The Leader

Vol. XIII, No 39 — MORRISBURG, ONT., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1913.

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Cornwall, Ont.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Subagency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-emp a quarter-section along side his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

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Morrisburg, - - - Ont.

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DRAINAGE and other Municipal work will receive prompt attention. Farm lines and sub-divisions.
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EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 142, R. C., A. F & A. M., holds its Regular Meetings in the Masonic Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday Evening on, or before, full moon.
A full attendance is particularly requested Visiting brethren are always welcome.
DR. WILL C. DAVY, *W. M.* — B. A. HERRING, *Secretary*

Fire! Fire!

Owners of buildings and contents will do well to remember that Fire is liable to destroy their property when they least expect a visit from this destructive fiend. They will, therefore, consult their own best interests by insuring with the undersigned in the Royal and other good solid British companies.

Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and iberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY,
Local Agent, Morrisburg.
D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector and Adjuster.

Local and General

Whitteker, the Optician, will be at
Wales, Sept. 24.
Aultsville, Sept. 25.
Morrisburg, Sept. 26 to Oct. 4.

Misses Ruth Eager and Sadie Bush have gone to Toronto to attend University.

Mrs Levi Cheley returned home on Thursday last after spending several weeks visiting in Chicago.

In a baseball match at Ogdensburg on Saturday the State Hospital defeated Cardinal 6—1. Ray Mallen played with the Ogdensburg nine.

Mr M. W. Beach, of Iroquois, will give an address on temperance issues Monday night, Oct 6th, in the Casselman block. An invitation is given to every elector to be present.

Miss Lorraine Bradfield left on Saturday for Toronto to resume her studies at St. Hilda's College. She was accompanied by her parents, Mr and Mrs Harry Bradfield.

Leo Brandstetter and W. R. Cuthbertson, of Cornwall, spent a few days in Chicago this week the guests of Geo. McKay, 383 W. Adams St.—Chicago Canadian-American.

The tenth biennial convention of the Epworth League of the Methodist Church, (Montreal Conference), will be held in the Methodist Church, Cornwall on Tuesday and Wednesday, October 7th and 8th.

Mr Corry Brown has taken over the freight-carting business formerly conducted by Mr Alex. Casselman. If Mr Brown is as courteous and obliging as his predecessor, we bespeak for him a full measure of success.

Bonds to the amount of $120,000 of the Ontario Steel Products Co., which includes the Spring and Axle Co. and the D. F. Jones Manufacturing Co., of Gananoque, have been sold to parties in that town.

Mrs Chas. R. Duprau and two children left last Thursday to take up their residence in Ottawa. Her eldest daughter Helen was unable to accompany them to Ottawa on account of an accident, but will leave for there at the end of this week.

The M.C.I. Athletic Union will hold their annual field-day sports on Saturday, Oct. 4th, commencing at 1.30 p.m. There are 27 events on the programme, ten of them being for competition for the Hilliard cup. The Broder cup competition will be on Wednesday next, Oct. 8th.

An effort will be made to check immigration for a while of any persons except those intending to settle on lands. Canadian cities are filling up with a class of young men from the Old Country who have neither knowledge of nor inclination for farm life. In Toronto they are called "sparrows," in Hamilton they are dubbed "chirpers."

At the Crysler Farm centennial celebration in August last, Mr Frank Casselman, of East Williamsburg, presented as a souvenir to the Rt. Hon. R. L. Borden a lead musket ball which he found some years ago on his farm about half a mile east of the battlefield. In return Mr Casselman received recently from Mr Borden one of his latest photographs, which is much appreciated and highly prized, coming as it did, from the Premier himself.

The new legislation recently enacted by the supreme court of the Independent Order of Foresters, increasing the rates of old members by the imposition of a lien, is explained by G. E. Minns, official organizer, who declares that the lien was introduced to make up the deficiency resulting from the insufficient amount paid by members who joined the order previous to 1899. The lien which is about $260 on each $1000 policy, may be met by a payment of four per cent interest on it annually and it will be deducted from the amount of the policy when the latter matures. There is a fraternal fund sufficient to reduce the lien by $60 by the time policies have become claims. In Morrisburg there are 69 members of the I. O. F. and of these 41 are affected by the lien.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

A meeting of the fire company will be held in the Town Hall on Tuesday evening next.

Mrs G. N. Hickey returned home last Sunday afternoon after spending two weeks in Brockville.

The steamer Orizaba has discontinued her daily trips from here to Ogdensburg, making her last run of the season on Saturday last.

The thirty-sixth annual convention of the Dundas County Sunday-school Association is being held today and tomorrow at Iroquois.

All business places in Ogdensburg are closed today from 1 to 4 by proclamation issued by the mayor, the occasion being the unveiling of the Curtis monument.

Horse races will be held on the Driving Park, Chesterville, on Tuesday, Oct. 14. There will be three events—3-minute trot or pace, 2.30 trot or pace, and free-for-all. The purses aggregate $300.

Church of England services on Sunday will be in St. James' Church at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and in Trinity Church at 2.30 p.m. Subjects: "The Gospel Feast" and "The Wedding Garment."

The dry summer, early frosts, and the fact that squirrels have been laying up their winter's supply of nuts earlier than usual, are given as signs by weather prophets of a long and severe winter.

Last week The Leader was shown a cornstalk 11 ft. 4 in. long. Mr Wesley Larmour has brought one in measuring 12 ft. 9 in. The corn is of the Leaming variety and was grown on the Farlinger farm.

Running at high speed nearing Prescott on Monday afternoon, the International Limited for Montreal came to a stop by the breaking of one of the siderods of the engine. One side of the engine was stripped and a portion of the cab demolished. Both the engineer and fireman escaped injury. The train was delayed until another engine was sent from Brockville.

This week the Hebrews celebrated their new year which began yesterday. The festivities ended with the feast of Conclusion. Jewish tradition regards this holiday as marking the world's creation 5674 years ago, consequently this New Year's Day will begin the year 5674. Rosh Hashanah is also known as the Day of Judgment in preparation for the Day of Atonement which falls on Saturday, October 11th. This is the most important day in the Jewish calendar and is observed by confession of sins and fasting.

If thirty pupils can be obtained a dancing school will be opened in Morrisburg by Mr Geo. Derosier about the 13th of October. Many new dances will be taught. $5. for 8 lessons if less than 45 pupils are obtained; if 45 or more pupils are obtained, the price will be $5 for 10 lessons. Pupils free at all after-class assemblies. Those who intend joining class kindly leave names with Mr John Gormely, as soon as possible. 38b

A horse belonging to Mr Merkley, of the Second Concession of Matilda, ran away on Sunday night between 8 and 9 o'clock, the result being fatal to the runaway and causing serious injury to another horse. Mr Merkley had driven to Iroquois to see his sister and left his horse standing untied. The animal, which was very spirited, evidently became frightened at something and started in a mad dash through the streets, colliding with the horse and buggy of Mr Burns, who was driving into town from Cardinal. The shaft of Burns' buggy entered the runaway horse near the jugular vein, killing the animal almost instantly, while Burns' horse was badly cut and bruised. Both rigs were smashed, Mr Burns fortunately escaping with no serious injury.

The attendance at Ogdensburg Fair and Horse Show on Thursday last was 18,000. In the classified race Cardinal Pointer came second, with Sam Hill third. The record of The Eel, the famous pacer, was broken by Peter Stephens. In the horse ring Major MacLean took 1st in harness horses, 1st in ponies; Allison's Island Farm 1st in Hackneys, 1st in roadsters, 1st for 4-year-old Percheron mare, 1st for 3-year-old Percheron filly, 1st and 2nd in heavy draft class, also the E. H. Dollar silver cup offered for best Percheron mare; Allison Bros., 1st in heavy draft horses, 1st in Clydesdales, 1st for 2-year-old Clydesdale filly.

Brockville is to have a new covered rink, and Gananoque people are talking of having one there. A Morrisburg party is thinking of running an open rink here this coming winter.

The New County House of Industry and Refuge at Cornwall will be formally opened on Thursday, 16th October 1913, at 2.30 p.m. and will be ready for the reception of inmates who are properly committed by the reeve and clerk, and satisfactorily vouched for as to length of residence and condition of health, on and after Monday, 20th October, 1913.

The Luther League Rally will be held in St. Paul's Church, here, on Monday, Oct. 20th. On the following day at St. Paul's there will be a Sunday-school convention and conference, the district interested being the Eastern Canada district, including the parishes from Kingston to Montreal.

Mr Hastings Jones-Bateman, of San Francisco, Cal., while motoring last summer was greatly pleased with this section as an agricultural district. As a result he purchased for his son Henry the farm in Mariatown owned by Mr Henry Rose, which is the west half of lot No. 36 in the First Concession of Williamsburg. Hereafter the farm will be known as the "Shelden Farm," being called after the birthplace of Mr Jones-Bateman in Warwickshire.

Instead of their usual monthly tea, the ladies of St. James' Guild present in St. James' Hall on Tuesday evening an entertainment that pleased the large audience present. The serio-comic sketch "When Women Vote", put on by five young ladies, was much appreciated and was alone worth more than the price of admission. The instrumental and vocal numbers and recitations were of a good order and the audience dispersed with an enjoyable evening's entertainment. The proceeds amounted to $24.

The annual Harvest Festival services were held on Sunday in St. James' and Trinity Churches. The decorations of flowers, fruit and vegetables were suggestive of the harvest-time. The special preacher was Rev. G. G. Wright, L. Th., of Ottawa, a nephew of Mrs R. J. Dillen of this place. Mr Wright's sermons were instructive and helpful and particularly appropriate to the occasion. Rev. Mr Anderson conducted the Harvest Festival services in St. Paul's Church, Waddington, at 11 a.m., and Rev. Mr Wright officiated at the 3 o'clock service there.

Although the potato crop this year is reported good, there being little, if any, potato-rot, farmers are asking $1. per bag for them. A farmer from near Elma told The Leader that 50c per bushel was being had in that section for potatoes in the field. In Toronto they are selling at 85c per bag, while $1.40 is the price in New York. With the shortage in the American crop this year, and the new American tariff being only 10 per cent. instead of the former 25c per bushel, it looks as if prices will rise as soon as the new tariff becomes effective and exports begin.

Cardinal Young Man Drowned at Ogdensburg

Harry LaVere, 22, son of Mr and Mrs George LaVere, of Cardinal, was drowned in the St. Lawrence river at 1 o'clock Friday morning by falling of the ferry dock at Ogdensburg.

Young LaVere went to Ogdensburg Thursday night in a motor boat owned and driven by Thomas Gill, of Cardinal. Mr Gill said that shortly before one on Friday morning he was preparing the boat for the return trip when LaVere arrived at the eastern section of the ferry dock where the craft was tied up. He strolled over to the north side of the dock and in the darkness fell into the river and was drowned. Mr Gill heard the splash and ran to the edge of the dock. He saw LaVere struggling in the water and hurried back for his lantern. When he returned to the dock edge, accompanied by a number of others he saw LaVere disappear beneath the surface, not to appear again. He couldn't swim.

The body was recovered four hours later and an inquest was held, the verdict being accidental drowning. The remains were taken to Cardinal for interment.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Canadians Make Clean-up at Ogdensburg

Canadians made a clean-up of the prizes at the Ogdensburg Horse Show, Major Charles W. McLean getting the championship medal.

Major McLean's "England's Pride," also received the Hackney Society's gold medal for the best mare (breeding class) at the show, in addition to receiving the same award at the recent horse show in Ottawa and at the Rockingham, Boston, meet.

"Masterpiece" and "England's Pride," of Mr. McLean's stable, also won the first and second awards in the high-stepping championships. This is the second time this pair has succeeded in taking both first and second in this class, the honor being unique in the history of American and Canadian stables.

Allison's Island Farm came second in the number of ribbons, with the Knickerbocker stables, New York, third, followed by Hon. C. Sifton's stables.

The Manager's prize, first and second for the largest number of ribbons won, was awarded to Mr. Geo. H. Gibson, showing the horses of Major McLean and Col. J. Wesley Allison.

BUYERS NOT SATISFIED

With Quality of Some of the Cheese Coming From Brockville Section

A meeting of the Brockville Cheese Board last Friday was enlivened by a discussion pertaining to the quality of the goods turned out in the Brockville district. One buyer was very outspoken. He stated that on a recent visit to Montreal his attention was called to cheese of a pasty nature made in the Brockville district, of which he said there was too much going forward. He attributed the existing state of affairs to the laxity of the instructors in not posting the makers, who were permitting too much moisture to go into the manufactured article.

The other buyers agreed with him that much cheese of the quality he described was finding its way into the Montreal warehouses, although none were quite as outspoken as the man who started the discussion. He further claimed that while the goods he purchased were right, the general quality of the output was such as to spoil the reputation of the Brockville section cheese in the English market. Hence he suffered in his negotiations with the English buyers.

There was a desire on the part of the meeting to subdue the talk and many makers present denied that they were turning out the class of goods complained of. One maker of 23 years' experience attributed the trouble to too much "starter," and strongly advised factorymen to be careful in this respect. Buyers were not held blameless in that they made no distinction in the price between cured and green cheese.

Women's Institute

A regular meeting of the Women's Institute will be held on Monday next, Oct. 6th, in the Agriculture Office. This meeting should be one of the most interesting that the Institute programme has to offer this year.

Mr McLaren, of Cornwall, will address the meeting; subject. "Boys." As superintendent of the Y. M. C. A. Mr McLaren has lived with the "Boys" for many years and is well trained for his subject. The speaker will begin his address promptly at 3 o'clock and the Institute extends its most cordial invitation to this free lecture to the public.

The secretary wishes to call attention to a collection of plates and dishes left in the Town Hall at the time the lunch-boxes were packed. Owners will please call for same at the Agriculture Office.

An Appreciation

During the past summer the Grand Trunk has been in receipt of many letters of appreciation from patrons who have travelled over their lines, the latest is an unsolicited letter received from a prominent traveller of Baltimore, Ed. who conducted a tour through the Muskoka Lakes region last month. He writes as follows:—

"The service given by you in the interests of the welfare of my party was one of the best and deserves the highest commendation. Every member was delighted with the manner you arranged for our pleasure and entertainment and for the splendid equipment we had throughout the entire journey.

After using the Grand Trunk many times, it seems that the service grows better, and the trip of this month was the best I have ever had."

CORNWALL BLOCK DESTROYED BY FIRE

Iron Block, Pitt Street, Gutted by Fire Monday Night

At a late hour Monday night fire completely gutted the upper portion of the Iron Block, Pitt street, Cornwall, a business block erected some years ago by the late Col R. R. McLennan, driving five families out of their living apartments in their night clothes. Water and smoke damaged the business stands of Fawkes & Co., and Maggie Thomas, on the ground floor, while Donihee's branch meat market, managed by W. F. Donihee, situated in the north store of the block, was also gutted.

It is supposed the fire started from an electric light wire at the rear of the meat market.

The fire brigade did great work in confining the fire to the one building. The sufferers in the upper storey were James Vallance, Maggie Thomas, Mrs John Sullivan, formerly of Ottawa, Mrs Rose, and a Syrian pedlar named Mike Bouchie. On the ground floor were the business stands of Donihee's meat market, Fawkes & Co., grocers, and Maggie Thomas' confectionery. Messrs Donihee and Fawkes both carry insurance, the former in the Phoenix and the latter in the London Mutual, but the other occupants of the block were not insured. Turner Gregson's repair shop was slightly damaged by water, and his residence overhead by smoke. He is insured.

Hydro-Electric Eastern Lines

Toronto, Sept. 29—Active steps are being taken by the Hydro-Electric Power Commission to complete the power transmission equipment for Eastern Ontario. Plans are being deposited with the department of public works for approval of the arrangement for towers and cables across the St. Lawrence river at Morrisburg. The commission have secured an option of 45,000 horse power from the New York and Ontario Power Company at Waddington, N.Y., and as soon as the plant is ready a portion of this power will be imported into Canada.

"We do not expect any delay in having the plans approved," said Hon. Adam Beck to the Canadian Press tonight, "and once that is done the work will be pushed to completion. There is a small plant now operating at Waddington which will be able to supply us with a little power in the meantime, but the heavy exportation will not commence until the new plant is completed. Our line is completed from Morrisburg to Prescott, and we expect the other line to Winchester, Chesterville and Russell to be finished shortly.

New River Rapids Records For R. & O.

When the steamer Rapids Prince docked at Montreal, on Sunday evening, a new record was achieved by the R. & O. Navigation Company in connection with the navigating of the St. Lawrence river rapids. For the first time in the history of the navigation of the rapids the company's steamers have been successful in running all the rapids on their eastbound trips, from the commencement of the season on May 31 until its close on September 28th, without a single break. This is an extraordinary feat to accomplish, when the number of the contingencies that may arise to prevent its fulfilment is considered. A sudden storm may prevent the running of one of the rapids at the last moment, or fog may cause delay in making connection with the large lake steamers in time to shoot all the rapids while the light holds. For the success achieved the co-operation of every member of the crews was necessary and was at all times forthcoming. There was not one but was anxious for a record season, and, as week followed week without untoward incident, the desire to establish a new record became more keen than ever. The Rapids Queen finished her season without a break on September 14th, and on the 28th the Rapids Prince concluded her four months season with a record equally good. Another record that was established consisted in the numbers who patronized these popular steamers.

The news will surprise many that, during the summer season, the Rapids Queen and Rapids Prince landed at the Victoria Pier in Montreal approximately three thousand people every week.

For the above article we are indebted to the Brockville Recorder. If the Longue Sault were dammed this interesting article would be lost to our readers.

A Dark Shadow;

Or, A Coming Vengeance

CHAPTER X.—(Continued).

Mina hung upon his words; every one was precious to her, thrilled through her. She had never imagined, much less heard, anything like it; and her hero became almost a divinity to her. Her eyes were chained to his face, which seemed to dazzle hers; she watched his lips as if to anticipate the words that passed them, now with the force of a tremendous torrent, now with the soft music of a brook. She was in a kind of dream, held in thrall by a spell which she wished might last for ever: not once while he was speaking did she remove her gaze from his face, yet, notwithstanding, she could see the rapt faces of those around her, could watch their flaming eyes, was conscious of their parted lips, through which their breath came jerkily.

No wonder they were awed, that they gazed at him open-eyed, open-mouthed. How they, too, must admire and worship him, the grand gentleman who was fighting their battles for them, who was sacrificing himself for their good, pleading, struggling for them as if he were one of themselves.

The speech was drawing to a close—she felt that, with a pang—and her eyes wandered towards the door for an instant: she would steal away before the crowd began to leave. But two men had come near her, and stood close by her side, and between her and the door. One was a thick-set, extremely ugly man with a big round head covered by short, bristling hair; his chin was stubby, and his shirt band failed to hide a dingy collar and a still more dingy shirt front. He wore thick spectacles, through which his mean, restless eyes flashed in a furtive fashion. He had the unwashed appearance of the low-class foreigner, and he spoke to the other man—a younger man with a weak face and receding chin, to which was called by a vivid scarlet tie—in broken English with a strong accent, partly German and partly Polish.

"Vell, my poy, vhat you tink of it, hein?" he asked with a covert sneer.

"Fine, fine!" responded the youth. "That's the way to talk, ain't it? He's what I call a speaker, if you like, eh, Koshki?"

Koshki shrugged his shoulders. "It is very vell ash far ash it go; but it ish not strong enough. Aur frent ish too mealy-mouthed, he—what you call it?—minces matters. Hein! and for a goot reason! He ish aristocrat himself; he has the loaves and fishes. You comprehend? It is all talk, talk, with these aristocrats that pretend to be the frents of the people And vhere is the goot ov talk? Ze vorld is full of talk. It is deets, deets, nor vords, ve down-trodden working men vant. Ze time is past for vords; ve have waited too long, ve are tired of waiting. This is all very well"—he jerked his bullet head towards the platform—"but vhat is the use of it? Ze oppressors do not mind, zey laugh. Zey say, 'Let zem talk, it keep zem quiet.' See! But presently zey will not laugh, presently"—he glanced round him, but every one seemed intently listening to the speaker on the platform, especially intent and absorbed seemed the girl who leant against the wall near them, and, lowering his voice, he went on in a guttural whisper—"presently a blow—a blow, my frent—vill be struck which vill make zem laugh the other side of zeir mouths. You comprehend, Johnson?"

Johnson nodded, but looked vacantly up at the fat face and small, furtive eyes.

"Zen shall we see what our frent zare is made of; we shall zee whether he can do something more than talk."

"You mean—" said the youth, looking vaguely alarmed.

"I mean zat ve 'ave made our preparations, zat ve are only vaiting till the proper hour shall strike. And ve vait to know whether our fine talker zare vill join us. If so, vell and goot; if not—it vill be the vorse for him!"

He shrugged his shoulders and smiled a particularly unpleasant smile which revealed his yellow fangs for a moment; then, with a manner as furtive as his glance, insinuated himself through the crowd to where a small knot of men, some as foreign and disreputable-looking as himself, were standing at the other end of the room.

Mina had heard every word, and at every word her heart beat with apprehension: for had he not been threatening Mr. Clive? She watched the man, as he whispered to the group he had joined, with a mixture of loathing and indignation, and vague terror; then she smiled with scorn of her fear; as if that dirty foreigner could harm her hero.

With a peroration that roused the audience to a frenzy of enthusiasm, Clive arrived at the finish; a shower of applause and cheering burst on his last words. The chairman, a genuine working man, proposed a vote of thanks—carried with ringing cheers—and the audience began to make for the doors. Mina felt that it would be better to wait until the first crush had passed, and she pressed against the wall with her head bent, trying to escape notice. Clive had stepped down from the platform, and was talking to some of the men.

She saw that he was pale—it seemed to her that he looked tired—and once she noticed that his eyes wandered from the face of the man who was speaking to him and looked round absently. She trembled as they came her way, but he did not see her; and presently she moved towards the doors, but there was still a crush there, and she was compelled to wait. It was as she was standing there that Clive saw her. He started, said quickly to the men around him, "Excuse me!" and hurried to her side.

She heard him speak her name in a low voice; a thrill ran through her, and she turned her head slowly and caught her breath. He drew her arm within his, the crowd made way for them, cheering and waving their hats as he and Mina passed through, and with her arm still in his, they gained the street. He did not speak until they had turned the corner into quietude, then, smiling down at her, he said:

"Why, Miss Mina, how did you happen to be at the Hall to-night? And alone, too!"

She did not reply at once; the voice of the platform was still ringing in her ears; but this other voice, so low, so friendly, was a different, a sweeter music, and she was loath to lose it. Besides, her heart was beating against his arm so loudly that she could hardly speak, and when she did so the words came fluteringly.

"It was by chance," she said. "I was passing, and heard"—she stopped.

"Curiosity, thy name is Woman!" he said laughingly. "But you must have been a very brave little woman to make your way into that crowded den. I don't think it was very wise. And how are Elisha and Tibby? You are looking pale—" He broke off without waiting for her reply. "You are working at the schools? You are not working too hard, Miss Mina?"

He called her "Miss" Mina now, but she remembered with a secret joy that he had called her Mina when he had come to her in the hall.

"Oh, no, no!" she said. "Yes; I am at the classes." She fought for courage, for composure. "I want to thank you. It is you who make it possible for me to go to them; it is you." Her voice broke, for all her efforts to control it.

"You mean that I was fortunate enough to get Elisha some pupils?" he said, as if the thing were nothing. "There's not much in that to deserve your thanks, Elisha's pupils have cause for gratitude, not he or you."

She shook her head. "It is you," she said in a low voice. "You have done so much for us. But you don't want me to thank you. That is why you did not give your address?"

He colored and nodded. "Partly, Miss Mina. But you see L'homme propose—"

"But God sends us a way," she responded.

He did not start, but looked at her with swift appreciation of her intelligence; and his eyes scanned her face curiously. Few though the weeks had been since he had seen her, she had progressed. Unconsciously she had caught the cultivated tone of the head-mistress; she spoke almost like a lady, indeed, more correctly than some of the ladies of his acquaintance.

"You are learning French?" he said invitingly.

"Yes," she replied.

"And what else?" his eyes dwelt upon her, took in the simple details of her dress of blue serge with its neat and spotless collar and cuffs, the dainty neat hat with its plain trimming of silk, the grey, well-worn, but well-fitting gloves; and, perforce, recalled the street singer with her shawl drawn round her face. A few weeks: it might have been years!

"German—but it is very difficult, and I get on very slowly; and Latin—that is easier."

He smiled down at her with raised brows. "So you find Latin easy? Why, you are a veritable blue-stocking! And you make me feel ashamed of my schoolboy days. I had to be flogged into my Latin, by Jove!"

She glanced up at him and smiled incredulously.

"And the music? I suppose that has gone to the wall. What with German, French, and Latin—and English composition—"

"Yes; there is English composition," she said naively.

"Quite so. Of course! And algebra and conic sections, to say nothing of freehand drawing. No wonder there is no time for music."

"Oh, but there is," she said, her tone echoing his light one. "I practise three hours a day; and I am having singing lessons from an old friend of Elisha's—and, oh, how glad Elisha will be when he hears that I have seen you and tried to thank you!"

"That's all right," he said.

They had paused for a moment in the quiet and deserted street; the light from a gas lamp fell upon her eager, upturned face, and its beauty smote him, so that he looked at her with sudden gravity, a sudden frown.

"But perhaps I ought not to have done so?" she said timidly, anxiously.

"If you mean that I am sorry I have met with you again, you are wrong, my child," he said, the frown deepening, so that she shrank a little from him. "I have thought of you very often—" He was recalled to a sense of his words by the sudden color that burnt in her cheeks, the half-frightened expression in the grey eyes.

"But we've met, and you've thanked me very prettily," he said in a lighter tone. "And now tell me all about yourself—about Elisha and Tibby—" he corrected quickly.

She could talk fluently enough about them; and Clive listened to her eager account of Elisha's success as a teacher, and all that meant to them all; but while he was listening to the sweet, girlish voice he was thinking of the girl herself, of the marvellous progress she had made, the subtle change in her manner, the natural self-confidence—now that she was speaking of the others—the beauty of the upturned face, the deep, liquid eyes. And over him stole a sense of peace, wistful, yet full of subtle pleasure that was half pain; the feeling that might come to the man who has found a rose growing in the wilderness, a lily by the dusty wayside. Such a flower, so rare, in such a place, the man might long to pluck and place in his bosom to still the vague aching of his heart.

He woke with a start as her voice stopped.

"Where are we?" he asked, as if he were waking from a dream.

She laughed softly. "We are nearly home—I mean at the Rents. It is round the next turning. Won't you come in and see Elisha?"

He bit his lip and hesitated: he could not tell her that he had promised Tibby not to come; then a genuine excuse came to his aid.

"I'm sorry," he said; "but I have to attend a committee meeting at the place we have just left. I quite forgot it! I must hurry back. I will go with you as far as the corner."

"There is no need," she said, and now the brightness had gone out of her voice and face, and her eyes were downcast. But he walked beside her to the corner, and there stopped and looked at her as he held her hand. The question that rose to his lips was, "When can I see you again?" but he could not put it.

"Good-night," he said; and she must have caught the wistfulness of his tone, for she raised her eyes and looked at him with an answering wistfulness.

"Good-night—and thank you, once more," she whispered; and went on her way.

Though she did not glance back she knew that he was waiting and watching her, guarding her; but presently as she reached the entrance to the Rents she heard his retreating footsteps, and they echoed sadly in her heart.

She was entering the house when suddenly she became conscious of a feeling of loss; and awoke to the fact that her books were not under her arm. She stopped aghast, and remembered that she had put them on the window ledge in the hall, near which she had been standing. Without her books she could not do her "preparation" for the next day's class. She thought for a moment in poignant distress, then she turned quickly and ran in the direction of the hall. She feared that the place would be closed, but she found one of the doors open and entered.

The hall itself was in darkness, but a light came from the transom over the door leading into a small room, in which some persons were speaking; and, half guided by this light, and half feeling her way, she reached the spot where she had been standing.

Her beloved books were still there, and, clasping them with a sense of relief and thanksgiving, she turned to go; but at that moment the door opened, and Clive came out. Behind him, within the room, she saw several men, amongst them the unwashed foreigner, Koshki. Clive was looking grave and rather angry, and as Koshki made way for him to pass through the crowd the Pole said suddenly:

"Zen that ish your last word, my frent?"

"Absolutely my last word," said Clive sternly. "Not only will I have nothing to do with your proceedings; but if I hear any more of such a proposal as that you have made, Mr. Koshki, I shall feel it my duty to denounce the scoundrels who contemplate this villainy to the proper authorities."

"Zo! You threaten!" snarled Koshki with a sneer.

"If you like to put it so, yes," returned Clive. "Good night."

Mina drew back trembling; and in the darkness he passed quite close to her and went out. She waited for a moment or two, then was stealing towards the door when she heard above the angry murmuring in the other room Koshki's voice exclaiming angrily:

"Bah! You leave this vine aristocrat to me! I vill take ze charge of him. He call me scoundrel. Me, Koshki, the patriot of Warsaw! Leave him to me, my bruzzers. I vill show him zat we are not vorms for him to tread on; and if we are, zat vorms vill turn. Scoundrel! No man call Koshki scoundrel wizout paying vor it. Hein! We shall zee!"

With a throbbing heart Mina listened, half turned to fly, then she heard a movement in the room as if the men were coming out, and she fled.

CHAPTER XI.

Mina ran to the end of the street, but when she had got round the corner she stopped, and, breathing hard with her hand pressed to her bosom, looked about her anxiously: if she could only see Mr. Clive and warn him! But Clive was, of course, not in sight; and, weighed down by apprehension, she went homewards.

Her first impulse was to tell Elisha of all she had heard; but she reflected that, as he did not know Mr. Clive's address, he could not warn him, could not help him. She had read of the outrages perpetrated by the foreign Anarchists, and, half-distraught by terror, she pictured her hero and benefactor maimed and bleeding, even done to death, by the scoundrels who were plotting in that inner room.

She knew that he was not afraid, and that in his contempt of danger lay the peril which threatened him. And she was powerless to help, to save him! She thought of the police; but she was afraid that Mr. Clive would be angry with her if she went to them and told them all she had heard; and, besides, it would be easy for the scoundrels to evade them, to lie in wait for their victim, and deal the deadly blow in secret. They had but to throw a bomb, to stab or fell him as he passed through the streets.

She could not do her lessons that night, could not practise, and was so pale and distraught that Tibby insisted upon her going to bed; and she lay awake, listening to the shrill cries of the quarreling women, the laughter and the oaths of the drunken men as they came staggering out of the public-houses at closing time.

But, with her mortal fear, there throbbed in her heart Clive's deep clear voice, and the eloquent words which had moved the audience so wonderfully. It thrilled through her even as she lay and quaked with anxiety, and asked herself the ceaseless question, "What shall I do? What shall I do?"

She fell asleep at last as the dawn, beautiful even in Benson's Rents, stole through the curtains, and fell like a balm on her pale face; but she woke with a start and a cry of terror from a dream in which she had seen her hero lying stricken and bleeding at her feet.

"Seems to me that there's too much o' this school business," Tibby said, as she tied on her bonnet, and eyed Mina sternly. "You're as pale as a turnip; and you're getting as skinny as a chicken on a shop board. What with the pianner an' the singin' an' the everlasting studying, you're wearing yerself out; an' if yer don't take precious good care you'll be playin' the 'arp and singin' in 'eaven before long. Just you chuck it for to-day and go out for a good trapes. You're one o' the kind that wants air: I don't; I don't mind bein' shut up in a factory where it's thick enough to cut with a 'atchet; but you're different. You chuck it, and go out on the spree. D'yer mind me?"

Mina did not remonstrate, but promised that she would; and soon after breakfast she put on her best out-door things, and went out; of course, with the vague idea that she might by chance see Mr. Clive. It had occurred to her that he might be living in the neighborhood—that he had been going home the night they had first met; so she walked quickly yet observantly through the streets of the better class, pausing now and then to glance about her.

Her woman's wit did her service, for, with a sudden leap of the heart, and a rush of blood to her face, she saw Clive coming out of the house in Burleigh Street.

He was walking quickly with a preoccupied air, and she shrank into a doorway, too nervous and shy to attract his attention now that he had come upon her suddenly; and he passed her. She fought for calmness, self-possession, then walked after him; but Clive had gained the main thoroughfare, and was looking for a 'bus before he heard her panting cry of, "Oh, stop!"

(To be continued.)

THE MORMON PRESIDENT.

Joseph Smith Is a Man of Remarkable Ability.

President Joseph Smith, head of the Mormon Church throughout the world, has just made a visit to Canada, and while here dedicated the ground for the first Mormon Temple on British soil. The occasion was marked by a civic celebration in the



Mr. Joseph Smith.

town of Cardston, Alberta, where the event occurred. The president came in a private train with his councillors, bishops, and advisors, and spent three days on Canadian soil.

The Mormon people are making rapid gains in Canada. They are the pioneers of Southern Alberta, and own upwards of 200,000 acres of land in this country. Seven years ago the Church purchased one tract of 67,000 acres, which is being colonized with people from Utah.

Joseph Fielding Smith was born at Far West, Missouri, on the 13th of November, 1838. He was the son of Hyrum Smith, brother of the original Joseph Smith, founder of the Mormon Church. His mother was of Scotch descent, and from her the boy Joseph received his early education, with the Bible as text-book.

In 1846, at the time the Mormons were compelled to flee from Nauvoo, Ill., young Smith was six years old, and his mother a widow. His father, Hyrum Smith, had been killed by a mob at Carthage, Ill., two years before. In 1848, when the long trek was made to Utah, the Smith boy, then 8 years of age, drove a team of oxen across the Western plains. Arriving in the Salt Lake Valley, Joseph was nine years old, and became a herd boy of the Mormon cattle. It is his proud boast that he "never lost a hoof."

In the annual report relating to Irish agricultural laborers, it is estimated that the savings in 1912 of Irish laborers who emigrated to England approximated $950,000.

On the Farm

Succulent Food for Dairy Cows

We know that cows usually give the largest amount of milk when they are on good pasture. Their chief feed is, then, new-grown grass. This would indicate that such feed is better for milk production than are the dry feeds fed in winter. Green feed is more easily digested than is dry, coarse, fodder, such as hay, fodded corn and corn stover. Moreover, less energy is required to digest it, it tends to keep the body and digestive system in better condition, and it stimulates the appetite. We know this from human experience. In the winter, when vegetables are scarce and we eat potatoes, bread and meat for a long time, we become tired of them, and crave something succulent, like fruit or green vegetables. In well-regulated homes, such food is supplied by canned or fresh vegetables and fruits.

The barrel of apples in the cellar is not especially valuable from the view-point of the amount of nourishment contained. The great value of the apples is due to the fact that they aid in toning up the whole system and satisfy the craving for something succulent. In like manner it pays to supply the live stock on the farm with something to take the place of the green grass they get in summer. The whole ration need not be of a succulent material, but that portion of it should be such, is quite essential to best results. Just as an apple or two each day is good for a boy or girl, so are a few pounds each day of succulent feed, such as roots or silage, good for farm animals.—T. L. Haecker.

Rotation or Failure—Which?

The accumulation of noxious weeds, diseases and insects on the farm is one of the most serious sources of loss. This results, as a rule, from the constant growth or too long continued culture of the same crop or class of crops on the same land. Wilt in various crops, bacterial disease, grain rusts and weeds and insects too numerous to mention all accumulate in the soil under the one-crop system.

These pests often multiply to such an extent that ultimately it becomes impossible to secure profitable returns from land thus infested. Resistant varieties must then be secured or crops cultivated on land not subject to these pests. All these troubles can be avoided and the fertility of the soil greatly improved by intelligent systems of rotation.

Orchard Drainage.

There are two types of drainage that must be kept in mind in locating and planting an orchard; air drainage and soil drainage. The spot selected should be high, for cold air seeks the lower levels, and frosts come first in pockets and low-lying belts. If a valley or coulee is chosen, it should have a wide opening at its lower end. A rolling site, somewhat elevated, will usually afford good air drainage.

The soil drainage also will generally be good in a high, rolling exposure. "Fruit trees can't stand wet feet." Perfect soil drainage must be provided, if it is no t already present. Tile or open drains may be called into use. If tile is used it should lie in the middle between the rows, to effect even drainage and to prevent as far as possible the filling of the drain with roots.

Starting Alfalfa.

Experience teaches that given good soil and a well pulverized seed bed, alfalfa will generally grow well. Of course, some soils are better suited to it than others. The only way is to try it. If it will not grow on a properly trained seed bed then you will have to resort to inoculation. If so, you would better apply to your nearest experiment station. Still, if you prepare a shallow, completely pulverized seed bed about three inches deep and sow about twenty pounds of seed to the acre, you will get a crop.

CORNER IN BEANS FAILS.

Egyptians Won't Buy Them When Price Is Raised.

It has been said Lord Kitchener's Egyptian homestead law had ruined the trade of the usurers who had in the past reaped untold profits out of the luckless fellah, whom they had been won't to exploit to an infamous degree.

But some of those gentry, shrewder than their colleagues, found what they thought was a surer means of making vast profits. They knew the fellah and his cattle lived at certain times of the year on beans, grown locally. So they decided to corner the bean supply, which is only just sufficient to meet the demand. Up went the price by leaps and bounds, and the fellah began to find beans becoming somewhat of a luxury.

Now the fellah may be improvident, but he is no fool. He at once stopped buying beans, and fed himself and his cattle on other produce. As a result, prices dropped. But the fellah was not to be had. He continued to eschew beans, and as the latter do not improve by keeping, and the banks, who had, in some cases, advanced the cornerers on their stocks, began to force them to realize, prices have gone down to such an extent that the stocks have all had to be sold at a dead loss.

For once in a way the fellah has come out on top, and the would-be market manipulators are bitterly rueing that they did not find out "how many beans made five" before they touched them.



So Much For History.

Horace sat and gnawed his pen, concentrating a look of hatred on the blank sheet of paper before him. From his seat he could see every member of the class writing, as if for dear life, an essay on Henry VIII.—their allotted task.

His pen alone was idle.

"Two minutes more!" came from the teacher. Then Horace, in desperation, seized his pen and made a bid for fame—as follows:

"Henry VIII. was a King of England, and the greatest widower as never was. He was born at a place called Anno Domino, and he had sixty wives. The first he ordered to be executed, but she was beheaded. He revoked the second, and the third died; and then he married Annie Bowling, the daughter of Tom Bowling. When he died he was succeeded on the throne by his Aunt Mary. Her full name was Mary Queen of Scots, or the Lay of the Last Minstrel."

Second thoughts are sometimes best in a case of love at first sight.

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Household

Good Things From Grapes.

Green Grape Jelly.—For this purpose the wild or "fox" grapes, as they are called in some parts of the country, are the best. Strip them from the stems and wash them, then put them into the preserving kettle with the water which adheres to them and heat them slowly. It is well to lay an inverted plate in the bottom of the kettle that the grapes may not stick and scorch. Especially is this necessary if the cooking i done over gas. In this case it is better to set the kettle on an asbestos mat placed over the flame. When the grapes are broken to pieces by the cooking crush them still more with a paddle or wooden spoon, turn them into a jelly bag, let the juice drip through and measure this. To each pint of it allow a pound and a half of sugar. Return the juice to the fire, bring it to a boil, and after it has cooked for fifteen minutes put in the sugar, which it is well to heat in pans in the oven; it should be hot through but not melted. As soon as the sugar is dissolved in the juice and this returns to the boil take from the fire and put into glasses, rinsing these out in boiling water. Put a spoon in each before pouring in the hot jelly, to save the chance of cracking.

Green Grapes Preserved.—Wash the grapes, remove them from the stems, and cut each grape in half; remove the seeds and then weigh the grapes. Allow a pound of sugar to each pound of the fruit and put sugar and fruit together into a preserving kettle. Cook slowly until very thick, then turn into jars, while the preserves are still boiling hot and seal.

Spiced Grapes (1).—Stem, wash, and pulp grapes and stew the pulp gently until it can be rubbed through a fine colander which will hold the seeds. Measure the pulp. For every five pints of this and the juice allow a pint of cider vinegar, four pounds of brown sugar, three tablespoons of ground cinnamon, and two of ground cloves. Put these with the grape pulp and juice, turn into a preserving ket-[illegible], and stew slowly until very [illegible]ck. Keep in jelly glasses or [illegible]rs with closely fitting tops.

Spiced Grapes (2).—Wash, stem, and pulp the grapes and seed them. You can do this before they are cooked—a tedious process—or you may cook them gently, as directed in the preceding recipe, and rub through a fine colander to remove the seeds. In either case weigh or measure the fruit, after it is pulped and seeded and to five pounds or five pints allow two and a half pounds of granulated sugar and a half pint of vinegar. Put these with the pulp and juice over the fire, add two ounces of whole cloves and the same quantity of stick cinamon, broken into small pieces. Boil for half an hour, or until the mixture is very thick. It should be of such consistency that the juice is absorbed and does not run. Put the fruit into jelly glasses while it is still very hot and cover and close as you would jelly, with rounds of tissue paper or paraffin and metal tops. These finishing touches cannot be given, of course, until the jelly is solid and firm.

Grape Marmalade. — Pick the grapes from the stems and measure them. Allow a half pint cup of sugar to an equal quantity of grapes and then pulp the grapes. Do not throw away the skins. Put the pulp over the fire in a double boiler or a porcelain lined kettle and cook gently until it is so tender that the seeds come out when the grapes are rubbed through a colander. You must use a fine colander, which will not permit the seeds to go through. Return the seedless pulp and the juice flowing from it to the fire with the skins of the grapes, add the sugar, and cook until the mixture is very thick; take from the fire and seal in jars.

Pickled Grapes.—For this the grapes must be just ripe, but not dead ripe or soft. They should be [illegible] fresh as you can get them. Pick [illegible] from the stems carefully, so [illegible] to break the fruit, wash [illegible] and shake in a cloth, so as to [illegible]ve part of the moisture; then weigh the fruit. For every seven pounds of this allow four pounds of granulated sugar, a quart of vinegar, and put these over the fire with a teaspoonful each of cloves and of cinnamon tied up in little bags of cheesecloth. Bring the vinegar, sugar, and spices to the boil, and while they are heating pack the uncooked grapes in stone or glass jars. Turn the boiling spiced vinegar in upon them and cover. Press down the grapes and hold them with a saucer or plate from floating if they are in a stone crock. They will be ready for use at the end of ten days. Watch them for any signs of fermentation, and if this should appear drain off the vinegar, scald it again, and pour it back on the grapes while boiling hot.

Household Hints.

To get rid of ants' nests pour petroleum over them.

Old fruit stains can often be removed by oxalic acid.

To keep the hands white, wash them with oatmeal water.

A new kind of washable cotton thread for embroidery is called ratine.

Always iron pongee on the wrong side over a heavily padded ironing board.

To curl an ostrich feather sprinkle it with salt and shake in front of a hot fire.

To keep a kitchen table white, wash it first with vinegar, then scrub it as usual.

Natural or "unpolished" rice is far more wholesome than the shiny white kind.

Every housekeeper does not know that ice creams can be flavored with tea just as they are with coffee.

Sew a bit of velvet inside the heels of your shoes, and it will save a good many holes in your stockings.

Never wash the face directly after exposure to the burning sun. Use cold cream instead and wash later.

Cut ripe watermelon into dice, sprinkle with sugar and a little orange juice. Serve ice cold in a tall glass.

Ripe tomatoes are said to be good for taking ink stains out of dark cloth. Sponge with cold rain water after using.

A little raspberry juice added to the currant juice which is to be made into jelly improves the flavor decidedly.

Net corset covers with shields inside of them are ideally light and comfortable to wear with lingerie dresses.

Rice water is made by boiling one-half cup of rice in one quart of water till well done, then strain through cheese-cloth and serve cold.

To renovate a white enamel bedstead rub the iron parts all over with a cloth dipped in paraffin, then paint it with white enamel paint.

To make toast water for invalids toast very brown a slice of bread, break it in bits and pour a cup of boiling water over it. Chill before serving.

Blouses of net or chiffon do not need to be dried out of doors. Roll in a towel after rinsing or wave through the air and iron with a cool iron.

A pretty salad is made of lettuce leaves shredded, sliced red radishes and young onions sliced thin. Mix together with a good French dressing.

To clean white kid shoes, soak a clean white cloth in gasoline, then dip in powdered prepared chalk. Rub till all dirt is removed and dry the shoes in the air, not in the sun.

A good luncheon dish is made of left-over ham and chicken, put through the chopper. Put in a baking dish with layers of boiled macaroni, with the top layer of bread crumbs.

Tender feet should be bathed every night in warm water with a tablespoonful of vinegar added, then powder them with a foot powder. All hard skin should be rubbed with pumice stone.

To remove varnish stains from white goods, moisten the stain with ammonia, put on a few drops of turpentine and roll it for twenty minutes. Wash with soapy water, rinse and dry in the sun.

An easy way of making water ices is with jam. Mix four heaping teaspoonfuls of jam with one-half pint of cold water; add the juice of a small lemon; strain and freeze. Or fruit syrups may be used instead of jam.

AIRSHIPS FOR INVALIDS.

Advocated as a Method of Giving Them Abundant Ozone.

The use of airships to enable sufferers from incipient tuberculosis to obtain "the very best of fresh air" is the novel suggestion put forward by Lieut. Col. J. D. F. Donegan, R.A.M.C., in an article in the Hospital, of London

At present a form of wire mooring has, he says, been invented, which in a way enabled a flying machine to be 'independent of the ground. It certainly is not outside the range of possibility to imagine the roofs of our hospitals fitted with such contrivances, and to picture the sick and wounded being conveyed by air and put into their respective wards, even through the windows. The suggestion may appear ridiculous, but ten years ago the possibility of a man being able to fly 830 miles in a day would have been considered infinitely more so.

Nowadays the open-air treatment for consumption is an accepted fact. Already with the revolving-cone system of anchorage an airship can remain in the air, like a ship at anchor. Why should not this means of obtaining fresh air for incipient tuberculosis cases be tried as years roll on?

Getting Up in the World.

Architect (enthusiastically) — When you get into the new house you won't know yourselves.

Mrs. Newrich—Excuse me, it will be other people we won't know.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, OCTOBER 5.

Lesson I. Moses's Cry for Help—Num. 11.4-33. Golden Text, James 5, 16.

Verse 10. And Moses heard the people weeping—Complaining in a petulant, childish way of their desert hardships and the lack of the kind of food to which they had been accustomed in Egypt. The last eight chapters of Exodus, all of the book of Leviticus, and the first ten chapters of Numbers, covering the ritual and the laws concerning religious feasts, festivals, and services in the sanctuary, intervene between our lesson narrative and that of two weeks ago. The camp at Sinai has been broken up and the people under the leadership of Moses have resumed their journey through the wilderness toward the land of promise. The resumption of the march served to emphasize anew the privation which they were compelled to endure throughout their wilderness pilgrimage. In comparison the wilderness privations seem harder to bear than the burdens of Egyptian slavery; hence the murmuring and complaint of the people, both against Jehovah and against Moses, for having brought them into the desert.

Moses was displeased—Both with the people for their murmuring and with things in general. He therefore proceeds to expostulate with Jehovah for placing on him the entire burden and responsibility of leadership of such a fickle and irresolute people.

11. Dealt ill with thy servant—Made my lot so hard.

The burden of all this people—The task of leading the people unaided to their distant destination (compare Exod. 33. 1-3).

12. Have I conceived?—Emphasis is placed on the pronoun, the implication of the question being that Jehovah himself, and not Moses, is responible for the existence and present state of Israel.

A nursing-father—Foster-nurses, both men and women, played an important part in wealthier Hebrew families. The addition of a single letter in the Hebrew, however, would change the expression to foster-mother, which many expositors consider to be the expression originally intended.

Which thou swarest unto their fathers—Compare the promises in Gen. 24. 7; Exod. 13. 5, 11, and other passages.

13. Give us flesh—The immediate complaint of the people was the entire absence of meat diet (compare verses 4 and 5 of this chapter).

14. I am not able to bear all this people—Verse 13 is parenthetical, this verse continuing the thought of verse 12.

15. Kill me, I pray thee—Moses prefers to die rather than continue to carry unaided the burden resting upon him.

Out of hand—Forthwith.

See my wretchedness — Experience it further without prospect of relief.

16. Elders of Israel—Heads of prominent families in the different tribes.

Officers—"Leaders in war, ready with counsel, and arbitrators in disputes." In a later period of the people's history the coming in of more complex conditions of settled life brought with it a division of labor whereby some of the elders became judges, some military leaders, and others representative men ad officers in other departments of public life.

The tent of meeting — The appointed place of communion with Jehovah.

17. I will take of the Spirit which is upon thee—The Spirit is thought of materially and quantitatively. It rested upon Moses in such abundance that he can share his enduement of power with the seventy elders without himself becoming impoverished thereby. Here, as elsewhere, one purpose of the narrative seems to be to set forth the superiority of Moses over all others in point of virtue and of his close relation to Jehovah. The seventy elders are to aid him in bearing the burden of guiding and governing the people.

18. Sanctify yourselves — Make yourselves ceremonially clean; observe the ritualistic forms of cleansing and abstain from all actions which defile, in order to prepare yourselves for the special manifestation of Jehovah's providence.

Verses 19-23 amplify the promise of verse 18 more in detail.

24. Moses . . . told the people—Gave them Jehovah's command that they prepare for the manifestation of his power.

Gathered the seventy men—As commanded in verse 16.

25. Jehovah came down in the cloud—The cloud which ever since the crossing of the Red Sea had symbolized for them the presence of Jehovah in the day time as the pillar of fire did at night.

They prophesied—Under the influence of the newly imparted Spirit and as a testimony to their appointment to leadership with Moses. The added clause, But they did no more, indicates that the gift of prophecy was for this special occasion and was not repeated.



The Two Eldest Daughters of the Czar.

Nicholas of Russia, Emperor and Autocrat of all the Russias, to give him his real title, has five children, of whom the two eldest are presented here. These are the Grande Duchesse Olga Nicolaievna, who was born at Tsarkoie Selo on November 3, 1895, and the Grande Duchess Tatiana Nicolaievna, who was born at Peterhof on May 29, 1897. The three younger children are the Grande Duchesse Marie, who was born in 1899; the Grande Duchesse Anastasie, who was born in 1901; and the Grand Duke Alexis, the heir to the throne, who was born in 1904. Both the Princess Olga and the Princess Tatiana are colonels of regiments in Russia, and, needless to say, look very charming in their military costumes—the Princess Olga as a colonel of Hussars, and the Princess Tatiana as a colonel of Uhlans.

THE AMAZON COUNTRY.

Immense Areas That Are Without a Permanent Population.

Two explorers who have been looking for the sources of the Amazon arrived home recently with stories well calculated to arouse the interest of adventurous spirits who are weary of civilization and eager to erect a lodge in some vast wilderness. Dr. Hamilton Rice, an Englishman, and P. P. Ritter von Bauer of Vienna are the story-tellers, and Dr. Rice says that the country they entered is wilder than Africa was when Livingston was making his explorations. "For fifty days at a time we did not see a human being outside of our own party of twelve, so you see we passed through a country which never before had been entered by a human being."

The reference, of course, is to the upper stretches of the river, for a British war vessel has ascended 2,000 miles above the mouth, where there is a width of 9,000 feet and a channel 66 feet deep. Moreover, European steamers make regular trips 50 miles above that point, and the stream is navigable for large boats for a distance of 3,000 miles.

The fact is that the Amazon is in a class by itself. A common estimate of its length is 4,000 miles, its main mouth is 50 miles wide, its delta is said to be larger than that of the Nile and the Ganges combined, it rises in the Andes 16,000 feet above sea level, plunges through great canyons that must be among nature's wonders, and drains a valley that is five-sixths as large as the United States.

Whether the two explorers actually went where men had never been before would be difficult to prove, but there are certainly immense areas that are without a permanent population. The Indians have decreased in numbers and the white men who penetrate the vast jungle are intent chiefly on making what they can out of nature's wealth of timber. Rubber, nuts and wood are products of the forests which tempt them. Given a sufficient money inducement they will conquer the entire wilderness, but there are still opportunities for pioneering such as are hardly possible in any other part of the world.

Grains of Gold.

Nine tenths of the miseries and vices of mankind proceed from idleness.—Carlyle.

The human race is divided into two classes—those that go ahead and do something, and those that sit still and inquire why it was not done the other way. — O. W. Holmes.

If a man does not keep pace with his companions perhaps it is because he hears a different drummer. Let him march to the music which he hears, however measured or far away.—Thoreau.

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What is Going on in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

The police are investigating several cases of housebreaking which have taken place at Cambuslang.

An open-air bathing station at Dundee has a curious pet—a seal which frolics with the swimmers.

The Minto Challenge Cup was won at Malleny by the team of the 2nd Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders.

Owing to the Leith Dockers' strike, ships have been lying at the port with grain cargoes undischarged for weeks.

Three patients have died of typhoid fever and twenty-five are under treatment in the Glasgow Infectious Hospital.

A branch of the Farm Servants' Union has been formed at Tranent with a very large and representative mem-

Milngavie Town Council is to proceed with a town-planning scheme, to include about 1,000 acres of land outside the burgh.

There are 2,564 small holdings in Argyllshire exceeding one and not exceding fifty acres of arable land and permanent pasture.

Married bowlers in Kilmacolm are receiving every encouragement from their wives. One of the prizes consists of two tons of coal.

The coming of age of Lord Doune, eldest son of the Earl and Countess of Moray, was celebrated at a large gathering at Kinfaun.

The Sanquhar and Kirkconnel Collieries have made a start with the first block of new houses to be erected by them in Buccleuch road, Sanquhar.

Isle of Wight disease has been rampant among bees in the parish of Urr, Kirkcudbrightshire, of late. Over 60 hives have been killed by its ravages.

Twynholm and district regret the retirement from the office of postmaster of Mr. Wm. Stewart, who has filled that position for forty-eight years.

A serious stoppage of work has taken place in several Clyde shipyards. Every yard in Govan is affected by the strike, and it is feared the strike will spread all over the Clyde.

The Dunfermline and District Tramways Company have agreed to extend their line of rails from the present terminus in High Street to the district of Milesmark in the west.

After considerable delay the plans have at last been passed in connection with the initial venture in Sikirk of the erection of dwelling houses on the Garden City principle.

The extraordinary scene of a large barrel of whiskey on fire in a busy thoroughfare was witnessed in Bothwell Street, Glasgow. The fire brigade extinguished the flames.

Complaints to the number of 663, affecting 2,032 children, have been investigated during the past month by the Scottish National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

A whale disported itself in the Firth of Clyde for about an hour recently. The monster, which was at least 30 feet long, sent up high columns of water, and was watched by crowds of people.

A room in the Selkirk Public Library is at present being fitted up with cases and shelves to hold many articles of historic and antiquarian interest, which have been presented to the burgh.

EUROPEAN GOSSIP

Hunters for the Prince of Wales.

The Prince of Wales is looking forward to doing a considerable amount of hunting during the coming season, and a few hunters are shortly to be sent from Sandringham to Oxford for the use of his Royal Highness. The young Prince is a first-rate horseman, and was out last winter with the West Norfolk pack upon two or three occasions while staying at York Cottage. When he rides with this pack again he will have Prince Albert as his companion, while Princess Mary will attend several of the meets, though the Queen does not intend to allow her only daughter to ride to hounds for some years to come. Indeed, her Majesty considers that ladies are rather out of place in the hunting field, and has never followed the hounds herself. In due course the Prince of Wales is to become a member of the National Hunt Club, but this is not likely to be for another year or two yet. He will be seen out with the hounds whenever his studies will permit, but the King is insistent that none of his sons shall allow sport of any kind to interfere with the progress of his education.

King or Ex-King.

Quite a hot discussion is going on in suburbia on the correct title to be used in addressing a young scion of Royalty who is at present in the limelight. People—even private individuals who can have no earthly connection with the matter and who have the very slenderest chance of ever being in a position to use either the one address or the other—are waxing hot with partisanship. Is it to be "King" Manuel or "ex-King" Manuel? Needless to say that in suburbia the "King" faction is the ruling faction. I notice that the Conservative papers, from "The Times" downwards, speak of "King Manuel," while the Liberal papers refer to him as "ex-King" or "om Manuel." There is, of course, no rule in the matter. If you are a partisan of a king in exile you still speak of him as "King." If you dislike, or are indifferent to him, you speak of him as ex-King. No one, for example, ever thought of referring to ex-King Milan in the more flattering way. It was the case of an ex-King who had no friends.

The Coming Army Manoeuvres.

Although the army manoeuvres this year will not be so interesting to the lay observer yet they promise to be of more than ordinary interest to soldiers. Sir John French is attempting something that has never been attempted in this country before; that is to say, he will manoeuvre the whole availabie regular force as an army marching in one direction. Unfortunately, his units will not be mobilized at war strength. It is probable that during part of the advance Sir John's four divisions will be able to use parallel roads, but doubtless at some period he will be forced to have two divisions marching upon the same road. All this is a most difficult manoeuvre, especially in an enclosed country. The element of reality will be introduced into the operations by the presence of an enemy largely composed of Territorial cavalry. As this will be commanded by General Briggs, who earned such a reputation last year in the manoeuvres for the adroit skill with which he handled a mounted brigade, it is certain that many elements of hostile annoyance will be introduced to vary the monotony of the infantry march. This class of operations will give great opportunity for aeroplanes, and General Henderson is understood to have arranged a special system for control by air-umpires. It will be remembered that aeroplanes and dirigibles were neutral last year.

Prince Albert's Naval Career.

Now that his sons are old enough to serve in his fleet as naval officers, King George shows in the selection of the ships to which they go that he does not forget his old shipmates in the service. It is easy to see why the battleship Collingwood has been chosen as Prince Albert's first ship as midshipman, because she is the flagship of Vice-Admiral the Hon. Sir Stanley Colville, an old friend and brother naval officer of His Majesty.

In 1885, when King George was appointed as a midshipman to the Canada, a small corvette on the North America and West Indies station, Sir Stanley Colville was a lieutenant of the vessel, and in the Alexandra, five years later, in the Mediterranean, the King and Sir Stanley were lieutenants together. After twenty-five years' more service the latter is given the opportunity of welcoming to his flagship the son of his former Royal colleague. A similar thing happened in the case of the Prince of Wales' appointment as a midshipman, for three months in 1911 to the Hindustan, that ship being commanded at that time by Captain H. H. Campbell, who had served with the King in the Crescent and other ships.

No favor whatever has been shown Prince Albert in passing from the grade of naval cadet to that of midshipman, the first step on the naval ladder. He has had to serve the full four years and eight months as cadet, for it was in January, 1909, that he first went to Osborne. The Prince of Wales, who cannot follow up a naval career, had seven months taken off his cadet's time, and is already a lieutenant, but Prince Albert will follow the service routine.

Luxurious Dentistry.

The newest developments in surgical and mechanical dentistry are now on show at the Dental Exhibition, London. Conservative dentistry is specially prominent, and the most distinctive novelty in this connection is a new machine for administering an anaesthetic when an operator is carrying on extensive drilling and filling operations. These operations, as well as teeth extractions, can now, it it claimed, be carried through in luxurious comfort. The anaesthetic used is a mixture of nitrous oxide and oxygen—a modification of our old friend "laughing gas," which is composed of nitrous oxide and atmospheric air. For drilling operations the patient is kept in what is called the analyesic state, which is a halfway house between normal sensibility and anaesthesia. In this condition, it is explained, he feels no pain and is able to answer any questions that the operator may put to him. For extractions doses sufficient to produce complete anaesthesia are given. This machine has also, I understand, been used with success in critical operations in abdominal surgery. It is claimed that the gases used form by far the safest of all anaesthetics, as the operator can on the slightest symptom of collapse cut off the nitrous oxide and pour in pure oxygen.

General Booth's First Colonial Visit.

Since General Bramwell Booth succeeded his father as the head of the Salvation Army he has confined his attention almost entirely to the home work of the organization. Now, however, he has decided to examine at close quarters the activities of the Army in other fields, and during the next few years he intends to visit many of the chief centres in distant climes. A start is to be made in a few weeks, and almost the whole of November will be spent in Canada and the United States. During General Booth's stay on the other side of the Atlantic he will fulfill a number of engagements that are being arranged for him in Toronto, Winnipeg, Chicago, and New York. Later he will undertake similar tours in the Far East, in India, and in Australia.

London, Sept. 11, 1913.

He Knew, He Knew.

Baker—I understand your late wife could make everything in the cook-book.

Dyspeptic—She not only could, but did.

Heard.

Exe—It's too bad Jenks "fell down," he was getting along so splendidly.

Wye—Ah, well, Jenks isn't the first man who stubbed his toe on the threshold of success.

THE MAILS

	Despatched	Arrive
Day, west	12.30 p.m.	1.30 "
Waddington	1.30 "	3.00 "
Day, east	3.30 "	4.30 "
Winchester	2.00 "	11.15 a.m.
Night, east	7.30 "	
Night, west	7.30 "	
Sunday, E. & W.	7.30 "	

TIME-TABLE

EASTBOUND

No. 8 (daily) .....due 4.19 a.m.
" 12 (daily except Sun) " 6.55 a.m.
" 4 (daily)..... " 3.32 p.m.
" 6 (daily except Sun) " 3.55 p.m.
" 76 Sunday Only..... " 5.20 p m.

WESTBOUND

No. 7 (daily).....due 12 48 a m.
" 11 (daily exc'pt Sun.) due 7.47 p.m.
" 5 (daily)..... " 10.13 p.m.

The Leader

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY

The Leader Publishing Co.

THURSDAY, OCT. 2. 1913.

MATILDA COUNCIL

A regular meeting of Matilda council was held in Cooper's Hall, Brinston, on Saturday, September 13th. Members all present.

On motion by Johnston and Marcellus an order was issued to pay W. J. Murdock $12 for 100 rods wire fence also S. I. Casselman $3.25 for repairing award drain eastern boundary.

On motion by Cooper and Louden an order was issued to pay Widw Tenant $5.40 for 36 loads of gravel also Widow Tuttle $51.60 for 258 loads of gravel also James Casselman $6.60 for 55 rods of wire fence.

On motion by Louden and Marcellus an order was issued to pay John Armstrong $8.75 for hauling stone on gravel road, Anson Serviss $45.50 for stone and hauling stone on gravel road, P. Lockerbie $15 for hauling stone.

On motion by Cooper and Marcellus an order was issued to pay Henry Strader $111.50 for hauling stone, running grader and 36 yards of gravel also T. Wells $481.75 for crushing stone to date.

On motion by Cooper and Johnston an order was issued to pay John Armstrong $5.00 for taking stump out Nine Mile road and filling hole.

On motion by Johnston and Louden an order was issued to pay W. D. Johnston $12 for repairing bridge near Silas Collison's

On motion by Cooper and Johnston an order was issued to pay J. N. Bouck $39 for 13 cords of stone.

On motion by Johnston and Cooper an order was issued to pay Angus Houlahan $6 for 50 rods wire fence.

On motion by Cooper and Johnston an order was issued to pay Gaun Gelmer $12.25 for hauling tile and work on road also Ed. Thompson $1.25 for repairing bridge and hauling stone.

On motion by Louden and Johnston an order was issued to pay Russell Coons $9.50 for 2 cords of stone and work on gravel road.

On motion by Johnston and Louden an order was issued to pay Ralph Locke $35.50 for work on road west of E. P. Foster's.

On motion by Cooper and Marcellus an order was issued to pay John Keeler $9 for putting fire out in marsh.

On motion by Cooper and Louden an order was issued to pay A. Kennedy $3.92 for 49 ft cedar also Wesley McCaslin $12 25 for work on front road.

On motion by Louden and Cooper an order was issued to pay Peter Harkness $64 for 13 cord of stone, work on road and repairing waggons also Wm. Mullin $9.25 for 37 yards of gravel.

On motion by Johnston and Marcellus an order was issued to pay John F. Casselman $32.25 for grading in eastern boundary.

On motion by Cooper and Marcellus an order was issued to pay James Shaver $4.50 for work in front road also Anson Serviss $1 for stone.

On motion by Cooper and Johnston an order was issued to pay Frank Milligan $119 for digging 170 rods ditch on Nine Mile road between lots 5 and 7, con 7.

On motion by Johnston and Marcellus an order was issued to pay A. H. Dixon $218.50 for tile.

On motion by Cooper and Marcellus an order was issued to pay John Sypes $3 for digging out fire in Marsh road also Edward Gilson $4.50 for work on Gravel road.

On motion by Cooper and Johnston an order was issued to pay Geo. Hodge $141.75 for 31½ cords of stone.

Moved by Cooper and Louden that this council confirm the action of the reeve and clerk in buying two spreader waggons from Sawyer-Massey Co.

On motion by Cooper and Louden an order was issued to pay G. T. R. $12.49 for freight on spreader waggons also Russell Coons $24 for 8 cords stone.

On motion by Johnston and Louden an order was issued to pay Wm. Merkley $3 for putting in tile between cons. 5 and 6.

Moved by Louden and Johnston that the clerk be instructed to write the Ontario Bridge Co. regarding a bridge across south branch in gravel road.

On motion of Johnston and Marcellus an order was issued to pay Rural School fair $25

On motion of Marcellus and Johnston orders were passed in favor of the following parties:—

F. M. Eagleson, C.E., services John Armstrong award, $69 75; the clerk, fees as per award, $12 90; Geo. Wickwire, assisting engineer, $8; M. Thorpe, $1.50; John Armstrong, $1.25; John Corker, $1; Chas. Fossitt, 50c; F. M. Eagleson, services Jesse Coons award, $28.55; the clerk, fees as per award $13 30; D. A Redmond, assisting engineer, $1; Jesse Coons, $1; Methodist Church, 50c; the clerk fees C. Steinburg award, $7.30; C. Steinburg, assisting engineer $4; A. Ault, 50c; John Leezert, 50c; Frank Murray, 50c; the clerk, fees John Huggard award, $3.30; John Huggard, assisting engineer, $2.50; Guy Shaver, 50c; the clerk, fees D. Barry award, 75; the clerk, postage and telephone account, $10.

On motion of Cooper and Marcellus an order was issued to pay Municipal World, $23.62 for supplies, also R. S. Pelton, $68 25 for printing, also Shaw & Earl $176 19 for cedar.

On motion of Cooper and Louden an order was issued to pay R. Cooper $2 for hall rent.

Moved by Cooper and Marcellus that this council adjourn to meet in Gilson's Hall, Brinston on Saturday, October 4th, 1913 at one o'clock sharp.

J. J. PAYNE, Clerk.

A GREAT BELIEVER IN "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

Well Known Ontario Merchant Has Faith Because "Fruit-a-tives" Cured Him



MR. JAMES DOBSON

BRONTE, ONT., MARCH 1st. 1912.

"Fruit-a-tives has made a complete cure in my case of Rheumatism, that had at least five years standing before I commenced the treatment. The trouble was principally in my right hip and shoulder, the pain from it was almost unendurable. Not being able to sleep on that side, if I chanced to turn on my right side while asleep, the pain would immediately awaken me. This kept up until I started taking "Fruit-a-tives". I started by taking one or two tablets with a large glass of water, in the morning before breakfast and experienced pronounced relief very shortly. After a continued treatment for about six months, I was cured and am now in firstclass health. This, I attribute to my persistent use of "Fruit-a-tives" and I heartily recommend your remedy to any Rheumatic sufferers."

JAMES DOBSON.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50—trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

FROATBURN.

Picking potatoes is the order of the day.

Messrs. Ernest Styles and Sidney Prunner of our burn took in Berwick fair last week.

Mr and Mrs Durham Wells of Hoasic passed through here on Thursday.

Arthur Reddick and Mrs. William Henderson of Mille Roche spent a couple of days at Marcus Reddick's.

Mr and Mrs Cephrenus O'Shaughnessy and children of Bouck's Hill passed through here on Sunday.

Miss Laura Doran spent Wednesday evening the guest of Lottie Styles.

Mr and Mrs Lagorah Millward and daughter Audrey spent the week-end with friends at Dundela.

Mr and Mrs Luther Froats and daughter Amy spent Sunday at Riverside.

FROATBURN.

(Too late for last week.)

Miss Lottie Styles spent Monday afternoon the guest of Miss Dora Bowman.

Mr and Mrs John Casselman and children, of Hoasic, passed through here on Sunday enroute to Nudell Bush.

Rev. L. M. McCreery, of Morrisburg, was calling on friends here on Friday.

Mr and Mrs William Hanna, of Hoasic, passed through here on Saturday enroute to Morrisburg.

Messrs Robbie and Tommy Casselman, of Glen Becker, spent Monday at Mason Beckstead's.

Mr and Mrs George Casselman, of Nudell Bush, passed through here on Sunday.

Mr and Mrs Morley Bowman spent Monday at George Beckstead's.

Mrs Morley Wells, of Hoasic, passed through here on Friday.

John Duprau and Mrs Martha Styles spent Sunday at George Styles.

Durham Wells, of Hoasic, passed through here on Monday.

Mrs Dalton Saddlemire and daughter Pauline, of Glen Becker, spent Wednesday at the former's parental home here.

Ova Lane, of Riverside, was in our burn on Thursday.

Miss Dora Bowman and Roy Styles spent Sunday at John Bowman's, Glen Becker.

Mrs Malcolm Beckstead and daughter Blanche passed through here on Saturday.

Ellis Hanes, of Hoasic, passed through here on Saturday enroute to Morrisburg.

NUDELL BUSH.

(Too late for last week)

Messrs F. Gogo and Geo. Henophy are spending a week in Finch.

Mr and Mrs Frank Rook have started for their home in Michigan making the trip by auto

Miss A. E. Casselman and Miss Lee spent a day at Cloverdale the guest of Miss F M. Lount this week.

Morgan Doyle is spending a few days at his home here.

Messrs Jas. and Harold Salmons are hauling lumber for a new home.

Much sympathy is expressed for Denzil Loucks who happened with a serious accident on Friday getting his right hand taken off about three inches below the elbow, while operating a corn cutter.

Mr and Mrs Jas. Gogo, of Ottawa, are spending a few days with friends here.

ARCHER.

(Too late for last week.)

Mrs M. E. Froats and grandson Everett Froats and Elmer Heagle, of Wales, visited friends here on Sunday.

Mr and Mrs Roy Cunningham visited the latter's parents Mr and Mrs H. Gallinger in Gallingertown on the 21st.

Guests of Mrs Dennison recently were: Mr and Mrs Michael Burton, of Nudell Bush, Mr and Mrs Arthur Dafoe, of Aultsville and Miss Carrie Froats, of Aultsville.

Mrs Sampson, of Wales, who has been the guest of her daughter Mrs A. W. Weagant for the past three weeks has returned home.

Mrs A. W. Weagant spent a day recently at Osnabruck Centre.

Mr and Mrs Charles Shaver and children, of Aultsville, visited at "Maple Hill Farm" recently.

Mr and Mrs Arthur Heagle and baby visited friends at Osnabruck Centre the first of the week.

Cutting corn and filling silos is the order of the day.

Miss Grace Gallinger, of Gallingertown, spent the week-end in Archer.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

S. S. No. 5, Williamsburg

Class IV.—Harold McIntosh, Willie Plantz.

Class II.—Blanche Gallinger, Hilda Gallinger, Mabel Williams, Bertha MacIntosh, Kenneth Loucks,

N.B.—To attain to honor roll a pupil must be present every day and make seventy-five per cent. on work.

H. E. Markell, teacher.

HOW'S THIS ?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

—TO—

Western Canada

VIA CHICAGO, PORT ARTHUR and SARNIA

Going Each Tuesday, March 4th to Oct. 28th inclusive

Low Fares to Pacific Coast

September 25 to October 10.

One way, second class, via Chicago, to Vancouver, Seattle, Portland..... $52.35

San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego, Mexico City... $54.00

Low Fares to many other points.

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 7th November next, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years, six times per week each way over Chesterville Rural Route No. 3, from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Chesterville and Morewood and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector at Ottawa.

Post Office Department, Mail Service Branch, Ottawa, September, 24th, 1913.

G. C. ANDERSON, Superintendent.

39c

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 7th November next, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years six times per week each way, between Cannamore and Main Post Road (Glasgow Road) from the Postmaster General's pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to condition of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Cannamore, North Winchester, and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector at Ottawa.

Post Office Department, Mail Service Branch Ottawa, September, 24th, 1913.

G. C. ANDERSON, Superintendent.

39

The Navigable Waters Protection Act.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Hydro-Electric Power Commission of Ontario intend to apply one month after the date of the first publication of this notice to the Governor-General-in-Council of the Dominion for the approval of the plans and site of the high tension transmission line of the Commission crossing the St. Lawrence River from Ogden's Island to Mariatown. The premises are situated in the Township of Williamsburg in the County of Dundas and being composed of parts of the front part of Lot No. 36 in the First Concession of said Township and being in the unincorporated village of Mariatown and being more particularly described as follows: Firstly beginning (according to a plan now in the Dundas Registry Office) at a point on the southern boundary line of Church Street thirty feet westerly from the point where the southern boundary of Church Street meets the western boundary line of Mill Street, thence southerly parallel with the said boundary line of Mill Street to meet the northern boundary of Lot No. One in the fifth range of lots south of the King's Highway, thence westerly along the said northern boundary of said lot One a distance of ten feet, thence northerly parallel with the west boundary line of Mill Street to Church Street, thence easterly along the southern boundary of Church Street to the place of beginning,

Secondly beginning on the northern boundary of Lot No. One in the fifth range of lots south of the King's Highway at a point forty feet westerly from Mill Street, thence westerly along the northern boundary of Lots No. One and Two in said fifth range of Lots to the north-west corner of said Lot No. Two in the said fifth range of lots, thence northerly parallel with the western boundary line of Mill Street sixty-four feet, thence easterly parallel with the southern boundary line of Church Street to the western boundary line of the First parcel herein described, thence southerly along the said westerly boundary of said parcel One to the place of beginning. The line to be constructed from the International boundary thence to a point on Ogden's Island, in St. Lawrence County and State of New York opposite crossing tower.

AND NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN that the plan of the said Transmission Line with a description thereof have been deposited in the office of the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa and in the Registry Office for the Registry Division of Dundas.

Dated this 23rd day of September, A. D. 1913.

HYDRO-ELECTRIC POWER COMMISSION OF ONTARIO,
W. W. POPE, Secretary.

38

NOTICE

THE Counties Council of United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry will meet at Court House, Cornwall, on Monday, the 13 day of October, A.D. 1913, at 8 o'clock p.m., pursuant to adjournment from June Session.

Cornwall, Sept. 20th, 1913.

ADRIAN I. MACDONELL, Counties Clerk.

Read the advertisements in this column. You may find what you want here.

Farm For Sale

The undersigned offers for sale his farm, being composed of the West Half of Lot 21 in the Fourth Concession of Williamsburg, containing 100 acres more or less. About 35 acres under cultivation, good pastures; best hardwood bush in county. Terms reasonable. Apply to

ALEX. McINTOSH, Temperance House, Morrisburg.

38-tf

BE one of us and meet our friends. They all want to send you post cards and exchange letters with you. We have a list of people all over the world. Nothing more pleasing and pleasant. Send 10 cents for full particulars to the Canadian Correspondence Bureau, P. O. box 891, Montreal. 36d

Farm For Sale or To-Let.

100 ACRES, north half of Lot 11, Con. 4, Matilda Township, three-quarters of a mile west of Dundela. For further particulars apply to GEORGE H. ELLIS, Chesterville, Ont.

35-4t

POULTRY WANTED

THE undersigned is prepared to buy live poultry in any quantities; either delivered at Morrisburg (at Temperance House) or called for. Highest market price paid. Drop a postcard to MAURICE ADOFF, Morrisburg, Ont.

35tf.

FOR SALE

1 Three-spring Buggy, 2 seated rig; 1 Top Buggy, good; 1 Cutter, good; 1 Set of Single Harness; ½ Set of Double Harness; 1 Pair of Double Lines, as good as new; 2 Horse Blankets, as good as new; 2 Robes for cutter, as good as new; 1 Plow; 1 Double Set Whiffletrees. Apply to

ZENAS HALL, Morrisburg.

30

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

1. East half of Lot No. 15 in the 4th Concession of Williamsburg. The soil is a fine clay loam and on the premises there is a good frame house, good barns and two wells.

2. To close an estate a farm of 114 acres in the 1st Concession of Osnabruck. A bargain and easy terms to a quick purchaser.

3. Wingard house, Church Street, Morrisburg. For particulars apply to

ARTHUR FLYNN, Barrister, Morrisburg

OUT OCTOBER 8th

The Montreal Daily Mail

A high class morning newspaper at popular subscription rates. Don't forget to take advantage of our attractive introductory offer.

For the past six months the work of organization has been in progress. Everything that can give quality and efficiency to the various departments has received the most careful attention.

The Daily Mail will appear on Wednesday October 8th a finished newspaper, and will at once take rank as one of the leading newspapers of the Dominion.

The plant, from which the Montreal Daily Mail will be produced represents the last word in newspaper equipment. The editorial staff includes journalists of the highest standing in their profession.

Telegraph and cable services have been organized on a scale far beyond anything which has yet been attempted by any Canadian newspaper. Readers of the Daily Mail will get the news of the world in accurate and entertaining form, and they will get it first.

The Daily Mail will specialize in market and financial reports, and in the news of Eastern Ontario and Quebec.

In politics the Daily Mail will be independent. Its only client will be the public.

Introductory Offer

Fill in the attached coupon and avail yourself of the Mail's attractive introductory offer—25 cents for one month. A trial will convince you that in news, features, and treatment of public questions the Mail is all that has been claimed for it.

Daily Mail Publishing Co.

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We pay the highest market price at all times. Prices are as follows: 11c for Chickens, 10c for Ducks, 9c for Fowls, delivered at the Poultry Fattening Plant, Morrisburg.

Members of the Dundas Co-operative Egg & Poultry Association can secure their winter supply of Poultry Grit, Oyster Shell, Beef Scraps, Bone Meal, etc., through their local Secretary or by applying to the General Secretary.

R. H. ASHTON, Morrisburg, Ont.

For Baking Success —This Oven Test

Success on some baking days can be expected no matter what flour you use. But constant success is rarer. It can be assured in only one way. The miller must select his wheat by oven test.

So from each shipment of wheat we take ten pounds as a sample. We grind this into flour. Bread is baked from the flour.

If this bread is high in quality, large in quantity, we use the shipment from which it came. Otherwise we sell it.

Constant baking success comes as a matter of course from flour bearing this name

PURITY

"More Bread and Better Bread" and "Better Pastry Too" 526

PRAIRIE LAND CO.

14 High Street West — **Moose Jaw, Sask.**

IT will surprise you to know what a small amount cash it takes to handle a pair of Lots bought from us, as in many cases we are the owners and can make terms to suit you.

ROTHESAY PARK
RESIDENTIAL
2 Lots, Block 47, $250 each.
2 Lots, Block 45, $250 each.

WESTMOUNT
INDUSTRIAL
3 Lots, Block 14, $275 each.
3 Lots, Block 12, $300 each.

FOR QUICK SALE ONLY

Butter Wrappers, printed and plain, in any quantity, at The Leader.

Our Correspondents

AULTSVILLE

Mrs L. Meeker returned home on Tuesday after spending a couple of weeks at Osnabruck Centre.

Mrs E. Myers is spending a few days at Nudell Bush with her daughter Mrs C. Loucks.

Mervin Markell and son Percy left on Monday for Watertown, N.Y.

Mrs Wilbert Casselman and children, of East Williamsburg, spent the week-end here at Mrs Casselman's parental home.

Mrs Wm. Baker and daughter Sara spent a couple of days this week at J. E. Baker's, Riverside.

Chas. Morgan left last week to attend college at Varsity, Toronto.

Mr and Mrs Joseph Steen were in town on Monday.

W. F. Baker was in Cornwall on Tuesday.

Mr and Mrs Arthur McCallum and daughter Beatrice spent Sunday at Farran's Point the guests of Mr and Mrs Garnet Baker.

Mr and Mrs H. S. Weagant, of Archer, were in town on Saturday.

Miss Bird, of Crysler, who has been spending a month with friends here returned home on Monday. She was accompanied by her aunt Mrs Wm. Hart, of East Williamsburg.

G. W. Markell, of Belleville, was home for the week-end.

Joseph Lapierre was in Cornwall on Tuesday.

Mr Joubert and Miss Ethel Elliott, of Montreal, spent the week-end here.

Fred Winters was in town a couple of days last week.

Allen Markell and daughter Blanche and son Allen, of Ottawa, spent the week-end at Jas. Sampson's.

Mr and Mrs Cyril Campbell, of Woodlands, spent Sunday with Mr and Mrs A. McNairn.

Mr Smith, of Toronto, will speak in the Methodist Church on Thursday evening, Oct. 2nd, on Temperance and Moral reform.

Mrs Geo. Stitt and son John H. left on Monday for their home in Fort William

Several from here attended the Ogdensburg Fair and Horse Show last Thursday.

NATION VALLEY.

Mr Dalton Rae has returned home to Parry Sound.

Mr and Mrs Robbie Johnson and child, of Grantley, visited here the first of the week.

Mr John B. Baker has sold his farm to his next neighbor, Mr Edgar Summers, and purchased another farm near Aultsville.

Miss Lottie Rae visited relatives at Waddington and Ogdensburg last week.

Mr and Mrs John Millar, of Inkerman, visited in this locality on Saturday.

Mr and Mrs John McGee of Cardinal, spent Sunday with the latter's mother here.

Miss Agnes Jamieson returned to Montreal on Wednesday last, having taken care of her mother the past three months.

Some from here attended the W.F. M.S. meeting at Mrs. Albert McIntosh's on Wednesday last at Cass Bridge.

Mr Frank Moodie, of Calgary, has been visiting his brother, Mr Norman Moodie, of this vicinity.

ARCHER.

Joshia Heagle, of North Valley, spent the 28th at his parental home here.

Mrs Arthur Heagle and little daughter Vera spent a few days last week at Aultsville.

John Crites, of Gallingertown, was a business caller here recently.

Mrs A. W. Weagant spent last week in Cornwall the guest of Mrs F. W. Russell at "Highland Ave."

Mrs Fred Gallinger and daughte Beatrice, of Gallingertown, are spending this week at "Maple Ave."

Na-Dru-Co Laxatives
accomplish their purpose with maximum efficiency and minimum discomfort. Increasing doses are not needed.
25c. a box at your Druggist's. 174
National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited.

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESULTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Mr and Mrs Gord Hutt of Maple Ridge was in our village on Saturday.

Mr and Mrs Jerry Lane and Mrs E. Tuttle and Mrs George Soules and children spent Sunday at Morley Wells' on Sunday.

Rally day was observed in the Presbyterian Church on Sunday morning, Rev. Mr. Fergueson addressing the children.

Mrs Mike Stata and daughter Ruby of Massena is visiting Mrs John Waring this week.

Mr and Mrs Charles Dewland spent Sunday with friends in Mountain.

Dr. Locke and Mr O P. Becker made a trip to Montreal this week.

Miss Grace Merkley entertained a number of young folkes at her home on Saturday evening.

Mr and Mrs. Ezra Casselman, sr., and Mr and Mrs Walter Casselman, are visiting friends in Canton and other points.

Officers and members of Williamsburg L. O. L. No. 725 will please take notice the next regular meeting will be on Tuesday evening, October 7th. Visitors welcome.

A very pretty double house wedding was held at the home of Mr and Mrs Zenas Whitteker on Tuesday evening, September 30th, when Rev. Mr. McCreery of Morrisburg united in marriage, Mr Grant Casselman and Miss Etta Whitteker, and Mr Charles Bouck and Miss Martha Whitteker. The brides received many beautiful and useful presents. Many friends unite in wishing them very much happiness.

Miss Belle McMillan of Chesterville spent Sunday at her home.

Quite a number from here took in the Ogdensburg fair and say that it was the best they have seen there yet.

Mrs. Almon Casselman is in Iroquois attending the Sunday School Convention.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG.

Elfrick Brown, of Owen Sound and Miss Helen Lee, of Toronto, spent Friday at Nelson Castleman's.

Mrs Frank Castleman and daughters Velma and Sadie and Master Harry spent the latter end of the week with friends at South Finch.

Mr and Mrs Frank Stilson and Miss Ethel Wells and Messrs Darwin Lawrence and Frank Casselman took in the fair at Ogdensburg one day last week

Mr and Mrs Oliver Alguire and Mrs Joseph Hayes, of Hoasic, spent Sunday at Alfred Wells'.

Mr and Mrs Cephrenus O'Shaughnessy and family, of Bouck's Hill, spent Sunday at Mrs William Watson's

Mrs Jim Beckstead and daughter Jessie, of Williamsburg, spent Sunday at Thomas Garlough's.

Mr and Mrs Thomas Garlough spent a few days at their old home at Williamsburg last week.

Mr and Mrs Charles Watson, of Froatburn, were calling in our burg one day last week.

Mrs Shultice, of Nudell Bush, was visiting at Jim Harper's one day last week.

Mrs John Wells, of Aultsville, was visiting Mrs William Watson on Wednesday of last week.

Charlie Baker, son of John E. Baker, is visiting the parental home.

BRINSTON

Mr and Mrs Herman Whitteker returned home on Saturday after spending a week with friends at Kemptville.

A. R. Cooper, M.A., left for Toronto on Sunday to resume his duties as teacher at the university.

Mr and Mrs Chas. Gilson and daughter May visited at the home of Guy Shaver's, at Hulbert ou Sunday evening.

A number from here attended Rally service at Hulbert on Sunday night.

Milton Payne spent Sunday at his home near Dundela.

Mrs Wallace and daughter Lillie spent Sunday with friends at Dundela.

Ross Larmour left on Thursday for Toronto to resume his studies at the Royal Dental College.

Miss Jessie Thompson is spending a couple weeks with Mr and Mrs Alex Clark.

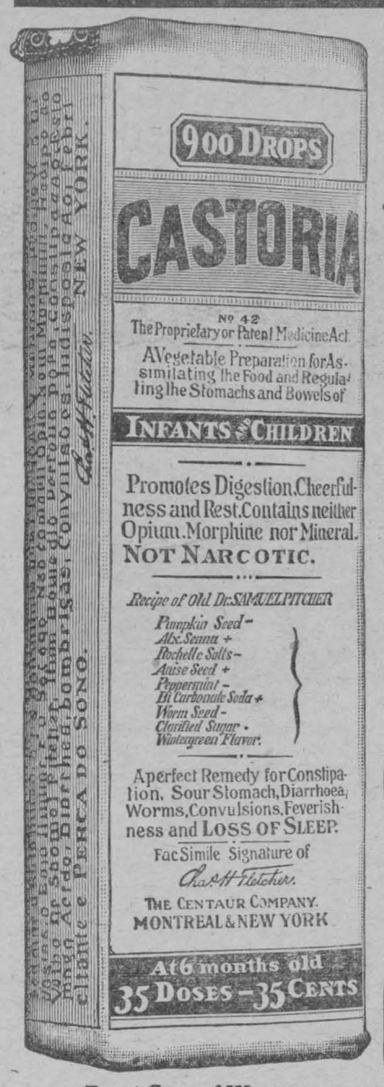
Mr and Mrs Thos. Hamilton spent Sunday afternoon at Harvey Cook's Strader s Hill.

The Palm Mission Band held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Miss Eva Strader on Saturday afternoon.

Next Sunday, Oct. 5th, will be observed here in the Methodist Church as Rally Day.

Ward Strader left for Queen's University, Kingston on Monday.

Butter Wrappers at The Leader



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The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Dare You Marry?

SECRETS OF HOME LIFE

Statements made by patients taking the New Method Treatment. They know it Cures

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CONSTITUTIONAL BLOOD DISEASE.

Patient No. 16474. "The spots are all gone from my legs and arms and I feel good now. I am very grateful to you and shall never forget the favor your medicines have done for me. You can use my name in recommending it to any sufferer. I am going to get married soon. Thanking you once more, etc."

SAYS TWO MONTHS CURED HIM.

Patient No. 16765. Age 23. Single. Indulged in immoral haits 4 years. Deposit in urine and drains at night. Varicose Veins on both sides, pains in back, weak sexually. He writes:—"I received your letter of recent date and in reply I am pleased to say that after taking two months' treatment I would consider myself completely cured, as I have seen no signs of them coming back (one year).

THE WORLD SEEMS DIFFERENT.

Patient No. 15923. "I have not had a regular Emission I don't know when and am feeling fine. The world seems altogether different to me and I thank God for directing me to you. You have been an honest doctor with me."

VARICOSE VEINS CURED.

Case No. 16888. Symptoms when he started treatment:—Age 21, single, indulged in immoral habits several years. Varicose Veins on both sides—pimples on the face, etc. After two months' treatment he writes as follows:—"Your welcome letter to hand and am very glad to say that I think myself cured. My Varicose Veins have completely disappeared for quite a while and it seems a cure. I work harder and feel less tired. I have no desire for that habit whatever and if I stay like this, which I have every reason to believe I will. Thanking you for your kind attention," etc.

GAINED 14 POUNDS IN ONE MONTH.

Patient No. 13522. This patient (aged 58) had a chronic case of Nervous Debility and Sexual Weakness and was run down in vigor and vitality. After one month's treatment he reports as follows:—"I am feeling very well. I have gained 14 pounds in one month, so that I will have to congratulate you." Later report:—"I am beginning to feel more like a man, I feel my condition is getting better every week." His last report:—"Dear Doctors—As I feel this is the last month's treatment that I will have to get, I thought at one time I would never be cured but I put confidence in you from the start and you have cured me."

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

We treat and cure VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD AND URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES and all Diseases peculiar to men.
CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department as follows: DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, WINDSOR, ONT.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

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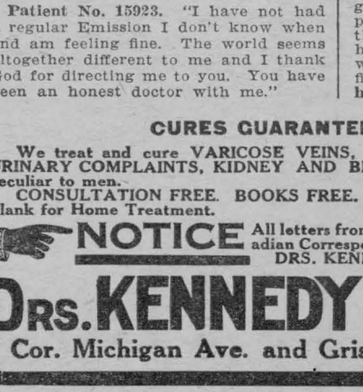
It is impossible to do good work with dull, cheap tools. Save time, muscle and money by buying good tools. And there is only one store for best quality tools and where prices are right.

Let us demonstrate this fact for you.



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Now is the time to attend to them before cold weather sets in. We can supply you.

Glass In All Sizes

Having made a direct importable from Belgium.

Putty

That nice fresh, soft kind, ready for instant use. Only 4c, lb.

Bright as Silver

Sherwin Williams' Pure Aluminum Paint

Is the most convenient and satisfactory Paint of its kind for Stoves, Pipes, Water Boilers, Radiators, &c. Has great covering capacity and wear like iron. Large generous tin, 25c.

Store open every evening until 8.30.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

Plate Glass Front Hardware Store

MORRISBURG, - - - ONTARIO.

HONEST TEA IS THE BEST POLICY

LIPTON'S TEA

LARGEST SALE IN THE WORLD

THE WORLD IN REVIEW

Old-Age Pensions and Pauperism.

In one respect Britain's old-age pension system has fully justified, if not surpassed, expectations. Pauperism among people over 70 years of age has declined 75 per per cent., while in many rural districts a pauper of that age is almost unknown. Outdoor relief to aged people has declined 95 per cent.

Some critics of the system say that these figures have little meaning, because what the state saves in one direction it pays out in another, and that it makes but little difference whether a man is a state pensioner or a pauper. This view will not be approved by any real student of social and moral problems. A pension paid by the community as a matter of justice is one thing; relief of pauperism, whether in poorhouses or of the outdoor variety, is a very different thing. The specter of the poorhouse produces an effect quite unlike that of the prospect of a pension.

Moreover, paupers are supported by local taxation, while the pension system rests on national finance. Communities have been relieved of heavy burdens; they even feel the benefit of the circulation of the money received by the pensioners. The weekly sum is only $1.25, and in many cases this means starvation. An early increase in the rate is quite probable, whereas a return to the old plan is entirely out of the question.

Americans Learn From Britain.

George W. Perkins, of New York, who has been abroad since June, motoring through the British Isles, says that people abroad look upon the United States as in two sections, one part as America and the other the state of New York. The political situation in New York is a disgrace to the civilized world and it ought to be straightened out at any cost.

"It would be well," said Mr. Perkins, "if some Englishmen would come over here and teach our people to build roads. There has been $100,000,000 spent on highways in the state of New York in the past few years and what have we to show for it? The roads in England and Ireland are built to last and not torn up by automobiles in a few months.

"Fifteen years ago there were about 20,000 semi-trusts in England; now there are upwards of 50,000. And these trusts are not continually prosecuted and persecuted by the Government, but are fostered and encouraged. I visited the steel manufacturing districts; there is great activity; the people are all busy and apparently contented, although they are not so well housed as the workers in this country. I travelled many thousands of miles through England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, and I do not believe I saw as many as 100 new houses or buildings of recent construction.

"Another point on which the English people are much more liberal in their views than the Government and people of this country is that of banking. There is one bank in London which alone has deposits of $500,000,000, which is more than one-third of the total deposits of all the banks in New York together. Yet there is no cry of money monopoly or anything of that kind in England."

The Fisheries of Canada.

It is no exaggeration to state that Canada possesses the most extensive fisheries in the world. Abundant supplies of all the principal commercial food fishes, including salmon, lobsters, herring, mackerel, sardines, haddock, cod, hake and pollock, are caught in Canadian territorial waters. The coast line of the Atlantic Provinces from the Bay of Fundy to the Straits of Belle Isle, without taking into account the lesser bays and indentations, measure over 5,000 miles, and along this great stretch are to be found innumerable natural harbors and coves, in many of which valuable fish are taken in considerable quantities with very little effort.

Balkan Recuperation.

At the close of the Balkan-Turkish war it was said that commercial travellers had kept out of the Balkan States for six months and declared that it would be six years before industry could regain its ground. Destitution in the larger cities of Servia, Bulgaria, Greece, and Macedonia, Mr. Benjamin Marsh reported on the evidence of private letters, was widespread, and the governments unable to meet the demand even for bread. The first war had cost the Balkan allies about $300,000,000 in direct cash outlay. Since then has occurred the desperate brief struggle to crush Bulgaria, bringing further destruction and the loss of many more lives. During the Turkish conflict 100,000 Balkans were killed or died of their wounds or disease. Very much higher estimates of loss and cost in blood and money have been made, but whatever the truth, it is certain that the Balkan peoples face a terrific problem of reconstruction.

In little Greece there are waste lands, says Mr. Marsh, totalling 3,000,000 acres, with 5,000,000 in pasture, and very backward agriculture in the remaining 5,500,000 which are naturally very fertile.

Two-fifths of Servia is uncultivated and the yield of cultivated land very low. The mines are said to be rich, but capital is reluctant, because of the uncertainty of conditions. The manufactures are chiefly milling, brewing, sugar refining, and tobacco manufacturing, now a government monopoly.

Bulgaria, called the "peasant state," has less than two-fifths of her territory under cultivation, and a third in woods and forests. Her manufactures, however, have made a creditable beginning, there being 266 factories representing an investment of over $13,000,000, having an output of nearly $18,000,000, and employing 13,231 persons. The manufacture of food and beverages is the principal industry.

No group of nations ever needed peace, harmony, and co-operation more than these. They need capital and probably outside enterprise, but they will find both difficult to attract at this time. The strain on Europe is heavy now and capital is needed at home. If it goes into the Balkans it will not be "for its health."

TURNING HORNS INTO COMBS.

An Interesting Description of the Operation.

The transition from the horn of the steer to the semi-transparent and highly polished comb on milady's dressing table is an interesting one.

The horns are received from the slaughter-house in all sizes from six to eighteen inches, and in the first operation the solid tips are cut off by means of high-speed circular saws, and, being useless for the manufacture of combs, are sold to be made up into cigar and cigarette holders and pipe stems. The other by-product of the factory, the horn dust, which is collected by the blower system that has been installed, is disposed of to fertilizer manufacturers. When the tips have been cut off the horns are in the form of truncated cones, which, if split straight from end to end, would spread out into fan shapes. As these shapes are not economical to cut from, the operators give the horns a peculiar spiral twist as they press them against the revolving saws, cutting them in such a way that they may be flattened out later into fairly rectangular pieces.

The next operation is that of cleaning, softening and flattening. A few minutes of boiling is sufficient for this, the horns, uncurling and coming out into flat, limber pieces, which are then clamped between metal plates on the circumference of a large wheel, which revolves slowly, dipping them into a tank of cold water, thereby cooling and hardening them in shape.

They are then sorted according to size and sawed into strips of various lengths and thicknesses preparatory to running them through the complicated and ingenious little machines which cut the teeth. To eliminate waste, the combs are always cut in pairs, the back of each comb being formed by one edge of the strip, with the teeth interlocking down the centre. As the strips are fed into the machines the cutting is done by small blades, or dies, which are automatically carried down the centre of the strip, slightly shifting their angle for each stroke. The final result is a wide zigzag cut from one end of the strip to the other. The two combs are then pulled apart. One of the heavy teeth at the end of each comb is left standing out at an angle. This is heated and pressed into place.

However, the combs are still too crude to be put on the market, even as the cheapest grade. The teeth are square, blunt and rough, and a great deal of grinding and polishing remains to be done, and the teeth have to be pointed by running the comb through another machine.

The first grinding is accomplished by means of emery wheels, but one of the most interesting operations of the process is the preliminary polish, for which the humble corn husk and a paste of sifted ashes and water is used. The rusk buffing wheels have to be renewed every few days, but this is a very simple task and an inexpensive one. The stalks of the husks are fastened in the slots of the buffing wheel hubs. The wheels are then set in motion and the husks trimmed to the proper length by means of a sharp knife. The operators who do the polishing are generally covered from head to foot with white mud, but their work is not unhealthy, as plenty of water is used in the paste, and there is no dust to be breathed into the lungs.

The finishing touches are put on with chamois wheels, and by the time the combs have been put through this operation they are ready for shipment, and have acquired a very high lustre, superior to that of the tortoise shell article.

DO YOUR WORK.

Emerson Tells Each Man to Do His Own.

Each man has an aptitude born with him to do easily some feat impossible to any other. Do your work. I have to say this often, but nature says it oftener. 'Tis clownish to insist on doing all with one's own hands, as if every man should build his own clumsy house, forge his hammer, and bake his dough; but he is to dare to do what he can do best; not help others as they would direct him, but as he knows his helpful power to be. To do otherwise is to neutralize all those extraordinary special talents distributed among men. Yet while this self-truth is essential to the exhibition of the world and to the growth and glory of each mind, it is rare to find a man who believes his own thought, or who speaks that which he was created to say. As nothing astonishes men so much as common sense and plain dealing, so nothing is more rare in any man than an act of his own. Any work looks wonderful to him except that what he can do. We do not believe our own thought.—Emerson.

COBBLER LAD, NOW RICH.

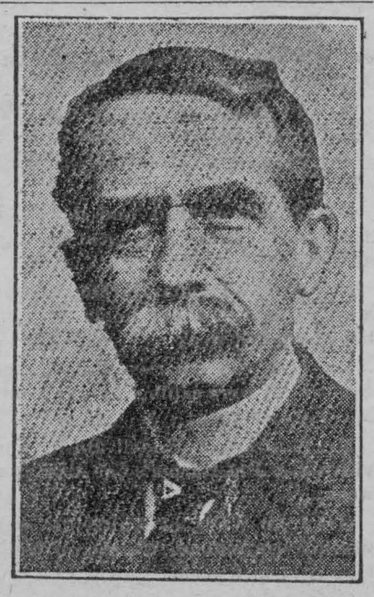
L. H. Packard Attributes His Success to Putting Religion First.

From cobbler's boy to the presidency of one of the most successful businesses of Montreal is a long step, and a striking one. These are the two extremes of the life of Mr. L. H. Packard, the head of the L. H. Packard and Co., Limited, the shoe supply firm. His father was a cobbler, and the son was a cobbler, too, but by dint of hard work and clear, clean business principles the son has become a manufacturer on a much larger scale than the parent was when the lad began his career.

Mr. Packard was born near Boston, Mass., about seventy-four years ago. His father was one of the most highly esteemed men in the little town where he lived, but he had never succeeded in amassing very much of this world's treasure. His days were long and his work tedious—he was a cobbler—but from it all there was no very large financial return. Consequently the son was not very old when he was called upon to assist in the task of making shoes to earn the money to satisfy the requirements of the family. He taught his boy the shoemaking business. For several years the young lad worked in the shop for three or four hours every day before he went to school and returned to the cobbler's bench every night after his studies were over for several hours' more work.

In those young years, too, as he sat on the cobbler's bench he pondered over the problems of life. The United States was a hotbed of political unrest; it was in the days immediately preceding the horrible Civil War. The lad thought it all through carefully. He was an ardent advocate of freedom for the slave. Even when he found himself in Atlanta, Georgia, at the outbreak of hostilities between the North and the South he did not change his views of the question. The Southerners watched him carefully for a time, and then, one day, declaring that they had found some evidence against him in a letter, they clapped him into Castle Thunderbolt for safe keeping. The youth, however, then twenty-two years of age, did not like the appearance of things there at all, and so, at the first opportunity, he escaped and fled. But that chance did not come to him until he had spent several months in his dreary cell.

One night he slipped away. A northern cruiser lay off his prison,



Mr. L. H. Packard.

so seizing the first boat that he could find, he rowed out to the warship for protection. As he neared it he raised aloft his white flag of truce, lest he should be fired on by the watch. It is one of this most treasured keep-sakes now in his fine residence on Rosemount Avenue. The white banner was part of an old tablecloth and a handkerchief.

He was a free man again, but the months in the southern cell had undermined his health, and so he was not in the war at all.

Over forty years ago the young shoe man came to Montreal. A friend persuaded him to open a shop, a one-roomed shack. He worked hard and late, and the fine manufactory of the present time is the result.

The corner-stone of a successful business career, Mr. Packard believes is strict honesty in everything. Honesty to him means, too, the right relation between a man and his God. His business creed, expressed in his logical terms, would be "Seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness, and all these things shall be added unto you." Modern conditions have not annulled the divine injunction of nineteen hundred years ago. A man is greater than his possessions. "A man's life consisteth not in the abundance of the things which he possesseth." This is the business creed of Mr. L. H. Packard—the first and main plank in his platform. All others are subservient to this one. On those principles he has built up a modern business in which 150 men are employed, and which extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

Mr. Packard is a hard worker, and takes few holidays. He is a man of widespread activity. For years he has given some of his best strength to the Y.M.C.A. work. For forty years he has been associated with the First Baptist church and Sunday school, for thirty-seven years he has presided over the Sunday school as its superintendent, giving to it a constant and untiring service. He is a trustee of the same church, a member of the executive of the Canadian Manufacturers' Association, and identified actively with the Board of Trade of the city. Whatever has been the nature of the position that has come to him, he has performed his duties from the one point of view—that of absolute honesty, to him the basal principle in business success at any time and in any place.

SUBALTERN TO MARSHAL.

Rungs in the Ladder of Success Climbed by Lord Kitchener.

Opportunity is a fine thing, but small compared with the ability to grab it by the front hair—for opportunity's head is bald behind.

Lord Kitchener, though hardly to be called an opportunist, has never let a chance slip by him.

He comes, of course, of good family and military stock, but when he left the "Shop," as the Royal Military Academy is known, he had nothing behind him save his brains, his "character," and his ambition.

And the last faltered at the start. Life as an unknown subaltern of "Sappers" is apt to be humdrum and circumscribed. Kitchener found it so, and despaired of getting an opening for his genius. He even went so far as to approach a theatrical manager, with a view to going on the stage. The maneger, fortunately, had common-sense, and told the stage-struck young officer in plain terms not to be a fool. Kitchener took the snub in good part and returned to his work. He saw that if he were ever to be singled out from the ruck of Engineer subalterns he must specialize in something.

Photography was comparatively a new thing, and he studied it thoroughly with a view to military uses. Later the War Office proposed to send a military survey to Palestine. To lead it an officer was wanted who, besides ordinary surveying acquirements, had a knowledge of scientific photography. Here was Kitchener's opportunity, and he grabbed it, his work on the expedition getting him favorably noted at the War Office.

Lord Kitchener's determination has made the public think of him as a man who would keep on running his head against a brick wall until either the head or the wall broke. A false notion.

The young soldier wanted an outlet for the special abilities he knew he possessed, but he did not go seeking blindly for it.

He looked around, and in Egypt, the land of disorganization and miracles, the land of many plagues, he saw the field for the born organizer, the man who was almost impervious to hardships.

In Egypt he was again quick to seize his opportunities. He studied Arabic until he was an expert. He risked his life as a spy, until he was unrivalled among the British officers in his knowledge of the enemy. And so when the call came for a soldier who really understood the problem of the Soudan Kitchener was ready for it.

His task in the Soudan was almost superhuman. He could not have achieved it had he not had an unerring eye for such helpers as Rundle, Hunter, Macdonald and Wingate.

Lord Kitchener's powers of organization are too well known to need description, but many have tried to imitate him in his attention to detail—and failed. Why? Because they wasted their time on unessential detail. Lord Kitchener's eye for the essential helped him to break the Khalifa.

Lord Kitchener's tactfulness has never been fully appreciated; it has been lost sight of in overdrawn pictures of him as the brusque, stern, unbending soldier. None can go far without tact, and Lord Kitchener has more than a fair share of it. He showed it when he met Marchand at Fashoda, with France and Britain on the brink of war; again, in his treatment of the Boer leaders, and again in India as Commander-in-Chief.

Lord Kitchener, as already said, started with no special advantages in the way of social position, money or influence. He carved his own career; and the like can be done again.

What Is the Answer?

Why should you not live like fishermen or shepherds? Because they live by hook or by crook.

Why, in case of a revolution in England, would the people be the greatest losers? Because they would each lose a sovereign, and the King only a crown.

Why would a person taking a schoolboy's pocketbook remind one of a line in Othello? Because "Who steals his purse steals trash."

When were salt provisions first introduced into the navy? When Noah took Ham into the Ark.

What magazine would be likely to give the best report of a fire? A powder magazine.

Why is Berlin a city to be avoided? Because it is always on the Spree.

Why are clergymen like railway porters? Because they do a deal of coupling.

When is an umbrella like a person getting over an illness? When it is re-covered.

At what season did Eve eat the apple? Just before the fall.

Why is a great bore like a tree? Because both appear best when leaving.

Impossible.

"Does the baby take after his father?"

"No. His father is not the kind of man to leave anything behind him to take."



FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irishmen.

The Irish channel averages 240 feet in depth.

It has been decided to ask the King and Queen to open the first Irish parliament in Dublin.

Offers made by the Congested District Board, Galway, for the purchase of estates, have been accepted.

The Duke of Connaught may be the first Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland after the passing of the Home Rule Bill.

Mrs. Margaret McNance, of Dungovey, Forkhill, is active, physically and mentally at the age of 105 years.

A girl named Annie Reilly, a native of Louth was knocked down and killed by a train at a level crossing near Balbriggan.

The death has occurred at his home on Dunn street of Mr. Thomas Mason, the well-known Dublin optician, at the age of 73 years.

Negotiations are now nearly completed for the purchase by the Estates Commissioner of the estate of Mr. Young, at Rough Park.

A starch mill at Tullyframe, three miles from Kilked, the property of S. Nicholson, Balymagonett, has been totally destroyed by fire.

The largest liner in the Australian trade, the White Star Liner Ceramic, built by Messrs. Harland and Wolff, has left Belfast recently.

The King has appointed Mr. William Joseph Maguire, M.D., F.R.C.P.I., to be a member of the first Senate of the National University of Ireland.

A workman named George Graham, while working in the moulding shop, Queen's Island, Belfast, was fatally injured when an iron beam fell on him.

The Roscommon police discovered a man named John Higgins sleeping between two graves in the local burial ground, with a frying-pan for a pillow.

The sum of $1,500 has been paid for an Irish terrier bred by Mr. W. Darker, of Jones's road, Dublin, by Mr. R. Northcote, who is taking the animal to Canada.

While walking through her lands at Tincurry, Ballycarney, Miss Sparks was attacked by a swarm of bees and so seriously injured that she died a few hours after.

An obstruction on the line in the form of spikes driven in between the rails, caused a train from Limerick to be derailed near Devon road station. No one was hurt.

It was stated at a meeting of the New Ross Guardian that there is a man in the workhouse, aged seventy years, forty of which have been spent in the workhouse.

A lad named Ryan, employed at the Limerick City Tannery, has had to have his left leg amputated as the result of injuries received when he was caught in the belting.

WHY keep your money in the Bank at 3% when you can get 4.40% from the Provincial Government for it?

We own and offer, $1,000,000

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

4% Debentures Due November 1st, 1941.

Interest payable May 1st and Nov. 1st at Toronto, Montreal, and New York.

These debentures are a direct obligation of the Province of Ontario, and are issued in coupon form, in denominations of $1,000, or in the form of Ontario Government Stock, in which case checks for the semi-annual interest are sent to the registered holder. This stock is in any multiple of $50. They are free from all Provincial taxes and Succession duties. The Ontario Succession duties range from 1% to 10% on estates of $50,000 and over.

Until recently the 4% debentures sold at a premium above par, but now, owing to market conditions, we can offer them at a considerable discount, at the lowest price they have been offered in years.

Price: 93.50 and interest, yielding over 4.40%.

Full Descriptive Circular on request.

MURRAY, MATHER & CO.

Toronto General Trusts Bldg., Toronto

Bright, Ruddy Cheeks For Pale Girls

No Longer Any Need to Be Pale, Weak or Anaemic.

By Following the Advice of Miss McEwen You Can Quickly Become Strong Again.

The pallid girl always lacks appetite. What little she eats is badly digested.

At night she is restless, she dozes, but can't sleep soundly.

Vital force must be increased, new blood must be supplied and a general rebuilding take place before she will feel like she ought.

Dr. Hamilton has invaluable experience in these cases and found nothing so prompt in building up young women as his vegetable pills of Mandrake and Butternut.

Dr. Hamilton's Pills begin by cleansing the system and purifying the blood; they also improve digestion and render food ready for absorption. Additional nourishment is also supplied and the patient is fast strengthened and invigorated.

Full of spirit, ruddy and strong is the girl that assists her system by the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

The following recent letter from Miss Etta McEwen, of Haliburton, speaks for itself:

"In using Dr. Hamilton's Pills I find my system is wonderfully built up. It is certainly the most effective remedy I ever used. I have now a good appetite, sleep more soundly, and awaken in the morning feeling quite refreshed.

"Formerly I felt tired and depressed. I looked as if a severe illness were hanging over my head.

"Nothing could give quicker results than Dr. Hamilton's Pills and I strongly advise every young woman to use them."

All dealers sell Dr. Hamilton's Pills, 25c. per box or five boxes for $1.00 by mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y., and Kingston, Ont.

THE HUNT FOR HAPPINESS.

Like the Child's Lost Toy, It May Be Under Your Feet.

Sometimes it seems as though the very ones who are untrammelled, who can go wherever and whenever they like, are the last to find happiness, having the whole wide world in which to carry the quest of it. Felicity is discovered soonest by those who stay in one place long enough to make a thorough search. The restless ones, with the consciousness of all the earth outspread before them, are tempted to another spot ere they have explored the region round about them.

When you were a child you may have played a ball game in long grass where presently, to your exasperation, you lost the ball. It bounded over your head and hid as though an evil spirit dwelt in it, determined to stop the game and spoil your fun. You thought you knew precisely where it fell—and found you were the more deceived. It would not do, however, to "hunt all over the lot." You had to be patient, and compose your febrile eagerness to a systematic search over a limited area, while your comrade hunted in a circumscribed region adjoining. And presently you—or he—stumbled on an object that was not a rolling stone, and the lost was found.

That is the best rule in the hunt for happiness. Perhaps it is under your feet!

HAPPY OLD AGE.

Most Likely to Follow Proper Eating.

As old age advances we require less food to replace waste, and food that will not overtax the digestive organs while supplying true nourishment.

Such an ideal food is found in Grape-Nuts, made of whole wheat and barley by long baking and action of diastase in the barley which changes the starch into a most digestive sugar.

The phosphates also, placed up under the outer coat of the wheat, are included in Grape-Nuts, but are lacking in white flour because the outer coat of the wheat darkens the flour and is left out by the miller. These natural phosphates are necessary to the well-balanced building of muscle, brain and nerve cells.

"I have used Grape-Nuts," writes a Western man, "for eight years and feel as good and am stronger than I was ten years ago.

"Among my customers I meet a man every day who is well along in years and attributes his good health to Grape-Nuts and Postum which he has used for the last five years. He mixes Grape-Nuts with Postum and says they go fine together.

"For many years before I began to eat Grape-Nuts, I could not say that I enjoyed life or knew what it was to be able to say 'I am well.' I suffered greatly with constipation, but now my habits are as regular as ever in my life.

"Whenever I make extra effort I depend on Grape-Nuts food and it just fills the bill. I can think and write a great deal easier."

"There's a reason." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

THE MYSTERY OF SLEEP.

Upon It We Depend for Health and Happiness.

That mysterious condition of repose in which our consciousness is in abeyance and which we call sleep has ever been a subject of interest and investigation, but we are still only in the twilight of knowledge in regard to its true nature or the ultimate physical conditions upon which it depends, says Dr. Guthrie Rankin. Cerebral anaemia seems to be an important factor, and this is probably associated with exhaustion of the brain and chemical changes due to an accumulation of fatigue products, with consequent diminished receptivity for afferent stimuli. We are aware that sleep may be disturbed by a multitude of causes, but in its perfect expression we only know it as "Nature's sweet restorer," upon which we all depend absolutely for health and happiness. A hard-and-fast rule cannot be applied to indicate the amount of sleep required by every individual in order to secure complete restoration of nervous energy. No two persons are similarly constituted, for whereas one is refreshed and reinvigorated by four or five hours' repose, another requires seven or eight hours to achieve a like result. Sex, age, temperament, occupation, habits, climate, and environment are all factors of importance which bear upon the faculty of sound sleep, and as each of these conditions is of individual application, it follows that the personal equation makes any general rule impossible of universal application.

A WONDERFUL DISCOVERY

An eminent scientist, the other day, gave his opinion that the most wonderful discovery of recent years was the discovery of Zam-Buk. Just think! As soon as a single thin layer of Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or a sore, such injury is insured against blood poison! Not one species of microbe has been found that Zam-Buk does not kill!

Then again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a sore, or a cut, or to skin disease, it stops the smarting. That is why children are such friends of Zam-Buk. They care nothing for the science of the thing. All they know is that Zam-Buk stops their pain. Mothers should never forget this.

Again. As soon as Zam-Buk is applied to a wound or to a diseased part, the cells beneath the skin's surface are so stimulated that new healthy tissue is quickly formed. This forming of fresh healthy tissue *from below* is Zam-Buk's secret of healing. The tissue thus formed is worked up to the surface and literally casts off the diseased tissue above it. This is why Zam-Buk cures are permanent.

Only the other day Mr. Marsh, of 101 Delorimier Ave., Montreal, called upon the Zam-Buk Co. and told them that for over twenty-five years he had been a martyr to eczema. His hands were at one time so covered with sores that he had to sleep in gloves. Four years ago Zam-Buk was introduced to him, and in a few months it cured him. To-day—over three years after his cure of a disease he had for twenty-five years—he is still cured, and has had no trace of any return of the eczema!

All druggists sell Zam-Buk at 50c. box, or we will send free trial box if you send this advertisement and a 1c. stamp (to pay return postage). Address Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.

Sandy's Bargain.

A Scotchman had contracted a debt. When it became due he had no means with which to meet it. He worried a great deal, but no feasible plan of raising the money to meet the obligation presented itself.

At last he decided that he would get a pistol, go out on the highway, hold up the first traveller that came along, take his money from him, and with it pay his debts. So Sandy got a gun and went out on the highway, and when the first traveller came along he pointed the gun at him and said, "Gie me your money or I'll blaw your brains oot." The traveller saw that Sandy was green at the business, and began to parley and bargain with him.

"My good man," he said, "I'll tell you what I'll do. I'll give you all of the money I have in my possession with the exception of £5, and I will give you that if you will give me the pistol."

"I'll dae it," said Sandy. "It's a bargain."

The traveller handed over his money and Sandy handed over the pistol; but no sooner had the man secured the gun than he turned it point-blank at Sandy and said:

"Now, sir, I want you to give me back the money you have taken from me or I'll blow your brains out."

Sandy looked at the traveller for a few seconds with a canny Scotch smile and slowly replied:

"You may blaw awa; there's nae poother in't."

Be Keerful.

It may be that true love is blind,
This fact brings no surprise;
But love should always bear in mind
That others have good eyes.

"What a heavenly little dog." "Yes, he's a skye terrier."

BABY LOVES HIS BATH



With

CUTICURA SOAP

No other keeps the skin and scalp so clean and clear, so sweet and healthy. Used with Cuticura Ointment, it soothes irritations which often prevent sleep and if neglected become chronic disfigurements. Millions of mothers use these pure, sweet and gentle emollients for every purpose of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 21D, Boston, U. S. A.

Perhaps You've Seen Him.

Once upon a time there was a tailor who announced to a customer:

"This is an exclusive pattern. Imported stuff. I've got the only piece of this goods in town. When you get a suit of this you may rest assured that you will not see another like it in the city. Exclusive pattern and weave."

So the man was much pleased. He went about the streets thinking, "I'll knock 'em stiff with that new suit. Not another like it in the town. Gay life. There will be no one arrayed like yours truly. I won't see another suit like it."

Nor did he. Only about 543 like it, did he see.

ADOPT KNIGHT MOTOR EXCLUSIVELY.

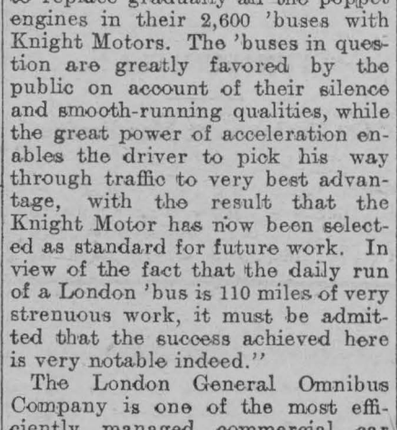
London General Omnibus Decision.

Perhaps the most striking tribute the Knight Motor has received is contained in the following item of news published in the "Automobile" of August 7th, as follows:

"According to definite news published to-day, the big London General Omnibus Co., which has 2,600 motor omnibuses on the London streets, has been so thoroughly satisfied with the service given by the 300 Knight-rigged Daimler 'buses which have been running for twelve months past that they have decided to replace gradually all the poppet engines in their 2,600 'buses with Knight Motors. The 'buses in question are greatly favored by the public on account of their silence and smooth-running qualities, while the great power of acceleration enables the driver to pick his way through traffic to very best advantage, with the result that the Knight Motor has now been selected as standard for future work. In view of the fact that the daily run of a London 'bus is 110 miles of very strenuous work, it must be admitted that the success achieved here is very notable indeed."

The London General Omnibus Company is one of the most efficiently managed commercial car companies in the world. It has spent hundreds of thousands of pounds in developing a type of motor 'bus most suitable to London traffic, and its adoption of the Knight, not only as a standard fo future new 'buses, but to replace the poppet valve motors in the 'buses on the streets, is the most striking feature the Knight Engine has ever had.

The story is told of a young lawyer who was not overwhelmed with clients. A friend, entering the office one day, observed on the desk a cheap alarm clock. "Taking it home," he observed, "to wake you up in the morning?" The lawyer smiled. "No," he replied; "I am keeping it here to wake me up when it's time to go home."



Hurrah, No More Lame Backs!

This Case Proves That The Best and Strongest Liniment Ever Made Is Nerviline.

When it comes to determining the real merit of a medicine, no weight of evidence is more convincing than the straightforward statement of some reliable and well-known person who has been cured. For this reason we print the verbatim statement of Juan E. Powell, written from his home in Carleton. "I am a strong, powerful man, six feet tall, and weigh nearly two hundred. I have been accustomed all my life to lift great weights, but one day I overdid it, and wrenched by back badly. Every tendon and muscle was sore. To stoop or bend was agony. I had a whole bottle of Nerviline rubbed on in one day, and by night I was well again. I know of no liniment possessing one-half the penetration and pain-subduing properties of Nerviline. I urge its use strongly as an invaluable liniment and household cure for all minor ailments, such as strains, sprains, swellings, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, rheumatism, and muscular pain."

No better medicine for curing pain was ever put in a bottle than Nerviline—rub it on and rub it in—that rubs out all aches, pains, and soreness. Large family size, 50c., trial size 25c., all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N.Y., and Kingston, Ont.

A GUINEA-PIG DINNER.

The Animals Are Easily and Cheaply Raised.

Why not eat the guinea-pig? And why not rear guinea-pigs for the provision market? These are perfectly serious questions. The guinea-pig (which is not a pig at all, but a rodent related to the rabbits, and which does not come from Guinea, but from South America) is as edible as a hare or a squirrel—a little bundle of fat, perfectly wholesome, flesh. It is small, to be sure, but so are several other game animals that we seek for the table; a full-grown one will weigh nearly two pounds, dressed.

The animal, which is rarely a cavy, is nice in its habits, and feeds wholly on grain and green vegetables. It is not subject to the internal parasites, such as tapeworms, that afflict so many rabbits, and its flesh tastes much like that of a squirrel. Its relatives, the rock-cavy, the agouti and the capybara, are highly esteemed in South America.

When the Spaniards conquered Peru, they found the ancestors of our pet cavies an ordinary and favorite food. The natives prepared them much as we do a sucking pig, by scalding and scraping off the hair, and then roasting or baking the carcass whole. European travellers since have found the meat excellent when thus baked or roasted, when made into stews, or served in a curry. It is best when the animal is about a year old. Guinea-pigs are easily and cheaply reared, increase rapidly, and could readily be furnished by the thousand to town markets, or kept to serve the home table. It is a waste of opportunity not to make use of the animal for food.

Manslaughter in Second Degree.

Cutting corns with a razor is dangerous and useless. The only remedy is Putnam's Corn Extractor, which removes corns and warts in one day. Because painless and safe, use only "Putnam's," 25c. per bottle at all dealers.

A Good Trait.

"I'm such a poor conversationalist," she said. "What would you advise me to do?"

"Cultivate the habit, madam, cultivate the habit!" he replied quickly.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Paw Knows Everything.

Willie—Paw, do you know everything?

Paw—Yes, my son. Why?

Willie—Well, why doesn't a rose smell good as long as a moth ball smells bad?

Paw—It's time you were in bed, my son.

Try Murine Eye Remedy

If you have Red, Weak, Watery Eyes or Granulated Eyelids. Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 25c, 50c. Eye Books Free by Mail.

An Eye Tonic Good for All Eyes that Need Care

Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Time Will Tell.

A story is going the rounds about a local juryman, an Irishman, who cleverly outwitted the judge, and that without lying. He came breathlessly into court saying, "Oh, my Lord, if you can excuse me, pray do! I do not know which will die first, my wife or my daughter." "Dear me! That's sad," said the innocent judge. "Certainly you are excused." The next day the Irishman was met by a friend, who, in a sympathetic voice, asked, "How's your wife?" "She's all right, thank you." "And your daughter?" "She's all right, too. Why do you ask?" "Why, yesterday you said you did not know which would die first!" "Nor do I. That is a problem which time alone can solve."



Future Emperor and Son.

Crown Prince Frederick William, of Germany, and his youngest son, Prince Frederick. The Crown Prince has grown irritable lately under the rigid discipline of the military division to which he is attached.

CHILDHOOD AILMENTS

Ailments such as constipation, colic, colds, vomiting, etc., seize children of all ages, and the mother should be on her guard against these troubles by keeping a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. If any of these troubles come on suddenly the Tablets will cure them, or if the little one is given an occasional dose of the Tablets he will escape these troubles. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Inconsistent.

Hubby—You really must reduce your dress bills, my dear; they are far too large.

Mrs. Newlywed—How inconsistent you men are. You speak just as though I made out the bills.

LIQUID SULPHUR

is the most beneficent medical discovery of the present century. The change in our methods of living has deprived the system of some of its most necessary ingredients. Our grandmothers gave us SULPHUR, but the doctors laughed. It did not assimilate with the blood. The discovery of liquifying SULPHUR has changed the doctor's opinion. LIQUID SULPHUR assimilates readily with the blood. Leading physicians are recommending LIQUID SULPHUR for all blood troubles. LIQUID SULPHUR is a positive cure for ECZEMA. Hundreds are willing to testify to the benefit it has been to them. A few drops three times a day will cure the most acute case of RHEUMATISM.

For sale by all druggists. 50 cents per bottle.

Security.

Milligan—If I be afther laving security aquil ter what I take away, will yez thrust me till nixt wake?

Sands (the grocer)—Certainly.

Milligan—Well, thin, sell me two av thim hams, an' kape wan av thim till I come agin.

Carterhall, Nfld.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—While in the country last summer, I was badly bitten by mosquitoes, so badly that I thought I would be disfigured for a couple of weeks. I was advised to try your Liniment to allay the irritation, and did so. The effect was more than I expected, a few applications completely curing the irritation, and preventing the bites from becoming sore. MINARD'S LINIMENT is also a good article to keep off the mosquitoes.

Yours truly,
W. A. V. R.

No Time Now.

"I feel as if I were going to have appendicitis." "Well, I need a new gown, so you'll just have to wait."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Wilkie Bard tells a story of a husband and wife who were always quarrelling. A friend called one evening and found them in the middle of a row. After the storm had subsided a little he ventured to remonstrate with the husband. "Look here," he said, "you shouldn't quarrel like that, you know. Look at the dog and the cat lying there. They get on very well together." "Yes, they may," retorted the husband; "but you tie them together and see what happens then."

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

exactly meet the need which so often arises in every family for a medicine to open up and regulate the bowels. Not only are they effective in all cases of Constipation, but they help greatly in breaking up a Cold or La Grippe by cleaning out the system and purifying the blood. In the same way they relieve or cure Biliousness, Indigestion, Sick Headaches, Rheumatism and other common ailments. In the fullest sense of the words Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are 47

A Household Remedy

CLARK'S SOUPS



Delicately flavoured—Highly concentrated.

WHY WORRY! Choose your variety and ask your grocer for "Clark's".

W. Clark, M'f'r, Montreal.

Rest.

Employer—It takes half my time rectifying your mistakes!

Office Boy—Oh, well, I will take my vacation next week, and you can rest up!

Minard's Liniment Cures Burn's, Etc.

The Latter Kind.

The Man—What kind of a bungalow can you give me for $3,000

Drafsman—Do you want one to live in or just to refer to?

Low Colonist Rates to Pacific Coast.

Via Chicago and North Western Railway. On sale daily Sept. 25th to Oct. 10th inclusive, from all points in Canada to Los Angeles, San Francisco, Portland, Salt Lake City, Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver, Nelson, Rossland, and many other points. Through tourist sleepers and free reclining chair cars from Chicago. Variable routes. Liberal stop overs. For full information as to rates, routes and literature, write or call on B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 46 Yonge Street, Toronto.

Pater—"I wish Mary's young man would come round after supper." Mater—"That's all he does come after."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

She—"Was it a simple wedding?" He—"Yes; two poor 'simps.'"

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

FRUIT, STOCK, GRAIN AND DAIRY Farms in all sections of Ontario. Some snaps.

FACTORY SITES, WITH OR WITHOUT Railway trackage, in Toronto, Brampton and other towns and cities.

RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES IN Brampton and a dozen other towns.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

NEWSPAPER FOR SALE.

COUNTRY WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR Sale in good Ontario town. Excellent opening for man of energy. Write Wilson Publishing Company, Toronto.

STAMPS AND COINS.

STAMP COLLECTORS—HUNDRED DIFferent Foreign Stamps. Catalogue, Album, only Seven Cents. Marks Stamp Company, Toronto.

MALE HELP WANTED.

MEN WANTED

YOUNG MAN BE A BARBER. I TEACH you quickly, cheaply, thoroughly and furnish tools free. We give you actual shop experience. Write for free catalogue. Moler College, 219 Queen St. East, Toronto.

MEN WANTED

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

GALL STONES, KIDNEY AND BLADder Stones, Kidney trouble, Gravel, Lumbago and kindred ailments positively cured with the new German remedy "Sanol," price $1.50. Another new remedy for Diabetes-Mellitus, and sure cure, is "Sanol's Anti-Diabetes." Price $2.00 from druggists or direct. The Sanol Manufacturing Company of Canada, Limited, Winnipeg, Man.

RAILROAD

and Telegraphy Courses of the most complete and modern kind taught right at your own home by Shaw's Telegraph and Railroad School, 1 Gerrard St. East, Toronto. Write for particulars and sample lessons.
W. H. Shaw, Pres.

FREE! WHOOP HER UP, BOYS! GIVE us a little of your time and get your choice of the best and most popular of all



Cowboy, Rough Rider, Scout, Baseball or Indian Suits.

Given absolutely FREE for selling only 24 of our beautiful Mexican Drawnwork handkerchiefs at 10c each. Your friends will gladly buy several each. No money required. We trust you.

CHIEF MFG. CO.
100 Chief Bldg. - Beebe, P.Q.

FOR SALE

Pulleys & Shafting

Suitable for Mills, Manufacturing Plants, Printing Houses, Etc.

2 Wood Split Pulleys, 12½ x 48 in. for 3 15/16 in. shaft.

1 Wood Split Pulley, 12½ x 48 in. for 2 15/16 in. shaft.

1 Wood Split Pulley, 12½ x 28 in. for 3 7/16 in. shaft.

1 Wood Split Pulley, 10½ x 36 in. for 3 7/16 in. shaft.

Pulleys of smaller sizes and Shafting of various lengths and sizes to be sold at very low figures.

Box 23,
Wilson Publishing Co., Toronto.

THE FAMILY

In a group photograph..... before they have left the old fireside and gone out in the big world....Ever think of it?

Nothing preserves the home atmosphere and home memories like a group picture....with father and mother in the centre.

And, when the family is scattered how glad you will be that you had it done in time.

Photography almost puts this obligation on us. Make the appointment to-day.

J. M. Whitteker

The Photographer in Your Town.

FRUIT JARS

Try the WALLACEBURG JARS and get the best

Pints	Quarts	½ Gallons
85	95	$1.15

THE PERFECT JAR

Pints	Quarts
90	95

FRUIT

of All Kinds in Stock From the West

MULLIN BROS.

SOLE AGENTS

THE REXALL DRUG STORE

Prescriptions

Carefully Compounded

School Supplies

D. T. HENDERSON

DRUGGIST

COAL

I have received two barge loads of The Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Coal Co's Celebrated

Scranton Coal

which will be delivered until further notice at the following prices:

EGG	$6.75
STOVE	6.75
CHESTNUT	7.00

An allowance of 10c per ton on all coal paid for within thirty days after delivery.

The usual allowance made to parties drawing their own coal.

W. H. McGANNON

A BREACH OF PROMISE CASE

Prominent Citizen Charged With Trifling With A Widow's Affections

For some time, it is alleged, one of our prominent citizens has paid more or less attention to a young and beautiful widow of this town, forgetting, or at least not heeding the advice of the immortal Mr Weller to his son Samuel to "beware of the widders."

He now claims that he was not serious in his intentions and that he was not attached to her, but however that may have been the widow became attached to him, and as he seems to have lost interest in the matter she has attached his property, which is a form of attachment that he does not enjoy.

The result is, that he finds himself the defendant in a first class Breach of Promise Case and his questionable attitude towards the widow will be given an airing in the near future.

The parties in the case are so prominent that it is feared no courtroom will hold the vast crowd desirous of attending the trial, so it will be held in Morrisburg Music Hall, on Thursday evening, October 16th, under the auspices of the Brotherhood of St Andrew, for whose benefit the proceeds will be devoted.

In other words, it will be a Mock Court Trial, and it promises to be one of the most enjoyable affairs of many years, as a large number of our leading people will participate in the proceedings.

The committee having the trial in charge have engaged Col. A. V. Newton, the well-known lawyer-lecturer of Worcester, Mass. to attend to the details and personally conduct the entertainment.

Col. Newton has had remarkable success in conducting similar entertainments and without doubt the Breach of Promise Trial will be here, as elsewhere, an event long to be remembered with pleasure.

A Double Wedding

The home of Mr and Mrs Zenas Whitteker, Williamsburg, was a scene of a very pretty double wedding which took place on Tuesday, Sept. 30th, at 6 o'clock p.m., when their only two daughters, Martha and Florence, in the presence of about 50 invited guests were united in marriage, the former to Mr Charles Bouck of Elma, and the latter to Mr Grant Casselman of Williamsburg, Rev. L. M. McCreery of Morrisburg officiating.

The house was nicely decorated with white asters and an evergreen arch, under which the party stood for the ceremony.

The ring ceremony was used. The wedding march was rendered by Mr. Genzmer Barkley.

The wedding party entered the parlor in the following order: The grooms, attended by Mr Stanley Whitteker, brother of the brides, and Mr Robert Whitteker; the brides were attended by Miss Ida Bouck and Miss Mabel Whitteker.

The brides were gowned in white silk mull trimmed with lace, wearing wreathes of white roses. The bridesmaids wore white silk poplin with wreathes of white roses.

After the ceremony and the usual congratulations the party enjoyed a sumptuous supper consisting of an abundance of good things for which Williamsburg people are noted.

Many beautiful and useful presents were received.

The best wishes of their many friends accompany these young people as they start out on their voyage of life.

Possessing exquisite freshness and a fullness of flavor not found in other teas

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA—"Pure and Clean to a Leaf"

BLACK, MIXED OR NATURAL GREEN } Sealed Packets Only Beware of Imitations

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THE EARLY BIRD

Readers Are Requested to Emulate His Example

The Early Bird, as his name implies, does not need to be awakened by an alarm clock, but from natural temperament and characteristics is always on the spot—ready when the first material benefit offers itself. Just so with the early subscriber. He gets the big end of the stick by sending or bringing in his order at the beginning of a big offer.

We now submit a similar advantage to everyone within the zone of our Canadian circulation. We will give The Leader from now till January 1st, 1915, and The Weekly Mail and Empire from now until January 1st, 1915—the two papers for fifteen months—$1.90 to new subscribers. The yearly subscription price of each paper is $1.00, so this offer, giving each paper for an additional three months, means a saving of 60 cents to new subscribers. To subscribers of the Leader whose subscriptions are paid to date, The Weekly Mail and Empire will be sent for $1.00 for the fifteen months—till Januarv 1st, 1915.

How do we do it at the price? Well, we have made special arrangements with the big Metropolitan Weekly, by which both of us hope to increase our circulation, even although attained at a sacrifice of regular rates.

We might inform our readers that The Weekly Mail and Empire will, right away, publish a new serial story, by Conan Doyle, "The Poison Belt," which is equal to the best from the pen of that gifted writer.

Send—or bring—all orders to The Leader Office.

And This Happened in Brockville

To find out that things are not just what they appear sometimes, cost Nathan Scott $10. While indulging yesterday he exchanged two five dollar bills for a ten-dollar bank note. It looked genuine on one side but on the other was only a printed advertisement. Mr Scott has no recollection of the transaction whatever and cannot furnish the police with the slightest description of the party who put one over on him.—Times

Leader ads. bring results.

A FEW FACTS

About Canada's New Morning Daily

Now that October 8th, the date of the first issue of the "Montreal Daily Mail", is so near, people are looking for information about the new Morning Daily to be launched under the name of the "Montreal Daily Mail".

The new paper is capitalized at $500,000, all the Shareholders being Montrealers. Its organization is entirely independent of political parties or "established interests", so that it can consistently carry out its announced policy of serving the public first and only.

Preparations for bringing out the "Montreal Daily Mail" have been remarkable in their thoroughness, extending over fully six months. Its publishers aim to start out with a finished newspaper—to begin at a point which other leading dailies have attained only after years of growth.

With this in view, the mechanical equipment provided for getting out the paper is one of the most complete and up to date in the Dominion, and a Staff has been organized of men of the highest standing in the newspaper profession.

A feature that will appeal to subscribers is that, although a morning paper, the "Montreal Daily Mail" will be sold at regular Evening Paper Prices—1 cent a copy, $3.00 a year, or 25 cents a month. The publishers are making a feature of the one month, trial subscription, feeling sure that this will prove all that is needed to secure regular subscribers.

Pleased With Chateau Laurier

A letter received at the Grand Trunk headquarters from a member of the Canadian Life Underwriters Association, who convened at Ottawa on August 19th, and 21st, 1913, reads as follows:—

"It will I know interest you to learn that the L.U.A.C. Convention was a great success, and that each member present stated over and over again, that the success of the gathering, and in great measure the individual enjoyment on part of the delegates and their lady friends, was due to the Chateau Laurier and the exceptionally solicitous attentions on the part of Manager Folger and his able staff."

FUN! FUN! FUN!

Let No Innocent Man Escape

At the great Mock Court Trial to be given under the auspices of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew, in the Music Hall, on Thursday evening, October 16th, one of our most respected citizens will be charged with Breach of Promise. Regular Court Rules. Startling Developments. Ludicrous Situations. Local Hits. An Evening of Refined Fun.

Prices, 25 and 35 cents. Open at 7.30. Court called at 8 15.

The "Mean" of It

(Weekly Scotsman)

President Cleveland, while talking to a friend about one of his many angling expeditions, told the following story: "I had with me on that particular trips two countrymen, who evidently were familiar with my reputation as an angler. Before starting, one of them made the suggestion that the first to catch a fish must treat the crowd. Now don't you know, those two fellows both had a bite, and were too mean to pull them up."

"I suppose you lost, then," remarked the friend.

"Oh, no!" replied the President. "I didn't have any bait on my hook."

BORN.

BRADT.—On Tuesday, September 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Bradt, a son.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

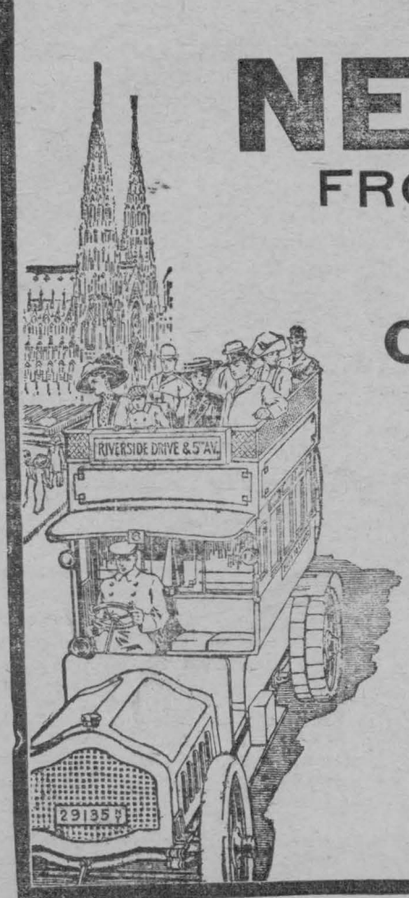
LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESULTS.

$6.50 Round Trip to NEW YORK FROM OGDENSBURG

Annual Coach Excursion

October 7th and 8th

Final Return Limit October 17th



Ten days for sightseeing in the Metropolis—Theatres, the Hippodrome, the Water-front, Ocean Liners, the Subway, Museums, Parks, Skyscrapers, Navy Yards, Broadway, Fifth Avenue, Riverside Drive.

Obtain your tickets early.

For complete information and time of trains, consult local agents or address New York Central Lines, General Agent, Watertown, N. Y.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

You will Need a Hat This Fall and want it up to the minute

Look at our Stock to give you an idea of what is right.

"Borsalino" Hats are made in Italy for us—Grand Prize, Paris 1900

New York's newest stiff is here with all the new "KING HATS"—A hat for every face.

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before purchasing your talking machine. Hornless cabinet machines in nine different styles. Prices

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Is like putting money in the Bank—both are needed for the "rainy day."

If your family was uncomfortable last winter from cold feet from the use of inferior coal, try

Baker & Snyder

this year for the coal with a fault. You get all coal, no slate or clinkers, few ashes, and it holds fire all night. Prices right for all.

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