SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.

The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XIV NO. 50. CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1907. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

The Bank of Ottawa

Pays Special Attention to

SAVINGS ACCOUNTS

Interest Paid 4 Times a Year.

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C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

Fine :-: Tailoring

W. J. NASH,

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If you are Earning less than

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We teach it thoroughly and quickly.

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Positions Guranteed. Send for Catalog.

DIER'S RAILWAY TELEGRAPH SCHOOL,

131 Bank St., Ottawa.

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120 - STUDENTS WANTED.

We will require 120 students to fill the positions we have at our disposal between now and spring.

—We can qualify you as—

...keeper, Stenographer, or Telegraph Operator.

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Brockville Business College.

W. T. ROGERS, Principal.

A Great Record

Over 300 calls for Office Help

Were received during the past year at the Celebrated

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A great many more positions than we are able to fill.

Why not prepare for a good position in business yourself?

Send for handsome catalogue giving full particulars and showing how we have helped more than three thousand young people solve the success problem during the past eleven years.

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UNION BANK

OF CANADA

ESTABLISHED 1865.

TOTAL ASSETS EXCEED

$31,000,000

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Should be opened at this time of year.

$1.00 is enough to start with, but the more you can put in the better. There is nothing that gives such a genuine sense of security as a bank account in an old Reliable Bank like the Union Bank of Canada. Interest paid or added to principal 4 times a year.

Crysler Branch!

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LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont, Dundas, Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.

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MUSIC TEACHER,

Pupil of Canadian Conservatory of Music, Ottawa, is prepared to receive a Limited Number of pupils at her residence Terms moderate.

Insurance.

You should protect yourself and family by taking out a

Fire Life Accident, Sickness, and Weather Insurance Policy in any of the following companies:

FIRE.

North British and Mercantile, Anglo American, Liverpool & London & Globe, British American, Caledonian, Canadian Phoenix of London, Metropolitan, Equity, Hartford, Sovereign, York Mutual.

ACCIDENT.

Ocean Accident, Canadian Casuality, and Boiler Ins. Co.

LIFE—Mutual Life of Canada.

WEATHER—Weston Farmers.

OFFICE OVER FULTON BLOCK.

C. W. CASSELMAN,

Wilford M. Saucier,

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler, Engraver, &c.,

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, jewellry, Spectacles etc ,etc., for sale and repaired with neatness and despatch.

Prompt attention paid to repairing sent by mail.

Issuer of marriage Licenses.

W. M. Saucier.

Chesterville Lodge No. 320

A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.

Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.

Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.

M. DURANT, W. M.

C. ROBINSON, Secretary.

Fireman Killed in Freight Collision.

A rear-end collision which occurred on the C. P. R., at St. Clet, about one o'clock Tuesday morning, caused the death of Fireman Daniel Mooney, of Smith's Falls, and the destruction of an engine and fourteen cars. A freight was taking water at St. Clet when another one eastbound dashed into it.

Arthur Rennick, engineer of the moving freight, saw the other standing on the track just ahead of him, but could not stop his train. He jumped and escaped. Mooney was caught in the wreck and was instantly killed. Brakeman S. A. Mahew and P. Collins escaped with slight injuries. All the men belong to Smith's Falls. No one was injured on standing freight.

Wrecking crews from Smith's Falls and Montreal were sent to the scene of the accident. Passenger trains were sent by Ottawa. Mr. Mooney leaves a wife and three small children.

LUMBER.

Arrived a car of Scantling and inch lumber, price $20,00 per thousand. Also will have car of Corn. first of week, Price $1.40 per hundred.

W. HAMILTON, Chesterville.

Teacher Wanted.

FOR SCHOOL Section No. 10 in the Township of Finch, services to begin January 1908. State salary and qualifications. For particulars apply to

ARTHUR KNIGHT, Secretary, Connaught.

Teacher Wanted.

FOR SCHOOL Section No. 11 in the 9th concession of the Township of Winchester. Term beginning of 1908. State salary and qualifications.

For particulars apply to

HENRY WHITTEKER, Sec'y Morewood, Ont.

Miss Carrie M. Davies

LATE OF

Toronto Conservatory of Music

—ORGANIST IN—

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, WINCHESTER

—WILL GIVE LESSONS ON—

Piano, Violin and Theory

In Chesterville Homes if desired, by letter.

FOR SALE.

Two cheese factories and one combined butter and cheese factory. Reason for selling, ill-health. For further particulars apply to

WM. CAMPBELL, Cannamore, Ont.

POULTRY WANTED

The Undersigned will be at the

McCLOSKEY :-: HOTEL

—AT—

CHESTERVILLE

—COMMENCING—

NOV. THE 2ND

And will remain until the 1st of December, and while there will buy ALL KINDS of

LIVE AND DRESSED POULTRY

W. A. OLMSTEAD.

MILLINERY!

We are Showing the

...ionable Up-to-Date Headgear

Village Council.

A regular meeting of the municipal council for village of Chesterville, was held on Monday evening.

Members present Wm. Huxtable, reeve; and councillors Fulton, Robinson, Zutelt and Chambers.

Moved by W. R. Fulton, seconded by C. F. Robinson, that the following accounts be passed and paid:—

T. T. Shaw, printing and advertising	$ 47 55
Lyman Smith, sanitary inspector	8 00
Louis LaPierre, constable bylaw election	1 50
W. J. Nash, bylaw election	5 00
Municipal World, blank forms	1 10
Bert Huxtable, 3 weeks' street lighting	4 50
F. Dwyer, making boxes for lamps	4 00
Vene Robinson, poles for lamps, handcuffs	9 80
	$ 81 45

Moved by W. R. Fulton, seconded by Chas. Chambers, that this council put in an 18 inch cement culvert on Main street just north of C.P.R. track.—Carried.

Moved by W. R. Fulton, seconded by C. F. Robinson, that this council adjourn to meet next regular night of meeting, or at call of reeve.—Carried.

Constitution of Williamsburg Lodge, No. 480 A. F. & A. M., Williamsburg, Ont.

There was a special Communication the Grand Lodge of Masons, at Williamsburg Ont. on the evening of Oct. 24th 1907, for the purpose of constituting and consecrating Williamsburg Lodge No. 480 A. F. & A. M. R. W. Bro. John Smith of Tradwell Ont., D. D. G. M. of Eastern District No. 21 was the acting Grand Master assisted by R. W. Bro. S. S. Reveler P. D. D. G. M. of Winchester as Deputy Grand Master: W. Bro. Rev. Carson of Wales as Grand Chaplain; W. Bro. Salem Coons of Winchester as Grand Senior Warden; W. Bro. Geo. Bouck of Iroquois as Grand Junior Warden; W. Bro. George Johnston of Winchester as Grand Director of ceremonies. The other Grand Lodge offices were filled by Past Masters of the surrounding Lodges.

The Grand Lodge met in the Oddfellows Hall, which had been kindly placed at their disposal by the Oddfellows of Williamsburg, and marched in full regalia to the Masonic Hall where the beautiful ceremony of constituting and consecrating a Masonic Lodge was performed.

The following officers of Williamsburg Lodge No. 480 were installed into their respective chairs.

W. Bro. Charles F. Whittaker—W. M.
" " W. C. Strader—L. P. M.
" J. A. Barkley—S. W.
" Odlin P. Becker—J. W.
W " H. J. Whitteker—Treas.
" " W. C. Whitteker—Secr'y
" Ezra M. Casselman—Sr. Chap.
" Oscar Beckstead—S. D.
" Ezra J. Barkley—J. D.
" Chas. A. Phifer—S. S.
" R. Bruce Strader—J. S.
" Henery M. Whitteker—I. G.
" Ezra M. Casselman Jr.—Tyler.
" H. C. Merkley—Dof C.
" Morley P. Becker—Organist.

After the ceremony the visiting brethren were entertained at Luncheon by Williamsburg Lodge in the rooms beneath their Lodge rooms.

Bro. Ezra M. Casselman had charge of the good things and in his usual manner prepared an excellent repast. The brethren did ample justice to the good things. A very enjoyable evening was brought to a close by singing God Save the King.

There were about 90 present from all the nearby Lodges. Winchester, Iroquois, Morrisburg, Aultsville, Wales, etc.

Williamsburg Lodge starts out with a good membership, an excellent staff of officers and a beautifully furnished Lodge room. This Lodge has a bright future before it.—Herald.

Say We Go and Get Some.

Coal oil is still a topic of conversation and it is getting to be a low down one. Eight cents per gallon was the ruling price last week. Nearly every able-bodied man may be seen carefully hugging a five-gallon can of the illuminating fluid as he trudges homeward. His face is invariably covered with the smile of the satisfied hunter of bargains. The ladies are barred from these bargains as the load is too heavy to carry home —Russell Leader.

Is Recovering.

Mr. George Helmer, the Maxville farmer, who had such a narrow escape from being killed by being struck by the G. T. R. Montreal and Ottawa express on Thursday last, is progressing favorably at St. Luke's hospital, Ottawa. In the...

The Molsons Bank

Incorporated A.D., 1855.

Capital paid up - - - $3,360,170.

Reserve Fund - - - - $3,360,170.

HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Hereafter interest will be paid or compounded

FOUR TIMES A YEAR

on all Accounts in this Department.

A General Banking Business transacted.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS, CHESTERVILLE BRANCH. Manager.

Township Council.

A special meeting of the Winchester township council was held in Winchester village on Saturday, Nov. 9th, '07.

Members present Robt. Fraser, reeve; Wm. Clark, Geo. Black and J. W. Bogart, councillors.

Moved by Wm. Clark, seconded by J. W. Bogort, that the reeve be instructed to sign the agreement between George Black and others, for the construction of an award drain under the provisions of the ditches and water course act.—Carried.

Moved by Wm. Clark, seconded by J. W. Bogart, that this council appoint Samuel Oughton Kendrick and George Black, valuators for the township of Winchester re the appeal of the township of Osnabruck, re county equalization, at a salary of three dollars per day while employed.—Carried.

A New Patti Has Come.

New York is to hear Madame Tetrazzini, who at the Royal Opera this week won the title, "the new Patti." She sings E in alto so easily that the Royal Opera management engaged her for three seasons. On the strength of her great success, Oscar Hammerstein cabled her an offer to sing in New York, offering for the first season of forty performances $1,500 each; the second season of forty performances, $2000 each, and the third season of forty performances $2500 each. Tetrazzini has accepted Mr. Hammerstein's proposition, and she is now booked for three years in America. In Europe her contracts aggregate $500,000. Tetrazzini has sung in San Francisco, but never in New York.

Mrs. Earle Dead.

Died at her residence in the Township of Winchester, Ont. on Nov. 9th, 1907, Catharine Redmond, wife of Rufus Earle, aged seventy-four years and seven months, the funeral being at the family residence, on Monday, the 11th, by her pastor, the Rev. Mr. Webster of Winchester, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Stewart of Morewood, after which the remains were laid away in the Ridge vault. This is the first break by death in the family in their fifty-four years of wedded life. To them were born nine children, five sons and four daughters, viz: Richard, in Brandon, Man.; Dr. W. M. Earle in Morewood, Ont.; Rufus, L. L.B., in Battleford, Sask.; Howard, in Saskatoon, Sask., and George, at home; Mrs. R. H. Timmins, of Saskatoon, Sask; Mrs. J. E. Murphy, of Cobalt, Ont., and Miss Mary and Miss Christie at home. Mrs. Earle was truly a good kind mother, and a good neighbor.

All the daughters and sisters of deceased were present at the deathbed.

Ontario W. C. T. U.

Ontario Women's Christian Temperence union, in annual meeting at Cornwall elected their officers as follows:

President—Mrs. S. G. E. McKee, Barrie.

Vice-President—Mrs. May R. O. Thornley, London.

Corresponding secretary—Mrs. H. E. O. Irwine, Weston.

Treasurer—Mrs. B. O. Britton, Gananoque.

"Y" Secretary—Miss Lottie F. Harris, Toronto.

Honored King's Birthday.

The Cornwall St. ...

PERSONAL.

Mr. Roy Merkley returned to Montreal Tuesday night.

Mr. Frean Hummell and son Max, have arrived home.

Miss Cassie Devanny of Ogdensburg, N. Y., is visiting in this district.

Miss H. G. Garrow, of Knox Law Library, San Jose, Cal., arrived in town last week, and is visiting Mr. Isaac Garrow.

Mr. John Ouderkirk of Montreal, and Mrs. Carmin Empey of Finch, spent Thanksgiving with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Ouderkirk.

Mr. I. Gray of Montreal is filling position of manager of Bank of Ottawa here, in the abscence of Mr. C. R. Cavanagh, the manager.

Mr. Frank Tallmeyer was in town yesterday. He is now employed in railway offices in Omaha, Nebraska. About eight years ago he taught in the Limerick school.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Bookhout of Niagara Falls, and Mrs. Doran of Syracuse, N. Y., have returned to their home after visiting their sister, Mrs. Isaiah Ouderkirk.

Patterns Free.

To any person buying $3.00 worth, or more, of Dry Goods, can have free one of McCall's patterns. Over 400 patterns to select from.

Chester Casselman.

Mansfield—Irwin.

Miss Grace Irwin of Russell was married on Tuesday of last week to Mr. Mansgeld, of London, Ont., by Rev. Mr. Richards in St. Mary's church at that place, at 4.30 p. m. The newly wedded couple left on the six o'clock express for Ottawa.

BORN.

McRAE—At North Battleford, Sask., on Oct. 29th, 1907, to Mr. and Mrs. A. McRae, a son.

Born—At North Williamsburg on Nov. 1st. 07 to Mr. and Mrs. R. R. Loucks a son.

McCORMICK—At Morewood, Ont., on Saturday, Oct. 26th, 1907, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McCormick.

MARRIED.

MUNRO—BARKLEY—At the Methodist parsonage, Morrisburg, by the Rev. A. E. Runnells, of Chesterville, on Thursday, Nov. 14th, at 5 o'clock p. m., Enos Munro, jr. to Ada Bell Barkley, both of the Nation Valley.

GILROY—ADAMS—At South Mountain on Wednesday, Oct. 30th at the home of the bride's father, Miss Jennie, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Gilroy to Mr. J. Adams of Brouseville. Rev. R. Raney performed the ceremony.

WOILFORD—MOQUIN—At Blind River, Ont., on Monday, Nov. 4th, 1907, Arthur Woilford of Blind River, to Miss Amelia Moquin of St. Theresa.

HENDERSON—CLARKE—At Prescott on Nov. 5, 1907 by Rev. Stuart, Mr. William Ralph Henderson of Winchester Springs to Miss Agnes Hazel Clarke of Cass Bridge, On.

BLACK—CHRISTIE—At the home of the bride's brother, Mr. Wilburn Christie at Calgary, Alta. on O...

PERISH IN FALLING HOUSES

A Terrific Hurricane Sweeps Over Marseilles, France.

A despatch from Marseilles, France, says: A hurricane swept over this city on Friday night, causing immense damage to docks and other water front properly. The gas works were flooded by the terrific downpour that accompanied the storm, and the city was plunged into darkness. A number of people were killed by collapsing houses, but in the confusion and the darkness it is impossible to determine the extent of the casualities.

All of South France continues to suffer from the floods following the excessive rains. In many places the inundations are worse than the horrors which followed the September storm. The extensive coal station at Grassessaic has been completely flooded and all work has been suspended.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—Ontario Wheat—No. 2 white or red, 98c to 98½c; No. 2 mixed, 98c; goose wheat, 89c to 90c.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.07; No. 1 northern, $1.05; No. 2, $1.03.

Barley—No. 1, 84c; No. 2, 82c; No. 3 extra, 80c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 53c to 54c, outside; mixed, 53c outside.

Rye—88c outside.

Peas—88c.

Corn—No. 2 yellow, American, 69½c, Toronto freights; No. 3 yellow, 69¼c.

Buckwheat—70c outside.

Bran—$21 to $21.50 in bulk outside; shorts, $23 to $23.50.

Flour—Ontario, 90 per cent. patents, about $3.90 bid, $3.95 asked; Manitoba patents, special brand, $6 to $6.20; second patents, $5.40 to $5.60; strong bakers', $5.30 to $5.40.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Market is very strong, but quotations are unchanged.

Creamery, prints .... 28c to 30c
do solids .... 24c to 25c
Dairy prints .... 24c to 26c
do solids .... 22c to 24c

Cheese—Steady at 13¾c and twins at 14c.

Eggs—New laid rule firm at 30c; storage, 25c.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 7c to 10c; hens, 5c to 7c; ducks, 7c to 9c; geese, 7c to 9c; turkeys, 12c to 14c.

Potatoes—Ontarios are firm at 75c to 80c in car lots on track.

Beans—Steady at $1.80 to $1.90 for primes and $1.90 to $2 for hand-picked.

Honey—Strained steady at 11c to 12c per lb., and combs at $1.75 to $2.50 per dozen.

Baled Hay—Timothy is quoted at $17.50 to $18.50 per ton in car lots on track here.

Baled Straw—Firm at $9.50 to $10.50 per ton on track.

PROVISIONS.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11¼c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 15c to 15½c; heavy, 14½c to 15c; backs, 16½c to 17c; shoulders, 10½c to 11c; rolls, 11c to 11½c; breakfast bacon, 15c to 15½c. Green meats out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Dressed Hogs—$8.75 for lightweights and $8.25 for heavies.

Pork—Short cut, $22.75 to $23 for barrels; mess, $20 to $21.

Lard—Firm; tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12¾c; pails, 13c.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Nov. 12.—There are no new features in the local flour and feed markets. Manitoba spring wheat patents, $6.10 to $6.30; second patents, $5.50 to $5.70; winter wheat patents, $5.75 to $6, straight rollers, $5.50 to $5.75; in bags $2.60 to $2.70; extras, $2.05 to $2.10.

Ontario bran in bags, $24 to $25; shorts, in bags, $25 to $26; Manitoba bran, in bags, $22 to $23; shorts, $25 to $27.

Newly-laid eggs are quoted about 30c to 32c per dozen in case lots, while sales of selected stock were made at 26c to 27c; No. 1, 22c to 23c; seconds, 16½c to 17c.

The butter market is quiet. Quotations to-day in round lots quoted at 27½c to 28c, according to quantity and district.

Cheese prices show a wide range, and Quebecs may be quoted at 11⅞c to 12c, Townships, 12⅛c to 12¼c; Ontarios, 12¼c to 12⅜c for current receipts.

Provisions—Barrels short-cut mess, $22.50 to $23; half barrels, $11.75 to $12.25; clear fat backs, $23.50 to $24.50; long-cut heavy mess, $20.50 to $21.50; half barrels do., $10.50 to $11.25; dry salt long clear bacon, 10¼c to 11½c; brls. plate beef, $13.50 to $15; half barrels do., $7.25 to $7.75; brls. heavy mess beef, $10 to $11; half barrels do., $5.50 to $6; compound lard, 9¾c to 11c; pure lard, 11½c to 13c; kettle-rendered, 13½c to 14c; hams, 13½c to 16c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 14c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh-killed abattoir-dressed hogs, $9; alive, $6.10 to $6.25.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, Nov. 12.—Wheat—Spring, unsettled; No. 2 red, $1.02; winter lower. Corn—Easier; No. 2 white, 66c, and No. 2 yellow, 66½c. Oats—Easier; No. 2 white, 53½c. Barley—$1 to $1.10. Rye—No. 2, 89c on track.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Nov. 12.—Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red, $1.02⅜ elevator; No. 1 northern Duluth, nominal f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, nominal f.o.b. afloat.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Nov. 12.—Out of the large run were a few loads, scarcely five were exporters' cattle. These sold at $4 to $4.25 per cwt.

The prices of good cattle ranged from $4 to $4.50, and picked lots would bring up to $5 per cwt. Common and mixed lots were abundant, and their quotations varied from $2.50 to $3.25 per cwt. Canners ranged from 75c to $1.50 per cwt. Sales of choice cows were recorded at $3 to $3.50 per cwt.

A plentiful supply of light stockers made prices weak and business slow. Their values ranged from $2 to $2.60 per cwt. Distillery feeders sold at $2.75 to $3.50 per cwt. and stock bulls were worth $2 to $2.25 per cwt.

Good milch cows were sold at $40 to $50 each. Common and fair cows brought $20 to $37.50 each.

The prices of calves ranged from 2 to 6c per lb.

Export ewes sold at $4 to $4.25; bucks and culls, $2.50 to $3.50; lambs, $5.25 to $5.40 for choice, and $4 to $4.50 for inferior animals.

Prices continued steady at 6c per lb. for select hogs. Light rough hogs sold at 4¾ to 5c per lb.

ORDERS FOR COAL.

Pittsburg Concerns Decline to Supply a Million Tons.

A despatch from Pittsburg says: Orders aggregating 500,000 tons were received in Pittsburg and refused by local coal concerns in the past week, in spite of the fact that premiums were offered for prompt shipment, and it became known on Saturday that the amount of coal orders declined within the past few weeks have aggregated perhaps 1,000,000 tons, and all because of lack of railroad transportation facilities. The shortage of cars, which has been most pronounced recently, has become more acute through heavy demands by the South for cotton moving, and as the lake seasons ends Dec. 5, the Pittsburg coal kings could not see their way to take on more coal orders, as it is thought they have more orders now than can be filled. The great bulk of the coal was ordered from the Northwest.

CANADA'S FUTURE.

Will be the Dominant State in the Empire, Says Strathcona.

A despatch from London says: Lord Strathcona, interviewed by The Tribune, reiterates his prophecy that before the end of the century Canada will be the dominant State and the food mart of the empire. He thinks there is not the remotest chance of the Dominion ever becoming a republic. There is no visible reason why in the future the vast population should not remain loyal to the Crown.

GOVERNMENT FOREST RESERVES.

Many Square Miles Set Apart by the Western Provinces.

By the "Dominion Forest Reserves Act," of 1906, a number of tracts of wooded country throughout Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta were set aside as permanent forest reserves. Of these a number had previously been set aside by order-in-council; the areas of some were, however, lessened, while a few new ones were added. The total areas now so reserved in the different provinces are as follows: Manitoba, 2,575 square miles; Saskatchewan, 740 square miles; Alberta, 186 square miles; British Columbia, 890 square miles.

In Manitoba there have been set apart six reserves. The largest of these is the Riding Mountain Forest Reserve, with an area of 1535 square miles. A short distance to the north is the Duck Mountain Forest Reserve, comprising some 1250 square miles; and to the northwest of this reserve is Porcupine Forest Reserve No. 1, with an area of nearly 325 square miles. West of Lake Manitoba is the Lake Manitoba West Forest Reserve, the area of which is nearly 250 square miles. Part of the area covered by the Turtle Mountains is included in the Turtle Mountain Reserve, with an area of nearly 110 square miles. A part of the sand-hill country south-east of Brandon has also been set apart as a forest reserve, and within this experimental work in forest planting has been done; the area of the Sprucewoods Forest Reserve, as it is called, is 110 square miles.

In Saskatchewan there are four reserves. Of these Porcupine Reserve No. 2, the largest, adjoins Porcupine Reserve No. 1; it has an area of 360 square miles. In the Moose Mountain district, north of Arcola, the Moose Mountain Forest Reserve, of some 160 square miles in area, has been created. The Beaver Hills Forest Reserve, in the Beaver Hills, west of Yorkton, covers two townships (Ranges 9 and 10, Township 26); area, 72 square miles. South-east of Prince Albert is "The Pines" Forest Reserve, covering 145 square miles.

In Alberta there are but three reserves. The largest is the Cooking Lake Forest Reserve, east of Edmonton; its area is 114 square miles. Right down in the south-east corner of the province, having the International Boundary as its southern limit, while its western limit is three miles east of the fifth Meridian a township and a half of land has been formed into the Kootenay Lakes Forest Reserve. Another small reserve, the Cypress Hills Forest Reserve, consists of half a township (the south half of Township 8, Range 3, west of the fourth Meridian).

All the forest reserves in British Columbia are within the railway belt, i.e., the strip of country twenty miles on each side of the C. P. R., ceded by the province to the Dominion. These reserves are eight in number. The names and areas are as follows: Long Lake Forest Reserve, a short distance south-west of Kamloops, 190 square miles; Monte Hills Forest Reserve, a few miles east of the Long Lake reserve, area 106 square miles; Martin Mountain Forest Reserve, a small tract of 18 square miles lying just west of Bolean River; Niskenlith Forest Reserve, lying west of Lake Niskonlith, with an area of about 125 square miles; Tranquille Forest Reserve, an area of 149 square miles in the Tranquille Plateau, north-east of Kamloops Lake; Hat Creek Forest Reserve, around the headwaters of Hat Creek, with an area of 206 square miles; Donald Forest Reserve, adjoining the C. P. R. on the north and east sides for some distance on each side of Donald, 72 square miles in extent, and the Larch Hills Forest Reserve, lying between Salmon Arm and Mara Lake and having an area of about 25 square miles.

MAILS FOR FAR NORTH.

One Will Leave Edmonton for Fort McPherson Nov. 29.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Post-office Department announces that a mail for Fort McPherson, at the mouth of the Mackenzie River, and all intermediate points, will leave Edmonton on Nov. 29. Another mail for points as far north as Fort Smith will be sent early in January, and a mail for Forts McMurray, Chipewayan, Smith and Resolution in February. By these mails letters only, each not exceeding one ounce in weight, will be taken. Preference will be given to registered letters, and afterwards to ordinary letters, according to the date of posting. The Mounted Police will take a mail from Dawson by the overland route via Fort McPherson, for Herschell Island, starting out early in December. Two mails will also be sent to Fort Churchill on Hudson Bay, via Mafeking, Manitoba.

GIRLS PLAYED FOOTPADS.

One of Them Got a Black Eye and Now Seeks Redress..

A despatch from Montreal says: In the Recorder's Court on Thursday a young man named Hugh Reid was tried on a charge of assault, preferred against him by three young lady friends. On Thanksgiving night these three dressed in male attire, blackened their faces, and started out for a frolic. Seeing Reid coming up a dark street they decided to make him believe they were holding him up. They grabbed him, but he did not catch on to the joke, and started defending himself with his fists, and gave one of the girls a black eye. [illegible] to explain who

KING AND KAISER MEET.

Emperor Wilhelm Welcomed to England by His Royal Uncle.

A despatch from London says: The German Emperor and Empress reached Windsor at 5 o'clock on Monday afternoon, having come by special train from Portsmouth. Their Majesties were met at the station by King Edward and Queen Alexandra, the Princess of Wales, Princess Victoria and the Duke of Connaught. The Prince of Wales had accompanied the German Imperial party from Portsmouth. The two Monarchs and their wives cordially embraced on meeting, and the whole party proceeded in two carriages to Windsor Castle. The whole town turned out in honor of the occasion, and gave their German Majesties a hearty reception. The railroad station was profusely decorated and the half-mile route to the castle was bright with bunting of many colors, while above the castle enlrance flew an immense German Imperial flag. The whole route was lined with troops, and the royal carriages were guarded, front and rear, by detachments of household cavalry.

AN INCREASE OF $73,725,729.

Total Trade of Canada for Twelve Months Shows Great Advance.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The total trade of the Dominion for the twelve months ending with August was $640,338,157, an increase of $73,725,729 over the preceding twelve months.

For the five months of the current fiscal year the imports from Great Britain increased from $32,754,296 to $44,163,421, or by $11,409,125, compared with same five months of 1906. The exports fell off by about one million dollars.

Imports from the United States increased from $83,500,000 to $99,000,000, or about $15,500,000 in all. Canada's total trade with Britain increased by nearly nine millions and with the United States over fourteen millions.

DISASTERS AHEAD.

Sunspots Are Now Twelve Times the Size of the Earth.

A despatch from Rome says: Signor Alfani, the celebrated seismologist and director of the Florence Observatory, fears that the sunspots, which he calculates to be twelve times the size of the earth, and which will reach the solar meridian in the middle of November, are liable to lead to violent magnetic disturbances, causing storms, floods, volcanic eruptions and earthquakes. Signor Alfani's former predictions have been invariably realized.

CANADIAN APPLES LEAD.

Bringing Higher Price Than American in English Market.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A report to the Trade and Commerce Department from W. A. MacKinnon, agent at Bristol, shows that Canadian apples are commanding a higher price in the English market than the American product.

APPLE CROP IS SHORT.

The United States' Supply is a Scant 24,000,000 Barrels.

A despatch from New York says: The apple crop of the United States for 1907, as estimated by the American Agriculturist, is scant 24,000,000 barrels, materially short of last year, or a failure even more marked when compared with 1905 and 1903. What is of greatest importance is the shortage in such commercial orchard sections as western New York, nearly all of Michigan and the entire south-west. There is what may be set down as an absolute failure in Kansas, Missouri and Nebraska. New York State has a good many apples, but they will be neglected, and for that matter the total is only about one-fourth to one-third of a full yield. Pennsylvania has fairly abundant totals. New England has rather more apples than last year, due solely to the fact that Maine surprised its best friends by finally bringing to maturity a good crop.

FOUR DREADNOUGHTS NOW.

Battleship Superb Launched at Elswick Yards.

A despatch from Newcastle, England, says: The British battleship Superb, another improved Dreadnought, was launched at the Elswick yards here on Thursday. The Superb is a sister of the Bellerophon, which was launched on July 27, and of the Temeraire, which took the water on August 24. She was laid down at Elswick during the first week in February. The three new vessels are essentially replicas of the Dreadnought, and in outward appearance differ but little from her, though their lines have been somewhat altered, as a result of experience gained at the Dreadnought's trials.

NATURALIZATION TOO EASY.

New Brunswick Judge Would First Examine Applicants.

A despatch from St. John, N.B., says: Judge Forbes, at County Court on Wednesday morning, spoke strongly about the present loose system of allowing foreigners of all kinds to take out naturalization papers and become citizens without any inquiries into their general [illegible] political views, and knowledge [illegible] ship. He

WAITING FOR EXPLOSION

Engineer Bound and Helpless in Hands of Burglars.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says: Surprised by four burglars who held guns at his head and then bound his hands behind his back and threw him under a table, Walter Wittmeyer, engineer of the Vancouver breweries, waited for the boilers of the plant to explode and blow him and the robbers to pieces, on Tuesday night.

The night engineer was just turning water into the boiler after his lunch when four masked men covered him. They knocked him down, tied his hands behind his back and carried him to the main office of the brewery, where he was thrown under a table.

He watched the burglars prepare to blow the safe with nitro-glycerine, mentally calculating that within a very few minutes the lack of water in the boilers of the plant would cause an explosion that would bring the building down about their ears. At the first attack on the safe with explosives the police arrived and opened fire on the gang, who escaped. The engineer rolled out to the boiler and was freed. He rushed to the engine-room, and was just in time to save the plant.

EPIDEMIC OF ITCH.

Many London School Children Confined to Their Homes.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: An epidemic of itch has broken out among the school children of the city. Many cases are reported where children are confined to their homes, and the doctors state that they are finding new cases every day. The disease is believed by the doctors to have been brought here from Manitoba.

MILL AT SUDBURY BURNED.

Planing Factory and Lumber Yard Is Now a Heap of Ruins.

A despatch from Sudbury says: A serious fire broke out on Wednesday evening in the planing mill and lumber yard of the Evans Co., Limited, situated in the northern section of the town, and before it was got under control, shortly after nine o'clock, the entire structure, with the exception of the boiler-house and the offices, was a smouldering heap of ruins. The buildings in this district are almost entirely of wood, and as the wind blew blazing brands freely among them it was feared for a time that the whole of the section might be destroyed. The brigade, however, succeeded in confining the flames to the mill property. The loss will aggregate $50,000, with insurance of half that amount.

NO MERCY FOR THIS MAN.

Brutal Murderer of New Brunswick Will Surely be Hanged.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Sherring, barrister, of Moncton, was here on Wednesday to urge the commutation of the death sentence imposed upon Frank Collins, of Albert County, for the murder of Miss MacAulay, housekeeper to the Roman Catholic priest. The circumstances of the murder were most brutal, and it is understood the capital sentence will not be interfered with. The curious feature in this case is that Collins was convicted only on the third trial. At the first two trials the jury disagreed.

$100,000 FIRE AT TORONTO.

A Repetition of the 1904 Holocaust Was Averted.

A despatch from Toronto says: A fire, which for a time threatened to develop into a repetition of the disastrous conflagration of April 19th, 1904, which wiped out nearly half of the down-town wholesale district, destroyed a wholesale house at 76 Bay Street on Saturday evening, inflicting a loss of $100,000 or more on five wholesale and manufacturing firms. The fire broke out only a short distance from the spot in which the big fire got its start, and the fact that its progress was checked is due to good work by the brigade. The building is five stories in height, and is one of those which was rebuilt since the great fire of three years ago.

SHORT OF LABORERS.

Report of Work on Western Division of Grand Trunk Pacific.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The monthly report of progress in the Western division of the Grand Trunk Pacific shows that up to the end of October 205 miles of track had been laid from Winnipeg westward, of which 53 had been ballasted. The company is still short of laborers. Two hundred track laborers were required for work near Edmonton, and after the most strenuous work only 32 could be obtained.

KILLED IN FAMILY FIGHT.

Wife and Stepson Said to Be Responsible for Death of Indian.

A despatch from Brantford says: Word was received in the city on Friday that Richard Battice, an Indian, living on Lot 1, Con. 3, of the Six Nations' Reserve, about four miles from Hagersville, had met death at the hands of his wife and stepson. Battice sold a load of hay in Hagersville on Saturday last and upon returning home became involved in a quarrel with his wife and step-son named Fred Scott or Fred Taylor. They beat the old man unmercifully, breaking his arm and shoulder, blackening both eyes and fracturing the base of the skull, it is alleged. The County Crown Attorney of Brant County has ordered a thorough investigation, and it is expected the arrest of the suspected parties will follow.

A FAMILY AFFAIR.

Fight at Galician Wedding in Winnipeg Claims Another Victim.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Another victim to the Galician wedding orgies was added to the long list on Wednesday, when Stephen Yepzinski died in the General Hospital as a result of a blow on his head by an axe wielded by his brother-in-law, J. Belinski, at the wedding feast, a week ago. Belinski has been under arrest, charged with wounding with intent, and the indictment will now be changed to manslaughter or murder.

MYSTERY NEAR NORTH BAY.

Body of a Man Found in Barn Covered With Straw.

A despatch from North Bay says: Deep mystery surrounds the finding of a body covered by straw in a barn, about two miles north of here, on Friday morning. Every effort has been made to identify the dead man, but up to the present have been unsuccessful. Up to the present time the authorities have been unable to say whether it is murder or not.

FIRE CHIEF AGAIN ARRESTED.

He is Charged with Incendiarism at Blind River.

A despatch from Blind River, Ont., says: Chief Raymond, of the Blind River Fire Department, was again arrested in connection with the incendiary fires, and at a hearing on Tuesday night, before Magistrate Williams, was remanded until next week. Three others, the Ouellette brothers, and one Dorian, were also taken in charge in connection with the fires and will appear with Raymond.

GOOD OPENING IN JAPAN.

Meat Shipped in Cold Storage Would Have Ready Sale.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. Alexander Maclean, Canada's trade commissioner in Japan, reports to the department the arrival of 60 head of registered pedigree cows, from Canada by representatives of an importing firm. This firm says business could not be done in live cattle because of the tariff, but there ought to be a good trade in slaughtering and shipping in cold storage. Australia is doing a good business in that line.

WALKED INTO TAIL-RACE.

Unknown Frenchman Meets Death at "Soo"—Accident or Suicide.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: An unknown Frenchman was drowned in the tail-race near the ship canal on Tuesday night. He came in on the Algoma Central from the lumber camps and either intentionally or by accident walked into the water before a number of spectators, who in vain endeavored to save him. The body is still in the water.

AVERAGE THOUSAND A DAY

[illegible] to Canada Since

[illegible] Oct. 30th, 1907. Black

A FARMER'S TRIALS.

Weak and Worn Out Through Overwork and Long Hours.

The farmer's life is always a hard one, but if he is weak or suffering it is almost unbearable. The hours are long and the work so hard that none but the strongest can stand it. An illustration of the fact of hard work on the system is given by Mr. Geo. Huntsberg, a farmer of Spry, Ont. He says:—"I have lived nearly all my life in the Bruce peninsula. I am a farmer and have always had my share of hard work and like a good many other men I thought there was no wear-out to my system. In this I was mistaken, for about a year and a half ago I began to go gradually down hill. I would tire at the least exertion, my appetite failed me; I had a severe pain in my side and around my heart. The doctor told me I was suffering from pernicious anaemia; that I was almost bloodless. I doctored for six months, but instead of improving I grew so weak that I could hardly move without assistance. I lost flesh till I was almost a skeleton. A friend from Stokes Bay told me of the great benefit she had derived from the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and advised me to try them. My sister-in-law had also received great benefit from their use, so I decided to give them a trial. After using the pills about a month I began to gain strength and from that on I improved rapidly. New blood seemed to course through my veins; my appetite improved, the pain left my side and heart and I gained in weight. After using about a dozen boxes of the pills I was again enjoying the best of health. I have nothing but praise for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as they cured me after medical treatment had failed — I really believe they saved my life."

Good blood is the secret of health. Keep the blood pure and such diseases as anaemia, rheumatism, sciatica, indigestion, heart palpitation, eczema and the secret ills of women will not exist. The most perfect blood tonic and nerve restorer in the world is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

KING AND SCHOOLBOY.

Lad Who Wrote to His Majesty About Attendance Medal.

A touching little incident about a London schoolboy who wrote to the King regarding his school attendance medal was related at a recent meeting of the London County Council.

The Education Committee had proposed that the practice of awarding medals for regular and punctual attendance should be discontinued, but the Progressives were successful in moving that the proposal should be sent back, and further, that the committee should consider the possibility of extending the medal system.

During the debate it was pointed out that these medals are an exceedingly popular institution in London schools. Queen Victoria allowed her effigy to appear upon them, and quite recently King Edward gave a special sitting for a like purpose. Consequently the award of medals has the very highest approval.

The system was started in 1888, and in that year 4,000 medals were distributed. Last year no fewer than 57,442 scholars earned them. Therefore, the medal system must exercise a marked influence upon the attendance returns.

Mr. Hastings Jay mentioned a boy who was competing for his seventh medal, but lost it through falling in the playground and breaking his leg. The lad felt it so keenly that he actually wrote to the King that he had lost his medal. Mr. Jay, apprehensive lest other little boys might do the same thing, appealed to the Council to stop the system.

A WARNING TO MOTHERS.

There are unscrupulous dealers who for the sake of trifling gain are willing to sacrifice the health—perhaps the lives—of little ones. This is proved by the fact that there are a number of imitations of Baby's Own Tablets offered. The mother can protect her child by seeing that the full name Baby's Own Tablets and the four-leaf clover with Baby's head on each leaf, is found on the outside wrapper around every box. Do not take anything else, as you may endanger your child's life. If you cannot get the genuine Tablets from your dealer send 25 cents to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., and get a box by mail post paid.

AGGRAVATING MAN.

"I don't see how you can have any fault to find with him."

"Why not?"

"Because he appears to be a man who is absolutely without faults of any [illegible] it. That's his worst

[illegible]TERESTED.

LIKE BRITISH DREADNOUGHT.

Russian Admiralty Has Plans for Increase in Navy.

The announcement at St. Petersburg that the Russian Admiralty had ordered a battleship of 22,300 tons to be constructed at the Baltic iron works there, appears to be premature. Admiral Bostrem, the Assistant Minister of Marine, says that the order has not yet been placed, as the plans for the warship are not yet ready. The Admiralty, he added, was in no hurry, and would wait until the entire programme had been approved, and the plans of warships had been finished, even to the smallest detail.

The Admiralty, however, has decided to build homogeneous squadrons, consisting of four battleships, eight cruisers and the requisite number of torpedo boats and other craft. The plans for the first squadron are being prepared by the Admiralty. It is known that the British battleship Dreadnought has been established as a standard from which the Russian designers cannot deviate very much. The tonnage of the Russian Dreadnoughts will be somewhat less than 23,000. All orders for the work of reconstructing the Russian fleet will be executed in Russia, barring an occasional order, judiciously apportioned between the foreign builders in order to keep up connection with them.

The Admiralty is aware that the reconstruction of the fleet at home necessitates radical reforms in Russian shipbuilding, but all the rumors to the effect that the Government intends to sell its shipyards to foreigners are denied. On the other hand, it is stated on reliable authority that the new Admiralty shipyard and the immense Izhor steel armor works, which hitherto have been purely Governmental institutions, conducted on the bureaucratic principle, will from the beginning of October become chartered companies, to be run on a strictly commercial basis in regard to profits and losses. The Admiralty will own the stock of these companies, as it now owns the stock of the Baltic works and that of the Obuchovo gun foundry. Admiral Bostrem also said that the latest trial of the Rurik, the first-class armored cruiser of 15,000 tons, built in England for Russia, had been satisfactory, she having attained her contract speed of 21 knots per hour.

Nothing looks more ugly than to see a person whose hands are covered over with warts. Why have these disfigurements on your person when a sure remover of all warts, corns, etc., can be found in Holloway's Corn Cure.

NO CAUSE FOR COMPLAINT.

"My good man," said the philosopher to the laborer who was mowing weeds on a vacant piece of real estate, "do you ever have occasion to complain of your lot?"

"No, sir," answered the honest son of toil, "I don't own this lot."

NO SUBSTITUTE for "The D & L Menthol Plaster, although some unscrupulous dealers may say there is. Recommended by doctors, hospitals, clergy and everybody, for stiffness, pluerisy, etc.

HIS HIGHNESS THE BABY.

Heir to Spanish Throne will be Entertained in Kensington Palace.

Kensington Palace, the birthplace of Queen Victoria, has been chosen as the residence of the King and Queen of Spain and their son while in London, three rooms of the double suite being set apart for the baby. One of these is a day nursery, and to this every conceivable form of infantile amusement is being gradually imported.

"Teddy" bears, soft fleecy lambs, costly rattling articles, such as all infants love, rubber toys, thick crawling rugs of spotless white, the latest in cots and infantile chairs—all these, of course, so far, a confused but interesting heap to be by-and-by placed in order and attractive form in readiness for the distinguished small occupant.

Sanitation in fittings and decorations has been made a subject for much anxious care, and all has been done to ensure perfection. The enamel of the walls is of spotless white and soft green, harboring no suspicion of microbes while the hanging and rugs are absolutely new.

Special provision is also being made for baby's Spanish nurse—an imported member of his small Highness' suite.

The children of the Prince and Princess of Wales are most interested in the visitor, and a grand rummaging of treasures for the baby to play with has been taking place.

Princess Mary, who has splendid little motherly ways with her baby brother, is wondering whether she will be allowed to nurse her new relative, and all the children want to come to London to see him.

THE CUSTOMER FLED.

A gentleman in a restaurant the other day thought he would have a joke with the waiter, and asked him if he had ever seen a sausage roll.

"Yes," replied the waiter, "I have not only[illegible]t I have seen [illegible]on, a bicycle [illegible]imney sweep, [illegible]camera slide, [illegible]fish, a spoke

[illegible]e escape" the [illegible]s time he es-

[illegible]aiter went on [illegible]valk, a moun-[illegible]k, a honey

BEER MAKES BLOOD

MALT has certain food-elements which the body can transform into healthy blood quickly and with the least digestive effort.

HOPS contain a medical principle which tones the nerves without reaction, and so supplies nervous energy and saves it as well.

BEER as brewed in Ontario is made from choicest Ontario barley malt, selected hops, and the purest of water, dealt with under conditions which insure purity and quality.

THE better the blood the sounder the health, and the surer the body to combat disease effectively. Beer, by some counted an intoxicant, is not so—it is a blood-maker with barely enough alcohol in it to help the stomach do its work far better.

Beer with meals is good for 997 people out of every thousand—and is specially good for women. Ask your own doctor about it—beer is probably good for you.

BEER is a term which covers lager, ales, porter, and stout; and in the practise of Ontario Brewers, implies beverages made under most hygienic conditions from Ontario barley (the best in the world) malt, hops, and pure water. 2.

TAUGHT HIM A LESSON.

A young chemist's assistant, who had heard the story of the negro who asked for flesh-colored court-plaster and was given black by the observant shopman, placed the incident away in his mental storehouse and decided to use it at the first opportunity.

After many months of waiting, his opportunity came when a young negress one day walked into the shop where he was employed.

"Ah wants some cou't-plastah," she said.

"What color?" inquired the youth.

"Flesh culah, sah."

He handed the woman a packet of black court-plaster.

She opened the packet with a deliberation that was ominous, but she was unruffled when she noted the color of the contents.

"Ah guess yo' mus' a misunderstood mah ordah. Ah asked foh flesh culah an' you've given me skin culah."

The young man is still a little dazed from the encounter, and he has firmly resolved to subject every joke to a rigid laboratory test hereafter before using.

They are Carefully Prepared.—Pills which dissipate themselves in the stomach cannot be expected to have much effect upon the intestines, and to overcome costiveness the medicine administered must influence the action of these canals. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are so made, under the supervision of experts, that the substance in them intended to operate on the intestines is retarded in action until they pass through the stomach to the bowels.

"What is the most aggravating theing in married life?" asked Dorothy. "Sometimes," said the bachelor friend, "it's the husband, and sometimes it's the wife."

A FIRE SPREADS in dry grass, so does an inflammation in the throat grow down into the lungs. Deal promptly with a cold as with a fire, and when you begin to cough use Allen's Lung Balsam.

"If I never see you again," a teacher said, with much earnestness, to a girl whose scholastic career had come to a close, "I hope that you will never forget to do your best wherever you may be, and that you will always be an honest, upright woman—truthful and brave." "Thank you," said the girl, "and I hope you'll be the same!"

ITCH, Mange Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

Hostess: "And I suppose you went up the Rhine?" Affected Youth (who has been bothering the company with his travelling experiences): "Oh, yes, and many other mountains."

A Small Pill, but Powerful. — They that judge of the powers of a pill by its size, would consider Parmelee's Vegetable Pills to be lacking. It is a little wonder among pills. What it lacks in size it makes up in potency. The remedies which it carries are put up in these small doses, because they are so powerful that only small doses are required. The full strength of the extracts is secured in this form and do their work thoroughly.

WISE.

"Stung!" exclaimed the stranger.

"Mosquito or mining stock?" queried the man who had experienced both.

Merchant: "Yes, we are in need of a porter. Where were you employed last?" Applicant: "In a bank, sir." Merchant: "Did you clean it out?" Applicant: "No, sir. The cashier did that."

TIME TABLE OF ABUSE.

Matrimonial Troubles of Mrs. Florence Clements Carefully Scheduled.

The matrimonial troubles of Mrs. Florence Clements, who summoned her husband at Stratford Police Court, London, England, for persistent cruelty, may best be judged from the following time table of the said husband's doings on Sept. 24, as related by the wife:—

1.30 a.m.—Caught her by the neck and flung her to the floor.

10 a.m.—Thumped her on the head with his fists and threatened her with a saucepan.

11 a.m.—Scratched her and said, "Now I'll do you in."

11.10-11.50—Short interval for sleep.

12 noon—Threw her down again and again; threatened her with a knife and again said, "I'll do you in."

Previous to this the woman had had the following articles thrown at her:—

Pail of water. Chopper.
Jug ditto, Stones
Loaves of bread,

Continuing her story, Mrs. Clements said she had been assaulted fifty times in the last six months. She had gone away from her husband once, but he begged her to return. She did so, and within twenty-four hours he had felled her to the ground.

The husband then gave his version of the family disagreement. He said he and his wife got on very well until others came between them.

It was his wife's mother and a young woman who came there as a servant. There had been no cruelty whatever; it was all a pack of lies. He was quite willing to be bound over for her.

The bench adjourned the case for a week to hear other witnesses.

MEDICAL AUTHORITIES

Say that eight persons out of ten suffer at some time or other from piles. Whether the piles are bleeding or protruding, or itching or "blind," Zam-Buk gives immediate ease.

Mr. Neil Devon, Webwood, Ont., suffered with piles eight years. A few boxes of Zam-Buk cured him. He since says: "I have had no return of the trouble, so that I know I am permanently cured."

Zam-Buk cures Cuts, Chapped Hands, Ulcers, Burns, Sore Legs, Abscesses, Poisoned Wounds, Boils, Eczema and all skin troubles. Rubbed well in it is a splendid embrocation for Rheumatism, Neuralgia and Sciatica, etc. 50 cents a box of all druggists and stores or post-paid on receipt of price from the Zam-Buk Co. 3 boxes for $1.25.

Tom: "I don't see why you should feel insulted just because he said your eyes were like stars." Belle: "You don't? Why stars keep winking at you all the time."

If your children moan and are restless during sleep, coupled, when awake, with a loss of appetite, pale countenance, picking of the nose, etc., you may depend upon it that the primary cause of the trouble is worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator effectually removes these pests, at once relieving the little sufferers.

"I didn't know the Bartons kept a donkey. How long have they had one?" "Oh, ever since I have been staying with them!"

A LITTLE QUIET is the best of all diet, yet it will not make bone and muscle but "Ferrovim" will. Try it. All drug and general stores. $1 bottles.

"Mary!" yelled the poet, "why don't you keep that kid quiet? What's the matter with him, anyway?" "I'm sure I don't know," replied his patient wife; "I'm singing one of your lullabies to the little darling."

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is agreeable to the taste, and is a certain relief for irritation of the throat that causes hacking coughs. If used according to directions it will break the most persistent cold, and restore the air passages to their normal healthy condition. There is no need to recommend it to those familiar with it, but to those who seek a sure remedy and are in doubt what to use, the advice is—try Bickle's Syrup.

Would-be Tenant: "But there are holes in the roof?" Landlord: "Well, I can't help that. If you can't afford a few umbrellas, don't take the house."

ONE OF THE BEST old time remedies for all skin affections, such as Eczema, Ringworm, Scaldhead and similar affections is Weaver's Cerate. It is an ointment that has brought relief to thousands.

NEW WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

Radical Changes Being Made in the Old Structure.

Visitors to London next year will find that a change has come over Westminster Abbey. It is now being restored, a process of which it stood in great need; for London's smoke-laden atmosphere had played havoc with the stonework, which was scaling rapidly and falling away.

The restoration work has been going on for some time, but it only now is apparent what the real character of the work is. Instead of merely repairing the fine ornamental stone parapets which, although of comparatively recent date, had begun to assume the appearance of age, new parapets of the battlement type are being erected by the cathedral authorities.

A good deal of criticism is [illegible] hurled at the [illegible]

"BRICK'S TASTELESS"
REGISTERED

What it is — It is an extract of fresh cod livers, containing all the virtues of pure Cod Liver Oil without the nauseous grease, combined with Phosphorus in the form of the Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites, nutritious Extract of Malt and the Fluid Extract of Wild Cherry Bark.

What it does — It will promptly relieve, and if its use is continued, permanently cure chronic bronchitis, all pulmonary affections, croup, hoarseness, nervous disorders due to an exhausted condition of the system, prostration following fevers, debility at change of life, or constitutional weakness at any age, and all blood disorders.

What we do — We positively guarantee "Brick's Tasteless" to do exactly what we claim it will do as printed on the label of the bottle, or any advertising matter, and every druggist who sells "Brick's Tasteless" is authorized to refund to his customer the full purchase price if one bottle does not show a decided improvement, which improvement will result in a complete cure if additional bottles are taken.

We therefore request you to try a bottle of "Brick's Tasteless" on our recommendation, and if no improvement is shown after taking it, return the empty bottle to the druggist from whom you purchased it and he will refund your money. Can we be fairer?

Two Sizes—8 ounce bottle 50c; 20 ounce bottle $1.00

FACTORY
—WITH—
Power, Heat, Electric Light, to Lease for a Term of Years.

Central location. About ten thousand square feet in four floors and basement. Excellent shipping facilities Standard Fire Sprinkler System. Low insurance rate.

MURRAY F. WILSON, 81 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

AGENTS WANTED.
MAKE MONEY, Boys and Girls, selling Ulta Pens, writes 1000 words without dipping in ink. Samples 10 cents (silver). Big profits. Valuable premiums free. CAMPBELL BROS., Auburn, N.Y.



CLEANING LADIES' . . . WALKING OR OUTING SUITS
Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try it
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.
MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

DYNAMO
300 lights, first-class order. Will be sold cheap and must be gotten out of the way owing to 600-light machine taking its place. S. Frank Wilson, 73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

FAN BLOWER
Buffalo make, number four, 9-inch vertical discharge, 24 inches high; perfect condition. Superintendent, Truth Building, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.



WHEN IN NEW YORK STOP AT
THE NEW FIREPROOF
HOTEL NAVARRE
7th Ave. and 38 th St.
300 FEET WEST OF BROADWAY,
Maximum of Luxury at Minimum Cost

"I was going to ask you for a new bonnet, dear," said the loving wife, "but I won't because I see you can't afford it." "How did you find out that, dear?" asked her husband. "Well," the lady replied, "I took a look into your chequebook this morning, and I saw you had only one cheque left."

A Time for Everything.—The time for Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is when croupy symptoms appear in the children; when rheumatic pains beset the old; when lumbago, asthma, coughs, colds, catarrh or earache attack either young or old; when burns, scalds, abrasions, contusions or sprains come to any member of the family. In any of these ailments it will give relief and work a cure.

"Listen to this, Maria," said Mr. Stubb, as he unfolded his scientific paper. "This article states that in some old Roman prisons that have been unearthed they found the petrified remains of the prisoners." "Gracious, John," replied Mrs. Stubbs, with a smile, "I suppose you would call them hardened criminals."

"Tommy," said the young man to his prospective brother-in-law, aged five, "will you be sorry when I marry your sister?" "Yes," answered the little fellow—"I'll be sorry for you!"

We Guarantee
to cure your cough or cold

No "ifs" or "buts"—just a straight statement—Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough or cold and do it quicker than a[illegible]

—THE—
CHESTERVILLE RECORD
—PUBLISHED—
EVERY THURSDAY,
T. T. SHAW.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
$1 per year in Advance
$1.25 IF NOT SO PAID.

Transient or legal advertisments inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
Business notices inserted in local columns for 8 cents per line every insertion.
No advertisment published for less than 25 cents.
All advertisments measured by the scale of solid nompareil, 12 lines to the inch.
Advertisments without special directions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

Whittaker, the Optician, will be at Chesterville on December 11th and Finch on December 12th.

The large salmon caught in Rideau Lake last summer by Miss Mollie Briggs and Mr. J. C. Wallace has been mounted and is now on exhibition in Smith's Falls. The fish is 38 inches long and weighed 22 lbs.

Mr. W. A. Mullen, J. P. of Inkerman, and Mr. J. S. Anderson of South Mountain have been appointed valuators for the township of Mountain to act with Judge Liddell in equalizing the assessment of the united counties, made necessary by the appeal of Osnabruck.

Arrangements are being made for the forming of a hockey league in this district for the coming season. If completed it will compose teams from Finch, Chesterville, Avonmore, Crysler, Moose Creek, and Newington.

The moving picture show given in the town hall last evening by Mr. James Stubbs was very well attended and proved to be an interesting event. The show, with an entire change of program will be given this (Thursday) evening.

Messrs. John P. Rady and Peter Droppo, Jr. invited a number to attend a gathering held at the McLean No. 2 cheese factory in Goldfield on Monday evening of last week. Supper was served and a very pleasant evening spent, at least it is reported as such.

Mrs. James Link of near Morrisburg, who has been ill for some time. came to her parental home, Mr. Servage of Connaught, a short time ago, and there passed peacefully away to her eternal home yesterday. The funeral will take place to-morrow (Friday) at 10 o'clock to Holy Trinity Church in this place.

Morrisburg and Aultsville are united this week in a great Missionary Convention. Among the speakers are Rev. E. E. Scott of Montreal, Rev. W. P. Boshart of Stanstead, Rev. A. E. Runnells of this place, Mrs Irwin Hilliard of Morrisbnrg and Mrs. F. A. Read of Merrickville.

Next Sabbath will be Missionary Anniversary in the Methodist Church. Rev. J. E. Mavety of Montreal will speak both morning and evening. The evening service will take the form of a platform meeting. Mr. Irwin Hilliard, K. C., will speak of the missionary movement from the Laymen's standpoint.

A meeting of the A. O. U. W. Lodge of this place will be held in Kearns' Hall on Friday evening of next week, Nov. 22nd Wm. Clark, District Deputy, will be present. All members are urgently requested to be present. Paste this notice in your hat, or cap, whichever you wear.

The village of Casselman, Russel county was visited by a destructive fire on Sunday night. For a time the whole place was threatened with destruction but owing to the good work of the volunteer company it was confined to three buildings. Ten years ago the whole village was wiped out. A daring rescue was effected when a sick woman and her six children were carried from their home a few seconds before the building fell in.

Dr. W. P. Dillon and Dr Osler M. Groves, who left for the old country early in July have passed their examinations which were held recently in Edinburgh for the triple degrees of L. R. C. P. and S. and S., Edinburgh, and L. R.P and S.. Glasgow. Prior to the departure of the two doctors for Scotland they were at St. Luke's Hospital. Dr. Dillon was there for three years, and Dr. Groves for one year. The latter is a son of Dr. G. H. Groves of Carp, who is receiving congratulatious upon the success of his son, as there is a large percentage of failures in these matters. Dr. Dillon is from Iroquois. The two successful doctors proceed this week to London, and will later go to Paris for study at the hospitals there.

A Mystery Near North Bay.

North Bay, Nov. 8.—Deep mystery surrounds the finding of a body covered [illegible] saw in a barn, about two miles [illegible] here, this morning. Every [illegible] to identify the [illegible] not have

Funeral of Late Jos. Merkley.

The funeral of the late Joseph Merkley, who died on Monday, Nov. 4th, 1907, took place on Thursday afternoon last to the Presbyterian Church, where services were conducted by his pastor, Rev. W. F. Crawford, assisted by the Rev. A. E Runnells.

The deceased leaves to mourn his death a widow, aged 79 years, and two daughters and four sons, who were all present at the funeral, being Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, of Canton, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Jas. E. Myers, of Waddington, N.Y.; Mr. and Mrs. H Merkley of Massena, N.Y.; Mr. Sylvester Merkley and son Arthur, of Carthage, N. Y., and Messrs. Ebenezer and Horatio Merkley of this place. Also Jeremiah Merkley and son Sandy, of Casselman, Ont., a brother of deceased, attended the funeral.

The pallbearers were Messrs. John Foster, Jos. Fisher, F. Shirkey, J. Dixon, Jacob Bogart and Geo. Heagle.

Among the floral emblems was one from the family and another with the inscription "Fellow Hunters."

The remains were interred in Maple Ridge cemetery.

Does Your Heart Flutter.

You know heart fluttering means you're not as well as you should be. It's an evidence of impaired nerve and muscular power. To obtain cure, try Ferrozone; it has a special action on the heart as seen in the case of Thos, Grover of Cole Harbor, N. S., who says: "If I exerted myself it would bring palpitation. To carry any heavy weight or go quickly upstairs completely knocked me out. When bad attacks came on I lived in fear of sudden death. Ferrozone gave my heart the very assistance it needed, and now I am quite well." For heart or nerves it's hard to excel Ferrozone, 50c per box at all dealers.

Butter From Whey.

Cheese factories in the province are beginning to find a remunerative use for the whey fat, which has in the past been the cause of a nuisance. A number of manufacturers, according to Mr. H. A. Putman, Superintendent of Farmers' Institutes, are making butter from the fat contained in the whey, which was formerly lost. Some of this butter, which does not differ from the ordinary ontput of the dairy, has taken prizes over the home-made butter. and even over the product of some creameries. One factory proprietor says he has made $1,500 worth of butter from the whey. It will be only a matter of time before all the factories are utilizing it in the same manner.

Francis Dwyer, Sr., Dead.

The death of an old resident of this community, occurred at the residence of his son, Mr. Chas. Dwyer, at "the Boyne," on Saturday evening, Nov. 9th, 1907, at the advanced age of 78 years.

The deceased had been confined to the residence for a long time, and several years have passed since he was able to visit the village, but in the face of all this he was cheerful and in good spirits all the time.

There is left to mournhis departure four sons and one daughter, viz: Francis Dwyer, James Dwyer and Chas. Dwyer of this place, William Dwyer of Ormstown, Que., and Mrs. John Summers of Vermont.

The funeral took place from his late residence on Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, to St. Mary's Church, Chesterville, where high mass was celebrated by Rev. Father Fleming, after which interment was made in the upper burying ground.

The pallbearers were Messrs. Ozias Durant, Patrick and Michael Coyne, James Moran, Hugh Smith and Hugh Kearns.

When the stomach heart or kidney nerves get weak, then those organs always fail. Don't drug the stomach, nor stimulate the Heart or Kidneys. That is simply a makeshift. Get a prescription known Druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The Restorative is prespared expressly for these weak inside nerves, strengthen these nerves, build them up with Dr. Shoop's Restorative—tablets or liquid—and see how quickly help will come. Free sample test sent on request by Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. Your health is surely worth this sample test.

Coming.

Funda's Big Vaudeville Co., for one week, commencing Monday, Nov. 18th in Foster's Hall, Chesterville. Comedians, singers, dancers. Nothing but fun from start to finish, trained Dogs, Moving pictures, lady artists. Don't fail to see Madam Funda, Renowned Palmist. The best show ever came to town. Seeing is believing. All ladies over 15 years old free first night. Adults 20, Children under 12, 10cts. Don't forget the date.

Foster—Foxton.

At the residence of the bride's mother, in Elizabeth Tp., in the County of Leeds, a very pleasing event occured on Wednesday last, Nov. the 6th, 1907, when Mr. George Forter of this place [illegible] timony to

Back from Northern Ontario.

Mr. T. H. Dunn, C. E. and party returned Thanksgiving Day from the wilds of Northern Ontario, where they surveyed the townships of Mabee and Laidlaw for the Provincial Government. Mr. Dunn left here on July 10th and was shortly afterwards joined by his party at Metagami station on the C. P. R. From there they proceeded by canoe up the Mattagami river, 175 miles north of the height of land, their location being about forty miles west of the Abbittibi river. They were within nine or ten miles of the route of the G. T. P. On the way at the first rapid one of their canoes upset and considerable provision lost. Mr. Dunn describes the soil of the townships of Mabee and Laidlaw as ranging from sandy loam to clay. The land is all timbered with spruce, balsam and popular. Along the Mattagami river the land is quite rolling. The party were surprised at the abscence of wild animals and birds. They saw quite a few otter however. Mr. Dunn says the work was hard and rough, being made worse by frequent rains. The party enjoyed the experience however and thrived on it. While they had lots of provisions the staples for everyone were fat pork and half baked bread, which were consumed with the greatest of relish and in never ending quantities at a close of a hard day's work. Strange as it may seem, Mr. Dunn finds his health improved on this diet and rough experience but he has no present intention of forsaking civilation to adopt the former life.

On their return the party found that they had remained too long at their post and encountered ice in the river. This retarded their progress and their provisions ran low. On arriving at Metagami they were reduced to five pounds of flour and for two days before this they had been living on bannock and porridge The members of Mr. Dunn's party from this section were J. L. Marting Morrisburg, Fred Edwards, Norman Cameron and Fred Summers of Winchester. The balance of the party was mostly made up from Ottawa.—PRESS.

Mother Died of Burns.

Cornwall, Nov. 8.—The other day Mrs. Alex. Barlow of Helena, across the river from here, was heating some coal tar on the kitchen stove and fearing it was going to boil over, started to lift it off when it caught fire and enveloped her in flames, burning her very badly, so that she died. In the room at the time was her daughter, nineteen years old, who grabbed a pail of water and dashed it over the burning woman and assisted in putting out the flames. On the floor a four-year-old child was playing and this child was not injured, the flames shooting to the ceiling and spreading about the walls of the room. The wall paper was badly scorched, but the fire was extinguished before much damage was done.

Shooting Accident at Alexandria.

Alexandria, Nov. 11.—W. Doyle is lying in his room here in a critical condition as the result of a mysterious shooting accident which occurred on Tuesday evening last. A 32-calibre bullet is lodged in his left side within two inches of the heart and the victim is in such a precarious condition that probing is almost impossible.

Mr. Doyle, in partnership with his brother, runs a drygoods and general business. They are young men and sleep above the store, and it was when Mr. Doyle was alone after closing that the accident happened. It is supposed that he was trying to clean up a revolver his brother had left on a shelf in the store, the cylinder in which had become stuck, but the real facts will not be known until the victim is able to tell them himself. He was doing well on Saturday, but yesterday took a turn for the worse. The fact of his having pulled through so long is the only reason his friends give for hoping that he will recover.

King's Birthday Honors.

London, Nov. 8.—The list of King's birthday honors has been issued. Sir Charles Tupper has been made a Privy Councillor. R. M. Coulter, Deputy Postmaster-General, gets the order of C. M. G., and Chief Justice Moss of the Ontario Court of Appeal, is made a Knight Bachelor. The list of honors on this occasion is a comparatively short one, because the Government have decided not to recommend any appointments to the House of Lords during the agitation against the upper House, which is going on in the country at present.

New $30,000 Church.

Peterborough, Ont., Nov. 8.—Charlotte street Methodist Church congregation, Rev. H. M. Manning, pastor, this evening decided to erect a new edifice to cost $30,000 and capable of seating 1,000 persons. It will be constructed on the site of the present church.

Hiring A Teacher.

Last week Mr. L. R. Halnan of Brampton wired his acceptance of the position of mathematical master in the Perth Collegiate. A day or two later he wrote [illegible] stating that he had decided

New Inspectors Appointed.

Toronto, Nov. 8.—Official announcement was made today of the appointment of four additional male factory inspectors. This brings the number of inspectors up to ten, including two women. The new appointees whose salaries will be $1,100 a year, are, Mr. Robert Hungerford, Toronto, a well known member of the trades and labor council; Mr. Henry Clarke, an engineer of London; Mr. Fred Kellond of Hamilton, a printer; Mr. Stephen J. Mallion, Stratford, a machinist.

James A. Pattison of St. Catharines, was injured in a street fight some time ago and is dead. George Vance has been arrested and will be held until a coroner's jury pronounce on the cause of death.

Auction :-: Sale
—OF—
FARM STOCK, ETC.

The Subscriber having decided to go out of the Dairy Business, will offer for sale by Public Auction at Lot 17, in the 9th Concession

2½ Miles South Morewood

—ON—

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 19, '07

The Following Articles, Viz:

1 work horse, 15 milch cows,
5 heifers, coming two years, grade Holsteins, 3 brood sows,
5 shoats, Yorkshire boar,
About 8 acres of corn in stook, cut before the frost, A stack of straw,
Ensilage cutter, No. 50 Bell,
Horse power,
About 700 feet soft maple flooring,
Pair light bobsleighs,

Sale to Commence at 1 o'Clock.

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums of $10.00 and under, Cash; over that amount nine months' credit will be given to parties furnishing approved joint notes, or 5 per cent. off for cash.

James Currie, Auctioneer. Samuel Swerdfeger, Proprietor.

AUCTION SALE
—OF—
HOUSEHOLD :-: FURNITURE

The undersigned will offer for sale by Public Auction at

SPRUCE GROVE Cheese Factory

(1 Mile East of Dunbar)

—ON—

Saturday, Nov. 16th, '07

The Following Articles, Viz:

1 Mare (Wardwell) coming 5 years old (has driven a mile in 3.30), 1 top buggy, 1 cutter, (nearly new), 1 set single harness, about 2,000 ft. of first. class hemlock lumber, 1 buffalo robe, 1 New Williams sewing machine (new), about 30 pullets, 2 bedsteads (complete with springs and mattresses, 1 sideboard, 1 dozen chairs, 2 rocking chairs, 1 lounge, 1 range (coal or wood), also stove pipes and many other articles, 3 vat agitators, 1 alkaline test.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

TERMS CASH

THOS. IRVING, Auctioneer. CHAS. JONES, Proprietor.

Farmers' Insurance Companies
—The Popular and Reliable—
GRENVILLE PATRON MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company
Insures farm property against loss or damage by fire or lightning.
The Ontario Farmers Weather Insurance Mutual Company
Insures against loss or damage to buildings or contents, by Wind Storms, Cyclones or Tornadoes.
The Western Assurance Company
Accept a general insurance on all classes of property wherever situated. Capital $2,000,000.
Sun Fire Insurance Office of London, Eng
Satisfactory adjustments in all cases and prompt payment of losses.
JAS. CLEMENT, Agent, Dunbar.

TOWN OF CORNWALL.

Treasurer's Sale of Lands in Arrears for Taxes.

Town of Cornwall, County of Stormont, To Wit: } By virtue of a Warrant under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation of the Town of Cornwall, bearing date the 21st day of September, A.D., 1907, and to me directed and delivered, I am commanded to levy on the undermentioned lands, described as being in the Town of Cornwall, for arrears of taxes due thereon for three years and over, and for the costs thereon.

I hereby give notice that unless such arrears of taxes are sooner paid, I shall proceed to sell the said lands by public auction, (or so much thereof as shall be sufficient to pay said taxes, and costs thereof.), at the Town Hall, Cornwall, on

Wednesday, 8th day of January, 1908,

At the hour of 10 o'clock in the Forenoon.
All the said lands are patented:

Description.	Lot	Street	Taxes	Costs	Total
S 27 ft.....	15 s....	3rd..	$86.91..	$5.17	$92.08
N w 52ftx101 ft	13 s....	3rd..	83.06..	5.08..	88.14
Rear 44ftx113 ft	4 n....	3rd..	34.50..	3.86..	38.36
N 1-2.....	11&12n	3rd..	376.48	12.41..	388.89
E 31 ft x 264 ft..	5n....	3rd..	49.84..	4.24..	54.08
W 1-2.....	14n....	4th..	378.82	12.47..	391.29
N 1-2.....	9 s....	5th..	301.78..	10.54..	312.32
SE 30ftx100ft....	10 s..	5th..	12.75..	3.32..	16.07
N 3-4.....	6 n....	7th..	41.37..	4.03..	45.39
W 48ft E 1-2....	14 n..	4th..	91.99..	5.30..	97.29
	5 n....	7th..	18.94	3.47..	22.41
Pt 65ftx176ft 60ftfrom rear	19 n..	3rd..	145.89..	6.64..	152.53
	20 s....	4th..	586.66..	17.67..	604.33
S pt 22&lot 23..	s	5th..	59.76..	4.49..	64.25
Sub-div. 12 of..	21 n..	6th..	15.26..	3.38..	18.64
Pt 58-6ftx244 ft.	20 n..	1st..	118.66	5.96..	124.62
S E pt.....	25 s....	7th..	13.14..	3.33..	16.47

Dated Sept. 21, 1907.

J. G. HARKNESS,
Treasurer Town of Cornwall.

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co. LIMITED.

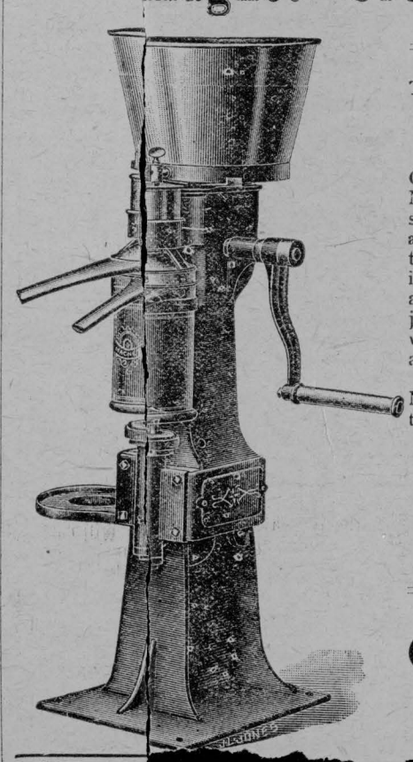
WE HAVE
14 JACKETS
Of Last Year's Stock
Which we Will Sell as Below

Original Price....	$ 9.00	Pres. Cut Price ...	$1.50
"	6.50	"	1.50
"	5.00	"	1.50
"	6.50	"	1.50
"	8.00	"	1.50
"	8.00	"	1.50
"	8.00	"	1.50
"	10.00	"	1.50
"	8.00	"	1.50
"	9.00	"	1.50
"	5.00	"	1.50
"	6.50	"	1.50
"	8.00	"	1.50
"	6.50	"	1.50

THE
Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,
LIMITED

TAKE YOUR WHEAT TO
Crysler Flour Mills!
TO BE EXCHANGED FOR FLOUR.
Our "BISHOP'S BEST" Flour
Is giving splendid satisfaction and we guarantee results.
We sell at wholesale prices in 5 and 10 bag lots.
All Kinds of Feed on Hand.
Joseph Bishop & Son.
CRYSLER. ONT.

The Magnet Cream Separator.



The Petrie M'fg. Co., Ltd.
Hamilton, Ont.

Gentlemen,—I purchased a Magnet Cream Separator from your agent, C. M. Munro of Chesterville, I saw as soon as I examined it that it had many advantages over any other separator that I had seen. First, the square gear is more durable, second the bowl staid at both ends, third easy to turn and just the right height and easy to wash which I consider is a big saving of time and it skims perfectly clean.

I take pleasure in recommending the Magnet and would advise all dairymen to give it a trial.

I remain yours
George Prunner,
FROATBURN, ONT

C. M. Mu[illegible]
CHESTE[illegible]

L.D'A[illegible]

I have[illegible]
system of C[illegible]
ience I now[illegible]

MOTHERS MUST HAVE ABUNDANT STRENGTH

No Mother Can Rear a Healthy Child Unless She is Strong Herself.

A woman's anxieties multiply ten-fold about the time the new baby is expected.

If her strength is exhausted and her blood weak, it goes hard in the hour of trial.

Childbirth is certainly made easier by Ferrozone The following statement expresses the earnest gratitude of Mrs. M. E. Duckworth, of Durham. It is a woman's story,—of her own case—told that other women may profit by her experience:

"Before baby was born I was in a weak, miserable, nervous state. I had no reserve strength. I tried to build up, but nothing helped me. I looked upon the coming day with dread, knowing I was unequal to the occasion.

"Ferrozone braced me up at once. It gave me strength and spirits, brought back my nerve and cheerfulness. From my experience with Ferrozone I recommended it to all expectant mothers."

There is more concentrated nourishment in Ferrozone than you can get from anything else. It supplies what weak systems need. Simply take one tablet at meals and you'll feel benefited in a thousand ways.

Ferrozone makes healthy, virile, vigorous women; try it. 50c. per box of fifty tablets, or six for $2.50, at all dealers.

They Pleased Their Audience.

The Concert given in Foster's Hall last evening by the Scottish Concert Company was very well patronized and the company filled the program to the entire satisfaction of the audience. The company is compssed of three being Miss Nannie Strachan, Mr. Gavin Spence, tenor, Miss Edna Newcombe, celloist.

Miss Strachan possesses a high soprano voice of remarkable purity, sweetness and flexibility and her numbers were well received. In Highland costume of bygone days, she sang such old favorites as "The Scottish Bluebell," "Whistle and I'll come till you my lad," "Lochnagar," "Call Her rin." In the latter number dressed in fishwife costume her beautiful voice showed it's range and pure quality to fine advantage. Miss Edna Newcombe celloist showed herself to be a thorough artiste her intonation and technique being of the highest order. Mr. Gavin Spence was a host in himself of versatile acquirements. His monolgue, explanatory and humorous commenting on the different numbers added much to their interest while his dry humor kept the andience in constant merriment. He is gifted with a fair tenor voice and his rendition of "A Hundred Pipers" "Jessie's Dream" "Hooch Aye" "The lass of Killiecrankie" fully sustained his reputation. Every number was heartily encored and each encore readily and gracefully responded to. Miss Newcombe and Mr. Spence acted as accompanists.

To check a cold quickly, get from your druggist some little Cold Tablets called Preventics. Druggists everywhere are now dispensing Preventics, for they are not only safe, but decidedly certain and prompt. Preventics contain no quinine, no laxative, nothing harsh nor sickening. Taken at the "sneeze stage" Preventics will prevent Pneumonia, Bronchitis, La-Grippe, etc. Hence the name, Preventics. Good for feverish children. 48 Preventics 25 cents. Trial Boves 5 cts. Sold by Walter G. Bolster.

L. O. L. Night at Morewood.

The fiftieth anniversary of the institution of Cannamore L. O. L., No. 653, was observed last evening by an oyster supper and re-union at Morewood.

Early in the evening oysters were served by the ladies in the Oddfellow's Hall. A goodly number were present. After partaking of a bounteous repast an adjournment was made to the Foresters' Hall, where a large number had gathered to listen to the program of the evening. Rev. D. Stewart occupied the chair, and in the opening remarks referred to the night as being commemorative of the [illegible]th anniversary of the lodge. Mr. Andrew Broder, M.P., was present and delighted his many friends by his humourous and instructive address. He showed what orange principles had done for the development of the country during the past fifty years, and urged the members of the lodge to be true, loyal citizens, as well as loyal Orangemen. Rev. Mr. Hagar was listened to with much interest. His address had the right ring, and was patriotic throughout. Mr. Lowrie of Russell, added a few words of congratulation. The musical part of the program was rendered by the Morewood Brass Band, who acquitted themselves vey creditably, and during the course of the evening won many words of praise from the speakers and the audience.

The gathering b[illegible] [illegible] d friend. R. L. [illegible] College, Mon[illegible]ving at the [illegible] [illegible]t her home in [illegible]week. [illegible]ct missionary [illegible] next Sunday. [illegible]tor.

DUNBAR.

The Lutherans of this place held their annual congregational meeting on Thursday. The old officers were re-elected.

Miss Maggie Webster was the guest of Miss Myrtle Barkley on Sunday.

Wednesday evening about 11 o'clock Geo. E. Marcellus became the victim of two burglars and it was only through his indomitable courage that he managed to make his escape.

Mrs. M. E. Hanes spent thanksgiving at her parental home at Williamsburg.

J. M. Merkley was the guest of E. Hanes on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason gave a very successful Hallowe'en party to the young people of the Dunbar and Colquhoun congregations. A most enjoyable evening was spent.

We are beginning to make a noise like a brass band.

Mrs. Robert Hanuff and children of Massena, N. Y. are visiting friends around here.

Miss Edith Allison of this town is at present visiting friends at Morrisburg.

Misses Mary and Bertha Merkley drove to Chesterville on Monday.

Eli Nicholas and daughter Emily of Carleton Place are here on a visit.

Misses Maud Deeks and Mary Marcellus of Ottawa, came home to spend their Thanksgiving holidays.

Andrew Allison and Bismarck Barkley drove to Inkerman on Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Merkley of Williamsburg spent a few days last week visiting friends here.

Miss Almira Marselis was the guest of Miss Min Marselis Sunday.

Miss Addie Marselis visited friends at Spruce Grove on Friday.

Mr. William Becker of San Francisco visited at the home of Mr. P. Hill Sunday.

Miss Maud McMillan of Winchester Springs visited friends here on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hill called on friends at Bouck's Hill Thursday evening.

Miss Evanna McIntosh and Alice Eastwood of Williamsburg called on friends here recently.

Mrs. Willie Merkley visited friends at North Williamsburg last week.

Mrs. C. A. Whitteker was a guest of Mr. N. Hanes on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Marselis left for Minnesota on Monday.

Miss Bessie Dillabough was a guest of Mrs. John Dillabough over Sunday.

Mr. Arthur McMillan visited her parental home recently.

Miss Beesie Carlyle was a guest of Miss M. Johnston on Friday.

Few Here Know This.

When an eminent authority announced in the Scranton (Pa.) Times that he had found a new way to treat that dread American disease, Rheumatism, with just common, every-day drugs found in any drug store, the physicians were slow indeed to attach much importance to his claims. This was only a few months ago. Today nearly every newspaper in the country, even the metropolitan dailies, is announcing it and the splendid results achieved. It is so simple that any one can prepare it at home at small cost. It is made up as follows: Get from any good prescription pharmacy Fluid Extract Dandelion, one-half ounce, Compound Kargon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces. Mix by shaking in a bottle and take in teaspoonful doses after each meal and at bedtime. These are all simple ingredients, making an absolutely harmlesss remedy at little cost.

Rheumatism, as everyone knows, is a symptom of deranged kidneys. It is a condition produced by the failure of the kidneys to properly filter or strain from the blood the uric acid and other matter, which if not eridicated, either in the urine or through the skin pores, remains in the blood, decomposes and forms about the joints and muscles, causing the untold suffering and deformity of rheumatism.

This prescription is said to be a splendid healing, cleansing and invigorating tonic to the kidneys, and gives almost immediate relief in all forms of bladder and urinary troubles and backaches. He also warns people in a leading New York paper against the discriminate use of many patent medicines.

WINCHESTER SPRINGS.

Mr. and Mrs. Garrow visited at Chesterville last week.

Mr. Harry Luthre of Brockville, spent Thanksgiving in town.

Miss Tressa Nesbitt of Winchester, and Mr. B. Stewart of Brockville, visited Miss Mae Robinson recently.

Back From the Hunt.

Messrs. Calvin Munro of this place, N. S. Marselis and Nathaniel Merkley of Bouck's Hill, and Daniel McMillan of Osnabruck, together with a number from the United States, arrived from their annual deer hunt on Monday. Their hunting grounds are in Quebec on the Liver River. The fellows from this district brought with them the allotted number, and they report deer plentiful this season.

Why Chests Colds are Dangerous.

They lead to pleurisy and pneumonia. Follow the advice of W. H. Powles of Powle's Corners, Ont., who says: "I used to be subject to attacks and although I used most everything nothing relieved quickly till I discovered Nerviline. I have used it for pleurisy and sore chest and found it just the proper thing. For Lumbago or Neuralgia it's quick as lightning. I cheerfully recommend Nerviline." Strongest cleanest, most pain destroying liniment on earth is Polson's Nerviline, 25c bottles sold everywhere.

Mr. John Conlon, a well-known citizen of Thorold, is dead.

A fire at Sudbury, Ont., destroyed the Evans' planing mill and lumber yard.

The Grand Trunk station and freight shed at Londesboro' were destroyed by fire.

Ripe wild strawberries were picked in Armstrong, B. C., the last Sunday in October.

Battleford sportsmen find prairie chickens and ducks very wild, and bags are not large.

Lethridge will now ring up Edmonton, long distance. Price $1.50 per three minutes.

A frame house on a wire fenced acre of land, Hannah street, Emo, Ont., was sold for $220.

Business men in Edmonton talk of starting an agitation for reduction in fice insurance rates.

At Trenton Ont., on Tuesday, fire destroyed Funnell's evaporator, with its contents, mainly fruit.

A franchise has been granted by the municipalities for an electric railway from Cobalt to Haileybury.

Ottawa ministers are criticizing the gambling devices in connection with the "Streets of Paris" bazaar.

It is reported at Ottawa that Messrs. Arch. Campbell and N. A. Belcourt will be appointed to the Senate.

Young men's Provincial Rights club has been formed in Prince Albert, Sask., to fight the Scott government.

Edmonton is trying to prevail on Rev. Ralph Connor to officiate at the opening of its new Presbyterian church.

Hon. H. A. McKeown, Attorney-General of New Brunswick, was elected in St. John County by acclamation.

Mr. David Milligsd of Millbrook was accidentally killed by the discharge of his rifle while hunting on Otter Lake.

B. C. potato growers figure that the net profits of their crop amount to more than the price of the land at $100 per acre.

Edmonton is viewing fine potatoes grown on a farm a hundred miles northwest. Ten smallest of the tubers weighs 2½ pounds.

The Drummond Mining Company of Montreal has secured a lease of the Gloucester N.B., iron mines, said to be very rich.

Edmonton's publicly owned street car system is competing with a private company for the street railway franchise in Strathcona.

Mr. John Davis, postmaster of Alton, died from injuries received recently in a railway accident.

If Strathcona will give running rights over its streets, the city of Edmonton will build a street car line in 1908, and lay a mile of tracks for every 300 population.

Mr. Mackenzie King announces that he has adjusted all the Japanese claims arising out of the riots at Vancouver and the total amount to be paid is $10,775.

Last week was prolific of fires in Canada. Besides the one in Montreal, one in Fort William on Sunday destroyed the new roman Catholic church; incendiarism is suspected.

Bazaar Drawing.

The drawing for the bazaar at Crysler, which was postponed from the 16th ult., will take place on Nov. 28th. Committee on drawing:—John Baithwate, J. B. Lafrance, Geracime Page, Edward Bishop and Dr. Gormerly. The list of winning numbers will be published in all the local papers. Those having books will kindly make returns before that date.

T. FITZPATRICK.

To Banquet Hon. Mr. Graham.

Suitable recognition of the promotion of Hon. G. P. Graham to the position of minister of railways and canals will be made by the citizens of Brockville by tending him a banquet on the 27th inst. He is now on a tour of inspection of the Intercolonial Railway, and, from Fredericton, N. B., wired his ac[illegible]

Colquhoun—Armstrong.

The home of Mr, and Mrs. S. Armstrong, of Colquhoun, was the scene of a very pleasing event on Wednesday evening, the 13th inst., when their daughter Myrtle was united in wedlock to Orval J. Colquhoun, son of Mr. Henry Colquhoun.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. I. N. Beckstedt of Athens, uncle of the bride.

Promptly at the hour of seven o'clock the bridal party entered the room to the strains of the wedding march played by Mrs. W. D. Cameron, of Orillia, the bride's sister. The bride, tastefully attired in a gown of white embroidered Japanese silk, with the customary veil and orange blossoms, appeared, leaning on her father's arm, and carried a boquet of lilies of the valley, entwined with fern. The groom was supported by Mr. Will Colquhoun, while the bridesmaid was little Miss Arlie Durant. A pretty touch was added to the scene by the little flower girls, Misses Hildred Durant and Luella Colquhoun.

After the ceremony the guests sat down to a bountiful repast, after which a very pleasant evening was spent in social converse.

The presents were numerous and varied, giving evidence of the esteem in which the bride and groom are held in the community.

The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Colquhoun will join in wishing them a long and prosperous life together.

Farmers Institutes.

Farmers' Institute meetings will be held at the following places on the dates mentioned: Berwick, Dec. 2nd; Finch, Dec. 3rd; Avonmore, Dec 4th; Monkland, Dec. 5th; Moose Creek, Dec 6th; Russell, Dec. 12th; Metcalfe, Dec. 13th; North Gower, Dec. 14th.

Richard Baptiste, a Tuscarora Indian, was killed in a fight, and his son-in-law, Jacob Scott, is in jail awaiting the investigation of the affair.

Have You a Friend?

Then tell him about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Tell him how it cured your hard cough. Tell him why you always keep it in the house. Tell him to ask his doctor about it. Doctors use a great deal of it for throat and lung troubles.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will hasten recovery. Gently laxative.

LEARN DRESS-MAKING BY MAIL

in your spare time at home, or

Take a Personal Course at School.

To enable all to learn we teach on cash or instalment plan. We also teach a personal class at school once a month. Class commencing last Tuesday of each month. These lessons teaches how to cut, fit and put together any garment from the plainest shirt waist suit, to the most elaborate dress. The whole family can learn from one course. We have taught over seven thousand dress-making, and guarantee to give five hundred dollars to any one that cannot learn between the age of 14 and 40. You cannot learn dress-making as thorough as this course teaches if you work in shops for years. Beware of imitations as we employ no one outside the school. This is the only experienced Dress Cutting School in Canada and excelled by none in any other country. Write at once for particulars, as we have cut our rate one-third for a short time. Address:—

SANDERS' DRESS-CUTTING SCHOOL,
31 Erie St., Stratford, Ont., Canada.

WANTED AT ONCE—We have decided to instruct and employ a number of smart young ladies to teach our course in Dressmaking, having one teacher for the six nearest towns where they live—age 20 to 35. Those who have worked at dressmaking, or likes drawing preferred. Please do not apply unless you can devote your whole time. Address—

THE SCHOOL.

NEW TONSO[illegible]

Having leased the [illegible]

H. A. M[illegible]

And having completely [illegible] position to ask the public [illegible]

I am well known to the publ[illegible] them the Latest an[illegible]

FRANK MERK[illegible]

Jacket Sale Continued.

We still have from 10 to 15 Jackets to be sold at Half Price.

PRICES $1.50 TO $5.00.

Ready-Made Clothing.

Full stock of Men's, Youths and Boys' Suits and Overcoats.

Boots and Shoes.

Heavy Shoes and Boots for Fall and Winter wear
Also Compiete Stock of Fine Goods.

Furs. Furs. Furs.

Everything in the line of Furs at Cut Prices.

FETTERLY & BOGART
CHESTERVILLE

MERKLEY'S
ICE CREAM PARLORS
FOR
DAVID HARUMS, - - SUNNY JIMS,
BUSTER BROWNS,
Or any flavor you ask for in ICE CREAM SODAS.
And also the
Finest Stock of Confectionery in Town.

H. A. MERKLEY.

J. T. WHITE

Wishes to Inform the Public that he is Agent for the

MASSEY-HARRIS
FARM IMPLEMENTS,
McLaughlin
VEHICLES.
Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines and Windmills.

A Share of your Patronage is Solicited.

The George White & Sons

Traction and Portable Engines.

TRY ONE OF OUR
HAMILTON INCUBATORS.

FISHER & ROBINSON,

Butchers, Etc.

CHESTERVILLE, - - ONT.

Constantly on hand

Beef, Pork, Lamb and Cured Meats,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

ABOUT TIME

To decide upon school work for the coming Fall and Winter. Let us help you by sending you our handsome catalogue. It will give you all the particulars about our modern methods and work used in training young people to secure and hold fine paying positions. Send us a postal request by first mail. Address

Cornwall Commercial College

CORNWALL, - - ONT,

GEO. F. SMITH, Principal.

Well Drilling !

Having purchased complete new outfits, of the latest manufacture, for the drilling of wells, I am in a position to attend to all the wants of the public in this line. Parties wishing can have same done by using either steam or gasolene power.

All correspondence promptly attended to.

Address
HENRY BAZINET,
Crysler, Ont.

Chesterville Lodge No. 288, I. O. O. F.

Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.

C. R. ROBINSON, N. G. — F. WOOD, R. S.

Chesterville - Bakery

Eugene McMillan, Prop.

SNAILS FOR HUMAN FOOD

FARMS IN FRANCE WHERE MILLIONS ARE PRODUCED.

Paris Alone Consumes an Enormous Quantity—Only Two Kinds Edible.

France is perhaps the premier snail-producing nation, although Austria, Bavaria, and Switzerland have thousands of snail farms, where the famous escargots are raised and fattened on vine leaves. The demand for snails in France is far too great for the supply to be left to chance, and thus it comes about that snail farming is an important industry. Paris alone consumes millions between September and May, when these little creatures are at their best, says the Washington Post.

Coming upon a French, Italian or German snail farm unexpectedly, one would not suspect its identity, for below the low wall or fence intended to keep the snails within bounds, little is visible save boxes and cabbages by the thousand. And in the daytime you might spend hours in walking around the farm and never see a single snail. In the cool of the evening you could not kick a cabbage without dislodging a score or more.

The boxes are six feet in length by three feet in width, and run in long rows a yard apart. Around each of these shelters, which are only a few inches high and have sloping roofs so that the rain may flow down into gutters at the lower ends, rows of big, leafy cabbages are planted. At Orgeleh, in the Jura Mountains, is a farm containing 1,700 shelters, each containing a pretty lively family of two thousand snails. Here there were three and a half million snails altogether, and they have 68,000 cabbages to feed upon.

The interior of each box is lined with a bed of dry moss, and here the snails slumber in peace and safe from the sun, coming out at night to feed. During the four years it is necessary to keep them in order to fatten them up for market they eat many times their own weight in green stuff. Indeed, they are so voracious that in a single night in the wet season a hundred thousand of them will consume enough cabbages to fill up a market cart twice over. Before sunrise the farm is a busy sight, for scores of hands are out collecting the snails and putting them back in the boxes that they may be protected from the heat of the day.

Only two kinds of snails are eaten, the gros blanc, or snail of Burgundy, native to the vineyard districts, and the petit gris, which comes mainly from the Pas de Calais region. The former is much larger than the latter.

PRICES VARY.

Prices in the wholesale market vary very much, according to the season. Thus, between April and May, the gros blancs fetch from $1.75 to $2.25 a thousand, and the petit gris from 41 to 60 cents a thousand. But from September to the middle of October the big Burgundy snails fetch from $2.50 to $3.10 a thousand, and nearly $4 a thousand from October to April.

During the early weeks of October the snail farmer is sorting out his full grown stock, three or four years old, from the younger snails. Their age is readily indicated by the markings of their shell. They are then placed in some shady spot and left to dry, great care being taken to remove from the shell the layer of earth that covers it.

The snails are next placed on grills or seives maintained at an even temperature of from 5 degrees to 6 degrees Centigrade, and so long as this is not exceeded they may be kept for a whole year. If, however, a few extra degrees of warmth deludes them into the belief that spring has returned and they emerge from their shells, the cold destroys them at once.

Snails are farmed in this way in order to insure a supply in the months when they are mostly in demand, and when it would be very difficult to find them if they were allowed to roam at their own sweet will. Since they are essentially a cold-weather dish, retail prices fluctuate with the thermometer.

In great cities of Europe you will come upon stores devoted entirely to this delicacy, and ornamented by an immense gilt snail over the door as a sign. Huge tubs of snails in the rough are displayed, and there are besides dishes of carefully prepared molluscs all ready for eating.

These have been first cooked, then extracted from their shells, and finely minced. The meat is then mixed with butter, chopped parsley and herbs, and finally, the shells, trimmed and made smart, are refilled with this prepared paste.

MOST POPULAR SNAILS.

The most popular snails to-day come from Dijon and Macon, in Burgundy, where they are fed on vine leaves, and the parks, as the local snail farms are called, open their gates in the month of August, when the little creatures bestir themselves actively.

Men search for them in moss, at the roots of trees and below old walls surrounding vineyards and woods. The snails caught are deposited in parks, which are merely grassy plots of land surrounded by walls to prevent the snails from escaping. And they are fed diligently from August to the end of October.

[illegible] the grass the prisoners [illegible] herbs, such as and inclosing it with smoothly-planed boards covered with tar. These are sunk into the ground eight inches, and on the inside, at a point where they emerge from the earth, there must be a shelter which will prevent the snail from burrowing under the inclosing palisades.

In the canyon of Lucerne a plot 200 yards square is sufficient for a colony of 1,000 snails. The land is ploughed, and during the rainy months of March and April the tenants are introduced and covered with a layer of moss and straw four inches thick. Under the influence of heat and moisture the escargot buries himself and remains thus in obscurity until the breeding season in the summer.

Food is introduced daily, and consists of lettuce, cabbage, vine leaves and grass. It will thus be seen that the snail is strictly vegetarian, and it will please non-meat eaters to learn that the wild snail becomes so strong on this diet that he can drag an object weighing seventy times as much as himself.

LONDON WATER.

Daily Consumption is Now Two Hundred and Eighteen Million Gallons.

Two large reservoirs have just been added to the London water-supply. One thinks little of such an announcement, made in these days when abundant water service is counted not a luxury, but a necessity. If the Elizabethan citizen, however, should return to his native town, the lavish use of water would cause amazement to his mind, and, in all probability, a chill to his unlaved body.

The statement, made some years ago in the House of Commons, that for eight hundred years the English people did not wash themselves may not be quite accurate; nevertheless, it is true that the cost of London water for many generations rendered thorough bathing an impossibility to the poor, and an expensive and occasional luxury to the rich. Such an extravagance as cleansing the streets with water was thought not to be entertained. No wonder the plague found ready and waiting ground for speedy development!

Until the thirteenth century London depended on wells and brooks for its water-supply. Its means of conveyance were the pails and pitchers of the householder. In 1236 streams of water were brought by slender pipes to a cistern, known as the Great Conduit, in West Cheap. Here bucket-bearers gathered in crowds to await their turn. One of the regular duties of an apprentice was to fetch water. Carriers called "Cobbs" peddled water through the streets.

In 1852 "one Peter Moris" obtained permission from the corporation to pump water from the Thames into the city by means of water-wheels placed under the first arch of London Bridge and driven by the tide. "Before this time no such thing had ever been known in England." This system supplied water to the upper parts of the city, and was powerful enough to raise a jet of water over the steeple of St. Magnus Church, a sight which the Lord Mayor himself rode out in state to see.

This invention killed the Company of Water Bearers, and ran for a lease which extended down to modern times.

It was not until comparatively recent years that anything like an adequate supply of water was given to the city. Now eight companies hold grants. Ten years ago the area known as "Water London" covered six hundred and twenty miles, and the daily supply of water amounted to over two hundred and two million, one hundred and two thousand, five hundred and forty-three gallons. In 1905 the daily consumption had risen to two hundred and eighteen gallons.

ELEVENTH HOUR REFUSAL.

Engagement Broken After Wedding Carriages Ordered.

An almost Byronic incompatibility of temperament was the excuse offered at the London Sheriff's Court recently, by Mr. William Moore, a cartridge maker, for breaking off his engagement to Miss Gertrude Annie Ashton after the "banns" had been published and the wedding carriages ordered. He admitted the breach of promise, and his former fiancee was awarded £50 damages.

The engagement, which was contracted in June, 1905, was terminated nearly two years later. Mr. Moore urged that during their engagement there were stormy intervals, and he asked to be relieved of his promise of marriage. This request was not granted. Miss Ashton assuring him that "when we are married things will be much smoother." The ceremony had been fixed for May 18 last, but on the previous Friday defendant wrote saying he could not marry plaintiff. On the following Sunday he relented somewhat, expressing regret for his former decision, the reason for which he said he could not understand, and intimating that the marriage should take place. The next day, however, he definitely broke off the engagement, sending Miss Ashton the following letter:

"I regret I cannot marry you on Saturday. Please take this for final, as I feel certain I cannot be happy with you. Your non-appreciation of my greatest efforts, manifested as it was to the eleventh hour, has nearly turned me mad. I have not slept for six long weary nights, and things must change, or I shall become a physical wreck or lunatic. It is better for me to be unhappy for a time than for us to be yoked together in misery."

Plaintiff, who was a dressmaker in the [illegible] a Jewish employer at Holland [illegible] her position

THE STAR VIPER HUNTER

EASY MONEY IN A SMALL WAY FOR AN EXPERT FRENCHMAN.

The Government Pays 7 Cents for Every Reptile Destroyed, Including the Unhatched.

Viper hunting is a profitable occupation in a small way in France. The Government pays 7 cents a head for the destruction of the reptiles, and in some parts of the country a skilled hunter with fair luck may make from $1.50 up to $3.50 or $4 in a day's work in August or September. Vipers are a pest in France. They are extremely poisonous and great numbers of them still exist in the wilder regions.

Edmond Pelletier is regarded as the star viper hunter of the country. He has a record of tens of thousands killed at 7 cents apiece. He has not found it a very dangerous pursuit, for he has not been bitten once. To a companion who went hunting with him in the forest of Busscau in the Vendean region in the western part of France he confided that he always carried a leek in his pocket.

"If I ever should get bitten," said he, "I'd snip it in two and clap the cut surface on the bite. My father and grandfather have always told me it was a sure antidote to the venom. No, they never tried it;

THEY WERE NEVER BITTEN;

but some one to'd them. I hear that the Pasteur Institute makes an anti-viper poison serum now. I guess you'd find it was nothing but the juice of leeks."

Tthe companion of Pelletier had put on a stout pair of leather leggings by advice of the expert. To his surprise Pelletier himself simply put on a heavy pair of woollen socks over his boots.

"That's to deaden the sound of my footsteps," said he. "I don't need leggings. They don't bite me."

His whole hunting outfit consisted of a hazel switch, a jackknife and an old tin cracker box. The switch is the weapon of attack. The knife is to cut the heads off and the box to hold them; the bounty is paid on presentation of the heads at the nearest sub-prefecture.

Half stooping, with his eyes sweeping the ground before him, Pelletier advanced with velvet step over a wide expanse of rocks. He walks with his face to the sun, lest his shadow frighten the quarry. Presently he stoops and picks up on the end of his switch a filmy thing that gleams in the sunlight and flutters in the wind.

"Viper somewhere around! Been changing his skin!" he remarks laconically.

A few minutes more and there is a sharp whiz of the switch and a smart slap on the rock. A greenish gray thing that had lain coiled on the stone straightens out and writhes helplessly. The tap of the switch has broken the spinal column. Pelletier deliberately cuts off the head and tail and rips it open.

HE FINDS TEN EGGS,

and, as the bounty is paid equally for them as well as for full grown vipers, he carefully transfers them to his tin box.

As he does this the companion reaches out his hand to pick up the severed head. Pelletier grabs him by the sleeve. "Watch," says he, and he touches the pointed muzzle with the hazel rod. The head has life enough left to respond to the stimulus. The jaws open and snap on the rod and the fang exudes a few drops of its deadly poison. Then Pelletier picks the head up carefully and drops it into the box.

The next time the switch whizzes through the air it misses its aim, and the viper glides under a heap of stones. Pelletier dashes after it and begins pulling away the stones recklessly with his bare hands. The viper wriggles his way deeper and deeper into the heap as the hunter sends the stones flying right and left. At last, a few inches of the tail is visible for an instant; down comes the hunter's heel on it and all is over. It is a very large viper, more than thirty inches long. The body is greenish gray with a black band along the spinal column, the color lightening to a silver white under the belly. The sides are beautiful, marked with black streaks.

Something arouses the attention of the next viper that is encountered as it lies basking in the sun. It does not run, but rearing its head to a height of several inches above its coil it waves to and fro ready to strike, and hissing like a

TINY LEAK IN A STEAM PIPE.

"It's trying to fascinate me the way it does birds," says Pelletier, "but it's all the other way. So long as I look at it I hold it. If I turned my head it would vanish in a second."

The viper shoots out its pointed tongue viciously. It shows signs of weakening; the head sinks. Then the whiz of the switch and it is all over.

These three full-grown viper's make up the morning's sport. The afternoon is unfavorable for catching them unawares. But as two of the three are females and yield twenty-four eggs, the total profits of the occasion are $1.89, a very fair remuneration for a French countryman for his day's labor.

"The vipers can surely charm birds," said Pelletier on the way home. "I remember walking along a trench one day when a sparrow rose up from between my feet and flew into the breast of my coat. I was amazed, for sparrows are very shy in the country, until I saw a great red viper scurrying away. He had fascinated the bird and was closing in on it when I spoiled the game.

"Another day I was leaning against a [illegible] thinking idly when I heard the [illegible] tomtits in evident

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reign Supreme in the Commercial World.

Railway companies will spend £200,000 for a new station at Dover, making it superior to any marine station in the world.

Musurus Pasha, the Turkish Ambassador in London, has met with an accident, in consequence of which he has had to undergo an operation for a broken knee-cap.

In London alone between two and three hundred milk-cans are lost or stolen every day, and other towns and cities suffer similarly.

The Darracq-Serpollet steam omnibus, a new type of motor, which runs almost entirely without noise, has just been placed on London streets.

Archibald Page, 20, charged at Leicester with the murder of Annie Elizabeth Haines, confessed that he strangled the girl as they sat by the roadside.

Sir George Bullough has just presented Accrington, Lancashire, with a miniature rifle range, which comprises the range buildings and complete equipment.

Milkmen's private detectives and the Can Protection Society in London have in four years recovered and restored 14,000 stolen cans to their rightful owners.

The negotiations for the purchase for the public of Tom Hood's house at Wanstead have failed, and building operations have begun on a portion of the ground.

At a recent London wedding an enterprising photographer stealthily climbed the pulpit stairs and snapped the happy pair just as the marriage vows were being taken.

"Total abstainers are in the minority in the country and must carry moderate drinkers with them," said Lloyd George in his speech at a temperance demonstration.

Several hundred poor children of St. Michael's church parish, London Fields, brought offerings of eggs for the North-eastern Hospital for Children, Hackney Road.

Fair-haired people are rapidly diminishing in number in this country. Out of 440 women counted in a London street, there were 227 dark to 213 fair or red-haired.

In 1906 number of police on active duty in London, exclusive of those specially employed, 502 inspectors, 2,085 sergeants and 13,217 constables. Pay for entire force £1,526,865.

Motor fire appliances, on account of their superior travelling powers and economy of upkeep, as compared with horsed engines, are rapidly gaining headway in England.

A lady's maid, when attacked at Sheringham by a man, managed to scratch her assailant's face. This led to his identity and a subsequent sentence of six months' imprisonment.

An inquest at Stepney brought to light the sad case of Jane Mall, a widow aged 82, who received 75 cents a week from the union, and had to make the rest of her living by needlework.

In one English burying ground sculptors attend on Sundays and tout for orders for tombstones when they see grief-stricken relatives. A good business is said to be done in this way.

Mr. Archibald Moffett, aged 72, of Gateshead-on-Tyne, has written the Lord's Prayer four times and his name once within the space covered by a threepenny piece. He has also written his name on one side of a grain of rice, and his address on the other.

A monument erected in Dovercourt churchyard, is in the form of a marble rock, anchor and reef, and commemorates the heroism of W. Moore, steward of the Berlin, who was found clasping in his arms the body of a young man entrusted to his care.

SOME FREAK SOCIETIES.

The Pointed Beards in Paris—To Defend Cause of Fat Men.

"Pointed beards only need apply."

This is the law of the latest Parisian society of freaks—th "Sphenopogones," as they call themselves.

Its members, who are compelled by the rules of the society to wear pointed beards and moustaches, have banded themselves together for the avowed purpose of promoting perennial joviality.

It is a secret society. Its deliberations are secret, its dinners are secret, its happy evenings are secret, and the names of its members can be seen only in the society's secret books.

The Sphenopogones comprise leading politicians, literary men and artists living in various parts of France. Each member must be elected unanimously and must, under pain of severe penalties, promise to wear a beard which tapers symmetrically to a point and a moustache also pointed at each end.

Once a month the members dine together. The date and place of meeting are arranged by the "gonfalier," as the treasurer is called, and the proceedings are kept strictly private, no one being admitted except duly enrolled members.

If any member has between one dinner and another distinguished himself by writing a successful play or a book, or by painting a picture of exceptional merit, or by doing anything to earn public praise, he is greeted with uproarious applause.

After dinner the possessors of the pointed beards give themselves up to conviviality in accordance with the terms of their secret charter.

England, too, can boast of her freak [illegible] There is, for instance, the Ap- [illegible] nable and

STUCK FIRMLY TO TRUTH

BUT FOUND IT SO UNPLEASANT HE GAVE IT UP.

Made Friends Angry, Charged With Lunacy, Got Shaken, Then Swore Off.

A New York Man, after thinking over the fatuousness of white lies, put his purpose to stick to the undraped truth into operation one recent morning. As he passed out of his house on his way to work a man of his acquaintance in the neighboring building greeted him pleasantly.

"Sumptuous morning, eh? said the neighbor cheerily.

"I do not consider it a sumptuous morning," replied the truth teller. "I consider it too hot."

The flat neighbor looked somewhat chagrined over this brusque reply, but he made a new start.

"Somehow or another I always feel better in hot weather than I do when it's chilly," he said. "I even take on weight during the dog days. I guess, anyhow, I'm feeling particularly well, because I'm convalescent, from that bad dose of typhoid fever. Did you ever see a fellow come around more quickly, after getting on his feet from typhoid than I have?"

"Yes," promptly replied the man determined to tell the truth. "I do not think your recovery has been very rapid. I have seen typhoid patients pick up much more rapidly."

"Say, d'ye mean to say that I'm not looking bully for a fellow that's been through the siege I have?" enquired the flat neighbor, a trace of annoyance in his tone.

"In my opinion you look very poorly," replied the truth teller, with a stern determination not to be swerved.

"Huh! Got kind of a grouch on this morning, hey?" said the flat neighbor, as he passed on down the steps.

WOULDN'T HEAR "KID" STORY.

On the subway train the truthteller caught a seat alongside another man of his acquaintance.

"Say, old man," began this acquaintance, expansively, "did I tell you what that two-year-old kid o' mine said when I put on a pair of white duck trousers the other morning?"

"No, you did not," briefly replied the truth-teller, with the air of somebody profoundly bored.

"Well," said the acquaintance, 'he said—ha! ha!—makes me laugh just to think of it! You've heard that young 'un of mine get off those funny things, haven't you? Just about the smartest chap for his years on earth, don't you think?"

"I do not think so," replied the truth-teller, out of hand. 'I have heard many children of his age say the same sort of things, which his parents considered humorous, but in which I was never able to discern a particle of humor."

"Huh—what's that?" flared up the truth-teller's acquaintance. "Say, you got out of your bunk on the wrong side this morning," and the acquaintance sorely affronted, moved over to the opposite crosswise seat.

STUCK TO HIS GUNS.

"Hello there, old pal," breezily exclaimed one of the truth-teller's old-time business acquaintances, dropping in upon him at his office during the forenoon. "Say, I just put on this suit of clothes at my tailor's. All the candy, hey?"

"I don't like it," promptly replied the man with the new determination.

"How's that?" enquired the old friend, visibly chapfallen. "Well, that's sure brief and right to the point. Don't like it, hey?—just like that. Well, out with it then! What the dickens is the matter with the mess o' togs, according to your view?"

"I think the material of the suit is too loud and young for a man of your age," said the truth-teller, sticking to his guns.

"Well, dang my eyes!" broke out the old friend, his face crimsoning. "If that isn't a wallop! Say, d'ye mean to tell me that I'm going around trying to look young and gay-doggish and cutuppish, hey?"

"That," replied the truth-teller, "is the only impression one could derive from an examination of the suit of clothes you are wearing."

THOUGHT HE WAS DIPPY.

The old friend stared.

"Well, I'll tell you one thing, my friend," he said, frigidly, after a pause. "You need a rest and a change of some kind. There's something wrong with you, that's a cinch."

And thus about every fifteen minutes during the long day the truth-teller made some new enemy.

On his way home that evening the truth-teller had his pet corn accidentally stepped upon by a man hurrying to get a subway seat.

"You'll pardon me, I hope," said the man who inflicted the damage, turning about most politely.

"No, sir," firmly replied the truth-teller, [illegible] you not fee[illegible] you. I [illegible] it keen[illegible] untruth[illegible] you."

"Wh[illegible] up cur[illegible] man, coat [illegible] rior

made a new resolution.

"From now on," he mumbled to himself, "I'm going to outstrip them all in lying."

ELECTRIC GARDENING.

Device to Make Gardeners Independent of the Weather.

Home-grown grapes and strawberries at Christmas, fresh gathered peas and beans and lettuces in midwinter—these and other marvels may be hoped for if electric plant culture proves a success. Climate, so far as horticulture is concerned, will be abolished.

The other day, says The London Chronicle, an interesting experiment in electric plant culture was put into operation in one of the greenhouses at the Royal Botanic Gardens. The system installed is that designed by Mr. B. H. Thwaite, and is marked by many interesting features.

The idea of utilizing electricity in horticulture is, of course, by no means a new one. As early as 1861 ex[illegible] were made to measure the effe[illegible] lights in stimulating the deve[illegible] of plants. Notable experiment[illegible] made by Sir William Siemens, who was successful in producing both grapes and strawberries in winter by the help of a much simpler arrangement than that of Mr. Thwaite.

For it is part of Mr. Thwaite's scheme not only to use electricity as a supplement to the sun's rays and as a means of governing heat when that is required, but also to electrify the air of the glass-house and the roots of the plants themselves.

At present, however, only the arc light has been installed. The light is furnished with special reflector hood, by [illegible] the rays are concentrated, and [illegible] further conducted through a [illegible] used of a very shallow glass

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KEARNS' BLOCK

Not Guilty;

Or, A Great Mistake.

CHAPTER XIII.—(Continued).

At the first cellar he lighted a match, but the unknown had already passed through the archway, as a rustling sound warned him. At the second cellar the same thing occurred again; and at the third. However quietly Gordon moved, his matches took some time to light and to throw their light around, and although he several times almost caught sight of the figure he pursued, either his vesta went out in the swift rush he made, or the efforts he used to keep it alight caused him to be too slow to gain on his active quarry.

"This won't do," thought the hero of Rothville, with a grim smile, "I must try something a little slimmer than this. That fellow simply watches for me to light up and then disappears."

He considered for a moment, and then took half a dozen matches from his pocket. He could hear a heavy breathing from the next cellar, and seemed almost to feel the tension of his hidden quarry's muscles, as he stood there in the darkness, blowing quickly, but probably on tip-toe to spring away at the first faint glimmer of Gordon's match.

George made his way into the furthest corner at the side of the archway, and placed the six matches in a chain on the ground, head and tail together. Then he took off his boots and buttoned up his coat. For one moment he listened again; but it was evident that his quarry had not moved, and was waiting exactly around the corner at the opposite side of the wall of the archway. "He won't be able to see me," thought Gordon, "but he'll see the flame."

He struck a light and put it to the head of the first match of the chain. There was no draught in the cellar, and it was morally certain that the chain would burn itself out, and give Gordon time to carry out his plan. Then, softly and silently he stole from the cellar, back the way he had come, creeping along by the wall out of sight of the unknown, and leaving the light burning calmly behind him.

"If I am not mistaken, he'll watch that light until I get round the other way," thought Gordon, rubbing his hands as he got safely through the next archway, "and then there'll be a tussle."

He was right. He crept softly on his way back around through the basement, until at last a glimmer of light in the distance warned him that he was getting "warm," as the children say.

Creeping gently on, holding his breath, and with a skill born of long practice, George passed through the last archway into the cellar where the unknown watched. Before him, in the light of his little chain of matches, which still burned brightly, he saw the archway around the corner of which he had taken off his boots, and near him, in the darkest shadow, yet still plainly visible now that he was between George and the light, crouched the mysterious inhabitant of the house.

George braced his muscles for the spring, yet even while he did so, he could not help casting a rather anxious glance at his future adversary's figure. Even in the darkness of the cellar he could see that the man was huge and burly, a fellow, probably of six feet one or two, and broad in proportion; and as he crouched there in silence, motionless, but so evidently ready for a surprise, George felt that the struggle would be no child's play, and that it was quite possible that in the end the fisherman might turn out to be the fished.

He stole forward another step or two and then, even while a sudden start on the watcher's part told him that he was heard, he sprang upon him and seized him by the throat.

Gordon was, as we have said, particularly strong, but he was nothing like the weight or size of the man he attacked, and for a moment he found himself being flung about the cellar as a bull dog in the old days might have been flung about gripping the nose of a particularly ferocious bull; but like the bull dog, he had no idea of letting go, and a very good idea of what to do when his chance came; and after a short time the aspect of the struggle commenced to alter.

Gordon's spring had been a fortunate one. He had taken his adversary by surprise; and in seizing him, he had succeeded in getting an excellent grip; one of his hands being inside the stranger's collar, and the other holding firmly to his tie. When the big man first began to discover that he could not throw Gordon away, he also commenced to find out that he was suffocating. He redoubled his efforts, swinging Gordon entirely off his legs, and battering the walls with his sprawling body, but even while he struggled, his breath [illegible] thicker and more heavily; h[illegible] ly, and suddenly, his [illegible] nder him, be[illegible]

me remember that fact; besides your knees are a trifle sharp."

The tone was that of a gentleman, and Gordon saw his chance.

"Certainly if you will give your word," he said quickly.

"I give it, with all the breath you have left me," returned his adversary with a sigh of relief; and Gordon, springing to his feet, lighted up the scene.

"There's a bit of candle over there on the barrel," continued the big man, sitting up cautiously. "I blew it out when I heard you walking about upstairs. What a fool I was not to lock that cellar door. I thought I could hold it."

"So did I for a long time," returned Gordon, "but, thanks, I'll certainly try that candle; matches are unsatisfactory things at best."

He soon discovered the article he was in search of—it was stuck in an empty beer bottle among the debris of the food; and, lighting it, he turned back to the stranger.

For a moment the two men remained silent, peering at one another by the light of the candle, which was better, certainly, than Gordon's vestas; but which, nevertheless, did not make a very brilliant show in the gloom of the cellar.

Gordon looked at his late adversary with an eagerness and curiosity which that worthy returned with interest. He was, as George had seen, a very big man of exceedingly powerful physique; but he was probably getting on for forty-five or forty-six, and the curve where his waist should have been, while it told of good living and ease, also explained to Gordon the reason for his sudden collapse. He had a handsome, good-humored face, though now he gazed rather ruefully about him; and George suddenly, for some unexplained cause, felt himself taking quite a fancy to him.

He shook his head as George approached. "I don't understand it," he said. "I ought to have wiped the floor with you. Why, you can't weigh more than twelve stone, at most."

"You did wipe the floor with me," said George, laughing, "and some of the walls as well."

"Yes, but you nearly choked me; that infernal hold of yours; one of your beastly police tricks, I suppose."

"Police?"

"Well, detective, if you are so particular. You're a detective, I suppose, aren't you?"

Gordon started. This was the second occasion, within a very short while, on which he had been taken for a member of the police force, and the coincidence leading him back to the Regent Street flat and the beautiful girl he had first seen there, made him start suddenly, and for a moment gasp in amazement as he stared at the big man who sat up and watched him from the floor.

"I'm not a detective," he said at last, slowly. "I'm nothing at all to do with the police."

"Not?" said the big man quickly. "Then what the devil were you knocking me about for? But you know me? You've seen me somewhere before? There's something up, you know, or you wouldn't be here."

"I haven't seen you before," said Gordon, at last, 'but, by heavens, I believe I've seen someone very like you. There's a turn of the eyelid . . . Good lord . . . Usher . . . her . . . of course!"

"Usher? her? What the devil do you mean?" The big man had struggled to his feet, and came to Gordon. "What do you mean?"

"I really don't know what I mean," said Gordon, "unless your name is Gaunt."

"It is Gaunt, but, of course, you know it is, or you wouldn't be here."

Gordon looked at him. "What an extraordinary thing," he said, slowly, "but I assure you I had no possible idea you were here, or, until just this second, that your name was Gaunt."

The big man frowned and looked angrily at him for a moment; then he shrugged his shoulders and sat down calmly again on the ground. "Of course, this underground existence is bad for the wits," he said, "I am a little dense, doubtless, but you must forgive me; perhaps you wouldn't mind explaining."

Gordon took no notice of the sarcasm underlying his words. "First of all let me beg you to believe that my intentions are nothing but friendly towards you," he said.

Mr. Gaunt looked at him keenly for a moment, and then nodded. "I'll take your word," he said, resignedly. "I'm only too glad to. I've given you mine, in any case, and so you can do what you like with me."

"Then I will try to explain," continued Gordon, still feeling exc[illegible]ively [illegible]d by hi[illegible]

"Till this morning she was in my house."

"In your house?"

"Yes, in my house; and perfectly safe, as she is now in all probability—but—"

"Yes, yes; go on!"

"But, to be frank with you, she left this morning, early; we knew nothing of it until it was too late; she had gone. But stay, I have her letter here in my pocket," continued Gordon, suddenly remembering. "Read it; it will tell you all that I know myself."

Gaunt read the letter which Gordon handed to him, and remained for a moment in thought. Then he turned to George.

"Still, of course, I don't understand," he said. "Will you kindly explain?"

"I must, I suppose," Gordon returned. "My story is a strange one, but you must believe it occurred exactly as I tell it. On Wednesday last, in the evening, I had been dining with a friend. After dinner I found myself in Regent Street on my way home."

"In Regent Street?"

"Yes. I stopped near a certain house to strike a match. As I was doing so, something fell on my shoulder from a window above. It was a silver pin; the kind of ornament a lady wears in her hair. I guessed the house from which the thing had fallen, and with the intention of returning it, I went into the house and upstairs. It happened that the door of one of the flats above—the one whence I imagined the pin to have come—was open; and half carelessly, hardly thinking what I did, I walked inside. I fancy—I may be wrong—that you know what must have met my sight as I passed down the passage of that flat."

Gaunt was staring at Gordon with a terrible excitement whitening his face. "Go on," he said, thickly.

"There was a dead body upon the floor in one of the rooms, the body of a murdered man. By it sat a young girl——"

"By it sat a young girl?" repeated Gaunt.

"Yes."

Doubt, amazement and horror expressed themselves vividly upon Mr. Gaunt's face, and he passed his hand across his forehead as if to wipe away the perspiration which gathered there. "Good God!" he said. "And no one else?"

"No one, but the dead man. Who should have been?"

Gaunt opened his clenched lips with an effort. "Go on," he said. "Finish your story."

And Gordon continued: "This young girl—Miss Gaunt, of course—was unnerved, prostrated, overwhelmed; she had evidently been expecting every moment to be discovered there; that every minute the—the police would come and discover the body. She mistook me for one of them when I came so strangely into the room where she sat. I was, myself, taken by surprise and startled; the thing was so strange, so extraordinary; but I succeeded in convincing Miss Gaunt that—that I meant her well. She was, however, as I said, terribly overwrought and—and excited. In the end, in doubt as to what might be best to do, I persuaded, almost forced her to come home with me to my house, where I placed her in charge of my old nurse, the best creature in the world. I trusted that she would have recovered more or less from the fearful shock she must have experienced by the time that morning came, and that she could then decide what was best for her to do. Unfortunately, she was taken seriously ill and my doctor, whom I sent for, ordered her to keep to her bed—indeed, —and it was necessary to find a trained nurse to watch her. She was getting better; she would have probably been perfectly well by now, but yesterday her fiance called——"

"Her fiance?"

"Her fiance, Mr. Usher; he said he was her fiance."

"Usher? Yes, of course; he called, did he?"

Gordon's heart, which had leaped for a moment, sank again.

"Yes, he came to my house," he continued. "His visit did not have the best possible result, as Miss Gaunt was not so well afterwards, and this morning, early, ill as she still was, she left my house suddenly. You see her note."

Mr. Gaunt thought for a moment or two, while Gordon watched him keenly.

"I had no thought of this, no possible suspicion," murmured Gaunt, half to himself, at length. "What did it mean?"

Then he turned abruptly to Gordon. "Why did you take her to your house," he said. "Why didn't you call the police?"

"Gordon started. "Call the police?" Gaunt nodded. "It would have been the most natural thing to do, surely. You enter a house; you find a murdered man; there is a girl sitting by the body, a girl who expects that every moment the police will arrive; she is overwrought, distracted, but she has done nothing; she has not moved, or screamed or called for help—yet you take this girl to your home; you say nothing of this murder! You look surprised; it is my daughter I speak of, yes, but I am putting the matter to you plainly; what were your reasons?"

"I did not think her guilty," said Gordon quickly, "I did not believe that she had anything to do with the crime. I could not believe her a murderess though—though she called herself one."

"Ah, she called herself one?"

"In that moment, yes. Shattered in nerves, hysterical, frightened, she uttered some wild words which I would not listen to. I did not believe them. I do not believe them. I determined to save her from herself, from a possible repetition of an hysterical outburst, and I will save her yet. I need not tell you how impossible I know the accusation to be. She could not have committed that crime—she did not, and——"

"She did," said Gaunt.

"Good God! What do you say?"

Gaunt bowed his head to his breast, and for a moment his voice trembled so that he could not utter the words he wished. "She did it," he [illegible]

About the Farm

WEEDS ON THE FARM.

In popular language, any homely plant which is not noticeable for the beauty of its flowers, nor entitled to respect by a reputation for medicinal or other useful qualities is designated by the epithet weed. In an agricultural sense the term is used with a more restricted meaning and is applied to those intrusive and unwelcome plants that will persist in growing where they are not wanted—in short, the best definition that has yet been given of a weed is the old one, "a plant out of place."

Most of the weeds troublesome in our agriculture are immigrants either from the old world, or the warmer portions of this continent. The number of plants indigenous to our country that are entitled to rank as pernicious weeds is comparatively small.

As the aborigines disappeared with the advance of the whites, so do the native plants generally yield their possession as cultivation extends and the majority of the plants to be met with along the roadsides and upon farms are naturalized strangers, which appear to be quite at home, and are kept under control with difficulty.

The labors of the agriculturist are a constant struggle; on the one hand by creating the most favorable conditions possible he endeavors to make certain plants grow and produce to their utmost capacity; while on the other hand he has to prevent the growth of certain other plants which are always ready to avail themselves of these favorable conditions.

The farmer is interested in two points concerning weeds: How they get into his lands and how to get them out. As cultivation is all the more profitably carried on if the farmer knows something of the nature and character of the plants he would raise, so, if he would successfully operate in the other direction and stop plants from growing, he can do so all the better if he knows what are the peculiar habits of the species with which he has to contend, and it is quite as important to be familiar with the manner of growth and the mode of propagation of a weed as it is to be with that of a useful plant. A plant which spreads itself entirely by the seed must, of course, be differently treated from one that multiplies by the root also; whether we would propagate or destroy.

Weeds are introduced upon a farm in a variety of ways. Many have their seeds sown with those of the crops; this is particularly the case where the seeds of the weeds and of the grain are so nearly alike in size that their separation is difficult. Proper care in procuring and preserving clean seed will often save much future trouble and vexation.

The observing farmer will notice the means which nature has provided for the scattering of seeds and he will find that the most pernicious weeds seem to have been especially furnished with contrivances to facilitate their dispersion. The burdock, hounds-tongue and others have barbs or hooks by which they adhere to clothing and the coats of animals, and are widely distributed by this agency. All of the thistles and many others of the same family have a tuft of fine, silky hair attached to the seed by which they are buoyed upon the air and wafted from place to place. So numerous are the ways by which seeds are dispersed that however careful a farmer may be upon his own premises, a slovenly and neglectful neighbor may cause him infinite annoyance by furnishing him with an abundant supply.

The vitality of seeds particularly if buried in the earth below the reach of influences which promote germination in some cases endures through many years; hence, an old field after deep plowing has often a large crop of weeds from the seeds thus brought to the surface. Weeds which have been cut or pulled after they have flowered should not be thrown on the manure heap, for they will frequently ripen much of their seed, which will be distributed when manuring the land. In all weeding it is of the greatest importance that it should be done before the plants have formed seed. This should be regarded equally with animal and perennial weeds.

The prolific character of some weeds is astonishing; each head of an ox-eye daisy for instance, is not a simple flower, but a collection of a great many flowers, each one of which produces a seed; and as a single plant bears a great many heads, the number of seeds that a single individual is capable of supplying in a season is astonishing.

Annual weeds are much more readily kept in check than the perenials, which, especially those multiplying extensively by their underground root stocks, often become truly formidable. In their case not only has the propagation by seed to be prevented, but the underground shoots also, have to be kept down. It is very important that agriculturists should understand the way in which these plants grow that he may know how to direct his efforts to control them. A perennial weed like couch grass or the sow-thistle is during the early stage of its existence easily destroyed; but later in the season it makes strong underground [illegible] becomes a question of endurance, for the underground supply must be eventually exhausted in the attempt to produce new stems and leaves, and if the farmer, by persistently cutting these away, prevents any new accession to the stock of provisions, the enemy must at length succumb. Repeated cuttings at short intervals, will at length, exhaust the vitality of any plant and cause its death.

The farmer will do well to keep in mind two rules. Do not let weeds blossom and do not let them breathe. The leaves may be considered the lungs of the plant and without the aid of these it cannot long maintain itself.

THOUSANDS TRY THIS

HOME-MADE MIXTURE SAID TO BE CURING RHEUMATISM.

The Philadelphia and New York Newspapers Print Simple Prescription Which Cures Thousands.

Some remarkable stories are being told in the large Eastern dailies of this simple home-made mixture curing Rheumatism and Kidney trouble even after the noted health resorts failed. Here is the recipe and directions for taking. Mix by shaking well in a bottle one-half ounce Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce Compound Kargon, three ounces Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla. Take as a dose one teaspoonful after meals and at bedtime.

No change need be made in your usual diet, but drink plenty of good water.

This mixture, writes one authority in a leading Philadelphia newspaper, has a peculiar tonic effect upon the kidneys, cleansing the clogged-up pores of the eliminative tissues, forcing the kidneys to sift and strain from the blood the uric acid and other poisonous waste matter, overcoming Rheumatism, Bladder and Urinary troubles in a short while.

A Toronto druggist who has had hundreds of calls for these ingredients since the first announcement in the newspapers last October stated that the people who once try it, "swear by it," especially those who have Urinary and Kidney trouble and suffer with Rheumatism.

Any druggist can supply the ingredients, which are easily mixed at home. There is said to be no better blood-cleansing agent or system tonic known, and certainly none more harmless or simple to use.

CENTURY-LONG TREASURE HUNT.

Another Attempt Will Be Made to Recover $5,875,000 from Hold of Lutine.

The news that yet another attempt is to be made to recover the remainder of the gold from the hold of H.M.S. Lutine, recalls memories of one of the most protracted treasure hunts of modern times—a hunt that has lasted, off and on, for considerably over a hundred years.

The Lutine sailed for Holland on October 8th, 1799, having on board some £1,350,000 in bullion and coined money, wherewith to pay the English troops then serving in the "Low Countries," and for other purposes. She had scarcely cleared the Downs when a terrific gale sprang up, and twenty-four hours later she foundered off the island of Terschelling. Only one member of the crew was saved, and he died before reaching England.

Attempts, authorized and unauthorized, were at once made to get at the sunken treasure. Some of the latter were undoubtedly partially successful. Indeed, it was said that some months afterwards English guineas were in regular circulation amongst the fishermen and smugglers of that wild coast.

There was also a Scotch master-mariner named Saunderson, who, unless rumor lies, sailed away with £22,000 worth of bar gold, after a visit to the scene of the wreck of less than a week's duration. He converted an iron water-tank into a diving-bell, and utilized as an air-pump a small hand fire-engine he had brought with him for the purpose.

A Dutch salvage company, working on scientific lines, also succeeded in recovering £99,893, of which sum £22,162 was handed over to Lloyds. The ship's rudder, recovered in 1859, was likewise sent to Lloyd's, and a table and a chair were fashioned from it for the use of the members.

Since then several attempts have been made to salve the £1,175,000 remaining, but without success. Whether the present one will fare better remains to be seen. But great confidence is expressed by its promoters, who are relying principally on a novel kind of submarine boat, worked by compressed air stored in its interior.

WEST STILL PROSPERING

THE FALLING OFF IS PRINCIPALLY IN WHEAT.

Total Crop for 1907 Worth $21,000,000 More Than Total Output of Last Season.

Total crop, 1906	$107,772,620.09
Total crop, 1907	$128,860,988.21
Increased value, 1907 over 1906	$21,088,368.12
Total 1906 crop, in bushels	204,346,821
Total 1907 crop, in bushels	177,352,638
Decrease, in bushels..	26,994,183
1906—	
Wheat, bushels	94,461,000
Wheat, value	$53,278,365.52
1907—	
Wheat, bushels	70,144,928
Wheat, value	$32,198,381.21
Decrease in value ...	$21,079,984.31
Decrease in bushels ..	24,317,072

Western Canada is richer by $21,000,000 in round figures that it was last year. Despite reports of it being an off year for the western farmer, his total crop in wheat, barley, oats and flax aggregates something like $129,000,000, against $107,800,000 in 1906. The falling off was principally in wheat, the total crop being something like 24,000,000 bushels behind 1906. This is partly made good by the increased price of wheat, but still shows up poorly by comparison with the previous year's output. This is based on the C. P. R. crop returns.

WHEAT ACREAGE.

In 1907—Wheat, acreage, 5,010,352; estimated yield per acre, 14 bush.; estimated crop, 70,144,928 bush.; No. 3 Northern, or better, 30,162,418 bush.; average price, October 15th, $1.06¾; value at Fort William, $32,198,381.21.

Oats—Acreage, 2,332,110; estimated yield per acre, 36 bush.; estimated crop, 82,955,960 bush.; estimated crop, No. 2 white, 26,500,000 bush.; average price, October 15th, 45c.; value at Fort William, $14,575,000. Estimated crop, under No. 2 white, 57,455,960 bush.; average price, October 15th, 45c.; value at Fort William, $25,855,162.

Barley—Acreage, 787,000; estimated yield per acre, 28 bush.; estimated crop, 22,036,000 bush. (sold on sample No. 1 Manitoba); average price, October 15th, 68c.; value at Fort William, $14,984,480.

Flax—Acreage, 121,575; estimated yield per acre, 10 bush.; estimated crop, 1,215,750 bush.; No. 1 Manitoba, 200,000 bush.; average price, October 15th, $1.35; value at Fort William, $270,000. Estimated crop, lower grade, 1,015,750 bush.; average price, October 15th, 98c.; value at Fort William, $995,435.

Total estimated value of crop of 1907, October 15th, $128,860,988.21.

FIGURES FOR 1906.

In 1906—Wheat—Acreage, 5,013,544; yield per acre, 19 bush.; bushels crop, 94,461,000; No. 3 Northern or better, 72,734,970 bush. Under No. 3 Northern, 21,726,030 bush.; average price, October 15th, 68½c; value at Fort William, $14,828,015.47.

Oats—Acreage, 2,119,757; yield per acre, 41½ bush.; bushels crop, 87,850,655; No. 2 white, 72,916,044 bush.; average price, October 15th, 34¾c; value at Fort William $25,338,325.29. Under No. 2 white, 14,934,611 bush.; average price, October 15th, 31½c; value at Fort William, $4,741,738.99.

Barley—Acreage, 603,485; yield per acre, 35 bush.; crop, 21,050,147 bush. (sold on sample); under No. 3 Northern, 21,050,147 bush.; average price, October 15th, 40½c; value at Fort William, $8,525,309.53.

Flax—Acreage, 93,795; yield per acre, 10½ bush.; crop, 985,019 bush. No. 1 Manitoba, 906,217 bush.; average price, October 15th, $1.10½; value at Fort William, $1,001,369.78. Lower grade, 78,802 bush.; average price, October 15th, 75½c; value at Fort William, $59,495.51.

Total value of crop of 1906, October 15th, 1906, $107,772,620.09.

MANITOBA SHOWS DECREASE.

Manitoba's wheat crop was 2,789,553 bush. this year, against 3,141,537 bush. last year, a decrease of 351,984 bush.

Saskatchewan raised 1,965,774 bush. this year, against 1,730,586 bush. last year, being an increase of 235,182 bush.

Alberta's wheat crop was 162,643 bush. for 1907, against 97,700 bush. last year, an increase of 64,883 bush.

ANGRY, INDEED.

"When my wife gets angry," remarked Hyker, "she reminds me of a vessel just leaving port."

"What's the answer?" queried Pyker.

"She gets her rancor up," replied the party of the prelude.

Better an ounce of example than a pound of advice.



Rapid changes of temperature are hard on the toughest constitution.

The conductor passing from the heated inside of a trolley car to the icy temper[illegible] of the platfor[illegible]

SPECIAL NOTICE

Having purchased the Furniture Business lately conducted by Mr. F. Wood in Chesterville, I am desirous to cater to the wants of the public in everything in that line.

NEW FURNITURE ARRIVING DAILY

SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO THE

UNDERTAKING DEPARTMENT

Can be Found at My Residence,
Over the Store, Day or Night.

CALL AND INSPECT MY STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING

R. McCORMICK, Chesterville

Millinery ! Millinery !

UP-TO-DATE

AND VERY REASONABLE IN PRICE

J. B. LaFrance & Co.

OF CRYSLER

Wishes to Announce to the Ladies of Crysler and surrounding district that they have secured the services of an A 1 Milliner in the person of

Miss Inez Dunlop, of Almonte

Who will be pleased to show customers their New and Up-to Date Display of Millinery of the Latest Styles and Patterns.

CALL AND INSPECT STOCK

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

Ontario Department of Agriculture.

DAY SCHOOLS

—ON—

DAIRY CATTLE

Will be held at the following places at the hours of 10 a.m., 2 p.m., and 8 p. m.

Haddo	**Nov. 25**
Mountain Station	**Nov. 26**
Inkerman	**Nov. 27**
Brinston's Corners	**Nov. 28**

Animals will be brought into the class room for day classes and demonstrations given on type and conformation. In the evening a lecture will be given on some phase of the Breeding Feeding and Management of Dairy Cattle.

W. A. MUNRO,

Specialist in Agriculture,
Morrisburg Collegiate Institute.
District Representative, Ont. Dept. Agriculture

MORRISBURG, ONT.

Stop That Cold

To check early colds or Grippe with "Preventics" means sure defeat for Pneumonia. To stop a cold with Preventics is safer than to let it run and be obliged to cure it afterwards. To be sure, Preventics will cure even a deeply seated cold, but taken early—at the sneeze stage—they break, or head off these early colds. That's surely better. That's why they are called Preventics.

Preventics are little Candy Cold Cures. No Quinine, no physic, nothing sickening. Nice for the children—and thoroughly safe too. If you feel chilly, if you sneeze, if you ache all over, think of Preventics. Promptness may also save half your usual sickness. And don't forget your child, if there is feverishness, night or day. Herein probably lies Preventics' greatest efficiency. Sold in 5c boxes for the pocket, also in 25c. boxes of 48 Preventics. Insist on your druggists giving you

Preventics

WALTER G. BOLSTER.

Matthews Pump Co.

CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

Your orders solicited.

A full line of pumps always on hand; also Cow Buckets and all Stable Fixtures, including Swing Stanchions.

Galvanized Cresting, any design, no rust streaks running down your roof from it.

We will sell you a good Farm Bell, weighing over 100 lbs, from $2.00 up to $5.00.

If we can receive your order within the next 30 days, we will sell you a Mill and 40 ft. Tower; all first-class, for less than $50.00.

Is it good economy for you
water by hand for a large stock
we will sell you a first-class Pumping
Mill for $23.00?

Local Postal Revenue.

The report of the Postmaster-General for the nine months ended March 31, 1907, has been issued, from which we glean the following figures showing the gross postal revenue of the offices mentioned:

Alexandria	$2,936 43
Apple Hill	357 14
Aultsville	625 07
Avonmore	962 88
Berwick	216 06
Brinston	226 08
Cardinal	728 36
Chesterville	1,616 59
Cornwall	9,113 30
Crysler	644 75
Embrun	441 08
Finch	792 91
Inkerman	385 17
Iroquois	1,749 89
Kemptville	2.653 77
Merrickville	1,759 19
Metcalfe	562 66
Morrisburg	3,100 89
Morewood	328 49
Mountain	446 15
Osgoode Station	363 53
[illegible]	5,130 93
[illegible]	996 06

Good Horses.

Dundas in general, and Winchester in particular, has a wide reputation for good horses. In all, perhaps half a dozen home grown animals have brought as much as $5,000 each; a considerable number have reached the $400 mark; still more the $300 limit, and the vast majority have found the market at figures all the way down to the price of a hide. The few which have been sold at good prices have established a reputation for the county.

How is it that out of so many thousands of animals produced, so few have been able to command the price that ought to be obtained for a first class driver or draft horse? Many causes conduce to this result but two stand outmore prominently than the rest, viz, lack of a type in the mind of the breeder, and false economy.

Many men breed to a trotter of high repute in order to get something "fast," without any re-regard to the conformation of the horse or the type of the mare. The next year they want something heavy, and use a draft horse on the same mare. The offspring is as likely to be used to a Hackney as to any thing else, and the result is conglomeration of types. It is this promiscuous breeding which gives rise to so many, many horses throughout the country with Clyde heads, legs and feet, and trotter bodies, or heavy bodies with legs too fine to withstand blemishes. There are hundreds of horses in this country which are too light for draught purposes and too clumsy for drivers from this very cause, and which consequently can command but very ordinary prices at best.

But consider what might have been the result if the breeder had had in mind a type towards which to work. Suppose that type to have been heavy draught and he had started twenty years ago with a Clydesdale stallion. The off spring from this would be halfbred and, if a mare, ought to produce a foal at least five years of age. In 1893, then, the breeder would have from his half Clyde mare a three quarter Clyde colt. In 1899 this would produce him a seven-eights bred colt. In 1904 this would give a fifteen-sixteenths Clyde colt, which if a mare, would be eligible for registration in the Canadian Clydesdale stud book, and the offspring, whether mare or stallion, would be eligible for full registration.

The same would have been true if he had chosen Hacknay as the type, and in either case the present generation of horses would have been practically free from scrubs, and good prices would have ruled all around.

"False economy" presents itself in many aspects as a barrier to the production of good horses. For nearly thirty years high class imported Clydesdale, Thoroughbred and Hackney stallions have been at the service of the farmers in Eastern Ontario, at fees from $10 to $15, and yet at no time have the number of purebreds exceeeded the grades. Grade stallions have been held at any thing from $1 up. It is quite evident that nearly every farmer knows that the offspring of a purebred is better than that of a grade, but because of the difference of a few dollars in the stallion fee, he patronizes the grade. This works against him in several ways.

With an ordinary mare and a grade stallion, the very best that can be hoped for is an ordinary colt of no particular type. In the sale ring then the colt at from three to five years old will bring from $50 to $200 less than the colt from the purebred.

When the product of an ordinary mare and a grade stallion is used as a brood mare, the breeder has no better and perhaps not so good stock, as he started with, whereas, if it were the product of a pure bred stallion, he would now be working on at least a half-bred. By using the mongrel, he is not improving his breeding stock.

By using grade stallions, he is to that extent tending to discourage the use of purebreds and tending to hold back the onward movement towards the production of better stock in the country at large When a good stallion is imported, his owner ought to receive every encouragement to continue the good work.

The two men more than any others who have done much for the horse interests of the county are Thos. Irving, of Winchester, and Mr. J. Wesley Allison, of Morrisburg.

Mr. Irving has been an importer of such stuff as win at Toronto and Chicago, and nearly every home-grown horse that has changed hands for $300 or more, can trace its pedigree back to some of Mr. Irvings importations.

What Mr. Irving has done and is continuing to do for Winchester and the surrounding country, Mr. Allison is doing for Williamsburg and the front. Mr. Allison has in his stables now a stallion—Dalton King—a Hackney, that was winner and champion at London, Chicago and Canada. This horse was held in the stud in 1906 at $100 for service only no insurance, and for which an offer of $15,000 has been refused. This stallion was put on the road during the past season at $15 to insure, and yet there were farmers who would pass him by and pay $8 for the services of a grade. The men looking for grade stallions are the kind of men who are eternally complaining of high taxes and low prices.

When farmers have such grand opppr tunities they would be money ahead to shoot any grade stallion at sight, and pay the fine. Every good work needs a leader. We have the leaders now in Mr. Irving and Mr. Allison, and it is to the [illegible] that the quality of the

INSURANCE IN ONTARIO.

Weather Insurance Companies Figure in This Year's Report.

Toronto, November 11.—The detailed report of the inspector of insurance and registrar of friendly societies for the year 1906, has just been issued. A new feature is the work of weather insurance companies, of which there are three. Their assets amount to $127,507, and the net amount of their risks $4,154,236. Three joint stock fire insurance companies are registered. The number of policies in force are 33,729, having a face value of $29,951,250. The cash mutual companies number fourteen, with assets aggregating $2,835,730 and risks amounting to $148,154, 923. The assets of the sixty-nine purely mutual fire insurance companies total $6,546,964, while there was at the close of 1906 insurance to the amount of $190,139,952 in force. There are twenty-six friendly societies, with a membership of 273,-26z. Their total assets were $22,135,-385 and liabilities $1,922,632. They have also in force insurance to the amount of $1,405,680,654. There are about 100 sick and funeral benefit societies, having 83,138 members.

Doctors Change Their Methods.

Years ago they fought catarrh with internal dosing. They saw this ruined the stomach and changed to the ozonated air cure, better known as 'Catarrhozone." This treatment is sure to cure. It goes to the source of the disease; it destroys the causes that maintain catarrh and even in the worst cases permanent cure is guaranteed. Failure with Catarrhozone is impossible. Antiseptic, healing and far-reaching, it's bound to cure every time. Endorsed by more than twenty thousand physicians in America alone and sold in 25c and $1,00 sizes by all dealers.

Post-Office Robbed.

North Bay, Nov. 12.—Reports have just reached here of the robbery of the post-office at North Temiskaming. It appears the robbery was committed at night, and entrance effected by breaking a pane of glass. Eighteen dollars in money was taken and a quantity of stamps, etc. Two men have been apprehended as the guilty parties, and have been remanded until the Postmaster-General's Department can be communicated with.

Charles Palmer of Merlin, was sentenced to four months at hard labor in the county jail for selling liquor without a license on Oct. 26.

J. S. McDonald, the confessed robber of the North Sydney post office, was sentenced to four years in Dorchester penitentiary by Judge McKenzie.

A Montreal jury has awarded Mrs. J. E. Robsn $3,000 and two children $1,000 each for the death of Mr. Robson, who was killed by the G. T. R.

Dan A. Wilcox, a young man from Watertown, was arrested just as he was trying to beat his way out of town on the Kingston & Pembroke 12.20 train. The young man is charged with the theft of $30.

While Hughie Nasmith, junior, of South River, was partridge hunting, he accidentally shot himself. He was dead in a few minutes.

Funnel's apple evaporating factory at Trenton, was burned to the ground. It was a two-storey frame building, sheeted witht in

THOS. H. DUNN,

Civil Engineer and Ontario Land Surveyor.

Municipal Engineering, including the preparation of plans and estimates for bridges, sidewalks, drains, sewers. etc.

Prompt attention given to drainage.

Office in Sweet's block over Union Bank, Winchester.

PURE LINEN

At Almost the Price of Cotton

Plain Linen, 27 inches wide	**15c per yd**
" 19 "	10c "
Very Fine Table Linen	50c "

Linen Towels, large, usual price 25c each, selling at 25c pair

Linen Towels, 40 inches long, usual price 35c each, selling at 35c pair.

Linen Table Cloths 90c, worth $1.25.

1 Dozen pair Ladies' and Misses' Wool Gloves, all colors, 10c pair.

TERMS CASH.

McGEE & CO.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Chesterville Time Table

TRAINS GOING EAST

No. 6	Train	5.37 A.M.
" 26	"	9.28 A.M.
" 4	"	4.23 P.M.

TRAINS GOING WEST

No. 5	Train	12.05 A.M.
" 3	"	11.25 A.M.
" 25	"	7.07 P.M.

Nos. 6 and 5 trains are not scheduled to stop, but they frequently stop for water.

Full information on application to any Canadian Pacific Railway Agents.

E.J. HEBERT Gen. Agt. Pass. Dept., Montreal

CHESTER CASSELMAN, Ticket Agent,
Chesterville, Ont.

To Avoid Accidents

On the road in the winter, see that your Cutter and Harness is bough from Grady & Jordan as wo have on hand a Large Stock of

UP-TO-DATE CUTTERS AND HARNESS

To Select From

Call and see us before purchasing. Prices right on Easy Terms.

Grady & Jordan

CHESTERVILLE.

J. B. Thompson

SUCCESSOR TO

THOMPSON & CLINE

Tinsmiths &c.,

CHESTERVILLE,

A full Line in connection with my business always kept in stock.

WILLIAM NEWVINE,

All kinds of Cement and Concrete work a Specialty

GRANTLEY, ONT

PAINTING. AINTING.

Now is the time to bring in your Cutters for painting. I can do them promptly for you if brought in at once.

Buggies.

I have a few first-class stylish Buggies on hand yet, both in Steel and Rubber Tires, which I will sell at Reduced Prices. Come and see them if you need anything in that line, and I will save you money if you buy now.

M. BAILEY, ST. LAWRENCE St., Winchester.

F. W. Merkley

General Blacksmith,

CHESTERVILLE,

Is Agent for the Following Lines:

FARM IMPLEMENTS:—
The famous Frost & Wood Machinery

THRESHING MACHINES.—
Sawyer & Massey Steam and Horse-Power Thrashing Machines, and Road-Making Machines.

LAND ROLLERS:—
Bissel's Land Rollers stand without a rival.

CREAM SEPARATORS:—
We handle the National, which is known far and near as the best Cream Separator on the market.

CARRIAGES:—
The Canada Carriage Co., which is famous for quality of material, workmanship and finish.

PIANOS:—
Sole agent for this district for the Mason & Risch Pianos.

Call and inspect goods and get prices

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

PROMOTION EXAMINATIONS

I am Ready to Supply Your Needs in the Way of

Examination Paper, Pens, Pencils, Inks, Erasers, Rulers, Scribblers, Note Books, Etc.

Just Opened a New Stock of These Goods, and will be Pleased to Show Them to You.

COME IN AND GET YOUR SUPPLIES

We are Receiving our CHRISTMAS [illegible] able to show

ONE OF THE

[illegible] EVER OPENED