THE WINCHESTER PRESS

VOL. XLV — WINCHESTER, THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1932 — NO. 48

ONTARIO CORN Whole OR Ground

A GOOD FEED CHEAP FEED

Many are running short of home grown grain. We suggest adding Ontario Corn and Oats together to take the place of your own grain. Excellent for any kind of stock.

Call for prices.

Fennell & Wallace

FEED & FUEL SERVICE

Supertest!



Is a Sure Guide to Friendly

"SERVICE"

To fully realize the advantnges offered by a really modern service station, one must give it a fair trial. A visit to our newly equipped service depot will confirm this statement.

TICKET WITH EACH 25c PURCHASE

For each 25c worth of gasoline, oil or other merchandise purchased at Blair's Service Station, you are given a premium ticket. When you get 50 tickets you may turn them in and get one of the latest style candle lights or battery lanterns. Drop in and get full details of this feature.

"Simonizing"

Bring your car in and let us simonize it, you will be delighted with the result. This finish is lasting and endurable, and gives your car a new looking sppearance. At the same time, we will grease and oil your car, and, if you desire, we will change the oil in the crank case or transmission.

Firestone Tires. Supertest Gas. & Oils.

REST ROOMS, - PUBLIC LAVATORIES.

D. F. BLAIR

St. Lawrence Street - - Winchester, Ont.

Are You Interested?

A very large percentage of motor car troubles can be traced to insufficient or improper lubrication.

Regular attention to these items of maintenance will go far toward assuring satisfactory car ownership.

The chassis requires lubrication at least every 1000 miles.

The crank case should be drained and filled with fresh oil periodically.

Protect you car investment and save money through our oil change and lubrication agreements.

Our trained mechanics know the vital points of your car that require regular lubrication.

Let us give you the facts. Don't take chances.

Melvin's Garage,

ALBERT JOHNSTON, Service Manager.

Phone 113 - - Winchester

Our Column

To-morrow, Good Friday.

Next Sunday, Easter Sunday.

The small boy and marbles will soon be the next evidence of Spring.

When a man says his business is going like clockwork it may be on tick.

Prison for a quarter of a century is the penalty for kidnapping in Canada.

The "flu" epedemic seems to be disappearing. Good-bye and good riddence.

With the thermometer at zero, Spring received a cool reception in Ontario last Monday morning.

Politeness is like an air cushion. There may be nothing in it, but it eases the jolts wonderfully.

Isn't it wonderful the amount of wisdom the average loafer and cronic critic thinks he possesses.

Crows are becoming plentiful and noisey, a sure sign that Spring is "just around the corner."

Last Monday was the first day of Spring according to the Calender. We have our own opinion about the weather.

Be like the youngster who, when asked how he learned to skate so well, replied, "By getting up every time I fell down."

The first of April is the date fixed for the removal of snow fences. This spring they may have to dig them out in some places.

People who kick because something spicy does not appear in print change their tune wonderfully when the something spicy is about themselves.

You know where your stocks and bonds are;
You are careful to lock your car;
You guard your silver and jewels;
Do you know where your children are?

How is it that you seldom see a small girl with a skipping rope any more. One would think that with modern dresses even the old girls would make good skippers.

Hon. Leopald Macaulay announces that the Ontario Department of Highways will erect signs at the exits from towns and cities bearing the name of the next town on the route and the distance to it.

Order your Counter Check Books at the Press Office. Lowest Prices. Best on the market. Any kind in any quantity.

There is more joy in a newspaper office over one subscriber who pays in advance and abuses the publishers on every possible occasion, than there is over ninety and nine who borrow the paper and sing its praises without contributing one cent to keep it in existence.

It's an ill wind or snowstorm that does not do someome good. The snowstorm of Monday gave employment to nearly 5000 unemployed in Toronto, to a greater number in Montreal, and to countless more in all parts of the country. What a pity men cannot be given steady work when they are so willing to earn.

No business in any town should allow a newspaper published in his town to go without his name and business being mentioned somewhere in its columns. The man who does not advertise his business does an injustice to himself and the town. The life of a town depends upon the live, wide-awake and liberal advertising business man.—Paisley Advocate.

The storms of Saturday and Monday night, the East winds, the drifts and the general cussedness of the weather is what usually is expected in the month of March. This year Easter is a couple of weeks earlier than usual and that makes it seem as though Spring was lingering too long in the lap of winter. But cheer up, April showers bring May flowers.

Congratulations are in order to two of our oldest citizens in the person of Mrs. A. Barrigar, Queen St., and Mrs. Eliza Keyes, Clarence St. The former celebrated her 84th birthday on Friday last while the latter reached her 88th year on Sunday. The Press joins with many friends in wishing these elect ladies continued good health and much happiness in the future.

A Morrisburg item says: "Magistrate John McCormick held police court here Monday afternoon, trying traffic cases exclusively. Several charges of driving without permits or 1932 licenses were dealt with, and other cases of overloading were heard and dismissed. His Worship proclaimed war on drivers using their vehicles with out-of-date license plates, and stated that future cases would receive stiff fines.

The Acton Free Press says:—Canada might well take an example from the form of punishment handed out to drunken drivers in the Old Land. These individuals are a menace to everyone on the road and the sooner the cases are dealt with severely the sooner will the nuisance be removed. Take the case of an intoxicated driver who seriously injured a boy in Scotland; he was suspended for ten years. Another driver in London who hurt nobody but was drunk in charge of a car was fined $250. and $125. costs, together with the suspension of his license. $375 and $125 costs was imposed upon a woman for attempting to drive a car while under the influence of liquor and she was not allowed to drive a car for a year. The time for imposing the penalty is when the man is found to be intoxicated.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

A good many tramps have been fed by the Corporation during the past couple of months, but the poor fellows all looked as though they needed the meals they got.

Our genial postmaster, Mr. T. A. Scott, has been greatly missed from his regular post of duty the past few days. He, too, has been among the many victims of the prevailing epidemic of "flu."

The township of Front of Leeds and Lansdowne has decided that the wages paid for labor on township roads this year will be 22½c per hour per man, and 45c per hour for a man and a team

Mr. and Mrs. George Droppo celebrated their fiftieth wedding anniversary recently. Mr. and Mrs Droppo lived in Finch township for many years, but moved to Chesterville several years ago.

Eighteen Old Age Pensions which were being paid to residents of the County of Simcoe have been cancelled as a result of recent investigations of Ralph Ashbury, special investigator of the Old Age Pensions Commission, Toronto, and the Old Age Pensions Board.

Two young men from Winchester Springs who handled liquor neither wisely nor well, and a young man from Chesterville who needed to be taught a lesson in good manners, were before Magistrate McCormick this week and each went home somewhat poorer and, let us hope, wiser young men.

Maybelle Marks is dead and Tom Marks has suffered a stroke. For nearly 40 years the Marks Bros. have been known throughout Canada as popular actors of light plays, and they always drew full houses because they understood the art of advertising. All the Marks brothers, and there were seven of them, are now dead except one.

A Progressive Supper and Concert will be put on in the United Church, Winchester Springs, on Friday, April 1st, commencing at 6 p. m. Come and bring your friends. Admission 30c & 20c.

Because of the heavy storm, Bessin's Hockey Team, champions of the Winchester Town League and Melvin Cup holders, postponed the Banquet which was to have been tendered them last night in Ottawa by their manager, Hyman Bessin. The trip to Ottawa will take place the coming Wednesday. The champions will play an All-Star Team at the Arena on Friday night in a Benefit game.

In the last of the three winter matches conducted by the D. C. R. A. the High School team kept up their good work by scoring 748 out of 800, an average of 93. 5. For the three matches their average is 93 7. The highest score being made by Carl Barrigar with 292 out of 300.

The marks for the last match are as follows: Carl Barrigar 97, Sam Ault 96, Harold Lee 94, Nathaniel Holmes 94, Lloyd Pierce 93, Morris Wilson 93, Lloyd Dixon 93, Dwight Jones 88.

MORE MARCH BIRTHDAYS

Three well-known ladies of Winchester received birthday congratulations the last of the week. Mrs. A. Barrigar of Queen Street, on Friday the 18th. Mrs George Armstrong, on Saturday the 19th and Mrs. Eliza Keyes on Sunday the 20th.

FOUR KILLED

A terrible accident happened at the rail road crossing just east of Belleville on Tuesday night, when a car with four young people, two young ladies and two young men, on their way to the city to see a hockey match, was struck by a C. P. R. fast train and all were killed, their bodies being dragged along by the train for half a mile. The car was smashed to atoms. The young people were from St. Annes, and all from different families.

BOY BADLY HURT

Two boys, as boys will, were having their own fun on Tuesday by jumping from the roof of the sheds of the Presbyterian Church into the snow banks. They were Gerald Crowder and Lyle Fraser, aged about six years. But Gerald got too near the edge in trying to reach the top of the shed and fell to the cement sidewalk dislocating his hip. Lyle ran for assistance, and the little fellow was carried to his home and Dr. McLaughlin called in. The hip was attended to, but Gerald suffered considerable pain, but is now easier and it is hoped he will soon be the same lively boy again that he was before the accident.

DR. McKENDRY MEETS ACCIDENT

Dr. J. J. McKendry met with an accident on Monday morning, when he suffered a dislocated hip, that will likely confine him to his bed for some days.
He had hitched his young horse to a cutter, and just before starting out asked Stanley Nesbitt to hold the horse at the head while he prepared to get to the cutter. The young horse is a restless one, and before Stanley knew it he was on his back and the horse jumping over him. Dr. McKendry made a grab to catch the reins, and in doing so his foot slipped and he fell, dislocating his hip, and was unable to help himself. Assistance was soon at hand, and Drs. McLaughlin and Mallock in attendance. They reduced the fracture and Dr. McKendry is now making rapid recovery. The horse was captured at the end of Church street and not much damage was done.

THE BIG STORE

We have hooked up with the great Wall Paper Campaign, commencing April 2nd, and covering the whole Dominion Watch for the Newspaper and Radio Announcements. Sunworthy Papers at the price of ordinary wall papers.

A. SWEET & CO.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Mr. Gordon McQuaig, who was taken to Cornwall a couple of weeks ago for an operation for appendicitis, was able to return home on Saturday.

There passed away at Cardinal on Thursday, March 10th, Mary Elizabeth Tindale, widow of the late Charles Robson, of Iroquois, in her 78th year.

Perth Presbyterians have plans under way for the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the laying of the corner stone of the first Presbyterian church in Perth in 1832.

Application is being made by the Sun Oil Company, Limited, under the terms of the Navigable Waters Protection Act for permission to build a wharf on the St. Lawrence on the outskirts of Morrisburg.

Mrs. Nelson Docksteader returned from the Cornwall General Hospital on Saturday. She stood the journey well, and her many friends will be pleased to hear that she is gradually regaining her strength.

Joseph Steele, of Spencerville, had his forefinger badly injured last Friday while working at a sawmill there owned by Ezra Knapp. Medical aid was summoned and amputation of the finger was found necessary.

On Saturday afternoon, March 12, a birthday party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whitteker, Williamsburg, when their daughter, Linda, entertained a few of her girl friends in honor of her birthday.

The site of the old Caughnawaga cheese factory, burned last summer near Williamsburg, has been bought by a Mr. Miller, of Berwick, who is preparing to rebuild the structure and to have it ready for business on May 1.

Don't forget the Benefit Game of Hockey at the local Arena to morrow (Friday) night, between Hy. Bessin's Buzzers, champions of the Town League, and an All-Star team picked from the other three teams in the League. See posters.

Mr. H. B. Fetterly, Supt. of the School for the Deaf at Belleville, and late P. S. Inspector here, addressed the Rotary Club at Smiths Falls last Friday, and the local newspaper, the Record-News, gives a lengthy and interesting report of the address.

Rev. Mr. Ostrom, who has been pastor of the Baptist Church here for the past few years, will preach his farewell sermon on Sunday next. He leaves next week for Cornwall where he will take up his pastoral duties in connection with the Baptist cause in that town.

Mrs. Effie Rose, mother of Dr. W. H. Rose, of Potsdam, N. Y., died at Hepburn Hospital, Ogdensburg, N. Y., from shock suffered in an automobile accident Sunday afternoon at Rensselaer Falls when the car in which Dr. Rose and his family were driving was struck by a gas coach train.

An accident that might have had more serious results occurred on Tuesday last while Mr. Andrew Brown was falling a tree in the woods. In some unaccountable manner the tree swerved, and crashing down struck him on the shoulder. He is able to be out after the experience although still bruised and lame. He is certainly grateful that nothing more serious occurred and that he escaped without either fractured or broken bones.

ST. MATTHIAS' CHURCH

Following are Good Friday and Easter Day Services:
Good Friday—Matins and Litany 10 a. m., Evensong 7.30 p. m.
Easter Day—Holy Communion 8 a. m., Evensong 7.30 p. m.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Wyatt, of Osgoode, announce the engagement of their only daughter, Violet, to Mr. Arthur Folkard, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George Folkard, Vernon. Marriage to take place early in April.

JUST A HINT

The Press will be grateful of those of our subscribers who reside in the United States, and have not renewed their subscription to The Press, would just look at the date on the label, and when remitting remit in dollar bills. They are handy to fold in a letter. Just take the hint.

HYDRO SERVICE

Read the Hydro Advt. in this issue. It will interest you. If you don't get service as promised put in a vigorous complaint. The Hydro is here to serve you, and service you will have if you but ask for it. Hydro lamps are the very best on the market.

BUILDING CHEESE FACTORY

Mr. Thos. Johnston, Reeve of Matilda, is building a Cheese Factory on the site of the Melvin Cheese Factory, destroyed by fire last year. It will be an up-to-date factory for a country factory, and the farmers of that section are very pleased that they are to again have a factory in the Melvin Settlement.

BIRTH

At Winchester, on Saturday, March 19, 1932, to Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Kennedy, a son.

FOR SALE

Three pure bred Holstein Bulls, one year old. T. B. Tested. Apply to
Harold Durant,
48p Phone 44, Morewood.

NOTICE !

A Cheese Meeting will be held in Churchill's Cheese Factory on Saturday, March 26th, 1932, at two o'clock in the afternoon. Farmers interested in a good, safe, steady market for their milk are cordially invited to attend.

A. W. CHURCHILL

CARD OF THANKS

Mrs. R. W. Justus and family wish to express to all friends and neighbors their sincere thanks for all kindness shown during Mr. Justus' illness, and also their most grateful appreciation of kindness and sympathy during their bereavement.

Easter NOVELTIES MADE BY Ganongs

You will find a very attractive assortment of Easter Candy at FLORAS

Novelties from 1c up

Ganong's Famous "Delecto" Package with a beautiful Easter Band, $1.00

Our Stock is Fresh.

HARRY L. FLORA

Telephone 33 Prompt Delivery

The Needlecraft Store

MILLINERY

We are showing a few of the Early Spring Hats in newest straws and latest shapes.

IDA F. GARDNER

TRANSPORT SERVICE

All kinds of hauling, local and long distance moving.

All loads are insured up to $2000 Good Service.

ROSS HUTCHINSON

Phone 86, Winchester

NOTICE!

Guaranteed Electrical REPAIRS on all Appliances done in our Repair Dept.

Phone 80, we call for and deliver without extra charge

A Complete Line of Electrical Fixtures, Lamps & Supplies.

We carry a complete line of Laco Mazda Lamps, in sizes 15 to 200 Watt, any color or type you require.

W. R. JUSTUS

ELECTICAL CONTRACTOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

Phone 80, Winchester

DOLL UP FOR "EASTER"



Here Are Some Price Inducements on Quality Merchandise.

LADIES' FINE FASHIONED **STOCKINGS** Dull Finish, all Shades, Only **49c pr.**

MEN'S FANCY **FINE SOCKS** Silk and Lisle **5 pr. 99c**

Beautiful Range of Silk-Lined Neck Ties

Values to $1.00 Stripes, Dots and Plain Colorings. Price **49c**

HY. BESSIN

Service For Ford Cars

Complete Stock of Genuine Ford Parts---and Low Prices For Repairs.

Our shop is as sweet-running as the new Ford itself and is equipped to take care of any repair job. If you are a stickler for promptness, you'll like our brand—for cars are always ready at the hour promised. Give us a trial.

You will find our service reasonable in cost as well as excellent in quality.

If no repairs are necessary now, let us grease your car, change the oil, service the battery or put on a new tire.

Full line of accesories, Firestone Tires and Tubes, also Motor Oils and Greases.

Ford

R. A. MERKLEY

LANNIN BLOCK PHONE 128 WINCHESTER.

A Family Affair

The Widow Wilton, According to Gossip, was Engaged to Young Walter—But Was She?

By F. MORTON HOWARD.

That attractive widow, Deborah Wilton, once again scanned through the brief note which her middle-aged servant, Helphzibah, had brought to her in the cottage parlor.

"Well, I never!" at last declared Deborah.

"I s'pose it's quite a private letter, mum?" Hephzibah hinted.

Her mistress nodded.

"All the same," murmured the widow, 'I'm sure that that isn't the way to spell 'ridiculous.' How do you spell 'ridiculous,' Hephzibah?"

"Depends, mum," was the artfuly reply. 'What do they say is ridic'lous?"

Deborah shook her head and looked away.

"Old Sam Bigsbee's waiting for the answer, mum," Hephzibah ventured to remind her. "Not as old Sam minds waiting."

'Tell him to sit down in the kitchen, and give him a glass of beer," directed Deborah.

"Beer and sitting down!" commented Hephzibah. "Old Sam's idea of 'eaven!"

She departed on her mission, but returned, very soon after, to the parlor.

"Mrs. Parford wants to see you, mum."

"Mrs. Parford?" echoed Deborah, clearly a little flustered. "I wonder—oh, well, show her in."

She slipped the letter under a book on the table.

Mrs. Parford entered. She was a small, foxterrier-like woman, and the pale skin of her face had the aspect of fitting very tightly.

She bounced straightway into speech.

"'Morning, Deborah Wilton, since politeness asks that much, but no more you'll get from me till I know what's what! I'm not going to beat about the bush. Straight to the point—that's my motto! Now, what's all this about you and my brother, Walter? I never heard nothing so ridiculous."

"You're not the only person who think's it's ridiculous," returned Deborah, with a smile. "Someone else does, too—and with two 'd's'".

"Well, and so it is ridiculous!" reiterated Mrs. Parford. "Why, my brother Walter's pretty nigh young enough to be your son!"

"If I ever had a son," agreed Deborah, quietly.

"Well, you ain't got a son, nor a daughter. Here are you, a widow woman, as comfortable off as any woman in this village, and why you can't be satisfied with that, I'd like to know! But you ain't! You go hunting round for a second!"

"That's not true!" indignantly denied Deborah.

"Oh, you don't deceive me! I'm Walter's sister, and I'm not going to see him made a fool of!"

"And who's making a fool of him?"

"You are! You're nigh twice his age!"

"You seem certain that I am going to marry him."

"Oh, it's no use trying to dodge about like that! You're as good as engaged to him already, ain't you? It's all over the village! I'm downright surprised and shocked! But let me tell you—you ain't going to hook our Walter so easy, and——"

Hephzibah appeared on the threshold.

"Another of 'em," she remarked, sardonically. "Mrs. Brundell to see you, mum."

"My sister Eliza!" intervened Mrs. Parford. "It's very evident, Deborah Wilton, that she's just heard about it, too! Well, if you won't listen to me, p'r'haps you'll listen to Eliza! Send her in."

Hephzibah gave the fiery little woman just one look, and then turned questionably to the widow.

"Yes, show her in here, Hephzibah."

"If you say so, mum," remarked Hephzibah, with point, and withdrew with a sniff.

Mrs. Brundell, a woman of effusive manner and build, waddled into the apartment.

"Good morning, Deborah Wilton," she said. "Lovely weather! I don't know when I've known a finer morning. The sky's so blue, and——"

"Don't be a fool, Eliza!" angrily interrupted Mrs. Parford. "You haven't come here to talk about the weather!"

"Well, no, p'r'haps that is so," ceded her sister. "As a matter of fact, I've come along here, special——"

Hephzibah's head appeared round the doorway.

"Seeing as you've got collers, mum, shall I tell old Sam to go away and come back again?"

"Oh, of course. Sam's waiting, isn't he?" Deborah poised in thought for a few seconds.

"Excuse me for just a little while," she requested, and sat down at the side-table, picked up a pen from the ink-stand, put a sheet of notepaper before her, and again yielded herself to reflection.

Mrs. Parford and Mrs. Brundell, seating themselves in neighboring chairs, drew those chairs still closer together. Intermittently they frowned at the widow and whispered hotly.

It was but a short missive that Deborah penned, and, closing it in its envelope, she bore it out to the aged messenger in the kitchen.

"Snake in the grass!" hissed Mrs. Parford, as the door closed behind the widow.

"A scheming, designing female, if ever there was one!"

"For myself," said Mrs. Brundell, "I don't believe in being bad friends with anyone, but sooner than that woman should creep and crawl her way into our family, I—I could poison her!"

Quick footsteps in the garden outside.

"Ah, and now here's mother!" said Mrs. Parford.

Mrs. Tranter waited neither to knock nor ring, but plucked open the front door and marched in.

"Deborah Wilton!" she called, inimically.

Mrs. Parford opened the parlor door.

"We're here, mother," she said. "Me and Eliza."

Mrs. Tranter strode wrathfully into the room.

"Where's that woman who's got hold of my poor, deluded boy?" she demanded.

"Oh, my poor mother, my heart bleeds for you!" declared Mrs. Brundell.

"Stuff and nonsense!" declared her sister. "It only gets me bile up!"

"If that woman thinks she's going to kidnap our Walter——" shrilled Mrs. Tranter.

"Which," declared Mrs. Parford, "you can take you affydavy all of us is determined as she shan't do—"

"What his Uncle Gideon will say!" cried Mrs. Tranter, passionately.

"Uncle Gideon will cut Walter right out of his will, there's not the least doubt about that!" predicted Mrs. Parford, with grim fury.

"Yes, and like as not," struck in Mrs. Brundell, "Uncle Gideon will go and leave his money to a home, or something! It'll go clean out of the fam'ly——!"

"And Walter his fav'rit nephew, and his godchild, and all!" bewailed their mother. "And us always reckoning as Uncle Gideon's money would do us all a bit of good, when it come to Walter! Oh, it's—it's maddening. To think that the innercent little baby I dandled on my knee should go and make such a half-witted idjit of hisself!"

"Why don't you tell Walter you won't hear of his being such a fool?" suggested Mrs. Brundell.

"I ain't had a chance to, not yet," explained Mrs. Tranter. "He was off, early, to work, the other side of the hill. I only heard about this foolishness of his half an hour ago, in the Stores."

"I s'pose it is quite true?" remarked Mrs. Brundell.

"Bad news is always true," asserted Mrs. Parford.

Deborah Wilton returned.

"Oh, good morning, Mrs. Tranter!" she brightly greeted this newcomer. "I didn't know you were here. Quite a—a family party, isn't it?"

"Deborah Wilton," exploded Mrs. Tranter, "you're—you're a scheming woman."

"Yes," followed on Mrs. Parford, "and if she had a spark of decent feeling in her, she'd be downright ashamed of herself, 'steaf of standing there, preening herself, because she's trapped our Walter."

"Listen," equably observed Deborah. "I am not going to marry your Walter. I never was going to marry your Walter. And I never had the very least intention of marrying him!"

"But—but it's all over the village, about you being engaged to Walter!" exclaimed Mrs. Parford.

"Is everything true that goes all over the village?" asked Deborah.

"Walter's been coming here a lot in his spare time, lately," put forward Mrs. Parford, obstinately.

"He's been putting up a new fowl run for me," explained Deborah.

"A labor of love, eh?" sneered Mrs. Parford.

"No, he's charged me quite a nice price," said Deborah. "Would you like to see the receipt?"

"He never told none of us about a fowl run," mentioned Mrs. Tranter, dissatisfied.

"I think he wanted the money for himself," replied Deborah, simply.

"And the village," said Mrs. Brundell, "started a ridiculous tale about him being engaged to you——"

"Instead of by you," finished Mrs. Parford. "Don't that just show you what the village is! They'll jump at any story, and believe it!"

There was a short pause. Then:—

"Well, it's nice to know it's all ended so peaceable and friendly, ain't it?" averred Mrs. Brundell, smiling on Deborah. "Some folks might have lost their heads, and started talking rash, but I do believe in taking things calm and quiet."

"My motto, too," declared her sister. And then: "Walter's always as good as promised my husband——"

"That's all very well," interrupted Mrs. Brundell, "but Walter's promised my husband, too!"

"I'm Walter's mother," remarked Mrs. Tranter, "and when he gets Uncle Gideon's money it'll be Walter's dooty to pervide his mother with the little extra comforts and luxuries she needs, so you girls hadn't better reckon on too much!"

"But I—I don't understand. I—I didn't know Mr. Gideon Tranter had any money," observed Deborah, in surprise.

"It's not gen'rally known, but Uncle Gideon's been a saving man all his life," Mrs. Parford told her. "So now, my dear, you can see why we didn't relish the idea of you marrying Walter. I wonder what uncle will say if he hears this silly story?"

"He has heard," stated Deborah. "And he's sent me a letter about it. I'll read it to you, shall I? It's quite short."

The Tranters gathered about her.

"'What's this ridiculous nonsense I hear about you being engaged to my nephew Walter?'" Deborah read aloud. "'I won't hear of such a thing! I do, most solemn and earnest, ask you to be sensible, and give up the mad idea, and——'"

"There!" breathed the three visitors as one.

"'And,'" she continued. "'marry me instead, and make me happy. Yours always, Gideon Tranter. P.S.—Please send answer at once.'"

"And—and——"inquired Mrs. Tranter, with difficulty. "And you answered ——?"

Hephzibah bustled into the room with an enormous posey of flowers.

"With Mr. Gideon Tranter's compliments, mum," she said, handing the bouquet to Deborah.—Tit-Bits (London).

EFFORT

Most of us come late in life to the discovery that we can do much more than we are doing.

Fifty Years Hence

By Winston Churchill, in the Strand Magazine (December, 1931)

The great mass of human beings absorbed in the toils, cares and activities of life, are only dimly conscious of the pace at which mankind is traveling. Enormous changes have taken place in the last hundred years. The pace is ever quickening. Our century has witnessed an enormous revelation in material things, in scientific appliances, in political institutions, in manners and customs. The greatest change of all is the least perceptible by individuals—it is the far greater numbers which in every civilized country participate in the fuller life of man.

Disraeli wrote at the beginning of the nineteenth century that 'England was for the few, and the very few." Now millions have lifted themselves above the primary necessities, in Europe as well as in America. Culture is a possibility for people who, a century ago, would never have thought of it. Even Indian and China, who stood still for thousands of years, are also rapidly moving.

What is it that has produced this new prodigious speed in man? Science is the cause. Science cares nothing for man-made laws, time-honored customs, or cherished beliefs. Science has laid hold of us, conscripted us into regiments, set us to work upon its highways and in its arsenals; rewarded us for our services, healed us when we were young, pensioned us when we were worn out.

Man in his earliest stages lived alone and avoided his neighbors with as much anxiety and probably as much reason as he avoided the fierce flesh-eating beasts that shared his forests. Gradually, however, the advantages of co-operation became evident. For hundreds of years man worked together to utilize his own muscular efforts. But another era dawned when he learned how to harness the forces of Nature. Methods of production and communication were speeded up.

The most wonderful of all modern prophecies is found in Tennyson's "Locksley Hall."

For I dipt into the future, far as human eye could see,
Saw a vision of the world, and all the wonder that would be;

Saw the heavens filled with commerce, argosies magic sails,
Pilots of the purple twilight, dropping down with costly bales;

Heard the heavens filled with shouting, and there rained a ghastly dew
From the nations' airy armies grappling in the central blue;

Far along the world-wide whisper of the south wind rushing warm,
With the standards of the peoples plunging thro' the thunderstorm;

Till the war-drum throbb's no longer, and the battle-flags were furl'd,
In the Parliament of man, the Federation of the world.

Slowly comes a hungry people, as a lion, creeping nigher,
Glares at one that nods and winks behind a slowly dying fire.

These six stanzas of prediction, written eighty years ago, have already been fulfilled.

There are two processes which we adopt consciously or unconsciously when we try to prophesy. We can seek a period in the past whose conditions resemble as closely as possible those of our day, and presume that the sequel to that period, save for some minor alterations, will be similar. Secondly, we can survey the general course of development in our immediate past, and endeavor to prolong it into the near future. The first is the method of the historian; the second, that of the scientist. Only the second is open to us now, and that only is a partial sphere. But, obviously all that Science has achieved in modern times, and the knowledge and power now in her possession, we can predict with some assurance the inventions and discoveries which will govern our future. We can but guess what reactions these discoveries and their applications will produce upon the habits, outlook and spirit of men.

To-day man can control great forces. It is possible to control accurately from the bridge of a battle-cruiser all the power of hundreds of thousands of men. Or to set off with one finger a mine capable in an instant of destroying the work of thousands of man-years. These immense new sources of power, and the fact that they can be wielded by a single individual, have made possible novel methods of mining and metallurgy, new methods of transport, and undreamed of machinery. Undoubtedly the evolution of which they are the present outcome will continue at an increasing rate. Greater speed is assured. We are promised, too, new and greater sources of power. It may well be possible to change the face of the world to extents of which we have not yet dreamed.

Hitherto the production of food has been the prime struggle of man. That war is won. There is no doubt that civilized races can produce or procure all the food they require. Our problem to-day is that the white man produces more wheat than he needs, but the yellow men, brown men and black men have not yet learned to demand and become able to purchase a diet superior to rice. Synthetic food will, of course, be used in the future. But we shall not have to face an existence of tabloid food. Instead, our present food will be prepared, but in a synthetic manner. We shall hardly be able to detect any difference between the synthetic foods of the future and the natural foods of to-day.

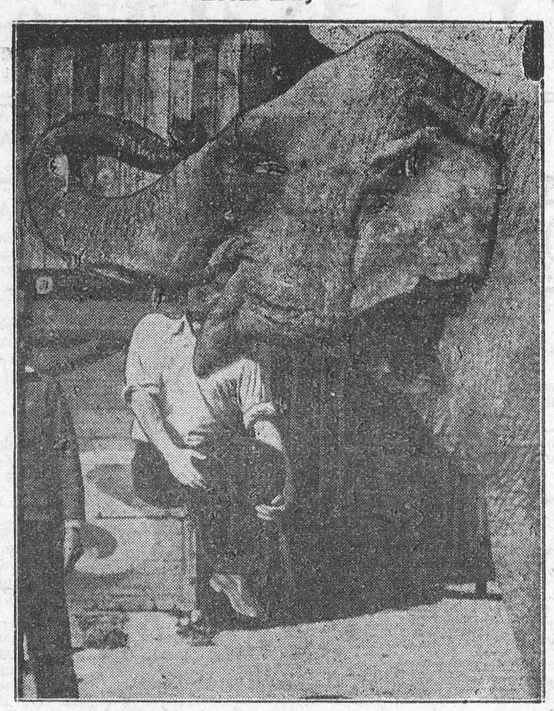
Equally startling developments lie already just beyond our finger-tips in the breeding of human beings, and in the shaping of human nature. There seems little doubt that it will be possible to carry out the entire cycle which leads to the birth of a child in artificial surroundings. Interference with the mental development of such beings, expert suggestion and treatment in earlier years, would produce beings specialized to thought or toil. Our minds recoil from the creation of beings who are capable of tending a machine, but without other ambitions, and the laws of Christian civilization will prevent them. But lopsided creatures of this type might fit in well with the Communist doctrines of Russia. Future races may see new powers in the hands of altogether new and different men to those to which we of to-day are accustomed.

But while men have been gathering knowledge and power with ever-increasing and measureless speed, their virtues and their wisdoms have not shown any notable development as the centuries have passed. The brain of modern man does not differ in essentials from that of the human beings who lived and loved here millions of years ago. The nature of man has remained hitherto practically unchanged. Under sufficient stress — starvation, terror, warlike passion, or even cold intellectual frenzy—the modern man we know so well will do the most terrible deeds, and modern woman will back him up.

At the present the civilizations of many different ages coexist together in the world, and their representatives meet and converse. Englishmen, French and Americans, with ideas abreast of the twentieth century, do business with Chinese and Indians whose civilizations were crystallized several thousand years ago. We have the spectacle of powers and weapons of man far outstripping his intelligence; we have the march of his intelligence proceeding far more rapidly than the march of his nobility. We may well find ourselves in the presence of "the strength of civilization without its mercy."

Therefore, it is important above all other things, that the moral and spiritual conceptions of men and of nations hold their own amid these formidable scientific evolutions. Otherwise it would be better to call a halt in material progress.

Looks Easy—



Evidently Lonzo Dever has supreme confidence in this trained elephant. Good-tempered and gentle he declares. But we prefer the role of onlooker.

Comradeship

Come, I will make the continent indissoluble;
I will make the most splendid race the sun ever yet shone upon;
With the love of comrades,
With the life-long love of comrades.
I will plant companionship thick as trees along all the rivers of America, and along the shores of the great lakes, and all over the prairies;
I will make inseparable cities, with their arms about each other's necks;
For you; for you, I am trilling these songs,
In the love of comrades,
In the high-towering love of comrades."

—Walt Whitman. "Poems."



Uncle—"That's nice, Willie, to resolve not to torment your poor old dog any more! Here's a nickel for you."

Willie—"Thanks! You see old Fido died last week."

SUBURBAN HEIGHTS—NEIGHBORHOOD BRIDGE

By GLUYAS WILLIAMS



The Russian Cabman of 1900

The most conspicuous of all the types of street life in St. Petersburg is the legkovoi izvostchik (Lyogki—light, easy. Vozeet—to convey, carry) the Russian cabman, more commonly called simply izvostchik. He is generally the first to attract the stranger's attention, for he lies in wait for all newcomers at every available point, and thrusts the offer of his services upon them with persevering insistence. Formerly he and his competitors used to surround you at railway stations, theatres, etc., pull at your coatsleeves and argue with you in the most persuasive manner.

The droshky, on which he sits and waits in every street (there being no regular cabranks), is a small barouche, or victoria, with more of a pony, than a horse, in the shafts. In its present form, with rubber tyres, and lifting hood for rainy weather, it presents a great improvement on what it was twenty-five years ago, when George Augustus Sala described it as a perambulator on four wheels, built for one and a half, and licensed for two, with a moojick on the box driving like a London costermonger. But although the droshky is thus being gradually modernized, thanks to continual pressure from police authorities, its driver, the izvostchik, still remains a peasant from the country, utterly indifferent to all progress. More change has taken place in his droshky in the course of a few years than in the whole race of izvostchiks for the past century or more.

The political reforms which have bestirred other classes have left him unmoved, and he seems to be resigning himself to the prospect of being superseded by electric trams, taxicabs, and other self-propelling vehicles. At the worst, however, he will simply go back to his fields, for, like most other members of the working classes in St. Petersburg, he keeps up his connection with the land, and probably sends a part of his earnings to his family in the village.

As regards outward appearance, he continues to wrap himself from head to foot, over and above his other clothes, in the same kind of armyak (a very long, wide-skirted, and collarless peasant's overcoat), of dark blue cloth that was worn by his predecessors in the earliest years of the Russian capital, with a red or green band around the waist, and his legs and feet are so completely swathed in the ample folds of this strange garment that he is quite incapable of exercising any agility in case of necessity.—From "Russia," by G. Dobson, H. Grove and H. Stewart.

The Pleasant Side Of Being Hard Up

By Mary Borden, in Nash's Pall Mall Magazine (December, 1931)

Poverty has to do with the exhilaration of battle, the tonic of change, the excitement of discovery. I am not despising money as the root of all evil, but I have found that the Scriptural sayings about rich men are true. I know one or two idle millionaires who are quite nice men, but not many. I cannot honestly call them interesting, although I am grateful to them for the hospitality of their big houses, big yachts, big motors. Most of them are pitiably cut off from the rest of the world.

Would I change with them? Yes, I suppose I would. But I'd be wrong. And I know what would become of me. In my present stage of indigence I declare that I'm more interesting than any idle millionaire; but if I changed places, I know I'd become the Queen of Bores, lose all my real friends, and be surrounded by new, unreal ones, as boring as myself. I might even become one of those old women whom I've watched play baccarat at the big tables in the casino of Deauville or Monte Carlo—a woman incapable of laughter or love or adventurous curiosity, incapable of effort of any kind.

I've something better to do than that now. I must make money out of ideas, dreams and fancies. I've got to become a wizard alchemist and transform the flimsy stuff that floats through my head into gold. It's a difficult, even a mysterious process and a very exciting proposition, since my bread and butter depend on it. We must have enough money, but that word "enough" is a very variable term. Some men say they could do on ten thousand pounds a year ($50,000), some think that with a couple of hundred ($1,000) they could have everything they wanted. It's a stock question with the social agitator at political meetings, that "what would you consider a living wage for a working man with a wife and five children?"

Any change in an individual's circumstances that makes him poorer than he was contains elements of pleasure, even when it appears to be disagreeable. For variety is the spice of life, and monotony is death, and there is very little to choose between the deadening effects of monotonous poverty and monotonous riches. Change is what we all need; it is what the doctors invariably prescribe.

Now many of us had a change, and we didn't like it. But the real "cures" that people take are all disagreeable. For if we are given a change, we choose inevitably the same old thing simply because it's the only thing we know, and we know what we'll get out of it.

I once found an overdraft at the bank very stimulating. I am engaged in casual labor. I write novels, an occasional short story and newspaper articles. Though I think I work hard, I could, most certainly, work harder But being naturally lazy, I don't like to work any more than any one else does. When I've finished a novel, I give an immense sigh of relief, sit back, fold my hands, relax and figuratively go to sleep. Actually I love sleep. I love to go to bed with a book, and sleep twelve hours by the clock. If I lived to be eighty, I would have spent forty years of my life in oblivion. How can I not be grateful to my bank for not rousing me from this state of idiotic lethargy.

There are two elementary biological instincts in all living creatures. One is the instinct to move on, the other the instinct to lie down The first belongs to youth, the second to old age. Children run instead of walking, youth seeks adventure. The great people of the world belong to the youth of the world. They are not to be compared to the massed millions that populate the earth. In most of us the instinct to push on dies quickly. As one grows older, it only continues to work under some outside stimulus.

Many things can stimulate a man or woman to push on. Fear, ambition, curiosity, love, envy and necessity are some of them. But necessity is the strongest. So I welcome the dramatic drop in my income which is a stimulant. For I am growing old and I do not want to grow old. I want to belong to the youth of the world, not only as outward appearances go, but inwardly, too. I want a young mind and heart so that I can belong to the adventurous youth who climb Mt. Everest and fly the Atlantic, or search endlessly for new forms of beauty in the world. I was drowsing when the crash came in Wall Street That waked me with a vengeance. Sleepers awake in an earthquake. T one, followed by others. I do not claim that the experience is a pleasant one. I hate it, and I am afraid, when I think that we might be ruined, that my children should suffer need and neglect. This fear brings with it a new zest, born of necessity. The future is not so certain as it was. The future will be different to the past; but there will be opportunities for greater exploring.

London-Capetown Linked



Another forge in the mighty chain of telephone exchanges, making London the world centre was recently completed when the Lord Mayor laid the cornerstone and spoke to the mayor of Capetown, 8,000 miles distant.

Run-off Conditions in the Maritimes

The Dominion Water Power and Hydrometric Bureau of the Department of the Interior reports that December wa sa month of low run-off in the Maritime Provinces although in contrast to the two preceding months the deficiency was less marked in Nova Scotia than in New Brunswick. In northern New Brunswick the average run-off for the month was slightly over one-half of the December average, whilst in the south it was but little over one-third, these low flows being due to cold weather. In Nova Scotia the run-off varied from 80 to 85 per cent. of the December average, a continuance of the low run-off observed for November persisted during the first few days of December but subsequently rains, particularly during the few days immediately preceding Christmas, augmented the flow in the rivers throughout the province.

Misunderstood

It was the day of the county golf championship, and Jones was starting his first round.

Jones was a good golfer, but on occasions like this he became terribly nervous. Today was no exception, especially as a large crowd had assembled to watch the players drive off.

Mrs. Jones stood among the spectators and she was filled with pride as Jones took his stance at the first tee. After a little waggle he swung his club and missed. Dead silence reigned. Another swing and he missed again. For the third time he tried, but again he missed. This time the crowd broke into a burst of laughter.

Jones's wife was furious.

"It's no laughing matter," she said, angrily. "Nobody hates his misses more than my husband!"

The Sugar Maple

The sugar maple is so called because of the syrup and sugar derived from its sap. The sap of all maples contains more or less sugar, but only the, sugar maple is tapped in commercial practice since it is the most productive.—Forest Service, Department of the Interior, Canada.

Pardon

To endure and to pardon is the wisdom of life.—Koran.

Prima Donna Weds Millionaire



Anna Case, Metropolitan opera star, became mistress of many millions through her marriage to Clarence W. Mackay, head of the trans-Atlantic Cable and Postal Telegraph companies and father-in-law of Irving Berlin.

Latest In Well-Dressed Soldiers



There's Bill! Second from the left—fellow with a mustache. Those Tommies at Cowley Barracks, Oxford, certainly have the edge on the mere citizen who wants to avoid a few creditors along the main drag.

Soothing Strains of Music

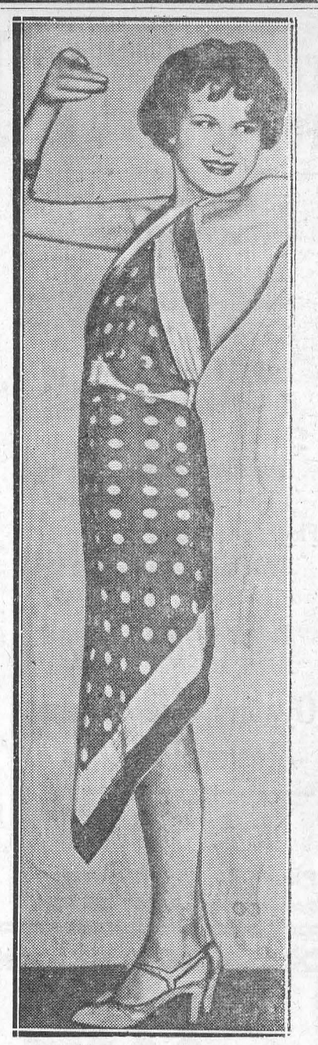


We think "Oswald," Olympia, London, circus tiger brought from the continent by plane, has about all he is going to take from Freddie and his sax, Too bad about Freddie, they'll all be saying soon.

Where's the Fox?

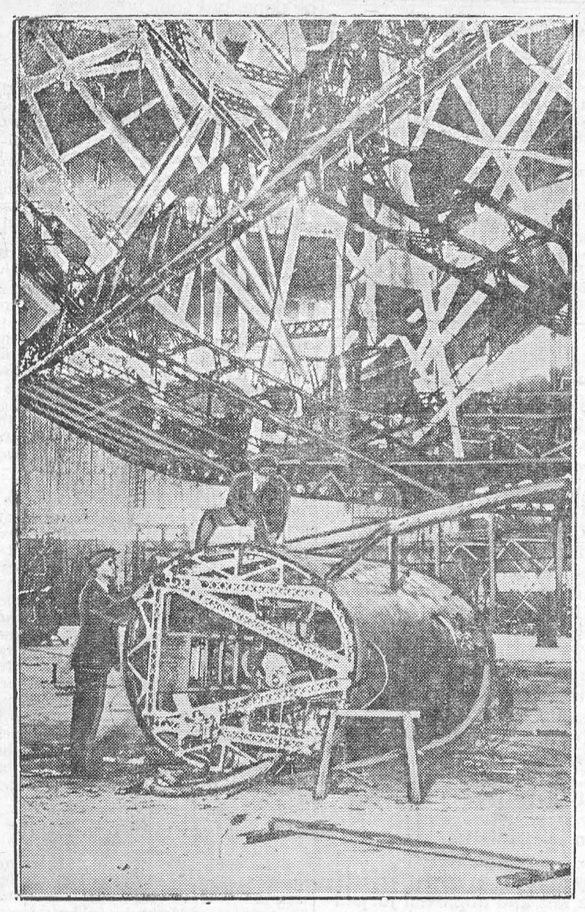


"Say, Buddy—bring on your foxes!" Five-year-old Arthur Freeman rides regularly to the Eridge fox hounds, Tunbridge Wells, Eng. Here he is with Dorothy, his sister looking the situation over.



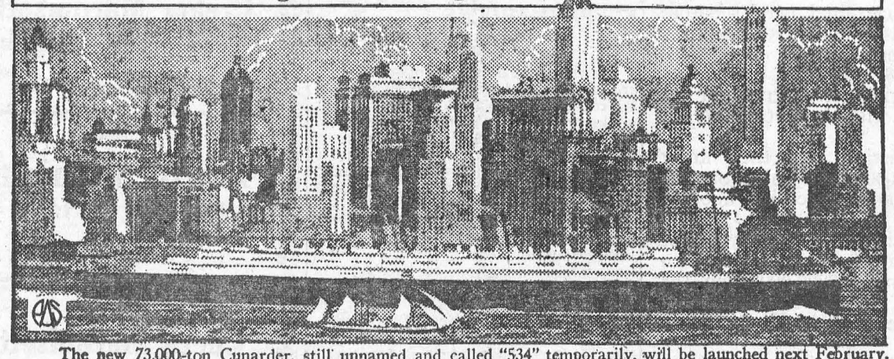
Miss Brenda Dean Paul, daughter of Sir Anbrey and Lady Dean Paul, who is held by the London police upon charge of possession of dangerous drugs.

R-100 Being Dismantled



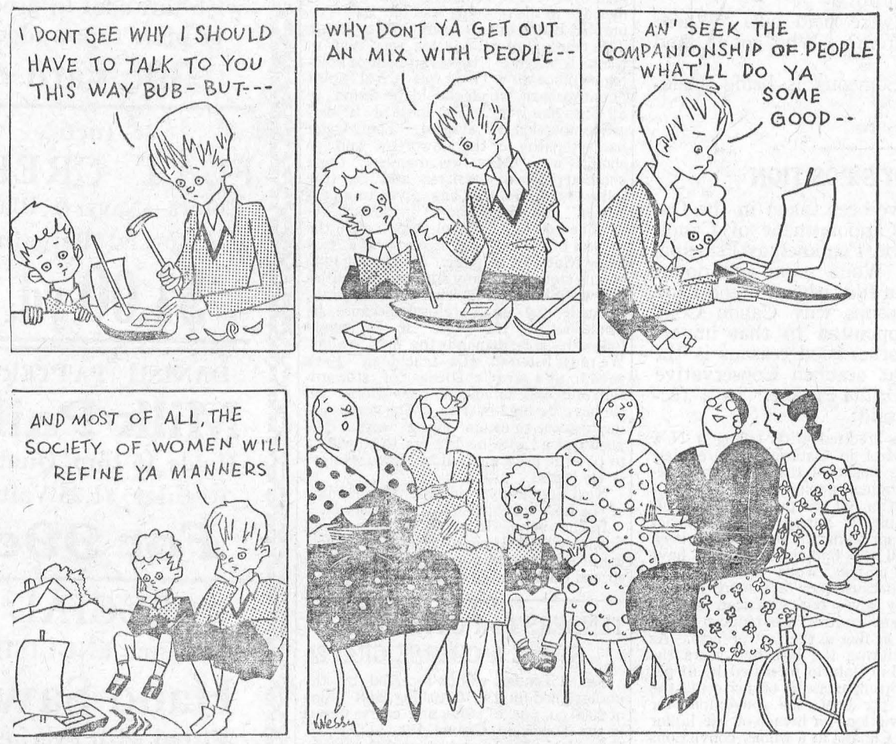
A moving sight, indeed, is the dismantling of Britain's air queen, R-100, to be reduced to the mere level of souvenirs and ash trays. View of scrapping operations is seen in the above picture.

World's Largest Vessel Against New York Skyline



The new 73,000-ton Cunarder, still unnamed and called "534" temporarily, will be launched next February. It is shown at it will appear against the tall skyscrapers of New York. The new boat will have cost $30,000,000 when it takes the water. Its engines will develop 200,000 horse power and the ship is expected to cross the Atlantic in four days. Drawn to scale is shown the first Cunarder, the Britannia, launched 91 years ago.

Buddy in Society



In the Flying Business

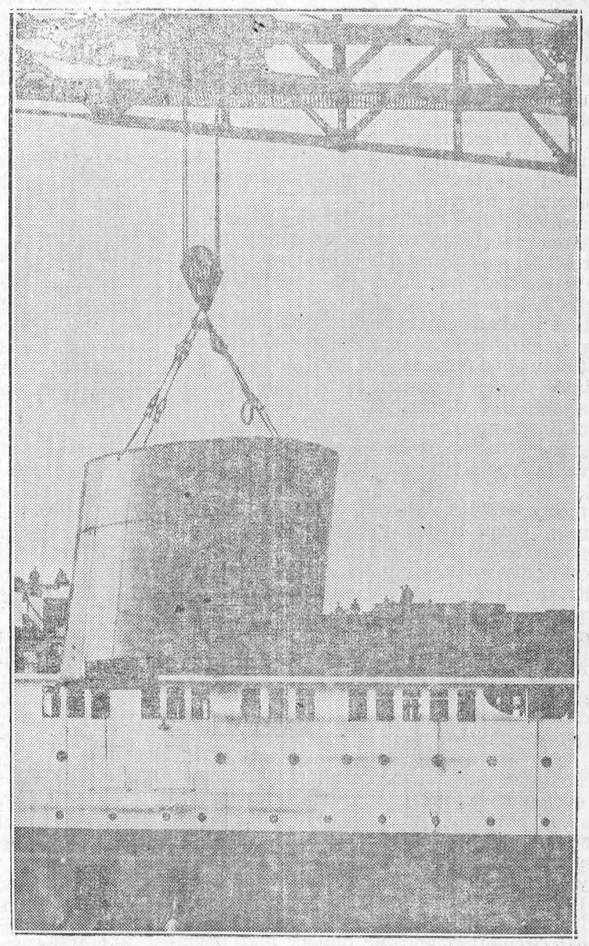


"Silent Cal" In Boyhood Pose



Former President Calvin Coolidge allowed press photographers a day with him at his Flymouth, Vt., farm, where he was born and raised. He is shown at the "controls" of his old hay rake.

Giant Liner Nears Completion



Lowering one of the giant stacks of the new motor ship, Georgic, as the liner nears completion at Belfast, Ireland. She is the sister ship of the Britannic. She has accommodation for 1,636 passengers.

Why Use Trucks?



George Coulridge (RIGHT) retains his title as champion coal carrier of England, when he successfully defended his title against S. Newton in a recent London race.

Prince George As a Miner



English princes carry their job out thoroughly. Here is Prince George (LEFT), brother of the Prince of Wales, in a miner's garb during his recent tour of South Wales coal fields.

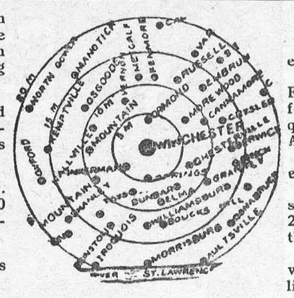
THE WINCHESTER PRESS

The Press has a guaranteed circulation of over 1000 in the district shown on the map to the right. It was established in 1887 and is today the Largest and Leading Newspaper in the County of Dundas.

Dundas, for its size, is the richest and most progressive County in Ontario. Winchester is the centre of the County and has about 1250 of a population.

The Press is published every Thursday. Subscription $1.50 in advance, foreign $2.00 Member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association.

We invite inquiry and answer questions cheerfully Write or Phone 21



Advertising Rates

All local display advts. 16c per inch each insertion, by yearly contract.

Small advts. such as For Sale, Wanted Found, Lost, etc., not over one inch, 50c for first insertion and 25c for each subsequent insertion. IF NOT PAID FOR IN ADVANCE THE PRICE IS 60c and 30c

In Memoriam Notices 50c and 25c for each verse. Card of Thanks 50c.

Transient Display Advts. 40c per inch single col. If for issues without changes 25c per inch. Any advt. inserted for less than six months at above rates.

Legal, Municipal and Government advertising 12c per line first insertion and 6c line for each following. 12 lines to inch.

THURSDAY, MARCH 24, 1932

PLENTY OF FOOD, YET PEOPLE GO HUNGRY

The recent riot at Dearbourne, Detroit, when a couple of thousand hungry men, men who were willing to work but could find none, and had not the price of a meal, incited by designing Communists, made an attack on the Ford works, and were driven off only after four had been killed and about fifty wounded, is but one of many such scenes that are taking place in the United States, and are significant of the disquieting condition of the unemployment situation across the border.

In Canada we have not reached a condition that calls for armed intervention, and it must be admitted that our governments are doing all in their power to provide work for the unemployed.

The singular fact is that while there is so much unemployment, there is no scarcity of food and clothing in the land. But the food and clothing is locked up, and can only be had on the payment of money. The money is held by the banks, or is in the hands of those who do not require help. Those who are willing to work for money that can purchase food and clothing cannot find employment.

No wonder then that men become desperate and are ready to listen to any fire-brand Communist who comes along and points out the injustice of the case, but offers no remedy except through violence.

There is where governments should step in and make provisions to provide for those who are not only good citizens, but loyal to law and order until driven to despair by the sufferings of their families and themselves.

In Canada our governments have been trying to meet the situation by forced road construction and enlisting the aid of municipalities in public works.

Unfortunately the greatest of all sins, that of selfishness, steps in and interferes. Men who have money invested in government bonds are the most active in urging municipal and county councils to cease all public work and practice economy. The poor unemployed have no say in the matter. Public improvements can wait, but the interest on bonds must be paid no matter how much unemployment, no matter how much suffering. Public work is stopped, men are dismissed from employment, wages cut or stopped, but interest on bonds must be paid and taxes reduced.

The result is that unemployment increases, while our banks hold on to the dollars, the storehouses hold the food, the factories hold the clothing, the money lenders hold the bonds, while the hungry and half clothed call aloud for work and money to purchase only actual necessities.

Millions of dollars have recently been invested in government bonds. That money must be put in circulation, and the hungry and unemployed provided for, even if the investors are compelled to wait for their interest. The law of humanity demands that there shall be a more equitable distribution of the country's wealth.

THE VILLAGE BARBER SHOP

Now that all barber shops are to be under Government inspection it might not be out of place to make note of the very unique position the barber shop holds in most communities.

The village barber shop is where an observant, thoughtful and not too talkative man may drink in more local and instructive information than in any other place in the community.

The village barber shop is somewhat different from that of the larger towns and cities where a customer is made to feel that he must not only be on his good behaviour, but it is a privelege to let him occupy a chair.

The village barber is different. He is one of the community, takes part in its public enterprises, and his shop is often the rendevouz of the sports who talk horse, hockey and poker. Usually the village barber is a man of more than ordinary intelligence, and can direct a conversation, create an argument, start a wordy row, and at the same time keep his temper and not make bad friends, almost as he pleases.

Have you ever spent thirty minutes or an hour awaiting your "next" in a barber shop, say on a Saturday afternoon or evening, when the men from the country come in for their weekly shave or quarterly hair cut, and when the men about town, who seem to have so much time at their disposal, drop in for a little chat and to learn what is going on, while they occupy a comfortable chair and smoke their pipe. Then, at an opportune time, the astute barber will ask a question or make a statement that he knows will start a discussion. It is then that the silent listener gets full value for his time in waiting. Every subject from the best brand of cattle and horses, the records of race horses and laying hens, the causes and remedies of hard times, the faults and good qualities of public men and governments, the manner in which some people live and go in debt, the stingyness of others, the latest bit of local scandal, the faults of the churches, the shortcomings of the Municipal Council, the business transactions of the local merchants, their financial standing and the mistakes they are making in conducting their business, all and many more subjects pass in review before the silent listener, and he certainly leaves that shop a better imformed if not a wiser man.

And all the time the barber is working away, putting in a word here and there to keep up the talk, and evidently enjoying every bit of it. Sometimes the man in the chair becomes so interested that he will push the barber aside and, with his face covered with lather, join in the argument or take time to call someone a fool and knownothing before he allows the barber to resume his work. Sometimes politics get mixed up in the talk, and then look out for real fire works.

Yes, the village barber shop is where every local event, every rumour, every bit of gossip, every shady transaction in the community is discussed and summed up in a way that, to a listener, is as startling as it is conclusive.

It is in the village barber shop the wise man is often found ventilating his views. He is tolerated but not misjudged, and as one listener observed to another, "that fellow gives me a pain. He is a giant in his constructive ideas, but a pigmy in his efforts to accomplish anything."

One can learn a lot in the village shop, and after all, the conclusions arrived at are those of men who would make a fair and impartial jury of public events.

WHAT A MESS, WHAT A MUDDLE

What a dirty mess of political and capitalistic corruption the Beauharnois inquiry is stirring up. Where will it end, and who the victims and who the scapegoats? Sweezy says he paid Aird $125,000 in government bonds for the Conservative cause in Ontario.

Sweezy says he paid certain Liberal senators several hundred thousands of dollars for the Liberal cause in the Dominion.

Aird says he got the $125,000 but it was for services rendered in securing the contract for the Beauharnois Corporation with the Ontario Hydro Electric Coumission.

The Hydro Commission say they know nothing about that $125,000 paid to Aird, but admit that Aird got $50,000 for securing another contract..

Senator Haydon, under oath, says that Sweezy told him that Hon. G. H. Ferguson, then Premier of Ontario, demanded $200,000 from the Beauharnois Corporation before he would sanction the contract with the Ontario Hydro Commission.

Sweezy says that he never told Senator Haydon any such thing.

G. H. Ferguson says Haydon's statement "Utter rubbish."

Haydon repeats, under oath, his first statement.

When and how will this mess of facts and contradictions be cleaned up.

Big sums of money were paid out. Where did all the money come from? Who got it, and how was it distributed?

Someone is lying. Someone is being shielded. Who?

Isn't it an awful mess?

CANON CODY'S POSITION

Some objections have been taken in the Ontario Legislature to the appointment of Canon Cody to succeed Sir Robt. Faulkner as Principal of Toronto University, While none will doubt his qualifications from an educational standpoint, there are many good reasons why Canon Cody should not have been appointed to that important position. Among other good reasons is the following taken from that staunch Conservative weekly newspaper, the Orillia Packet. In a recent number the Packet said:

'The Rev. Canon Cody is credited with telling a New York audience that liquor control in Ontario "inspired law and order," and "avoided the mistakes that lead to bootlegging and crime." If the eloquent apologist had said that the passing of the Liquor Control Act had put a stop to agitation, and had almost completely paralysed the agencies which formerly fought the liquor traffic, he would have been within the mark. Since 1926 the temperance forces have been dumb with the silence of despair, while their erstwhile antagonists have little to say because they are more or less satisfied. But when Dr. Cody gives our American cousins the impression that government control has reduced crime and 'inspired law and order" he flies in the face of facts. As the Toronto Star points out, during the last five years the number of persons imprisoned in Ontario increased by 61 per cent, the imprisonments for drunkenness by 60 per cent., the convictions for assault by 62 per cent. the convictions for rape by 73 per cent., and convictions for breach of the liquor law by 220 per cent. Taking Canada as a whole, convictions for driving while drunk have more than doubled, and so have fatal highway accidents. The full effect of the present law will not be felt, however, until the social drinking customs now becoming common and respectable have borne their fruit in wrecked lives. If he lives to see that day we have an impression that Canon Cody will not be so proud of his child."

WHAT A SNOW STORM CAN DO

It would appear that a big snow storm can do more to solve the unemployment question than our governments are doing. If, when a snow storm comes, thousands of unemployed can be given a couple of days work, why in the name of all that is fair and just, can't the same number of men be employed a couple of days a week at some other kind of municipal or public work. Goodness knows there is plenty that can be done.

How would it do for the Ontario Government to plant trees all along the King's highways this summer. They have the trees in the Provincial nurseries, and the men are waiting to be put at work.

There are hundreds of things that can be done, that ought to be done, but somehow there seem to be a lack of real leadership.

In the scramble we all make to accumulate a good share of this world's wealth, is it after all worth while? This accumulation of money does not bring happiness. The happenings of only the last month give ample proof of this assertion. Lindbergh, who could without hesitation put up $50,000 or more for the return of his baby, has for almost two weeks been put through agonizing torment for the safety of the child. Ivar Kreuger, the Swedish match king, ended his own life and the reason put forth is that he was carrying a superhuman responsibility. George Eastman, the millionaire kodak manufacturer of Rochester, committed suicide after a year of ill-health. Money has its compensation and its place in this old world, but the accumulation of wealth does not bring happiness. Greater treasures are a baby's laugh about the home, and good health. These things are only of the many that wealth cannot procure but are much more to be desired.—Acton Free Press.

Now that the sap season is here again it is timely to have the Dominion Fruit Branch point out that Canada leads the world in respect to pure maple products. Under the provisions of the Maple Products Industry (1931) the word "maple" may be used only to designate a maple product 100 per cent. pure. Any adulteration is not permitted. Wherever the Canadian product is offered under the name of "maple" it is 100 per cent. pure, being the product by evaporation of pure maple sap. The age of adulteration in Canadian maple products has definitely departed, thanks to the regulations that have been adopted, and that are of great importance to the industry as a whole.

REV. MR. WEBSTER ILL

Rev. John Webster, a former well known minister of the Montreal Conference of the Methodist Church, who was 85 years old on March 16, is ill at his residence, 218 McLennan ave., Syracuse, N. Y. Since superaunuation in 1919 he has preached 854 times and his last sermons were preached in connection with anniversary services in Jasper last October. Mr. Webster entered the active ministry in 1872 and in other years was pastor at Athens, Frankville, South Mountain, Easton's Corners and Iroquois, amongst many other stations.

KEEPING TRUCKS FROM BLOWING UP

Did you ever happen to notice the iron chains that dangle to the pavement from the rear of the great oil trucks? These are known as the "ground" chains, and carry away static electricity. You know how boys like to shuffle their feet on a thick carpet and watch the sparks jump from their finger tips when they touch metal.

The same principles apply to the great oil trucks, used to distribute oil and gasoline throughout the country. Experts have calculated that one to two volts of electricity are generated by the chain drive in the motor trucks, and unless this is grounded, there is danger of an explosion when the gasoline is poured into or out of tanks, if contact is made with other metal or the ground.

THE UNITED CHURCH

(Contributed)

The hymns sung, the anthems of the choir, and the messages all were in keeping with Palm Sunday. The pastor's message in the morning was on the Triumphal Entry taken from Matt. 21:10. This triumph of our Master was real in the highest sense. It was an hour of abiding significance There was a real spirit of enthusiasm, which should be found in all Christian work. The spirit of tenderest compassion was evident. The Master had sympathy for the unworthy and so should we. "May we manifest these characteristics in our lives and be true followers of Him who has given us an example," said Mr. Waddell in closing.

"The cost of Discipleship," was the subject of the evening discourse. the text being Matt. 19, 20 & 21. The young man of this story had many admirable qualities but when he faced the challenge of Jesus, he made the great refusal because he would not pay the price. If we would follow Jesus he demands the first claims We must listen to His teachings. Jesus gave to us a great challenge of stewardship of bodies, minds and possessions. All we have we hold in trust. The test is going to come to us in many ways. The pastor plead with his hearers to be willing to pay the price and follow Jesus wherever He leads.

Next Sunday morning the Communion of the Lord's Supper will be observed.

In the evening Rev. W. R. Johnston of Spencerville will speak at the Thankoffering of the Mission Circle. There will be special Easter music at both services.

TENDERS FOR CRUSHING, STONE & COARSE GRAVEL

Sealed Tenders will be received by the undersigned for the Crushing and piling of 2000 cu. yds. of stone and coarse gravel in the Township Gravel Pit, at Mr. S. Fulton's, in the township of Winchester, all stones to be crushed No. 3, and under.

The Contractor must be ready to commence work within Eight days after being notified by the Road Superintendant and the work must be done under his supervision

Tenders to be in the Clerk's hands on, or before April 2nd, 1932.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. STEEN, Clerk, Township of Winchester, Morewood, Ont. 46-8.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In the Estate of Agnes Helen Tweed, late of the Township of Williamsburg, formerly of the Village of Winchester, in the County of Dundas, Spinster, Deceased.

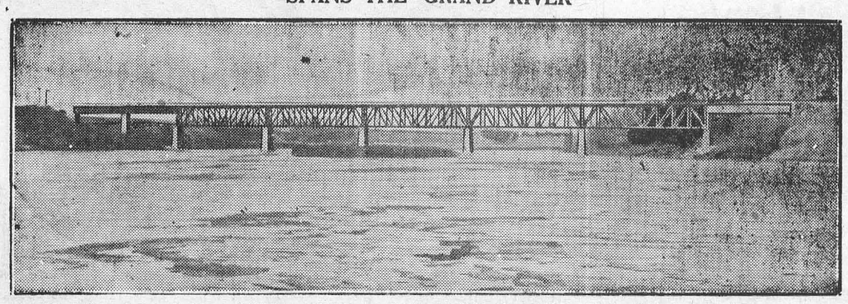
NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to Section 51 of The Trustee Act, R. S. O., 1927, Chap. 150, that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said Agnes Helen Tweed, who died on the eighteenth day of February, 1932, at the township of Williamsburg, are required on or before the Second day of April, 1932 to send by post prepaid or deliver to the undersigned executor of the last Will of the said deceased full particulars in writing of their claims duly proven by statutory declaration. And take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice and that the said executor will not be liable for said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

Dated this seventh day of March, 1932.

T. A. SCOTT, Winchester, Ont. Executor.

46-8c.

SPANS THE GRAND RIVER



New Grand river bridge which has just been rebuilt at Galt, Ont. It has a length of more than a thousand feet and spans the river 65 feet above the water. The original bridge was built in 1883.—C. P. R. Photo.

CHOICE CEREALS FOR BREAKFAST!

Rolled Wheat 7c lb.
Rolled Oats 5c lb.
Wheatine 6c per lb.
Shredded Wheat 2 for 25c
Corn Flakes 3 for 25c
Puffed Wheat 15c pkg.
Puffed Rice 15c pkg.
Rice Krispies 15c pkg.
Grapenut 18c pkg.
Aunt Jemima Pancake Flour 25c pkg.
Red River Cereal 25c
Corn Syrup, 10 lb. pail 69c
Peanut Butter 18c lb.
Sugar Butter 20c

Oysters, Ice Cream
Alaska Bon Bons

J. E. UTMAN,
Phone 7, -- Winchester

It Is So Easy!

To Be Sure That You Are Getting The Best Possible Lighting Service!

Just Call Phone 89, and say---

"Send us Hydro Lamps to fill our empty sockets. Send a man to place these in the sockets and see that they are all working properly before he leaves. Add cost of lamps to our light bill."

"HYDRO" Lamps are for Hydro Consumers. They are made to Hydro specifications and are designed to give the best and most economical service.

"HYDRO" Lamps are sold at the "HYDRO SHOP."

All profits accrued on the sale of "Hydro" lamps are returned to you in decreased rates or cash refunds.

WINCHESTER HYDRO SH(

Phone 89. No Extra Charge For Delivery.

"THE BIG STORE"

VALUES Which We Think Should Merit Your Attention!

Check Each Article Carefully.

Cream Marquisette
For Curtains. 36 in.
5c per yd.

25 Inch
Printed Chintz
For Side Curtains
15c yard

36 Inch
Check Marquisette
For Sash Curtains
20c yard

35 Inch Marquisette
with fine spot in green or pink taped edge
30c yard

36 Inch
FLAT CREPE
Colors—Navy & Black
A Special Bargain
$1.00 yd.

CONGOLEUM RUGS
Ask to see the Latest Booklet showing the new Spring Patterns and Prices. You can select anything made by the factory without extra cost.

Shoe Specials!

"Weston's" Pat. Leather One Strap Shoe
Child's Sizes 8 to 10½
$1.65 pair

Same Shoe in Misses' Sizes 11 to 2
$2.00 pair

Men's Extra Quality Velour Calf
BLUCHER OXFORDS
A Real Fine Shoe
$4.25

LADIES'
RAYON BLOOMERS
Assorted Colors. Durable Elastic at waist and knee
45c pr.

Girls' Rayon Panties
Trimmed with Silk Appliqne
35c pair

Dark Flannelette
Suitable for Quilt Lining
36 inches wide.
Only 13c yd.

PRINTS
A wide range of new spring designs. Guaranteed Fast Colors
36 inches wide.
25c yd.

Dark Foulards
36 inches wide
Navy and Black Ground with lighter figures.
25c yard

DANISH PATTERN
Milk Pails
Holds 15 Imp. Quarts
Regular $1.25 Value
For 99c

SPECIAL
26 Inch ENGLISH
Hand Saws
Fitted with Everfast Handles
89c each

6½ Foot
Rope Halter Shanks
Complete With Snap
5 For $1.00

Genuine GILLETTE
Razor Blades
10 for 75c

32 oz. Bottle
HAWES' LEMON OIL
with 25c Polishing Cloth
For 59c



Price $14.50 Each
Complete stock of Genuine Stewart Clipper Plates and Extra Parts

Let us show you the
New Stewart
CLIPMASTER
Electric Clipping Machine
Complete with Aluminum Handle.
Price $30.00

Just Opened Up
SHERRIFF'S
JELLY POWDERS
Assorted Flavors
5 for 29c

Choice Bulk MACARONI
Ready Cut
3 lbs. for 20c

"COMFORT"
The Large Bar of
Yellow Soap
10 bars for 45c

Lynn Valley
Canned Apples
Gallon Size
29c

BROCK'S BIRD SEED
22c pkg.

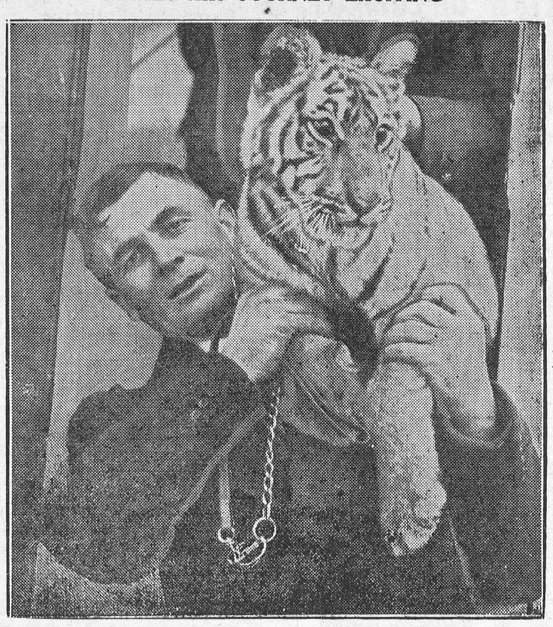
Here's Two Items hard to duplicate
Sweet's Orange Pekoe Tea at 50c per lb.
Sweet's Special Coffee at 25c. Try it.

30 x 3½
Full Moulded Auto Tubes
79c

A. SWEET & CO.
Winchester, Ont.
Hardware Phone 135, - Office Phone 1

4 oz. Bottle
SEWING MACHINE OIL 14c

MAKES AIR JOURNEY EXCITING



"Shango," the wrestling tiger, is taken from the passenger plane in which he flew from Ostend to London. "Shango" says air travel is not so hot. During the voyage he broke loose causing quite some excitement.

DISTRICT NEWS

CLOVERDALE

Mrs Thomas Stobo and daughter Jean and grandson Orville Baker spent Monday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stoodley.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Utman, Mr. and Mrs. Lyal Utman and Mr. and Mrs. Levere and children spent Sunday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Larocque.

Mr. Hirst of U. F. O. Co-operative of Toronto made a business call on Mr. T. Stobo Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hughes and daughter Lila spent Monday afternoon with Mrs. James Annable of Winchester.

Messrs. George Delzell, Henry Dillabough and James Durant spent one night last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. Larmour.

MOREWOOD

Miss Margaret Carlyle of Ottawa visited on Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Carlyle.

Messrs Murray Steinbergh, Carman Swerdfeger and Dalton Steinbergh, member of the Agricultural Class, motored to Roxborough on Thursday, attending the Seed Fair and getting third prize for Judging.

Miss Helen Shaver of Ottawa spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. John Shaver.

Miss Pearl Swerdfeger of Ottawa spent Sunday with her parents, Mr and Mrs. Jacob Swerdfeger.

Mrs. John Shaver and Mr. Wm. Bouck visited on Sunday with his mother, Mrs James Fetterly.

Mr. Grant MacGregor of Ottawa is visiting with his parents, Mr. and Mrs Daniel MacGregor.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Wagner of Limerick spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. John Wagner.

Mrs. Benson Hutchinson visited on Monday with Mrs. Orrin Dillabough

Miss Helene Faulkner returned home on Saturday after spending two weeks with her aunt, Mrs. Ward Johnston of Chesterville.

Mr. Emerson Faulkner and Mr. Lyle Loughridge, of St. Pierre de Wakefield, is spending a few days at their homes here.

The sympathy of the community goes out to Mrs. Alex Dillabough and family in the death of a husband and father.

SOUTH MOUNTAIN

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kirkwood and daughter, Doris, of Toyes Hill, visited Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Boyd on Saturday.

Miss Annie Wright, R. N. of Cornwall, was called to her home here to be with her father, Mr. Thos. Wright, who was so seriously injured recently.

Mr. Tan Cameron has returned home after playing hockey at Spencerville the past season.

Miss Eileen Boyd returned home on Saturday after spending the past two weeks at Morrisburg.

Mr. Milton Anderson, of Fleming, Sask., was a recent guest at the home of Mr Chas. Keyes.

Mrs. Minor Henderson of Pleasant Valley visited her daughter, Mrs. Asa Scott, recently.

Mrs. Chas. Armstrong was a recent guest of Mrs. Lorne Armstrong.

Mrs. Gordon Mulholland and children spent a day recently with Mr. and Mrs. Asa Scott.

Miss M. Johnston of Glen Stewart visited Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Berry this week.

Mrs. Forde of Chesterville was in town Monday enroute to visit her daughter at Hainsville.

We are pleased to report those who have been on the sick list are recovering.

Mr. John Kirker of Hainsville was a caller in town Monday.

A number of relatives and friends attended the funeral of the late Mrs M Thorpe at Hulbert on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Monteith spent Sunday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Monteith.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Armstrong and Robert were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Nesbitt of Hyndman.

Mr. A. Rose of Vancamp was a caller in town Monday evening.

Rev. Father O'Donnell was up to Smiths Falls the first of the week.

Miss Doris Wylie spent the week-end at her home at Vancamp.

INKERMAN

Mr. Claude Summerville and the Misses Viola Summerville and Olive Francis of South Mountain had tea on Thursday evening last with Miss Eleanor Timmins.

The March meeting of the Mission Band was held at the home of Mrs. Edgar Brown on Saturday afternoon.

Sympathy is extended to Messrs. John and Dave Hurley in the loss of their mother who died at her home near South Mountain.

The members of our Young People's Society were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Suffel on Monday evening, March 21st. George Suffel Jr. presided over the devotional period and Miss Olive Johnston had charge of the recreation. After an hour of much merriment in Irish games, Mrs. Suffel provided refreshments and all left persuaded that our Y. P. S. gives us a profitable and pleasant evening.

Mr. Nathaniel McIntosh Sr. was unfortunate in getting kicked with a horse. Dr. McLaughlin was called but found no bones broken, just badly bruised.

Mrs. S. H. Baldwin has been sick. All hope for a speedy recovery.

Rev. and Mrs. Leroy and baby Eldon have been spending a couple of weeks at Waltham, Que.

The Bachelor Supper was held in the United Church here on March 17th, consisting of an Irish Menu. Following the banquet a spicy program was given, the numbers being in honor of St. Patrick. The guest speaker was the Rev. D. M. Coburn, of Prescott, Chairman of Dundas Grenville Presbytery, his lecture being, "Leaners and Lifters," a challenge to every one present was humorously and powerfully delivered.

Miss Aleitha Barrigar of South Mountain is visiting at the home of Mrs. A. T. Allison.

A special Girls Choir will assist in the Easter Morning service in the United Church here. In the evening a Pageant, "An Unshadowed Cross," will be presented by fifteen young ladies accompanied by the Choir in a special musical service.

WINCHESTER SPRINGS

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Beckstead of Williamsburg spent Thursday afternoon with Mr. and Mrs. H. McIntosh.

Mrs. Abe Bailey spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Ross Morrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Elsie Johnston of Toyshill spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. W. McIntosh.

A large number in this Community are laid up with the Grippe.

Miss Alice Barkley of Inkerman is spending some time with Mrs. Cecil McIntosh.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Casselman, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Casselman and family spent one day with Mr. and Mrs. Hector Munro recently.

Mrs. Fraser Bolten, who has been spending the past month in Detroit with Mr. and Mrs. Ciril Duff and other friends, returned home Monday.

Mrs. Mason Casselman spent a couple of days with Mrs. Clarence Thompson.

Mrs. C. Robinson is laid up with rheumatism. Her many friends wish her a speedy recovery.

TOYES HILL

Mr. Anderson Haggerty is spending sometime with his uncle, Mr H. Weir, of Burritt's Rapids.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kirkwood and daughter, Doris, spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Boyd of South Mountain.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Wylie spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. Riddell of Brinston.

Mr. Norman Hunter of Oak Valley spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. Arnold Peterson spent a couple of days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Bell, of Brinston.

Miss Lulu Hunter of Williamsburg spent Sunday at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Pat Gannon of Inkerman visited recently at the home of Mrs. K. Houlahan.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Coons of Winchester spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kirkwood.

Mr. Brock Harper of Inkerman spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Harper.

The sympathy of the community goes out to Mrs. R. Peterson in the death of her sister, Mrs. Jennie Thorpe.

The Hy, Shy, Ny Club held their Annual Banquet in the Orange Hall on Friday, March 11th. About eighty-four participated of the salads and ices. The toast master was Mr. E. Haggerty.

Toast to the King by Stanley Waddell responded by "God Save the King."

Toast to our Country, Norman Hunter, responded by, "O Canada."

Toast to the Club by Mrs. Arthur Bell, responded by Mrs. Rumsey Peterson and Brock Harper.

Toast to the Visitors by Mrs. Wm. Steele responded by Mrs. Isaac Harper and Patrick Houlahan.

Solos were rendered by Dalton Coons and Stanley Waddell. The speaker of the evening was Rev. Eastcott, of Dundela, who gave a short yet eloquent and impressive address.

Much credit is due the committee in charge who gave their untiring efforts to make this banquet a success.

S. S. NO. 14, MATILDA

January, February and March

x denotes perfect attendance

V—Edna Johnson 73, Irma Moore 71x, Beatrice Johnson 67.

Sr. IV—Earl McIlreath 74.

Jr. IV—Lorna Johnson 61, Louva Johnston 58, Elva Harper 57 Beulah Kirkwood 56, Gerald Harper 42x, Evah Haggerty absent for exams.

III—Doris Kirkwood 69x, Leona Casselman 42.

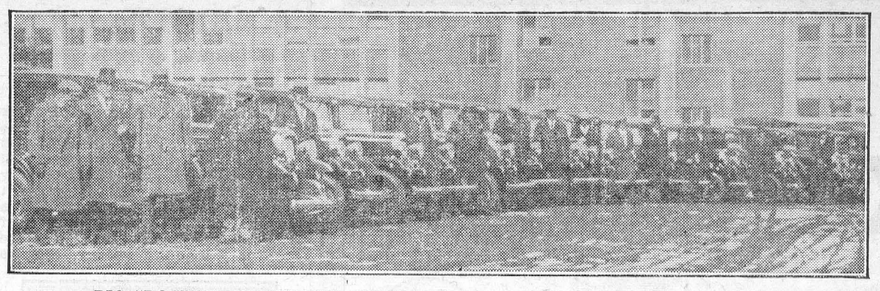
II—Kenneth Geggie 47.

I—Dwain Harper 69x.

Pr.—Edward Geggie 69, Mabel McIlreath 61.

Stanley Waddell, Teacher.

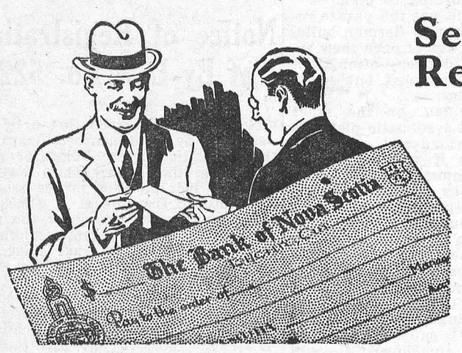
Winchester Dealer drives away 21 New Chevrolets



BIG "ROADAWAY" ATTESTS CHEVROLET POPULARITY IN EASTERN ONTARIO

When Messrs. D. Melvin and Son, of Winchester, took over 21 Chevrolet passenger and commercial cars at the factory, the other day, it was said to be one of the largest individual dealer roadaways from the Oshawa plant this season. Mr. Hart Melvin, managing director of the firm, seen in the foreground, went to Oshawa to oversee the roadaway, which incidentally was the second for the Winchester dealer in 30 days. Mr. Melvin, and his father before him, have been engaged in the sale of Chevrolet passenger and commercial cars for the past 17 years, which is the length of time that Chevrolet has been manufactured in Canada.

For Satisfaction



Send a Draft when Remitting Money...

When you wish to send money out of town, you are invited to secure a Bank of Nova Scotia Draft for the required amount.

The Draft will be prepared for you in a few moments without formality.

The scale of charges is moderate and you need not be a regular customer of the Bank to secure the service.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

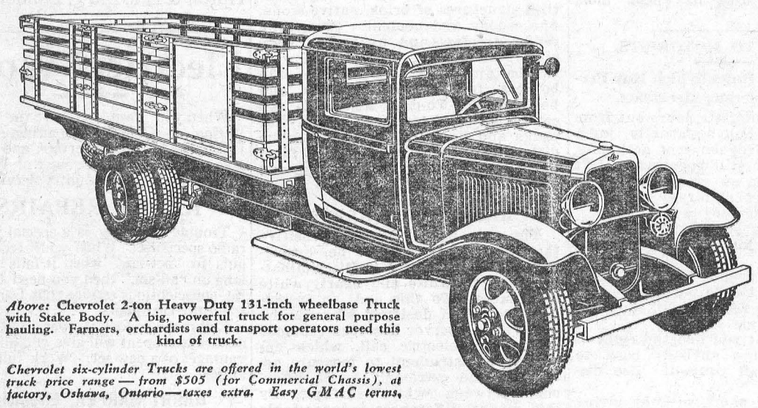
ESTABLISHED 1832

31-1

Capital $12,000,000; Reserve Fund $24,000,000; Total Resources $265,000,000

Winchester Branch: J. D. Stewart, Manager

Chevrolet Now Builds a Complete Line of 2-TON HEAVY DUTY TRUCKS



Above: Chevrolet 2-ton Heavy Duty 131-inch wheelbase Truck with Stake Body. A big, powerful truck for general purpose hauling. Farmers, orchardists and transport operators need this kind of truck.

Chevrolet six-cylinder Trucks are offered in the world's lowest truck price range — from $505 (for Commercial Chassis), at factory, Oshawa, Ontario—taxes extra. Easy GMAC terms.

NOW, Chevrolet brings matchless economy of gasoline, oil and upkeep to the heavy duty truck field. Moreover, the complete line of new Chevrolet 2-ton Heavy Duty Trucks are built specifically for the strenuous kind of heavy hauling service.

For example, Chevrolet six-cylinder Heavy Duty Trucks have the Clark full-floating rear axle, specially developed for heavy duty work. Clark heavy duty four-speed transmission is another feature of these trucks. In addition, Chevrolet trucks have a special, six-cylinder truck engine—smoother, faster, more powerful and with longer life. The pressed steel channel frame is exceptionally deep and rugged. A special truck clutch is provided. Wheels are interchangeable throughout and there are several tire options.

Chevrolet Heavy Duty Trucks are built on two wheelbases—standard 131-inch, and 157-inch for hauling bulky loads. There is a wide variety of body types to suit every heavy hauling field.

Before you buy *any* Heavy Duty Truck, get the new Chevrolet specifications! You will find a model exactly suited to the work you have to do—a 2-ton Chevrolet Heavy Duty Truck at one of the world's lowest truck prices and with lowest ton-mile operating costs!

Produced CHEVROLET GM GENERAL MOTORS PRODUCTS in Canada

CHEVROLET SIX-CYLINDER TRUCKS

D. MELVIN, Dealer, Winchester.

CT18-36

Of Interest To Car Owners!

We have equipped our shop to handle the Automobile Glass Replacement Trade.

We have an up-to-date Grinding and Polishing Machine and a good stock of Windshield and Door Glass for Cars. We can do your job while you wait.

Our prices will be as low as Ottawa or Brockville. Bring us a share of your work, we will appreciate it.

The Old Reliable Stand,

M. Bailey,

DURANT DEALER

Winchester - - Ontario

Brighten Your Living Room With A New Lamp

Just Received---Table Lamps and Separate Bridge Shades in latest designs & colorings.

Lamp with dark red Vase Base and Decorative Art Modern Shade to match. Double Socket and Chain Pulls. Base of lamp lights as well as shade, making a very attractive light.

Lamp with Peach colored Vase Base with corresponding colored shade, showing coach and four horses on parchment shade.

Pedestal Table Lamp with high black Pedestal and colored parchment shade. Double socket and chain pulls.

Bridge Parchment Shades to be sold separately. Many different colors and patterns from which to choose. Priced moderately at $3.00 each.

Picture Framing done here. We carry a good selection of Mouldings at Reasonable Prices.

The M. F. Beach Co., Ltd., - Phone No. 3

EASIER TO HANDLE!



The NEW

OLDSMOBILE

6 and 8

embody such features as

FREE WHEELING

RIDE REGULATOR

SYNCRO-MESH TRANSMISSION

and

SILENT SECOND GEAR

016-13

GM GENERAL MOTORS PRODUCTS

PRODUCED IN CANADA

D. MELVIN, Dealer, Winchester

Associate Dealer, MILTON SHAVER,
Chesterville, Ontario.

THE DEPENDABLE OLDSMOBILE



"Quick . . . the barn's on fire"

Dick Johnson's wife was making pies when she glanced out the window and saw smoke curling up from the barn. And Dick was over at the Blay's helping with a load of hogs!

She ran to the telephone. Dick rushed home with Fred Blay and in a few minutes they had stamped out the smouldering hay before the fire got really started.

"That was a close shave", Dick said. "We might have lost everything. *It's lucky we've kept our telephone.*"

THE BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY OF CANADA — LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

THE ROYAL BANK OF CANADA



A New Horizon

A NEW horizon opens out before the man with money. With $1,000 saved you can look to the future with confidence—start one of these easy savings plans now:—

$1,000 in 4 years—costs $940.16 in weekly payments of $4.52.

$1,000 in 3 years—costs $956.28 in weekly payments of $6.13.

$1,000 in 2 years—costs $970.32 in weekly payments of $9.33.

The Royal Bank of Canada

Winchester Branch - W. A. Rowat, Manager

Branches at Metcalfe and Crysler

2801

WON FAME IN WEST

Hon. Patrick Burns Known for Good Deeds as Well as His Remarkable Rise In Packing Industry.

A story is told of Senator Patrick Burns of Calgary, known as "The Cattle King of the Prairies," that illustrates his kindly nature. A small Roman Catholic church near Calgary was badly in need of a coat of paint and the priest intimated to Mr. Burns that it would be a gracious thing if he would pay for the job. The future Senator was quite willing, and he



SENATOR PATRICK BURNS.

personally telephoned instructions to a painter. "And while you're about it," he added, "there's a little Protestant chapel down the road a bit—paint it, too."

The rise of Patrick Burns from a penniless farm boy to a multi-millionaire, and probably the most dominating individual business man of the West, is part of its history.

In 38 years—1890 to 1928—he built up one of the largest packing and provisioning businesses in the world. He extended his business overseas with offices in London, Liverpool and Yokohama.

He is most modest of all his accomplishments. Many a time he was asked to run for Parliament, and he is said to have refused a knighthood. His help to the fatherless, to the crippled, to ambitious students will never be known, and for these good deeds he received from the Pope what he considers his highest honor—Knight Commander of the Order of St. Gregory the Great.

HAUNTED HOUSES GHOSTLESS.

Long Search for Ghosts Is Unfruitful —Reward Goes Begging.

Haunted houses with well-authenticated ghosts are at a premium in England.

When the Magicians' Club offered $15,000 for a house complete with ghost, business perked up, but H. Reid, a collector of haunted houses, is still disconsolate.

For years Reid has been hunting spooks, but has had no luck. Still he continues his chase.

Reid said he used to creep out of bed at night to prowl for ghosts.

"I've slept in some of the best-known haunted houses in England, prowled their halls and corridors at all hours of the night, but have never seen a ghost. I've slept in beds of people who were murdered and visited cemeteries on the darkest nights, but to no avail.

SEALS FOR INDIANS ONLY.

Under the Pelagic Sealing Treaty none but Indians may hunt fur seals in British Columbia waters, and no craft except Indian canoes may be used in the hunting. Since Indian canoes cannot face very heavy weather, the hunting operations are necessarily limited by weather conditions, and the number of skins landed in British Columbia cannot be taken as any accurate indication of the size of the seal herds which pass the coast of the province on their way to the Pribiloff Islands. The price received by the Indians for their seals in recent years averaged $6 a skin, and the catch ranges from 2,300 to 3,500 skins per year.

WON BIG PRIZE FOR STORY.

Albert Leblanc, who lives near Espanola, Ont., was the winner of a $5,000 prize story contest of the True Story magazine. This is the second story Mr. Leblanc has sold. The first he wrote three years earlier, when he was only 16, for which he was awarded a prize of $1,500.

The prize-winning story, entitled "Lonely Boy," is based on experiences in his own life while a taxi driver in Sudbury. He now works as a teamster.

TOO MANY DRAGES IN BOZEAT.

Bozeat, England, is trying to find a method of differentiating between members of the Drage family. There are nearly 300 Drages in the village, with its population of just over 1,000. Surnames have nearly been exhausted so that expected little Drages may have to come under the new system of names, if one is found. Where the Drages originated is a mystery, for there is no mention of them in the old English records.

FOR NERVOUS SAILORS.

The invention of an unsinkable ship is claimed by an engineer in Germany. He has made a steel model three feet long which, under a load of 55 pounds and with holes bored in the sides, cannot be sunk. If pushed under water the vessel rises to the surface again and water pours out through the holes.

PRACTICE BLINDFOLDED.

A psychologist has found that when a student who is learning to play golf or to throw basketball goals is taught to practice blindfolded, he acquires the feeling of the swing more accurately than the student who learns with eyes open.

SALT PLENTIFUL IN CANADA.

Among the natural resources in which Canada is abundantly rich is salt, which is found principally in Ontario and Nova Scotia. In 1930 the total production was 271,695 tons valued at $1,694,631, an average price of $10.05 per ton. In Nova Scotia it is estimated that the Malagash deposit contains 60,000,000 tons of developed salt reserves sufficiently pure to sell directly after mining and crushing. There is also an additional 300,000,000 tons of slightly lower grade salt. An interesting feature of this deposit is the presence of potassium salts which may ultimately prove of economic importance.

SIDE-LIGHTS ON WAR

Former Chancellor's Memoirs Do Not Attempt to Acquit ex-Kaiser or Political Leaders of Blame.

The memoirs of Prince Bulow support the statements that the historian cannot acquit Germany of blame for the war.

Von Bulow, who for many years was German Chancellor and Foreign Secretary, charges that the two men who held those offices in 1914, Bethmann-Hollweg and Jagow, "obstinately rejected all England's proposals for a conference, with the result that they and we appeared hostile to any pacific settlement." He says that if Germany had told Austria, following the assassination of the archduke at Sarajevo, that the submission of Serbia in the terms urged upon her by Britain was acceptable and that Germany would not support Austria if she adopted punitive measures war would not have developed.

Bulow himself was in power when the nations of Europe re-aligned themselves in a manner that was likely to lead to bloodshed. He believed Germany's interests could be served best by the maintenance of peace and friendship with Britain. But Baron Holstein and the Kaiser acted as though they had other ideas and Bulow, having seen the fate of Bismarck, whom he admired, deferred to their views, biding his time. Against Bulow's wishes Germany built a great navy and antagonized Britain. Germany also humiliated France by forcing her to dismiss Delcasse, her Foreign Minister, in 1904, and Russia by compelling her to acquiesce in Austria's seizure of Turkish provinces in 1908. Britain's attempt at a rapprochment with Germany having been repulsed, that country was driven into an alliance with Russia and France.

Light is thrown upon the character of Kaiser Wilhelm by Prince Bulow's story that he was present, ten years before the war, when the Kaiser drew the old King Leopold of Belgium aside and suggested to him that it was possible for Belgium to re-establish her old empire and gain possession of French Flanders, the Artois and the Ardennes, and that in the event of another European war the nations that were not with Germany would be against her. The king was so flustered by this threat and the bribe to turn upon his ally and protector that he left the Kaiser, white-faced and with his Prussian helmet turned wrong side to the front. The Belgian king had said that his Parliament would not entertain such a proposal and the Kaiser had replied that he had no respect for a monarch who admitted his responsibility to anybody but God.

On that occasion Von Bulow reminded the Kaiser that Prussia, as well as England, had guaranteed the neutrality of Belgium. The observation provoked the Kaiser into a violent outburst in which he said that if Bulow held such views it might be necessary for the Kaiser to obtain another Chancellor in the event of war.

RUBBER BAGS AS SPRINGS

New Idea Utilizes the Principle of the Pneumatic Tire.

A revolutionary new method for springing automobiles that uses pneumatic rubber bags instead of springs has been invented by an Ottawa man.

The devise requires no change in chassis or running gear to install. It consists of two rubber bags vertically arranged in relationship to each other and supplied with a linkage hook-up placed in the position occupied by the springs of the car. The construction is simple.

The rubber bags are six inches in diameter and six inches long. They are fitted with inner tubes, and are said to last the life of the car.

The inventor claims that the device improves the riding qualities of an automobile greatly, as they have the same length and time of oscillations as a steel spring, but the number is reduced. They also act as a shock absorber.

The bags can be fitted to all four springs of the car, and, the inventor says, can be manufactured at reasonable cost, and do not detract from the appearance of the automobile.

BLIND AND DEAF MUST STUDY.

The Russian Soviet Government has issued a decree calling for the compulsory education of children who are blind, deaf, mute, crippled and mentally deficient in order that they might do something useful for their country. In the Soviet Union there now are listed 11,265 deaf and mute children, 7,303 blind children, and 225,000 mental defectives.

TIME CHECKED BY STARS.

Correct time to one-hundredth of a second is essential for many purposes of geodesy and geophysics, C. C. Smith told fellows of the Royal Society of Canada. To obtain this accuracy the Dominion Observatory daily checks its clocks by observations of the stars, and comparison with the clocks of observations throughout the world.

POTENT BOOTLEG LIQUOR.

When the quiet peacefulness of the express office at Port Colborne, Ont., was broken by an explosion which was heard for some distance, the explosive turned out to be in a parcel containing three bottles of alleged bootleg liquor seized by the police and awaiting shipment to the Department of Inland Revenue at Ottawa for analysis.

PLUMBER LEARNED LESSON.

There is a plumber in Hamilton who won't forget his tools again. Called to a down-town job he found there wasn't any power in the building and he had to walk up 17 flights of stairs. He reached the 17th floor eventually and found he did not have all the equipment he needed. He had to descend and make the trip all over again.

Englishman Purchases Byron's Home Presented to Nation.

Lord Byron's famous home at Newstead, in England, has been presented to the city of Nottingham by Sir Julian Cahn. The present owner of Newstead, C. I. Frazer, also handed over to the city the furniture at Newstead Abbey, which originally belonged to the Byron family.

Newstead was steeped in historical associations long before the time of the poet. The abbey, an Augustinian priory, was founded by Henry I. in penance for the murder by Henry's knights of Thomas A. Becket in Canterbury Cathedral.

After the dissolution of the monastery the despoiled abbey was bought by Sir John Byron from Henry VIII. for $4,000.

FAMOUS JEWEL FOR SALE

Princess Mary's Husband to Sell Canning Jewel, Said to Have Been Present to a Mogul Emperor.

One of the most famous and historic jewels in the world is to be sold by its present owner, the Earl of Harewood, Princess Mary's husband.

It is the Canning jewel, and its value, intrinsically and because of its history and workmanship, is almost incalculable. Benvenuto Cellini, the sixteenth century master craftsman in gold, silver and precious stones, is said to have fashioned it for one of the Florentine Medicis,



EARL OF HAREWOOD

who, according to tradition, presented it to a mogul emperor of India.

Experts have described the Canning jewel as the "supreme example of renaissance jewelry." It is set with pearls, diamonds, and rubies, and parts of it are in encrusted enamel.

It is in the form of a Triton, the torso being a large single pearl.

The jewel remained in possession of the moguls for 300 years, and when their capital, Delhi, was captured during the mutiny, it was found in the treasury of the King of Oudh and appropriated by the Indian Government. Earl Canning, the viceroy, bought it from the Government.

Eventually the jewel passed from his collection to that of his brother-in-law, the first Marquis of Clanricarde. The second marquis, who died in 1916, bequeathed it to his great-nephew, the present Earl of Harewood.

CANADA'S "WHITE COAL."

Electrical Power Used to Produce Multitude of Goods In Dominion.

A review of the electrical industry in Canada discloses the degree to which electricity is displacing other power in the Dominion. Canada's immense resources of cheap power are being turned to full account in an industrial way. Cheap electrical energy is the factor which has made possible much of the efficiency of modern methods of manufacture.

All the power utilized in the production of automobiles, clay products and rubber goods in Canada is electrical. Sugar refining, printing and publishing, and plants manufacturing hardware and tools, brass and copper products, coke and gas products, electrical apparatus and supplies have 90 per cent. electric power installations. In the long list of industries mentioned in the table of power equipment published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the manufacture of feed and grist is the only one which utilizes less than 50 per cent. of electric energy. Seventy per cent. of all the energy used throughout the mining industry of the country, including coal, metals and petroleum, is electrical. Manufacturing and mining have come into the electrical age.

The total installation in lumber, pulp and paper mills, 1,250,000 horse-power, far exceeds that in any other industry. The rate of expansion in non-ferrous metals and in miscellaneous uses has been most rapid.

ADVICE TO MOTORISTS.

Timely Traffic Rules Which May Prevent Numerous Accidents.

Advice to motorists pours out from all directions, but, apparently, judging from the frequency of accidents, some rules are still necessary. Here are a few from an exchange:

Look out for children. You can never tell what they will do.

Don't pass a standing trolley car. Some day the jury may call it manslaughter.

Don't speed around corners. It's a straight route to the hospital.

Drive on the right side of the road. It's the only safe side.

The fact that you had the right of way won't bring anybody back to life, least of all yourself. Use discretion.

Do not stop short without giving warning. The other fellow isn't a mind reader.

Do not back up without looking to the rear.

Do not park or pass on a curve or hill.

Slow down when approaching a cross road. It's nearly as dangerous as a railway crossing.

Be courteous to other drivers and traffic officers. Courtesy prevents accidents.

WAKING HOURS STANDARDIZED

Patients' waking hours should be standardized, according to a report filed by the special committee appointed to inquire into the matter by King Edward's Hospital Fund for London, England. Reveille in all London voluntary hospitals should be 6 a.m., says the report. The committee found that four hospitals awakened their patients between 4 and 4.30. Forty institutions did so between 5 and 5.15, while 22 chose between 5.30 and 5.45; eight between 6.30 and 6.45, and six, 7 o'clock.

One Motor Car for Every Fifty-Four Persons In World.

A total of 35,805,632 motor vehicles are registered in the world, and of these 26,697,398 are owned in the United States, according to a census of motor cars by Charles F. Baldwin of the Automotive Division of the Department of Commerce. The per capita registration for the world is one motor vehicle for every fifty-four persons, while in the United States it is one for every 4.9 persons.

In the number of motor vehicles registered, the United States is followed by France with 1,459,650; Britain, 1,308,272; Canada 1,244,098; Germany, 679,300; Australia, 563,657; Argentina, 366,324; Italy, 291,578; Brazil, 199,570; and Spain and the Canary Islands, 189,650.

BRITISH DIPLOMACY

Absence of Plan and Disposition to "Muddle Through" Is Thoroughly British, Says Chamberlain.

Writing in Foreign Affairs, Sir Austen Chamberlain disclaims any machiavellian subtlety in diplomacy. He endeavors to explain the difference between British, French and German psychology as follows:—

"The German is by nature a systematizer. He excels in organization.



SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN

He likes to see where he is going, to foresee as far as may be the accidents of the route, and to be assured of good accommodation at the end of his journey 'according to plan.'

"How often did not the phrase recur during the war in German bulletins? 'The plan' was at once their security and their danger—often their most efficient instrument but sometimes their master.

"The Englishman, on the other hand, finds such systematic planning irksome and uncongenial. He submits himself to it with reluctance even when circumstances impose it on him, and, even while submitting, he distrusts the process in which he is engaged, doubts his power to pierce the mists of the future, and secretly relies on his capacity to meet emergencies as they arise.

"In difficult times there is no more common ending to a political discussion between Englishmen than the phrase: 'Well, I suppose we shall muddle through somehow.' It could never occur to a German or a Frenchman to seek consolation in such a reflection."

TAKES HIS HOUSE TO WORK.

Former Canadian Enjoys Home Comforts While on Road.

Taking their home to business is an experiment which is working out most satisfactorily for Mr. and Mrs. Jack Wylie.

Mr. Wylie, a former resident of London, Ontario, is a traveller whose territory cover the states of Florida, Georgia and North and South Carolina. In such a climate Mr. and Mrs. Wylie find no difficulty in taking their home with them as they travel, and the latter accompanies her husband on his journeys, keeping house most enjoyably in their "house car."

The travelling house is fitted most attractively, with all the needs of the small, modern home. A refrigerator simplifies the food question; there is a tiny stove and a charming "living-room," with couches, easy chairs, a handsome velvet rug and the general appearance of a small but cosy and comfortable home.

REGINA'S GREAT GROWTH.

Less than 50 years ago Regina was a boneyard. Its only industry was the shovelling and shipping of buffalo bones. In fact, the district was referred to as "Pile o' Bones." Then a tented town sprang up as newcomers visioned new life on the prairies. Tents gave way to shacks. Shacks strewn along uncertain prairie trails were then replaced by beautiful structures of brick, native stone, fine woods and cement. Straggling roads, treeless and unshaded, were straightened out. Plants, flowers shrubs and trees were made into borders for beautiful streets and boulevards. To-day, Regina is the capital of Saskatchewan, a city of parks and beautiful homes, and the distributing point for the rich farm lands to the north, south, east and west.

HELPING EYE TO SEE.

The eye, extraordinarily sensitive though it otherwise can be, experiences great difficulty in discriminating between white and nearly white substances. To this end, an instrument has been designed wherein the eye of the observer has been replaced by a photo-electric cell, which enables the instrument to measure accurately the extremely small differences between "white" surfaces. By this means differences inappreciable to the eye of even a trained observer can be detected.

COMPOSER HONORS PRINCESSES

"Nursery Suite," the most important work by Sir Edward Elgar since 1919 and dedicated to the Duchess of York and her two daughters was heard by the Duke and Duchess of York when they watched Sir Edward conducting the London Symphony Orchestra at the Kingsway Hall, London, for the making of gramophone records of the suite. The duchess enjoyed particularly one of the seven movements, "The Wagon Passes," and asked for it to be played again.

A Thriller on the Air.

Police, stopping a car near Smith Falls, Ontario, in response to a telephone call from a farmer who heard loud cries for help from the passing roadster, were invited to listen in to the final episode of a thriller coming through the loudspeaker of the portable radio set.

FRANCE THE EMPIRE.

France is a nation of 100,000,000 people spread over 12,000,000 square kilometers. From the point of view of the area which she occupies upon this globe of ours she is, thanks to her colonies, the third largest country in the world, the first being the British Empire, and the second Russia. She is larger than China or the United States. With regard to population, France is the fifth country of the world, the first four being the British Empire, China, Soviet Russia and the United States. Without her colonies France would be, measured by area, only the seventeenth, and by population only the eleventh country.—The Nineteenth Century.

H. O. HESSEEL

Barrister, Solicitor
Notary Public.
LAW OFFICE
MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

P. G. PLUMMER,

Main St., W. opposite Gladstone St.
Winchester, Ontario
District Representative
EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Henderson Lodge, No. 383
A. F. & A. M., Winchester

Meets on Second Friday of each month in Sweet's Block, at 8 o'clock.
Visiting Brethren always welcome.
C. B. Timmins, W.M. H. Annable, Sec'y

POULTRY WANTED

We will pay you 20c a pound for live and dressed hens and cockerels weighing 6 pounds, 5½ to 6 pounds, 19c; 5 to 5½ pounds 18c; 4½ to 5 pounds, 17c; 4 to 4½ pounds, 16c. Eggs and honey wanted. Poultry crates and egg cases loaned.
LEWIS & REILLY REGISTERED
1986 Notre Dame West,
Montreal, Que.

The Business of the
Late D. F. Sutherland
PRIVATE BANKER
Will be carried on under the management of S. S. Durant.
Wihchester, - - May 1931

Notice of Registration of By-Law No. 522

Notice is hereby given that a by-law was passed by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Village of Winchester on the Twenty-Third day of February, 1932, providing for the issue of debentures to the amount of $15,883 69 for the purpose of paying for the construction of certain pavements forming the connecting link in said village of King's Highway No. 31 and that such by law was registered in the Registry Office for the Registry Division of Dundas County on the twenty-ninth day of February, 1932. Any motion to quash or set aside the same or any part thereof, must be made within three months after the first publication of this notice and cannot be made thereafter.

Date of first publication hereof, March 3, 1932.

45-7 I. C EMPEY, Clerk.

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

Subject to a Reserve Bid

At Foster's Hotel, Mountain, Ontario, on Tuesday, March 22nd 1932, at 2.00 p. m., the following land:

The west half of the east half and the east quarter of the west half of Lot 11, Concession 2, Township of Mountain, County of Dundas, 75 acres, more or less.

This is a 75 acre farm all cleared clay loam soil. On the land is situated a frame house on stone foundation with frame kitchen. Frame pig pen and hen house, frame barn and stables.

Situate on main road about 3 miles from Inkerman Station and one mile from school.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to; J. A. Lacombe, Auctioneer, Embrum, or to F. C. Betts, Vendor's Solicitor, Huron & Erie Bld'g, London, Ont.

Electrical Work!

When you want the best in Electric Wiring or General Repairing, call, or Phone 183 for quick service and reasonable prices. Residence west of Wesleyan Church. Town or Country Service.

RADIO REPAIRS!

Trouble Shooting is a special job for a radio specialist! When your receiver begins to "act-up," when it fails to run along on "all-six," then you need the skilful, conscientious service that I am giving to all my customers.

Call me in to look it over. Often a few dollars well spent will give you all the advantages of a new set. Work fully guaranteed.

HARRY HARPER, Electrician.
Phone 183 - - Winchester, Ont.

GOWLING BUSINESS COLLEGE A Good School
Ottawa, Ont.

It is certainly true that within a short time there will be a revival in business Will you be prepared when it comes? We strongly advise you to enter upon a business course NOW. Write for catalogue.

W. E. GOWLING, President.
H. W. BRAITHWAITE, Principal.

HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL, OTTAWA.

No school in Canada offers a better training, or ensures a more successful future. Henry's leads all others, and ranks among employers as "THE SCHOOL OF HIGHER EFFICIENCY"—a fact borne out by more than 600 pupils who have, since January, 1913, left other Ottawa Schools to come to it.

Therefore, it is not surprising thet business men, in advertising for stenographers should specially say, "Graduates of Henry's School preferred."

For particulars about our course, write
D. E. HENRY Director
62 Bank Stree

WITH THE LONE SCOUTS

The Ontario Lone Scout Department has now been in existence for three years and during that time a large number of boys in all parts of the province, who otherwise would not have had the chance, have availed themselves of the opportunity to take an active interest in the Boy Scout Movement.

In addition, the Lone Scouts have paved the way for some thirteen regular troops which have sprung into being as the direct result of the hard work and tenacity of individual boys or groups.

With an active membership of over three hundred Lonies, we look forward to our fourth year with optimism and hope for the opportunities to bring Scouting into the lives of a greater number of rural boys than ever before.

A CALL TO SCOUTS.

A call to Scouts for increased service during the national crisis was made by Lord Baden-Powell at the annual meeting of the council of the association in London. The Scouts, he said, were first in the field on the occasion of the Great War to render help behind the scenes, and the present move to service, as the Prince of Wales had said, was not meant to be a mere flash in the pan, but an undertaking "for the duration" of the nation's trouble.

The Duke of Connaught, president of the association, sent a message in which he referred to the fact that the world total of Boy Scouts was now more than 2,070,000.

The above paragraph was taken from an English newspaper published in February and would seem to indicate that there are greater difficulties in the Old Country than we in Canada appreciate. However, we know that the Scouts will do their best to help lighten the burden, and in this matter the Lone Scouts can help considerably right here in Ontario.

"Lone E" was visited a few days ago by a business man from Vienna, Austria, who in the course of conversation, stated that after a tour of the United States and Canada he found that the most advertised word on this side of the Atlantic is "Depression." As far as Canada is concerned, at any rate, this should not be as at this time Canadian business people have an opportunity at their finger tips which is greater than they ever before had. The opportunity to manufacture and sell Canadian merchandise and to use Canadian raw materials and resources.

Therefore Lone Scouts should keep a smile on their faces and talk not about the hard times, but rather about the great OPPORTUNITY and the good season that we are about to enter.

WHY IS SCOUTING SO POPULAR?

This question is easily answered and the two following paragraphs will illustrate the reason. Boy Scouts own no superiority of Race or Creed, Color or Tongue. Scouting is just as much designed for the humble boy from town or country as it is for the son of influential parents. Some people quibble about our uniform, but it is designed especially so that all boys, of whatever rank, shall look alike, and therefore all meet on equal footing.

WESTERN INDIAN BOY SCOUTS.

Authority from the Department of Indian Affairs has been granted for the organization of a Scout Troop at the Sarcee Indian School in Alberta. The Group Committee includes Chief Jim Starlight and Chief Big Plume.

LATEST ROYAL BOY SCOUT.

The latest addition to "royal Boy Scouts" is H.R.H. Prince Gustav Adolf, eldest son of the Crown Prince of Sweden.

NEW BISHOP A SCOUTMASTER.

The recently elected Anglican Bishop of Ontario, Rt. Rev. John Lyons, is a Scout leader of some years' experience. He organized and for several years was Scoutmaster of a troop at Belleville. He participated in games and hikes and took the boys to camp.

CAMP. Do you intend to come to the Lone Scout Camp which will be held this summer? If so, start saving those nickels now, and let your Scoutmaster know that you wish to be enrolled as a Camp Prospect.

For information regarding the Lone Scouts, which branch of Scouting is open to all boys between 12 and 18 years of age who cannot joint regular Scout Troops, write to the Lone Scout Department, Boy Scouts Association, 330 Bay St., Toronto 2.

"LONE E."

New York Chinese Protest Japanese Invasion



Chinese students of New York city, recently, held a parade protesting the Japanese invasion of their country. Miss Lia Han Meng and Wen Ling, art students, are shown with some of the posters carried in the march.

Dominion of Canada New World Power

By W. W. McLaren, Professor of Economics at Williams College, in Collaboration with J. J. Gibson.

Though still nominally a constitutional dependency, the Dominion of Canada during the past decade has achieved political and economic independence. She has taken her place among the select few of the money-lending nations of the world. Between 1921 and 1928, Canada produced wealth at a rate which permitted the net export of approximately $800,000,000. Especially significant is the fact that her secondary production, which consists largely of manufactures, has more than kept pace with her primary production, which is divided between agriculture, forestry and mining. Canada has been for many years one of the important primary producers of the world; the recent temendous increase in the value of her manufactures has raised her from obscurity in 1914 to fifth place, in 1928, among the manufacturing nations.

To the war, despite its cost in men and money may be attributed the creation of the Canadian nation as we know it today. Each of the five years of war cost the Dominion an average of $300,000,000 and 30,000 men, yet we are justified in declaring that Canada found herself, spiritually and economically, during those years. She emerged from the conflict with her population welded by common sacrifice into a compact and loyal people, essentially Canadian in spirit.

The United States and Great Britain poured into Canada in that half decade more than two billion dollars and built up a skeleton economic structure (for the production of necessities of war) whose potential output was many times the requirements of her eight millions of people. When the war ended the European market was once more supplied by its own producers, and Canada was left with this great potential production of manufactures, for which it could find no consumers.

Economically the Dominion was at the parting of the ways. She might abandon an enormous capital investment, cut down her production and resign herself to mediocrity as an inferior power; or she might maintain that economic structure and compete for the export markets of the world.

The Dominion chose the second course, pursued it courageously and successfully, and now seems to have its goal clearly in sight. This phenomenal economic development may be traced to four basic causes: her vast natural resources, the sturdy pioneer spirit of her people, the tremendous technological progress of recent years and the protective tariff policy practiced by both political parties.

The natural resources of the Dominion fall into five major categories: fisheries, mines, forests, water power, and farm lands. Of all the countries of the world Canada stands first in production of nickel and asbestos, second in cobalt, third in gold and silver, fourth in lead and copper, and sixth in zinc. Canadian forests are becoming of more importance. Available American lumber has been dwindling rapidly, and the ever-increasing demand for wood pulp and newsprint should bring forestry to the very forefront of Dominion industry. Canada's enormous potential production of hydro-electric energy is important also, and is attracting to the Dominion certain industries, such as the Aluminum Corporation, which require great quantities of cheap power.

The second of the basic causes for the development of the Dominion is the sturdy pioneer spirit of her people, which has shown itself in the persevering opening up of the west and north country, and in the gallant past-war struggle to extricate the nation from a precarious economic position. The careful restriction of immigration can be counted on to preserve the Nordic character of the people, the influence of which is of vast importance.

As to technological progress, third basic cause of development, one example is the introduction of the airplane in exploring the northland. Among others is the perfection of the sulphite method of producing wood pulp.

The fourth factor, very different from the first three, is the principle of a high tariff which fosters industry at the expense of agriculture; and we must confess that the results seem to have justified the methods.

Many Canadian economists find it hard to believe that Canada will cling much longer to the system of high tariffs, in view of its heavy burden upon the already insolvent farmer. Yet the government is apparently committed to the protection of the manufacturer. The creation of an Advisory Tariff Board in 1926 to aid in fixing the duties on a scientific basis, as low as possible for the protection of home manufacturers, was one boon to the agricultural and other groups.

One trade possibility which appeals to the Canadian's thrifty eye lies in the loophole in the American tariff allowing the returning American to bring in $100 worth of foreign goods duty-free. The differential between Canada's British Empire Preference rates and the American duties creates a margin on such Empire products as Australian wool, English woolens, and Irish linens, which is large enough to afford American purchasers in Canada a substantial saving and the Canadian middleman a tidy profit. If Australian wool is manufactured into the finished products in Canada, or British woolens tailored in the Dominion, there results an additional profit and still another class of workers to add to the domestic market for Canadian goods without increasing the products for which a market has to be found.

The Dominion government is also experimenting with the British Preference in the hope of making it profitable for the American manufacturer to produce in Canada for export to the British Empire.

At present Canada's strength is but one of the forces which fortify England's importance in world affairs. But there appears to exist a striking similarity in the situation of the British Empire in 1850, the United States of 1910, and the Canada of 1930. The Franco-Prussian War of 1870, in which England was a spectator supplying the needs of the combatants, established the British Empire as the great creditor nation of the world; the World War, in which England participated to the full, and in which the United States played (for the most of that period, at least) the profiting bystander, dragged down England and established the United States as the world's great creditor. Why should not another great war, instead of destroying civilization entirely, cause the final break-up of the British Empire, drag down the United States toward England's present plight, and elevate Canada to a minor pinnacle? Canada has sufficient natural wealth to bring such an outcome within the realms of possibility, even though its small size in relation to the natural wealth of the United States would cause her never to reach the postwar credit pinnacle of our country. Such an eventuality, concentrating as it would the credit and most of the natural wealth of the world in the western hemisphere (for other semi-developed neutrals like Argentina and Brazil might be expected to profit, also), might bring about the transfer of the financial, cultural and diplomatic centres from one side of the Atlantic to the other. And who can tell but what in that readustment Canada, with her vast natural resources, might not emerge as one of the great nations of the world? — Condensed from World's Work by The Reader's Digest.

Fort Anne National Park

Impressed by the great historical importance of the ruins of Fort Anne at Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia, not only to Canadians but to the descendants of the early colonists along the Atlantic coast of North America, the Dominion Government set aside the military works and about twenty acres surrounding them as a national park under the Department of the Interior. Many of the features have been restored while others have been added so that the park is one of the most interesting historic spots in the East. Thousands visit it each season and the numbers are growing every year.

Isle of Man Becomes Protectionist Country

Douglas, Isle of Man.—The Isle of Man, with a population of 50,000, has now joined Great Britain as a protectionist country.

The Tynwald Court, its Legislature, imposed a 10 per cent. tariff on all goods except those on the free list of the United Kingdom's tariff act and with the addition of sugar, table waters, and dried fruits.

Value for Money

An American producer was filming Biblical scene. Things weren't going too well and he stormed and raved about the studio.

"Listen to me, you guys!" he shouted. "I'm paying a thousand dollars a day for this sound apparatus, and I mean to get my money's worth! When those Ten Commandments are broken I want to hear 'em break! Get me?"

The only way to have a friend is to be one.—Emerson.

Human Bloodstream Classified by Science

By Dr. Henri Szollos, in Le Mois, Paris (November, 1931)

Centuries ago, scientists and medical men believed that the blood lost from a wound or in a severe hemorrhage could conceivably be replaced by the blood of freshly-killed animals. The experiments, however, were rarely successful. In almost every case the patient, instead of gaining strength, weakened, and succumbed. This led to most countries forbiding the practice by law.

But science was not satisfied to let the question rest. On the face of it, an organ that is not diseased, but has been merely weakened by loss of blood should be restored to health, as naturally as hunger is appeased by food. Clearly, the fault must lie in the blood used.

In the course of their investigations the doctors discovered that when the blood of a rabbit was mingled with that of a dog, the red corpuscles of the latter dissolved the plasma of the former, and both suffered serious results. Other experiments established the curious fact that animals of the same species, or even of the same family had blood that mingled without any harmful results. This led to the belief that when human life was at stake, human blood should be used.

Curiously enough, the transfusion of human blood, although at times successful, often gave the same results as had followed the use of animal blood. Once again, the doctors seemed to have been brought face to face with a blank wall.

At the beginning of this century, Dr. Landsteiner of Vienna began the experiments that have brought to the aid of medicine one of the most powerful methods the science has known. In a lecture he gave in 1910 at the opening of the International Congress of Physiology at Vienna, he stated that, while no two men were alike either mentally or chemically, yet it was possible to classify them in a general and perfectly satisfactory way. He demonstrated that there are three classes of blood. Later, Jansky and Moss discovered the existence of a fourth, which is, however, extremely rare.

The classification of the blood is based on the theory that two factors which we may call A and B exist in the blood-stream of human beings. Clearly, there are four possible arrangements of these factors. A person may have the factor A only, he may have the factor B only, he may have a combination of both A and B, or he may have neither.

It has been fully demonstrated that those belonging to Group A have blood which dissolves the constituents of Group B. Those whose blood is both A and B have no ill effects on either taken separately, while those of the fourth class cannot safely be treated with any one of the others.

The most obvious value of these findings is, of course, in the way already mentioned. Once the principle was established, there was no difficulty in using it on an extensive scale. To-day there is hardly a hospital or a school of medicine in any civilized country that has not its list of professional blood-givers, whose blood has been carefully tested and classified so that there may be no delay in cases of emergency. Moreover, during the Great War, transfusion of blood was carried in to such an extent that in the American army, for example, every soldier wore on his uniform the class or group to which he belonged, so that first-aid might be rendered with all possible speed.

Although the question of heredity in mental or physical characteristics has not been determined, there is no doubt concerning the heredity of blood-groups. For instance, there is no case known of an infant having a blood-group that was not present in either one of his parents. Thus, if the mother's blood is A, and the father's B, the child's may be either or both. On the other hand, if the parents' blood is AB, the child may inherit either A or B independently.

The stability of blood-groups is remarkable, and lasts through life. Neither sickness, pregnancy, or accident have the slightest effect on them. The introduction of medicines, serums or drugs fail to change their structure. Some have claimed that variations have followed the use of narcotics and X-rays but their claims have not been substantiated.

During the last few years there has been some attempt to establish paternity or maternity on the blood-classification, but it can give no exact result. Naturally, if the child's blood is unlike that of either of his supposed parents, one or the other is not thus related to him, but since A and B classes are extremely common, the child might quite easily have allied blood without it proving either paternal or maternal relationship.

The examination of blood-stains in the investigation of a murder is becoming of more and more value. Naturally, if the stains belong to the victim they are of little assistance if found at the scene of the crime. If, however, they are discovered on weapons or clothes belonging to the suspect, they are looked upon as prima facia evidence, but must be corroborated by other evidence. There is always the possibility that the blood may have come from some other source i nthe same group. When the stains reveal a group that does not correspond to that of the victim, the search for the murdered is narrowed down to those in the same group that come within the list of suspects.

An interesting side of the classification of blood is its apparent connection with the various races of the earth. Among the civilized nations of the earth, O, the fourth group, is between 35 and 45 per cent., with a few variations. There is a notable predominance of A over B among the peoples of western Europe, and their descendants all over the world. This predominance may be as high as from 40 to 50 per cent. Generally speaking, the proportion of A to B decreases in inverse ratio going east, until in Asia B is in places as high as 49 per cent. AB, never common, is, of course, merely a secondary group of A and B. The fourth group, O, reaches its greatest height among the North American Indians, the Eskimos, the aborigines of the South Sea Islands and related primitive peoples, where it is found in as high a proportion as 91 per cent. The results thus reached give some colour to the theory that the people of the earth have all descended from three principal races. It is quite probable that the group O covers the primitive characteristics, but it is doubtful if there is a single pure-blooded race on earth to-day, since there has been so much intermingling through marriage, wars, and great national upheavals.

The medical profession has begun to interest itself in the possible connection of the various blood-groups with certain diseases. One eminent doctor affirms that Group A is more susceptible to tuberculosis, and that Group B is more clearly cancerous. These are, of course, merely theories as yet, but may lead to a much wider understanding of both the cause and prevention of many little-understood diseases.—The Magazine Digest.

1,000,000 sugar maples are to be planted in the Lake St. John area in the Province of Quebec, according to Hon. Honore Mercier, Minister of Lands and Forests.

The Silver Lining

By Heck

Toronto Board of Trade reports gain in December for manufacturing and mining industries.

Establishment of four new industries during January in Toronto is announced by Toroto Industrial Commission. The assets of the four firms total more than $25,000,000.

The American public is paying for dramatic legitimate stage entertainment. Five stock companies report highest receipts in 25 years from ten American cities.

New law in N.S. frees gold and increases bank resources to meet any emergency, is the terse statement of New York Times, after President Hoover signed Bank Credit Bill.

Through a campaign by the American Legion for a drive to secure 1,000,000 jobs for unemployed, a total of 107,507 men secured work on Feb. 27. 7,364 found jobs in one day.

Dress manufacturers approve agreement to end strike affecting 20,000 workers.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology decide to build 15,000,000 volt X-ray tube, the largest in the world.

Henry Ford reveals plan to build 1,500,000 cars this year. Work now has been started employing nearly quarter million hands.

Easter is less than a month away. Busines men show broadening smiles.

13,000 boys are entered in Napoleonic model coaches fostered by Fisher Body Craftsmen's Guild for prizes totalling $75,000.

National Motor Show to be held in Automotive Building at Exhibition Grounds from March 5th to 12th.

Sir Malcolm Campbell set a new world automobile record of 253 miles per hour.

Ottawa Power Co. shows profit of $85,052 for the last year, an increase over 1930 period.

C.P.R. stock has been strong and active during the last week.

A gold discovery is reported in Guibord Township, Ontario.

Vancouver, Feb. 29, 1932. — Vancouver store offers free bread to all who enter. Rival goes one better—will butter the bread.

Better times are peeping through the gloom, according to an editorial in "Agricultural and Industrial Progress in Canada." Here are some of the features:

A gas and coke plant for Fort William.

Auditorium and bridge at Winnipeg.

Ten miles of water mains at Regina.

New bridge across South Saskatchewan River at Saskatoon.

Completion of new water supply for Calgary.

Traffic bridge over the Fraser River, at New Westminster.

Beauharnois Power Plant to open in the Fall.

Asbestos.—The manufactures of asbestos products in Canada last year were valued at $2,301,924, which was the seventh consecutive year in which an advance has been made by the industry. Asbestos in Canada comes from five townships in the southern part of the Province of Quebec and supplies approximately 70% of the world's asbestos requirements.

Gt. Britain to Preserve Old Elizabethan Cottages

London.—The disposal of two beautiful Elizabethan cottages at Drayton Street, Leonard, Oxfordshire, was discussed in the Chancery Division. These, together with $3,500, had been given to the Royal Society of Arts by the late James Cranstoun, K.C., in order that they might be preserved in their present condition. The Court was now asked to decide whether the bequest was valid.

Mr. Justice Farwell decided that it was. He said the Royal Society of Arts had a fund for the preservation of old cottages, and it must be for the advantage of the public to be able to see beautiful cottages with historic interest. It might help to teach people of the present day how to build good cottages. It was open to question, he added, whether the way in which the society was proposing to deal with them was in accordance with the trust, and the society should consider whether it ought to preserve to the public the right to inspect them.

"Is it true you are a suitor for my daughter's hand?" "Yes, but I didn't." "Didn't what?" "Suit her!"

Attacked Japan In League Assembly

Spokesmen of Smaller Nations at Geneva Urge World Pressure to to End Hostilities

Geneva.—Spokesmen of the smaller nations, which have no material interests in the Far East, pronounced before the special Assembly of the League of Nations their public condemnation of Japan's invasion of China and urged that all the League's resources be employed to end the struggle.

A number of the diplomats of these secondary powers made it clear they would insist that the Assembly deal with the Manchurian problem as well as the Shanghai problem. Thus they rejected the Japanese contention that the Assembly must keep its hands off Manchuria.

Tsuneo Matsudaira and Naotake Sato, the Japanese representatives, listened while European and South and Central American speakers denounced armed intervention by a strong State in the territory of a weaker State and while they called for the early withdrawal of Japanese troops from Chinese soil.

The smaller States — Spain, countries of Latin America, Estonia and others—were in the saddle, and they made the most of their opportunity.

Foreign Minister Luis Zulueta of Spain reproached Japan for attempting to settle the dispute by armed force instead of bringing her complaints to the League.

"Neither the problem of Shanghai nor the problem of Manchuria can be fully discussed until the Japanese soldiers evacuate China," he said. "Evacuation must precede negotiations."

He asserted that the Assembly ought not to recognize any agreement resulting from the Japanese military activities.

"The League must be the bulwark of the weak against the strong," he said. "Spain desires the League to use all the powers it possesses to settle the dispute.

"For the League this problem is a question of to be or not to be. We want it to be."

Urge Full Force of League

Peter Munch, Foreign Minister of Denmark, asserted that the failure to declare war did not absolve a nation from its engagements under the Kellogg-Briand pact. The League, he said, must apply all the means at its disposal to enforce its covenant.

The spokesman for Estonia condemned armed intervention by a strong State in the territory of a weaker nation. Dr. Eduard Benes, Foreign Minister of Czechoslovakia, insisted that all nations must have recourse solely to pacific means in settling disputes.

Nicholas Politis of Greece proposed that the assembly continue to consider the problem until a settlement has been completed. He suggested that a special Assembly commission be named to follow the negotiations and to execute the Assembly's program "for re-establishing peace and justice."

Enrique Buero of Uruguay said he was unable to accept the Japanese explanation that China was an unorganized State. He cited the reception of China into the League and its election to the League Council as evidence of its sovereign statehood.

Portugal Also Urges Move

Portugal's cordial co-operation in re-establishing peace was offered by Fernando Augusto Branco.

"By the application of the covenant," he said, "the League will assure that justice be done between two peoples and will re-estoblish its prestige."

Delegate Braadland of Norway said the Assembly should recommend measures designed to end the hostilities and settle "the whole of the problem," but that it should not confine itself to recommendations only, but proceed also, if necessary, to employ all the resources of the League covenant to restore peace.

Senor Restrepo, Colombian delegate, said the Assembly must hold itself ready to name the aggressor and to declare at the apropriate time that one of the parties violated the covenant.

The occupants of the Assembly Hall applauded Senor Restrepo when he said this country stood ready to support all decisions, whatever they might be, to insure peace and maintain intact the authority of the League.

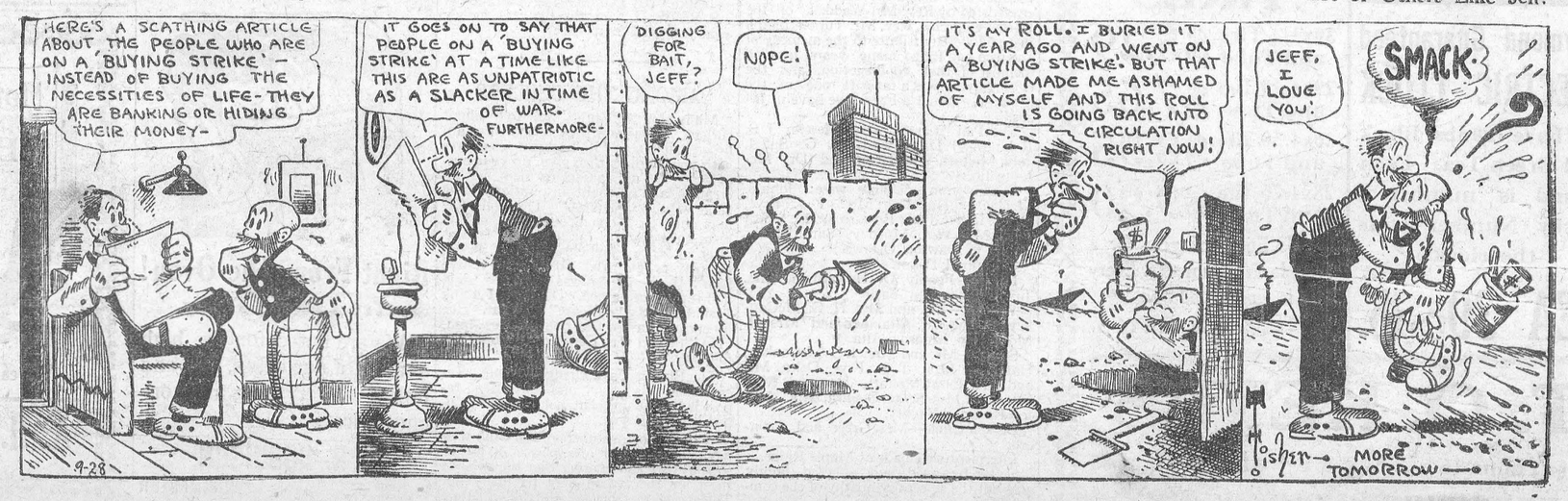
To-day

Away with the flimsy idea that life with a past is attended,
There's Now—only Now—and no Past there's never a past; it has ended,
Away with its obsolete story and all of its yesterd sorrow;
There's only to-day, almost gone, and in front to-day stands to-morrow.

Where law ends tyranny begins. —Earl of Chatham.

MUTT AND JEFF— By BUD FISHER

There Are a Lot of Others Like Jeff.



KEYES'

A Pre-Easter Special

Silk Hose

You'll marvel at the fine texture of these perfect Pure Silk Hose at such a low price and you'll be pleased with their excellent wearing qualities. They are full-fashioned light service weight, reinforced at the heels and toes, in Spring's smartest styles.

Note the new price.

$1.00 pair

TUBFAST PRINTS

36 ins. wide, guaranteed sun and tubfast print of exceptionally fine quality, suitable for Women's and Kiddies' frocks, aprons & dresses Good assortment of patterns and colors. We advise you to take advantage of these prints and have your sewing done before the spring rush opens. Price per yard.

18c

BOYS' SUN SUITS

A very attractive Beach Cloth Sun Suit. The top is sand trimmed with blue to match the pants which are fastened at the waist with pearl buttons. Colors tan & blue, tan & green. Priced low

59c Suit

RUBBERS! RUBBERS!

Don't be afraid to buy Rubber Footwear. A new rubber price list is out with prices advanced. We are selling at the old price as long as our stock lasts. Men's snow excluding with special reinforced back. Rolled edge, 7 inch top, at

$1.90 pair

CONGOLEUM RUGS

Gold Seal Brand, the popular floor covering of to-day. Call and see the new patterns and get our prices, which are the lowest. Consult us.

MEAT You'll Like!

Meat so tender and fresh that satisfaction is sure when you buy it, is our specialty. You have your choice of all the popular cuts, each the best in its class. No wonder our increasing number of particular house wives patronize our Butcher Shop, where quality is paramount.



For Easter, our shop will be well supplied with.

Blue Line Beef, Choice Milk Fed Veal, Young Pork Lamb, Fowls, Fish Bacons, Sausages, Balogna, Cooked Meats, Rolls, etc.

Order your special cut NOW. We will save it for you.

Grocery Specials!

Clark's PORK & BEANS No. 2 Size	10c tin
ARC Cooking Salmon Special	3 tins 25c
Cream Olive Toilet Soap	5c
2 lbs. Lily White Corn Syrup	19c
5 lbs. Pure Clover Honey	45c
Raymonds Table Syrup, quarts	25c
RownTrees Cocoa, ½ lb.	28c
Swansdown Cake Flour	40c
3 lbs. Choice New Dates	25c
2 tins Carnation Milk	25c
2 lbs. Choice No. 1 Lard	21c
Special Black Tea, per lb.	39c
No. 1 Fresh Ground Coffee, per lb.	29c
3 Large Juicy Grape Fruit	25c
Malted Graham Wafers, per lb.	25c
2 lbs. Walker's Sodas	25c
Choice Quality Peas and Tomatoes	10c
Corn on the Cob (Sears)	25c
24 lbs. Purity Flour	85c
Pratts Poultry Regulator	35c

EGGS We give the best possible price. **EGGS**

Free

Haymond Guaranteed ELECTRIC CLOCK

We have 100 lbs. Black and Green Tea. Each pound is numbered. Lucky Number wins the clock.

TEA 39c lb.

Gutta Percha TIRES

30x3½ Tire and Tube	$5.29
29x4.40 Tire and Tube	$7.65
30x4.50 Tire and Tube	$8.55
28x4.75 Tire and Tube	$9.90

Let US Equip your car for a Trouble Free Summer. Every Tire is guaranteed by

T. O. KEYES.

T. O. KEYES

Store Phone 16 - - Meat Market 85

CANADA'S COAT OF ARMS

What is the chief phrase on the Canadian coat of arms?

The new Canadian coat of arms carries the sentence in Latin. "A Mari Usque ad Mare," meaning "From Sea to Sea," taken from verse eight of the 72nd Psalm: "He shall have domain also from sea to sea, and from the river unto the ends of the earth." This is the verse that is said to have suggested the word "Dominion" for confederation after several other titles had been mentioned.

'TWAS A PLEASANT EVENING

The Choir of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church have received much praise and many kind words of congratulation on the artistically arranged and well planned Seven Table Supper, held in the S. S. Rooms on Friday evening, March 18th. The guests, who were received by Mrs. B. F. Smith and Miss Clara Irving, were escorted to the tables in sevens, and passed from one pretty table to another with its separate course, remaining seven minutes at each.

A pleasant feature of the evening was the music so well rendered by the High School Orchestra, composed of seven young men.

The Organist and Leader, Miss Clara Irving, and the members of her Choir, take this opportunity of thanking their friends who so generously assisted them in making the undertaking a success, particularly the Orchestra, and also the general public for their patronage.

IS HE A PROPHET?

Mr. Fraser S. Keith, a Shawinigan engineer, told Smiths Falls people a few days ago that the Ottawa district and Eastern Ontario will one day be the center of industrial activities because of its great electrical possibilities. This, he said, will be regarded by the next generation as the "golden age," and in another twenty-five years there will be evolution and development that will make our present facilities as commonplace and insufficient as were the town pump and the coal oil lamp, both of which were largely in use twenty-five years ago. It is only a quarter of a century ago since a telephone exchange superintendent of this district carried on a trial conversation with the chief superintendent's office in Montreal, and this was then regarded as a high light in electrical science. To-day the human voice can be heard around the world.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S MEETING

A very interesting address was given to the Young People of the United Church on Monday evening by Mr. Hawkins Sr. on "the Use of Alcohol." Marshalling his facts in splendid array he showed that from a scientific and economic point of view the use of alcohol as a beverage was detrimental to the human system. The service was in charge of the Citizenship Committee under leadership of Mr. LeRoy Boyd, and at the close of the address Mr. Boyd placed on exhibit a steel Knuckle similar to those used in olden times in drunken brawls. Mr. George Utman favored the audience with a clarinet solo which was greatly appreciated The devotional exercises were conducted by Mr. Boyd and Mrs. Waddell. The thanks of the Society was extended to Mr. Hawkins for his splendid address and to Mr. George Utman for his musical number.

FAREWELL PARTY

A large number of friends and neighbours gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Merton Casselman, Dundela, on Wednesday evening of last week, to bid farewell to Mr. and Mrs. Lee Tuttle, who are leaving shortly for their new home in Morrisburg.

The hours were spent in games and music and then an address was given by the Rev. J. C. Eastcott, who also presented them with a fibre rocking chair and an electric floor lamp. Mr. and Mrs. Tuttle both responded, thanking their many friends for the beautiful gifts, also thanking their neighbours on the ridge for their many acts of kindness during the past year and extending to all a hearty welcome to visit them in their new home.

A dainty lunch was served after which all joined in singing, "For they are Jolly Good Fellows." Farewells were spoken, all returning home, having spent a very enjoyable evening, long to be remembered.

LATE RICHARD W. JUSTUS

The township of Mountain and this community lost a valuable and much respected citizen when on Wednesday, Mar. 16th, death claimed Richard Willis Justus, in his 74th year. Although living to a ripe age, Mr. Justus was until a year ago a vigorous and active farmer. His farm, located just west of the Village, was one of the best in the Township, and everything about his home, his barns, his farm proclaimed him, not only a good and progressive farmer, but a good home maker, and one who wanted to excell in all that he undertook. As a citizen he was a man who was most highly respected. He did not muddle in public affairs, but his opinions and judgment was always valuable to others. He has served both as a councillor and trustee in the Township of Mountain. He was a man of more than ordinary intelligence, a kind hearted and always willing to lend a helping hand or give a word of advice. As a husband and father he was all that could be desired. A member of the Presbyterian Church, he was faithful to his church and the cause of religion. A son of the late William Justus and Mary Ann Willis, he had lived his life in this community. In 1898 he married Edith McConkey of New Dublin, Leeds County, and to this union were born five children, three sons and two daughters. The daughters are Eva, at home, and Helen, at Trenton, Ont. The sons, Dr. Howard Justus, of Hawarden, Sask., William, of Winchester, and Mac, at home. One sister, Mrs. Le Berte Kirkland, of Watsonville, Calf., survive. There are three grand children.

The funeral service was held in St Paul's Church on Friday afternoon last, conducted by his pastor Rev. Mr. Turner, assisted by Rev. Mr. Waddell, of the United Church. Rev. Mr. Turner paid a just and worthy tribute to the memory of one who had for so many years been a member of that congregation, and the closing hymn was a favorite one of the deceased, "What a Friend we have in Jesus."

The Pall bearers were Messrs. J. S. Robinson, J D. Stewart, A. G. Suffel, John Moffatt, Wm. Dixon and Dr. McLaughlin.

Friends from a distance were: John S. McConkey, Hamilton; Mrs. T. J. Frye, Delta; Richard and Edward Willis, Smith Falls; Mrs. Wm. Murphy, Smith Falls, Mr. O. R. Dawson, Ottawa.

The Floral Tributes were:

Pillows—Family, Dr. Howard and Mrs. Justus, Hawarden, Sask.

Wreaths—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. McConkey, Drumheller, Alta., Mr. and Mrs. H. McConkey, Munson, Alta.

Sprays—Mr. and Mrs. J. S. McConkey, Hamilton, Mrs. T. J. Frye, Delta, Mr. and Mrs. John Moffatt, Dr. and Mrs. Flora and Mrs. Scott, Ottawa, Mrs. Milton Rose and Family.

Broken Circle—Mrs. Greer and Leonard.

Interment was made at Maple Ridge.

To the bereaved and afflicted family goes out the sincere sympathy of the community.

CHESTERVILLE MAN DIES

Samuel Barrie, mill owner at Chesterville, died at his home in Chesterville on Friday last Born in Elgin, Huntingdon County, Quebec, in 1848, he went to Chesterville 30 years ago and had since conducted his mill there. Mr. Barrie suffered a stroke Wednesday afternoon and did not regain consciousness. He was a Mason and an active business man in Chesterville.

WILLIAMSBURG CONCERT

The St. Patrick's supper and concert under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid Society of Williamsburg United Church, held in the school room of the church on Friday evening, was a decided success in every way.

An attractive program of delightful music was presented by the quintette, including Rev. A. M. Russell, Messrs. Conrad Whitteker, Ward Casselman, Henry Whitteker and Strader McIntosh. Mr. C. W. Norval entertained the audience for a short time with a number of jokes, after which the program was brought to a close by the singing of the National Anthem.

THE WORST STORM

The worst snow storm of the year was that of Friday and Saturday last, followed by that of Monday night, which completely blocked all the highways and filled the side roads, so that to travel by car on Tuesday was impossible, and horses had hard work breaking roads. Mr. Robinson, the Provincial Road Supt. for this section, got the snow plow to come out from Russell via Metcalfe, and it made a passage way so that cars could, by careful driving get through. The bus between Ottawa and Morrisburg had to cancel its trips. The heavy fall of snow is not without its advantages, especially to the farm lands, and will provide plenty of water to fill the wells. It also will to a certain extent assist in the making of maple syrup. Of course no one can tell, but it is likely the last kick of winter, and the March lion came along just about a week too soon.

VERNON WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The March meeting of the Women's Institute was held on March 18th in Orange Hall at 8. p. m.

The program, consisting of Instrumental music, duets, dialogues, drills, recitations, etc., was given by the pupils of No. 12 School. Miss M. McLaren of Kenmore, Mrs. C. Wilkes of Vernon and Alex Stevens also contributed to the program with their usual ability.

A musical contest by Mrs. H. Porteous and Mrs Duff Crerar was won by Mrs. Dan Hill and A Stevens, each receiving a pleasing gift.

A vote of thanks was tendered Miss Hall and her pupils also Miss McLaren and all taking part in the program. This motion was given by Mrs. McKerracher. Mrs. E. Cowan and Mrs. W. G. Porteous were convenors of the meeting.

YOUNG MAN'S DEATH

The death of a young man named Bergeron, aged 26 on Friday last, who worked for a farmer named Wm. J. Larocque, at Rockland, near Ottawa, under peculiar circumstances, is being thoroughly investigated. The story told by Larocque is that when Bergeron took a team of horses to their stall they became frightened and unmanageable and trampled the young man to death before he could give any assistance. Larocque went for a neighbour and brought him to the barn and was advised not to touch the young man until the coroner arrived. It was discovered that the skull of the young man was badly broken, but no bones in his body were broken. The police also found a hay fork and a wrench with blood stains on them. It was further discovered that the young man had taken out an insurance policy for $5000, in favor of his employer, Larocque. A thorough investigation is now being made by the police.

ADVICE IS CHEAP

The son of a newspaper editor, who had just graduated from college and was ambitious to follow in his father's footsteps, asked his dad to give him some advice about how to run a newspaper. The answer was: "You've come to the wrong person, my boy, ask any of my subscribers." This may sound rather funny, but contains much truth. Nor are editors the only sufferers from this obsession. There are hundreds of people who have never been inside the school who can tell our most experienced teachers how the dea should be taught. Scores of people in any congregation can give valuable pointers to the minister on how he can preach better sermons. There are over two million people in Canada who know how to govern the country much better than the Premier does. And as a general rule, the people who are the most generous in telling other people how to run their business are the ones who don't do their own little jobs even moderately well.—The Canadian.

THIS TAXPAYER KICKS IN HIS TAX RETURN

Joe Lafrance, a citizen of Mattawa Ont., of French-Canadian extraction, was much wrought up when he received his tax bill which, besides giving the amount of his tax, listed the division of tax money and the mill rate for various kinds of property. Joe expressed his feelings in the following letter written to the town clerk C. A. Funk:

Mr. Town Clerk, Mattawa.—Sir, I have received from you a letter which say I have to pay $9. for tax. I donnot pay no tax for this you say. You say I have 13 mills but there is only one mill at mine where I work and it is not reddy for run anyway. I have not got no dog and if I have a dog I kill him sooner I pay $2.00 I have no childs what go to school and I am insult for I am not a man marrie yet. I have tore up your bill and you can go to — before I pay you for—Joe Lafrance.

P. S.—What you do by this money what you get.

AMONG THE CURLERS

Many amusing stories are told about curlers. It has now become a well established axiom that 'if business interferes with your curling, then give up your business." To-day many clergymen find recreation, and no doubt inspiration, in a game with the 'stanes." The following may not refer to one of our local clergymen, but he is not far distant. It was after an exciting and close match, and as the players gathered about the festive board, the clergyman was heard to sigh, and then he remarked, "Oh well, I think I will have to give it up." "What, give up curling," asked the one besides him. "No," replied the clergyman, "but the ministry."

The Buttons have changed hands several times this season and the latest report is that the present holders are skipped by Ted Payne.

Will all those members of the Club who have not paid their fees please do so as soon as they can in order that the balance sheet for the season may be made up. The annual meeting will be callled later.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. Smythe of Montreal is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Goodfellow.

Mrs. E. J. Christie has been spending a few days with friends in Cornwall.

Rev. G. O. Davies was in Ottawa this week in connection with church work.

Mr. Wm. Lannin is at present under the doctor's care, and confined to his home.

Her many friends are pleased to see that Mrs. Neil Hutt is able to be about again.

Mrs. Baker of Morrisburg, is spending sometime with her daughter, Mrs. R. B. Casselman, at Cass Bridge.

Mrs. A. Sweet is spending the week with her daughter, Mrs. Carr, at "The Sign of the Ship," Morrisburg.

Mrs. Dawson of Hammond, Ontario, is spending a few days with her son, Mr. Byron Dawson of Cass Bridge.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Stewart and family who have been in Ottawa for some time, arrived home on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin A. Barkley, of Morrisburg, celebrated their golden wedding anniversary on Monday, March 14th.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Timmins, whose birthdays come on March 22nd, were receiving the congratulations of their many friends on Tuesday of this week.

Mr. Mahlon Strader, public school teacher at Cass Bridge, spent the weekend at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Strader, Williamsburg.

Mrs. John Carkner and daughters Betty and Frances, of Ottawa, spent a few days here the first of this week with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Barrigar.

Mr. Alfred Casselman, principal of the public school, Williamsburg, was confined to the house a couple of days last week, suffering from an attack of the "grippe." The pupils enjoyed a few holidays.

BE A BOOSTER

Speak well of your town and your town will be blest
By other good boosters admiring your zest.
For boosting is catching, it spreads like the flu;
That town is a dead one, where boosters are few.

Act well to the stranger who enters your gate
He might be a man though from some other state
And courtesy marks not the stranger but you—
He'll credit the town for the acts that you do.

It takes women and men to build a fine town,
Who'll give of themselves for their home burg's renown;
A good place to live! you bet it is, where
The boosters are plenty, and knockers are rare.

MELVINS

Mrs. Ida Ball, of Kemptville, is spending a few days with her grand-daughter, Mrs. Dalton Robihson.

Miss Annie Christie, R. N. of Brockville returned home on Sunday after spending a month with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Christie and sister Mrs. Harold Keyes of Winchester.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Sheldrick returned home on Wednesday after spending two weeks with friends in Gananoque, Alexander Bay and Syracuse, N. Y.

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Mr. Richard Justus on Friday.

Mrs. Gordon Robinson and son Charlie and Mr. Ralph Marsell of Iroquois spent Sunday at the home of the former's sister Mrs. Reuben Prunner.

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Summers spent Wednesday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Christie.

TO FARMERS AND AUTOMOBILE OWNERS

A few reasons why you should place your Insurance with the Wawanesa Insurance Company

1—It is a Canadian Company.

2—It is Canada's Largest Fire Ins. Co. and its policy holders are protected by one of the world's greatest organizations, the Lloyds of London. No better security is given to any policy holder.

3—The very large volume of business and the rapid increase of such from year to year is sufficient proof of the company's fair and honest dealing with the public

4—The first essentials in the selecting of a company are the sound and safe security, the past history and record of a company, and last, the rate or amount of the premium. Call and talk it over.

H. L. HUGHES, Agent.

SPRATT AUTO SUPPLIES

Ottawa's Largest Automobile Wreckers

New and Used Auto Parts

THIS WEEK'S SPECIAL

"New Guaranteed Model A Ford Radiators $13.50"

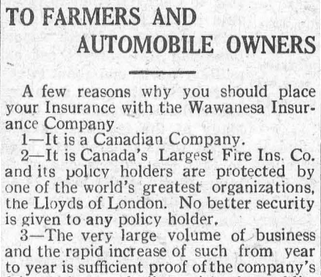
Orders shipped same day as received

12 Chamberlain Ave, Carling 548

OTTAWA, CANADA

THE CROWN BAKERY

Hot Cross BUNS



Right From The Oven!

Try a Dozen Today

We are noted for the high quality of our cakes, pies and bread. Everything at Economy prices.

C. R. ROBINSON,

PHONE 37, - - WINCHESTER

FOR SALE

A Quantity of mixed Hay, in the barn, at $5.00 per ton. Also young Pigs.

R. O. Durant,

48c 618r3, Winchester.

MONEY FOUND

A sum of money found in Winchester on Thursday, March 17th. Owner can have same by proving amount and paying for this advertisement. Apply to

Melbourne Seymour,

48-50p. Vancamp.

FOR SALE

1 two-year-old Holstein Bull, eligible for registration. Priced reasonable.

Arnold Suffel,

48p. Inkerman Station

For Sale, Want and other Small Advts!

The price for inserting an inch Want, For Sale or Notice Advt. in the Press is

First Insertion 50c, each
Subsequent Insertion 25c
PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

If such advts. are sent by mail or phoned in, and not paid for within two days after insertion, they have to be recorded and accounts sent out. Hereafter when such advts. are entered in our books, the charge will be— first insertion 65c, each subsequent insertion 35c

It costs us about 10c each time an account is rendered, and we have accounts that are not now worth what we have paid in postage. From now on, after first acct. has been rendered, an additional 10c will be added for postage, etc.

This is simply self-protection.

The easiest way is to send in the money when you send in the advt. When you phone it in, don't forget to call and pay when you come to town. It will save a lot of trouble and misunderstanding.

WINCHESTER PRESS



Is Your Child Undernourished?

Your child may not be sick, but unless he is a noisy, rollicking, romping youngster—full of activity, energy and life—he is probably undernourished.

Undernourishment does not mean lack of sufficient food It means lack of certain elements in the food—elements that promote energy and growth.

Wampole's Extract of Cod Liver

contain these needed elements in just the right degree and it is rich in vitamines—that mysterious "something" that makes children grow and keeps those of advanced years fit and energetic.

We Sell and Recommend It

B. F. SMITH,

DRUGGIST, - WINCHESTER

FOR SALE

One Delco Lighting Plant, complete with Heavy Duty Batteries, carry sixty lights. Also one Ford Car, will sell right. Terms if wanted. Apply to

Hodgson's Garage,
Winchester Springs.

47-9c Phone 608r34

FOR SALE

1 grade Holstein Bull, 2 years old; 4 grade Holstein Heifers, two due to freshen early in April, all T. B. Tested; a quantity of Red Clover Seed. Government cleaned.

J. W. Webb,
Winchester Springs,

47-49c Phone 608r31.

FOR SALE

A mow of hay in Russell Baker's barn. Price $5.00 per ton. Apply T. O. Keyes.

BABY CHICKS

Money will not be made this year with just ordinary baby chicks. You will have to have—1st, chicks that will live, 2nd, chicks that will develope quickly and properly, 3rd, chicks that are bred from extra good laying stock. Our chicks meet these qualifications and are priced as low as ordinary chicks. Our pens are open for inspection any time. Hatching eggs and custom hatching.

A. R. ENNIS South Mountain.

You CAN'T LOSE with ABRAM'S "BLOODTESTED CHICKS"

MEMBER CANADIAN BABY CHICK ASSOCIATION

S. C. White Leghorns $10 per 100
Barred Rocks.....$14 per 100
S. C. R. I. Reds.....$14 per 100
S. C. White Leghorns 3 weeks old $20 per 100
Barred Rocks 3 weeks $22 per 100
S. C. R. I. Reds 3 weeks old $23 per 100

All hens are bloodtested and mated to Pedigreed Males whose dams laid from 250 to 296 eggs per year. Order direct from this advt. or write for FREE circular. Custom Hatching $3.00 per 96 eggs. Eggs from flocks not bloodtested hatched in separate incubator.

J. S. ABRAMS, Mille Rockes, Ont.

3 mos 1p



When you feed Lakko Laying Mash you can rest assured you are using the best laying mash that can be secured, as it is produced by men who know, and only the best materials are used.

SOLD BY

HUGH McMASTER

Phone 43, Winchester, Ont.

For Rent or For Sale on Easy Terms

The farm known as the Ed. Derby Farm, about one mile west of Winchester on Inkerman Road, W½ Lot 24 and NE¼ Lot 23, Con. 7, Mountain Tp., about 150 acres. Immediate possession. Write or Phone

J. J. LAFLECHE, Phone 5, Casselman, Ont.

The Montreal Life Insurance Company

ANNOUNCES THE APPOINTMENT OF

Mr. E. A. McInnis, Iroquois, Ont. as District Manager.

All Persons at all Interested in Life Insurance will be Cordially Received by him.



We carry a fine stock of Good Books.

Our Store IS Well Stocked With New EASTER Novelties, Candy, etc

A. H. DUNCAN, - Phones Store 56W House 56J