SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.

The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XII NO. 41. CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, AUGUST 23, 1906. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

The Bank of Ottawa.

DEPOSIT

Your Savings with this Bank; no matter how small. The same consideration and courtesy is show n to large and small depositors alike. Commence now with a deposit. Add to it systematically, and at the end of the year the result will prove most beneficial and gratifying.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH.

C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

....THE....

MOLSONS BANK

INCORPORATED 1855.

CAPITAL Paid Up

$3,000,000.

RESERVE FUND

$3,000,000.

Total Assets Over $30,000,000

Farmers' Sale Notes Discounted or collected at lowest rates.

Loans Made to Farmers, Stock Dealers and Business Men at lowest rates and on most favorable terms.

Drafts Issued payable in all parts of the world.

Deposit Receipts Issued and highest current rates allowed,

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit and compounded on June 30th and Dec. 31st in each year, at highest current rate.

Agents all over the world.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS, Manager

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH

OUR

New Fall Goods

Have arrived and are now open for Inspection.

—LATEST EFFECTS IN—

Suitings and Coatings

ASK TO SEE OUR

Emperor and Yotsam Serges

W. J. NASH,

Chesterville.

JAMES CURRIE

LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont. Dundas, Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.

NOTICE

To the General Public

Having an agency for the ROYAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., England respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

H. KEARNS, - - Chesterville.

If you take a look into the hundreds of business offices in which the graduates of that splendid school of Commerce

The Willis Business College

Are making a grand success of themselves, you should let nothing hinder you from beginning a [illegible] and Telegraphy

Union Bank

OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, - QUEBEC.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.

PAID UP CAPITAL, -	$ 3,000,000
REST - - - - -	1,500,000
TOTAL ASSETS, 30th SEPT. 1905 - - -	28,000,000

President, ANDREW THOMPSON,
General Manager, G. H BALFOUR,
Inspector, J. G. BILLETT,

Branches in Ontario, 37.
Branches in Quebec 4.
Branches in Manitoba, 31.
Branches in Sask, 18.
Branches in Alberta, 13.
103 in all.

Interest at current rates allowed on deposits.

Accounts of Farmers, Merchants and Municipalities solicited.

Winchester Branch. R. F. BLAIR, Manager.

Crysler Branch. J. E. J. ASTON, Manager.

The Merchants Bank

OF CANADA.

Established 1864.

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

CAPITAL (PAID Up) - $6,000,000

RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS - $3,673,197

President—Sir H. Montagu Allan, Kt.
Vice-Pres.—Jonathan Hodgson, Esq.
E. F. Hebden, General Manager.

The Bank has 114 Branches and Agencies distributed through Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and other Northwest provinces.

Savings Bank Department.

Interest at 3 per cent per annum allowed on Savings Bank Deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Interest added to principal half yearly.

A General Banking Business transacted. Farmers' business solicited.

FINCH BRANCH,

D. A. MacMILLAN, Manager.

Lost.

ON Wednesday, Aug. 22nd., 1906 between McCloskey House and Public School house a watch and chain. Finder will kindly return to McCloskey House.

NEIL GIBBONS.

I regret that on March 6th, 1906, at Mr. McDonald's hotel at Berwick in the presence of Mr. McDonald, Mr. D. D. Cameron, Mr. Wm. Lynch and others, and subsequently on the 9th day of March, 1906, I used the language against Michael J. Grady in and in the manner set out in the statement of claim entered against me in the high court of justice.

I hereby absolutely and without qualification withdraw the charge of wrongdoing I have made against him. I am convinced that I was entirely mistaken in accusing Mr. Grady as I did and that the accusation was untrue.

I regret that the difficulty took place between us, and that I made any reflection on Mr. Grady's character, and I take this opportunity in fairness to put the matter right as far as I possibly can.

I undertake to say that it will not be again referred to by me, and I hereby declare untrue the statements charging Mr. Grady with the offence I so unjustly attributed to him.

Dated June 23rd, 1906.
Witness—Eva May Tobin. JAMES YOUNG,

AUCTION SALE.

There will be offered for sale by public auction at

Lot 24, 9th Con. of

Township of Winchester

1 Mile South of Cannamore

—ON—

Wednesday, Aug. 29,'06

THE FOLLOWING:

13 Milch Cows, 1 1-yr.-old Holstein Bull, 1 1-yr-old Heifer, 3 Spring Calves, [illegible] old Colt, 2 Work Horses, 5 Hogs, [illegible] Wagon, 1 Lumber Wagon, 1 Set [illegible]s, 1 Cutter, 1 Double Set of [illegible] Set Single Harness, 1 Buffalo [illegible]se Rake, 1 Buggy, 2 milk [illegible]ils, 30 Hens, 3 Acres of [illegible]other articles.

[illegible] 1 o'CLOCK.

[illegible]ms of $10 and under, [illegible]ount 12 month's credit [illegible]y furnishing approved [illegible]r cent off for cash.

[illegible]miloe, Thos. Irving, Auctioneer. Proprietor.

HAILEBURY DESTROYED BY FIRE FIEND.

The Entire Town Was Wiped Out By Fire of Incendiary Origin.

Haileybury, Ont., Aug. 21—Fire wiped out the town of Haileybury this morning. The fire was undoubtely of an incendiary origin, the work of drunken revellers. The total loss is $150,000 and the insurance $75,000 held locally to be supplemented by outside agencies by probably ten or fifteen thousand more

The chief companies affected are; Anglo-American $14,2000, Standard $8,500 Montreal-Canada $7,200, Ottawa $7,000 Northern $6,000, Metropolitian $5,300, Commercial Union $3,800, and Manitoba estimated $10000 and others.

The fire started in the rear of McCabe & Stinson's store at shortly after three o'clock and by eight sixty-six business blocks and buildings and ten dwelling houses were in ashes. A high wind fanned the flames during the latter part of the conflagration.

At eleven o'clock in the evening Dr. Jackson a local physician put out a fire under the McCabe building found in a box of shavings but the fire fiend went back to his work with the above result

All this time a gasoline fire engine worked spasmodically and it was only on the arrival of a team and a steamer from New Liskeard at 9 15 a.m. that the people felt they had a fighting chance The fire was finally stopped at Broadway. The hardware store of Montgomery and Ferguson was saved by the Liskeard engine the only store of importance in the town.

There are three hotels and one hardware store and two or three small grocery stores are all that are left,

Criticism against the Council and mayor of the town is very severe. The engine was worse than useless.

Crysler Cheese Board.

On the Crysler cheese board Saturday 575 boxes of cheese, 504 white, balance colored, were boarded and sold for 12⅜c per lb. Buyers—Ault, Currie, Woods, Weir, McLean, Prunner and Campbell.

All we ask is for you to write for the 41st Annual Catalogue of the Ottawa Business College, Ottawa, Ont., and be convinced that this old reliable school is the greatest school of Business, Shorthand and Telegraphy in Eastern Canada. Our Fall term opens on Sept. the 4th.

Lawn Social and Concert.

A Lawn Social and Band Concert under the auspices of the I.O.O.F. brass band, will be held at the home of Mr. Wm. Moffatt, Morewood, on Tuesday evening next, Aug. the 28th. Tea will be served on the lawn beginning at 6.30 o'clock. A good program is in preparation. A good time is assured.

Apple Crop a Failure.

The apple crop in Brockville district is a complete failure and a Belleville man came down a day or two ago ready to buy and pack as usual. After travelling over the district he returned to town shipping his apparatus home and made arrangements to dispose of the empty hands ordered. He gives as an example one orchard, that last year produced 200 barrels, which this year will not bear sufficient for the family use.

Dundas County Fair.

It seems to be the usual custom for managers of county fairs to advertise that it is bigger and better each year, when there is no particular advancement. The management of the Dundas County Fair this year have been working hard to produce something at their exhibition, which takes place on Sept. 3rd, 4th and 5th next, which will show the public that it is far in advance of any previous exhibitions held at Morrisburg. In Mr. J. Wesley Allison, the president of the fair, they have secured a person that is bound to make anything that he takes hold of a success and in conversation with him he informs us that the prize list is greatly increased and that there is hardly any limit to the specials, they have to offer to the contesting public. Any information you may require will be freely given by writing the President or James Logan, Secretary.

Blue Pills No Longer Used.

When the stomach needs cleansing, the bowels increased activity, the liver additional power, don't use mercural pills, try Dr. Hamilton's vegetable in composition, extremely mild, yet sure to flush out all impurities and wastes, no remedy is so well adapted for family use. Positively a cure for biliousness and sick headache, unfailing in constipation and bowel trouble, exceptionally good for indigestion, no medicine is so universally needed in every home as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Good for the young, the old, the sick and the well ones, the benefits of Dr. Hamilton's Pills are manifold. Sold everywhere in 25c. boxes.

Finch Township Rate.

At a mteting of the Finch Township Council held at Berwick on Wednesday the following rates were struck for the year 1906:—

County rate 1 6/10, general school rate 4 7/10, deb. municipal drainage 1, deb. floating debt 1, township rate 5, making a total of 13 3/10 mills.

The Tabernacle at Grimsby Park was struck by lightning

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

Miss Della Earl of Winchester spent yesterday in town.

Mr. Rond Smith spent a few days the past week in town.

Mrs. W. M. Saucier was in Ottawa for a few days last week.

Mrs. Colborne Robinson spent a few days last week in Ottawa.

Mr. Tom Grady has gone to Eastman's Springs for his health.

Miss Maud Graham of Iroquois is visiting Mrs. Louis Lapierre.

Mr. Thos. Forward visited is daughter Mrs. Nash, in Ottawa last week.

Mr. W. G. Stoddart of Grand Valley Ont., is renewing acquaintences in town.

Mr. Wm. Marquette, of Hughes & Marquette, leaves to morrow for Chicago.

Mr. R. Steven of Cannamore, councillor of Finch township, was in town Monday.

Mrs. A. Daniels and children of Smith's Falls, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. McLean.

Mrs. Nancy Shaver left on Thursday for Harrisville, N.Y., where she intends residing.

Whittaker the Optician will be h Chesterville on August 15th and Finca on August 16th.

Miss Ida Rose Caufield of Parishville, N.Y., is visiting her uncle, Mr. Peter Hill of Dunbar.

Mr. Shaler D. Hill of the M. F. Beach Co., Winchester, spent Sunday at his parental home at Dunbar.

Messrs. F. McCloskey and C. H. Johnston left on Friday for a trip to the Northwest and other points.

Mrs. Geo. Pickering leaves to-morrow for Hull, after spending several weeks the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Droppo.

The Ewporth League of the Methodist church held a very successful lawn social on the lawn of Mr. Andrew Carruthers, Nation Valley, last evening.

Keith Nash, of Chesterville, who has been spending the summer at Alexandria Bay, sailed from there on Tuesday in a 14-foot duck boat, making good time.—Leader.

Miss A. Eleanor Wickware, Morrisburg, daughter of B. S. Wickware, was awarded the gold medal given by the governor general, at the Ottawa normal school.

Auction sale of 15 fine brood sows, at lot 28, 10th con. Cambridge, 2 miles north of Crysler, on Monday, Aug. 27. Sale at 1. Milo Coons, prop. L. A. Landry, auctioneer.

Mrs. Craik, Winchester, is preparing to show a choice lot of Fall Hats, and will be ready for early buyers Sept. 1st, before the fair. Regular evening announced later.

Auction sale of farm stock, etc., at lot 24, ninth concession of Township of Winchester, on Wednesday, Aug. 29th. Sale at 1 o'clock. Thos. Irving, auctioneer. Fredrick Farmiloe, Prop.

It is our duty to record the death of Mrs. John Connor, a much respected resident of Winchester Springs. Mrs. Connor was ill not quite a week and her death was quite unexpected. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband and six small children, who have the sympathy of the community.

Successful Students at Morewood.

The following are the successful students of the Morewood Contisuation Class at the recent examinations:—

Junior Teachers—Carrie Hunter, Zoe Hunter, Alice Marcelis (with honors), Jessie Shaver, Ada Smith, Lizzie Smirle Fred Reveler.

Widow Wants $5000 Damages.

Miss Elizabeth Jordan, of Carleton Place, has entered suit in the high court to recover $5000 damages from A R Mac Donald, a contractor on the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, for the death of her husband, who was employed by Mr. MacDonald. Deceased was injured while at work on a railroad construction and died. The plaintiff claims that his death was due to negligence. The accident occurred on July 6th last.

Why Chest Colds are Dangerous.

They lead to pleurisy and consumption. Follow the advice of W. H. Powles, of Powles Corners, Ont., who says: "I used to be subject to attacks and although I used most everything nothing relieved quickly till I discovered Nerviline. I have used it for pleurisy and sore chest, and found it just the proper thing. For Lumbago or Neuralgia its quick as lightning. I cheerfully recommend Nerviline." Strongest, cleanest, most pain destroying liniment on earth is Polson's Nerviline, 25c. bottles sold everywhere.

Inspector's Report.

The following is the report of the Dairy Sanitary Inspector for the Dunbar cheese factory, owned by Mr. A. A. Logan:

"A splendid large building, nicely painted, on a level site, cement floor in fair condition, vats, presses, and general utensils, all in fair condition, curing room clean. Water supply, deep well and fairly good. Sewage, carried to whey tank. Whey tanks, location fair, condition poor. Suggestion for improvement. The interior of the make room would be greatly improved by a single coat of light paint.

The body of Mr Willoughby Cooper of Dundas, was found in the marsh near that town

FAMOUS PEOPLE

BY FANNIE M. LOTHROP

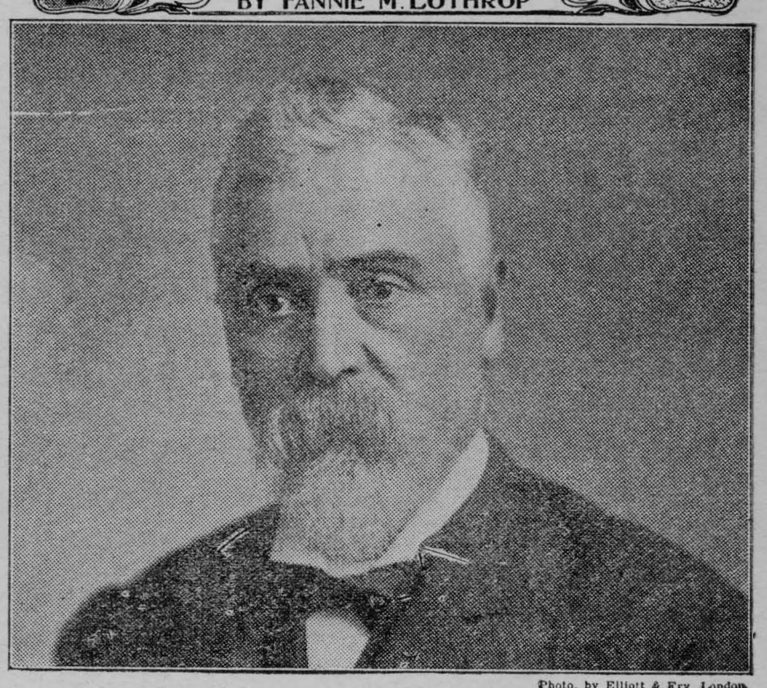

Photo. by Elliott & Fry London

SIR HIRAM MAXIM

The Inventor of the Automatic Gun

The man who has invented more deadly instruments of war than any other inventor in the world's history is Sir Hiram S. Maxim, an American, who left his native country about twenty years ago in a burst of indignation at the lack of recognition of his genius shown by this government at Washington. Lord Salisbury said of him: "He has prevented more men from dying of old age than any other man who ever lived."

This mechanical genius who has added to the horrors of war was the son of a wood turner in Maine, where he was born in 1840. He "began life," he says, "with a common school education and a jack knife." He showed more skill in handling the knife than the education, and the mechanical turn of his mind soon becoming evident, he was apprenticed when he was fourteen to a carriage builder. After four years of this service he studied metal working and before he was twenty-one was foreman in a machine shop preparatory to a better position in the extensive works of his uncle.

In 1873 he took up the problem of his famous automatic gun, which was not perfected until eleven years later. The inspiration of this invention of destruction came from the kick of an old musket he was using; it was so severe a kick that it threw him over and bruised his cheek. When the stars that he then saw faded away, it occurred to his bright mind that the energy of the recoil might be caught and utilized to reload the rifle, and the result of his experiments was the Maxim automatic machine gun, a death-dealing affair that murders humanity in war at the rate of three thousand shots a minute. This is but one of his many improvements in ordnance and explosives. In 1877 his attention was turned to electricity, and some of the earliest electric lights in America were invented by him.

In 1883 he took up his permanent residence in England, and became a British subject and was knighted by Queen Victoria four years ago. The latest invention of Sir Hiram, who, it is said, has never failed to solve any problem he has attempted, is an airship that really does fly—so many of the recent airships, though beautiful in theory, have failed in this one particular. The persistence of Sir Hiram is shown by his carrying the flying machine problem through thirteen years of his busy life, during a large part of which time he has been a member of the firm of Vickers' Sons & Maxim, which employs 14,000 men.

Entered according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year 1904, by W. C. Mack, at the Department of Agriculture.

Presentation to Chaplain.

The members of St. Columban's court, Catholic Order of Foresters, Cornwall, have presented their chaplain, Rev. A. A. McRae, with a handsome gold watch and chain and gold cross. The watch was suitably engraved. Mr. J. A. Chisholm made tee presentation. Father McRae has been chaplain of the court for a number of years, and the presentation was made consequenton his recent removal to Dickinson's Landing.

A Marvelous Escape.

J. G. Adams, of the second concession of Osnabruck, and S. P. Monk of Lunenburg, had a very close shave the other night that will last them a life time. They had been fishing at Mille Roches, and were on their way home. Both men were riding in Mr. Monk's buggy, with Mr. William's horse behind. At the time Roches' crossing was reached, Mr. Monk's horse was struck and instantly killed by a freight train, which on account of another train coming the other way, neither gentleman heard approaching. The horse was practically torn out of the buggy, and had it not been that Mr. Adam's horse backed up and pulled the vehicle from the track, both gentlemen probably would have been killed.

Agriculture in Ireland.

Mr. John Dryden, ex-provincial minister of agriculture, who was appointed by the British Government as one of the commissioners to investigate agricultural conditions in Ireland, has returned. The commission, he says, has not yet made its report, but, speaking in a personal sense, he could say that he was greatly impressed with the agricultural possibilities of Ireland.

Social at Goldfield.

A social, under the auspices of the ladies of the Goldfield Methodist Church will be held on the lawn of Mr. Jos. Young, Goldfield, on the evening of Wednesday, August the 29th. Ice cream, cake, sandwitches, etc., will be served.

Damage Done by Storm.

The storm that passed over this section Tuesday done considerable damage. On the farm of Mr. Cox, near Cannamore, the barn buildings were struck by lightning and burned, together with the season's crop Mr. Fredrick Farmiloe was the tenant, and it is a serious loss to both.

Also the entire outbuildings of Mr. John D. Grady, councillor for Finch township, was struck by lightning and burned, together with the season's crop. They were fine buildings and the loss is great.

A Puzzle.

Here is a puzzle that puzzles everybody: Take the number of your living brothers, double the amount, add to it three, multiply by five, add to it the number of your living sisters, multiply the result by ten, add the number of deaths of brothers and subtract 150 from the result. The right figure will be the number of deaths, the middle will be the number of living sisters and the lett will show the number of living brothers. Try it and see.

Winchester Fair.

The Township Fair to be held at Winchester on Thursday and Friday, Sept 6th and 7th promises to be good, The premiums have increased, as also has the special attractions, and good purses are held up for trials of speed.

Ordained Deacon.

On Wednesday of last wsek, Rev. Cordett A. McRae, son of Chris McRae, Glen Roy, was ordained deacon at St. Finnan's Cathedral, Alexandria, by His Lordship, Bishop McDonald. On Sunday the reverend gentleman will be raised to the dignity of the holy priesthood, at St. Raphael's church, and celebrated his first mass there on Monday morning.

MARRIED.

WINTER—COUGHLAR—At Lunenburg, on August 15th, 1906, by Rev. R. A. McAmmond, of Newington, Garfield Coughler of North Lunenburg, to Ada F., youngest daughter of F. H. Winter.

HAWN—FASTMAN—At St. Luke's manse, Finch, on August 15th, 1906, by Rev. D. MacVicar, Frank D. Hawn, to Lily May, daughter of Martin Eastman, both of Newington.

DAVISON—SMITH—On Aug. 18th, 1906, at the Methodist parsonage, Danville, Que, by the Rev. W. T. Smith, father of the bride, assisted by the Rev. G. A. Bell, of Ulverton, Ethel J. Smith, to Arthur Earl Davison, B.A., B.Sc., of Niagara Falls, Ont.

JONES—MODE—In West Hawkesbury, on August 15th, 1906, by Rev. R. H. Mode, of Chicago University, brother of the bride, H. Carl Jones, editor of the Vankleek Hill Review, to Eva A., daughter of George Mode.

DIED.

RYAN—At Morrisburg, on Aug. 13, 1906, Mrs. Michael Ryan, aged 86 years, mother of Mrs. Wm. Pendergrast, Cornwall.

MILLER—At Gallingertown, on Aug. 16th, 1906, Loudon, son of W. R. Miller, aged 13 months.

MILLEA.—At Chesterville, on Monday, Aug. 20th, 1906, the infant son of Chas. Millea, Jr., aged 18 months.

WHEN NATURE IS ANGRY

UPHEAVALS WHICH STAGGERED HUMANITY.

Appalling Earthquake at Lisbon on November 1, 1755, when 60,000 Lives Were Lost.

Europe is very often referred to as the "lucky continent," because it seldom suffers from the most terrible of Dame Nature's kicks. Still, even Europe holds what is, in many respects, the world's record in the matter of earthquakes.

Far more appalling than the recent upheaval at San Francisco was the disaster at Lisbon on November 1st, 1755. It seemed all the more terrible, because the morning on which the great succession of shocks came was gloriously bright and calm. Churches were filled. Parks and promenades were gay with the thousands of people out to enjoy the weather, and everything and everybody seemed to be at peace.

The crowds of people were rather surprised, but by no means alarmed, at hearing a hollow, thunder-like sound which seemed to come from the centre of the city. "Someone firing a big gun," a few people explained.

IN A GALVANIC GRIP.

Within a few seconds, however, the true explanation was forthcoming. The whole city suddenly gave a convulsive jerk, as though it had just laid hold of a galvanic battery. Buildings crumpled up and crashed into each other with a terrifying clatter, and in less than three minutes 30,000 people perished!

For several minutes longer the shocks continued to come, and in Lisbon and its neighborhood nearly 60,000 lives were lost on that fateful morning.

During the convulsions the extraordinary spectacle was seen of a waterless Lisbon Harbor, for the sea retired well beyond the bar, which was left high and dry, only to roll in again directly afterwards as a wave sixty feet high. People rushed for safety to a massive marble quay; but it was a poor refuge, for the quay and everything upon it was suddenly swallowed by a great abyss, which yawned and closed again, engulfing for ever a large number of boats and small ships.

This same earthquake reached Loch Lomond, in Scotland, the water of that lake rapidly and mysteriously rising twenty-eight inches, and then falling again below the normal level.

RECORD WHIRL OF FLAME.

It is just four years since the holocaust in Martinique startled the whole of the civilized world. The more recent outburst of Vesuvius was scarcely worth mentioning by comparison. In the early part of May, 1902, Mount Pelee began to throw burning cinders into the city of St. Pierre, and into smaller towns and villages within reach. This "peppering" performance lasted a few days, but at eight o'clock one morning there came an awful roar and an explosion which were heard for 300 miles around.

A vast, whirling cloud of smoke, bigger than the mountain itself, shot from the crater, and rushed down on the city and the bay. Close after the smoke came a still bigger volume of fire, which swept down upon St. Pierre without the slightest warning of its approach, destroying the entire city and every one of its 26,000 inhabitants in less than five minutes. Not a single person who was in St. Pierre at the time of the explosion lived to tell the tale, save a negro, who was in his prison cell. Nearly all the shipping at St. Pierre was caught in that unparalleled whirl of fire and reduced to ashes.

China has probably been more heavily smitten by the eccentricities of Nature than any other part of the world. Perhaps it is because she holds herself so rigidly aloof from the world that the world remembers so little of her troubles.

The Yellow River—Hoang Ho—is known as "China's Sorrow." In some parts of its course its bed is higher than the great plain through which it passes. It has completely changed its course nine times in 2,500 years, and it frequently overflows and carries death and destruction to large tracts of country.

In 1887 this majestic river excelled itself. It burst through its banks in the province of Ho-nan, and, transforming itself into a vast inland sea, destroyed not thousands, but millions of lives! The Chinese Government has vainly tried to regulate the course of this terrible river.

HOW TIDAL WAVES ATTACK.

The tidal wave is another weapon which Mother Nature delights to use when in one of her destructive moods. She made one of her biggest efforts in this direction less than six years ago. On September 8th, 1900, one of the biggest storms which ever afflicted the United States broke out upon the Texan coast, and a monster tidal wave raced down upon Galveston, which was a town of 40,000 inhabitants.

Galveston stood—as the new Galveston, indeed, stands to-day—upon a sandy island which nowhere rises more than a few feet above sea-level. The island is in the Gulf of Mexico, which, normally, is almost tideless. Under the influence of strong winds, however, the sea in the Gulf has been known to rise seven feet within a few minutes, and on the occasion under notice the entire town of Galveston was submerged by a wall of water which wrecked everything in its path.

100,000 DEATHS IN A DAY.

Luckily, most of the people of Galveston, having seen the coming of the storm, and knowing the danger of their low-lying island, had just succeeded in making their escape to the mainland. Nevertheless, nearly 5,000 persons perished in Galveston alone, and the total number of deaths in the entire stricken district was estimated at 12,000. The bridges which connected the island with the mainland were all swept away, and over 150 sailing vessels, which chanced to be lying off the coast, were wrecked. The Texas cotton crop was ruined by the same hurricane.

A similar but far more terrible occurrence took place less than thirty years ago, namely, the great tidal wave which struck the Bay of Bengal on October 31st, 1876. It destroyed over 100,000 lives on the stretch of low ground east of the Ganges delta.

Another great drowning disaster, but caused in a very different manner, was the one at Johnstown, Pennsylvania, some sixteen years ago, when a deluge of rain resulted in the bursting of a huge reservoir and the loss of 6,000 lives.

MIXED DISASTERS.

The great Krakatoa disaster of August, 1883, was, in its after-effects, the most remarkable ever recorded. From May the volcano on the island had been spouting showers of ashes; in August the crater walls and part of the ocean bed fell in, fully two-thirds of the island also sinking out of sight. Two small islands were thus created, but they subsequently disappeared.

At the same time a gigantic ocean wave dashed down upon the neighboring coasts of Java and Sumatra, destroying 300 villages and 36,500 lives. It then swept round the entire globe, being felt a second time at Java after its journey of some 25,000 miles. The dust cast up by the explosion of the volcano caused weird sun-glows of marvellous beauty throughout the world for over three years.

KING ALFONSO PLAYS PRANKS.

How a Washerwoman's Doubts Were Removed.

During one of their short trips from San Sebastian, King Alfonso and his young Queen had a little adventure among the washerwomen at Arqueta, who were eating their lunch by the side of a brook at which the royal motor-car had come to a stop. The King, in his free, boyish way, began to chat with the women, and when, in reply to his query, they professed ignorance of his identity, he announced, "I am the King."

Laughingly, one of the women, who evidently thought he was making fun of her, replied that he could not be King Alfonso, for she had seen His Majesty at Pamplona, and he was handsomer than the man who stood before her.

King Alfonso laughed at the doubtful compliment, and, giving a coin to the woman, asked her if she recognized him from the likeness.

At length she was convinced she was in the presence of the King, and though she did not return to the subject of His Majesty's looks, she and her companions warmly expressed their admiration for the beauty of the young Queen. The King replied that he had not travelled so far for a bride to return with one who could not be admired by all his subjects.

A young draper's clerk at Estella in his enthusiasm became the centre of an incident which might have had exciting consequences. As the King and Queen were driving slowly along the promenade he rushed close to the carriage to take a good look at the royal couple, holding the keys of his master's premises in his hands the while. The King, acting on one of his humorous impulses, snatched the keys, the pace of the car was quickened and the over-enthusiastic youth was left lamenting and wondering how he should explain to his master that the King had purloined his keys. The King's quick perception saved the youth from being mistaken for an assailant.

WOMEN BEST IN PHYSICAL FEAT.

Trick Easy for Females Impossible for Masculine Athletes.

Man may claim for himself the physical prowess of his race, but there is a surprise in store for him. In the gymnasium anywhere, any woman may accomplish easily a muscular feat which not the greatest athlete in the world may do.

It is a simple experiment that may be made in any parlor. The prerequisites are a stretch of perpendicular wall, so that the baseboard will not project beyond its line, a chair tipped over, and a careful observance of the rules of the contest.

In order to get the upright surface in the wall it may be necessary to go to a door-facing. Standing in front of it, place the tip of one shoe against the upright surface of the floor level; put the other foot behind the first foot, with the toe touching the heel; then place the first foot alongside the other foot close up, with the heels firmly on the floor and the knees together.

In this upright standing posture, the length of two feet from the wall, bend forward at right angles from the hips until the top of the head is resting firmly against the wall, supporting the body and presenting as nearly as possible a back line that is at right angles to the legs.

In this position have some one place a chair in front of the contestant, which shall be tipped over on its face, between the knees and the wall, and placed so that it will balance when the person shall pick it up by the lower rung and crosspiece at the back. Let the experimenter pick the chair up in this way, holding to this position first taken, bring the back of the chair firmly up against the chest, and then, without letting the head drop or the heels rise, and holding the chair close to the chest, bring head and trunk and chair rigidly up to the upright position.

No man can do this. To any woman, no matter how slight her muscular development, the action is as easy as that proverbial "falling off a log." Not only can the man not rise with the incubus of the chair, but in this position, leaving his arms relaxed and hanging pendent he may find it impossible to rise without smashing his face into the wall.

WHERE TAXES ARE UNKNOWN.

Orsa, in Sweden, had, in the course of a generation, sold $5,750,000 worth of trees, and by means of judicious replanting has provided for a similar income every thirty years. In consequence of the development of this commercial wealth there are no taxes. Railways and telephones are free, and so are the school-houses, teaching, and many other things.

RISKS THAT JUDGES RUN

LIABLE TO DANGER IN THE DISCHARGE OF HIS DUTIES.

The Risks Attendant on His Calling Are Greater Than the Public Hear Of.

There is hardly a criminal judge upon the Bench who has not at one time or another been the recipient of threatening letters from prisoners or their friends with whom their sentences have made them unpopular, and one or two of them might be said, to use a hackneyed phrase, to have at times "carried their lives in their hands," says London Tit-Bits.

There were notable instances of this during the period of the "agrarian" crimes in Ireland many years ago. Judges and magistrates were openly threatened and went about in constant fear of assassination, and more than one was known to wear a chain-mail shirt under his clothing.

One of the most threatened judges at that period was Justice Lawson. For a long time, owing to the warnings he had received, he never walked out of doors without being accompanied by two retired soldiers and a couple of detectives, and his precautions proved to have been wisely taken.

One evening when he was walking through one of the squares in Dublin a ruffianly-looking man was noticed to be following the judge. As he drew nearer to him the detectives closed up, and at the critical moment they sprang upon the miscreant, and after a struggle succeeded in wrenching from him

A SEVEN-CHAMBERED REVOLVER,

loaded in every barrel, with which he was about to shoot the judge. For this dastardly attempt he was sentenced to seven years' penal servitude.

A case that had a more tragic ending occurred many years ago in Calcutta. The Acting Chief Justice, Sir Charles Norman, had just arrived at the court, and was about to enter, when a man who had been standing near went up to him and suddenly stabbed him to the heart. Great indignation was felt ate the murder, for the judge was very popular in legal and social circles. The murderer was shortly afterwards tried and executed, and though there were various theories as to the reason for the crime no satisfactory explanation of it was ever forthcoming.

The narrow escape from death that Sir George Jessel, a former Master of the Rolls, had on one exciting occasion is still remembered among the legal profession. Early one morning a gentleman in clerical garb went to the Rolls Court and inquired of the usher when the judge was likely to arrive. On being informed he took up his station outside the court and patiently awaited his lordship's coming. A few minutes later Sir George Jessel drove up in a hansom.

Scarcely had he alighted when the stranger stepped forward and, producing a pistol,

FIRED IT POINT-BLANK

at the judge's head. The Master of the Rolls, though somewhat alarmed, escaped injury, and as his assailant's pistol was a single-barrelled one no second shot could be fired.

The man then handed his card to the judge. It bore the name of a clergyman who had brought a case into the Appeal Court, where Sir George Jessel had decided against him, and this decision had so incensed him that he had resolved to kill the judge. He was afterwards pronounced insane.

"Just wait till I come out again, you old villain, and I'll make it hot for you!" shouted a truculent-looking prisoner whom a well-known judge had just sentenced to three years' hard labor for a brutal attack upon a police-constable.

"The day of my release," he added, "will be the day of your death!"

"Oh!" said his lordship, motioning to the warder; "then, wait a moment! I'm in no great hurry for that day to come; I think I will put it off a little longer." And he altered the sentence to one of five years' penal servitude.

"I have had that fellow before me several times," he remarked subsequently to a friend. "He has threatened me more than once, and I never sentence him without feeling

A SORT OF PRESENTIMENT

that one of these days he will lie in wait for me and take his revenge."

What would have been one of the most startling and dramatic murders that have ever taken place came very near to happening a few years ago, when the criminal, Solomon Barmash, was tried for the notorious bank-note forgeries. As will be remembered Barmash shot himself in his cell at Newgate after his trial, and the revolver was actually concealed about him at the moment when he stood in the dock to receive from Mr. Justice Darling his sentence of fifteen years' penal servitude.

It was his intention (so a well-known detective recently informed the writer), if, as he expected, he received a heavy sentence, to shoot the judge who gave it him dead upon the Bench! His nerve, however, providentially failed him at the critical moment, and the weapon afterwards served to terminate his own life.

An unpopular sentence in a case that has aroused great public interest has on more than one occasion nearly resulted in the lynching of the judge by the excited populace.

After the death sentence passed upon Mrs. Florence Maybrick for poisoning her husband with arsenic, the judge, Mr. Justice Stephen, had a narrow escape of being very roughly used, if not of being killed.

AN EXASPERATED CROWD,

enraged at what they considered an unjust sentence, surrounded the judge's carriage, and with cries of "Mob him!" and "Lynch him!" tried with all their might to overturn it. The police, however, closed around it just in time, and succeeded in averting what might have been a serious catastrophe.

Justice Hawkins (now Lord Brampton) had, during his brilliant career, some very unnerving experiences. For several months he was followed about in the streets of London by a man who, for reasons of his own, had conceived a hatred of him, and who ultimately threatened his life. Every morning for months this man would wait outside the judge's house until he came out, and then, following him to the court, would take a seat therein until it closed, afterwards following him home again in the evening. If he drove in a carriage, or took a hansome to escape him, the man would take another and pursue him.

This persecution continued until one day he was taken before a magistrate for threatening Justice Hawkins's life, and was bound over in heavy recognizances to keep the peace, after which he was seen no more.

BITS OF KNOWLEDGE.

Nuggets of Information About 'Most Everything.

The frigate bird flies at the rate of 300 miles an hour.

The flounder is an industrious fish, and lays 7,000,000 eggs in a year.

Wood yields one-fourth the heat of coal; charcoal about the same heat as coal.

New Mexico has a great desert, thirty miles long and ten miles wide, of glistening white gypsum.

The tobacco monopoly has yielded the Austrian Government the enormous net profit of $25,000,000 for one year.

A scientist states that the height and weight of school children increase with the size of the houses in which they live.

The Welsh National Eisteddfod is the biggest open-air concert in the world. At least 20,000 people attend it every year.

Negro graves in South America are sometimes curiously garnished with the bottles of medicine used by the departed in their final illness.

It is stated that the healthiest trade in the world is that of dye-making from coal-tar. The average life of a tar-worker is eighty-six years.

Something like one in every five of Britain's population is depositor in the Post Office Savings Bank, the average deposit being about £15.

The priests and monks of Italy live longer than any other professional men in that country. Fifty-seven per cent. live beyond three score and ten.

If a servant in Germany falls ill her mistress is not allowed to discharge her, but must pay 50 cents a day for her hospital expenses until she is perfectly well.

Every good Sikh prefers to die upon the bare ground. Regardless of rank or age, no rug must intervene between him and the earth when he breathes his last.

Germany's army on a peace footing has 63,000 horses with the cavalry and 36,000 with the artillery. Every horse in the German Empire is registered and available for service.

The number of horses slaughtered for food in public abattoirs in Germany during 1905 was 15,522 more than in 1904, the numbers being 96,834 in 1905 against 81,312 in 1904.

Nearly all the Bibles sent to Uganda are bound in tin in order to guard against the voracious African ants, which frequently completely devour the ordinary covers of books.

The Japanese army is recruited by conscription, but only twenty-five of the strongest and healthiest are picked out of every hundred men called up for service; the remainder are sent into the reserve.

It is said that there are two great treasure hoards on Cocos Island, one a pirate's plunder, estimated at anything between $30,000,000 and $60,000,000; another called "Keating's treasure," said to be worth $15,000,000.

Every Tibetan family is compelled to devote its first-born male child to a monastic life. Soon after birth the child is taken to a Buddhist monastery, to be thenceforth brought up and trained in priestly mysteries.

An inhabitant of Farmoutiers, France, has left a legacy sufficient to provide prizes of 25fr. each yearly for the two most polite scholars—male and female—of the town. The winners are to be elected by ballot of their schoolfellows.

Vienna is to have the largest and finest illuminated fountain in the world. The illuminating power will equal 900,000,000 candles. It includes twenty-seven immense reflectors capable of giving seventy variations in light effects every seventeen seconds.

Mount Sangay is the most active volcano in the world. It is situated in Ecuador, is 17,120ft. in height, and has been in constant activity since 1728. The sounds of its eruptions are sometimes heard in Quito, 150 miles distant, and once 267 reports were counted in one hour.

GREAT BATHERS.

Of all the Europeans the Russians are most addicted to the bath. In St. Petersburg there are vast vapor baths, to which the poorer people repair by thousands every Saturday night, carrying clean towels and brichen twigs. While lying upon the marble slabs in the baths they flog each other severely with the twigs, afterwards standing round red-hot stoves and pouring pailfuls of ice-water over one another. The flogging stimulates the circulation, and when the reaction comes after the ice-water performance the bathers lie about in a condition of ecstacy—a sort of nervous intoxication. The ancient Romans were extravagantly fond of bathing. They got their notions about the bath as a luxury from the Greeks, and at one time there were nearly nine hundred public bathing establishments. The bathers sat on marble benches below the surface of the water, around the edges of the basins, scraping themselves with dull knives of metal and ivory, and taking occasional plunges into the water. Dissipated Romans would sepnd whole days in the bath, seeking relief from over-indulgence in eating and drinking the night before. Everybody, even the emperor, used these baths, which were open to everyone who chose to pay the price of admission.

AT A RAILWAY ACCIDENT

FOREMAN OF THE WRECKING CREW TELLS WHAT IS DONE.

The Outfit, Consisting of Seven Cars, Is Always In Readiness for Action.

"You want a story of how we clear away wrecks?

"Well," says the old wrecking foreman, "perhaps it is after a hard day's work on the 'rip tracks,' repairing broken down cars; for usually the wrecking crew is made up of ten of the car repair men.

"Every man knows exactly where the wrecking outfit is—on by the round-house where the night crew is doing all it can to hurry along the fire and the rising steam pressure of the engine that is to take the outfit on its errand of mercy.

"This 'outfit,' if it is modern, consists of a steam derrick car, with steam always up, weighing in the neighborhood of 160,000 pounds, with a lifting capacity of sixty-five tons.

"Behind the derrick comes the 'truck' car. It contains extra trucks to be used under derailed cars or car bodies whose trucks have been ruined. Next comes the blocking car, loaded down with all necessary blocking and timber.

"Then there is the track supply car, equipped with all the necessary track material, such as ties and rails. The tool car is the next in order. This carries jacks of all descriptions, from a 6-inch pony jack to a 40-ton hydraulic. It is loaded also with bars, chisels, hammers, wrenches, dope buckets, packing spoons, lines, tackles and blocks, night and day signals, tarpaulins for covering merchandise and stretchers, blankets and sheets for

THE INJURED AND THE DEAD.

"Next is the cook and bunk car, and finally the caboose. The former has a range, a refrigerator and a stock of food that will keep. It has bunks for eighteen or twenty men. This train, or 'outfit,' as it is called, is always coupled together and stored on a side track.

"The first thing that a wrecking foreman does on being called is to get into communication with the chief train despatcher and find out all the particulars possible. If it is a merchandise wreck, empty freight cars are taken along into which can be transferred such freight and grain as can be saved.

"He also finds out as near as he can just where the wreck lies and how badly it is piled. If it is a passenger wreck—why, of course, it is a case of get there as quickly as possible, wondering all the time who the dead and injured are and what new scene of awfulness will be confronted.

"The wrecking outfit has the right of way over all trains between the starting point and the place where the wreck occurs. Passenger, stock and freight are all side-tracked.

"A stop is made at the station or siding nearest the wreck. Here the steam derrick is switched ahead of the engine, with the rest of the outfit coupled behind. On arriving at the wreck a man is stationed at the front end of the crane whose duty it is to give signals to the engineer of the derrick, whether to raise, lower

OR TO SWING THE CRANE.

"The first thing a wrecking foreman does after finding out where the injured are and getting them loose is to figure on working a passageway through the wreck and replacing the track as the debris is cleared. If the wreck is a bad one and there is the chance a temporary track is built around the mess that traffic may be resumed as soon as possible.

"Cars that are damaged to the extent of $100 are dragged into the ditch, all the truck and air-brake rigging taken from them and the body of the car set afire. All of the iron parts are afterwards loaded on to flat cars, often even the boiler of the locomotive. This scrap is taken to the shop to be repaired and used over again.

"Even freight wrecks can present a terrible appearance. One of the worst of these I ever saw was forty-five loads of wheat, the products of many a hundred acres, piled forty feet high and extending from right of way fence to right of way fence—a regular hill of gold, which took one solid week's work to clear away. Carload after carload of wheat had to be loaded by basket into new cars—while many tons of bent and twisted iron and heap upon heap of ashes told a silent story of the wreck.

"One time we went out to pick up a stock wreck of eleven cars. These, next to passenger wrecks, are the worst to handle. This particular wreck was one of great confusion. The penned cattle were bellowing frightfully. On each side and far over toward the fence lay

DEAD OR INJURED STOCK.

"Now there is nothing that makes these western steers so angry as the smell of blood, and add to that injury and the terrible excitement of a wreck and you have a combination that makes the poor animals fairly crazy. Woe to the man who gets close to a head or the heels of a struggling beast. The cars were piled in such a way that we were compelled to rip the tops off.

"Then men crawled out along the wreckage, fastened lines about the horns, and with the aid of the derrick the animals were finally dragged loose. Those in the car that were badly injured were killed by a blow on the head with a sledge, while the others were rounded up by men on horses herded into the field to the first stock loaded.

"Yes, passenger a doubt, the very said of them, thing but co

"The les us?

"Never men wo they sh every safet handling. tem as simple

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cars beyond their capacity and until they break down. Employ only experienced men, and when such men make mistakes and trouble is the result—keep them; do not 'can' them, for nine chances out of ten they will never make the same mistake again. We all learn by experience, therefore the man who has made a mistake is a safer man for all concerned, than one who has not."

PEOPLE OF ROUMANIA.

Roumania is inhabited by a bewildering variety of races, but whether of Greek, Slav or Teutonic lineage, the modern Roumanian makes it a point of honor to claim descent from the colonists whom Trajan planted in the conquered province of Dacia A. D. 107. Calling themselves

THE CRIMINAL'S CONFESSION

OR, SYBIL BERNER'S VINDICATION

CHAPTER XVI.—(Continued).

And fondly as he loved, he earnestly prayed that both mother and child might die in the impending travail unless—unless the new petition sent up to the governor, and grounded upon the report of the physicians, should get her a full pardon.

Four days of the keenest anxiety crept slowly by.

There was no possible means of hearing how Ishmael Worth prospered in his mission to the governor.

There were but two mails a week from Richmond to Blackville.

Ishmael Worth would go and come with all possible speed, for he must be his own messenger.

It was on the morning of the fifth day, since the young lawyer departed on his humane errand.

Lyon Berners was making his usual morning visit to his wife in her cell.

She was sitting as placidly unconscious of danger as usual, in her harmless halucination, playing with her little dog, which was coiled up on her lap.

Beatrix Pendleton, who had scarcely left Sybil for an hour since her imprisonment, sat gravely and quietly near, engaged as usual upon some little trifle of needlework.

And Lyon Berners sat purposely with his back to the light to shade his face, and hide the uncontrollable agitation of his countenance, as he gazed upon his doomed wife, and shuddered to think of the awful issues at stake in the success or failure of Ishmael Worth's mission.

Should this second petition be more fortunate than the first one, and should Mr. Worth succeed in obtaining for her a full pardon, Sybil might go forth this very day a free woman, and her husband might take her far away from these scenes of suffering to some fair foreign land, where she might recover her reason and her peace of mind.

Should Mr. Worth fail in obtaining a full pardon, but succeed in gaining a respite, Sybil would be permitted to live, if she could, long enough to bring forth her child, and then her own forfeited life must be yielded up.

But should her advocate fail also to obtain the respite, Sybil had just one week to live; for on the seventh day from this, she was ordered for death!

And she, shielded by a mild and merciful insanity, was so peacefully unconscious of impending doom!

But to-day he knew that he must hear the best or the worst that could befall her; for to-day the Richmond coach would arrive, and would bring her zealous advocate, Ishmael Worth.

And even while he sat thus gazing with his grief-dimmed eyes upon his fated young wife, the sound of approaching footsteps was heard; the cell door was unlocked, and the warden presented himself, saying in a low tone:

"Mr. Worth has just arrived, and wishes to see you downstairs in my office, sir."

Before the warden had finished his sentence, Lyon Berners had started up and sprung past him.

He hurried down the stairs, threw open the door of the warden's office and confronted Ishmael Worth, who, pale, weary, travel-stained, and troubled, stood before him.

"For Heaven's sake!" cried Sybil's husband, breathlessly, "speak! what news? Is it to be death—or life?"

CHAPTER XVII.

"Life or death?" cried Lyon Berners, pallid with intense anxiety.

"It is a respite," answered Ishmael Worth, gravely and kindly, taking the arm of the agitated man and gently leading him toward a chair.

"Only that!" groaned Lyon Berners, as he drobbed heavily into the offered seat.

"But that is much," soothingly began Ishmael Worth, "very much, for it is an earnest of——"

"How long?" moaned Mr. Berners, interrupting his companion.

"During the pleasure of the governor. No new day has been appointed for her—death!" added the young lawyer, in a low voice, and after a short pause, for he could not bear to utter the other awful word of doom.

"Go on!" said Sybil's husband, still violently shaken by his emotions.

Ishmael Worth arose from the seat into which he had sunk for a moment, and he laid his hand upon the shoulder of the suffering man and said:

"Try to calm the perturbation of your spirits, Mr. Berners, so that you can hear and comprehend what I am about to communicate to you."

"I will."

"Listen, then. You are aware that the respite, for an indefinite period, of any condemned person, is almost always the prelude to the full pardon."

"Yes."

"Mrs. Berners has a respite for an indefinite period. I consider that respite an earnest of her full pardon. You do not doubt my sincerity in saying this?"

"No."

"Listen yet longer. As no new day has been set for her death, so I think no further action will be taken in the matter until after the birth of her child—and some considerable time after that event. And then, I think, a full pardon will be granted her."

"Hope deferred!" began Mr. Berners, with a deep sigh.

"Yes, I know," said Ishmael Worth, with a grave smile; "but hear me out."

"I am listening."

"I had several interviews with the governor, and though he was very reserved in communicating his sentiments, I perceived that he really wished to pardon his petitioner."

"Then why, in the name of Heaven, did he not do so?" demanded Mr. Berners, starting up from his seat.

"Be calm and I will tell you," said Ishmael Worth, gently drawing him down into the chair.

Again Lyon Berners dropped into it with a deep groan.

"If it were not that trouble has so disturbed the clearness of your mind, you would yourself see that men in authority cannot do these things so suddenly. I repeat that I perceived that the governor would gladly have granted the pardon immediately upon the presentation of the petition, founded as it was upon such strong grounds, and he was only deferred from doing so by the fact that at the present point of time such a pardon would be a very unpopular measure."

"That a lady's innocent life should fall a sacrifice to a politician's love of popularity!" bitterly commented Lyon Berners.

Ishmael Worth was silent for a moment because he felt the injustice of Lyon Berners' remarks, yet did not wish to rebuke them, and then he said, deprecatingly:

"I do not think the governor's course here was directed by any selfish policy. He feels that he must be guided in a great degree by the will of the people, who are now most unjustly, certainly, but most violently set against Mrs. Berners. So he sends down the respite, to which, under the peculiar circumstances, no one can object, and sends it as a prelude to the pardon which I believe will certainly follow when the popular excitement has had time to subside."

"Heaven grant it may be so," fervently prayed Lyon Berners.

"And now," said Ishmael Worth, drawing from his breast pocket a sealed parcel directed to the sheriff of the county, "I must take this document to Mr. Fortescue at once."

"I will not detain you, then. A thousand thanks for your kindness! I pray Heaven that some day I may be able to return it," fervently exclaimed Lyon Berners, rising from his chair.

Ishmael Worth took his hand and held it, while he looked earnestly in his face, and said:

"You have every good reason now to hope for the best; so much reason not only to hope, but to feel assured of her release, that I should counsel you to begin at once your preparations to leave the country, so as to be able to start on your voyage with her immediately after the pardon arrives."

"Thanks for your words of comfort! Thanks for your counsel! I always leave your presence, Mr. Worth, with new life!" warmly exclaimed Lyon Berners, cordially grasping and shaking the hands that held his own.

Then Ishmael Worth took leave and went away.

Lyon Berners returned to the cell of his wife. He was admitted by the turnkey in attendance.

He found Sybil fast asleep, on the outside of her bed. Beatrix was sitting by her, strumming low, soft notes on the guitar as an accompaniment to a soothing air that she was singing.

"What news?" exclaimed the young lady, in half-suppressed eagerness.

"There is a respite for an indefinite period, that Mr. Worth thinks is a certain prelude to a future pardon," answered Mr. Berners, seating himself beside his wife's bedside.

"Thank Heaven!" fervently exclaimed Beatrix. "But why not the full pardon at once?"

Mr. Berners explained the reasons for the delay.

"The people are even more cruel and unjust than the law! But still—oh! thank Heaven for so much hope and comfort as we have!" she said.

"Mr. Worth feels so sure of the pardon, that he advises me to make all necessary preparations, so as to be able to leave the country immediately upon my wife's liberation," added Mr. Berners.

"That will be glorious! Oh! do you know that advice seems so practical that it gives me more confidence than anything else which has been said?" exclaimed Miss Pendleton, eagerly. "I will tell Clement to begin to get ready at once! For you know we are set to go with you!"

"God bless you!" was the only response of Lyon Berners. Then he inquired, "How did my dear wife happen to fall asleep at this hour?"

"She laid down to rest. Then I took the guitar and sang to her, and she fell asleep like an infant."

At that moment Sybil awoke with a smile, and greeted her husband pleasantly.

He stooped and kissed her; but said nothing of the respite, because she was still happily unconscious of any necessity for such a thing. Neither did he speak of the possible voyage to Europe; deeming it premature to mention such a hope yet, lest she should, in her innocent ignorance of her real position, chatter of it to her visitors, and so do her cause harm.

He stayed with her until the prison regulations for closing the doors at six o'clock in the afternoon obliged him to take leave and depart.

Then he went home in a more hopeful frame of mind than he had enjoyed for many weeks.

The summer was slipping swiftly away.

Since the arrival of her respite for so long and indefinite a period, it had been deemed proper by the warden to accord to his charge many valuable privileges that she had not enjoyed, nor, indeed, in her unconsciousness of her real situation and indifference to all external circumstances, had not missed in her imprisonment.

She was now permitted to walk in the shaded grounds and blooming gardens within the walled inclosure around the prison.

Here, through the influence of fresh air and gentle exercise, her physical health improved very much, though her mental malady remained unmodified.

Here, also, some members of her household from Black Hall were admitted to see her.

Hitherto Miss Tabby, Raphael, and even little Cromartie had been carefully excluded from her presence, lest the violent emotion of the woman and the youth, or the innocent prattle of the child, should suddenly strike

"The electric chord wherewith
we are darkly bound,"

and shock her into a full consciousness of the awful position which her friends were now more than ever anxious to conceal from her knowledge. For they argued, if only the mist of insanity could be kept around her for a little while longer, until the hoped-for pardon should come, then she need never to know that she had been the inmate of a prison or stood within the shadow of the scaffold.

It was the opinion of her physician, and the fear of her friends, that her reason would return with the birth of her child; and they prayed that it might not do so until she should be free from the prison.

And so they had guarded her from all associations that might suddenly bring back her memory and her understanding; and therefore had denied the visits of her faithful and afflicted servants and proteges from Black Hall.

Now, however, after she had been some weeks enjoying the privilege of daily exercise in the fresh air of the grounds, and her health had gained so much, her harmless hallucination began to take a pleasing and favorable turn.

She now knew that she was going to be a mother; and she fancied that she was staying at some pleasant place of summer resort for the benefit of her health, and that Beatrix Pendleton was also one of the guests of the house; and that Lyon Berners was only an occasional visitor, because the duties of his profession confined him the greater part of the time at Blackhall.

It happened one morning, when Sybil was taking her usual exercise in the garden, attended by her husband and her friend, she suddenly turned to Mr. Berners and said:

"Lyon, dear, I want to see Tabby and Joe. The next time you come to see me, I wish you would bring them with you."

"I will do so, dear Sybil. Is there any one else you would like to see?" inquired her husband, who deemed now that, with proper precautions, her friends from Blackville might be permitted to see her.

"No, no one else particularly," she answered.

"Are you sure?"

"Why, yes, Lyon dear; I am sure I do not care to see anybody else especially. Why, who is there, indeed, that I should care for at Black Hall, except my own faithful servants?" she asked, a little impatiently. She had never once, since her imprisonment, mentioned the name of Raphael or Little Cromartie. She had apparently forgotten them, as well as all other persons and circumstances immediately connected with the tragedy at Black Hall and the trial at Blackville.

And Mr. Berners would not venture to remind her of their existence.

"Very well, dearest, I will bring your friends to see you to-morrow," said Mr. Berners, soothingly.

CHAPTER XVIII.

But if Sybil, in the chaos of her mind, had lost all memory of her two proteges, they had not for a moment forgotten her.

Raphael, who was perfectly well aware of Sybil's situation, was breaking his heart at Black Hall. And every morning when little Cro' was set up in his high-chair besides Mrs. Berners' vacant place at the head of the breakfast table, he would ask, piteously:

"If 'Sybil-mamma' was coming home to-day?" And every morning he would be answered evasively:

"Maybe, to-day or to-morrow."

The day succeeding his promise to his wife, Mr. Berners informed Miss Tabby that he should take her to the prison to see Sybil, and requested her to get ready at once to go. And at the same time he sent a message to Joe to put the horses to the carriage and prepare to drive them.

Miss Tabby, at the prospect of meeting Sybil, whom she had not seen for some months, burst into a fit of loud hysterical sobbing and crying, and could not be comforted.

Mr. Berners had patience with her, and let the storm take its course, knowing that it would be followed by a calm that would best prepare the poor creature to meet her lady.

When Miss Tabby was composed enough to listen to him, Mr. Berners very impressively said to her:

"You must remember Mrs. Berners' mental derangement, that renders her utterly unconscious of her imprisonment, and unconcerned about her future, and you must be very cautious neither to betray any emotion at the sight of her, nor to make any allusion to the murder or the trial, or to any person or event connected with either; for she has forgotten all about it."

"That is a wonderful blessing, indeed, and I would bite my tongue off sooner than say anything to disturb her," said Miss Tabby, with a few subsiding sobs.

The same admonition which he had administered to Miss Tabby was also emphatically impressed upon the mind of Joe. And the old man was even more ready and able to understand and act upon it than the old maid had been.

When Raphael and little Cro' found out that Mr. Berners was going to take Miss Tabby to see Mrs. Berners, they both pleaded to go with him also.

But this could not in either case be permitted.

To Raphael, Mr. Berners explained the case of his wife, and sent the boy away more sorrowful, if possible, than before.

To little Cro' he gave his gold pencil and his new blank note-book from his pocket, that the child might amuse himself with drawing "pictures," and he promised to take him to see "Sybil-mamma" at some future day.

It was yet early in the forenoon when the carriage from Black Hall rolled through the prison gates, and drew up before the great door of the building.

Miss Tabby groaned and sighed heavily as she followed Mr. Berners into the gloomy hall.

They were met by one of the turnkeys, who informed Mr. Berners that Mrs. Berners and Miss Pendleton were taking the air in the walled garden behind the building.

Preceded by the turnkey and followed by Miss Tabby, Lyon Berners went through the hall out at the grated back door, and through the walled backyard, and through another heavy gate into the strongly inclosed and well-shaded garden, where he found his wife and her friend sitting under the trees.

This was so much better than anything Miss Tabby had expected to see, that her depressed spirits rose at once as she hurried after Mr. Berners to meet Sybil, who, with Beatrix, had arisen to receive him.

Mr. Berners had scarcely time to embrace his wife and shake hands with Miss Pendleton, before Miss Tabby rushed past him, caught Sybil in her arms, and, forgetting all Mr. Berners' cautions and her own promises, fell to sobbing and crying over her foster-child, and exclaiming:

"Oh, my lamb! my baby! my darling! And is it here I find you, my darling! my baby! my lamb!" etc., etc., etc.

"Why, you foolish old Tabby, what are you howling for now? Haven't you got over your habit of crying for everything yet, you overgrown old infant?" asked Sybil, laughing, as she extricated herself from the clinging embrace, and sat down.

"I know I'm an old fool," whimpered Miss Tabby, as she wiped her eyes, and leaned up against the bole of the tree.

"To be sure you are! Everybody knows that! But you are a dear, good old Tabby, for all; and I am delighted to see you. And now aren't you going to speak to Miss Pendleton?"

"Oh, yes; how do you do, Miss Beatrix?" inquired the old woman, as she courtesied and offered her hand to Miss Pendleton.

"I am well and glad to see you, Miss Tabby," answered the young lady, cordially.

"And, oh, Miss Beatrix, I do pray the Lord to bless you every night and morning of my life! For surely you do deserve blessings for staying with Miss Sybil in this here awful——"

An admonitory pressure of Miss Tabby's shoe by Mr. Berners' boot arrested her speech for an instant and then modified it:

"In this here commodious and sillubrious watering place!" she added, with a knowing nod towards Mr. Berners, which happily escaped Sybil's notice.

Sybil had many questions to ask about Black Hall and its inmates, and its surroundings, but first she asked the general question:

"How are all at home, Miss Tabby?"

"Oh, all are well, my dear child;" answered the old woman, "as well as can be, considering your—— Oh, there I go again!" she exclaimed, suddenly breaking off in alarm.

"All are well, you say, Miss Tabby?" inquired Sybil.

"Oh, yes, honey, all well, the servants and cattle, and the pets and all the other animyles, and Raphael and little Cromartie—— Oh, my goodness! There I go again, worse than ever."

"Who? Raph—Cro'?" began Sybil, passing her hand in perplexity to and fro across her brow. "Who are they? Did I dream of them, or read of them somewhere? Raph—Cro'. Oh, dear me, my head is so queer! Did I read or dream?"

"No, my dear," exclaimed Miss Tabby, hastening to retrieve her error. "You did not read, nor likewise dream of any sich. They's peacocks, honey; nothing but peacocks, as we bought to ornament the lawn, you know."

"Oh, yes, I know, peacocks!" said Sybil, with a smile readily adopting the explanation that had been made to her. "But I dreamt a strange dream about those peacocks. I dreamt—oh, I can't remember what I dreamt!" she continued, contracting her brows with an expression of pain and perplexity.

"Never mind, my darling, what it was. Dreams are profitless subjects to employ the mind upon," said Beatrix Pendleton, taking Sybil's hand, and lifting it up. "Now, come with me. I have something pleasanter to talk about," she added, as she drew Sybil down one of the shaded garden walks.

There was one subject among others upon which Sybil was quite sane: her own approaching maternity. Beatrix knew this, as she led her to a distant garden seat, and made her sit down upon it, while she said:

"Now, darling, that Miss Tabby is here, had we not better commission her to buy some flannels and lawns and laces for the wardrobe of the coming child? She can bring them when she comes next time. And you and I can amuse ourselves with making them up."

"Oh, yes, yes, indeed! That will be delightful. How strange I never thought of that before! Why, I do believe I would have let the little stranger arrive without an article to put on it, if you hadn't reminded me—and I a married woman, who ought to know better, and you only a girl, who ought to know nothing! Well, I do declare!" exclaimed Sybil, turning and staring at her companion.

"Never mind, darling; it is only because you have been ill, and I have ben well, that you have forgotten this necessary provision, while I have remembered it," said Beatrix, soothingly.

"Well, I won't forget it again!" exclaimed Sybil, starting up and running towards her husband, and followed by Miss Pendleton.

"Lyon!" she said, breathlessly. "How much money have you got about you?"

"I don't know, dear. You can have it all, if you wish, be it little or much; for it is all your own, Sybil," replied Lyon Berners, putting his purse in her hands.

"Oh, no, I don't want that; but you must give Tabby as much money as she may require, to make some purchases for me."

(To be continued).

BE WISE
and have a Glass of ICED
"SALADA"
CEYLON TEA
When you feel warm a small piece of lemon will add to the flavor.
LEAD PACKETS ONLY
40c, 50c and 60c per lb.
At all Grocers.

VALUE OF GEMS.

What Makes Precious Stones Worth so Much Money.

The qualities for which precious stones are mostly prized are lustre, transparency, refraction, and dispersion of light; although, of course, scarcity and demand are the principal factors in determining the market prices; for instance the emerald to-day is treble the value it was only a few years ago. This is partly caused by the greater demand, but more on account of the state of war in the country—viz., Columbia—from which they principally come is now engaged, thereby rendering it most difficult for those engaged in the industry to procure them.

The emerald mines of Colombia, at Muzo, and Coscuoz, near Begota, have been worked almost continuously since 1568, and have been the means of supplying the world with most of the emeralds in modern times. There were mines in Upper Egypt which yielded this gem to the nations of antiquity, but were lost sight of from the time of the Mohammedan conquest until quite recently, when some attempts at working them were made.

The emerald mines in the Urals were not known until the 18th century, and, though they yielded fairly good material for a time, their importance is not great, as the stones found are not of good enough quality to pay the rate demanded by the Government from the lessees, but they were re-opened in 1900 by a syndicate with little success, so far as can be learned.

There are many stones holding the qualities first mentioned in a high degree, but they are little known because, in the first place, they are to be obtained in larger quantities, and the people engaged in the stone trade cannot therefore make the profits they are able to do with the scarcer gems, while, because of their abundance and presumably lesser value, they have been given to native cutters, who do not understand the laws of refraction and reflection to operate on, with the result that they are put on the market and eventually mounted in jewelry, looking like various colored acid drops and entirely lacking brilliancy and those sharply defined facets which give that reflection which is the chief charm and makes evident the great difference between the real stone and its imitation.

The last few years have witnessed the great strides which the various fancy gems have made in the public favor, notably when used in the neck chain; at present these are being made up with all manner of colored stones and if the manufacturer gives as much attention to the cutting of the stones as he does to the making of the settings he can produce a really delightful ornament.

It is foolish to run yourself down when your neighbors are only too glad to do it for you.

She: "He kissed me, and I told him to tell no one." He: "And what did he do?" She: "Why, it wasn't two minutes before he repeated it."

SOIL MAKING.

Nature Nourishes Forests To-day Just as She Did Centuries Ago.

The process by which soils have been made and forests have sprung up to cover them may be seen to-day upon nearly every high mountain. We cannot be perfectly sure that new soils and new forests are being made in every way just as they were 1,000 or 10,000 years ago. Yet there is no doubt that the process of to-day is like that of yesterday in every important respect. Heat and frost, wind, rain and sunshine, though varying, are as changeless as the nature of the rock upon which they act. The flowers and trees of our fields and woods are the same as those of 100 centuries ago. Rocks are worn down to form soil, and Nature sows and tends the oldest of old-fashioned gardens just as she always did. If we carefully follow, then, the wearing away of some huge cliff or precipice, and the appearance of flowers and trees upon its crumbling fragments, we witness a process which, here and there, has been going for ages, and has produced all the forests of the present time.

These changes occur with extreme slowness. No human life is long enough to measure them all. The lifetime of a Methuselah would be swallowed up in the lapse of time necessary for the change of granite cliffs into the floor of a forest. Fortunately, however, this process is a frequent one in rugged regions, such as the Rocky Mountains. In some places it has begun at times widely separated; in others the changes have gone on at different rates. As a result, one cliff will be found in an early stage of the process, another in a middle stage, a third in a latter one, and so forth. One has only to find the different pieces, and to put them together in the right order. With a knowledge of Nature's language, he can then read the story of the forest.

HOW TO SAVE THE YOUNG.

Fairies still play a prominent part in life and belief of the Irish people. It is lucky to spill milk, a servant assured her mistress, when she once dropped a jugful. "Them little people will be pleased with th' sup ye're lavin them," she added. It was the same servant who said that the good folk were very dainty in their habits, and would not touch anything that was soiled or dirty.

"Let me tell ye," she continued. "Me own little nephew in the County Tipperary, a lovely young b'y of three weeks, was pinin' away, an' th' poor mother was distracted to know what was ailin' him, till she called in a woman who had th' name o' bein' wise—an' she told me sister th' fairies was takin' th' child.

"'An' what'll I do?' asked me sister.

"'Smear him wid dirt,' said th' woman, 'for whatever's annyway dirty th' fairies'll lave after them.'

"Me sister done that, an' th' young child recovered, for when they seen th' dirt th' fairies let him be."

A NOVEL INVENTION.

In the "autocarte," a novel French touring map, the road being traveled is shown upon a band of paper, which is mounted upon a band maw wrfw w is mounted on the dashboard of the motor car, and by automatic unrolling indicates the exact position of the car at any moment. It is especially useful at night, while at present high speed sign boards are not easily read even in the daytime. The scale of the map is sufficiently large to make clear the exact point of the route ahead for five miles, thus being able to fix in mind all obstacles, turns, descents, etc., long before they are reached. At night the chart is always lighted.

The man who can't be humbugged misses lots of fun in life.

CONTINUE
Those who are gaining flesh and strength by regular treatment with
Scott's Emulsion
should continue the treatment in hot weather; smaller dose and a little cool milk with it will do away with any objection which is attached to fatty products during the heated season.
Send for free sample.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
Toronto, Ontario.
50c. and $1.00; all druggists.



The Minister (suspiciously)—John, have you been on a spree?
John—Not yet, sorr.—Life.

Winchester Township Fair

THURSDAY and FRIDAY

SEPTEMBER 6th and 7th, 1906

AT

Winchester.

Over $1500.00 in Premiums.

$450.00 in Trials of Speed.

Society Prizes on all Teams and Single Drivers Double Those of 1905.

Long List of Cash and Other Special Prizes.

Special Attractions in Front of Grand Stand Each Day

PROGRAMME OF FAIR.

First Day---Thursday, Sept. 6th.

Admission to Grounds, Adults 25c. Children under 12 years 10c.

All articles and animals for exhibition must be on the grounds at the hours stated in Rules numbers 7, 8 and 9.

1.00 p.m.—Opening by Winchester Silver Band.
1.15 p.m.—Judging to commence sharp on time.
2.00 p.m.—Trials of Speed. 3-Minute Class, trotting or pacing, Purse $50.
Exhibition Green Running Horses, best 2 in 3 heats, for Specials Nos. 8 and 9.
Competition for A. A. Casselman's Special No. 17.
Competition for W. G. Feader's Special No. 15. Best Saddle Horse.
Green Race, trotting or pacing, for Specials Nos. 10 and 11.
Trials of Speed, 2.22 Class, trotting or pacing. Purse $100.

Evening Open-Air Concert, Thursday, Sept. 6th, beginning at 8 p.m. sharp,

At which the following will appear:—

MR. JAS. FAX, the Ever Popular Comedian in New Songs and Sketches.
MISS MAUD I. CASSWELL, W. G. HEINTZMAN and WILL J WIBBY in Operatic Selections, Illustrated Songs, Electrical Poses, Serpentine and Skirt Dances, Sailors' Hornpipe, and other National Dances.

Second Day---Friday, Sept. 7th.

Admission to Grounds 25c. Children under 12, 15c

10.00 a.m.—Band.
10.00 a.m.—Judging sharp on time of Cattle, Sheep and Swine, and all Horses shown on Halter except Specials.
12.30 p.m.—Judging on Horses in Harness and Specials (sharp on time).
12.40 p.m.—Competition for best Carriage Team, 15½ hands and over, for Special No. 2.
Competition for best 1 year old Carriage Colt, for Special No. 23.
Competition for best 2 year old Carriage Colt, for special No. 22.
Competition for best 2 year old Draft Colt, for special No. 24.
Competition for best 2 year old Clyde Filly, for special No. 16.
Competition for best Single Carriage Horse, for special No 5.
Competition for best Draft Team, for specials Nos. 18 and 19.
Competition for best Carriage Team, 15½ hands and under, for special No. 6.
Competition for best General Purpose Team, for specials Nos. 20 and 21
Competition for David Christie & Son's special, best foal sired by King Cairnton. 1st $4, 2nd $3, 3rd $2, 4th $1.
Competition for best Hackney Foal, for Thos. Irving's special No. 3. 1st $8, 2nd $6, 3rd $4, 4th $2.
Competition for best Lady Driver, for special No. 14.
Competition for best High Stepper, $15.00 in prizes, for special No. 4.
Hurdle Jumping Contest for specials Nos. 12 and 13.
Competition for best Roadster Team, for special No. 25.
Trials of Speed, 2.40 Class, trotting or pacing Purse $75.
Exhibition of Running Horses (open). Purse $40.
Competition for special No. 7. Best Gentleman's Turnout.
Competition for best Road Horse, for special No. 1. 1st $3, 2nd $2.
Trials of Speed, Free-for-All, trotting or pacing. Purse $150.
8.00 p.m.—Grand Open-Air Concert with entire change of programme. Admission 25 cents.

SPECIAL RATES.—The C. P. R. will sell tickets from Smith's Falls, Green Valley, and intermediate points at Single Fare on Sept. 5th, 6th and 7th. All tickets good to return on the 8th.

W. J. LAFLAMME, Sec'y-Treas., Winchester.

THE CELEBRATED



SHARPLES

Tubular Separator.

We have received the agency in this district for the above Separator, which is looked upon as the best on the market. If you dont believe it let us place one on trial and convince yourself.

Grady & Jordan
CHESTERVILLE.

Its a strong but true statement:

THE SUN LIFE'S 1905 Record, Has Never Been EQUALLED

By Any Other CANADIAN COMPANY

IRA J. CRAMER, General Agent, Aultsville. A. M. FETTERLY, Local Agent, Chesterville.

JOHN R. and W. L. REID, Managers Eastern Ontario, SUN LIFE BUILDING, OTTAWA

Has Taken a Thousand

Zutoo

Always Cured Headache. Never Affected her Heart.

Here is a testimonial from the wife of Doctor W. L. Shurtleff, K.C., of Coaticook, Que., who has taken a thousand Zutoo Tablets (the Japanese Vegetable Headache remedy.)

It should convince any doubting one, that while the tablets cure headache, they do not, like the drug cures, affect the heart, nerves or stomach. No one would or could take such a number if they were not perfectly harmless. Mrs. Shurtleff herself had to discard the drug cures.

Here is what she says:

I have always been a great sufferer from headache, and have taken a great many headache cures. I found that after taking them for a time they caused palpitation of the heart. Three years ago I began using Zutoo. I have likely taken over a thousand tablets. I have never yet felt the least ill-effect from using them and they cure my headaches as quickly as any remedy I ever took.

They are Harmless as Soda.

WILLIAM NEWVINE,
All kinds of Cement and Concrete work a Specialty
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

In Far Counties.

When the shower came up the artist, who was walking through New Hampshire on a sketching tour, sought shelter under a tree, where he was soon joined by another wayfarer, a man of middle age, who looked a sort of better class tramp, and indeed was one.

The two entered into conversation, and it came out that the wayfarer was a harness maker by vocation, but a rover by predilection.

"Yes," he said, "I'm a rolling stone. I'm never happy in one place. I'm here today and gone tomorrow. There ain't any fossil about me. I'm on the move all the time. The world is made to see, I say, and I'm bound to see all I can of it."

The artist began to think that he had fallen in with a modern Marco Polo, and by way of leading up to some interesting anecdotes of the antipodes he remarked:

"You must have been quite a traveler."

"Well, that's about so," the man modestly replied. "I reckon I could find my way over New Hampshire with my eyes shut, and I was once two months in Vermont."

Cold That Kills and Cold That Cures.

In England severe cold generally kills a good many people. In certain parts of North America cold still more severe puts new life into them. It requires no argumentation to show that there must be a definite reason for this. The chief reason is that English cold is mostly damp, while in North America it is mostly dry. There is the greatest difference in the world between dry air and damp air. The former is usually air pure and simple, possessing a full quantity of oxygen and often charged highly with ozone. The latter consists of air mixed with the vapor of water. When the former air, fully oxygenated, is breathed it stimulates more powerfully than chamnagne. The latter, less oxygenated and charged with vapor of water, not only does not stimulate, but depresses.

Pasta's Wonderful Voice.

Mme. Pasta's voice extended from low A to D in altissimo and was one of the most remarkable illustrations ever furnished of the value of musical culture in overcoming natural blemishes. Her voice was stubborn and unmanageable, but by dint of study and indefatigable perseverance she brought it to a state of perfection that was the admiration of her contemporaries. Her delight was the bravura style of ornament, and where the composer had not been sufficiently liberal in bestowing ornamentation on her part she invented cavatinas of her own and used them with such effect that they were generally regarded as the best part of her singing. She made her first appearance on the stage in 1815, her last in 1850.

The Meaning of Sympathy.

It was a clever Frenchwoman who said: "Those who have suffered much are like those who know many languages. They have learned to understand and to be understood by many. It is an impossibility to fully sympathize with another's experience unless it has been at some time one's own. In trouble or grief we turn instinctively to some one whom we know has been through the same experience. It is the old human longing for companionship that shows itself. The feeling is strong within us that she will feel and know with me. Therein lies the meaning of sympathy."

The Minister's Response.

A well known minister of a kirk in Glasgow was one day passing along the High street when he was accosted by a crowd of street gamins, one of whom said mischievously, but with becoming gravity, "D'ye ken, minister, the de'il is deed?" The minister made no immediate response, but on the whole crew reiterating the cry, "The de'il's deed! The de'il's deed!" he turned and, raising his outstretched hands, as if to pronounce a blessing, reported, "Ach, ye puir leetle faithless bairns!"

England's Curiosity Shops.

Many of the curiosity shops planted in the back streets of most country towns in England are simply kept up by large London firms, who, from a prolonged study of human nature, have discovered that people who are shy of buying old furniture or old silver in Bond street or Piccadilly are ready and eager purchasers of precisely the same objects at a rather higher price when they come upon them in the back streets of a country town.

When the Stove Preached.

"De preacher wuzn't feelin' good last meetin' day, an' he made de stove preach de sermon."

"Made de stove preach?"

"Yes; made it redhot fum top ter bottom an' den tol' he sinners ter take a good look at it an' go ter thinkin'!"

The Ungrateful Ones.

"Do you think it pays to be generous?" said the man of doubtful mind.

"Well, that depends," replied the philanthropist. "To tell the truth, it isn't the money I've given away that I regret; it's what I've lent!"—Detroit Free Press.

Marine Graveyard.

First Fish—You need not feel so proud, you "old graveyard!" Second Fish—This is an insult. Why do you call me an "old graveyard?" First Fish—Because you are full of bones.

Her Hope.

Josie—I was taken for twenty-five today, and I am only eighteen. Julia—What will you be taken for when you are twenty-five? Josie—For better or worse, I hope.

THE SALVATION ARMY.

Hon. Mr. Whitney Tells Why He Supports It.

London, August 20.—Hon. J. P. Whitney, premier of Ontario, speaking at Bath, gave two reasons why he supported the salvation army, both in his individual and representative position. First he believed in the good influences of the army, and the second, because of its emigration work, instead of dumping the people down in the dock, the army saw them straight into situationss. The army had a smaller percentage of failures than any other organization engaged in the work. This being the truth, it was right the truth should be told. Mr. Whitney referred to the importance of the work, as it effected Canada which he described as the great auxiliary nation of the British Empire.

Dr. Pyne accompanied Mr. Whitney on his visit to Crew and Bath.

New York & Ontario Power Company.

Albany, N. Y., August 17—The state committee of gas and electricity to day received the application of the New York and Ontario Power Company, of Waddington, St. Lawrence county, for a certificate of authority to transact business and for consent to issue $2,000,000 of bonds, and $2,000,000 of stock. The company proposes to purchase and develop a dam and water power across and adjacent to a branch of the St. Lawrence river from the Isle au Rapid Plat to the south side of the river St. Lawrence, to furnish power and light to Waddington and Ogdensburg, about twenty miles distant, by a transmission line, and to a tin plate plant at Morrisburg, Ont., directly across from Waddington. A hearing will be given on Sept. 5.

Doctors Change Their Methods.

Years ago they fought catarrh by internal dosing. They saw this ruined the stomach, and changed to the ozonated air cure, better known as "Catarrhozone." This treatment is sure to cure. It goes to the source of the disease; it destroys the causes that maintain catarrh and even in the worst cases, permanent cure is guaranteed. Failure with Catarrhozone is impossible. Antiseptic, healing and far reaching; its bound to cure every time Endorsed by more than twenty thousand physicians in America alone and sold in 25c. and $1.00 sizes by all dealers.

Fall Fairs.

Aug. 28-30—Iroquois.
Sept. 3-5—Morrisburg.
Sept. 6 7—Winchester.
Sept. 6 8—Cornwall.
Sept. 14-15—Mountain.
Seyt. 26 27—Avonmore.
Sept. 11-14—Brockville.
Sept. 12—Alexandria.
Sept. 14-15—Vankleek Hill.
Sept. 18—Kemptville.
Sept. 19—Newington.
Sept. 20—Metcalfe.
Sept. 21—Maxville.
Sept. 26—Russell.
Sept. 27—Renfrew.
Oct. 3—Carp.

Do You Feel the Pinch?

Not of poverty, but of course, aching coins, that can be cured by Putman's Corn extractor? Don't suffer, use "Putman's"—sold everywhere in 25c. bottles.

During a heavy thunderstorm Monday afternoon lightning struck the church of the Nativity, Roman Catholic, East Cornwall.

Rubber - Tires.

Are you interested in Rubber Tires? If so it will be interesting to know that I have equipped my shop with a complete plant for all kinds of rubber tire work. I can do you first-class work, save you money, and you can get your work prompt. No need to lay up your carriage for weeks. First-class Rubber in stock.

Carriages.

A full line of carriages of our own manufacture on hand during the season.

The largest stock to sell from in the county; quality right, and prices right.

Give me a call.

M. BAILEY, ST. LAWRENCE St., Winchester.

After the Fire

Is too late to insure the burned building. Insure to-day in one of the following companies:

North British & Mercantile.
Phoenix of London.
Anglo-American.
Liverpool, London & Globe.
British America.
Caledonian of Scotland.
Metropolitan.
Canadian Fire Ins. Co.

LIFE;
The Mutual Life of Canada
ACCIDDNT:
Ocean Accident & Guarantee Co

C. W. CASSELMAN,
Office, Fulton Block. CHESTERVILLE.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 4,

Our management and equipment enables us to boast of the best Eastern Ontario Business College. Graduates sure to succeed. Send for catalogue.

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE.

W. H. SHAW, President. W. T. ROGERS, Principal

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BLOOD POISON

On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itchiness of the skin, eruptions or blotches, ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of "old fogy" treatment—beware of mineral poisons—beware of Quacks and Fakirs. **OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT** is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poison from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and the pleasures of life. **CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured.**

Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

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THE

Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,

LIMITED

What About That

New fall Suit ?

We have a fine large stock of new Suitings in now and will be pleased to show them to you.

Now is the time to get a suit and have it for the Fall Fair.

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co., LIMITED.

Seed Wheat !

We have received a car of the Finest Red Fife Wheat that grows in the Northwest. Tests 65 lbs. to the bushel.

Absolutely pure and free from injurious seeds.

Joseph Bishop & Son.

CRYSLER. ONT.

Let the People Know Your Wants Advertise in The Record.

We have just received a limited supply of

BRAN and SHORTS,

Which will go like hot cakes.

CALL EARLY and GET YOUR SUPPLY

Nestor, Imperial and other grades of Feed Flour, Ground Corn and Oats, Corn and Oat Chop, Molac Molasses Dairy Feed (a great milk producer), and Molac Molasses Horse Feed (which will tone the system and increase the flesh and produce a beautiful and glossy coat on your horse), Royal Household, Hungarian Patent and Bridal Veil Flours, all choicest brands and fully guaranteed.

HUGHES & MARQUETTE

ABOUT FEMALE AILMENTS.

How to Cure it if Properly and Promptly Treated.

Ask any intelligent physician what causes nine-tenths of all female disease. even including anaemia, nervousness and consumption.

Back comes the answer quick and sharp "Constipated Bowels."

There is scarcely a single female ailment that had not in its earlier stages, symptoms of constipation

How much better off the system is without the poisonous accumulations caused by constipation. How much clearer the complexion, how much fresher one feels when the system is pure and lean.

Think it over yourself.

Isn't it apparent that a bowel regulator and liver stimulant like Dr. Hamilton's Pills is sure to do good?

Gay spirits, good looks and happy health have returned to many a sick woman through Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

Better get a few boxes to-day; purely vegetable, free from injurious iggredients healthful and antiseptic. Dr. Hamilton's Pills will assist you in a thousand ways.

As delay is always dangerous, your plain duty is to follow the example of Mrs F. Rowe, who sends the following letter from Gravels, Port Au Port, Newfoundland: "Four years ago I got kidney and bladder trouble. I thought it was 'female trouble' and treated it accordingly. Even my doctor in St. John said it was so.

In reading about Dr. Hamilton's Pills I noticed somptoms like mine, and I bought six boxes. These pills went right to work on my sick condition and helped me from the first. My supposed female trouble, whice was bladder disease, was cured. My weight increased eight pounds and never before was I as well as to-day. Dr. Hamilton's Pills did it all."

All dealers sell Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c. per box, or five boxes for $1.00. By mail irom N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn, U.S.A., or Kingston, Ont.

BERWICK.

Simon Hutt has returned home from Cobalt.

Mason Alguire is having his residence repainted.

James Hart spent a few days recently in Gananoque.

Miss Sarah Sweyn, Dunvegan, returned home, August 9.

Miss McLeod of Vankleek Hill is visiting at A. McKillop's.

Miss Nettie Pollock is spending a week with friends in St. Elmo and Dunvegan.

Mrs McQueen intends sailing for her birthplace in Scotland, about the last of August.

Mrs C Gray and Mrs James Pollock attended the W C T U meeting in Cornwall last week.

Rev Mr Huxtable delivered his temperance lecture in the Methodist church Wednesday evening. Owing to the farmers being busy the attendance was not as large as was expected.

G L McLean, proprietor of the Riverside factory paid 95 cents per 100 pounds of milk during the month of July, or in other words $3,745.03 was paid during the month to 20 patrons, eight of whom received $200 each. William Ouderkirk received the highest amount, $311.-20. Others who got $200 were Mrs John Bogart, John Grady, James Pollock George Smith, William McRae, Joseph Stewart and Clinton Casselman.

Does Your Heart Flutter?

You know heart fluttering means you're not as well as you should be. It's an evidence of impared nerve and muscular power. To obtain cure, try Ferrozone; it has a special action on the heart as seen in the case of Thos. Grover, of Cole Harbor, N.S., whe says: "If I exerted myself it would bring palpitation. To carry any heavy weight or go quickly upstairs completely knocked me out. When bad attacks came on I lived in fear of sudden death. Ferrozone gave my heart the very assistance it needed, and now I am quite well." For heart or nerves its hard to excel Ferrozone, 50c. per box at all dealers.

MOREWOOD.

Aug. 17th, '06.

On Friday evening, the people of this community were very much shocked to learn of the death of Mrs. Frank Elliot, which took place in the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal. Mrs. Elliot had been in her usual health up till Wednesday, when she was seized with sudden pains. A doctor was called, who diagnosed the case as acute appendicitis, and advised an immediate operation. Mr. and Mrs. Elliot at once went to Montreal, but then it was found that the development of the disease had been too rapid, and on Friday morning death end ed her sufferings.

The funeral took place from her home, Winchester Springs, to the Morewood Presbyterian cemetery, and was conducted by Rev. D. Stewart of Morewood, assisted by Rev. G. Yule, of Winchester.

Deceased leaves to mourn her loss a sorrowing husband and three young children. To the bereaved is extended our sincerest sympathy.

Rev Gather Grouix died at Ottawa

Miss Ethel Mackie dropped dead at Port Colborne

ELMA.

Quite a few of our young people took in the excursion on Thursday to the Thousand Island Park

Mrs Athaden Barkley and Miss Crysler were the guests of Mrs Peter Hill on Sunday

Mr Allison and Miss Allison were the guests of Miss Ida Becker on Monday

Mrs Beach and daughter, Annie, were at Boucks Hill on Wednesday

John Barclay is looking for a hired man I hope you will succeed, John, in getting one

Isaac Barkley, and Miss Lera Casselman, Arthur Whittaker and Miss Martha Barkley, were the guests of Genzmer Barkley on Sunday

The Misses Clara and Caroline Whittaker were the guests of Miss Emma Barkley on Thursday

Mrs Younge of B C, has been visiting her aunt, Mrs Armstrong, for a few days

Miss Ella Beckstead, of South Avenue, was in town on Thursday

Keith Nash, of Chesterville, passed through here on Thursday

The Misses Maud and Mabel Barkley were in town on Saturday

Mrs George Barkley and daughter Clarissa, took in the excursion on Thursday

Mrs Thom and grand daughter spent a week at Grantley with Mr Gordon

Miss Mabel Barkley spent Saturday and Sunday with her uncle, James O Beckstead

Miss Hubbard was the guest of Jim Beckstead on Saturday

Mrs Ezra Barkley was the guest of Mrs A Pemberton recently

BOUCK'S HILL.

Aug 21st '06

We had a very heavy rain on Monday which was very much welcomed by all.

Calvin Bouck has purchased a new Sawyer and Massey Harris threshing machine. Anyone wanting thrashing done should give him a call.

Miss Rose of Uncle Sam's was visiting at Mr James Armstrongs last week.

One of our young men is to marry a yankee lady next week. More particulars will be seen in the next issue.

Mr Thos. Merkley is on the sick list.

Dr H B Ford, who has been having a cheap sale, has been more than rushed of late.

During the storm on Monday a couple of our citizens suffered an electric shock but recovered shortly,

Mr Normal, the milk tester made a call to our factory and found that it had not rained enough this summer to weaken the milk.

Dr Harry Ford or Vancouver is assisting Dr H B Ford at present.

Mr and Mrs Will Wallace were in our vicinity on Sunday.

Wonder if South Avenue has gone to sleep or what has happen d the scribe

NEWNGTON.

Frank D. Hawn and Miss Lily May Eastman, daughter of Martin Eastman, of this place, went to Finch on Wednesday of last week, and were joined in the bonds of wedlock at St. Luke's manse, by Rev. D. MacVicar. The young couple have the best wishes of the whole community for their future welfare.

HIGH COURT I. O. F.

Eastern Ontario Body to Meet in Ottawa Next Year.

Brockvlile, Ont., August 26—The Eastern Ontario High Court I O F at its session here to-day unanimously decided to meet next year in Ottawa.

The following officers were elected and installed—H C R, G H Wade, M D, Wooler; P H C R, W E Crain, M D, Crysler; H V C R, T J Basken, M D, Ottawa; H S, G I Dickinson, Cary; H treasurer, J S R McCann, Kingston; H physician J T Hanly, M. D, Almonte; H counsel, A T Smith. Alexandria; H auditors, S Lowe, Kingston; W Rowan Ottawa; H orator, Rev W J May, Carp; H J Secretary, J E Dehertel, Perth; H organist, Mrs Collins Bancroft; H S W A P McDonald, H J W; H J McDonald; H S B; Alex Snodden, Kingston; H J B J C G Schuman, Ottawa; H messenger, J Latimer, Winchester; H Marhall, J Wallace, Peterboro; H conductor, R Cronk, Trenton.

The High Chief Ranger, on behalf of the high standing committee, read an address accompanied by a locket for Mrs. Fraser and a pair of cuff links to A. W. Fraser, K.C., of Ottawa, who now retires from the executive after a long and faithful service in the active membership of the high standing committee.

Girl Killed by Lightning.

Ottawa, Ont., August 21—Miss Laura Moore, a young woman of twenty one years of age, was killed by lightning at Aylmer, ten miles from Ottawa, yesterday afternoon. She, with her mother and sister, were doing the family washing and took shelter under a tree from the storm.

The boat which killed the young woman, rendered her sister and mother unconscious. The shoes were burned off the mother's feet.

—THE—

CHESTERVILLE RECORD

—PUBLISHED—

EVERY THURSDAY,

T. T. SHAW.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

$1 per year in Advance

$1.25 IF NOT SO PAID.

Transient or legal advertisments inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Business notices inserted in local columns for 8 cents per line every insertion.

No advertisment published for less than 25 cents.

All advertisments measured by the scale of solid ompareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Advertisments without special directions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

WAS KILLED BY ZULUS.

J. Lorne Bouck, of Morrisburg.—Heroic Canadian.

Rowena, Ont., August 20—Word has been received of the death of J. Lorne Bouck, of Morrisburg, Ont., in Zululand. He was the eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Bouck, of Morrisburg, and was born at Rowena, Dundas county. He received his education at the local public schools, the Iroquois high school and Morrisburg collegiate institute. After receiving professional training at the Morrisburg model school, he taught school at Casselman, Russell county. And there the true and heroic characteristics afterwards exhibited in the soldier boy were gallantly manifested. Forest fires, raging in the vicinity, had closed on the little village, sweeping everything in their path. The school building was about to be consumed, and young Bouck set to work to rescue the little flock entrusted to his care. Hard by the Nation river flowed onward, and out in the river lay a huge rock. With rare presence of mind he grasped the situation and succeeded in transporting the children to the midstream rock, while the flames which had encircled the school house, completed their devastation.

Since the cablegram was received some weeks ago announcing his death details of the sad occurrence have been anxiously looked for. Quite recently, Mrs. Bouck, mother of deceased, received a letter from Geo. S. Beer, captain S.A.C, in which he conveys to the bereaved family the sympathy of the S.A. constabulary and expresses his own and Mrs. Beer's sincerest condol ence. The following extract is taken from Capt. Beer's letter.

"Your son left this district a few months ago, with the intention of bettering himself elsewhere, but ultimately arrived in Zululand, where he met his death. As you are no doubt aware he came from Canada with me and was in my troop during the late war, and after that during peace for five years. His upright and straightforward ways won him the respect of his officers and comrades, and after the war the respect of the people he had previously fought against. His death has cast a gloom over his district, especially in Ventersburg Area, where he was stationed, I can assure you that I never had a truer, braver, or clearer minded man under my command, and I had a personal respect for him, which now can only be dedicated to his memory. He always did his work honorably and conscientiously, and when he informed me of his intention to leave me, I was sorry indeed to lose him, but was assured that he would succeed in his new sphere, as he would eventually have done in this corps. When I heard of his death, I was shocked beyond measure, as I had no idea that he had gone to Zululand. If there is anything I can do for you out here, please do not hesitate to write me. I shall at any time be ready to help you."

The captain also enclosed the following taken from a letter received by him from Squadron Sergt.-Major J. Webber, "C" Squadron, Royston's Horse.

18th July, '06.
Zululand Field Force.

Captain Beer:

Dear Sir:—I thought I would like to drop you a line to let you know how poor Bouck got killed. I was his sergt.-major and an old S.A.C. chap, Nesbitt was with him. On the morning of the 3rd, our squadron came on the enemy and killed twenty-one. We had came out of the bush to rest, and then went back. We only got a mile, when 300 Zulus charged through us. We lost touch with our right flank and seventeen of us were left there. The enemy reformed and charged into us again, and this time it was a hand to hand fight Bouck was then shot through the groin, and, although badly wounded, kept on firing until they closed with and assasinated him. Poor fellow, he fought hard for his life. How one of the seventeen got through it all is a wonder to me.

(Signed) S. Webber, S S.M.,
(Late T.S.M., S.A.C.)

HOT WEATHER DEBILITY.

How to Protect Oneself Against, Heat, Fatigue and Summer Disease.

Many people are so easily affected by the hot weather as to be capable of but little work during the summer months. Inquiry among this class will show that in nearly every instance there is a weak stomach and more or less indigestion. Put the digestive organs right by using Mi-o na stomach tablets and the summer time will prove the pleasantest, most desirable and enjoyable seasons of the year.

One little Mi-o-na tablet before each meal will give you life, vitality, energy and physical endurance during the heated term and ward off the ordinary diseases of summer. Mi-o-na is not an ordinary summer tonic or digestive, it is a true strengthener of the digestive system, building up the organs to perfect health and vitality by curing the indigestion and absolutely removing all pains and distress in the stomach, specks before the eyes, sick and nervous headache, and other symptoms that come from a weakened stomach. Mi-o-na makes positive and lasting cures and is sold under an absolute guarantee that it will cure all diseases of the stomach, except cancer, or the money, 50c. per box—will be refunded. For sale by all dealers. The R. T. Booth Company, Buffalo, N.Y.

A Hair Dressing

Nearly every one likes a fine hair dressing. Something to make the hair more manageable; to keep it from being too rough, or from splitting at the ends. Something, too, that will feed the hair at the same time, a regular hair-food. Well-fed hair will be strong, and will remain where it belongs—on the head, not on the comb!

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

Ask for Laurance Fountain Pen None better



$1 upwards

For Sale by W. G. Bolster.

Doctor Hugo's

Health Tablets

These tablets will cure all menstruation and uterine troubles even when chronic.

They take away the backache, constipation and dragging-down pains, which are symptoms of a run-down condition or some serious disorder.

As the weak and diseased organs (no matter which they may be) are made strong and well, that tired feeling, nervousness and irritability which come from a run-down condition, disappear.

Women are writing us every day testifying to their gain in health since taking these tablets. Improvement is noticed in a week's time.

50c. at dealers or by mail. B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Que.

Make Healthy Women.

Canadian Pacific

Farm Laborers WANTED.

Farm Laborers Excursions

SECOND-CLASS TO

Manitoba, Saskatchewan,

(but not West of Estevan, Moosejaw, Saskatoon and Prince Albert)

$12

ON AUGUST 28th,

from all Stations in the Province of Ontario, S. S. Marie, Ont., Sudbury, Maberly, Kingston and East.

Excursionists who have worked at harvesting not less than thirty days, and produce certificate to that effect, will be returned to original starting point until November 30th, 1906, at $18.

For further information as to the conditions of Tickets, etc., apply to Station Agent.

The body of Mr. Willoughby Cowper of Dundas was found in the marsh near that town.

Albert Hide of Wiarton, Albert Pettit of Picton and Robert Parsley of the steamer Belleville lost their lives by drowning.

At Wingham Clayton Grisdale plunged into the river to save Frank Mee, who was drowning. Mee clung to his would-be rescurer and both went down.

Frank Garrioch aged eighteen, son of Rev. A. C. Garriobh, Anglican clergyman was drowned while bathing in the Assinaboine near Portage la Prairie.

The G. T. R. Wabash passenger station and freight shed at Jarvis were destroyed by fire.

The planing mill and residence of Mustard Bros were burned at Websterville. Loss $12,000.

The funeral of the late L. T. Bland M.P., of North Bruce, took place at Kincardine and was largely attended.

The C P R Company has made an arrangement with the Imperial Government for the fast mail service between Liverpool, China and Japan. Special trains will be put on to carry the mails across the continent.

The London & Western Company, liquidators of the Rirbeek Loan Company have entered an action against Messrs W. H. Wortman, Andrew Durand and T. H. Luscombe directors of the Birkbeck Loan to recover $15.000 alleged to have been illegally paid to shareholders of the company.

The Record does All Kinds of Printing.

NEW STOCK OF

Fall Goods

NOW COMPLETE

FETTERLY & BOGART

CHESTERVILLE



If You Keep Bees

We have a Full Line of

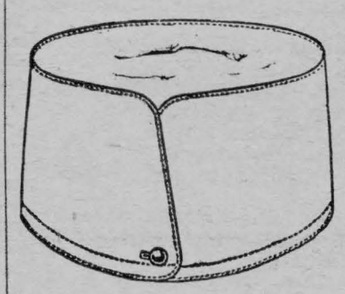
Bee-Keepers SUPPLIES.



McDOUGALL & CUZNER,

523 Sussex Street, OTTAWA. Established in 1850.

Chinese LAUNDRY, Chesterville.



We are using a new brand of Starch; also Bluing.

PRICES RIGHT.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

WONG SAM, Prop.

FEED ! FEED !

Just Unloaded Five Cars

Shorts, Feed Flour, Bran, Barley Chop, Banner Feed and Wheat.

I Can Supply High-grade

International

Portland CEMENT

For Durability and Color This Cement Has No Equal.

Examine the Sidewalks in the Village of Chesterville, made entirely of this International Portland Cement and be Convinced that there is None Better.

J. T. KEARNS, Chesterville

NEW TAILOR SHOP !

Having purchased the business of A. Vigeant I am prepared to do

CUSTOM TAILORING

In the usual way. My 25 years' experience in city trade enables me to

Guarantee Fit, Style and Workmanship.

GIVE ME A CALL AND I WILL PLEASE YOU.

L. D'AMOUR, Chesterville



Design Registered

Send 3 Corks drawn from quart bottles of our Whiskies and receive a handsome enameled pin.

For 8 corks we will send a silk watch fob with enamel charm.

WRITE FOR OUR PREMIUM LIST.

25 H. CORBY DISTILLERY CO Limited, Montreal

WHY GIRLS ARE PALE.

They Need the Rich, Red Blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Actually Make.

Three years ago Miss Ellen Roberts, who holds the position of saleslady in one of the leading stores in Halifax, N. S., was a pale delicate looking young woman, who then lived at home with her parents at Amherst, N. S. She complained of general weakness and loss of appetite. Her blood was thin and watery and she grew thinner day by day until she looked almost a shadow. Her cheeks were sunken, all trace of color had left her face and her friends feared she was going into decline. "I had no energy," says Miss Roberts, "and suffered so much from the headaches and dizziness and other symptoms of anaemia that I felt I did not care whether I lived or died. One day, however, when reading our local paper I read a testimonial given by a young girl in favor of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and as her symptoms were almost identical with my own I determined to try this medicine. Before I had used the second box I began to find benefit, and I continued taking the pills until I had used seven or eight boxes, by which time I was fully restored to health." To-day Miss Roberts looks as though she had never been ill a day in her life, and she has no hesitation in saying she owes her present energy and health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Bad blood is the cause of all common diseases like anaemia, headaches, paleness, general weakness, heart palpitation, neuralgia, indigestion, and the special ailments that only womenfolk know. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure these common ailments because they make rich, red, health-giving blood, bracing the jangled nerves and giving strength to every organ in the body. Do not take any pills without the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

KEY EXPLODED BOMB.

Recipient of Innocent-Looking Parcel Terribly Wounded.

M. Haegeli, a partner in a firm of menders of antique porcelain and china, was terribly injured by a bomb explosion at his workshop in the Rue de Bondy, Paris, recently, which took place while he was opening a parcel delivered to him in the ordinary way.

He had opened the outer basket, and found an envelope with a key and a wooden box. He had no sooner attempted to turn the key in the lock of the box than a tremendous explosion occurred, which shook the whole neighborhood and shattered the windows of the workshop. A woman, who was sitting in a fourth floor window sewing, was seriously injured.

M. Haegeli was found horribly wounded standing in the courtyard, but apparently perfectly calm. His face was bleeding, nearly the whole of his hair and beard had been blown off and his left arm hung down a shapeless mass by his side, his hand and wrist having been blown off.

Inside the box, attached to the sides by wire, was a revolver, containing a spent cartridge. It had been so placed that on the key being turned it pressed against the trigger of the revolver by means of an ingenious arrangement of thread. The box was filled with black powder and with numerous pieces of old iron, nails, iron nuts, etc.

A portion of Haegeli's arm had been blown against the wall, and fragments of flesh were found on a windowsill on the first floor. On arriving at the hospital he fell into a state of coma, and the surgeon found it necessary to amputate the stump. It is impossible to attribute any motive for the outrage, but there is a theory that someone to whom he had refused money may have taken this means of revenge.

Curiously enough, the previous night, some unknown person entered the courtyard and roughly drew on the ground-glass window of M. Haegeli's workshop a sketch of a revolver and a dagger. The pane on which this drawing was made was the only one left intact after the explosion.

WATCH THAT SPEAKS THE TIME.

A Swiss watchmaker has invented a watch which speaks the time from a tiny phonograph. A very small hard rubber plate has the vibrations of the human voice imprinted on it, and is actuated by clock-work, so that at a given time the articulation is made, indicating the hour. The utterance is sufficiently strong to be heard 20 feet away. It is possible by means of a device of this kind to combine sentiment with utility, as the vibrations can be made by any clear voice, and a man's watch may tell him the time in the tones of wife or children.

THANKS FOR FOOD.

A pretty table observance in Danish families is for children, even little ones who can scarcely toddle, to go gravely after dinner to salute their parents and say. "Tak for mad" ("Thanks for the meal"). Even visitors shake hands with their host and hostess and go through the same formality. In German families that hold to tradition the same custom prevails. When the evening meal is ended the party stand up around the table and each shakes hands with the neighbor, saying, "Gasegnete Mahlziet" –blessing the food.

REMARKABLE ATHLETIC FEAT.

An exacting all-round test has just been accomplished by a young Indian officer, Mr. K. Barge, of the 17th Cavalry. The scene of this exploit was a level mile on the road between Bannu and Dehra Ismail Khan, and this mile Mr. Barge had to cover four times — at a run, at a walk, on a horse, and on a bicycle—in 20 minutes. He walked the first mile in 7 minutes 52 3-5 seconds, ran the second in 5 minutes 12 seconds, galloped the third in 2 minutes 4 seconds, and bicycled the fourth in 2 minutes, 59 2-5 seconds., thus achieveing his task in 19 minutes 8 seconds (inclusive of the time taken in changing mounts), and winning with 52 seconds to spare.

SEA WOLF LED SEAL RAID

THE MOST ROMANTIC FIGURE ON PACIFIC COAST.

He and His Schooner Have Figured Largely in Piratical Raids on the Rookeries.

Despatches from Dutch Harbor, Alaska, indicate that the raid on the seal rookeries of St. Paul Island, which resulted in the death of five Japanese poachers, was led by Alex. McLean, one of the most romantic figures of the Pacific coast, and the original of more than one hero of popular fiction.

Probably no sea ranger since Capt. Kidd has figured so prominently in story though the public history of this remarkable person extends over not more than a dozen years.

Although well known in the Aleutians and Behring Sea for some time, Capt. McLean's personality was first disclosed to the country at large in May, 1904, in the harbor of San Francisco. It was supposed then that his schooner, the Carmencita, was fitting out for a nefarious sealing expedition, but nothing could be proved against her, and she was permitted to sail out of the Golden Gate as free as the west wind. It was rumored soon afterward that she had picked up a sealing outfit in Half Moon Bay and proceeded to the Kuriles and the Smoky Sea, as she was reported in that neighborhood at various times for a year.

Capt. McLean was next heard of when still master of the Carmencita. He was arrested in September, 1905, in Victoria, B. C., by the Canadian authorities at the request of the American Consul. Again nothing definite was obtained against his schooner, for this time she was under the Mexican flag.

SAILED UNDER VARIOUS FLAGS.

Cleared of this specific trouble, McLean appeared at various points in the Pacific, sometimes under his own flag, sometimes under the Norwegian emblem; and then the captains of the revenue cutters in the North began to recall him as the chief of many a furious raid of previous years. It was always said he was close to piracy, but it could never be proved against him. He was suspected and was challenged, but never convicted.

The Commander Islands, owned by the Russians, presented about that time the finest of all killing grounds for the holluschikie. The "Asiatic herd" was the technical term for this seal people; and, knowing that the Russian navy was busy in another part of the world, McLean descended in his might, expecting to meet with no resistance. But the coast guard was as crafty as he, and beat him off.

McLean was overwhelmed once, too, on the perimeter of the restricted Pribiloff group by the British cruiser Sheerwater, but again the Mexican flag afforded him protection until that Government finally withdrew it by revoking his license.

It is not at all improbable that Kipling elevated the captain into verse in "The Rhyme of the Three Sealers," when the guilty Reuben Paine of the Stralsund asserts:—

"But I've six thousand skins below
and Yeddo Port so see;
And there's never a law of God or man
runs north of Fifty-three."

It remained, however, for Jack London to portray one of the darkest figures in fiction, for the terrible form of Wolf Larsen was hewn, it is said, from the life of Alexander McLean.

SPELLING AT BREAKFAST.

Mr. Topnoody had been to a minstrel show over night, and the funny conundrums and jokes he heard set him thinking. So at breakfast he began on Mrs. Topnoody. She was fretful, and not very much in the humor for pleasantry, but Topnoody slashed away.

"I say, Mrs. Topnoody, can you spell money with four letters?"

"No, I can't," she said.

"Ha, ha! That's good. A woman never can get at this sort of thing in the same clear-headed way a man can. Well, the way to spell it is c-a-s-h. Isn't that money?"

Mrs. T. failed to smile, and Topnoody started out with another.

"Wait a minute," she interrupted. "I've got one. Let's see if you can guess it. Spell Topnoody with five letters."

Topnoody puckered his brows awhile, and gave it up.

"Ha, ha!" laughed Mrs. T. "That's good. A man can never get at this sort of thing in the same clear-headed way a woman can. Well, the way to spell it is I-d-i-o-t. Isn't that Topnoody?"

But Topnoody never smiled, and the breakfast was finished in silence, except for an occasional chuckle from Mrs. Topnoodle's end of the table.

NEW YORK EXCURSION.

The Lackawanna Railroad will sell tickets round trip from Buffalo to New York and return, $10.00, on August 29th, good returning to September 2nd inclusive. Special features: Bryan $10,000 reception and banquet; Labor Day in America's capital of Labor; Holiday in the world's merriest city, base ball, races, Coney Island, etc. Lackawanna Limited at 9.30 a.m., 10.50; The Bryan Special at 9.00 a.m., and trains at 3.15 a.m., 5.30 p.m., 8.45 and 11.30 p.m., $10.00. Children half fare. Go with the crowd on the Road of Anthracite, August 29th. Full information, reservations, etc., call of 'phone A. Leadley, Canadian Agent, 75 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont., or Fred P. Fox, D.P.A., D.L.&W., 289 Main St., Buffalo, N. Y.

OUT AT LAST.

"Why do they call these dentists' offices dental parlors?" asked Smith of his friend.

"Why, parlor is the old-fashioned name for drawing-room.

Invalid: "Doctor, I must positively insist upon knowing the worst." Dr. Wise: "Well, I think my bill will be about one hundred dollars."

TWO GERMANS LIVE ON NOTHING.

Secret of the Simple Life Is Solved at Last.

Two German professors have solved the problem of how to live on "nothing a day." They are at present leading an exceedingly simple existence in Kabakon, a small island in the Bismarck archipelago, in the South Seas, where their food consists only of cocoanuts, their clothes of loin cloths and their amusements of sitting in the sea reading or watching native dancers.

The discovery of how to live on nothing was made by Prof. Engleheart, of Munich and Erlangen Universities. He suffered from ill health from his childhood, and nine years ago he started experimenting with a fruit diet.

He was soon convinced that the fruits obtainable in Europe were not most suitable, and in 1901 he left for Ceylon, and after experimenting there and in Kabakon, he has come to the conclusion that the cocoanut is the original, and therefore the most suitable, food of man.

The professor was joined fifteen months ago by Dr. A. Bethmann, and the two are now living on cocoanuts at a cost of nothing per day.

H. M. Robson, of Cowan-terrace, Newcastle-on-tyne, who has just returned to London after a pleasure trip to Kabakon, gives an interesting account of the professor's simple life.

"I went out by the German-Lloyd boat for a holiday. The trip lasted seventeen weeks and cost less than $200," he said. "I found both the professors in very good health. I adopted the cocoanut diet myself, and found it agreed with me excellently.

"The cocoanuts are quite different from those seen in this country. They are fresh and soft, and are eaten with a spoon, like butter. The nut is full of a fresh milk, and that is the only drink used.

"The island is a land of perpetual spring. It is thickly covered with vegetation, is only two miles long and one broad, and is an ideal place to take a trip to," concluded Mr. Robson. 'I should strongly advise anyone who can spare the time to go. Visitors will be warmly welcomed by the professors, and the only expense will be the passage money, for living there costs nothing."

A Sound Stomach Means a Clear Head.—The high pressure of a nervous life which business men of the present day are constrained to live make draughts upon their vitality highly detrimental to their health. It is only by the most careful treatment that they are able to keep themselves alert and active in their various callings, many of them know the value of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills in regulating the stomach and consequently keeping the head clear.

"Ah, Amelia!" he cried, fervently. "I am not rich in this world's goods, nor am I as clever as are some men. But if a tender and everlasting love goes for anything——" "It goes with me all right," she interrupted. "But, Henry, I'm afraid it won't go with the tradesmen."

HOW IT SPREADS.

The first package of Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid (the infallible Pile cure) that was put out went to a small town in Nebraska.

It cured a case of Piles that was considered hopeless.

The news spread, and the demand prompted Dr. J. S. Leonhardt, of Lincoln, Neb., the discoverer, to prepare it for general use. Now it is being sent to all parts of the world.

It will cure any case of Piles.

$1.00, with absolute guarantee. All dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

Wife: "I caught Bridget starting the fire this morning with paraffin, John." Husband: "How much do we owe her?" Wife: "Four months' wages." Husband: "Well, let her go on with the paraffin."

These two desirable qualifications, pleasant to the taste and at the same time effectual, are to be found in Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Children like it.

Jack: "Engagement is off, eh? Has she sent him back the ring?" Tom: "No; that's what's bothering him. He owes money on that ring."

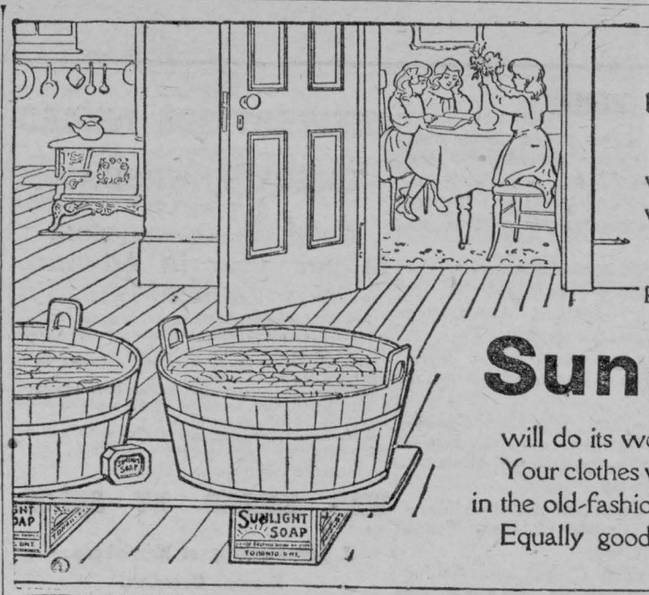
Overworked Persons, either mentally or physically, should try "Ferrovim," the world renowned nerve and blood tonic and they will quickly recover strength and health.

JAPANESE RAILWAYS.

Some of the institutions on Japanese railways are peculiar to that country. One of these is a smear of paint across the windows of third-class carriages. This is made necessary because thousands of native travellers in Japan, accustomed to only paper walls for letting in light, have no knowledge of glass. Its utter transparency leads them to believe that the window is simply a hole in the side of the car. With painful results many native passengers have stupidly attempted to stick their heads through the glass. For a long time ambulances from receiving hospitals had to meet nearly every train arriving in Japanese cities, and hence the streak of paint is a warning to the Oriental farmer from the back country that there is something more than atmosphere in the window.

THE RADIUM CLOCK.

We cannot say that perpetual motion has actually been discovered, but the radium clock comes very near to it. A small quantity of radium is put in a glass tube, at the lower end of which is an electroscope with two long strips of silver. The activity of the radium induces the 'minus beta" rays to be conducted to the tips, when the leaves of the electroscope expand and touch the sides of two conducting wires. Of course, the currents are at once released and the leaves fall back again. The beats are repeated every two minutes, and the calculation is that it will continue for no less than 30,000 years, which is about as near to perpetuity as anyone need trouble about.



Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

To appreciate the simplicity and ease of washing with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way you should follow directions.

After rubbing on the soap, roll up each piece, immerse in the water, and go away.

Sunlight Soap

will do its work in thirty to sixty minutes.
Your clothes will be cleaner and whiter than if washed in the old-fashioned way with boiler and hard rubbing.
Equally good with hard or soft water.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto 153

"Halloa, old man!" exclaimed Bull at the reception. "It's a delightful surprise to see you here." "So good of you to say so," replied Corbyn. "Yes; you see, I was afraid I wouldn't find any but bright and clever people present."

Mild in Their Action.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can, too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

Lena: "Fred didn't blow his brains out because you jilted him the other night; he came right over and proposed to me." Maud: "Did he? Then he must have got rid of them in some other way."

Rose-colored spots on the bodies of children are sometimes mistaken for measles. The trouble may be roseola, a local disease of the skin. Promptly cured with Weaver's Cerate.

"Will you think of me when I'm gone?" asked the lovelorn youth, who seemed unable to tear himself from her presence. "Oh, yes," answered the fair one, as she strangled a yawn. "That is, if you ever give me the opportunity."

We have no hesitation in saying that Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial is without doubt the best medicine ever introduced for dysentery, diarrhoea, cholera and all summer complaints, sea sickness, etc. It promptly gives relief and never fails to effect a positive cure. Mothers should never be without a bottle when their children are teething.

Fenshaw: "I hear you are to wed Colonel Swinger, Mrs. Grasse. He's a noble fellow, every inch a soldier, born to command." Widow Grasse: "I'm! We'll see about that, Mr. Fenshaw; we'll see about that."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

"Have you seen Professor Gabbleton, the scientist, lately?" "Yes; I listened to him for more than an hour at the club last night." "Indeed! What was he talking about?" "He didn't say."

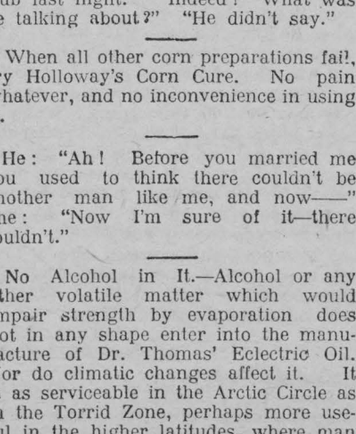
When all other corn preparations fail, try Holloway's Corn Cure. No pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it.

He: "Ah! Before you married me you used to think there couldn't be another man like me, and now——" She: "Now I'm sure of it—there couldn't."

No Alcohol in It.—Alcohol or any other volatile matter which would impair strength by evaporation does not in any shape enter into the manufacture of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Nor do climatic changes affect it. It is as serviceable in the Arctic Circle as in the Torrid Zone, perhaps more useful in the higher latitudes, where man is more subject to colds from exposure to the elements.

"You say you think George does not love you as much as he used to do?" "Yes." "Why so, dear?" "Well, whenever we're alone he talks as sensibly as if we weren't."

Mr. Graspall: "Yes, you can marry my daughter if you like; but I tell you candidly she won't have a penny until I die. Are you still of the same mind?" Young Doctor: "Will you permit me to medically examine you, sir?"

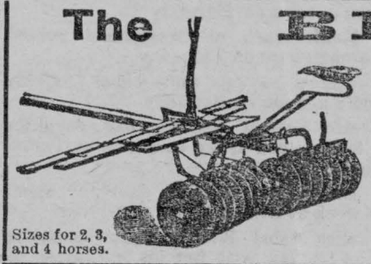


MIXED FARM OR SMALL RANCHE FOR SALE.

1850 acres, excellent shelter, wood, water and hay, land rolling soil chiefly deep black loam, suitable for grain, good crops on adjoining lands, about two-thirds can be ploughed, one-and-a-half miles river frontage, and one-and-a-half miles of the picturesque Jumping Pond Creek, with open springs ensuring a never-failing water supply, first-class trout fishing, 200 acres can be irrigated. The ranche is fenced into pastures all connected by subways with 12 miles of four-wire cedar post fencing. There are two small houses and out-buildings on the property, situate within half-a-mile of the school, church, post-office and shipping point of Cochrane, Alberta. Price $12.00 per acre.

G. E. GODDARD, Cochrane, Alta.

The BISSELL



has made a great record throughout all Canada. There are good reasons why this is so. **Balanced Right**—Does not hump up. **Improved Plate**—Cuts and turns soil over. **Hitches Well Back**—Easy draught. This Disk has several imitators but no equal. None genuine without the name "BISSELL." For Sale by Agents.

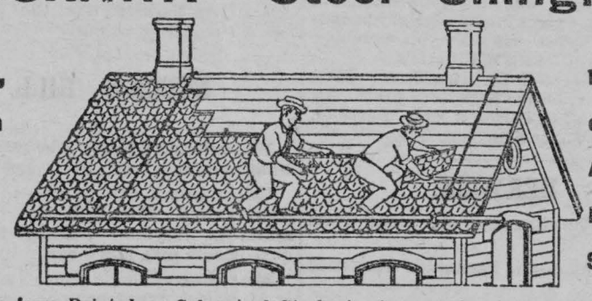
Sizes for 2, 3, and 4 horses.

On exhibition in the new Implement and Process of Manufacture building at Toronto Fair, also on exhibition at Ottawa Fair in the implement building. Full particulars free. Send your address to

T. E. BISSELL, Dept L, **ELORA, ONT**

"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof



Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

Montreal, Que.	Ottawa, Ont	Toronto, Ont.	London, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.	Vancouver, B.C.
321-3 W Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	69 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

NOTHING More Safe and Sure

Than an Investment in Toronto Real Estate.

$34,000—FOR INVESTMENT—Block of new solid brick houses, under five years' lease to pay over 10 per cent. net: most centrally situated on quiet residential street. As owner has other houses under construction these are offered at a bargain.

S. FRANK WILSON, Owner, 73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

TELEPHONE MAIN 15.

LANDS In Western Canada Two cornering sections, selected lands in Saskatchewan, only 8 miles from two railways, C.P.R. & G.T.P. Strong soil, 90 per cent. plough land, spring creek, no sloughs. About 40 miles N.E. of Indian Head. Price $10.50 per acre. Write for map and full particulars.

R. PARSONS, 91 Wellesley Street, Toronto, Canada.

PALACES AND THE PEOPLE.

Homes of Kings Now Public Show-Places.

The great royal chateaux, not of Touraine only, but of the world, are all nearing their appointed end of public ownership, says Richard Whiteing in the July Century. Kings build; peoples inherit, the palace in its uses broadens slowly down to the multitude. The smaller houses sometimes fall by purchase to the middle class, but that is only the change in one of its stages. The larger ones soon reach their ultimate destiny of the museum and the pleasure-ground; and this even in countries and at times that are not distinctively republican. Louis XIV. built Versailles; who holds it now? The caretaker for the man in the street. The Louvre is a museum; the Tuileries has gone—to make way for a garden. Kensington Palace is now among the sights of London. Windsor Castle is not much more. And lately, when there happened to be no music for the visitors to the castle on a public holiday the royal band, "to prevent disappointment," was heartily recalled from a distant scene. The Tower of London, once a palace, now holds the regalia that serve as a toy for the crowd. Potsdam and Sans Souci are, for all and several, in the same sense; so is the huge Escurial. The Kremlin of the Czars is no better, and even the Hermitage, which, strictly speaking, is one of the halls of the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg, is a picture gallery to which all could find their way, until the Nihilists threatened its intregity.

Spiced.—One peck of crabapples, 7 pounds brown sugar, 1 quart good cider vinegar, 5 cents worth stick cinnamon, whole cloves, allspice and nutmeg. Boil all together; take out apples and cook down juice, pour it over fruit and can it.

WANTED

MEN AND WOMEN everywhere, housekeepers buy over and over again, now used in a million homes. Send post card for ten cent package free. Write quick. Spencer Company, Barrie, Ont.

CARPET DYEING

and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the **BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.** Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy Address Box 158, Montreal.

Libby's Food Products

enable you to enjoy your meals without having to spend half your time between them over a hot cook-stove.

All the cooking is done in Libby's kitchen—a kitchen as clean and neat as your own, and there's nothing for you to do but enjoy the result.

Libby's Products are selected meats, cooked by cooks who know how, and only the *good* parts packed.

For a quick and delicious lunch any time, in doors or out, try Libby's Melrose Pate—with Libby's Camp Sauce.

Booklet free, "How to Make Good Things to Eat." Write

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



WITH BOMBS AND REVOLVERS

Terrorists in Russia Inaugurate Carnival of Murderous Attacks.

BUTCHERY OF POLICE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Acting apparently with a definite plan and at a signal, the terrorists and revolutionists on Wednesday inaugurated a carnival of murderous attacks with bombs and revolvers on the police and troops in various cities in Poland, echoes of which are heard from Samara, Ufa, Yalta, Kiev and even faraway Chita, where Acting Chief of Police Gorpinchenko was slain almost on his own doorstep. The revolutionists' campaign flamed out with especial virulence at Warsaw, where over a score were slain in the streets and many more were wounded. Among the killed, according to the latest official advices were two sergeants of police, eight patrolmen, three gendarmes, five soldiers, a Hebrew merchant and a woman.

SHOT DOWN LIKE RABBITS.

The returns are not all in. Policemen and soldiers were shot down like rabbits in the streets. Their assailants who travelled in small bands, almost all escaped among the terrorized but sympathetic populace. The only considerable capture was a band of ten men who had invaded a vodka shop and killed a soldier. These were bagged by a passing patrol. Bombs were employed in an attack on the police station of the Volsk precinct in Warsaw, where a sergeant, two patrolmen and a soldier were wounded.

MURDER IN LODZ.

Other Polish cities singled out by the terrorists were Lodz, where six soldiers, three patrolmen and the wife of a police captain were wounded by the explosion of bombs in the police station, and two soldiers and two terrorists killed in the streets; Radom, where a bomb was thrown into the police station and killed the wife and children of the police captain; Vlotsavsk, where the chief of police was slain, and Plock, where at a given signal the policemen on all the posts were simultaneously attacked and several of them wounded.

e On account of the agrarian disorders and especially several attacks on post trains, the railway between Samara nad Zlatoust, which already was carrying guards on all its trains, was placed under martial law.

THE DAY IN WARSAW.

A despatch from Warsaw says: There were many sanguinary conflicts here on Wednesday with revolutionists, who have organized wholesale massacres of policemen, gendarmes and infantry patrols. These conspirators shot and killed seventeen policemen, four gendarmes and seven infantry patrolmen, and wounded a score more. Soldiers fired a volley into a crowd, killing fifteen and wounding with bullets and bayonets 130 others. The massacre is supposed to have been planned by revolutionists in revenge for the arrest recently of 110 Socialist workmen in the iron working suburb of Braga. It was a Catholic holiday and no one suspected that a massacre was in preparation. The weather was beautiful, the city was calm and thousands of people were crowding outgoing excursion trains. Simultaneously the attacks on policemen began at 10 o'clock in the morning. About 1 o'clock in the afternoon news began to arrive from all parts of the city revealing the concerted nature of the attacks. In Ostrovskaia street four men attacked a sergeant of police, but the latter was able to bag three of them, who were armed with revolvers. In a fight in Torgovia street revolutionists shot down two patrolmen and a Jewish merchant was killed by a stray bullet.

TERRIBLE SCENES.

The London Tribune's Warsaw correspondent telegraphs a description of the pitiful scenes witnessed by him after the disturbances of Wednesday.

"The hospital's surgeons, fatigued by their labors," he says, "were unable to attend to cases, and wounds diagnosed as fatal were left to take their course.

"The scenes in the morgue were horrible. In one I counted 32 civilian bodies, all dirty and dressed as they fell.

"The people have grown callous with too much death. I was shocked to hear young girls laugh heartily at the sight of a woman whose brainpan had been torn off by a bomb.

"In one hospital I saw a youth who, when bayoneted yesterday (Wednesday), feigned death. The soldiers trod over him and their heavy boots crushed his fingers to pulp, but he successfully stood the ordeal. He was carried to the morgue, when it was discovered that he was alive. He is now progressing favorably.

EVERY POLICEMAN KILLED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The murderous daring of the terrorists reached its climax on Thursday at Plotsk, 58 miles north-west of Warsaw, where, at a preconcerted signal, every policeman on the streets was killed or wounded.

Reports from all over the country show the absolute helplessness of the police to cope with the revolutionists. Even the rowdies in the capital are having their own way, the police seldom daring to interfere with them. Reports of [illegible] outrages that have been committed with impunity fill columns of the newspapers daily.

In Courland the nobles have issued an urgent appeal to all the land owners to organize armed bodies in self-defence.

In the south, Tiflis is apparently at the mercy of armed robbers. Tartar bandits are scoring the country around Shusha, Evlakah, and Agdam. A mail coach was held up and ransacked only five miles from Agdam. The passengers were made prisoners. Their fate is unknown. The situation in the central provinces is no better. It is feared that the Autumnal recruiting will increase the disorders. Altogether nearly half a million recruits will be called to the colors.

Owing to their fear of demonstrations, the St. Petersburg authorities have prohibited military bands from playing the National Anthem in the Summer gardens, restaurants and similar places where the public gathers. The Cossacks who are not participating in the manoeuvres are now proceeding to Krasnoye Selo, as they are all required there for police work.

WORKMEN AND COSSACKS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: There was a serious affray on Friday between workmen and Cossacks at Kolpino, near this city. There were 20 casualties.

It is reported that the police have discovered a large quantity of weapons, presumably belonging to the revolutionists, near Helsingfors, Finland.

News was received on Friday of another collision between Cossacks and peasantry in the Province of Penza. The mob showed such determination and fury that the troops were forced to retreat, carrying off several of their number badly wounded. Five of the peasants were killed and several score wounded.

A detachment of 30 Cossacks had been despatched from the Town of Penza toward a neighboring village to arrest two agitators. The villagers sounded the tocsin on the church bell, whereupon 500 peasants armed with scythes and other rustic weapons gathered and advanced to the rescue of the prisoners. Undaunted by the Cossacks' whips and sabres, the peasants charged and forced the Cossacks to take refuge behind a stone wall. A volley from the Cossacks failed to check the peasants, and finally the Cossacks fled. The peasants are reported to have fought more like wild animals than human beings. In their fury they seized a priest who was hurrying up to assist the wounded, and beat him almost to death before the wife of a sick peasant whom he had aided recognized him and intervened.

FIVE HUNDRED HOUSES BURNED.

Trouble Arising out of Attack by Greeks on Bulgarians.

A despatch from Sofia says: The anti-Greek outbreak at Anchialos turns out to have been more serious than was at first believed. Five hundred houses were burned, including all the public buildings. It appears at the primary cause of the trouble was the conduct of the Greeks, who tried to prevent a Bulgarian meeting. The promoters of the meeting invited the neighboring peasantry to attend. When they began to arrive the Greeks received them with rifle shots. The peasants forthwith returned to their villages to procure arms. They returned and attacked the Greeks, who barricaded themselves in a church, where there was fighting all day. The police were unable to disperse the peasants and the Greeks refused to cease their fire on account of the hostile attitude of their bishop, who commanded them. Then the troops were summoned. The nearest of them were distant 70 kilometres and they arrived too late. The peasants had already set fire to several houses. Eight charred bodies have been found thus far.

DRINK PROVED FATAL.

Fredericton Business Men Took Poison in Mistake for Water.

A despatch from Fredericton, N.B., says: Albert E. Edgecombe and L. A. Tibbits, of this city, were poisoned here on Wednesday night. They had entered a jewellery store and sat down to talk with the proprietor in the back shop, While the proprietor went out to see a customer Mr. Edgecombe picked up a jar which he thought contained water and took a big drink, followed by Mr. Tibbits. The jar really contained cyanide of potassium used for cleaning silver. It took effect at once and both men died a little later. They were two of the most prominent business men in this city.

CAPTAIN WAS REWARDED.

Canadian Government Makes Presentation for Life Saving.

A despatch from New York says: Capt. R. C. E. Prager, captain of the Atlantic Transport Line steamship Maine, was on Wednesday afternoon presented with a silver cup by the Canadian Government in recognition of his services in saving seven men from the wrecked Nova Scotian schooner Kipling in mid-ocean on Jan. 11th last. The presentation took place on the floor of the Maritime Exchange, and was made by Acting British Consul-General C. Clive Baley.

SETTLERS FOR CANADA.

Salvation Army to Send Out 25,000 Emigrants.

A despatch from London says: Brig.-Gen. Howell and Col. Lamb, of the Salvation Army, left England for Canada on Friday, having completed arrangements for the settlement of between 20,000 and 25,000 emigrants in the Dominion of Canada within a year. A fleet of ten or twelve steamers will be chartered for their transportation. The emigrants will be scattered through Canada in such a way as to place them within reach of work for which they are best suited.

CATTLE DEALER SHOT.

Bad Blood Between Aged Farmer and Barrett Henderson.

A Regina despatch says: With his left jaw shot away by the discharge of a gun in the hands of Josiah Gilbert, a farmer living six miles south of Pilot Butte, Barrett Henderson, a wealthy cattle dealer from Charlottetown, P. E. I., and the man who took the first cattle in on the hoof to Dawson City, died on Wednesday afternoon in Regina hospital while undergoing an operation for his injuries received in the morning on the former's farm, and Gilbert is now lying in jail charged with killing. The dead man owned a section adjacent to that of Gilbert, and recently bought the latter's farm. According to Gilbert's story, Henderson went over to the farm on Wednesday morning after some supplies, and while Gilbert was getting his gun out from the barn to shoot a gopher it was accidentally discharged, shattering Henderson's face. The injured man ran two hundred yards crying that he had been murdered, and Gilbert ran after him flourishing the weapon. The Royal Northwest Mounted Police were quickly on the scene, but the chances for the man's life were slim from the first. Great local interest attaches to the case, as the Gilbert family is well known, the old man, Josiah, having the reputation of being something of a crank and it is alleged that he bitterly repented the sale he had made to Henderson of the family homestead.

CYCLONE IN RAINY RIVER.

Many Buildings Destroyed and Season's Crops Demolished.

A Kenora, Ont., despatch says: steamer Kenora report a very disas-steamer Kenora report a very disastrous cyclone in the Rainy River Valley on Wednesday night last. Great damage was caused between Boucherville and Barwick, the storm passing north between Stratton and Emo. The damage will run into the thousands of dollars, and everyone in the path of the storm lost more or less heavily. On the Canadian side at Boucherville great damage was done to a number of houses. The warehouse of the Navigation Company is gone. All the crops and the haystacks in the course of the storm are completely demolished, and the unfortunate farmers will have practically nothing left for their season's work. The path of the storm was half a mile wide and followed the river. So far as heard, there were no fatalities, though a number of people received bad cuts and bruises.

RESCUER DRAGGED TO DEATH

Double Drowning Tragedy in the River at Wingham.

A despatch from Wingham, Ont., says: A drowning accident occurred here on Sunday, in which two lives were lost. A number of boys and young men were bathing in the Maitland River, when one of them, Frank Mee, got beyond his depth and, being unable to swim, was seen to be in danger. Clayton Grisdale, seeing his comrade's danger, jumped in. He was at once clasped by the drowning young man, and both sank together. Another young man, Harold Buchanan, also plunged in, but was seized by Grisdale, and had hard work to escape, being dragged under. The bodies were recovered, and medical men were speedily at the scene of the accident, but life was extinct. Both were young men of good character and about the same age.

WAGON AND EFFECTS BURNED.

Cigarettes Set Fire to Matresses and Horses Ran Away.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Adolph Chenier, a Hull furniture dealer, on Friday sent his son, accompanied by another boy, to Deschenes with a load of household goods, including several mattresses. The boys were smoking cigarettes along the road, and finally they fell asleep. A lighted cigarette, it is supposed, set fire to the mattresses. The horse became frightened and ran away. The boys' efforts were directed to trying to manage the horse, and by the time they had succeeded in unhitching the animal from the rig the wagon and its contents were consumed and the little chaps had to walk home. The load was worth about $250.

FIFTY MEN ENTOMBED.

Tragedy in a Mine—Not Known whether Any Are Alive.

A Bristol, Virginia, despatch says: Fifty men are entombed alive in the Clinch Mountain tunnel, at Clinchport, Va., as a result of a cave-in which occurred on Friday. It is not known whether the men are dead or alive, but the work of rescue is being rushed as fast as possible. Air is being pumped into the tunnel by several pumps for a distance of 700 feet, and a large force of men are working in an effort to rescue the unfortunates before they perish, if they are not already dead.

TAX RIOTS IN SPAIN.

Municipal Authorities Stoned — Civil Guards Opened Fire.

A despatch from Madrid says: A riot occurred at Ciclana on Tuesday over local taxation. The mayor and an alderman were stoned and another alderman was stabbed in the stomach. Civil guards opened fire on the rioters, wounding several persons.

FIRE IN BELFAST HOSPITAL.

Half of Thorne Convalescent Institution Burned to Ground.

A despatch from Belfast, Ireland, says: A disastrous fire occurred here on Saturday afternoon at the Thorne Convalescent Hospital. Almost half the institution was burned to the ground. The inmates were rescued with great difficulty. Many of the patients had narrow escapes from death.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—Flour—New Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at $2.75 to $2.80 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, $4.40 to $4.60; second patents, $4 to $4.10, and strong bakers', $3.90 to $4, Toronto.

Bran—The market is unchanged at $14 to $14.50 in bulk outside. Shorts are quoted at $18 to $18.50.

Wheat—New No. 2 Ontario wheat quoted at 69 to 70c outside. No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, quoted at 79c lake ports, and No. 2 Northern at 76½c lake ports.

Corn—No. 2 American yellow is quoted at 59½ to 60c to arrive, Toronto.

Oats—Old No. 2 white nominal at 36 to 37c on track here, and at 33 to 34c outside. New No. 2 white quoted outside at 29 to 30c, September delivery.

Rye—No. 2 quoted at 58 to 59c outside.

Barley—No. 2 quoted outside at 45 to 46c, and No. 3 extra at 43 to 44c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at $1.75 to $1.80, and primes at $1.50 to $1.60.

Honey—Strained honey quoted at 9½ to 10c per lb., and combs at $2 per dozen.

Hops—13 to 16c per lb.

Hay—Car lots No. 1 old timothy are quoted at $10.50 on track, Toronto, and No. 1 new at $9.

Straw—$5.50 to $6 per ton.

Potatoes—New potatoes are quoted at 50 to 55c per bushel in quantities.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed 12 to 14c; chickens, 10 to 12c per lb. alive, hens, 8 to 9c per lb. alive; ducks, alive, 10 to 11c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 18 to 20c; large rolls at 17 to 18c, and inferior at 15 to 16c; tubs, 17 to 18c. Creamery prints sell at 22 to 23c, and solids at 21c.

Eggs—Good candled stock, 17½ to 18c per dozen.

Cheese—Quoted at 12½ to 13c, the latter for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are nominal. Bacon, long clear, 12½ to 12¾c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, $21.50 to $22; short cut, $24 to $24.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 15 to 16c; do, heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 12½c; shoulders, 11½ to 12c; backs, 17½ to 18c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 11¾c; pails 12c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Aug. 21.—Grain — Business between local wheat exporters and their customers on the other side is being hampered by the high freight rates being asked for October shipment. Oats were quiet and steady at the decline. No. 2 white being quoted at 38c, No. 3 at 37c, and No. 4 at 36c per bushel, ex store. Flour—The demand for flour shows no improvement and the market is quiet and easy, but there is no actual change in prices to note. Manitoba Spring wheat, $4.50 to $4.70; strong bakers', $3.90 to $4.20; Winter wheat patents, $4.25 to $4.35; straight rollers, $3.90 to $4.10; do., in bags, $1.85 to $1.90; extras, $1.60 to $1.70. Feed—Manitoba bran in bags, $18; shorts, $21 per ton; Ontario bran in bags, $17.50 to $18; shorts, $21; milled mouille, $21 to $25 per ton, and straight grain, $28 to $29. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $24; half-barrels do., $12.50; clear fat backs, $23.50; long cut heavy mess, $21.50, half-barrels do., $11.25; dry salted long clear bacon, 12¾ to 12¾c; barrels plate beef, $12 to $13.50; barrels heavy mess beef, $11.50; half-barrels do., $6.25; compound lard, 9 to 9½c. pure lard, 12 to 12½c; kettle rendered, 13 to 14c; hams, 14¾ to 16c; breakfast bacon, 16¾ to 17c; Windsor bacon, 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $10.50 to $10.75; alive, $7.50 to $7.75 per 100 lbs. Eggs—Selects, 20 to 20½c; candled, 17 to 17½c. Butter—Choicest creamery, salted and unsalted, 22½c; medium grades, 21 to 22c. Cheese—Ontario, 12½c; Quebec, 12 to 12⅝c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

St. Louis, Aug. 21—Wheat—Cash, 70c; September, 66⅞c; December, 70⅝c; May, 74¾c.

Milwaukee, Aug 21.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 77 to 78c; No. 2 Northern, 75 to 77c; September, 70⅜c asked: Rye—No. 1, 58 to 59c. Barley—No. 2, 55 to 56c; sample, 40 to 54c. Corn—No. 3 cash, 49½ to 50½c; September, 48⅝c bid.

Duluth, Aug. 21.—Wheat — No. 1 Northern, 75½c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; September, 71½c; December, 71¾c; May, 76½c.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Aug. 21.—Trade was fairly active at the Western Cattle Market today on moderate deliveries.

Quietness was the order in the export trade. The quotations ranged from $4.40 to $4.80 per cwt.

A few loads of good butchers' sold readily. The following were quotations: Choice cattle, $4.40 to $4.65; medium heavy butchers', $3.30 to $4.25; mixed lots and cows, $3.50 to $4; ordinary cows, $1.50 to $3.35 per cwt.

Short-keeps, feeders and stockers continued in very light demand. Short-keeps, $4.35 to $4.70; feeders, $4 to $4.25; stockers, $2.75 to $3.25 per cwt.

Sheep were firm, while lambs were a little stronger. Calves were steady. The following were the quotations:—Export ewes, $4.25 to $4.50; Spring lambs, $6 to $6.75; bucks, $3 to $3.50; calves, $3.50 to $6 per cwt.

Hogs declined 50c. Quotations were: Selects, $6.90; lights and fats, $6.65 per cwt.

Milch cows were a little lighter. The range was $25 to $50 each.

CITY OF VALPARAISO WIPED OUT

Fully 2,000 Persons Lost Their Lives By Earthquake.

A despatch from Lima, Peru, says: At about 8 o'clock Thursday evening there was a tremendous earthquake at Valparaiso, Chile. As at San Francisco, the shock was followed by the outbreaking of many fires. The flames extended from the Plaza Orden towards the north, and have not yet been extinguished. Many houses have been destroyed, and nearly all of them are more or less damaged either by the earthquake or the fire. Business is at a complete standstill. The banks are closed. The gas supply is unavailable, and the electric lighting system is completely knocked out. Consequently the city at night is in darkness. The greatest panic prevails among the inhabitants. Many families are fleeing from the city. The weather is fair and the sea is calm.

Communication with Santiago de Chile is interrupted, and it is impossible to learn what has occurred there.

Many persons were killed and injured in Valparaiso. The shocks continue, but are milder. The shipping in the port was not injured. The streets which suffered most were Calles Blanco, Condell, and Esmeralda, and those in the Delicias district.

LOSS OF LIFE LARGE.

A despatch from Buenos Ayres says: According to the information received here, a large number of buildings have been destroyed in Valparaiso, and the loss of life is said to have been large. The disturbance was general throughout Chile, and was felt at some points in the Argentine Republic.

News of the disaster is extremely meagre, owing to the fact that telegraphic communication is cut off, the shocks having thrown down the telegraph lines.

The newspapers on Friday night published telegrams from Mendoza, an entreport for the trade between Buenos Ayres and Chile, which it communicates with by the mountain passes of Uspallata and Portillo, to the effect that many houses in the Los Andes district were destroyed by the earthquake, and that there have been a large number of casualties.

Telegraphic communication with Chile is still interrupted. Santiago and Valparaiso are completely cut off. The Pacific cables are only working from Iquique northward. It is certain that a number of houses have been wrecked at Los Andes, also known as Santa Rosa de Los Andes, a town in the Province of Aconcagua, Chile.

DSASTER WIDESPREAD.

A despatch from Hamburg says: An exporting firm here has received a cablegram stating that numerous districts in Chile have been partly or totally destroyed by an earthquake, especially Valparaiso, which has been demolished. Fires are burning everywhere there. Many ships with their cargoes were lost. More than a hundred persons lost their lives, and many hundreds were injured. The misery is indescribable.

WORSE THAN 'FRISCO.

Galveston, Tex., Aug. 19.—The story of the earthquake disaster in Chili has been coming in here over the Mexican cable, of which this city is the terminus all day.

These only add to the horror of the situation, and with every message the loss of life and damage to property increases, and yet only the meagre details of the extent of the widespread disaster are known. One message said today that the San Francisco calamity was not to be compared with the devastation wrought by the earthquake in Chili, not to mention the loss by fire. Slowly reports are coming into Valparaiso, one whole village having been swallowed up by the earthquake, and the loss of life is increased by the hundreds with every report.

Several small settlements and villages within a few miles of Valparaiso have been completely destroyed and only a small percentage of the inhabitants escaped.

Melipilla, with 3,300 inhabitants; Casa Blanca, with 1,500, and San Miguel are reported in ruins, with heavy loss of life and the thousands of injured suffering for want of attention.

One of the largest towns outside of Valparaiso from which reports have been received is Los Andes, with a population of 7,000, and the message says this city is in ruins and not a structure remains. Numerous other towns and settlements some distance from Valaparaiso are known to have suffered terribly, but detailed reports may not be received for many days. The coast country from the Pacific to the Andes Mountains has been twisted and torn by the earthquakes and not a city escaped serious damage.

Valparaiso's devastation is about complete, and this evening the fires are almost under control because they have burned themselves out. The firemen and police and soldiers worked faithfully against the greatest odds, but only the soldiers, who are under discipline, could be depended upon. The others were interested in the welfare of their families and the saving of other human lives. The modern Valparaiso is practically in ruins and the loss of life is still very indefinite, but two reports give estimates of 5,000 in that city, with over 500 dead bodies, while the injured will number as many more.

No estimate of the loss of life outside Valparaiso and Santiago are given beyond the words "many thousands." It may be ten or it may be 25,000, and complaints are bitter against the cable company for refusing to accept appeals to the outside world. The company will accept only class matter, and the cash must be there for the message. One cable to an Eastern financial institution said:—"Public appeals refused, account official had no cash with him." It was stated at this end of the cable that only personal messages were being accepted.

TIDAL WAVE IN HAWAII.

Believed to be the Result of South American Shocks.

A Honolulu despatch says: Reports by wire from Hawaii and Maui give details of a five-foot tidal wave on those islands. In the enclosed Bay of Maataea, on the Island of Maui, water rushing in through the narrow entrance piled up waves twelve feet high, which carried away the wharf and all its supports. The surf that accompanied the wave was unprecedented for heaviness. The tidal wave is regarded here as the result of the Valparaiso earthquake. Thirty years ago a great shock in South America was followed by similar disturbances in Hawaiian waters. Mild tidal disturbances continued all day Thursday.

KILLED BY STREET CAR.

Man Named Roux Dragged Two Hundred Yards at Montreal.

A despatch from Montreal says: A saddler named Roux from Tinwick, Arthabasca, was killed here on Wednesday night in a street car accident. Roux was knocked down by a car proceeding at a high rate of speed, and dragged a distance of two hundred yards before the car could be brought to a standstill. Before his remains could be taken from beneath the wheels it was found necessary to raise the car by means of jacks. The motorman disappeared.

TREATY MADE WITH INDIANS.

Dominion Government Secures Surrender of 80,000 Square Miles.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Dominion Government has made a treaty with the 3,000 Indians inhabiting the Hinterland territory, between the height of Land and James' Bay. By the treaty the Indians formally surrender 80,000 square miles of land, the title of which will be vested in the Ontario Government.

BETTER FRUIT-PACKING.

Western Expert Engaged to Give Demonstrations in Ontario.

An Ottawa despatch says: Mr. M. Stuart, a western expert in fruit-packing has been engaged by the Department of Agriculture to give demonstrations before the fruit-growers of Ontario, Quebec and the Maritime Provinces. He takes the place of Mr. Boies, who is now in the employ of a leading Ontario exporting firm.

GALICIAN SHOT DOWN.

Affray in the West Which May Have Fatal Ending.

A Brandon despatch says: A shooting affray that may end fatally occurred about 3 o'clock on Thursday in a C. P. R. boarding car at Kemnay Junction, when a Galician was shot through the chest by some person unknown. A boarding car standing at Kemnay was occupied by a number of Galician laborers. In the early hours of the morning the victim of the shooting was aroused and seeing some one moving about in the car got up, with the result above stated. A struggle took place, as the victim's face is badly bruised. He is in a precarious condiion, and will not recover.

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

Five Young Men in the Cells at Neepawa, Man.

A despatch from Neepawa, Man., says: Detectives who have been on the scent of a forgery case in Eden district landed five young men in the cells at Neepawa on Wednesday. The name of Samuel Currie, Councillor for Ward Two of Rosedale, was forged to a spurious order for payment for road work, which had not been performed, but as the regular municipal form was used and the Councillor's name seemed genuine the Clerk issued a check for payment.

DAMAGING THE WHEAT.

An Unprecedented Hot Spell in the West.

A Winnipeg despatch says: Excessive heat still prevails in almost unprecedented intensity; indeed, some of the old-timers declare that no such protracted spell of hot weather has been experienced since 1886. It is feared that it is playing havoc with the wheat crop, and the damage throughout the grain fields, which are still in process of filling, may run, according to experts, from three to five bushels per acre.

GOLD IN IRELAND.

Workmen Find Nugget as Large as a Goose's Egg.

A London despatch says: Some workmen, during quarrying operations at Boho, near Castlerea, found, between two layers of rock, a lump of virgin gold about the size of a goose's egg. The fact that the nugget is composed of the precious metal has been confirmed by a Dublin analyst.

Annual Bargain Sale As Usual

BIG SUCCESS

Some of the Goods Advertised last are sold out, but we are adding other goods, just as good value.

We Have Something New Every Day.

We are showing the Newest Style in

Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, Also Ladies' Caps.

☞HAVE A LOOK.

TERMS CASH. **McGEE & CO.**

The Big Dundas : County Fair, At Morrisburg,

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday,

Sept. 3rd, 4th & 5th

Revised and Enlarged Premium Lists. Greatest lot of Special Prizes ever offered. Amusements galore.

BIG AUTOMOBILE RACES.

BEAUMONT'S DOG AND PONY CIRCUS

FAMONS GREGORY FAMILY of AERIAL ARTISTS.

Exciting Trials of Speed. Games and Amusements.

FAMOUS OGDENSBURG CITY BAND.

Every Day a BIG DAY.

Call or write for Premium Lists.

EMPIRE ! EMPIRE ! EMPIRE !



The Empire Cream Separator outwears other Separators, lasts longer and requires fewer repairs, because—It's simpler in construction and—It is more carefully built. That has been the Experience of thousands and thousands of farmers who have used the Empire. Its easy to see why. Being so much simpler in construction it has fewer parts to get out of order. The bowl being so much lighter and there being so much less mechanism, there naturally is lessfriction and wear. It will pay you to consider these things.

WINCHESTER, ONT., Jan. 9, 1905.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—I am using one of your EMPIRE Separators and am pleased to be able to recommend to all who intend to buy machines.

I can truly say that I have tried several methods of handling milk, and can recommend a separator to be far inadvance of all other moethds.

I can also say that I have tried several other makes of separators and prefer the EMPIRE to any of the others on account of it being easily cleaned, a close skimmer, and the lightest to operate. I am

Yours truly
THOS. IRVING.

CHESTERVILLE, July 31, 1906.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR CO., TORONTO, ONT.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your Empire Cream Separators after having tried others, I wish to recommend your Empire for its easy running and the work it does. The Empire skims very close and produces a very fine quality of cream. I have never seen another machine so simple in construction. I can highly recommend your Empire Cream Separator. Yours truly,
ROLAND SHAVER, Morewood.

CHESTERVILLE, July 31, 1906.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR CO, TORONTO.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your new Improved 2 B Empire Separators I wish to report that it gives me entire satisfaction as to capacity, close skimming and ease of operation. I can highly recommend your Empire and it will be a pleasure for me to induce my friends to buy your Empire, as it will be to their advantage.
Yours truly, AMAZIAH FROATS, Nation Valley.

Get an easy running, simple, durable, economical Empire and be sure.

JOHN FOSTER, Chesterville,
Agent for Winchester and Finch Townships.

Sally's Courtship.

While on a secret mission to Paris in 1583 Rosny had fallen in love with the daughter of the president, St. Mesmin. The young lady was handsome and kind, but while paying her his addresses he heard of a Mlle. de Courtenay, who was reported to be beautiful, well born and wealthy besides. Prudence suggested that he should make her the Baroness de Rosny, but he was already half committed to the other. While he was pondering the subject he arrived one day at an inn in Nogent and found, to his dismay, that by an unlucky chance both ladies were lodged in it, Mlle. de St. Mesmin in the left wing and Mlle. de Courtenay in the right. Both were ready to marry him, and he was ready to marry one of them, but could not decide which. It was a very awkward position for the wavering lover, and at first he thought of saving himself by instant flight. While he hesitated Mlle. de St. Mesmin's younger sister saw him and expressed her surprise that he had been half an hour in the house without visiting them. The decisive moment had evidently come. "Turn to the right," whispered the friend who was with him. He did so, and Anne de Courtenay became his wife.—H. C. Macdowell in Macmillan's Magazine.

A Versatile Parish Clerk.

The ancient parish clerk in England had many functions. Letters were not so common in those days as today, and the clerk was the learned man of the community. One of his functions was writing epitaphs, but this was not the sum of his accomplishments, as may be seen from the advertisement of John Hopkins, clerk of Salisbury in the eighteenth century:

John Hopkins, parish clerk and undertaker, sells epitaphs of all sorts and prices. Shaves neat and plays the bassoon. Teeth drawn, and the Salisbury Journal read gratis every Sunday morning at 8. A school for psalmody every Thursday evening, when my son, born blind, will play on the fiddle. Specimen epitaph on my wife:

My wife ten years not much to my ease,
But now she is dead in caelo quies.

Great variety to be seen within. Your humble servant, JOHN HOPKINS.

He Stopped the Coughing.

One Sunday morning a clergyman was greatly annoyed by the unusual amount of coughing among his congregation. He had not a strong voice and could only be distinctly heard when the people were still and attentive. As the coughing went on, and even grew worse, he suddenly stopped right in the middle of the sermon. All eyes were instantly turned to the pulpit, every cough was hushed and there was perfect silence.

"My friends," said the minister, with a smile, "it seems you stop when I stop."

This gentle rebuke had the desired effect. The people found that their coughing could be kept down when they liked to a great extent, and the minister proceeded with his sermon under far more favorable conditions.

Ether and Matter.

The densest matter is more or less porous. Gold will absorb mercury as a lump of sugar will absorb water, showing there must be interstices or interatomic spaces in it, but the ether shows no such property. If a drop of water could be magnified sufficiently one would ultimately see the different atoms of hydrogen and oxygen that constitute the molecules of water. If a small volume of ether could be thus magnified the indications are that the ultimate part would look like the first, which is the same as saying that it is not made up of discrete particles, but fills space completely. This is expressed by saying that the ether is a continuous medium and is hence incomparable with matter.

An Odd Bird's Nest.

The oddest of all birds' nests is the one built by the tontobane, a South African songster. It is built of cotton and always upon the tree producing the material. In constructing the domicile the female works inside and the male outside, where he builds a sentinel box for his own special use. He sits in the box and keeps watch or sings nearly all the time, and when danger comes in the form of a hawk or a snake he warns the family, but never enters the main nest.

Come Out of Your Shell.

Do you allow yourself to become absentminded, wrapped up in a brown study? Look about you. Speak to those that you have been in the habit of ignoring. Make friends with every one. Strive to touch life everywhere you can. You will accomplish your tasks better by so doing than by going forward blindly absorbed in meditation or engrossed by internal musings.

Then He Got Mad.

Husband (impatiently)—If the fool killer would strike this town he would find plenty of work to do. Wife—Is there such a person, dear? Husband—Of course there is. Wife (with anxiety)—Well, I do hope, John, that you will be very careful.

Returned Thoughts.

"Do thoughts that came to you in the long ago ever return?" asked the originator of silly questions.

"Not unless I inclose stamps," answered the literary party.

Advantages of Travel.

All travel has its advantage. If the passenger visits better countries he may learn to improve his own, and if fortune carries him to worse he may learn to enjoy his own.

Free will is not the liberty to do whatever one likes, but the power of doing whatever one sees ought to be done, even in the face of otherwise overwhelming impulse. There lies freedom indeed.

NEWCOMBE PIANOS ARE THE BEST

We Will Put it Against any Manufacturer for

Touch Tone and Durability.

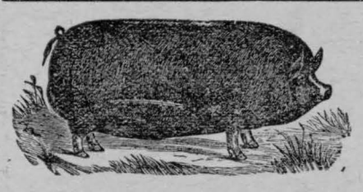
Consult us Before Buying.

W. H. FETTERLY, Stores at Morrisburg & Winchester

TO THE PUBLIC !

I have taken over the business of the late firm of Grant & Fyke, tinsmiths, in this place, and I wish to thank the public generally for the patronage bestowed upon us, and ask for a share of your patronage in the future. I intend conducting the business in the same old stand.

C. M. FYKE.



NEW
- Meat Market -

I have opened a Meat Market In the Village of Chesterville, and am prepared to offer

Beef, Pork, Lamb, Sausage, Smoked Meats and Fowl of all kinds.

A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. H. COWDREY,
CHESTERVILLE.

J. B. Thompson

SUCCESSOR TO
THOMPSON & CLINE
Tinsmiths &c.,
CHESTERVILLE,

A full Line in connection with my business always kept in stock.

Page & Landry

DEALERS IN
Agricultural Implements, Washing Machines, Furniture, Etc.
Also Carriages.

Undertaking and Embalming.
Fire Insurance Agents.

Your patronage solicited.

Crysler, - - Ont.

Chesterville Lodge No. 320
A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.

Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.
Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.

H. P. D. EVANS, W. M. — C. ROBINSON, Secreatry.

Chesterville Lodge No. 288, I. O. O. F.

Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.

G. W. BOGART, N. G. — F. WOOD, R S.

WELL DRILLING

A 4½ inch bore through rock or soil either summer or winter. Pumps or fixtures supplied and water connected with houses or stables.

I have five drills at work and have just received the sixth one at Chesterville station, which will be in operation next week.

Any person requiring my services will please communicate with me in Vankleek Hill Satisfaction in every particular guaranteed. Long distance phone No. 23.

Arthur Campbell,
VANKLEEK HILL, ONT.

Wilford M. Saucier,

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler, Engraver, &c.,

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, jewellry, Spectacles, etc., etc., for sale and repaired with neatness and despatch.
Prompt attention paid to repairing sent by mail.
Issuer of marriage Licenses.

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ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
AVONMORE.

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Constantly on hand
Beef, Pork, Lamb, and Cured Meats,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

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Begins Tuesday Sept. 4th 1906, at the
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In a few months at this institution you can acquire the very best training in business subjects of Shorthand and Typewriting.
Finest equipment throughout. Catalogue Free on application.

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H. A. MERKLEY'S
ICE CREAM and SODA WATER PARLORS

These Parlors having been completely renovated, are now on a par with the best, and I am prepared to cater to the wants of my friends and patrons, as never before.

The Latest Up-to-date Plant for the Manufacture of Ice Cream Dainties.

All the Choicest Dishes, flavored to suit the King's taste every evening.

My SODA WATER FOUNTAIN is a Work of Art

And I am making a Specialty of these Cooling Beverages.

A Two Horse Power Gasoline Engine is the motive power.

I cordially invite the public to call and inspect the neatness, despatch and cleanliness, by which our goods are prepared to suit the good taste of our patrons.

H. A. MERKLEY,
Proprietor. Main Street.

We Want to Know Many Things !

We Already Know a Few.

One Thing We Know is---

HOW TO MAKE ICE CREAM

We Make it Every Day.

Are You Eating Your Share.

Come and Try Our ICE CREAM SODA.

Golden Orangeade Syrup is one of the Most Delicious Ever.

GET THE HABIT.

Drop into Bolster's for a Cooling Drink, A Dish of Ice Cream, A Good Cigar, High-Class Confectionery, or Anything in the Drug Line, or Anything in the Book and Stationery Line.

We will be Glad to See You Often.

W. G. BOLSTER,

DRUGGIST and STATIONER, - - CHESTERVILLE.