600 pounds) per acre.

Spraying.

Unless many kinds of both useful and ornamental plants are protected from injurious insects and fungous diseases by spraying, the loss in fruit and vegetable crops may be very great, and, in the case of ornamental plants which would otherwise have attractive foliage and bloom, they may be rendered very unsightly.

The spraying of fruit trees should be begun just after the buds have broken in the spring and repeated at the times recommended in the spray calendars and pamphlets which are issued by both Federal and Provincial Governments and in which is given information in regard to the treatment of the different kinds of insects and diseases most likely to cause damage.

The apple scab causes, perhaps, more loss than any other plant disease in Canada, yet this can be controlled and clean fruit obtained, by thorough spraying with either Bordeaux mixture or lime sulphur. Other diseases and insects can be kept well under control also by the spray which has been found best for each.

Spraying is a rather expensive operation and it should be done in an intelligent manner, otherwise it may be wasted money. For instance, if the spray to kill the codling moth, which affects the apple, is not applied within a very few days after the flowers fall, the sepals or lobes of the calyx will have closed over the opening or "calyx cup" in the end of the apple into which it is important to spray the poison. As it is in the "calyx cup" where most of the insects begin work, they are not likely to be poisoned if spraying is delayed and the apples will be wormy. A spray mixture or solution which will control one insect or disease may be of little or no use in controlling another. Arsenical poisons are the best for biting insects, while soap or tobacco sprays are best for those which suck their food and which have to be killed by contact, and certain sprays intended to kill insects will not control fungous diseases.

Get the spray pamphlets and study them carefully before spraying, but spray and spray thoroughly!

Killing Potato Beetles.

Spraying potato vines for the purpose of killing Colorado beetles should be done as soon as the work of the insect is noticed. This destructive insect is not hard to control. One part of Paris green mixed with 20 to 30 parts of air-slaked lime or flour, and used as a dust spray, affords the best results on young plants. It should be used when the dew is on, by means of powder guns or dust-spray machines.

The Paris green spray, prepared by mixing one pound of Paris green with 75 to 125 gallons of water and adding one pound of quicklime to the mixture, makes an effective spray. This spray will burn vines if the quicklime is omitted.

For the proper mixing and application of this spray a bucket pump or knapsack sprayer of good quality is sufficient for use in small gardens, but on a large scale a potato sprayer drawn by horses through the rows of plants is necessary.

Arsenate of lead serves the same purpose as Paris green, one pound combined with 15 to 20 gallons of water being more adhesive. It sticks more firmly to the leafage, and is much less likely to produce scorching than the Paris green spray.

Cleaning up the vines and plowing potato land in the fall after the crop has been harvested will aid in reducing the number of hibernating beetles.

If there were a dehydrating (evaporating) plant in every community, thousands of bushels of potatoes, etc., might be saved that may otherwise go to waste this spring.

As far as possible, the interior fixtures of a poultry house, such as roosts, nests, dust boxes, drinking fountains, feed troughs and grit boxes, should be so constructed as to permit them to be readily removed and cleaned.

Horse Sense

A year's effort may be lost by neglecting brood mares at foaling time. In view of the time it takes to produce a foal, nobody can afford to neglect the mare and foal, even if it means staying up for a few nights.

In-foal mares should be provided with clean, disinfected box stalls, if possible, sometime before they foal. As soon after birth as possible the foal's navel should be tied and disinfected with iodine or some other good disinfectant. See that the foal's digestive apparatus and kidneys are in working order within twenty-four hours after birth.

Mares, after foaling, should be given water, not too cold and not in too large quantity. The ration for two or three days should be comparatively light, and similar in nature to that fed before foaling. A sound, pure-bred stallion should be used if the best results are to be obtained with next year's colt. A low service fee is too often the deciding factor with many mare owners in the selection of a sire. A low fee is usually a sign of an inferior stallion.

Colts from inferior or scrub sires will sell for much less than those sired by the sound, pure-bred stallion. A Wisconsin farmer for several years bred his mares to a grade stallion. He finally decided to patronize a pure-bred. Some time after he held an auction sale. Yearlings, two-year-olds and three-year-olds, all by grade sire, sold for $37, $55 and $76 a head respectively, while weanlings from the same mares, sired by a purebred stallion, averaged $101 each. Several Wisconsin farmers purchased a pure-bred stallion and placed the service fee at $25—$10 more than any competitor. A three-year-old gelding sired by him was sold to a dealer for $625, and not one went for less than $225.

"Our business in life is not to get ahead of other people, but to get ahead of ourselves."

"Not only to say the right thing in the right place, but far more difficult still, to leave unsaid the wrong thing at the tempting moment."—Sala.

WANTED POULTRY, EGGS and FEATHERS
Highest Prices Paid
Prompt Returns—No Commission
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The Dairy

"Mangels are the most valuable crop on the farm; they are one of the best feeds we know for making records," says the manager of a successful dairy farm. "We feed a cow weighing 1,300 pounds or 1,400 pounds, about forty pounds of mangels daily; larger cows get fifty pounds daily. We always plant about five acres of the long red variety, because we receive the greatest tonnage from those and they are the sweetest."

A deep, well manured, thoroughly prepared seed-bed is used. The ground is always fall plowed, as it makes it much easier to control the weeds while the plants are getting a start. The seeds are drilled with a garden drill in rows three feet apart, as soon in spring as the seeds can be put in the ground. As soon as possible the mangels are cultivated with a specially constructed hand cultivator. The first cultivation is the all-important thing with mangels. If you give them a fair start they will keep down the weeds themselves.

The mangels are constantly kept thinned out and are picked up in the fall before the frost if possible. They do not have to be dug like beets, as they are always at least three-fourths above ground when mature. Some years they have made from fifty-seven to fifty-eight tons to the acre. Roots were used in making nine of the ten highest records in the Guernsey breed.

Poultry

While growing stock must be plentifully fed with nutritious feed, care must be taken not to overfeed. Overfeeding is often worse than underfeeding.

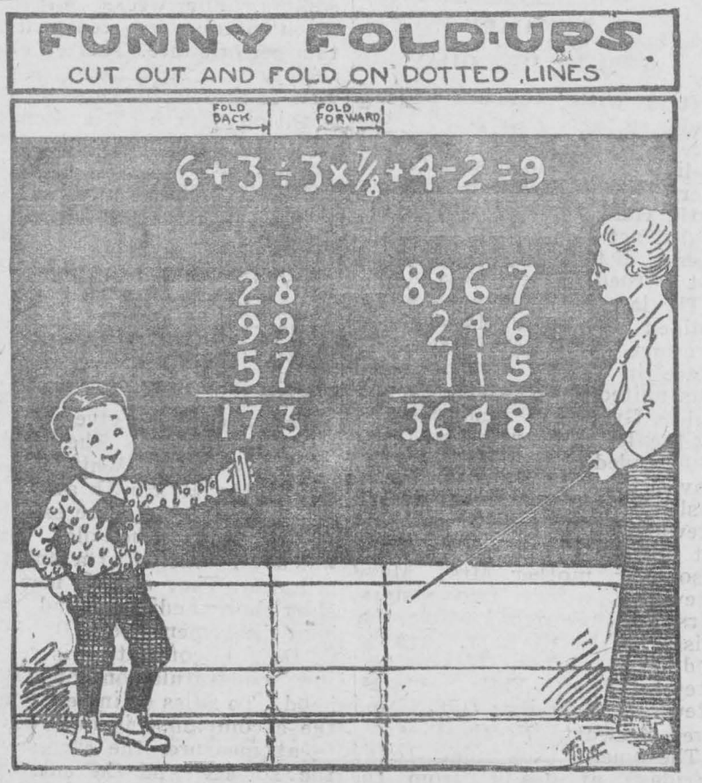
Nests of sitting hens must be so situated that the hens can go on and off at will. Under no circumstances must these nests be in the regular hen house, unless one wishes to fight lice from the moment the chicks are born. Keep plenty of feed and water constantly before the broodies, and do not annoy them any more than is strictly necessary.

Be on the lookout for hidden nests. Hens that are on range are very likely to hide their nests at this time of the year, and thus many eggs are lost.

Do a little house cleaning. Get a broom and sweep down the cobwebs and gather up all the dirty litter and droppings that will be found on the floor. Droppings that accumulate on the dropping boards should be cleaned up at least once a week. Spray the house every month with a coal-tar product, like zenoleum, which will not only destroy vermin, but which will also kill all disease germs that may be lurking round.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



"Your work's disgraceful," teacher said,
"You really can't be bright."
But Willie folded up the board
And showed that he was right.



The Beard that Grows Outdoors

on the face of an active, vigorous man, is a very different razor test from the beard which grows at a desk or behind a counter.

That's why three years' service in the trenches has done more than ten years' use in the cities to single out, for real, stiff shaving, the

Gillette Safety Razor

The man who doesn't get time to shave every morning—whose beard grows thick, sun-cured and wiry—he's the one who gets the most solid satisfaction out of his Gillette.

Such an edge as it offers you—always ready without honing or stropping! How easy it is to adjust it, with a turn of the screw handle, for a light or close shave, or a tough or tender skin! How neatly it works round that awkward corner of the jaw! And how good it feels as it slips through the stiffest beard you can put it up against!

There's certainly a treat waiting for you the day you buy a Gillette! Why not make it soon?



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GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

Pre-Natal Instruction of Mothers.

We have only begun to consider the question of disease as the result of the terrible war in which all the world is now engaged.

We see how it has not only slaughtered millions of men, but has depopulated country after country.

We can as yet scarcely realize the ghastly effect it has had upon communities where the civil population is worn and weakened with woe and anxiety, and where there is, and will continue to be, hunger, thirst and nakedness.

Is there any power in medicine or sanitation which will stay it? Will there be doctors and grave diggers enough to go around?

The mind reels at the prospect. The men who are being killed and invalided are the virile, the active, the reproducers.

But suppose there was a chance for reproduction; the women are filled to the brim with hatred, bitterness, with suffering of every description—what is the chance for their unborn offspring?

What will be their inevitable inheritance, physically and mentally? Only recently has the importance of instructing expectant mothers in the hygiene of pregnancy been recognized as part of the duty of the Health Department.

What duty could more positively be paramount? No observant farmer needs to be told that his stock will bear better offspring if they are well cared for when pregnant, than if they are neglected or abused.

Why should there be a different result when the pregnant female is a woman?

From the moment a woman enters the pregnant state, she enters a new condition of being, physiological, it is true, but as liable to mishaps and derangement as the performance of any other function—digestion or assimilation, for instance.

The mother shares her blood current with her unborn child, and whatever it contains is contributed to the child's life.

An unhealthy mother in body, mind, or morals, cannot help impressing upon her child more or less of her peculiarities.

Wherefore, disease or emotional shock, or strain, of any kind, is quickly communicated to her child, often with a fatal result.

A pregnant woman should realize not only that she is carrying a child which is going to belong to her, but also to the state and to the world.

If she has this feeling, she will try very hard to take proper care of herself.

At her daily task she will spare herself as much as possible for the sake of her child; she will eat food that can be readily digested so that her child will have its proper share; she will try to get plenty of sleep; she will try to avoid worry, and exposure to wet and cold; she will not give way to anger, fear and hatred; and she will often consider that she is the only protector her child can have while she is carrying him within her body.

If women would realize this sacred trust, how much more they would get from this most beautiful of all physiological conditions, and they would bring into the world children who would not be handicapped by an inheritance which would cripple them more or less for life.

Pitiable, indeed, is the lot of the war baby, with all that is included in the thought; and how thankful Canadian women, who are pregnant, should be that they have been spared many of the ills which their less fortunate sisters, abroad, have had to bear!

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

J. B.—If you will send stamped and addressed envelope full particulars regarding eczema will be mailed to you.

A Farmer's Son.—1. The noise which you hear is produced by the combined action of fluid and air in the stomach. It often comes in connection with indigestion, and is not of very much significance, although it is annoying. 2. If, when the trouble occurs, you would add one teaspoonful of peppermint water to half a glass of hot water, and drink this slowly, it would dispel the gas.

T. B.—It is generally supposed styes are the result of infection. If the bowels are kept freely open, and the eyelids are frequently moistened with a solution of boric acid, it will relieve the trouble.

X.R.—Is it possible to cure a fibroid tumor of the abdomen by means of X-rays?

Answer—I think I may say quite positively that it is not. The only successful way of treating them, as I have found in a long surgical experience, is by removing them.

Mrs. C. E. D.—Is rheumatism sometimes referred to as "growing pains?"

Answer—It is possible; but if that is the case, it is incorrect. I doubt if there is any such thing as "growing pains."

Make Money by Boarding Pets.

A country boy or girl, if he or she loves to care for animals, may combine profit and pleasure by keeping some city child's pets during the family's summer vacation or while away on a trip.

City people will pay well for good care given to prized pets during their absence. A Shetland pony, a canary, Angora cat or a fine blooded dog will prove a pleasant companion for the boy or girl on the farm, and requires little outlay for food.

If the animals are in first-class condition when the owner comes to claim them, he will recommend the keeper to his city friends, and in this way a good paying business can soon be worked up.

CONSTIPATION is the most common ailment of the age, one responsible for many serious and often fatal diseases.

"RIGA"

PURGATIVE WATER

is the safest, surest and most economical remedy for its cure. It flushes the intestines and removes the accumulated waste matter which undermines health and endangers life.

On Sale everywhere: 25 cents the bottle.

RIGA PURGATIVE WATER CO. MONTREAL.

Seasonable Designs



This is a splendid play suit for the boy. McCall Pattern No. 7710, Boy's One-Piece Blouse. In 4 sizes; 2 to 8 years. No. 5990, Boy's Knee Trousers. In 8 sizes; 2 to 14 years. Price, 10 cents each.



Foulards are proving very popular this season. McCall Pattern No. 8071, Ladies' Overdress. In 6 sizes; 34 to 44 bust. Price, 20 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

In boiling potatoes allow just enough water to boil dry.



ECONOMY TALK is all right—ECONOMY PRACTICE is better. INSTANT POSTUM is an economy drink—absolutely no waste. Besides, it is convenient, saves fuel and sugar, and leaves nothing to be desired in the way of flavor. TRY A CUP!

BY-PRODUCTS OF LUMBER.

Now Going to Waste in Canada to a Large Extent.

The by-products of the lumber industry constitute an enormous amount of wood material which, for the most part, are now going to waste. Utilization is retarded in Canada on account of the scattered population and limited markets as well as the technical nature of many of the processes. It is estimated that the logging waste which is left in the forest represents about 25 per cent. of the original tree. Obviously the opportunities for utilization are limited, and the main problem in Canada, at present, is to rigidly enforce the proper burning of slash in the wet seasons to remove this serious fire hazard and leave the woods in better condition for second growth. Other losses in the forest are due to fire, insects, fungi, wind, thick growth, scattered growth, local predominance of inferior species, failure of mature trees to come up to cutting standard, inaccessibility of timber and land-clearing operations. These are some of the problems which confront the forester, and the importance of the forest protective movement is emphasized when we remember that forest fires in Canada have destroyed perhaps ten times as much wood as has been taken out by the lumbermen. The federal and provincial forestry branches and the various associations have done a great deal to safeguard our widespread forest resources and to secure the co-operation of the public in overcoming carelessness in the woods.

ARMY HOSPITALS SAVE FATS.

Salonika Hospital Recovers Fifty Tons Monthly from Waste.

At the extensive base hospitals near Salonika, approximately 100,000 pounds of fats are recovered each month from dishwater and table scraps. This quantity has been easily obtained without depriving the men of their "dripping" and suet, and is sufficient to produce about 80,000 pounds of hard soap, 20,000 pounds of soft soap, as well as considerable quantities of dubbing and glycerine for the manufacture of ammunition.

This fat is obtained from the following sources:

(1) All the bits of bacon rind and other fats that are left at table. (2) The skimmings from stew. (3) Grease from boiled bacon or ham and fat from pans in which onions, tomatoes, or eggs have been fried. (4) Bully beef tins. (5) Bones, especially marrow bones. (6) Grease from dishwater.

The grease from the dishwater is recovered by means of a simply constructed box trap placed near the wash sinks. All animal fats are carefully rendered in large caldrons to prepare them for the uses to which they are to be put.

Such materials should be conserved in Canada. They are of great importance and the waste in large hotels and restaurants is very considerable.

Watching Them Go.

Alone in the crowd that was watching them go,
Unobtrusive and silent she stood;
But the look on her face as the troops passed below,
No one could forget, if he would.

Her head was held high, and her eyes searched the men
For some one familiar and dear;
Her hands were close-locked when I looked once again,
And I thought that she winked back a tear.

Then, all of a sudden, she flung out her arm,
And waved a small kerchief of white,
While into the face I thought lacking in charm,
There crept a new, wonderful light.

"My two boys," she said, "they are leaving to-day;
But I am so proud and so glad!"
And she left me there standing with nothing to say,
For her smile was so brave and so sad.

And there in the crowd that was watching them go,
Unnoticed and silent she stood;
But the look on her face as the troops passed below,
I would not forget, if I could.

Two eight gallon jars will hold thirty dozen eggs put down in water glass.

Wherever there is space, along back fences and around the outbuildings and out of the way spots that are not utilized, grow mammoth sunflower seed for poultry feed.

Old hens, young pullets and chicks should not be allowed to run together, as the smaller ones will not be able to get sufficient feed and will suffer in consequence.

GERMAN PUBLIC OPINION.

One Thing Entirely Lacking in the Empire of the Kaiser.

Every appeal to the German people over the heads of its leaders, every attempt to impress it with the good faith and disinterestedness of its opponents in this war, every assurance that we are fighting, not for the extermination of the German people, but for their right to develop their great virtues and manifest genius in the humane forms insured alone under the influence of free institutions, pre-suppose in Germany the existence of at least a kernel of the sort of thought which we describe by the phrase "public opinion." But no one who has been long and intimately familiar with the inside of German institutions, with the ways of thinking in typical German circles, whether liberal or conservative so-called, with the whole political atmosphere breathed by radical or reactionary within the borders of the German empire, can hesitate to say that there never has been in Germany any such thing as public opinion.

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR.

Make this beauty lotion for a few cents and see for yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

HARROW CORN TO KILL WEEDS.

Eternal Vigilance is the Price of Good Corn.

The spike-tooth or smoothing harrow is an excellent weed killer if used at the right time. Weeds are most easily killed when they are very small or just coming through the ground. Harrowing at this time is much more efficient in destroying them than deeper cultivation later in the season.

In a normal season, the cultivation of corn should begin by harrowing lightly before the corn comes up, and this should be followed by another harrowing just after the corn is nicely through the ground. If the planting has been followed by rain, the first harrowing will break the crust and help the corn to come up. These early harrowings will also help to conserve moisture by stirring the top layer of soil and forming a mulch, which is exceedingly important in a dry season.

The ordinary spike-tooth harrow is well adapted for this purpose, but, if the tilting harrow can be used with the teeth tilted back, it will give much better results.

Weeds are enemies. They steal plant food and moisture, and often choke the very life out of the young cultivated plants. In their own way, they are as bad as the Huns and should be fought as determinedly. As the machine gun is trained against the enemy by the soldier, so should the farmer train his machinery against weed enemies and maintain eternal vigilance in his fight against them.

I cured a horse of the Mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
CHRISTOPHER SAUNDERS.
Dalhousie.

I cured a horse, badly torn by a pitch fork, with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
St. Peter's, C.B. EDW. LINDIEF.

I cured a horse of a bad swelling by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Bathurst, N.B. THOS. W. PAYNE.

Retired farmers are numerous in Canada. They can perform a national service by selling their experience and assistance to farmers in order to relieve the farm labor shortage.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

It is claimed that the stolid and tolerant character of the British is due to much eating of beef.

An excellent soup is made with milk, sliced potatoes and onions, and seasoning of parsley and celery leaves.

To open or close a window without leaving one's bed, or when the window is out of reach, attach a strong cord to a screw-eye in the top of the lower sash, extend the cord upward through a small pulley or screw-eye in the window frame at the top, also through one below in the sill. Continue to a place convenient for manipulation.

ISSUE No. 20—'18

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You say to the drug store man, "Give me a small bottle of freezone." This will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, dries up and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that freezone dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn or callus without irritating the surrounding skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whittling at his corns, but clip this out and make him try it.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to order a small bottle from his wholesale drug house for you.

A Good Reason.

Teacher: "Why are you so late?"
Boy: "Please, miss, I started late."
Teacher: "Why didn't you start early?"
Boy: "Please, miss, it was too late to start early."

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

This architectural oddity was built about fifty years ago by an old lady named Jupp, who lived at No. 9, for occupation by one of her servants. She had a number placed on the street door, and so endowed it with a separato existence as a house.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Do not move little chickens from house to house except when it is absolutely necessary, as moving retards their growth.

Make vegetable gardens in the warmest, sunniest spot possible. Plants need warmth and sunshine to grow well. Large trees rob the garden of sun and the roots draw away the moisture that the vegetable plants require. A clump of trees or a hedge to the north or west of a garden will act as a wind break, protecting the plants from cold winds.

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR



A Quick, Clean, Comfortable Shave Guaranteed

Every soldier shaves under difficulties—cold water, chilling atmosphere and a time allowance of about three minutes for the whole job.

The AutoStrop Safety Razor overcomes all shaving difficulties—it is the only razor that is always ready for use—that always has a keen edge because it sharpens its own blades automatically. Strops—shaves—cleans—without removing blade.

Give him an AutoStrop—the gift of the hour.

AutoStrop Safety Razor Co. Limited
83-87 Duke St., Toronto, Ont.

51-1-18

ARTIFICIAL EYE MOVES.

British Army Surgeon's Invention Does Away With "Glassy Stare."

To make the artificial eye practically indistinguishable is the aim of a British army surgeon who is experimenting with a ball made of cartilage as a substitute for a metal or glass one. A sphere of such construction when put in place establishes connections with blood vessels and the surrounding tissues. When thus fixed in the cavity it is supposed to be capable of movement corresponding to that of a normal eye and furthermore fills the space so that there is no depression, as is invariably the case when a shell is used. Although time must yet prove the practicability of the scheme there is reason to expect that the war has brought forth another triumph in plastic surgery.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

It Takes So Little.

It takes so little to make us glad,
Just a cheering clasp of a friendly hand,
Just a word from one who can understand;
And we finish the task we long had planned,
And we lose the doubt, and the fear we had—
So little it takes to make us glad.

MONEY ORDERS.

Buy your out-of-town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five Dollars costs three cents.

Eggs from water glass solution will usually remain good for two weeks after being removed from the preservative.



LIQUIDS and PASTES
KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
2 IN 1
SHOE POLISHES
for BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES
PRESERVE the LEATHER
THE F.F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS Ltd. HAMILTON CANADA

SMOKE TUCKETTS
T & B CUT

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.



will reduce inflamed, swollen Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Soft Bunches; Heals Boils, Poll Evil, Quittor, Fistula and infected sores quickly as it is a positive antiseptic and germicide. Pleasant to use; does not blister or remove the hair, and you can work the horse. $2.50 per bottle, delivered. Book 7 R free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful, Swollen Veins, Wens, Strains, Bruises; stops pain and inflammation. Price $1.25 per bottle at dealers or delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Liberal Trial Bottle for 10c in stamps.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.
Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

HIRST'S PAIN Exterminator
Don't Suffer Pain—Buy Hirst's
and be prepared against attacks of rheumatism, lumbago, neuralgia, sprains and all similar painful ailments. For over 40 years a family friend. Don't experiment—try Hirst's—at dealers, or write us.
HIRST REMEDY COMPANY
Hamilton, Canada
HIRST'S Family Salve, (50c). HIRST'S Pectoral Syrup of Horehound and Elecampane, (35c) 35¢ BOTTLE

Comply with Law



STOPGLARE LENS
Daylight Night Driving without Glare or Danger
SEND FOR CIRCULAR $3.00 PER PAIR ALL SIZES
at your dealers or direct
STOPGLARE LTD.
HAMILTON, ONT.

MAGIC



BAKING POWDER

If there is any doubt about the freshness of the eggs to be preserved put them in a pan of fresh water. If an egg sinks it is reasonably fresh.

FOR SALE

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN WESTern Ontario. Doing a good business. Death of owner places it on the market. A great chance for a man with cash. Apply Box 82, Wilson Publishing Co. Limited, Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried $1,500. Will go for $1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

GRANITE CUTTERS AND LETterers wanted. Write Geo. M. Paul, 156 Victoria St., Sarnia.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

A Cure for Bad Breath

"Bad breath is a sign of decayed teeth, foul stomach or unclean bowel." If your teeth are good, look to your digestive organs at once. Get Seigel's Curative Syrup at druggists. 15 to 30 drops after meals, clean up your food passage and stop the bad breath odor. 50c. and $1.00 Bottles. Do not buy substitutes. Get the genuine. 6

CUTICURA HEALS ITCHING ECZEMA

So Bad Could Not Sleep. Red With Water Blisters and Burning.

"I had eczema so bad I could not sleep. It first started on my arm, then I had it on my body so that I could hardly wear my clothes, and I had to stay in bed. My flesh was dark red with water blisters, and burning and itching.

"Everything I tried seemed to make me worse, and I had the trouble for nearly two years. I read about Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I got them. They did me good right away, and now I am entirely healed." (Signed) Mrs. Peter McIntosh, French River, Ont., April 10, 1917.

How often such distressing, disfiguring skin troubles might be prevented by every-day use of Cuticura Soap and Ointment for all toilet purposes.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION

May be Overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—This Letter Proves It.

West Philadelphia, Pa.—"During the thirty years I have been married, I have been in bad health and had several attacks of nervous prostration until it seemed as if the organs in my whole body were worn out. I was finally persuaded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it made a well woman of me. I can now do all my housework and advise all ailing women to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I will guarantee they will derive great benefit from it."—Mrs. FRANK FITZGERALD, 25 N. 41st Street, West Philadelphia, Pa.



There are thousands of women everywhere in Mrs. Fitzgerald's condition, suffering from nervousness, backache, headaches, and other symptoms of a functional derangement. It was a grateful spirit for health restored which led her to write this letter so that other women may benefit from her experience and find health as she has done.

For suggestions in regard to your condition write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. The result of their 40 years experience is at your service.

SMOKE - TUCKETTS
ORINOCO
CUT FINE FOR CIGARETTES — CUT COARSE FOR PIPE



COUNCIL MEETING

The regular meeting of the town council for May was held at the town hall, Monday the 6th. Members all present.

The following accounts were passed:

Wm. Sutherland, salary	$75.00
W. Doran, salary	60.00
John Prunner, salary	50.00
C. Casselman, Mar. & A.	
S. Phifer	10.00
Prov. Board of Health	3.20
Fred Dillen	8.70
Hydro Elec Power Co.,	
Cross Arms, Etc.	80.55
Bell Tel. Co.	5.00
Bell Tel Co.	5.00
Garlock Pkg. Co.	19.97
Imperial Oil Co	2.37
Chas. Baker	25.00
B. S. Wickware	16.18
R. H. Bradfield & Co.	3.49
W. K. Farlinger, rental	20.00
The Leader Pub. Co. Ltd.	1.60
Simeon Phifer	50.00
Albert Bourette	18.70
Walter Fetterly,	100.00
Fred Hunter	5.63
Jack Pruner	10.00
Jacob Pruner	6.00
Wm. Holmes	20.00
Wm. Holmes	14.00
Albert Bourette	4.00
H. Clark	4.00
E. Loper	6.50
Chas. Heagle	12.00
Andrew Aikman, Jr.	.50
Chas. Reid	1.00
Chas. Reid	2.00
Wm. Reid	4.00
W. H. McGannon	1.00
W. H. McGannon	1.54
W. H. McGannon	235.79
W. H. McGannon	2.40
A. McLatchie	2.00
Fred Thompson Co	10.00
Henry Clark	18.90
D. T. Henderson	8.95
Mrs. Ashworth	5.00
Miss Simmeons	4.00

Messrs. Fetterly and Whitteker—That the first sitting of the Court of Revision be held at the Town Hall on Tuesday the 4th. day of June at 8 o'clock p.m. —Carried

Messrs. Flynn, Whitteker — That Mr. Colquhoun be requested to report on the condition of the boundary road between Williamsburg and Morrisburg east of the Gravel Road—Carried.

Messrs. Fetterly, Flynn — That it be enacted as a by-law of the Corporation of the Village of Morrisburg that by-law No. 241 being a by-law fixing the electric rates, be amended by striking out number 20 and inserting the number 10 in the clause that fixes the number of lights that hotels shall pay for on the commercial rate—Lost.

Messrs. Whitteker, Colquhoun —That the Council meet in special session at the call of the Reeve, to amend the Electric Light rates with a view to striking rates on all electric appliances used.—Carried.

YOUR CHARACTER OR YOUR PULL

(Correspondence)

Do you live on your character or your "pull?" If you have a "Pull" you will soon cease to have a character. If you have a character—a character strong and straight, you will never need a "Pull." Those who live upon their "Pull" will soon lose their "Push." The poor houses and the jails are crammed with folks who once had an abundance of "Pull." A pair of crutches are useful to a cripple, and a "Pull" may support brain-crippled people for a long time. But friends die; influence evaporates and "Pull" is stretched and weakened by the weight of its obligations until it breaks, separating the beneficiary from bread and butter and standing his soft spirit in the middle of a hard world. Not all those who live on their "Pull" are weaklings; many are victims of a false education, willing disciples of powers which enroll in subservient vassalage all those who accept a dole upon the pay-roll. There are men, of course, who win a place on their "Pull" and hold it on their service. The patronage of corporations, or of political parties, is an unearned increment, but the beneficiaries of the increment must earn their share. It is well when the price is not paid in those treasures of the heart, which cannot be bought with money; which make a man rich in poverty, and when once lost take more out of life than "Pull" can ever put in it.

I. N. H.

IROQUOIS HONORS FALLEN HERO

St. Cecelia's Church, Iroquois, was recently the scene of a most impressive memorial service for the repose of the soul of Pte. Ernest McNulty who was killed in action in France. Pte. McNulty was the only son of the late James McNulty and is survived by his mother and one sister. Requiem Mass was celebrated by Rev. J. A. Meehan, Rev. Peter Meade of St. Paul, Minn being present in the sanctuary. At the conclusion of Mass, Father Meehan briefly addressed the congregation, recalling the many claims the departed soldier had to the affection and gratitude of the fellow citizens. He spoke in part as follows:

"The Mass is the sacrifice of the Body and Blood of Christ which are really present under the appearance of bread and wine, and are offered to God by the Priest for the living and the dead." This morning it was offered for the dead—it was offered to implore God to grant eternal rest and happiness to the soul of a gallant young soldier who died nobly on the field of valour. Ernest McNulty was born in the village, and spent almost all of his short life as a member of this little community. Most of us knew him only as a mere school-boy; but the great war which began in August 1914, gave to him, as to so many others, the occasion to show his real character, and he eagerly embraced the opportunity to prove that, though a boy in years he was a man in all those qualities that go to constitute genuine manhood. As a Catholic, he had been taught from childhood that loyalty to country is second only to loyalty to God; and that a man can render no better service to God than to fight for his country in a just cause. When the call came for volunteers to join the nation's military forces—volunteers who were destined to make the name of Canada live in song and story throughout the world—when that call came he was among the first to answer: "Here I am. Take me to serve you when and where and how you will!" He was only a boy, but he had a man's heart, ready to endure hardships, to brave dangers, to face death in defence of his Native Land. He had beloved relatives, he had many tender home-ties, he had a widowed mother and a young sister who, he knew, would miss him sorely; but he heard his country calling, and his conscience told him that in this crisis all other claims must be postponed to the paramount duty of patriotic service. He has answered that call, he has performed his duty, his task is done. Today he is numbered among the 41000 heroic young Canadians who have laid down their lives on the altar of freedom. He has been chosen by the Higher Command to walk the pathway of sacrifice right on to the end; he has given proof of a loyalty greater than which no man hath; he has died that Canada may live and rejoice in the enjoymentof peace and prosperity. And how could man die better than fighting in defence of such a glorious cause!— a cause that we all know is just and noble, and sacred.

We are here this morning to pay a tribute of respect and friendship to one whom we were glad to know and whose memory we are proud to honor; We come to the performance of this sacred duty inspired by the teachings of our Holy Father, but prompted also by our natural feelings of sympathy for the bereaved family, and admiration of the youthful soldier who has answered the last roll-call. The occasion therefore, though a sad one, is not wholly sad; for in our sorrow there is mingled a large element of pride. We are assembled, it is true, under the sombre shadow of death, but in this case it can truly be said that "on the shadow of death there is flashing the glory of noble deeds done." We grieve for the bereavement of the lonely mother who, like the widow of Nian, is today mourning the loss of her only son; yet we cannot help but feel proud that even this small Catholic congregation was not without its representative in the ranks of that great army of freedom which for the past three years and a half has fought so gallantly in defence of our liberties, our homes, our persons, on the far-flung battle-fronts of Belgium and France. Every man who dons the King's uniform to serve in any capacity is worthy of all honor. Those who have their homes and their loved ones, who serve all the tender ties of the home-land, and set their faces towards France, braving the hard ships, the daily privations, the unspeakable horrors of this most terrible of wars; those who "over there" are daily risking their lives, standing up against all the frightful conditions of a struggle in which frightfulness is a commonplace, —all these deserve our words of highest commendation; but our best praise, our sincerest thanks our best signal tokens of respect and admiration must be reserved for those who have gone to return no more, who have made the sacrifice supreme, who have given their lives in the discharge of their duty. These have shed their blood in our defence, and we owe them a debt which can never be repaid except in the coin of sincere and heart-felt gratitude.

The young soldier by whose death we are here united in common grief has been called away from those who loved him and from those he loved, and it is right and fitting there should be sorrow and lamentation. That is only natural. But we must not languish in unavailing sorrow as those who have no hope; for we know that death, in itself, is not an evil; it is simply the opening of the door to a higher life. We all have to pass through this portal, and it matters not when or where we die, so long as we die well. Ernest McNaulty had just completed his nineteenth year. He was given only a short span of life, but he has nobly done his part. He has not failed in anything that was given him to do, but has accomplished his allotted task without blemish and without reproach. No better praise could be bestowed on any soldier, no matter how long his years of service. The true soldier is ever prepared to die at his post, and so for him death only means that he has reached the goal of his life's ambition; it is a step homeward, a danger over, a good secured. His death is truly "swallowed up in victory."

"I exhort you to keep fresh and green among you the memory of this youthful hero, who by his death, in a noble cause, has brought honor to Iroquois and to St. Cecelia's Church. Remember him where he would most wish to find a place in your loving thoughts; Sunday after Sunday, as you kneel around this little Altar before which he has often been associated with you in worship; God, think of that soldier's grave "In Flander's Field," let his name be listed among the number of those dear departed ones whom you are accustomed to remember in your prayers. That is at once the greatest kindness and the highest honor we can show our dead.

"And your name shall be remembered
In the Blessed Presence there
Where remembrances are sacred,
And each memory hold a prayer
And where loving thoughts shall leave you
In a loving Father's care."



Barn and Silo Roofed with Brantford Asphalt Roofing.

Resists Fire, Sheds Water, Wears Long

Flying sparks and embers from a burning building often cause roofs near by to catch fire, especially in a dry, hot season. Under like conditions, roofs covered with

Brantford Asphalt Roofing

are in no danger from flying embers, because any that fall on Brantford Asphalt Roofing die out harmlessly. Build a bonfire on a roof of Brantford Asphalt Roofing and the fire will not spread and the boards underneath the roofing will be protected in a surprising manner.

If a fire starts in the interior of a building Brantford Asphalt Roofing acts as a retardant and keeps the fire from spreading. Fire chiefs and insurance companies endorse its use in the most congested cities.

Brantford Asphalt Roofing does not absorb water, but sheds the heaviest rain with ease. Acid proof and alkali proof. Reliable, durable, economical. Three weights—60 lb., 70 lb., 80 lb. per square.

Brantford Rubber Roofing
is the same quality as Brantford Asphalt, but has a smooth, rubbery surface instead of the sand. It is particularly suitable for verandah decks and floor coverings. Three weights—40 lb., 50 lb., and 60 lb. per square.

Standard Mohawk Roofing
is made of the same materials as Brantford Asphalt Roofing, but is lighter in weight. A thoroughly reliable roofing at a low price. Tested for years and has given entire satisfaction. Sanded on one side. One weight—40 lbs. per square.

Mohawk Rubber Roofing
The same quality as Standard Mohawk but with a smooth surface. Used for all classes of temporary work—sheds, bunk-houses, camp sites, even dugouts in the trenches. 35 lb., 45 lb., and 55 lb. weights.

Leatheroid Roofing
Slightly lower quality than Mohawk Rubber. Used for same purposes. 35 lb., 45 lb., and 55 lb. weights.

Samples of any of these roofings and prices will be furnished on request

Brantford Roofing Co. Limited
Head Office and Factory, Brantford, Canada
Branches at Toronto, Montreal, Halifax
95

HUNTER & CASSELMAN



Clean Up— Paint Up

Make your home speak the pride that is within you. Plant grass and flowers. Trim up the vines and shrubbery. Paint your house with

Lowe Brothers
HIGH STANDARD LIQUID · PAINT

—the investment paint. It will make your home a better place to live in. The value of your property will be increased.

You will need fewer gallons of HIGH STANDARD than of ordinary paint—HIGH STANDARD goes so much farther. It will give your buildings complete weather protection. Let us show you color samples.

LOCAL AGENT

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.
Morrisburg, Ont.

710

REWARD and NOTICE

It having been reported that I was acting as "Spotter" or "Informer" to the Military Authorities, of young men eligible under the Military Service Act, I absolutely deny the charge, and hereby agree to pay any person $500.00 for proof or evidence that I informed on any person whatsoever.

FRANK EMPEY.

Williamsburg, May 14, 1918.

COURT OF REVISION

Notice is hereby given that the Court of Revision in Connection with the Assessment Roll of the Township of Williamsburg will be held in J. D. Becksted's sample room, Williamsburg, on Monday the 27th day of May 1918 commencing at 10 o'clock a.m. All having business will govern themselves accordingly.

GEO LANE,
Clerk of said Municipality.
Dated, May 13th., 1918.

FOR SALE

A latest 'model reversable gear, reed baby carriage, which has only been used twice. Will sell cheap. Also a bicycle in good condition, with new tires. Apply,

John Fitzpatrick
Morrisburg.

NOTICE

A meeting of the Village Firemen will be held at the town hall, on Tuesday May 21st. All members are requested to attend.

GEO. BORRETTE, Chief.

SCRAP IRON

If you have any scrap iron, ring it to the Morash Foundry Co., Morrisburg, and receive a better price.

TO RENT

Comfortable dwelling house, centrally located in the village of Morrisburg. Rent reasonable. Apply, Roland Froats, Froatburn, W. H. Fetterly, or Oran Duprau, Morrisburg.

POULTRY WANTED

Owing to the fact that different parties are buying Poultry and Junk in this district, we beg to advise the public, that we guarantee highest prices and satisfactory deal to everybody.

We are always in touch with the latest market prices in poultry and bags.

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Good, comfortable double tenement dwelling house in good repairs.

For particulars apply at this office or S. Hutt,
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FOR SALE

A good general-purpose horse. Apply, Herman Mattice,
4th. and 5th. Townlines
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FOR SALE

One brood sow due to farrow in May.

One new rubber-tired buggy.

For particulars apply to
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Morrisburg, R.M.D.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

LOOK! LISTEN!

Are you doing your bit in this great war? If not, start now and save up. You will find more money in your pocket to sell to the one who will give you the best prices on what you have. I am in a position to guarantee to you the highest market prices for Rags. Bags, Rubbers, Brass. Copper and Junk of all kinds. If I do not call at your home, drop a card to the old reliable

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About 100 bushels of finest Red Fife Seed Wheat at reasonable price. Apply
Walter W. Casselman,
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OUR CORRESPONDENTS

Williamsburg

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Collison and son Herriman, of Morewood, were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Whittaker.

Mr. Raymond Mallen of Morrisburg spent last Wednesday at Sunnybrook.

Miss Catherine Barkley of Dunbar spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Ora Mc Intosh.

Pte. Paul T. Maurer of Ottawa spent Sunday at the Luther Parsonage before leaving for France.

Mr. George K. Casselman and Miss Eva Laushway motored from Ottawa on Saturday to spend the day with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley McIntosh, Miss Alice Eastwood and Mr. Johnson motored to Ottawa on Sunday last.

Mr. Forbie Merkley arrived home this week from Uncle Sam's Domains.

A few from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Ed. Shaver held at Rowena on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John A. Carkner of Williamsburg received the sad news last week that their eldest son, Sergt. Russell M. Carkner, 27 years of age, has been killed in action in France. Sergt. Carkner enlisted in Sept. 1915 at North Bay with the 37th Battalion and left from Toronto for overseas in November 1915. He did office work until February 1917 and was in the trenches for nine months. He received a shell wound on April 23th, 1918, and died May 5th. at Etaples, France. He was a member of the Baptist Church, Kenmore. Their second son, Pte. Lawrence P. Carkner enlisted at Ottawa in the 130th. Battalion January 1916, and has been serving in the artillery at the front for 16 months. Much sympathy is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Carkner in their bereavement.

Mrs. H. M. Ouderkirk will be at the Millinery parlor, Williamsburg almost every day in the future.

Work done for Williamsburg Red Cross for March and April.
Mrs. Merle McIntosh 4 prs socks
Mrs. C. M. Whitteker, 8 pairs.
Mrs. B. J. Whitteker, 6 pairs.
Miss Jane Whitteker, 3 pairs.
Mrs. Edgar Algire, 2 pairs.
Miss Eugena Algire, 4 pairs.
Mrs. C. W. Loucks, 4 pairs.
Miss Alice Loucks, 1 pair.
Mrs. Arthur Hutt, 1 pair.
Miss Ada Barkley, 2 pairs.
Miss Mary E. Barkley, 1 pair.
Miss Opal Hess, 1 pair.

Work distributed and collected by Miss Ethel Whitteker and Alice Loucks.

Froatburn

Mr. Wilfrid Swerdfeger was at Riverside on Sunday.

We are glad to report that Mr. L. Merkley is regaining his health steadily.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Dairo of Hoasic was in Morrisburg on Saturday.

Miss Marcellus of Toronto is visiting at Mr. Edward Swerdfeger at present.

Mr. Arthur Willard of Riverside was in Froatburn on Monday.

Mr. Robert Shaver and son, Frank, and Mr. Thomas Russell of Archer passed through Froatburn on Saturday.

Mr. Jas. Tvo was in Morburg on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Cassel of Dunbar was visiting friends in our Burn on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Casselman of Archer was visiting friends here on Monday.

Several from our Burn attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Dennison of Archer which was held at St. John's Lutheran Church, Riverside. The deceased lady had been a life-long resident of Williamsburg township and her host of friends will miss her eternal departure keenly.

East Williamsburg

Mrs. Wood and daughter, Eileen, are visiting Mrs. Walter Baker at present.

Mrs. M. A. Hanson of Morrisburg, Mr. Andrew Carruthers, Mr. A. Bailey and son Morley of Winchester Springs were visiting at Mr. Joseph Bailey's last week.

Miss Willa Wells was at Massena, N.Y., on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lawrence and children and Miss Coir were were visiting at Mr. C. Wells on Sunday.

Miss Ethel Willard spent the week-end with her grandmother at Morrisburg.

Mrs. John Burton and baby, Christina, spent a few days with friends in the Burg.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Shaver and baby were visiting at the latter's home recently.

Miss Gusie Fetterly spent last Sunday with Miss Martha Wells.

Mr. Alfred Wells and son, Stanley, spent Tuesday at Cornwall.

Mrs. Mina Wells was visiting friends in the Burg a few days last week.

Irena

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gibbons and family and Mrs. Wm. Bouck motored to North Williamsburg on Tuesday evening last to visit the latter's daughter, Mrs. Herman Hamilton.

The Duke is contemplating a trolley line from Irena to Cardinal over which he will be sole supervisor. He will run opposition to the "hackman."

The Misses Cassie and Ida Savor and Mr. Michael Manion were visiting friends in town on Friday last. Mr. Manion is a returned soldier.

News was received last week regarding two old Irena boys. Pte. Ward Ault and Pte. Mowat Jennack have been wounded while engaged in France. Ward is cheerfully recuperating in a French hospital, while Mowat who is able to be out again, is on his way home with a wife from the old sod. We take off our hats to you, boys.

Mr. J. Eden Merkley has purchased a new Chevrolet car from Mr. Melvin of Winchester.

Mr. Melvin has sold another to Mr. Wm. Morehead. The Chevrolettes seem to have a good patronage in our vicinity.

Miss Lela Connor was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Connor, last week.

The Misses Ella and Maud Sweeney of Carthage, N.Y., are visiting friends in our section this week.

Nation Valley

Miss Grace Darling spent last week in Winchester, guests of her cousin, Miss Bessie Scott.

Miss Isabel Rae, Chesterville, visited her Aunt in this locality last week.

Mr. Douglas Rae has a position in the Condensery, Chesterville.

Miss Bessie Merkley of Ottawa is home on holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Baker who were recently married will reside on Captain Baker's farm.

Mariatown

Mrs. Bateman, Sr., was in Ogdensburg recently.

Rev. and Mrs. Cleland and family of Cardinal were the guests of Mrs. Cleland on Wednesday

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Becksted were callers at Mr. and Mrs. John Dain's on Tuesday.

Mrs. Bateman, Sr., attended the funeral of the late H. L. Soper of Iroquois, Tuesday.

Mr. Merle Deeks spent the week-end with his parents in Brockville.

Visitors at Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger's on Tuesday were Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Becksted and little son of Glen Becker, Mrs. Clarence Deeks and son, Willie, and Miss Jennie Perkins of Williamsburg.

We are sorry to report Mrs. Oscar Casseliman still on the sick list.

Rev. and Mrs. Cleland and family of Cardinal were guests of Mrs. Cleland on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. L. Deeks and family of Williamsburg were callers at the Deeks Brothers on Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Philip of Morewood was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Becksted on Wednesday.

Mrs. A. McLatchie of Morrisburg spent Thursday of this week with her sister, Mrs. Cleland.

The Late Mrs. Edward Shaver

(Contributed.)

The passing from this life of Mrs. Edward Shaver of Rowena, on Friday, May 10th., has brought deepest sorrow to the family home and general regret to a very large circle of friends and neighbors. Although during Mrs. Shaver's illness of several weeks' duration it was known that her condition was at times sufficiently critical to cause anxious concerns, yet her recovery was expected.

Since her marriage to Mr. Shaver her long period of residence at Rowena had formed a chain of associations throughout Matilda and adjoining localities, the memory of which will be enduring. The family home, long known as a place of kindly welcome, was ever brightened and blessed by her cheerfulness and happy smile. In her family circles her activities were tempered with deepest love and Christian faith—characteristic of the ideal wife and mother. And thus it is that the sorrow is so keenly felt by the sorrowing husband, one daughter, Mrs Lyman Locke of Saskatoon, two sons, Dr. A. E. Shaver, Brockville, and Alfred, at home. One sister, Mrs. Bancroft resides in New York State, the parental home of deceased.

Since service is the keynote of every true life, Mrs Shaver's career was exemplary. In the various departments of work associated with the Church, in duties of general helpfulness, in the hour of neighborhood bereavement she was ever ready to aid. Indeed might it truly be said of her—"She hath done what she could." The writer will long recall Mrs. Shaver's bright and active altitude toward life's varied duties. Her personality, pleasing yet effective and genuine.

A very large gathering of friends attended the funeral service at Rowena Church on Wednesday afternoon. The service was conducted by the pastor, Rev. Geo. O. Tredinnick, and a former pastor, Rev. S. W. S. Coates of Iroquois. The latter delivering a most fitting sermon on the value of "true service." As one quite familiar with the home and church life of deceased, he paid a most worthy tribute to the career which had closed and the place so well occupied in the realm of Christian service.

Interment was made in the family plot at Dundela cemetery.

Agnes Dennison

Death has claimed one of the oldest and most respected residents of Archer, in the person of Mrs. Agnes Denison, widow of the late Richard Denison.

The deceased lady, who passed away on May 10th., was a native of Lanarkshire, Scotland She Imigrated to this country at the age of ten years and settled on Croil's Island with her parents, later moving to Nudell Bush where she was united in marriage to the late Richard Denison, who predeceased her on March 7th., 1903. To this union were born eleven children of which five sons and four daughters are left to mourn the loss of a kind and loving mother, namely: Mrs. E. Harper of Massena, N.Y., Mrs. Samuel Jones of Massena Springs, James, of Regina, Sask., Mrs. Fred Bogart of Potsdam, N.Y., Mrs. Delilah Froats and William, of Aultsville, George, Sidney and Ellison of Archer. Also two brothers and two sisters: James Wilson of Bisicker, Sask Andrew Wilson, Miss C. Wilson and Mrs. W. Woods of Wyevalle Ont..

Deceased, who was born on May 16th., 1833, being 85 years of age, died after a brief illness. having been around on the day of her demise, apparently in her usual health. At noon hour she complained of not being well and medical assistance was immediately summoned, but she passed away about midnight.

She was a woman who was very highly respected, and a kind and warm-hearted Christian, who will be greatly missed by a host of friends. The funeral was held on Monday, May 13th., at St. John's Lutheran Church, Riverside, and notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, a large number of friends and neighbors were in attendance to pay their last tribute of respect to one whom had endeared herself to all whom she came in contact with.

A very impressive service was conducted by the pastor Rev. Mr. Bermon, taking his text from Eccl., 6th Chapt., verse 6, after which the remains were placed in St. John's cemetery, beside those of her loved ones.

The bearers were Messrs. Wm. Southworth, Henry Beagle, Herbert Gallinger, John Warren, Robert Shaw and Clarence Baker.

The community extends heartfelt sympathy to the bereaved.

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WOULD you like to "see" your house in its new coat of paint, *before* you paint it? You can. The Brandram-Henderson "Color Scheme Adviser" enables you to try out different color combinations before deciding on the color scheme most pleasing to your eye.

This unique device consists of a transparent outline of a house, behind which you place color cards of every known shade—one color for the walls and another color for the roof. With the transparent sheet, there comes a set of 40 cards each of a different color. First you try a white card on the walls, in combination with a green card for the roof. Then you try a brown card behind the wall section of the transparency, along with a red card for the roof. And so on, until you have exhausted the possibilities of every known color combination.

We have one of these "Color Scheme Advisers" and will be pleased to let you experiment with it before you select your

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Our store is the B-H Store—which means that this is paint headquarters. The outstanding reputation of this brand is based on its superior covering-capacity and exceptional durability—both of which features we know to be due to the combination of Brandram's Genuine B.B. white lead and pure white zinc, which the makers of B-H "English" Paints maintain in spite of the repeated advances in the cost of these ingredients.

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Any householder in your neighborhood who has a garden plot, or who owns a piece of suitable vacant land that is not being put under cultivation in order to increase food production, is (though he or she may not believe it) giving aid and comfort to the enemy in restraining food production, as really as is the Submarine Commander who sinks an Allied ship laden with food.

The difference is only one of degree, not of kind.

Look around you! Look around you!

If you have not yet decided to plant a vegetable garden make up your mind to do so now. You will not regret it. There is still lots of time. Potatoes and beans may be planted up to June 1st and these are the best substitutes for wheat and meat.

For good, practical advice upon how to lay out and cultivate a Vegetable Garden, write for a free copy of the booklet entitled: "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home." This has been prepared by the Ontario Department of Agriculture for the guidance of citizens who will respond to this call for increased production.

Mail This Coupon NOW

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Dear Sirs:

Please send me a copy of your booklet "A Vegetable Garden for Every Home."

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CHAPTER II.—(Cont'd)

Maxwell, very pale, shrugged his shoulders and achieved a smile.

"Come along, boys," he said. "I had no idea this was a Sunday-school class—and I don't know that I've ever before been insulted by my host.

No other voice was raised; there was a forbidding look on Jerry's face. Less than half the company followed Maxwell from the house; the others lingered.

There was an awkward silence.

"Well, I guess I'll be going," said Dave Scanlan. "Say—I guess you're all right, Jerry. I'm with you."

"So'm I," muttered sheepishly some of the others. Good-night."

When Jerry called at the Driscolls' for his mother, she looked as if she had been crying. She looked at him with mingled appeal and reproach. He merely said, "They've gone, mother."

But out of doors he asked abruptly,—

"What did you think of him? I saw you and Nora leaving the window."

"Oh, Jerry!" She dabbed her handkerchief to her eyes.

"I kicked him out of the house," said Jerry, "when I heard that. I'm sorry, mother."

Then in her joy and contrition that she should ever have doubted her son, she stopped, flung her arms about Jerry, and wept in his breast. A few moments later, ascending the steps of the house she said,—

"And now, Jerry, child, you're done with politics, I hope?"

"Oh, no," he answered. "To-night I've just begun with politics."

She paused on the threshold to look at him. There was a new confidence and knowledge in his eyes, in his smile. Then with poignant sorrow and exultant pride she understood; this night she was present at the passing of the boy, the awakening of the man.

CHAPTER III.

Two nights after the parlor rally, Jerry, according to his custom, was assisting his mother in the drying of the supper dishes. When he had wiped the last saucer, he remarked with an impromptu air,—

"I guess I'll be going up the road a piece. I told Dave Scanlan I'd see him."

"It's a wonder it's Dave and not some other in the family you'd be seeing," replied Mrs. Donohue. "Working with Dave day in, day out, as you are. It's for him you put on your new tie and your best coat, I suppose."

"What'd be the use of teasing me?" said Jerry with a grin. "You don't think Nora would look at me—after her spying upon me with you the other night and seeing the kind of company I keep."

"I'm thinking Dave has set her straight upon that. If he hasn't I will."

"You're a good creature, but you must not always be so possessed to be helping your son along. Hold up your cheek now, till I give it a smack." He held it up himself in his two hands and smacked his loudest kiss in the middle of it.

"Go along then with you, and don't be plaguing the heart out of me," cried his mother.

Then, when he had gone, she sat down in the parlor in her rocking-chair and rocked and lamented to herself aloud. Grown up he was, indeed, when he was for leaving his mother in the evenings to be going to see the girls. Better that, to be sure, than to be hanging about the saloons. And yet if he could but be contented at home after supper always, forever and ever. She looked at the square clean spot on the wall where the memorial dove, now in the taxidermist's hands, had hung, and her eyes filled. If only her man Jim had lived.

A still more cheerful sound reached him presently and thrilled his heart, for it proceeded from the house towards which his steps were directed, a house planted on a knoll above its neighbors and accessible by means of a zigzag flight of steps. To the accompaniment of a piano a girl's voice was singing, 'Kathleen Mavourneen"; at the foot of the steps Jerry stopped and listened. Never, he was sure, had he heard, never would he hear, any one sing more appealingly. His young heart thrilled to the melody, to the vivid picture of the singer with which his imagination presented him—the rich, red cheeks and dark, curling hair and lovely, fluctuant, trilling throat.

He mounted the steps and knocked on the door. It was opened by Nora herself—Nora, with her quick, startled smile. The prettiest girl that Jerry knew, she was also always the best dressed; she wore this evening a white muslin gown with short frilled sleeves, and her hair was banded with a black velvet ribbon. The hand that she gave Jerry was white and soft, the voice with which she greeted him was clear, uncorrupted by the harsh and shrill intonations of the neighborhood. Slender and delicate, she had a round little chin, a sensitive little mouth, a fastidious little nose—all uniting with the flash of her smile and the color in her cheeks to endear her to the young man.

"I heard you from the street, Nora," he said, "and of course I had to come in."

"Oh, that was it, was it? I had hopes you'd strolled up to see me on purpose."

"So I had. Nora, you've a great way of guessing what I'd be at."

"It must be because I give it so little thought. I'd be guessing now you'd be at speaking with father and mother; it was just them I was amusing."

"Keep on with it, keep on with it," said Jerry. "I shan't mind."

He followed Nora into the sitting-room, in the middle of which Michael Scanlan and his wife were occupying an S-shaped "conversation chair." Michael, facing the door, nodded to Jerry in silence; Mrs. Scanlan glanced over her shoulder and remarked, "Oh, it's you, Jerry," in a manner that was distinctly more fretful than welcoming.

But Jerry was not easily dismayed.

"Sure it might be any other creature that was happening to pass along the road. It would be a fine struggle a man would have with himself, not to get drawn in by the sound of Nora's voice. Now has she sung you 'The Widow O'Toole,' Mrs. Scanlan?"

"I don't care for Nora to be singing them vulgar songs," replied Mrs. Scanlan over her shoulder.

"Oh, now, would you be calling it vulgar!" Jerry exclaimed. "Just a bit of cheerfulness, to my way of thinking. Will you let me see what songs are there, Nora?"

While he stood beside her at the piano, he was aware that her parents watched him with lazy hostility. They were North of Ireland people and Protestants, and the Donohues had come from Cork. But Jerry did not feel very much depressed by the parental antipathy. Nora had a mind of her own, and he ventured to think it was favorably disposed toward him. So he continued to chatter in his lively manner: "There's 'Father O'Flynn': the sight of it makes me almost feel I can sing myself. And 'Mulligan's Musketeers'—that's another I can hear inside my heart, but I've got it safe shut up there; don't be scared.—You know, Nora, you look fit to sing in grand opera to-night—isn't it a fact, Mrs. Scanlan?"

"She may be doing that yet," responded Mrs. Scanlan severely. "We expect great things of her."

"We do," agreed Mr. Scanlan, with equal severity.

"Sure," said Jerry. "And don't you be disappointing us, Nora."

"I think there's no great danger," observed Mrs. Scanlan with a malicious pungency that Jerry affected not to notice.

"Well," Jerry said, "let it be anything you please Nora. Just sing."

"I'll have time for only about one song. Maybe not for that. I told Charley I'd be ready at eight and it's that now."

"Where is it you're going?"

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"Who with?"

"Charley Corcoran."

"Oh!" said Jerry. "Well, you're dressed more fit for grand opera than for McCabe's Hall."

"I always like to dress up when I go to a dance."

"I always want Nora to look like a lady wherever she goes," interjected her mother.

"Them that are of a low class will be less likely to get familiar with her," added Mr. Scanlan.

"She won't find many of a high grade at McCabe's Hall," replied Jerry.

"As good maybe as what some young fellows have in their mothers' parlors," said Mrs. Scanlan.

Jerry reached hastily for a sheet of music. "Come on, Nora," he said. "'Kathleen Mavourneen.'"

She had sung only one stanza when her mother interrupted.

"Nora, there's some one at the door."

It proved to be Charley Corcoran. Jerry had always felt antipathy if not animosity towards the light-haired, scorbutic young man who was frequently standing in the doorway of Corcoran's Drug Store. It was more than the mild, generic antagonism that the man in workman's clothes extends towards each member of the class that habitually wears white collars and tries to keep its trousers creased. That stronger feeling, innate and indefinable, was intensified in Jerry while he watched Corcoran's debanair entrance and observed his mannered greetings of Nora and her family. "Dude!" Jerry thought, and in his mind the word was charged with the energy of rancor and contempt. "Dude!" He wanted to cry it aloud when Corcoran addressed him with patronizing suavity: "I hear you had quite a political meeting at your house, Donohue."

"The less it's talked about the better," Jerry replied ungraciously.

"You may well say that," observed Mrs. Scanlan.

"Well, you know, Mrs. Scanlan," said Cororan confidentially, "when you mix into politics you've got to put up with all sorts. Finding that out, eh, Donohue? Your man Maxwell is all right, though; he can have my vote."

"I thought likely." In his extreme aversion Jerry could not permit himself words enough even to make sarcasm effective.

"Oh, sure, he's the fellow.—Well, Nora, all ready to come and trip the light fantastic with me?"

Jerry wondered how Nora could endure a man who talked to her in that fashion. It seemed to him a hackneyed and objectionable form of smartness. And yet Nora seemed smiling and eager; she would be ready in a moment; she had only to get her wrap; she hadn't been to a dance in weeks and she was awfully excited.

(To be continued.)

If meat or fish become slightly tainted sweeten it by putting a lump of charcoal large as a walnut into the saucepan when cooking the fish or meat.



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EVERY LITTLE MAKES A MUCKLE.

When you are asked to have a beefless meal each day and cut down your allowance of sugar to one lump for a cup of tea or coffee you scarcely realize what it means. When you are asked to eat fish instead of beef and substitutes for wheat it looks almost like trifling with a big subject. The average man's idea, if you are going to save in a big way, is to cut out everything you don't want him to eat. Canada's Food Controller started out with the idea of educating the people to save, not to do without altogether, and there is vast difference in the principle. You can only judge of the results of saving by waiting for a period and adding up your savings. The wealth of the French nation before the war largely consisted in the savings the people deposited in their banks, which aggregated a huge amount. It was out of these small savings that the huge indemnity after the Franco-Prussian war was paid.

Calculations on the basis of returns actually received show that the savings in December in the United States were for meats 22,733,000 pounds, and these had increased in January to 24,418,000 pounds. In wheat flour the saving was 9,089,000 pounds which in January had increased to 12,790,000 pounds. The U.S. Food Administration believes that the saving of wheat flour during the month of February amounted to considerably over 15,000,000 pounds. Multiply these figures by twelve and you get a fairly good idea what was saved to be sent to the Allies, and how many soldiers were fed on account of it. And nobody in the United States suffered from it. The same is true of Canada. From returns so far as they have been received show in public eating houses savings from 25 to 60 per cent. The use of fish has increased considerably over 100 per cent. That means that an equivalent in beef and pork was sent overseas. The moral is never mind what your neighbor does, do it yourself. If you have to come to rationing it will be time enough to call your neighbor to account.

Keep Household Accounts.

Since the cost of living has advanced so rapidly in the last few years, much attention has been paid to reducing certain items of expenditure. Such efforts are more or less futile unless we are able to draw deductions to aid us in the future.

I believe every housewife should keep acounts. She should know just what is spent each month for food products. The budget is a practical means of reducing expense.

There is a great advantage in marketing in person, and there is nothing more important than the utilizing of the leftovers in planning the meals for the day. It goes without saying that the selection of foods that give the greatest nutritive value for the least outlay is a step in the direction of economy.

The average housewife will reduce expenditures by keeping accounts each month of amounts spent for various food products. By comparing accounts for several months it will be possible to obtain the average amount spent for groceries.

This tends toward the keeping of budgets, and is the means of regulating family expenditures, as opposed to the haphazard methods of the past. It is possible to find what food products are most expensive and make some definite plan to lessen the expense.

Since meat makes up a large part of the ordinary family diet, any economy in the purchase of it will make a noticeable reduction in the food bill. By using meat substitutes which are less expensive, but as nutritious, the amount paid for meat is greatly reduced.

The use of cheese which is rich in protein as a meat substitute will prove satisfactory. Since cheese is a concentrated food, less is needed to furnish the necessary food requirement. Nut loaf is also an excellent substitute for meat, since it adds variety to the diet and is rich in protein.

I find a great advantage to market in person. The housewife may see the foods before purchasing them. In this way it is possible to get the best that is offered for the price.

I always weigh articles that are sold by weight. In case the grocer gives short weight it should be discovered. Although the difference may be small, in a year's time it counts up, and the housewife has paid a certain per cent. of her allowance without any return.

Turn Food Waste into Eggs.

Should all the worthless cats and dogs now consuming table scraps and more valuable food in several thousand Canadian homes—and farms as well as towns and cities are overrun with such uneconomic canines and felines—be replaced by a half-dozen laying hens for each dog and cat destroyed, there could be added to our food supply millions of dozen of eggs annually, replacing meat needed for overseas. This replacement could be made with little cost, as the expense of dog licenses, collars, chains, kennels, and the like would practically offset the first cost of the hens.

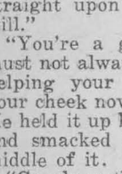
It is only fair to say that there are some dogs and cats that are worth their room and feed; but there are uncounted multitudes of roaming, flea-bitten, starving, bird-eating cats and sheep-chasing, poultry-killing, lawn-destroying dogs that should be supplanted by back-yard flocks of chickens as a war-winning aid.

When the millions of layers that would replace the dogs and cats had completed their year's work, each hen would furnish a nourishing family dinner as her final impetus toward hastening world-wide democracy.

PIANOS! PIANOS!

In order to get our justly high grade piano in each town, village or township throughout Ontario, we shall offer one instrument, and only one, in each place, at factory price, as far as it can be done consistently. These pianos are made in Canada and have been before the Canadian public for over twenty-five years, and are sold on a straight guarantee.

For further information apply to
BOX 427 - TORONTO, ONT.



NOW there IS just one
WALKER HOUSE
In ONE TOWN where I stay,
And, say, you ought to see me grin
When my trip heads that way.
The only other time I was so happy,
Goodness knows,
Was when a kid Dad bought me
Red topped boots with copper toes.

When other travellers hit that town,
They, too, don't want to roam,
For they say, "At that WALKER HOUSE
It's just like staying home."
Where is the ONE TOWN where that
WALKER HOUSE is? Don't you know?
Why, it's that good old burg spelled
T-O-R-O-N-T-O.

The House of Plenty
The Walker House
Toronto
Geo. Wright & Co., Proprietors



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MEDICINE EDUCATION
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Mining, Chemical, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.
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Arts Course by correspondence. Degree with one year's attendence or four summer sessions.
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The Practical Economy of Good Paint

Good paint is never an expense, but a saving. By its use you save your buildings from a steady deterioration in value.

Economy in painting demands the use of Quality Paint—Martin-Senour "100% Pure" Paint—the paint that protects and preserves.

The use of cheap materials is a waste of money—a waste of time.

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"100% PURE" PAINT

wears longest, covers the greatest surface (900 sq. feet per gallon) and because of its even texture, takes least time and is easiest to apply. It is absolutely guaranteed—"100% Pure" White Lead, Zinc Oxide and highest quality Linseed Oil. It is admittedly the most economical paint on the market.

Take no chances. Make your investments secure by applying on your buildings, inside and out, protecting coats of Martin-Senour "100% Pure" Paint.

Write for "Farmer's Color Set" and "Town and Country Homes". Just what you'll need in planning your painting. Mailed free. 122

The MARTIN-SENOUR Co. LIMITED
GREENSHIELDS AVENUE, - - MONTREAL.

CANADA'S POSITION IN THE PERIOD OF RECONSTRUCTION

A Trade Balance of $162,000,000 on the Debt Side in 1914 Has Been Converted to a Credit of $624,000,000 in 1918.

Whatever readjustments may follow in the years immediately after the war, Canada may be looked on as a distinct factor to be reckoned with in foreign trade, both inside and outside of the British Empire. It is not to be expected the abrupt swinging round from an adverse or debit balance of $162,000,000 in 1914 to a credit balance of $624,000,000 in 1918 will give Canada's export trade a momentum of itself enabling her merchants and manufacturers to maintain an average excess of 40 percent. of sales over imports.

Exports to the United Kingdom rose from $215,000,000 for the year ended March 31, 1914, to $742,000,000 for the year 1917. For the year to March 31, 1918, these exports clip the $800,000,000 mark. Comparison of figures will show greater relative gains in percentages than perhaps in any other country.

After every allowance has been made for war, for war prices, and patriotic organization of industries, the bald fact remains that with its small population and many handicaps to overcome, Canada in the past fiscal year fell only $21,000,000 short in dollar value of our own trade in 1904. Capacity to utilize every opportunity to the utmost has at least been shown and cannot be denied. This ability to make the most of the work of the day in foul weather as well as fair, is a trade asset which may be stimulated by war, but cannot be stolen or impaired by peace.

A people so enterprising and spirited may be relied on to do their utmost to hold the pace they set in securing a share of war trade. Will they do it?

They will have a debt moderate and well within the financial grasp of any Canadian parliament. They have shown the necessary will and capacity. They will have the wares to sell. A world half starved and half in industrial paralysis will go to market for the food and raw material essential to life and recuperation. The things which Canada produces from land, water and forest are the necessaries which at least in the first years in the after-period will attract commerce, shipping and banking.

He would be blind who could not read in the figures of trade a summary of Canada's position and opportunity in the era of commercial reconstruction which is to follow.—Wall Street Journal, New York.

BRITISH POSITIONS IN SOMME REGION IMPROVED IN LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

Allied Line Completely Re-established in the Voormezeele-La Clytte Sector After Hard Fighting—Enemy Gains Footing Near Albert at Cost of Heavy Losses.

A despatch from London says:—A vigorous counter-attack on Wednesday night resulted in the re-establishment of the allied line in the Voormezeele-La Clytte sector, where the Germans in a local attack yesterday succeeded in making some advance. This operation developed hard fighting throughout most of the day and into the night.

Two attacks were attempted against the British lines in the Somme sector. The first, at Bouzincourt, was dispersed. Near Albert the enemy, after suffering heavy casualties, succeeded in penetrating the defence positions on a front of about 150 yards.

The Canadian forces from New Brunswick and Nova Scotia have engaged in a successful local attack south of Arras.

A despatch from the British Army in France, says:—The Germans had intended to make a much more pretentious assault in Flanders on Wednesday than they were actually able to carry out, it has been learned. Their failure was due to the excellent work of the allied gunners and to a small coincident operation by the French east of Scherpenberg, which came at the right moment to help upset the enemey plans in this sector.

The Germans preceded their advance by a terrific all-night bombardment against both British and French over a wide front. At 9.30 o'clock the infantry was started by the 52nd Reserve, which was sent against the British in Ridge Wood and the neighboring territory southwest of Voormezeele, and by the 56th Division, which attacked the British on the right and the French on the left.

Before the battle started in earnest, however, everal things had happened which were to have a vital bearing on the day's programme. Along the Ypres-Comines Canal an unusual movement among the enemy had brought down a tremendous barrage from the British guns against a German division on the right of the 52nd Reserves. Nothing further happened along this sector, but it appeared later that the enemy had been assembling here to participate in the attack and had been so badly smashed that the idea of their taking part had been abandoned.

In the meantime along the French front between Locre and LaClytte the French had their eyes open and began a heavy bombardment. Also, the French had undertaken a small operation in the early morning for the capture of a position east of Scherpenberg Hill. The combination of the French attack and the great bombardment undoubtedly completely upset the German plans for additional German divisions, which were assembling to assist their comrades on their right, could not be brought in. As a consequence the asault was confined to a two-division affair, which was directed mainly against the British about Ridge Wood.

SLAVE DRIVE IN OCCUPIED PARTS OF ITALY

Berne, Switzerland, May 12.—An Austro-German commission is reported to be engaged in deporting the working population of the occupied districts of Italy, taking persons aged from 16 to 55, on the pretence of inviting them to work voluntarily.

At Para and Laibach 200 working women clamored for bread and broke windows valued at 40,000 kronen in the Caslino at Para. Many districts of Bosnia and Herzegovina are deserted owing to the deportations of the inhabitants.

The wheat harvest of last year barely exceeded a quarter of the harvest of 1914.

To make fried mush pour cornmeal mush into an enameled dish and when cold cut into slices and fry in hot drippings until well browned. Serve hot with butter and syrup.

OVER 500,000 U. S. SOLDIERS IN FRANCE.

A despatch from Washington says: More than half a million American soldiers have been sent to France. Secretary Baker has authorized the statement that his forecast in Congress in January that five hundred thousand troops would be despatched to France early in the present year now had been surpassed.

Foch's Reserve Army Includes Nearly 250,000 Italians

A despatch from Washington says: —Italy's contribution to the reserve army General Foch is building up behind the lines in France for supreme emergency uses, numbers nearly a quarter of a million men, official despatches of Friday say, and the force is being strengthened steadily.

FRENCH ADVANCE ON HIGH GROUND NORTH OF MOUNT KEMMEL

Germans Also Beaten on Southern Front Near Mailly, Thus Giving French Army the Advantage in Two Areas.

With the British Army in France, May 12.—An important section of high ground near the Wyverbeck River, north of Kemmel, has been captured by the French in a strong attack. Both Hill 44 and Goddezone Farm, which lie between La Clytte and Vierstraat, were stormed and occupied, thereby giving the French positions which had been a bone of contention for many days.

The Germans also received a knock on the southern front, where they made a drive in an attempt to capture defences on the elevation south of Mailly-Raineval. Here the enemy succeeded after hard fighting in obtaining a footing in the French front line at one place, but their success was short-lived, for a prompt counter-attack drove them out, and, besides their dead, they left more than a hundred prisoners in the hands of the defenders.

The battle for Hill 44 was the outcome of the German attack on May 8. When the Germans assaulted, the allies were holding the elevation. Bitter fighting ensued all day long, and the Germans in the course of time secured possession of the hill. The British almost immediately organized a counter-attack and forced the enemy out.

The next day the Germans again drove forward. They made such a heavy assault that they again captured the hill, which they held until yesterday.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs

Toronto, May 14.—Manitoba wheat —No. 1 Northern, $2.32½; No. 2 do., $2.20½; No. 3 do., $2.17½c; No. 4 wheat, $2.10½; in store Fort William, including 2½c tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 81⅝c; No. 3 C.W., 78⅜c; extra No. 1 feed, 78⅜c; No. 1 feed 75⅜c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, nominal; No. 4 yellow, kiln dried, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 86 to 87c; No. 3 white, 85 to 86c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2. Winter, per car lot, $2.22; basis in store Montreal.

Peas—Nominal.

Barley—Malting, $1.54 to $1.55, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—$1.84 to $1.86, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 2, $2.45, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour — War quality, $10.90; new bags, Toronto.

Ontario flour—War quality, $10.65, new bags, Toronto and Montreal freights, prompt shipment.

Millfeed — Car lots — Delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $35.40; shorts, per ton, $40.40.

Hay—No. 1. per ton, $16.00 to $17.00; mixed, $14.00 to $15.00, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, $8.50 to $9.00, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Creamery, solids, per lb., 41 to 42c; prints, per lb., 42 to 43c; dairy, per lb., 37 to 38c.

Eggs—New laid, 38 to 39c.

Poultry—Dressed chickens, 30 to 32c; fowl, 30 to 33c; ducks, 25 to 30c; turkeys, 30 to 35c.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:—

Cheese—New, large, 23½ to 24c; twins, 23¾ to 24¼c; old, large, 25½ to 26c; twin 26 to 26½c.

Butter—Fresh, dairy, choice, 40 to 42c; creamery prints, cut, 45 to 46c; fresh made, 46 to 47c; solids, 44 to 45c.

Margarine—32 to 34c. lb.

Eggs—New laid, 42 to 43c; new laid, in cartons, 45 to 46c.

Dressed poultry—Milk-fed chickens, 38 to 40c; fowl, 38 to 40c; turkeys, 40 to 45c.

Live poultry—Turkeys, 30c; chickens, lbs., 28 to 30c; hens, 33 to 37c.

Beans — Canadian, hand-picked, bushel, $8.75; imp., hand-picked, Burma or Indian, $6.75 to $7.25; Japan, $8.25 to $8.50; Limas, 19 to 20c.

Maple syrup—8½-lb. tins, 10 to a case, $14.50; imperial gallon tins, per tin, $2.25; imperial five-gallon cans, per can, $10.50; 15-gallon kegs, per gal., $2.00; maple sugar, 1-lb. box, pure, per lb., 24 to 25c.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 36 to 38c; do., heavy 30 to 32c; cooked, 49 to 50c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 41 to 44c; backs, plain, 44 to 45c; boneless, 48 to 49c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 30 to 31c; clear bellies, 29 to 30c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 31½ to 32c; tubs, 31¾ to 32¼c; pails, 32 to 32½c; prints, 33 to 33½c. Compound tierces, 26 to 26½c; tubs, 26¼ to 26¾c; pails, 26½ to 27c; prints, 27½ to 28c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, May 14.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 96c; No. 3, 92c; extra No. 1 feed, 92c; No. 3 local white, 92c. Flour—New standard Spring wheat grade, $10.95 to $11.05. Rolled oats—Bags, 90 lbs, $5.25. Bran, $35.40. Shorts, $40.40. Middlings, $48.00 to $50.00. Mouillie, $60.00 to $62.00. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $17.00.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, May 14.—Extra choice heavy steers, $14.50 to $15.50 choice heavy steers, $13.50 to $14.00; good heavy steers, $13.00 to $13.25; butchers' cattle, choice, $13.25 to $13.75; do., good, $12.00 to $12.25; do., medium, $11.65 to $11.85; do., common, $11.00 to $11.25; butchers' bulls, choice, $11.25 to $12.25; do., good bulls, $10.50 to $11.00; do., medium bulls, $9.50 to $10.25;do., rough bulls, $7.25 to $7.50; butchers' cows, choice, $11.25 to $12.25; do., good, $10.50 to $11.00; do., medium, $9.50 to $10.25; stockers, $9.50 to $11.00; feeders, $11.00 to $11.75; canners and cutters, $6.50 to $7.50; milkers, good to choice, $90.00 to $140.00; do., com. and med., $65.00 to $80.00; springers ,$90.00 to $140.00; light ewes, $13.50 to $18.00; lambs, $18.00 to $20.50; calves, good to choice, $14.00 to $15.50; hogs, fed and watered, $20.75 to $21.00; do., weighed off cars, $21.00 to $21.25; do., f.o.b., $19.75 to $20.00

Montreal, May 14.—Choice steers, $12.50 to $13.50; do., good, $12 to $12.50; do., medium, $10 to $11.50; choice butchers' cows, $11 to $11.50; good cows, $10 to $10.75; medium, $8.50 to $9.50; butchers' bulls, $11 to $11.50; good bulls, $10 to $10.50; medium, $9 to $10. Calves—Milk-fed, $8 to $14; common, $6 to $7. Sheep—$16 to $17. Hogs—Selects, off cars, $21.75 to $22; sows, $19.50 to$20.

GERMANY CANNOT REPLACE AIRMEN

Enemy Has Difficulty in Finding Flyers, Say Prisoners.

London, May 12.—A few days of fine weather has given our flying men another chance. German aviators taken prisoner lately say they are now having great difficulty in replacing the personnel of their air force. They say they have lost some 700 pilots and observers since beginning the offensive of March 21. One reconnaissance flight alone lost 130 of its men. They speak with the greatest admiration of British aviators, but mitigate their compliments by declaring that our machines are better than theirs.

All this is only evidence that their morale is badly shaken. It is reported that Lieut. von Richthofen, brother of the late champion flyer, and who was said to have succeeded to the command of the "Flying Circus" has had his skull fractured by a fall and will be unable to fly again.

Prisoners continually tell of the great damage done, especially by bombing in the Albert, Bapaume and Bray areas. We hear of batteries knocked about by our guns and gun crews only kept from running away by officers with revolvers; of ration parties composed of men past military age suffering so much through artillery fire that they have refused to come on; of fresh water, after being got up to the front line, being spoiled by our gas shells and made undrinkable. Of some recent batches of prisoners, about 40 per cent. must have belonged to the 1919 class as well as a considerable proportion of the 1918 class.

20 HUN PLANES FOUGHT BY TWO

British Airmen Engaged Ten Times Their Number and Destroyed Eight.

A despatch from the British Army in France, says:—One of the most daring and magnificent bits of work ever done by British battle planes was carried out this week, when two British machines fought twenty German scouts to a standstill, destroying eight of the enemy and forcing several others to abandon the conflict because they had been so badly shot up. The British machines returned safely from this extraordinary engagement, having abandoned their attack only when their ammunition became exhausted at the end of a holf-hour of whirlwind fighting with machine-guns.

The battle was staged last Tuesday evening, and these are the details of it which now come to hand:

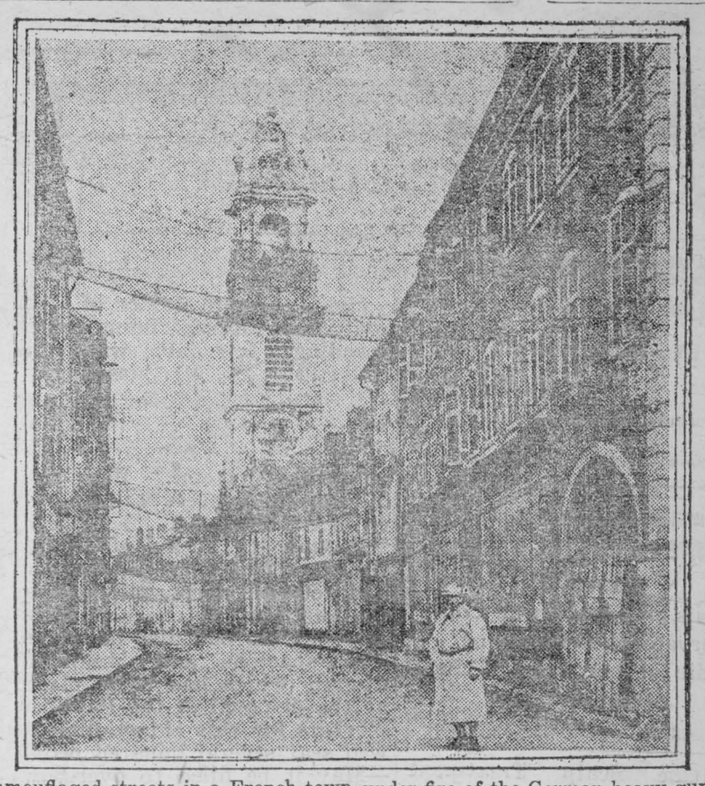
It was about sundown that two British battle planes, each with a pilot and observer, went wheeling across this part of the front in search of prey. They were well back of the enemy's line when they sighted seven German planes flying in formation.

The hardy Britishers didn't even pause to consider the odds against them, but turned the noses of the machines toward the enemy and raced in for the attack.

BRITISH CASUALTIES 40,004 FOR ONE WEEK

London, May 12.—British casualties officially published during the past week totalled 40,004. They were divided as follows:

	Killed.	Wounded.	Missing.	Total
Officers	577	1,630	368	2,576
Men	5,638	26,889	4,901	37,428
Totals	6,216	28,510	5,269	40,004



Camouflaged streets in a French town under fire of the German heavy guns.

ALLIES MAKE NOTABLE GAINS IN LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS IN FRANCE

British Repulse German Attempt to Secure Position North of Albert—French Are Now in Possession of Town Park at Grivesnes.

A despatch from London says: The French on Friday made a notable advance at Grivesnes, five miles northwest of Montdidier, where they took the park of the town, which had been in German hands for three weeks. Almost 300 Germans were taken prisoners. Along the front to the north, there were scattering engagements, notably at Aveluy Wood, north of Albert, where the contending armies are striving for strategic ground. Hostile artillery is active in the Vimy region. There were also small operations in the Kemmel hill front, south of Ypres.

A despatch from the British Army in France says: The operation by which the British regained in a counter-attack the small portion of trench north of Albert which the Germans had captured on Friday, while a small one, was important. The position in question lay on high ground which had been hotly contested ever since the Germans stormed their way into Albert.

The temporary success of the Germans cost them dearly, for they suffered heavy casualties from the rifle and machine-gun fire which was poured into them as they advanced up the slopes. The operation was undertaken at about daybreak and shortly afterward the enemy attempted to reach the British lines east of Bouzincourt about 2,000 yards to the north. Here also the British were holding defenses on the high ground, which the invaders coveted because its occupation to work from for another big attack.

The hostile artillery fire was very heavy on Thursday night south of Arras. The air services on both sides were very active throughout the day, as the conditions were ideal for observation. There was much bombing and many engagements were fought in the air.

ITALIANS WIN DOMINATING POSITION OF MONTE CORNO FROM AUSTRIANS

Brilliant Operation Resulting in Destruction of Elaborate System of Enemy Defences With Capture of War Material and Prisoners.

Italian Army Headquarters, May 12.—After a long period of inactivity, owing to weather conditions, Italian troops on the mountain front executed a brilliant operation Friday night, capturing the dominating position of Monte Corno, destroying an elaborate sysytem of enemy defences and taking of 100 prisoners, two guns, a number of machine-guns and much war material.

The action was in the Arsa Valley, which leads down from the Lagarina Valley, and is the main line of approach from Trent and Rovereto. It was here that the Austrians attempted to reach the Venetian Plain in the first great offensive. Recently they have erected powerful defences, with battery positions built in rock and electrically charged, and with a system of barbed wire entanglements.

The chief effect of the action is to dislodge the Autsrians from the dominating height in the centre of the main highway from the mountains and to give the Italians the advantage of that position, with the command it has over he heights and approaches. The result gives great satisfaction, especially as the victory was won on the very spot where Dr. Cesare Battisti, a deputy from Trent who went over to the Italians, and others of his heroic band were captured during the first offensive. Dr. Battisti was put to death by the Austrians on the charge of treason.

ROLL CALL OF LOSSES IN OSTEND RAID

London, May 12.—A Dover despatch says that the British casualties in the raid on Ostend were two officers and six men killed and two officers and and eight men missing, supposed to have been killed. Of these, two officers and eight men were on the Vindictive. Five officers and twenty-four men were wounded, of whom one officer and sixteen men were on the Vindictive.

BERLIN WARNS U-BOATS FROM BLOCKED REFUGES

London, May 12.—The Naval correspondent of the Times in discussing the attack against Ostend says that it is reported in Berlin that the German submarines have been warned by wireless not to return to Ostend or Zeebrugge and in returning to home waters to choose the route to the ports of the Heligoland Bight. From this report it is believed here that the entrances to Ostend and Zeebrugge have been blocked in the British raids.

OSTEND HARBOR PARTLY BLOCKED BY SINKING OF CONCRETE-FILLED CRUISER

Another Successful Raid by British Navy on U-Boat Base—Heavy Bombardment of Port Held by Germans.

A despatch from London says: The German submarine base of Ostend, on the Belgian coast, has been partially blocked as the result of a new raid by British naval forces in which the cruiser Vindictive, laden with concrete, was sunk at the entrance.

The Vindictive lies at an angle not effectively blockading the channel at Ostend, but serving a very useful purpose. A partial and very serious blockade has been achieved, and under the conditions of tide and silting prevailing, this obstruction will certainly tend to increase.

As on the former occasion, the operation to block Ostend harbor was under the direction of Admiral Keyes.

Some of the men who participated in the affair returned here on Friday. They say it was completely successful.

The firing which covered the sinking of the Vindictive began about 1 o'clock Friday morning and lasted until 3 o'clock. The bombardment was very heavy and could be heard at Dover.

The night was clear, with the stars shining brilliantly, but there was a haze over the sea.

The Vindictive came under a fierce fire from the German shore batteries. She was navigated close into the pier in fine style and sunk by an internal charge. The crew escaped in fast motor boats. Only the number of officers and men absolutely necessary were on board the ship on account of the danger of her total loss. These, on signal, swarmed up from the engine rooms and stoke holds and took their positions at stations so as to slide quickly into the motor boats. The small boats were under heavy gun fire all the time while they were transferring the crew to the waiting destroyers.

EXPECTED GERMAN OFFENSIVE MAY NOT BEGIN FOR A FORTNIGHT

Military Authorities of Opinion That the Enemy Has Met With Severe Repulse From Which Recovery Will Take Time.

A despatch from Paris says: Contrary to the belief expressed in despatches from correspondents with the French army, military authorities here do not believe that the next German offensive is as imminent as expected, and agree that the battle may not begin before a fortnight. Many reasons contribute to this delay, the foremost of which is the fact that so severe has been the repulse of the last week, especially on the days of the 29th and 30th, that sufficient time must elapse before the enemy can be able to fill in and reorganize his divisions. On the other hand, allied aviators are working such havoc in the enemy's lines that he is finding it extremely difficult to carry out concentrations. From high military authority it is understood the allies would be willing to give up Ypres if the enemy was willing to pay to the extent of about 20,000 men for it, and at that would be a good bargain, as tactically Ypres is worth less than 10,000. This authority expressed the belief that in the coming offensive aviation may play the most important role in the whole field of war. The allies are now much superior in the air than the enemy. It has been established recently that the German airplane production averaged from 1,800 to 2,000 machines. While it is not permitted to give the figures of the French and English output, it is not exaggerating to estimate it at more than double, and daily increasing. It is hoped that the allies will be able to give a demonstration of their superiority in the air before many months.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales May 18
Morrisburg, May 20 to June 1st

CLAIRE SUMMERS, A.T.C.M.
PIANO
Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations
Studio at her home, Main Street, West,

Scientific Scalp Treatment and shampooing given at Mrs. Mouthrop's, opposite the Presbyterian Church.

Inspector, Col. Gillespie of Kingston, inspector of Cadet Corps, made a local insnection on Wednesday. The Cadets, only thirteen in number, after having been through several drills, were addressed by the Colonel, who expressed himself as well pleased, although lacking in numbers, which was, he said, inevitable owing to the increasing demand for boys to work on the farms.

There will be no service in Knox Church on Sunday May 19th.

Spring Bedding Plants of every description, for sale at A. J. Harrison's, Florist.

On Sunday last Mrs. James Fox received official notice from the director of records at Ottawa that her son, Pte. Harry Fox was admitted on May 5th. to the Stationary Hospital Roven with a gun-shot wound in the left arm. Harry went over with the 28th Northwest Battalion in March, 1916. This is the third wound he has received. He was only a short time back on the firing line, having left England on March 25th.

For Sale—Cabbage, Cauliflower, Celery and Pepper plants, at F. W. Herbick's.

A deputation of farmers, numbering about 5000, including a goodly number from this district, waited on the Government on Tuesday to protest against the drafting of farmers' sons. As a result, it is understood that certain provisions may be made for exemptions in cases where a farmer owns a large farm and is alone to work it.

Very high prices will soon be asked for English Squares, Linoleums and Oil Cloths. We have still a big assortment at 1915 prices.—D. C. Bush.

The body of a Russian, apparently named Gluck from papers found on the clothing, was picked up by a train crew west of Iroquois and brought to Brockville on Sunday. At the request of the Coroner it was returned to Iroquois where an inquest was held.

The biggest fish probably ever caught in the Niagara River bumped into the racks of the intake of the Toronto Power Company's plant. It was a sturgeon measuring 6 feet 7 inches in length and weighing 170 lbs. When opened it had ten quarts of eggs in it.

Kayser's famous Silk Gloves—tips guaranteed to outwear the Gloves—Black and White. All sizes.—D. C. Bush.

At a recent meeting of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows, Mr. W. J. Fetterly was appointed representative to attend Grand Lodge meeting of the Order to be held at Hamilton in June, 1918.

Word has been received from the Militia Department at Ottawa that Corporal Ed. P. Smith was admitted to No. 7 casualty clearing station April 26th., with a multiple gun shot wound in the arm. This is the second time Eddie has been hit. His many friends in town will hope his wound is not serious.

Rev. Father Collins of St. Anthony's Church, Brooklyn, N.Y., was a visitor at St. Mary's Rectory for a few days last week.

Bush's advertising claims are always substantiated. Try him for stylish, dependable and reasonably priced goods.

Mrs. C. S. Aults of Aultsville was in town on Saturday.

Mrs. F. Errington of New York was the guest of Mrs. F. R. Chalmers for a few days last week.

The tug "Muscollonge" passed through here last Thursday on her way to the Lakes where she will be engaged for the summer. Among the staff are two of our townsmen, Messrs. Geo. Fitzpatrick and H. Hartell.

Mr. J. Smyth Carter of Toronto has returned home after spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. N. M. Casselman.

Vases, Hanging Baskets and Boxes filled to your satisfaction, at A. J. Harrison's, Florist.

On Friday evening, May 24th a Patriotic concert will be given in St. Peter's E. L. Church, Williamsburg in aid of the Red Cross. Dr. Jno. Robertson, and returned men, will address the audience. An excellent musical program will also be given. The spacious and beautiful Church which has been placed at the disposal of the Patriotic Workers for this entertainment, will seat several hundred people—May it be filled to over-flowing! Admission 25 cents.

For Sale—Seven thousand Aster Plants, choice varieties, at F. W. Herbick's.

Among the people from out-of-town present at the Philharmonic Concert, we noticed Dr. Cavanagh, Dr. Weaver and Prof. Leslie of Cornwall; also Mr. and Mrs. Albert Whitney of Prescott who came down with their daughter Mrs. Marion Whitney Warfield. They were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Allison. They left the following morning for Montreal.

Miss Ida Merkley and Mrs. J. T. Jarvis were in Cornwall on Wednesday afternoon.

For Sale—five thousand Transplanted Tomato Plants at F. W. Herbick's.

Our Ice Cream Parlor is now open for the Season. Neilson's Ice Cream and Ice Cream Soda; also a 5, 10, 15 & 25 cent Counter in connection—A. J. Wood.

A Blue Bird Photo Drama in five parts, by Edwin Stevens, entitled "The Honor of Mary Blake," with Violet Mersereau, will be shown at the Star Theatre next Tuesday and Wednesday the 21st and 22nd. Don't fail to see this popular picture—Prices 10 and 15c.

Vegetable Plants of all kinds for sale at A. J. Harrison's

The marriage took place on April 13th., 1918, at the Old Town Church, Eastbourne, of Private Charles Gerald Tredinnick, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, 6th. son of Mr. and Mrs. Tredinnick, of Point Villa, Hayle, Cornwall, England, to Janie, only daughter of Lieut. E. J. Couch, D.S.C., R.N.R., of Ferncliffe, Hayle, Cornwall, England. Private Tredinnick is a brother of Rev. George O. Tredinnick of Dundela, Ont.

The Leader Mail, Granby.—"The Rev. A. J. H. and Mrs. Strike received on Saturday last two registered parcels, one containing the diploma and the other the medal which was won on the battle fields of France by their eldest son, W. Ross Strike, being mentioned for conspicious bravery and conscientious performance of duty in the presence of danger, notably on June 2nd. and June 6th. 1916 at Ypres Salient, at the Somme on September 13th and and October 6th., 1916, and at Vimy Ridge on April 10th. and 15th., 1917. The diploma is very attractive, giving in detail by whom the medal was presented and to whom, and the reasons for such a gift being made. The medal is very neat and very beautiful, enclosed in a leather case lined with plush and white satin. Mr. and Mrs. Strike are to be congratulated on coming into possession of such a trophy which will be treasured as a priceless memento of their part in the Great War.

Everything in Silks, Duchess, Pailette, Taffeta, Habatai, Poplin, Crepe de Chene, and Georgettes, away below present market prices. Send for Samples.—D. C. Bush.

The several societies of St. Paul's Lutheran Church will hold a food sale in Mr. Meikle's Carpet and Paint Store, Saturday, May 18th. Sale to commence at 2 p.m. Afternoon tea served from three-thirty to six.

We regret to learn of the serious illness of Mr. C. A. Duprau, who is undergoing treatment in the hospital, Montreal.

Mrs. J. S. Hickey is spending a few days with friends in town

The Store for Corset Satisfaction. We have the exclusive sale of the four most popular lines in the trade—Nemo, Coilene, Bias-filled, and D. & A. —D. C. Bush.

Mr. J. Brodie and family of Montreal have taken up their residence here for the Summer.

Mrs. B. A. Herring Misses Jane Dillen and Annie Hummell were in Ottawa this week as delegates attending a meeting of the Women's and Girls' Auxiliary of the Church of England.

Mrs. John H. Loucks left on Tuesday for Canton, Ohio, where she will spend a couple of weeks with her son, Ora.

Mr. Harry Garlough of Toronto, spent the week-end with his father, Mr. J. S. Garlough.

The Morrisburg Horticultural Society Have Arranged for the Following Competitive Classes

1. Best vegetable garden, open to all who cultivate their own garden.
Neatness, general appearance and variety considered.

BASIS OF JUDGING

Market value of crop	50 points
Variety and quality	30 points
Neatness and general appearance	20 "

WAR-TIME GARDEN COMPETITION

2. A special class arranged in order to encourage the growing of Vegetables in small gardens for home use, by persons never having made gardens before, and to be cared for entirely by members of the family entering such for competition
Basis for judging not decided.

3. Most artistically arranged garden—floral and vegetable.

4. Best arrangement of vines, plants and shrubs on lawn as seen from the street.

5. Best perennial flower border.

6. Best verandah box 5 ft or more in length.

7. Best window box.

Officers and Directors of the Society barred from these competitions.

Entries to these competitions free and to be handed to the Hon. Secretary Mr. Morrison not later than June 1st.

Cash premiums will be given and a list of these will be published next week.

People Who See Well

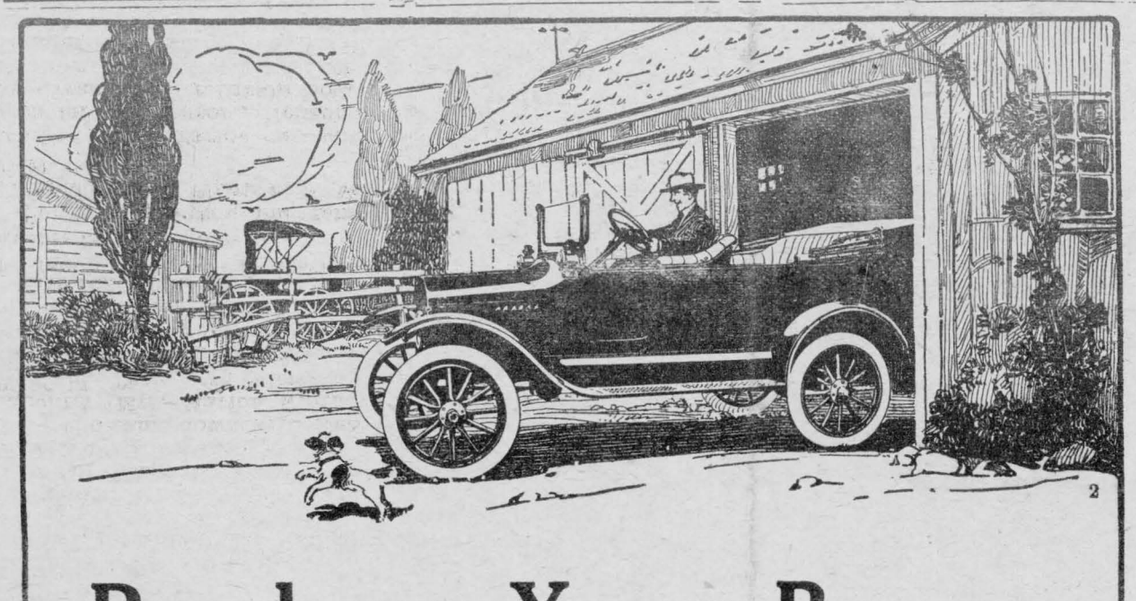
Believe, naturally enough, that they have normal vision, and do not require glasses. But it doesn't necessarily follow at all.

Many people of strong physique often can, and do, overcome a considerable error of vision because of their excess energy. They argue that inasmuch as they see perfectly of what use would glasses be to them? But when they fall ill, or get even a little below par physically, their optical defects are often revealed. Glasses are then secured with happy results.

You can't know—Y O U can't know—whether your eyes are or are not a drain upon your nervous system until you have them examined.

Always at your service for your Eye welfare

J. M. WHITTEKER,
Photographer & Optometrist
Morrisburg, - Ont.



Replace Your Buggy With a Ford

MORE than 100,000 Fords are owned by people in Canada in preference to the old horse-drawn buggy and other makes of cars.

Your neighbors, and farmers in every section of the Dominion are abandoning their old buggies—selling their driving horses and buying Fords.

Ford cars are utility cars. They are built to endure the strain of constant daily use over rough roads.

These are the tests every farmer gives his car. The Ford meets them in a satisfactory manner. It is the farmer's car, so why not replace *your* horse and buggy with a Ford?

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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout	$575
Touring	$595
Coupe	$770
Sedan	$970
Chassis	$535
One-ton Truck	$750

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94 BRANCHES IN CANADA

Capital Paid Up - $4,000,000
Rest - - $4,750,000

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Made in thirteen colors and natural wood color, and put up in convenient packages from ½ pints to gallons.

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