The Leader

Vol. XIII, No. 44 MORRISBURG, ONT., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1913.



will pay high salaries to their Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Accountants and Office Assistants, but they must be competent.

At our school individual instruction is given—each student is drilled daily, and when graduated is COMPETENT to earn a good salary.

Let us interest you.

WILLIS COLLEGE,
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FALL TERM
—AT THE—
Cornwall Commercial College
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oegins on Tuesday, September 2, 1913 A good time to begin is just now. We offer superior advantages with our strong staff of expert teachers, excellent equipment, including 55 new typewriting machines, and thorough courses of study. Free Employment Department. 300 last enrollment

Make your future a success by a small cash outlay. Catalogue and full particulars mailed free. Address:

CORNWALL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
Cornwall, Ont.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Subagency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-emp a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

ARTHUR FLYNN
Barrister, Etc.
Morrisburg, - - - Ont.

R. F. LYLE

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.

Barry Block, Main Street
MORRISBURG, : : : ONTARIO

Money to loan at lowest rates of interest

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for The Molsons Bank.

New Molsons Bank Building,
MORRISBURG, ONT.

A large amount of private money to loan at present on easy terms.

J. G. HARVEY, V.S., B.V.Sc.
VETERINARY SURGEON,
GRAVEL ROAD, - BRINSTON, ONT.
Both Bell and Boyd Phone connections
All calls promptly attended to.

DR. G. M. GORRELL

DENTIST. Graduate of Chicago College of Dental Surgeons and of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto. Successor to Drs. Gorrell and Kelly.

Office: Casselman Block Morrisburg.

F. M. EAGLESON
ONTARIO AND DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR, CIVIL ENGINEER

DRAINAGE and other Municipal work will receive prompt attention. Farm lines and sub-divisions.

CONCRETE WORK of all kinds, including bridges and culverts, a specialty.

Office in Sweet's Block Winchester, Ont.

EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 142, R. C., A. F. & A. M., holds its Regular Meetings in the Masonic Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday Evening on, or before, full moon.

A full attendance is particularly requested Visiting brethren are always welcome.

DR. WILL C. DAVY, W. M. B. A. HERRING, Secretary

Fire! Fire!

Owners of buildings and contents will do well to remember that Fire is liable to destroy their property when they least expect a visit from this destructive fiend. They will, therefore, consult their own best interests by insuring with the undersigned in the Royal and other good solid British companies.

Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and liberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY,
Local Agent, Morrisburg.
D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector and Adjuster.

Local and General

Whitteker, the Optician, will be at Wales, Nov. 19.
Aultsville, Nov. 20.
Morrisburg, Nov. 21 to 29.

There will be no campaign for local option in Prescott this fall.

Relyea's great sale opens Saturday, November 8th, closes Saturday night, November 15th.

Thirteen cars of raw silk, valued at $1,300,000, crossed from Prescott to Ogdensburg on Saturday.

Miss Rebecca Graham returned home on Thursday last after spending a month visiting with friends in Madrid, N.Y.

Muskrats are building their homes this year with extra heavy material, which is said to indicate a long, cold winter.

$40 00 fur coats at half price at Relyea's opening sale, Saturday morning, November 8th. Sale will continue seven days only.

SEWING—The undersigned is prepared to do plain sewing; also clothes made over for children. Previous practical experience in tailoring.
43b Mrs G. Brandstetter.

Church of England services on Sunday will be in St. James' Church at 8 and 11 a.m., and at 7 p.m. Subject, "Christ's First Miracle" Service in Trinity Church at 2.30 p.m.

A meeting of the Women's Institute was held in the Agriculture Office on Monday afternoon, when regular routine business was transacted. The usual annual grant of $50 was voted to the Public Library.

Dundas County cheesemakers and manufacturers will meet at Winchester Springs on Tuesday next, Nov. 11th. The purpose of the meeting is the discussion of present problems of makers, with a view to remedy, and also for organization. Messrs Norval and Ellis, dairy instructors, will be present.

A Lodge of Instruction under the auspices of Eastern District No. 38, I.O.O.F., will be held in Prescott on Friday evening, Nov. 28th. The Initiatory Degree will be exemplified in the afternoon. Grand Master Dr. P. T. Coupland, of St. Mary's, and other Grand Lodge officers will be present to address the members.

The entertainment which was to have been given in St. James' Hall on Hallowe'en, under the auspices of the Young People of St. James' Church, was postponed till tomorrow (Friday) night, 7th. The progam will consist of vocal and instrumental music and a comedy sketch entitled "Not a man in the house." A good entertainment is promised. Admission 10 cents.

The barge Cornwall, of the Montreal Transportation Company, which sank at the upper end of the Cornwall canal last week, has been abandoned. The grain, with which she was loaded for Montreal, expanded, and the wreckers were unable to do anything with the barge. The steamer Cornwall, of the Calvin Company, went down to the sunken barge, and took all movable equipment from her deck. She carried 40,000 bushels of No. 1 hard wheat.

A large crowd filled the Music Hall on Sunday night to hear temperance issues in general, and local option in particular, discussed by Rev. Ben H. Spence of Toronto and Rev. T. Beverley Smith, of West Toronto. The former being looked upon as more or less a professional temperance lecturer, his remarks probably did not carry so much weight as those of Rev. Mr Smith, who laid the claims of temperance cleverly and concisely before the audience. The question was discussed from both the moral and economic standpoint, the audience occasionally giving generous applause. As the meeting did not open until after the evening service in the churches and the speakers had to leave on the night train, the addresses were necessarily short, although to the point. Master George Branton, the boy soprano, gave two vocal selections.

Men's and Boy's overcoats at half price at Relyea's opening sale starting Saturday morning, November 8th.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Miss Verna Harper was visiting friends in town this week.

Your attention! Relyea opens Saturday morning, November 8th, for seven days only.

FOR SALE—Fine Weber piano, not long used; in good condition. Apply to Miss Maxwell or Walter Thom, Morrisburg.

A representative of the Dodge Manufacturing Co. was engaged Sunday in putting in a new rope drive in the power-house on the canal bank.

Coming, coming, Relyea opens again Saturday, November 8th with two bankrupt stocks, dry goods, clothing, boots and shoes and groceries.

James H. Murphy, for thirty two years a member of Ogdensburg police force and in several of the last years of that period chief of police, died on Saturday night last, aged 84 years. He was a native of Waddington.

The Brockville Hockey Club held an organization meeting last Friday night. An effort will be made to induce Arnprior and the Aberdeens of Ottawa to join with Brockville and Smith's Falls in the western section of the Interprovincial League.

FISH AND OYSTERS. The undersigned is now carrying all kinds of fresh, salt and smoked fish, also oysters. Orders can be given on the milk route or at his premises on Lock Street and will receive careful attention.
44c W. A. GOGO.

The Tango, Boston and the other new dances will not be tolerated by the management of the Ogdensburg Basketball management at their games in the armory and their decision has been endorsed by Lieut. Briggs of the Fortieth Separate Company.

A little excitement was caused in the public school Monday when it was thought that fire had broken out in room D. It was caused by some small rubbish being swept into the register and made considerable smoke but did no damage.

After advertising two weeks in The Leader his farm for sale in the Fifth Concession of Matilda, Mr. T. I. Nesbit has sold the property to Mr. H. A. McIntosh for a good figure. If you want to buy, or have something to sell, there is nothing quite so effective as an advertisement in the local newspapers.

The Cornwall papers speak in the highest terms of the first entertainment there in the Lyceum Course under the auspices of the Y.M.C.A. Every seat in the hall was occupied. The first entertainment of the Lyceum Course to be presented by the Women's Institute will be Rogers and Grilley, in the Music Hall on Nov. 18th.

What promises to be a very educative entertainment will be given in the assembly-room of the Collegiate Institute on Tuesday evening next, when Mr R. Stewart Muir will give a free patriotic lecture, illustrated. Vocal solos will be rendered by Miss Gladys Sherman and Dr. Will C. Davy. The Women's Institute, on whose invitation Mr Muir comes to lecture, cordially invites school pupils and the public to be present.

The annual donation to the Cornwall General Hospital collected from the people of Morrisburg and vicinity has been duly packed and shipped. The collectors were, as usual, very kindly received and generously treated. The handsome sum of $73 was forwarded, together with 2 barrels of canned fruit, 100 lbs. rolled oats, 1 bag, also 1 box, of apples, 5 bags of vegetables and some tin-ware linen and dishes. Although no empty sealers were returned this year, before the season opens next year a barrel will be returned and a notice inserted to that effect.

Be sure and hear Rev. Mr. Halpenny next Monday evening in the Assembly Room of the Methodist church A trip through Canada, a choice lantern, splendid views, an interesting trip. He will also show scores of views not bearing on Canada. Rev. Mr. Halpenny has been very successful in entertainments and is much sought after. To make the concert still more attractive we will be favored with choice patriotic music both vocal and instrumental. Come and enjoy the evening with our young people. Admission 15c., M.C.I. students and pupils of public schools 10c. Concert at 8 o'clock. You are invited.

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESULTS.

Village Council

The regular monthly meeting of the Council was held in the Town Hall on Monday evening, all the members being present. Accounts were passed amounting to $928 77.

A letter was read from Mr W. B. Lawson in regard to Mr Sharkey's relations with the municipality respecting the power plant. There is due the government rental of $1,500, the municipal debenture amounting to $4132.23 and taxes. A writ had been served on Mr Sharkey previous to his departure for Scotland, but his attorneys asked for an extension of time to the first of the year, when Mr Sharkey returns, to adjust the matter.

A letter was received from Mr Longmore, Montreal, proposing to locate a company here with a capital of $2,000,000, to employ between 600 and 1,000 hands, and asking for twenty-five acres of land and from 200 to 600 horse power. The letter was indefinite in that it did not state the nature of the business the company is engaged in nor whether or not it is a going concern.

A communication was received from A. I. Macdonell, Counties Clerk, setting forth the regulations respecting the admission of persons to the House of Industry at Cornwall.

Mr J. Ernest Zeron wrote stating that he thought he should pay only half the amount of his income tax, as he had been here only half the year.

A petition bearing 166 signatures was presented to the Council asking that a local option by-law be submitted the first of the year.

Application was made by Martin Cassel for the laying of water pipes to his new skating rink.

The Council then adjourned.

Carnegie Hero Medal for Young Cornwallite

Cornwall, Ont., Nov. 4—Bert T. Yates the young Cornwallite, who has just been awarded a bronze medal and $2 000 in cash by the Carnegie Hero Commission, for bravery shown in August, 1909, is a son of Mr and Mrs Herbert Yates of this town. He is a graduate of the Cornwall High School, and is at present taking a course in electrical engineering in Queen's University, Kingston.

The circumstances connected with the rescue are as follows: Yates started from Sheik's Island in a punt in company with Mrs F. Newman's two sons, Earl and Percy, Freddie Shaver and Willie Derousie. Mrs Shaver and Mrs Newman were behind in a rowboat with four girls, and the party were on their way to Barnhart's Island for the purpose of holding a picnic. The current between the islands is very swift, and at a point where it is especially strong the oarlock of the punt broke; the punt capsized and threw the five occupants into the water. Bert Yates, the oldest of the occupants of the capsized boat, although he was a mere lad of 16 years at that time, displayed great presence of mind. Notwithstanding the fact that he was encumbered with his clothes and a pair of heavy boots, he managed to save the other four children. He succeeded in getting two of the boys on the upturned boat while he swam to the other boat with the other two. Frederick Shaver was under water and Yates had to dive after him. He caught him by the hair of his head and pulled him up.

Friends of Bert Yates interested themselves in his case and on Dec. 1st, 1909, the gallant young hero was presented with the Royal Humane Society's medal. This latest recognition of his bravery is greatly appreciated.

LADIES, ATTENTION!

Take advantage of the big week's sale of Millinery at

MRS. S. E. BARKLEY'S
WILLIAMSBURG
FROM SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8TH TO NOVEMBER 15TH

He are some of the prices:

Velvet hats in combination with silk, satin and plush, regular $5.00 to $6.75, for $4.00.

Velours Felts, soft and hard felts, regular from $3.75 to $5 00, for $3.50.

Other felts ranging from $2.50 to $3 75, clearing for $2.25.

All children's hats from $1.50 to $2.00, to clear at $1.00.

Call and see our bargains.

Card of Thanks

Mr and Mrs William Moyle wish to thank their many friends for their kindness and sympathy and also for flowers sent in the recent death of their son Willie.

Lyceum Course

"Rogers and Grilley" the first of these courses will be given here Nov. 18th. The recital given by these two artists has been pronounced in scores of the large cities of the American continent to be equal to the program of half a dozen artists.

The program usually opens with a classic on the harp by Mr Rogers, with the second number a group of impersonations and original selections by Mr Grilley, for Mr Grilley himself is the author of the majority of the selections which he recites. During his part of the program, he seldom fails to carry his audience from laughter to tears at will.

Mr Rogers as a harpist has no equal, time and again he has made the tour as the harp soloist with the Boston Symphony Orchestra. He plays the most difficult and popular music upon the harp with the greatest ease. As a novelty feature, he plays two tunes at the same time, one with each hand and each tune can be readily distinguished by the audience.

These two artists have worked together for many years and a large per cent of their dates are return dates.

Let no one miss this delightful evening that is coming and three more to follow equally delightful all of which can be ensured by getting a season ticket now which is merely $1.00.

Mrs I A. Ashton
Sec'y-Treas.
Morrisburg Women's Institute

Confirmation In St. James' Church

On Sunday morning His Grace the Archbishop of Ottawa administered the Apostolic rite of Confirmation to a class of fifteen (eight males and seven females) presented by the rector The spacious church was comfortably filled with deeply interested and devout worshippers, among whom were several church people from Waddington. The Archbishop's address on "The Church of the Living God" was most interesting and instructive and was listened to with rapt attention.

At the close of the Confirmation service His Grace celebrated the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper when over one hundred manifested their faith and their obedience by eating of the Bread and drinking of the Cup. The choir, under the direction of Mr. Herring, choir master, rendered the musical portions of the service most effectively.

At the evening service the Rev. T. Beverly Smith, rector of West Toronto, or as it is now called "Seventh Ward" and where local option has been in force nine years, delivered a convincing and impressive address.

Would Abolish Entrance Exams.

Speaking before the Canadian Club at Sault Ste. Marie on the subject of "Modern Tendencies in Education." Dr. James L. Hughes, formerly Inspector of Toronto Public Schools, deprecated the methods at present adopted in testing a child's knowledge by book examination, and stated that the time was not far away when the entrance examination would be done away with altogether. The entrance examinations, he said, had done more to keep back the real development of the child than anything else.

With Power From Morrisburg

Following in the footsteps of Brockville, the town of Prescott is to have a great white way. Steps have been taken to illuminate both sides of King Street from the western town limit to East Street with duplex 200 candle power lamps placed at intervals of about 100 feet apart.—Brockville Times.

Drowned Near Kingston

Kingston, Nov. 1.—Thomas Munroe, twenty one years of age, of Lancaster, stepped over the rail of the steamer Compton at the mile shoal this morning to cast the anchor. A high sea was running and he was instantly washed overboard and swept away.

BORN.

LESSARD—At Morrisburg, on Friday, October 31st, to Mr and Mrs. Geo. Lessard, a daughter.

MARRIED.

SWEENEY—McIVOR—At St. Mary's Church, Morrisburg, on Wednesday, Oct. 29th, by Rev. Father Meehan, Bernard Sweeney to Miss Verna McIvor, daughter of Mr and Mrs Andrew McIvor of Iroquois. The young couple left for New York city on their honeymoon.

Morrisburg Public Schools

October Honor Roll

Room A.

Sr. IV.—Verlie Barclay, Marion Hilliard, Clinton Gillard, Graham Casselman, Ida Daly.

Jr. IV—Myra Tracey, Geo. Myers, Douglas Stitt.

On roll, 35; average, 31.

W. H. Black, Principal.

Room B.

Jr. IV. Class—Myrtle McNeil 356; Joe Evans 330; Winnifred Barclay 311 and Lucille Wallace 311 (equal); Helen Weston 307; Stella Fetterly 297; Frank Shoove 267; John Casselman 255 and Kathleen Stitt 255 (equal); Hotson Meikle 251.

Sr. III. Class—Winnifred Farrer 334; Lillian Harrison 328; Winnie Dailey 303; Robert Whitteker 286; Audrey Allison 278 and Della Coir 278 (equal); Eva Cassel 277 and George Tracey 277 (equal); Bessie Rae 270; Jas. Ernault 262; Mary Gamble 256.

Number on roll, 38; average attendance 35.

Jas. R. Balfour, Teacher

Room C.

Jr. III. Class—Ruby Prunner; Henry Moore; Mildred Meikle; Mildred Stone; Eva Barkley; Bella Story.

Sr. II. Class—Leona Stata, Marion Black; Rosie Priest; Teresa Biccum; Clare Biccum; Bernard Coligan; Mildred Osborne; Lauretta VanAllen.

E Maud Steed, Teacher

Room D.

Jr. II Class—John Ault: Evelyn Rozon; Willie Appleton; Patricia Coligan; Harry Meikle; Dorothy Nash; Evelyn Marsh; Roy Weagant; Donald Brandstetter; Harrington Thom; Cyril Farrer; Edward Appleton; Frank Dailey; Mary Hegle; Charles Gamble; Gerhard Weegar; Helen Merkley, Malcolm Weegar; Hazel Rice; Gladys Rice; Edward Balfour; Mary Campbell; Maxaline Moore.

On roll, 27; average, 24.

Carrie L. Hazell, Teacher.

Room E.

Jr. I. Class—Dorothy Ault; Mary Casselman; Andrew Aikman; Edith Armstrong; Edna Beckstead; Egeria Styles; Nellie Moyle.

Primary Division

Class III.—Sidney Jackson; Stewart Guay; Harold Stoddard; Gerald Bockus; Morley Beckstead.

Class II.—Max McKinnon; Foster McPherson; Harold Guay; Nevada McIntyre; Edna Pyper; Teddy Crawley; Charlie Fetterly; Nina VanAllen; Evelyn McIntyre; Harry Biccum.

Class I.—Cora Millward; Eliza Burrette; Washington Beckstead; Doris Tracey; Marcella Nash.

On roll, 29; average 27.6

M. Smith, Teacher.

Room F.

Class IV.—Wm. Cox; M. Coligan; A. Carson; D. VanAllen.

Class III.—G. Davy; L. Stilson; W. Reid; P. Casselman; H. Meikle; M. Hanton; F. Baker; A. Stoddart; E. Stone.

Class II—L. Ernault; F. Casselman; G. Biccum; F. Barclay; R. Aikman.

Class I.—B. Stitt; D. Bockus; P. Carson, I. Seymour; H. Guay; H. Casselman; J. McGannon; G Dillingham; B. Stone; E. Baker; M. McGannon.

On roll, 42; average, 37.

G. C. Campbell, Teacher.

Thankfully Received

The following letter has been received by Mrs Farlinger for the Women's Institute, acknowledging receipt of $73 collected by the Institute for the Cornwall General Hospital:

Mrs Elizabeth Farlinger,
Morrisburg, Ont.

Dear Mrs Farlinger,—We are in receipt of your kind contribution of $73.00 collected by the "Womens' Institute," for which please accept the cordial thanks of our Finance Committee.

We appreciate very much this further proof of practical sympathy with our work and trust that the active members of the Institute will derive satisfaction from the knowledge that they have helped to make that work much easier, and thus have added to the effectiveness of our efforts.

Again thanking you and with best wishes, I am,

Yours sincerely
J. C. Alguire,
Sec.-Treas.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

The Evening Luxury

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA

Anticipated with delight by all who use it

LEAD PACKETS ONLY. BLACK, MIXED OR GREEN.

AT ALL GROCERS.

HIGHEST AWARD—ST. LOUIS, 1904.

A Dark Shadow;

Or, A Coming Vengeance

CHAPTER XV.—(Continued).

Mina was ignorant of the ways of the world—how should she be otherwise?—but she knew that Clive would be "marrying beneath him" in marrying her. She wished that they had not met until she had raised herself a little higher. She would never, oh, never, be worthy of him; but perhaps if she had succeeded as a singer—a real concert singer—the difference between them would not have been so great. But, if they had not met until that hour for which she was working, and towards which she was looking so eagerly and earnestly, she would have missed so much: the memory of that night he had saved her from the hooligans, the precious times they had spent together at the picture gallery, the solemn experience of having stood between him and that howling crowd at the meeting, and those as solemnly sweet moments by his bedside, when, helpless as a babe, he had had to rely on her tender care.

Yes; let the future be ever so black, nothing could rob her of these happy experiences, of the subtle joy of his presence.

Clive woke to find her eyes on him, her hand in his; and her name sprang to his lips at the first instant of his awakening.

"Mina! I've been asleep, and dreaming: a bad dream. I thought I'd lost you; that you had wandered away into a dark wood, and that I was hunting for you, and could not find you. I was half-mad with fright and grief; and I fought my way through the bush—you know how things obstruct you in a dream, clinging about your arms and legs, and holding you back?—and all the time I could hear your voice crying to me, 'Clive! Clive!'—Phew! It's nice to wake from such a nightmare and find you here, close to me, dearest."

She shook her head, though she blushed a rosy red.

"You—you must not call me that!" she said in a low voice. "Remember your promise."

He frowned, and laughed up at her, his eyes ardent and reproachful.

"My promise: ah, yes! Forgive me, darl—Mina! I am to wait: yes; yes! How grave you look, child; as if I were out of my mind still! But I'll be good, Mina. I won't distress or worry you. But though you can prevent me telling in so many words that I love you, you can't prevent me looking it!"

No; she could not prevent that; and she tried to turn her eyes away lest the love in them should tempt him to break his word; and she made a resolution, though it cost her a grievous pang, that she would not be alone with him more than she could help.

So Clive, much to his disappointment and regret, found that either Tibby or Elisha was now almost in constant attention on him, and that only on very rare occasions did Mina permit herself to be alone with him.

This self-denial of hers, of course, hastened his recovery; and in a day or two he was up and able to go out. If he had had doubts of his capacity to leave the house, Tibby would have dispelled them; for though she had been kind enough while he was ill, something of her characteristic mood had returned when he was convalescent.

"I suppose you're fretting to get back to your business, Mr. Clive?" she said, as she tied on her bonnet and rolled up her work apron. "Well, that's natural enough: I felt like that when I 'ad the measles."

"Do you think he's quite strong enough to go out, Tibby" Elisha put in meekly.

"Oh, lor, yes," she retorted emphatically. "A man who can put away a couple of heggs in the first-class style as 'e did just now is strong enough to go road-mending. Not, understand me, Mr. Clive, that we begrudges you the heggs; not by no means. We're well aware that but for you there wouldn't be any heggs at all."

"Tibby!" murmured Mina, flushing. Tibby looked over her shoulder at her.

"Well, don't I say so!" she exclaimed. "An', come to that, it seems to me that you've wasted quite enough time. There!" as Mina's eyes filled with tears, "when I say wasted, I mean lost, o' course. 'Peare to me that I'm the only one in this family as ever speaks her mind; an' when I do, the fat's in the fire. That's all the thanks I get."

"You're right, Tibby," said Clive reassuringly. "I have lost you time, and caused you too much trouble not to feel that the sooner I take myself off the better. I wish I could tell you how grateful I am. But you must let me come and tell you in a day or two."

"Why not write?" she said as she opened the door. "You can send four ounces o' gratitude for a penny, now, you know."

"But there is something else I want to tell you, you and Elisha," he went on; but Mina gave him a reproachful glance; and Tibby eyed him ungraciously, and jerked her head.

"Put it in the same envelope," she said significantly. "I'm devoured by curiosity, o' course; but I can't stop now, or I shall be late. Good-bye, Mr. Clive."

"You won't mind her, sir," pleaded Elisha. "It's only her way. She don't mean 'arf of what she says, don't Tibby—you won't go because of her barking at you, Mr. Clive?"

"But Tibby's right," said Clive, as he got his hat. "But you must let me come back, as I said.—Mina, I wonder whether you would go with me as far as the end of the street?"

Mina hesitated, and turned her face away, but Elisha exclaimed "O' course, she will, sir!" and she put on her hat and jacket, her hands trembling, her face pale.

Clive said his good-bye to Elisha—refraining from wounding him by a single word of thanks—and Mina and he went down the stairs and into the street in silence, and walked for some little distance before either spoke; for they were too full at heart for words. At last, when they had reached a quiet street, he stopped and took her hand and said:

"It was a hard promise, a hard task you set me, Mina. But I understand, dearest, and I honor you for insisting on it. See now, I'll come back to-morrow."

"The day after," she murmured imploringly.

He looked at her reproachfully, but yielded a reluctant assent.

"Well—the day after," he said; "but that is the very longest I can wait. Don't you understand—ah, yes, you do, Mina!—how much I want to feel that you belong to me? To know that you are mine, my very own; that you are pledged to me for my wife. The day after to-morrow! After that I may come and see you, take you out—Mina, one of the first places we will go to shall be the Tate Gallery! And you will not be harrowed by scruples, will not want to run away, as if we were doing something wicked! And soon—it must be very soon, Mina!—we will be married! Don't cry, dearest!"

"I am not, I am not!" she murmured brokenly, as she swept the tears from her eyes, and looked up at him. "But—but it seems so unreal, so—so impossible."

"Impossible!" He laughed and pressed her hand tightly. "Why should it be impossible? And yet you're right, Mina! It does seem unreal that you should care for me, that you should be going to give yourself to me for all your life, all your life!"

Her eyes were dim, her lips moved, repeating his words, and, though she tried not to do so, her hand returned the pressure of his.

"Good-bye, Mina," he said with the gravity of parting. "It's all a dream—but it will last as long as our lives, please God, dearest. Good-bye!—till the day after to-morrow." Still he hesitated. "What will you do in all that time?" he asked wistfully. "I shall have so much to occupy me, so many arrears to pick up, to help me pass away the time. And you?"

She smiled through her tears.

"I shall practise very hard; and I have my lessons."

He nodded. "Lessons! What a child-wife you will be, Mina!" he said with a tender smile. "My little girl-wife! Ah, my child, may I strive to be worthy of your love, to make you happy!"

They were the last words. As if he could not trust himself to say more, he raised her hand to his lips, and walked on quickly. But he turned and looked back before he had gone very far: for she was still standing there looking after him through a mist; but she moved away quickly as he turned. She did not go back to the Rents for some little time, but walked on to the Embankment and stood, leaning on the stone wall, and gazing at the river.

She awoke at last from her happy—yet fearful—reverie and, aghast at the time she had lost, turned home. Elisha had gone to his lessons; the rooms were empty and silent: as empty as her heart.

She sat down to the piano, and made an effort to concentrate her attention on the exercises; but there were many pauses, her hands lying motionless on the keys, her eyes half-closed as she recalled his face, his voice, his words, "I love you!"

She was so absorbed in the joy of recollection, of dreaming, that she started guiltily as a knock at the door broke the silence. She rose and opened the door, and stood gazing with surprise at the figure of a Hindoo woman, with bronzed face, big gold rings in her ears, and her head enveloped in a white shawl, which, with her white hair, showed in marked contrast to her swarthy, olive complexion. The woman had dark and piercing eyes, and she settled them on Mina with a fierce scrutiny that stultified the fixed smile which twisted the small, full lips.

"You are the girl called Mina? Yes? I wanted to see you," she said in her broken English.

Mina inclined her head. She was at first almost too astonished to speak.

"Will you come in?" she said at last.

Sara glided in and stood, smiling still, but still scrutinizing her with those piercing eyes.

"Won't you sit down?" said Mina. "Is it me you want to see, not my sister—Tibby, or Elisha?"

"It is you I want," said Sara, as she seated herself, still gazing at the girl. "You have a gentleman here, a sick gentleman. Is it not so?"

The color rose to Mina's face, but she fought it down.

"You mean Mr. Clive?" she replied. "He has been here; but he has gone."

Sara nodded. "That is well," she said slowly. "He is better?"

"Yes," said Mina, too engrossed in wondering what this strange woman could want with her to feel confused any longer. "Yes; he left this morning. He has been very ill, but he is better."

Sara looked round the room with a swift, all-embracing glance, then her dark eyes returned to Mina's face.

"The sahib's—the gentleman's friends have been anxious about him," she said slowly, as if she were choosing her words, feeling her way. "They have missed him—it was natural."

Mina colored. "He did not wish them to be told," she said.

Sara shrugged her shoulders. "So! He wished to be hidden. Ah, yes. That is like these sahibs, when there is a pretty face.—You nursed him, Mees Mina?"

"I—we. Why have you come, what is it you want?" demanded Mina, panting a little, but speaking calmly.

"In a little while I tell you," said Sara. She looked round again. "That is a fine piano. It cost a great deal of money. You buy it?"

"No," said Mina; then she added. "Mr. Clive gave it to us."

"So? He gave it to you. He is very kind is the sahib. And he got you jewels—why you not wear zem?"

Mina rose and stared at the woman.

"Got me—jewels? No!" she said. "Why do you——?"

"Wait: in a moment," said Sara. "Why you so angry? How long you know the sahib?" she added, leaning her chin on her skinny hand with its big Indian rings.

Mina was silent a moment. "Not—long," she replied.

"Not long! And you call him Mr. 'Clive'! But that's of course, eh, my dear, eh?"

"I call him Mr. Clive, yes," said Mina with surprise. "That's his name."

"A part of his name, yes; his Christian name, as they say," said Sara. "Do you tell me that you did not know that he is Mr. Clive Harvey?"

"Mr. Clive Harvey?" repeated Mina.

"You did not know? Ah, well, that is the way of these sahibs. They hide their names sometimes: it is very wise."

"Hide—wise——?" echoed Mina. "Why should he hide his name? And why have you come to ask me these questions? Please answer me. I don't know who you are, what right you have to say these things, to question me."

"I will tell you, dearie," said Sara with a smile, a gesture of friendly confidence. "I am the servant, the old nurse of the lady the sahib is going to marry."

Mina's hand closed, and pressed on the table, but she neither started nor called out.

"Mr. Clive—Mr. Harvey is going to marry your mistress," she said slowly, in a dry voice. "Who is she? What is her name?"

"She is Lady Edith, the daughter of the great sahib, Lord Chesterleigh," said Sara as slowly, her eyes watching the girl's face intently.

Mina remembered the "Edith" which Clive had murmured in his delirium. She had thought of it, of course, very often: it might have been just the name of a friend or an acquaintance. But now she repeated it mechanically, with a sinking of the heart and a swift pang of jealousy—her first. But her eyes met steadily the dark ones fixed on her, she showed no sign of sudden fear, of the doubt that was creeping over her.

CHAPTER XVI.

There was a silence, during which Sara's expression changed in a subtle way, as if she had made a mistake in her estimate of the girl, as if she found it necessary to change her mode of attack; for she knew now, the knowledge had been growing upon her convincingly every moment, that, whatever Mr. Clive Harvey's intentions were towards this girl, hers were good and true. The dullest comprehension—and Sara was as quick acute as even a Hindoo can be—could not fail to be impressed by Mina's innocence and purity. Sara's tone changed to one of persuasion and even sympathy.

"You are surprised," she said. "He did not tell you? Ah, yes; that is their way. These sahibs, they are all alike. It was wrong, it was wicked of him."

"You say—you say that Mr. Clive is going to marry this lady," said Mina at last, her voice very low, but as steady as her eyes. "Is it true?"

"It is quite true," said Sara. "Why should I say it if it were not? And why should it not be? My mistress is a very beautiful lady—oh, the most beautiful lady in the world." Her face softened, her tone grew lower, she clasped her hands in a kind of rapture. "She is fair, fair as a lily, with eyes like the sky, with hair like the sun for gold"—Mina remembered Clive's incoherent words. "Golden hair, golden heart," and another pang shot through her heart—"she is as graceful as a fawn, as a Nautch girl; her voice is like music. She is peerless, lovely beyond words, is my mistress, the Lady Edith. All men are in love with her; all men want to marry her—why not Mr. Clive Harvey?"

Mina moistened her lips; they were dry and burning. "And she—she——?" she

Sara shrugged her shoulders. "She loves him, yes," she replied with an air of resignation, condescension. "There are others more worthy, more wealthy, more noble of rank, and as handsome and as straight of form; but my mistress has cast a favorable eye on him. She is a woman like the rest of us, and will make her choice. It is a good marriage for him. He is poor and—what you call it?—ambitious. He wishes to be one of the rulers, one of your great men in public; and it will help him to get all he desires, if he marries Lady Edith; for her father is a lofty nobleman, great and rich and powerful. He has been a ruler, and will be again when the tide turns, and his friends come to power again. I do not understand these things, and cannot explain; but so it is. With such a great man for his father-in-law, Mr. Clive Harvey will climb to a great height, and will be as rich and powerful. You understand"

Yes; Mina understood. A heavy weight was pressing on her heart, her breath came slowly and painfully. Sara paused and arranged her shawl; and then went on in the same persuasive manner.

"I love my mistress; I love her better than life itself. She lay on my bosom when she was a little babe. She has grown into my heart." She struck her bosom with her skinny hand. " I have nursed her, watched over her, tended her all her life. I would die willingly to gain half an hour's happiness for her. I am like a mother to her: she is like my child. I get everything for her she wants. If she wants this Mr. Clive Harvey, she must have him. That is why I come to you. One day I see him with a pretty girl, a very pretty young girl. It would not matter to me, if my mistress did not love him, if he did not love, were not going to marry her; but for my mistress's sake I must see what this means, so I follow her."

She paused again, and leaning forward smiled at Mina, who sat quite motionless, but pale to the lips.

"These sahibs are all alike; it is the same here in England as it is in my country; they will all run after the young girls with the pretty faces. Ah, no; it is not you that is wicked, but the sahib. That makes my work all the easier. I came to offer you money"—Mina's eyes flashed, and her hands clenched, and Sara hastened on—"I came to offer you money, because if you had been the girl I thought you, you would have taken it." She shrugged her shoulders. "But I do not offer it to you now. Ah, no! I wish to argue with you, to appeal to you. There is no doubt that Mr. Clive Harvey loves my mistress, and will marry her—if you do not stand in the way. I truly think that he has a fancy for you; but"—she spread out her hands—"it is but a passing fancy. He would not let it come between him and his fortune, his real life. He will tire of you—oh, very quickly. He would not marry you. I know these sahibs."

She leant back, and smiled and nodded her head sapiently.

"They will not marry beneath them. And you, my pretty child, you are not of his caste. You are graceful and beautiful. Ah, yes! But you are of lower rank, of the people; while he is of noble birth and already a great man."

Mina's lips moved, and at last she faltered in amazement:

"Of noble birth? A great man!"

Sara nodded again, and smiled. "Yes; it is so. He did not tell you, he has hidden it from you Ah, yes, it is easy to understand. He did not wish you to know, did not want to trouble him when—when he had done with you."

Mina rose, and stood looking down at the swarthy, smiling face; but she said nothing, and sank into her chair again, her hands clasped tightly, her eyes fixed on Sara, as she went on in her soft broken English:

"You did not know that he is the son of a lord, the son of an earl, that he is one of your English Parliament, a lawmaker, a ruler? He kept this from you: it is their way, the way they stalk their prey, these sahibs. Now, why should he hide all this from you, if he meant well by you, if he meant to marry you? But he does not. He is going to marry my mistress, the Lady Edith; and he but amused himself—what you call it?—passed the time with a pretty girl."

(To be continued.)

BACTERIA IN EGGS.

Shells Not Proof Against the Entrance of Germs.

There is doubtless such a thing as a germproof wrapper, but apparently the egg shell is not in this class. Fresh-laid eggs, it is true, may be perfectly free from bacteria, but on the other hand, even when from undoubtedly healthy hens, they may contain many germs. In fact, recent investigations by Rettger, of Yale, demonstrate that the organism causing some diseases of fowls is transmitted through the egg itself. Says a writer in the Journal of the American Medical Association:

"The questions of how frequently, where and in what manner eggs become containers of bacteria are of serious import in relation to the food industry. On the knowledge of these matters the success and the technique of the preservation of eggs for purposes of food must ultimately rest. If organisms commonly enter the egg during its passage down the oviduct of the fowl, we are face to face with a source of bacterial contamination with which we cannot cope directly. If it be demonstrated, on the other hand, that the bacterial invasion of the shell takes place at the time of laying, or that the penetration by micro-organisms comes subsequently, preventive or palliative measures can be planned more intelligently and effectively.

"Several years ago Dr. Pennington, of the United States Department of Agriculture, reported an elaborate study of fresh eggs of known history and examined from the bacteriologic point of view. Her findings indicate that organisms are usually to be discovered in both the yolk and white. Only 12 per cent. of all the eggs examined were sterile when tested. There were minor variations in respect to the incidence of season, breed and fertilized and unfertilized specimens which need not concern us here. What is more significant is the great array of species to which the egg organisms belonged, thirty-six species in the hundred eggs from which the varieties were isolated. Molds and yeasts were not missing.

"Kossowicz, of Vienna, has not been content with these findings, which he regards as unjust to the inherent sterility of really fresh hens' eggs. By way of critique he remarks on the dangers of air contamination incident to the manipulations in investigations of this sort. Such charges would have little weight except for the fact that the Austrian bacteriologist himself has found that fresh eggs are, as a rule, free from bacteria. They are, however, very easily invaded by micro-organisms of the most objectionable character within comparatively brief periods. This is true despite the protective shell which encloses the putrescible parts; it is particularly true under the conditions of careless handling and transportation in the trade. Not merely bacteria, but yeasts and molds as well, can find their way through the intact shell."

The family were emigrating to Australia, and Little Willie did not feel altogether at home in his new quarters aboard ship. "Mummie, I'se ever so sleepy. I want to go to bed," he exclaimed, piteously, sitting up in his bunk. "But you are in bed, dear," protested mummie. "I'se not in bed," was the reply. "I'se in a chest o' drawers."



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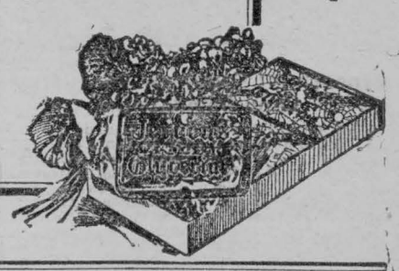
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THE LAND OF NIGHTMARE

AN EXPLORER TELLS OF HIS THRILLING JOURNEY.

Party Lost Power of Speech and Food Consisted of a Monkey a Day.

Dr. Hamilton Rice, the American surgeon and traveller, gives a thrilling account of his recent experiences in South-east Colombia and North-west Brazil.

The doctor, who has returned to London after a journey of 21 months, states that he traversed about 100,000 square miles of almost unknown territory. He says he has collected valuable scientific data, has cleared up the geography of the Amazon and Orinoco systems, and prepared maps of great areas hitherto uncharted.

Accompanied by Lieutenant Bauer, an Austrian officer, he left London in December, 1911, and after reaching Bogota, started on the journey into the interior. He says:—

"Insects and disease were the worst features of the expedition. Mosquitoes made life almost unbearable, and the swarms of large grass-cutting ants which appeared at sunset ate our clothing, made our mosquito nets useless, and even devoured our ropes. Disease, too, was a very grave consideration, and during a certain portion of our journey our food supply gave out, and we were reduced to eating monkey flesh, and very little of that.

"While travelling to the sources of the Apaporis, our food was exhausted, and my companions were so weakened by two months' continuous hard labor and disease that it was impossible for all to proceed, and I had to go on with only twelve men. These had got out of hand, and some refused to go on. This was perhaps not to be wondered at, as only the previous year the Carijona Indians, who were ahead of us, had attacked a party of 12 caucheros and Huitoto Indians, and had slaughtered 36 of their number, being still in possession of their rifles and ammunition.

Two Miles a Day.

"Eventually, having sent the discontented men back, I advanced with only six followers, and in a few days reached the south branch of the Apaporis. Our progress was extremely difficult and painful, and only worked out at 2 to 3 miles a day. Every foot of the trail had to be cut with machetes and axes, one man going ahead with the compass.

"Hundreds of canos, or small streams, ran across our path, and these were simply alive with rarjahs, a dangerous swordfish of a vindictive nature which inflicted an ugly septic wound, attended with much pain."

This resulted a month later in Dr. Hamilton Rice being himself attacked with poisonous ulcers, and compelled to operate by candle-light by injecting cocaine and cutting his leg to the bone. The operation took two hours, and although this occurred nine months ago, the wounds are still unhealed.

"All of us," continued the explorer, "were practically starving, and the only course was to retreat in the hope of meeting some relief parties. These did not, however, turn up, and we were reduced to one meal of monkey per day.

"Continuous thunderstorms, with great trees being struck by lightning all around us, made our retreat a perfect nightmare. Soon I had to abandon everything except our hammocks. Presently the rain stopped, and myriads of ants, bees, and mosquitoes came out and further tortured us. Our condition was desperate.

Lost Power of Speech.

"Every day the eyes of my people assumed a more curious and glassy appearance, our faces became sunken, and an ashy yellow, and we were so depressed that we rarely exchanged a word. One of the men lost all power of speech, and could only whine like an animal. It was under such poisonous conditions as these that a number of operations were performed.

"One day early in the journey the wife of the chief Indian guide appeared, having been practically cut in half by a machete, and I also had to operate on her for internal abscess. My terrified followers erected a rough operating table in the virgin forest, and I had to administer the chloroform and use the knife as well. It was not surprising that the patient died, and there in the primaeval jungle the practically dying Indians erected a cross ten feet high.

"The majority of the operations, of which there were over a hundred, were successful. One notable case was of a man suffering from anthrax. His temperature was 107 for six days, and I had to operate three times, reducing his temperature by means of sheets soaked in a stream. He made a complete recovery, and hundreds of cases subsequently came to me for treatment.

"At the end of eleven days' retreat we reached the Macaya River, where we had some food stored. There we found eight of our original party, and after a rest proceeded on our journey.

"On Christmas Day last we reached San Jose, on the Guaviari. The track was in a horrible condition, and we were all suffering from fever and covered with sores. From this point I started on the second part of my expedition with two canoes, each laden with a ton of stores. Our party consisted of Bauer and myself, with four half-castes and a Colombian Indian boy.

Among Whirlpools.

"Our purpose was to explore the rivers with a view to establishing the relations between the Orinoco and Amazon systems. For six days we went down stream through a barricade of fallen trees and rushing whirlpools. We got through all right, however, and by especially bad luck, lost one of our canoes when we got to open water.

"It became necessary now to make a store for our supplies, and to stow away a month's provisions in our remaining canoe. We then began the ascent of the Ymirida River, and found that the further we progressed the harder became the work. After a week's navigation we discovered a magnificent waterfall over a hundred feet in height, which took us three days to get round. After a further week's difficult progress, we found navigation became impossible.

"One day a man came up in a canoe. He had been wounded and had a spear in his kidney, which had been bleeding for two days. His little craft was half full of blood. I operated on him, and he eventually recovered. We now retraced our way for fifty days, and first encountered Indians at the point where we had stored our food.

"These people, who had never seen a white man before, were quite friendly. They did not speak the Tupi Guarani language, but one or two knew a few words of Spanish. Later we came across a colony composed entirely of male Indians.

"At a subsequent stage of the journey we traversed a snake infested swamp on the Upper Ymirida. There was no sign of human life, but tapirs, jaguars and monkeys abounded. They were as tame as domestic animals. The tapirs swam round the canoe, while the jaguars sniffed round our nets at night, and had to be driven off like dogs.

"In August we reached civilization at Manaos, and first heard of the Balkan war and of the Scott disaster in the Antarctic."



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THE WORLD IN REVIEW

Tragedies of Disobedience.

One frequently reads distressing accounts of accidents to children, accidents which seem unnecessary and preventable. There was an item just the other day concerning a little four-year-old, who climbed up to a high cupboard, secured a bottle of of poison and drank it. We call such occurrences accidents, and no doubt many of them are. But many others, it is certain, are merely the natural result of a very general and regrettable cause. And this cause is the laxness of modern parental discipline.

The laziness of parents who will not take the time and trouble to enforce obedience from their children almost belongs in the class of criminal negligence. Strict discipline, not indulgence, is what makes for the real happiness of children; and also it is the best means of securing their safety. Dangerous objects cannot always be kept from their reach, but children can be taught not to meddle with the property of others, and they can be taught to obey absolutely. There is very little of this absolute obedience seen lately. One of the new plays of the fall deals with that very subject, the domination of modern children over their parents. Unfortunately it is a weak play, not adequate to the theme. But what a subject that is for a playwright of the day, full of tragic as well as comic possibilities.

A 200-foot Flagpole.

The erection of a flagpole in front of the Provincial Court House at Vancouver, B.C., has presented unusual features because of the desire to use a long, single stick, representative of the timber resources of the Province, and to so place it that its base would be secure from decay. A suitable timber was cut and delivered in the rough at the Court House in the fall of 1912. It was left for a year to season, when there would be no likelihood of its curving when drying. In September, 1913, it was moved on rollers to its final location. The flagpole is 208 feet long, 36 inches in diameter at the base and 10 inches at the top, and when ready for erection weighed about ten tons. Surmounting the pole is a four-foot globe and a twenty-foot weather vane in the shape of an arrow.

Extension of Suffrage in Europe.

Evidences abound of the steady onward march of democracy in Europe through the enlargement of the suffrage. Less than a century ago the suffrage camel first poked his nose into the government tent. To-day both his front feet are inside everywhere except in Russia and the Balkans.

Italy has just granted what is practically manhood suffrage, without property qualification. Even illiterates will be allowed to vote in the approaching elections. And now in Denmark the struggle that began in earnest forty years ago for a more liberal voting franchise bids fair to be victorious.

The Danes have been fighting for a reduction of the voting age limit to twenty-five years, for the extension of the suffrage to women on the same basis as that of males, for the removal of property qualifications for voting and for the popularization of the upper house of the Danish Parliament.

All these measures will go into effect provided they are indorsed by a majority of the electors in the forthcoming appeal to the country, and of that there is said not to be the slightest doubt. The oncoming wave of popular rule has washed the shores of Denmark and is likely to wet the feet of standpat Danes.

Racial Butt of Rudeness.

All races are caricatured upon the stage. The comic Englishman is quite as much food for laughter as the comic Jew or the comic German. None of it is a very high form of wit; and none of it is any form of art at all. A more refined taste on the part of the audiences would sweep the whole "slap-stick" business into the dustheap. But when many people find themselves wounded by this sort of thing, then we cannot wait for the elevation of taste—we must act more directly and quickly. To permit the playhouse to be made a scene of discomfort for any considerable section of the community is not only poor business—it is a low grade of civilization.

Roads Will Be Numbered and Named.

In France a new system of road designation for the convenience of tourists has been adopted. Every road in the country will be given a name and a number and these designations will be painted upon direction posts at the road crossings and the 100-meter posts along the roads. The highways of France are classified as national roads, department roads, and so on. The roads in each case will be numbered. The direction post will state the class of highway and the number of the road. The tourist starting on a journey will need only a strip of figures, and he will be able to find his way anywhere.

Capitalized An Idea.

Thomas A. Sperry, the inventor of trading stamps, died recently, leaving an estate valued at $10,000,000. Young men who are discouraged because they lack capital to establish great enterprises should consider the case of Thomas Sperry and take heart. He capitalized an original idea and made it worth $10,000,000.

The world has places of honor and distinction for men who can think, who can lift their minds out of the endless circle of aimless thinking and give definite direction to their thoughts.

Thomas Sperry observed the custom of some merchants to give their customers what the French call "lagniappe" and the Spanish call "pelon." He conceived the idea of systematizing the practice and making it a magnet to draw trade. The trading stamp was the result and fortune smiled on him.

Progress is but the result of the application of new ideas to old ways of doing things. A man's mind is his best capital. It is a bank account that increases as it is drawn upon.

In this land of opportunity no man is poor who has an unclouded mind and the energy to work to translate his plans into deeds.

Britain's Navy is Growing.

It is reported unofficially that the new battleship Queen Mary made a record speed of 35.7 knots on her trials. It is impossible to realize exactly what this speed signifies without taking into consideration the huge size of the vessel. The vessel was built at Jarrow and is fitted with Parsons turbines. Her contract speed was 28 knots. She is armed with eight 13.5-inch guns, unless these have been changed to 14-inch as was suggested. In appearance she is much the same as the battle cruiser New Zealand, only she is 105 feet longer and has nine feet more beam. Her indicated horsepower is 75,000, as compared to the New Zealand's 46,894. But even the Queen Mary will have to play second fiddle to the Tiger, a battle cruiser of 28,000 tons to the Queen Mary's 27,000. The Tiger has 25,000 more indicated horsepower than the Queen Mary, and although her contract speed is only 28 knots, it will be interesting to watch her trials. Besides these two superb vessels, Great Britain will soon be putting into the first line the battleships Queen Elizabeth, Warspite and Valiant, each of 27,500 tons displacement. As a squadron these battleships and battle cruisers would be distinctly dangerous. Their speed alone would make them unpleasant customers to any fleet the least bit slower and their hitting power being so terrific, they possibly would be better to avoid than engage. The trouble is that it would be extremely difficult to avoid them.

COOKING WITHOUT STOVES.

How Meals Were Prepared in England Thousands of Years Ago.

One of the ways in which men of science have got information about the way that people lived in England thousands of years ago, is by finding and examining their camping-places. Sometimes they find these places accidentally, but often a low mound by a spring, or a discolored patch in a plowed field, will catch the eye of the experienced relic-hunter. If he digs down a few inches or feet, he will uncover a circle or layer of stones that show the marks of fire; usually there will be bits of charcoal among them, for charcoal is one of the most indestructible of substances.

Here was the cooking-place, the home hearth of a family of small, dark-skinned wild men and women, who lived there thousands of years ago, long before the Phenicians visited Britain to gather grains of tin from the river-beds of Cornwall. They had no tools or weapons of metal, for they did not know how to smelt ores of iron or copper, much less how to forge these metals into spades or knives or spears. They made their implements and tools of wood or stone, bone or shell; they caught their game and fish in pitfalls or by nets and traps, and they defended themselves with flint-pointed spears. They lived in caves or under the shelter of ledges of rock, or they built brush huts beside the streams and springs on whose banks we find these rude hearths to-day.

How, then, did they cook, without pots and kettles, or even dishes and crocks that would stand fire?—for they made no pottery. We can guess by what we know of the almost equally primitive folk who live in wild parts of the world to-day, or of whom early explorers have told us. Probably they roasted or broiled chunks of meat and large fishes over a bed of coals. Some Australian blacks cook meat by laying it on hot stones or on a rough grill of green sticks laid across the glowing embers. Woodsmen have learned from the savages to cover a bird or fish with wet clay, and bury it under a fire. After a time they dig it out, and when they pull off the half-burned clay, the feathers or scales and the skin come away with it, and leave a clean and well-cooked meal.

As for the difficulty of boiling without pots, a good many tribes, among them our own Assiniboins, boil their food by putting red-hot stones in "pots" made of rawhide or of bark. The Indians of the Pacific coast use their water-tight baskets for this purpose, and have long-handled spoon-like implements for lifting the heated boulders out of the fire.

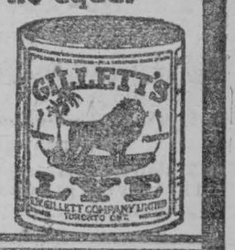
In the tropics, where bamboos grow, the natives take a hollow section of bamboo, put in water and the food to be cooked, plug up the ends of the tube, and set it near the fire until the water gets steaming hot. We may suppose our forefathers of the stone age cooked their meat and roots in such ways as these, as they gathered hungrily round these rude fireplaces in the evenings so long ago; and we feel the more sure of it, because beside some hearths we have found the remains of wooden troughs, in which they may have boiled water with the aid of heated stones.

GILLETT'S LYE

The Standard Lye of Canada. Has many imitations but no equal

CLEANS AND DISINFECTS

100% PURE



Historic Street.

Friday Street, which has just undergone a notable widening, is one of the most interesting and ancient of the thoroughfares of London. As long ago as 1305 a reference to it appears in the city records, and even then it was probably old. Close by it stood the Nag's Head Tavern, which is famous in history as the "pretended" scene of the consecration of Matthew Parker, Archbishop of Canterbury, in the reign of Queen Elizabeth.

Headache Over the Eyes? Look For Nasal Catarrh

Catarrh Never Stops in One Place—It Spreads Rapidly—Often Ruins Health Completely.

In this changeable climate it is the little colds that drift into Catarrh. Unless the inflammation is checked it passes rapidly from the throat or nose to the bronchial tubes and then to the lungs. You can't make new lungs any more than you can make new fingers or toes, but you can cure Catarrh.

The surest cure consists of breathing in the healing balsamic essences of CATARRHOZONE, which is simply a medicated vapor so full of rich curative properties that every trace of Catarrh vanishes before it.

"The soothing piney vapor of Catarrhozone is the most powerful medicine I ever used," writes Mrs. Edmond J. Christine, of Saskatoon. "Every breath drawn through the Inhaler sends a grateful feeling through the air passages of the nose and throat. Catarrhozone cured me of frightful headaches over the eyes, relieved me of a stuffy feeling in the nose, and an irritable hacking cough that had been the bane of my life for a year. My general health is greatly improved, my appetite and digestion are considerably better than before. Catarrhozone has been the means of giving me such health as I always desired, but never possessed."

Even though catarrh has a firm hold on you, and affects your throat, nose or ears, you can thoroughly cure it with Catarrhozone. Large size, guaranteed, costs $1.00; smaller size 50c.; sample size, 25c. All storekeepers and druggists, or The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y., and Kingston, Canada.

A CURIOUS PRISON.

Imprisoned For Twelve Days in a Ship's Cabin.

An almost incredible adventure at sea was told under oath in a maritime court of Danzig, Germany, some years ago, by Captain Engellandt of the sailing vessel Erndte. Nothing that Jules Verne, Clark Russell or Joseph Conrad ever imagined could surpass the story that Captain Engellandt told.

The Erndte sailed from Memel with a cargo of planks for Wilhelmshaven. The captain stood at the wheel during a gale that overtook the vessel the very next night. At four in the morning he went to his cabin to change his wet clothes.

He had just got into dry underclothing when the vessel capsized, and he found himself standing on the roof of his cabin, the door of which the sea had forced shut.

By loosening the boards of what was once the floor, but was now the roof, he got into the hold, in which there was little except loose sails and rigging. Fortunately some shelves of a high cupboard remained intact, and from them he collected some cans of condensed milk, some prunes, rice, sugar, and a little sausage. He also found a hammer.

For twelve days the master of the ship lived in his curious prison. He ate as sparingly as possible, and drank sea-water, which appeared to have no ill effect upon him. He spent most of his time in hammering on the steel bottom of the ship to attract the attention of passing vessels. He knew when it was day, for a dim light then penetrated the water.

On the twelfth day, the Norwegian steamer Aurora sighted the wreck, and sent a boat to take it in tow. Captain Engellandt had fallen asleep, but hearing footsteps over his head, he began to knock with his hammer, and to shout for help. The Aurora's men returned to their ship for tools, with which they bored a hole through the bottom of the Erndte. When they drew out their drill, a man's finger appeared through the hole. Engellandt told them that he had food for four days more, and wished to be towed to land, for it was impossible to release him in the open sea.

The Aurora towed the wreck to safety to Neufahrwasser, where with considerable difficulty the shipwrights took off one of the plates of the hull, and released the imprisoned shipmaster. He was perfectly conscious, and even able to walk alone. His crew of three men were, of course, all drowned when the vessel capsized.

GLOBES OF LIGHT IN SKY.

Rare "Ball Lightning" Recently Seen by People of France.

A singular instance of what seems to have been globular or "ball" lightning was recently reported in the French scientific papers. The lightning was seen in a place where there was no storm at the time, although storm clouds were visible in the neighborhood.

The appearance was that of two luminous, orange-colored globes, one above the other, and connected by a slender cord or chain, which emitted a feebler light and seemed granular in constitution. The two globes moved together horizontally toward the north-east, although at the place where the observers were the wind was from the north.

The upper globe, which was the larger, kept on its way steadily, while the other dropped slowly toward the ground. The connecting cord then disappeared and the globes moved on slowly, remaining visible for two minutes and finally disappearing silently. This phenomenon differs sensibly from the typical forms of globular lightning described recently by Prof. W. M. Thornton, of Armstrong College.

According to this author, globular lightning descends slowly from a cloud, generally after a violent clap of thunder, in the form of a brilliant bluish ball. It bounds from the earth when it touches, and then moves off a few yards horizontally. These balls readily follow an electric conductor, a gas pipe, for instance, and burst when they touch water, or sometimes in the open air. The ball then disappears instantaneously with a violent explosion which may do damage and which produces a strong smell of ozone.

Prof. Thornton believes with reason that globular lightning is made up principally of a mass of ozone; this hypothesis explains why the color of the ball is usually bluish, why the luminous mass descends slowly through the air, ozone being of a density about 1.7 times that of air, and finally why the instantaneous disappearance of the ball is accompanied by an explosion, for the transformation of ozone into oxygen liberates a great quantity of energy.

4%

This Company invites you to open a

Savings Account

with it on which it will pay you Interest at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. a year. Compounded QUARTERLY.

The Union Trust Company, Limited

Temple Building, Toronto.

Total Assets over $13,000,000.

THE MAILS

	Despatched	Arrive
Day, west	12.30 p.m.	1.30 "
Waddington	1.30 "	3.00 "
Day, east	3.30 "	4.30 "
Winchester	2.00 "	11.15 a.m.
Night, east	7.30 "	
Night, west	7.30 "	
Sunday, E. & W.	7.30 "	

TIME-TABLE

EASTBOUND

No. 8 (daily) ..... due 4.19 a.m.
" 12 (daily except Sun) " 6.55 a.m.
" 4 (daily) ..... " 3.32 p.m.
" 6 (daily) ..... " 3.55 p.m.

WESTBOUND

No. 7 (daily) ..... due 12 48 a.m.
" 11 (daily exc'pt Sun.) due 7.47 p.m
" 5 (daily) ..... " 10 13 p.m.

The Leader

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY

The Leader Publishing Co.

THURSDAY, NOV. 6. 1913.

Two Bye-Elections

The election in South Bruce on Thursday last, caused by the elevation of the member, Mr James Donnelly, to the Senate, resulted in a victory for R. E. Truax, Liberal, by 124 majority. The contest was fought largely on the naval question, the Liberal speakers appealing to the German voters on the ground that the ships the Government proposed to place at the disposal of the Admiralty would in the event of war be used against Germany. The result of the contest was a surprise, but it is probable the racial appeals made by the Liberal candidate and his friends aided in a large measure in bringing it about.

Mr James R. Fallis, Conservative, was elected on Monday in the Peel bye-election for the Provincial Legislature, his majority being 388, which was considerably more than was expected, the 700 majority given to Samuel Charters in the last general election being a personal tribute to Charters, who was popular alike among Liberals and Conservatives. Peel is one riding in the Province where the operation of the local option law, aided by the effective enforcement of the license laws has practically wiped out the liquor trade, and the elections in returning Mr Fallis gave their endorsement to the temperance legislation of the Ontario Government.

Coal As a Cause of Cancer

The conclusion reached by Charles E. Green of Edinburg that there is a distinct relationship between the occurrence of cancer and the kind of fuel used for domestic purposes was accepted as decisive by Sir William H Bennett, the eminent English surgeon, in his presidential address at the meeting of the Coal Smoke Abatement society in London.

Sir William said that investigation had shown that the incidence of cancer was limited to those areas where coal was the staple fuel, while it was almost nonexistent where ordinary peat alone was used. The only exception yet discovered to this rule, he declared, was in districts where the peat was a hard black substance which crackled like coal and was quite unlike the smoldering, ordinary peat.

Sir William in conclusion spoke strongly in favor of gas as a substitute for coal.

"I ATTRIBUTE MY CURE SOLELY

And Entirely To Taking "Fruit-a-tives"

HULL, QUE., DEC. 24th. 1909

"For the past twelve years, I had painful attacks of Dyspepsia. I could not digest my food and everything caused the most agonizing pain in my stomach. I also had a fearful attack of Constipation and at times, I had no movement of the bowels for two weeks.

Three doctors attended me for two years and gave me all kinds of medicine but did me no good. My weight came to only 80 pounds and everyone thought I was going to die. Finally, I had the good fortune to try "Fruit-a-tives" and as soon as I began to take them, I felt better. I persisted in the treatment and to my great joy, I steadily improved.

Now I feel very well, weigh 115 pounds, and this is more than I ever weighed even before my illness.

I attribute my cure solely and entirely to "Fruit-a-tives" and can never praise them too much for saving my life. To all who suffer from Dyspepsia and Constipation, I recommend "Fruit-a-tives" as a miraculous remedy"

MRS. ANDREW STAFFORD.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Why the Youths' Companion Should Be In Every Family

Because it is unusual, and no other source can supply the same kind of reading. The fact and fiction are novel, and every line is fit to read aloud A year of The Youth's Companion as it is to-day is of inexhaustable entertainment and benefit to the family. In quantity, it provides more than any other American monthly periodical—and is the more appreciated because it comes fifty-two times a year instead of twelve.

The Companion as it is to-day, enlarged, and broadened in scope, including the Family Page. the Boys' Page, and the Girls' Page as departments. with eight splendid serials and 250 shorter stories, its accurate and impartial editorials, Science and Current Events, makes a volume of matter that touches every genuine interest of the family.

So carefully is it edited, so varied is its contents, that a family would be well supplied with entertaining fiction, up-to-date information and wholesome fun, if no other periodical entered the home.

If you are not familiar with The Companion as it is to-day, let us send you sample copies containing chapters from Frank Lillie Pollock's great Canadian serial, "The Timber Treasure," and the Announcement for 1914

New subscribers who send $2 25 for the fifty-two issues of 1914 will receive free the remaining issues of 1913, and a copy of The Companion Practical Home Calendar in addition.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION,
144 Berkeley St., Boston. Mass.

Rural School Reports

S. S. No. 21, Williamsburg

Names are placed in order of merit.

Class IV.—Ruby McPherson and Wilda Merkley equal, Thomas Merkley, Lorne Gillard, Dewart McPherson, Lillian Stillson.

Class III.—Theresa Marcellus, Lyle Gillard, Kathleen Whitteker.

Class II.—Emerald Merkley, Charlie Merkley.

Pt. II. Class—Walter Marcellus.

Class I —Gladys Merkley and Alice Gillard equal.

L. Garlough, Teacher.

S. S. No. 11, Williamsburg

Class IV.—Bessie Hess 92 per cent., Hugh Whittaker 89, Viola Whitteker 84, Emma Froats 82, Lorne Cunningham 81, Sandie Shannette 81, Agnes Whitteker 80, Clifford Shennete 75, Harold Shannette 74, Maggie Dawley 70; Archie Shannette 67; Archie Casselman 59.

Class III.—Phyllis Whittaker 73, Vincent Casselman 69; Maud Coughler 65, Walter Whitteker 55, Florence Hall 52.

Class II. — Mattie Shannette 87, Grant Cougler 79, George Lahue 73, Elva Bailey 70, Rayson Hunter 70, Violet Warner 60, Wilbert Shannette 60, Myrtle Warner 45

Class I — Bert Cougler 70, Ward Whittaker 67.

Earl Garlough, Teacher

S. S. No. 10, Williamsburg

Class IV.—Ida Barkley, Bert Casselman, Hulda Barkley, Grace Swerdfeger, Lyra Casselman, Ada Robertson.

Class III. — Beauliah Hall, John Casselman, Mary Reddick, Jeannette McHaffie, Emma Reddick. Ralph Swerdtfeger.

Class II (Sr.)—Bert Bowman, Lester Watkins, Hattie Barkley, Kenneth Froats, Kenneth Barkley, Marion McHaffie, Minnie Robertson.

Class II (Jr.) — Pearl Casselman, Winnie Robertson.

Primer (Sr.)—Earl Watkins, Kathleen Hall, Hubert Casselman, Freda Robertson.

Primer (Jr.)—Karl Bowman, Grace Fetterly, Earl Bowman, Eva Casselman, Eleanor Beckstead. Harvey Barkley, Idella Bowman, Opal Robertson, Eva Casselman, Denzil Bowman.

Average attendance 32.1.

M. H. Breakell, Teacher.

S. S. No. 5, Williamsburg

Marks obtainable, 200.

Class II—Blanch Gallinger 200. Bertha MacIntosh 194, Mabel Williams 190, Blanch Baker 188, Willie Barnhart 175. Pearl Baker 170, Kenneth Loucks 169, Florence Weagant 121.

Class III—Ella Durant 189, Ada Durant 121

Class IV—Willie Plantz 196, Harold MacIntosh 171.

H. E. Markell, Teacher.

WINCHESTER SPRINGS.

Arza McIntosh was in town a few days visiting his parents Mr and Mrs Norman McIntosh.

Quite a few from here attended the quarterly service held at Williamsburg on Sunday in the Methodist Church

David Salter has returned home from Brinston.

The car load of apples arrived last Monday at Winchester station which the Farmers' Club had ordered.

Willie Morrow who has spent a few months in the West returned home last Friday.

The Women's Missionary meeting was held in the Methodist Church last Tuesday.

Alex Beckstead, of Elma and Mrs Vogan, of Vankleek Hill, passed through town on Sunday.

Mr and Mrs Lorne McPherson, of Williamsburg, were in town on Thurday.

Quite a few from here attended Peter McIntosh's sale.

Rev. Mr McTavish preached on Dominion Alliance on Sunday in the Presbyterian Church.

Mrs. Harry and Ed. Middaugh spent Saturday at the home of Mrs Lorne McIntosh.

Mrs Allen McIntosh is spending a few days in Kemptville with her daughter Mrs Clarence Hutchison.

HOW'S THIS ?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle Sold by all Druggists

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The Late Mrs Osborn

(St. Lawrence News)

The community was greatly shocked on Sunday, Oct. 26th, when it was learned of the death of Hannah Catharine Armstrong, beloved wife of Albert J. Osborn, which occurred in Brockville Hospital after an illness of one year of inflammation of the bowels. aged 49 years and 12 days The subject of this sketch was a daughter of the late John and Hannah Armstrong, and was born in Matilda on Oct. 14th, 1864. She was married 23 years ago to Albert J. Osborn, and their union was blessed with five children, four sons and one daughter, all of whom survive, viz: Robert, of Montreal; Frank, of Navan, Que; Albert, Bart and Flora, at home She also leaves to mourn her loss two brothers and four sisters, John and William, of Matilda; Mrs A. Cronin, of Iroquois; Mrs F. Gamble, Morrisburg; Mrs D. Robertson and Mrs E. Vanallen, of Matilda. The late Mrs Osborn was a consistent member of St. John's Church nearly all her life, and her kind and loving manner won for her the respect of all with whom she came in contact. The high esteem in which she was held by all was evidenced by the large number of friends who attended the funeral on Tuesday afternoon to pay their last tribute of respect to one they loved so well. The service was conducted by Rev. T. Bailey, who spoke highly of the Christian life of the deceased. The remains were placed in St. John's Church cemetery. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the bereaved family in this their irreparable loss of a kind wife and loving mother. The floral tributes included a beautiful wreath from the Oddfellows Lodge; a wreath from her son, Robert, of Montreal; wreath from the family and a wreath from the public school teachers.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

are not a new and untried remedy—our grandfathers used them. Half a century ago, before Confederation, they were on sale in nearly every drug or general store in the Canada of that day, and were the recognized cure in thousands of homes for Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Rheumatism and Kidney and Liver Troubles. Today they are just as effective, just as reliable as ever, and nothing better has yet been devised to

Cure Common Ills



For Headaches

Here's the Reason and the Cure

Most people at some time or another suffer from headaches—disordered stomach, liver or bowels is the cause—any one can be cured—one woman says: Chamberlain's Tablets did more for me than I ever dared hope for—cured headaches—biliousness—and toned up my whole system—I feel like a new woman." No case too hard for these little red health restorers. 25c. a bottle. Druggists and Dealers, or by Mail.

Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto 5

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS YOUR BEST FRIEND

Flour trial is essential but—it is not your work!

Flour varies from time to time in baking quality. This is because wheat continually varies according to soil conditions, etc.

Therefore, if baking results are to be constantly high, baking tests are essential. It is unreasonable to expect you to make these tests at your expense.

PURITY

So from each shipment of wheat delivered at our mills we take a ten pound sample. This is ground into flour. Bread is baked from the flour. If this bread is high in quality and large in quantity, we use the shipment. Otherwise we sell it.

By simply asking for flour bearing this name you can always be sure of more bread and better bread.

"More Bread and Better Bread" and "Better Pastry Too" 523

FARMER'S PERCHERONS ARE GOOD INVESTMENT

In Twenty-four Years Two Mares Produced $7,000 Worth of Colts

The Missouri mule's reputation for taking premiums at world's fairs and paying off farm mortgages is rivaled in the story of two Percheron mares which played an important part in the accumulation of more than 500 acres of land for a thrifty German farmer, near Olathe, Kan.

Twenty odd years ago George Pretz was a young man without any means. He bought a three-year old Percheron mare for $75, giving a one year note in payment. A short time later he purchased another, a two-year-old, for $55. Both mares died recently, one at the age of twenty-six, the other twenty-seven.

Seven thousand dollars' worth of colts were sold from the two mares, one of them being the mother of nineteen, which sold at from $150 to $283 each. The other raised eighteen colts which were sold at from $100 to $250 each. Pretz was in debt for forty acres soon after he had purchased his team and wagon and by hard work and the sale of colts soon paid for the land. The next investment was eighty acres adjoining, which were paid for in the same manner.

Then came an adjoining 100 acres and later 160 acres until Fretz owns more than 500 acres, worth more than $100 per acre. The farm is well stocked with Percherons and mules, cattle and hogs and yields good crops of corn and wheat.

Mr. Pretz uses horses for farm work only, using his automobile when he comes to town.

November Rod and Gun

Rod and Gun in Canada for November (Publisher W. J. Taylor, Ltd., Woodstock, Ont) sustains its reputation as the leading Canadian magazine devoted to the interests of sportsmen. Big game hunting in British Columbia is described in several well written and illustrated articles; "A Labrador Room" is descriptive of a Labrador fishing village; "My Visit to an Alberta Trapper," details a successful day on the trap line; "How to Keep Game from Spoiling" contains some valuable information for the hunter of big and small game: "When Riley Tied Hanlan" is by way of variety and is reminiscent of the famous Barrie Regatta when all the world's big scullers had a try-out for the Championship. The regular departments are well maintained.

Will Your Trees Grow?

It all depends on where you get them. Trees from the Bowman Nurseries have heavy fibrous roots; they are grown in the right kind of soil; they are handled and packed with extreme care; they come to you in the pink of condition, and they grow.

An active agent wanted in this district.

THOS. W. BOWMAN & SON CO., LTD.
Ridgeville, Ont.

Studebaker
Stands Supreme

There are thirty per cent. more Studebaker Automobiles used within the United Counties than all other makes of high grade cars combined. . . . . .

REASON:

Studebaker Value, Studebaker Durability and Studebaker Service.

Again, for 1914 the New Five-passenger Studebaker-4, price $1375, sets a new standard in value for Electric Lighting and Starting cars. No other car selling within $300 of its price includes Full Floating Rear Axle, Tymken Bearings throughout, Centre Control, Long Stroke (5-inch) Motor, etc. . . . . .

A. C. ROBERTSON

Distributor for Dundas, Stormont and Glengarry Counties

Cornwall, Ont.

Our 1914 Model just arrived.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HANDBOOK on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms for Canada, $3.75 a year, postage prepaid. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Bradfield Bros. & Co.

EVERYTHING FOR HOUSECLEANING

Step Ladders — Brooms

Brushes — Pails

Soaps — Cleansers

Polishes — Disinfectant

Bradfield Bros. & Co.

Hardware ::: Coal ::: Groceries

PRAIRIE LAND CO.

11½ High Street West — **Moose Jaw, Sask.**

IT will surprise you to know what a small amount cash it takes to handle a pair of Lots bought from us, as in many cases we are the owners and can make terms to suit you.

ROTHESAY PARK
RESIDENTIAL
2 Lots, Block 47, $250 each.
2 Lots, Block 45, $250 each.

WESTMOUNT
INDUSTRIAL
3 Lots, Block 14, $275 each.
3 Lots, Block 12, $300 each.

FOR QUICK SALE ONLY

Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

Ontario—St. Lawrence Canals, Cornwall Canal.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned and endorsed "Tender for Improving Lower Entrance to Lock No. 20," will be received at this office till 16 o'clock on Wednesday, November 12th, 1913.

Plans, specification and form of contract to be entered into can be seen on or after this date at the office of the Chief Engineer of the Department of Railways and Canals, Ottawa, and at the office of the Superintending Engineer of the Ontario-St. Lawrence, Cornwall, at which places Forms for Tender may be obtained.

An accepted bank cheque on a chartered bank of Canada for the sum of $2,000.00 made payable to the order of the Minister of Railways and Canals, must accompany each tender, which sum will be forfeited if the party tendering declines entering into contract for the work, at the rates stated in the offer submitted.

The cheque thus sent in will be returned to the respective contractors whose tenders are not accepted.

The cheque of the successful tenderer will be held as security, or part security, for the due fulfilment of the contract to be entered into.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,

L. K. JONES,
Asst. Deputy Minister and Secretary.

Department of Railways and Canals,
Ottawa, 31st October, 1913.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the Department will not be paid for it.—50153.

Tenders For Supplies, 1914

THE UNDERSIGNED will receive tenders up to noon on Monday, 10th November, 1913, for supplies of butchers' meat, flour, oatmeal, potatoes, etc., for the following institutions for the year 1914, viz.:—

At the Hospitals for the Insane in Brockville, Cobourg, Hamilton, Kingston, London, Mimico, Orillia, Penetanguishene, Toronto; the Central Prison and Mercer Reformatory, Toronto, and the Hospital for Epileptics at Woodstock.

Exceptions—Tenders are not required for the supply of meat to the Hospitals in Brockville, Hamilton, Kingston, London, Mimico and Toronto, nor for the Central Prison or Mercer Reformatory, Toronto.

A marked cheque for five per cent. of the estimated amount of the contract, payable to the order of the Honourable the Provincial Secretary, must be furnished by each tenderer as a guarantee of his bona fides, and two sufficient sureties, or the bond of a guarantee company authorized to do business in the Dominion of Canada, will be required for the due fulfilment of each contract. Specifications and forms and conditions of tenders may be obtained from the Inspector of Prisons and Public Charities, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, or from the Bursars of the respective institutions. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Newspapers inserting this advertisement without authority from the department will not be paid for it.

W. J. HANNA, Provincial Secretary,
Parliament Buildings, Toronto.
October 15th, 1913.

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESULTS.

Farm For Sale

BEING lot 8 in the 3rd concession of Matilda, 100 acres more or less: 80 rods wide, all under cultivation and well drained. Fall's work all done. Well fenced with wire. A good dwelling house, galvanized house from top to bottom, and large woodshed, also implement building; barn 36 x 48 with stoop to it and cow-stable for 24 cows, horse barn and hen-house, pig pen; two orchards, a young orchard 8 years old, two wells and a spring. This place lies in Rowena; 4 rods from the line fence is a store and also telephone within half-mile, a church, school-house and blacksmith shop; within one concession of cheese factory. Apply to

JOHN M. CASSELMAN,
Larmour Farm,
41-d Morrisburg.

Farm For Sale

The undersigned offers for sale his farm, being composed of the West Half of Lot 21 in the Fourth Concession of Williamsburg, containing 100 acres more or less. About 35 acres under cultivation, good pastures; best hardwood bush in county. Terms reasonable. Apply to

ALEX. McINTOSH,
Temperance House,
38-tf Morrisburg.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

1. East half of Lot No. 15 in the 4th Concession of Williamsburg. The soil is a fine clay loam and on the premises there is a good frame house, good barns and two wells.
2. To close an estate a farm of 114 acres in the 1st Concession of Osnabruck. A bargain and easy terms to a quick purchaser.
3. Wingard house, Church Street, Morrisburg. For particulars apply to

ARTHUR FLYNN,
Barrister, Morrisburg

POULTRY WANTED

THE undersigned is prepared to buy live poultry in any quantities; either delivered at Morrisburg (at Temperance House) or called for. Highest market price paid. Drop a postcard to MAURICE ADOFF,
35tf. Morrisburg, Ont.

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, President. J. C. ALGUIRE, Sec'y-Treas

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

We solicit the business of Manufacturers, Engineers and others who realize the advisability of having their Patent business transacted by Experts. Preliminary advice free. Charges moderate. Our Inventor's Adviser sent upon request. Marion & Marion, Reg'd., New York Life Bldg, Montreal; and Washington, D.C., U.S.A.

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESULTS.

Our Correspondents

AULTSVILLE

Rev. J. H. Richardson, of Cornwall, will preach at the Missionary anniversary in the Methodist Church here next Sunday Nov 9th.

Mr Silcox, of Toronto, representing the Social and Reform spoke on that subject in Immanuel Presbyterian Church last Sunday evening.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist Church will give a concert in Fraternity Hall, Nov. 18th. All taking part in the concert as well as filling the other positions of trust and responsibility are women. Come and see what the women can do. A play in two acts will be given during the evening of a Ladies' Aid business meeting at Mohawk crossroads. Several ladies from out of town will assist with the programme and a pleasant evening is promised to those who attend. Tickets are 25 cts. concert to begin at 8 o'clock sharp.

The remains of the late Hezekiah Hanes of Malone, N.Y., a former resident of this village were brought here for interment on Tuesday by his sons. Interment in the North Cemetery.

C. S. Ault was in Morrisburg on Tuesday.

Messrs Stanley and Arthur Dafoe returned from their annual duck shooting expedition on Wednesday.

Word was received here on Friday by Mrs John McCracken of the death of her brother Mr Milton Empey, of London, Ont

Several of the young friends of Miss Lorene Markell, East Front, were entertained at her home on Tuesday evening it being the occasion of her 13th birthday.

Mrs Walton Baker, of Riverside and Mrs W. F. Baker of this place are spending a few days with friends in Massena this week.

Ross Beckstead, of Grantly, was in town on Wednesday.

Mr McMartin, of Morrisburg, was in town on Saturday.

Messrs Frank and Fred Winters, of Montreal, spent the week-end here.

Miss Ruby Smith entertained the young people at a Hallowe'en party on Friday night. The usual games were indulged in also unusual contests, while black cats and hobgoblins were much in evidence All were loud in their praises of Miss Smith as an entertainer

GALLINGERTOWN.

Ploughing is the order of the day.

Mr and Mrs Fred Gallinger spent the 2nd with friends at Wales.

Mr and Mrs Wilbert Gallinger were in Chesterville on Monday.

Mr and Mrs Frank Rombough, of Newington, were in town on the 2nd.

Miss Beatrice Gallinger spent a few days last week at the home of her grandparents Mr and Mrs A. W. Weagant at Archer.

Mr and Mrs William Colquhoun and daughter Kathleen were guests of A. Neills on Sunday.

Milton Crites and sister Miss Maud Crites, of Osnabruck Centre, visited at Simeon Crites' recently.

Service in St. George's Church on the 9th will be at 2 30 p.m, on the 16th at 10.30 a.m., on the 23rd at 7 p.m

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Eva Summers, of Bush Glen. The funeral was held at the Presbyterian Church at Pleasant Valley conducted by the Rev. A. D. T. Floyde, Anglican rector of St Paul's Church, Aultsville.

A few from here attended the heart social held in the hall at Osnabruck Centre.

BRINSTON

H. R. Wallace motored to Prescott Tuesday.

Sacramental Service was held here in the Methodist Church Sunday afternoon at which a large number communed.

Miss C. Loucks, of Williamsburg, is the guest of Miss Lortie Hamilton this week.

The regular monthly meeting of the W.M.S. was held at the home of Mrs Alex Strader on Thursday afternoon.

The Misses Delenny, of Cardinal spent Sunday at the home of Jas. Murray.

Mr and Mrs Thos. Hamilton spent a couple days in Prescott this week.

Miss Dora Driscoll is visiting friends at Marmona at present.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

ARCHER.

Percy Gallinger who has been spending the summer in the West has returned home.

Mr and Mrs A. W. Weagant spent Sunday and Monday with friends at Wales.

John Gallinger, of Syracuse, N.Y., was renewing old acquaintances here recently. Mr Gallinger was a former resident of Gallingertown but has been living in Uncle Sam's domain for some years.

Frank Cryderman, of Osnabruck Centre, was a business caller here on Tuesday.

Miss Beatrice Gallinger, of Gallingertown, spent a few days this week with her grandparents Mr and Mrs A. W. Weagant.

Mrs Fred Gallinger, of Gallingertown spent Tuesday with Mrs Wm. Southworth.

Milton Crites and sister Miss Maud, of Osnabruck Centre, were recent callers here.

Herbert Gallinger and son Allan were business callers at Osnabruck Centre on Tuesday.

Mr and Mrs Thomas Holland, of Bush Glen, were callers here recently.

A number from here attended the funeral on 30th ult. of the late Eva Summers daughter of George Summers, of Bush Glen. The funeral was held at the Presbyterian Church at Pleasant Valley and the services were conducted by Rev. A. D. T. Floyde, Church of England clergyman, of Aultsville. Interment was also at Pleasant Valley. She leaves to mourn her loss a loving father and mother, three sisters and two brothers; Mrs Frank Rombough, of Newington and Ruby and Pearl and Erwin and Ross all at home. The sympathy of the community is extended to the family in their bereavement.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG.

Frank Colquhoun, of Cedar Grove, was calling in our burg on Thursday last.

FOUND—About two montns ago a green skiff. Any one having lost one, apply to George Watson, R M.D. No 1, Morrisburg.

Some of our youngsters met at the home of Frank Casselman on Friday night last where a very pleasant evening was spent in games and music.

Mrs Sol. Casselman and mother Mrs Charles Casselman, of Morrisburg, were visiting at the home of Cornelius Wells on Monday.

Miss Martha Wells who was visiting friends at Hoasic returned home last week.

Mrs Thomas Garlough and daughter Molly are spending a few weeks with friends at Williamsburg.

Mr and Mrs Frank Stilson spent Friday of last week with friends at Dickinson Landing.

Mr and Mrs Charlie Brown and family, of Hoasic, spent Sunday at Alfred Wells'.

Harry Wells and sister Ethel spent Sunday with friends in Farran's Point.

Mr and Mrs Samuel Lawrence, of Gooseneck Island, spent Sunday at the latter's parental home.

FROATBURN.

A few from our burn took in the sale at Alex Whitteker's, Williamsburg on Friday.

Darwin Lawrence, of Massena, N.Y., passed through here on Friday enroute to Elma.

Rev. G. S. Anderson, of Morrisburg, spent a couple of days with friends in our burn.

Mrs Morley Wells, of Hoasic, passed through here on Friday enroute to Morrisburg.

Miss Grace Swerdfeger and brother Ralph spent Saturday the guests of Miss Lottie and Murray Styles.

A. Gallinger, of Archer, passed through here on Wednesday.

Mr and Mrs Arthur Beckstead, of Seldom Seen, spent Thursday at Marcus Reddick's.

John Moffat, of Hoasic, passed through here on Wednesday.

Mr and Mrs Mason Beckstead and son Acil spent Friday with friends at Williamsburg.

W. H. Fetterly, of Morrisburg, was in our burn on Tuesday in his auto.

Mrs John Styles and Miss Lottie Styles called at Hoasic on Friday.

H. Beckstead was a business caller in our burn on Monday.

Some change has taken place in the list of Local Option campaigns now under way. Some of the municipalities failed to present in time their petitions for submission of bylaws. The number of bylaws to be voted upon as far as now reported is forty four. The liquor party have already secured the submission of repeal bylaws in ten Local Option municipalities. There are seven Canada Temperance Act campaigns under way. This makes a total of sixty-one contests that will be fought out at the polls in the near future.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Morrisburg Poultry Company



Buyers of Live and Dressed Poultry

We pay the highest market price at all times. Prices are as follows: 11c for Chickens, 10c for Ducks, 9c for Fowls, delivered at the Poultry Fattening Plant, Morrisburg.

Members of the Dundas Co-operative Egg & Poultry Association can secure their winter supply of Poultry Grit, Oyster Shell, Beef Scraps, Bone Meal, etc., through their local Secretary or by applying to the General Secretary.

R. H. ASHTON, Morrisburg, Ont.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

Lime — Plaster

Cement — Hair

Drain Tile

4 in. 6 in. 12 in.

Cement Chimney Caps

Nails all Sizes and Kinds

Tarred and Dry Felt

Roofing

Builders Supplies a Specialty

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.
Plate Glass Front Hardware Store
MORRISBURG, - - - ONTARIO.

Butter Wrappers, printed and pla in any quantity, at The Leader. Prices right and work guarante

Household

Selected Recipes.

Potato Dumplings. — Two cups hot mashed potatoes, butter size of an egg, two eggs, four tablespoons of chicken or other stock, three tablespoons of sweet milk; add a pinch of salt; beat well and add enough flour to stiffen.

Quick Dutch Cake.—One cup sugar, one tablespoon butter, one cup sweet milk, two cups flour, and three teaspoons baking powder. Dot with butter and sprinkle with cinnamon and sugar.

Steamed Brown Bread.—One cup sweet milk, one cup sour bread, one teaspoon soda, one and one-half cups corn meal, one-half cup molasses, one-half cup flour, pinch of salt, one-half cup raisins if desired. Steam three hours. This is delicious either hot or cold.

Potatoes Au Gratin.—Dice cold boiled potatoes, and, to a layer of potatoes, add a layer of cheese and chopped green peppers. Fill dish and have potatoes on top. Make a dressing of a piece of butter and tablspoon of flour, thin with milk, season with salt and pepper, pour over potatoes, and add some paprika. Bake about half an hour.

Mayonnaise Dressing.—Two raw eggs beaten slightly, one teaspoon dry mustard, one teaspoon flour, one-half teaspoon salt, four tablespoons sugar, one-half cup vinegar, one and one-half cups olive oil, one cup cream. Mix well; cook in a double boiler until well thickened and when cool stir up with whipped cream to the desired consistency. This is delicious on all fruit salads.

Potatoes au Gratin.—Pare and slice potatoes rather thin and put in layers into a buttered dish, sprinkling each layer with salt and pepper. Dot butter around over it before pouring a cup of hot water over it. Cover closely and bake for half an hour. Then pour in a cup of hot milk, sprinkle the top thickly with fine bread crumbs, and grated cheese. Put another scant sprinkling of butter, salt, and pepper in this. Return it to the oven (uncovered) long enough to toast brown the bread crumbs.

Pot Roast.—Buy a 10 cent soup bone, cut from between the joints of the lower part of a leg of beef; brown it nicely on all sides in lard, meat fryings, or bacon; cut up finely. Now have an onion and a small carrot cut fine and, with two cups of boiling water, add to the meat; salt and pepper to taste; cook over a slow fire two and one-half hours, adding a little hot water occasionally. Potatoes boiled with this for thirty minutes are fine. Remove the meat to a dish and add a tablespoon of moistened flour to the liquid in the kettle, also a teaspoon of catsup; boil several minutes, and pour over the roast. With another vegetable, you can serve an excellent cheap meal.

Apple Jam.—There is nothing better for children than apple jam. Here is a recipe. The quantities could be increased, of course, according to the number of pots you wish to make, but carefully follow the proportions. Peel thinly and core 4lb. of good, hard apples. Boil with 3lb. of sugar, a gill of best vinegar, and a little water—an eggcupful is sufficient. Place in the jam, when boiling, about a dozen cloves in a muslin bag; also the peelings of the fruit in another bag. Remove these bags when the jam is done—an hour. This adds a most delicious flavor to the jam. Half-sweet cooking apples are best, and only one sort should be used.

Cocoa Bread.—One cake yeast, two cups scalded milk, one tablespoon sugar, one-half teaspoon salt, five and one-half cups sifted flour, two eggs, one-quarter cup butter, one-half cup cocoa, one-half cup sugar. Dissolve yeast and one tablespoon sugar in lukewarm milk, add three cups flour and beat until smooth; cover and set in a warm place to rise for three hours. Cream butter and sugar and add to yeast, with the beaten eggs, cocoa, remainder of flour and salt. Knead lightly, place in a greased bowl and allow to rise for two hours. Mold into loaves and place in greased pans; fill them half full, cover, and allow to rise one hour. Bake in a moderate oven fifty minutes. Nuts or raisins may be added if desired.

Household Hints.

Thick blotting paper under doilies will prevent hot dishes from marking the table.

An excellent household remedy for burns is olive oil or vaseline. The great thing is to exclude the air from the burned surface, and this the oil will do.

When a slice or two of bread is left from a meal, do not put into the bread box to be forgotten, but cover over in a dish and use for toast at the next meal.

There is no more efficacious way of removing finger-marks from woodwork, window panes, or porcelain, than by wiping them with a cloth moistened with kerosene.

Don't throw away the unsealed envelopes that bring circulars to the house. Cut off the gummed strips and save them. They will serve a dozen household uses.

For washing windows, which should be done when the sun is not shining on them, use warm water with a tablespoonful of kerosene added to each pail of water.

A sponge in a porcelain umbrella stand will keep the umbrellas from striking the bottom of the jar, which is often broken in this way, and will also absorb the rainwater from a wet umbrella.

When making a mayonnaise in which only the yolks of eggs are used, the economical housekeeper will use the whites in a dessert, such as apple snow for frosting or for a meringue on a pie.

Using a warm iron when cutting out cloth will do away with pins and weights on tissue paper patterns. Lay the pattern on the material, and press it lightly with a warm iron. It will adhere to the cloth.

When books become badly soiled, if not gilt edged, close the book tightly, then erase the marks with an ink eraser. This will cut off all rough edges, all soiled marks and leave the book very clean.

To remove an ink stain from a colored waist put the stained part into sweet milk and let it remain until the milk sours. Hang the waist up and let it dry. Then brush off the dried milk and rinse with cold water.

A floor covering of good linoleum should hold its own for at least five years. It needs no soap, ammonia or any strong cleansing agent. A simple wiping with a cloth, just moist with warm water, is all that is needed.

Salmon, well minced and mixed with a yolk of egg and sufficient lemon, pepper and salt to season well, makes a delicate filling for sandwiches. It is equally good with white or brown bread.

When the skin burns and is harsh to the touch, it does not need water. It should be cleansed with cold cream and wiped with a soft cloth, then sponged with a mild solution of benzoin and alcohol.

Try serving macaroni with a simple cream sauce, as one would asparagus or cauliflower. It is delicious.

A weak solution of oxalic acid used for stained fingers, is good. For minor stains, lemon juice is helpful.

A teasponful of vinegar added to the water in which black stockings are rinsed will keep them a good color.

When the suede belt or purse becomes greasy looking, try rubbing it with a fine emery paper. It will look like new.

For a much-used ironing board, make two slips of heavy unbleached cottin cloth and use it alternately to keep the board fresh and clean.

A delicious salad is made of bananas cut in slices, dipped in mayonnaise, rolled in minced nuts, and served on white lettuce heart leaves.

An excellent cleaner for painted surfaces is made as follows: Two quarts of hot water, two tablespoonfuls of turpentine, a pint of skimmed milk, and enough soap to make a weak suds.

Mashed potatoes, left over, should be packed in a cup or bowl until needed for frying. Another way to use it is to put into a double boiler with some warm milk. It will be quite tasty.

Lamp burners should be washed frequently to remove dust and carbon that choke the perforations. Occasionally they should be boiled in a washing soda solution.

ORIGINAL FRESH AIR FIENDS.

The Yahgans, Who Live at the Straits of Magellan.

Captain James Leslie, of the British steamer Earl of Elgin, who is doubtless as honest a skipper as ever walked the bridge, says that clothing is not a necessity, and proves his assertion by reference to the Yahgans, who live at the Straits of Magellan.

Captain Leslie's story, shorn of its appropriate embellishment of the language of "the wine-dark deep," is as follows:—

"The ship was in the midst of icebergs when two natives, father and son, paddled out in a canoe. The father wore a simple belt and the son was attired in the remains of a coat.

"Feeling certain the lad was freezing, the captain had him wrapped in a blanket and sent to the galley to get warm. The boy speedily became weak and fainted. The father, seeing his son's plight, rushed forward, seized him and threw him into the icy waters.

"The boy immediately revived and climbed into the canoe, where he laughed merrily as he caught ship's biscuits tossed by members of the crew."

The Yahgans seem to require none of the typical fresh air and cold water fiend's precautions, but can ride out a gale in an open boat after a plunge into an antarctic sea.

But, as the skipper of the Earl of Elgin adds, that the Yahgans are a fast diminishing race, and only two hundred survive, there will be those who will be of the opinion that if they had worn overcoats and rubber shoes, and tubbed in warm water, perhaps they would have been a conquering race instead of a vanishing one.

HERE IS LATEST FASHION IN FALL FOOTWEAR.



Lace Spats for Women—A New Idea in London.

The above photograph, reproduced from the London Sketch, shows a novelty that has been introduced in the ladies' shops of the world's metropolis.

OUR LONDON LETTER

Archduke to Visit England.

The Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Austria has, it is said, accepted an invitation from King George to visit England shortly for some grouse shooting, though the report has not yet been officially confirmed. The Archduke, who is the son of Charles Louis, the Emperor Francis Joseph's brother and heir-presumptive to the throne, last visited England in 1904 as the guest of King Edward.

He married in 1900 the Countess Sophie Cholek, who received the title of Princess of Hohenberg, but as she is not of royal birth it was necessary for the Archduke to renounce at the time of his marriage the rights of his future children to succeed to the throne. On the death of Francis V. the Archduke inherited the great wealth of the family of Este.

The Austrian Emperor himself has never visited England.

Sir Alfred East's Works.

Sir Alfred East, R.A., whose death recently was announced by cable, was in the forefront of modern English landscape painters, and as a representative of that school his works have a place in more than a dozen national and public galleries in the famous art centres of the world.

All his interests were in his art. His chief recreation, he used to say, was his work. He was a native of Kettering, Northamptonshire, where he was born sixty-three years ago. He could draw almost before he could talk and actually used to teach drawing to his school fellows while he attended a local school.

To his natural gifts he added an extreme earnestness of purpose and more than once he took a picture which would have satisfied most critics off the canvas by means of soft soap simply because it did not come up to his own high ideals.

His first Academy picture was hung in 1883, but it was not until 1899 that the Royal Academy made him an associate. He was knighted in 1910 and held many distinctions from foreign countries. His French and Cotswold decorative landscapes and his etchings are best known.

Post-office Report.

The British Postmaster General's annual report issued recently gives stupendous figures of the nation's postal business. The number of letters delivered reached 3,298,000,000, an increase of 300,000. Postal Cards show a decrease, indicating the wane of the pictoral craze. The number of postal packets undelivered, owing to absence or insufficiency of addresses, is estimated at over 33,000,000. More than 88,000,000 telegrams were sent.

Peers Sell Estates.

The great landlords continue to show every symptom of being extremely willing to get rid of their estates because of the alleged burdens of taxation under Chancellor Lloyd George's famous budget. Among others sold last week was the Earl of Portsmouth's seat at Eggesford, in Devonshire, of 3,277 acres. This was sold for $425,000. It is one of the most beautiful properties in the south of England and includes the Elizabethan Eggesford House, in the village of Eggesford, salmon and trout fishing and some of the best farms in the county.

Another estate sold last week was Letton Hall, near Dereham, one of Lord Cransworth's properties, which includes three fine farms.

If Cromwell Lived To-day.

A man who claims to be the last of the Cromwells is fighting for an old age pension at Leicester. His name is George Hallett Ironsides, and he is 72 years old. He bears the scars of wounds received while fighting for his country. In the Boer war he served with the Canadian Bushmen, and he went through the Sudan campaign.

Interviewed by a correspondent, Ironsides attributed his penury to the revolutionary spirit inbred in the Cromwells. It had been the bane of his life.

"If Oliver lived to-day," he said, "he would bundle whole governments out of office. He wouldn't be a Socialist, nor a Liberal, nor a Conservative; he would be a revolutionist and fight for humanity. If I hadn't been a revolutionist I should not be in need of a pension."

"Punch" Gets a New Cover.

Commencing with the issue dated October 1 for the first time for a period of nearly seventy years a change was made in the cover of Punch. The well known design is still retained, but has been greatly improved by the addition of color.

Punch has had seven different covers since its birth. The first number was issued on July 17, 1841, in a cover design by A. S. Henning. The founders of the paper were greatly elated when the whole edition of 5,000 copies was sold out on publication and their satisfaction was increased when a reprint order for an additional 5,000 was sold out on the following day. A sale of 10,000 copies of the first number of a threepenny humorous periodical was no mean achievement in those days.

Channel Tunnel Again.

Strong indorsement of the Channel tunnel scheme was heard at a meeting of the United Wards Club of London before a large attendance in the pillar hall of the Cannon Street Hotel. Mr. H. S. A. Foy, treasurer of the "Entente Cordiale" and formerly president of the club, emphasized the advantages of the tunnel, and the debate that followed showed that his ideas had made a profound impression.

After summarizing previous efforts to promote the tunnel project, extending as far back as 1802, when a French engineer named Mathieu brought it to the attention of Napoleon, Mr. Foy showed the fallacy of the old objections to the tunnel based on military grounds. Then he emphasized the commercial and social advantages to both France and Great Britain.

The total expense would be less than $90,000,000, he said, and the time of construction between six and seven years. The commerce of England and France and of the entire world, he thought, would be greatly benefited and a tremendous increase in imports and exports would be facilitated.

Would Limit Parenthood.

Sir James Barr, addressing the Sheffield University Sociological Society recently on eugenics, said that if they only stopped the reproduction of the unfit the fit would then be able to look after themselves and the selective evolution of the race would go on rapidly.

It was not now, he said, a question of the survival of the fittest. The industrious, independent, hard working man, who was taxed to support the loafer, wastrel, pauper, criminal, and the progeny of the degenerate, did not live to eke out an existence with an old age pension. It was the miserable degenerate who, assisted by charity from the cradle to the grave often survived the longest. The degenerates not only survived but were more prolific than the intellectuals.

They had recently placed on the statute book a feeble minded act for the feeble minded which seemed to be about the highest flight in the eugenic movement which the House of Commons was capable of taking. It would deal with the idiot, the imbecile and the lowest type of the feeble minded, all of whom were too degenerate to be prolific, but it would leave untouched the higher types of the feeble minded whose animal passions were strongly developed.

It was entirely a question for society to determine what were to be the limitations of parenthood. It was not advisable to compel a person to become a parent, but it was assuredly advisable to determine who was not to become a parent. Those who produced the physically and mentally unfit committed a crime against society. The public, Sir James Barr urged, must be educated and enlightened.

The paper was somewhat severely criticized by the speakers who followed.

London, Oct. 20, 1913.

TO GROW WHEAT IN FACTORY.

Welch Chemist Plans to Use Electricity and Nitrates.

A Welsh chemist named Williams is maturing an idea of growing wheat in factories, thereby reducing the cost of a loaf of bread to one-quarter the present price. It is claimed that the plan, if workable, will revolutionize the markets. Williams asserts that he has discovered a method of specially treating the soil he will use by electricity and a secret solution which will force growth.

The London Daily News says that Williams proposes a factory of several floors covered with sand and gravel, impregnated with a nitrate solution. Wires and tubes will supply radiated electricity affording heat and light, and it is expected to harvest six crops a year at a cost of a shilling a bushel.

Keys of Naples Are in Pawn.

Naples, Italy, is trying to get the great golden keys of the city out of pawn. [illegible]ng obtained a verdict for $1,250 damages against the municipality, a local banker, it seems, dropped into the Mayor's office during that official's absence one morning and quietly annexed the ancient symbols, together with some paintings and busts, which he promptly transferred to his "uncle," who now holds out for his own interest before he parts with them.

"There is no occasion for you to envy me," said the prosperous person. "I have as many troubles as you." "I s'pose ye have mister," admitted Dismal Dawson, "but the difficulty with me is that I ain't got anything else."

NEWS OF THE MIDDLE WEST

BETWEEN ONTARIO AND BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Items From Provinces Where Many Ontario Boys and Girls Are "Making Good."

In 1902 Saskatoon had two school teachers. To-day she has 74.

Winnipeg may establish a city farm out near the old Stony Mountain quarry.

A new C.P.R. $300,000 bridge across the Saskatchewan has just been completed.

During the last six weeks an average of ten typhoid patients a day were admitted to Port Arthur hospitals.

The Civic Relief Department of Edmonton found work for 956 people last month, 225 of whom were women.

A truckload of merchandise caught fire on a Winnipeg street and caused much excitement, tying up traffic for 10 minutes.

Commencing next year, all the rural municipalities in the province of Saskatchewan will base their assessments on a valuation basis.

Assiniboia, 60 miles from Regina, has grown from nothing to 1,000 population in a year and now wants to be incorporated as a town.

Saying that horse stealing was altogether too common in Manitoba, Magistrate Macdonald sent one named George Watters to the pen for two years.

On the C. S. Noble farm, near Lethbridge, Alberta, over 300,000 bushels of grain were harvested, being probably the largest individual crop in Canada.

An eastern man who had worked through the western harvest, arrived in Brandon with $105. In three days he spent it all on booze and bad company.

Recent gold finds near Rice Lake, Manitoba, lead mining men to believe that the Prairie Province will have a gold mine the second richest in all Canada.

In Saskatchewan thousands of acres of land abandoned by the Doukhobors may be put up at public auction, the Doukhobors having gone to British Columbia.

Winnipeg's new civic employment bureau has proved very successful, and the number of applications being dealt with far exceeds the expectations of the most sanguine promoters.

A Winnipeg teamster said that it did not hurt a horse to hit it over the head with a piece of scantling, and called a vet. to prove it, but Magistrate Macdonald fined him $5 and costs.

In a fire which destroyed the stable of D. Robinson, Winnipeg, eight horses were killed. The screams of the horses could be heard above the noise of the engines and the roar of the flames.

A Winnipeg magistrate refused to accept the evidence of a 3-year-old child unless it was corroborated, and a man whom the child said she saw taking money from her mother's purse was acquitted.

Assessor Kennedy, of Moose Jaw, criticized some of the findings of the judge who made awards in the assessment court of appeals, and the City Council dispensed with the assessor's services.

Sydney Cook, of Winnipeg, was awarded $3,548 damages against a taxi-cab company, one of whose chauffers had knocked him down and then drove off without waiting to see whether he was injured or not.

Settlers from three of the middle western United States are flocking to Alberta in great numbers this fall. They hail from Kansas, Oklahoma, and Nebraska, which suffered greatly from drought last summer.

A Winnipeg constable fired at a man who was stealing a milk bottle from the front of a house. He missed the man but hit a Pole named John Zaconek in the head, and the council has just settled with the latter for $1,000.

Demonstration Farms.

The demonstration farms are doing a good work in the West. The C.P.R. had difficulty in getting supplies at various points west, and bethought itself of starting these demonstration farms to show what could be done, and profitably done, in the way of producing milk, cream, vegetables, eggs, etc. The farmers were surprised to see the difference betwen scientific farming and the old-fashioned, lazy and ignorant way.

The supplies from the demonstration farms were simply doubled. The farmers have not been slow to perceive the advantages of copying the methods disclosed by the company, and to-day the latter can get increased quantities of supplies as a consequence of the lesson learned. The milk and cream, after being pasteurized, are put in sealed bottles, with the date of milking shown thereon, and the bottle is only opened in the presence of the passenger.

The eggs, too, are stamped with the date, packed in cartons and sealed for the commissary store, to be turned over to the dining cars as needed.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, NOVEMBER 9.

Lesson VI. Abstinence for the Sake of Others, Rom. 14.7-21. Golden Text, Rom. 14.21.

Verse 7. The verses selected as the basis for our temperance lesson to-day are a part only of a longer passage (Rom. 14. 1 to 15. 6) in which the apostle Paul discusses the broader theme of Christian toleration, or the relationship between the strong and the weak in faith. In preceding chapters he has spoken of Christian sacrifice, of the relation of the Christian disciple to others not of the faith; he has discussed such subjects as Christian vengeance, the relation between the church and the state, the one great obligation of every Christian disciple, and the law of love. In this chapter he proceeds to exhort those who have grasped the fuller meaning of the Christian faith that they condemn not their fellow Christians who are still bound by detailed rules relating to food and drink and the observance of certain days. He has urged upon his readers the necessity of each one becoming established in his own mind with regard to essentials and nonessentials of daily conduct. He points out that it is to Christ alone that each will be responsible, and proceeds in the verses of our lesson passage to exhort once more against censoriousness, adding also an exhortation to those strong in faith that they place no obstacles in the way of their weaker fellow-Christians.

None of us liveth to himself—Every life is lived in relation, none in isolation.

8. Unto the Lord—The apostle is thinking of the relationship of every human life to the divine life, rather than to other human lives.

10. But thou—Thou fault-finder. The judgment-seat of God—His immediate presence, in which all things become manifest.

12. So then—This verse belongs properly with verses 1-11, to which longer passage it forms a conclusion. Personal responsibility, the apostle has pointed out, should be a sufficient reason for consistency of action in one's own life and charity towards others.

13. Let us not therefore judge—The apostle includes himself with those to whom more especially the letter is written. We note again the broad and general character of his argument.

This rather—There is a higher principle of action than that of discovering the error in another's life, and that is the exercising of great care that no man put a stumblingblock in his brother's way.

14. Nothing is unclean in itself—The apostle is thinking of the ceremonial law and of the foods and drinks, the meats and wines, offered in the public market place after having been dedicated to heathen idols. These latter many considered as improper articles of food for a Christian because of their previous association with idol worship. Paul, however, insists that to him who is able to rise to the moral standard involved even these things need not in themselves be defiling or wrong.

Save that to him who accounteth anything to be unclean—Only if a man believes that a certain course of action is wrong, and is compelled by the opinion and practice of his fellows to do violence to his own conscience, he commits sin.

15. Destroy not with thy meat him for whom Christ died—A special application of the general principle announced in verse 13, that none should give another occasion for stumbling.

16. Your good—The course of action concerning which you yourself are persuaded that it is right. Consent to adopt another course rather than have others look upon you as one who is doing wrong continually.

17. The kingdom of God—An echo of our Lord's teaching.

19. Things which make for peace—These are the essentials of conduct, and together with those things whereby Christians may edify one another, can be considered only after the occasions for friction and misunderstanding have been removed.

Willie's Fate.

"What is your name, my little man?" "Willie when I'm good, and William when father thrashes me." "How old are you?" "Ask ma." "Where do you live?" "At home." "You look like a bright boy." "Rather! I should think I was, and don't you forget it." "Don't you think that so bright a boy ought to be more mannerly?" "Now, look here, I'm all right, I am, an' I ain't goin' to let no old duffer pump me on private matters. By-bye!" And the precocious child put his hands in his pockets and strolled down the street whistling ragtime. The kind old gentleman happened to be his rich uncle just returning from a long residence abroad, and when Willie got home that night his name was William.

LIFE'S SUNSHINE

Gladdens Those Who Regain New Health and Strength

When the glow of health comes back to sallow cheeks; when languid weakness gives place to vigor; when you notice some pale, exhausted invalid restored to active health—enquire. More than likely you will find the cure to have been yet another of the thousands already wrought by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Headache and neuralgia, St. Vitus dance and twitching of the limbs, indigestion and rheumatism, eczema and disfiguring eruptions, and the ailments of growing girls and women all disappear when the veins are filled with the new, rich blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make. Here is one instance among thousands; Mr. F. Ashford, Haileybury, Ont., says: "Some years ago I completed a lengthy term of service in India, the last three years being spent in the beautiful but treacherous Poshawar Valley. Ague and dengue fever were rife, and although I was fortunate enough to escape a severe attack of either, on my return home it soon became apparent that the enervating climatic conditions had left their ravages on my constitution. In short the reaction had set in, and inexhorable nature was exacting a severe toll from years of strenuous labor. My first warning of the impending breakdown were severe pains in the back of the head and eyes, insomnia, irritability, a general anaemic condition and an indefinable nervousness. Life had lost its zest, work became impossible and companionship intolerable. It really seemed that I was swiftly passing to that stage where nervousness ends and insanity begins, when by chance I read an advertisement of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I confess I was skeptical of them doing what doctors had failed to do, but concluded that the cost was small, and perhaps, the chance in their favor, and so decided to try them. To my joy there was soon an improvement, and a continuance of the treatment effected a complete cure. I was now as fit and healthy as any man and am grateful that the lucky perusal of an advertisement brought to my notice the wonderful curative properties of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HOW TO BE REALLY HAPPY.

Arnold Bennet Thinks All That Is Needed Is To Try.

Is Arnold Bennett a happy man? The question may seem superfluous and even impertinent, but it is prompted by a little book called "The Plain Man and His Wife" which he has just published. He points out that the plain man tends to make his life all means and no end; to become too busy to examine the treasures of his soul; to grind away doggedly without experiencing the joys of consciousness.

We do not clap our friends often enough on the back, or if we do it becomes just a habit which annoys them and gives us no satisfaction; there are those among us who spring out of our beds shouting Hurrah! but after a time this becomes as much a part of the routine as shaving.

Mr. Bennet asks whether there is not a remedy, and though his own principles would not permit him to go so far, he tells us that his plain man will presently become explosive and even relinquish his fortitudes in favor of a little fun. Of course there is not a simple remedy, but we are invited to acquire some kind of self-knowledge and to determine which things really interest and which bore us. It may be objected that one cannot be happy by trying, but it is Mr. Bennett's point that you can, and he has a way of being right.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine a mother can give her little ones. They are absolutely safe, being guaranteed by a government analyst to contain neither opiates, narcotics or other harmful drugs. They are good for all children from the newborn babe to the growing child. They cure constipation, indigestion, expel worms, break up colds and make teething easy. In fact they are a cure for all the minor ills of little ones and a box should always be kept in the house as a safeguard against sudden attacks of stomach or bowel troubles. Mrs. J. P. Richard, St. Norbert, N.B., says: "I have found Baby's Own Tablets all that is claimed for them. My baby suffered from his stomach and bowels and the Tablets certainly did him good." They are sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

MALAY TIGERS.

An Exciting Time in a Singapore Hotel.

As late as 1869, an authority on sport in the Malay Archipelago wrote that in Singapore there were always a few tigers roaming about, and that, on an average, they killed a Chinaman every day—generally one of the men who worked in the gambier plantations, which are made in newly cleared jungle. Although there is no danger to-day that tigers will spring upon unwary travelers about Singapore, write Messrs. Arnold Wright and T. H. Reid in "The Malay Peninsula," there is a certain excitement about living in a place where the following incident occurred, and where its repetition is not impossible.

It is now several years since a tiger was shot within the precincts of the town. The honor of this particular kill belong to Mr. C. M. Phillips, the head master of Raffles Institution. The tiger had not swum the straits from Johore, but had escaped from a cage in which it was awaiting shipment from Singapore. It caused consternation by walking into the compound of Raffles Hotel, and seeking refuge under the billiard-room in a detached building.

The billiard-players at once made a hurried exit. Mr. Phillips having been summoned, took post a few yards from the uninvited guest, whose eyes he could see shining in the darkness of its hiding-place, and was lucky to kill it.

The peninsula in its wilder parts, indeed, is a veritable paradise for big game. In its vast, wide-spreading forests range many noble species that are worthy of the skill of the keenest of hunters. The annual report of the railway department for 1906 contained a photographic reproduction of a scene that quite amusingly illustrated the perils that await the railway pioneer when he intrudes into the domain of wild nature. The picture reveals a wrecked railway-train, a locomotive completely off the rails, its tender reduced to scrap-iron, and its wheels off to one side, buried deeply in the dirt. The cause of all this mischief is shown in another picture. It was a wild elephant, a tusker of imposing size.

Illuminated Fish.

A new species having the appearance of an electrically lighted ferry boat, has been secured in the Australian Bight at the great depth of 2,100 feet. This curious fish, which has fifty-three brilliant light organs on either side of its body, which itself shines like a mirror, has been named the tudor. It was hauled to the surface by a trawler and will be placed on exhibition at the Australian Museum at Sydney, N.S., Wales. More than a hundred other entirely new varieties were obtained, all the specimens inhabiting these submarine depths being more or less luminous. Several fish of a jet black color, with a skin like velvet studded all over with scintillating encrustations of bluish light were also obtained, some being shaped like a pair of bellows.

Cramps at Night Require Prompt Remedy

Agonizing Pain Prevented by Keeping Nerviline Handy On the Shelf.

A Case in Point Illustrated.

Deadly cramps—the symptoms are not to be mistaken. Suddenly and without warning the patient experiences such agony in the stomach as to contort the countenance and cause him to cry aloud for help.

Then it is that the wonderful power of Nerviline can make itself felt—it cures so quickly.

"Last summer I was stricken with a frightful attack of cramps. I feared the pain in my stomach would kill me.

"My eyes bulged out and the veins in my forehead stood out like whipcords.

"My cries attracted a neighbor, who came to my assistance, and in a moment or two handed me half a teaspoonful of Nerviline in some sweetened water.

"It seemed as if an angel had charmed away the pain. In ten seconds I was well. Nerviline has a wonderful name in this locality, and is considered best for cramps, diarrhoea, flatulence, stomach and bowel disorders. I urge all my friends to use Nerviline.

"MANLEY M. LEGARDE,
"Williamsburg."

No home is safe or can afford to miss the manifold advantages of having Nerviline on hand in case of accident or emergent sickness. Large family size bottles of Nerviline, 50c.; trial size, 25c., all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y., and Kingston, Canada.

Both Waiting For It.

"At last," he sighed, "we're alone. I've been hoping for this chance.

"So have I," she said, very frankly.

"Ah! you have guessed, then, that I wanted to tell you that I love you?"

"Yes; and I want to say 'No,' and get it over with."

Pat Won It.

"Look here, Pat," said an old gentleman to his Irish servant, "to-morrow evening if you bring my tea without spilling a drop in the saucer I will give you a shilling to yourself." "Right, sir," said Pat, and the following evening he won the shilling by bringing the cup in one hand and the saucer in the other.

Nearly every man is true to his first love—himself.

It is better for a girl to be given in marriage than it is for a man to be sold.

WATERY BLISTERS INTENSELY ITCHY

Between Fingers. Spread to Tips. Would Swell Up, Itch and Burn. Did Not Dare Put Hands In Water. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment Cured.

Carman, Manitoba.—"A breaking out between my fingers was the first trouble. It was very itchy and spread to my finger tips affecting the nails. It first appeared in watery blisters and they were so intensely itchy I scratched them and let the water out making sores. They would swell up, itch and burn and finally the nails would loosen and come off. I spent many sleepless nights. I did not dare to put my hands in water except to wash them.



"I kept using ointments, ——, —— Ointment, but was not cured. Sometimes the remedies would help a little but I was not free from it altogether. I was that way for nine years trying everything. I heard of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for them and before I had used them half a dozen times I noticed an improvement. By washing with the Cuticura Soap and applying the Cuticura Ointment frequently I was cured in three months." (Signed) Miss Florence E. Sanderson, May 20, 1913.

For more than a generation Cuticura Soap and Ointment have afforded the most economical treatment for affections of the skin and scalp that torture, itch, burn, scale and destroy sleep. A single set is often sufficient. Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere. For a liberal free sample of each, with 32-p. book, send post-card to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A.

"TRACTS" TOWARDS DOOR.

Book agents have become such a nuisance that most business men give orders that they are not to be admitted to their private offices. One persistent man, however, by one pretext or another, gained interviews with the various influential citizens. He reached the head office of the Bank of Toronto, and when the clerk was engaged, he walked into the office of the president, Mr. Duncan Coulson. Mr.



Mr. Duncan Coulson.

Coulson was earnestly engaged in conversation with a business friend, but stopped and asked the man his business. He was agent for a series of religious books, and when Mr. Coulson told him his library was already well filled, the agent persisted in exploiting the merits of his wares and, thinking he might at some future time make a sale, asked if he might leave some tracts. "Yes," replied Mr. Coulson, "with the toes towards the door."

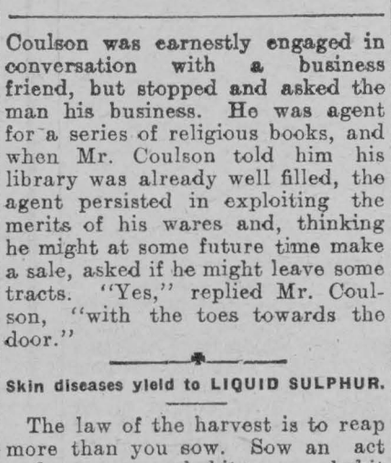
Skin diseases yield to LIQUID SULPHUR.

The law of the harvest is to reap more than you sow. Sow an act and you reap a habit; sow a habit and you reap a character; sow a character and you reap a destiny.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

What He Thought.

An Irish M.P. was telling a story of a man who complained to three friends, an Englishman, a Scotchman, and an Irishman, that his servant was constantly breaking china. "What do you think I ought to do with her?" he asked. The Englishman said, "Dismiss her." But as she was otherwise an excellent servant her master was unwilling to do that. "Then take it out of her wages," suggested the thrifty Scot. "That wouldn't do much good," was the reply, "for her wages are less than the amount of damage she does." "Then raise her wages," said the Irishman promptly.



Weary Tiredness Changed to Vigor

That Played-Out Feeling Was Quickly Remedied and Health Restored.

Story of a Merchant Who Almost Lost His Business and His Health Through Neglecting Early Symptoms of Disease.

"My life for years has been of sedentary character," writes T. B. Titchfield, head of a well known firm in Buckingham. "Nine hours every day I spent at office work and took exercise only on Sunday. I disregarded the symptoms of ill-health, which were all too apparent to my family. I grew thin, then pale, and before long I was jaundiced—eyes and skin were yellow, my strength and nerve energy were lowered, and I was quite unfitted for business. In the morning a lightness in the head, particularly when I bent over, made me very worried about my health. Most of the laxative medicines I found weakening, and knowing that I had to be at business every day I neglected myself rather than risk further weakness. Of course I grew worse, but by a happy chance I began to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. I was forcibly struck by the fact that they neither caused griping nor nausea, and it seemed incredible that pills could tone, cleanse and regulate the system without causing any unpleasant after effects. Dr. Hamilton's Pills acted with me just as gentle as nature—they gave new life to my liver, strengthened my stomach, and won me back to perfect good health. My skin is clear, dizziness has disappeared, and my appetite, strength, spirits are perfect."

Refuse anything offered you instead of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which are sure to cure. Sold in 25c. boxes, five for $1.00, at all druggists and storekeepers, or postpaid from the Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y., and Kingston, Canada.

Politeness.

Tommy's Aunt—Won't you have another piece of cake, Tommy?

Tommy (on a visit)—No, I thank you.

Tommy's Aunt—You seem to be suffering from loss of appetite.

Tommy—That ain't loss of appetite. What I'm suffering from is politeness.

We believe MINARD'S LINIMENT is the best:
Mathias Foley, Oil City, Ont.
Joseph Snow, Norway, Me.
Charles Whooten, Mulgrave, N.S.
Rev. B. O. Armstrong, Mulgrave, N.S.
Pierre Landers, senr., Pokemouche, N.B.
Thomas Wasson, Sheffield, N.B.

Bibber's Beak.

"Many judge from Bibber's red nose that he's a heavy drinker, but he's not. His nose is like a gas meter."

"How so?"

"It registers more than is consumed."

Try Murine Eye Remedy

If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids. Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 50c. Eye Books Free by Mail.
An Eye Tonic Good for All Eyes that Need Care
Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

"We're not going to have much of a wedding. Jack and I want to have everything as simple as possible." "Well, you will have it all right. You'll have each other, won't you?"

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

SUICIDES AND DIABETES.

The Chief Causes of Death, Says Dr. Jacques Bertillon.

Dr. Jacques Bertillon, the well-known statistician for the Department of the Seine, Paris, has prepared tables relative to the rate of mortality and causes of death in different occupations.

The principal causes of death noted are intemperance, disease of the chest, heart, liver and nerves, diabetes, suicide and accidents.

The most healthy occupations are naturally those followed in the open air, but there must be movement, otherwise the constant exposure is bad for health. Thus gamekeepers and park and forest keepers live long, while drivers, who are exposed to the air without movement, are not long lived.

M. Bertillon claims that engine drivers, men employed in wood cutting and in malting, school teachers, lawyers and clergymen live the longest. The mortality amongst doctors, employees of the post office, commercial travellers, grocers, fruiterers, hatters and some other trades, such as watchmaking and tanning, is low. Domestic servants and coachmen employed in private families also represent a low death rate.

The mortality surpasses the average among functionaries, tramway and gas workers, itinerant fish and poultry sellers, drapers, saddlers, bakers, millers, butchers, boatmen, carters, sailors, cycle dealers, &c.

Finally, day laborers are bad lives, so are doctors, miners, stone cutters, shop assistants, drivers, grooms and jockeys, newspaper venders and pavement merchants, printers, blacksmiths, messengers, chimney sweeps, barbers and musicians.

Suicide and diabetes are two principal causes of death. Generally, it is only persons of a certain social position who are affected by this malady, such as functionaries, teachers, doctors, lawyers, wine merchants, farmers and the clergy. The clergy are particularly subject.

Suicide has also its high and its low rates of occurrence, though it appears in all professions. It is rare among the clergy and functionaries and just those classes which follow the healthiest occupation. It is more often found among grocers, hardware dealers, drapers, coopers, polishers, tobacconists, lawyers' clerks and architects. But it is frequent amongst "camelots," shop assistants, cutlers, coiffeurs, domestic servants, costers, lawyers, doctors and chemists.

But suicides are by far the most often met with among the drink sellers and persons in their employ, chimney sweepers, butchers, fruiterers and musicians.

Made These People.

"Clothes don't make the man," quoted a sage.

"They made me!" said a retired tailor.

"Where should I be if it wasn't for suits?" chimed in a young lawyer.

His Only Opportunity.

"Does your wife talk in her sleep, major?"

"No, I talk in her sleep. It's the only chance I get."

Lord's Day Alliance Active.

Very busy with the good work, but no more efficient than the old reliable Putnam's Corn Extractor, which cures corns and warts in one day. Fifty years use proves the merit of Putnam's. Use no other, 25c. at all dealers.

The Tactless One.

"I will confess to you," she said, "that I am older than I look. I will be thirty-one my next birthday."

"Really?" he replied. "Hardly anyone would guess that you were more than about twenty-nine."

"That's the last time," she said when he had departed, "that I'll ever try to be nice to a brute."

Blood troubles yield to LIQUID SULPHUR

Fact.

Some men temptation can exile,
You can't get them to flinch;
But most of us preach by the mile,
And practice by the inch.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Worse.

Before I married my wife I could listen to her voice for hours and hours."

"And now?"

"Now I have to."

LIQUID SULPHUR cleanses the blood.

Keeping Up.

Doctor—Remember, Mrs. Malone, I told you that your husband is failing rapidly and we must keep him up as long as we can.

Mrs. Malone—Sure, Oi'm doing it, sor. Oi haven't let him have a wink av slape now for three days.

A Vancouver man awoke from his slumbers and heard a man trying to get in his front door. He turned loose at the man with a shotgun, and a policeman chased the stranger who took to flight. He was caught and spent the night in a cell. In the morning it was found that the supposed house-breaker was a neighbor, who had mistaken the other man's door for his own while in a bibulous condition.

ZAM-BUK

MRS. A. SAICH, of Cannington Manor, Sask., Writes:—"My brother suffered severely from eczema. The sores were very extensive, and burned like coals into his flesh. Zam-Buk took out all the fire, and quickly gave him ease. Within three weeks of commencing with Zam-Buk treatment, every sore had been cured."

This is but one of the many letters we are constantly receiving from people who have proved the healing powers of Zam-Buk. For eczema, piles, sores, burns, cuts and all skin troubles there is nothing like this wonderful balm. No skin disease should be considered incurable until Zam-Buk has been tried.

All Druggists, 50c. per Box.
Refuse Substitutes.

ECZEMA

Clark's



A nourishing, tasty, economical meal.
A time and money saver.
A strength producer.

PorK & Beans

W. Clark, M'f'r, Montreal

1 ELECTRIC DYNAMO
OR GENERATOR
FOR SALE
30 K.W., 110 VOLTS, D.C.,
675 R. P. M.
At a Very Reasonable Figure for Immediate Sale.
S. FRANK WILSON & SONS,
73 Adelaide St. West, TORONTO.

Education.

Father—Well, what did you learn in school to-day?

Johnny—Nothin', but I guess the teacher learned sumpin'.

LIQUID SULPHUR cures ECZEMA.

Paw Knows Everything.

Willie—Paw, is man an animal?

Maw—Yes, my son, most of them are brutes.

Paw—You go to bed, Willie.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

The Difference.

"There is one essential difference between the activities of a fireman and of a policeman.

"What is it?"

"While the fireman runs out, the policeman 'runs in.'"

EDUCATION.

ELLIOTT'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, Toronto. Canada's Popular Commercial School. Magnificent Catalogue free.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED.—PERMANENT MEN OR Women locally. Salary and Commission. Make Five to Ten Dollars day, spare time accepted. Samples free. J. L. Nichols Co., Publishers, Toronto, Canada.

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

FRUIT, STOCK, GRAIN AND DAIRY Farms in all sections of Ontario. Some snaps.

FACTORY SITES, WITH OR WITHOUT Railway trackage, in Toronto, Brampton and other towns and cities.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES IN Brampton and a dozen other towns.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE.

COUNTRY WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR Sale in good Ontario town. Excellent opening for man of energy. Write Wilson Publishing Company, Toronto.

STAMPS AND COINS.

STAMP COLLECTORS—HUNDRED DIFferent Foreign Stamps. Catalogue, Album, only Seven Cents. Marks Stamp Company, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—SILVER PATCHED FOXES, also dark reds. Wish to buy 100 pair of Mink for breeding purposes. Graham Bros., R. R. No. 1, Strathroy, Ont.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

GALL STONES, KIDNEY AND BLADder Stones, Kidney trouble, Gravel, Lumbago and kindred ailments positively cured with the new German remedy, "Sanol," price $1.50. Another new remedy for Diabetes-Mellitus, and sure cure, is "Sanol's Anti-Diabetes." Price $2.00 from druggists or direct. The Sanol Manufacturing Company of Canada, Limited, Winnipeg, Man.

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the
"OTTO HIGEL"
Piano Action

Why we pay more for your
RAW FURS
We are the oldest RAW FUR HOUSE as well as the largest collectors of CANADIAN RAW FURS in Canada. That means larger experience, larger markets and a LARGER PRICE to you.
Ship direct to us. Returns made same day furs are received.
Shipments held separate on request.
Fall price list now ready. Write for it.
HIRAM JOHNSON LIMITED,
494 St. Paul St.
Mail Dept. "C" Montreal.

FOR SALE
Pulleys & Shafting
Suitable for Mills, Manufacturing Plants, Printing Houses, Etc.
2 Wood Split Pulleys, 12½ x 48 in. for 3 15/16 in. shaft.
1 Wood Split Pulley, 12½ x 48 in. for 2 15/16 in. shaft.
1 Wood Split Pulley, 12½ x 28 in. for 3 7/16 in. shaft.
1 Wood Split Pulley, 10½ x 36 in. for 3 7/16 in. shaft.
Pulleys of smaller sizes and Shafting of various lengths and sizes to be sold at very low figures.
Box 23,
Wilson Publishing Co., Toronto.

IN OUR GRAND-PARENTS' TIME

picture taking meant long sittings in uncomfortable, strained attitudes—with success always more or less in doubt.

There was excuse in the old days for not having pictures taken at frequent intervals.

But to-day, clever photographers, in comfortable studios, with fast plates and fast lenses at their command, make the experience a pleasure.

And you owe this satisfaction to yourself and to your friends, especially at the Christmas season, which is fast approaching.

Make the appointment today.

J. M. Whitteker

The Photographer in Your Town.

FRUIT JARS

Try the WALLACEBURG JARS and get the best

Pints	Quarts	½ Gallons
85	95	$1.15

THE PERFECT JAR

Pints	Quarts
90	95

FRUIT

of All Kinds in Stock From the West

MULLIN BROS.

SOLE AGENTS

THE REXALL DRUG STORE

Prescriptions

Carefully Compounded

School Supplies

D. T. HENDERSON

DRUGGIST

COAL

I have received two barge loads of The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Co's Celebrated

Scranton Coal

which will be delivered until further notice at the following prices:

EGG	$6.75
STOVE	6.75
CHESTNUT	7.00

An allowance of 10c per ton on all coal paid for within thirty days after delivery.

The usual allowance made to parties drawing their own coal.

H. McGANNON

DAWN.

O keep the world forever at the dawn,
Ere yet the opals, cobweb-strung, have dried,
Ere yet too bounteous gifts have marred the morn
Or fading stars have died.
O, keep the eastern gold no wider tha
An angel's finger-span,
And hush the increasing thunder of the sea
To murmuring melody
In those fair coves where tempests ne'er should be.

Hold back the line of shoreward-sweeping surge
And veil each deep sea-pool in pearlier mist
Ere yet the silver ripples on the verge
Have turned to amethyst.
Fling back the chariot of encroaching day
And call the winds away
Ere yet they sigh, and let the hastening sun
Along his path in heaven no higher run,
But show through all the years his golden rim
With shadows lingering dim
Forever o'er the world awaiting him.

Hold every bird with still and drowsy wing,
That in the breathless hush no clamorous throat
Shall break the peace that hangs on everything
With shrill, awakening note;
Keep fast the half-seen beauties of the rose
In undisturbed repose,
Check all the iris buds where they unfold
Impatient from their hold,
And close the cowslips' cups of honeyed gold.

Keep all things hushed, so hushed we seem to hear
The sounds of low-swung clouds that sweep the trees;
Let now no harsher music reach the ear,
No earthlier sounds than these,
When whispering shadows move within the grass,
And airy tremors pass
Through all the earth with life awakening thrilled,
And so forever stilled,
Too sweet in promise e'er to be fulfilled.

O keep the world forever at the dawn,
Yet, keeping so, let nothing lifeless seem,
But hushed, as if the miracle of morn
Were trembling in its dream.
Some shadowy moth may pass with downy flight
And fade before the sight,
While in the unlightened darkness of the wall
The chirping crickets call;
From forest pools where fragrant lilies are
A breath shall pass afar,
And o'er the crested pine shall hang one star.
—Marjorie L. S. Pickthall, in "The Drift of Pinions."

A HEALING YARN.

Cape Breton Spring and Its Alleged Curing Power.

Here is one of the most remarkable "healing" yarns that have come across lately. It was told at the Princeton Club in New York by a native of Cape Breton concerning a spring in that country, which, he claims, is a sure cure for rheumatism. The water of this spring, he says, tastes like vichy and has been known by the natives for generations as a sure relief for the pains of rheumatics.

The story that attracted most attention was about a business man of that country, who had heard of the spring but pleaded he had no time to go and drink its waters. But at last the pains were bad enough to start him, so one day with a friend he went across the bay and up the hill. He hobbled up on his crutches and began to drink the water. He continued for several hours guzzling the water till he was full of it but feeling no effect in any way except that his thirst was allayed. Then just before leaving he soaked his underwear in it, hobbled back to the carriage and started home.

Half a mile along the way, the story goes, he began to feel strange sensations chasing themselves over his system as if his muscles were crawling around under his skin and presently the stiffened joints began suppling. He could feel the limbering process going on so distinctly and it was so encouraging that he insisted on getting out of the carriage and trying to walk. Strength was coming to him and before a mile had been covered he gave a shout of joy, tossed his crutches aside and ran ahead of the carriage the balance of the way home. His rheumatism had departed and it never came back.

Nieces of England's Poet Laureate.

There are two relatives of the Poet Laureate living in Canada. These are the Misses Bridges, nieces of the doctor, who have a five-acre ranch in a delightful part of British Columbia, near Mission City. These two ladies came from England some years ago and bought land in B. C., and have led a retired life since that time, raising chickens and gardening. Naturally they are greatly pleased—with the honor recently conferred upon their uncle, Dr. Robert Bridges, by Premier Asquith, in appointing him Poet Laureate.

Canada Fostering Art.

The Canadian Government has done well by the artists of Canada, and has passed a bill incorporating a national gallery. Works of Canadian artists have been sought and purchased in remote corners of the globe, and the gallery will gladly buy any worthy work of the existence of which it is informed. Of course, Canadian artists are not in the position of old masters, but the country is doing its best for those it has.

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RADFORD'S BUFFALO.

Explorer's Specimen Now On View In Alberta Capital.

Harry V. Radford, the Arctic explorer, who with his companion, Geo. Street of Ottawa, has been murdered by Esquimos, killed the largest wood buffalo known in June of 1910 on the trip which proved to be his last. He told the story to H. A. Tremayne, then an inspector of the fur trade districts for the Hudson Bay Co. Mr. Tremayne described the affair while in Winnipeg recently.

"I met Radford at Fort McMurray on the Athabasca river, in June, 1910 and he told me the story of the killing of this huge beast," says Mr. Tremayne. Then he quotes Radford as saying:

"Desiring to obtain a large specimen of the wood buffalo, I applied, when at Edmonton, to the Albertan Government for a permit to kill one. This obtained, I traveled by boat to Fort Smith, on the Great Slave River, in 1909, and remained in that vicinity, pursuing my scientific investigations, until recently (June, 1910). One afternoon we came upon the spoor of a band of twelve animals, among the tracks of which was one of unusual size, indicating that its author was a very large animal. We tracked the band for about two miles, when it was found to have divided, eight of the animals going south and the remaining four (including the large one) traveling northwest. We again took up the trail for three miles, to a point where a further separation had taken place, and the owner of the large hoofs had gone on accompanied by only one female. I succeeded in traveling on with silence and circumspection for about half a mile, when the trail led to a small clearing, in the middle of which stood, perfectly still, an enormous bull buffalo and a cow.

"The moment was a agonizing one for me, but by a supreme effort I controlled myself, dropped on one knee, and, aiming carefully at the heart region, fired. The bull did not move. I fired again, and, with a frightful bellow, he fell on his side and lay struggling. Still fearful that the injuries inflicted might not be vital and that the prize might yet escape me, I fired three more shots, after which the beast lay quite still.

"I had the carcass taken to Fort Smith by horse sleigh and, having procured the scales, found that it tipped the beam at 2,250 pounds, easily a world's record."

The sequel is thus related by Mr. Tremayne:

"In reaching Smith's Landing with the carcass Radford was arrested by the sergeant in charge of a Royal Northwest Mounted Police detachment for 'killing a Buffalo without authority.' Radford produced his permit, which had been signed by the Minister of Agriculture for the Province of Alberta. The sergeant explained that the animal had been killed in the unorganized district known as the Northwest Territories, which is under the jurisdiction of the Dominion, not the Albertan Government, and that the permit was therefore of no value. However, there had evidently been a misunderstanding, and Radford could not leave the vicinity even had he wanted to (650 miles of snow and ice lay between Smith's Landing and the nearest railway line, at Edmonton) so the sergeant released him pending instruction, sent a report on the case to his commissioner.

"The verdict received some months later was that 'in view of the general misunderstanding no fine need be imposed, but the hide of the buffalo must be confiscated and turned over to the Department of Agriculture at Edmonton.' The skin was, therefore, taken away from Radford and is now to be seen mounted in the Government Buildings of the Albertan capital."

Train Jacked a Moose.

An engine "running light," one dark night, was derailed by a big bull moose in New Brunswick. The driver explained that he had seen the animal standing on the track, staring intently at the approaching headlight, but until close up to it had not imagined that it would remain there to be killed. He had however whistled, and then reversed his engine as it drew near the moose. For this he was greatly blamed by the superintendent, who explained that having made the mistake of supposing that the moose would not, or could not divert its gaze from that glaring light, he should have crowded on all steam in the hope of throwing the huge carcass aside with the cowcatcher.—Montreal Standard.

Has Phenomenal Power.

Alex. Logan, father of Hugh J. Logan, aged nine years, of Clinton Township, a mile from Beamsville, Ont., maintains that his son is possessed of a phenomenal power by which articles that he touches are thrown with great force without any effort by the boy. Mr. Logan states that the phenomenon was first observed on the day following an electric storm, during which he noticed a circle of light about the head of a hammer with which the boy was driving nails. He further asserts that the influence now seems to be leaving the boy gradually, and that the lad suffers from frequent headaches.

The Mediterranean of the North.

Hudson bay, described by some as "the Mediterranean of the north," is the third largest "sea" in the world. The area of the Mediterranean is 977,000 square miles; of the Baltic, 580,000; of Hudson bay, 355,000. Its length is 800 miles and breadth 500, and, compared with the great lakes, it is a veritable ocean, for Lake Superior's area is only 31,000 square miles, Lake Huron's but 23,000, Lake Michigan's a scant 22,500, Lake Erie's merely 9,960 and Lake Ontario's barely 7,240. The outlet of Hudson bay to the Atlantic is Hudson strait, nearly 500 miles long, with an average breadth of 100 miles, its narrowest width being sixty miles.—American Review of Reviews.

Birds and Cyclones.

It has been suggested that birds habitually make use of storms in traveling from one part of their range to another. It is pointed out that if a bird cannot find shelter it must be more comfortable on the wing than on the ground during a storm, because in the fiercest gale it flies in a moving medium, like a swimmer in a strongly flowing river.

Tommy Scores One.

"Go back and shut the door, Tommy!" order Mr. Tucker, with a frown. "Carelessness such as that never made anybody rich."

"Why, yes, it did paw," said Tommy. "Think how rich it made the man who invented that dingus that goes on the top of a door and makes it shut itself."

A True Fish Story.

A fine specimen of that prince of freshwater fish, the maskinonge, weighing 38½ pounds, has recently been caught by a Toronto angler in Sparrow Lake, Ont. A twenty-pounder is, we are informed, a common catch, and they are known to run as high as 40 pounds, but the one just landed is a record for this season. It measured from tip to tip 4 feet 6 inches, and took twenty minutes to land.

The fishing party were towed around for a hundred yards before the catch was finely secured, without either a net or a gaff-hook. It is said to be the largest fish ever caught in the district.

Money For Harbor Works.

Thirty-five million dollars worth of harbor improvements at the different ports of Canada are now underway, and the 1914 estimates in course of preparation by the Dominion Public Works Department provide mainly for these undertakings. Mr. M. P. Davis recently signed the contract for the Quebec Dry Dock. The cost is $2,721,116.

Stamps Bought $6,749,690.

The postage stamp revenue of Canada for the first six months of the fiscal year was $6,749,690, an increase of $501,164 over the same six months last year, and $4,112,000 greater than the half year ten years ago. The September receipts increased by $128,105 to a total of $1,153,535.

Clever Thieves of Santiago.

The thieves of Santiago are persons of extraordinary powers. They have a curious way of dragging valuable objects out of open windows with long fish lines ending in a cluster of enormous hooks. "They are as clever with them," says Mrs. Hugh Fraser in "Reminiscence of a Diplomatist's Wife," "as a good fisherman with a fly, and they can empty a room in an incredibly short time, as a woman who had incautiously left her baby asleep with the window open in the twilight found out. She was not away for more than a quarter of an hour, but when she returned she found the baby howling with the cold, its very blankets taken and the room as bare as a hand."

Of Course!

"Judge, I ain't no vagrant. I'm in hard luck now, but I've seen better days."

"But this officer says you have been arrested repeatedly."

"He must be alludin' to the times when I owned me own automobeel."—Washington Herald.

A Change of Opinion.

"Talk is cheap," chuckled the politician with the telephone frank in his pocket.

After taking $20 worth he pulled out his frank and found it had expired. "By heck," he muttered ruefully, "that guy was right when he said that 'silence is golden.'"—Judge's Library.

Diplomacy First.

"These suffragettes refuse to eat. Shall we feed 'em their corned beef forcibly?"

"Employ diplomacy first," suggested the prison warden. "Try 'em with a fudge sundae."—Kansas City Journal.

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