The Leader

XXIII, No. 6 MORRISBURG, ONT. FRIDAY, FEB. 1, 1924

THE UNITED FARMERS CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY LIMITED — HEAD OFFICE TORONTO, ONT.

Put in Your Supply of Feed Now

Every year there comes a time when it is best to buy a supply of feed for the winter and spring months. Last year Mill Feeds and Corn were cheaper in November and December. This year prices were comparatively high and everyone looked for lower prices. However, it is now time when we can safely conclude that Mill Feeds will not be any cheaper and there is a possibility of them being higher. The corn and oat market has advanced and may be high for some time.

We would strongly advise buying Winter supply of mill feeds and flour now. The market has already advanced $1.00 per ton.

We quote while our present stock lasts:—

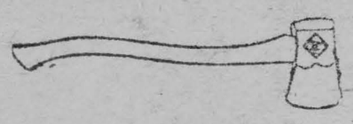
Bran, per cwt.	$1.45
Shorts, per cwt	1.60
Middlings	2.00
Feed Flour	2.15
Sampson	1.75
Monarch Hog Feed	2.10
Gluten	2.20
Oilcake	2.65
Screenings	1.40
Corn	1.90
Oats	1.80
Barley Meal	1.85
Purina Hen Chow	2.65
Purina Laying Mash	3.40
Cow Chow	2.65
Beef Meal	5.00
Cream of West	3.40
Potatoes per bag	1.75

Do not forget $1.00 discount on ton lots cash. These prices are good for Morrisburg, Iroquois and Aultsville.

THE UNITED FARMERS CO-OPERATIVE CO. LIMITED
MORRISBURG, ONT.

Special Sale
POTATO POTS

These are eight quarts, high grade, first quality Colonial Seamless Enamel Potato Pots, with lock handle; never slip tin cover; strainer spout. A limited quantity only for sale at 98c



Chopping Axes

A splendid line of Axes, all weights and prices also nice line of handled axes for men and boys, ready to work with. These axes will satisfy "The hard to please fellow both in quality and price.

We have a few pair of Hockey Skates and Boots left that we are selling at cost in order to clear out the balance of stock. THESE BARGAINS YOU SHOULD NOT MISS.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.
THE HARDWARE STORE—OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

ENTRANCE EXAMINATIONS LATER THIS YEAR

The announcement of the dates of High, Middle and Upper School entrance examinations, just made public, come as a surprise from one point of view as they are later in the year than has been the practice in the past. Up until the present all these examinations have been completed before the end of June, but according to present arrangements the examinations this year run well into July.

The dates are as follows:

High School Entrance, July 2nd 3rd and 4th.

Model School Entrance July 2nd 3rd and 4th.

Middle School June 23rd.

Upper School June 23rd.

WITH THE CURLERS

The following teams have been drawn for the Cup Games. The ice was never in better shape and some good games are looked for.

Team No. 1—

Burgess, M. J. Casselman, Father Meagher, H. Winstanley.

No 2—

Rev. Lawson, Clinton Fetterly, F. H Broder, I. Hilliard.

No. 3—

Joe Tevan, Dr. Clayton, G. Casselman, Dr. Gorrell.

No 4—

J. H. Meikle, H. E. Paull, S. G Finnie, Geo. Merkley.

No 5—

R Link, W. Roach, H. Willard, Chas. Marsh.

No 6—

E. Dalton, B.A., R. Fetterly, Fred Meikle, F. R. Chalmers.

No 7—

E. McMartin, Geo. Challies, Geo. Tracey, Jno. Suffell.

No 8—

F Hayunga, Chas. Hummell, Wm. Baker, John Harback.

No. 9—

A. E. Springstead, F. A. Wiggins, Wm Fisher, F. S. Broder.

This Week's Schedule—

Date	East ice.	West ice
Mon. 4th	1—2	4—5
Tues. 5th	7—8	——
Wed. 6th	3—6	1—9
Thurs 7th	5—2	——
Fri. 8th.	4—8	——
Sat. 9th.	——	3—7
Mon. 11th	9—2	6—4

If for any reason a game must be postponed, skips will please arrange to play on one of the open dates.

COTTAGE OWNERS WILL NOT BE AFFECTED BY LAKE LEVELS

Assurance was given by Fred Gaby, chief engineer of the Hydro-Electric Commission, that there was no cause for anxiety on the part of owners of summer cottages along the shores or on islands in Lake Ontario as to any ill effects following the construction of the propesed power and navigation dam at Morrisburg, by means of which the lake level would be raised two feet

Edwards Cousins, consulting engineer of the Toronto Harbor Commission, pointed out that the dam would perform a very valuable service by regulating the flow. At present lake levels fluctuate five feet between high and low extremes. With the dam working the fluctuation may be reduced to four or six inches.

WEATHER RECORD

The following weather record for the week end, which comes from a reliable source, was handed to us for publication.

January 26th, 1924, morning, 18 below; evening, 22 below; January 27th, morning 34 below; evening 25 below.

AUCTION SALE

Having rented my farm, I, the undersigned, will sell by Public Auction, on my premises, West ½ Lot 21, 1st Concession Williamsburg, Wednesday, February 13th, 1924, commencing at one o'clock,

Three heavy horses, one driving horse, 13 grade Holstein cows, two pure-bred Holstein cows, two 2 year old heifers, five yearling heifers, one 3-year old bull, three Brood sows, 100 hens; One Deering Mowing machine, One spring tooth cultivator one roller; lumber wagon, milk wagon, two buggies, one cutter, one one punt, two 40-gallon steel drums, two 30-gallon milk cans, one fanning mill, set single harness, set double harness, cream seperator, Stewart horse and sheep clippers, about 20 tons of hay.

Household effects—

Piano, kitchen range, large heater, kitchen table, sideboards, beds mattresses and springs, Hammock, rocking chairs, dishes, etc.

Terms of sale—$10 and under cash over that amount, 9 months' credit on furnishing approved joint notes or 4 per cent off for cash

HAROLD WILLARD, Prop.
Thos. Irving, Auctioneer.
ad

FIND INFANT'S BODY IN DRAWER IN NURSE'S ROOM

The finding of a badly decomposed body of an infant child in a chest of drawers in a nurse's room in one of the cottages, on the female side of the Ontario Hospital, Brockville, led to the opening of an inquest before Dr. W. E. Harding, coroner. The room, which had been vacant since January 2nd, was occupied on Thursday of last week by a young woman who joined the staff that day She found difficulty in sleeping and in the morning complained to the officials of an unpleasant odor. Subsequent investigation led to the finding of the body in a locked portion of the cabinet. The body was flattened out as if trampled upon. Investigation revealed a piece of rag around it, as if the child had been strangled, and an other piece of rag was around the mouth. Doctors examined the body, but could not determine the sex owing to its condition.

JUNIOR RED CROSS

At the meeting of the "Progress Club" on Friday afternoon, January 11th, the program consisted of an address by Mr. Miles Whitteker. By means of a chart, blackboard illustrations, and samples of lenses, Mr Whitteker put before the members of the club the chief defects of the eye and their remedies, besides offering excellent advice on the care of the eyes.

Although the lecture lasted an hour there was not the least flogging of interest at any time. It is in this way, and by the members' own personal efforts, that the health game overtops in beneficial effect the ordinary school method of teaching hygiene. Mr. Whitteker surely understood that his address was a treat for the vote of thanks and the enthusiastic ovation which greeted his close showed the hearty appreciation of every member present

The regular meeting of the Progress Club was held in Room "B" of the Public School on Friday, Jan. 25th, at 3 p.m. Owing to the confinement of the president, Clinton Weegar, through a serious accident, the vice-president, Harold Killins, occupied the chair.

The minutes were read and the program began. Topics and speakers followed each other in the following order: How to Test the Eyes, Ruth Weston; Eyesight and Health, Hugh Shennett; Care of the Eyes, Max Crawley; Lighting, Rosie Stitt; Physical Defects of the Eyes, Charles Stansfield; Good Lighting necessary to Health, Ruth Coir; Electric Shock, Marguerite Priest; Washing, Pauline Rozon; Scurvey, Homer Janack; The "Flu", Henry Rohrig. Many of these speeches came as a valuable supplement to Mr. Whitteker's lecture on the eye two weeks ago

Reports of the various committees show that personal cleanliness is not declining, and that rays of sun shine are being reflected into dark corners. Merit badges were awarded to those members who have been perfect pupils for the past week.

TILL THE SUN SHINES THROUGH

(By Mrs. Brigadier Arnold)

At the dawning of the morning
Seemed a dreary day ahead,
For the atmosphere was foggy—
One, we usually dread,
And the sky was gray and gloomy,
Of a sad and somber hue.
Seemed the gladsome golden sunbeams
Never would shine through.

As I watched the darkening shadows
Gathered o'er the misty way,
Thus I queried, "There's a lesson
God would teach his child to-day,
And whatever be the weather
There is one thing I must do—
Work and pray and keep believing
Till the sun shines through.

So I ceased my idle dreaming
For the task the day had brought;
Suddenly the room was brighter,
Seemed my eyes a flashlight caught.
Looking upward I beheld it
Peeping through a frame of blue.
Lo! a sullen cloudlet smiling
Let the sun shine through.

And the little cloud kept smiling,
Though the rest around were sad,
It revealed so many blessings
That I didn't know I had.
Soon the clouds were all dispersing,
And my heart was cheered anew
When they, altogether smiling
Let the sun shine through.

So whatever be our trials,
And whatever be our care,
And whatever be the crosses
We are called upon to bear
Let us trust in God forever.
And our daily task pursue,
Smiling when the shadows deepen
Till the sun shines through.

After all, we must remember
Clouds are only passing things;
God has filled the earth with sunshine,
And our daily light it brings.
Let us bow in true submission,
And our faith in Him renew.
Till dark skies break forth in splendor,
And the sun shines through.



Easier to Operate The New McLaughlin-Buick

Every motorist will appreciate the advantages of the new, completely automatic oiling system of the 1924 McLaughlin-Buick "Master Six" engine. Every part is lubricated at all times without any attention other than keeping the crank case supplied. Push rods, rocker arms, crank shaft, timing gears, are all perfectly oiled and require a minimum of care from the driver.

From radiator to tail light the new "Master Sixes" are new cars.

More powerful engine—new and longer chassis—new body—four-wheel brakes. Yet underlying all these improvments are the proved McLaughlin-Buick engineering principles—principles famous throughout the Dominion and responsible for McLaughlin-Buick's enviable position as "Canada's Standard Car."

B2816

W. H. Fetterly, Morrisburg, Ont.

Watch Our Windows
50 Cents & $1.00

W. SHENNETT
"My Valet"
MORRISBURG - BOX 5
CLEANER and PRESSER

DOMINION GOVERNMENT BONDS FOR SALE

20 Years, 5 per cent. Sale price 98 1-4c.

No charge for purchasing.

ARTHUR FLYNN - - - Morrisburg, Ont.

INCORPORATED 1855
Capital and Reserve $9,000,000
Over 125 Branches

THE MOLSONS BANK

Farmers will secure sympathetic banking service at any of our branches.

Careful attention to the needs of Canada's Agricultural interests has always been a feature of The Molsons Bank.

Savings Departments at every Branch.
Deposits of $1.00 and upwards invited.

A-932

Morrisburg Branch ..... H. E. PAULL, Manager
Williamsburg Branch ..... W. B. COLES, Manager
Aultsville Branch ..... G. M. WHITNEY, Manager

Particular People

choose

"SALADA"

TEA H515

The most delicious blend procurable.

Woman of To-Day

ON "THE CUP THAT CHEERS."

There is black tea and green tea—do you know why? The black leaves have been fermented and are milder, the tannin is changed and made less soluble, so you get less of the bitter principal in your beverage; and then the leaves must be carefully fired or exposed to the sun, to check the fermentation, and the heat must be just right, so as to remove the moisture but not drive off the volatile oils.

All along the line, from the hand picking by women and children, the curing, the shipping and the blending, your tea calls for delicacy, care and judgment. That is the reason it is such a culinary crime to abuse it when it is handed over to you for the final making and serving.

The Raw Material—The little green leaves of the first harvest are the finest, picked in April in China and Japan they spell delicacy; successive pickings give somewhat lower quality. In Ceylon, where many of your best known brands originate, tea-picking goes on the year round at ten-day intervals. The tea from different "gardens," as tea plantations are picturesquely called, varies in character, so you see that you must trust your tea merchant for the careful blending of the final product. Adventure till you find what suits your taste and stick to it. The blending of teas calls for experts along the line, and "tea tasters" must have all the skill, and more, of the connoisseur of fine vintages, to produce a product of even quality and the same characteristics from the varying teas received.

"Orange pekoe" is a general quality designation, not a kind of tea, and alone is not enough to designate the sort of tea you may like best. Flowery pekoe, orange pekoe, and just pekoe, mean the three smallest leaves from the top of the plant, size and quality varying in the order named. But teas also vary according to climate, the time of picking, the curing, and with the altitude at which they are grown. Like humans, the plants that grow on the heights have the best character!

The Finished Beverage—In the making there are just three essentials, very simple ones and easy to attain, and too often they are all neglected. First have freshly boiled water, a jumping boil; watch the tea-kettle as a cat watches a mouse hole and when it "surges wildly" as the Orientals say, jump for it!

Second, use an earthenware, porcelain or china pot—not metal, and preheat it by rinsing in hot water.

Third, pour on the water (one cup to each teaspoon of tea let it steep not less than three nor more than five minutes. Tea that steeps too long or boils (horrible thought!) is a tannin stew of bitterness and unwholesomeness that one dislikes to contemplate. Its fragrance is gone, its delicacy has fled, and the whole party is completely spoiled, for either health or pleasure.

KEEPING BABY WARM.

In severe weather every mother knows that it is extremely difficult to keep the baby's hands from pushing down the covers and getting almost blue with the cold. We can put stockings on his feet or let him wear the little sleepers with feet in them and thus protect his lower limbs, but those lively pink fingers are a problem. A very simple solution for this is to take his old white cotton stockings, which he will not wear in cold weather and which would very likely be too small for him next summer, cut out the feet and stitch across firmly on the machine. These make nice elastic mittens that can be pulled up over his hands and pinned to his sleeves in such a way that he cannot pull them off. Then mother will not shiver and refer to his fingers as icicles when morning comes.

Where a house is not heated by a furnace it is often a good idea to have the baby wear a little nightcap, as his little bald head is apt to get very cold and there is sometimes danger of ear troubles on this account. A very young baby is more comfortable in a basket than in any crib with open bars, for the reason that no drafts can get in from the sides as is the case with the cribs. A clothes basket is the most convenient kind of basket to use if the baby's outfit does not include a regular bassinet.

APPLE LOLLIPOPS.

When children tire of the customary and wholesome apple which forms a part of the noontime lunch, give them a delightful surprise by putting in a candy-coated one.

Make a syrup of one pound of granulated sugar, one tablespoonful of vinegar and two cupfuls of water. Boil this till it spins a thread, but do not stir or it will get sugary. Add a little red cake coloring if you have it on hand. Insert thin sticks about four inches long in the stem ends of bright red apples. Next dip the apples into the hot syrup, holding them by the sticks; then set them on waxed paper to cool. You have transformed common apples into lollipops, which will make an instant appeal to the imagination and palate.

If yellow apples are used drop a bit of butter color into the syrup and pretty golden glazed apples will be the result.

TRY A LEMON.

An astringent that I have found entirely satisfactory is leman juice. It also has a slightly whitening effect. Cut a lemon in half and rub the cut end over the face, massaging gently with an upward motion for the special benefit of sagging muscles. An application a week is really enough for the average skin, as it causes a general tightening of the tissues, and using oftener than this might be unpleasant. —J. W.

A SERVICEABLE HOUSE DRESS



4554. Here is a good style for the slender or stout figure. A good model for a maid's or nurses's uniform, and one that is suitable for any of the materials now in vogue for morning dresses.

The Pattern is cut in 7 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 7⅜ yards of 27 inch material. The width at the foot is 2 yards.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver by the Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

Merely Prevention.

Willie was under orders never to go in swimming. And mother meant to see that he obeyed. So one day she became suspicious.

"Willie, your clothes are wet," she said. "You have been in the water again."

"Yes, mother; I went in to save Charlie Jones."

"My noble darling! Did you jump in after him?"

"No, mother. I jumped in first so as to be there when he fell in."

Five thousand acres of essence-yielding flowers are under cultivation in Grasse, France.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

Do Not SUFFER or Loose Your TEETH

SOHRGUM Paste

will positively remove all soreness and infection, rendering the gums firm and healthy, correcting bleeding gums and a bad breath. Mail sixty cents to SOHRGUM Laboratory, Box 445, Toronto, for trial. Money refunded if not satisfied.

ISSUE No. 4—'24.

Tangled Trails

-BY WILLIAM MACLEOD RAINE

(Copyright Thomas Allen).

CHAPTER XVIII.—(Cont'd.)

It was on the way back from Golden while he was being rushed through the golden fields of summer, that suspicion of his cousin hit Kirby like a blow in the face. Facts began to marshal themselves in his mind, an irresistible phalanx of them. James was the only man except his brother, who benefited greatly by the death of his uncle. Not only was this true; the land promoter had to die *soon* to help James, just how soon Kirby meant to find out. Phyllis and a companion had been in the victim's apartment either at the time of his death or immediately afterward. That companion *might have been James and not Jack.* James had lost the sheets with the writing left by the Japanese valet Horikawa. The rage he had vented on his clerk might easily have been a blind. When James knew he was going to Golden to look up the marriage register, he had at once tried to forestall him by destroying the information.

Kirby tried to fight off his suspicions. He wanted to believe in his cousin. In his own way he had been kind to him. He had gone on his bond to keep him out of prison after he had tried to conceal the fact of his existence at the coroner's inquest. But doubts began to gnaw at the Wyoming man's confidence in him. Had James befriended him merely to be in a position to keep closer tab on anything he discovered? Had he wanted to be close enough to throw him off the track with the wrong suggestions?

The young cattleman was ashamed of himself for his doubts. But he could not down them. His discovery of the marriage changed the situation. It put his cousin James definitely into the list of the suspects.

As soon as he reached town he called at the law offices of Irwin, Foster & Warren. The member of the firm he wanted to see was in.

"I've been to Golden, Mr. Foster," he said, when he was alone with that gentleman. "Now I want to ask you a question."

The lawyer looked at him, smiling warily. Both of the James Cunninghams had been clients of his.

"I make my living giving legal advice," he said.

"I don't want legal advice just now," Kirby answered. "I want to ask you if you know whether my uncle knew that James and Miss Harriman were married."

Foster looked out of the window and drummed with his finger-tips on the desk. "Yes," he said at last.

"He knew?"

"Yes."

"Do you know when he found out?"

"I can answer that, too. He found out on the evening of the twenty-first—two days before his death. I told him—after dinner at the City Club."

"You had just found it out yourself?"

"That afternoon."

"How did you decide that the James Cunningham mentioned in the license you saw was the younger one?"

"By the age given."

"How did my uncle take the news when you told him?"

"He took it standing," the lawyer said. "Didn't make any fuss, but looked like the Day of Judgment for the man who had betrayed him."

"What did he do?"

"Wrote a note and called for a messenger to deliver it."

"Who to?" Kirby asked colloquially.

"I don't know. Probably the company has a record of all calls. If so, you can find the boy who delivered the message."

"I'll get busy right away."

Foster hesitated, then volunteered another piece of information. "I don't suppose you know that your uncle sent for me next day and told me to draft a new will for him and get it ready for his signature."

"Did you do it?"

"Yes. I handed it to him the afternoon of the day he was killed. It was found unsigned among his papers after his death. The old will still stands."

"Leaving the property to James and Jack?"

"Yes."

"And the new will?"

"Except for some bequests and ten thousand for a fountain at the city park, the whole fortune was to go to Jack."

"So that if he had lived twenty-four hours longer James would have been disinherited."

Foster looked at him out of eyes that told nothing of what he was thinking. "That's the situation exactly."

Kirby made no further comment, nor did the lawyer.

Within two hours the man from Twin Buttes had talked with the messenger boy, refreshed his memory with a tip, and learned that the message Cunningham had sent from the City Club had been addressed to his nephew Jack.

CHAPTER XXIX.

"COME CLEAN, JACK."

Jack Cunningham, co-heir with James of his uncle's estate, was busy in the office he had inherited settling up one of the hundred details that had been left at loose ends by the promoter's sudden death. He looked up at the entrance of Lane.

"What do you want?" he asked sharply.

"Want a talk with you."

"Well, I don't care to talk with you. What are you doing here anyhow. I told the boy to tell you I was too busy to see you."

"That's what he said," Kirby opened his slow, whimsical smile on Jack. "But I'm right busy, too. So I brushed him aside an' walked in."

In dealing with this forceful cousin of his, Jack had long since lost his indolent insolence of manner. "You can walk out again, then. I'll not talk," he snapped.

Kirby drew up a chair and seated himself. "When Uncle James sent a messenger for you to come to his rooms at once on the evening of the twenty-first, what did he want to tell you?" The steady eyes of the cattleman bored straight into those of Cunningham.

"Who said he sent a messenger for me?"

"It doesn't matter who just now. There are two witnesses. What did he want?"

"That's *my* business."

"So you say. I'm beginnin' to wonder if it isn't the business of the State of Colorado, too."

"What do you mean?"

"I mean that Uncle sent for you because he had just found out your brother and Miss Harriman were married."

Jack flashed a startled look at him. It seemed to him his cousin showed an uncanny knowledge at times. "You think so."

"He wanted to tell you that he was goin' to cut your brother out of his will an' leave you sole heir. An' he wanted you to let James know it right away."

Kirby was guessing, but he judged he had scored. Jack got up and began to pace the room. He was plainly agitated.

"Look here. Why don't you go back to Wyoming and mind your own business? You're not in this. It's none of your affair. What are you staying here for hounding the life out of James and me?"

"None of my business! That's good, Jack. An' me out on bond charged with the murder of Uncle James. I'd say it was quite some of my business. I'm gonna stick to the job. Make up your mind to that."

"Then leave us alone," retorted Jack irritably. "You act as though you thought we were a pair of murderers."

"If you have nothin' to conceal, why do you block my way? Why aren't you frank an' open? Why did you steal that record at Golden? Why did James lose the Jap's confession—if it was a confession? Why did he get Miss McLean to disappear? Answer those questions to my satisfaction before you talk about me buttin' in with suspicions against you."

Jack slammed a fist down on the corner of the desk. 'I'm not going to answer any questions! I'll say you've got a nerve! You're the man charged with this crime—the man that's liable to be tried for it. You've got a rope round your neck right this minute—and you go around high and mighty trying to throw suspicion on men that there's no evidence against."

"You said you had a quarrel with your uncle that night—no, I believe you called it a difference of opinion, at the inquest. What was that disagreement about?"

"Find out! I'll never tell you."

"Was it because you tried to defend James to him—tried to get him to forgive the treachery of his fiancee and his nephew?"

Again Jack shot at him a look of perplexed and baffled wonder. That brown, indominatble face, back of which was so much strength of purpose and so much keenness of apprehension, began to fill him with alarm. This man let no obstacles stop him. He would go on till he had uncovered the whole tangle they were trying to keep hidden.

"For God's sake, man, stop this snooping around! You'll get off. We'll back you. There's nowhere nearly enough evidence to convict you. Let it go at that," implored Jack.

"I can't do that. I've got to clear my name. Do you think I'm willin' to go back to my friends with a Scotch verdict hangin' over me? 'He did it, but we haven't evidence enough to prove it.' Come clean, Jack! Are you and James in this thing? Is that why you want me to drop my investigations?"

"No, of course we're not! But—damn it, do you think we want the name of my brother's wife dragged through the mud?"

"Why should it be dragged through the mud—if you're all innocent?"

"Because gossips cackle—and people never forget. If there was some evidence against her and against James—no matter how little—twenty years from now people would still whisper that they had killed his uncle for the fortune, though it couldn't be proved. You know that."

"Just as they're goin' to whisper about Rose McLean if I don't clear things up. No, Jack. You've got the wrong idea. What we want to do is for us all to jump in an' find the man who did it. Then all gossip against us stops."

(To be Continued.)

Is this the best Bovril Poster?



A cup of hot Bovril bridges the gap between meals.

The Little House.

So tiny seemed the little house,
Scarce room for bed and board;
Yet here were love and happiness
In heaping measure poured.
But now too large the little house,
For one has gone away,
And through the high and empty rooms
The joyless echoes stray.
Still ever round the little house
The sweetest memories cling
Of laughing face and dancing feet,
That made our hearts to sing.
Oh, Father, keep the little house;
Bring balm and tender care;
May smiles again of happiness
In Thy good time be there.

—E. Lillian Morley.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

Under the Moscow Government marriage in Siberia is only a matter of taking out a license to wed; divorce is equally easy.

A wise man will make more opportunities than he finds.—Bacon.

WOMEN CAN DYE ANY GARMENT, DRAPERY

Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 cents.

Diamond Dyes

Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect home dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.

NURSES

The Toronto Hospital for Incurables, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York City, offers a three years' Course of Training to young women, having the required education, and desirous of becoming nurses. This Hospital has adopted the eight-hour system. The pupils receive uniforms of the School, a monthly allowance and travelling expenses to and from New York. For further information apply to the Superintendent.

Next Best Thing.

"Can you speak French?" asked the manager.

The applicant for a job seemed nonplussed. Then she brightened up.

"Not exactly," she explained, "but I'm engagd to a young man who's a French polisher."

Only a watch repairer can keep his eye on a timepiece and still tend to business.

The average temperature of the human body is 98.5 degrees Fahrenheit.

For Invalids

Delicious, strengthening beef-tea and dozens of other tasty and nourishing dishes may be easily and quickly prepared with

OXO CUBES

In tins of 4, 10, 50 and 100.

EDDY'S MATCHES

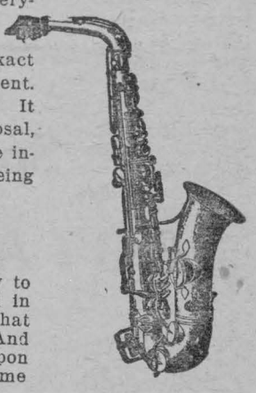
CANADIAN ALL THROUGH -since 1851

What Is YOUR Favorite Instrument

Violin, Mandolin, Cornet, Saxophone, Banjo?

Haven't you wished you had one of these instruments of your own? Nearly everyone has.





See our new catalog. It contains exact reproductions of every home instrument. It makes a special free trial offer. It contains a startling easy-term proposal, which will enable anyone to enjoy the instrument of his choice while it is being paid for.

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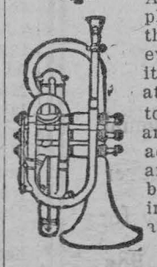
A complete course of lessons on how to play each instrument is also outlined in this novel catalog. It shows just what every music-lover wants to know. And it's free to those who send in this coupon at once. Just tear it out, sign your name to it and slip it in an envelope to-day addressed to us, and the complete book will arrive in your mail right away.



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Send me your new book, "Musical Instruments of Quality," entirely without obligation or expense to me.

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Ask the Canadian Pacific about Canada

Order Your Farm Help Now

IN VIEW of the great demand for farm help existing in Canada, the Canadian Pacific Railway will continue its Farm Help Service during 1924 and will enlarge its scope to include women domestics and boys.

THE COMPANY is in touch with large numbers of good farm laborers in Great Britain, Norway, Sweden, Denmark, France, Holland, Switzerland and other European countries and through its widespread organization can promptly fill applications for help received from Canadian farmers.

In order to have the help reach Canada in time for the Spring operations farmers needing help should arrange to get their applications in early, the earlier the better, as naturally those applications which are received early will receive first attention.

Blank application forms and full information regarding the service may be obtained from any C.P.R. agent or from any of the officials listed below. THE SERVICE IS ENTIRELY FREE OF CHARGE.

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY
Department of Colonization and Development

WINNIPEG.—M. E. Thornton, Superintendent of Colonization
T. S. Acheson, General Agricultural Agent
SASKATOON.—W. J. Gerow, Land Agent
H. F. Komor, Special Colonization Agent
CALGARY.—T. O. F. Herzer, Asst. to Supt. of Colonization
EDMONTON.—J. Miller, Land Agent
MONTREAL.—J. Dougall, General Agricultural Agent
C. La Due Norwood, Land Agent

E. C. WHITE, Assistant Commissioner.
J. S. DENNIS, Chief Commissioner.

BRITAIN IS REPRESENTED IN SOVIET RUSSIA FOR THE FIRST TIME

A despatch from London says: - There were important developments in the Labor Government's first full working day.

With the appointment of Frank Hodges, secretary of the Miners' Federation, as Civil Lord of the Admiralty, and Harry Gosling, president of the National Transport Workers' Association, as Minister of Transport, Ramsay MacDonald has filled the important posts of his Government. Although most of the members of the new Ministry are inexperienced, quite a number, like Viscount Chelmsford, Lord Parmoor, John R. Clynes and Arthur Henderson have been in previous Governments.

A great help to the Ministers and a sign that nothing extremely revolutionary in administrative practice is contemplated, is seen in the appointments by the Ministers as their private secretaries. Premier MacDonald has named Sir Ronald Waterhouse and Robert Gowers, who filled a similar position with the late Andrew Bonar Law, and C. P. Duff, who was private secretary to David Lloyd George.

James O'Grady has accepted the post of the First British Ambassador to Soviet Russia. Premier MacDonald received at the Foreign Office, Christian Rakovsky, Russian envoy to Great Britain, who had not been granted an audience by Lord Curzon.

But the real sensation of the day was the appearance of Ramsay MacDonald at his desk in the Foreign Office at 10 o'clock sharp. This may not sound astonishing, but constitutes a revolution in Whitehall's w[illegible] hours, as no Foreign Ministers [illegible] have turned up for work before eleven.

MacDonald has ordered all Foreign Office personages to be on the job at 10, even the highest permanent officials, and none of these latter have been in the habit of appearing before eleven-thirty.

MacDonald made it clear on Thursday to callers that writing notes to France will be discontinued. Future negotiations, he said, will be made through Ambassadors, or when necessary, by personal interviews between chiefs of state.

The Russian envoy was asked about Russia's willingness to acknowledge Russia's pre-war debt to Britain, and MacDonald received a favorable reply. But the Russians want recognition first and debt negotiations afterwards, while some of the right wing Labor leaders are anxious to get the debts admitted before O'Grady is sent to Moscow.

First Labor Cabinet in Britain's History

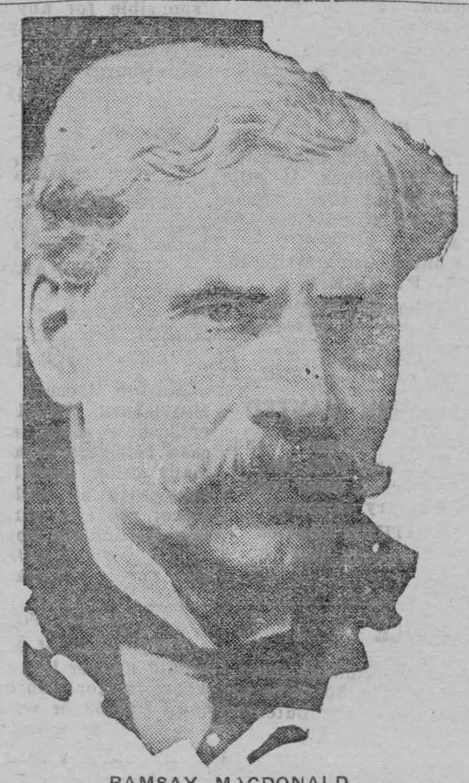


LORD HALDANE, PHILIP SNOWDEN, J. C. WEDGWOOD, WM. ADAMSON, JOHN WHEATLEY, SIR S. OLIVER, LORD CHELMSFORD, LORD PARMOOR, C. P. TREVELYAN

New British Labor Cabinet.

A despatch from London says:—The new Labor Cabinet as officially announced, follows:

Ramsay MacDonald—Premier and Secretary for Foreign Affairs.
John Robert Clynes—Lord Privy Seal and Deputy Leader in the House of Commons.
Lord Parmoor—Lord President of the Council.
Viscount Haldane—Lord Chancellor.
Philip Snowden—Chancellor of the Exchequer.
Arthur Henderson—Secretary for Home Affairs.
J. H. Thomas—Secretary for the Colonies.
Stephen Walsh—Secretary for War.
Sir Sydney Olivier—Head of the Indian Office.
Brig.-Gen. Christopher Thompson—Air Minister.
Viscount Chelmsford—First Lord of the Admiralty.
Sydney Webb—President of the Board of Trade.
John Wheatley—Minister of Health.
Noel Buxton—Minister of Agriculture.
William Adamson—Secretary for Scotland.
C. P. Trevelyan—President of the Board of Education.
Thomas Shaw—Minister of Labor.
Vernon Hartshorn—Postmaster-General.



RAMSAY MACDONALD

Col. Josiah Wedgwood—Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.
F. W. Jowett—Commissioner of Works.

London Death Notices Show Many Live Long

A despatch from London says:—That London's climate, for all its fog, is conducive to longevity cannot be gainsaid in the face of statistics presented in the deaths column of the London Times. Of twenty-seven persons whose death notices appeared on one day, the aggregate age was 1,992 years, or an average of 73 years. Sixteen of these were more than 70, including twelve 80 years old or more, two of 96 and one 91.

Yukon is Warmest Section of Canada

A despatch from Dawson City, Y.T., says:—The Yukon is experiencing the mildest winter weather in the memory of the oldest inhabitant. This month the thermometer has hovered around zero daily as contrasted with previous Januaries when it ran the scale between 40 and 70 below. Extreme high temperatures have prevailed in the Yukon and parts of Alaska since early last summer.

DEADLOCK IN BRITISH RAILWAY STRIKE

Strike Pay About £7,000 Per Day—Next Move Up to Government.

A despatch from London says:—A deadlock has been reached in the strike of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen. The managers of the railways announced that they would not reply to a letter sent them by J. Bromley, secretary of the Associated Society, informing them that he regretted that the strike must continue.

There is a fundamental difference of principle between the Associated Society and the railway managers regarding the finding of the Wages Board, from which the managers refused to depart, although they assert that they would consider cases of individual hardship among the men if the strike were called off.

It is said to be costing the Associated Society about £7,000 daily to pay the strikers. The members are reticent about their resources, but it is believed that the payment of the strikers' wages is a severe drain upon the exchequer of the organization.

It was asserted at the headquarters of the National Union of Railwaymen that it had been learned from several provincial centres that many of the members of the union, who had joined the strike had returned to work.

The next step to be taken in the strike will be action by the new Labor minister, Tom Shaw, and the Trades Union Congress's mediating committee.

Canada Able to Finance Bulk of Her Requirements

A despatch from New York says:—The fact that Canada was able to absorb without foreign assistance the heavy Government financing of 1923 and the latest big issue of $50,000,000 of Canadian National Railways bonds is interpreted by New York bond dealers as an event of more than passing significance. It shows, they suggested, that Canada has grown in financial importance to a point where she can in future finance the bulk of her requirements. As a consequence, it was said, the surplus investment account of the United States will receive less opportunity than before for work in Canada; but it will still loan more to that country than Canada will loan to American industries.

CANADA'S NET DEBT STILL ON THE INCREASE

Public Accounts Show Big Addition in Fiscal Year Ending Last March.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Public accounts for the fiscal year ended the 31st of last March have been finally completed, and efforts to produce a surplus are thwarted by the drafts upon the exchequer of the Canadian National Railway and the Merchant marine.

Consolidated revenue stood up buoyantly and totalled $394,614,900, while the total outlays on consolidated and capital accounts were $346,565,616. This left a favorable balance of $48,049,284. About 83 millions were advanced, however, to the railways and merchant marine—seventy-seven millions to the former and six millions to the latter. As the increase of debt was $31,641,067, about fifty millions came out of revenue.

The increase in the net debt in the fiscal year was $31,641,065. The total is now $2,453,776,868. The gross debt stood at $2,924,199,338, which is a decrease of ten and a half millions.

Revenues increased by over twelve and a half millions, while expenditures decreased by $15,266,958. The increases in expenditure were $2,644,886 in the interest on the public debt and $410,745 on agriculture. There were reductions of over three millions in pensions, seven millions in public works, $822,000 in post office, $462,888 in soldiers' settlement, and $4,416,169 in soldiers' re-establishment, while miscellaneous reductions were over eight and a half millions

Increases in revenue were mainly $12,369,824 in Customs, $993,210 in excise, and $32,826,230 in inland revenue. Business taxes fell off $9,784,265, and income $18,972,816. Over 55 millions have so far been collected on income.



THOMAS SHAW, V. HARTSHORN, A. HENDERSON, STEPHEN WALSH, SIDNEY WEBB, F. W. JOWETT, NOEL BUXTON, J. R. CLYNES, J. H. THOMAS

Dominion News in Brief

Halifax, N.S.—Six large trans-Atlantic freighters, carrying a total of 76,074 barrels of Nova Scotia apples, left this port recently for the United Kingdom. With these shipments the grand total for the present shipping season up to January 5 is brought to 836,219 barrels.

Quebec, Que.—Navigation of the St. Lawrence river is expected to open early in the month of April. According to preliminary schedules issued by the various steamship companies operating between Canadian Atlantic ports and Europe, 192 ships will visit this port during 1924.

Fredericton, N.B.—Five new companies, with a total capitalization amounting to $706,000, have been incorporated in New Brunswick, according to notices of incorporation in the Royal Gazette. The largest of the new companies is the Edward Sinclair Lumber Co., Ltd., of Newcastle, with an authorized capital stock of $600,000.

Toronto, Ont.—Weather conditions in Northern Ontario having been exceedingly good for timber operations, Hon. James Lyons, Minister of Lands and Forests, stated that a very heavy cut was expected this winter. Mr. Lyons further stated that the cut was so heavy that the list of Government scalers was almost exhausted.

Oshawa, Ont.—One of the newest industries to establish in this city, is the Ontario Potteries. The first kiln has been opened. The company will produce table and art ware, using Canadian raw materials. The clay is being secured from Saskatchewan and the Feldspar from Ontario.

Calgary, Alta.—This city claims that it is Canada's leading sunshine city. The record for sunshine for the fall was as follows: September, 195 hours or an average of 6½ hours daily; October, 228 hours or 7 1-3 hours daily average; November, 156 hours or 5 1-5 hours daily.

Regina, Sask.—The Indians of the three prairie provinces in 1923 season harvested the greatest crop in their history, according to the annual report of the superintendent of Indian affairs. In the three provinces the Indians harvested 638,561 bushels of wheat, 574,282 bushels of oats and 62,304 bushels of barley. The report shows they raised 58,264 bushels of potatoes and 10,000 bushels of other vegetables. They summerfallowed 20,000 acres of land; broke 6,808 acres; put up 57,000 tons of hay and 9,516 of green feed.

Vancouver, B.C.—Vancouver shipped 13,092,249 bushels of grain between September 1 and December 31, and bookings for future loadings insure a total movement of more than 40,000,000 bushels for the present crop year, according to figures compiled by the Vancouver Merchants' Exchange. Additional bookings may bring the total up to 60,000,000 bushels. About 11,000,000 bushels have been booked for January loading, 8,500,000 in February, 5,500,000 in March and considerable amounts for April and May.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.10¼.
Manitoba oats—No. 3 CW, 46c; No. 1 extra feed, 45c.
Manitoba barley—Nominal.
All the above track, bay ports.
Ontario barley—65 to 67c.
American corn—No. 2 yellow, 96c.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 72 to 75c.
Ontario Rye—No. 3, 72 to 74c.
Peas—Sample, $1.45 to $1.50.
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $28; shorts, per ton, $30; middlings, $36; good feed flour, 2.10.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, 95 to 98c, outside.
Ontario, No. 2 white oats—40 to 42c.
Ontario corn—Nominal.
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, $4.60; Toronto basis, $4.60; bulk seaboard, $4.25.
Man. flour—1st pats, in jute sacks, $6.20 per barrel; 2nd pats., $5.70.
Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, $14.50 to $15; No. 2, $14.50; No. 3, $12.50; mixed, $12.
Straw—Car lots, per ton, $9.
Cheese—New, large, 21½ to 22c; twins, 22 to 22½c; triplets, 22½ to 23c; Stiltons, 24 to 25c. Old, large, 25 to 30c; twins, 29 to 31c; triplets, 30 to 32c.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 to 12c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 11 to 12c; 5-lb. tins, 12 to 13c; 2½-lb. tins, 13 to 14c; comb honey, per dozen, No. 1, $3.75 to $4; No. 2, $3.25 to $3.50.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., $2.50; per 5-gal. tin, $2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 46 to 47c; No. 1 creamery, 43 to 45c; No. 2, 42 to 43c.
Eggs—Extras, fresh, in cartons, 58 to 59c; fresh extras, loose, 56 to 57c; fresh firsts, 50 to 51c; extras, storage, in cartons, 44c; extras, 41 to 42c; firsts, 36 to 37c; seconds, 29 to 31c.
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 28c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; hens, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 15c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 19c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 18c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 22c.
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over 30c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 25c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18c; roosters, 18c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 28 to 32c; geese, 22c.
Beans—Canadian, handpicked, lb., 7c; primes, 6½c.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 25 to 27c; cooked hams, 37 to 39c; smoked rolls, 19 to 21c; cottage rolls, 22 to 24c; breakfast bacon, 25 to 27c; special brand breakfast bacon, 30 to 33c; backs, boneless, 30 to 35c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., $18.50; 70 to 90 lbs., $18; 90 lbs. and up, $17; lightweight rolls, in barrels, $37; heavyweight rolls, $32.
Lard—Pure tierces, 17 to 17½c; tubs, 17½ to 18c; pails, 18 to 18½c; prints, 19 to 20c; shortening tierces, 14¾ to 15¼c; tubs, 15 to 15½c; pails, 15½ to 16c; prints, 17½ to 18c.
Heavy steers, choice, $7 to $7.50; butchers steers, choice, $6.25 to $6.75; do, good, $5.75 to 6; do, med., $4.75 to $5; do, com., $4.25 to $4.50; butcher heifers, choice, $6 to $6.75; do, med., $4.75 to $5.25; do, com., $4.50 to $5; butcher cows, choice, $4.75 to $5; do, med., $3.50 to $4; canners and cutters, $1.25 to $2; butcher bulls, choice, $4.25 to $5.25; do, com., $2 to $3; feeding steers, good, $5.50 to $6.50; do, fair, $4 to $5; stockers, good, $4 to $4.75; do, fair, $3.50 to $4; milkers and springers, $70 to $100; calves, choice, $12 to $13.50; do, med., $9 to $11; do, com., $5 to $7; do, grassers, $3 to $4.50; lambs, choice ewes, $13 to $14; do, bucks, $10.50 to $11; do, culls, $7 to $8; sheep, light ewes, $6.50 to $7.50; do, fat, heavy, $4 to $4.50; do, culls, $2 to 3; hogs, fed and watered, $8.50 to $9; do, f.o.b., $8 to $8.50; do, country points, $7.75 to $8.25; do selects, $9.35 to $9.90.

MONTREAL.

Oats—Can. west., No. 2, 55 to 56c; do, No. 3, 52½ to 53c; do, extra No. 1 feed, 51c; do, No. 2 local white, 48½ to 49c. Flour—Man. spring wheat pats., 1sts, $6.20; 2nds, $5.70; strong bakers' $5.50; winter pats., choice, $5.65 to $5.75; rolled oats, bags, 90 lbs., $3.05; bran, $28.25; shorts, $31.25. Middlings, $37.25. Hay, per ton, car lots, $15 to $16.
Butter, No. 1 pasteurized, 43 to 43½c; do, No. 1 creamery, 42 to 42½c. Eggs, storage extras, 40c; do, storage firsts, 35c; do, storage seconds, 28 to 30c.
Fairly good veal calves, $10; med., $9 to $9.50; good lambs, $10 and $10.50; sheep, $5.50 to $6; hogs, $8.35 to $9; com. dairy type cows and bologna bulls, $2.50 to $3; canners, $1.50.

The Sack Stunt.

As the guests arrive let each one of them ship his right hand into a two-pound paper bag. Tie the bag round his wrist with cord and let him shake hands with the other guests until the bag is worn out.

The skin of the human palm is seventy-six times as thick as that of the eyelid.

PROPOSE ALL-CANADIAN CANAL

To deepen the St. Lawrence from Prescott to Kingston and Lake Ontario from there to a point in Welland county; to build a canal 35 ft. deep through Welland county to Lake Erie, and from there through Elgin, Middlesex, Lambton and Huron counties to a point on the east shore of Lake Huron—such is part of the ambitious project of the Confederation Canal and Power Co. which has applied to Parliament for incorporation, with a capital of half a billion. J. M. McEvoy, K.C., of London, on behalf of others, makes the application.

The company proposes to build a ship canal from Montreal to Ottawa, thence by the Rideau River to Kemptville, and by canal to Prescott, with an alternative route along the Richelieu River near Sorel by way of Lake St. Francis and the St. Lawrence to Cornwall, and by the Cornwall Canal to Dickinson Landing, thence by further canals to Iroquois or Prescott.

The plan, Mr. McEvoy stated, is to build a canal to carry ocean liners leaving the St. Lawrence River at a point near Sorel, Quebec and to improve and deepen the Richelieu River to Chambly Basin, at the head of Lake Champlain, in Quebec Province. The canal then proceeds back toward the St. Lawrence to Hungry Bay and Lake St. Francis, one of the wider sections of the St. Lawrence. The deep passageway would be cut across the lake to the north side of the St. Lawrence, there adopting either of two optional plans, one calling for the deepening and improvement of the existing canals and the other for an entirely new canal system parallel with the St. Lawrence and slightly farther to the north. The channel would proceed thence to the St. Lawrnce and into Lake Ontario. The next step would be a large canal at Welland.

The new canal now under construction, which is said to be of insufficient size to accommodate ocean vessels, could be utilized, but the promoters prefer an entirely new cut through to Lake Erie. The final phase would be a canal from Port Talbot, on Lake Erie, ten miles west of St. Thomas, across Elgin, Middlesex and Huron counties to reach Lake Huron and a point between Kettle Point and St. Joseph. This cut would have a length of 43 nautical miles.

The company would derive its revenue by collecting tolls on the waterway, which would be subject to Government control, and also by generating about 2,000,000 horsepower, largely in the vicinity of Montreal. This would require an international agreement.

"It is a crime," said Mr. McEvoy, "that 2,000,000 horsepower should be rolling down the St. Lawrence River year in and year out to waste."

If Canada and the United States are unable to come to an agreement to accept this plan, he said, there is an alternative that would keep the undertaking entirely within Canadian territory, and that would eliminate any diversion from international waters.

The alternative route would be from Laprairie just below Montreal to the Ottawa River, which would be improved and deepened for ocean traffic up to Ottawa. A canal would be made of the Rideau River, thence to where the Kemptville creek runs into the Rideau, running back in the direction of the St. Lawrence River. Near the junction of the Kemptville creek is the highest point between the Ottawa and St. Lawrence, with a watershed in each direction. A lock would be constructed there, and it is claimed that sufficient water is available flowing northeasterly from the Rideau to operate the canal to Ottawa, fill the lock and the canal from Kemptville creek to the St. Lawrence at Prescott, without using any international water.

West Awaits Some Scheme

Scoring the Dominion Government in denying cooperation to the St. Lawrence deep waterways scheme as short sighted and against the interests of the whole country, J. F. Reed, President of the Minnesota Farm Bureau, this week declared that settlement of the Canadian Middle West depended largely upon the project which would give farmers a cheap water route for their exportable grain surplus.

The deep waterways route would cost $252,000,000, engineers estimated, Mr. Reid said, and by the development and sale of power which would be divided between Canada and the United States, this cost would be offset in a period of 50 years.

"You will never get far-seeing agriculturists to take up land in the Prairie Provinces while they have to pay a tribute of 12 cents a bushel to railways for hauling grain from the foot of the lakes to tidewater when by an all-water route it cost would be under nine cents laid down in Liverpool. Mr. Reed declared.

The Canadian and United States Middle West was the only agricultural area in the world so far from the seaboard, he said.

No man with a full beard has to worry about the Christmas neckties his friends give him. You will not have to worry about that wheezy chest cold or disagreeable stiff neck if you will use Williams' Camphorated Mustard Cream on it freely. All the good of the old fashioned mustard plaster, but without the blister. 35c a jar at dealers.

YOUR NEXT SUIT

Come in and make your choice as to Style, Fit and WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

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S. S. No. 14, WILLIAMSBURG

No. enrolled 26.

Average attendance 24.

Class IV Sr.—Grant Algire 68 per cent.; George Barclay 67; Glenn Baker 65; Mary Whitteker 63; Verna Hanson 63; Maxine Algire 56.

Class IV Jr.—Verna Barclay 54; Herbert Algire 50.

Class III—Phyllis Hanson 72; Hugh Barclay 71; Hilda Merkley 71; Ethan Algire 63; Bernard Whitteker 60; Aden Hanson 58, Cecil Garlough 53; Harold Algire 25.

Class II Sr.—Edwin McIntosh 80, Floyd Whitteker 72; Walton Merkley 64.

Class II Jr.—Clova Barclay 84; Ellen Algire 80; Ruth Barclay 75, Gertrude Merkley 72.

Sr. Pr., Charlie Algire
Jr. Pr.—Laurence Algire.

N. R. STEVEN, Teacher.

TO RENT

80 acre farm in Third Concession in Township of Osnabruck, ¼ mile east of Farrans Point road; good buildings; good wells and close to school, clay soil.

For further information write to W. F. RICE, 1242 Ethel St., Verdun, Montreal.

bp

NIGHT WATCHMAN WANTED

Good position to honest and steady night watchman with No. 4 papers. When applying, send references and state salary expected.

BEACH FURNITURE Limited
Cornwall, Ont

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NOTICE

All accounts with Middagh Bros. must be settled within 30 days to Mr. B. C. Connor at the butcher shop.

ap

COAL

$16.50 delivered in town; 50c per ton off for cash; $16.00 per ton at shed; 50c off for cash.

tf M. J. CASSELMAN.

HOUSE TO RENT

Good dwelling house on Becksted street, Morrisburg. All modern conveniences. Apply,

JOHN DAIN,
Morrisburg, R.M.D.

tf

NOTICE

All parties concerned will please take notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by any one but my wife and myself hereafter.

Morrisburg, January 17th, 1924

GARNET HUTT.

cp

FOR SALE

Three stacks hay to sell at a bargain. Also a quantity of choice honey, at 13 cents per pound.

LEONARD W. BARKLEY
Morrisburg, Ont.

cp

TO RENT

Marine Grocery Store, Lock St., Morrisburg. Fitted out with counters, show cases, shelving, tobacco case, refrigerator, coffee grinder and many other useful articles. Will rent with or without flat over store; room in garage for one car. For particulars apply to

LUKE MALLAN,
Lock St., Morrisburg.

cp

WOOD FOR SALE

Fifty cords of Maple and Elm. Would deliver in two cord lots, anywhere in Morrisburg. Telephone, Iroquois 623-62 or write.

H. E. D. MERKLEY,
Morrisburg, R.M.D. No. 1

One Flour for all Baking



Bake what you will—bread, pies or cakes—you will get satisfactory results every time if you use Quaker Flour.

Quaker Flour is always of uniform quality. It is milled to a high standard, and tested hourly to maintain that standard. It is made entirely from the finest hard western wheat.

By actual daily tests in our own bake shop, Quaker Flour is proven the best for *all* baking purposes.

Quaker Flour

Always the Same-Always the Best

It is easy to bake home-made bread the Quaker way. Write for our tested recipes. They will be mailed to you without charge.

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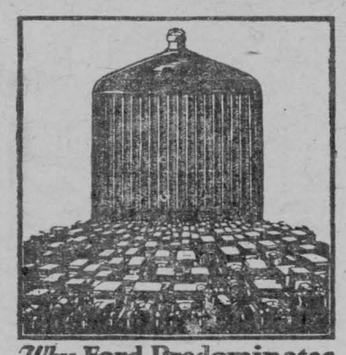

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The low price of Ford cars and trucks has been one of the great dynamic forces in the development of motor transportation.

Since January 1920 the average price of Ford products has dropped 38% and Ford prices are now the lowest in the history of the industry.

And because Ford prices are so low, the worker and his family enjoy the innumerable benefits and delights of owning an automobile; the merchant and manufacturer extend their business into new and profitable fields by means of motor delivery; the farmer carries his fresh produce to the best markets with none of the old-time hardship and delay—and all for a very small initial investment.

Fifty out of every hundred cars and trucks in Canada are Fords—due to the public appreciation of Ford value.

See Any Authorized Ford Dealer

Ford

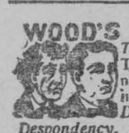
CARS · TRUCKS · TRACTORS



Clothes a Good Color

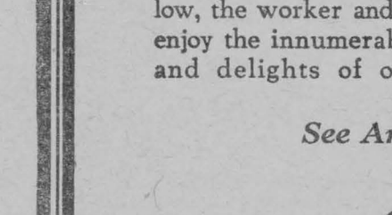
To have Clothes perfectly cleansed and good color, the Soap must remove all the visible and invisible impurities. SURPRISE will do this thoroughly. 163

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE



The Great English Preparation. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

ECZEMA You are not experimenting when you use Dr. Chase's Ointment for Eczema and Skin Irritations. It relieves at once and gradually heals the skin. Sample box Dr. Chase's Ointment free if you mention this paper and send 2c. stamp for postage. 60c. a box; all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.



Here's A Friend Indeed

Constipation is the bane of old age—harsh cathartics aggravate, avoid them and use Chamberlains Tablets, the mildest and gentlest of laxatives—best for the young, the middle aged and the old. 25c. bottle—Druggists and Dealers, or by mail.

Chamberlain Medicine Co. Toronto.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Always the Same

PURITY FLOUR



Day in and Day out.

Week in and Week out.

Year in and Year out.

Always the same. 727

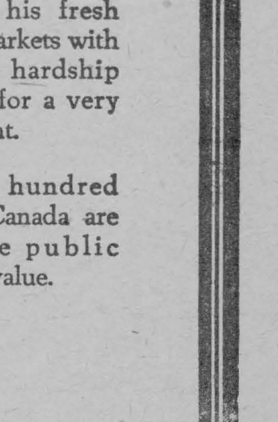
Cheapest of all Foods

"Oh dear: Everything good to eat costs so much these days."

"Not everything. Have you tried Davies Pork and Beans?"

Cheapest of all nutritious, completely balanced, ready-prepared foods are pork and beans.

Everybody will tell you that the chief body-building and energy-producing elements that nature requires to keep men, women and children active and strong are combined in palatable, easily-digested, inexpensive form in



15 cts. for 16 oz. tin.

Davies Pork and Beans

Hand picked and perfectly cooked until each white bean becomes soft, mealy and easily digestible.

In each can is placed a piece of selected pork which completes the perfect food balance and adds that delicious flavor which goes with real old-time pork and beans.

Tomato sauce to add another zest—if you want it.

Try a can for luncheon tomorrow—nothing quicker, nothing nicer.

Sold in 11, 16 and 20 ounce tins. Plain or with tomato sauce.

Order from your dealer.

The William Davies Company, Limited
Toronto and Montreal

Canada Food Board Packers' License Nos. 13-90 and 13-54 100

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

The Misses Dora and Lucy Merkley and Ethel Deeks spent a few days last week visiting friends in Brinston.

Mrs. Elburn McIntosh of Winchester Springs spent a few days last week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Shannette.

Mr. Wilbert Johnson and little daughter Ethel spent last Sunday at the former's parental home in Winchester.

Mr. and Mrs. George Seekings of Gananoque and Mr. Frank Strader were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Beckstead this week.

Mrs. Howard Saddlemire and children spent last week in Iroquois with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Elery Casselman.

Miss Begart of Chesterville spent last week end with her sister, Mrs. Byrtle Hess.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar McIntosh were guests at the home of Mr. Edgar Algire last Friday.

Mrs. M. Warren spent a few weeks visiting her sister in Kemptville recently.

Mr. Clinton Casselman of Ottawa visited friends in this community last week.

Mrs. Arthur Thom and Miss Nettie of Dunbar spent last week end with the Misses Dora and Lucy Merkley.

Miss Blanche Wells of Morrisburg was a recent guest of her grandmother, Mrs. Jeremiah Lane.

Miss Catharine Shannette has been engaged as teacher in the M. C.I. for the coming term.

Mrs. Wilbert Strader and daughter Ruth, Miss Alice Loucks and Walter Loucks attended the nuptial reception last Thursday at the home of their cousin, Mrs. Ernest MacMillan, formerly Miss Florence Bailey, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Will Bailey of Chesterville.

FROATBURN

Mr. and Mrs. George Henophy spent the week end guests of Mr. Wm. Beckstead's

We all welcome Mr. and Mrs. Grant Tupper to our vicinity.

Mrs Grace Beckstead of Prescott spent a few days last week with her daughter Mrs. Grant Tupper.

Quite a few in our Burn spent a sociable evening at Mr. Neil Hunter's on Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bowman and Miss Grace Gallinger spent Thursday evening at Mr. Wm. Bowman's.

Mrs W. Saddlemire and Miss Violt Whittaker were recent callers at Mr. Bill Bowman's.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Reddick spent Sunday at the latter's parental home.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Swerdfeger and Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Beckstead spent Monday evening at Mr. Grant Tupper's.

Mr. and Mrs. Lagora Millward and daughter Dorothy spent Sunday at the latter's parental home.

We are all sorry to hear Mr. Jeff Swerdfeger has been on the sick list

Mr and Mrs. Jacob Swerdfeger spent Saturday evening at Mr. Wm. Beckstead's.

Mrs. J Swerdfeger and Mrs. B. Swerdfeger spent Tuesday at Mr. John Bowman's.

Mr and Mrs. Harry Bowman and Miss Grace Gallinger passed through the Burn on Tuesday enroute to Gallingertown.

Mr. M. Beckstead of Williamsburg was a recent caller at Mr. J. Swerdfeger's.

The weather has been very dull this week, guess the bear will not see his shadow the first of the week and go back in and stay for another six weeks.

GLEN BECKER

Quite a number from here attended the dance held at Mr. Neal Hunter's last Wednesday evening, and all report an enjoyable time.

Messrs. Homer and Ernest Swerdfeger, Froatburn were Sunday visitors at Mr. Allen Beckstead's.

Mr. John Saddlemire spent last week with his daughter Mrs. John Dain at Mariatown.

Mr. Thomas Casselman and Mrs. Della Warner spent Friday last with Mrs. Dalton Saddlemire.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Watson spent Wednesday of this week at Mr. Meredith Garlough's Williamsburg

Recent visitors of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Powell were Miss Eleanor Swerdfeger, Froatburn, Miss Lila Saddlemire, Mr Howard Saddlemire and daughter, Audrey.

Dr. Clayton and Miss Smyth of Morrisburg called at Mr. Willis Mattice's one day last week.

Mrs. J. Swerdfeger and Mrs. R. Swerdfeger passed through here on Tuesday enroute for Williamsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Saddlemire spent part of Tuesday at Morrisburg

Master Hugh Shannette of Morrisburg spent the week end at Mr. Stanley Saddlemire's.

MOREWOOD

Mrs. Orne Dillabough spent a few days last week with Mrs. Nathaniel Merkley of Boucks Hill.

Mr Ezra Countryman spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Reveler.

Visitors at Mr. Roy Fetterly' on Sunday were: Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Fetterly and family and Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Countryman.

A large crowd attended the reception for Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Thompson at Mr. Ward Bilow's on Monday evening. All report a good time.

Miss B. Hetherington and Mr. Leslie McConnell spent Sunday at Wm. Elliott's.

Miss Gladys Swerdfeger spent Thursday evening with Miss Margaret Carlyle.

M Oliver Gallinger and sister Ethel spent a few days at Mr. John Wagner's

The young people put on a play entitled "Safety First" on Friday night in the Presbyterian Hall. The hall was well filled.

AULTSVILLE

Mr. N .O. Cramer, of Montreal, was in town last week.

The hockey boys went to Harrison to play on Tuesday.

Misses Mary and Bessie O'Shaughnessy are visiting friends in Prescott.

Mrs. George Robertson is taking care of Mrs. Mary Gove, Cedar Grove

Miss Irene Gallinger, of Gallingertown, spent the week end with friends here.

Mr. Harold Froats accompanied Mr. George Markell home from Belleville on Tuesday.

M. Claude Hanes underwent an operation in Ottawa last week. He is doing nicely.

Mrs. Fanny Ford, of North Williamsburg is visiting her niece, Mrs. Charles Ault.

Mr. H. Lyons, of Kingston, was here on business last week and called on old friends.

We are sorry to hear that Mr. Lawence Loucks is quite ill and hope to see him around soon.

The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Stewart spent Tuesday visiting in the 2nd concession guests at Mr. Frank Jackson's.

The hockey match played here on Friday last with the Wales team resulted in favor of our boys 3—1.

Mr. Alfred Morgan had the misfotune to get struck in the eye by the puck while playing hockey on Thursday last, but is doing nicely.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of our dear son Corpl. O. Merkley who died in France February 1st 1919.

We have only just a picture,
Of that face we love so well,
To part with him it was so hard,
No human tongue can tell.

You bade us not your last farewell,
You waved us not your hand;
Your spirit fled before we knew
That you from us was gone

IN MEMORIAM ..

STRADER—In loving memory of our dear mother, Mrs. John Strader who passed away, January 29th, 1910:

This day brings back sad memories
Of one who is gone to rest,
And those who think of her today
Are those who loved her best.

Inserted by her children.

FOR SALE

Four Barred Rock roosters for sale. Also a good cow, or watch dog. Apply

ROSS J. SWERDFEGER

bp



Liven up the dull weeks

The early weeks of 1924 will not be dull for those who go after business with special offers by Long Distance.

People have money enough and confidence enough to buy now if you will make it worth their while.

Snow, and later Spring floods, will make it difficult for travellers to call on their trade.

Long Distance will overcome the handicap.

Use the Bell to Sell. May we help you?

THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA — LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station

At the Old Stand

The Mills Have Advanced

BRAN, SHORTS and all MILLFEEDS. FLOUR has taken ONE STEP UP the Ladder. Course Grains are all firmer in price.

RE-CLEANED STANDARD

GROUND SCREENINGS are now the best value on the market. WE have them at the PRICE of BRAN. Give them a trial and watch your BANK ACCOUNT GROW. Some of the LARGEST ONTARIO Feeders are using SCREENINGS and are making a handsome profit.

BUY them NOW before the excessive demand forces the PRICE HIGHER.

W. S. L. MERRILL & SONS

AT YOUR SERVICE — MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

PHONES: Office 39; Residence 21J

NOTICE

RADIO SPEECH

Saturday, February 2nd, 1924
at 8.30 P.M.

W. E. A. F., New York City

...THE ANNUAL SPEECH OF PRESIDENT HALEY FISK

THE METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

will be broadcasted

Listen in to the President of the Greatest Life Insurance Co. in the world

H. I. BARKLEY,

BOX 91, CARDINAL, ONT. — Local Representative

The Leader

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

$1.50 per year, strictly in advance to any address in Canada. $2.00 per year when not paid within 3 months. Foreign subscriptions $2.00 in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, or open Advertisements, one insertion 50c per inch, 2nd and following insertions 35c per inch; 200 inches and over, by contract, not over one year, 15c per inch.

LOST, FOUND, TO LET, WANTED, ARTICLES FOR SALE, ETC., 5 lines and under, 1st insertion 50c; each subsequent insertion 35c.

NOTE—All small advertisements received by mail must be paid in advance.

CARD OF THANKS AND IN MEMORIAM NOTICES—10c per line, minimum 50c.

GOVERNMENT, LEGAL AND MUNICIPAL NOTICES, BY-LAWS, ELECTION READERS, ETC., 15c per line for the 1st insertion, 10c per line for each subsequent insertion; 12 lines to inch.

Advertisements ordered for insertion without instruction, will be published until orders are received to discontinue same.

LEO. LAURIN, Ed. & Mgr.

AUCTIONEER

For the Province of Ontario
Terms Reasonable
Phone at my expense to Morrisburg. Phone 76J
THOS. IRVING, Morrisburg

ARTHUR FLYNN

BARRISTER, ETC.

MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

IRWIN HILLIARD, K. C.

Barrister,, Solicitor, Notary, etc.
Solicitor for the Molsons Bank
Molsons Bank Building, Morrisburg
Large amount of private money to loan on easy terms.

R. F. LYLE

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Nova Scotia and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.
Barry Block, Main Street
Morrisburg .. ..—.... Ontario
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

POULTRY WANTED

I am in the market to buy the highest prices for aged hens, also in the market to buy empty bags and all kinds of junk If any for sale drop me a line or phone No. 63W.

H. AGULNIK,
Morrisburg, P. O. Box17.



Mother's Advice

NO mother ever taught her children a more valuable lesson than the necessity of keeping the bowels regular.

Health, happiness and success are more dependent on this simple rule than most of us ever realize.

This mother advises the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills because she has found this medicine to be absolutely dependable as a regulator of the liver, kidneys and bowels.

Physicians have estimated that nine-tenths of all human ills have their beginnings in the sluggish action of these eliminating organs and the consequent poisoning of the system.

Not only such ills as indigestion, constipation and biliousness but also appendicitis, Bright's disease, diabetes and high blood pressure arise from this cause.

Prevention is so much easier than relief after the disease has become settled that the value of mother's lesson is at once apparent.

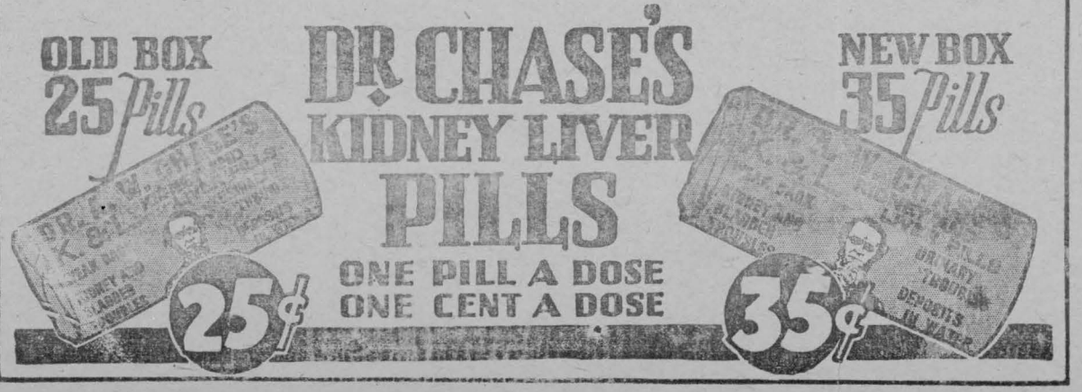
In many homes the rule is one pill at the week-end as a regulator and preventative and more frequent doses when required.

The strong points for Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are their dependability to produce the desired results and their direct and combined action on liver, kidneys and bowels.

It is worth remembering that colds and other contagious diseases are quickly checked by the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills to rid the system of the accumulating poisons.

You will notice that while the price of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills has been increased to 35 cents, the box now contains 35 pills instead of 25 as formerly.

Likewise Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is 60 cents a box of 60 pills, instead of 50 cents a box for 50 pills. Edmanson Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.



I DO WANT TO GO TO

Business School

Let me hear you say, "I do want to go to business school" and I will tell you if the business world is anxious to have your services.

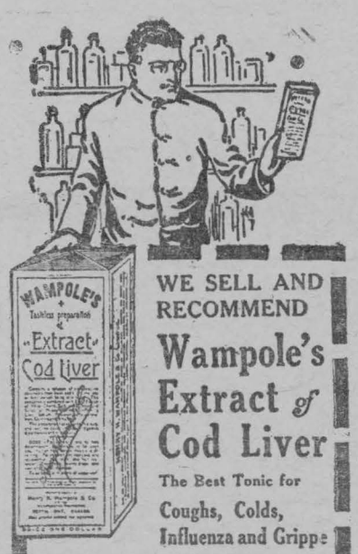
I can tell by the way you say it Do you emphasize "do"? There are plenty of boys and girls who would like to dream themselves into good jobs and never get there.

The Do-ing kind get into action and reach the goal of their desires.

Our catalogue tells you all about our different courses of study, tuition rates, etc. Write for your copy today.

CORNWALL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Cornwall, Ontario



WE SELL AND RECOMMEND

Wampole's Extract of Cod Liver

The Best Tonic for

Coughs, Colds, Influenza and Grippe

IT IS better than ordinary cough medicines, for it reaches the seat of the trouble, relieves the cough and supplies continual treatment to build up the system to withstand future attacks. A splendid blood and body-building tonic for both young and old who take it regularly.

Price - $1.00

D. T. Henderson
REXALL STORE
Morrisburg Ont

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp for postage

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

WESTBOUND—

1.21 p.m. daily except Sunday, for Prescott, Brockville, Kingston, Trenton, Toronto and all points west. On Sunday runs to Brockville only.

7.50 p.m daily except Sunday, for Prescott, Brockville and intermediate stations.

10.18 p.m. daily for Prescott, Brockville, Trenton, Toronto and west.

EASTBOUND—

4.05 a.m. daily, 7.26 am and 4.04 p.m. daily except Sunday; 3.30 p.m., and 4.45 p.m. Sunday only. For Cornwall, Coteau Jct, Ottawa, and Montreal, where close connection is made for all points in New England States, via Central Vermont Railway, also for New York via Rutland Railway, and the Maritime Provinces via C. N. Ry.

For tickets and all information apply to

MRS K. M. McGANNON,
Town Ticket Agent.
J. S. MYERS,
Station Ticket Agent.

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

Fees from paying patients.

Grants from the Government and Municipalities.

Donations and subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

YOU ARE ASKED TO ASSIST IN THIS WORK

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to

Cook's Regulating Compound



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address:

THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

CAN WE PULL DOWN OUR SILOS?

BY N. A. DRUMMOND.

The harvesting of the corn crop last fall was rather a heavy operation in many localities; hence the question is (a popular one for discussion): Can the silo be abolished? Some of the farm papers have opened their columns for a rigid discussion of the problem, and I have followed them closely. Now I am living in the Province of Quebec, and pretty well north, therefore I think I am in a position to voice an opinion on the corn crop as a safe one for eastern Canadian farmers in general. On the farm on which I live corn, alfalfa, and all clovers seem to thrive equally well; and they all are giving satisfactory results and none of them are to be despised. There has been a silo on our farm for many years; in fact, so far as we know, my father's was the first in Pontiac County, and he probably harvested the first alfalfa seed in the county. I am comparing corn to alfalfa because, if corn were not grown, the alfalfa alone could replace it, I believe. And the change from the one to the other, if it were ever considered, should be cautiously and carefully executed.

The corn crop we have just harvested was exceptionally heavy and much lodged by fall rains; hence, it was a very heavy and difficult operation, to say the least. The field consisted of eight acres which filled our silo, 33x14½, after refilling it three times; besides this we had 50 loads to stook. And, drawing and stooking corn takes time. Not only was this heavy labor, but it cost money; for an engine $2.50 an hour was paid. Then in saving neighbors' time when we should have been at home cultivating the stubble. No doubt a corn crop, provided that it has been well cultivated, leaves a field in a good state of cultivation, but if the same time which is lost in filling silos were spent in after-harvest-cultivating, more than an equal advantage would be obtained.

Then there are other costs: In this section the life of an ensilage cutter has averaged about four seasons; at least they were laid away and pronounced unsafe, and, of course, no man would venture to use them. And who would blame them? The life, too, of a jointly-owned binder is very short. Thus the cost of silo, seed, cutter, binder, cultivator, twine—besides the application of all the barnyard manure is enormous; without maintaining the labor. However, there is one consolation—a silo sets off farm buildings to advantage, and silage seems to have a tendency to keeping stock healthy—this itself is worth much.

On the other hand, alfalfa has many merits in which corn falls down. In the beginning, if one cultivates the field the previous autumn and then sows the best alfalfa seed available—grown in your own locality if possible—a good catch is almost assured. Of course, it is better to inoculate the seed. Now you have it established, and when established little further trouble will be encountered. It's grand stuff to have! In this district, 3½ to 4 tons per acre are often harvested with a value equal to bran, and bran is $30 per ton; therefore, an acre of this crop is worth around $100. And this is not all. As it grows it collects nitrogen from the air, deposits it in the soil; and it also sends its branch roots and rootlets far down into the soil, loosening and making plant-food available. And so, instead of depleting the soil of plant-food, as corn does, it deposits and makes more available by its action.

Which shall it be—corn or alfalfa? Or some of each? Which can be grown to best advantage on your individual farm? Find this out. If you live near a city where land is of high value your opinion may be biased in favor of the corn, but, generally speaking, the other has merits which weigh heavily upon my mind at present.

POULTRY.

A bred-to-lay male birds should have four things, each of almost equal importance, because the lack of any of them will adversely affect the offspring. The four characters are breed type, bred-to-lay breeding, constitution and vigor.

The male bird should be fairly typical of the breed he represents. If he does not possess breed type, the general type of the flock will not be uniform and the sale of his progeny, especially the male progeny, will be very limited. No good poultry breeder purchases male birds simply because they are male birds. Breed type in the male either sets or scatters type in the poultry flock.

That the male should be of the right breeding is of the greatest importance if high egg production is the desired object. There is no surer way to failure than to introduce a male bird of a poor producing line. The degree of success met with in the egg production of his daughters depends almost entirely on the amount of high producing ancestors he has had. Certainly his dam should have produced 200 eggs or over in her pullet year, and if his granddam has laid 200 eggs or over in her pullet year so much the better. His sire should be the son of a high producing female, and the more high producing females the male side of his pedigree carries, the greater are his chances of passing on that desirable character to his progeny. So important is this one character that a good bred-to-lay strain can be ruined in one season by an inferior male.

Constitution is very necessary if the stamina of a high producing flock is to be maintained. To improve the laying ability of a flock is wasted time unless the birds have the constitution to withstand the strain of high production. A male of poor constitution seldom if ever passes on rugged constitutions to his offspring. The right male bird is one well grown for his age, and that stands straight on his legs. He should have a good full breast, good depth of body, and above all, a good masculine head.

Vigor is also very important, for without vigor the hatchings from the matings would necessarily be limited. Vigor in the male bird will give good fertile eggs that will hatch strong chicks, the kind that can kick the shell to the other side of the incubator, dry off rapidly, become fluffy, and get well along the way to maturity with a low death rate and the least trouble and greatest profit to their owner.

SHEEP

Succulent feeds, which are keenly relished by sheep, are valuable for their tonic and regulating qualities. Roots, such as turnips or mangels, are possibly the most satisfactory form of succulent feed, but they cost considerably more to grow and store than silage. It is sometimes more convenient and profitable to feed the latter, as it has been found that good quality silage, free from moulds and low in acid, can replace roots in the ration of the pregnant ewe if proper care is taken as to the amount fed. Some good legume hay should form the main part of the roughage, this to be supplemented with not more than two to three pounds per head per day of silage. If the silage is from a well matured crop and consequently high in dry matter, the larger quantity may be fed. If from a green, watery crop with consequent low dry matter content, then less should be fed. Mouldy silage is more injurious to sheep than to other classes of live stock, so only silage free from mould should be fed. Corn silage is the best known and therefore most recommended for sheep, but other silages, such as peas, oats and vetch, clover or sunflowers may be used, though in the latter case, much smaller quantities would be advisable, owing to the high moisture content. Frozen silage should not be used as scouring and bloating may result. The reason that care must be taken in regulating the amount of silage or other succulent feed fed to pragnant eyes is that it is claimed that too much will cause weak, flabby lambs. The ration of silage may be increased slightly after lambing as it will assist the milk flow and there is not then any danger of affecting the lamb. Ewes which have been penned in good condition in the fall should not require any grain feed when receiving a ration of legume hay and silage.

Cultivation of Asparagus.

Asparagus should be grown much more extensively than it is, remarks a Dominion Experimental Farm Superintendent. It is expensive to start a good plantation, but asparagus cultivation, although it takes three or four years to become profitable, possesses this advantage—that the plantation, if well made and cared for, will last many years and perhaps a lifetime. There is really only one species of edible asparagus in Canada though a large number of varieties and strains are advertised. Experts assert that Bonvalette Giant, Conover Colossal, Palmetto, and Argenteuil are all strains of the same variety. As in other vegetables, many qualities are looked for in asparagus, says Mr. G. A. Langelier, of Cap Rouge, Que., the Superintendent referred to, but the most important are productiveness, market quality, disease resistance, size, color, uniformity, and tall growth before branching. The best preventive of rust, to which asparagus is subject, is to keep the plants strong by cultivation, proper fertilization, and not to cut during too long a season. In a test of ten strains at Cap Rouge, Que., Experimental Station, results of which are set forth in the report for 1922, Donald Elmira has best met the qualities looked for.

If a horse is standing uncovered in cold weather, cover him. If his blanket has fallen or blown off, pick it up and put it on him.

The organized marketing of farm products can become efficient and effective only when backed by a well-balanced production program.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

THE LITTLE BOY'S DREAM.

It was all dark outside, and, oh so quiet. Only once in a while did the big yellow moon peek out from behind the clouds to make spooky shadows on the earth.

The little boy went to bed early, for after tramping in the woods all day with his father, he was very tired.

"What a fine pet Bruin will be when I get him trained," thought the little boy. "We will have big times like I and Rover used to have. I believe I can hitch him to my little wagon."

Right then the little boy's eyes went shut and he was off for Dreamland. To-night it was different than he had ever seen it before. There were trees, oh so many, and there were houses among them.

The queer thing about it was that animals lived in these houses. They even came up to talk to him and he was surprised to find that he could talk to them. But the biggest surprise of all came when he looked down at himself and found that he was covered with a coat of fur. He felt of his face and found a long snout where his nose had been. His ears were little sharp wooley ones.

"Why, I really am not a boy at all," he thought, "I am a bear."

He rather enjoyed this new change at first and stopped and talked with all the animal folks he met.

But as he was walking off among the big trees, all alone, something suddenly grabbed his foot. My! how it did hurt, and he cried with pain. Poking the leaves away with his other paw he found that his right one had been caught in his father's big trap.

"Oh, daddy, daddy, help me. I am in your trap," he cried.

It was a long time before a man came, but it was not his father. The little boy tried to tell what he wanted, but the man did not seem to understand. Roughly he put a muzzle with a long rope fastened to it, on the boy's head and let him out of the trap. Still he could not get away. The man pulled and jerked on the rope and led him a long way off through the woods, and shut him up in a little shanty.

He was tired, hungry and thirsty, but could neither eat nor drink because of the horrid muzzle. The bed was so hard and cold, he could not even sleep.

And then! Bl-bu-bang!

"Oh my, where am I?" asked the surprised little boy rubbing his eyes.

Looking around, he found he had been sleeping on the floor. He felt of his foot and it really wasn't hurt at all. It had all been a dream.

"Bears do have feelings, just like boys and girls," thought the little boy. "We treated Bruin so mean yesterday. I never want to hitch him to my cart. Just as soon as the sun is up I am going to skip out and unfasten Bruin's chain so he can go home, wherever that is." And he did.

Bruin couldn't quite understand it all, but he winked and blinked his thanks to the little boy as he limped off toward the woods.

Returns From Graded Hogs.

An agricultural representative in close touch with the hog raising situation in Bruce County, Ontario, reports that by shipping a carload of hogs on a graded basis the farmers who contributed the stock gained approximately $80 over the flat rate of shipping which up to that time had been the rule. The load in question graded 75 per cent. selects and the balance thick smooths.

Beeswax, How Obtained.

Beeswax, the natural secretion of certain glands situated in the abdomen of honey bees and produced chiefly by the younger members of the hive is used extensively in the manufacture of many products such as harness oils, polish, lubricants, candles, floor wax. It is also used by electricians, pattern makers and dentists. The greater part of the wax produced, however, is used by beekeepers in the manufacture of comb foundation.

As wax is worth more than three times as much per pound as honey, every particle in the apiary should be saved. In an apiary run for extracted honey the greater part of the wax will be from cappings while a large amount can be obtained from broken or discarded combs and pieces of burr combs scraped from the hives and frames during the summer.

As a certain amount of impurities are present in the wax as taken from the apiary it is necessary to adopt some method of rendering or extracting the wax pure. Two methods are in general use, one by using the heat from the sun and the other by means of artificial heat. Rendering wax by means of the solar wax extractor is a slow process and only suitable for small amounts of cappings or pieces of new comb. For a large amount of cappings and new comb most of the wax can be extracted by melting it in hot water and then allowing it to cool. The wax being the lighter will rise to the top and harden.

For old combs that have been used in the brood chamber or contain pollen it will be necessary to use pressure to separate the wax from the refuse. Several good hot water presses are on the market and any one of them will soon pay for itself in a fair sized apiary. The combs are first placed in a tank containing hot water and thoroughly melted. A sheet of burlap or some similar material is spread over the bottom rack of the press and two or three gallons of the molten mass is poured into it. The edges of the burlap are then folded over evenly and another rack placed on top of it. The press is then filled with boiling water. The top rack is then pressed down by means of a screw and the wax forced out of the cheese in the burlap. It is well to release the screw once or twice during the operation so that the refuse becomes well saturated with the hot water and then to press again. The wax being lighter than water will float to the top and can be run off into moulds.

Some presses are fitted with three racks so that three cheeses can be pressed at one time. Further details on rendering wax can be obtained from Experimental Farm Bulletin No. 26, on "Bees and How to Keep them." This bulletin can be had from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Ont.

Cost of Maintenance of Dairy Cattle.

In investigational work conducted at the Ontario Agricultural College with dairy cattle, the cost of maintenance for dry cows and heifers was shown to be $8.60 per month. Some work was also done in an attempt to discover a satisfactory method of handling veal calves from dairy cows. The results show that dairy calves for veal should be marketed at the earliest possible age at which the market will accept them. It was also found that to make satisfactory veal whole milk was necessary.

In gradually increasing the number of good cows we are following the course of older civilization where the cow is indispensable.

RELATIVE POSITION OF CANADIAN BACON ON THE ENGLISH MARKET

"Top" Prices of Weekly Report Do Not Represent Bulk of Supply.

For the last twenty months the Dominion Department of Agriculture has issued a weekly report of cabled prices of bacon in England, which, if properly read by Canadian hog raisers, will serve a useful purpose. Like other statistics the report should be read with a clear knowledge of what it is intended to convey. The prices given are "top" market quotations for Irish, Danish, Canadian and American imported "Wiltshire sides" in London.

The variations since March, 1922, can be seen on the accompanying chart. The prices quoted are in shillings per English hundredweight of 112 pounds. No doubt they are as accurate as can be expected of cabled information but they are not entirely representative of the relation of Canadian and Danish prices.

And for this reason: Danish exported bacon comes from hogs of which 85 per cent. rank firsts, and the quantity of their yield for which "top" or near prices can therefore be obtained, is relatively high. In fact, thanks to their splendid uniformity, the bulk of Danish bacon may be reasonably put near the top quotation mark.

This is not so true of Canadian bacon. As the percentage of our hogs grading "select" is smaller, uniformity in product is difficult to attain. Much of our bacon does not get the "top" prices. There is often a difference of ten shillings below the cabled prices paid for a considerable part of the shipments.

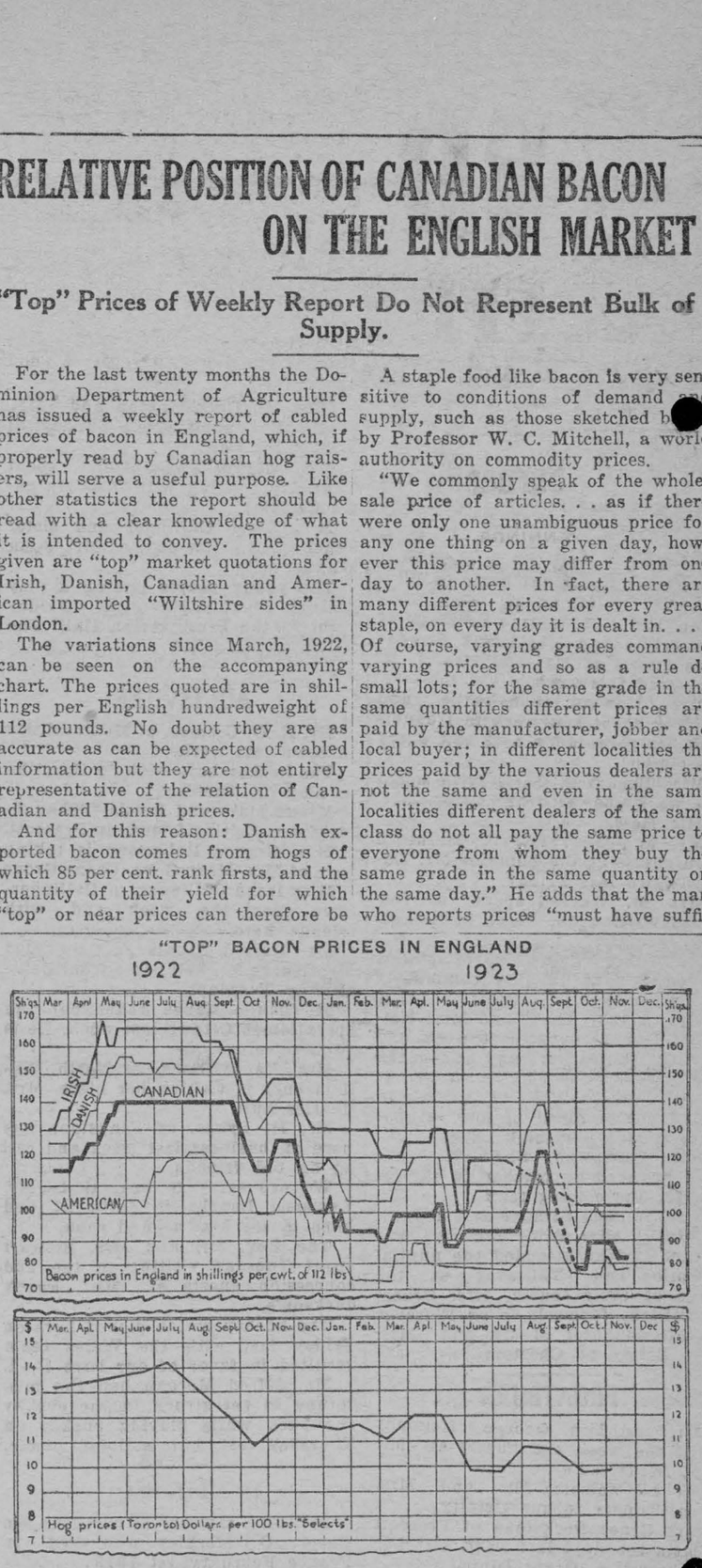
These facts should be known in the Dominion, for there is always a tendency natural in the circumstances, for the seller of hogs to relate his prices to the prices he may fancy is paid for all export bacon. The fact that the cabled reports are official makes one all the more ready to assume for the prices a degree of accuracy that they as a matter of fact cannot possess, taken only on one day in the week.

A staple food like bacon is very sensitive to conditions of demand and supply, such as those sketched by Professor W. C. Mitchell, a world authority on commodity prices.

"We commonly speak of the wholesale price of articles. . . as if there were only one unambiguous price for any one thing on a given day, however this price may differ from one day to another. In fact, there are many different prices for every great staple, on every day it is dealt in. . . . Of course, varying grades command varying prices and so as a rule do small lots; for the same grade in the same quantities different prices are paid by the manufacturer, jobber and local buyer; in different localities the prices paid by the various dealers are not the same and even in the same localities different dealers of the same class do not all pay the same price to everyone from whom they buy the same grade in the same quantity on the same day." He adds that the man who reports prices "must have sufficient technical knowledge to be sure that his quotations are for uniform qualities or to make the necessary adjustments if changes have occurred requiring recognition. He must guard against the pitfalls of cash discount, premiums, rebates, deferred payments and allowances of all sorts."

Now, the best Canadian bacon is as good as the best among Irish or Danish; of that packers and technical men are convinced. Yet there are many factors of public choice and predilection for this or that kind. Consumers who have known a brand continue to ask for it; this is a benefit to the trade when once a brand is known. Irish and Danish markets have profited thereby. The salient fact from the producer's point of view is that there is no reason in the world why the mass of Canadian bacon should not, by quadrupling our percentage of "selects" to the total, be improved in quality, uniformity and volume so that it may at least equal Danish.

"TOP" BACON PRICES IN ENGLAND



The upper part of the graph shows the "top" prices paid by English importers for Irish, Danish, Canadian and American "Wiltshire sides" from March, 1922, until November, 1923. The figures are those reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture in their weekly cables from London. Figures at the sides are in shillings per hundredweight of 112 pounds. Broken lines in the chart last fall indicate nominal prices reported.

In the lower section are charted the average monthly prices for "select" hogs on the Toronto Stockyards, also reported by the Dominion Department of Agriculture in dollars per 100 lbs. Notice how closely they follow the main line for Canadian bacon in England.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel."

Regularity in Home Living for Children

BY HELEN GREGG GREEN.

"I can't understand why Throck is doing so poorly at school," complained Throck's mother to Miss McHenry, his teacher, who was calling at the child's home.

"Mrs. Carlton, I think I know the reason," Miss McHenry answered, "and I thought you'd want to know about my discovery, so I came over."

"Indeed, I do, my dear," and the mother was all interest. "His chum, Bernard, across the way, is doing such splendid work."

"To-day I asked the children to write a short theme on their day's schedule. Most of them admitted a sort of haphazard existence, minus any regular routine. But one child, a little girl by the name of Nana, who does good work, wrote such a sensible little theme I thought it might help other mothers. So I brought it to show you, Mrs. Carlton," and the teacher handed her Nana's composition.

Throck's mother read:

"My mother has a sort of time schedule for my brother and me. We have to get up every morning, including Saturday, at seven o'clock. Mims calls once only! We have the use of the bathroom from seven to seven-forty-five. After that Father has it. Then we eat what Mims calls a simple, nourishing breakfast. Usually it is either hot oatmeal and milk; fruit, toast, and milk; coddled egg, toast, and milk; or bread and butter and warm milk. We have plenty of time every morning to eat our breakfast, so Bud and I have never learned the 'art of gobbling,' as father calls it. We never have to run to school, as we always start in plenty of time. When we come home in the evenings we change from our school clothes to our play clothes; then we have our 'relaxation period'.

"We have certain places for our wraps, school clothes, and school books. We have our study room, which is very quiet.

"We have certain duties at home to help Mims.

"Bud and I both like our schedule very much!"

"Why, Miss McHenry, this was written by Bernard's sister, Nana," Throck's mother laughed. "Now I see why Bernard and Nana are doing such good work and Throck isn't. I must confess we've never lived in the right, healthful way."

"The schedule is a splendid one, isn't it!" answered Miss McHenry.

"Indeed it is! And from now on Throck will have a schedule and I shall give Bernard's mother a good scolding for not telling me of her plan," Throck's mother smiled.

Meeting Miss McHenry a few months later, the mother inquired about her son's work.

"Very good indeed," she answered. "It is a close race between Throck and Nana now. And Bernard, who is a few years older, is in the 'contest,' as the children call it, and they're all receiving excellent grades. Oh, there's nothing like regularity in the home life to help the child in his school work."

O.A.C. Farm Crops.

The crop acreage on the Ontario Agricultural College Farm for the season of 1923 was as follows: 105 acres of oats, 40 acres of mixed grain, 30 acres of barley, 40 acres of silage corn, 8 acres of mangels, 8 acres of turnips and 117 acres of hay, including 20 acres of alfalfa.

The hay crop was very heavy, over 100 good loads being taken off one 30-acre plot of new seeding.

Alfalfa also promises well on the College farm at last. Two good cuttings were taken from the 20-acre field and the crop has gone into winter in first class condition. Success following failure is largely attributed to the fact that the present crop was grown from homegrown Ontario Variegated seed.

The corn crop was not quite up to standard, two or three heavy storms breaking it down badly and injuring growth. There will be enough silage for winter feeding.

The mangel crop was lighter than usual, although the stand was good. There are over 4,500 bushels in the cellar. The turnip crop was a bumper one—the largest produced on the farm in years—and made up for the falling off in mangels. There was over 6,000 bushels from the 8 acres.

The summer pasture problem was not so acute this year. By keeping the cattle off the permanent pasture until June 5th, it got a good start, and frequent rains kept it fresh and growing.

Twenty acres of sweet clover held the dairy cattle until the aftermath in the hay fields came on. This aftermath on 97 acres of the hay crop was luxuriant and pasture remained fairly good till late autumn.

As usual green feed for stabled stock was produced from a few acres of peas and oats sown at the rate of three bushels of oats and ½ to 1 bushel of peas per acre, according to size of the peas.

Get the Ice Hook.

One of the ways in which the farmer may employ winter days to aid during the hot busy weeks of the summertime, is to put up an ample supply of ice. Each summer a large percentage of farmers declare themselves that the following winter they will certainly put in such a store. However, when winter comes this job is delayed until too late.

It is important to have everything in readiness when the water has frozen to sufficient depth to be harvested. Erecting loading platforms, repairing of the ice-house and providing ample supply of dry hay or sawdust should be seen to at once. All tools, such as saws, picks, and other implements needed, should also be ready for use on a moment's notice. Ice, like other crops, must be harvested when it is fit.

Grease the Way.

As a little axle grease applied to the point of a nail will make it drive much easier in seasoned wood, so will a little of the oil of human sympathy and interest make the ways of life more smooth for those whose yokes are heavy. Furthermore, as the grease tends to prevent the nail from rusting in the wood, so will the sympathy keep alive the fires of love and joy within our lives.

Keep a small magnet hanging in the kitchen. It can be used to pick up spilled tacks, and with it you may recover a metal part of the stove which sometimes slips out of place.

RED ROSE COFFEE

For particular people

Roasted and packed same day in airtight cans C-1

Surnames and Their Origin

JENNINGS.

Variations—Jenkins, Jenkinson, Jenks Jennison.
Racial Origin—Middle English, also Welsh.
Source—A given name.

Though you would not think so to look at them, the name of Jennings and the foregoing variations are simply one classification of the innumerable host of family names which have developed from that most common of all given names, John.

From its original Hebrew form of Jehohanan, the name of John has developed into nearly every sort of sound around which the human tongue can twist, through pagan as well as Christian races. Indeed, it is held that the name of Hannibal, th egreat Carthaginian warrior who crossed the Alps with his elephants and nearly smashed ancient Rome, was simply a variation of John. Carthage was founded by Phoenicians, who came from the coast near Palestine.

But in England the name of John came to be spelled in many different ways according to the linguistic tendencies of individual localities. It is found as Jon, Jan and Jen, among other forms too numerous to mention. Jen-kin (little Jen) was a very common development from the latter, from which the surname of "Jenkin's son," or Jenkinson was derived quite normally, being shortened in the course of time into the variations noted. Where the name Jennings traces back to Ireland it was formerly MacShoneen (descendants of John), changed to the English form under the pressure of English laws which at various times in various sections of that country forbade the use of native family names.

CLEVELAND

Variations—Clive, Cliff, Cleve.
Racial Origin—Middle English.
Source—A geographically descriptive word.

Cleveland and its variations trace back to an old Anglo-Saxon geographically descriptive term, as do Grover and its variations.

The old word was "clough." It meant a cleft or fissure between hills in those days and its modern use as "cliff" was probably a secondary meaning.

The variations, Clive, Cliff and Cleve, of course, are developments of the original spelling, and are useful in determining in what general sections of England a family may have lived at various periods. It is only in very modern times that spelling has been standardized. Throughout the middle ages people spelled very much as they pronounced, and there were marked differences in pronunciation tendencies in the different parts of England. Originally such names as Clive, Cliff and Cleve were written "Atte Clive (at-the-cliff), Atte Cliff and Atte Cleve, or at earlier periods, when French was used more commonly and was the official language, "de la Clive" (of the cliff).

Cleveland, as a family name, gives a little more definite information as to the origin of families bearing it, which must have come from a section of Yorkshire known by that name, and of which the city of Middlesborough is the capital.

WINTER HARD ON BABY

The winter season is a hard one on the baby. He is more or less confined in stuffy, badly ventilated rooms. It is so often stormy that the mother does not get him out in the fresh air as often as she should. He catches colds which rack his little system; his stomach and bowels get out of order and he becomes peevish and cross. To guard against this the mother should keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They regulate the stomach and bowels, and break up colds. The new sales tax will not increase the price of Baby's Own Tablets, as the company pays the tax. You can still obtain the Tablets through any medicine dealer at 25 cents a box, or by mail post paid from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

What a Knot is Not.

The meaning of a sailor's "knot," like an ordinary knot, requires some unravelling.

A "landlubber" would say that a steamship is steaming at "twenty-five knot an hour," but a sailor would simply say "twenty-five knots." The latter is correct. A knot is not a distance, but a speed. The word "speed" combines distance and time, a sailor calling the speed of a ship while passing over a sea mile, about 6,080 feet or 1 1-8 land miles, one "knot."

The word "knot" is very old. In ancient days seamen found out the speed of their vessel by means of a "log line." This was a piece of wood, to which was attached a long line knotted at regular intervals. The log was thrown overboard, and a sand-glass on board was allowed to run down. It was then seen how many knots had been paid out. If fifteen, then the ship was travelling at fifteen knots; if twelve, at twelve knots, and so on.

His Request.

Judge—"Have you anything further to say?"

Prisoner—"I should like to ask that the time occupied by counsel's speech for the defence be deducted from my term of imprisonment."

King crabs, found mostly off the islands of Japan, measure from 3 to 6 feet from tip to tip of their great claws; the largest ever caught is recorded as having been 19 feet from tip to tip and weighing 40 lbs.

It is 5.09 p.m. by the clock in Paris when noon in Toronto.

Rid Your Poultry of Lice

The new scientific discovery makes it easy to get rid of vermin. Stop greasing, dusting, spraying and other unsatisfactory methods of fighting lice. Simply drop into the drinking water a harmless mineral tablet, it does the trick, it makes and keeps the birds clean and healthy. Warranted not to impart any odor to flesh or eggs. Sold under a money back guarantee. Thousands of poultry raisers are using them. Send one dollar for trial box. F. G. Davies, Dept. H., 30 Leopold Street, Toronto.

Being Busy.

When people tell one another how busy they are or have been, although they are likely to lament the "busyness," they usually regard it as creditable. And yet to be busy is not necessarily to be engaged in anything worth while. Being busy and working are by no means synonymous. The disparaging expression "a busybody" arose from a perception of that fact. People who keep themselves pretty constantly occupied with work have no time or inclination for mischief-making, yet people can busy themselves in making mischief. They can busy themselves too in ways that do no special harm to others and that are yet futile and frivolous. A great many people, for example, are busy performing social acts and rites that have no particular value.

Being busy in the sense of being constantly occupied with the little complications in the web of life is a harassing and discouraging form of activity, says a writer in Youth's Companion. Yet nowadays people give more time and effort to the attempt to deal with such complications than ever before—because the complications are more numerous and intricate.

The persons who are busy most of the time on productive, interesting work of some kind, and who do not allow the element of busyness to invade their hours of recreation and relaxation, have a sound philosophy of life and are living in accordance with it.



The Marriageable Age.

"When is the proper age for a girl to marry?"

"Any age at which he is able to make money enough to live in style."

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Australia, the Peculiar.

Australia is a truly marvelous country. Nature there displays peculiarities that would seem almost to be the product of human imagination. Not only are there white eagles and black swans and non-barking dogs with wolves' heads and foxes' tails; not only does the salmon fish for itself in the rivers and the perch in the sea, but the barometer rises before rain and falls to foretell fine weather.

Paper money wears out and the average life of five dollar bills is about ten months.

When someone was complaining of insomnia, an Irishman recommended a sure cure for it. "Go to bed," he said, "an' shlape it off!"

Desire.

Life is a prison house, it seems,
And all man's eager thoughts and dreams
Are colored windows . . . looking through,
He sees the heavens arching blue,
Sees earth and all earth's lovely flowers,
Sees golden noons and evening stars,
Sees dawn's soft, pulsing, shadowed hours—
And, hungry hearted, beats the bars.

There is a window in the wall
Higher than any man is tall . . .
I've gazed from it all night until
I curse the hour I gained its sill,
My feeble hand all night has pressed
The pallid glass, while from above
The moon, unloved and uncaressed,
Shines far and faultless as my love
—Winifred Lockhart Willis.

WEAK ANAEMIC WOMEN

What They Need to Restore Good Health and Vitality.

The woman who feels tired out, who aches all over when she rises in the morning, who feels depressed most of the time, needs the help that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can give her—new, rich blood and stronger nerves. The number of disorders caused by poor blood is amazing, and most women are careless about the condition of their blood. Their nerves are quickly affected; they worry over trifles and do not obtain refreshing sleep. There may be stomach troubles and headaches; shortness of breath and a fluttering of the heart. This is a condition that calls for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the blood-improving, nerve-restoring tonic. Mrs. William Henry, Lovett Street, London, Ont., has proved the value of these pills, and says: "I had a very severe attack of anaemia. I was always tired and the least thing would make me sick at the stomach. I could hardly go about and suffered terrible pains in my legs from cramps. I had no color in my face and was as white as a sheet. The doctor gave me several kinds of medicine, but could not understand why I did not get results from it. Then I went to a hospital and was there for three months, but came home no better than when I went. My friends were worried and feared consumption. While I was still in this condition a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I tried them and after a time felt they were helping me, and I gladly continued their use, and am thankful to say that I am again a well woman, and I firmly believe that had it not been for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I would not have got better."

The new sales tax will not increase the price of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as the company pays the tax. You can still obtain the pills through any medicine dealer at 50 cents a box, or by mail, post paid, at this price, from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mooring a Dirigible.

The proposal of the U.S. navy to fly to the Pole in the Shenandoah, Uncle Sam's biggest airship, includes the establishment of an air base in Alaska from which the start would be made. It is unlikely that a special hangar for the big ship would be built there, and it is much more probable mooring masts would be utilized to hold the Shenandoah between flights. Such mast salready are in use at the Lakehurst, N.J., naval station.

The usual airship mooring mast is about 200 feet high and is of steel, firmly based in concrete. The nose of the ship is made fast by cables to a swivel arrangement set in the head of the mast. This swivel, moving freely, permits the flying craft to swing to the wind, much as a ship swings to its anchor in a tideway. When the airship is to be moored she noses down toward the mast, drops her cable to the ground, and this in turn is made fast to the cable on the mast swivel. The slack is then taken up by a motor driven winch on the ground.

After being secured to the mast it is found the airship rides better in the wind if ballast is cast out.

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen you get your money back.

A portion of the old Roman wall of London has recently been uncovered in Hounsditch. It is 8 ft. 9 ins. thick, faced with squared stones, and filled with smaller stones, over which cement had been poured.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

A foolish mother can suggest mischief her son never dreamed of, by the questions she asks him.

"Pillboxes" and concrete dug-outs built by the Germans are still a problem in France; there were 6,000 in the Nord Department alone.

INDIGESTION, GAS, STOMACH TROUBLE

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surest relief for indigestion, gases, flatulence, heartburn, sourness, or stomach distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief. Correct your stomach and digestion now for a few cents. Druggists sell millions of packages of Pape's Diapepsin.

The Business of Faith.

Rob Stuart was no coward. The moment he realized that he had been avoiding his old pastor since his return from college he went straight to the parsonage.

The study greeted him with its old welcome. Rob had been there many an evening with a crowd of the boys before he went to college.

"It feels just as it used to," he declared. "We had some great times here."

Dr. Carlow nodded. "I'm getting to be an old man, Rob. I like to sit here before the fire and watch my boys marching out to conquer the world."

"We don't go very far," Rob retorted, "before we revise our dreams a bit."

"Make them bigger or smaller?" Dr. Carlow inquired

"Oh, smaller. Boys are conceited young animals, doctor! It takes college to make you see your size in relation to the universe! I don't believe as I did. You can't after you've taken a look down to the beginning of things."

"How much is left?" Dr. Carlow asked quietly.

"Well, sir,"—it was harder than Rob had realized that it was going to be,—"I'm not so sure of God. I'm not saying that He doesn't exist. I simply haven't settled the question in my mind. And I don't believe that Jesus Christ was anything but a man. Of course He was the greatest man that ever lived—in his way." He was angry at himself for stumbling in his words before the quiet eyes of the old man.

But to his astonisment Dr. Carlow seemed to let the matter drop. "I hear you're going into business, Rob," he said.

"Yes, sir. Motors."

"Do you remember the parable of the talents?"

Rob nodded. What was the old doctor driving at?"

"Do you think the master was hard on the servant with one talent?"

"Why, no, sir. The fellow had his chance like the rest. He was a quitter."

"I thought you'd say that. Now I have another question to ask. Are you capitalizing the faith you have? By your own acknowledgment you'll be a quitter if you let it lie idle. The same law holds in religion as in business; the only way to acquire more faith is to invest what you have."

"Why—" the young fellow stammered. Then he laughed, the frank boyish laugh that his pastor dearly loved. "You've got me sir. I see I'll have to go home and thrash the matter out."

The Herds of Death.

When the moon is high
And the wind is low
Over the alkali,
Browsing slow,
The skeletons
Of cattle go.
Their ribs gleam white,
Their breath is frost,
A ghost cow lows
For a ghost calf lost,
And on horns like sharp moons
Their foes are tossed.
—Elizabeth J. Coatsworth.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!

BAYER

Demand

Unless you see the name "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Neuritis	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

ACHE NO MORE!

Minard's stops pain, relieves inflammation, eases rheumatism, neuralgia and all pains.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

"Miss America" Declares Tanlac Wonderful Health Giving Tonic



Miss Campbell in "Miss America" crown which she has won on two occasions.
Photograph by Atlantic Foto Service.

Miss Mary Katherine Campbell, twice proclaimed "Miss America," has taken TANLAC and endorses it in a statement recently given to the women of America through International Proprietaries, Inc., distributors of this great tonic. In this statement, Miss America declares that Good Health is the basis of all Beauty, and advises women who would be beautiful to "first find good health."

Her complete statement as given is as follows: "I consider it a great privilege to be able to tell the thousands of women everywhere what a great tonic TANLAC is. Health is the basis of all beauty. Without good health, one is apt to be run down, nervous, underweight, high-strung, anaemic. Indigestion drives the roses from a woman's cheeks and robs her of that radiant quality of womanhood that is real beauty.

"I have taken TANLAC and I do not hesitate to say that it is a wonderful health-giving tonic. It has brought relief and good health to many women, and with good health one may have a measure of beauty that will overcome shortcomings in face and figure.

"Rosy cheeks, sparkling eyes, a well-rounded figure, a lovable disposition, go hand in hand with good health. To those searching for beauty, I would say—'First of all, Find Good Health.' The TANLAC treatment has proven itself a boon to womankind, and I recommend it."

Miss Campbell has written a booklet on Health and Beauty which may be secured by filling out the coupon below.

INTERNATIONAL PROPRIETARIES, INC.
Department A-103, Atlanta, Ga.

Gentlemen: I herewith enclose 10 cents (stamps will do), for which send me a copy of Miss Katherine Campbell's Booklet on "Beauty and Health."

Name ..... Street .....

Town ..... State .....

Dire Threat.

An Irish sergeant was drilling two very stupid recruits, who could not be prevailed upon to keep step. Losing all patience, he shouted:

"If I knew which of ye two spalpeens was out of step, I'd put him straight in the guardroom."

The busy man has few idle visitors—of whom worry is one.

Try MURINE FOR YOUR EYES
Wholesome Cleansing Refreshing

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY & LIVER REMEDY

The old reliable remedy for Bright's Disease, sick headache, pains in back and other indications of kidney and liver trouble. Fifty years successful sale. At your druggist or direct from
WARNER'S SAFE REMEDIES CO.
Toronto, Ont.

Old People

Bitro-Phosphate feeds the nerves and old people need it to make them feel and look younger. It's the one best nerve builder for weak, nerve-exhausted men and women and that is why druggists guarantee it. Price $1 per pkge. Arrow Chemical Co., 25 Front St. East, Toronto, Ont.

CUTICURA HEALS ITCHY PIMPLES

Over Chin and Cheek, Large and Red. Was Discouraged.

"The pimples I suffered from were scattered over my chin and cheek.



They were large and red and after a day or two festered over. They itched and when I scratched them the tops would come off and a watery fluid would come from them. The trouble lasted several months and I was awfully discouraged.

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample. After using it there was a marked change so I purchased more, which healed me." (Signed) Miss Edna Prowse, Nonpariel Farm, Cluny, Alberta.

Use Cuticura for all toilet purposes.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE

6 POUNDS LEAF TOBACCO. ONE pound is flue cured. Mailed all over Canada for $2. Lewis Wigle, Leamington, Ont.

Consider whether you have satisfied your relations to father, mother, cousin, neighbor, town, cat and dog, whether any of these can upbraid you.—R. W. Emercon.

Mother! Give Sick Child "California Fig Syrup"

Harmless Laxative for a Bilious, Constipated Baby or Child.



Constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic Babies and Children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels acting without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits! Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.

MRS. DAVIS NERVOUS WRECK

Tells Women How She Was Restored to Perfect Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Winnipeg, Man.—"I cannot speak too highly of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was a nervous wreck and I just had to force myself to do my work. Even the sound of my own children playing made me feel as if I must scream if they did not get away from me. I could not even speak right to my husband. The doctor said he could do nothing for me. My husband's mother advised me to take the Vegetable Compound and I started it at once. I was able to do my work once more and it was a pleasure, not a burden. Now I have a fine bouncing baby and am able to nurse her and enjoy doing my work. I cannot help recommending such a medicine, and any one seeing me before I took it, and seeing me now, can see what it does for me. I am only too pleased for you to use my testimonial."—Mrs. EMILY DAVIS, 721 McGee Street, Winnipeg, Man.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women" will be sent you free upon request. Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ont. This book contains valuable information. C

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Stove repairs ordered for any range.

MORASH FOUNDRY

Miss Lillie Baker is spending a few weeks in Ogdensburg the guest of Mrs. G. D. Dardis.

* * *

Say, Boys, if you want to hear your pedigree don't miss "Those Husbands of Ours" in the Methodist Lecture Room, February 14th.

* * *

Mrs. G. A. Godfrey, Montreal, is spending a few days with her mother, Mrs. Wm. Allison.

* * *

Mr. Henry Swerdfeger, a highly respected resident of Riverfront, East for many years, died suddenly at his home on Tuesday, January 29th.

* * *

Mrs. Stephenson is visiting at the home of Dr. J. S. Goodfellow.

* * *

Mr. Percy Nash was in Ottawa for a few days this week.

* * *

Miss Thompson of Winnipeg is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Frank Stewart.

* * *

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. John W. Casselman, Riverside, January 27th 1924, a daughter.

* * *

Mrs. Arthur Martin arrived in town on Thursday afternoon to spend a few days with her mother Mrs. Hepburn.

* * *

A seal, it is reported, has been disporting itself in the river and on the ice, just above Jackass Shoal, Several people living in that vicinity say they have seen the seal.

* * *

Mrs. A. M. Tupper returned home this week, after spending the past month with friends in Pittsburg, Pa. Wellsville, Ohio, and Buffalo, N.Y.

* * *

Mr. Chas. Summers spent a couple of days at his home last week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Dardis and family of Ogdensburg spent the week end with Miss Von Doran.

* * *

Mr. C. Freymire of Guelph returned home on Wednesday after spending a month with his sister, Mrs Jas. M Berkley, Riverside.

* * *

Rev. Theo. A. Isler will preach at Riverside Lutheran Church Sunday afternoon, February 3rd. Everybody welcome.

* * *

What would you pay for a laugh that you'll feel for days? Come to the Methodist League Valentine Concert and you'll get a bargain in laughs out of "Those Husbands of Ours."

* * *

Mrs. Agnes Snetsinger of Vancouver, who has spent the last four months in Eastern Ontario, left for her home on the 31st. Mr. S Salmon and a party of friends were at the depot to see her off on her long journey.

* * *

At the Leeds and Grenville county council a resolution to make a grant of $5,000 to the Merrickville Public and Continuation school to help defray expenses of an addition to the institution at an estimated cost of $25,000 was declared lost.

* * *

Surgical operations for appendicitis having recently been performed upon twenty persons living within a radius of two miles of Harlem post office in the township of Bastard, with other cases imminent, people of that vicinity are at a loss to account for the epidemic.

* * *

Mr. J. B. Challies, C.E., M.E.I.C., of Ottawa, Director of Dominion Water Power Board, was elected vice-president of the Engineering Institute of Canada at the opening of the annual meeting last week. Mr. Challies is another Winchester boy who is rapidly making his mark in his profession, and one whom Winchester delights to honor—Winchester Press.

* * *

Hunters in desert countries often find water by following the flight of birds. You can find a jar of Williams' Camphorated Mustard Cream at your drug store for 35c and you won't be sorry you found it. Does all a mustard plaster will do, and more, but without the blister. Its fine for the kiddies' croup troubles.

* * *

Thirty-one breaks on the Canadian National Telegraph lines between Brockville and Cardinal had to be repaired in one day. The breaks were caused by contraction due to the cold.

* * *

Geo. Hall Co., Prescott, has purchased two more vessels to be added to its fleet in the spring and operated during the coming season in the coal trade between Charlotte and Prescott, releasing two other vessels for the down river trade. The new boats are the Rubee and the John W Thompson and were purchased from James W Elwell & Company, brokers, New York City In the Prescott Charlotte run they can load to 18 feet and can carry about 1,800 tons, or about 1,600 on canal draft.

Mr. and Mrs W. W. Merkley of River Road West, Iroquois, have placed on exhibition at this office the Cross, which served as a temporary mark at the head of the grave of their son, Cpl. O. Merkley, 27th Coy., C.F.C., who was killed while serving his country. This temporary memorial was removed from the grave, at Dax Communal Cemetery, Landes, South-West of France, on the Atlantic Coast, by the officials of the Imperial War Graves Commission, in order that a permanent stone monument may be erected over the grave. The cross was forwarded to the Department of National Defence who transmitted it to Mr. and Mrs. Merkley. The inscription on the Cross is as follows —"In memory of 634011 Corporal O. Merkley, 27th Coy., C.F.C., died Febuary 1st, 1919." The permanent monument over Cpl. Merkley's grave will bear an inscription to be worded by his parents.

* * *

Manufacturers of lumber and wholesale or retail lumber dealers hereafter must obtain a sales tax license and make a monthly return of sales of lumber to non-licensees, according to an order issued this week by the Department of Customs. The order says that "the tax shall be computed on not less than fifty per cent. of their selling price to such purchaser," at the rate of six per cent.

* * *

The Brockville General Hospital, of which Miss Alice Shannette, formerly of Williamsburg, is Superintendent, published its annual report last week, containing the following very flattering remarks in recognition of her efficient service:—"The hospital has been well patronized throughout the year. Commendation of the service rendered under the direction of our efficient lady superintendent, Miss Shannette, and her well organized and capable staff, is heard on all sides and it is a great pleasure to the Board to place on record their satisfaction at this pleasing condition of affairs, and to voice their appreciation of the efforts of the entire staff during the past year.

* * *

Bars of aluminum were this week successfully rolled into rods for the ultimate conversion into wire, for the first time in Ontario, at the rolling mill of the Eugene F. Phillips Electrical Works, Brockville.

* * *

President Coolidge's invitation to the Canadian Government to discuss the St. Lawrence waterway preliminary to signing the treaty between the two nations has been accepted, according to an announcement made this week at general headquarters of the Great Lakes-St Lawrence Tidewater Association says a Duluth, Minn., dispatch. The Dominion Government is quoted as prepared to resume the discussion with Washington in response to the President's invitation following an official demand made by the Province of Ontario

* * *

The undisputed queen of the dairying world, May Echo Sylvia, holder of every world's record for milk production from one to 120 days, died at Avondale Farm, Brockville, Tuesday afternoon.

* * *

Rev. Gordon Carryer, rector of Aultsville for the last 15 months, has been appointed by the Bishop of Ottawa to be rector of St. Margarets church, Eastview, Ottawa, succeeding Rev. George Bousfield. Rev. Mr Carryer was formerly general missioner for the Diocese of Ottawa and previously was rector of South Mountain and Newington.

* * *

Recent despatches from Washington intimating that the development of the St. Lawrence deep waterways project was contingent upon the Mississippi Bill going through Congress, were incorrect, according to a statement issued this week by A. S. Bennett, executive director of the St. Lawrence deep waterways association of Western Canada. Mr. Bennett said he had been advised by officials of the International waterways movement in the United States that the St. Lawrence project will not be affected one way or the other by the Mississippi development.

IS YOUR SUBSCRIPTION DUE?

A number of our subscribers are overlooking the fact that the price of The Leader is $1.50 if paid in advance. Be not surprised therefore, if you are in arrears, when your bill is rendered at the rate of $2.00 per year.

You need your money
I need mine,
If we both get ours
It will be fine.
But if you get yours
And hold mine too,
What in the world
Am I going to do?
Please look at your label and mail remittance to-day.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Having disposed of our butcher business to Mr. J. E. Madden, we take this opportunity to thank our many customers for their patronage and assure you of the same satisfaction from our successor.

MIDDAGH BROS.

ap

FOR SALE

Range, with reservoir and warming closet; both wood and coal grates; used only six months.

Apply
FRANK E. DEEKS,
bp Morrisburg, Ont.

FOR SALE

The John Loucks dwelling; the Armstrong Double with four lots, and the Harrison gardens—real snaps. Several good farms. Now is the time to list dwellings, business stands and vacant lots. I have waiting clients. Money to lend on farm security. Low interest and easy terms

J. A. RIDDELL.

BREAD

IS YOUR BEST FOOD

Eat More of It

But be sure you eat the best

TRY FAGAN'S

For Bread and Pastries

Fagan's Bakery

Lock Street

Going Out of Business

Everything Must Be Sold

Here are a few prices

Pineapple, per tin	25c
Cocoa, two pounds for	25c
Dates, two pounds for	25c
Matches, three boxes for	25c
Table Figs, per pound	20c
Two packages cheese for	25c
Rolled Wheat per pound	6c
Raisins, bulk	15c
Dried Apricots, per pound	15c
Evaporated Peaches, per pound	15c
Evaporated Apples, per pound	16c
Castele Soap, large bars, 2 for	35c
Table Raisins	30c
Brooms, regular $1.00 for	80c
Toilet Paper, 5 rolls for	25c
Magic Baking Powder, 12 ounces	25c
Magic Baking Powder, 6 ounces	15c
Magic Baking Powder, one pound	30c

F. E. DEEKS, - Lock Street

FURS WANTED

We are buying all kinds of RAW FURS. Bring them, or send them to our Store and get the best prices

J. S. TEVAN & CO.

MORRISBURG, ONT. NEXT THE MONUMENT

Notice

That now is the time to see about your building and repairing. Just call us up and we will come and see you about it. We can help complete your ideas and give you information as to cost, etc. This service is free. Don't hesitate. Get it settled now and relieve your mind.

Call us up or drop a line. We'll do our part. Phone 87J, write or come and see.
P.S.--We saw every day, so hustle in the logs while the roads are good.

The Morrisburg Lumber Mills

PHONE 87J---LOCK BOX 71

Plumbing & Heating

Steam Boiler Repairs

Prices on Farm Water Systems have taken a drop. For particulars apply at our shop, Lock St.

Holmes & Swayne

LOCK STREET MORRISBURG

PROMPT ATTENTION TO OUT-OF-TOWN CALLS

Real Value

The man who places his repair work with a handy man or sends it to a cut rate establishment, for the sake of, what is frequently, a purely visionary saving of a dollar or two, is very apt to later find that instead of a saving, the transaction actually stands him a considerable loss.

You certainly have a right to expect real value for the money you expend in repairs, at a legitimate repair shop.

The TRUE VALUE of repairs, properly executed, can perhaps be better reckoned in days, weeks, and months of subsequent satisfactory performance, than in terms of mere dollars and cents of initial cost.

We believe we are giving the public the cheapest service obtainable in this locality today (all things considered) We aim to deliver real and true value on every transaction and if we succeed in this our customers must surely profit as well as ourselves.

Help us to succeed, and come in for your full share of the customers profits.

TINDAL'S GARAGE
H. B. Tindal, Prop

Your Eyes

Are worth the price of all the glasses ever made and likely as not you need but one pair

WHY HESITATE

over such an important matter as your eye sight and possibly your future usefulness?

PHONE FOR APPOINTMENT

J. MILES WHITTEKER
Optometrist
MORRISBURG
'Phone 16

Skate at Morrisburg Rink

And get your Skates Sharpened by our perfect Hollow-ground machine. Skates sharpened while you wait

We can give you right-away service on Shoe Repairing; Harness Repairing, and Rubber Footwear and vulcanizing. All repairing done by up-to-date Machinery

We sell all kinds of Shoes and Harness Repairs, Leather Taps, Soles, Rubber Heels, etc.

A. G. TAYLOR

The Great West Life Assurance Company

HEAD OFFICE WINNIPEG, MAN.

We are now issuing very attractive policies on all plans, especially for men of older ages.

Sometime, when you are interested in Life Insurance, next month or one year hence, perhaps you will remember us.

T. E. CLELAND
Life Insurance Counselor

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