The Leader

Vol. XV, No 43 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1915.

THE FAMOUS
GREY ENGINE

All sizes from 1 1-4 to 25 H.P.
Taken to your home on trial, to be demonstrated on motor truck.

MODEL "J"		MODEL "G"	
1 1-4 H. P.	$60.00	2 H. P.	$75.00
2 1-2 H. P.	$100.00	3 H. P.	$125.00
4 H. P.	$135.00	4 H. P.	$165.00

6 H. P. "Big Six" Model "L" $ 225.00
7 H. P. $275.00 9 H. P. $325.00
10 H. P. "Honest John" Model "O" $385.00

WILFRID QUENNEVILLE
MORRISBURG - - - - ONTARIO.

A Gentle Reminder
That you are in Need of a New Fall Suit or Coat
Custom Tailoring Exclusively
Style, Fit, and Workmanship GUARANTEED

Frank Stewart, MERCHANT TAILOR
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

ONLY THE CACKLING HENS LAY



Get them busy now while eggs are high in price.
FELDSPAR GRIT

All poultry should be supplied with GRIT. It answers the same purpose as teeth for the hen. Supply your hens with these false teeth, do not ask her to "gum it" FELDSPAR GRIT is bright, clean and free from dust. Price 1½c a lb. in small quantities' special price in 100 lb sacks.

Triple Screened Oyster Shell.

The ordinary shell offered for sale is one-third to one-half waste, as the hens pick out the large pieces and throw out the waste and dust. Our TRIPLE SCREENED OYSTER SHELL is very white and clean, all fine pieces and dust is screened out, so that it is uniform in size and makes no waste.

Prices 1½ cents per pound, in small quantities. Special low price per 100 lb. bag.

To have healthy, good laying hens, keep them well supplied with GRIT AND OYSTER SHELL.

The hens will repay you with plenty of eggs while the prices are high.

MEAT AND BONE SCRAP, CHARCOAL, BUCKWHEAT, CRACKED CORN, WHEAT and SCRATCH FEED, Everything for Poultry. Dr. Hess' Poultry Panacea makes them lay.

Toilet Paper

One of the greatest benefits the art of paper-making has conferred on civilized man. OLD NEWS PAPERS are dangerous to health, on account of poisons used in the ink. DON'T TAKE CHANCES.

SPECIAL
For Saturday and Monday Only

Four Packages Finest TOILET PAPER Containing 4000 sheets for 25 cents., either rolls or sheets.

The Hardware Store

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.
OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
MORRISBURG, - -- ONT.

OBITUARY

REV. A. H. VISSER

The people of Morrisburg learned with much regret on Wednesday morning of the passing away of Rev. A. H. Visser at his home in Iroquais. His illness was of very short duration, having enjoyed his usual gobd health until about an hour previous to his passing away Tuesday evening the late pastor left the Manse going to the post office where he received his mail and returned home. It was then six o'clock. He went into his study and expired almost immediately.

The deceased was one of the foremost ministers in the Montreal Conference of the Methodist Church His early life was spent at Vars, in the county of Russell, where he attended the public school. Later he passed through the Ottawa Collegiate Institute. He next entered the Wesleyan Theological College at Montreal, from which institution he graduated and was ordained in 1880. Deceased was one of the most popular clergymen in the Montreal Conference. For the year 1905, he was secretary of the Conference. At the time of his death he was the chairman of the Matilda District. He was a sound and careful officer, one who had the best interests of the church at heart and who spent his whole life in the discharge of his duties.

The funeral services will be conducted in the church at Iroquois, on Friday and will be in charge of the President of the Conference, Rev. Mr. Jamieson.

ROBERTSON

An old and respected citizen of Matilda township passed away, November 11, 1915, in the person of George Robertson. He was born in Matilda township on December 17th, 1821, of U. E. Loyalist descent, his father being Lt. Col. David Robertson. In 1847 he was appointed quarter master in the Second Battalion of Canada. In 1854 he married Helen Stacey, who predeceased him fifteen years ago. Four sons, David Charles, William and Fred and two daughters, Florence and Emma, also a large circle of grand children are left to mourn his loss. One grand daughter is now in France discharging the duties of nursing sister with the First Canadian Expeditionary Force. Mr. Robertson was a life-long Liberal in politics, and a Methodist in religion. He enjoyed remarkably good health until three years ago when his health failed, owing to his advanced age. The funeral was held at his late residence, River Road on Saturday afternoon, attended by a large circle of sympathizing friends, several from Brockville, Cornwall and Mille Roches. Rev. A. J. H. Strike preached from the text "In my Father's House are many mansions," and Mrs. Strike and Mrs. A. Robertson sang in a touching manner "Will the Circle Be Unbroken." Interment in Fairview Cemetery, the four sons acting as pall bearers.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

Latin I.—Ida Beckstead 98, Vincent Patrick 98, Wilda Merkley 94, John Cross 93, Dorothy McMartin 92, Winnifred Barkley 91, Faith Robertson 91, Stuart Meikle 89, Lawrence Styles 88, Robert Story 87, Annie Wallace 87, Lizzie Casselman 87, Stella Fetterly 86, Millicent McMartin 86, Frank Deeks 86, Clara Weegar 77, Eleanor Farlinger 76, Dorothy Robertson 70, Christie Hart 64, Donald Stata 61, Bessie Hess 60, Wallace Robinson 56, Strader McIntosh 50, George Bolton 42, Luva Tousant 41, George Myers 14, Douglas Stitt 10.

Form II, Algebra, Max. 100—R. Watson 92, N. Couglar 89, C. Marshall 89, O. Sadlemire 85, D. Nash 84, M. Hilliard 83, M. Phifer 80, D. VanAllen 80, E. Moorehouse 76, R. Coligan 75, B. MacIntosh 75, R. Maurer 75, H. Whitteker 73 D. Carson 71, A. McIntosh 70, T. Hamilton 66 F. Zeron 66, S. Shannette 61, E. Weegar 57, W. Duvall 57, F. Weegar 57 M. VanAllen 56, M. Lavis 55, U. Barclay 53, H. Jackson 51, N. Eacutt 51, E. Ryan 50, I. Ryan 49, K. Wells 47, W. Plantz 46, M. Plantz 36, G. Casselman 28.

French III.—D. Keough 83, D. McLaren 77, M. Whitteker 73, J. Bradfield 68, C. Story 68, M. Deeks 54.

Greek IV.—Glenn Strike 78, Gerald Meikle 63, Dorothy Keough 60, Donald Ryan 50.

Form V.—Modern History—M. I. McPherson 79, R. Hilliard 78, D. R. Mallen 68, S. Dillen 59.

Form V.—Botany—Ruth Hilliard 53, Mae McPherson 44, Sadie Dillen 39.

RED CROSS

Last Friday the Red Cross Workers held their first meeting in the hall of the "Canadian Order of Chosen Friends. The members of this society out of the goodness of their hearts, and knowing the need of a work-room, offered the use of their hall for the winter months, and should prosper exceedingly if all the blessings reach them that have been called down in one short week. It is a cosey, bright and clean place and comfortably heated—thanks to the donation of a load of wood by W. K. Farlinger.

Captain Lawless, who rents the room adjoining for military purposes, has very kindly given the use of it for the bandage table and storage of boxes.

The workers gratefully acknowledge the receipt of an electric light each from Messrs. W. H. McGannon, H. H. Bradfield and Hunter & Casselman," also two padlocks, two hasps, and four hooks from Mr. Bradfield and a lock from Hunter & Casselman. We have to thank Col. McDonald who so kindly sent some of his men to clean up the military room and they made such a good job of it that the "Women's Institute" is very seriously considering how it can be managed to have the town, soldiers and "institute" co-operate next spring to make, of our town, a beautiful Morrisburg.

Another concert was given last Saturday afternoon in the town hall in aid of the Red Cross Fund to a full house. The Misses Mary Heagle and Bessie Hill were the prime movers in this good work. In a neat little speech Col. McDonald congratulated the children on their talent and for the patriotic spirit shown. The proceeds amounted to $6.55.

Mrs. Elliott and Mrs. Parlow entertained at the tea hour in the Red Cross rooms, Friday, Nov. 19. Mrs. S. O. Casselman and Mrs. Tupper on Wednesday, Nov. 24th. Mrs. Stuart and Brady will entertain this Friday, Nov. 26th.

Refreshments for these teas are to consist of either tea or coffee and bread and butter, or sandwiches or cake, but it is not advisable to have both bread and cake.

It was voted at the last meeting that until after the holidays one meeting a week would be held on each Friday afternoon a evening.

Results of Feeding Hogs for Profit Competition

The "Feeding Hogs" for Profit Competition, conducted by Ontario Department of Agriculture, Morrisburg, among the young men who have attended the Winter Short Courses in Agriculture, has been concluded. This Competition, though not so popular as the Acre Profit Competitions, has given results which may prove suggestive to hog feeders.

Estimating cost of production; Hogs six weeks of age were valued at $4 each.

Feeds were valued as follows:
Whey, 3.00 per ton.
Middlings, 28.00 per ton.
Bran, 23.00 per ton.
Cornmeal, 28.00 per ton.
Barley meal 28.00 per ton.
Feed Flour, 32.00 per ton.
Oil Cake, 40.00 per ton.

Estimating profits—Value of hogs live weight, fed and watered at $9.00 per cwt. deducting 15 per cent. of weight for shrinkage.

The results were as follows:

	Cost of feed.	Av. cost $4.00.	Weight total.	Av. value each.	Net Profit.
First	21.72	11.24	585	17.55	6.31
Second	14.55	8.85	448	13.04	5.55
Third	19 95	10.65	414	12.42	1.77
Fourth	16.59	9.53	352½	10.57	1.04

The difference in method 66 feeding is interesting. The following table shows the feed used by Competitors having highest and lowest profit respectively:—

	Whey. lbs.	Middlings lbs.	Bran lbs.	Ground corn lbs.	Ground barley lbs.	Feed flour lbs	Oil cake lbs.
Highest	3420	537		208	210	60	19½
Lowest	7180	735	35				

The man showing highest profit used the greatest variety of feed, starting the young pigs on Whey, Shorts, and Oil Cake, added the ground meal to the ration as the pigs became heavier and added the feed flour during the finishing period.

Mr. Clayton Froats, Finch, is the winner in this competition. He will receive a free trip to Guelph with expenses paid for two weeks to attend the Short Course in Stock and Seed Judging in January 1916.

Separators

The "De Laval" is the Standard Bearer and now is the time to get one, when butter is high and the factory closing.

Robes & Blankets
THE LARGEST STOCK TO SELECT FROM IN THE COUNTRY

COATS
COON COATS OF EXTRA QUALTA, and MACKINAW COATS ON HAND.

STOVES
A full stock of Heaters and Ranges on hand to select from.

If you are thinking of putting in a Litter Carrier or Stauncher or a New Pump, call on me and I will Guarantee Satisfaction.

W. E. THOM

We Make Dress Suits to your measure; they are Perfectly Balanced and have the Correct Lap on the skirt.



Better have your Order In EARLY

Our Sweater Coats are GUARANTEED PURE WOOL and BEST KNIT.

Price
$4.50 to $6.00

F. A. Nash, Merchant Tailor
Sole Agency King Hats

INCORPORATED 1855

THE MOLSONS BANK
Capital and Reserve $8,800,000
96 Branches in Canada
A General Banking Business Transacted
Circular Letters of Credit
Bank Money Orders
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed at highest current rate
MORRISBURG BRANCH WILLIAMSBURG BRANCH
WILLIAM WALLACE, MANAGER. C. H JOY, AGENT.

About the Household

Dainty Dishes.

For Spiced Pears.—Cut in half and pare 7 pounds of the best Winter pears—those commencing to soften are the best. Pour a pint and a half of a good cider vinegar over 3 pounds of granulated sugar. Put the vinegar and sugar in a preserving kettle, add 1 ounce of whole cloves, one-half ounce of mace and half a dozen pieces of ginger root. Boil and skim well. When clear, put in the fruit and cook slowly for two hours; when cold put in jars and seal air-tight.

Vegetable Soup is very good when properly made. Vile when slammed together: Cook one-half cup of celery, one-half cup cabbage and one-third cup of carrot, each cut in small pieces, and two onions thinly sliced in one-third cup of butter, 10 minutes, stirring constantly. Add three-fourths cup stale bread crumbs and one quart boiling water, and cook until vegetables are soft. Add one pint of hot milk and two tablespoons finely chopped parsley. Season with salt and pepper.

Real Irish Stew. — Four pounds mutton neck, five large onions, two pounds potatoes, one tablespoonful chopped parsley; salt and pepper to taste; water to cover. Cut meat into neat pieces, put into a large casserole, add onions sliced and enough water to cover. Simmer two hours, season with salt and pepper. Add potatoes sliced thinly. Cover closely and simmer another hour. Sprinkle in parsley just before serving.

Potato Omelet is Delicious.—Take a large, freshly baked potato and scoop out the inside. Beat this until smooth and mix with it half a saltspoonful of paprika or white pepper, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a dessertspoonful of lemon juice and the yolks of four eggs. A minute or two before the omelet is fried fold in the whites of the eggs, beaten to a froth. Fry in a well-greased, very hot pan and serve in a hot dish.

Date Bread may be something new. A cup of chopped dates, two cups of scalded milk, a third of a cup of sugar, or half a cup of molasses, quarter of a yeast cake, quarter of a cup of lukewarm water, one and one-half teaspoons of salt, five cups of sifted entire wheat; mix milk and sugar or molasses and salt. When lukewarm add dissolved yeast and flour. Beat well, let rise in buttered bread pan in a moderately hot oven, or bake in gem pans 20 minutes.

Oyster Pie.—Line a deep pie plate with puff paste, fill the interior with bread crust (to be removed later) and fit it on a top crust, buttered around the edge on the under side that it may be easily taken off. Stew a quart of oysters for five minutes, stir in very slowly a cupful of thick white sauce and the beaten yolks of two eggs. When the paste is done take off the top, remove the bread crusts, fill the centre with the creamed oysters, replace the top crust, and set in the oven for five minutes before sending to the table.

Beans and Tomatoes in Combination.—Soak white beans over night in cold water, and in the morning put over the fire in boiling water, slightly salted. Cook until tender. Drain with tomato sauce, made by cooking together a tablespoonful each of butter and flour until they bubble and then pouring upon them a cupful of strained tomato liquor. Season to taste and rather highly, unless you have previously added salt and pepper to the beans. Stir the sauce in with these and bake, closely covered, for two hours.

Oyster Shortcake.—For the filling: One quart oysters, two tablespoons butter, two tablespoons flour, one scant cup milk, salt, pepper and celery salt. For biscuit dough: Two cups flour, two tablespoons baking powder, one-half teaspoon salt, one-fourth cup lard, butter or drippings and three-fourths cup milk. Divide dough into two portions, roll out thin, lay one part over the other, with dots of butter between and bake. Or cut into individual biscuit rounds and bake. Make sauce with butter, flour and milk, add oysters cooked in enough of their liquid to make sauce or consistency of thin cream. Season, and when cakes are baked, put portion between layers and same over top.

Household Hints.

Salt and hot water will thaw a frozen drainpipe.

Fowls should never be turned out in snow and wet.

The warmest clothing is that which is both light and loose.

Vinegar, hot, will remove paint marks from glass.

Salt will remove tea stains from delicate china cups.

Good pumpkin pie depends on the generous use of eggs.

When making a brown betty, add a few raisins to the mixture; it is very good.

Be sure that all the plants you take indoors for the winter will get plenty of fresh air.

If you want to fatten a chicken, feed it corn; if you want it to lay, feed it wheat.

Vinegar, diluted, applied to furniture before polishing, ensures a brilliant polish.

Wax candles which have become dusty can be made perfectly white by rubbing them with a clean piece of flannel dipped in spirits of wine.

To restore shabby black crepe, mix some skimmed milk and water with a small piece of glue. Make this very hot and it is ready for use.

When doing a little home paper-hanging, the amateur will find the paper much easier to hang if the paste is applied to the wall instead of to the paper.

Practice real economy by using half flour when making the starch each week. It answers the purpose just as well, and the saving in cost is considerable.

Molasses added to the baked beans just before they are taken from the oven gives them a rich flavor. Use about a tablespoonful to two quarts of beans.

Paint marks can be removed by soaking them for short time in benzine or turpentine, then rubbing them with emery paper or a little pulverized pumice stone.

A teaspoonful of camphor added to a quart of soft water will kill earthworms in house plants. The plants should be quite ready for water when it is applied.

To clarify dripping that comes from the meat, put it into a pan and pour on sufficient boiling water to cover. Stir thoroughly and leave to cool, when the clear white dripping will form a solid lump on the top.

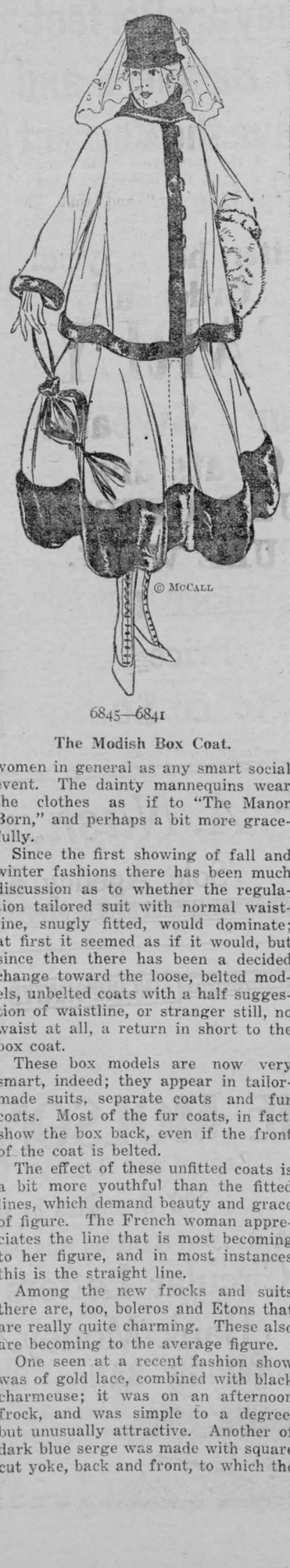
There is no reason for wasting any of the celery root. The inner stalks can be eaten raw, the outer stalks can be stewed and the leaves can be used to flavor soup. Even the root itself is good if the outside is pared off.

THE BOX COAT.

Pleasing Variety in Sleeves.

The wealth of artistic and smart ideas in afternoon and street frocks this season, while fascinating, is somewhat bewildering, too.

Of course the chief features are the same, this is out of respect to Fashion's dictates, but there are any number of ways that one may vary these details effectively to meet the demands of one's personality. Fashion shows are becoming as popular with



6845—6841

The Modish Box Coat.

women in general as any smart social event. The dainty mannequins wear the clothes as if to "The Manor Born," and perhaps a bit more gracefully.

Since the first showing of fall and winter fashions there has been much discussion as to whether the regulation tailored suit with normal waistline, snugly fitted, would dominate; at first it seemed as if it would, but since then there has been a decided change toward the loose, belted models, unbelted coats with a half suggestion of waistline, or stranger still, no waist at all, a return in short to the box coat.

These box models are now very smart, indeed; they appear in tailor-made suits, separate coats and fur coats. Most of the fur coats, in fact, show the box back, even if the front of the coat is belted.

The effect of these unfitted coats is a bit more youthful than the fitted lines, which demand beauty and grace of figure. The French woman appreciates the line that is most becoming to her figure, and in most instances this is the straight line.

Among the new frocks and suits there are, too, boleros and Etons that are really quite charming. These also are becoming to the average figure.

One seen at a recent fashion show was of gold lace, combined with black charmeuse; it was on an afternoon frock, and was simple to a degree, but unusually attractive. Another of dark blue serge was made with square cut yoke, back and front, to which the lower portion of the Eton was gathered, forming a soft, full line across the bust, being drawn snugly in at the waist, where it was stitched to a two-inch belt of the serge. The skirt also showed the yoke and was embroidered with a chain-stitch design worked out in silver threads at the joining of yoke and lower portion of the skirt. The same embroidery was carried out on the jacket, on collar, fronts and belt.

One in talking of fashions must speak again and again of fur—it is so absolutely necessary to gown and suit that every imaginable animal that has a furry pelt, is being utilized, and the furriers are reaping wonderful harvests. Among the most popu-



6836

A Krimmer Trimmed Serge.

lar furs for trimming purposes are beaver, seal, and krimmer. The dark blue serge is smartened with a touch of natural gray krimmer, and the satin finished broadcloth is enriched by narrow and wide bands of seal or beaver.

We have become accustomed to the short street suit and frock; when not carried to the extreme, it is far more satisfactory than a long skirt, especially with the vogue of the very wide skirt. We have become used also to the round length evening frock for dancing, and approve of its comfortable common sense, but the formal dinner frock, with its slinky, pointed train, and its extremely short front is somewhat disconcerting. One unusually striking model exhibited lately, developed in a wonderful brocade of Bianchini's, was made with one of these extremely short skirts and a long, pointed train; although rich and wonderful, the gown was startling and decidedly bizarre in effect. Much of the grace of the gown is sacrificed with these skirts.

There is a wide choice in style of sleeve for both house and street costume. The later models show a pronounced use of the sleeve set into the armhole with gathers. At present the vogue is for the moderately large sleeve, with a slight exaggeration of fulness at the elbow and over the hand. The flare is decidedly modish, and there is almost no limit to the width of the flare. Slashings, trimmings, contrasting godets, and panels, are details of the new cuffs; and the cuff may be of any length, from the very narrow band cuff to the gauntlet, which reaches to the elbow and even above, leaving one to wonder when the cuff begins and the sleeve ends. Do these cuffs and gatherings predict, perhaps, a return to the big sleeves with their inside ruffles and bandings of crinoline which made life so interesting some years ago?

Patterns can be obtained at your local McCall dealer, or from The McCall Company, Dept. W., Bond Street, Toronto. Ontario.

THREE NEW BRITISH LIEUTENANT-GENERALS



SIR ARCHIBALD MURRAY
Chief of the Imperial Staff at Army Headquarters, London.



SIR WILLIAM BIRDWOOD
who is in temporary command on Gallipoli Peninsula.



SIR WILLIAM ROBERTSON
Chief of the General Staff.

BRITAIN NEEDS SURGEONS.

Medical Association Asks Doctors to Go to Front.

The British Medical Association is sending out a personal appeal to every member of the medical profession in Great Britain and in the colonies for service as naval or military officers if of military age and if over for co-operation to set free the men who are willing to go. The appeal has already met with generous response, and the number of physicians who are joining for periods varying between six and twelve months is increasing daily.

Sir Alfred Geogh, Director-General of the Army Medical Service, is devoting all his time to inducing medical men to come to the aid of the country, and has already issued several strong appeals for more surgeons at the front. He says:

"There will be two classes—men under 40 whose services will be accepted for a period of twelve months, and who will be liable for service at home or abroad—and men over 40 who may offer their services for a period of six or twelve months. The latter will not be sent to the front, but will be employed in this country (if they join for six months only) or in such stations as Egypt, Malta and Gibraltar (if they join for twelve months). A twelve months' contract carries a temporary commission in the R.A.M.C. with an allowance of £30 ($150) for outfit and pay at the rate of 24s. (5) a day, with 1s. 9d. (43c.) for ration allowance and a gratuity of £60 ($300) on termination of engagement. The terms for a six months engagement are similar, but gratuity will be £15 ($75).

"It is difficult for most doctors to leave their work, and the committee, acting in co-operation with the local committee, endeavors to protect the interests of those who respond to the call. Responsibility for carrying on a doctor's work must rest primarily with his neighbors, and frequently men have expressed to the secretaries of the committee their deep disappointment at finding that patients fail to appreciate the sacrifice made in giving up a practice built up by years of work. As a general principle, people agree that it is right and patriotic for medical men to volunteer for military service, but too often, after arrangements are completed, a patient disregards them and applies to another practitioner."

HAVE NEW AEROPLANE GUN.

French Invention Weighs Only 15 Pounds.

The Military Inventions Commission has bought from a French engineer the patent of a mitrailleuse for aeroplane use which weighs fifteen pounds and can be operated by an aeroplane pilot without endangering the balance of the aeroplane. Tests were made at one of the aviation centres near Paris, and one of the factories manufacturing mitrailleuses for the French Government will hereafter devote its capacity exclusively to the new model.

The model formerly used on aeroplanes weighed fifty-five pounds and could not be easily operated by the pilot. The redoubtable Pegoud was in fact one of the few pilots who did successfully manage both his aeroplane and his mitrailleuse. The new gun does not differ materially from the old one as regards range and accuracy, but it requires a superior system of bracing to make up for the increased shock of the kick, due to the smaller weight of the gun itself.

When elephants are in the vicinity of tigers, they beat their trunks on the ground.

Parent—"What is your reason for wishing to marry my daughter?" Young Man—"I have no reason, sir. I am in love."

"What is the difference between a visit and a visitation?" "Well, when your pretty young sister comes to see us that's a visit. When your mamma comes and stays a month that's a visitation."

Having a Scrap.

Four-year-old Donald was out in the street having a scrap with a boy older than himself, and getting decidedly the worst of it. But his quick wit saw a way of avoiding actual defeat. "Did you call me, mother?" he shouted loudly. There was no reply, and the other boy went on pummelling. Then Donald shrieked desperately, "Call me in, mother, dear! Oh, do call me in, quick!"

Pemmican, the staple food of Arctic explorers, is made from the flesh and fat of bisons.

A TERROR TO SLACKERS.

The New Commander-in-Chief in the Dardanelles.

All the official dry-as-dust details of the life of Sir C. C. Monro, the new commander-in-chief in the Dardanelles, have been published. Here are some more intimate details from an officers' mess somewhere in France. In appearance he is a rather thick-set man with a short, bristly moustache and steely eyes, full of character. His voice is quiet but emphatic. Every word he utters and every gesture he makes is instinct with a restrained pugnacity and doggedness. On parade he is typically British, and no general can inspire more confidence with less personal effort. You can see a regiment stiffen under his very glance. A terror, but a just terror.

He is a terror to slackers—officer-slackers included. Punctilious in military etiquette himself, he exacts a similar standard from others. One of his most cherished convictions is that the first-rate fighter keeps himself as spruce under war conditions as possible, and no one will ever forget his rebuke to certain new troops: "Regiments that have been months in the trenches and seen hard fighting maintain their soldier-like bearing and smart appearance, while you men yet untried are going about in a slovenly, unsoldier-like fashion and neglecting military courtesies," he said. He added, "This will cease." And it did.

Different Now.

"Before we were married you always gave the waiter half a dollar," she said.

"Yep," he replied sadly. "Before I was married I always had a half-dollar to give."

One thousand lemons give seventeen gallons of juice.

ONTARIO'S TIMBER LOSS $3,500,000

Through Forest Destruction Caused by Careless Settlers, Ontario Loses This Stupendous Amount This Year.

The people of Ontario lost over $3,500,000 worth of standing timber through fire this year.

Nearly eighty per cent. of this loss was directly due to carelessness by settlers in setting out their clearing fires. Such enormous penalties may well cause concern, particularly as experts have found Ontario's merchantable timber to be rapidly diminishing, and every citizen knows quite well the heavy increase in his lumber bills.

A movement has been under way for some time to have Ontario adopt the "permit laws" of British Columbia, whereby no settler is allowed to start a brush or slash fire without first obtaining a permit from a qualified fire ranger. This precaution is rapidly cutting down British Columbia's forest destruction.

How the B. C. system works is described thus by Mr. M. A. Grainger, Acting Chief Forester of that province:

Success Is Conclusive.

British Columbia has had the permit system in effect for six fire seasons, and has maintained a staff each year sufficient to supervise the granting and use of permits. Six years successful experience has convinced practically every citizen that the system of fire permits is a valuable conservation measure.

Burning permits are required over the whole province with the exception of small, well settled communities where the forest areas are much broken up by clearings. Permits are required from May 1st to September 15th for clearing land, for agriculture, and for clearing any debris along roads and railways, around camps and mines, or logging slash. Permits can be obtained only from the regular forests guards and rangers, and Dominion wardens, and municipal authorities who may be granted special power to issue them. Written permits only are allowed, and the regular permit form only is used.

Over 11,000 Issued.

In 1914, 346 provincial guards and rangers issued 11,523 permits for burning brush. There is naturally a certain amount of hazard in almost every clearing fire, but so well has the issuance of permits been supervised that in only 128 cases did the fire get away. The permitee must do all in his power to prevent a permit fire from getting beyond bounds. Before a permit is issued the guard or ranger inspects the area to be burned to determine whether or not it can be burned with safety, and to see if fire lines have been made around the edge, or, in some cases, he demands that the brush be piled. The fact that due care has been exercised is shown by the fact that only one per cent. of the fires set out under permit got away. In every case this season such escaping fires were controlled with little damage. The permittee is responsible for the control of such fires.

Forty thousand and four acres of agricultural land were burned over under permit during the fire season of 1914, besides 5,727 acres of logging slash, 7,204 acres of slash along railways, and 290 miles of slash along public roads.

Times of Special Danger.

During particularly dangerous periods permits may be refused in the hazardous districts until rain falls. During 1914 and 1915 such temporary refusal has been necessary in various parts of the province.

In general, however, the obtaining of permits is made as easy as possible consistent with safety. Frequent patrol trips on the part of the forest guards, and the arrangement of his trips so that his territory is systematically covered, and so that settlers become familiar with his movements, are the chief means to this end. The forest guard soon becomes familiar with land-clearing operations in his patrol district, and thus is able more easily to be in the neighborhood when permits are wanted. Also his familiarity with slash which he knows the owners desire to burn during the summer, enables him in many cases to recommend burning at a particular time, and by giving the owner a permit at such a time the area is cleaned up while conditions are right. After several years experience an observant forest guard will become expert in burning slash cheaply and safely. Very often he is asked for advice about when to burn, or he may be asked to stay while the burning is done. Such assistance when it can be given is never refused.

Settlers Glad to Help.

In every way slash burning is facilitated by the staff of guards, while at the same time such burning is rendered quite safe. The settlers, who are, in the majority of cases, familiar with the results of bush fires through observation of old burns and through occasional accidental fires which get away, are ready to co-operate to prevent the recurrence of fires. No province in Canada has a better public sentiment in the matter of fire protection. The permit system chiefly has been instrumental in building up this sentiment. The forest guards have often very large districts in their charge (average 500,000 acres in 1914), but are assisted in the work of fire detection through settlers reporting fires by telephone or otherwise, and even by starting fire fighting while the fires are small and before the arrival of the forest officer. British Columbia can properly claim to have already an effective fire protection system, which system is improving each year. It is undoubted that the fire permit policy is the basis on which the whole system rests, and is the most valuable provision in the fire protective chapter of the Forest Act.

Permits are the Keystone.

It is safe to say that among the settlers themselves 90 or 95 per cent. support this provision, and would resist its elimination. It protects them from the occasional reckless citizen who might otherwise carelessly cause damage. From experience gained in British Columbia, the unqualified statement is made that unless brush burning is controlled by means of permits no real fire-protection is possible in a timbered country. It is safe to say that in no timbered region where permits have been used would the people go back to the old system of indiscriminate and uncontrolled burning.—Canadian Forestry Journal.

The Green Seal

By CHARLES EDMONDS WALK

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," "The Time Lock," etc.

CHAPTER XIV.—(Cont'd).

"I was not wide awake enough to wonder at such an unusual occurrence. A lighted lamp stood on the dresser, and, I remember, it was the presence of the lamp that convinced me next morning I hadn't been dreaming. Almost right away I drifted back to sleep; but not before I heard Aunt Lois whisper in a distressed tone: 'The Kiss of the Silent Death—God protect this poor, helpless, innocent baby!'

"That episode remains the most vivid of my early childhood. What could she have meant by those strange words? Did she refer to the mark? I never forgot them.

"Aunt Lois, you must understand, is naturally nervous and excitable, and as young as I was I made allowances for her disposition, without knowing why I did so. Children, you know, seem to understand such things intuitively. But as I grew older—I mean mature enough to speculate upon it—I used often to wonder what she meant by 'The Kiss of the Silent Death.' So one day I asked her."

She fell silent and sat for a while meditating. I did not interrupt, but I was thinking that Mrs. Fox must hold the key to the riddle, and if my tact and diplomacy could do it, it was up to me to persuade her to unbosom herself. Lois looked toward me again and took up the thread of her narrative.

"Poor, dear Aunt Lois. When I told her I had caught her crying over me in the middle of the night her confusion and distress of mind scared me so that I commenced howling at the top of my voice. She caught me up in her arms, declaring that she had meant only to mother me; that in the same way she often had tiptoed in to where I slept to see that everything was all right with me, and that I must run along and play and think no more about it.

"Her betrayal of her heart-hunger on that occasion made me for the first time realize keenly that I had no mother but her—that she had no child but me. I never got any fuller explanation, and after that, my curiosity, childlike, dwindled and finally died away.

"So it came about that after a while the details got to seem like a dream, and when I thought of the episode at all it was as such. But you must see, as I do now, how impossible such a dream would be for a child who had never heard of death.

"I understand better now. She was looking at my mark—my indelible badge of infamy—of murder—of God knows what!" She clutched at her bosom as if she would pluck the stain from her. "I can almost feel the horrible thing burning into my flesh! No wonder it filled her with pity and compassion!"

From whatever angle one might view it, it was in all conscience a monstrous thing that anybody could have been so inhuman as thus to brand and disfigure a helpless, innocent child with a mark of such abominable associations. It was much as if she rested under the stigma of a crime of which she was not only blameless but ignorant. And yet, had it not been put there, her very existence would have been snuffed out years and years before. This I was to learn later.

"The Kiss of the Silent Death"—verily, the touch of the accursed ring was patly described in this euphemistic phrase.

I had just reached a decision that I must see and talk with Aunt Lois and try to convince her that it was now her duty to tell what she knew; that the mystery hanging over her niece and foster child had assumed a phase that threatened her with nameless injury unless the handicap of silence were removed so that friends who were ready to help her might be armed with knowledge, when a sudden clamor of the telephone made Lois and me jump. Such was our nervous tension at the moment.

I grabbed up the instrument and clapped the receiver to my ear, and immediately recognized Struber's voice.

"That you, Mr. Ferris?" he asked. "This is Struber. Say, if you can let Miss Fox off she'd better come home right away. Don't scare her; her aunt's all right; but something was pulled off before I got here and the old lady's gone bug. Get me?"

I became aware that Miss Fox, white-lipped, tense with anxiety, was bending over me. She too had heard.

"Ask him," she hoarsely demand-"what has happened."

"Look here, Struber—Miss Fox heard you. You must make it more convincing that nothing serious has happened to her aunt."

He broke in quickly.

"Take my word for it, Mr. Ferris, Mrs. Fox is all right. She's simply been scared stiff, and her own kin can do more for her than a flock of dippy neighbors. I don't want to say too much over the phone."

I hung up and turned to the anxious girl.

"We can believe him," said I with conviction. "Goodness only knows what it is, but no harm has come to your aunt. I'll go with you."

This proposal seeming to be agreeable, I telephoned for a taxi, and by the time Miss Fox had donned hat, coat and gloves, and we had descended to the ground floor, it was waiting for us.

She gave the chauffeur the street and number, and I promised him he would lose nothing by forgetting speed ordnances. We turned into First Street and had proceeded perhaps half a block when Miss Fox looked back. My mind at the moment was to full to attach any importance to the act, and I thought no more of it until a minute or two had elapsed, during which she cast two more uneasy glances backward—as we mounted the viaduct across the Santa Fe tracks, and again as we climbed the acclivity along whose crest run Boyle and Pleasant Avenues.

The last time she mechanically clutched my arm.

"Look!" she exclaimed under her breath. "It is they!"

"They?" I dully echoed, rousing myself from my preoccupation. "Who?"

Her reply was another excited command.

"Look—quick!"

I turned barely in time to glimpse a long, speedy looking machine. It was about midway in the straight, level expanse of street stretching behind us, from the base of the hill to the viaduct, and hitting it up at a lively clip. They didn't mean to lose us, it was manifest, in the maze of winding streets of which we might now take advantage if we were so minded. But I had no intention of trying to elude them.

For there was no mistaking the car or its two muffled, be-goggled, unrecognizable occupants.

It was the gray automobile.

CHAPTER XV.

Precisely at what point the gray automobile abandoned its pursuit of us I did not observe; doubtless after its occupants, whoever they were, had satisfied themselves as to our destination. It was more than likely, too, that the low shadowy car proceeded to an advantageous position nearby, from which our departure might be noted and the chase once more resumed. I could not say. I was too much taken up with the cottage Miss Fox indicated as being her aunt's home.

Houses that people live in, to some extent at least, have a personality of their own, and they and their immediate surroundings reflect the characters of their tenants.

I saw a small cottage—a very small cottage, I might say, for it could not have owned more than five or six rooms—fairly smothered beneath a welter of gold of ophir roses whose myriad blossoms shone like newly minted money. The thick, tangled growth had clambered clear across the roof and back to the ground again on the farther side. All along the street the sidewalk was shaded by fine old pepper trees, and where you turned into the walk leading up to the cottage two uncommonly lofty Lombardy poplars stood sentinel-like, forming a noble gateway. There was a well-kept lawn bordered by every conceivable variety of rose, most of which were in bloom. There were, too, beds of other flowers and some agreeably arranged shrubbery—loquats, guavas, oleanders, privet and the like.

But I was most forcibly impressed, first, by the homelike air that hung about the place, and, next, by its detachment, as if it had withdrawn from the rest of the world to pursue a placid, unruffled existence independent of the quiet neighborhood environment.

Was it an atmosphere of secretiveness? Perhaps not. But the thought came to me.

It seemed impossible that any jarring note from the outside alien world could intrude here to shatter the serenity; yet, if Struber were to be believed, this was exactly what had happened.

Our machine stopped, and I was given a fresh demonstration of the detective's adaptability to his calling, which this time was his facility in effacing himself from observation. I did not see him at all until he detached himself from the trunk of one of the poplars against which manifestly he had been leaning, and approached to open the tonneau door.

Before my companion had time to voice her anxiety, he announced: "The old lady's all right now. She's alone." And at that moment I became aware of a covert surveillance from every house along the street. Truly, curiosity must have been rampant.

Miss Fox hastened up the narrow gravel walk and disappeared in the house. I lingered to hear the particulars from Struber.

That worthy also watched the graceful form until the screen door closed and hid it. There was a queer expression on his narrow features, and his crooked beak wrinkled with excess of inward emotion when he turned again to me. Pushing the fingers of one hand up along the back of his head and tilting his derby forward, he ruffled his hair in perplexity.

"Don't ast me," he forestalled my first question. "Nobody knows what's happened—only as I've doped it out. Wait till Miss Fox has had time to talk to her aunt, then we'll know whether I'm right or not. She's quiet enough now. I persuaded the neighbors to go home. Fussy lot, believe me. Nothing ever happened on this street before."

"What have you 'doped' out?" I was impatient to know. "And why should Mrs. Fox have been 'scared stiff,' as you expressed it? What scared her?"

"Dunno what scared her. It might a-been worse than that if I hadn't come just when I did. You see, the inside door was open; just the screen was shut. I knocked a couple o' times and didn't raise anybody. Then I walked in—in a hurry. I smelt chloroform."

"Chloroform!" I ejaculated in amazement.

"Yep, chloroform. I had a hunch I'd better not waste any more time knocking. And I wasn't any too soon, either. Found the old lady on the dining-room floor with a towel over her face. Towel was soaked with the stuff. I got rid of the towel; nobody but me got wise to the chloroform."

I could only stare in wonder and wait for him to continue.

"I was just going to hunt a doctor when she come to and see me. Then she went from one fit to another, so I rustled the neighbors and phoned you to get the young lady home."

It all seemed such an incredible proceeding that I could only slowly realize Struber's words. In this eminently respectable and quiet residence neighborhood the occurrence of violence of any description was inconceivable. The time was broad day, the immediate setting the most modest and quiet of all the houses, the particular victim of all others the one least easy to reconcile with the apparent outrage.

"Was it robbery?—burglary?" I asked.

"Well, you might call it both," Struber slowly admitted. "Somebody wanted something of the old lady's mighty bad to take such a chance. What's she got that's worth the risk? I've mixed with all sorts of crooks in my time, but never crossed ropes with one that'd a-pulled off a stunt like this unless he knew it'd put him on Easy Street the rest of his life. I'm waiting to find out what they was after, and whether or not they copped it."

We moved together up to the porch, where Miss Fox almost immediately joined us. Her aunt was lying down, easy now except for a nausea that was the natural after effect of the drug. In a low voice she suggested that we go over to a couple of lawn seats. She was deeply troubled.

"Mr. Struber, do you know what happened?" she asked as soon as she sat down in the bench facing the one Struber and I chose.

"Only what I've guessed, Miss Fox," he replied. "I was hoping your aunt could tell us about it."

The girl shook her head decisively.

"She can't tell much. She was busy in the kitchen when she was attracted by a slight noise at the front of the house. At first she paid no attention to it, but when it was repeated she came to the front door to investigate. All she saw was what she took to be a Chinese laundry man's wagon standing at the curb. It wasn't right in front of the house, but down a way, toward Mrs. Falkner's, next door.

"But you know the Chinese habit of walking right into one's house without knocking. She thought of this and turned to look into the front room; then she was seized from behind. Before she could scream or struggle, she says, a cloth was pressed over her face, she was dragged back away from the door, and knew nothing more until she came to and saw a strange man stooping over her. She never saw her assailant at all."

"That was me she saw," Struber explained. "The cloth was a towel and it was soaked with chloroform."

"Good gracious!" exclaimed the girl. Struber pursued:

"I made a quick search of the house before the neighbors got here, but it didn't look torn up any. Of course I couldn't tell if anything was missing. Then your aunt didn't see anybody?"

Miss Fox again shook her head. "No, nobody at all, except you. She was not given an opportunity. But I have discovered what they were after—what they took."

We waited expectantly.

"The little ivory box," she added soberly, her eyes on Struber; "the one you came here to see.

(To be continued.)

Putting It Otherwise.

His Wife—Oh, dear! I wonder if there is any perfect happiness in this world.

The Cheerful Pessimist—Not likely. Silver linings are surrounded by clouds.

Unnecessary Exertion.

Pullman Porter—Next stop is yo' station, sah. Shall I brush yo' off now?

Morton Morose—No; it is not necessary. When the train stops I'll step off.

No Nightly Visits.

Burglar (just acquitted, to his lawyer)—I will drop in soon and see you.

Lawyer—Very good; but in the daytime, please.

Half-a-guinea is the daily pay of quartermaster in the leading British cavalry regiments.

Up to date, at least 1,700 men of the London Police Force are serving with the Navy and Army, whilst a further thousand have been drafted out of the metropolis for the protection of dockyards and military stations in the provinces.

THREE VITAL QUESTIONS

Are you full of energy, vital force, and general good health? Do you know that good digestion is the foundation of good health; Pains and oppression in stomach and chest after eating, with constipation, headache dizziness, are sure signs of Indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup, the great herbal remedy and tonic, will cure you.

AFTER MEALS TAKE

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP.

AND BANISH STOMACH TROUBLES

8015

At all Druggists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and $1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. White & Co. Limited, Craig Street West, Montreal.

The Farm

A Few Pointers for Dairymen.

A poor milker never gets the best results from a cow. A nervous animal resents the bungling touch of a rough or inexperienced hand.

Why not encourage the little peculiarities of the well-bred dairy cow. She is simply a big milking machine and if her whims will produce more milk let her have them.

If we are going to select a bull we would select the one with the worst temper, all other things being equal. Because temper and vigor show male characteristics which should not be ignored.

A gentle sleepy bull that can be managed without a nose ring does not as a rule produce the best calves.

It is downright cruelty to keep a bull in a small enclosure in the summer, a victim to heat and flies—but many men who claim to be good dairymen, do this very thing.

How could we expect a cow to keep in good health and give pure milk when she is confined in foul and ill-ventilated quarters, winter or summer.

A pair of horse-clippers can be bought for $1.50 and the use of these once a month on the cow's flanks and udder will make it an easy matter to keep them clean.

How many cows on the average farm give milk containing more than twenty per cent. of butter-fat? Perhaps not more than one out of every 100.

The separator should never be allowed in the barn or near it.

A half dozen window sash, glazed, will make a dust-proof box in which the dairy vessels can be sunned and kept absolutely clean.

Any enterprising farmer living near a town of 5,000 or more can sell every pound of his butter at full retail prices or little above, the year round.

For several years we have bought farm butter from the same farmer, at two cents above retail market price, every month in the year and glad to get it.

Never attempt to keep summer butter for early fall prices, because it will not keep.

All milk should be aerated as soon as taken from the cow. This can be done by passing it through the saparator, but it is not as good as a device which divides the milk into many fine streams and then allows it to flow over a wide surface in thin sheets with plenty of ice to keep the surface cool.

If nothing better can be had, milk may be aerated by placing the cans in a trough of cold water and dipping the milk with a long-handled dipper and pouring it back into the can until it is thoroughly cool.

Never cover milk while warm, in the cans, as it will produce a musty odor.

The milker who will thump a cow for squirming under the attack of flies, ought to be hoisted out of the barn on the toe of the dairyman's boots.

Need not expect cows to keep up the milk flow during the tail-end of summer, unless you have plenty of soiling crops to feed. Dead grass does not produce milk.

The Value of Cow Peas.

They can be grown as far north as Dent corn can be grown and on land so poor that clover would not catch at all. They are called "the poor man's clover," because you can get such quick results. A crop of cow peas can be grown in three months, and it will be fully equal to a two years' crop of clover. You can sow the peas any time from May to August and can get a good big crop following an early crop taken off in June. Plowed under after the first frost, they will leave the ground in elegant shape for a crop next year. The seed costs about $2.50 per bushel and should be drilled in at the rate of one half bushel per acre.

Ration for Chicks.

A simple grain mixture is corn, wheat, and oats, a little more corn as the weather gets colder and less during the summer days. A little buckwheat and sunflower seed added to this mixture during fall and winter months is beneficial. Green foods, such as alfalfa, cabbage, sprouted oats or mangles should be fed freely. Fresh green cut bone or feed scraps and charcoal should also be supplied at all seasons of the year.

Inventors' Fortunes.

It is not always the greatest invention that brings the largest financial reward. Roller skates are said to have brought their inventor $3,000,000, while nearly half a million was realized by the man who first devised boot laces. The inventor of the safety pin, who took the idea from a reproduction of a Pompeiian cameo, made $10,000,000. On the other hand, Charles Beurseul, who discovered and described the principle of the telephone in 1855, died poor; Michaux, the inventor of the bicycle, ended his days in the utmost penury, and Frederic Sauvage, who is credited with the invention of the screw propellor, was imprisoned and died bankrupt and insane.

This Advertisement

may induce you to try the first packet of

"SALADA"

but we rely absolutely on the inimitable flavour and quality to make you a permanent customer. We will even offer to give this first trial free if you will drop us a postal to Toronto. B 113

GERMANY'S IGNOBLE BACK-DOWN.

By Chas. M. Bice, Denver, Col.

After much "crimination and recrimination" between the governments of the U. S. and that of Germany, the Kaiser has at last yielded to the American demand respecting submarine depredations.

Some people call this a diplomatic victory for the Yankee nation; but others are equally insistent that Germany has yielded only because "the waters were made too hot" for her by the activity of the British naval force. Whatever may be the real cause of Germany's acceding to America's demand, the result is equally glorious and reassuring. Regret, disavowal and indemnity are all conceded by Germany, with the assurance that the Teuton will hareafter be good. We are assured that the Kaiser's order to his submarines has been made so drastically stringent that the recurrence of incidents similar to the Arabic and Lusitania cases is considered out of the question.

At the outset of the negotiations Germany asserted her right in unmistakable terms to continue her original submarine policy, and stated in its first note that "the German Government is unable to acknowledge any obligation to grant indemnity in the matter, even if the commander of the submarine should have been mistaken as to the aggressive intentions of the Arabic." But, in the note a month or so later, we were informed by Count Bernstorff, that Germany is willing to negotiate concerning the amount of the indemnity to be paid for the disaster, and this is expressly stated, whether the submarine commander was convinced or not, that the Arabic intended to ram the submarine; and Germany has gracefully yielded to the testimony of the British officers to the contrary. The Imperial government, in the same note, assured America that "the attack of the submarine was undertaken against the instructions issued to the commander," and that "the Government disavows the act and has notified the commander, Schneider, accordingly."

We have some recollection of a "war zone" decree, and the liberal dimensions thereof, as set by the German naval officials, but all this is now a mere reminiscence, it seems, and we are to hear no more about it.

This is a signal and surprising victory for the whole world, for it fixes the limits of submarine activity for all time, and demonstrates how illy founded were Mr. Bryan's direful apprehensions that found expression in his resignation as a cabinet officer. What a chance for immortal glory his evil genius induced him to throw away!

This is not merely an American victory. In principle the U. S. has been defending the rights of all neutrals, and all will rejoice over the success of American diplomacy.

The result will make it easier to broaden and strengthen the code of international rights when the present war is ended. Force has bowed to rectitude, and morality has dominated power once more. President Wilson's statesmanship, inflexible will and lofty courage have again triumphed, and though harassed at home by the impatient, and heckled by Teutonic sympathizers, he deserves and will receive the adoration of a grateful people.

Certain papers in this country that stand for America's preparedness, however, are disposed to belittle the achievement, and claim, if there is a triumph, it is naval rather than diplomatic, for, say they, "Germany has abandoned her submarine warfare against merchant shipping and the rights of neutrals because the British fleet has made the submarine question a dead issue."

What about the Lusitania? demand these papers. That question is still unsettled.

But Germany's answer in the case of the Arabic, and the concessions therein made, and principles enunciated, should easily apply to the Lusitania when the time comes to settle that dispute. It is enough to know that the weapon she relied upon has been struck from her hand, and that ends it.

The President got nearly everything he demended, bit by bit, and the American public kept its head and backed the President. The war-tooters and peace-at-any-price fawners, and the angry hyphenated citizens have had their day in court. The public has had enough of them. Whether the President "muddled through" in the diplomatic controversy, as some claim, or not, we have escaped the danger of being dragged into an ignominious war.

Never judge a woman by the company she is compelled to entertain.



The First of ALL "Home Remedies"

"VASELINE," in its many forms with their innumerable uses, is the foundation of the family medicine chest.

Trade Vaseline Mark

Petroleum Jelly

It keeps the skin smooth and sound. Invaluable in the nursery for burns, cuts, insect bites, etc. Absolutely pure and safe. AVOID SUBSTITUTES. Insist on "Vaseline" in original packages bearing the name, CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO., Consolidated. For sale at all Chemists and General Stores.

Illustrated booklet free on request.

CHESEBROUGH MF'G CO. (Consolidated)

1880 CHABOT AVE., MONTREAL

Why those Pains?

Here is a testimonial unsolicited

"If I had my will it would be advertised on every street corner. The man or woman that has rheumatism and fails to keep and use Sloan's Liniment is like a drowning man refusing a rope."—*A. J. Van Dyke, Lakewood, N. J.*



Sloan's Liniment



KILLS PAIN

for RHEUMATISM SPRAINS SORE MUSCLES

The Leader
ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY
The Leader Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 26th 1915

TIME-TABLE

EASTBOUND

No. 18 (daily) .....due 4.23 a.m.
" 26 (daily except Sun) " 6.55 a.m.
" 6 (daily)..... " 3.55 p m.

WESTBOUND

No. 7 (daily).....due 12 48 p m
" 26 (daily exc'pt Sun.) due 7 47 p.m
" 13 (daily)..... " 10 13 p.m

THE MAILS

	Despatched	Arrival
Day west.....	12.30 p m....	1 30
Waddington..	1 30 "	3.00
Day, east	3 30 "	4.30
Winchester...	2.00 "	11.15 a.m
Night, east...	7.30 "	
Night, west....	7.30 "	
Sunday, E & W,	7.30 "	

NUDELL BUSH

Quite a large crowd attended the Ladies Aid Tea on Friday evening held at Brookside.

Mrs. M. F. Reddick spent a day this week the guest of Mrs. Shultice.

Mr. Harold and Ross Prunner were guests at Ferndale on Monday.

Mr. M. McIntosh was a business caller in town recently.

Mrs. Fred Cunningham was the guest of Miss A. E. Casselman on Saturday.

Rev. and Mrs. Little of Morrisburg were guests at S. L. Casselman's.

Mrs. Sidney Rooks spent a week visiting friends in our Burn.

Mrs. Sidney Pruner and daughter, Maud and baby, Frank, were guests at Riverside this week.

Mr. Fred Laport is visiting friends here now.

Mr. Geo. Casselman spent Monday at Riverside.

Miss F. M. Lount and Mrs. Wm. Plantz spent Friday in town.

Miss Flossie Beckstead of town was the guest of Miss F. M. Lount a few days this week.

Mrs. Melvin Baker and daughter, Pearl, spent a day in Hoasic lately

Mr. and Mrs. Shaver were visiting friends here this week.

...Mr. John Baker was in town on Friday.

FROATBURN

Mr. and Mrs. E Swerdfeger visited at Bert Marcellus', Hoasic, on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Fetterly of Glen Becker spent Sunday at Roland Froats'.

Mrs. Mathew Marcellus and Mrs. Fred Cunningham of Morrisburg, spent a few days in our Burn.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse I. Casselman of Riverside visited at G. Froats' on Friday.

Mr. Bert McMillan of Grantley called in our Burn on Sunday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Froats visited their daughter, Mrs. Frank Wells of Hoasic on Sunday.

A few from here attended the social at Wm. Plantz's, Nudell Bush, on Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Forward visited at Chas. Watson's on Sunday.

OSNABRUCK CENTRE

Mr. Preston Rombough and sister, Nellie, were the guests of Miss Lottie Hartwell on Sunday.

Miss Verna Hartwell has returned home from visiting friends at Dickinson's Landing.

Mr. Riley Shaver of Nudell Bush was the guest of Mr. Wm. Hollister on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Markell were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Johiel Rombough on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas Ezard of Cornwall were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Osborne Hartwell on Wednesday.

Mr. Frank Alguire of Massena passed through here on Friday.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA
ESTABLISHED 1874
Head Office : - Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - - -	$ 4,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits -	4,978,299
Total Assets over - - -	50,000,000

Board of Directors :
HON. GEORGE BRYSON, President. JOHN B. FRASER, Vice-President
SIR HENRY N. BATE, DAVID MACLAREN,
RUSSELL BLACKBURN, DENIS MURPHY,
SIR HENRY K. EGAN, HON. SIR GEORGE H. PERLEY,
E. C. WHITNEY.
GEORGE BURN, General Manager.
D. M. FINNIE, Asst-General Manager.
W. DUTHIE, Chief Inspector.

MORRISBURG BRANCH—B. A. HERRING, Manager


Have One Tonight
—if you feel bilious, "headachy" and irritable—for that's a sign your liver is out of order. Your food is not digesting—it stays in the stomach a sour, fermented mass, poisoning the system. Just take a dose of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets—they make the liver do its work—they cleanse and sweeten the stomach and tone the whole digestive system. You'll feel *fine* in the morning. At all druggists, 25c., or by mail from
Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto 14
CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS

RIVER ROAD

Mr. Harvey Redmond has moved from our neighborhood to Iroquois.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Wallace attended the Beach—Miller wedding last Wednesday.

Mr. Robert Cooper is laid up at present with poison ivy.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McGown were visiting at Mr. Peter Strader's on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jay Merkley spent Sunday at Mr. Edward Lewis' of Iroquois.

Mrs. Henry Binion was calling on some of her old friends in Iroquois on Tuesday evening last.

Mr. James Cook is busy trying to get the fall work done on his new farm, which he bought from Mr. Geo. Hanes.

Mr. Jay Merkley is putting a new front on his stables this fall

We have had peace since those airships that dropped bombs have stopped coming. They did consider able damage, hiding ploughs and turning over private residences in this district.

Retains flavor and freshness in bread and pastry 19
PURITY FLOUR
"More Bread and Better Bread"

ANTELOPE, SASK.

Mr. Wm. Attridge has returned home after spending the Summer months at Webb with Mr. Geo. Gripp.

We are sorry to announce the death of Mr. Harold Tassam, a young and well-respected young man of this place. A few weeks ago he was taken ill with appendicitis and removed to the hospital at Swift Current. He rallied from the operation, but pneumonia set in from which he succombed on Tuesday last. The funeral was held from his brother's, Mr. Louis Tasseau's on Thursday and was well attended, showing the esteem in which the young man was held.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Owan Devins on October 26th, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Hinds on October 24th, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Tom Barefoot, October 23rd, a daughter.

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL
CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL
SCRANTON COAL
Place Your Order Now and Get the Summer Prices
Highest Grade of
PORTLAND CEMENT
and
PREPARED PLASTER
Always on Hand.
ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE
The Greatest Shingle Proposition on the Market.
BAMWELL NOXIE WIRE FENCE ALWAYS IN STOCK.
W. H. McGANNON
CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL
CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

WAR LOAN

DOMINION OF CANADA

ISSUE OF $50,000,000 5 p.c. BONDS MATURING 1st DEC., 1925

REPAYABLE AT PAR AT
OTTAWA, HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, CHARLOTTETOWN, MONTREAL, TORONTO, WINNIPEG, REGINA, CALGARY, VICTORIA.

INTEREST PAYABLE HALF-YEARLY—1st JUNE, 1st DECEMBER.

ISSUE PRICE 97 1-2

A FULL HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST WILL BE PAID ON 1st JUNE, 1916.
THE PROCEEDS OF THE LOAN WILL BE USED FOR WAR PURPOSES ONLY.

In the event of future issues (other than issues made abroad) being made by the Government, for the purpose of carrying on the war, bonds of this issue will be accepted at the issue price, 97½, plus accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscriptions to such issues.

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE offers herewith on behalf of the Government the above named Bonds for subsoription at 97½ payable as follows,—

10 per cent on application,
7½ " " 3rd January, 1916,
20 " " 1st February, 1916,
20 " " 1st March, 1916
20 " " 1st April, 1916,
20 " " 1st May, 1916.

The instalments may be paid in full on and after the 3rd day of January, 1916, under discount at the rate of four per cent per annum. All payments are to be made to a chartered bank for the credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture and the allotment to cancellation.

Applications, accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent of the amount subscribed, must be forwarded through the medium of a chartered bank. The bank will issue a provisional receipt.

This loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada and both principal and interest will be a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Forms of application may be obtained from any branch of any chartered bank in Canada, and at the office of any Assistant Receiver General in Canada.

Subscriptions must be for even hundreds of dollars.

In case of partial allotments the surplus deposit will be applied towards payment of the amount due on the January instalment.

Scrip certificates payable to bearer will be issued, after allotment, in exchange for the provisional receipts.

When the scrip certificates have been paid in full and payment endorsed thereon by the bank receiving the money, they may be exchanged for bonds with coupons attached, payable to bearer or registered as to principal, or for fully registered bonds without coupons.

Delivery of scrip certificates and of bonds will be made through the chartered banks.

The interest on the fully registered bonds will be paid by cheque, which will be remitted by post. Intereston bonds with coupons will be paid on surrender of coupons. Both cheques and coupons will be payable free of exchange at any branch of any chartered bank in Canada.

Holders of fully registered bonds without coupons will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons, payable to bearer or registered, without payment of any fee, and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert, without fee, into fully registered bonds without coupons at any time on application in writing to the Minister of Finance.

The issue will be exempt from taxes—including any income tax--imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The bonds with coupons will be issued in denominations of $100, $500, $1,000. Fully registered bonds without coupons will be issued in denominations of $1,000, $5,000 or any authorized multiple of $5,000.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the issue on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges.

The loan will be repaid at maturity at par at the office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, or Victoria.

The books of the loan will be kept at the Department of Finance, Ottawa.

Recognized bond and stock brokers will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent on allotments made in respect of applications which bear their stamp.

Subscription Lists will close on or before 30th November, 1915.

Finance Department, Ottawa, 22nd November, 1915.

Fire! Fire!

Owners of buildings and content will do well to remember that Fire is liable to destroy their property when they least expect a visit from this destructive fiend. They will, therefore, consult their own best interests by insuring with the undersigned in the Royal and other good solid British companies.

Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and liberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY,
Local Agent, Morrisburg
D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector and Adjuster

CORNWALL
GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:
1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, President — J. C. ALGUIRE, Sec'y-Trea

OTTAWA WINTER FAIR
Jan. 18, 19, 20, 21, 1915.
$16,000.00 IN PRIZES
JOHN BRIGHT, President, Ottawa, Ont.
W. D. JACKSON, Secretary Carp, Ont.


I'm going to fix up my house this winter with
NEPONSET WALL BOARD
FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS
This material is used instead of or over plaster and laths, or for partitions. It is made in three attractive finishes—Plain Oak, Cream White, and Burnt Leather and requires no further decoration. Any one can apply NEPONSET Wall Board with hammer and nails—furnished in large sheets *ready* for application.
W. H. McGANNON,
Morrisburg, Ont.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

FEELS LIKE A NEW WOMAN

As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Dispelled Backache, Headaches and Dizziness.



Piqua, Ohio.—"I would be very ungrateful if I failed to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the praise it deserves, for I have taken it at different times and it always relieved me when other medicines failed, and when I hear a woman complain I always recommend it. Last winter I was attacked with a severe case of organic weakness. I had backache, pains in my hips and over my kidneys, headache, dizziness, lassitude, had no energy, limbs ached and I was always tired. I was hardly able to do my housework. I had taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound on one other occasion, and it had helped me so I took it again and it has built me up, until now I feel like a new woman. You have my hearty consent to use my name and testimonial in any way and I hope it will benefit suffering women."—Mrs. ORPHA TURNER, 431 S. Wayne St., Piqua, Ohio.

Women who are suffering from those distressing ills peculiar to their sex should not doubt the ability of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to restore their health.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Have You Tried This Wonderful Product?

Special Sale on

PALMOLIVE

80c. Worth for 50c.

Shampoo, 50c.
2 Cakes Soap 30c

This Bargain For 50c.

"PALMOLIVE is made in CANADA"

Cream 50c.
Soap 30c.

80c. Worth For 50c.

First Come, First Served. Our stock is limited and you don't want to miss this Bargain.

FOR SALE BY

D. T. HENDERSON

The Rexall Store

MORRISBURG, - - ONT.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Miss Alice Chevrier of Casselman who has been visiting her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Casselman and other friends for the past few months returned to her home last week.

We are glad to report that Mrs. M. O. Trickey who has been seriously ill with pleurisy is able to be around again.

Mr. Orlin Becker spent a few days last week in Toronto.

Miss Jessie Becksted spent the week-end at the home of Miss Sadie Becksted, Elma.

The party of hunters from our Burg who were away on a sixteen days' deer hunt in the northern part of Ontario returned home on Tuesday last. They report a very successful outing and deer very plentiful

The Ladies of the Methodist Church, Williamsburg sent a box of clothing of 65 pieces, a box of canned fruit and several bags of vegetables to the Deaconness' Home, No. 9 Coursol St., Montreal. An acknowledgment was received for same by Mrs. L. C. Barkley, which we regret space does not permit to publish.

Recent guests at Edgar McIntosh's were Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cook and Miss Florence, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Barkley and son, Stuart, Mrs. Ellen Algire and Miss Eugenia, Mr. R. B. Strader and Mr. Diveney of the Molsons Bank.

Miss Essie Pitt and Mr. Roy Barkley visited at Mr. Luther C. Barkley's last Sunday.

Mr. Rob Norval, who is working in the munition factory, Brockville spent Sunday last at his home.

Miss Myrtle Casselman spent the week-end at Mr. Elery Casselman's, Dundela.

A highly respected resident of this place in the person of Mrs. Simon Becksted passed to the great beyond on Monday, Nov. 22nd. 1915, aged 68 years. Deceased had been seriously ill about two months ago, but had recovered having gone on a visit among her children and on her return home was severely stricken and kept sinking until the end came Her maiden name was Hannah Casselman. She leaves to mourn her loss two sons and three daughters. The funeral, which was largely attended was held in the Lutheran church, Williamsburg, the services being conducted by the Rev. J. Maurer.

GALLINGERTOWN

Lorne Shaver of Osnabruck Centre was a business caller here on Saturday.

Wm. Southworth was at Osnabruck Centre on Saturday.

Guests at Geo. McNairn's—Mrs. Charles Marcellus and family of Dunbar, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. McNairn of Colquhoun and Mr. and Mrs. Percy Gallinger.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gallinger and daughter, Beatrice, spent the 21st. at A. W. Weagant's, Archer.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Froats of Dickinson's Landing spent a day last week at A. Colquhoun's.

Mr. Roy Rupert of Finch spent Sunday last with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. David Alguire and daughter, Mary, spent a day last week with friends at Osnabruck Centre.

ROWENA

Mrs. John Becksted and baby Gweneth, spent a few days last week with Morrisburg friends.

Mrs. John Markell returned home yesterday after visiting her sister, Mrs. Charles Marsh of Morrisburg.

Mr. Roy Mullin returned home a few days ago after spending some time in the west. Roy speaks in glowing terms of the prairie provinces.

BRINSTON

Miss Baker spent the week-end with friends at Irena.

Miss Gertie Fader of Hainsville spent last week at Jas. Murray's.

A number from here attended the [illegible] and supper at Iroquois on Thursday.

Married—At the parsonage, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 17th., Miss Olive Cook of Dundela, to Mr. Fred Coons of this place.—Congratulations.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Murray visited friends at Cardinal on Sunday.

We are glad to report Mrs. Ancil Locke of Dixon's, formerly of this place, who has been very ill with pneumonia, improved in health.

We are sorry to report Mrs. S. E. Barkley is on the sick list.

AULTSVILLE

Rev. Thos. Bennett, secretary of the Bible Society, made his annual visit on Sunday, November 21. A large audience assembled in the Presbyterian Church at 7.30 o'clock to hear the able and inspiring lecture given by Mr. Bennett. The old officers were asked to keep their positions for another year. Mr. Geo. Bigelow, Pres. Mr. I. B. Dafoe, secretary-treasurer. C. S. Ault, depository. The canvas and offering at the meeting brought the funds to about the same as last year.

The Guild of St. Pauls Church will hold their annual sale (D.V.) of useful and fancy articles in the basement of the church on Saturday evening, December 11th. Supper will also be served from five to seven p.m.

Mrs. W. Casselman and children of East Williamsburg are spending a few days here with Mr. and Mrs. D. Cook.

Mrs. J. Sheets and daughter, Ruth, spent a few days recently with Mrs. A. Winters, Montreal.

Mr. Geo. Markell of Belleville spent the week-end at his home here.

Mrs. W. F. Baker is spending a few days in Belleville with her son, Mr. Harris Baker and family.

Miss J. H. Ralph spent the week-end with friends in Cardinal and Prescott.

Mr. A. W. Ault of Ottawa spent the week-end here with Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Ault.

Private Harold Ault is in Cornwall this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Weagant of Archer spent Tuesday with friends here.

Mr. John Casselman has purchased the meat market on Nelson street and is now open for business with the public.

Miss Laura Hollister of Farrans Point spent Sunday with friends here.

Word was received here last week of the demise of Miss Ethel Bredin Missionary to India, on Oct. 23rd. Miss Bredin volunteered for work in India and was sent out by the Presbyterian Church at Woodlands Ont., but never reached her station for she contracted fever and was taken ashore and left with a missionary and his wife who took care of her until the end came.

Miss Bredin was a daughter of the late Col. H. Bredin and leaves a mother and several sisters and brothers to whom the sympathy of a wide circle of friends is extended.

FROATBURN

Mr. and Mrs. Durham Wells of Hoasic passed through Froatburn on Saturday.

Mrs. J. Salmon of East Williamsburg and Mrs. B. Gillard and childreb of Pigeon Island visited J. Styles' one day last week.

Mr. John Moffatt of Hoasic passed through here on Friday.

Mr. R. Weagant passed through here on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Forward and Mrs. Dalton Saddlemire of Glen Becker were recent visitors at Chas. Watson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Morley Bowman spent Sunday afternoon at Mr. Stanley Saddlemire's, Glen Becker.

Mr. John Duprau of Riverside, passed through Froatburn recently

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Styles spent one day last week at J.R. Styles', Pigeon Island.

DUNDELA

Mr. James Barnhart of Strader Hill visited under the parental roof on Sunday.

Miss Hazel Sypes of Ogdensburg visited at her home for a few days this week.

Mr. Fred Coons of Brinston's, and Miss O. Cook, Dundela, were married on Wednesday Nov. 17th.

Mr. Clifford Sypes has returned home for the winter with his mother.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Our youngsters enjoyed their first skate of the season on the 17th and 18th of November.

A few of our youngsters spent a pleasant evening at the home of Mr. John Stoddhart's on Wednesday evening.

Messrs. Clarke and Aden Garlough were at Williamsburg last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Eddy VanAllen and Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Wells and son, Ross, spent Sunday with friends at Hoasic.

Messrs. George Bridges and A. Henophy have returned from the west.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Summers and Mrs. Melissa Summers spent Sunday with the latter's daughter, Mrs. William Castleman.

Mrs. Martha Watson spent the past week with her daughter at Williamsburg.

Quite a number from here attended the social at Nudell Bush.

Mrs. Cornelius Wells and daughters, Mrs. George and Mrs. Samuel Lawrence attended the quilting bee at Mr. Percy Wells at Aultsville on Thursday.

Mr. Nelson Castleman has moved from our midst and have taken up their residence at Morrisburg. We wish them every success in their new home.

Mr. David Hutchinson and Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Garlough of Williamsburg spent Sunday at Mr. Thomas Garlough's.

Messrs. Harry Wells and Edward Stoddhart left for Brockville on Tuesday.

Mr. Joseph Reddick had the misfortune to lose his buggy last week

HOW LONG WILL THE WAR LAST?

The War Against Health Is Quickly Ended By "Fruit-a-tives".



MRS. DEWOLFE

East Ship Harbour, N.S.

"It is with great pleasure that I write to tell you of the wonderful benefit I have received from taking 'Fruit-a-tives'. For years I was a dreadful sufferer from *Constipation and Headaches*, and I was miserable in every way. Nothing in the way of medicines seemed to help me. Then I finally tried 'Fruit-a-tives' and the effect was splendid. After taking one box, *I feel like a new person* and I am deeply thankful to have relief from those sickening Headaches".

Mrs. MARTHA DEWOLFE.

"FRUIT-A-TIVES", the medicine made from fruit juices, has relieved more sufferers from *Headaches, Constipation, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Skin Troubles than any other medicine.*

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.



Regulate Kidneys AND Relieve Constipation

Gin Pills are acknowledged to have the largest sale of any proprietary medicine in Canada—an achievement solely due to their remarkable virtue as a Kidney and Bladder remedy.

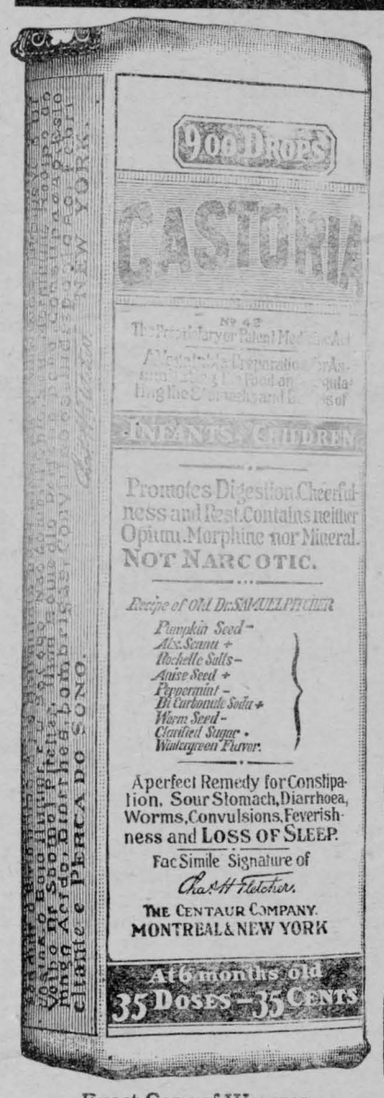
But users of Gin Pills have discovered that this invaluable remedy *also* acts as a mild cathartic. The evidence of hundreds of letters we have received establishes the very logical fact that in compounding a medicine to heal and tune up the Kidneys and Bladder certain of the ingredients have a stimulating effect upon the other organs, especially the bowels.

It is important to know, in the case of constipated patients, that Gin Pills do not act harshly on the bowels; there is no griping, but a gradual and gentle restoration of the function. Try Gin Pills for constipation. In thus relieving the bowels, you safeguard yourself against possible Kidney trouble.

Gin Pills are 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50 at your dealer's. A trial treatment will be sent upon request, to 16

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto.

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

HAY'S FLOWERS

FOR XMAS GIFTS

We will have our usual Choice Selection of FLORAL GIFTS for Xmas Gift Givers. Prompt and Safe delivery by Parcel Post or Express to any town or city in the Dominion; Gauranteed.

Beautiful Plants in Bloom
For Gifts
Rich & Desirable Palms & Ferns For Gifts
Superb Christmas Roses - For Gifts
Spicy Carnations For Gifts

A box of our beautiful Xma Flowers assorted for $2.00 is a most desirable gift to a Sweetheart, Sister, Mother or Friend.

ORDER NOW

Xmas Holly Mistletoe, Wreaths, and Decorations in complete supply as usual

Bowls of Gold-Fish Are NEW And NOVEL Christmas Gifts

THE HAY FLORAL and SEED CO FLORISTS

BROCKVILLE : : ONTARIO

Mrs. Cornelius Wells and daughter, Grace, were visiting in Uncle Sam's Domain on Tuesday.

NATION VALLEY

Mr. Donald Rae returned home from Yorkton, Sask., on Sunday evening.

Mr. Harry Carruthers of Chesterville High School spent the week-end in the Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Loucks of Winchester Springs spent Sunday at Mr. Hugh Jackson's.

Rev. Warren, M.A., of Chesterville conducted service in the school house on Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Jamieson and Master Harold were guests the first of the week of the former's niece, Mrs. Clark of Cass Bridge.

The Presbyterians from here attended the lecture in the Presbyterian Church, Chesterville, on Thursday evening last.

Rev. Reid of Montreal is well worth hearing. His lecture and also the lantern views on the present war and also his holiday trip throughout Ireland were very instructive, as well as entertaining.

Misses Mable and Pauline Rae visited recently in Chesterville.

CASTORIA
FOR FLETCHER'S
Children Cry

Surprise Store

WE quote below only a few of the genuine bargains offered at the SURPRISE STORE:

Cloth Pants from $3.50 to	1.25
Tweed Pants from $4.00 to	2.00
Overalls from $1.15 to	90c
Shirts from $1.00 to	45c
Smocks from $1.00 to	40c
Rain Coats at.....	2.50
Four 30c Brooms for	1.00

Also a full line of GROCERIES at a reduction

H. M. Casselman

Overland

1916 MODEL NO. 75

F. O. B. $850 Hamilton

Electrically Lighted & Started.

At Last! A Light Weight Smaller Comfortable Family Car at a Price Almost every family Can Afford.

Five Passenger Weighs 2160 lbs. 20 to 25 H. P., 104 in Wheel Base and 31 x 4 Tires.

WILLYS OVERLAND Co., Hamilton.

THOMAS FAULKNER. Rep. Morewood

ALL ELIGIBLE UNMARRIED MEN WILL BE ENROLLED IN BRITAIN

If They Do Not Volunteer by January 1st They Will be Brought in by Compulsion

A despatch from London says: If eligible single men do not volunteer they will be brought in by compulsion. Lord Derby states this in a letter to Premier Asquith, in reply to which the Premier says the statement "correctly expresses the intentions of the Government." This pledge removes all doubt of the uncertainty of the last few days, and absolutely commits the Government to conscription unless all the eligible men, that is, exclusive of the munition workers and others engaged in work necessary for the country, have not enlisted by December 31.

STUDIED HATE IN PRISON CAMP

British Soldiers Confined at Wittenberg, Germany, Suffer Keenly.

A despatch from London says: The British press bureau has published the reports of James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador to Germany, and members of the Embassy Staff in Berlin, relative to the condition of British prisoners of war in the camp at Wittenberg, Prussia.

Lithgow Osborne reported that his whole impression of the camp authorities was utterly unlike that which he had received in every other camp he visited. Instead of regarding their charges as honorable prisoners of war, he stated, they apparently regarded them as criminals whom a regime of fear alone sufficed to keep in obedience.

"All evidence of kindly human feeling between the authorities and the prisoners was lacking," said Mr. Osborne, "and in no other camp have I found signs of fear on the part of the prisoners that what they might say to me would result in suffering for them afterwards."

The following extracts are taken from Ambassador Gerard's report:

"I regret to state that after a careful examination of the camp and long conversations with the prisoners my impression is even more unfavorable than I had been led to expect.

"Upon my arrival at the camp I was not received by the general who acts as commandant, but by a major.

"There are over 4,000 prisoners in the camp, of whom 278 are British. Among these I found only sixteen overcoats. The men, on the whole, are insufficiently clothed.

"The men told me that one of the British medical officers in the camp recently was struck by a German non-commissioned officer and this proved to be true.

"Many prisoners complain that dogs were brought in by German soldiers at night, and that in certain cases prisoners had had their clothes torn by these dogs. I asked the authorities whether they considered dogs necessary for the preservation of order, saying that at no other camps had I seen dogs used for this purpose, and they informed me that they considered it absolutely necessary, that dogs were needed to protect the German soldiers on duty. I was shown half a dozen of these dogs, which were of the usual police type.

"Two prisoners informed me that the conditions in the camp had unquestionably improved greatly in the last few months; that last year when an epidemic of spotted typhus existed the camp conditions had been indescribably bad.

"They said that they then implored the German authorities to put the British soldiers in barracks by themselves, as this was the only way to prevent an outbreak of the epidemic, which had been brought to the camp by Russians. This request was refused on the ground that the British should learn to know their allies better. Largely because of this 50 British military prisoners and 9 civilians died of the disease."

NEW INDICTMENTS FOR PASSPORT FRAUDS

A despatch from Washington says: Further investigations of the activities of Austrian Consul-General von Nuber and his associates will be made by the Department of Justice as a result of a conference in New York between A. Bruce Bielaski, Chief of the Bureau of Investigations, and Dr. Joseph Goricar, former Austrian Consul. A department statement announcing this also said that information had been obtained which probably would lead to further indictments for passport frauds.

GERMAN LINES GROWING THIN

Reports from the Russian Fighting Fronts Show the Wastage of Enemy.

A despatch from Petrograd says: "We have mastered the situation, and the action will develop according to our initiative," is the report sent by Gen. Ruszky, the Russian commander who leads the army on the Dvinsk front against Field Marshal von Hindenburg. "The enemy is demoralized, and its backbone broken," Gen. Ruszky adds.

These words apparently are confirmed by the German casualty lists published recently, which show that the enemy has lost 85,000 men in the last few weeks on the Russian front.

Russian military observers are finding frequent indications that the German lines on this front are growing increasingly thin. These are furnished by reports from the fighting lines, notably from the sector north-east of Riga. As an instance, it is stated that in capturing the passage between two marshes, the Russians found the sole defenders of the positions to be two Germans with machine guns.

GERMAN DESTROYER STEAMED AWAY

Pursued British Steamer Into Swedish Waters Where Her Designs Were Frustrated.

A despatch from Copenhagen says: The British steamer Thelma's departure from Trelleborg, Sweden, where she had been lying since the beginning of the war, was marked by an exciting naval adventure, in which the vessel escaped capture by a German destroyer through assistance rendered by the Swedish torpedo boat Pollux.

When south of Landskrona, 16 miles north-east of Copenhagen, the Thelma was pursued by the German destroyer W132 into Swedish territorial waters. While the Germans were in the act of boarding the steamer, the Polux forced them to return to their boat, and, running between the two vessels, informed the Germans that every means would be employed to prevent the Thelma from being taken.

After an interval of silence in which both warships cleared for action, the German destroyer steamed away.

GIFTS FOR SOLDIERS ADMITTED DUTY FREE

Col. Hodgetts, the Canadian Red Cross Commissioner in London, in a cable to the Dominion headquarters, states that the treasury have given directions that all gift parcels of dutiable goods sent to members of the Canadian contingents on duty in Great Britain are to be admitted duty free. The contents of the parcels should be declared. Further, no duty is charged by the French Government on any goods sent to the British forces in France.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER IS SUNK BY A MINE

A despatch from London says: Reports have reached here that the Norwegian steamship Ulriken struck a mine and was sunk near Galloper Light.

Twenty members of the crew of the Ulriken have landed on the east coast. They say their vessel was sunk in the North Sea and that four of the crew are missing.

The survivors assert that a Greek steamer also met with disaster.

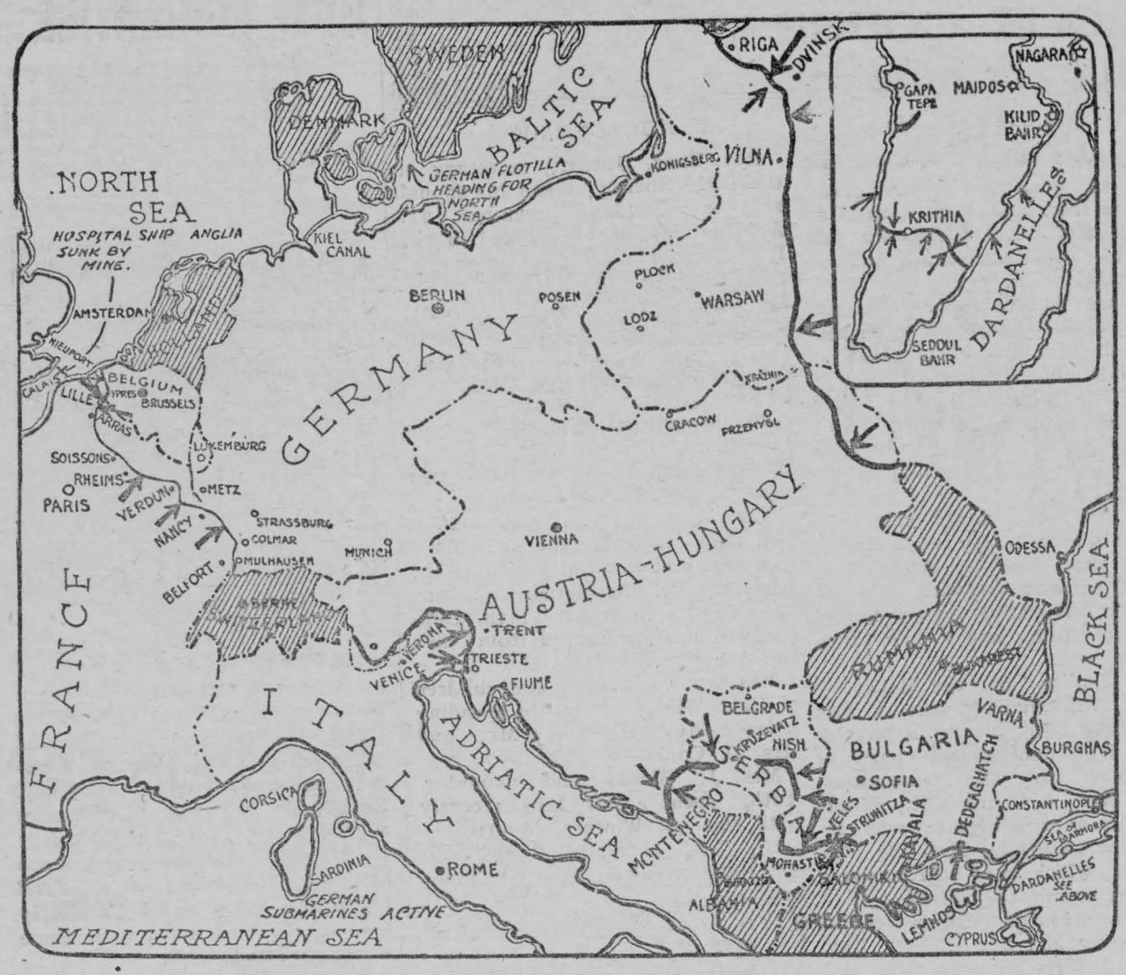
The first time a girl is engaged she imagines herself as important as a heroine in a novel.

Russia to Suspend All Enemy Enterprises

A despatch from Petrograd says: The Council of Ministers has decided to suspend all the remaining commercial and industrial enterprises in Russia belonging to subjects of enemy countries. These number over one thousand and employ thirty thousand persons.

French Warships Capture Austrian Submarines

A despatch from Rome says: French warships have captured two German submarines flying Austrian flags off the African coast. One was captured off Tunis, the other off Cyrenaica.



The Week's Development in the War.

The week's fighting apparently has been very desperate on four frontiers, but news over the principal cable has been a succession of unofficial despatches, one contradicting another. It is obvious that Von Hindenburg is somewhat of a fallen idol; his desperate drives for Riga and Dvinsk have been made with his customary disregard of human life. The Russian counter-drives in other sectors of the eastern front have been in keeping with their plan of campaign, to wear down the enemy and keep him from detaching men for other fronts. In Flanders and France there has been little outside of artillery and bomb fighting. The Italians, recently offered a separate place, have been wiping out that insult from Austria by strenuous work. In Gallipoli we have resumed the offensive, the British 52nd Division occupying Turkish trenches on both sides of the Krithia Nulla.

It was principally in Serbia that the most desperate, and at the same time the most vaguely reported fighting of the week. The French and British have shown increased strength, but the resistance of the Serbs is about done.

The Leading Markets

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Nov. 23.—Manitoba wheat, new crop—No. 1 Northern, $1.11½; No. 2 Northern, $1.09, on track, lake ports, immediate shipment.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 47c; No. 3 C.W., tough, 43½c, on track, lake ports.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 74c, on track Toronto.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, 73½c, on track Toronto.

Ontario oats, new crop—No. 3 white, 38 to 39c; commercial oats, 37 to 38c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, 96 to 98c; slightly sprouted and tough, according to sample, 92 to 95c; sprouted, smutty and tough, according to sample, 75 to 88c.

Peas—No. 2 nominal, per car lots, $2.10; sample peas, according to sample, $1.25 to $1.75.

Barley—Malting barley, 56 to 60c; feed barley, 49 to 52c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Nominal, car lots, 78 to 80c, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 88 to 90c; tough, 80 to 85c, according to sample.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $6; second patents, in jute bags, $5.50; strong bakers', in jute bags, $5.30, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Winter, 90 per cent. patents, $4.10 to $4.50, according to sample, seaboard, or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed, car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, $22; shorts, per ton, $23; middlings, per ton, $25; good feed flour, per bag, $1.50.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 28 to 30c; inferior, 22 to 24c; creamery prints, 32 to 33c; do., solids, 31 to 32c.

Eggs—Storage, 30 to 32c per dozen; selects, 35 to 36c; new laid, 42 to 45c, case lots.

Honey—Prices in tins, lb., 10 to 11c; combs, No. 1, $2.40; No. 2, $2.

Beans—$3.25 to $3.50.

Poultry—Chickens, 14 to 16c; fowls, 11 to 13c; ducks, 15 to 16c; geese, 14 to $16c; turkeys, 20 to 22c.

Cheese—Large, 17½c; twins, 17¾c.

Potatoes—Car lots of Ontario quoted at $1.10 to $1.15, and New Brunswicks at $1.15 to $1.20 per bag, on track.

Wholesale Hay Market.

Baled hay, new—No. 1, per ton, $16 to $17.50; No. 2, per ton, $13 to $14; baled straw, ton, $6.50 to $7.

Provisions.

Bacon, long clear, 15 to 15½c per lb. in case lots. Hams—Medium, 18½ to 19c; do., heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 15½ to 16c; breakfast bacon, 21 to 23c; backs, plain, 24 to 25c; boneless backs, 26 to 28c.

Lard—The market is firm; pure lard, tubs, 14c; compound, pails, 12c.

Business in Montreal.

Montreal, Nov. 23.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 77½ to 78c. Oats—Canadian Western, No.2, 51c; No. 3, 50c; No. 2 local white, 46½c; No. 3 local white, 45½c; No. 4 local white, 44½c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 65½c; malting, 66½c. Buckwheat—No. 2, 75 to 80c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $6.10; seconds, $5.60; strong bakers', $5.40; Winter patents, choice, $6; straight rollers, $5.30 to $5.40; do., bags, $2.50 to $2.60. Rolled oats—Bbls., $5.20 to $5.25; do., bags, 90 lbs., $2.45 to $2.55. Bran, $22. Shorts, $23. Middlings, $30. Mouillie, $30 to $32. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $17.50 to $18.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 16¾ to 17c; finest easterns, 16¼ to 16⅜c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 31½ to 32c; seconds, 31 to 31¼c. Eggs—Fresh, 42c; selected, 33c; No. 1 stock, 30c; No. 2 stock, 27 to 28c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, $1.10 to $1.20. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, $13 to $13.50. Pork—Heavy Canada short mess, bbls., 35 to 45 pieces, $28 to $28.50; Canada short-cut back, bbls., 45 to 55 pieces, $27 to $27.50. Lard—Compound, tierces, 375 lbs., 10¼c; wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 10¾c; pure, tierces, 375 lbs., 12 to 12½c; pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 13 to 13½c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Nov. 23.—Wheat—December, $1.00¼; May, $1.03¾ to $1.03⅞. Cash—No. 1 hard, $1.07¼; No. 1 Northern, $1.02¾ to $1.05¾; No. 2 Northern, 98¼ to $1.02¾. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 68½ to 69½c. Oats—No. 3 white, 34¾ to 35¼c. Flour unchanged. Bran, $17.75 to $18.

Duluth, Nov. 23.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.05⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.04⅜; No. 2 Northern, 99⅜ to $1.00⅜; Montana, No. 2, $1.03⅜; December, $1.00⅜ to $1.00½; May, $1.04⅜. Linseed, cash, $2.08 to $2.08½; December, $2.04¼; May, $2.07¼.

Live Stock Markets.

Montreal, Nov. 23.—The quotations were: Best heavy steers, $8.25 to $8.50; good heavy steers, $7.75 to $8; butchers' cattle, choice, $7.35 to $7.50; do., good, $7 to $7.25; do., medium, $6.25 to $6.60; do., common, $4.85 to $5.15; butchers' bulls, choice, $6.25 to $6.75; do., good bulls, $5.75 to $6; do., rough bulls, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers' cows, choice, $6.30 to $6.50; do., good, $5.75 to $6; do., medium, $5 to $5.50; do., common, $4.25 to $4.75; feeders, good, $6.50 to $7; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., $6.25 to $6.75; canners and cutters, $3 to $4.50; milkers, choice, each, $65 to $100; do., common and medium, each, $35 to $50; Springers, $50 to $100; light ewes, $6 to $6.50; sheep, heavy, $5 to $5.50; do., bucks, $3.50 to $4.50; yearling lambs, $7 to $7.50; Spring lambs, cwt., $8.75 to $9.25; calves, medium to choice, $7.25 to $10; hogs, fed and watered, $9.25.

Montreal, Nov. 23.—Choice steers sold at $7 to $7.25, but the bulk of the trading was done in stock ranging from $6 to $6.50, and the common and inferior grades brought from $4.50 to $5.50, while butchers' cows sold at $4.50 to $6, and bulls at $4.75 to $6.25 per cwt. There was a good demand for canning stock at steady prices, with sales of cows at $3.15 to $3.35, bulls at $4 to $4.50 per cwt. Lambs, Ontario stock, $9 to $9.25; Quebec stock, $8.50 to $8.75; sheep, $5.25 to $6 per cwt. Calves, fair-sized lots of grass-fed stock, 3 to 6c per lb.; milk-fed stock, 7 to 8c per lb. Hogs, selected lots, $9.25 to $9.50 per cwt., weighed off cars.

BRITISH HOSPITAL SHIP SUNK BY A FLOATING MINE IN CHANNEL

300 Were Saved Out of a Total of 385—Vesse Recently Conveyed King Across

A despatch from London says: The hospital ship Anglia, with about 300 wounded men aboard, in addition to the crew, nurses and attendants, bound from France for Dover, struck a mine in mid-Channel and sank in a very short time. About 85 men, most of them seriously wounded, and, therefore, in their cots, lost their lives.

The collier Lusitania, which was nearby at the time of the accident, immediately went to the assistance of the Anglia, and her boats had just been lowered when she also struck a mine and foundered. All her crew were saved.

A patrol vessel succeeded in rescuing 300 of the Anglia's passengers and crew, including some nurses. A number of bodies were recovered.

The mine is supposed to have broke from its moorings in the recent storm.

An official communication says:

"King George was shocked to hear that the Anglia, which so recently conveyed him across the Channel, had been sunk. His Majesty is grieved at the loss incurred, but trusts that the survivors have not unduly suffered from their terrible exposure."

BRITISH TAKE TURK TRENCHES

Well-prepared Attack in the Dardanelles Was an Unqualified Success.

A despatch from London says: Simultaneously with the arrival of Lord Kitchener at the Dardanelles comes an official report of the resumption of the offensive on Gallipoli by the allies, nearly 300 yards of the enemy's trenches being captured.

The text of the statement follows:

"In the Dardanelles the 52nd division carried out a very successful attack on the Turkish trenches on the 15th instant, for which careful preparation had been in progress for a considerable time.

"Three mines were exploded successfully under the enemy's trenches in the neighborhood of the Krithia Nullah, and the infantry pushing forward immediately afterward captured about 160 yards of trenches on the east of the nullah and 120 yards on its west. The captured trenches were at once consolidated and bombing parties pushed on up to the communication trenches and erected barricades.

"Simultaneously with the assault our artillery opened on the enemy's reserve support trenches, two 14-inch monitors and H.M.S. Edgar (cruiser) co-operating, and maintained their fire until the position was reported consolidated.

"The enemy's batteries replied heavily, but very erratically, and did little damage. The Turks in the neighboring trenches, who fired heavily, were caught by machine gun and rifle fire and bombs, and suffered considerably, their fire becoming very wild.

"A counter-attack was made, but it was easily repulsed. Our casualties were under 50 killed and wounded. Over 70 dead were seen in the captured position, and a wounded prisoner reports that over 30 were buried by the explosion of one mine."

BRITISH TROOPS HOLD MONASTIR

Reinforcements Are Being Rushed to the City From Salonica by British.

A despatch from London says: The Serbian Legation at Rome reports an important Serbian victory at Leskovats, in the Nish district, after a battle lasting several days. The Bulgarian losses, the Legation adds, were enormous.

A Daily News despatch from Athens says: Bulgarian troops have ceased their attack from Prilip towards Monastir because they fear Serbian troops at Katchanik will advance and encircle them.

Despatches from Bucharest to the Italian press say that British forces have arrived at the Serbian city of Monastir, and are being reinforced. Road conditions delayed the advance of the Bulgarians against Monastir. Whether the Serb-British force can hold out long is doubtful, but an optimistic note is sounded in a Reuter Agency despatch from Athens. According to the correspondent, persons arriving from the front describe the situation as less sombre than reported. He adds:

The Serbians are retreating in perfect order, and have lost no prisoners. The guns captured by the Bulgarians are old pieces of little value, and a thousand pieces of artillery remain in the possession of the Serbs, whose morale is still good. The ultimate issue depends upon the timely arrival of the allies' forces.

The German army commanded by Gen. von Koevess, which was reported recently as having advanced from Raska, on the Ivan, where the river crosses the southern boundary of Old Serbia, to Banja, north-east of Novi-Bazar, has taken the latter town, according to the German official statement.

Meanwhile the Serbian army which was operating in the north-western corner of the old sanjak of Novi-Bazar has effected a junction with the Montenegrins, and apparently has withdrawn with the Montenegrins across the Lim to Montenegrin soil. An official Montenegrin statement announces that the Montenegrin and Serbian forces are holding against heavy attacks on the Lim, and that the Montenegrins in the sanjak have been compelled to retire to their principal positions of defence, presumably in their own mountains on the left bank of the river.

THE GUELPH WINTER FAIR.

The Largest Live Stock Show In the Dominion.

From a small start in 1884 as a fat stock show for Guelph and vicinity there has developed the biggest purely agricultural exhibition in the Dominion.

At first only fat cattle were provided for. The classification has been enlarged from year to year, including first sheep then swine, later a dairy test and poultry were added. In 1909, a horse show was added, and this year a start is being made with breeding sections for cattle, sheep and swine.

The judging of poultry will be completed by Monday morning, Dec. 6th, and prizes placed on the coops, so that visitors will be able to note the prize winners. The dairy test will be completed and cards showing the result posted on Monday. As each class of horses, beef cattle, sheep and swine is judged, cards showing the catalogue number and the prize awarded will be put up on the stall or pen so that the ideals of the judges can be followed by the visitors. All beef cattle and dairy cattle will be stabled according to classes, and sheep and swine according to breeds.

The comfort of visitors has received considerable attention at the hands of the Fair Board, seating accommodation having been provided for seven hundred more people than in any former year.

There will be judging of horses every night from Saturday to Thursday. In addition, on Tuesday and Thursday evenings, there will be a competition for officers' chargers and a riding exhibition by the 29th Battery, which is stationed in Guelph.

A series of lectures will be delivered each day of the show upon live stock, poultry or seeds, and will be so arranged that the visitors will be able to hear the lecture and see all of the judging.

A new feature this year is a judging competition between the different counties of the province, each county being represented by three men picked by the District Representative.

ATTEMPT TO BURN STRINGS OF CARS

A despatch from New York says: The authorities are investigating three separate fires which were started in two strings of freight cars in the Erie Railroad yards at Wechawken, N.J., about 100 feet away from a corral containing 500 horses waiting shipment to Europe. Watchmen saw three men flee from the yards and fired several revolver shots, but the fugitives escaped. The firemen who extinguished the flames discovered that waste from the journals of the cars had been soaked in oil, placed in the corners of empty cars and ignited. The damage was slight.

HOW TO CURE RHEUMATISM

The Disease is in the Blood and Must Be Treated Through the Blood.

There are almost as many ways of treating rheumatism as there are doctors. Most of these treatments are directed at the symptoms and are considered successful if they relieve the pain and the stiffness. But the pain and the stiffness return particularly if the patient has been exposed to dampness. This shows that the poison was not driven from the system by the treatment employed. Rheumatism can be relieved in a number of ways, but there is only one way to cure it, and that is through the blood, expelling the poisonous acid that causes the aches and pains and stiffness. To renew and enrich the blood there is no medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which go right to the root of the trouble and cure rheumatism to stay cured. The following is an example of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can do in cases of this kind. Mr. Henry Smith, St. Jerome, Que., says:—"For upwards of a year I was a victim of rheumatism in a most painful form. The trouble was located in my legs, and for a long time was so bad that I could not walk. The suffering which I endured can only be imagined by those who have been similarly afflicted. Doctors' treatment did not help me, and then I began trying other remedies, but with no better results. Finally I was advised to try Dr. Williams" Pink Pills, and although I had begun to lose faith in medicine, I finally decided to give the pills a trial. I am very grateful now that I did so, for after taking eight boxes of the pills the trouble completely disappeared, I was free from pain and could walk as well as ever I did in my life. I have since taken the pills occasionally as a precautionary measure, and I cannot speak too highly in their favor.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SHORTAGE OF CLEVER HUNS.

Not Enough Autocrats to Run the German Army.

The East Prussian and Pomeranian families have by no means a monopoly of high posts in the German army. In that army there is a point in the advancement of an officer known as "die Majors Ecke"—the major's corner—the doubling of which is purely a matter of merit and efficiency. The finest blood and most refined arrogance that ever came out of Prussia will not carry the incompetent officer round it, and, perhaps, considering the size of the German army, there are not enough clever Prussians to go round. So side by side with Von Falkenhayn, Von Stranitz, and Von der Marwitz we find Alexander von Kluck, son of von Mackensen, whose father was a country squire; Friedrich von Scholtz, son of a minor official in Flensburg. Von Emmich began life as plain Otto Emmich.

As for the German navy, that service never was looked up to by the Prussians as worthy of the attention of a well-born man. All its principal officers are middle-class men. Grand Admiral Alfred von Tirpitz is the son of a lawyer; Admiral von Koester is the son of Hans Koester, a well-known German dramatic poet; Von Pohl, chief of the Admiralty staff, was plain Captain Pohl till he returned from the China expedition in 1899, and Von Mueller, head of the Marine Cabinet, was the son of a manufacturer of agricultural implements as remote from the sea as Chemnitz in Saxony. But Germany is but a parvenu at sea, and has not yet acquired the cult of "old naval families."

WISE WORDS

A Physician on Food.

A Western physician has views about food. He says:

"I have always believed that the duty of the physician does not cease with treating the sick, but that we owe it to humanity to teach them how to protect their health especially by hygienic and dietetic laws.

"With such a feeling as to my duty I take great pleasure in saying, that, in my own experience and also from personal observation, I have found no food to equal Grape-Nuts and that I find there is almost no limit to the great benefit this food will bring when used in all cases of sickness and convalescence.

"It is my experience that no physical condition forbids the use of Grape-Nuts. To persons in health there is nothing so nourishing and acceptable to the stomach especially at breakfast to start the machinery of the human system on the day's work.

"In cases of indigestion I know that a complete breakfast can be made of Grape-Nuts and cream; and I think it is necessary not to overload the stomach at the morning meal. I also know the great value of Grape-Nuts when the stomach is too weak to digest other food.

"This is written after an experience of more than 20 years treating all manner of chronic and acute diseases, and the letter is voluntary on my part without any request for it."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

NEW ENVELOPE COMBINATION.

Extremely new and attractive is the envelope combination shown herewith. It slips on over the head, and may be made with or without the circular skirt. The garment, Ladies' Home Journal Pattern No. 9133, is delightfully smart, full and most practicable for winter wear. The petticoat can



9133

easily be made removable by finishing the upper edge with buttons and buttonholes. Cuts in sizes 32, 36, 40, 44 and 48 inches bust measure, size 36 requiring 3½ yards 36-inch material.

Patterns, 15 cents each, can be purchased at your local Ladies' Home Journal dealer, or from The Home Pattern Company, 183 George Street, Toronto, Ontario.

How to Save Your Eyes

Try This Free Prescription

Do your eyes give you trouble? Do you already wear eyeglasses or spectacles? Thousands of people wear these "windows" who might easily dispense with them. You may be one of these, and it is your duty to save your eyes before it is too late. The eyes are neglected more than any other organ of the entire body. After you finish your day's work you sit down and rest your muscles, but how about your eyes? Do you rest them? You know you do not. You read or do something else that keeps your eyes busy; you work your eyes until you go to bed. That is why so many have strained eyes, and finally other eye troubles that threaten partial or total blindness. Eyeglasses are merely crutches; they never cure. This free prescription, which has benefitted the eyes of so many, may work equal wonders for you. Use it a short time. Would you like your eye troubles to disappear as if by magic? Try this prescription. Go to the nearest wide-awake drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets; fill a two-ounce bottle with warm water, drop in one tablet and allow it to thoroughly dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. Just note how quickly your eyes clear up and how soon the inflammation will disappear. Don't be afraid to use it; it is absolutely harmless. Many who are now blind might have saved their eyes had they started to care for them in time. This is a simple treatment, but marvellously effective in multitudes of cases. Now that you have been warned don't delay a day, but do what you can to save your eyes, and you are likely to thank us as long as you live for publishing this prescription. The Valmas Drug Co. of Toronto will fill the above prescription by mail, if your druggist cannot.

SPIES AT THE FRONT.

Illustrated By An Incident Related by a British Sapper.

There is no limit to the daring and effrontery of spies in France, and so necessary is it to take every precaution against them that conversation between soldiers and civilians is viewed with great disfavor by the authorities. The strictest orders have been issued to the troops that no information is to be given to anyone, either civil or military.

The daring of spies is illustrated by an incident related by a sapper, Signals Section, R.E., now in France. On one occasion two officers went into a certain signal office and peremptorily demanded certain information. They were both of high rank, and at first the officer in charge had not the slightest suspicion. But the British "th" proved their undoing. They were cunning enough to avoid words beginning thus, but the fatal "dis" for "this" slipped out, and soon they were looking down a couple of revolver barrels while a sharp voice said, "Hands up." That was the end of their spying, tersely says the sapper.

On another occasion a dispatch-rider went tearing on his motor-cycle by a field, in which a man was ploughing. Suddenly a bullet went through his cap, twisting it round his head. The rider increased his speed, rounded a bend in the road, and met a motor-lorry. Soon three soldiers went out for a walk across the field. They stopped and spoke to the ploughman, and one of them held out his hand. The ploughman took it, and the next minute was on his back, with a knee pressing in his chest. The other two soldiers searched the hedge, and found a rifle and cartridges concealed there. So the ploughman was marched off, and as he was not in uniform, he was tried as a would-be murderer.

It is an insult in France to call anyone "a melon."

WOULD NOT BE WITHOUT BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Thousands of mothers throughout Canada have written of their thankfulness for what Baby's Own Tablets have done for their little ones. Among them is Mrs. Frank Wright, Clifford, Ont., who says:—"I would not be without Baby's Own Tablets, as they were of great help to me when my little boy was troubled with constipation and sour stomach." The Tablets cure indigestion; colds and simple fevers; colic; expel worms and promote healthy sleep. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"HERRING SOUP."

Scots Guardsman Tells a Remarkable Story.

Private James Law, Scots Guards, has returned to his home after spending eight months as a prisoner in Germany. He was captured on January 25th. About 100 of the enemy entered the trench where he was and Law was wounded in three places—the left thigh, chest, and right shoulder. He lost much blood and became unconscious. He was in a semi-comatose condition for nearly four days, and found himself in the hands of the Germans. One big soldier attempted to bayonet him, and was only restrained by a humane comrade, who confided to Law in good English that war was a dreadful thing. He remained in hospital for ten days, and was fed during that period entirely on hot milk.

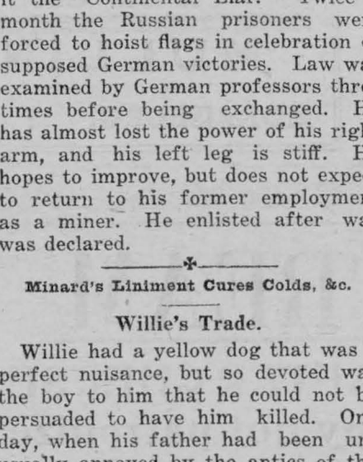
Life in camp was very miserable. Those who were able to work were sent out in batches to pull ploughs, barrows, etc. Food was very bad and, according to Law, would not have been given even to pigs in Scotland. Black coffee was served without sugar or milk and so strong that the men could not drink it. The "food" called bread appeared to be composed of potatoes, oilcake, and bran. It was soft and damp, and would, said Law, have made a splendid substitute for putty. It was indigestible and made most of the men ill. Latterly Law subsisted almost entirely on food sent from home. Even worse than the bread was the "potato soup." The prisoners were given plenty of a watery mixture containing an abundance of potato skins, but it is Law's belief that the sentries got the potatoes. Another dish was herring soup—with the herring in a raw state—skin, scales, entrails, eyes, and everything mixed together in a bucket.

Postcards took a long time to reach home. If the writer praised the Germans the letter was passed. If not, it was destroyed. On one occasion a German corporal interrupted Law, who was engaged in playing a game of cards, and pulled him off his seat. Law learned afterwards that he had been treated in that way because he did not salute the corporal! He refused to do so even when he knew the truth. Many of the German soldiers were downhearted regarding the issue of the war. One man said that in peace time he was given a bread ration of 4 pounds per day for his wife and children. That was now reduced to 1 pound. A publication called the Continental Times was issued to the men purporting to give correct war news. The soldiers re-christened it the "Continental Liar." Twice a month the Russian prisoners were forced to hoist flags in celebration of supposed German victories. Law was examined by German professors three times before being exchanged. He has almost lost the power of his right arm, and his left leg is stiff. He hopes to improve, but does not expect to return to his former employment as a miner. He enlisted after war was declared.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Willie's Trade.

Willie had a yellow dog that was a perfect nuisance, but so devoted was the boy to him that he could not be persuaded to have him killed. One day, when his father had been unusually annoyed by the antics of the dog, he called Willie in from play, and said to him, "My boy, I'll give you ten dollars if you'll get rid of that dog." Willie's face expressed great amazement at the thought of so much money belonging to him. He looked long at the dog, and finally told his father he would give him his decision the next day. The following day Willie sought his father, and said, "I've got rid of Max, father." "I'm more than glad, Willie," said the father. "Here's your money; you earned it. How did you get rid of him?" "Why," answered Willie as he put the money in his pocket, "I traded him to Bill Morgan for two yellow pups."



FARMS FOR SALE.

FARMS — ALL SIZES — STOCK, Grain, Dairy or Fruit. When you want to buy, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, Ont.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

RAW FURS.

TRAPPERS, ATTENTION! — RAW Furs wanted. Get the highest prices with reliable assortment. Send for price list. H. Haimowicz, retail manufacturer, 267 Main Street, Paterson, N.J.

FOR SALE.

100 ACRES, 14 IN SIXTH CONcession Franklin. $5000. Louisa Wilder, Birkendale, Muskoka.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

NIAGRADOT White Wyandottes
"None Better."
Winners at biggest shows. Good cockerels $2, $3, $5 each. Catalog free.
MARSHALL & MARSHALL
Box. W. - Niagara Falls, Canada.


TRAPPERS
Furs Have Advanced
Ship to Rogers. We give liberal grades, full value in cash and quick returns. We have best market in America for Furs, Hides, etc. No commission. Write today for free price list.
Trappers' Supplies at Factory Prices
ROGERS FUR COMPANY, Dept. S St. Louis, Mo.

FURS
YOU owe it to yourself to obtain the Highest Market Prices for your Raw Furs. Write for our authentic Price List—TODAY—Sure. Make a Trial Shipment.
MAX WULFSOHN
122-124-126 W. 26 St.
New York City, N.Y.
Strictly an American House
FURS

HIRAM JOHNSON
LIMITED.
The Old No. 494 St. Paul St.
MONTREAL
Established over 38 years as
Raw Fur Dealers
No inflated price list from us.
Send us your Furs and get the highest market price.

Dangerous.

Miss Caustique—You shouldn't smile so much, my dear. It is dangerous.

Miss Passay—Dangerous?

Miss Caustique—Yes. When a smile lights up your face it might set off the powder.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—Last winter I received great benefit from the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT in a severe attack of LaGrippe, and I have frequently proved it to be very effective in cases of Inflammation.

Yours,
W. A. HUTCHINSON.

Two of a Kind.

Father—What do you think of a boy who throws orange skins on the pavement?

Son—I don't know. What do you think of an orange skin that throws a man on the pavement?

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Certainly Curious.

May—Carpets are curious things, mamma.

Mamma—Why so?

May—Although they are bought by the yard, they are worn out by the feet.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

A Brief Pause.

Mrs. Gusher was never tired of talking about her children and extolling their cleverness. One evening she was busily boring some guests to death with stories of her family's smartness when the patter of little feet sounded outside the door. "Hush!" she whispered ecstatically. "The dear babies are coming to me with their good-night messages. It always brings me a feeling of reverence and my own unworthiness to hear them, they speak so freely from their fresh young hearts." There was a brief pause, and one guest struggled nobly with a yawn. Then the door opened and a tousled head peeped in, and a shrill voice said—"Ma, ma, Willie has found a cockroach in the bath."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

GETS V.C. AT AGE OF 18.

Lance-Corporal Dwyer Held Trench Against Germans.

The youngest soldier of the British army to receive the Victoria Cross is Lance-Corporal Dwyer, who is only 19 years old. He won the V.C. for holding, single-handed, a trench against the Germans during the fighting around the famous Hill No. 60. He is now back in London on a short leave from the front and is devoting this time, which has been granted to him for a rest, to recruiting work. He appeared the other day in Trafalgar Square and delivered a stirring appeal for more recruits, which was loudly applauded.

Acting Corporal Issy Smith of the Manchester Regiment is the first soldier of Jewish faith to receive the Victoria Cross. His reward was given him for having assisted a wounded comrade over 250 yards of ground under heavy shell fire at Ypres.

A FAMOUS DOCTOR WRITES

"Dear Dr. Jackson:

"I can truly say your Roman Meal is a veritable godsend to humanity. It has proved all but miraculous in my hands. I prescribe it freely for indigestion, neurasthenia, anaemia, and all undertoned conditions, but especially for constipation. In this latter condition it has not failed me in a single case."

Roman Meal is made into delicious porridge, pancakes, puddings, and bread. Ask your doctor about it. At all grocers', 10 and 25 cents.

London Laundries Raise Price.

The latest industrial combination to force up its prices is the Launderers' Association, which adds 10 per cent. to laundry bills because the British public is alleged to wear 12,000,000 fewer collars since the war than before the war. This saving in collars is based, says the secretary, on the assumption that the 3,000,000 men now in the army and navy used to send an average of four collars a week to be washed.

In ten years 800 persons were found guilty of murder in Austria, but only 23 were put to death.



The Comforter.

"I understand Mrs. Green is very ill."

"That so? What's the matter?"

"The doctor thinks it's pleurisy."

"Oh, my, I must hurry right over to see. I know dozens of people who died of that."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

Willie—"Pa, what is a slave to fashion?" Pa—"A man who has a wife and some grown daughters, my son."

"Mary Queen of Scots had three husbands and a great many other troubles," wrote a schoolgirl in an examination paper.

ZAM-BUK
Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring matter.
Antiseptic—Stops blood-poisoning, festering, etc.
Soothing—Ends quickly the pain and smarting.
Heals all sores.
50c. Box. All Druggists and Stores

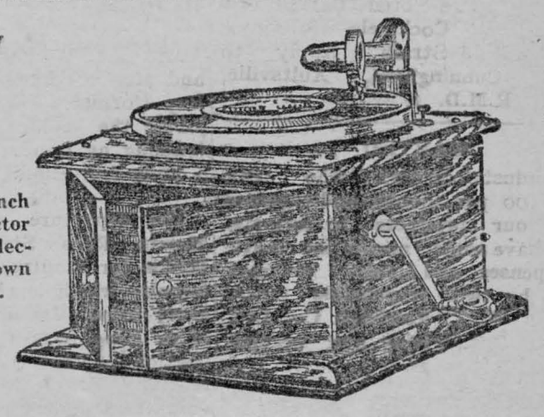
32ND ANNUAL
Ontario Provincial Winter Fair
GUELPH
DECEMBER 3rd to 9th, 1915

CANADA'S oldest and biggest WINTER FAIR. In the Arena you will see the BEST STOCK produced on the BEST FARMS in CANADA and in the Lecture room you will hear how they were produced.

YOU cannot AFFORD to miss it. Single Fare on all Railways.

WM. SMITH, M.P., President, Columbus, Ont.
R. W. WADE, Secretary, Parliament Buildings, Toronto, Ont.

Victrola IV
$21
With 15 ten-inch double-sided Victor Records (30 selections, your own choice), $34.50.
Easy Payments if Desired.



Other Victrolas $33.50 to $400.

A Genuine Victrola for Christmas

is both a gift for the day and means of entertainment and happiness the year round.

It will bring to your fireside all the delights of music the world has to offer—vocal, instrumental, dance and orchestral; and make your hours as socially pleasant as those you have enjoyed when listening to the Victrola at the homes of your friends.

There are 6000 Victor Records from which to choose. You can get ten-inch, double-sided Victor Records for 90c., including any of your favorite selections of standard and popular songs and instrumental pieces.

Any of "His Master's Voice" dealers will let you hear them. If there is not one in your vicinity, notify us and we will see that you are not disappointed on Christmas morning.

BERLINER GRAM-O-PHONE CO., Limited
601 Lenoir Street, Montreal
DEALERS IN EVERY TOWN AND CITY
ONE PRICE FROM COAST TO COAST
VICTOR RECORDS—MADE IN CANADA
LOOK FOR "HIS MASTER'S VOICE"
—TRADE MARK.
New Agencies Considered Where We Are Not Properly Represented.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

ESTATE DAVID HAMILTON, DECEASED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 56 of the Trustee Act that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of DAVID HAMILTON, Retired Farmer deceased, late of the Township of Williamsburg in the County of Dundas, are required on or before the 11th day of December A. D. 1915, to send by Post, prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors of the said Estate, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them and in default thereof and immediately after the said 11th day of December the said Executors to said Estate will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have had notice, and the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 15th day of November, A. D. 1915

IRWIN HILLIARD
Solicitor for said Executors,
MORRISBURG, ONT.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

ESTATE PERCIVAL C. CASSELMAN, DECEASED

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Section 56 of the Trustee Act that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of PERCIVAL C. CASSELMAN, late of the Village of Morrisburg in the County of Dundas, Physician, deceased, are required on or before the 11th day of December A. D. 1915, to send by post prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors of said estate, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and in default thereof and immediately after the said 11th day of December the said Executors to said Estate will proceed to distribute the assets of said estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have had notice; and the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 15th day of November A. D. 1915.

IRWIN HILLIARD
Solicitor for Executors,
MORRISBURG, ONT.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE SURROGATE COURT OF THE UNITED COUNTIES OF STORMONT, DUNDAS AND GLENGARRY.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF DAVID ALLISON, late of the Township of Williamsburg in the County of Dundas, Farmer, DECEASED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to R. S. O., 1914, Cap 121, Sec. 56, and Amending Acts that all persons having claims against the estate of the said David Allison, who died on or about the 22nd day of September, A. D. 1915, are required to send by post prepaid or to deliver to the undersigned solicitors for the Executors on or before the 31st day of December, A. D. 1915, their names and addresses and descriptions and a full statement of particulars of their claims and the nature of the security, if any, held by them duly certified and that after the said day the Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice.

DATED this 24th day of November, A. D. 1915.

LAWSON & CASS,
Solicitors for the Executors,
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.
Col. J. Wesley Allison and W. B. Lawson
Executors.

CLOVER HULLING

Having purchased a Clover Huller, I beg to announce to farmers in this section that I am prepared to do custom work after this date.

LUTHER DEEKS,
Williamsburg, R.M.D. 1.

LOST

A gold "crescent" set with 13 pearls, from a brooch. Finder kindleave at this office and receive reward.

FOR SALE

Thirty pure bred Barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels—Halliday's "Golden Rule Strain." Apply to R. A. Cunningham, Aultsville, Ont. R.M.D. 1.

WANTED

An industrious man who can earn $100 per month and expenses selling our products to farmers. Must have some means for starting expenses and furnish contract signed by two responsible men. Address W. T. Rawleigh Co., Ltd. Toronto, Ont., giving age, occupation and references.

WANTED

A reliable man with some business experience with farmers to represent us in Morrisburg and Dundas County. A permanent position for the right man. Highest commissions paid. Territory reserved. New specialities for season 1915-16.—Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

FOR SALE

Having purchased lots No. 14 and 15 in the second concession of Williamsburg, comprising 400 acres of second-growth timber, I will sell a certain portion by the acre; the remainder (150) acres, comprising land and timber, I will sell in parcels of from 10 to 25 acres.

Apply S. SALMON, Riverside.

FOR SALE

A second-hand Indian Motor Cycle for sale in good running order; good as new; in order to clear, I will sell at a sacrifice, price $75.—Wilfrid Quenneville.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales, Nov. 16,
Aultsville, Nov. 17,
Morrisburg, Nov. 18, to Dec 4,

Miss Mary Bower of New York City is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. Seymour.

* * *

The Misses Iva and Eva Grandaw of Canton, N.Y., spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. John Bell this week.

* * *

Miss Winnie Gibson returned home on Tuesday after spending several weeks in Montreal.

* * *

Congratulations are extended to Capt. F. S. Broder upon having been promoted to captain.

* * *

Mr. Alvin Henophy returned home this week after spending the past three months in Moose Jaw, Sask.

* * *

Mr. W. S. Rutherford of Waddington has commenced his duties as game protector, succeeding J. E. Mallette of Ogdensburg.

* * *

Mrs. F. Moran of Toronto and Mr. Arnold Myers were called home the former part of the week, owing to the serious illness of their father, Mr. G. E. Myers.

* * *

Do you like cold turkey, chicken pork and beans, hot scalloped potatoes, jellies, salads and other goodies—then come to St James' Hall, Wednesday evening Dec. 1 and get all the above for 25cts. Home-made candy and Xmas articles on sale.

* * *

Mrs. A. McPherson, Metcalfe, Ont. has returned home after visiting with her daughter, Mrs. R. C. Mullin.

* * *

Mr. Fred Casselman, after spending a few weeks with his sisters in Winstead, Conn., has returned home.

* * *

FOR SALE—Ladies seal skin coat in good order; bust 38. Can be bought very cheap. Apply, The Leader.

* * *

We wish to gratefully apologize to little Miss Dorothy Williams, Pres.; and little Miss Dorothy Nash, Sec.-Treas., of the children's patriotic concert for having inadvertently omitted their names in our report of last week.

* * *

The Mission Band of Knox Church will hold a sale of homemade candy and food in the Lecture Room of the Church on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 27th. A musical program will be provided, and afternoon tea served. Admission 10 cents.

* * *

Mr. Wm. Swayne of the Canada SteelCo., Montreal spent the weekend with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Swayne.

* * *

Mr. Carl Weegar, son of Mr. and Mrs. Silvanus Weegar of North Bay (formerly of this place) has joined the colors and is now in training as Lance Corporal, with a home battalion.

* * *

The departure on Monday of Messrs. Ross Strike and Gerald Meikle for Montreal, moved by an impulse which is characteristic of every loyal Canadian at the call of his King, was a gallant exemplification of true patriotism. Upon reaching Montreal the two young volunteers underwent a medical examination, and to the sad disappointment of the latter, he was found to be physically unfit to embark in the present serious struggle which confronts our Canadian warriors. Mr. Strike, son of Rev. A. J. H. Strike, who was more fortunate in his physical condition, immediately after the examination left for Sherbrooke, Que., where he will undergo training with the Grenadiers before sailing for Overseas with that Corps. Mr. Strike's departure from amongst us will be a marked loss to the community, being a general favorite in sporting circles as well as social circles, and having a bright future before him, but we feel that Ross will give as good an account of himself in the defence of his country as he has in his daily occupations in our community and we join with his large circle of friends in wishing him a safe return.

* * *

A man named Smith, who resided in the county for the past ten years was found hanging in a barn owned by Mr. Larmour, who lives about one mile south-west of Winchester on Wednesday last. Coroner Ellis of Chesterville was notified and examined the body but found no marks of violence on it. The remains were interred in Maple Ridge cemetery, Winchester.

* * *

Mr. John Mullin, one of the most prominent men in Cornwall township, residing at Mille Roches, passed away on Nov. 18th at the age of sixty-one, after an illness of only a few hours. He had been Township Clerk and Treasurer of Cornwall township for the past twenty-five years.

Mr. G. M. Whitney, manager of the Molsons Bank, Chesterville, has been moved to Iroquois.

The many friends of Mr. Andrew Broder, M. P., will be pleased to learn that he is steadily recovering from his operation.

VACANCIES

260 vacancies at Ottawa have been bulletined by the Government during the past 18 months, and a goodly number of these clerkships and stenographers and typists' positions as well as mail clerks have been filled by Brockville Business College students. Next Civil Service Examinations will be held in May 1916. New Year Term of The Brockville Business College will open Jan. 3rd. next.

Help for the Poles

In answer to a stirring appeal recently received from the Bishops of Poland, public prayers were offered last Sunday in St. Mary's Church, and a collection taken up for the benefit of the Polish victims of the war. The proceeds of the collection will be sent at once to the Archbishop of Cracow. The appeal met with a generous response and a goodly sum was contributed.

MARRIED

HUNTER—CASSELMAN—At the Manse, Morrisburg, on Monday evening, Nov. 22nd. by the Rev. Hugh Cameron, B.A., Mr. Neal Angus Hunter and Miss Ada Mary, daughter of Michael Casselman, Esq., both of the township of Williamsburg.

DIED

THIRKETTLE—At Portsmouth, Ohio, Miss Kathleen Hope Thirkettle, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Thirkettle, formerly of this place., aged 4 years.

REMEMBER
We do all kinds of
Stove repairing
and Nickelling.
Imperial Stove Works Ltd.
Morrisburg .... Ont.



AN INVITATION

A visit to our show rooms does not necessitate your purchasing. We are only too glad to show you our Furs, since we consider our assortment the largest in Eastern Ontario. The display includes Persian Lamb, Hudson Seal, Muskrat and Fur-trimmed Coats, and a beautiful line of Mink Black Fox, Wolf, Persian Lamb, Alaska Sable, China Lynx Sets, etc.

Our staff is always at your service whether you purchase or not We are convinced that after scrupulous examination our merchandise will prove faultless in every detail.

QUALITY OF SKINS
RICHNESS OF LINING
EXPERT WORKMANSHIP

You will not fail to recognize the superiority of our Furs.

Our PRICES clearly demonstrate that our values are exceptional, quality considered.

Railroad fares refunded on all purchases of $25.00 or over.

The Robt. Craig Co. Ltd.
Manufacturing Furriers
BROCKVILLE

We make a specialty of cleaning Furs of all kinds.

You may be deceived
some day by an imitation of
"SALADA" B114
and possibly you will not detect this imitation until the tea-pot reveals it. Demand always the genuine "Salada" in the sealed aluminum packet, and see that you get it, if you want that unique flavour of fresh, clean leaves properly prepared and packed.

Make Your Dollars Work For You
Investments that Gives a Big Return



Invest

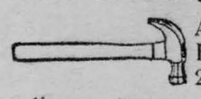
In one of these all Copper Nickel Plated, Pitt Pattern, Teakettle. We are offering these at a very close price regardless of the high price of copper. Only $1.50 each.

CALL AND INSPECT OUR STOCK



Don't throw your refuse meats away, use a Food & Vegetable cutter and make a toothsome dish out of them, cuts all kind of meats and vegetables. 5 different cutters Price;—$1.20 to $1.75 each.

Special For Saturday Only



A good Steel Hammer for 25c; this is no ordinary cheap castiron hammer but a good Steel Hammer with a Good Handle

FOR SALE BY
HUNTER & CASSELMAN
Hardware, Groceries, Flour and Feed
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

A Chance For You to Save Money in Boots, Shoes and Rubbers

Underwear
is important at all times but now when the cold blasts are in sight remember your HEALTH and keep in mind your Pocket Book at the same time. We can help you both and can show you the biggest and best lot of such goods in town and at the very Lowest Prices. This Fall we are also especially strong in MITTS CAPS, GLOVES, SOCKS and SWEATERS.

See Our Goods and Prices.

MULLIN BROS.
MORRISBURG, : : : ONTARIO

CREAM CREAM

AFTER CHEESE SEASON is over why not patronize THE LARGEST CREAMERY in Eastern Ontario.

We FURNISH Cans and PAY Express; Cheques issued twice a month.

THE LARGEST CREAMERY; WHY?

Because our prices and methods are correct. WRITE US.

Belleville Creamery Limited, 118 Front St., Belleville.
Reference:—The Molsons Bank.

Retrograde

Editor,—Allow me a few lines space in correcting a false impression that seems to have been taken from my stand on "Amusements." I am not that long-faced person described. I am anything but that. I am a wholehearted person in all amusements that are clean and in their proper place. I asked where in God's word warrented such entertainments as were given in a certain church that necessitated a change of attire between the sex. I wanted scripture to prove it but I did not get it. Our teacher was Christ; His power was the word of God and the Spirit. Nowhere did 'Retrograder' mention any power other than that of Man's making. The Scripture hath said "From Thine Own Words I Will Judge You." It struck with such a discordant note in his make-up What else would you expect? A natural man knoweth not the things of the spirit: 1 Cor., 2 Chap.—They will not mix no more than water and oil. If a man is borne of the spirit there is no need of convincing him, God does that when he is made a new creature. He knows what is to God's Glory and there would be no more bright, foolish plays in the church.

"Narrow—Because straight is the gate, and narrow is the way which leadeth into life, and few there be that find it.

"Church Work is too Broad"—It is made so broad today that we have lost sight of the old time Christianity. I am of the opinion that the broadness of our churches are blocking God's work. You cannot find scripture for it.

"A Word About Play"—Five times in the Scripture it speaks of play—No where by Christians. Three times by Idolaters, once by a leader, who wished to play skillfully to deceive his hearers:—Exodus 32-6; 1 Cor.—10-7; Ezekiel 33-32; mark 11—15-16-17; I would, Mr. "Retrograder" you were convinced. Agrippa said almost though persuaded me to be a Christian. Felix trembled and answered—Go thy way for this time, when I have a convenient season I will call for thee.—The time will never come in a play room."

"LAYMAN."



VARSITY
EYE GLASSES WITH
KRYPTOK INVISIBLE BIFOCAL
LENSES
Distinctive and appropriate where individual appearance counts

J. M. WHITTEKER,
PHOTOGRAPHER & OPTOMETRIST
Morrisburg.

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor
A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College
'PHONE NO. 18A
TAIT BLOCK
MORRISBURG, - - - - - ONTARIO

WILLIS COLLEGE
BUSINESS
CIVIL SERVICE
The School of Efficiency
For those who demand the best.
Catalogue on Request.
N. I. HARRISON, Principal,
COR. BANK & ALBERT STS.,
OTTAWA, ONT.

FALL OPENING
September 1st. 1915
An Excellent time to enter
—THE—
Cornwall Commercial College
For a thorough preparation in business, Shorthand, Amanuensis Course, Civil Service, etc.
Sixty New Typewriters, Expert Teachers, Finest Equipment throughout, free employment department, are only a few of the advantages which the CORNWALL COLLEGE offers.
Write for a free copy of our catalogue.
Address:—
GEORGE F. SMITH,
Principal,
Cornwall, C

ARTHUR FLYNN
Barrister, Etc.
Morrisburg, - - - Ont.

R. F. LYLE
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.
Barry Block, Main Street
MORRISBURG, : : ONTARIO
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor to The Molsons Bank
New Molsons Bank Building,
MORRISBURG, ONT.
A large amount of private money to loan at prevailing rate of interest on easy terms.

DR. GEO. M. GORRELL
DENTIST
Graduate of Chicago Dental College and of Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
Office—Arthur Casselman Block,
Phone No. 6. Morrisburg.

F. M. EAGLESON
ONTARIO AND DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR, CIVIL ENGINEER
DRAINAGE and other Municipal work will receive prompt attention. Farm lines and sub-divisions.
CONCRETE WORK of all kinds including bridges and culverts, a specialty.
Office in Sweet's Block, Winchester, Ont.

DR. D. C. CASSELMAN
Dentist
Office—Casselman Block
MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons Toronto

EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 142, R. C., A. F. & A. M., holds its Regular Meetings in the Masonic Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday Evening on, or before, full moon.
A full attendance is particularly requested Visiting brethren are always welcome.
R.H. Ashton, W.M. B.A. Herring, Secretary.

POULTRY WANTED
I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of live poultry. Drop a card to M. ADOFF, Box 15, Morrisburg