THE WINCHESTER PRESS

VOL. XLIV — WINCHESTER, THURSDAY, MAY 15, 1930 — NO 3

Seed Corn!

Government Standard No. 1 Seed in all the Best Varieties.

Order early to get your favourite kind. Phone 136W

FENNELL & WALLACE, Winchester, Ont.

SOME DAY!

There is perhaps some much desired thing that you are looking forward to some day. It may be a home, a trip or some cherished dream of your own. Whatever it is, regular deposits in a Savings Account in this Bank will bring realization closer.



It is a simple matter to open an Account with us.

Interest compounded half yearly.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

ESTABLISHED 1832

Capital $10,000,000 Reserve $20,000,000

Total Assets over $275,000,000

J. A. McLEOD, General Manager, Toronto.

HEALTHY POULTRY!

If you wish to have a flock of heavy laying pullets this fall and winter it is important that you give the chicks a proper start in life.

With this end in view, let us supply you with LAKKO and MONARCH Baby Chick Starters.

We also have plenty of Feeding Rolled Oats and Pinhead Oat Meal.



H. McMaster, Winchester, Ont.

Car Owners ATTENTION!

YOUR CAR may need a new battery and tires to put it in shape for driving. We sell the famous "Goodyear" Tires and have a size for every car. The price is low when quality is considered. If you need a battery, get a Willard—the best on the market at a price to suit every purse and car. Come in and look over our stock before buying elsewhere.

Drop in and have your brakes inspected according to Government methods. Take no chances.

Melvin's Garage

Phone 113 - - Winchester

Our Column

A woman "fibs" best when she is making excuses for her husband.

And now our local bachelors feel easier, the women delegates have all left town.

It may be in the recollection of some, but not many, when Ontario enjoyed a more delightful spring and May.

"Almonte has much natural beauty," says the Gazette. So has any town where the girls don't mar it with rouge.

Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen refuses to be a Conservative Candidate in the coming election, and states that he is out of politics.

Strange as it may seem the happiest person in the world is a fat woman, who, when weighed in the balance is found wanting.

Montreal Gazette—Gamblers are composed of two sets of individuals—the crooks who live by it and the fools the crooks live on.

The day is not far distant when wind was used to pump water, grind grain, drive machinery and ships, and do many more useful things. To-day it is used to make votes.

The Conservatives will carry the country, "Bennett is sure to win," shout the Tory papers and politicians. And the Liberals meet their shouts with "King and victory. The Liberals will be returned with a bigger majority than before."

If similar scenes of lawlessness and mob rule, reported from Sherman, Texas, U. S. A., were reported from India at the present time, the big daily newspapers of the United States would have the British Empire tottering to a fall and British rule in India a thing of the past.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Sunday School in St. Matthias' Church will be held at 10.30 a. m. Sunday next.

We are pleased to report that Mrs. Almon Summers, who has been seriously sick for the past four weeks is on the road to recovery.

Would the party who borrowed our Wire-Stretcher return same at once, please.
C. A. COONS

The fire alarm on Monday noon was caused by a spark from a grass fire setting fire to a building on Piety Hill. It was extinguished by a couple pails of water, and before the chemical engine was required.

Judging from the amount of traffic passing through here this spring, this is likely to be a busy highway when it becomes a real highway. At present time there are a good many bumps between here and the Carleton boundary.

A quiet wedding was solemnized on Monday evening, May 5, at 8 30 at the Parsonage, at Prescott, when Jennie Erna Martin, eldest daughter of the late Mr. James Martin, and Mrs. Martin of Smith Falls, became the bride of Stewart Arnold Barkley, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Delbert Barkley of Morrisburg. Rev. D N. Coburn of Prescott officiated.

William Graham a resident of the Township of Elizabethtown, the father of seven children, was arrested for shoplifting on Saturday night, and when taken to Brockville police station had $20 and a few pieces of change in his pocket. For the 14c worth of almonds and 22c worth of shelled walnuts he purloined he paid $16 20 in court Monday morning.

'Just received a shipment of the new models of Chrysler Cars. Call and see the new Plymouth—Price $875.00 delivered. J. A. McDougall.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

FOR SALE—Piano, Reid's Upright, in splendid condition. Cheap for quick sale. T. I. Cinnamon.

Did you get a poster advertising Hy. Bessin's Big Clearing-Out Sale. They must leave by June 1st. their store premises having been leased to the Hydro System. They are offering unbelievable bargains in every dept.

The Annual Meeting of the Winchester Rink Co. will be held in the Town Hall in the Town Hall on Wednesday evening, May 21st, at 8 o'clock, to receive the annual statement and elect directors for another year.

The honor of being unanimously re-elected as President of the Ottawa-St Lawrence Federation of Liberal Women was bestowed upon Miss G. Von Doran, of Morrisburg at the third a nual meeting held Wednesday of last week in Ottawa at the Chateau Laurier. A number of the Liberal ladies of Winchester were present at the meeting held at Ottawa, and report a most enthusiastic gathering.

A Williamsburg Correspondent writes as follows: Miss Lucy Shannette's many friends in this locality learned with general regret of her serious illness and of her removal to the General Hospital, Brockville. Miss Alice Shannette motored from Brockville on Wednesday last to accompany her sister to the Hospital. We deeply sympathize with her in her illness and join with many others for a speedy recovery to health.

Mr Bennett, the Conservative leader, not only charges that Premier King stole the main planks of his platform from the Conservatives, but that the King policy was made at Washington. Now if Premier King, (politically speaking) is both a thief and a Yankee of the deepest dye, what is one to think of the leader of the opposition who claims that it was his policy that Premier King stole and that was made at Washington. Somewhat confusing isn't it?

Women's Institute

On Tueaday the 20th inst., the annual meeting will be held when in answer to roll call next year's membership fee will be paid. Election of officers will take place followed by a social time when refreshments will be served by Mrs. Moffatt and her Committee, for which 25c will be charged to meet some necessary expenses and close the year with a clean sheet.

The United Church

(Contributed)

The program given by the O. R. E. C. was carried out for the morning service on Mother's Day with the S. S. Supt., Mr. J. D. Stewart assisting Rev. J. A. Waddell in presiding. Mrs. W. J. Cass made wonderfully realistic the story of the "Search for the Beautiful." Miss Annie Walker contributed an appropriate solo. There were two baptisms performed by the pastor—Harry Ralph Keyes, and William Melvin Johnston. A number of cradle roll certificates were presented by Mr. Stewart to new members. Mrs. K. Helmer, W. C. T. U. President, presented prizes to Frances Eagleson, Margaret Hitsman and Morley Erratt for their excellent papers in the recent temperance contest conducted by the Northern Messenger. The pastor referred to the loving tribute paid to a worthy mother by Miss Lillian Smith of Ottawa who had sent a cheque of $40 to the Winchester W. M. S. in memory of her mother. Also Mrs. McPhail of Ottawa had placed a plant in the Church for the Mother's Day Service in loving memory of her mother, Mrs. Shaver.

For the evening text the pastor chose two passages found in II Timothy. 1:5 and Prov. 31:28, from which a very practical message was given on the value of a good Christian home. Such homes, as the one from which Timothy went, are needed. A father should be resonsible for the spiritual interests of his children.

The value of the family altar was emphasized, showing that parents should bring up their family to know God and to fear Him. Young people going out from the influence of a christian home will find it a great asset. Keep the religious fires of faith and love glowing religiously. Our lives should have such an influence upon our children that they will arise and call us blessed. The choir sang an anthem, and a quartette was also given.

Reception For Young Couple

On Thursday evening, May 1st, many friends and neighbors gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Peter Dignard, to extend hearty congratulations to Mr. Ed. Dignard and to welcome his bride to Cloverdale. A social evening was spent during which the young couple were called to the floor and Miss Helen Taylor read the following address,—

Dear Mr. and Mrs. Dignard,—"In the spring a young man's fancy, lightly turns to thoughts of love". This saying appears to be quite true, and as a result it is with feelings of pleasure that we are here to-night to rejoice with you in your good fortune, and to extend our heartiest congratulations to you We hope that since you have ventured into that wonderful sea of matrimony, you will always be happy and that prosperty follow you during many long years.

Altyough you are leaving the state of single blessedness, and those of us who are not so fortunate must envy you, we are indeed glad that you are now leaving our community. We welcome you, Mrs. Dignard, to Cloverdale, and trust that oou will find many friends in your new home.

During the past few years we have not had as much of your company, Ed, as we have desired, but now that your mission to Marionville is ended and your greatest desire of life is fulfilled we shall look forward to many pleasant meetings with both of you.

Those with years of experience tell us that even in matrimony, life has its ups and downs, but we hope that in your hours of trials and tibulations you will be a source of comfort to one another.

We felt that we could not let this opportunity pass without expressing to you, in some small way, our good wishes, so we ask you to accept this token of our love and esteem.

Signed on behalf of the neighbourhood, George Cinnamon, Gordon Cummings, Max Cakner.

The young couple were then presented with a beautiul arm chair, uphostered in brown leather.

Ed. thanked the people in his usual charming manner and extended au invitation to all to visit them at any time.

Refrehments were served, and a very enjoyable evvning brought to a close.

SOCIAL AND PERSONAL

Miss Bea Dixon, of Ottawa, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Mildren Baker, of Winchester, visited Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Summers one day recently.

Mr. George Derby and Miss Evelyn Smith, of Ottawa, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. T. Dixon

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Jackson and family of Kemptville, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm Dickson.

Miss Dorothy Flower, Park Avenue, Montreal, has returned home after spending a week the guest of Miss Thelma Dixon.

Mr. and Mrs. Sparling Summers, of Brinston, and Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Summers, of Ventnor, all visited the former's parents on Mother's Day.

Mrs J. F. Slight and little daughter, Hallie Marion, of Camrose, Alberta, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. E. Coulthart, Morewood, Ontario Mr and Mrs. R. J. Henry, who were pioneer residents of the Morewood district some years ago. Mrs. Slight is the proprietor of the newspaper, "The Camrose Canadian."

Soft Ball Meeting

A meeting of the Town Soft Ball League will be held in the Town Hall on Monday night, May 19th, at 8.30 o'clock. All interested are invited to attend.

Fish Stories

At this particular time of year "fish stories are very much in evidence—some of them are pretty hard to believe, but here is one that is true as far as we know.

Messrs. Lee Merkley and Wm. McMenomy caught a mascolonge at Armstrong's Rapids in the Nation River, just east of Inkerman. It weighed 21 pounds and measured 44 inches in length. Just how it was caught, we are not in a position to say.

A Good Show

The Galvin Players have become very popular in this vicinity of late. Two weeks ago they presented, "Laugh that off," in a very unique style. Last night they scored another success in "Smilin' Through," which was played to almost a packed house. The Galvin Co. are a high class troupe and can be relied upon to present the very best in a dramatical way. They will be back in a couple of weeks, playing, "Charlie's Aunt"—and this is a real good drama.

FOR SALE

A quantity of Seed Grain for sale.
A. B. Cinnamon,
3c Phone 615 r 13

LOST

A sum of money, Thursday, May 8th. Finder please return to Press Office. Reward.

For Sale

Paige Sedan, Big Six, in splendid mechanical condition; just been overhauled. Might exchange for smaller car.
Phone 14, Winchester, Ontario.

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. James Bowman wish to thank their friends and neighbors for the many acts of kindness and help during their sad bereavement. 3p

A TRIO OF

SPECIALS at KEYES'

SATURDAY ONLY

Of Interest to Value—Wise Women.

Last Saturday our store was humming all day with our special, this week we want to make it better—We have taken three lines and priced them cheaper than you would expect.

1--DRESS DIMITY

36 ins. wide. Colors guaranteed fast. Beautiful for Women's or Children's Wear. Printed, White or Tinted grounds with color combinations. It is good value at 30c but on Saturday you can buy all you wish for only

22½c yd.

2--KHAKI DRILL

And BLUE DENIM. No need to say anything about this—when you see it you will know that it is a genuine bargain at

22½c yd.

3--FLANNELETTE

36 in. wide in Blue & White or Pink & White. A good cloth at 22c but real snap at only

16c yard.

T. O. Keyes, Winchester

The DELECTO Package On Mother's Day

What could be more appropriate than Candy made famous by GANONG'S?

The assortment in the Delecto package has been selected by popular favor as the "Finest in the Land."

Nineteen of the best—selling varieties of Ganong's famous chocolates—are to be found in this delightful box.

Ganong's Chocolates are sold at the Best Candy Counters from Coast to Coast. Ask for the Delecto package. None rank higher. Try a box.

FLORA'S

Telephone 33 Prompt Delivery

The Needlecraft Store

Millinery

We have some very pretty sport hats and beautiful ones for more formal occasions.

Stamped Goods

Reduced Prices on the following—Dresser Scarfs, Buffet Sets, Centre Pieces, Table Runners and Chesterfield Pillows.

CANDY

Fresh Candy for Everyone

Hand-painted cards for Every Occasion.

IDA F. GARDNER

Electrical Work!

When you want the best in Electric Wiring or General Repairing, call, or Phone 183 for quick service and reasonable prices. Residence west of Wesleyan Church. Town or Country Service.

RADIO REPAIRS!

Trouble Shooting is a special job for a radio specialist! When your receiver begins to "act-up," when it fails to run along on "all-six," then you need the skilful, conscientious service that I am giving to all my customers.

Call me in to look it over. Often a few dollars well spent will give you all the advantages of a new set. Work fully guaranteed.

HARRY HARPER, Electrician.

Phone 183 - - Winchester, Ont.

For Sale

A quantity of comb foundation made by the weed process. Apply to
S. J. McCrea, Apiary Inspector
51tfc Winchester

RESIDENCE FOR SALE

A two story brick residence with slate roof, seven bedrooms and modern conveniences. The residence faces the Montreal-Toronto Highway and is only a short distance from the ferry to the U. S. A. An ideal home for tourists. For particulars apply to P. O. Box 50, Aultsville, Ont.

GLADIOLIAS

For Sale—Fine large bulbs, mixed colors 50c per doz. or $3 per 100, also a limited number of the following varieties at 15c each: American Beauty, H. Ford, Gold, Dr. Bennett, Mrs. F. Pendleton, White Giant, Los Angles Herada, Red Fire, Orange Glory and Red Emperor.
52-3p Wm. Dickson.

For Sale

1 Ford Truck 1928 model with steel box, new tires in first class running order.
2-4c A. E. Erratt

FOR SALE

HOT BED PLANTS — Cabbage and Tomatoes now ready, also child's crib with or without feather mattress.
Mrs. W. A. Scott.

FOR SALE

Three brood sows, 1 stock hog, 11 pigs 6 weeks old, also Tomato and Cabbage Plants and Kellogg's reg. Senator Dunlop Strawberry Plants.
2-5c Luther Deeks, Williamsburg.

FOR SALE

1 sideboard, 1 large table, 1 side table, 3 small tables, 4 chairs and 1 rocker, 1 dresser, 1 washstand, 2 beds & springs, 1 Beach range, Quebec heater style.
Apply at Press Office.

PUMPS! PUMPS! PUMPS!

The pump business, formerly carried on by J. C. Tinkess, is now being conducted by the undersigned at the old stand. All kinds of wooden pumps available, also repairs. Your next order solicited. Prices moderate.
2-3c Russell Tinkess, Hallville, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE

Farm consisting of approximately 130 acres, situated 2½ miles south west of Morewood, being Lot N½ of 14, con. 9 in Tp. of Winchester. Good house and barn and other buildings. Good Well. Liberal terms to immediate buyer. Apply to
Thos. E. Coulthart, Morewood.

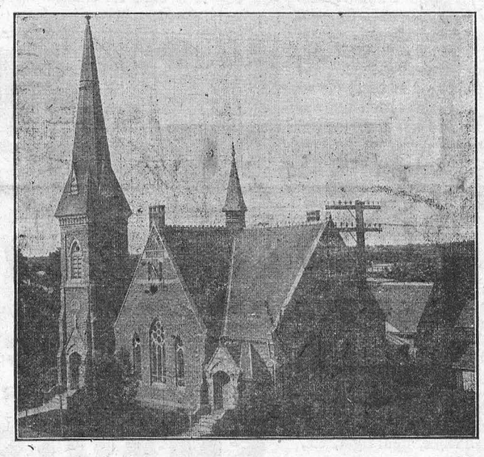
FOR SALE

A quantity of home-made Lard at 15c per pound. Apply to
Mrs. John McOuat,
3c Phone 609 r 4

For Sale

Property on Main Street, Winchester
3tfc R. M. Elliott

Fourth Annual Meeting of the W. M. S. Montreal-Ottawa Conference Branch.



TUESDAY AFTERNOON SESSION

With beautiful weather and a large representation of delegates from the five Presbyterials in this Branch, this gathering met in Winchester United Church on Tuesday and Wednesday, May 13 and 14.

The delegates were met and warmly welcomed by the local billeting Committee and others, being conveyed to the Church where an Executive meeting was held at 11 a. m. after which dinner was served in the Sunday School Hall.

The deeply spiritual note pervading throughout was felt at the opening session when devotions were led by two ladies of the Ottawa Presbyterial, the theme being: "That our lives may be so spirit-filled that we may reflect Christ and attract others to Him." This session opened at 1.30 p. m. with the President Mrs. E. C. James of Kingsbury, Que., in the chair. In her opening remarks, Mrs. James said the year had been a good one. We had come to know each other better and to work together better. The spiritual side of our work had more than kept pace with the financial part. She referred to this anniversary of Pentecost and said that during these sessions we are expecting that the spirit of our Master will fall upon us, and we will go away better than we came. We were urged to be instant in prayer during these sessions. Departmental reports of three minutes each were promptly given. Mrs. J. H. Goode of Ottawa showed that the work of the Associate Helpers was becoming better known and more appreciated. Missionary Monthly and Press Work was reported by Mrs. Binks of Ottawa. The note was optimistic and several good suggestions were given to help along this work, and the far reaching results of reporting our meetings in the Press, were shown. Mrs. G. H. Hall showed by her report a marked increase in the Literature used and in the use of the lantern slides. The Temperance Department report by Mrs. Merrill urged Temperance education in our W. M. S. meetings, and among our young people, taking prayer and faith with work as our motto. Mrs. Young of Montreal spoke of the joys of the Supply work and said that Dundas-Grenville was the first Presbyterial to send in a complete report. Miss Alguire said the work of the Stranger's Dept. requires patience and perseverance. Mrs. Nash told of the good work done by the C. G. I. T. for the Missionary cause. The Young People's Work was ably looked after by Miss Alice Wickware, who said there was a fine increase in the givings. Mrs Faulds of Cornwall reported for Mission Bands and Baby Bands and hoped that this department would show a marked increase in the coming year. Mrs Shearer reported much cause for gratitude in the Department of Christian Stewardship, making it clear that we should give our lives as well as our money. Much has yet to be done. Miss Lillian Connell in presenting the Treasurer's report said she was pleased to say there was a substantial increase in spite of financial depression. About $900 was given in bequests. Miss Alguire gave the Cor.-Sec'y's report owing to the absence of Mrs. Pergan. The figures given showed a slight decrease in Auxiliaries. These reports were followdd by a well-rendered solo by Miss Annie Walker, with Mrs. Dennis presiding at the organ for this as also for all the music of these sessions. Special praper was made that our W. M. S. members might in their lives reflect the mind of God on all moral questions of our day and by our prayer and influence further the great cause of temperance. At the close of this afternoon session conferences of Presidents and Departmental Officers were held for instruction and inspiration.

TUESDAY EVENING SESSION

Tuesday at 6 p. m. a reception tea was tendered all delegates, officers and those bringing greetings. On behalf of the local W. M. S. words of welcome were cordially extended by Mrs. (Rev.) J. A. Waddell. A hearty welcome from the Winchester United Church congregation was given by Rev. J. A. Waddell.

Reeve J. H. Ross in his usual pleasing manner bade the delegates welcome to the town. He said every municipality owes more to the women than they get credit for. The freedom of the town was graciously given to the delegates during their stay here. The W. M. S. of Winchester Presbyterian Church sent greetings through Mrs. Wm. Johnston, the Baptist Church through Mrs. (Rev.) J. Ostrom, the Anglican Church through Mrs. J. Lewis and the Wesleyan Church through Mrs. (Rev.) D. Summers. A well-worded and sincere reply to all these greetings was given by the 1st Vice-President of the Branch, Mrs. G. C. McLellan of Montreal.

Winchester Mizpah Mission Circle conducted the devotions at the opening of the evening session when Miss Evelyn Armstrong gave the story of the clay in the hands of the potter as the Scripture lesson, and a duet:, "Go Carry the Tide ings," was beautifully sung by Mesdames Steele and Durant. Three Circle girls led in short prayers and all joined in repeating the Lord's prayer. Rev. C. H. Brown brought greetings from Dundas Presbytery. Mrs. F. A. Johnston gave an illustrated study in contrasts by the use of lantern slides. As a beginner there was thrown upon the screen pictures of the Convention Church, the genial pastor of the same, the energetic President of the local W. M. S., Mrs. Keyes, and the oldest resident of Winchester, Mrs. Timmins, who is found in her accustomed place in Church twice every Sunday. Then followed many pictures showing the progress of missionary efforts in Africa during the past fifty years. These, Mrs. Johnston clearly explained, showing the wonderful contrasts of then and now. "Break forth into Joy" was sung by the choir.

Mrs. Crowe, one of the Vice Presidents of the Dominion Board, was introduced by Mrs. James. Mrs Crowe drew attention to a poster, our allocation window, on which she based her talk. Love, sacrifice and prayer, she said, are necessary as our gifts are placed in this window. In Japan and China they want to have one million souls converted in three years, and they prav: Revive thy Church, O Lord beginning with me." Mrs Crowe urged her hearers to interest more women in this work and spoke of the need of more girls volunteering for missionary work in the home and foreign fields.

An interesting pageant entitled "The

(Continued on last page)

Notice

I buy all kinds of old hens at highest market prices, also doing moving, etc, with my truck at reasonable rates. Apply to Morris Ross
16tfc Phone 171

If You Have A
Mutual Life of Canada Policy
You get the entire earnings yearly
"Every Year a Profit Year."
KARL HELMER, Agent.

LAWSON & LAWSON
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
Offices—Molsons Bank Building,
Chesterville, Ont.
W. B. LAWSON, K.C. K. D. LAWSON.

JAKE ROSS
All kinds Poultry wanted at all Seasons.
Wool Wanted I buy all kinds of Hides.
Phone 81 - Winchester

Tel. 1245 Res. 1270
A. L. CREWSON, M. D., C. M.
(McGill) L. M. C. C.
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT
142 Pitt St., Cornwall, Ont
Hours 2 to 4 and by appointment.

Nursing
Mrs Mar, Deeks, nurse, of Piety Hill is open for engagements for maternity cases and all other general nursing, and will go any distance in the country.
Phone 124, Winchester.

The Business of the
Late D. F. Sutherland
PRIVATE BANKER
Is continued as usual at his former office at Winchester.

FIRE INSURANCE
Having taken over the Insurance Business recently carried on by Mr. Harvey Nesbitt, I am prepared to take care of your risks. Best Companies and Reasonable rates. Phone 172.
WALTER MOFFATT

Sanitary Barber Shop and Beauty Parlor
Hair-cutting, shaving, massaging and shampooing.
Ladies' hair-bobbing, shingling, waving, massaging and shampooing a specialty, done during open hours or by appointment.
Oscar Pierce, Proprietor

R. MORROW, Auctioneer.
For the Counties of Dundas, Stormont Glengarry, Carleton and Russel
Sales of all kinds handled.
Tel. 603 r 31, WINCHESTER SPRINGS

DR. C. H. MEREDITH,
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Office Hours 9 to 5—Evenings by Appointment. Tel. 23
Rowat Block, Winchester

W. J. CASS, B. A.
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GOWLING BUSINESS COLLEGE
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Will prepare you for a good position that will insure advancement. Attend this Great School that leads all other Canadian schools in open competition on the Civil Service Examinations and make sure of being in a good position in 1928 Enter anytime Write for free catalogue
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All kinds of Watch, Clock, Jewellery and Spectacle Repairs. Work Guaranteed. Prompt Service.
Your Patronage Solicited

HENRY'S SHORTHAND SCHOOL
Ottawa, Ontario
No school in Canada offers a better training, or ensures a more successful future. Henry's leads all others, and ranks among employers as "THE SCHOOL OF HIGHER EFFICIENCY"—a fact borne out by more than 600 pupils who have, since January, 1913, left other Ottawa Schools to come to it.
Therefore, it is not surprising that business men, in advertising for stenographers should specially say, "Graduates of Henry's School preferred."
For particulars about our course, write
D. E. HENRY, Director.
62 Bank treet.

Henderson Lodge, No. 383, A. F. & A. M., Winchester
Meets on Second Friday of each month in Sweet's Block, at 8 o'clock.
Visiting brethren always welcome.
H. L. Lee, W.M H Annable, Sec.

"MEATS THAT SATISFY"
AT ERRATT'S MEAT MARKET.
Choice Beef, Pork and Milk Fed Veal.
Roll Bacon, Breakfast Bacon and Cured Hams.
Swift's Pure Lard and Domestic Shortening.
Highest Cash Price for Hides, Deacon's Skins and Tallow.
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SALADA
Reduces Price
15c a lb.
BROWN LABEL NOW 60c a lb.
¼-lb. PACKAGE NOW 15c 2-oz. PACKAGE NOW 8c
JAPAN GREEN BLEND IS UNCHANGED AT 70c A LB.
ALL OTHER LABELS REDUCED 5c A LB.
TO THE PUBLIC - These Prices Are Effective Now - Do Not Pay More
OWING TO THE ACTION OF THE GOVERNMENT IN ABOLISHING THE DUTY ON BRITISH GROWN TEAS AND A LOWER MARKET FOR CERTAIN GRADES OF TEA WE ARE PLEASED TO GIVE OUR CUSTOMERS THE FULL BENEFIT OF THIS SAVING
AT ONCE. UNFORTUNATELY THE MARKET FOR THE FINEST QUALITY TEAS HAS ADVANCED, CONSEQUENTLY WE ARE UNABLE TO REDUCE OUR OTHER GRADES MORE THAN FIVE CENTS A POUND.
TO THE RETAIL GROCERY TRADE
AS USUAL, WE WILL PROTECT YOU AGAINST LOSS ON SALADA TEA BY REBATING YOU FOR YOUR STOCK ON HAND SO THAT YOU CAN MAKE THE ABOVE PRICES EFFECTIVE AT ONCE. FORMS ARE BEING MAILED TO YOU FOR THIS PURPOSE SO DO NOT SHIP ANY TEA BACK TO US.
SALADA TEA COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

Farm and Garden

The Care of Tomatoes

The main planting of tomatoes may be risked soon in most sections. This plant prefers warm, open soil and must be grown quickly. Wherever possible it should be staked to encourage early fruiting. Nip off all side branches and train main stem to a central stake about five feet high. Tie loosely at intervals of a foot with soft twine or raffia. When the stem reaches the top of the stake pinch off to hurry ripening of the later formed fruit. When staked, tomatoes may be grown about two feet apart in rows three feet apart.

Annuals

Sowing annual flower seeds in the open ground the second or third week in May has proved very successful. Spaces might be marked out by pressing a pail bottom in the soil. Sow the seed in the space marked and dust lightly with good soil. Asters, tagetes, phlox Drummondi, petunias, zinnias, candytuft, snapdragons, etc., will all make a briliant show during the sumer if seed is sown in this manner.

Dahlia Culture

The best time to plant dahlias is from the last week in May until the middle of June. The most suitable soil is sandy, well drained, deeply tilled and generously fertilized loam. If the soil is heavy clay, loosen up by digging in well-rotted humus, or even a little coal ashes. Dahlias will grow to a height of three to six feet and on this account it is necessary to space them about the same distance apart. The tubers should be placed on their sides with the buds pointing up wards in holes six inches deep. Close to this drive a stout stake, taking care not to damage tuber, and tie the main stem of the plant loosely at intervals of about one foot. Nip off all but one or two side shoots and at least two-thirds of the buds where large flowers are desired. Order bulbs early as the choicest varieties are soon cleaned out.

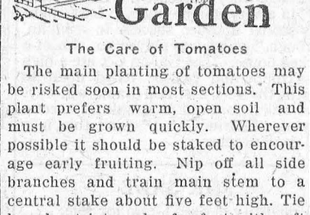
May—A Busy Month

There is much work to be done in the garden this month. Provided the weather is fine, cultivation will be general in a few days and many of the early plants can be sown. The first job will be a thorough digging, or plowing in the case of large gardens, and then continual cultivation until the soil is in a very fine state of tilth. Generally speaking, those hardy vegetables and flowers, such as beets, carrots, lettuce, spniach, parsnips, zinnias, cosmos, marigolds, calliopsis and many others do best when planted early. Seed should be sown to a depth of about three times its diameter, which will mean a very light covering for most things. With the annual flowers, the small gardener is advised to sow in clumps, marking each clump with a stake until the plants are up high enough to identify them. Smaller plants should go in the front, with the taller sorts, such as the cosmos and the giant zinnias, at the back. It is well to bear in mind the time of flowering and the color so that there will always be some bloom here and there in the bed and so that colors will not clash. In vegetables, plant in straight rows, preferably from north to south, so that the full benefit of the sun may be obtained. Alternate rows in the garden should be of those early maturing sorts, such as spinach, lettuce and radishes, so that these can come out and leave more room for the later and larger kinds like beans, peas, tomatoes, corn and beets. Try a few new flowers and new vegetables and bear in mind that the seed while representing the smalest cost in making a garden is probably the most important. Get the best and use plenty of it.

Prolonging the Vegetable Season

A continuous supply of vegetables can be secured if the earliest sorts such as carrots, beets, onions, lettuce and spinach are planted at intervals of a week or ten days until the end of June. One must cultivate frequently, thin out well and fertilize heavily with some quickly available material like nitrate of soda every ten days if the plants are to be kept going and the resulting crop made tender. Where possible soak well with water every three or four days if the weather is very dry. It is well to remember that one thorough soaking a week is worth a dozen daily sprinkles. After watering get out the hoe or scuffler and loosen up the top growth so that moisture may be preserved. Follow the early crops of spinach, lettuce, radish and onions with later maturing sorts such as tomatoes, beets, carrots, beans and corn. These can be interplanted with the early vegetables and will not need full room until the first named are taken out and consumed.

"Easy money is not good money."—Thomas W. Lamont.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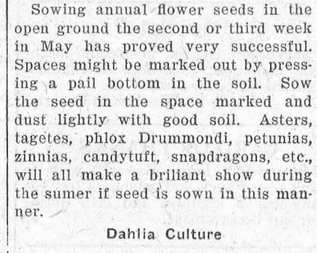

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BE GLAD

To be glad of life because it gives you the chance to love and to work and to play and to look up at the stars; to be satisfied with your possessions but not contened with yourself until you have made the best of them; to despise nothing in the world except falsehood and meanness, and to fear nothing except cowardice; to be governed by your admirations rather than by your disgusts; to covet nothing that is your neighbor's except his kindness; to think seldom of your enemies, often of your friend, and every day of Christ; and to spend as much time as you can with body and with spirit, in God's out-of-doors — these are little guide-posts on the footpath of peace.—Henry van Dyke.

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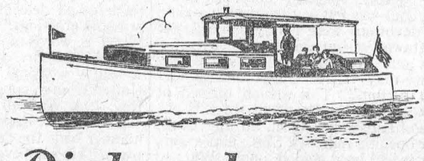
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"NUGGET" SHOE POLISH
The NUGGET TIN opens with a twist!


H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught

Canada joins heartily with the rest of the British Empire in congratulations to H.R.H. the Duke of Connaught on the attainment of his eightieth birthday anniversary. His life has been a long and active one, spent wholly, until very recent years, in the service of the Crown, and, therefore, of the Empire. As a soldier he established and retained a high reputation, and many of the reforms effected in the British army were due to his activities. He was a strict disciplinarian, but at the same time won and held the affection of all who served under him.

Canada was fortunate in having him as Governor-General from 1911 to 1916, and he was both popular and efficient, setting a sound example of scrupulous regard for the responsibilities, as well as the limitations, of his high position. His daughter, known to every Canadian as Princess Pat, endeared herself to the people of this country by her democratic ways and her charm of manner, and her name is permanently associated with Canada's war record as Honorary Colonel of the famous Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry, a regiment that made history and left a reputation that will never fade.

The Duke, while in Canada, travelled extensively, made himself acquainted with all parts of the Dominion, and frequently revealed in his speeches a keen understanding and appreciation of our peculiar problems and needs. His tact and his long military experience proved invaluable during the first two years of the war, and when he went home in 1916 he carried with him the good wishes of the entire Dominion. The example he has set the Empire of hard work is one that may be emulated by all. It is of particular significance in that it embodies the principle that royalty is no bar to service and that a man in whose veins the blood royal runs may serve as faithfully and as ably as those of lesser birth. The wish of the Empire is that His Royal Highness may be long spared to enjoy the leisure his self-sacrificing devotion to that Empire so richly merits.

FALSE CONTENTMENT

Don't get your visions mixed up with your dreams. And be especially careful that you don't indulge in the mental dope that leads one to mistake dreams for visions. The poppy seeds of false contentment and the lotus flowers of easy satisfaction lure many men to dreams that end in mental death.

"Democracy is not a cure for war, but war is a cure for democracy."—Dr. Will Durant.


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Material and Workmanship Guaranteed
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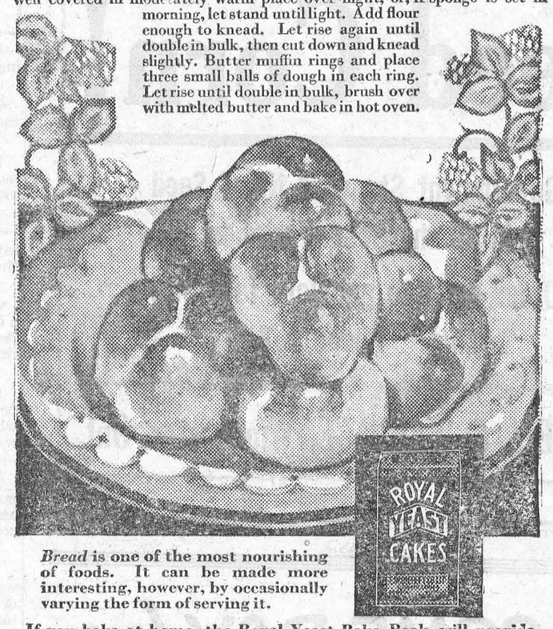
Clover Leaf Rolls
made with
ROYAL YEAST CAKES
are a Delightful Change
Try this recipe:
1 Royal Yeast Cake dissolved in one-half cup lukewarm water.
1 teaspoon salt
1 tablespoon sugar
1½ cups flour
1½ cups scalded milk
½ cup butter
Pour the scalded milk over the sugar, salt and butter. When cooled to lukewarm add the dissolved yeast and one and one-half cups flour. Allow to stand well covered in moderately warm place over night, or, if sponge is set in morning, let stand until light. Add flour enough to knead. Let rise again until double in bulk, then cut down and knead slightly. Butter muffin rings and place three small balls of dough in each ring. Let rise until double in bulk, brush over with melted butter and bake in hot oven.


Bread is one of the most nourishing of foods. It can be made more interesting, however, by occasionally varying the form of serving it.
If you bake at home, the Royal Yeast Bake Book will provide you with many practical tested recipes for all kinds of home-made breads. It will be mailed—*free*—on request.
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"If you have any friendship for people, don't spoil it by trying to borrow money from them."—John D. Rockefeller, Jr.


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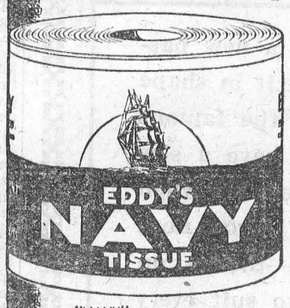

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Britain's Huge Tax Incubus

Canadians Have Cause to Rejoice, and Say: "Lo, the Poor Britisher," When They Consider His Income Tax

That's what many editor think, at least, in surveying the budget of Chancelor of the Exchequer, Philip Snowden, which provides for a 22½ percentage of income tax, and involves, as London press dispatches advise us, a new basic rate of $1.12 on each $5 of income.

While relatively few Britons pay the full rate of the income tax, cables a London correspondent vast numbers are obliged to pay something, beginning on incomes as low as $675 for single persons and $1,125 for the married.

Under the new rates, this informant adds, an unmarried man would pay approximately $254 on an income of $3,000; $442 on $4,000; $629 on $5,000; $2,348 on $12,500, and up to $13,190 on $100,000.

A married man without children, it is further noted, would pay $528 on $5,000; triple that amount on $10,000, and up to $2,964 on $15,000.

Championing Mr. Snowden as the Chancellor of the MacDonald Labor Government, the London Daily Herald, official organ of the Labor party, declares that the budget "places burdens on broad backs." On the other hand, the London Times remarks:

'The new taxes will certainly deepen the disquieting impression that the wealthier section of the community is merely being exploited to provide for the expansion of 'social' services for which the appetite of the electorate is not likely to diminish as long as the voter is protected from the fiscal consequences of his own extravagance."

Ever since the war, writes a special correspondent in the London Morning Post, Britain has been groaning under a load of taxation. In comparing Britain's burden with that of other countries this writer cites Mr. Stanley Baldwin's Government, as having given the House of Commons in December, 1928, the following figures showing the national taxation per head in several countries:

National Taxation per Head

	1913-14	192.-27
Great Britain	£3 11 4	£14 11 8
Fran	3 7 0	7 7 0
Ita.y	2 2 0	4 4 0
United St tes	1 4 0	6 (0

This corespondent of the London Morning Post (Ind. Cons.) goes on to say:

"Great Britain was thus paying in 1927 four times as much per head as before the war, and twice as much as any of the other three countries. In January, 19), Mr. Snowden informed the House of Commons that, according to the latest figures, British taxation was £15 1s. 5d. per head, while that of the nited States was £5 13s 6d., so that Brit in's position had become reratively still more unfavo able as compared ith he United States.

"This basis of comparison suffices to give a very rough idea of the burden of taxation in different countries. It is nevertheless admittedly inaccurate s a guide to the real burden of taxation.

'For, in the first place, it takes account of the national budget and omits local taxation, the proportion of which to the national budget varies from country to country. And, secondly, it does not allow for difference in national income, which is an important factor in determining the capacity of a country to bear taxation.

"Unfortunately, exact calculations of national income are impossible, but sufficiently near estimates can be made which leave no room for doubt that Britain is the most heavily taxed of the great countries of the world in proportion to her income. The following table, based on approximate figures, shows the proportion of the national income paid out in all taxation, national and local, by five principal countries:

	Year	National Income £000,000	All Taxation	Percentage of Taxation to Income
Great Britain	1928	3,750	825	22.0
Germany	1927	3,100	625	20.1
Italy	1926	1,100	200	18.2
France ..	1928	2,050	350	10.1
United States	1924	12,000	1,270	10.6

"It is thus clear that Great Britain bears a substantially heavier load of taxation in relation to her resources than any of the principal European exbeligerents, and one of altogether different magnitude from that of the nited States. Both the size of the British contribution and the comparison with that of other countries speak sufficiently loudly for themselves.

"But we have not yet surveyed the whole field of taxation. Not included in either national or local budgets are the compulsory contributions paid by employers and workers to the social insurance services. This is an item—unemployment isurance, health insurance, widows', orphans' and old-age contributory pensions and workmen's compensation—which costs the employers some £55,000,000 a year, in addition to over £40,000,000 paid by the workers."

The Strong Man Of Afghanistan

The Hero of the Hour in Afghanistan, It Seems, is King Nadir Shah

Through rare courage and intellect, it is said, he is endeavoring to win for his country, peace, prosperity, and prestige.

The great revolution left Afghanistan both sick and prostrate, writes the Peshawar correspondent of the Calcutta Statesman. How King Amanullah was forced to flee with his wife and retinue to Europe, and how his successor, the "water boy," King Habibullah, was overthrown, has been told in these columns.

The new phase of Afghan progress is now called to our attention. Meanwhile this Peshawar informant points out that:

"In some respects the great upheaval resulted in conditions most satisfactory to Afghanistan as well as to the peace of Central Asia.

"It is not an exaggeration to say that the peace of the world would have been in jeopardy had it not been for the patience and great political foresight on the part of the British Government and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics.

"The way in which the Afghan situation was handled by both these great Powers will go down in histry as a marvel of diplomatic skill.

"It is a mistake to think that Amanullah's reforms were the basic cause of the revolt.

The real causes were quite different, and the question of reforms and Western modes of living were only brought in to give the Shinwaris an excuse for a rising.

"Whatever the causes and the course of the revolt, it is now clear that the revolution has resulted in the establishment of a stable and strong Government, and the accession to the throne of Afghanistan of a man who is among the best that Afghanistan has so far produced.

"King Nadir Shah, who may be appropriately styled the savior of Afghanistan, has been called upon to rule and guide the Afghan nation in their hour of great misery."

King Nadir Shah, we are then advised, has many assets. The chief, it appears, are his own personality and the cooperation of his four brothers, who help him with unusual devotion to discharge the responsibilities of Government. We read:

"Two of his brothers have taken charge of the whole civil and military administration at home. One is Sardar Mohamad Hasham Khan, the Premier, and the other, General Shah Mahmud Khan, is Minister of War and Commander-in-Chief.

"Again, two of his remaining brothers have been placed in charge of the two most important centers of foreign diplomatic intercourse; Shah Wali Khan is Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of St. James's, in London, and Mohamad Aziz Khan is Minister at Moscow.

"He has thus distributed the most important offices of State to his brothers, each of whom is to my personal knowledge most capable of discharging the duties entrusted to him."

Other salient features of King Nadir Shah's Government, this Peshawar informant goes on to say, are almost identical with those of ex-King Amanullah's Government.

But, he adds, a wise step has been taken by the present king in securing the co-operation of religious leaders in his administration. Two well-known religious personalities have been already absorbed by the Government, this narrator states, and continues:

"The Hazrat Sahib of Sher Bazar, the famous religious leader who was responsible for Amanullah's downfall, has been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary at Cairo, and has already left Afghanistan to take up his duties.

"His younger brother, the Hazrat Sher Afgha, is now Minister of Justice at Kabul.

"Again, in order to provide an opportunity for the expression of their collective opinion, the King has constituted a Jamial-al-Ulema (Grand Assembly of the Learned) which will help the Government in the discharge of their duties toward questions relating to the Shariat of Islam.

'This Assembly will indeed be helpful in maintaining the equilibrium when ever the fanaticism of the tribal masses is fanned by some sort of real or imaginary grievance.

"Persia also has such an assembly of Mujtabids, and it has proved of real assistance to the Persian Government.

"There is again the Mejlsis-i-Shoora, the Grand National Assembly, which is presided over by Abdul Ahad Khan, an experienced and able Wardak Chief. This is a sort of legislative body and works in close co-operation with the King's Cabinet of Ministers."

The new king, it appears, has spent a lifetime in the army, is an experienced soldier, and is keen on improving and bringing to an efficient standard the forces of Afghanistan.

He knows, declares this Peshawar correspondent, that on this army as on nothing else depend the peace of Afkhanistan and the stability of the Government. Turning to educational matters, we find that:

"King Nadir Shah has lost no time in re-opening schools for boys. The education of girls is for the present out of the question.

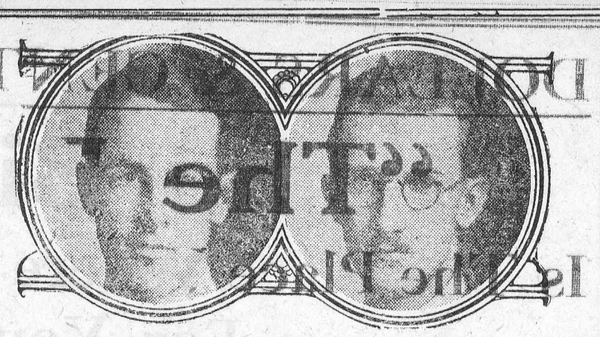
"He has not laid down any clear line of policy with regard to the system of education in Afghanistan, but so far as I am aware, the system comtemplated by him will differ in many respects from that adopted by ex-King Amanullah.

"Although he believes that it is necessary for the Afghan youth to learn European languages, he prefers Russian and English above all others, and he is perfectly justified.

"British India and Russia are both Afghanistan's immediate neighbors, and it is with these two Powers that Afghanistan has to deal politically, socially, and economically.

"Why then should the Afghan youth be ignorant of the languages of their neighbors and let the vast field of literature, science, arts, and politics provided in these two of the world's best media remain unexplored?

"King Nadir Shah is believed not to be in facor of sending to Europe boys of tender age. He favors the saner policy of having the children educated at Kabul until they grow up and complete a standard at home not less than that of the matriculation in India. Only after such preliminary education will the boys be sent to Europe. At present there is no such item in King Nadir Shah's program, for the education budget hardly covers the expenses necessary for education at home."



Hart A. Massey fellowships have been awarded by the American University, to two fourth-year University of Toronto students: Howe H. Martyn (left) in philosophy honors at Victoria College, who is the son of H. G. Martyn, vice-principal of the Stratford Normal school, and John T. Wilson (right), in physics and geology honors at Trinity College, who is son of J. A. Wilson, director of civil aviation, Ottawa.

Liquor Air Fleet Soon Ceases Trips Over Detroit River

Detroit, Mich.—The rum-running business across the Detroit River grew spectacular and daring by taking to the air recently. A half-dozen airplanes were put into service between Canadian export depots and undetermined destinations this side of the border at about the time word reahed here that the Ontario liquor control board was warning exporters to move liquor stocks that were accumulating illegally on Canadian docks. But just as the traffic gained considerable proportions the aerial offensive is believed to have collapsed.

Duncan B. McColl, president of the Border Aero Club, said the planes in the traffic were all of American registry. Whither they had flown after leaving Canada, officials on neither side of the river were able to state.

"They may have flown a considerable distance into the interior," declared Col. Henry Pickert, United States Collector of Customs, "but whatever their destination I do not take this newest development seriously.

"In the first place the border running by river craft has already proven so expensive that bootleggers on the Detroit side are gradually being forced out of business. To transport booze by airplane runs the cost still higher, in fact so high that the ordinary thirsty individual cannot afford to buy it."

Colonel Pickert declared the greatest interest at this time centers on the first of June, when it is expected that the Canadian law will go into effect, prohibiting entirely the exportation of liquor to the United States.

The bill designed to stop this traffic has passed the second reading at Ottawa, and comes up for the final reading the latter part of May.

Russo-Polish War In 1930 Predicted

Former Dictator of Lithuania Believes Struggle is Inevitable

London—Augustinas Waldermaras, former dictator of Lithuania, believes a war between Poland and Russia is inevitable this year according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch.

Waldemaras expressed his opinion in an article in the Judische Stimme of Kovno, the Lithuanian capital. He was quoted as saying was would break out because of the alleged designs of Marshal Joseph Pilsudski, Polish dictator, on the Ukraine and Lithuania.

Waldermaras stressed Russia's supposed impregnability to attack, but advised Lithuania to choose skillful leaders able to take advantage of the circumstances and recover Vilna.

Mulock Praises Press of Canada

Chief Justice of Ontario Addresses Newspaper Publishers

DUTY OF NEWSPAPER

Toronto.—In a strong youthful voice, with many a jest and twinkle, a tall man of erect bearing, despite his 86 years, addressed daily newspaper publishers of Canada here last week. He was the Right Hon. Sir William Mulock, Chief Justice of Ontario, and "grand old man" of the Canadian Bench and Bar.

Sir William was a guest at the first annual dinner of the Canadian daily newspaper publishers. The Chief Justice paid tribute to the press of Canada and in a sparkling address told many anecdotes relating to the business of newspaper publishing. He also outlined the moral duty which he considered a newspaper owed to its community.

It was the duty of a newspaper to maintain a high level of courtesy and temperate reasoning, declared Sir William, and he remarked the press of Canada had progressed a great distance along these lines. The individual was expected, though not compelled by law, to use restraint and purity of language and, it this was the case, should the duty not be all the more incumbent upon a newspaper, "which speaks with a thousand tongues"?

The press of Canada, stated Sir William, had exalted the business of publishing newspapers beyond the status of mere money making enterprises and had led to their being conducted with due regard to the public interest. Canadian newspapers had taken a great patriotic part during the war and Canada could not be too grateful for services.

Fairness Urged

Sir William urged that the press treat public men with reasonable fairness. Many an honorable and capable public servant had withdrawn or had been driven from public life by unjust attacks upon his public acts or personal honor, he said.

Sir William declared newspapers to-day were national in their circulation and influence. "Within recent years," he went on, "we have witnessed in the Old Land two or three men, ambitious for political power or grain, owners of great newspapers, endeavoring to undermine public control over Parliament by forcing their views upon the electorate. . . . Efforts for sinister purposes to utilize the press to mislead the people, by the people, for the people, and should such efforts be made in Canada, the remedy for defeating them rests with the people themselves."

The Chief Justice said it would be an unfortunate day for Canada should there ever be any owners of great newspapers here who, by reason of the power arising from such ownership, should "become our real governors, imposing their policies on the country and usurping the sovereignty of the people."

"The Canadian people are to-day engaged in the task of nation building," said the speaker, "and the press of Canada is taking a leading and a noble part in that great work. With the example of Great Britain before us we realize that for any people to become a great, lasting nation the foundation of the national edifice must be liberty and justice."

Blood-Spilling In India's Revolt

Gandhi's "Soul Force" Campaign for Independence Runs Into British "Velvet-glove" Policy in India

Then "violence" and "the iron hand" appear.

Attempt to make a new reel of widely scattered developments in huge Indian provinces following the Mahatma's solemn defiant "salt party," as told in the dispatches, would show at least:

Weazened Gandhi, on speaking tour, preaching non-violent civil disobedience, even to death for it. Individuals and crowds disobeying the salt law by making and selling salt in many places. Mrs. Gandhi, minus Carrie Nation violence, leading groups of women to persuade natives not to use liquor or patronize liquor shops. Other bands of women on picket duty in the boycott of foreign-made cloth shops. Importing merchants joining boycott for a year. Thousands of demonstration marchers in Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Delhi, streets singing the official Nationalist song "Bande Mataram" ("Hail Motherland"), but also "The Wearing of the Green." "Hartals"—both orderly and disorderly general cessation of work in factories, schools, exchanges, and business houses. Protesting crowds outside trial courts, as well as strikers, throwing stones in conflict with police. Riot fatalities and arrests by the score. Hunger strikes among salt-making prisoners.

Martial law prevailed in cities where protest meetings and general strikes had been called and broken up. Then a band of revolutionary raiders attacked Chittagong a river port of Bengal, looted the armories of the police and auxiliary forces, killing seven persons, and fled back to the hills. Whereupon troops from Calcutta were ordered to the scene for pursuit, and Viceroy Lord Irwin reimposed the ordinance enabling Bengal authorities to arrest and intern suspects without warrant or trial. Thus emerges "the iron hand."

News dispatches come from a few city-centers and may be subject to censorship, yet they give the impression of spreading revolt, subject to many cross-currents. Correspondents report:

"Nationalist campaigners adapt propaganda methods learned from Soviet Russia and China revolutions. There are more kinds of revolt than ever previously attempted in India—economic, educational, religious, social, feminist, and political. Communist leaders attack Gandhi's disobedience program as futile and visionary. Some Moslem leaders refuse to co-operate. A caste anti-revolutionary party has appeared. Ruling Princes of native States have come together seeking additional privileges from Government. Besides Viceroy Lord Irwin's strategy in refusing immediately to make Gandhi a martyr, but interning his chief lieutenants and taking necessary military measures to suppress 'riots,' it is surmised that the report of the Simon Investigation Commission, withheld for two years in London may be thrown into the ring for a compromise settlement, short of independence at an opportune time."

Most of our papers find it difficult to understand how Gandhi's psychology can possibly win, although many continue to emphasize its amazing character, and hedge enough to suggest that what wouldn't go in the West may or may not go far in the East. Uncertain editors agree that the one certainty seems to be that Britain has one of her hardest empire nuts to crack.

"Flaming Youth' Needs No "Fling"

Hamilton, Ont.—"A child is born a savage and for the first 20 years the savage has to be civilized," said Magistrate Burbidge speaking here on the morals of Canadian youth.

"Applesauce," was the term he applied to the opinon of certain social workers that "flaming youth must have its fling." He advocated more strict home training with frequent application of the rod as a remedy for wayward children.

Chicago's Amazing Gang Merger

Amazement Greets the Announcement that Chicago's Gangs Have Amalgamated to "Reduce the Overhead."

"To the man in the street it will seem curiously fantastic that Al Capone and "Bugs" Moran, notorious leaders of notorious gangs, should have the hardihood to perfect a merger of their criminal interests, and tell Chicago all about it," declares the Portland Oregonian.

It does seem Incredible, but the Chicago Herald-Examiner assures us that "the erstwhile violent leaders of the half-world armies have arranged to pool their interests and their forces, to amalgamate into one mighty syndicate for the orderly control and operation of gambling, booze, and vice." And Capone, we are told, "has elected himself unanimously — and without opposition—to the chief of all the works."

"All for Al and Al for All"—that is the slogan of the new combine, according to The Herald-Examiner, which then proceeds to tell us more about this strange development in Chicago's "racket":

"Under the terms of the agreement the gang coalition contemplates maintenance of what might accurately be described as a 'community chest.'

"Into this chest will be poured all of the earnings of all of the gang's units—earnings from vice resorts, from gambling tables, from whiskey and beer distribution, and from labor rackets.

"Out of the chest will come the protection funds required, and, it has been decided, these fees will not be scattered indiscriminately, as heretofore, but will be paid to certain designated individuals, powerful enough to keep off the petty graft colectors."

"The amalgamation of interests now supposed to have been effected was a characteristic Capone coup," writes Owen L. Scott, Chicago correspondent of the Consolidated Press Association. "It means reduced overhead and enhanced profits, inasmuch as the maintenance of private armies is about the costliest feature of the gang business. Good gunmen draw about $100 a week and keep. The number of men on payrolls could be cut sharply with peace."

Close behind this news came the announcement, in the Chicago Tribune, that Capone, who recently completed a year's term in a Philadelphia jail, was "seeking new realms of profit, and had invaded the stronghold of political patronage, planning to seize public jobs, public contracts, control of budgets, and the power that attends it all." Reading further:

"The plan, as it has been described, has been to have a Capone man appointed commissioner of the Bureau of Plumbing, with power to hire and fire the city plumbers, to create restrictions and rules for building installations, resulting in a czardom over all plumbing work in the city."

Meanwhile, Capone men were reported to be "muscling in" on the labor unions. The police saw a temporary setback in this scheme when a lone gunman entered a barroom and shot to death three alleged members of the Capone gang.

News of the Chicago crime merger seems to shock some of our editors, but most of them write of it in an ironical vein. Thus the New Orleans Item wonders whether it will bring an investigation by the Department of Justice "to determine if the anti-trust laws are violated."

The Economic Crisis in Canada

Review of Reviews (London)): The fall in wheat, wool, copper, cotton, and other products will not in itself prove to be a bad thing eventually; but, temporarily, its effects are disastrous. It has caused serious embarrassment to the chief producing countries like Argentina, Canada, and Australia. In the first-named country the gold standard has had to be suspended for the time being, but that country, unlike Canada through its wheat pool, was wise to sell its wheat and other products at whatever prices they would fetch. Canada unwisely decided to hold wheat off the market in the hope that the price would improve. The opposite has happened and the situation in Canada is serious. The funds of the banks are tied up in wheat, etc., and the resultant credit strain is serious. It is the more serious owing to certain scandals which the Canadian authorities are trying to hush up.

Out On His Feet

Somebody has pricked the enormous bubble that was Primo Carnera. It now appears that the giant Italian's pseudo-triumphant tour of the United States has been nothing more than a clossal fake from the beginning. His opponents have fallen before his great reach and windmill arms like wheat before a scythe. Some of them, indeed, timing their falls inaccurately, tumbled to the mat before the huge Carnera's fist established contact with their chins. One held off for six rounds, which was not at all according to schedule, so one of Carnera's seconds went round to the opposite corner and whispered magic in the obdurate boxer's second's ear, with the result that the towel went into the ring instead of Carnera. As a result, his license and that of his manager have been cancelled, and now he can only fight in Alaska, the Panama Canal Zone, and the Hawaiian Islands, in American territory.

Soldier and Statesman

Prof. A. B. Faust in Current History (New York): The combination of soldier and statesman is rare. Few men in all history have achieved it. One at least there is whom his grateful countrymen have given the twofold stamp of approval. He is Paul von Hindenburg, second President of the German Republic, the fifth anniversary of whose election by popular vote occurred in April of this year.

"We Three" Win Another Record

Out of the midnight sky a shadow, then, as 10,000 eyes strained to follow its dipping flight, an airplane gracefully circled into the radiance of the 37,000,000-candle-power floodlights of Roosevelt Field, and Lindy had broken another record.

This time the famous "We" was a trinity, since Anne Lindbergh rode with her famous husband across the continent, handling the sextant, and taking her turn at the controls.

"Anne is superlatively all right," is a characteristic newspaper tribute.

The old transcontinental record of Frank M. Hawks was made last June in a non-stop flight of 17 hours, 38 minutes, 16 seconds. The Lindberghs made the Los-Angeles-New York flight in 14 hours, 45 minutes, and 52 seconds. Emphatically does Captain Hawks assert that his record has been beaten. But not so Lindbergh. He refuses to take credit for it in the course of a brief statement to the press, running in part as follows:

"The flight was purely an experimental flight, a flight testing the theory that greater speed and efficiency can be obtained by taking advantage of better weather conditions in the higher altitudes.

"We made the entire flight at altitudes varying from 14,000 feet to 15,500, Mrs. Lindbergh acting as co-pilot and navigator. Throughout the trip she used the aviation sextant to take observations to keep us on our course.

"I want to make it plain that I really did not break the transcontinental speed record, despite the fact that our elapsed time was less than the time taken by Captain Hawks on his transcontinental flight. The reason for that is that we made one stop while Captain Hawks's flight was non-stop. I don't believe that we would have made the same time if we had attempted to come through non-stop."

Thus Lindbergh "remains the foremost knight of the air," declares the Albany News. The New Haven Journal-Courier recognizes again that "distinctive tang of personality about his feats. "None of his exploits is meaningless," concurs the Philadelphia Record. "It was adventure." But, continues the Syracuse Post-Standard, "it was intelligent and purposeful adventure, the intent of America's foremost aviator or was to secure data useful in high flying in transport and express service across the continent."

There will be further experimentation by the Lindberghs and others, but the New York World thinks "it may fairly be assumed that the upper air levels will be increasingly used for very long flights." As the Cleveland News asks:

"Since storms endanger airplanes along the regular routes and since atmosphere holds them back, why not ride above the storms in safety, speedily through the lighter air?"

Massey Selected For London Post

Assumes Duties of High Commissioner to Britain in Autumn

Ottawa—Hon. Vincent Massey, Canadian Minister to Washington, will succeed the late Hon. P. C. Larkin as High Commissioner to Great Britain.

The announcement was made by the Prime Minister, who stated that Mr. Massey will go to London in the autumn. He will spend the summer months in Canada and afterwards go to his new post. The appointment is regarded in the nature of a promotion, the London position ranking the highest in the service.

Mr. Hume Wrong will be the Charge D'Affaires pending an appointment in Washington which, it is intimated, will not be made until Mr. Massey goes to London.

Babe Ruth Beginning to Earn the $80,000 Hitting at .356 Gait

Washington.—After his slow start, Babe Ruth is beginning to play the kind of baseball he is expected to deliver for his $80,000 annual salary.

Babe led the New York Yankees attack in their 9 to 0 win over the league leading Washington Senators, with three hits in five times up His record for the game:

First inning — Singled to centre, scoring Combs and Koenig.

Third inning—Rolled to Judge.

Sixth inning—Flied to Rice, who made a spectacular catch against the scoreboard.

Eighth inning—Singled to right, advancing on Gehrig's walk and scoring on Lazzeri's single.

Ninth inning—Beat out a bunt along the third base line, took third on Lazzari's single and scored on Byrd's sacrifice fly.

The excellent batting performance raised Ruth's season batting mark from .3225 to .356. His record:

G.	A.B.	R.	H.	H.R.	P.C.
11	45	12	16	2	.356

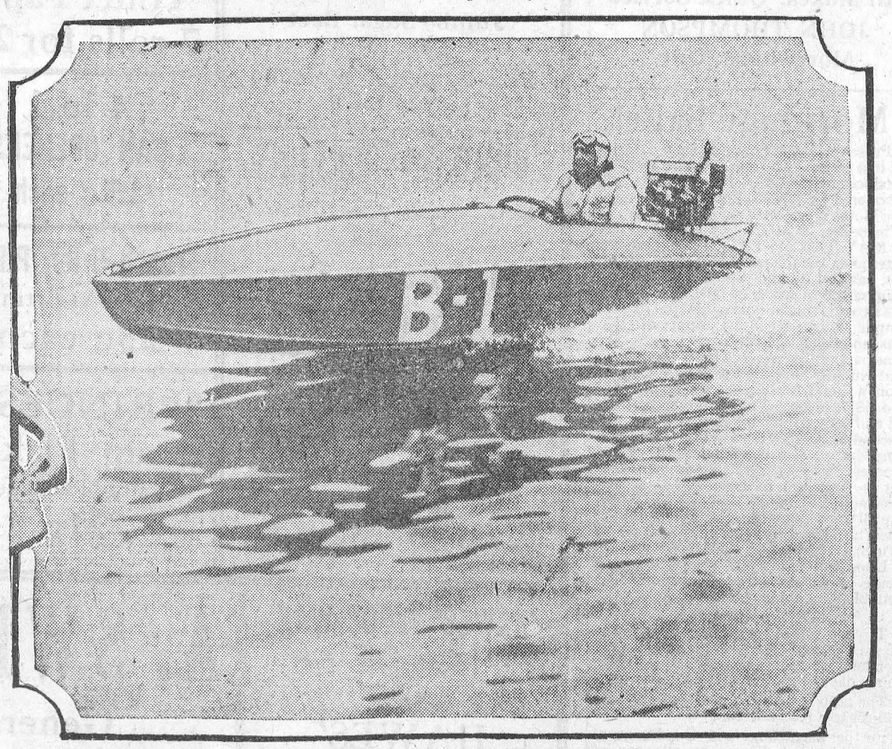
Public and Private Enterprise

Lord Melchett in the Windsor Magazine (London): It is hard to see how the efficiency of production could be increased simply by the industry being conducted by Government departments instead of private individuals (and there are very good reasons which indicate that it would actually be less efficient), although I agree that the efficiency of production in this country at present is not on the highest possible standard. Nevertheless, the whole issue between "private enterprise" and "public enterprise" seems to be tremendously over-exaggerated. After all, the vital question is not who is conducting industry, but how is industry conducted; not one of political theory, but one of industrial expediency.

COURTESY

Give the other fellow a chance to talk. He'll appreciate the courtesy, and you may learn something.

Wins 133-Mile Dash For Sputtery Sea Fleas



THESE INTERESTING SMALL CRAFT ARE GAINING WIDE POPULARITY

J. E. Wilkinson in his outboard, after winning 133-mile race down Hudson river, from Albany to New York, in record time of three hours, 27 minutes and three seconds.

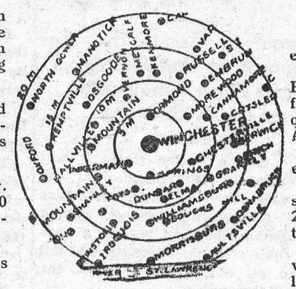
THE WINCHESTER PRESS

The Press has a guaranteed circulation of over 1000 in the district shown on the map to the right. It was established in 1887 and is today the Largest and Leading Newspaper in the County of Dundas.

Dundas, for its size, is the richest and most progressive County in Ontario. Winchester is the centre of the County and has about 1250 of a population.

The Press is published every Thursday. Subscription $1.50 in advance, foreign $2.00 Member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association.

We invite inquiry and answer questions cheerfully Write or Phone 21



Advertising Rates

All local display advts. 16c per inch each insertion, by yearly contract.

Small advts. such as For Sale, Wanted Found, Lost, etc., not over one inch, 50c for first insertion and 25c for each subsequent insertion. IF NOT PAID FOR IN ADVANCE THE PRICE IS 60c and 30c

In Memoriam Notices 50c and 25c for each verse. Card of Thanks 50c.

Transient Display Advts. 40c per inch single col. If for issues without changes 25c per inch. Any advt. inserted for less than six months at above rates.

Legal, Municipal and Government advertising 12c per line first insertion and 6c line for each following. 12 lines to inch.

THURSDAY, MAY 15th, 1930.

MAY BAN HOLIDAY

When a week's holiday from school was allowed at Easter there was the understanding that teachers would attend the convention of the Ontario Educational Association.

It seems that the attendance of these has been falling off and word comes that an Easter week holiday is unlikely to exist much longer if they continue to neglect this duty.

It is satisfactory to note that teachers themselves at the convention voiced the protests against the non-attendance of their confreres.

There can be no harm done in expressing the thought, which is very general, that teachers are exceedingly well favored in the matter of holidays. No other class of the community enjoys anything like the extent of leisure the teaching profession does, save only the clergy.

But there are teachers, and teachers just as there are clergy and clergy. Those who take their profession seriously find in these vacations a means for advancing their efficiency and their capacity for service. To them vacations mean work rather than holiday, work rendered all the more effective because of the immunity from interruption.

The serious minded teacher realizes that the people who pay the bulk of the cost of education are the poor, the poor who rarely experience a real holiday but whose hearts crave for a good education for their children. Given that they are satisfied. Such a teacher is worth more to a community than the gold of the Indies.—Almonte Gazette.

TOM BROWN'S ENDING

The story of Tom Brown, of Stratford, Ont., is one, fortunately, not often written, but is one that should serve as a sharp warning to others who are inclined to think of themselves too highly, and live beyond their income. The son of a respected father, who was himself once Mayor of Stratford and also a member of the House of Commons, and a mother who was all a mother could be to a son, Tom Brown received not only the best parental care, but a fine education. He had good ability and public spirit, and must have had a liking personality. He was apparently successful in business and was elected Mayor of the City of Stratford. Widows, and others trusted him with their investments. With the financial crash last fall it came out that Tom Brown was in financial difficulties, and before the authorities could find reason to arrest him he disappeared and all trace of him lost until a week ago. A man, who was reported a British subject, died in Mexico. He had been living a fast life and had spent nearly seven thousand dollars in six months. He died in poverty and in disgrace, a young man not 30 years of age, who had advantages and ability. What a sad story. What a warning to young men who are inclined to live beyond their means, who think they can take a glass of liquor and leave it alone as they choose. Will the story of the "Prodigal Son" ever be out of date.

TO MAKE A REAL GOOD TOWN

Put a peg of prosperity into your community by staying with it.
Always greet your neighbors with a grasp of confidence.
Criticize in the spirit of God-speed.
Say a good word it hurts. Remember that those who insist upon hanging themselves will do it if they are given enough rope.
Give your neighbor a right to an opinion, if he keeps it to himself.
Discuss questions involving your better welfare instead of arguing with the people.
Apply the Golden Rule regardless of consequences.
Back up your churches and relative affiliations. You will feel better, and, besides, you are setting a good example for the younger people.
Give the young people plenty of pleasure.
Failures reflect on the entire town. See what you can do to keep your neighbor on top of the water—don't let him drown.
Let's have more handshakes and arm-in-arm conferences, with good-will parting. It adds to that day's events.
Let's break the shell and step out. The world is wondering what we are going to do next. Let's show 'em. —Exchange.

THE LAW'S SLUGGISHNESS

The case of the two young men of Ottawa, sentenced to spend 4 years in Kingston penitentiary on the charge of robbing a milkman, and who were after a year proved innocent by the real culprits coming forward and confessing to the crime, is one that not only shows that law procedure is sluggish, but often very unfair to the innocent. Two lads, Lionel Fontain and Ernest Lalasse, although protesting to the end their innocence, were sentenced to spend 4 years in prison on the evidence of a milk man who claimed to identify them as the ones who held him up. A year later two young men confessed to the crime, and proved to the satisfaction of the court that they were guilty. Although the confessions were made over four months ago the other two young men had not been liberated at the time sentence was pronounced on the guilty ones. It often occurs that great lawers are themselves confused by the laws they have enacted, and supposedly wise ministers of the Crown are helpless when it comes to the exercise of common sense and common justice. Those two innocent young men, who unjustly served a year in penitentiary are deserving of something more than their liberty.

NO EDITORS THERE

The Post Elgin Times in making a note of the fact that among the 200 Ontario applications for divorce, there were mechanics, laborers, merchants, doctors, salesmen, lawyers, and others, but not a single newspaper man on the list. Is it because of the pure, sweet, good natured lives of the tough birds who control the press, asks the Times? Perhaps it is because that editors are so used to being found fault with, that their domestic troubles do not weigh heavily, or it may be that they have not time, or even the means, to sue for a divorce. What the Press is inclined to believe as the reason is because editors, in their great wisdom, choose carefully, live righteously, walk humbly, and never purposely give offense.

Little Daughter Taken

Another little bud was chosen to bloom in Heaven, when Leona Grace, the bright little four months old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Bowman, Cass Bridge, was called up Higher on the morning of May 8th, 1930 The funeral, which was largely attended, was held at the family residence. Rev. Mr. Waddell conducted the service and took for his text, "Treasures in Heaven." Mrs. P. S. Durant sang, very beautifull, "Around the Throne of God in Heaven." The pall-bearers were Delbert Link, Glyden Smith, Lloyd Casselman and Willet Summers.

The floral offerings were: sprays from the family; Mr and Mrs. David Stanley and Mr. and Mrs. Elgin Black; cut flowers, the Hogoboam Family and Mr. and Mrs. G. H. Summers. Interment was made at Brinston Cemetery.

Four months ago, God sent her to be
with us a while,
And now she's resting in His arms with
that calm and peaceful smile.

In Memoriam

In loving memory of our darling son, Garnet Edson Earl Casselman, who died on May 19th, 1928

Our Heavenly Father was going His
rounds,
And we could not His wishes deny,
When He asked that our dear little
flower be sent,
To bloom in His garden on high

No stain was on his little soul,
Sin had not entered there,
And innocense slept sweetly on
That pale white brow so fair.

He was too pure for this bold earth
Too beautiful to stay.
So God's holy angels bore
Our darling Garnet away.

Sadly missed by father, mother,
sisters and brothers.

CANADIAN PACIFIC



TIME TABLE

Westbound—To Smiths Falls and West.
No. 23—12.36 a.m. daily except Sunday, flag for passengers to and beyond Sharbot Lake—Stop for passengers from Montreal.
No. 35—9.50 a.m. daily except Sunday.
No. 29—6.20 p.m. daily except Sunday.
Eastbound—To Montreal
No 24—5.44 a.m. daily except Sunday flag for passengers to Montreal, stop for passengers from Sharbot Lake and points beyond
No. 30—8.00 a.m. daily except Sunday.
No. 36—5.25 p.m. daily except Sunday.
For particulars and Tickets apply to
T. W. BOYES, Agent.

Automobile Owners!

YOUR LIABILITY for personal injuries inflicted by you or for damage done to the property of others is an unlimited liability. UNLIMITED Automobile Insurance is available to you through the Agency of
H. L. HUGHES, Phone 22,
51-2c Winchester, Ont.

Winchesser Lodge, No. 336 I. O. O. F.

Meets in the Lodge Room, over the Bank of Nova Scotia, Main Street, on the 2nd and 4th Monday evenings at 8 o'clock Visiting brethern cordially invited.
W. Moffatt, Sec'y. C. B. Timmins, N. G.

Loyal Orange Association

L. O. L. No. 862, meets First Wednes' of each month.
Prince Edward R. B. P. meets Las Wednesday of each month.
Victoria Lodge L. O. B. A. meets on Second Wednesday of each month.
IN ORANGE HALL WINCHESTER

The Great West Life Assurance Company
ROBERT REVIE, Agent.
Tel. 153, Winchester, Ont.

STILES, CHEVRIER and HESSELL
Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.
wish to announce that they will continue the law practice of Mr. Irwin Hilliard, K. C., in Morrisburg, with
MR. HOWARD O. HASSELL
in charge of the Morrisburg Office.

LORNE WINFIELD MULLOY, B. A.
Barrister, Solicitor, etc.
IROQUOIS, - - ONTARIO.
Telephone 67

NOTICE!
I buy all kinds of Poultry, Hides and Wool at the Market Price. Phone 165
HARRY SWEET

Radio Repairs
All Makes. Quick Service
JOHN THOMPSON
Morrisburg, Ont.

Mortgage Sale!

Pursuant to the Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage, which will be produced at the time of Sale, there will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Hotel Wincnester in the Village of Winchester, on MONDAY the 26th. day of MAY, 1930, at TWO o'clock in the afternoon, the following lands and premises, namely. All and Singular those certain parcels or tracts of land and premises situate lying and being in the Township of Winchester in the County of Dundas, and being composed of Firstly, the rear part of the West Three Quaters of Lot Number Seven in the Third Concession of said Township described in Deed No. 1877, excepting a plot presently owned and occupisd by one Bertha Fling, and Secondly the North Twenty Two and One-Half acres of Lot Seven in the Third Concession of said Township of Winchester as described in Deed No.4145, con-47½ acres; the lands heretofore described are all those parts of said Lot Seven in the Third Concession of said Township of Winchester owned by the Mortgagor.

Upon said lands are a good dwelling house, barn and other frame buildings suitable for stabling horses and cattle.

TERMS OF SALE

Ten per cent of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of Sale to the Vendor's Solicitor, and the balance within thirty days thereafter without interest.

The property will be offered for sale subject to a reserved bid.

Further partiicular and Conditions of Sale will be made known on the day of Sale on application to the undersigned.

Dated at Morrisburg, Ont., this 30th day of April, 1930
STILES, CHEVRIER & HESSELL
Barristers, Morrisburg, Ont.
Solicitors for the Mortgagee.

DOLLARS & CENTS Count These Days

"The Big Store"

Is The Place Where You Get More Goods For Your Money.

Wall Paper 2c per Double Roll

This is the Way You Can Get It!

We have laid out over twenty patterns of Wall Paper to be sold on the following terms:

For the First Roll you pay the Regular Price
For the Second you pay 2c
For the Third Roll you pay the Regular Price
For the Fourth you pay 2c
And so on up to the quantity required. Each alternate roll for two cents.

Borders and Ceiling at Regular Prices.

NORMANDIE CHINA

We have filled in the missing pieces of the Stock Pattern Normandie China and are again showing a complete stock of that pattern.

Prices Right.

25 Piece CHINA TEA SETS

Beautifully Decorated
A Real Bargain at **$3.39 Set**

New FLAT CREPE $1.75 per yard.

This week we are showing several New Shades among them Fawn, Chocolate, Green and Navy.

Ladies' Neck Scarves

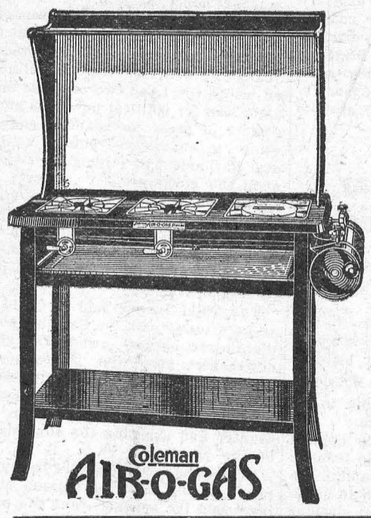
The New Triangular Pleated Neck Scarves in modernistic colors
Each $2.00

Ladies' FINE BLACK SATIN PUMPS

With Spool Heel and Bow
$5.50 Pair

LADIES TWO TONE Patent Leather SHOES

With One Strap, Medium Heel Rubber Tipped Kid Lining
For $4.50 Pr.



COLEMAN Air-O-Gas SAFETY PRESSURE STOVES

Make Their Own Gas From Ordinary Gasoline
NOW, No Matter Where You Live, YOU TOO CAN COOK WITH GAS.
NO WICKS NO SOOT **SURE & SAFE** NO ASHES NO DIRT
Coleman Air-O-Gas Stoves are listed by Underwriter's Laboratories under File G-547
Price $39.75

RENNIES' Root Seeds
Giant Sugar Mangle 75c lb.
Jumbo Sugar Beet 75c lb.
Prize Purple Top Swede Turnip 85c lb.

WINDOW SCREENS
Extra Quality Hardwood Frames
13½ x 36 in. 50c
13½ x 44 in. 60c

Screen Doors
Regular Sizes $2.75 each

BLACK WIRECLOTH
25c to 38c yd.

Ottawa Valley Creamery BUTTER 37c lb.

Toilet Paper 7 rolls for 25c

4 in 1 CAN OPENERS 15c each

French Brier PIPES
Special Assortment
25c each

"PRINCESS" Soap Flakes
Large Package
21c

Sweet's Maple Leaf BAKING POWDER 25c lb.

Redpath Granulated SUGAR $5.45 bag.

"CHIPSO"
Small Package
3 for 25c

Stainless Steel KITCHEN KNIVES 20c each

WHIZ
Extra Heavy White
AUTO TUBE PATCH
Now 35c

Maxwell's Easy Running Lawn Mowers
8 in. Wheel, 3 knives, 14 in. cut $7.50
10 in. Wheel, 4 knives, 14 in. cut $10,00
10 in. Wheel, 4 knives, 16 in. cut $10.50
10 in. Wheel, 4 knives, 18 in. cut $11.00

Lawn Shears $1.15 pair.

Dunlop Bicycle Tires
$2.00 each
BEST QUALITY TUBES
$1.00 each

HAWES' FLOOR WAX
PASTE 1 lb. cans
45c
HAWES'
LIQUID FLOOR WAX
Pint Jars 60c

A. SWEET & CO.

General Merchants
Hardware Phone 135, Office Phone 1
Winchester, - - Ontario

HAWES' LEMON OIL FURNITURE POLISH
32 oz. Bottle with FREE Polishing Cloth
59c

Saves Your Babies Lives From Disease

Ontario Health Department Will Send Free "Baby Book"

(This is one of a series of weekly artiles on health sponsored by the Canadian Social Hygiene Council. So important is the subject of Infant Mortality that the article on this subject has been divided into two parts. Part one is published below. Part two will follow next week.)

Poverty is responsible for more infant deaths than anything else, because most of the predisposing causes of infant mortality are due to a lack of money and to the ignorance and carelessness that often goes with it.

A nation needs all the healthy and strong children it can acquire in order to keep its place in the world march of progress.

The population of a country depends, aside from migratory fluctuations, on the number of children born and the number of those children that reach maturity. The strength of a nation can be no greater than the strength of its citizens, therefore the future strength of a nation depends on the health, vigor and intelligence of its children for the child is the father of the man and the school boy of to-day is the citizen of to-morrow. There can be nothing more clear and obvious than that.

The aim of every nation should be, then to have every child grow up strong in body and strong in mind, agents in producing a higher type of civilization.

One of the best criteria of the civilization of a nation is the care which it expends on its infants. The only method of estimating this is by observing the infant mortality rates. This is usually computed on the number of infants out of every 1000 born who do not live until the end of the first year.

It is a common superstition that the rearing of children is instinctive with the human race. Nothing could be farther from the truth. The mother must be taught how to care for her child if the child is to have any sort of chance of surviving the dangerous first year and of reaching a healthy maturity. Poverty may be an excuse in some quarters for not giving a child all that it needs. But poverty is no excuse nowadays for not knowing what the child needs and how to take care of it. Ignorance on the part of the mother is inexcusable as there are health centres throughout the country to which those within reach may go at regular intervals and which will send reliable information to women in outlying distrits. Such information may be had by writing to the Social Hygiene Council in care of this paper.

The mother should learn from her physician or from a competent nurse and if neither of these are available because of the mothers isolation in some inaccessable country districts then from the literaure which can be obtained from a number of sources.

Children of ignortant mothers are rarely properly bathed, rarely get sufficient sunlight, enough fresh air or the right kind of food. They are nearly always treated as if germs were non-existent. Their bottles are sometimes filthy from a scientific standpoint.

A public health nurse once told the writer of a thing she saw one time. It is hardly believable. The nurse was paying her first visit to a poor family and it happened to be what the mother figured was the baby's feeding time. The mother was putting milk into a bottle which she carefully washed under the tap before putting the milk into it. The procedure was to fill a tumbler with milk and then pour it into the baby's bottle from that. As the nurse watched wide eyed a fly fell into the glass of milk. The mother calmly picked it out with her dirty fingers and went on filling the infant's bottle. Needless to say that mother had a few lessons on the preparation of feeding for babies within the next few days.

A baby's food must be wholesome and pure. With a mother who is both poor and ignorant such a standard is impossible. A mother who knows what she is doing but who is poor and unable to afford the proper surroundings finds it hard to maintain the standards necessary if her baby is to grow up with an even chance in the world.

A mother between the ages of twenty-five and thirty has the best chance of giving birth to a healthy child,—one which will be able to resist the dangers besetting it during the first year. Care of the infant should begin long before the child is born as the physical condition of the mother is of the utmost importance. If the mother is poor and undernourished, or suffering from any of the complications of pregnancy, the child's chances of life are greatly lessened. If the mother has to work she should arrange it that she has some rest before the birth of her baby. The death of weakly infants, due to overwork and undernourishment on the part of mothers, forms a great part of the infant mortality rate.

It is quite obvious the part that poverty plays in keeping up our infant mortality rate—and in bringing children poorly equipped to maturity. Bad housing and poor sanitation are detrimintal to the health of the child. Families that are forced to live in cramped quarters of one or two rooms cannot but suffer. There is lack of fresh air and sunlight, there is dirt and filth tracked in from the street by many feet, and—a very important consideration—a lack of proper storage for food. Nearly always there is a complete lack of refrigeration—all these things tend to lessen a hild's chances for life and in life. Great strides have been taken by the health authorities, but there is much work yet to be done. The work of health officers in connection with housing is no bed of roses. You may find it hard to believe, but their efforts are often misunderstood and they are always meeting strong opposition from different quarters. No landlord—unless he is very public spirited will allow a house or building of his to be condemned without a fight. There are many landlords of course, who are ready and willing to help in every way possible. They very often need no word from the health officers that their properties are uninhabitable and they make changes or rebund of their own volition.

If you are a landlord you can help greatly by taking a pride in your properties and seeing to it that they are a help instead of a hindrance in the solution of the very real housing problem. You must not think that the problem is confined wholly to the cities. Towns and villages have it just as well. I know of an Ontario town where a great percentage of the houses are on the market for sale or rent. The same economic conditions that have redued the town to this have made the poorer residents so poor that they cannot afford to pay even the ridiculously low rental that is asked for excellent brick houses in the best of condition. Many of these people are living in what are real slums and under unsanitary, unwholesome conditions. Without hurting the town any, ninety per cent.—yes 100 per cent.—of the bad houses could be condemned. But—and here is the problem,—in that town everybody knows everybody else. it is extremely hard for the health officers to do anything at all.

Statistics compiled in England show that the infant mortality rate varies directly with the amount of space in which a family has to live.

A Leader for India

Stephen Gwynn in the Fortnightly Review (London): Whatever India may be, and it is certainly not a nation, nor a race, Great Britain has made it a community, and the community is becoming politically self-conscious. It has an unassuaged pride, and nothing is most explosive. Beyond all reasonable doubt, India does not need democracy, nor, one may be sure, does it want freedom in any sense that we in this island give to word. But a community in that stage needs leadership, and feels the need of it. It needs leadership of its own. The weakness of Lord Irwin"s position is that neither he nor any Englishman can give such leadership to India; and though it is argued plausibly, and cogently, that no Indian can hope to be accepted as the leader of all India, whereas the alien, standing aloof from all jealousies of race or caste or religion, can be the impartial governor, that argument denies at once the whole possibility of native leadership, and thwarts the craving which Mr. Gandhi's assumption of command to some extent must satisfy, even among Moslems.

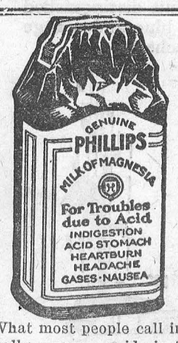
The Dignity of Labor

Sir J. A. R. Marriott in the Hibbert Journal (London): To banish the trivial task, the sordid occupation, is impossible, save perhaps in Utopia, and even in Utopia you can do it—if at all—only by strict limitation of population. But it is not impossible to idealize the lower occupations; to help the scavenger to perceive that in the scrupulous performance of his allotted task he is performing a service to the community as important as the trained skill of the great surgeon. Few dairymen, perhaps, are idealists; nor are all artists. But it should not be impossible to convince the former that the health of the community is not less, but more, important than its appreciation of color and form. Such a conviction—the sense of service, whether the service be "honorable" or "mental," can alone give dignity to labor.

Heal the Sprain with Minard's.

BENEFITS

Benefits conferred on base-minded people are like drops of water thrown into the sea.—Cervantes.



Indigestion

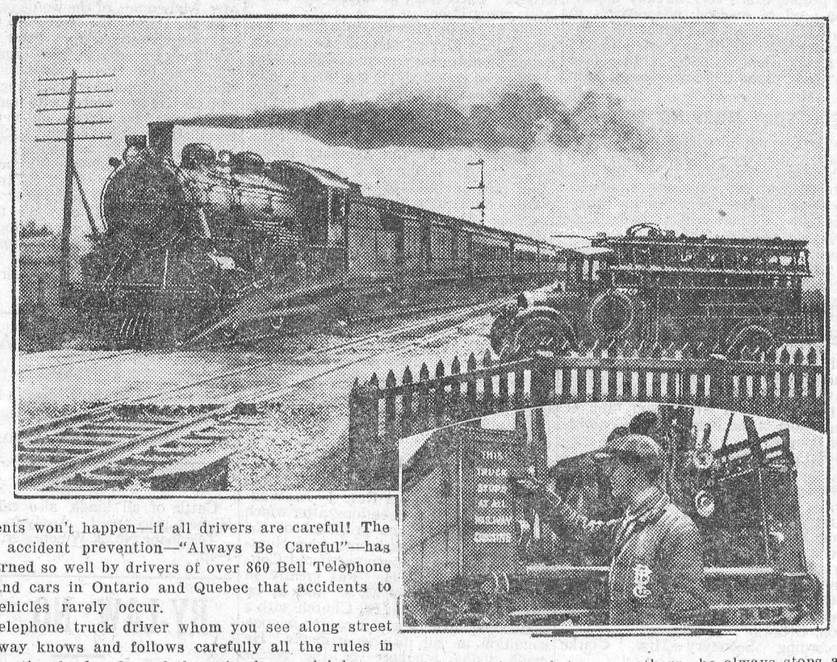
What most people call indigestion is usually excess acid in the stomach. The food has soured. The instant remedy is an alkali which neutralizes acids. But don't use crude helps. Use what your doctor would advise.

The best help is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. For the 50 years since its invention it has remained standard with physicians. You will find nothing else so quick in its effect, so harmless, so efficient.

One tasteless spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in acid. The results are immediate, with no bad after-effects. Once you learn this fact, you will never deal with excess acid in the crude ways. Go learn—now—why this method is supreme.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

The Trucks Driver's A.B.C.—Always Be Careful



Accidents won't happen—if all drivers are careful! The ABC of accident prevention—"Always Be Careful"—has been learned so well by drivers of over 860 Bell Telephone trucks and cars in Ontario and Quebec that accidents to these vehicles rarely occur.

The telephone truck driver whom you see along street or highway knows and follows carefully all the rules in his instruction book. One of these is shown plainly on the back of his truck to warn others—he always stops at railroad crossings. And no Bell Telephone truck has ever been involved in a level crossing accident! In fact, any mishaps of the road are so scarce in Bell Telephone circles that vehicle-operating organizations are studying and adopting the same successful safety-first principles.

RHEUMATIC VICTIM FOR SIXTEEN YEARS

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Her Health

Rheumatism is a disorder of the blood. Wet, cold weather may aggravate it but that is not the cause. Bad blood charged with uric acid is the reason. Re-build the blood and rheumatism will disappear. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enrich and purify the blood and that makes good health.

Mrs. John C. McPherson, St. Mary's, Ont., writes:—"For sixteen years I was a victim of rheumatism. For eleven years I was unable to walk. Massage and chiropractic treatment failed. I was utterly discouraged till I heard how strongly Dr. Wiliams' Pink Pills were recommended for cases like mine. I began their use and in a few weeks the pain lessened, my appetite and color improved, and now I am able to do light housework. It is wonderful what these pills have done for me."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do one thing but they do it well—they enrich and purify the blood. This rich blood banishes rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia and neuritis and promotes health and strength. The Pills are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The Lost Spring

To lose a Spring when I am one and twenty,
What do I care that I'll have Springs in plenty?
No coming year can bring the Spring I miss,
There'll never be another Spring like this
That I am shut away from. Twenty-two
Will build its own world, good or bad, but new;
So eighteen, nineteen, twenty, found and cast
As snakes their skins, the old years to the past.
How tame the pleasures of a year that's been!
How the new beckons, perilous, sweet, unseen,
Full of wild joys, to taste at once or never,
And I have lost this darling Spring for ever.
—K.C.G., in the London Observer.

"Let every man ask himself," said Goethe, "with which of his faculties he can and will somehow influence his age."

Campers Carry Minard's.

The Foreign Trade of the U.S.A.

Quebec Soleil (Lib.): So long as nations of Europe, shattered, ruined and disorganized by the War, needed American products, the high tariff was no great handicap to the foreign trade of the United States. But in 11 years of effort, the great nations of Europe have been able to pick up bit by bit the normal course of their industry, and many a market on whih Uncle Sam used to count is gradually escaping from his clutches and recovering its autonomy. They are all the more ready to make their escape, as they long to be freed of a commercial imperialism compounded of egoism and the exploitation of the human species. Thus, because they wished to get everything for nothing, the Americans have run the risk of finding themselves utterly deserted.

Jew and Arab in Palestine

Major H. L. Nathan, M.P., in the Nation and Athenaeum (London): The report of the Palestine Committee of Inquiry is not a satisfactory document. . . . The whole report has a pro-Arab tendency. . . . It may be the British genius for understanding Eastern peoples that gives the Committee's whole report its Arab tinge. They understand the Arabs in a way they do not and cannot understand the Jews. They have great sympathy with the Arab demands for self-government. . . . But it must not come by way of surrender to murder.

KEEPING BABY LOVELY AND WELL

Some babies thrive from the hour of their birth while others make so little progress as to be the cause of much anxiety. As a rule it is the digestion that is at fault with these backward ones and they start to go ahead directly Baby's Own Tablets are made the corrective of their stomach and bowel troubles.

Baby's Own Tablets are specially designed for the use of babies and little children. They are absolutely safe and the mother can feel perfectly secure in giving them to even the most delicate child. They are a mild but thorough laxative which banish constipation and indigestion; break up colds and simple fevers and allay the pains which accompany the cutting of teeth. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"When you are very clever you are shut out from a great number of common joys."—Hugh Walpole.

Daughter of British Premier Christens New Canadian Ship



In 1867—the year when the separate parts of Canada were united into one Dominion—the United States bought Alaska from Russia for a bit over seven million dollars. The purchase, considered by many an extravagant one, came to be known as "Seward's Folly," after the Secretary of State who was its chief advocate.

Now in 1930, 63 years later, the daughter of a British prime minister, at Birkenhead, England, christens a Canadian ship to carry tourist visitors to the land once known as the barren home of the lonely fur trade but recognized to-day as one of the most picturesque and inspiring of holiday grounds.

The left picture shows Ishbel MacDonald, daughter of Britain's first labor prime minister, launching the CNS "Prince Henry," constructed by the Canadian National Steamships to supplement its Pacific Coast service of the CNS Prince George and Prince Rupert from Vancouver and Prince Rupert, B.C., through the popular Inside Passage, to Alaskan ports. Additional steamships for this run have been made necessary by the steady growth in the number of American travellers each year.

Two other vessels, the Prince Robert and the Prince David, will be completed in the next few months and will be put on the run between Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle. All the ships will sail from England to their home port, Vancouver, through the Panama Canal. The Prince Henry will make its first sailing to the north on July 3, calling at Prince Rupert and Skagway.

Song

How I loved to lean above you,
Laughing at you,
Swearing that I did not love you—
God knows I do!

Sorry now and quite relenting,
Heartsick with fear,
I regret all my tormenting
When you were here.

Had I sworn that I adored you
Now I'd be glad;
But perhaps I might have bored you
If I had.
—Aline Kilmer, in The Washington Carillon.

DUTY OF HAPPINESS

I cannot but think that the world would be better and brighter if our teachers would dwell on the duty of happiness, as well as on the happiness of duty; for we ought to be as cheerful as we can, if only because to be happy ourselves is a most effectual contribution to the happiness of others. Everyone must have felt that a friend is like a sunny day, which sheds its brightness on all around; and most of us can, as we choose, make of this world either a palace or a prison. There is no doubt some selfish satisfaction in yielding to melancholy; in brooding over grievances, especially if more or less imaginary; in fancying that we are victims of fate. To be bright and cheerful often requires an effort; there is a certain art in keeping ourselves happy; in this respect, as in others, we require to watch over and manage ourselves almost as if we were somebody else.—Lord Avebury.



"The occupant of a rumble seat finds his new car sets him back quite a bit."

Savings and Wealth

Economist (London): British industry is struggling along the hard path of reorganization towards the greater production of wealth, upon which both prosperity and furture national revenue depend, and a factor indispensable to success is that the national savings should be sufficient to provide an adequate supply of new capital for permanent investment at low interest rates . If this adequate supply is to be forthcoming, it is essential that the national resources should be carefully husbanded, and that the savings of the country should not be squandered for unproductive purposes.

Use Minard's for Burns.

DUTY

One sound always comes to the ear that is open, it is the steady drum-beat of Duty. No music in it, perhaps—only a dry rub-a-dub. Ah, but that steady beat marks the time for the whole orchestra of earth and heaven! It says to you: "Do your work—do the duty nearest you!" Keep step to that drum-beat, and the dullest march is taking you home.

An Egyptian wig in the British Museum contains no fewer than three hundred little braided pig-tails.

Fletcher's
CASTORIA
FOR QUICK, HARMLESS COMFORT
Children Cry for It
FOR CONSTIPATION, DIARRHEA, FEVERISHNESS

Owl Laffs

There are many nervous breakdowns, but some folks never experience a breakdown of their nerve.

The chronic cusser works for the devil for nothing and pays his own expenses.

Some persons are so contentious that they are ready to argue with a thermometer.

Heaven

If men would love each other more,
And curse each other less,
If all would pledge their hearts to help
The fellows in distress,
If Hindoo, Indian, Chinee,
And Christians all would love,
They'd find a taste of what they hope
To find somewhere "above."
The hearts that love, God's secrets have
Of all that's going to be,
This world, well filled with faith and love,
Is heaven enough for me.
—J. W. Holland.

Wake up, if you want your dreams to come true.

The difference between theory and practice is: The school books teach that there are 360 interest bearing days in a year. The bank teaches that there are 365 such days and every four years 366.

The greatest screen triumph we have experienced this spring was putting them up without knocking a hole in 'em.

A Short, Short Poem

Susie
Choosie
No rice and
Old Shoesie.

Neither college nor clothes can make something out of nothing.

Charles—"May I kiss you?"
Anne—"What do you think I've been waiting for—a street car?"

When a man goes to the dogs, many of his friends bark at him.

Keep your tongue and your temper will keep itself.

The most precious thing anyone—man or store—anybody or anything—can have is the goodwill of others. It is something as fragile as an orchid—and as beautiful. As precious as a gold nugget—and as hard to find. As powerful as a great turbine—and as hard to build. As wonderful as youth—and as hard to keep.

Some folks really have "virgin minds." They never give birth to a thought.

Our Answer to the Scientists

Love is only a disease,
To which we're all adicted;
Then heav'n be praised for granting such
Nice way to be afflicted.

Henry—"That's what I call tough luck."
Card—"Whats' that?"
Henry—"I've got a cheque for $40 and the only man in town who can identify me is the one I owe $50.

Nothing is so useless as worry, unless it's advising people not to.

What this country needs is fewer five-cent cigars.

Many a man who has "gone over the top" would shrink from acting as judge of a baby show.

Sunday School Teacher—"In what book do we find the account of the false prophets?"
Little Boy — "In Pa's income tax book."

Minard's Checks Falling Hair.

American Society girls have taken up a new "craze"; they are trying to get employment as typists, shop-girls, etc., much to the disgust of those who have really to work for a living.

75% of TOTAL FARES to CANADA ADVANCED

BRITISHERS in Canada may now bring forward their Families, Relatives and Friends on Easy Terms.

For full details apply:—
J. D. CAMERON,
Dist. Supt. Colonization
Canadian Pacific Railway, Toronto
BRITISH
RE-UNION ASSOCIATION

Sick Animals

Welcome Minard's. It is an ideal first aid about the stable. Get a bottle to-day.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT

"CONSTIPATION COMPLETELY GONE"
writes Mrs. W. Walker. Thousands say constipation, indigestion, gas end overnight with "Fruit-a-tives". Complexion clears like magic. Nerves, heart quiet. Get "Fruit-a-tives" from druggist today.

ISSUE No. 19—'30

Classified Advertising

FOR SALE

A1 BABY CHICKS—WE HATCHED 215,000 last year in four varieties. Write for free catalogue. A. H. Switzer, Granton, Ont.

CHICKS

20 Famous Breeds to choose from. Send for free chick catalog; it has valuable information on brooding chicks.

Essex Hatchery
"In scratching for you"
Box 207-W, Essex, Ont.

Some orange trees bear fruit until they are one hundred and fifty years old.

FOR SALE

FIVE D.C. MOTORS

¼, 1, 1½, 4 and 8 Horsepower, all in good condition. Cheap for immediate sale. H. Watkins, 73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.



BOYD'S BICYCLES AT LOWER PRICES

Tires, Coaster Brakes Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps Bells, Cyclometers, Saddles Equipment and parts of Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices. Catalogue free.

T. W BOYD & SON 476 Notre Dame St. W. MONTREAL.

WHY SUFFER FROM YOUR LIVER?

Why be handicapped with unsightly blotches on the face, eyes with yellow tinge and that tired and languid feeling? This indicates a torpid liver

Headache, Dizziness and Biliousness surely follow. You must stimulate your lazy liver, start the bile flowing with Carter's Little Liver Pills.

They also act as a mild laxative, purely vegetable, free from calomel and poisonous drugs, small, easy to swallow, and not habit forming. They are not a purgative that cramps or pains, unpleasant after effect following, on the contrary a good tonic. All Druggists 25c and 75c red pkgs.

PILE PAIN
Ends in 1 Minute
"Ended burn, itch and pain of piles in 1 minute with 'Sootha-Salva'," writes L. T. Sears. "Bleeding stopped. Piles soon vanished. Avoided operation." Get instant results today. All druggists.

"I Was Skinny and Tired. Now Peppy. Gained 11 Lbs."



"Had tired feeling, no pep. But Ironized Yeast gave me pep; much stronger. Gained 11 lbs. Boils and pimples disappeared." —Mack Lattoria.

Amazing new Ironized Yeast adds 5 to 15 lbs. in 3 weeks. Changes "skinny," weak body to strong, well-developed form all admire. Blotchy skin gets clear and rosy like magic. Nervousness, indigestion, constipation disappear overnight. Sound sleep. New pep from very first day.

Two great tonics in one—special weight-building Malt Yeast and strengthening Iron. Pleasant little tablets. Far stronger than unmedicated yeast. Results in ½ time. No yeasty taste. No gas.

Dont' be "skinny," weak, unattractice. Get Ironized Yeast from druggist today. Feel great tomorrow. Money back from manufacturer if not delighted with quick results.



76 beats 36

Read this wonderful letter from a man of 76 who is "more active than 40 years ago," thanks to the "daily dimeful" of Kruschen Salts.

"*As a subject of both gout and rheumatism for just over 50 years, I wish to acknowledge that I have found nothing so absolutely certain as Kruschen Salts. Epsom and other things all have their virtues, but also their drawbacks. Kruschen Salts I have so far found, after 5 years or more of using them, have no drawbacks and no counter-effect whatever. I am 76 and more active than 40 years ago.*"

Original letter on file for inspection.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at drug and department stores in Canada at 75c. a bottle. A bottle contains enough to last for 4 or 5 months—good health for half-a-cent a day.

FROM MOTHER OF EIGHTEEN

Read How This Medicine Helps Her



Cardston, Alberta—"I am fifty-eight years old and the mother of eighteen living children. We live on a farm and I am a very healthy mother considering that I have such a big family to work for. The druggist first told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I have depended on it for many years. When I had this picture taken, the photographer was telling me about his wife's ailments and after I told him about the Vegetable Compound he went to the drug store and bought her two bottles."—Mrs. Bertha Sallenbach, Sr., Cardston, Alberta.

Of Interest to Owners of Cars!

We have equipped our garage with the latest and best Electric Valve and Valve Seat Grinder, and with these Precision Tools we can do the highest class of work and give you a perfect job.

We also have a first-class Cylinder Grinder for fitting over-size pistons in motors, giving finish equal to the original factory job.

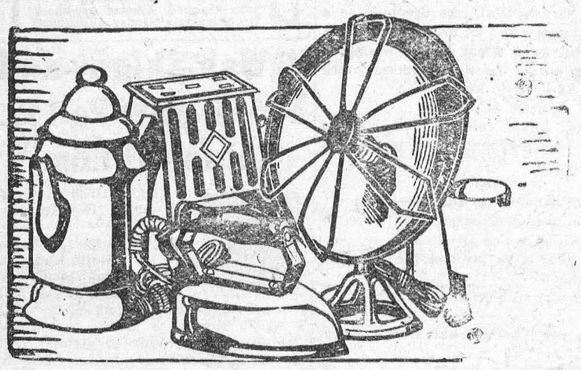
Our work is right, our prices are fair, at the Old Reliable Stand.

M. BAILEY

DURANT DEALER

Winchester - - Ontario

ELECTRIC FIXTURES



Don't forget that the Hydro Store is Headquarters for all kinds of Eiectrical goods, such as, Electric stoves, Heaters, Fans, Toasters, Irons, Washers, Light Bulbs, etc. Prices Reasonable.

Winchester Hydro Electric System

The Station Store!

JUST RECEIVED A SHIPMENT OF

Floor Coverings

Floor Oilcloth

1, 2 and 2½ yds. wide

at **50c** sq. yard.

Beautiful Colors

Linoleum Rug

9 x 15, reg. $20.00

For $14.95

Gold Seal Congoleum Rugs

6 x 9 ft. $5.29 9 x 10½ ft. $9.69

7½ x 9 ft. $6.79 9 x 12 ft. $10.79

C. A. COONS,

Telephone 152, - - Winchester

W. M. S. Convention

(continued from page 1)

Pill-Bottle," was given by Morrisburg young people, which very forcibly depicted the need of medical missionaries in India. This pageant was under the supervision of Mrs. Merrill and was put on in such an excellent manner as to reflect much credit upon those who took part in it.

WEDNESDAY MORNING SESSION

The Wednesday morning worship service was conducted by two ladies from the Montreal Presbyterial. The first chapter of Acts was read, also that part of the second where the story of Pentecost is told- Earnest prayers were made for a revival of God's Work.

The Presidents of the five Presbyterials gave very fine reports of the past year's work showing progress all through and an optimistic spirit in regard to this year.

Miss Richmond read several resolutions and memorials one being that life members' certificates should be given out by the Presbyterial Treasurer rather than Branch Treasurer. This was adopted along with one memorial to be sent to the Board. Mrs. W H. Henderson brought in the report of the Nominating Committee as follows:

Past President—Miss Tweedie, Montreal.

President—Mrs. E. C. James, Kingsbury.

First Vice-President—Mrs. C. G. McLellan, Montreal.

Second Vice-President—Mrs. C. W. Harris, Maxville.

Third Vice-President—Mrs. Logan, Westmount.

Fourth Vice-President—Mrs. W. Henderson, Ottawa.

Recording Secretary—Mrs. Clarke Hyndman.

Corresponding Secretary—Mrs. Hall, Sherbrooke.

Treasurer—Mrs. A. W. Young, Montreal.

Christian Stewardship and Finance—Mrs. H. S. Shearer.

Young People's Work—Miss Alice Wickware, Ottawa.

Mission Band and Baby Band—Mrs. James Faulds, Cornwall.

C. G. I. T.—Mrs. A. E Nash, Morrisburg.

Associate Helpers—Mrs. J. H. Goode, Ottawa.

Supply—Mrs. A. L. Young, Point Aux Trembles.

Strangers—Miss Carrie Alguire, Cornwall.

Literature—Mrs. W. H. Abbott, Lennoxville.

Missionary Monthly and Press—Mrs. J. R. Binks, Ottawa.

Temperance—Mrs. W. S. L. Merrill, Morrisburg.

Convenor of Nominating Committee for next year—Mrs. McLellan of Montreal.

Officers without portfolio—Mrs. E. C. Woodley; Mrs. S. S. Burns and Mrs. W. W. Alexander.

The Courtesy Committee brought in a report thanking the Minister and Board of the Church, the Auxiliary, the soloists, organists and choir, all those who brought greetings, and any who took part in any way in the program. Miss Perry, the billeting Secretary, reported the registration of 105 delegates and officers. The other members of the billeting committee were Mrs. Fred Parker, Mrs. J. W. Ault and Mrs. J. A. McDougall. Their strenuous work was done most efficiently and satisfactorily.

Montreal extended an invitation for the Branch meeting to be held next year in Emmanuel Church there.

The beautiful Installation service was conducted by Miss McGregor.

Mrs. Harris of Maxville very impressively conducted the Quiet Hour, taking the thought of Pentecostal power and showing the need of that power to-day.

The communion service made a fitting close to the forenoon session. This was conducted by Revs. J, H. Miller, J. A. Waddell, A E. Hager and E. Lacey.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON SESSION

Conferences were held after luncheon.

The 2 30 p. m. session opened with devotions conducted by Mrs Harrison and Mrs. Hall of Glengarry Presbyterial, the theme being, "Our Work on the Foreign Field" After reading of minutes by K. B. McEwen, the delegates to the Domin-Board Meeting in Toronto, May 27, were elected by ballot, the result being—Mrs. F. A. Johnston of Sherbrooke, and Mrs R. S. Logan of Montreal; the alternates being Mrs W. O. Johnston, Ottawa, and Mrs. T. G. Raynor, Ottawa.

The Memorial Service was conducted by the Past President, Miss Tweedie, who placed white carnations and red tulips in a vase, a flower for each of the following workers who have passed on to higher service,: Miss Lathern of Yarmouth, former editor of Palm Branch; Mrs. Joseph Annand, New Hebrides; Mrs John Morton, Trinidad; Mrs. W. E. Ross, Hamilton; and Miss Helen Wright, Calvary Church, Montreal; and one for all others of our fellow workers who have been called Home. Special mention was made of Mrs. Hull Cowansville, Mrs. Snowden, Mrs. Cass, and Mrs. Alex Ross.

A feeling of solemnity prevailed as all stood for the prayer of consecration of lives, which was followed by the joyous strains of "There is no death," sung by Mrs. P. Durant.

The main speaker of the afternoon was Miss McIntosh of Montreal, our Stranger's Secretary. Referring to the various theories held concerning immigration—that numbers were necessary, that quality counts, that we have no right to exclude any—Miss McIntosh claimed our organization should be a channell of service for these newcomers, and so must be kept clean and clear. There must be no overlapping but no one may be missed, and there must be co-operation with the government, the I. O. D. E., and all others doing similar work. The Stranger's Secretary is a filler-in who is ready for any service needed in the first few months, especially for the mothers she visits.

On a Wednesday morning one would find in the office four women and a man—Mr Gordon who is filling in Dr. Chisholms place at present; of the women workers, two are Glengarry girls whose mothers brought them up in the W. M. S. Band and Circle, and one a Swiss is an angel to the Non-Saxon Arrivals. We have 14 workers and 5 chaplains, the work at the ports being absolutely non denominational. All immigrant trains as well as boats must be met at any hour of the day or night. Follow-up work is done visiting them, keeping them find their place in the church and neighborhood, keeping them learn the language, getting them into clubs and classes. Many contacts show the neweomers are from good homes and fine families. Migration work also is done, looking after students, nurses-in-training and out-of-town patients in hospitals. Miss McIntosh's talk was full of interesting, humorous and pathetic incidents, showing the necessity of bringing a merry heart to the work. One story was of Rudy, a little Hungarian man of nine carrying all the luggage and caring for three-year-old Kitty, orphan children whose Uncle in Western Canada had sent for them and notified the chaplain to watch for them at Port. Word had been sent on for them to be met at the station—Montreal, Winnipeg, etc. Pie was a novelty so the children bought pie and little Kitty ate a whole one before satisfied. The Stranger's Secretary had a doll for the wee girls and saw them on their train.

Mrs. T. A. Wilson gave a paper on a "A Worth-while Meeting", her test being threefold—Inspiring, Informing and Interesting. It is a God-given task and the Atmosphere in every meeting must be that of King's Business, which is of first importance and requires haste. There is no time for anything outside of Missionary information but it must be put it a live way. Such programs cannot be haphazard. There must be careful and pray erful preparation.

One successful plan she mentioned was for the Executive to map out the program for six months or a year at the beginning of the year, choosing one central thought for each meeting realizing the vast interest and information in the Blue Book, Missionary Monthly and the Catalogue. Someone should be appointed to write the missionary on the Auxiliary prayer list, 3 should be appointed to carry out each program and to select hymns to correspond with central thought of the meeting. The meeting should begin on time and should close with prayer. Use your own members rather than outsiders for your programs.

"The Quiet Hour" followed being conducted by Mrs Harris. She spoke of paper, once the filthiest of rags having become the medium through which the princes and kings may send their messages. So hearts until purified and prepared cannot be living apostles bearing Christ's Message to all men. Mrs. Mattice's solo, "Lord, I want to be a Christian in my heart" fittingly closed the session.

Wednesday Evening Session

After the tea hour, the evening session opened with the pastor Rev. J. A. Waddell conducting the devotions, after which Rev. J. H. Miller, the president of the Conference, who had come from Huntington, Que. for the purpose offered Conference greetings. He was greatly in sympathy with the W. M. S. work as he had always found that the Church with a flourishing auxilary was a church in good condition in all its departments. He made fitting reference to the recent deaths of Dr. Armstrong of Japan and Dr. Service of China.

Rev. H. B. Campbell of Arvida, Que. was the speaker for the evening. He gave a description of the marvellous beauty and resources of that of the country one-third of hydro electric development of Canada lies in the few miles between Lake St. John and Chicovtimi. Mr. Campbell described his work in the quickly springing up construction camps and towns, places of great beauty, great isolation, wonderful problems with population from all parts of the world. The work grew so rapidly that he asked for a W. M. S. nurse-deacon and Miss Oliver was sent. She did wonderful work nursing and preaching, her pulpit often being a pool table, her work taking her many miles tramping in the snow.

Now there are three ordained men in this section, two of whom are on self supporting charges. Mr. Campbell has great visions of the future of the North and filled his hearers with enthusiam.

Mrs. James reminded the audience that all over Canada women were doing as great work as Miss Oliver had done "keeping ordained men on their toes," as Mr. Campbell had said Miss Oliver did, but the Church did not ordain them. During the offering the choir sang "Consider and Hear Me," very effectively.

The president then introduced our Missionary elect, Miss Pearl Brown, of Roebuck, who fittingly responded. Mrs. W. H. Henderson asked that letters of sympathy and appreciation be written to Mrs Pergan and Miss Connell and of appreciation to the other retiring officers.

Mrs. Crowe gathered up the odds and ends of the meetings referring especially to the Memorial Service and thanking Mr. Campbell for the visio nhe had given us of an almost unknown part of our country before turning again to the subject of Pentecost and the visitation of the Holy Spirit with its feelings of unlimited power. Rev. J. H. Miller closed with the benediction which all felt had been a season of great value to our society sending forth the members to renewal activity.

Report of Courtesy Committee

On behalf of the Branch we desire to thank the Minister and the Board for the use of this beautiful church; the Auxiliary and other ladies of the congregation for their cordial welcome and entertaining us so royally in the church and in their homes, Mr. Brown for his words of welcome from the Presbytery, and we would also add our appreciation voiced by Mrs. McLennan, of the words of welcome from the Pastor, the Reeve of the town and representatives from sister societies. We thank the soloists, the organist and the choir for their contributions. We thank Mrs. Johnston for helping us to become better acquainted with our work in Africa, and Mrs. Crowe for her inspirational addresses. We thank each one who took part in the beautifully presented pageant. We appreciate the coming to us of Miss McGregor. Miss McIntosh and Rev. Mr. Campbell and thank them for the messages they bring. We thank the Press for reporting the sessions of this meeting. We thank the sexton of this church and everyone who has helped in any way, to make this a very helpful Branch Meeting.

The Crown Bakery.

Keep Eating Our

'MILK LOAF'

A loaf that is different "tastes better"

Our Boston Gems, Corn Cakes, Angel Cake and all our other pastry will suit your taste.

"Try Some"

C. R. ROBINSON,

PHONE 37, - - WINCHESTER

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"AT YOUR SERVICE"

Pineapples 25c & 30c

2 lbs. Raisins 25c

2 lbs. Prunes 35c

2 lbs. Cakes 25c

1 box Whole Wheat Gems 25c

Japan Green Tea 70c

2 tins Pumpkin 25c

3 lbs. Rice 25c

3 lbs. Beans 25c

Tilson's Health Bran 15c pkg.

Post's Bran Flakes 15c pkg.

Kellogg's All Bran 25

2 Shredded Wheat 25

3 pkgs. Quaker Corn Flakes for 25c.

Rennies' and Steele Briggs Seeds.

Fresh Fruit and Vegetables.

Ice Cream-Soft Drinks

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Successor to Dr. McKeown in his office, St. Lawrence St., Winchester, Ont.

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WANTED

Cattle of all kinds, also calves hogs. Highest prices paid. Apply to Telephone No. 2, Winchester, Sherman. 1-4p.

BY-LAW NO. 505

By-Law of the Village of Winchester for changing the date of holding the Annual Municipal Election.

Whereas by virtue of Section 75 of The Municipal Act, Chapter 233, R. S. O. 1927, the Council of a village may by By-Law passed not later in the year than the first day of November provide that the meeting of the electors for nomination of candidates for Reeve and Councillors and for the Public School Board shall be held on the last Monday in November and that polling shall take place on the first Monday in December.

And Whereas the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Village of Winchester deem it expedient to change the date for nomination meeting and subsequent poll if any, for the annual municipal elections of candidates for Reeve and Councillors and for the Public School Board,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Village of Winchester, pursuant to said Statute in that behalf thereunto appertaining and enabling, enacts that the meeting of electors for nomination of candidates for Reeve and Councillors and the Public School Board of the Village of Winchester shall be held on the last Monday in November at the hour of half-past seven o'clock in the afternoon at the Town Hall and, if a poll is required, that polling shall take place on the first Monday in December and all proceedings incidental to such nomination meeting and election shall be in accordance with the provisions of The Municipal Act.

This By-Law shall take effect immediately upon the passing thereof and shall remain in force from year to year until repealed.

Any By-Law, or portion of By-Law, heretofore passed in conflict herewith is hereby repealed.

A copy of this By-Law shall be published in three successive weekly issues of The Winchester Press.

Passed, signed and sealed in Open Council this Second day of May, A. D., 1930.

JAS. H. ROSS, Reeve,
J. C. EMPEY, Clerk.

Notice on Promulgation of By-Law, No. 505

The above is a true copy of a By-Law passed by The Municipal Council of the Village of Winchester on the Second day of May, 1930.

And all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such By-Law, or any part thereof, quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court of Ontario within three months next after the first publication of this notice in the newspaper called The Winchester Press or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

Date of First Publication, the Eighth day of May, 1930.

J. C. EMPEY, Clerk.



Keep FIRE at Bay *with* GYPROC

FIRE seldom visits houses having Gyproc Wallboard ceilings, partitions, walls and sheathing. On the contrary Gyproc has saved many homes.

This pioneer Canadian fire-safe gypsum board has a new Ivory coloured finish this year that makes decoration unnecessary (when panelled). It is just the thing to use for making extra rooms in the cellar or attic.

Quickly erected, inexpensive, structurally strong, Gyproc Wallboard gives permanent fire protection.

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GYPSUM, LIME AND ALABASTINE, CANADA, LIMITED

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The NEW IVORY

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Fireproof Wallboard

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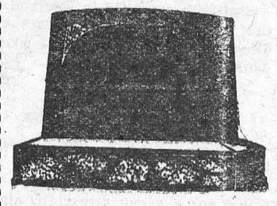

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Shops at Winchester Morrisburg & Farran's Point.

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WHAT WE HAVE IN CONFECTIONERY

New Boxed Chocolates, ANN HATHAWAY

Moir's Bulk Chocolates 40c, 50c, 60c & 90c lb.

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Salted Peanuts 30c to 60c per lb.

A New Bordeaux Chocolate 40c per lb.

An up-to-date assortment of Gross Goods

Over 35 different kinds of Chocolate Bars

Boxed Chocolates. Soft Drinks. Ice Cream

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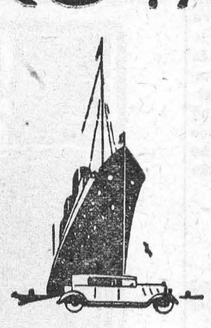
ROYAL MASTERS



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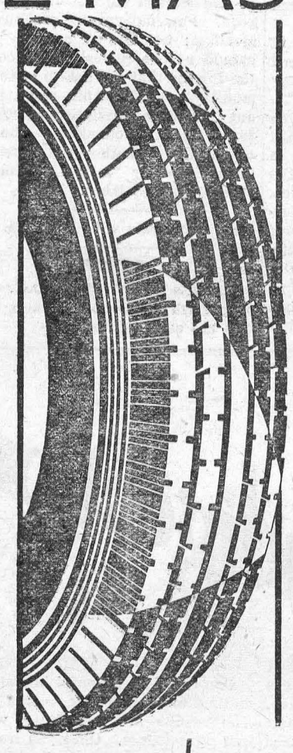
A tire smartly styled to add distinction to the most luxurious car.

A tire for years and years of wear . . . a tire that has compiled the most amazing mileage records known to modern motoring.



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Wherever you drive, Royal Masters are sold and serviced by Canada's greatest tire organization . . . the Dominion Tire Depot System . . . each independent unit distinguished by its blue and orange color scheme.



DOMINION TIRE DEPOTS

Everywhere

FROM OUR DISTRICT CORRESPONDENTS

Melvin News

Visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ruben Prunner on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Archie Coughler and daughter, Mabel of South Haumond, N. Y., Mr. and Mrs. Wm, Prunner, Mr. and Mrs. Silas Coughler, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Richmire and children of Inkerman, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Beckstead of Brinston.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Keyes and baby Harry of Winchester had tea at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Christie on Sunday.

Miss Evie Carlyle returned to her home in Dvnbar after spending the last few weeks at the home of her brother Mr. Kenneth Carlyle.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Christie and family had tea at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Ross of Chesterville on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alcide Lanoue and daughter Shirley of Massena, N. Y., and Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Wilson of Ottawa spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Lanoue.

The Misses Clara and Laura Prunner spent Wednesday with friends in Morrisburg.

To late for last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Erratt and family spent Sunday with friends in Kemptville.

Mr. and Mrs. James Johnsotn and son Roy, of Cass Bridge, spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Dalton Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hogoboam and Mrs. John Hogoboam of Cass Bridge spent Sunday at the home of the latter's daughter, Mrs. Walter Erratt.

Mrs. Patenaude of Embrum is spending a short time with her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Lanoue.

Morewood

Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Hutchinson of Winchester called on Mr. and Mrs. Benson Hutchinson on Sunday.

Mr. John Worsfold was rushed to Cornwall Hospital on Tuesday morning to undergo an operation for Appendicitis and gallstones.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Barrington, Mrs. Abner Dillabough and daughter Sybil, spent Saturday in Ottawa.

Miss Sadie Feeley of Ottawa spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Warren Feeley.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Swerdfeger of Lunenburg spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Will Swerdfeger.

We are sorry to report Mr. Benson Hutchinson is very ill having suffered another stroke on Saturday morning.

Mrs. Ezra Countryman spent Sunday Mrs. George McGregor of Cannamore.

Mr. Max Martin and Mr. Dalton Steinberg of Rockport spent the week-end at their homes here.

Mr. Dean Loucks and Miss E. Griffith of Bearbrook and Miss Norma Loucks of Ottawa, spent Sunday with Mrs. E. Loucks.

Miss Christena Coulthart of Lunenberg spent the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Coulthart.

Mr. John Glasgow of Crysler is busy electric wiring Mr. Emerson Faulkner's home.

Mrs. Slight and daughter, of the West, is spending sometime with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Coulthart.

Mr. Earl Gordon and friend of Ottawa, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Gordon.

Mr. Harold Swerdfeger returned home on Monday after spending a few days in Montreal.

Miss Jean Faulkner of Lunenberg spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. E. Faulkner.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Dillabough and family of Russell called on Mr. and Mrs Orrin Dillabough Sunday.

Mr. Emerson Swerdfeger of Massena spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jake Swerdfeger.

Born—On Sunday, May 11th, 1930, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry McGillvary, a son.

Died—On Sunday, May 11th, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry McGillvary.

South Mountain

Mr. M. J. Cleland who recently moved to Kingston, was a caller in town for a few days this week,

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Robinson and family are moving to Morrisburg this week where Mr. Robinson has secured a position.

Guests at Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Mulholland's Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Martin and little son Dwane of Belleville, and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Mulholland and Miss Erma of Ottawa.

Rev. P. Bennett of Kingston visited friends here this week.

Messrs W. J. Duncan, Chas. Kavanaugh and T. Shaver were in Ottawa on Friday.

Mr. Wilburn Coons and mother of Winchester visited Mr. and Mrs. Lorne Boyd Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jackson and Mr. and Mrs. J. Bush, of Cardinal, Sundayed with friends here.

Mrs. H. Cooper is visiting her brother, Mr. McCrae of Winchester at present.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Wilson of Osgoode were visitors at the home of Mr. David Berry Sunday.

Mr. J. Kavanaugh and grandson of Cardinal, and Mr. M. Kavanaugh of Iroquois, Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Duncan.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie McCrae and little son spent Sunday with friends at VanAllen's Corners,

Mr. J. Boyce of Kemptville spent Tuesday with his daughter, Mrs. H. Blakely, who is ill.

Mr. Gordon Boyd pent Saturday with friends at North Augusta.

Mr. Johnston McGee, of Heckston, was a caller on friends here on Sunday.

We are pleased to report Mrs. John Forrester able to return home after her recent operation in Brockville Hospital.

Messrs. Avner Collison and son Archie, Mrs. Chris Forrester and Mrs. James Oshier visited Mrs. Avner Collison who is a patient at the Brockville Hospital.

Mr. and Mrs. Rueben Barriger of Cardinal Sundayed with Mr. John and Miss Margaret Jordon.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Marcellus of Dundela were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Gilroy.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Hess of Ogdensburg, N Y., Sundayed with Mr. and Mrs. David Hess.

Mountain

Mrs M. Wood, of Cornwall, spent Thursday at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. B. George and Mr. B. Barkley spent Friday in Ottawa.

Misses Louise and Thelma Weaver returned to Montreal on Saturday after spending some time with their sister, Mrs F. Kirkwood, who is ill at present.

Mr. R. Johnston, of Arnprior, spent the week-end at the Foster House.

Mr. R. L. Kerr and Carson were in Ottawa recently.

Visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Scott over the week-end were Mr. and Mrs. E. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. B. Scott and Mr. and Mrs. S Hyndman.

Dr. C. M. Hall, of Cornwall, was a caller in town one day last week.

Miss Gladys Barrigar, returned to the Falls on Tuesday, after spending the week-end at her home here.

We are pleased to report Mrs. L. B. Giles improving after her recent operation

Messrs. D. Kerr and R. Stevens were in Ottawa on Saturday.

Miss Ella Weaver, of Kemptville, spent last week at her home here.

Cloverdale

Mr Cyrille Lamoureux and sister Ada, of Montreal accompanied by some cousins motored from Montreal Sunday morning and spent the day with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Lamoureux.

Mr. Lyall Utman and his mother from Vancamp spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. W. Larocque.

Miss Pearl Docksteader spent the week end in the city the guest of her sister, Miss Eva Docksteader.

Mr. George Cinnamon spent Sunday afternoon in Ottawa.

Miss Ethel Larmour spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs Eli Lamoureux

Mr. and Mrs. Eli Lamoureux and Margaret spent Sunday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Hughes.

Mr. Fred Rollo spent Monday evening at the home of Mr. and W. Larocque.

North Mountain.

Mrs. Larue spent Sunday with Mrs. Wm. Allen, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Byard Black and family were callers in South Mountain on Sunday,

Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Earle and Frank, also Mr. James Shaw of Prescott were visitors at the home of Mr. Wm. Shaw on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dougall and baby Jean of Merrickville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Hyndman on Sunday.

Mr. Rob. Dougall of Merrickville was renewing acquaintances here on Thursday after spending the winter in Florida.

Miss Golda Cummings visited her sister Mrs. F. Robinson on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Kerr and Phyllis spent Sunday in Morewood.

The Things That Count

Not what we have, but what we use;
Not what we see, but what we choose—
These are the things that mar or bless,
The sum of human happiness.

The things near-by, not things afar;
Not what we seem, but what we are—
These are the things that make or break,
That give the heart its joy or ache.

Not what seems fair, but what is true;
Not what we dream, but good we do—
These are the things that shine like gems,
Like stars in Fortune's diadems.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Asa Hutt

NOTICE is hereby given that any parties having a claim against the Estate of Asa Hutt, late of the Township of Winchester in the County of Dundas, farmer, who died on or about the 3rd day of April last, are required to send to the undersigned on or before the 31st day of May, 1930; full particulars of the same duly verified.

AND FURTHER NOTICE is given that immediately after the last mentioned date the Executrix, Minnie Hutt, will proceed to distribute the assets of said Estate among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims then received, and the said Executrix will not be responsible to any party, notice of whose claim shall not have been received at the time of distribution.

Dated this Eighth day of May, 1930
ARTHUR FLYNN, Morrisburg, Ont.
Solicitor for Executrix.

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SPECIAL REDUCED PRICE ON BABY CARRIAGES AND SULKIES

Before purchasing, call and see our line and get our prices. Style, Comfort and Quality assured.

Then there is the Rail Wagon for baby with iron or rubber tires $4.50 & $6.00

Rocking horses $3.00 Toddlers, ideal for strengthening baby's limbs $3.35

Baby's Fence $1.50 Kindergarten Sets at $2.75 and $3.00

Child's Rocker's $2.00 and $1.75 Child's Shovels, large 25c, small 15c

THE M. F. BEACH CO., - LIMITED, PHONE 3 - WINCHESTER, ONT.

KEYES'

"GROCERIES"

6 Rolls Toilet Paper For 25c

3 pkgs. Quaker Corn Flakes For 25c

2 lbs. Seedless Raisins For 25c

100 lbs. Redpath Sugar $5.45

6 pkgs. Garden Seeds For 25c

Potatoes Fine Eaters or Seed $2.50 bag.

5 lbs. Clover Honey For 65c

1 lb. McCormick's Sodas For 20c

2 lbs. Walkers' Jam Jams For 25c

3 pkgs. Handy Ammonia For 25c

2 tins Tomato Soup For 25c

Owing to tarriff reduction, Orange Pekoe Black Tea is Now 55c lb.

KODAK FILM

"We have put in a stock of Kodak Flm and can offer a 24 hour service on Expert Developing and Printing."

Men's Oxfords

A big range of Men's Oxfords in Black Calf. Made on Comfortable Lasts, Rubber Heels.

This is an outstanding shoe, one of (Tibbult's) best. May we show you this shoe.

Price $5.50



KEYES' FOR SERVICE

"Gutta Percha Tires"

Ask the man who drives them!

30 x 3½	29 x 4.40
Utility Cord	TWIN SEVEN CORD
$5.00	$7.45

28 x 4.75—$12.05 29x4.75—$9.90 & $12.60
29 x 5.00—$10.45 30x5.00—$10.85
30 x 5.25—$12.60 and $15.65

Leave your Rim or your Car. We give 15 minute service on Tires with Satisfaction guaranteed.

"GUTTA PERCHAS" have the New 'Resisto' Rubber 47½% tougher.

"BUILT BETTER, TO WEAR BETTER."

T. O. KEYES

STORE PHONE 16 - MEAT MARKET 85

Tenders Wanted For Stone Crushing.

Tenders for placing crushed stone on roads in Winchester Tp. will be received by the undersigned up to Tuesday, May 20th, at six p. m.

On the Nine Mile Road between lots 6 and 7 in concession 1 and headline road cons. 1 & 2 across lot 7—1300 cu. yds., estimated.

Given road, con. 3, lot 3 and westerly—700 yds.

Headline Road, cons. 10 & 11 across lot 5 and 6—700 yds.

Ormond Road, cons. 8 & 9—1500 yds.

Headline Road, cons. 11 & 12 across lot 3 & 4—800 yds.

Yardages are only approximate.

Tenders will be opened at the Clerk's Office at 8 p. m., May 20

Contracts to be completed not later than Dec. 1st, or will be cancelled. No tender necessarily accepted.

GEO. ELLIOT, Tp. Clerk,
Chesterville, Ont.

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Tents to Rent

Awning Goods by the yard

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Jas. W. Judson

Phone 663W, Brockville

"The Leading House."

SEEDS!

Our Specialties
Alfalfa, Alsike Clover
Red and Sweet Clover
Timothy Seed
Timothy & Alsike mixed and Seed Corn.
Flour and Feed on hand at all times.

John Johnston
Phone 84 Winchester.

WE RECOMMEND

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PAINTS & VARNISHES

They're made on a strictly scientific basis assuring the consumer of at least 300 square feet greater coverage per gallon than cheaper paint, due to the purity of ingredients used in the manufacture of "*High Standard*" Products *One Pint* of "High Standard" Paint will go as far, wear longer, and look better than *One Quart* of cheap or inferior paint. . . . .

Lowe Brothers Quick Drying Enamel
DRIES IN FOUR HOURS
For Furniture, Floors, Walls, and 101 Articles About



the home where speed in drying is desired. Dries in from 4 to 6 hours to a beautiful gloss finish. Comes in a choice of 18 colors; is easily applied, and requires no special thinner. Prices on application.

FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS
(*Bedrooms—Kitchens and Bathrooms*)

Lowe Brothers make a special product for interior walls in several modern tints. Lowe Brothers' Wall Paints are very economical and durable, and may be washed without damage to the surface. Ask for Color Card.



FOR FLOORS OF ALL KINDS



Whether hardwood - soft wood - concrete or linoleum, we have the right finish in Lowe Brothers' Varnish - Floor Enamel - Varnish Stains or Quick Drying Products - in a wide range of colors. Consult us for best results and economy in your Paint and Painting Plans.

VARNISHES AND VARNISH STAINS

For every conceivable purpose. No matter what the surface or what the finish desired, you will find a Lowe Brothers' Product to fit your needs. Color Cards and Prices gladly given on request.



A. Sweet & Co., Phone 135

"ROBINTEX"

FINE WORSTED SUITINGS

GUARANTEED BRITISH MANUFACTURE

Made from Pure Botany Wool These patterns represent all that could be desired in fancy suitings. A pattern to suit every individual taste.

A cloth that will make up well, wear well and keep its shape well. Known from coast to coast as a cloth of distinction and durability.

A. E. GOODFELLOW, Winchester, Ont.

IMPROVED FEATURES OF

The New Fordson

1—More Power	10—Hot Spot Manifold
2—Easy Starting	11—Heavy Fenders and Platform Standard Equipment
3—New Cooling System	12—Sixteen Plate Transmission Brakes
4—New Lubrication System	13—Steel Steering Wheel—Hard Rubber Covered.
5—New Ignition System	14—Shock Absorbing Front Coil Spring
6—Large Air Washer	15—Automatic Lubrication of Rear Wheel Bearings
7—Redesigned Transmission	16—One Piece Cast Front Wheels
8—Longer Wearing Crankshaft	
9—Improved Gasoline Carburetor	

This Tractor is now on display at our showrooms. Come in and look it over

Ford

We can now supply you with any model of the New Ford Cars.

LANNIN'S GARAGE - Winchester, Ont.

Canada's Air Mail Service

Growth of this New Branch of Post Office Department—New Routes Opened this Year

Canada, with her vast area and widely scattered population, is advantageously situated to derive the greatest benefits from the development of internal air mail service. The great distances which separate the principal urban centres and the steady and broad-fronted advance in settlement and development serve to render postal communication by air peculiarly valuable in the Dominion. In addition the Post Office Department of Canada has entered into a reciprocal arrangement with the United States postal authorities whereby Canada may take full advantage of the extensive United States air mail services connecting with points in Mexico, the West Indies, and Central and South America.

The establishment of Canada's official air post services is of comparatively recent date, but the conveyance of mail matter by air within Canada has been an actual fact for over ten years. In the early days of mail transportation by air, the Post Office Department, as a temporary measure, gave permission to the operating aviation companies to carry letters, entirely at the senders' risk and subject to a small fee ranging from five cents to twenty-five cents per letter, in addition to the regular postage. This fee was retained by the operating company. The successful operation of numerous "sticker" services demonstrated beyond question the essential practicability of air mail transport in the Dominion, for these services were conducted in many cases under considerable operating difficulties although not on hard-and-fast schedules.

Civil aviation in Canada assumed proportions in 1927 which justified the Post Office Department in utilizing the facilities available for the fast transport of mails, not only to remote areas but between the larger centres of population. Services of the latter type had of course to be arranged on definite time schedules and this involved a much greater problem. As a beginning a service was in augurated by which incoming British mails were taken from transatlantic steamers and transported by air to Montreal, thus considerably hastening their delivery. Later, on October 1, 1928, a service of daily frequency was established between Montreal and Toronto and on the same day an international air mail route was opened between Montreal, P.Q., and Albany, N.Y. On July 15, 1929, the Montreal-Toronto route was extended to Detroit, via Hamilton, London, and Windsor, Ontario, and thus a point of contact with the United States air mail routes westward was established, in addition to providing the most densely populated portion of Ontario with speedy air mail service. On the same date a still further connection with southern air mail routes was provided by the establishment of daily service between Toronto and Buffalo. Notwithstanding the difficulties of operation in the Maritime Provinces—scarcity of suitable landing fields, densely wooded areas, brok country, and fog—the Postmaster General inaugurated a service early in December, 1929, between Montreal, Quebec, Moncton, and Saint John.

The next major development in Canadian Air Mail Service was the inauguration of the trans-prairie route on March 3, 1930. Planes are now operating daily between Winnipeg Regina, Moose Jaw, Medicine Hat, and Calgary and between Regina, Saskatoon, North Battleford, and Edmonton on a schedule which clips a full twenty-four hours off the transcontinental movement of Canadian mails. This not only constitutes a marked advance towards the coast-to-coast service which is being developed link by link but revolutionizes inter-communication between the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba.

It is in the outlying portions of the country, however, that the most valuable work of Canada's Air Mail Service has been carried out. Until recently the remote settlements along the north shore of the St. Lawrence river, on Anticosti and the Magdalen islands in the gulf of St. Lawrence, and along the sub-arctic reaches of the Mackenzie river, have been almost cut off from the outside world during the winter months. Communication was necessarily by dog team and other primitive methods until the recent dramatic change to swift aeroplanes reduced the duration of mail trips from weeks to hours.

The establishment of contract air mail service in the Mackenzie River District—the most northerly of all air mail services—in December, 1929, attracted world-wide attention. The route from McMurray, down the Athabaska river, along the south shore of Great Slave lake, and down the mighty Mackenzie river is nearly 1,700 miles long. Hitherto, in the winter months, dog teams had been the sole means of conveyance and the volume of mail was correspondingly small, being limited to letters and a few newspapers. The total amount for Aklavik in the winter of 1928-29 was less than two hundred pounds. Contrast this with the remarkable conditions obtaining on the advent of air mail facilities. Ten thousand pounds of mail were carried on the first flights—over a thousand pounds alone for Aklavik at the mouth of the Mackenzie.

The chief remaining routes are those which penetrate the rich mining areas of Ontario and Manitoba, i.e., Red Lake, Kississing, and Bissett. They are the principal mineral areas served by air mail in Canada.

The development of flying fields and provision of lighting facilites, not to mention the constant improvements in aircraft which may be expected during the next few years, will undoubtedly do much to facilitate the performance of regular scheduled air mail services within Canada. Meanwhile the efficiency percentages maintained by the different operating companies are ing the world's record for speed over contract air mail lines, the Canadian service prouly boasts that it has never lost a single piece of mail out of the hundreds of tons that have been entrusted to it.—Natural Resources.

Motor Withering The Villages

Is the Canadian Village Doomed?—Have the Automobile and the Radio Combined to Spell Oblivion for Our Thousands of Hamlets?

The U.S. fears so, on the basis of early reports from the 1930 census, newspaper editors deduce, more or less sadly, that "our vilages are being sucked out of existence by the machine age."

"Irionicaly enough, they seem to be going the way of the saloon," remarks the New York Herald Tribune, while the Brooklyn Daily Eagle paints a gloomy picture of abandonment—"fallen palings, lawns gone wlid, shop signs peacefuly decaying in the grass."

"The first revelation of the current census reports is that the crossroads store, as a fact and a symbol, has all but vanished from the land," says the Portland Oregonian. "With it have disappeared, or are disappearing, the little red schoolhouse, the country doctor, and the rural church. And the culprit, if there be a culprit, is the automobile."

Another cause, we are told, is modern farm machinery, which permits one man to do the farm work of four under the old system, and releases the other three to man the filling stations, hot-dog stands, and other posts of duty in the modern picture.

Swarming over the United States are more than 24,000,000 cars and trucks, according to the 1928 figures of the Department of Agriculture. Their potential prey, if the pessimistic view of the decay of our villages is accepted, are 1,320 places of 2,500 to 5,000 population, listed in the 1922 census, and 12,905 incorporated places of less than 2,500. In addition to these, there are said to be thousands of tiny unlisted hamlets, all threatened by the machine age.

Before quoting further editorial comment on this dark trend in American life, let us dip into the census statistics which reveal it. Says an Associated Press dispatch from Chicago:

"Figures from eight States surrounding the 1920 center of population on the Illinois and Indiana line show that 92, or nearly 60 per cent. of the 161 small towns counted, suffered a reduction in population of from 5 to 100 per cent., while those showing increases in most cases have added few residents, frequently less than the normal birth increase."

As for what is making our villages wither, the same dispatch finds the explanation not only in the automobile, but in the multiplying attractions of life, both in the big towns and on the farms:

"Motor transportation over good roads, motion-pictures in the larger towns, and the broadened view conveyed to farmers and villagers by radio and daily newspapers account for the indicated shift in population.

"More modern farmhouses and delivery of goods by rural free delivery have caused tillers of the soil to stay on the old home place rather than go to the near-by village, and thus have caused the closing of many general stores in the small towns."

"It seems a pity," to the Philadelphia Inquirer, "that these hamlets have to go, because they were one of the things characteristic of the nation," but the Portland Oregonian, reminding us that the era of the crossroads store "was a difficut one of drudgery for women and the hardest of toil for men, "bids us "leave it to literature with more of gratefulness than regret."

ANGER

Anger is the most impotent passion that accompanies the mind of man; it effects nothing it goes about, and hurts the man who is possessed by it, more than any other against whom it is directed. It exposes him to laughter and contempt, without any return in satisfaction and content, as most of the other passions do; it is a barren and unfruitful vice, and only torments him who nourishes it. It is an affected madness compounded of pride and folly, and an intention to do commonly more mischief than that it can bringto pass; and without doubt, of all passions which naturally disturb the mind of man, it is most in our power to extinguish, at least, to suppress and correct.—Clarendon.

"Our age is more humanist than inteligent."—G. K. Chesterton.

Forestry Corps Ran "Sideshow In World War

Lumberjacks and Mill Men From Canada Kept Army Supplied With Timber

One of the most curious of the many little known sideshows of the World War was that put on by the corps organized from the unfit and casualty cadres of the Canadian Overseas Forces to deal with the acute shortage of lumber which developed in France and England early in the struggle.

A heterogenous collection of convalescents, of old men and boys whose physical powers had not proved equal to their martial enthusiasm, backed by a few technical men combed out of the fighting units, produced in the neighborhood of 500,000,000 board feet of railroad ties and other lumber and hundreds of thousands of pit props, which played no inconsiderable part in maintaining the efficiency of the railroads and mines.

The use of wood for trench supports, for light railway construction behind the lines and for the thousands of temporary huts and cantonments in France and England combined with the possession by the enemy of many French forest areas to produce a great shortage, while importations from Norway were stopped, as every available cargo ship was thrown into the primary service of carrying food or munitions.

Royal Forests Invaded

In this dilemma the Imperial War Council in London called upon the Canadian army authorities in 1915 to pick out of their regiments lumberjacks and technical mill men and to organize a corps to exploit what timber reserves England and France possessed. The great English estates were surveyed, and in some instances stands were cut which had been untouched for hundreds of years, notably in the royal forests around Windsor. Several fine century-old stands were found which had last been cut in the emergency of the Napoleonic wars.

Convalescents and the unfit, who were doing odd jobs in the various base camps in England, were gathered around the nucleus of sawyers, sawfilers and hammerers in a concentration camp in the heart of Windsor Great Park, not twenty miles from London, in the midst of giant oaks and heavy limbed beeches which had made delightful this royal domain from time immemorial. A director general was appointed. He and his staff invented new and complicated army forms, and the Canadian Forestry Corps came into being.

Scheme Extended to France

Companies of about 150 men were made up and placed in the Thames valley, the Cumberland lake district and the Highlands of Scotland. The scheme was extended to France, and more men were sifted out of the Canadian forces in the field, especially those who by reason of age, youth or wounds were physically unfit to stand the increasingly severe strain of service in the line regiments, until about 10,000 men were in the force.

One company was sent as far afield as Cyprus, but the ship bearing it was torpedoed in the Mediterranean. The survivors landed in Italy and were sent to reinforce the companies in France. Some of the latter were involved in the German advance in 1918, and from peaceful foresters became combatants again, fighting rear-guard actions while their stocks of lumber were being fired to prevent their falling into enemy hands.

Woodman's Axe Their Weapon

Many of the later drafts to the Forestry Corps came from regiments raised on the prairies or in the mining regions, and had never handled an axe. They had to be taught how to avoid chopping their feet and which way a tree would fall. Those who could not learn went to hospital and passed the rest of their army careers after convalescence in that interminable occupation, building roads.

For the most part, however, the new companies soon settled down to their work. They set up tents on the edge of their locations while they rigged up temporary sawmills to cut lumber for their permanent quarters and in two months had snug communities built in the heart of the woods, each consisting of five or six bunkhouses, canteen, administrative buildings, mess house and Y.M.C.A.

Coming from the misery of the trenches or the hungry desolation of the base camps, the men found their new life ideal. Discipline, as understood by the military mind, disappeared; saluting and button polishing were reserved for the infrequent visits of staff officers, and as most of the camps were miles from railway communication a surprise visit could be discounted. More often than not the local stationmaster's larder was kept supplied with game from the woods, and no "brass hat' had much chance of swooping down unannounced on a camp.

In many cases the companies were working on great estates, where the game had been preserved for generations for their personal diversion, as it seemed to the Canadians, who poached for trout and salmon and brightened the unimaginative menu furnished by army rations with grouse, woodcock and venison.

200 Logs Cut Daily

Each mill had a capacity of about 20,000 board feet a day, which meant that it had to be supplied with some two hundred logs, for as a rule the timber did not run much more than two feet in diameter. Railroad ties remarkably high. In addition to holdwere the first consideration, and material unsuited for them went largely into deals and one-inch boards, while the smaller limbs were cut for pit props.

When the man-power pinch came in the spring of 1918, at the peak of the German Western offensive, the companies were combed out and every possible man drafted to the fighting line. At one of the camps an attempt was made to fill the gap with the remnants of English man power, Whitechapel tailors and Eastcheap potboys, the maimed, the halt and the less reputable of the conscientious objectors.

A pathetic, ragtag force they were. A march of nine miles from the railway station to the camp produced 50 per cent. casualties, in bunions, blisters, varicose veins and a determination to wait for the baggage truck.

When they arrived they took possession of everything. They roughhoused in the Y.M.C.A., rioted in the canteen, rushed the doors of the mess house and ate up everything in sight, and then refused to work. After suffering them for a week the Canadian authorities packed them off.

But the corps was never the same again. Its old friendly homogeneity was invaded by other auxiliaries, Finns, White Russians, Czechoslovaks and like unhappy folks uprooted by the war and salvaged in out-of-the-way corners of the earth. Their ways were not our ways, and their presence in the forestry camps, however necessary it might have been, brought trouble. Besides, the war was obviously drawing to a close. Those who had not been in the fighting line were anxious to get there; those who had wanted to go home.

Within two months after the armistice most of the quiet villages in England, Scotland and France, which had come to regard "the Canadians up in the woods" as permanent fixtures, had said good by to the last of them. The auxiliaries were left to clean up the wreckage, and the Canadian Forestry Corps, a sideshow of the World War, was disbanded.



National research council scholarships are granted four graduate students in botany at University of Toronto: (1) S. M. Pady, graduate of McMaster; (2) R. E. Fitzpatrick of Baradoes; (3) G. A. Ledingham of the University of Saskatchewan; and (4) G. E. Thompson of Belmont, Ont., a graduate of Ontario Agricultural College.

Typhoon Strikes Fishing Fleet of 2,000 Boats, 200 Dead

Tokio.—The death toll in the typhoon which swept the southern portion of Saghalien Island and the northern coast of Hokkaido reached nearly 200 in reports to Rengo News Agency from Odomari.

The messages said the bodies of 94 victims had been recovered and that 100 others were missing.

The storm descended upon Odomari Bay, at the southern end of Saghalien, just after 10,000 fishermen had been attracted out to sea by the appearance of great schools of herring. About 2,000 fishing boats were out when the typhoon struck.

Prince Visits Parents by Air

London.—The Prince of Wales, accompanied by a pilot, flew to Windsor Castle yesterday and visited his parents. It was the first time in history an heir to the throne had visited the King and Queen at Windsor by air. King George and Queen Mary watched from the castle as the airplane circled and made a good landing on the golf links near the east terrace.

The King granted an audience to Chancellor Johann Schober of Austria.

"The American business man spends so much of his vital energy in the acquisition of wealth that he lacks the strength to hold a woman's affection.." —Dr. Fritz Wittels.

Greatest Plague of Locusts in History Sweeps Over Africa

London. — One of the greatest plagues of locusts recorded in history was sweeping the coast of North Africa recently from Morocco on the Atlantic Ocean to Irak on the Persian Gulf.

More than ten countries have suffered damage already amounting to tens of millions of dollars and recalling the Biblical plague mentioned in Exodus· "And the locusts went up over all the land of Egypt. . . . They covered the face of the whole earth, so that the land was darkened; and they did eat every herb of the land and all the fruit . . . . and there remained not any green thing."

Great swarms of locusts have darkened the sky in various sections of Africa and the near East, and swarms which sometimes are 12 miles long have made a deafening noise in flight as incalculable millions of voracious insects moved over or alighted in Senegal, Morocco, Algeria, Egypt, Sudan, Palestine, Transjordania, Arabia and Syria.

Much damage has been done as far south as Kenya Colony and Tanganyieka, where torrential rains halted the insect invasion.

Swarms have advanced from country to country, sometimes making flights of several hundred miles without alighting.

What New York Is Wearing

BY ANNEBELLE WORTHINGTON

Illustrated Dressmaking Lesson Furnished With Every Pattern



A little Dutch apron frock for small folk of 2, 4 and 6 years.

It's delightfully comfy and smart. It can be worn as apron now indoors to keep little daughter's frock spic and span.

With the warm days of summer, it is worn as a frock.

The miniature diagram shows how utterly simple it is to make and launder. Style No. 3358 is suitable for pique, broadcloth, dimity, organdie, linen, printed lawn, Peter Pan prints, dotted swiss and batiste.

The neckline, armholes and pockets are trimmed with rick rack braid. As a smart variation, they may be piped in contrasting color or white of fabric.

HOW TO ORDER PATTERNS

Write your name and address plainly, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Enclose 20c in stamps or coin (coin preferred; wrap it carefully) for each number, and address your order to Wilson Pattern Service, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

That is the true Christianity which effects the whole of life.—Spurgeon.

The Turning Off Of Swiss Rum Spigot

Switzerland Turns from Schnapps to Enter Upon a Beer-and-Wine Regime

Not overnight will the change take place, the dispatches tell us, but the sale of hard liquor becomes a government monopoly, and, by making the price sky-high, the country hopes to discourage its consumption.

Thus the world witnesses another experiment in the control of alcohol, one which will be watched in the United States, our editors tell us, with the greatest interest.

American drys view it as "another victory for the principle of Prohibition."

American wets, on the other hand, pointing to the beer-and-wine regime, call the new Swiss law a "triumph for temperance," and compliment the country on avoiding the "mistake of Prohibition."

By voting to control the sale of schnapps, a potent liquor distilled from fruits, Switzerland has taken what is said to be its first step toward the eradication of alcohol. Several previous attempts to curb John Barleycorn failed, due, it is said to the severity of the measures proposed. Passage of the new law, which is regarded as a moderate one, seems to have been aided by the argument that the money obtained by the taxing of schnapps could be used to finance social legislation, such as the old-age pension law.

Although the distillers are to be placed under strict supervision, every family will be permitted to make its own liquor, writes Reginald Wright Kauffman, in a dispatch from Geneva to the New York Herald Tribune:

"In cases, common here, of individual distillers among the peasant farmers, one still will be permitted for a family, if owned by the head of that family, and if it was in regular use before the referendum. But it will be purchased by the Government at cost upon the death of the owner.

From the same writer we learn more about the new law, which was adopted, on April 6, by 487,340 votes to 314,316, and with five of the twenty-two cantons registering a negative majority:

"The law is the popular answer to a movement begun years ago.

"General Prohibition was rejected by every historic party, and the Conservatives, Liberals, and Socialists—all the recognized political groups except the Communist organization—indorsed the policy of permitting wine and beer.

"Advocates of the new temperance law say they found their most effective publicity in posters, speeches, and pamphlets which emphasized alleged evil effects of Prohibition in the United States."

Oblivion for the farmhouse liquor shop is provided by the new statute, the Associated Press tells us:

"Social reform was the main argument. As fruit orchards were developed here, the peasants began distilling their own strong liquor, making schnapps. They were free to sell it, and drinkers got plenty of schnapps, not always good, for a low price at almost any farmhouse. Under the new system, any one may brew his own liquor, but only for his own consumption."

Monkey Hunt in Church by Clergy

London.—Lulu, a female African monkey, made a dash for liberty recently when she slipped out of her cage in "Noah's Ark," a shop in Waterloo road, London, and scampered into the churchyard opposite followed by her owner.

Round and round she ran and the chase was keen.

Just by the church door a heavy hand fell on her, but, unfortunately, the owner of the heavy hand also fell against the church door and Lulu was once more at liberty.

Inside the church were four people—three clergymen.

Lulu hesitatingly crept down the aisle, but soon all these clergymen were in hot pursuit.

The monkey rushed up and down the aisle and began to leap over the pews until she was cornered and secured by the clergymen, who promptly handed her back to her owner.



Newwed: "Say, old man, you don't know what you miss by not being married."

Bachelor: "I guess not. Do you count your money every night and morning?"

Forest Fire Loss Heavy Last Year

Generally Low Rainfall Aggravated Conditions—Heavy Expenditure

The forest fire situation in Canada during 1929 was one of the most severe ever experienced and might easily have been the most disastrous in our history but for the development of fire fighting methods which has taken place in more recent years throughout the federal and provincial forest services and other agencies interested in forest fire protection says a Bulletin of the Department of Interior, Ottawa.

The portion of the Dominion chiefly affected during the past season consisted of an area extending from Western Ontario to the Pacific coast. This area experienced very little snowfall during the winters of 1927-28 and 1928-29. During spring and summer of last year there was almost a complete lack of rain, and this condition combined with extended periods of high winds served to create an unparalleled condition of extreme drought throughout Western Canada. In the eastern portion of Canada, including Eastern Ontario, Quebec, New Brunswick and Nova Scotia, dry periods were prevalent but were punctuated by occasional and timely rains.

The outstanding feature of the 1929 fire season was the extraordinary expenditure for supression action alone, the cost of which was $978,000. This does not represent the total cost of protection, but merely the cost of actual fire fighting. In this respect it is the highest figure on record for any one season in the Dominion.

The greater part of this expenditure was incurred in Western Canada. The lack of precipitation previously mentioned caused a recession of water levels in lakes rivers, streams and muskegs, and this effect combined with the high winds which prevailed for long periods, made control measures exceedingly difficult, since fires starting, spread rapidly over large areas. Under such conditions large crews were necessary for weeks and in many cases months to finally extinguish fires.

During the year 1929, 6,685 fires were reported in Canada. With the exception of 1922, this is the largest number of fires for any year on record. The area burned over was 6,029,749 acres, of which approximately two-thirds was non-forested. The total gross damage and loss is estimated at $6,202,495. Considering the extreme conditions which prevailed, these figures reflect credit upon the protection organizations involved, inasmuch as in previous years, when the number of fires has been considerably less, the areas burned and the monetary losses were very much greater.

The Slump in Silver

Hong Kong Press: Only once during the last sixty years has there been a boom in silver, and that was during and just after the Great War. The belligerent Powers were fored to resort to silver coinage for the time being, but since then the slump has been steady and continuous, nor is there any indication of a revival. Bullion experts, in fact, are of opinion that before long silver will cease to be regarded as a precious metal. Persia is the latest convert to a gold currency, and the import of silver into that country is now prohibited. Economists have noted long ago that the tendency of silver is to flow from West to East—in the opposite direction to the march of civilization. The disturbing fact now being revealed is that Eastern nations are also losing faith in the white metal. Of the great Oriental countries, only China now stands four-square on the silver basis.

GEMS OF THOUGHT

Be the architect of your own fortune.

Truth loves to be looked in the face.

Sorrow is sent to teach us sympathy.

No man can walk straight who follows a doubt.

A sunbeam in the heart is bound to light the face.

A man of business is not always a business man.

Youth is a garland of roses; age is a crown of thorns.

To accept good advice is but to increase one's own ability.

Friendships are made on earth to be enjoyed in heaven.

No man can fail unless he tries to get along without God's help.

POWER

The desire of power in excess caused angels to fall; the desire of knowledge in excess caused man to fall; but there is no charity in excess, neither can man nor angels come into danger from it.—Bacon.

MUTT AND JEFF— By BUD FISHER

Jeff Will Spring Mutt if it Takes a Lifetime.

