The Leader

XXXII No. 9 MORRISBURG, ONT. FRIDAY APRIL 22, 1932

FEEDS

We offer Feed delivered:—

Bran	$1.20
Shorts	1.25
Middlings	1.45
No. 3 Wheat	1.45
Oil Cake Meal	1.80
Screenings	1.10
Hominy Feed	1.35
Barley Meal	1.35
Sampson Feed	1.35
Pea Meal	1.20

SEED GRAINS

Recleaned Banner Oats suitable for seed, bu.	$ .65
3 C.W. Barley, recleaned, bu.	.80
Recleaned Spring Wheat, cwt.	1.65

POULTRY FEEDS

Monarch Laying Mash	$2.25
Lakko Laying Mash	2.15
Monarch Chick Starter	2.75
Lakko Chick Starter	2.65
Chick Feed	2.25
Scratch Feed	1.60
Oyster Shell	1.30
Grit	.80

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Our prices are right.

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WE WILL HAVE A CAR ON TRACK 1st OF MAY. COBBLERS AND GREEN MOUNTAIN.

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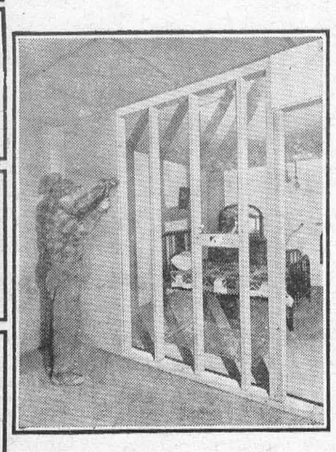

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MORRISBURG—ONTARIO

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S ACTIVITIES UNPRECEDENTED

Never, in the history of the County of Dundas, and seldom in the history of the province, has a cabinet minister brought the duties of his office, and opportunities connected therewith, to the doors of the local governments in the manner that the Hon. Geo. H. Challies did on Friday evening last, when he met the councils of Dundas County at a banquet held in Hotel Winchester, Winchester. It must have been as gratifying to the Hon. Mr. Challies as it was to those present to see that on so short a notice he found himself in his native town surrounded (with but one or two exceptions) by every Reeve and Councillor in Dundas County, numbering about forty-eight. The spacious dining room in Hotel Winchester was especially arranged, having a head table at which Mr. Challies was surrounded by the Reeves and Mr. A.A. Sweet. After partaking of the sumptuous repast, during which time the remarkable courtesy of Mr. John Singleton added much to the pleasure, the Hon. Mr. Challies opened the meeting by proposing a toast to the King, after which he proceeded to discuss frankly with those present the problems which confront the people of this County from every angle. In addition to discussing our problems, he said he was actuated by one purpose only, that of meeting the representatives of this County, who during his service at the Counties' Council had made the indelible impression that one could always depend on the men who represented Dundas County. The spirit was in keeping with that of the Provincial Secretary, at the banquet held in his honor in the Music Hall, Morrisburg, when he said, "No matter what the political affiliation, any legitimate aspiration will receive my best attention."

One of the most timportant messages which the Hon. Mr. Challies brought to the people of Winchester Township was contained in a letter which he received from the Hon. Mr. Macaulay, Minister of Highways, with reference to the completion of Highway No. 31 from the south end of last year's work toward Winchester Springs. The letter, which was read by Mr. Challies, is as follows:

"Following your letter of April 4th, it would appear that an additional $125,000. could be spent on King's Highway construction within the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry during the present year without raising the contribution from the Counties payable in 1933 to over $75,000.

"Last year $40,502. was required for maintenance within these counties and presumably a similar amount will be required this year. This, however, would leave a balance of $85,000. available for construction, and as requested, we will apply this on concrete construction on Highway No. 31 from the south end of last year's work toward Winchester Springs, if requestetd. Our engineers estimate, however, that to complete this five miles would cost approximately $12[illegible]000., so that to finish the work would mean a total amount due in 1933 from the United Counties of $82,983.82 which might be summarized as follows:

"$41,983.82 due on construction work completed 1931;

"$8,000.00 due on construction work since completed;

"$8,000.00 being 20 p.c. of the estimated maintenance;

"$25,000.00, 20 p.c. of the estimated cost of completing five miles of pavement;

"$82,983.82, Total."

So much of the financing by municipalities was interlocking with the Government that an exchange of opinions could not help but be beneficial, said the Provincial Secretary discussing at length the system of county roads, Old Age Pensions, Mothers' Allowances, Schools, Trustees Associations, etc. There was bound to be dissatisfaction, he said, when one did the paying and someone else did the spending, but by bringing the Councils together, it afforded a splendid opportunity to explain matters. The legitimate things, things that were absolutely necessary, would have to be carried on, and he strongly advised the different organizations of each municipality to not leave the work of relief until late next fall, but to prepare and start right in now.

The Provincial Secretary said that all expenditure in connection with his department had been severely cut. He enumerated the duties of his office and described how all public works had been put on a better scientific basis. He described at length the care of and work performed by the inmates of the institutions at Fort William, Burwash and Guelph, and the benefits derived from prison labour.

In Mr. Challies' opinion, no class of people were better off than the farmers. He compared the condition of the farmer with that of the man working in the city, many of whom did not even have a roof over their heads. Dealing with unemployment, Mr. Challies said he had faith in the Province of Ontario and in the people of Dundas County. One class of unemployment with which the Government had to deal last year was the men who in former years were employed in cutting pulpwood in the winter and worked in the mills in the summer. A large portion of this market had been lost. The Provincial Secretary explained the letting of certain contracts by the Government and the benefits derived therefrom. He explained the highway system and its

(Continued on Page 4)

WARNING GIVEN IF ST. LAWRENCE NOT DEVELOPED

Toronto, Apr. 21—Warning that unless the St. Lawrence river be developed, downbound traffic on that waterway might be diverted via the ports of Oswego and Albany, N.Y., through the United States, was given tonight by **Hon. R.J.** Manion, Dominion minister of railways and canals, when he addressed the Toronto Transportation Club.

Answering the contention that development of the St. Lawrence would take traffic from the railways, he said the bulk of the traffic coming from the head of the Great Lakes to Montreal already was shipped by water rather than rail.

Despite the opening last year of the new Welland canal linking Lake Ontario and Lake Erie, vessels from the upper lakes were still unable to proceed down the St. Lawrence and were utilizing the ports of Oswego and Albany, the latter now an ocean port since the dredging of the Hudson river, Dr. Manion said.

"Unless there is a greater opening of the St. Lawrence than at the present time, when only 250-foot vessels can go down the canal there is the grave danger, which the people of Canada should realize (and particularly the people of Quebec as spoken for by their premier) that traffic will be deflected from Montreal through Oswego and Albany.

Unless conversations between Canada and United States were successful, such a diversion to an American route was a "likely possibility," he declared.

MR. LEVI BARNHART

An old and highly esteemed resident of North Lunenburg passed away at his home on Monday April 11th, in the person of Mr. Levi Louis Barnhart. He had reached the age of 81 years and 8 months, and had enjoyed good health until two weeks previous to his death, when he was taken ill with the 'flu, which later developed into pneumonia. Mr. Barnhart enjoyed the courtesies and happiness of life which come to a kndly neighbour of refined character, who loved his home and community. He was a devoted husband and father, also a friend of young and old. Mr. Barnhart was one of the few surviving veterans of the Fenian Raid of 1866.

He was born in Cornwall on Aug. 2nd, 1850, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Geo. Barnhart. Fifty-eight years ago he was united in marriage to Margaret Artindale, of Lunenburg. They were the parents of three children, who survive. The deceased is survived by his widow and three daughters, namely Mrs. P.A. Rupert of North Lunenburg; Mrs. Alice MacGillivray and Mrs. Ernest Street, both of Morrisburg; also one brother, Mr. Geo. Barnhart, Potsdam, N.Y., four grandchildren and two great grandchildren.

The funeral service was held on Wednesday, at his residence, Rev. Mr. Crossley of Newington officiating. Interment was made in St. Paul's Cemetery, Wales.—Cornwall Standard.

SPIRITUAL CONFERENCE

A spiritual conference of leaders in the Glengarry Presbytery and Presbyterial (United Church) will be held at Lunenburg on Tuesday April 26th. The general theme will be Evangelism—Its Principals and Methods. An outline of the program follows:

The regular session of Glengarry Presbytery will convene at 10 o'clock.

Afternoon Session

Chairman—Rev. H.E. Warren, M.A., B.D.

2.00—Devotions.

2.15—"The Message, the Evangelistic Note of Jesus," address by Rev. H.D. Whitmore.

2.40—Discussion.

3.10—"The Method: Jesus' Way of Winning Men," address by Rev. Frank Coop.

3.35—Discussion upon the way to secure results.

4.10—"The Dynamic of Evangelism: Prayer," address by Mrs. F.J. Vowles.

4.35—Discussion.

5.15—Adjournment for luncheon.

Group Conferences

Ministerial—Leader, Rev. W.H. Cramer, B.A., B.D.

Laymen—Leader, Mr. W.J. Simpson.

Presbyterial—Leader, Mrs. Jas. Faulds.

Evening Session

Chairman—Mrs. F.J. Vowles, President Glengarry Presbyterial.

7.15—Devotions.

7.30—"The Evangelistic Opportunity, Youth", address by Mrs. N. M. Rattee.

7.55—Discussion.

8.35—"Religion in the Home," address by Rev. J.H. Hamilton, B.A.

9.00—Discussion.

9.35—Report of Group Conferences.

Every delegate attending this conference is asked to be prepared to enter into the discussions after each address, since no leaders of discussion have been appointed.

Rev. H.E. Warren, M.A., B.D., is chairman, and Mrs. E.O. Mattice secretary of the joint committee of presbytery and presbyterial.

Exceptional Spring Used and New CAR VALUES

1931 Pontiac 4-door Sedan, low mileage, like new in every particular.

1931 DeSoto 4-door Sedan, run only 7600 miles, almost perfect, a real car for anyone who appreciates performance.

1931 McLaughlin-Buick Super De Luxe (new) at a saving of $370. off regular price.

1932 Chevrolet Special Sedan. The very latest and a brand new car only run from factory here.

1927 Chevrolet Coach in good condition.

1927 Star Sedan in good running order.

1927 Reo Flying Cloud Sedan in good mechanical condition, at a very low price.

1928 Pontiac Cabriolet, mechanically good, good tires and appearance.

1926 Buick 4-door Sedan in good order.

These Values are Worthwhile

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FLOUR

Five Roses Flour	2.75
Queen Roses Flour	2.35
Buckwheat Flour, 24 lb. bag	1.00
Graham Flour, 24 lb. bag	1.00
Whole Wheat Flour, 24 lb. bag	1.00
Cornmeal, 24 lb. bag	.80
Rolled Oats, 20 lb. bag	.75

POULTRY FEED

Lakko Laying Mash	2.15
Bonanza Laying Mash	2.10
Blatchford's Egg Mash	2.50
Lakko Chick Mash	2.65
Pioneer Chick Mash	2.85
Scratch Feed	1.55
Oat Groates	1.45
Corn	1.30

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Voice of the Press

Canada, The Empire and The World at Large

Good Example

Her Excellency the Countess of Bessborough sailed from Halifax on the Canadian Pacific liner Montclare. The Maritime Provinces will appreciate this example set by Her Excellency in the use of Canadian winter ports. In many respects sailing from Halifax is more comfortable, although the ships are less elaborate, than sailing from New York.—The Ottawa Citizen.

Force of World Opinion

After all, the cautious policy of the League of Nations has borne fruit. Critics who spoke of the impotency of the league and jeered at its inaction must admit that, had it not been for the existence of that body, very serious international complications might have arisen. No one can say what would have been the result of a vigorous assertion of the powers conferred by the covenant, or the adoption of the coercive expedients proposed by some impatient counsellors. Moderation, and the force of world opinion, have had their effect. Instead of being discredited, the League is vindicated as an agency of international co-operation against a common menace, when emergencies arise. — Hamilton Spectator.

International Affairs

In the realm of international dealings the United States has provided no record which Canada would desire to parallel. It has guessed wrong on matters of foreign policy far oftener than any other major power. Few parts of its program in recent years could justify either blind imitation by Canada or excessively-amiable attempts to meet its wishes. If Canada needs outside advice on foreign policies she will be wise to remember that Britain still holds the world's all-time record in the matter of guessing right on international questions.—Toronto Telegram.

World Trade Decline

A graphic idea of the extent to which depression affected the trade of the world during the past year may be gained from a perusal of the statistics just issued by the British Board of Trade. There was a decrease of 27 per cent. in comparison with 1930 and of 41 per cent. from the total for 1929. But British trade stood up very well compared with American trade, since British imports fell off by 16.6 per cent. and American by 32 per cent., while British exports decreased only 31.8 per cent. compared with a falling-off of 37 per cent. in exports from the United States.

The devastating effects of Australia's fiscal policy were reflected in a decrease in her imports of 54 per cent. Australia's exports, however, fell off only 17 per cent. The depression hit the rubber industry very heavily in Malaya, and this is indicated in the fact that British Malaya showed the heaviest decrease in exports—57 per cent below the figure for 1929.

The German figures show an amazing turnover. For 1929, 1930 and 1931 Germany had a progressively favourable trade balance. It was less than £2,000,000 in 1929; it rose to more than £80,000,000 in the following year. and it was in excess of £140,000,000 for the 1931 period.—Montreal Star.

Empire Trade

One of the points brought out by the Minister of Finance in his budget speech is that, owing to the policy of the present Government, Canada is trading less with the United States and more with the British Empire than it did in other years. For the 11 months of the past fiscal year for which reports are available our imports from the British Empire were 25.3% of our total imports as compared with 22.6% the previous year; our imports from the United States 60.9% as against 64.5%, and our imports from other foreign countries 13.3% compared with 12.9%. Our exports have shown a somewhat similar change for the better. This trend is encouraging to all those who entertain high hopes of closer trade relations within the Empire as a result of the forthcoming Imperial Economic Conference at Ottawa next July. It is moreover to be repeated that for 11 months of the past year Canada has a favorable trade balance of over $25,000,000 compared with an unfavorable balance of nearly $71,000,000 in the previous corresponding period. In other words ther has been a change in Canada's favor of nearly $100,000,000. —Mail & Empire, Toronto.

Unemployed and Placer Mining

It would be far better in every way, and cheaper in the longer run, to put unemployed men in the way of earning a good living for themselves than continue to keep them in idleness by way of direct relief. It is a matter of organization chiefly to transfer a large body of men to the placer gold district of British Columbia, where climatic and general working conditions are highly suitable to outdoor work. They need employment and Canada needs gold.—Calgary Herald.

Paying the Piper

The great middle class of white collar workers in offices, stores and factories is the backbone of society, the big tax-paying class and the big purchasing class. And it is the class that stands as a buffer between organized labour and organized capital. It is the white collar middle-class worker whose grievances have raised Adolf Hitler to great influence in Germany. It is the white collar middle-class worker who is paying the piper in Canada. What can be done for him?—Vancouver Sun.

The Ottawa Conference

The conference will not be of merely external importance; its intended purpose is inextricably interwoven with the domestic business of this country, and to allow it to be thrust out of thought for the sake of seemingly more intimate affairs would be suicidal. When the "strictly business" nature of its work is appreciated there is met the absolute necessity of a representation fully qualified to deal with matters of trade.—Auckland Weekly News.

"Managing" the Pound

If there is any chance of a further speculative bull movement in the pound developing—and we are not disposed to minimize the danger—it would, we urge, be useful if it were made clear by the actions of the Bank of England, reinforced, if need be, by a definite official statement of policy, that while no decision as to the ultimate level of sterling has yet been reached, there is, so far, no underlying justification for any substantial upward movement, and that, therefore, effective steps will be taken, by the acquisition "a l'outrance" of foreign short-term assets (or even gold) to give speculation "for the rise" its quietus.—Economist (London).

Britain's Recovery

We are satisfied that never since the war has there been so firm a case for sane optimism. True that everything cannot be done at once. True that the larger problems are still almost of the same magnitude, and that we are only just beginning to make a real impression on them. But the great work of national reconstruction is fairly in hand.—J. L. Garvin in the London Observer (Ind.)

Prices in Britain

The doleful prophecies that the prices of imported foodstuffs were bound to rise have not been fulfilled. This is due in part to the fact that certain countries from which we purchase 59 per cent. of our imports of food followed Great Britain; the gold standard, and other gold countries had to adjust their prices to ours. But it is also due to the praiseworthy self-restraint of both wholesale and retail traders, who refrained from exploiting such opportunities as offered.—London Daily Telegraph (Ind. Cons.)

Britain's Great Effort

It is fair to say that things are looking up. Our trade balance is better; the stock market has visibly brightened; sterling has risen; we have paid back before it was due a large part of the £80,000,000 credits from France and America. Income tax payments are flowing in well. Budget prospects are reasonably good, and the economies effected by departments more than come up to expectations. All these things bear testimony to the nation's immense strength and to its magnificent capacity for effort.—London Sunday Times (Cons.)

The Enigma of Germany

Germany is a curious country, where the unexpected always happens. From an economic point of view the Germans are perhaps the greatest race of modern times. At any rate, they possess a capacity for work unrivalled by other nations. But politically they are incompetent. Many among them are the first to admit it, and this curious absence of an understanding of politics is one of the tragedies of civilization. —George Soleveythick in the Nineteenth Century (London).

Unemployed Germans Made to Study Trades

Attendance at a trade school is made compulsory for the unemployed 18 years of age in Berlin and other cities of Germany. The program includes courses in manual training, typing, stenography, domestic science, general educational subjects and classes in gymnastics and hygiene. Books and shool materials are free.

Young girls out of work are being employed as assistants in municipal kindergartens, nurseries and hospitals. For sewing classes, at which attendance is mandatory, machines, materials and lunches are supplied without charge.

Pacific "Growers" Experiment With Atlantic Coast Oysters

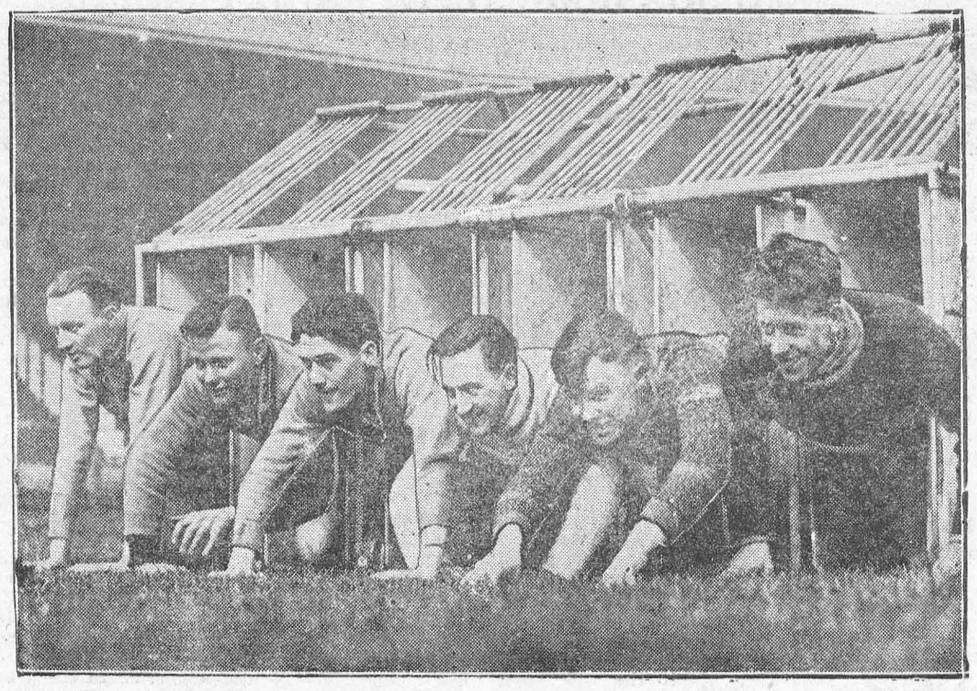
Santa Cruz, Calif.—Experiments are being conducted in an effort to grow Eastern oysters in Pacific Coast waters. Ten thousand "spat" were brought from the Atlantic last year and a million more will be brought out this year.

The small Japanese oyster has been transplanted successfully but as yet Coast beds have had little success with the Eastern Bluepoints. Native oysters are succulent but small like the Japanese product.

A wise enemy is better than a foolish friend.

Envy is like the rust of iron; it wears away the envious.

All Set — Go!



Greyhounds of the racing track keep fit. A group of dirt-track riders ready to leap out for a sprint at their Wimbledon training quarters, make use of greyhound starting boxes there.



Scouts and Accidents

During 1931 a total of 16,577 accidents occurred in Ontario. Of this number 1,738 proved fatal. The mishaps include practically every accident against which we give Scout training either directly or indirectly. There were 341 accidental drownings, 33 electrocutions, 24 deaths from poisoning, 15 from stangulation, 19 from septic poisoning from wounds, 61 from burns or scalds. There were 159 accidents with fire arms, of which 45 were fatal. There were 534 cases of fractures and sprains, and 299 accidents to hands or feet. Two of the latter resulted in death. There were 355 accidents during sports, ten being fatal.

For Canada the totals can be multiplied approximately by five.

Is this not an almost dismaying reminder of the importance of our first aid instructional work, and the general objective of Scout training—teaching to be mentally prepared to use the head under all circumstances?

Lone Scouts will be well advised to concentrate strongly on the tests which will qualify them as Swimmers, Rescuers, Firemen and Public Safetymen. The public has a right to expect that in face of such accidents as the above, a Lone Scout will be qualified to render efficient assistance, if the opportunity comes his way.

Toronto Scouts Boost Ontario Apples

That the Boy Scouts of Toronto could do more in one day than the provincial department of agriculture could do in a month to make Toronto "Ontario apple conscious" was affirmed by Hon. Thomas L. Kennedy, provincial Minister of Agriculture.

He referred to the Boy Scout Apple Day held on April 1st, when, to assist their district financial compaign, the Scouts of Toronto sold Ontario apples on all the street corners of that city, and earned an appreciable profit for their funds. What about a Lone Scout Apple Day in your district?

Scouts' Good Work at Shanghai

Reports from Shanghai record work by Boy Scouts during the recent Sino-Japanese outbreak that reminds one of the siege of Mafeking, where the service idea of Scouting originated in 1900. The first call was for 12 Scout cyclists. Soon 90 boys were on duty at various relief headquarters and municipal bureaus of the international settlement, as messengers, guides, 'phone operators, hospital orderlies, etc. The boys came from troops of many nationalities — British, French, German, American, Russian, Jewish.

Sleep Out and Live To Be 100!

I know that there are quite a few Lone Scouts who sleep out of doors nearly all the year round, and you should see what fine healthy boys they are!

Did you know that the Chief Scout, Lord Baden-Powell. who is 75 years of age, sleeps outside winter and summer?

Writing the Editor of "Camping" to deny a statement that he had given up sleeping out of doors, Lord Baden-Powell demands, "What has 'over 70' to do with it? I've learned wisdom in my 15 years, and that tells me that if everyone slept out we should all live to be 100 or more. But as this would overcrowd the clubs it is perhaps just as well that some should sleep in and die early—say at 90. But for me to sleep inside! Not if I know it!"

So, Lonies, sleep outdoors and be healthy!

Our Weekly Scout Law

No. 4. A Scout is a friend to all and a brother to every other Scout.

Hence the oft used phrase "The Worldwide Brotherhood of Scouting." In this law is found the real heart of Scouting on which we build all our hopes for the future of the world. To be a friend to ALL! There is no room here for quarrels and fighting. War can have no place in Scouting while this law remains in the constitution. And if Scouts of every nationality, color, creed nd tongue are brothers, as well as being friends, then we have an organization more powerful than any League of Nations can ever be.

This, Lonies, is perhaps the most important Law of all. Make it a part of your life, and see that YOU fulfil all the obligations required of a real friend. Someone has said "A friend is one who knows all about you but loves you just the same!" Need I say more?

N.S. Scouts Plant 80,000 Trees

As reported by Provincial Chief Forester Schierbeck, Nova Scsotian Boy Scouts in 1931 planted 80.000 trees in Scout reforestation areas in various parts of the province.

Don't forget to let all your farmer friends know that they can obtain all the trees they want from the Ontario Forestry Branch free of charge. We hope that you have posted all your Tree Signs by this time.

For particulars of how to become a Lone Scout, write to the Boy Scouts Association, Lone Scout Dept., 330 Bay Street, Toronto.—"Lone E."

Early April

Behold the robin's breast aglow
As on the lawn he seeks his game,
His cap a darker hue doth show.
His bill a yellow flame.

Now in the elm tops see the swarm
Of swelling buds like bees in May;
The maples, too, have tints blood warm,
And willows show a golden ray.

Forth from the hive go voyaging bees,
Cruising far each sunny hour;
Scenting sap mid maple trees,
Of sifting bread from sawdust flour.

Up from the marsh a chorus shrill
Of piping frogs swells in the night;
The meadowlark shows flashing quill
As o'er brown fields she takes her flight.

Now screaming hawks soar o'er the wood,
And sparrows red haunt bushy banks,
The starlings gossip, "Life is good."
And grackles pass in sable ranks.

The rye fields show a tender hue
Of fresh'ning green amid the brown.
And pussy-willows clad anew
Along the brook in silver gown.

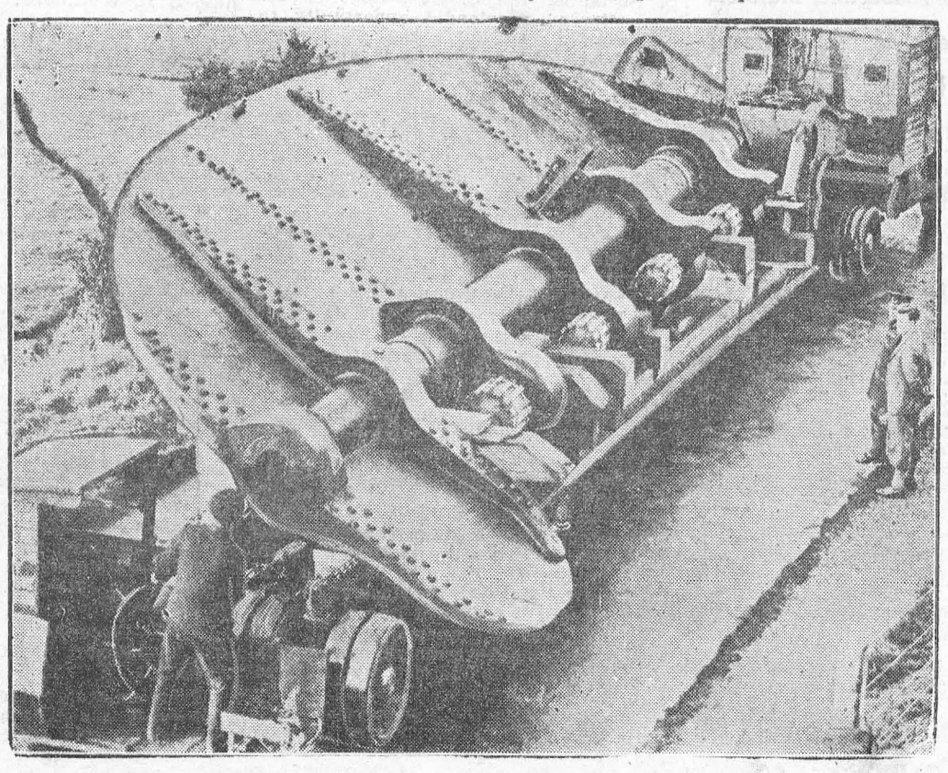
The purple finch hath found his tongue,
From out the elm tree what a burst!
Now once again all things are young,
Renewed by love as at the first.
—John Burroughs.

English Plays on Istanbul Stage

Istanbul—For the first time since the war, plays are being presented here in English, a troupe from London offering the dramas of George Bernard Shaw and other British playwrights for the Anglo-American colony.

Well water should never be unhealthy.

"Berengaria's" Rudder Journeys to Repair Shop.



The 55-ton rudder of the "Berengaria" was carried 316 miles to Darlington, England, for r[illegible] the trip from Southampton after[illegible]ants at front and back of the spe[illegible]ally constructed kept in touch by means of a telephone

Outlook For Saskatchewan Farmers This Year

The drought-stricken areas of Western Canada, including a portion of the Province of Saskatchewan, have claimed a good deal of attention by Canadians in other sections of the Dominion for the past year or two. It was good news, therefore, which came a few days ago that Spring work had been started by the farmers in the vicinity of Swift Current. The public mind, naturally, reverted on receipt of this news to the statement made before the Toronto Canadian Club recently by Hon. Robert Weir, Federal Minister of Agriculture. that what was considered drought-proof seed had been produced for distribution in the Western areas which had suffered so greatly.

In this conection it is interesting to note a bulletin issued by Dr. W. Allen and Prof. E. C. Hope, of the Farm Management Department of the University of Saskatchewan's College of Agriculture. It is entitled "The Farm Outlook for Saskatchewan, 1932," and says that most Saskatchewan farmers are still unable to discover any major enterprise as satisfactory as wheat production although farm incomes have been almost obliterated by the continued depression of wheat prices. The chief interest of the farmers now is to secure sufficient funds to support their families and carry on their farming operations. Taking stock of the situation, the bulletin states that in the district of Turtleford, Kindersley, Davidson and Craik and Maple Creek, of the 441 owners or part owners, eight per cent. were reported free from debt, the remaining 92 per cent. having debts averaging $4,782 per farm. Debts against real estate secured by mortgages plus unpaid amounts on agreements of sale were reported by 81 per cent. of all the 441 owners, and amounted to $4,341 per farm. The debts of tenants usually average less than those of owners as their assets are smaller, movable and depreciate more quickly.

The general physical conditions bearing on the 1932 Saskatchewan wheat crop are said to be decidedly more favorable than a year ago. Precipitation since last harvest has been better than average in the northern agricultural sections, and decidedly better than for last year in the southern districts. The southern area must secure adequate rains during the growing season to harvest even a moderate crop. There are possibilities also of considerable damage from cutworms and grasshoppers.

Conditions in agriculture at present are said to be very much like those of 11 years ago when prices for grains, stocks and live stock products were all at about the lowest points in their respective cycles. The outlook for live stock, therefore, is not considered favorable. Recovery in such prices are looked for in the following order: Poultry products, hogs and sheep, butter and cattle. The chief factor in farm success is said to be the ability of the individual farm operator.—Mail & Empire.

Most of Canada's Land Is Still Uncultivated

Only about one-sixth of Canada's suitable land is actually under cultivation as farms, according to the census of June, 1931,, figures of which are being made public by the Dominion Government. It is estimated that about 300,000,000 acres are suitable for cultivation, of which some 57,000,00 were actually sown to field crops at the time of the census. This, however, represents an increase of about 2.4 per cent in the number of farms in the decade since 1921.

The Province of Ontario has the largest number of farms—191,697. Saskatchewan is second with 136,571 and Quebec third with 136,061. The five Eastern Provinces—Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario—showed an increase of 19,416 for the decade; while the four Western Provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia—showed an increase of 36,770. The five Eastern Provinces, however, have 414,044 farms as against 314,200 for the four Western.

A farm, for the purposes of the census, is any tract of land an acre or more in extent which produces agricultural products of $50 annually or more, or which is used for crops or pasturing.

Ton of Hay Travels By Parcel Post

Denver, Colo.—A ton of hay has been mailed by parcel post to feed dairy cattle in the snow-bound town of Silverton, which has been isolated since Feb. 9.

A Durango firm was unable to ship the hay because the railroad is blocked by snow slides. So it was placed in bundles to conform with the maximum size and weight specified for parcel post, and mailed. It required $14 worth of stamps.

The hay was transported by pack mule at a cost of 5 cents a pound to the Post Office Department, according to a report to the State Utilities Commission. The Post Office Department thus lost $86 on the transaction but the Silverton cows are munching hay and the children of the isolated town had their fresh milk again.

Books are men's hearts in other men's hands.



Turret Cigarette Hockey Contest Headquarters Staff

Sorting the Millions of Entries Received

The scene illustrated above will give our readers a slight idea of the vast number of entries received in the Turret Cigarette $15,000.00 Cash Prize Hockey Contest. Well over three million entries were sent in, bearing the post mark of March 5th, or a prior date, which was a condition binding upon all contestants desiring to qualify for one of the 289 cash prizes. The enormous task of judging these millions of entries is going forward as rapidly as possible. According to the latest reports from Contest Headquarters, it will be possible to publish the complete list of prize winners about the latter part of April.

Where "Thirty" Was Originated

"30" has a special meaning to anyone who has worked on a newspaper or wire service. At the bottom of a page of editorial copy it indicates the end of the piece. But whence came the term? Frank T. Owen. 47 years an employee of the Utica (N.Y.) Daily Press, has compiled eight more or less plausible theories which Editor & Publisher reports as follows:

1. When newspaper stories were handwritten, "x" meant the end of a sentence, "xx" the end of a paragraph, "xxx" (Roman for "30") the end of the story.

2. In Bengali "80" means "farewell" or "I quit." A report of the East India Company misprinted the figure to "30."

3. Linotype machines cast type slugs of 30 ems maximum length, hence "30" means the end of the line.

4. A telegraph operator whose number was 30 once stayed at his key sending news of a disaster long after his assistants had fled and until death came to him.

5. Long ago in the West despatches were delivered by messenger from the telegraph office to the newspaper office. The telegraph office closed at 3 a.m., hence, the operator scribbled at the bottom of the last sheet "3 o'clock" which became abbreviated in turn to "3 o'c," "3 o," "30."

May Even Go Back to Spartan Triumph

6. When the Associated Press was established each member paper was entitled to 30 telegrams per day. Last of the day's quota was labelled "30."

7. Early telegraph operators had a code for conversational asides on the wire: 1—Wait a minute. 4—When shall I proceed? 13—What's the matter? 30—End of item. 73—Kindest regards.

8. The 30 magistrates appointed by Sparta over Athens at the termination of the Pelopennesian War were called the "30 tyrants," and were overthrown after one year's reign. The end of the tyrants was heralded with a spirit of gladness—"30."



CHILD need REGULATING?

CASTORIA WILL DO IT!

When your child needs regulating, remember this: the organs of babies and children are delicate. Little bowels must be gently urged—never forced. That's why Castoria is used by so many doctors and mothers. It is specially made for children's ailments; contains no harsh, harmful drugs, no narcotics. You can safely give it to young infants for colic pains. Yet it is an equally effective regulator for older children. The next time your child has a little cold or fever, or a digestive upset, give him the help of Castoria, the children's own remedy. Genuine Castoria always has the name:

Chas. H. Fletcher.

CASTORIA

CHILDREN CRY FOR IT

Milk-O!

The proprietor of the dairy was angry with one of his roundsmen.

"Jones!" he stormed, "you're an absolute fool!"

Surprised, the man put down his can and looked at his employer questioningly.

"You had a complaint from Mrs. Snaggs," went on the proprietor, "and she wasn't at all satisfied with your answer!"

"Well, sir," said the puzzled milkman, "she was telling me as 'ow the milk were thin an' got no cream in it—"

"Yes, and you, like a blithering idiot, told her our milk was as right as 'rain'!"

Will You Pay 3c To Be Rid of Your Indigestion?

Here is a positive guarantee no sufferer from indigestion, sour, acid stomach can afford to ignore. Within two minutes by the watch, at a cost of not more than 3c you may be rid of acid stomach, indigestion, bloating, gas, belching and stomach pain.

Do you doubt it? Then go to your nearest drug store and get a package of Bisurated Magnesia and use as directed. If after the first dose you do not feel it is worth its weight in gold, if the belching, gas and pain are not relieved completely, you may have your money back.

Bisurated Magnesia is sold on this positive guarantee because we know of its value in stomach distress. It is used by thousands of stomach sufferers the world over. The cost is about 3c per dose. You just simply can't afford to suffer longer with stomach distress, acid stomach and indigestion when real relief is so inexpensive.

Try it just once after a heavy meal and see for yourself how magically it works. Twenty-five regular doses in every package.

Can Crocodiles Cry?

The phrase "crocodile tears" has been used for so long that it comes as rather a shock to learn that, according to scientists, these reptiles can't shed tears at all.

Travellers tell a different story, however. In one case, when a boat was steaming up the Indus, a crocodile was shot and brought aboard. As it was lying on deck—believed dead—the onlookers were astonished to see what looked like tears. One of them, with a child beside him, bent over to look. At once the great jaws opened and snapped, while the tail lashed furiously. The child was just snatched back in time, but another spectator was knocked down by the tail.

Some time ago, however, when experiments were carried out to ascertain whether crocodiles held tears or not, the reptiles refused to oblige even when encouraged by a mixture of onion juice and salt.

According to scientists, the crocodiles posses lachrymal glands, but the secretion never reaches the eyeball. It is believed that its function is digestive, to lubricate the animal's food.

The New-Liveried Year

The year has changed his mantle cold
Of wind, of rain, of bitter air;
And he goes clad in cloth of gold,
Of living sun and season fair;
No bird or beast of wood or wold
Bu doth with cry or song declare
The year lays down his mantle cold.
All founts, all rivers, seaward rolled,
The pleasant summer livery wear,
With silver studs on broidered vair;
The world puts off its raiment old,
The year lays down his mantle cold.

Charles D'Orleans. Translated by Sir Henry Wotton, in "Ballads and Lyrics of Old France."

Lost For Words

It was the first time the shy young man had been to a big dance, and when his partner decided she did not want to dance the next he was at a loss for something to talk about.

"Do you ever have indigestion?" he asked in a desperate effort to make conversation.

The girl looked at him queerly.

"No," she replied shortly.

"What a pity!" murmured the youth; "I know such an excellent remedy.

Talk is cheap—especially when you use your neighbour's telephone.

Lowliness and nobleness are two antonyms, but have the same meaning.

What New York Is Wearing

BY ANNEBELLE WORTHINGTON.

Illustrated Dressmaking Lesson Furnished With Every Pattern



The new afternoon dresses are adorable in the gay light shades of both rough and flat crepe silk.

A pretty jabot frill tucked under the flat applied neckline band and wee sleeve frills that give a suggestion of a sleeve, are modish touches of this young model.

The skirt is very slenderizing, cut in panel styling at the back as well as at the front.

It's a dress in which you'll always appear so smart for those informal evenings.

And it's so easy to put it together.

Style No. 2707 may be had in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38 and 40 inches bust.

Size 16 requires 3 yards 39-inch with ⅝ yard 35-inch contrasting.

HOW TO ORDER PATTERNS.

Write your name and address plainly, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Enclose 20c in stamps or coin (coin preferred; wrap it carefully) for each number, and address your orden to Wilson Pattern Service, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

Pressure As A Germ Killer

Saturating germs with gas at high pressure and suddenly releasing it has been found to destroy them. Carbon dioxid (carbonic-acid gas) is usually employed because the germs take it up more readily.

This method is valuable in cases where heat or chemicals can not be used, and it is effective also with larger organisms, such as small insects, their eggs, or grubs.

Says Industrial and Engineering Chemistry (Easton, Pa.), in a description of the method:

"When bacteria become saturated with carbon dioxid at a pressure of 800 pounds per square inch, and that pressure is suddenly released, the bacteria are destroyed and the protoplasm of the cells is liberated in a colloidal form because of the sudden expansion of the gas within the bacteria.

"This announcement is made by David Crowther, who was formerly at the University of Minnesota, and more recently at Columbia University. While the process is still in the experimental stage, large quantities of vaccines have been made, and the experiment continues.

"Spores are not destroyed at the pressure indicated, but whether this resistance is due to impermeability of the membrane to the carbon dioxid, or to the strength of the heavy walls or membranes of the spore enabling it to resist the internal pressure, is not known. Yeast cells are destroyed with difficulty, but larger organisms, such as weevils and eggs found in flour and cereals, are easily destroyed, either by using carbon dioxid, or by a change in air-pressure."

Upset Stomach

"I used BABY'S OWN TABLETS for my children when they had vomiting spells, and found that they settled the stomach," writes Mrs. J. M. Guthrie, Smith's Falls, Ont. Valuable for teething troubles, colds, fevers, colic. Easy to take — and harmless. See certificate in each 25c package. 238



Dr. Williams'

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Utterly Worn-Out

Mrs. Fitzpatrick Tells How Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Made Her Well.

Can Now Run Upstairs.

"I became run-down and unable to do my work for a family of seven," writes Mrs. W. P. Fitzpatrick, Marquis, Sask. "I was told I had anaemia, and I took treatment, but with very little improvement. Finally my sister, who had had the same disease, advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, as they had done her so much good. I have taken seven boxes. Today I'm well; able to do my own work; no more tired feeling or weak spells. I can run upstairs without puffing. I sleep and eat well. My friends are astonished at my changed appearance and never fail to ask what I'm taking. My reply is: 'Dr. Williams' Pink Pills'."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually create an abundance of new red blood, which is the reason why they have given new vitality and strength to thousands of such nervously exhausted and overtired women. Equally helpful for growing girls. Try them. At your druggist's in the new glass container. 50c a package. 272

Begonias and Gloxinias

50 varieties of Tuberous-Rooted Begonia Bulbs for garden, house and verandah. Pendula Begonia, best hanging basket plant ever introduced. My Begonia collection represents the best varieties in cultivation. 16 Varieties of Gloxinia bulbs—the most beautiful, new and rare house plant. Catalogue free upon request.

J. E. CARTER, GUELPH, ONT.

for BRUISES

There's nothing to equal Minard's. It "takes hold". Antiseptic, soothing, healing. Gives quick relief! 24

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Why Children Misbehave

Juvenile waywardness is much more likely the result of parental falls from grace, bad examples all around the children, lack of sufficient sleep, or poor environment, or all of them.

The original sin is in the home.

So believes Dr. William Moodie, an English physician. He was addressing the Medical Officers of Schools, in London, and a report of his address appears in The Lancet, a London medical journal.

The commonest causes of complaint brought to Dr. Moodie's attention in his clinic were, in order, we read: stealing, nervousness, unmanageableness, lying, temper, stammering, truancy and lack of concentration. When the children were examined, it was extremely common to find evidence of fatigue and conditions which in an adult would certainly be described as hyperthyroid anxiety states. And, we read:

"Often these arose from environmental factors—fatigue from loss of sleep due to noisy or overcrowded bedrooms, and anxiety from broken homes, illegitimacy, and marital unhappiness, the kind of home where the child never knew what was going to happen next.

"Yet there seemed to be a certain inherent factor as well, since children in exactly comparable surroundings might fail to show anxiety symptoms. Dr. Moodie thinks that he has now collected some cases where it is absolutely certain that the child can not, in the ordinary sense of the word, have known of certain home situations, such as conditions leading up to a divorce, and yet it has quite clearly 'sensed' the position and taken refuge in some form of flight.

"He deprecated the value of the intelligence quotient alone, but emphasized by illustration the tremendous amount of information that can be obtained by an intelligent psychologist who makes notes of the child's temperament while putting him through the ordinary intelligence tests. In this way, he said, much could be learned about the child's emotional reactions without any of that difficult, tedious, and almost invariably destructive prying into his mind which is essential if a temperament estimate is to be made directly."

Early English Law Book Given to Yale University

New Haven, Conn.—An original edition of Statham's abridgment, believed the first printed English law book, has been presented to the Yale school library.

Professor Frederick C. Chicks, law librarian, said the edition, apparently published in 1590, is one of 22 recorded copies of the book.

THOUGHT.

The peak is high, and flushed
At its height with sunrise fire;
The peak is high and the stars are high,
But the thought of man is higher.
—Tennyson.

VICTORY OVER SELF.

I count him braver who overcomes his desires than him who conquers his enemies; for the hardest victory is the victory over self.—Aristotle.

Classified Advertising

AN OFFER TO EVERY INVENTOR. List of wanted inventions and full information sent free. The Ramsay Company. World Patent Attorneys. 273 Bank Street, Ottawa, Canada.

BABY CHICKS

A-1 BABY CHICKS ARE CANADIAN Approved chicks. All flocks are culled by Government Inspector. We hatch six breeds. Write for free catalogue. A. H. Switzer, Granton, Ontario.

3 POUNDS PRINT, CRETONNE, SILK or Velvet Remnants, $1.00. A. McCreery Co., Chatham, Ont.

OPPORTUNITIES.

WE CAN ARRANGE A FRIENDLY correspondence for you. Men and women, all ages. Particulars free. Write Canadian Correspondence Club, 2071 Danforth Avenue, Toronto.

AGENTS AND PRIVATE PURCHASERS wanted throughout Canada for fireproof document and ledger cabinets; scores of testimonials show that they fill a long-felt want and sell readily to nearly all classes of professional men, merchants and farmers. Apply Fireproof Cabinets and Safes Limited, 353 Greenwood Avenue, Toronto.

MOTOR BOAT FOR SALE.

RICHARDSON DOUBLE CABIN cruiser, about thirty feet, in use altogether only four or five months in two seasons; complete equipment including carpets, bed and table linen, china, glassware and silver as well as all marine equipment and many extras. This cruiser with its two cabins and its well equipped galley is an unusually comfortable boat for week-ends or longer cruises for four to six people. It is exceptionally seaworthy and has cruised all over the Great Lakes. It has a high class and very economical 60 horsepower, six-cylinder power plant with complete electric lighting throughout and speed of 12 to 14 miles per hour. It is a special paint job and very attractive in appearance. Owner will sacrifice for half its original cost. H. Watkins, 73 W. Adelaide St., Toronto.

ATTRACTIVE SUMMER PROPERTY FOR RENT.

ONE OF THE FINEST SUMMER homes on Georgian Bay to rent for July and August or entire Summer season. This property is located in a most exclusive neighborhood in the most beautiful section of this beautiful part of the Great Lakes, within easy reach of Post Office and mail steamers. It has a magnificent view and excellent fishing and sailing and is safe for small boats. Dining-room, kitchen and servants' quarters are in separate house. Complete equipment of motor boats, sailing dinghy and small boats may be rented if desired. House is excellently equipped with linen, china, silver, etc. Moderate rental to careful tenant. H. Watkins, 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Lazy men are the most positive; they are too lazy to inform themselves or to change their minds. — Henry W. Shaw.

SOUR STOMACH

Your stomach and bowels are part of one long tube. Bowels soured with body poisons naturally upset the stomach. For 50 years millions have used Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Remedy with good results. Purely vegetable. Pleasant tasting. Every druggist knows good old Warner's. Try a bottle today. Warner's Safe Remedies Co., Toronto Ontario.

WARNER'S SAFE KIDNEY AND LIVER REMEDY

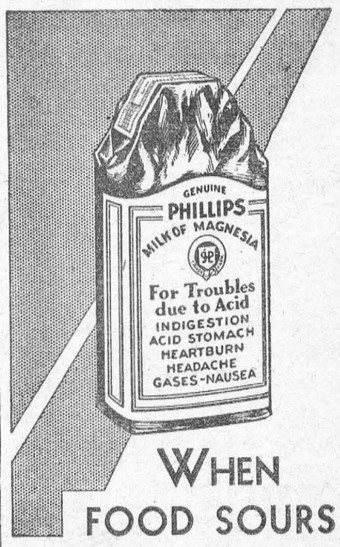


PURELY VEGETABLE

Take them every so often. They'll Keep you HEALTHY

Sold everywhere in 25c and 75c red pkgs.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS



WHEN FOOD SOURS

ABOUT two hours after eating many people suffer from sour stomachs. They call it indigestion. It means that the stomach nerves have been over-stimulated. There is excess acid. The way to correct it is with an alkali, which neutralizes many times its volume in acid.

The right way is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia—just a tasteless dose in water. It is pleasant, efficient and harmless. Results come almost instantly. It is the approved method. You will never use another when you know.

Be sure to get the genuine Phillips' Milk of Magnesia prescribed by physicians for correcting excess acids. 50c a bottle—any drug store.

The ideal dentifrice for clean teeth and healthy gums is Phillips' Dental Magnesia, a superior tooth-paste that safeguards against acid-mouth. (Made in Canada.)

"NO CASE AS BAD AS MINE"

Now 77—and Fitter Than at 50

HAS TAKEN KRUSCHEN FOR 22 YEARS



"I have been 6 years thinking of writing these few lines. It may seem strange, but I have been watching the papers this last 6 years to see if there was any case as bad as mine has been. But I have not seen one. I used to have sick headaches and rheumatism as bad as could be. I could not walk without two sticks; could not walk round the table without holding on to it. That was when I was the other side of 50.

"Now, if I live till next March I shall be 77. I have taken Kruschen Salts for over 22 years, and I am in good health—better now than the other side of 50. I don't have any rheumatism—haven't had for several years. So if anyone can give Kruschen Salts a good name, I can. I don't feel any older now than I did at 50, and I can walk 4 miles an hour without any trouble."—T. L.

It is common knowledge that rheumatism is associated with an excess of uric acid in the system. Uric acid is composed of needle-like crystals, and the pain of rheumatism is caused by these "needles" settling down in the joints, muscles and tendons.

Kruschen is a powerful solvent of these torturing crystals. It swiftly dulls their sharp edges, then flushes them out of the system. Your pains ease; swellings subside, knotted joints become loose. Afterwards, the "little daily dose" of Kruschen so stimulates the liver and kidneys that regular and complete elimination is ensured. Your inside is kept clean. Mischievous uric acid never gets the chance to accumulate again.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Drug Stores at 45c. and 75c. per bottle.

ISSUE No. 16—'32

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S ACTIVITIES UNPRECEDENTED

(Continued from Page 1)

financing, and pointed out that while one-fifth of the revenue for licenses and gas tax comes from the city of Toronto, not one cent of this money is spent in that city. The speaker dealt with the amounts spent on county roads and King's Highways, and the proportion's paid by the County, and pointed out that more had been spent on the roads in the United Counties, than the amount of revenue from licenses and tax in these Counties.

Education was one department which was far from paying its own way. In fact, for every dollar of revenue, the Government were paying out $1,000. Mr. Challies dealt with the amendment to the Municipal Law whereby farmers' daughters had been added to the Voters' Lists, and with the amusement tax, in which regard 60 per cent. of the proceeds must go for charity, before obtaining free tax from the Treasurer.

With regard to the critics who would have the Province of Ontario bankrupt, the Hon. Mr. Challies stated that 40 per cent. of our provincial debt was for advances made to Hydro, the security being the assets of the Hydro, which could be sold for more than the total debt of the Province.

In concluding, Mr. Challies dealt briefly with the St. Lawrence waterway—one thing he was sure of was that as soon as Ottawa and Washington had completed negotiations and signed the treaty, there would be no delay so far as this province is concerned.

Mr. Challies had been favorably impressed with the way in which Mr. Casselman and his Council, of Chesterville, had coped with the unemployment situation last year and so called on Mr. Casselman to explain how they had tackled the problem.

Addressing the gathering, Mr. Casselman said he could not understand why Mr. Challies had called on him to address this intelligent body of men with reference to unemployment. He assured Mr. Challies of his great appreciation of his entertainment here. It was not necessary for Mr. Challies to entertain us so liberally and well, for we in this County appreciated him for his good work and he has given us a great deal of information, but if he wanted to entertain us worthily, he should have called this meeting in Chesterville. It was a good idea for a representation to meet his people in this manner, and in this Mr. Challies had established a precedence.

He could not agree with Mr. Challies that responsibility for unemployment rests with the municipalities. The country to the south of us left the matter with local municipalities, which was handled by public-spirited citizens.

We have in Chesterville, said Mr. Casselman, a condensery. Before introducing modern machinery, this condensery employed 140 men. Modern equipment along with the depression, however, had necessitated the reduction of employment. The condensery had attracted a certain number of laborers who were not really citizens, and when the change took place the unemployed from out of town were stranded in the municipality. Was it fair that Chesterville should look after this class of unemployed? That, Mr. Casselman pointed out, is the reason why the responsibility should be with the government.

The way the problem was tackled in Chesterville was this: We asked the four church organizations to work; one member from each church was to solicit public subscriptions from the people, which were turned in to the council, while the latter took care of the unemployed. They were given orders on the merchants, and when the bills were rendered, the Council received two dollars for every dollar they spent on unemployment. The village conceived the idea of giving a barn dance for the purpose of relief. This gave everybody an opportunity to contribute and created the spirit of good fellowship. In addition to this, at the beginning of the season the Council had two other schemes to meet their problems. One was to buy a tract of land and hire a foreman and men to cut the wood and sell it. This scheme did not justify consideration. The other scheme was to haul suitabe stone for road building, into the municipality and give unemployed men an opportunity to earn their livelihood. In this connection the Council were told they were going to run a penitentiary. Gradually, the men began to see the justification, and as a result they had 450 yards of stone ready for their road bed, which they had procured at about 75 cents per yard. In order to take advantage of the Government's one-third relief fund, they paid the men with orders and the bills from the stores were forwarded to the Government. As a consequence, Chesterville had come through one of the easiest winters in its history. Mr. Casselman thought that stone could be broken by hand as cheaply as by machinery, and gives more employment.

After canvassing world conditions, Mr. Casselman thought that the advent of machinery had much to do with unemployment.

Mr. Johnston, called upon to speak, expressed his pleasure at meeting the members of the councils, and had learned much from Mr. Challies' address, also from Mr. Casselman's. The township of Matilda was not burdened much with unemployment, for which they were very thankful.

Mr. VanAllen said he was grateful for the information which Mr. Challies had given them. His township had a few contributions to make for the upkeep of families, whose heads were in gaol. He wanted to know why prison labour could not be utilized for the upkeep of such cases. Mr. VanAllen thought that the Provincial Inspector for Old Age Pensions, when in this district, should come before the local Board. Mr. VanAllen discussed with Mr. Challies the system of old age pensions.

Mr. Crowder expressed great pleasure at being present at this meeting, and thought that such meetings should be encouraged. It would not be a bad idea for the councillors and school trustees to get together on the question of reducing taxation. He thought that the farmers were suffering more today than any other class of people, and in time would lose their well-earned farms through high taxation. Mr. Crowder took up the matter of equalized assessment, which was a very difficult problem, and one which should be assisted by the government. This should be put under a commission and trained assessors should be appointed by the government. It was a well known fact that if a local assessor did his duty, an appeal was entered and the council changed the assessment. Mr. Crowder dealt with school taxes and salaries, and the possibilities of lowering them.

Mr. Foster expressed his pleasure at hearing the other speakers, and while the people of Morrisburg were not burdened much with unemployment, they had to keep two families. The hand-breaking of stone had been suggested as a remedy for unemployment. In order to give it a trial, two sledges had been bought and placed on the stone pile, but the only ones who had put in an appearance were those who had taken the sledges and never brought them back.

Mr. Ross thought that many wise things had been said here tonight, but we could remain here until tomorrow night and we would be as much divided as we are now. One municipality had to pay what another municipality missed, and to burden the Government would simply mean that they would tax the people. The system of taxation was arrived at after careful consideration and attention by men devoted to the work.

He pointed out to Mr. Casselman of Chesterville that when the condensery closed, the floating population was a burden, but when these men had worked, they had helped to swell the population and revenue.

Mr. Ross gave Mr. Challies much credit for valuable information, and warned the Councillors to be considerate and not burden the representative with every little petty grievance. He spoke of some of the hardships experienced in Winchester. He had been called on to visit one home where the father had been out of work for some time. The mother was in the house with her children, the baby lying on a blanket on the table, which, in addition to two chairs and a stove, was the only furniture in the house. These people were given immediate relief. These are conditions existing in all municipalities, more or less, and it is up to us to look after them, just as human beings. We have the burden of taxation—we're the ones who brought this condition about, said Mr. Ross, and we ought to be men enough to face it without grumbling. Everybody felt the pinch—what pinches you, pinches me, he said. He did not agree with Mr. Casselman that too much machinery was the cause for unemployment. He criticized the Government for issuing bonds tax free.

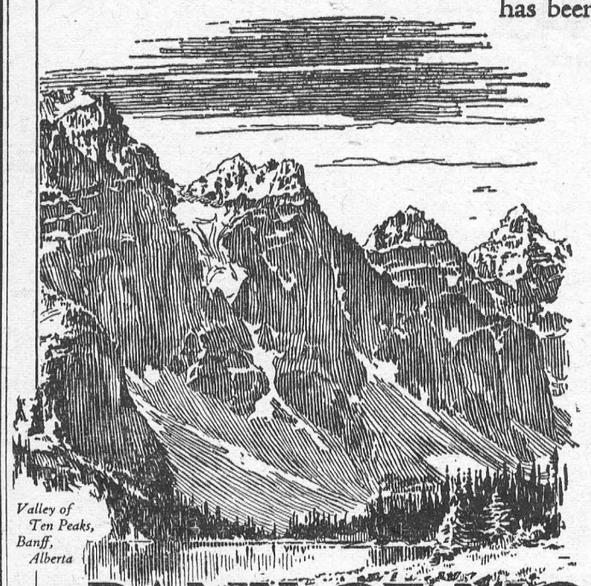
Mr. Nesbitt was pleased to be present and be associated with his fellow councillors. Just such a worthy social gathering was beyond his recollection, and he thought such meetings were a good and profitable thing. He thought that such a meeting with the trustees would be a good thing. He praised Mr. Challies for what he had done for us in Toronto, where he is just as courteous as he has been here tonight. Mr. Nesbitt discussed at length the County Road System and expressed his appreciateion for the information received from Mr. Challies.

Mr. Challies in thanking all present, stated that nowhere in the province was there a better type of men representing the county than we had right here in Dundas County. He hoped that the meeting had been beneficial to all.

A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Challies, moved by Mr. J.H. Ross, and seconded by Mr. Sweet, the latter making brief complimentary remarks.

PERMANENCE

FOR well over a century the BANK OF MONTREAL has been in continuous operation.



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FOR FLETCHER'S
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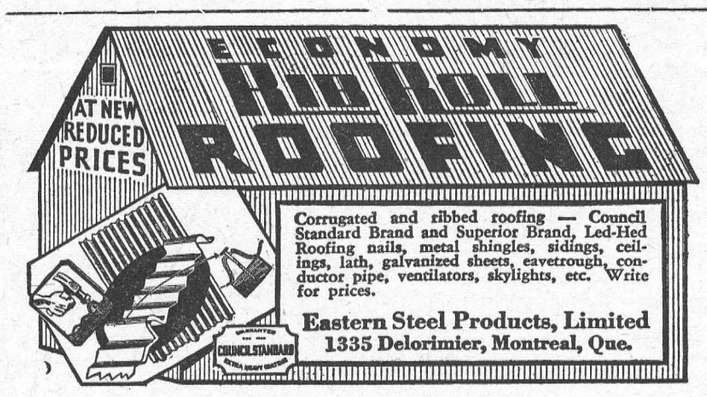
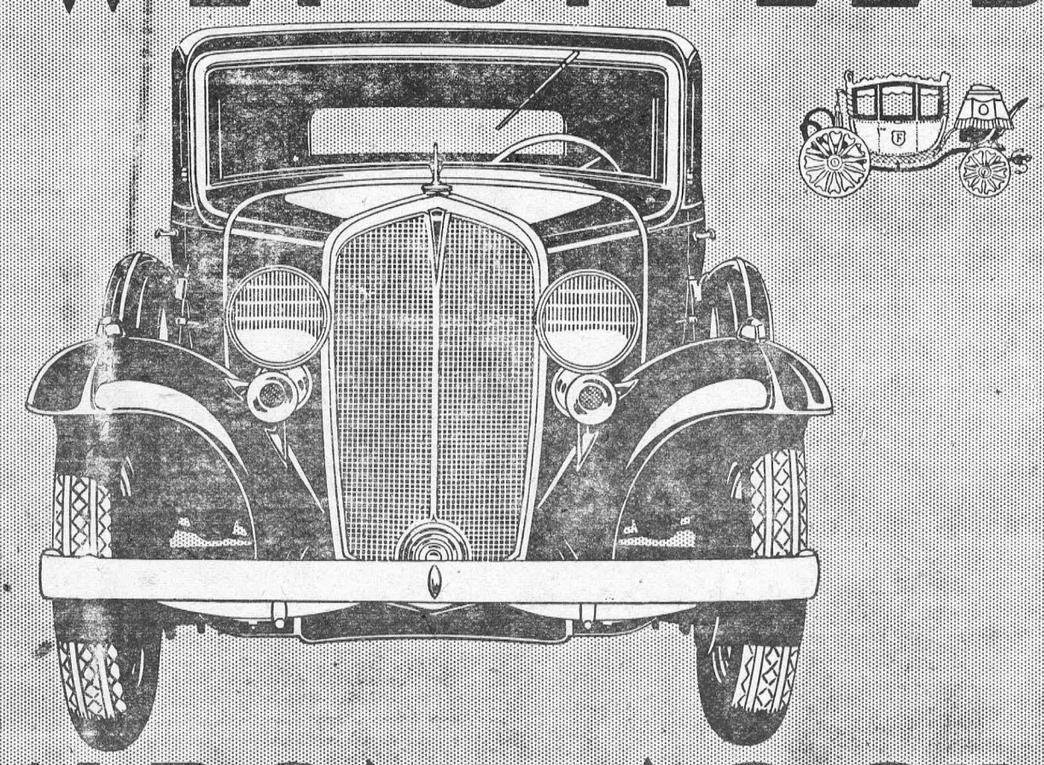
The Great English Preparation Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.



NEWLY STYLED



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INTERNATIONAL FERRY

Morrisburg, Canada, Waddington, U.S.A.
Standard Fall, Winter and Spring TIME TABLE
Effective November 1st, 1931.
Weather and other circumstances excepted.

Leave Morrisburg, Ont.	Leave Waddington, N.Y.
8.00 a.m.	8.45 a.m.
9.30 a.m.	10.15 a.m.
11.00 a.m.	11.45 a.m.
1.00 p.m.	1.45 p.m.
2.30 p.m.	3.15 p.m.
4.00 p.m.	4.45 p.m.
6.00 p.m.	6.45 p.m
7.30 p.m.	8.15 p.m.
*9.00 p.m.	*9.45 p.m.
10.15 p.m.	11.00 p.m.

*Saturdays *Sundays *Holidays

RATES—Motor car, $1.00; passengers 25c each; return free on the same day. Please retain return ticket for return trip.

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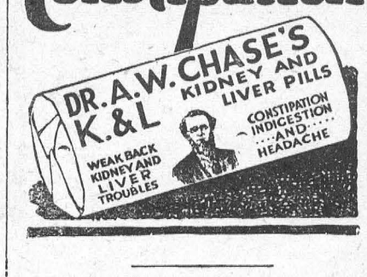
For Constipation



Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Miss Dorothy Buchan was a guest of her aunt, Miss Maud Buchan, last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Crombie and son Philip of Montreal spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C.W. Norval.

Mr. J.W. McIntosh and Douglas of Ottawa were guests at Sunny Brook on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Whitteker and family and Miss Maxine Algire spent last Wednesday with Mrs. Mary Stata in Ottawa.

Mrs. Gilbert Beckstead was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Roy E. McIntosh, on Thursday of last week.

Mrs. Diana McIntosh spent Tuesday of this week the guest of Mrs. Isaac McIntosh.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Algire and family and Miss Eugenia Algire were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Whitteker of Kenmore last Friday.

Misses Evelyn Russell, Ruth Locke and Marion Loucks and Master Robert Loucks spent Saturday afternoon calling at the home of Messrs Conrad and Henry Whitteker.

Mr. and Mrs. Forbie Merkley of Flint, Mich., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. David Short on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hill, Misses Rose Hill and Helen Becker and Mr. Orlin Becker attended the funeral of their aunt, Mrs. Maria Stanfield, which took place at Rennselaer Falls N.Y., on Tuesday of this week.

Mrs. Blanche Hanson is spending this week in Morrisburg with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Foster.

Mrs. Mary Stata and grandson Fred Stata of Ottawa spent Sunday the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Loucks.

Miss Lola Hummell was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Willis Tupper, on Sunday.

Mr. Dwight Tupper spent last Sunday evening with Miss Vivian Wells of Hoasic.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Loucks and family motored to Ottawa on Friday and spent the day.

Mr. Willie Dickey spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. J.S. Dickey of Newington.

Mrs. Peter McIntosh and Miss Beatrice spent last week in Ottawa with Mr. and Mrs. Lynden Shannette.

Miss Bertha Sargeant and Mr. Willie Tupper were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barkley on Sunday.

Parker Locke spent last Saturday with his little friend, Wilfred McIntosh.

The many friends in this district of Mr. Ed. Beckstead are sorry to hear that he was taken to Brockville General Hospital on Monday for treatment. He was accompanied by Mrs. Beckstead, who is spending a few days this week with Mr. Beckstead.

Mrs. Ward Casselman entertained at her home Monday evening a few of the members of the W.M.S. of the United Church, from her neighborhood. They spent the evening quilting, after which Mrs. Casselman served refreshments.

Quite a number from Williamsburg district attended the oratorical contest and open literary meeting held in the assembly hall of he M.C.I. last Friday evening.

Mr. Phil Strader of the O.A.C., Guelph, arrived homeon Friday to spend the summer holidays with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. Bruce Strader.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Couglar and children were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Marcellus on Sunday.

Mrs. Claude Casselman returned home on Saturday, after spending a couple of months in the West visiting her sister.

Miss Rose Hill and Mr. Phil Strader were entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. D. Beckstead on Saturday evening.

Mr. Bill Tupper and Miss Bertha Sargent took tea with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Barclay last Sunday evening.

CHURCH ROAD

Mrs. W. Murray Styles and children Mary Evelyn and Carl, spent the week-end at Mr. H.H. Barkley's, Glen Becker.

Mr. and Mrs. John Froats, Mariatown, spent Tuesday with their daughter, Mrs. Wm. Dafoe.

Mrs. Roland Froats is seriously ill, having suffered a fractured hip.

Rev. L.M. McCreary of Ottawa was renewing old acquaintances through here the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Styles spent Sunday with friends at East Williamsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. J.A. Wells and daughter Mary Ruth, of Syracuse, spent the week-end at Mr. Jas. J. Styles'.

Mr. John Bowman and family of Chesterville spent Wednesday at Mr. Roy Styles'.

Mesdames Ed, and Ernie Cannough and children of Aultsville spent last Friday with Mrs. Ben. Bowman.

Mrs. Wm. Dafoe was a recent visitor at Mr. Roland Froats'.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Schwerdfeger and little son, spent Wednesday evening at R.J. Schwerdfeger's.

Mr. M. Dillabough, Mrs. W. Dillabough and little son of Morewood called at Mr. W.M. Styles' on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Bowman spent Monday evening with the former's mother, Mrs. A. Bowman.

Mr. T. Barkley spent Monday at Mr. Roy Styles'.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $2; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. THE COOK MEDICINE CO. (Windsor, Ont.) Sarnia, Ont.

HOASIC

Mr. and Mrs. Durham Wells were in Mille Roches on Tuesday of this week.

Mrs. Albert Milliner of Montreal is visiting her parental home.

We are sorry to learn that Mrs. Roland Froats, "Aunt Cad," as she is better known, fell and broke her hip, and at time of writing is quite poorly. But we trust she may recover.

Congratulations to Mr. Graham Wells of the M.C.I. who won the medal for the public speaking contest given at the Assembly Hall in the Collegiate Institute on Friday night, his subject being "Youth and World's Peace."

Quite a number attended the Mock Trial in the hall on Wednesday night, which was enjoyed by all.

ARCHER

Miss Hilda Gallinger of Summerstown spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Weagant were in Cornwall on Saturday.

The members of the W.A. of St. George Church, Gallingertown, met at the home of Mrs. H.A. Gallinger on Thursday afternoon of last week with a goodly attendance.

Miss Lena Gallinger and Miss Hazel Cook of Aultsville spent one afternoon last week with Miss Greta Gallinger.

Mr. Clifford Gallinger spent Sunday afternoon with his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Weagant.

Mr. John Wagner of Gallingertown called at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Shalor Heagle, on Monday afternoon.

WINCHESTER SPRINGS

Mrs. H. Nesbitt is improving favorably after her recent illness.

Mrs. A. Coleman and son of Toys Hill visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Haggerty recently.

In the absence of Rev. Morrison, Rev. Newman of Chesterville conducted the service Sunday afternoon in the United Church.

Mrs. Arnold Casselman and family spent Wednesday with Mr. and Mrs. G. McIntosh.

Mr. F. Casselman of Winchester spent Monday with his aunt, Mrs. T. Nesbitt.

Miss Dora Holmes and Miss McDonald of Ottawa N.S. spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. A. McIntosh of Dundela were guests Sunday last of Mr. and Mrs. J. Davidson.

Visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Cunningham Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. F. Coons, Winchester; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Coons and baby of Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Carkner and Miss Grace Carkner and Master Russell were guests recently of Mr. and Mrs. Orren Casselman.

Mr. J. Walker from Toys Hill took tea Sunday evening with Mr. Thos. Nesbitt.

Mrs. M. Casselman returned to her home Saturday, after spending some time with Mrs. Thos. Nesbitt, who is convalescing from a sprained ankle.

Mr. and Mrs. Rumsey Peterson of Toys Hill and Mrs. B. Holmes of Shanly spent Friday with Mr. and Mrs. A. Casselman.

Mrs. F. McIntosh visited her daughter for a few days at Inkerman.

Mr.and Mrs. Ralph Allison and Master Lloyd spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. H. Keyes at Winchester.

Mrs. Arnold Casselman and children and Mrs. Orren Casselman spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. James Haggarty.

BRINSTON

Mr. and Mrs. Len Johnston and Miss Dora Bell of Otawa spent the week-end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Bell.

Messrs O. Ault and Clifford Pitt of Ottawa spent the week-end at their respective homes.

C. Summers, of Winchester, spent the weekend with his brother, Mr. Sparling Summers.

A fair crowd greeted Messrs Tom McDuff Copeland and son Kenneth, Scotch entertainers, in Gilson's hall on Saturday night. The concert was high class and was enjoyed by those who were fortunate enough to be able to attend. They remained over Sunday and assisted in the afternoon service here.

Mrs. Braynard Holmes, of Shanly, spent a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Rumsey Peterson, and Sunday with friends in this vicinity.

Again the date for the concert prepared by the Women's Institute has been set for Saturday evening, April 23, in Gilson's Hall. Lest you have forgotten, this is a special program, consisting of two 45-minute comedies, "Let Wedding Bells Ring" and "All on a Summer's Day," and is being staged wholly by the ladies of the Institute. There will be special music between acts. The proceeds are in aid of relief work in the township.

AULTSVILLE

Miss Ruby Ripley, Ottawa, spent the week-end with Rev. H.E. Warren and Mrs. Warren.

Mrs. Jessie Lount, Ottawa, is spending a few days with Miss Jane Lount.

Mrs. John Morgan spent the week end with her mother, Mrs. Henderson, in Morrisburg.

Mr. Geo. Thompson, of Ottawa, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Hickey and family have moved up from Montreal.

Miss Ada Adams, Wales, was visiting friends here over the week-end.

Mr. C. Hanes and Miss M. Baker motored to Montreal on Saturday.

SECOND AVENUE

Mr.Neil Epaugh called at Mr. A. J. Henry's on Monday.

Mr. Harvey Phillips made a business trip to Morrisburg on Monday.

Mr. A. Henry spent Monday afternoon in Morrisburg.

Mr. Ellison Dennison and Miss Mabel passed through here Sunday.

Mr. Geo. Dennison called at Mr. John Berton's Monday.

Mr. Riley Shaver, called at Mr. John Berton's Monday.

Mr. Earl Droppo spent Monday at Vankleek Hill.

Mr. Norman Becker called at Mr. A.J. Henry's Monday evening.

Mrs. O.W. Deeks and Mrs. A.J. Henry spent Monday afternoon in Aultsville.

Mr. Harold Dillabough spent Monday with his mother, Mrs. Geo. Dillabough, Riverside.

Mr. Cora Hollister called at Mr. Earl Droppo's Monday.

Mr. Charlie Hart spent Monday afternoon with Mr. Neil Epaugh.

Mr. Percy Prunner was in Morrisburg Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. McMillan took dinner at Mr. Earl Droppo's Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Henry, son Lloyd, Master Mahlon Deeks and Mrs. O.W. Deeks called at Mr. J. Devaul's Tuesday.

Mr. Lloyd Henry spent Wednesday afternoon in Winchester.

Mr. Geo. Becker was in Aultsville Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Ernie McIntosh spent Tuesday in Aultsville.

Mr. Harry McIntosh of Massena is spending the week-end at his home here.

Mr. Ken Hannah called at Mr. E. Droppo's.

Mr. Kenneth Hummel spent Friday at Mr. Earl Droppo's.

We welcome to our midst Mr. and Mrs. Lenorard and family of North Bay.

Mr. Clifford Hart is spending the week-end at his home here.

Mr. Norman Becker spent Friday at Mr. R. Weagant's.

Mr. Melvin McIntosh spent Thursday afternoon at Mr. Neil Epaugh's.

Mr. Richard Markell called at Mr. Neil Epaugh's Saturday.

Mr. Lloyd Henry and Mr. Russell Deeks spent a few hours in Aultsville Friday evening.

Mrs. Earl Droppo is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Kenneth Hummel, of Colquhoun.

Mr. Earl McIntosh of Gallingertown spent Saturday at his home here.

Guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Henry on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. O.W. Deeks; Mr. Russell and Mahlon of Winchester; Miss Dorothy Becksted off Morrisburg; Mr. N. Becker of Riverside.

Mr. Lloyd Henry, accompanied by Mr. Russell Deeks, spent a few hours in Winchester Sunday.



Pains in the Back Disappear when Kidneys are Regulated with Dr. Chases Kidney & Liver Pills

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For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher



"I got here just in time"

Tom Walker's wife was taken ill so suddenly that there was no time to take her in to town, so Tom hurried to the telephone and called the doctor.

The doctor was out on his calls, but Tom finally located him at a neighbor's on the next concession and he came right over.

"It's pleurisy", the doctor told Tom. "She'll be all right, but I got here just in time. *It's lucky you have a telephone.*"

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New Price $25.00 **Marshall Mattress** New Price $25.00



Price is no barrier to the enjoyment of Marshall Comfort!

The Marshall "Special" Mattress at $25 gives you the wonderful comfort of the Marshall Spring Mattress for the price of an ordinary mattress.

Start now to enjoy Marshall Sleeping Comfort.

For Sale by

Marshall "SPECIAL" Mattress $25.00

Four Other Grades

Marshall "Feltenhair" Mattress $32.50	Marshall "Cotton-Top" Mattress $42.00	Marshall "Standard" (Hair-Top) Mattress $48.50	Marshall "Regal" Mattress $75.00

$25. Marshall Spring Mattress, 500 encased Springs, sale price $17.95
Cable Springs, guaranteed for 20 years 9.95
Wagsagless Springs with free Covers 11.50
Felt Mattresses, regular $12., sale price 7.75

On the week of May 2nd, we are giving away free 4 Marshall Mattresses. Just sign your name on the entry blank and the drawing will be made May 18. Fuller particulars in next week's issue.

Sliding Couches with Cretonne Pads, each 16.50
Sliding Couch complete with Mattress 12.50
Bridge and Floor Lamps clearing at 50 p.c. discount, from $3.50 to $18.00.
10 Simmons Coil Springs, all sizes, to clear at 5.95
Sole Agency for Made-in-Canada Frigidaire, prices from $215. to $850.

1 only Edison Phonograph, cabinet, plays all makes of records; complete with 25 records, sale price 25.00

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When remodelling, extra space may be gained by dividing the attic and basement with Gyproc partitions.

You can paper it or panel it if you wish and it is an excellent base for Gyptex or Alabastine.

Gyproc may be easily identified by the name on the board and the Green stripe along the edge.

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The Green Murder Case

BY S. S. VAN DINE.

SYNOPSIS.

Philo Vance, wealthy young bachelor and intimate friend of District Attorney John F. X. Markham, becomes interested in the Greene murder case. Julia Greene is killed and her younger sister, Ada, is wounded. Old Tobias Greene's widow, together with the five children, Julia, Chester, Sibella, Rex and Ada (an adopted daughter), all live in the old Greene mansion. Chester Greene repudiates the burglar theory. They inspect the house for clues and layout.

CHAPTER III.—(Cont'd.)

We ascended the main stairs, which led round a piece of marble statuary—a Falguiere figure, I think—and emerged into the upper hall facing the front of the house where three large close-set windows looked out over the bare trees.

The arrangements of the rooms on the second floor was simple and in keeping with the broad four-square architecture of the house; but for the sake of clarification I am embodying in this record a rough diagram of it; for it was the disposition of these rooms that made possible the carrying out of the murderer's hideous and unnatural plot.

There were six bedrooms on the floor—three on either side of the hall each occupied by a member of the family. At the front of the house, on our left was the bedroom of Rex Greene, the younger brother. Next to it was the room occupied by Ada Greene, and at the rear were Mrs. Greene's quarters, separated from Ada's by a fair-sized dressing room through which the two apartments communicated. It will be seen from the diagram that Mr. Greene's room projected beyond the main western elevation of the house and that in the L thus formed was a small balustraded stone porch with a narrow flight of stairs, set against the house, leading to the lawn below. French doors opened upon this porch from both Ada's and Mrs. Greene's rooms.

On the opposite side of the hall were the three rooms occupied by Julia, Chester and Sibella, Julia's room being at the front of the house, Sibella's at the rear, and Chester's in the centre. None of these rooms communicated with the other. It might also be noted that the doors to Sibella's and Mrs. Greene's rooms were just behind the main staircase, whereas Chester's and Ada's were directly at the head of the stairs, and Julia's and Rex's farther toward the front of the house. There was a small linen closet between Ada's room and Mrs. Greene's at at the rear of the hall were the servant's stairs.

Chester Greene explained this arrangement to us briefly and then walked up the hall to Julia's room.

"You'll want to look in here first, I imagine," he said throwing open the door. "Nothing's been touched—police orders. But I can't see what good all that stained bed-linen is to any one. It's a frightful mess."

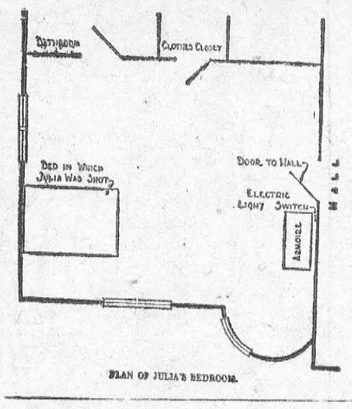
The room was large and richly furnished with sage-green satin-upholstered furniture of the Marie Antoinette period. Opposite to the door was a canopied bedstead on a dais; and several dark blotches on the embroidered linen gave mute evidence of the tragedy that had been enacted there the night before.

Vance, after noting the disposition of the furniture, turned his gaze upon the old-fashioned crystal chandelier.

"Were those the lights that were on when you found your sister last night, Mr. Greene?" he asked casually.

The other nodded, with surly annoyance.

"And where, may I ask, is the switch?"



PLAN OF JULIA'S BEDROOM.

"Behind the end of that cabinet," Green indifferently indicated a highly elaborated armoire near the door.

"Invisible—er, what?" Vance strolled to the armoire and looked behind it. "An amazin' burglar!" Then he went up to Markham and spoke to him in a low voice.

After a moment Markham nodded.

"Greene," he said, "I wish you'd go to your room and lie down on the bed just as you were last night when you heard the shot. Then when I tap on the wall, get up and do everything you did last night—in just the way you did it. I want to time you."

The man stiffened, and gave Markham a look of resentful protestation.

"Oh, I say—!" he began. But almost at once he shrugged compliance and swaggered from the room, closing the door behind him.

Vance took out his watch, and Markham, giving Greene time to reach his room, rapped on the wall. For what seemed an interminable time we waited. Then the door opened slightly, and Greene peered round the casing. Slowly his eyes swept the room; he swung the door further ajar, stepped inside hesitantly, and moved to the bed.

"Three minutes and twenty seconds. . . . What do you imagine, Sergeant, the intruder was doing in the interim of the two shots?"

"How do I know?" retorted Heath. "Probably groping round the hall outside looking for the stairs."

"If he'd groped that length of time he'd have fallen down 'em."

Markham interrupted this discussion with a suggestion that we take a look at the servants' stairway down which the butler had come after hearing the first shot.

"We needn't inspect the other bedrooms just yet," he added, "though we'll want to see Miss Ada's room as soon as the doctor thinks it's advisable. When, by the way, will you know his decision, Greene?"

"He said he'd be here at 3. And he's a punctual beggar—a regular fiend for efficiency. He sent a nurse over early this morning, and she's looking after Ada and the Mater now."

"I say, Mr. Greene," interposed Vance, "was your sister Julia in the habit of leaving her door unlocked at night?"

Grene's jaw dropped a little, and his eyes opened—wider.

"By jove—no! Now that you mention it . . . she always locked herself in."

CHAPTER IV.

Vance nodded absently, and we passed out into the hall. A thin, swinging baize door hid the servants' stair-well at the rear, and Markham pushed it open.

"Nothing much here to deaden the sound," he observed.

"No," agreed Greene. "And old Sproot's room is right at the head of the steps. He's got good ears, too—too damned good sometimes."

We were about to turn back, when a high-pitched querulous voice issued from the partly open door on our right.

"Is that you, Chester? What's all this disturbance? Haven't I had enough distraction and worry——?"

Greene had gone to his mother's door and put his head inside.

"It's all right, Mater," he said irritably. "It's only the police nosing around."

"The police?" Her voice was contemptuous. "What do they want? Didn't they upset me enough last night? Why don't they go and look for the villain instead of congregating outside my door and annoying me?—So, it's the police." Her tone became vindicative. "Bring them in here at once, and let me talk to them. The police, indeed!"

Greene looked helplessly at Markham, who merely nodded; and we entered the invalid's room. It was a spacious chamber, with windows on three sides, furnished elaborately with all manner of conflicting objects.

My first glance took in an East Indian rug, a buhl cabinet, an enormous gilded Buddha, several massive Chinese chairs of carved teakwood, a faded Persian tapestry, two wrought-iron standard lamps, and a red-and-lacquered highboy. I looked quickly at Vance and surprised an expression of puzzled interest in his eyes.

In an enormous bed, with neither headpiece nor footposts, reclined the mistress of the house, propped up in a semi-recumbent attitude on a sprawling pile of vari-colored silken pillows. She must have been between 65 and 70, but her hair was almost black. Her long, chevaline face, though yellowed and wrinkled like ancient parchment, still radiated an amazing vigor. It reminded me of the portraits I had seen of George Eliot. About her shoulders was drawn an embroidered Oriental shawl; and the picture she presented in the setting of the unusual and diversified room was exotic in the extreme. At her side sat a rosy-cheeked imperturbable nurse in a stiff white uniform, making a singular contrast to the woman on the bed.

Chester Green presented Markham, and let his mother take the rest of us for granted. At first she did not acknowledge the introduction, but, after appraising Markham for a moment, she gave him a not of resentful forbearance and held out to him a long bony hand.

"I suppose there's no way to avoid having my home overrun in this fashion," she said wearily, assuming an air of great toleration. "I was just endeavoring to get a little rest. My back pains be so much today, after all the excitement last night. But what do I matter—an old paralyzed woman like me? No one considers me anyway, Mr. Markham. But they're perfectly right. We invalids are of no use in the world, are we?"

Markham muttered some polite protestation to which Mrs. Greene paid not the slightest attention. She had turned, with seemingly great difficulty, to the nurse.

"Fix my pillows," Miss Craven," she ordered impatiently, and then added, in a whining tone: "Even you don't give a thought to my comfort." The nurse complied without a word. "Now you can go in and sit with Ada until Dr. Von Blon comes—How is the dear child?" Suddenly her voice had assumed a note of simulated solicitude.

"She's much better, Mrs. Greene." The nurse spoke in a colorless, matter-of-fact tone, and passed quietly into the dressing room.

The woman on the bed turned complaining eyes upon Markham.

"It's a terrible thing to be a cripple, unable to walk or even stand alone. Both my legs have been hopelessly paralyzed for ten years. Think of it, Mr. Markham: I've spent ten years in this bed and that chair"—she pointed to an invalid's chair in the alcove—"and I can't even move from one to the other unless I'm lifted bodily. But I console myself with the thought that I'm not long for this world; and I try to be patient. It wouldn't be so bad, though, if my children were only more considerate. But I suppose I expect too much. Youth and health give little thought to the old and feeble—it's the way of the world. And so I make the best of it. It's my fate to be a burden to every one."

(To be continued.)

Advent of Day

Does anything approach more quietly
Than Day! Can April's child appear with tread
More soft! Can plum or pear or lily spread
Their tender petals any more noiselessly,
Does smoke unwinding pass more silently
Than Day emerges from her star-tucked bed
And maiden-shy stands with her radiant head
And glowing body shimmering on the sea.
Here for a breathless space words have no sound,
All thoughts suspend; Earth must, I think, stop still
And moving things stand fixed upon the ground
To see Day come! While she with naive will
Now stretches her lithe limbs, released, unbound
And hauntingly steps on from hill to hill.

—Agnes MacCarthy Hickey, in Voices.

Unusual

A student had been spending freely and was short of cash. It was near the holidays, and he hated to write home for money. As a last resort he pawned his dress suit.

When the time came to leave for home, the suit was still unredeemed. He hurriedly scraped together enough cash to get it back, packed it in his bag and was off.

At home his mother was helping him unpack.

"Henry," she asked, "what is this ticket on your coat for?"

"Why, mother," he replied, "I went to a dance the other evening and that's the cloakroom ticket."

She continued putting away his clothes. Finally she lifted his trousers. They, too, were ticketed.

"Henry," she exclaimed, "what kind of a dance was that?"

LIFE.

Life is largely made up of habits, the psychologist tells us. They are meant to make life easier for us, and better. A good habit, once formed, is like a tow rope that pulls us along thereafter without our conscious effort. The more good habits we can form in our teens, the sweeter and safer and more successful life will be ever after. What folly and self-harm it is, then, to make bad habits instead!

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As usual, we will protect you against loss on "SALADA" Tea, by rebating you for your stock on hand so that you can make the above prices effective at once. Forms are being mailed to you for this purpose so DO NOT SHIP ANY TEA BACK TO US.

SALADA TEA COMPANY OF CANADA LIMITED

A Chinese Lady: Aged Five

The Orient pearl of the household was the wee daughter, Dah Zon. Diminutive white trousers, cut like those of a Persian Princess, swept to her ankles. The waistband, fastened well up under her arms, gave her plump, rotund little body and chubby bare shoulders an effect indescribably bewitching. Upon her feet were small red shoes embroidered with colored silks. Her somewhat oval face, with its fresh lips, rosy cheeks, and large brown eyes, was punctuated with ever-so-lightly tipped-up eyebrows and two shiny little black braids, one of which appeared at each side tied with a bunch of red cord.

But the crowning glory was another small Brownie-like tentacle of hair rising straight up from the top of her head where it nodded and bobbed with every emotion. At sight of her, Moloch himself must, for the time, have forgotten all thoughts of frightfulness and allowed her to make nests in his primeval beard. When she spoke, it was the young Scheherazade lisping her first immaculate, silvery version of the Arabian Nights. To put it still more frankly, I admitted to love at first sight.

The winning of a Chinese lady, aged five, however, is not a thing to be accomplished in any crude Lochinvar manner. I bought her a large red apple, but she only drew back, took refuge behind her thumb, and looked hard at me. Too hard, in fact. There was obviously something the matter with my face. It was so different! I tried to obliterate myself in a sort of patrol formation — apple first as the "point," then myself as the "main body"—but out came the thumb, the lips began to quiver, and only by a quickly manoeuvered retreat up the rickety stair was I spared the ignominy of tear-shed.

But in the course of time I purchased a duck, a handsome lacquered duck of solid wood which I placed before the royal footstool and went my way.

To all who would win the affections of a Chinese lady not over six years, I recommend a wooden duck. For as I sat reading that old stoic, Epictetus . . . the sprite Scheherazade herself appeared in my doorway, half-clad as usual, with a smile dimpling her small oval face. It was evident that the duck which she held tightly in her hand had settled the matter of friendship once for all, for she came right in without the slightest diffidence and made herself entirely at home.—From "Beyond Shanghai" by Harold Speakman.

Character

The sun set, but set not his hope.
Stars rose; his faith was earlier up:
Fixed on the enormous galaxy,
Deeper and older seemed his eye;
And matched his sufferance sublime
The taciturnity of time.
He spoke, and words more soft than rain
Brought the Age of Gold again:
His action won such reverence sweet
As hid all measure of the feat.
—Ralph Waldo Emerson, in "Poems."

Mrs. Harriett Gregory, who recently celebrated her 100th birthday anniversary at Chelmsford. Essex, England, advises walking for longevity. Unless the weather is really bad she still takes a daily walk.

An Elusive Allegory

Here are great redwoods spiring to the blue
A spray of low growths round their royal feet,
Green buoyant ferns with breath as sylvan-sweet
As garden blooms. Strong from their roots the new
Pale fronds unfurl their graceful length, all true
To immemorial pattern. Little heat
And scanty sunshine visits their retreat
But look—no hothouse nursing ever grew
More joyously or made a forest place
To echo more with beauty's eloquence.
Now—from the redwood giants hale and hoary
And from the fairy foliage at their base
I gather strange enlightment—I sense
A lovely and elusive allegory.
—Julia Boynton Green

FEAR.

He who can fear is not quite forsaken,
Possible loss means possible gain,
But not to fear because all hath been taken
Is the loneliest depth of human pain.

ANY CLEANING?

All Parker garment cleaning is done by the famous Zoric non-gasolene method. It is gentle, yet sure, and the fluid is a tonic to materials.

There can be no odor after Zoric cleaning because no gasolene is used.

Send dresses, coats, hats, suits, sweaters, scarves, evening wear.

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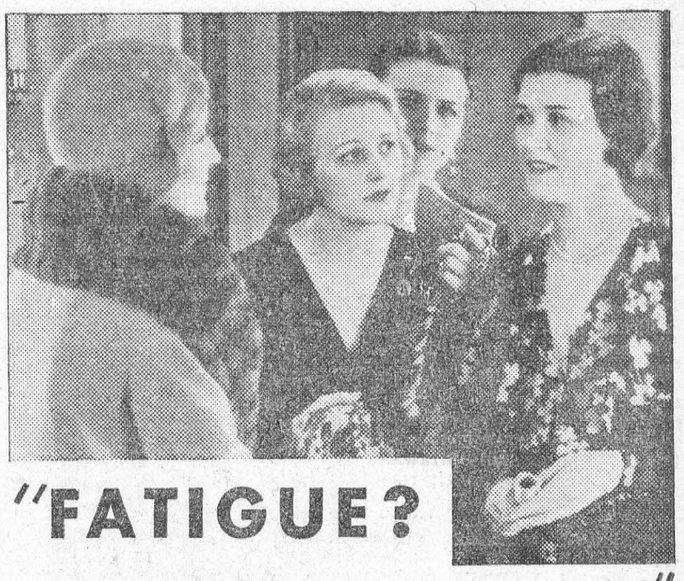


"FATIGUE? I just postpone it!"

"No, I don't have 'nerves.' You can't have them, and hold this sort of position. My head used to throb around three o'clock, and certain days, of course, were worse than others.

"Then I learned to rely on Aspirin."

The sure cure for any headache is rest. But sometimes we must postpone it. That's when Aspirin saves the day. Two tablets, and the nagging pain is gone until you are home. And once you are comfortable the pain seldom returns!

Keep Aspirin handy. Don't put it away, or put off taking it. Fighting a headache to finish the day may be heroic, but it is also a little foolish. So is sacrificing a night's sleep because you've an annoying cold, or irritated throat, or grumbling tooth, neuralgia, neuritis. These tablets always relieve. They don't depress the heart, and may be taken freely. That is medical opinion. It is a fact established by the last twenty years of medical practise.

The only caution to be observed is when you are *buying* Aspirin. Don't take a substitute because it will not act the same. Aspirin is made in Canada.

BAYER

Sunday School Lesson

April 24. Lesson IV—Abram's Generosity to Lot—Genesis 13: 5-15. Golden Text—In honor preferring one another.—Romans 12: 10.

ANALYSIS.

I. THE DISPUTE, vs. 5-7.

II. A GENEROUS PROPOSAL, vs. 8, 9.

III. A FATEFUL DECISION, vs. 10-13.

IV. THE SOVEREIGNTY OF GOD, vs. 14, 15.

INTRODUCTION — To-day's lesson forms at once the continuation of the story of the migration of Abram and Lot into Canaan (12: 1-8) and also the introduction to the story of the visit of the three strangers to Abram (chapter 18) and of their visit to Lot (chapter 19). It is a very human account. Abram and Lot were uncle and nephew (12: 5); together they migrated to Canaan and together they wandered through the land. Doubtless Lot was drawn to his uncle by the latter's greatness of soul and audacious faith. Credit should, therefore, be given him for his appreciation of spiritual greatness. The two men had no difficulty in dwelling together until a miserable squabble about property drove them apart.

I. THE DISPUTE, vs. 5-7.

Although he had not come to Canaan for hope of gain, Abram had become wealthy there. Lot, his partner, shared in the prosperity. On the whole, the men of the Old Testament believed that devotion to God leads to prosperity. Abram's conspicuous wealth would serve to illustrate and confirm that conviction. Now, one of the dangers of wealth is that it may sow the seeds of discord. As long as Abram and Lot were not too rich, they got along together amicably. As their means increased, however, their relationships became complicated and precarious. They were nomads, shifting at intervals from place to place, and their possessions consisted chiefly of flocks and herds, ample pasturage and watersupply was all important, but as their flocks and herds multiplied the supply of water and fodder became quite inadequate. "The land was not able to bear them." It frequently happens that the increase of their flocks and herds compels nomadic peoples to separate. Bickerings arose among the herdsmen about the rights to pasture-lands and wells, and the dispute, once kindled, spread to their masters. A significant touch is given to the narrative in the statement that the Canaanite (who lived in walled towns) and the Perizzite (country-folk living in open villages) dwelt then in the land. It was a scandal that Abram and Lot, both committed to the high adventure of faith, should quarrel before their heathen neighbors.

II. A GENEROUS PROPOSAL, vs. 8, 9.

Abram now rose to the full stature of his moral greatness. "His calm, strong figure," says Strachan, "rebuked all petty feelings. In the midst of strife he was tranquil and self-possessed, his speech was gentle and courteous." First, he condemned strife, especially when, as in their case, the sacred ties of kinship should bind them together. Then he proposed that peace should be maintained by separation. The patriarchs were men of peace, although the world around them was continually aflame with strife and war. Their principle was to win peace by isolation. If one cannot live amicably with another, then it is better to separate from him. The Christian principle, we believe, is higher—to turn one's foe into a friend by the way of self-sacrifice. Abram's proposal involved him in a great renunciation. As the older of the two, he could have claimed the right to the first choice of the land, but this right he generously waived aside.

III. A FATEFUL DECISION, vs. 10-13.

In contrast to Abram, Lot was selfish and covetous—a man who had his eye upon worldly success. It never occurred to him forthwith to concede to Abram the choicer portion of the land. From the elevation at Bethel where they stood (v. 3) the two enjoyed a wide outlook over the land; on the west rose the austere highlands of Judah and on the east, below them, lay the fertile valley of the Jordan. To the covetous Lot the plain of the Jordan resembled, in fertility, the Garden of Eden or Egypt, where harvests are uniformly good from the inundation of, or irrigation from, the Nile. So Lot chose the Jordan valley. His decision was made without consideration of the character of the neighbors among whom he would live. For the Jordan valley was known, not alone for the fertility of its soil, but for the great wickedness of its inhabitants—especially the men of Sodom. Lot had, therefore, none but himself to blame when later he became involved in the ruin of Sodom, chapter 19.

IV. THE SOVEREIGNTY OF GOD, vs. 14, 15.

The purpose of God's appearance to Abram was not only to assure him that he had done the right and wise thing, but to remind him that the future possession of the land rested, not alone on human choice, but on the sovereign will of God. The decisions of men are over-ruled by the unfailing purpose of God.

Brazilian Finds Weighty Diamond

Diamantino, Brazil.—A diamond of fabulous size, the largest ever found in Brazil, has been dug up by a prospector near here. The diamond, weighing 574 carats, is one of the largest in the world. A Rio de Janeiro broker offered $80,000 for the stone but the prospector was reported to have rejected the offer.

A diamond of 574 carats is of extraordinary size. The largest ever found in the Kimberley mines of Africa weighed 442 carats, and the largest found in the de Beers mines, 503 carats. The largest diamond ever found was the famous Cullinan, in South Africa, which was of 3024 carats. It was presented to King EdwardVII and was cut up into smaller stones to be added to the crown jewels. No diamond even remotely approaching it in size has been found.

In several instances, however, diamonds weighing more than 500 carats in the rough have been found. They are invariably reduced considerably in cutting.

Soviet Unable to Satisfy Demand for Amusements

Moscow. — Despite intensive construction of theatres, motion picture houses and circuses, the demand for tickets all over the country far exceeds the supply. In the capital long lines of theatre lobbies have become an almost permanent feature. The queues stretch from the box office into the street.

Statistics recently made public indicate the speed with which public interest in theatrical entertainment has developed. Figures for the Russian Federation of Republics (which includes some 90 per cent. of the total population) follow:

Theatre attendance: 1930 — 30,000,000; 1931—70,000,000.

Motion picture attendance: 1930—473,000,000; 1931—817,000,000.

Circus attendance: 1930—5,000,000; 1931—8,000,000.

6,000-Year-Old Relics Are Unearthed in India

Mysore, India.—Relics of a race which lived in the Deccan 6,000 years ago, made pottery with remarkable skill and attained a considerable degree of culture have been discovered in the Chandravalli valley near Chitaldrug.

Six different levels, each making a ground surface on which an ancient people once lived, were revealed by excavations. The most recent strata was 800 years old; the lowest marked the level of 6,000 years ago.

In this lowest strata the pottery and other relics of Stone and Iron Ages were found. The Stone Age relics were ornate, with geometrical, floral and other designs. The discoveries are considered to indicate a degree of culture equal to that of the Campignian of France and Get Ulan of Africa.

Soviet Students Face Pay Cut for Failures

Tashkent,U.S.S.R. — Soviet college students who cut classes and flunk examinations soon may find literally that it does not pay. Setting a course which other institution are expected to follow, the Middle Asia State University here has abolished the system of equal pay for all students in favor of one measured by work they accomplish.

College students in the Soviet Union are paid by the state so that they may defray their living expenses while studying. The salary ranges from $50 monthly for single men and women up to twice that amount for married students.

11-Year-Old Snooker Player

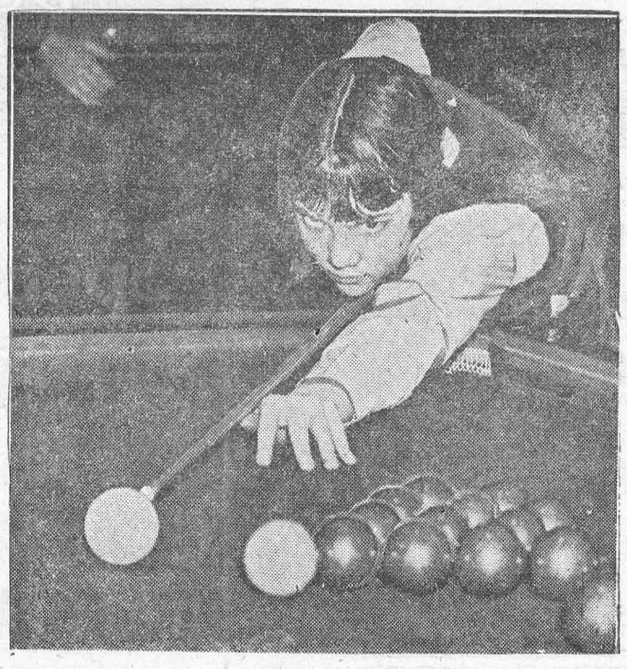


Photo shows Margaret Quinn, the eleven-year-old schoolgirl, who reached the semi-final in the women's snooker championship held in England, recently.

Why Plants Die In Modern Homes

Experiment Proves Tin Cans Used in Grandmother's Day Are Best

Our grandmothers were right. They grew good plants in tin cans, sometimes punching holes in the bottoms of the cans for drainage. A window in a stuffy kitchen or a chilly room was their greenhouse. To-day, with our bettered home conditions, there are very few people who can buy a luxuriantly growing plant from a florist and keep it healthy in well-heated, well-ventilated, well-lighted homes. Such plants as ferns and begonias soon turn yellow and die back to a skeleton framework of stalks and stems. The more resistant plants, such as rubber plants and aspidistra, may appear healthy for a long time, yet they grow but slowly, if at all.

Now we know why our grandmothers could grow good plants. It was because of the non-porous tin can. An investigation, conducted by the department of botany at the Massachusetts State College in Amherst has revealed some interesting facts about plant containers.

Lower Soil Impoverished

The clay pot, kept on a moist soil by the commercial grower of plants, is very satisfactory because it is on a moist surface. In the house the potted plants are on a dry surface, usually a saucer. The pot itself is evaporating moisture into the air, an air which, during the colder months, is probably drier than the atmosphere of Death Valley. Though water is added to the potted plant as a daily chore, it is not sufficient to make up the total amount lost by evaporation from the wall of the pot. This water added to the surface of the soil penetrates through the uper third of the soil and then gradually is drawn to the absorbing wall of the pot.

The lower third of the pot still demands water to make up for that evaporated and continues to draw upon the soil moisture in the lower section of the soil until the moisture is entirely withdrawn. The soil in this section becomes powder dry and the active root system in this region dies. The destruction of an important part of the root system is necessarily felt by the foliage part of the plant, which dies back in proportion to the destroyed feeding roots.

The Non-porous Container

Grandmother, with her tin can plant container, had no such worry about the uneven distribution of moisture in the soil. There was no evaporating wall to dissipate the water intended for the plant. The water added to the surface of the soil was soon evenly distributed throughout the soil mass. And, furthermore, grandmother did not have to water the plants every day, for the soil in such containers dries out very slowly and requires, per week, but about half the amount of water given to the same mass of soil in a clay pot.

The clay pot, as used by the florist on a moist surface such as cinders. soil or sand, draws most of its moisture from the moist surface on which the pot rests and only a fraction from the moisture within the pot. This process keeps the pores of the pot filled with moisture. When water is added to the surface of the soil in pots on a moist bed, the water may be all absorbed by the soil mass and not shared by the clay pot.

If clay pots must be used in the home, they should rest on a moist surface, a practice similar to that of the florist. This condition is easily met by filling the saucer with moist sphagnum moss. This sphagnum moss is the type utilized by florists for holding flowers in wreathes and it is relatively inexpensive compared with the price paid for potted plants.

Painting clay pots, inside and outside, makes this type of pot more practical for home grown plants. The paint, by filling up the pore spaces, destroys the evaporating surface and makes the pot more ornamental as well. A pot may be porous or non-porous without any injury occurring to the plant if cultural practices are adapted to the type of pot. When non-porous containers are used, less frequent watering shoull be the practice —with the added caution that the plant in such containers should never be watered if the soil is wet to the touch. The non-porous pot is adaptable to home and office culture of ornamental plants, particularly so if no one is present to care for the plants over a week-end or holiday.

Plant containers of glass, metal and rubber have been used with considerably more success in homes and offices than the clay flower pot. The better distribution of soil moisture in the non-porous containers is equaled only by the clay pot on moist sphagnum moss. With such containers, attention and care in watering are considerably lessened. The plants will survive the week-end absence from the office, and in the home we may have more luxuriant plants.—Linus H. Jones in N.Y. Herald-Tribune.

Wave Organ Made By Electric Hums

Belleville, Ont.—After seven years of experimenting, Mr. Morse Robb announces he has perfected a small wave organ which he said has the power of the largest pipe organ, but ocupies only about as much room as an ordinary writing desk.

Demonstrating his organ, Mr. Robb, son of Mr. W. D. Robb, vice-president of the Canadian National Railways, explained that this invention is one which produces musical tones from electrically induced vibrations rather than from blowing air through pipes. It will play like an ordinary organ console with manuals, pedals and stops.

One discreet enemy is better than two indiscreet friends.

Fog of Platinum Richest of Mists

New York.—Platinum is caused to evaporate like water by a discovery announced from the California Institute of Technology.

This precious vapor, probably the world's highest-priced mist, condenses into unimaginably thin films upon a wide variety of materials. It coats them virtually permanently.

Smoother than dew it will cover fibres, converting them into pliant, filmy threads that seem made of pure platinum. These threads are prized as wires for various precision instruments. A Midas might even be able to pay for a platinum gown.

The process was developed by Dr. John Strong, national research fellow, who reports it in the Physical Review, a natural scientific journal. Formerly the nearest approach to platinum mist has been the process of "sputtering," in which the molten metal is reduced to minute droplets and sprayed like paint.

Dr. Strong produced evaporation in a vacuum by a slight change of methods which had failed. The heat is supplied by a wire or filament of tungsten, one of the metals with a higher melting point than platinum. The failures occurred when platinum was laid in the glowing tungsten coil. Apparently too much heat was lost in the small space separating the metals.

So Dr. Strong tried electroplating the platinum directly upon the tungsten wire and that worked to perfection.

U.S. Expands Helium Plant To Meet Increasing Needs

Amarillo, Tex.—Since the Federal government has gone into the building of lighter-than-air craft in earnest, the United States helium plant near Amarillo has been remodelled to increase production and improve the quality of gas. The first plant unit, in operation four years, has been rebuilt to increase its capacity 50 per cent. and now embodies improvements made when a second unit was constructed two years ago.

Bureau of Mines officials told Congress in 1928 that the first unit would produce 10,000,000 cubic feet a year.

The purity of helium produced at the plant never falls below 98 per cent., compared with 94 to 96 per cent. at the old Fort Worth plant in 1926—and improvement which means an increase of about two tons in the lifting power of a dirigible like the Akron. More than 9 per cent. of the helium content of the natural gas, which is about 1.75 per cent., is being recovered.

With the Macon, now under construction, and the Akron in operation, the Army and Navy will need about 20,000,000 cubic feet of helium a year, compared with a present capacity of the Amarillo plant of about 36,000,000 feet.

Brazil Trains Athletes For First Olympic Entry

Rio De Janiero.—For the first time Brazil is turning an interested eye toward international sports participation and in particular is evincing a determination to compete in the Olympic games in Los Angeles, Colif., next August.

The Brazilian Sports Federation, representing the fourteen major athletic clubs in Brazil, has appealed to athletes for early training so that a strong delegation may be sent to compete in all Olympic divisions. Spartan rules have been laid down for the selection of athletes. Each athlete must submit to an examination before a special committee. He must prove himself not only physically fit but must show a high psychological rating. He must be in "top form" by June 15, when examinations will be held. Indications are that 3,000 athletes will seek positions on the team.

Penny for Debts

San Salvador, Salvador.—Children in all schools of the Republic of Salvador will contribute one penny each week to aid the Government in wiping out its foreign debt under a plan just announced.

Landlady—"How do you like this room, as a whole, sir?" New Lodger—"As a hole it's all right; as a room not so good."

What New York Is Wearing

BY ANNEBELLE WORTHINGTON.

Illustrated Dressmaking Lesson Furnished With Every Pattern



Just a glance at this new model and you can see how beautifully overweight has been disguised.

It has the long V-slimming bodice arrangement, graceful sleeves and cleverly cut skirt with bias hip seaming.

It is carried out in printed and plain crepe silk.

It's a style that also adapts itself perfectly to the supple woolens, so important in the smart woman's wardrobe. You'll like it especially in black diagonal woolen with vest of beige wool crepe.

Style No. 2644 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3½ yards of 39-inch material with ⅝ yard of 35-inch contrasting.

You can also carry out the chic black and white scheme in canton crepe.

HOW TO ORDER PATTERNS.

Write your name and address plainly, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Enclose 20c in stamps or coin (coin preferred; wrap it carefully) for each number, and address your order to Wilson Pattern Service, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

Australia Plans State Radio For Cultural Broadcasting

Sydney, Australia.—A novel plan for the broadcasting of high class educational and entertainment programs is contemplated by J. W. Fenton, Postmaster-General of Australia, when the new broadcasting commission gets into its stride.

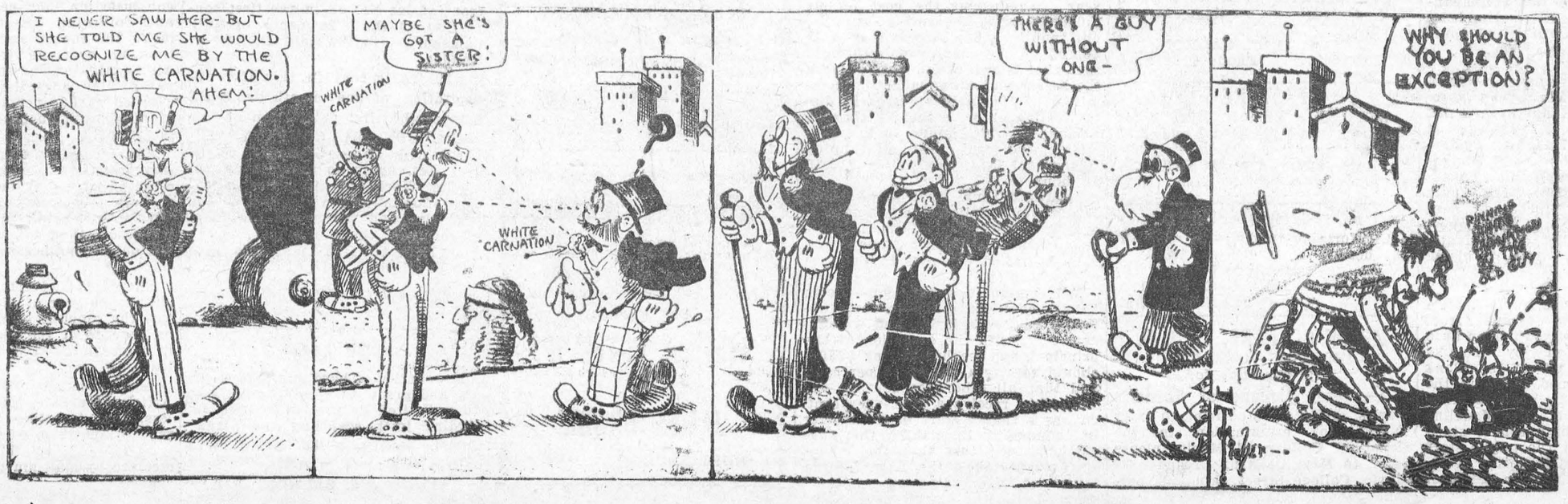
A bill authorizing the Commonwealth to take over control of all broadcasting in Australia is now before Parliament and is expected to be passed. Fenton said that when the new commission was formed every effort would be made to establish separate designated stations which would broadcast the most important literary, scientific and other intellectual discussions, along with the highest class of music including selected programs from England for rebroadcasting.

Canada's Art

Toronto.—Canada has truly an art her own, Fred S. Haines, curator of the Toronto Art Gallery, told the Board of Trade Club in an address here on art as a philosophy of life. "Art," he said, "should be an expression of the people and of the times."

MUTT AND JEFF— By BUD FISHER

A Flower a Day Keeps the Date Away.



LOCAL AND GENERAL

COLIGAN'S carry the candies that bring you back again with a smile.

* * *

Miss Bonnie Wells of Aultsville has this week joined the permanent office staff of the Royal Bank at Cornwall.

* * *

Mrs. Jacob Lane of Aultsville spent the week-end with her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Stitt.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Coons has returned to town, having spent the winter months in Toronto.

* * *

Mr. Cal. Ellis of Waddington, N. Y. spent Thursday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reid.

* * *

Mr. Eddie Jones was on Monday taken to the General Hospital, Brockville, where he underwent a successful operation.

* * *

Add distinction to your meals by serving Standard Bread Products. We carry what you want.—COLIGAN'S Baked Goods Store.

* * *

Radio owners have until June 1st to secure their licenses. They will cost $2. this year instead of $1.

* * *

Mr. Geo. Reddick of Mille Roches has spent some time with his sister, Mrs. Wm. Reid.

* * *

Two Ottawa Government employees were arrested a few days ago on a charge of stealing $14,000. from the Dept. of Marine.

* * *

Dean A.J. Hanley, of Brockville, is spending a short holiday at Hotel Ludy, Atlantic City, N.J., recuperating from his recent illness.

* * *

Little Miss Francis Duvaul, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Duvaul, was taken to Brockville General Hospital on Monday, and underwent an operation for appendicitis.

* * *

Rev. L.M. McCreary of Ottawa, Rev. C.R. Cronmiller of Williamsburg and Rev. G. Innes of Montreal met in conference at the Lutheran Parsonage on Tuesday.

* * *

Mrs. Morgan of Aultsville spent the week-end with her mother, Mrs. Warren Henderson, who, her many friends will be glad to learn, is recovering from her recent somewhat serious illness.

* * *

Mr. Edward Morrison, Kemptville, who was born at Hulbert, Dundas County, died on Monday last in his 72nd year. Interment too place on Wednesday at Dixons Corners.

* * *

We give wholesale prices on all bread, rolls, etc. used at church and community affairs.—COLIGAN'S, Main Street.

* * *

The Annual Meeting of the Morrisburg Hockey Club will be held at the Agricultural Office, on Monday evening, April 25th, at 8.00 p.m., to receive the Treasurer's report and elect officers for 1932-33. All those interested please be on hand.

* * *

The officers and members of Zeta Lodge No. 311 I.O.O.F., Morrisburg, have decided to attend Divine Service in Lutheran Church on the 24th inst. at 7.30 p.m. The brothers will please meet in Hall at 7 p.m. All members of the Lodges in District No. 51 are cordially invited to attend.—W.J. FETTERLY, Rec. Sec.

* * *

A punt containing 180 quarts of Canadian ale was seized on the American shore opposite Prescott Friday, but the two men who rowed the boat across the St. Lawrence River from the Canadian shore escaped. This is the third seizure within the past few days. In each case the occupants of the boats escaped.

* * *

One cent per gallon increase in the price of gasoline, to become effective throughout the greater part of the Dominion today, was announced at Toronto by the Imperial Oil Company. The increase affects Ontario, most of Quebec province, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

* * *

Mrs. F.E. Farlinger of River Road West has returned from Toronto, where she has spent the past two months with her son, Mr. Alexander and Mrs. Farlinger, the latter being quite ill. She was accompanied home by her little grandson, Master Billy, who will spend some time with his grandparents.

* * *

As the result of injuries received when she was struck by an automobile driven by Kenneth G. Scott, of Toronto, on No. 2 Highway, at Johnstown, near Prescott, Friday, Mary Laushway, 9-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Laushway, Johnstown, died a few hours later at the St. Vincent de Paul Hospital, Brockville. At the inquest in Prescott, a verdict of accidental death was rendered, with no blame attached to anyone.

* * *

Four young persons from Chesterville had a narrow escape from serious injury recently when an auto owned and driven by Tommy Bourke, of the staff of the Bank of Noa Scotia, turned turtle in the ditch on Highway 31, about 3 miles north of Winchester. Miss Madeline Hamilton, of the high school staff, Miss Rae Dixon of the public staff, and Mr. Whetmore, inspector of the Bank of Nova Scotia, were the other occupants of the car.

The finest sample of maple syrup seen for some time was presented to the Editor this week by Mr. Sam Swerdfeger. It was really so nice that we wondered what a cake of sugar would taste like.

* * *

COLIGAN'S take your order for home-made lemon pies, butterscotch pies, angel cakes, mocha layers, etc. and we deliver the goods that makes you ask for more.

* * *

Mr. R.A. Merkley, Ford agent, Winchester, was in town on Monday, demonstrating the newest thing in car service, the new V-8. Mr. Merkley is justly proud of it. At the demonstration in Winchester last Saturday, more than five hundred people were present, he said.

* * *

The Euchres held in St. Mary's Hall each week are being well attended and afford a pleasant evening for old and young. Valuable prizes are given, including door prize. Refreshments are served. On Thursday evening, April 28th, the next of these enterainments will be held. Bring your friends along.

* * *

A beloved principal for 19 years at Devonshire Public School, a member of the teaching staff in Ottawa public schools for 35 years until his retirement in June, 1930, Cephas Rose died suddenly Tuesday, at his home in Ottawa. Born at Mountain, he was a son of Andrew and Mary Render Rose. He is survived by his widow, two daughters, two brothers, two sisters and one grandson.

* * *

The death occurred at Aultsville Tuesday, of Sydney Bryan, well known retired stonemason. Mr. Bryan had lived in the district all his life, and was in his 83rd year. Surviving are his widow, formerly Agnes F. Roys, and a son, E.L. Bryan, Ottawa. The funeral was held at two o'clock from the Aultsville Presbyterian Church, yesterday, to the family plot at Woodlawn cemetery.

* * *

Nelson Seymour, employe of the Dominion Concrete Company, of Kemptville, while going home from work on Tuesday, jumped onto the rear of a truck owned by the McMaster Lumber Company, Kemptville. When the truck reached his home, Seymour jumped and fell, his head striking the road. He suffered a severe concussion.

* * *

The delegates who represented the Brockville Presbyterial W.M.S. at the annual meeting of the Ontario Provincial Women's Missionary Society of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, which was held in St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Peterboro, April 19 to 21, were: Mrs. Burkholder, Morrisburg, representing the president, Mrs. James Riddell, of Spencerville, unable to attend through illness; Mrs. R.J. Davidson, Iroquois, and Mrs. Earle Munroe, Winchester. Delegates from various societies throughout the Presbytery will also attend.

* * *

The April meeting of the W.M.S. of the United Church, held in the Ladies' Room, began promptly at 2.30 o'clock. The meeting commenced with 15 minutes being spent in prayer for those who suffer in the present distress, for our loved ones and friends, for our church and its leaders, for our country and its government, for our fellow men in all lands, and for the coming of God's Kingdom. The business part was given to the discussion of further quilt making. Mrs. P. Timmins gave a few remarks on Temperance. Mrs. Merrill, in an interesting reading, brought to mind that those of us who cannot go to foreign lands, or any of us who are confined to our homes, can still do a great deal in carrying the Gospel message. Mrs. Geo. Clark had charge of the study book period on Korea.

FOR SALE

Pure bred Holstein Bull; can be registered; not T.B. tested. Will sell cheap for cash.

EDWARD STYLES,
ap R.M.D. Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

A DeLaval Cream Separator as good as new.

Apply to
JESSE DUVALL,
ap Route 2, Williamsburg.

FOR SALE

Two registered Short Horn Bulls, T.B. tested; one coming one and 2-year-old.

E. SALMON,
cp Phone 600r12.

PASTURE

Will take a number of colts for pasture; well watered and well fenced.

OSCAR BECKSTED,
bp Elma, Ont.

ROOMS AND BOARD

Comfortable rooms with or without board.

Apply
MRS. GEO. STITT,
Morrisburg, Ont.

HELEN COLLARD, L.C.C.M.

IROQUOIS—ONTARIO
Representative for
Canadian College of Music

Pupils, or Teachers desiring to enter pupils, for examination in the Canadian College of Music, please refer to Miss Collard, Teacher of Music, College Street, Iroquois, personally or by letter.

VIOLET TEA
AND
FOOD SALE
Benefit of
Public Library
Saturday, April 30th
4 to 6 P.M
Your Support Needed

LUTHERAN CHURCH SERVICES

REV. W.A. MEHLENBACHER
Phone Morrisburg, 48.

St. Paul's, Morrisburg—
10 A.M.—Divine Service.
11 A.M.—Sunday School.
7.30 P.M.—Vespers.

St. John's, Riverside—
1.45 P.M.—Divine Service.
2.45 P.M.—Sunday School.

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

APRIL 24.

10.30 A.M.—Mr. Gordon Lapp well known leader of the United Church in Boys' Camp and Young Men's Work, will speak. Trail Rangers and Tuxis Groups from Cornwall will attend.

11.40 A.M.—Open meeting of the Sunday School. Speaker, Gordon Lapp.

7 P.M.—Rev. D.N. MacRae. Address, "A Startling Study in Contrasting Two Men of Strength—The Secret".

WHAT WOULD TEACHERS OF OTHER DAYS THINK OF IT?

One of the most successful functions of its kind ever held in the Collegiate Institute, took place on Friday evening last, when the Literary Society held one of its periodical meetings. From every source—the parents, the Board, the students and the citizens generally—those in charge are receiving congratulations. One thing only marred the otherwise pleasant evening—a bit of misunderstanding between those in charge of the school paper and some members of the staff, over a few jokes which were read in connection with the school paper. This lead to much disturbance in the school during the past week. Students, we understand, were dismissed from their classes and deprived of their subjects, with inevitable detrimental effects when examination time comes around.

The teachers, so far as we know, took no objection to the wording of the jokes in the paper, but it displeased them awfully, to think that the supposed censor, a middle-aged lady on the staff, had not been consulted, the editress, nevertheless, having obtained permission from the Principal to read them. A case of disobedience was established by the teachers, and notwithstanding that the parties responsible for the paper immediately made an apology to the alleged self-appointed censor, matters grew worse, as they sometimes do among women, and a broader apology before the whole staff was demanded, followed by another decision that an apology must be made before the staff and students.

At this stage of the play, some of the parents called a halt, and members of the Board were called together, the majority of whom were of the opinion that the teachers had erred in their demand.

In our opinion, the principal erred in supporting the teachers' demand for an apology, after he had given his consent to the students to read the jokes. The very fact that the students sought the principal's permission to read the jokes was suggestive that the censor, who was known to be opposed to having jokes in the paper, had not consented, otherwise there would have been no reason for the students consulting the principal.

Nevertheless, much credit is due the principal, who enjoys the esteem of 100 per cent. of his students, for an amicable settlement of the dispute.

The high cost of running our Collegiate Institute has, on many occasions, caused the best thinking minds among the ratepayers to seek means of minimizing this burden. We recall the statement of a prominent citizen who once said: "It makes a fine home for the aged and infirm—we are paying too much for our whistle."

It is indeed most deplorable that an institution costing the people the staggering amount of $15,357.09 a year, levied by direct and indirect taxation, should, as is alleged, dwindle in efficiency from year to year. Comparing the cost of our Collegiate with the cost of running our public school, which is only $6,922.50 per year, reveals the fact that the Board of Education lacks the services of an equalization committee. It is further seriously discomforting to note that if charged to the working hours in the Collegiate, the total cost of running this school is approximately $15.35 an hour.

Is it not time that our School Board would follow the example of every governing body from the Government down to the hangman, who have curtailed expenses in the face of bankruptcy.

All commodities have gone down 50 per cent. since the teachers obtained present salaries, and we suggest that, with the exception of the principal, any teacher getting $2500. should receive a cut of 10 per cent. and that all other teachers in the Collegiate receive a five per cent. cut, as a fitting start in the matter of economy. In making this suggestion, we trust that the school staff will take the humiliating course of "demanding an apology" from the Editor of this paper.

FRUITS **DOMINION STORES** GROCERIES
LIMITED
"WHERE QUALITY COUNTS"

Orders $1.00 or over, delivered. PHONE 159 Orders taken by Telephone

Special Price Reductions

FAIRY SOAP 5 cakes	19c	Pure Maple Syrup gal.	1.98
GOLD DUST large package	21c	Rice, Blue Rose 3 lbs.	25c
CROWN SYRUP No. 5 tin	31c	Broken Walnuts lb.	35c
TOILET PAPER, 7 rolls	21c	Plum Jam 40 oz. Jar	25c
		Cocoa bulk, lb.	15c

Chocolate Mallow Biscuits 2 lbs. 25c

Gillet's Lye tin	14c	Brunswick Sardines tin	5c
Rolled Oats, 6 lbs.	25c	Pink Salmon No. 1 tall tin	10c
Soap Chips 3 lbs.	25c	D.S.L. Red Pkg. Tea, lb.	35c
Chloride of Lime tin	15c	Tasty Bread, 24 oz. loaf	7c
Marmalade Orange 20 Oz. Jar	25c		

Fresh Fruits & Vegetables

Choice, Seedless GRAPE FRUIT 5 for	25c
JUICY LEMONS, Doz.	29c
PINEAPPLES, 2 for	25c
SPANISH ONIONS, 2 lbs.	19c
POTATOES, Peck	19c

RECEPTION AT WILLIAMSBURG

A most enjoyable evening was spent in the hall in Williamsburg on Friday evening, in honor of the recent marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Hanson. During the evening, the following address was read by Mr. Roy Casselman, and at the proper time Mr. Charlie Pitts presented the honored couple with a purse and numerous gifts.

Dear Ada and Cecil:

This gathering of a number of your friends is for a twofold purpose: firstly, to extend to you both our heartiest congratulations on your recent marriage; secondly, to humbly manifest the esteem in which you have always been held in this community.

Now that you have taken upon yourselves the responsibilities of life, we trust it will disclose a path strewn with roses, and that happiness and prosperity may be your future lot.

You have always played your part well during your progress in life which has won the kind regard of your many friends, who will ever watch your success with anxiety. If you place as much zeal and devotion to your future undertakings as to those of the past, we can assure you that your optimistic views will be fulfilled.

To exemplify our feelings in some tangible manner, we ask you to accept these gifts as a token of best wishes of your Williamsburg friends

After this lunch was served. Then dancing continued until the wee hours of the morning.

J. C. GILDER

Jeweller and Optician
PHONE 65, IROQUOIS
Eyes examined, glasses fitted, at a reasonable price.

CITO Eczema Ointment

TESTED
and proved to give relief from the discomfort of Dry Eczema.

Why not "Ci-To" it?

JAMES BRODIE

MORRISBURG— -ONT.

DURALITH TEXTURED WALLS
GIVE
AMAZING NEW BEAUTY TO YOUR HOME

Even the oldest house can be made new inside. The smartest, most luxurious of interior treatments is easily achieved with DURALITH, the wonder-working plastic paint. The change will amaze you. DURALITH is suitable either for the home or office, and is inexpensively applied. Come in and see our samples.

PUBLIC DEMONSTRATION AT

W. & J. MEIKLE'S STORE

MORRISBURG — SATURDAY APRIL 23, 1932

9-12 A.M. and 1-6 P.M.

NAVIGABLE WATERS PROTECTION ACT

R.S.C. 1927, SEC. 140.

SUN OIL COMPANY LIMITED, hereby gives notice that it has, under Section 7 of the said Act, deposited with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and in the office of the Registrar of the Registry Division of the County of Dundas, a description of the site and the plans of a wharf proposed to be constructed in the St. Lawrence River at or near the Village of Morrisburg, in front of lot No. 28 in the first concession of the Township of Williamsburg, in the said County of Dundas.

AND TAKE NOTICE that after the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication of this notice, SUN OIL COMPANY LIMITED will, under Section 7 of the said Act, apply to the Minister of Public Works at his office in the City of Ottawa, for approval of the said site and plans and for leave to construct the said wharf.

DATED AT OTTAWA, this 16th day of March, A.D., 1932.

SUN OIL COMPANY LIMITED.

FOR SALE

A quantity of hard and soft wood, dry and green, at right prices. Also an unlimited amount of lumber, including joist, scantling and plank. Custom sawing in the Spring. Will deliver any place in town.

S. SALMON,

THE LEADER

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

$1.50 per year, strictly in advance, to any address in Canada; when not paid within three months, $2.00 per year to any address in Canada. Foreign subscriptions, $2.00 in advance. All subscriptions date from the first day of the month.

ADVERTISING RATES

Display or open advertisements, one insertion, 50c per inch; second and following insertions, 35c per inch; 200 inches and over, by contract, not over one year, 20c per inch All Legal, Government, and Municipal display advertisements will be charged at 50c per inch, regardless of number of inches or number of insertions.

200 inches or more must be reserved at time of making contract in order to earn the 20c per inch rate, and no rebate will be allowed the advertiser, should more than 200 inches be taken out within one year, without having been reserved by contract.

Should the advertiser fail to take out the number of inches contracted for, the amount of space used will be charged at the regular card rate in force at the time of making contract.

Lost, Found. To Let, Wanted. Articles for Sale, Etc., 5 lines and less, first insertion 50c; each subsequent insertion 35c.

NOTE—All small advertisements received by mail must be paid in advance.