

The Leader

XXIII, No. 18

MORRISBURG, ONT. FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1924



YES

We will have Seed Corn, Grass Seed, Potatoes, Seed Oats, Barley, and Wheat.

We have all kinds of MILL FEEDS and FLOUR, CORN OATS, BARLEY and WHEAT. PURINA CALF MEAL, CHICK FEED, HEN FEED.

We have some September-made cheese well cured and just right for eating. CALL AND GET A PIECE AT 20c per pound.

We can pay you up to 20 cents a pound live weight for fat hens.

We are still buying cream 5c a pound premium for sweet cream.

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LIMITED
MORRISBURG, ONT.

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Lime--Lump and Hydrated

TIMOTHY SEED, RED, ALSIKE & SWEET CLOVER SEED

FIELD CORN—

EARLY BAILEY.

WHITE CAP

WISCONSIN NO. 7

IMPROVED LEAMING,

GOLDEN GLOW

LONGFELLOW

ANGEL MIDNIGHT

COMPTONS EARLY

GARDEN SEEDS IN BULK—

ONIONS, PEAS, BEETS, CUCUMBERS, RADISHES,

BEANS, CORN, (Golden Bantam, Stowell's and

Early Cory), Mangles, Sugar Beets, Etc.

THE BEST VALUE ON THE MARKET

RENNIES SEEDS—

Specially selected for Purity and High Germination.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

THE HARDWARE STORE—OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

MR. S. A. BAKER

(Gazette, Whitby, Ont.)

After an illness extending over seventeen months, from heart trouble Stanton A. Baker passed away at his home on Colborne Street last Wednesday evening. For nearly a year and a half Mr. Baker had put up a brave fight against failing health. His illness, brought on chiefly by overwork, was accentuated about a year ago by a severe attack of pneumonia from which he eventually recovered, but which left him in a very weak condition. He was able during the latter part of the winter and the early spring, to be about town and felt that he was regaining his vigor, when about eight weeks ago he suffered a relapse, and was again confined to his bed. He gradually grew weaker, his death occurring on Wednesday evening, April 16th.

The late Mr. Baker was a native of Morrisburg, Ont. where he was born 46 years ago. He was connected practically all his life with the transportation business, his first position being with the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Co. Later he became general Canadian agent for the Chicago and Great Western Railway which position he held for a number of years, until the war led to the closing of the Canadian office. He then accepted an appointment at Des Moines, Iowa, in charge of the traffic in demobilizing the American troops. After a year there, he became assistant traffic manager of the General Motors Corporation of Canada, with headquarters at Oshawa, which position he held until his illness obliged him to relinquish these duties.

Several years ago Mr. Baker and his family came to Whitby to reside and have lived here ever since. During that time he made a host of warm friends, by reason of his high integrity, splendid, gentlemanly qualities, and his sincerity of purpose. His ability in his chosen calling and his popularity as a business associate were amply demonstrated by the many warm friendships which he made among high officials of all the Canadian transportation companies. Few men are privileged to make and hold such a wide circle of loyal friends, by the office staff and employees of the General Motors he was held in exceptionally high regard.

Mrs. Baker, formerly Miss Flora Montgomery, also of Morrisburg, survives together with one daughter, Marjorie, and two sons, Hugh, aged fourteen, and William, aged ten, to whom the deepest sympathy of the community is extended. Two sisters and three brothers also survive, namely, Mrs. A. F. Merkley and Miss Lillie Baker of Morrisburg; Mr. W. J. Baker, Morrisburg; Alex. Baker, Calgary, Alta., and Curtis Baker of Massena, N.Y.

As a man and a citizen Stanton A. Baker stood for what is highest and best. He was an Anglican in religion, and for a number of terms served as a Warden of All Saints' Church. In his home life he was particularly happy. In the esteem of the citizens of Whitby he held an honored place and general regret is felt at his passing in the prime of life. He was elected a member of the Board of Education in 1922 and served on that body until illness overtook him.

The late Mr. Baker was a member of Composite Lodge, A.F. & A.M., and of Keystone Chapter, Royal Arch Masons.

The funeral service was held at the family residence on Friday evening last, being conducted by Rev. D. B. Langford. Following this the members of Composite Lodge held a Masonic service. A profusion of flowers told of the many spheres of life in which the deceased had won regard.

On Saturday the remains were conveyed by Canadian National train to Beaverton, where interment was made in the Beaverton cemetery.

FETTERLY—VANALLEN

A very quiet and pretty wedding took place at the home of the bride's parents on April 23rd at 5 p.m. when Miss Nina S. VanAllen of Morrisburg, the fourth eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. VanAllen, was united in marriage to Mr. Stanley S. Fetterly of Chesterville, youngest son of Mrs. Ezra Fetterly, Rev. Mr. Carson of Chesterville officiating. The wedding march was played by the bride's cousin Mrs. William Davies. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a dress of Ivory Silk trimmed with blue. Miss Olive VanAllen, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, wearing a dress of blue silk trimmed with Ivory. The bridesroom was attended by his nephew, Mr. Thomas Reveler. After congratulations had been tendered to the guests, they repaired to the dining-room where dinner was served.

Mr. and Mrs. Fetterly left for Toronto, Hamilton and Niagara on the 10.13 train, the bride travelling in a sand-colored dress. On their return Mr. and Mrs. Fetterly were tendered a reception at his home Chesterville. The bride received many costly and useful gifts.

WANTED

Young girl to assist with housework, Apply to BOX 24, Morrisburg.

TWO MEN MEET DEATH IN ST LAWRENCE

The bodies of two unidentified men who met death in the St. Lawrence River on Thursday afternoon near St. Regis Village have not yet been recovered although search has been made from the Canadian and American sides and dragging the river with grappling hooks. It has been learned that the ill-fated men were attempting to gain entrance to the United States by way of Hogansburg.

MISSING WILL IS FOUND

Missing since his death in November, 1921, the will of Albert Dillabough, an Oxford Township farmer, has just been discovered at Winchester locked in the drawer of a safe which had changed hands several times since its purchase seven years ago from the owner of a shop at Heckston. When Dillabough died search was made, but without success for the will which he was known to have made. When E. Colborne, owner of a garage at Winchester, forced a drawer in the safe which had remained locked for many years he found the will, made in 1888, among other papers belonging to Dillabough and it will now be probated.

THIS ADVICE MAY SAVE YOUR LIFE

The Hydro Electric Commission have sent out these simple rules, which they hope to impress on everyone: Use only one hand in switching electric lights on or off, and keep the other from metallic contact. Never switch on an electric light with one hand while the other hand is in water or on a water faucet. Never operate an electric light while standing in a bathtub. Always be sure that the hands are dry when operating an electrical device. Never tamper with an electrical circuit with which you are not familiar.

HUFF-DALAND COMPANY GET NEW CONTRACT

The friends of Mr. George Dardis who recently became connected with the Huff-Daland Co. of Ogdensburg will be pleased to know that this company is thinking of enlarging its premises to take care of their increasing business.

The Ogdensburg Republican Journal says: "The Huff-Daland company has received a \$90,000 contract from the United States government, it was learned yesterday, and the staff will be kept busy on it for some time. The company has been engaged on airplane contracts for the army and navy the past year or two. It is expected that the staff of employees will be kept busy most of the summer on this new work. Although the company is now occupying both floors of the former Hannan mill building on Riverside avenue it is beginning to feel the need for more space. The company is also preparing to enlarge its activities in turning out planes for commercial purposes for which there is a steadily increasing demand. For some time past the company has been at work on a new design two-passenger car, which will be completed shortly."

S. S. NO. 1 MATILDA

Class IV—Marjorie Robertson 83 per cent.; Ronald Cornell 73, Allan Farlinger 64; Alice Farlinger 61; Ruth Larmour 50 Ralph Tuttle 39.

Class III Sr.—Helen Robertson 72 Eleanor Deeks 55.

Class II Sr.—Arthur Cornell 80*, Albert Robertson 80, Jack Robertson 79*.

Class II Jr.—Marjorie Hall 70.

Class I Sr.—Edward Cornell 78.

Pr. Class—Donald Deeks, Eleanor Dillabough, Wilfred Larmour.

Pr. Class Jr.—Jack Shaver, Allan Shaver Doris Beckstead.

VIOLET MULLIN, Teacher.

S S NO 4 WILLIAMSBURG

Easter Examinations, Pass, 660.

Sr. IV—Altha Casselman 828, Eileen Castleman 777, Russell Stoddart 743, Doris VanAllen 787.

Jr. IV—Sherwood Stoddart 213*.

III—Helen Markell 600 Ross Naidow 695, Hilda Wells 732, Lila Wells 729, Pass 420.

II—Alexander Casselman 464, Lloyd Wells 469.

I—Reba Watson.

Sr. Pr. Warner Casselman, Mary Harper.

Jr. Pr.—Willie Watson.

*Absent.

J. W. McMARTIN, Teacher.

S. S NO 9 1-2 & 15 MATILDA

Class IV Sr.—Wilbert Loucks 79 per cent. Ida Merkley 68, Minnie Buchan 63 Eileen Merkley 55.

Class IV—Jr.—Ada Whitteker 67 per cent, Martha Benton 53.

Class III—Willie Deeks 63 per cent, Gladys Merkley 55, Harvey Benton 49.

Class II—Lloyd Whitteker 52 per cent, Mabel Merkley 45.

Class I—Vena Whitteker 77 per cent, Mac Strader 74.

Sr. Pr.—Gwyneth Benton.

Jr. Pr.—Ray Merkley.

B. ROY CASSELMAN, Teacher



A luxurious car at a moderate price

MASTER FOUR 24-37

LOW in Cost and Upkeep
—yet elegant and comfortable

NEW in every particular, yet strictly McLaughlin-Buick in character, the 1924 McLaughlin-Buick Master Four five-passenger Sedan fully exemplifies McLaughlin-Buick's policy of building greater satisfaction into its cars with each succeeding year. Moderately priced, everything that could be asked for is present—fine appearance, comfort, power. Its new Fisher-built body, new frame, fenders and radiator, radiator filler-cap, aluminum running-boards, bumper — its powerful McLaughlin-Buick valve-in-head motor — its sturdy, proved Four-Wheel Brakes, all contribute to that greater measure of utility that the world has come to expect in "Canada's Standard Car".

Ask us about the G.M.A.C. Deferred Payment Plan.
G-116

W. H. Fetterly, Morrisburg, Ont.

Easter at Central Meat Market

THE STORE OF QUALITY

Don't forget to leave your order for a Choice Roast of nice Juicy Western Steer, Pork, Lamb, or Choice Milk-Fed Veal. Fowl, Sausage, Sugar-cured Hams, Best Brands of Bacon, Cottage Rolls and all kinds of Cured Meats. Butter and Eggs. Vegetables and Canned Goods.

W. J. FISHER & SON

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET

PROPERTY FOR SALE

A good frame house with three or four acres of land on the Provincial Highway, three miles west of Morrisburg. On the property there is a good stable and an orchard.

ARTHUR FLYNN - - - Morrisburg, Ont.

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Capital and Reserve \$9,000,000
Over 125 Branches

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Special Savings Departments

are provided at every one of our branches, and assure to our depositors prompt and courteous attention.

Deposits of \$1.00 and upwards invited.

G-2-922

Morrisburg Branch H. E. PAUL, Manager
Williamsburg Branch W. B. COLLES, Manager
Aultsville Branch G. M. WHITNEY, Manager



Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

KEEPING YOUNG CHICKS GROWING.

A quick maturity means heavy laying. The pullet that drags along, gaining slowly, very seldom is able to gather enough energy to make a record. While a chick properly hatched has a better chance for maturing rapidly, it is no guarantee unless subsequent feed and care are right. Stunted chicks will not respond even to the best of feed.

The diet of the chick is practically that of the hen. The feed that makes eggs will likewise grow bone, muscle and feathers. The food must consist largely of nitrogenous material, balanced with sufficient carbonaceous matter to offset any ill effect that might result from too much nitrogen.

To have early laying pullets in the fall, and vigorous layers all winter, the chickens must be kept growing. If they are in good health they will have a growing appetite, and this must be supplied with a liberal quantity of the best quality of food in order that they may store up energy. There is nothing better for growing chickens than a good grass range. Here the youngsters not only gather green food and insects, but they are continually exercising. At night their crops are as hard as bullets, and the good night's rest fits them for renewed foraging the next day.

But the range must have some shade. There must be cool spots where the youngsters can rest on hot summer days. During the cool morning hours you will notice the chicks working on the west side of the tree, and as the afternoon sun strikes under the branches the birds will be found on the east side, and far enough away so they are out of the sun. They follow the shade.

Berry bushes make good shade, and also protect the chicks from hawks and crows. By all means use growing plants for shade, because they give off moisture which makes the spot cooler than shade obtained in any other way. There is nothing better than a range in a corn-field or a large patch of sun-flowers. Here shade will be found, and there will be plenty of young tender green shoots and fat, delicious bugs and worms. Where natural shade is lacking artificial shelters must be provided.

On the ordinary farm the growing chick is too often left to hustle for itself. This is not entirely a bad move, since there is so much grain, etc., about. But the demands made by the developing bodies of chicks are great; the materials the chicks have gathered to meet these demands are diverse. The chick in ten weeks shows a gain of 1,500 per cent., and duck-

lings may add from 50 to 100 per cent. to their weight weekly.

This growth is not merely of flesh, fat or soft tissue, for the extensive, strong, bony framework must be formed with equal rapidity. Ten per cent. of the body of an average fowl is made up of mineral bone elements or "ash"; and the percentage must be much greater in lean, immature birds.

Hence you will see that grain is not enough for chicks. The ordinary grains will not supply this ash in the proportion needed. Corn contains only 1 1/2 per cent. of ash; wheat less than 2 per cent.; wheat screenings or oats, 3 per cent.; middlings, 3.1-3 per cent.; and bran (the richest in this element of grains) carries less than 6 per cent.

To obtain the needed amount of ash we must either force the fowl to eat large quantities of food, or some foods richer in mineral elements than grains must be provided. If the bone-making material is not abundant, the bones of the bird will be large, soft and weak, resulting in lameness or deformity; or the bird will make slow and unsatisfactory growth.

Experiments made at the New York Station show plainly the need of plenty of ash for growing fowls. These tests indicate that tiny chicks can make good use of such uncommon elements as sand and rock phosphate. Those elements, however, can be more easily obtained in better combination and in more palatable form in materials already recommended by our most successful feeders—fine raw or cooked bone. Every grower of chicks should use constantly some animal meal, green vegetables, clover or alfalfa, and good, clean grit.

Weaklings should be removed from the flock whenever found. Very little is gained in trying to save them, for they seldom become vigorous. They are an easy prey for parasites and readily contract disease.

Rigid selection for vigor should be practiced throughout the life of the chicks, so that no weak or undesirable specimens will find their way to the breeding-pen. Weak chicks grow into poor breeders.

Early roosting should be encouraged, along with plenty of exercise. Roosts should be placed not more than a foot above the floor when the chicks are about a month old. Early roosting will prevent crowding, overheating and smothering at night.

Cockerels should be separated from pullets about the time the cockerels begin nagging. This gives both lots more room and the cockerels may be fed more heavily. When possible, chicks should be grouped according to age. Above all, the coops and houses must be kept clean and well disinfected, for no chicks will thrive if tormented by vermin.

The British Empire Exhibition

The Experimental Farms Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture will be represented at the British Empire Exhibition by a model Experimental farm surrounded by typical scenic work. The space occupied will be 40 by 60 feet. The model will be to scale, and complete as to buildings, fences, roads, shelter belts, rotation fields, experimental plots, live stock, and horticultural sections. A display will be made of sheaves of grains, forage crops, fruits, etc., originated, improved or introduced by the Branch. Transparencies, pictorial and otherwise, will give further information as to the services rendered, and a booklet will be distributed for the information of prospective settlers and others.

The exhibit to be made by the Dominion Live Stock Branch will occupy a space of 128 feet long by eight feet deep. Canadian bacon will be featured in an attractive manner in co-operation with the Canadian Packers, who will keep the exhibit supplied with this commodity.

The stocker and feeder business will be presented by means of scenes showing (1) Cattle on Canadian summer pastures; (2) Cattle on the western range in winter; and (3) Canadian cattle after their transfer to British pastures.

Displays will be made of Canadian poultry, eggs and wool. Canadian egg standards will be depicted, as well as the Canadian system of recording the performance of poultry. The wool and textile exhibit will include an exhibit of wool from the Prince of Wales' ranch in the Province of Alberta. Numerous transparencies will illustrate Canadian farm scenes and typical specimens of live stock.

The Seed Branch of the Department of Agriculture has collected an exhibit of seed from commercial sources and plant breeders to exhibit at the British Empire Exhibition for the purpose of showing this branch of Canadian industry and stimulating trade in the export of hardy, northern-grown seed within the Empire and to Northern European countries.

There have been secured for this exhibit the prize winning samples from national and international seed shows, including the championship wheat, oats and peas at the Chicago International, which were all Can-

adian-grown exhibits. The plant breeders have supplied samples of Elite stock seed representing the main kinds and varieties originated by them and those in process of improvement. From commercial sources, including the Canadian wholesale seed trade, larger exhibits have been secured showing high grades of cereal grains, alfalfa and other clovers, grasses, peas, beans and corn, representative of the qualities of this season's crop, and available for export in car lots.

Some 3,000 boxes of apples have been collected by the Fruit Branch to represent Canadian fruit at the exhibition. The display will be set up and maintained by the Exhibition Branch of the Department of Trade and Commerce.

Hatching With the Incubator.

When using an incubator for the first time, one is fortunate if a high percentage hatch is secured, as experience is needed to be able to follow even the clearest directions in work of this sort. Exhibition Circular No. 2 of the Experimental Farms, recommends a well ventilated cellar with a fairly even temperature, as a good location for the machine. In any case, fresh air is necessary, but draughts should be avoided. It is also important, if one has not a suitable cellar, that the machine should stand on a floor that does not vibrate when walked upon. To get satisfactory results it is necessary to have the conditions right in relation to heat, moisture, cooling, turning, and testing. The Circular to which reference is made, "Artificial Incubation," is obtainable from the Publications Branch, and deals with these points, and shows by illustrations and contrast pictures, suitable and unsuitable types of eggs for hatching. An essential point brought out is that the eggs for hatching should be secured from vigorous well bred stock. With such eggs a modern incubator should be depended upon, if properly handled, to yield a good proportion of chicks from the eggs entrusted to it.

The radical is usually the man who likes to blame somebody else for his own mistakes.

The Rainbow-Flowered Iris

The refined and delicate beauty of the modern Iris has been aptly compared to that of the sky and sea. It is well named the "rainbow flower," for its various hues, less substantial than the rose, for example, have the limpid quality of a perfect June day, and flush and fade like the rainbow itself.

To garden lovers this flower makes a strong appeal. To-day it is held in much higher esteem than was the case twenty-five or thirty years ago, due in no small degree to the introduction of varieties that are far more attractive than the old blue flag and other mediocre kinds in grandmother's garden.

It is just as easy to grow a good iris as an ordinary one, so we should harden our hearts and dismiss with a blessing some of the older varieties that have done good service in the past but are now far eclipsed.

The tall, bearded irises, to which this article refers, are among the most satisfactory of garden plants. First, the iris is a plant of unusual distinction both as regards flower and foliage. It flowers abundantly, and in all hues and tones of lavender, mauve and purple. Then there are white, cream, pale yellow, deep yellow, and combinations of these.

Second: The irises of this type are entirely hardy, need no winter protection, and increase rapidly. This iris is not exacting as to soil or location. It will thrive anywhere but in sour, wet, low-lying, shady spots. It responds best, however, on the upper level, where drainage is sharp, and on soil of light to medium texture. Where well grown, it is not likely to

be seriously affected either by disease or insects.

That these are strong qualifications, all will admit, and justify our advocating a more general use in garden planting.

The best time to plant the iris is either in the early spring or in the month of August. If it is simply a question of dividing old clumps, or if the source of supply of new plants is near at hand, planting may be undertaken at any time after the flowering season is over.

In planting, the rhizomes should be set near the surface. The fibrous roots attached to the rhizome should extend down into the soil on all sides. A good practice is to mound up the soil in the centre of the hole and set the rhizomes on this.

The iris may be given a place in any perennial border, whether long or short, wide or narrow. If the space will permit, it is a good plan to plant medium sized divisions of one variety two feet apart in groups of three to five plants. Repeated at regular intervals in a long border, the plants form accent points or centres of attraction because of their marked divergence from other types. A fine effect is often produced by planting with a background of flowering shrubs such as lilac and spirea. The well-known variety *palida Dalmatica*, a clear lavender with flower stems four feet high, bearing from three to five gigantic flowers, combined with the wisteria vine or the apricot-flowered Oriental poppy, Mrs. Perry, will produce a color combination worth a long trip to see.—The Ontario Horticultural Association.

One Hour's Carelessness.

"I don't think much of these colony brooders," said Careless John, yawning wearily. "I tried them out last summer and it didn't seem to me that they saved any work to speak of. Just kept me running down to the corn-field seeing if things were all right. And, at the end of the season, I didn't have any more chickens that I had when I let the hens take care of 'em!"

The county representative had been trying to impress on John's mind the importance of brooders, and the profit in poultry. But John was not interested. First of all, he didn't like the bother of so many hens all summer with their broods of little chicks, and when the agent had suggested the use of the colony-house system, John said the colony house was a joke; he "knew all about them" because he had failed to make them go, and according to his logic, anything that wouldn't work itself into money for him, wasn't "worth its salt."

He yawned again and stretched his arms slowly. "Why, I had two of them colony houses last year, neighbor, and put them down in the corn-field, just as the Agricultural College fellow told me. Well, the chicks, 300 to each house, were four weeks old when I moved them down there, along about the first of May.

"They got along fine for a few days, and then a cold night came along, next as sudden as lightning. The next morning when I went down there, I found that all the chicks had crowded into one of the colony-house brooders. I thought a weasel had been busy when I first went in."

"There was a big pile of dead chicks. A lot were standin' around humped up and wet as the dickens. I reckon they just sweat themselves to death that night. Anyhow, there were only about 150 chicks left out of the 600. So, you can't talk colony houses to me, neighbor!"

The county representative tried to explain to John that the trouble was not due to the colony houses, but to the fact that the chicks had all stampeded into one house and smothered themselves to death later in the night. Six hundred chicks will generate a tremendous amount of heat when crowded into one little colony house.

Had Careless John taken the trouble to move his colony houses some distance apart, he would not have lost his chicks. It is hen sense for all to crowd into the smaller of two brooders, if two are placed close together. Fowls do not roost by themselves, unless separated and trained to do so. They all flock together in the smaller brooder, every time. If Careless John had gone down to the corn-field that cold May night, he would have saved his flock even then, but John wanted to sit down that evening and enjoy himself. His hour's rest cost him a season's profits.

Some Recommended Roses.

There are wide differences with regard to the susceptibility to disease between the various modern roses. Bulletin 85 of the Experimental Farms, entitled "Hardy Roses," names twenty varieties of hybrid teas that are regarded as fairly resistant to black spot and mildew. Five of these are Avoca, red; Dean Hole, pink; Etoile de France, red; Mrs. Harold Brocklebank, cream; Lady Ursula, pink. In the climbing varieties American Pillar is resistant, and Excelsa might take the place of the old Crimson Rambler which is a susceptible variety. Good pinks are Dorothy Perkins and Tausendschon.

The difference between men and motors is that usually motors knock when they go uphill while men generally knock when they are going down hill.

Depth to Plant Potatoes.

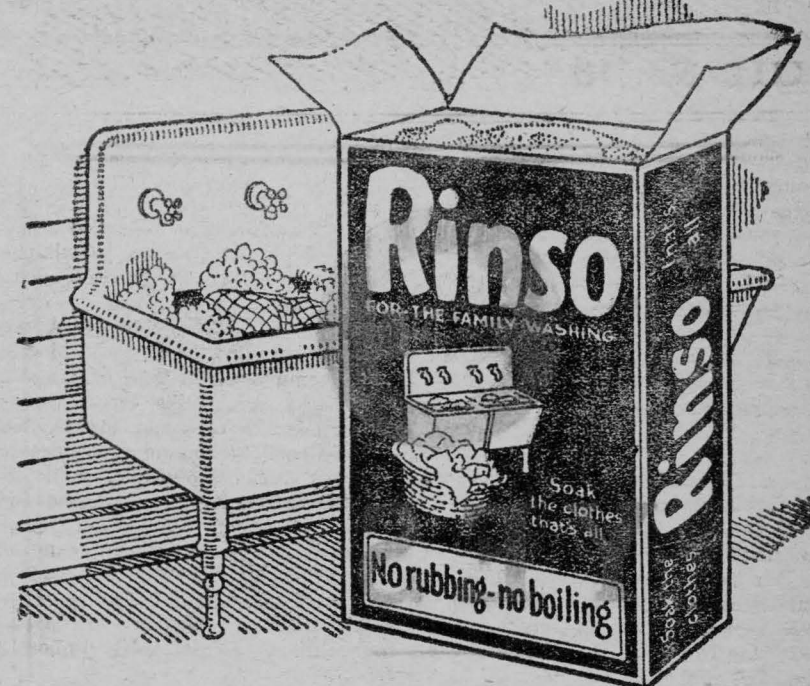
The depth at which potato sets are planted has a marked influence on the yield. Shallow planting has been found by test at the Experimental Farms, Ottawa, to give much better results than deep planting. In loose, sandy soil at Ottawa, the most economical depth has been shown to be from four to five inches. At this depth the seed is not disturbed at harrowing the crop soon after planting, to destroy weeds and conserve moisture. On very light soils liable to dry out a little deeper planting is better.

For the early crop, shallow planting has an advantage, because the warm surface soil is favorable to quick growth. Seed planted only one inch deep gave best results, but is not to be recommended for field culture.

An experiment was conducted for seven years in planting potatoes at different depths in rows two and a half feet apart, the sets being placed twelve inches apart in the rows. The sets had at least three eyes each. The soil was sandy, and level cultivation was used in the experiment. When the sets were planted less than four inches deep, nearly all of the crop was found between that depth and the surface of the soil. The best results were obtained with planting one inch deep and the poorest at eight inches. The yields were as follows: one inch, 466 bushels to the acre; two inches, 381; three inches, 405; four inches, 394; five inches, 387; six inches, 377; seven inches, 307; eight inches, 284. The shallow planted seed was given slightly more covering.

Sprouting Oats in the Runs.

This spring and summer, trials will be made in sprouting oats in the runs so that there may be a constant supply of green food available. For this purpose frames are made out of 2x4-inch scantling, and over the top one-inch wire netting is tacked, which prevents the fowls from grazing the oats too closely and also from scratching out the roots. These frames are made of a length convenient to be handled. The ground is first dug up and manured, and the oats planted. From time to time the frames can be removed to new sections of the runs, and a new supply grown while the hens are finishing up the roots of the old one.



Soaking takes the place of rubbing—

JUST by soaking the clothes in the suds of this new soap, dirt is gently loosened and dissolved.

Even the dirt that is ground in at neckbands and cuff-edges yields to a light rubbing with dry Rinso. Not a thread is weakened. The mild Rinso suds work thoroughly through and through the clothes without injury to a single fabric.

Rinso is made by the makers of Lux. For the family wash it is as wonderful as Lux is for fine things.

All grocers and department stores sell Rinso.

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO

R-24

How Cracked Eggs May Be Hatched.

I often send away for fine eggs for hatching, paying a good price for them. In spite of the fact that they are carefully packed, when they reach me some of them will be cracked. For a time my loss in this way was heavy, until I decided upon this plan to save them:

I examine each cracked egg carefully to see whether the skin under the shell is broken. If it is, the egg is worthless, but if the skin is unbroken I cover the crack with a thin coating of glue, and allow it to dry before placing the egg in the incubator.

I find that an egg treated in this way will hatch as well as one not cracked. I have hatched eggs having spider-web cracks as large as a quarter—in several instances when the shell was slightly dented in by the crack—by treating them with glue beforehand. For a number of years I have not lost a fertile egg on account of a crack, unless the skin under it was broken, or the crack covered more than half the egg.—M. J. Atkinson.

Hot Water Bath.

Hot water is a good medicine for sick cabbages as determined by college pathologists, who have discovered a new cure for black leg, an infectious disease which has caused a loss of thousands of dollars to cabbage producers.

The corrosive sublimate treatment which has been used for black rot and recommended for black leg is not altogether satisfactory, so the experts say. Now they have found that seed immersed for thirty minutes in water kept at 122 degrees is free from both

infections, but the hot water also reduces the germination. Plump and healthy seed stand the treatment much better than poor seed and there is no doubt that the advantages gained in freeing the seed from the disease overbalances the reduced germination.

HOGS

We are just glad that hogs like water—fresh, clean, pure water—in abundance. If they did not like water, they might then be demanding a substitute that is more costly to provide.

The good hog man sees that every hog on his premises has every ounce of this liquid elixir of life that is needed. He does not stint where the cost is so little and the results are so certain.

The pig drinks more pounds than he eats. Piggies' all important body when very young may carry as high as 80 per cent. of water, and from this down to as low as 35 per cent. when he is well fitted for the shambles. See, therefore, that he has plenty of plenty of liquid refreshments that are not too cold in winter, nor too hot in summer.

Raw linseed oil, applied once or twice daily, removes warts or corns in a few days. With it we removed warts from a cow's teats, a patch of warts from a cow's nose, warts from our hands, a corn from the end of my finger, and those terribly painful "soft" corns between toes. It is good for chapped hands and burns. To prevent staining clothing, wrap parts to which it is applied.—L. L. L.

Legume hay, tankage, or dairy products fed to the sow will make the pig crop strong and increase the percentage of those maturing.

When you want Syrup, always specify the

EDWARDSBURG

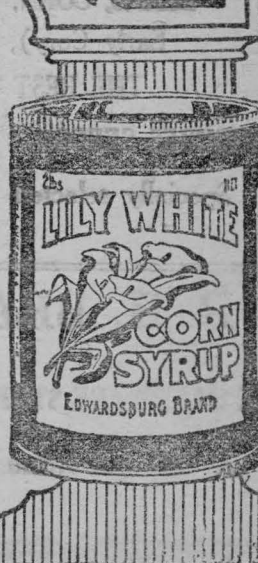
BRANDS OF CHOICE CORN SYRUPS

"Benson's Golden"
Equal to the best Cane.

"Crown Brand" "Lily White"
The Standard Corn Syrup. A White Syrup like Honey.

"Lassies"
Equal to the best Molasses.

Manufactured by
THE CANADA STARCH CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.



IRISH BOUNDARY ISSUE THREATENS PROSPECT OF UNITED COUNTRY

A despatch from Dublin says:—Though expected, the breakdown of the Boundary Conference has created no little shock in the Free State, and it has set everybody anticipating the gravest possibility, not even excluding a recourse to arms. There has been absolutely no moral or material change in the positions taken up by the preliminaries at Belfast and Dublin toward the question, and no change of heart which matters more than the giving up of boundaries. And the position has been aggravated in the eyes of the Free Staters by the manner in which, it is alleged, the Belfast Government has so gerrymandered the electoral areas in the disputed counties that one Unionist may outvote two Free Staters; and this again has so enraged the latter that they abstained in the Northern local elections, leaving the field clear for their opponents' unopposed return. Thus border passions are deeply stirred and the bitterest feelings have been recreated. Relying on the act of 1920, the Northern Unionists say that they will not yield an inch of territory, and though they did recognize the other articles they will not recognize Article 12 of the treaty, which Cosgrave's Government must insist upon or else quit.

The Irish Times looks at the present situation in the gloomiest possible light, though it admits that the terms of the treaty are perfectly clear. If the British Government, it says, decides that, in the absence of a Northern representative on the Commission, the latter cannot operate, it will present every enemy of the Free State with the appallingly dangerous argument that by British action the Anglo-Irish Treaty has become null and void.

If a commission of two members operates and determines the boundary of Northern Ireland, the British Government will be bound to enforce its findings. The inevitable result will be, the paper says, a struggle—perhaps an armed struggle—that will involve the three Governments and will ruin the slowly reviving prosperity of both Irish States and will give free scope to all the elements of lawlessness and make Irish unity impossible for a hundred years.

BRUTAL MURDER NEAR FORT FRANCES, ONT.

Farmer and Wife Horribly Mutilated by Assassin and Robber.

A despatch from Fort Frances says:—John Sward, 60 years old, and his wife were the victims of a brutal murder, believed to have been perpetrated with an axe, according to reports received from Stratton, Ont., in which district the Swards had lived for many years. News of the crime was transmitted by Joseph Vicnaw, a neighbor of the slain couple, and the Provincial Police, accompanied by the Coroner, have left for the scene of the crime.

Vicnaw spent Wednesday evening with the Swards. When he returned the next morning to assist with some chores he stumbled across the body of the farmer lying beneath a horse blanket about thirty feet from the dwelling. Hurrying into the house, Vicnaw found the mutilated body of Mrs. Sward lying on the bed. The bodies of both victims were horribly bruised and slashed, indicating that an axe or similar weapon had been used.

Robbery has been advanced as the only theory for the crime.

Canada Establishes Cache for Round-World Aviator

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., says:—The Canadian steamer Thiepvall, with stores for Stuart MacLaren, British 'round-the-world' aviator, has arrived at the island of Attu, in the Aleutian group, where a fuel deposit will be made for the British aeroplane. The Thiepvall reached Attu last Sunday, according to word received here.

ALBERTA WELL ONE OF BIGGEST AMERICAN CONTINENT



Lieut. Alfred Baule
Of the French navy, hopes to prevent sea disasters by his invention of a new course tracer, which shows instantly, without calculation, the accurate position of a ship on a chart.

Canadian Wheat Flows Over High Tariff Dam

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—More Canadian wheat is going to United States millers from the head of the lakes this year than ever before, in spite of the 42-cent duty imposed recently, according to local grain officials.

Minneapolis, Duluth, Chicago and Buffalo mills have contracts aggregating 14,000,000 bushels now registered at the head of the Lakes, while a single concern has contracts for delivery of 7,000,000 bushels during May.

Exporters here assert that the increased tariff designed against Canadian wheat has been quite ineffective.

When wise men fall out then rogues come by what is not their own.



Denizens of the far-flung British Empire meet at Wembley. Sergeant Sampson of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police meets some of the Gold Coast natives, in England for the great exhibition.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.
Man. wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.06.
Man. oats—No. 3 CW, 40½¢; No. 1, 40¢.
Man. barley—Nominal.
All the above c.i.f., bay ports.
Ont. barley—65 to 70¢.
Am. corn—No. 2 yellow, 95¢.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 76 to 80¢.
Ont. Rye—74 to 78¢.
Peas—No. 2, \$1.45 to \$1.50.
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$26; shorts, per ton, \$28; middlings, \$34; good feed flour, \$1.95.
Ont. wheat—No. 2 white, 98¢ to \$1.02, outside.
Ont. No. 2 white oats—39 to 41¢.
Ont. corn—Nominal.
Ont. flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$4.60; Toronto basis, \$4.60; bulk seaboard, \$4.25.
Man. flour—1st pats., in jute sacks, \$6 per bbl; 2nd pats., \$5.50.
Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14.50; No. 2, \$14.50; No. 3, \$12 to \$14; mixed, \$10 to \$12; lower grades, \$10 to \$12.
Straw—Carlots, per ton, \$9.50.
Standard re-cleaned screenings, f.o. b. bay ports, per ton, \$20.50.
Cheese—New, large, 16 to 16½¢; twins, 17 to 18¢; triplets, 18 to 19¢; Stiltons, 20¢. Old, large, 22 to 23¢; twins, 23 to 24¢; triplets, 24 to 25¢.
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 34 to 35¢; No. 1 creamery, 32 to 33¢; No. 2, 31 to 32¢; dairy, 28 to 30¢.
Eggs—Extras, fresh, in cartons, 32 to 33¢; extra, loose, 29¢; firsts, 27¢; seconds, 24 to 25¢.
Live poultry—Chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 25¢; hens, over 5 lbs., 26¢; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24¢; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 15¢; spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 25¢; roosters, 18¢; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 26¢; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 24¢.
Dressed poultry—Chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 30¢; hens, over 5 lbs., 28¢; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 18¢; spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 32¢; roosters, 22¢.
Beans—Can., hand-picked, lb., 6½¢; primes, 6¢.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26¢.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 to 11½¢ per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 11 to 12¢; 5-lb. tins, 11½ to 12¢; 2½-lb. tins, 12½ to 13¢; comb honey, per doz., No. 1, \$3.75 to \$4; No. 2, \$3.25 to \$3.50.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 23 to 24¢; cooked hams, 34 to 36¢; smoked

CANADIAN GRAIN MIXED IN U. STATES

Government Experts Find Export Shipments Adulterated in U.S. Ports.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—That Canadian grain routed via United States ports for export is being mixed, and that a certain number of complaints have been made regarding the quality of such shipments, is asserted by Leslie Boyd, Chief Grain Commissioner, and George Seris, Chief Grain Inspector, in a report on their recent investigations in Europe. The Government tabled the report in the House on Thursday.

While the complaints submitted to the Canadian experts are not numerous, and were confined to the ports of London and Liverpool, the report points out that the shipments complained of were in every case routed via United States ports, chiefly Buffalo, and they constitute a danger to the prestige of Canadian export grain. The experts recommend that the Canadian Government negotiate with the United States to have any necessary tightening up made of United States customs and bonding regulations.

Messrs. Boyd and Seris point out that European Boards of Trade hold the Canadian Government strictly responsible for the accuracy of grading export grain, which is sold on certificates and must be accepted by the purchaser accordingly.

Feeding the Multitudes of Empire Exhibition Visitors

The task of feeding the millions who will flock to the British Empire Exhibition at Wembley has been tackled with great success. There are fifty-four restaurants and tearooms in all, says a London despatch. A daily attendance of 200,000 people is anticipated by the authorities, and 25,000 people will be able to have meals at the same time. The restaurants' staffs total 7,000, and plans have been perfected for serving 175,000 meals each day.

The weeks' food supply consists of 5 tons of meat, 260 tons of bread and cakes, 3,000 tins of sardines, 2,000 gallons of soup, 1,500 cases of Colonial dried fruits, 40 tons of potatoes, and 500,000 bottles of mineral waters. A special railway siding has been constructed for the milk traffic alone.

"Seating accommodation covers ten acres," said an official of Messrs. J. Lyons & Co., who have charge of the seating arrangements.

"One hundred thousand cubic feet of gas are needed to keep the ovens going, and more than 20,000 gallons of water are used for cooking purposes each hour of the day."

Newfoundland Government Suffers Defeat in House

A despatch from St. John's Nfld., says:—W. R. Warren, head of the Newfoundland Government, and his Cabinet, were defeated on Thursday in the House of Assembly on a vote of lack of confidence. The vote was moved from the Government benches and was supported by four other members of the Government. The opposition was led by William Higgins.

It is understood that Premier Warren will wait on the Governor at once and ask for a dissolution and the issuance of writs for a general election.

Arctic Flyers to Choose Shorter Canadian Route

A despatch from Vancouver says:—Orders to report on an alternative northern route for the British Arctic flyers have been received at headquarters of the Royal Air Force here. Monday Flight-Lieut. Earl McLeod will fly to Prince Rupert and thence northern points to a lake north of Edmonton, Alta. It is stated that the northern route is six hundred miles shorter than that by way of Vancouver, and that there are more lakes in which to land.

Not to go forward in the way of virtue is to go backward.

Dominion News in Brief

St. John's, Nfld.—Latest reports from the sealing fleet are to the effect that seven vessels operating in the north had killed 118,000 seals up to date, equalling the catch of the entire fleet last year. Most of the seals are still on the ice floes, the reports said, and must be picked up by the ships when they are able to force their way through the pack.

Halifax, N.S.—Three million dollars were spent on the Nova Scotia highways last year and over \$12,000,000 during the past four years, according to the Provincial Minister of Highways. During the past four years, according to the same authority, over 700 miles of main trunk roads have been reconstructed, and almost 1,500 miles of secondary road, while the capital investment in bridges totals over \$4,000,000.

Fredericton, N.B.—Caribou are apparently returning to New Brunswick in much large numbers than had been supposed. The Provincial game warden has reports from wardens saying that two large herds of caribou were recently seen in the northern counties of the province. There is a closed season on caribou in this province.

Quebec, Que.—In view of the large number of prospectors staking claims in the counties of Abitibi and Temiscaming, called the gold fields of Quebec, ten parties of surveyors are now being organized by the surveying branch of the Dept. of Lands and Forests and will leave in a few days to survey in detail the township located along the 110 miles of alleged gold veins.

Port Arthur, Ont.—It is estimated that more than half a million dollars will be expended by the Federal Government Dept. of Public Works in the harbors of Port Arthur and Fort William this summer. Included in

the work to be undertaken is the extension to Port Arthur's south end break-water, dredging of elevator slips and main channels of navigation in either city.

Winnipeg, Man.—A considerable construction program, in connection with its various mills located in the West, is announced by the Lake of the Woods Milling Co. A new elevator and workhouse, costing approximately \$125,000 will be added to their Keewatin plant. In addition the milling capacity of the Medicine Hat plant will be doubled, while a 100,000 bushel addition to the elevator will be erected. The work is expected to be completed by August.

Regina, Sask.—More than a quarter of a million pounds increase in the quantity of creamery butter manufactured in Saskatchewan during the first two months of 1924, as compared with the corresponding period in the preceding year, is reported by the Provincial Dairy Commissioner.

Calgary, Alta.—Orders for spring farm labor have been received at the government employment agency here at such a rate that, for the first time this year a shortage of labor is reported. The market for men here has been thrown wide open, and British Columbia points have been advised to send as many men as possible for farm work.

Vancouver, B.C.—Vancouver, this season, has beaten Portland, the great wheat port of the Northwest, and formerly the great wheat port of the Pacific. Portland includes flour in its wheat totals, Vancouver does not. Portland moved over 29,000,000 bushels of wheat to date, according to the Portland press; Seattle shipped 12,600,000 bushels; Tacoma, 11,400,000; Astoria, 4,400,000. In the same period Vancouver shipped a total of 36,000,000 bushels, exclusive of flour, which has been very considerable.



Dr. Serge Voronoff
French surgeon and discoverer of the monkey gland operation, who will receive the income for life from the American estate of his late wife.

Three Liners Carrying Emigrants from Old Country

A despatch from London says:—Over 3,000 settlers for Canada left Liverpool on Thursday. 1,300 on the Montcalm included a party of 200 from Manchester. Of 120 men in the party, 38 belonged to engineering trades; over 40 to building trades, mostly carpenters; and 42 were farm workers. Most of the 32 men of a party of 80 from Leeds were skilled workers. There was also a further batch of engineers from Barrow-in-Furness. The White Star liner, Doric, carried 900 emigrants. Emigrants on the Cunard liner, Athenia, included 50 from Wales, this being the second party of Welsh settlers to leave this spring.

Destruction of Forests by Fire Exceeds Consumption

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Dept. of the Interior at Ottawa says:

As we read our weekly paper, carrying as it does the news of the neighborhood and of the world, how many realize the extent to which we are indebted to the forest? We may give the editor and the publisher all due credit for their part in providing the news, but after all they are simply continuing the work of the old town crier. But for a paper supply the newspaper could not be published, and but for the forest there would be no paper supply.

After giving this newspaper question a little thought let the reader observe his surroundings and note the number of articles into which wood enters as a raw material.

Now, supposing the forests were all burned,—and we are burning them faster than we are using them,—what would we do without wood?

Every Canadian is interested in protecting the forests from fire. "Save the Forest" week—April 27 to May 3—should impress upon us the necessity of doing our part that this wonderful natural resource be preserved for Canadians of to-day and of the future.

Cold Weather Delays Seeding in Austria

A despatch from Vienna says:—Extremely low temperatures, approximately 14 degrees below the average for this time of the year, prevail throughout Austria, with alternate rain and light snowfalls. The Alpine winter sports are still in full swing, attended by the usual accidents, six persons being killed during the Easter holidays.

Farmers report that their crops are six weeks behind time.



One of the ostriches shown arriving at Wembley from South Africa for the British Empire Exhibition. The keepers had to place a hood over his head to lead him to his cage.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Miss Alice Shannette of Brockville General Hospital spent last week end at her parental home on account of the illness of her brother Roland. We are glad to report Mr. Shannette on the road to recovery.

Mr. Rae of the Ottawa Normal school was the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Iden Merkley last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Casselman of Ottawa spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Casselman.

Mr. and Mrs. Elburn McIntosh and baby of Winchester Springs, Mrs. Merton Casselman and little son Hubert of Dundela and Mrs. Ray E. McIntosh were guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Shannette this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Garnet Casselman of Ottawa were guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Casselman last week.

The Swiss Bell Ringers delighted a large crowd in Froats Hall on Monday evening. The music was greatly appreciated and the actors certainly did their best to entertain the crowd.

Miss Nettie Hill of Ottawa spent a few days last week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Trickey.

Mr. and Mrs. Rob. Norval and children spent last Sunday with the latter's parents Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Fisher of Morrisburg.

Mrs. P. Drummond of Ottawa and Mr. Ross Moore of Morrisburg were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Shannette Jr. this week.

Mrs. C. E. Merkley and little daughter Marie of Iroquois and Miss Minnie Kenny of Mountain are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fay Merkley this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac J. McIntosh and family spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Merkley.

Mr. Barney Weegar teller in the local branch of the Molsons Bank has been transferred to Ottawa. He is succeeded by Mr. Garnet Locke of Iroquois.

Mr. Ralph McIntosh of Toronto is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis McIntosh this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edgar McIntosh, Mr. and Mrs. Strader McIntosh and baby and Miss Florence McIntosh spent Tuesday of this week in Newington with Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Dickey.

Mr. Frank Strader spent Wednesday of this week with Mrs. R. C. Casselman.

It is with regret we learn of the death of Mrs. Arthur Forward which occurred in Ottawa on Thursday of this week after only three days' illness from acute indigestion. Sincere sympathy from a host of friends is extended to the bereaved mother, sisters and brothers.

MARIATOWN

(Too late for last week)

Mr. Orval Duvall has taken into himself a life partner in the person of Miss Emma Crowder of Brinstons. We all extend to Mr. and Mrs. Duvall our hearty congratulations and many happy years of wedded life.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Baker of Moulinette were visitors at Mr. and Mrs. A. Sullivan's week end, Sunday.

Visitors this week at Mr. and Mrs. R. C. McVey's, Mr. Earl Gordon of Morewood, Mr. William Gordon, Decalb N.Y.

Master Gordon McVey returned home Monday after a few weeks' stay with his grand mother, Mrs. W. Gordon, Morewood.

Mr. R. C. McVey and Mr. W. Gordon motored to Morewood on Monday.

Mr. Harry Mannard and his two daughters, the Misses Edith and Florence, and Mrs. Hillier of Montreal spent Easter with Mrs. Hillier's daughter, Mrs. Winslade.

Mr. Mannard returned to the city Sunday and Mrs. Hillier and the children intend spending the Summer in Mariatown.

Visitors this week at Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger's, Mr. Peter Garlough of Williamsburg, Mrs. Lydia Thom, Morrisburg.

Little Miss Jack Tye is spending Easter week with her grandmother Mrs. B. Tye of Cardinal.

Miss Martha Zeron of Ottawa Normal is spending her holidays at her parental home here.

Mr. J. B. Baker spent Easter with Mr. and Mrs. W. Fetterly, Iroquois.

Miss Patricia Dillabough spent Easter week with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrell at Dundela.

Mrs. Harvey Duvall, Mrs. E. Dillabough, Miss Phillis Labell, Miss Pauline Dillabough, Master Denzel Dillabough and Mr. Mervin Duvall spent Thursday in Iroquois.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrell and family of Dundela spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Duvall.

Miss Grace Smith and little Margaret Wilkins spent Sunday in Brookville.

Miss Marion Sullivan of Mooretown is spending her Easter holidays with Mr. and Mrs. A. Sullivan.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Swerdfeger of Hoasic spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Dain.

Mr. Arthur Duvall and Miss S. Hutt of Massena were guests of Mr. Herb Duvall Sunday.

Mr. Lee Duvall left for Montreal Monday to take up his old position.

Mr. Joseph Pare has taken up residence in Mrs. Riddell's house.

Miss Mabel Duvall is visiting her sister in Norfolk, N.Y.

Mrs. Willis Sheets, Farrens Point, Mr. and Mrs. James Seeley, Iroquois were visitors at Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Beckstead's this week.

GRANTLEY

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. McMillan and family spent Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. S. Wallace's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Perrault spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McIntyre of Finch were the Guests on Sunday of Arthur Beckstead.

Miss Lottie and Bessie Taylor, Anna Perrault and Jane Hart were calling on Mrs. Wm. Merkley on Sunday.

Mrs. Joe Featherston spent a couple of days at Perth with her sister Katie, who is ill.

Miss Carr spent a few days last week with Miss Bessie Shaver.

Miss Jane Hart has returned to Montreal after spending holidays at her home here.

Mrs. Geo. Johnston and family of Chesterville spent one day last week with her brother Wm. Merkley.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason Robinson and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Countryman, Bush Glen.

Mr. Alton Perrault of Chesterville is spending his Easter holidays with his cousin John Perrault.

Mr. and Mrs. John Kittle, Marion and Byron, spent unday evenings at Milton Carr's.

Mr. Bert Myers and Angus Curran spent Monday at Mr. James Robinson's Morrisburg.

Miss Bessie Shaver and Katie Carr were guests on Sunday of Mrs. Don. Carr.

MOREWOOD

Mr. Wallace Wert of Ottawa spent a few days last week with friends here.

Miss Eva Reveler is spending some time with friends at Chesterville.

Guests at Mr. James Fetterly's on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. A. Summers of Winchester, Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Fetterly and children and Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Countryman.

Miss Mildred Dillabough spent Friday with Miss Pearl Swerdfeger.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Dillabough and son Dwight of Russell spent Sunday at Mr. D. Dillabough's.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Gordon and children spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ernest McConnell.

Mrs. W. Fielding and daughter, Helen of Russell spent the holidays with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. MacGregor.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Allison spent Tuesday at Ottawa.

Mrs. Fannie McPherson returned home after spending some time with Mr. Morley McPherson of Beckstead.

GLEN BECKER

Miss Eugene Webb spent Sunday last with her friend Miss Lillian Warner.

Mrs. Allen Beckstead and daughter Jean and Mrs. Ralph Beckstead spent Sunday with friends at Iroquois.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley McIntosh and Misses Hilda and Blanche McIntosh of Winchester Springs were visitors at Mr. Merton Saddleire's on Tuesday of last week.

Callers at Mr. Willis Mattice's on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Asa Coughler, Mrs. Merton Saddleire, Mrs. Charles Watson and Mrs. D. Saddleire.

Mr. add Mrs. Walter Baker of East Williamsburg visited their daughter Mrs. Walter Saddleire on Sunday.

Mrs. Bert Baker, Boucks Hill



To Sell Farmer's Wives

If the roads are bad, many a prosperous farmer's wife postpones buying something she actually wants for herself or family, until she can get to town.

Later, the teams will be busy. She won't be able to get to town.

Experience shows she will buy now, if you give her the chance. Call her by Long Distance. She will feel complimented. Know your stock, so you can answer her questions readily.

A little experience will soon show you how it works.

Don't judge by one or two attempts. Try a dozen, intelligently. Others do it successfully. Why not you?



Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station.

BREAD

IS YOUR BEST FOOD

Eat More of It

But be sure you eat the best

TRY FAGAN'S

For Bread and Pastries

Fagan's Bakery

Lock Street

spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. Willis Mattice.

Miss Lila Saddleire and Mr. G. Rander spent Sunday afternoon with Miss Wilda Merkley, Boucks Hill.

Mrs. Frank Powell and baby (Billie) and Mrs. Maggie Willard visited Mrs. Roy Swerdfeger Sunday.

We are sorry to report Mr. Ralph Beckstead on the sick list at present and hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Watson and Miss Pauline Saddleire spent Thursday last with friends at Gallington.

Mrs. Frank Merkley spent Friday last at her parental home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Mattice visited their daughter at Boucks Hill on Sunday last.

MAPLE VIEW

House cleaning is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Thompson and little son Edwin spent the 27th at Fred I. Dafe's.

Mrs. Ralph Finchane and family spent the week end at her parental home here. She was accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Ed. Jarvis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Pier spent Saturday with friends here.

Gordon Runions of Cornwall is spending Easter week with his grand parents S. Shaver.

Fred Jarvis spent Sunday with friends at Harrison.

ANNOUNCEMENT

I have moved my stock from the premises which I occupied on Lock Street, to the residence of Mr. H. Agulnik, Station.

I have in stock, a full assortment of the latest stiles in Ladies' Spring Coats and Suits; also a good line of Men's and Boys' Suits, and a complete assortment of DRY GOODS.

'Phone 63W, or write, and I will bring my stock to your door. The Goods and Prices will Please You.

SAM AGULNIK

Morrisburg

Ontario

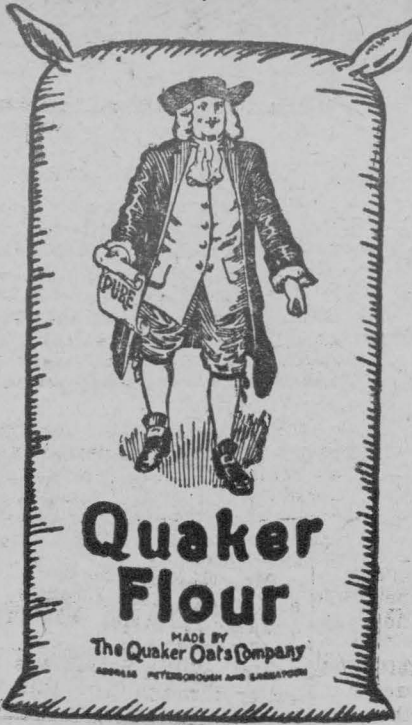


For Every Use

About the House

For washing floors and linoleum—washing woodwork and windows—for the many uses about the house—**SURPRISE** wears well—washes well in any water and is soft on the hands.

They make Bread-baking Easy



Quaker Flour

MADE BY The Quaker Oats Company

A product of The Quaker Mills, Peterborough and Saskatoon

Home-made bread is easy to bake if you use the new Quaker recipes. They are the recipes of women who have learned to bake bread with the least amount of work. Every recipe has been tested and proven by our own master baker. Send us your address and we will mail these recipes to you without charge.

The quality of Quaker Flour is a by-word. Its uniformity in baking is assured by hourly tests during the milling process. Thousands of home bakers know that Quaker Flour is best for all baking purposes.

Quaker Flour

Always the Same—Always the Best

Every sack of Quaker Flour is guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction.

DISTRIBUTORS

Morrisburg—W. S. Merrill.

Aultsville, Jarvis & Shaver

Iroquois—Beach Milling Company.

WANTED

The address of all ex-students of our Collegiate Institute or former High School, especially those living in the United States. Kindly hand in or mail same to Mr. J. Miles Whitteker, Secretary proposed Memorial Scholarships Committee.

Canada Permanent Mortgage Corporation of Toronto; capital and reserve about fifteen million. Investments over forty-one million. These safe and reliable debentures bearing 5½ per cent, payable half yearly, are being purchased by many of the best investors in Morrisburg. For sale by J. A. Riddell

At the Old Stand

In Seed Corn We Have

FLINTS

Compton's Early, Longfellow, Angel of Midnight, North Dakota

DENTS

Weconsin No. 7, White Cap Yellow Dent, Golden Glow, Early Bailey, Improved Leaming, Southern Sweet

Do not allow your YOUNG CHICKS TO DIE. Feed them DANDY CHICK MASH.

We also carry DEVELOPER and DANDY SCRATCH.

W. S. L. MERRILL & SONS.

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Morrisburg,

Ont.

Plumbing & Heating

Steam Boiler Repairs

Prices on Farm Water Systems have taken a drop. For particulars apply at our shop, Lock St.

Holmes & Swayne

LOCK STREET, MORRISBURG

PROMPT ATTENTION TO OUT-OF-TOWN CALLS

YOUR NEXT SUIT

Come in and make your choice as to Style, Fit and WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED

Frank Stewart,

MORRISBURG,

MERCHANT TAILOR

ONT.

The Economy

"SALADA"

GREEN TEA

#486

Is in the larger number of cups it gives per pound. — Delicious! — Try it.



HOUSECLEANING SUGGESTIONS

It is easy to make changes in a home during house-cleaning time, and there are usually a number of little things that can be changed, without cost, that will contribute toward a more artistic atmosphere.

If your pictures have been hung with a wire coming to a point at the moulding and forming a V shape, try hanging them with two wires, each wire being vertical, thus agreeing with the vertical line of the frame. The other way is inartistic and not restful to the eye.

If your woodwork is tan, light brown or yellow, dye your white window curtains cream color. They will harmonize with the wood work and give a warm glow to the room. The dyeing is very simple. Purchase a pound of yellow ochre at any paint or hardware store. This will cost less than ten cents and is enough for six or seven usings. Put a little of this powder into a small salt bag and tie up the top. Dip this in a pan of water until the water becomes the desired shade. After the curtains have been washed, dip them in this solution until they are the right color remembering that they will dry lighter. Stretch them if possible. If not, hang them up before ironing as rolling will often leave them streaked.

Enamel a few olive bottles of good lines, in bright colors to harmonize with the room. Absolutely no artistic skill is necessary. Simply purchase a small can of enamel and a brush and paint right on the glass. If you desire light blues, rose color or other light colors mix white enamel with the color. Clean the brush with turpentine. The plain black vases are very attractive. Budding branches, pussy willows or flowers in a new vase of the right color will add a bright touch to a room.

If you possess an old-fashioned china closet containing a motley array of dishes, curtain it with cretonne, or gingham.

Eliminate all unnecessary bric-a-brac, photographs and calendars.

There is no rule better than the old one of William Morris: "Have nothing in your home that you do not know to be useful, or believe to be beautiful," and it can be applied to every home.

SHOULD WE ANSWER THEIR QUESTIONS.

A child is by nature a questioner and seeker of knowledge. In trying to know himself and the world about him, he asks questions of everyone who comes his way. But many, too many, of these questions pass unanswered or are evasively answered.

Questioning is thinking. When a child asks questions he is thinking and his mind is growing. Whether we answer his questions or not, and how we answer them influences the extent of development of the child's mind. If we answer the child's questions honestly, truthfully and understandingly, his mind will grow steadily and as surely as his healthy body grows.

If the parents and others turn the child aside with an excuse that they must not be bothered with questions and "to run along and play," it forces the child's mind into a rut, robs the child of the thrill of learning, and of discovering new things, and dulls his enthusiasm for knowledge.

We recall the incident of the little boy who had listened to a very impressive ghost story as narrated by an older friend. Hurrying home he asked his father, "What is a ghost, daddy?" "It is a boogy man who will get you if you're not a good boy," answered the father as he went on about his work.

This little fellow went through boy-

WOMEN! DYE FADED THINGS NEW AGAIN

Dye or Tint Any Worn, Shabby Garment or Drapery.

Diamond Dyes

Each 15-cent package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can dye or tint any old, worn, faded thing new, even if she has never dyed before. Choose any color at drug store.

ISSUE No. 16-24.

Tangled Trails

—BY WILLIAM MACLEOD RAINES

(Copyright Thomas Allen).

CHAPTER XL.—(Cont'd.)

"X is the ten minutes of uncle's time I can't account for. Some of us were with him practically every other minute. X is the whole unknown quantity. It is the time in which he was probably actually killed. It is the man who may, by some thousandth chance, have stepped into the room and killed him while none of us were present," explained Kirby.

"If there is such an unknown man you can cut the time down to five minutes instead of ten, providing your schedule is correct," James cut in. "For according to it I was there part of the time and Mrs. Hull part of the rest of it."

"Yes," agreed his cousin. "But you may have decided that Mrs. Hull is X or that I am," jeered James. "If so, of course that ends it. No need for a judge or jury."

Kirby turned to the man by the door. "Chief, one of the queer things about this mystery is that all the witnesses had something to conceal. Go right through the list, an' it's true of every one of us. I'm talkin' about the important witnesses, of course. Well, Cole an' I found a paper in the living-room of the apartment where Horikawa was killed. It was in Japanese. I ought to have turned it over to you, but I didn't. I was kinda playin' a lone hand. At that time I didn't suspect my cousin James at all. We were workin' together on this thing. At least I thought so. I found out better later. I took the paper to him to get it translated, thinkin' maybe Horikawa might have written some kind of a confession. James lost that paper. Anyhow, he claimed he did. My theory is that Horikawa had some evidence against him. He was afraid of what that paper would tell."

"Unfortunately for your theory it was a clerk of mine who lost the paper. I had nothing to do with it," James retorted coldly. "No doubt the paper has been destroyed, but not by me. Quite by accident, I judge."

His cousin let off a bomb beneath the broker's feet. "You'll be glad to know that the paper wasn't destroyed," he said. "I have it, with a translation, in my pocket at the present moment."

James clutched the arms of his chair. His knuckles grew white with the strain. "Where—where did you find it?" he managed to say.

"In the most private drawer of your safe, where you hid it," Kirby replied quietly.

Cunningham visibly fought for his composure. He did not speak until he had perfect self-control. Then it was with a sneer.

"And this paper which you allege you found in my safe—after a burglary which, no doubt, you know is very much against the law—does it convict me of the murder of my uncle?"

The tension in the room was nerve-shattering. Men and women suspended breathing while they waited for an answer.

"On the contrary, it acquits you of any guilt whatever in the matter," Phyllis Cunningham gave a broken little sob and collapsed into her husband's arms. Jack rose, his face working, and caught his brother by the shoulder.

These two had suffered greatly, not only because of their fear for him, but because of the sudden relief that had lifted from his heart. But his pride held him outwardly cold. "Since you've decided I didn't do it, Mr. Lane, perhaps you'll tell us then who did," he suggested presently.

There came a knock at the door. A whimsical smile twitched at the corners of Kirby's mouth. He did not often have a chance for dramatics like this.

"Why, yes, that seems fair enough," he answered. "He's knockin' at the door now. Enter X."

CHAPTER XLI.

ENTER X.

Shibo stood on the threshold and sent a swift glance around the room. He had expected to meet James alone. That first slant look of the long eyes forewarned him that Nemesis was at hand. But he faced without a flicker of the lids the destiny he had prepared for himself.

"You write me note come see you now," he said to Cunningham.

James showed surprise. "No, I think not."

"You no want me?" The Chief's hand fell on the shoulder of the janitor. "I want you, Shibo."

"You write me note come here now?"

"No, I reckon Mr. Lane wrote that."

"I plenty busy. What you want me for?"

"For the murders of James Cunningham and Horikawa." Before the words were out of his mouth the Chief had his prisoner handcuffed.

Shibo turned to Kirby. "You tellum police I killum Mr. Cunin'am and Horikawa?"

"Yes."

"I plenty sorry I no kill you."

"You did your best, Shibo. Took three shots at ten feet. Rotten shootin'."

"Do you mean that he actually tried to kill you?" James asked in surprise. "In the Denmark Building, the other night, at eleven o'clock. And I'll say he made a bad mistake when he tried an' didn't get away with it. For I knew that the man who was aimin' to gun me was the same one that had killed Uncle James. He'd got to worryin' for fear I was followin' too hot a trail."

"Did you recognize him?" Jack said. "Not right then. I was too busy

duckin' for cover. Safety first was my motto right then. No, when I first had time to figure on who could be the gentleman that was so eager to make me among those absent, I rather laid it to Cousin James, with Mr. Cass Hull second on my list of suspects. The fellow had a searchlight an' he flashed it on me. I could see above it a bandanna handkerchief over the face. I'd seen a bandanna like in Hull's hands. But I had to eliminate Hull. The gunman on the stairs had small, neat feet, no larger than a woman's. Hull's feet are—well, sizable."

They were. Huge was not too much to call them. As a dozen eyes focused on his boots the fat man drew them back of the rungs of his chair. This attention to personal details of his conformation was embarrassing.

"Those small feet stuck in my mind," Kirby went on. "Couldn't seem to get rid of the idea. They put James out of consideration, unless, of course, he had hired a killer, an' that didn't look reasonable to me. I'll tell the truth. I thought of Mrs. Hull dressed as a man—an' then I thought of Shibo."

"Had you suspected him before?" This from Olson.

"Not of the murders. I had learned that he had seen the Hulls come from my uncle's rooms an' had kept quiet. Hull admitted that he had been forced to bribe him. I tackled Shibo with it an' threatened to tell the police. Evidently he became frightened and tried to murder me. I got a note makin' an appointment at the Denmark Building at eleven in the night. The writer promised to tell me who killed my uncle. I took a chance an' went. The cattleman turned to Mrs. Hull. 'Will you explain about the note, please?'"

The gaunt, tight-lipped woman rose, as though she had been called on at school to recite. "I wrote the note," she said. "Shibo made me. I didn't know he meant to kill Mr. Lane. He said he'd tell everything if I didn't."

She sat down. She had finished her little piece. "So I began to focus on Shibo. He might be playin' a lone hand, or he might be a tool of my cousin James. A detective hired by me saw him leave James's office. That didn't absolutely settle the point. He might have seen something an' be blackmailin' him too. That was the way of it, wasn't it?" He turned point-blank to Cunningham.

"Yes," the broker said. "He had us right—not only me, but Jack and Phyllis, too. I couldn't let him drag her into it. The day you saw me with the strained tendon I had been with him and Horikawa in the apartment next to the one Uncle James rented. We quarrelled. I got furious and caught Shibo by the throat to shake the little scoundrel. He gave my arm some kind of a jiu-jitsu twist. He was at me every day. He never let up. He meant to bleed me heavily. We couldn't come to terms. I hated to yield to him."

"And did you?"

"I promised him an answer soon." "No doubt he came to-day thinkin' he was goin' to get it," Kirby went back to the previous question. "Next time I saw Shibo I took a look at his feet. He was wearin' a pair o' shoes that looked to me mighty like those worn by the man that ambushed me. They didn't have any cap pieces across the toes. I'd noticed that even while he was shootin' at me. It struck me that it would be a good idea to look over his quarters in the basement. Shibo had one human weakness. He's a devotee of the moving pictures. Nearly every night he takes in a show on Curtis Street. The Chief lent me a man, an' last night we went through his room at the Paradox. We found there a flashlight, a bandanna handkerchief with holes cut in it for the eyes, an' in the mattress two thousand dollars in big bills. We left them where we found them, for we didn't want to alarm Shibo."

The janitor looked at him without emotion. "You plenty devil man," he said.

(To be concluded.)

Render unto all men their due, but remember thou art also a man.

There are ways that lead to everything, and if we had sufficient will we should always have sufficient means.

YOU CAN USE YOUR SPARE TIME OR ALL YOUR TIME

THERE'S MONEY IN IT.

AND PUT Money in Your Stocking! Money in Your Purse! Money in the Bank!

Act as our Agent. Sell our B. & E. Superior Hosiery to your friends, neighbours and acquaintances. The work is easy. The goods sell themselves. Any woman will at once recognize the high quality of B. & E. Hosiery. This class of hosiery is not generally obtainable locally. Therefore, people are anxious to buy from our agents.

Housewives who need more ready cash, schoolgirls with books and dresses to buy, teachers, men or women, any one can sell B. & E. Hosiery and make money. At the same time they do a real favor to their customers. Write Today.

B. & E. MANUFACTURING CO. (Dept. H.)

London Ontario.

Bees on Farm

Nothing pays better when properly managed. Send for our catalogue of beekeepers' supplies. Expert advice freely given.

Ruddy Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

Brantford Ont.

A Poem You Ought to Know.

Home Thoughts From Abroad.

Although many of Robert Browning's poems are long and difficult, he could be simple if he chose. The following, one of his simplest poems, was written at sea, after he had been storm-tossed and very seasick:—

Oh, to be in England
Now that April's there,
And whoever wakes in England
Sees, some morning, unaware,
That the lowest boughs and the brush-wood sheaf
Round the elm-tree bole are in tiny leaf,

While the chaffinch sings on the orchard bow
In England—now!
And after April, when May follows,
And the whitethroat builds, and all the swallows!
Hark, where my blossomed pear-tree
In the hedge
Leans to the field and scatters on the clover
Blossoms and dewdrops—at the bent
spray's edge—
That's the wise thrush; he sings each
song twice over,
Lest you should think he never could
recapture
The first fine careless rapture!

And though the fields look rough with
hoary dew,
All will be gay when noontide wakes
anew
The buttercups, the little children's
dower—
Far brighter than this gaudy melon-
flower!

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

SEWING HELPS.

No one is a firmer believer in the old adage, "A stitch in time saves nine," than the average farm housewife. Likewise, the old saw about "an ounce of prevention."

I have found it both practical and desirable, when making night garments, shirts or pajamas, to put in a double back as far as the waist. It is a good plan to do the same with the girls' heavier nightdresses, as they, too, are prone to wear out and split down the back.

Kitchen aprons are best made with a double front breadth from the waist to the knee. Put the patch, or extra piece, on with the right side down. Then, when there is a tear or a break in the front, the patch is all in place and, of course, will match the apron much better than a new piece would.

I find it an economy of time and labor to sew a sizeable piece of old stocking leg on the inside of the boys' new stockings, from the knee down about six inches. Double-kneed stockings are obtainable in most shops. Double-kneed overalls are too; and I insist on that style of garment, though they are a little more expensive than the plain variety. I find it pays in the end.

When shirt collars show the least sign of wear, I turn them and avoid a disagreeable mending job.

When sweater sleeves grow the least

GERMAN MONEY for sale — 100,000 marks, 25c; 500,000 marks, 90c; one million marks, \$1.25; ten million marks, \$6.50. Specialty Import Co., (Dept. 3-w) 3 W. Dundas St., Toronto.

When sweater sleeves grow the least

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WRIGLEYS

Chew it after every meal

It stimulates appetite and aids digestion. It makes your food do you more good. Note how it relieves that stuffy feeling after hearty eating.

Whitens teeth, sweetens breath and it's the goodie that L-a-s-a-s.

SEALED in its Purity Package

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHewing GUM

R25

bit thin, re-enforce them with matching yarn before a loss comes. It is much easier than fixing in a darn.

Too great eagerness to requite an obligation is a species of ingratitude.

Some bad people would be less dangerous if they had some goodness.

There are follies as catching as contagious disorders.

CREAM

We want YOUR Cream. We pay highest price. We supply cans. Make daily returns. To obtain best results write now for cans to BOWES CO., LTD. TORONTO

SMART'S

The Mower that's Guaranteed

The materials from which Smart's Mowers are made are the way they are made guarantee durable and satisfactory service.

The keenest caterer your money can buy. Ask for a Smart's Mower by name. JAMES SMART PLANT, BRACKVILLE, ONT.

MOWERS

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RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

and the choicest of Red Rose Teas is the
ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY

Surnames and Their Origin

MANNING.

Variations—Mannerling, Mainwaring.
Racial Origin—Norman French.
Source—Geographical.

The family name of Manning runs true to form in its origin. It is a peculiarity of the host of names which the invasion of William the Conqueror threw into the English language that an exceptionally large percentage of them take their origins from geographical source.

This is natural and easily understood when the circumstances and conditions under the Norman conquest took place are considered. The Anglo-Saxon population of England, prior to that time, was not more than a very few million, less than a tenth of what it is today. England was a land of open countryside and little hamlets. The communities were so small that men needed no family names. Occasionally a man would add a descriptive name or adjective to his title to distinguish him from a neighbor who happened to have the same name, and this was all that was necessary.

But when William gathered his hosts for the invasion of England he gathered them from all Normandy, and the natural method of avoiding confusion was to refer to Hugo, of "this city," and Rudolf, of "such-and-such a place." No doubt the Anglo-Saxon army did the same thing. But it was scattered. The Normans were not. They settled themselves in a strange land and kept the ties of mutual defence and intercommunication close. Hence, with the necessity for such distinctions still existing, such names tended to perpetuate themselves.

Manning is simply a shortened form of Mainwaring, which, as pronunciation went in those days, was pretty close to the Mont Guerin of the Normans. Were Robert de Mont Guerin ("de" meaning "of") alive to day, he might be Bob Mainwaring, Mannerling or Manning.

ROTHCHILD.

Variations—Fortescue.
Racial Origin—German, also Norman-French.
Source—Nickname.

It is probably stretching the point to list names of Rothchild and Fortescue as variations. Yet it is permissible if you regard the names as types rather than individual surnames. Rothchild and Fortescue are not the same name. They do not come from the same source. Yet they are the same kind of names.

Rothchild is German. It means "red shield." Fortescue is a Norman-French version of Latin "de Fortescuto" or "strong shield." In the same classification belong such sobriquets as "Brownword" and "Strongbow." It was the first Norman Earl Strongbow who made the first serious inroads of his race in the conquest of Ireland.

The first Rathchild was evidently so named because he bore a red shield in battle. There are evidences of individual warriors in the Middle Ages who chose for some reason to abandon the heraldic designs to which they were entitled and go forth into battle, as it were, incognito. Nevertheless, such instances are rare enough to warrant the assumption that very few families can trace their names to such sources.

The more likely explanation is a commercial one. Merchants and innkeepers of the Middle Ages were wont to place outside their buildings various signs and designs by which they could be recognized by a populace which could not read. Undoubtedly many merchants in various parts of Germany came to be known as "Isaac at the Red Shield" or "Moritz of the Blue Horse" and the like. The custom was as common throughout Europe as it was in England, and as most of the Rothchilds belong to the Jewish race, which always has been a leader in the commerce of the nations in which it is found, the evidence is overwhelmingly in favor of this explanation.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

THE MYSTERY OF THE NIGHT.

I'd like to know the matter which
The small folk of the night
Spend so much time in arguing,
And which of them is right.

Has someone done a naughty trick?
And pray, what did he do
That Olly Owl on his high perch
Should question, "Who? Who?
Who?"

A shrill, high-pitched accusing voice
Declares that Katy did;
I wish I might discover where
This tattle-tale is hid!

A bass, emphatic voice is heard
Insisting unashamed,
He knows that Katy didn't do
The thing for which she's blamed!

Contending voices follow me
As I drift off to sleep;
The small folk of the night should
Have

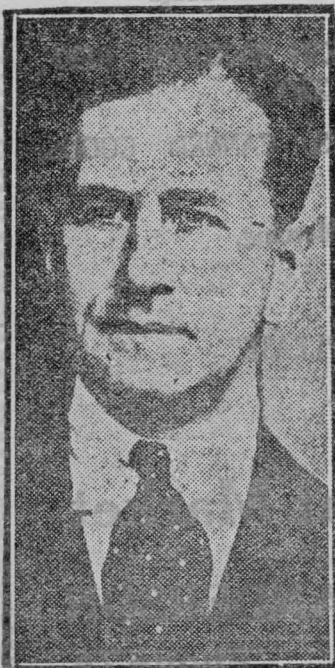
A judge the peace to keep!
—Daisy M. Moore.

LOWERED VITALITY

A Condition Following Indoor Confinement of Winter.

There are very few people who do not need a tonic at this season of the year. The reason for this is that whether in the home, the office or the factory, people have been living throughout the long winter months in an atmosphere more or less vitiated, and as a result find themselves not up to their summer-time health. Through the long months of winter your blood has been growing thin and poor. Closer confinement and lack of exercise have used it up and exhausted it. You are not as energetic as you could wish. Your work tires you and perhaps your digestion is none too good. Your nerves may be shaky and your appetite poor. All these things point to poverty of the blood. It is a scientific fact that if the blood of the strongest is tested in the spring there is less of it and it is poorer than it was in September. The spring medicines of our grandmothers—sulphur and molasses, salts and the like—recognized the necessity for aid at this season, but were an unscientific attempt to cleanse the blood. Modern medical science has found a better way. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new, rich blood at the first dose and at every dose afterwards. Thus they strengthen every organ of the body and give new vitality to the faded system. Here is proof. Miss Clara Cheslock, High Falls, Que., says:—"I was in a much run-down condition and my blood was thin and poor. I must thank you for the good they did me. I never enjoyed better health than I have since I took them."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



H. Grindell Matthews

Noted British scientist, says he has a super-powerful heat ray, which will demolish everything in its path. He claims that a plane five miles away can be shrouded up to a mass of cinders.

A Hint.

Little Elinora, aged nine, who has recently moved from a distant city, corresponds frequently with Mary, who was her closest chum. A few days ago, Elinora received a letter from Mary which said:

"Tell me when your birthday comes, for I want to send you a present. My birthday is next Tuesday."

It is always safe to send Dominion Express Money Orders.

Scientist (to his housekeeper)—"Hannah! You have been in my employ for twenty-five years, so, as a reward for your faithful service I have decided to name after you this species of water-beetle I have just discovered."

"What'll I do," sobbed the little boy, "when my lessons are bad Pop spans me, and when they're good teacher kisses me."

The talk of lovers may be mere foolishness, but their silence is utterable wisdom.

The Candy Man of Japan.

A queer figure is the vendor of candy in Japan. Down the narrow streets he comes, jingling, with his small square and his stock of candy figures. A crowd of children follow him, as the boys and girls of Canada follow an organ grinder with a monkey.

When the crowd is large enough to suit the candyman he sets down his stand and begins his business. With a little bamboo tube he blows bubbles of hot sugar somewhat as a child blows soap bubbles. Then he twists and shapes them into figures much as a glass blower fashions objects from bubbles of hot glass. Flowers, fruits, animals and fishes the candyman blows; and when he has completed a figure he hangs it on a nail in the edge of his stand.

All the while the candyman is working he entertains the children with humorous remarks or with wild tales of adventure in which the successful hero is usually a man who eats quantities of candy. One droll old candyman who always kept his head neatly wrapped in a towel while he worked, would say:

"Now, little masters, my candy is the best candy for the hair! If you eat my candy you will never lose a hair from your heads. I have not lost a hair for ten years!"

With that he would pull off the towel and show his bald head!

"Oh," some serious-minded youngster would cry, "how did you lose your hair if you ate candy?"

"Little master," the funny old fellow would reply, "if I had always eaten candy, I should still have my beautiful hair, but one day I stopped and ate cake instead. My hairs were so angry at the change that they all pulled themselves out by the roots and ran down my back, tickling me all the way. They crawled off in the grass and never came back! So you see, little masters, you should eat only candy. Then you will never be bald like me!"

Most candy vendors are old men who are fond of children, and they love their calling. The Japanese have a saying, "Once a candy man, always a candy man!" They tell of a candy man who was so skillful at fashioning his figures that a toy manufacturer hired him to design toys in his factory at several times the wages that he had been earning. The candy man took the place, but he was not satisfied; he missed the children. One day he walked through the streets where he had peddled candy; there he saw a new candy man followed by the same children that had once followed him. Thereupon the poor man was so unhappy that he gave up his place with the toy maker and went back to his old profession.

THE PIONEER IN CANADA

Thirty-two years ago the now famous "SALADA" Tea was placed on the market in metal packages. "SALADA" was the pioneer package tea in Canada. Immediately its superior flavor and purity won for it a great popularity that has been growing ever since. It is still a little different and a little better than ordinary tea.

Fido and the Flock.

On a great many farms, especially with rough pasture land, a flock of sheep is one of the most profitable side lines a farmer can carry. A great many more farmers would keep sheep if the dog menace could be reduced or eliminated.

Some ten years ago we surrounded our farm with a woven-wire fence, with several fields cross fenced with the same kind of fencing. Since then stray-dog intrusion on our farm has been reduced almost to zero. On neighboring farms here with poor outside fences, sheep losses from dogs have been heavy, financially disastrous in cases.

We also see to it that our sheep come home at least every night. To accomplish this we keep a box of salt for them continually at the barn and we offer the older sheep a little grain every night and morning, even when pastures are good. This brings the flock home, the older sheep leading. And it keeps them near till after breakfast in the morning. And if a flock of sheep remains at or near home every night, dog menace is reduced.

—C. H.

Children can stand a whole lot of things; they are verile, strong, and cheerful. Naturally they do not protest as we older folks would, at having cold noon-day lunches. The fact remains, however, that they make more rapid gains in both weight and mentality when given hot lunches at the noon hour.

Time is money; therefore, all time-savers are money-savers. Refrigerators, fireless cookers, oil stoves, bread mixers, food-choppers, dish-drainers, colanders and graters, washing machines, double boilers, vacuum cleaners, carpet-sweepers, paper towels, measuring cups, egg-beaters, save time, money and strength.

There is nothing so false that a sparkle of truth is not in it.

When nothing is enjoyed, can there be greater waste?

MURINE You Cannot Buy New Eyes
Get You Can Promote a Clean, Healthy Condition
Use Murine Eye Remedy
"Night and Morning."
Keep your Eyes Clean, Clear and Healthy.
Write for Free Eye Care Book.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., 8 East Ohio Street, Chicago

Ogden's CUT PLUG

Now in
Vacuumized Tins



always fresh

Ogden's Liverpool.

Cashing In on Odds and Ends.

In nearly every country home there are articles that might better be turned into cash. They are surplus pieces of furniture, such as tables, bureaus and chairs; usually of old style and honest workmanship. Perhaps the finish has been marred; perhaps some other trifling defect has caused them to be put aside in favor of newer articles.

When these bits of furniture were cast aside or stored away, they were worth but little. It is unnecessary to point out the advance in the cost of furniture, or the scarcity of the woods which were used so freely in the old days. You may reason that they will go still higher; if they are rare pieces, maybe they will.

It is human nature to prefer neat and attractive articles over dusty and marred ones; any auctioneer will verify this. So it may be profitable to have the worn articles refinished and repaired before offering them for sale; they will bring more than enough to pay for this expense.

You may sell them privately, or some reliable furniture dealer would probably sell them on commission. There may be articles too damaged to sell; perhaps they are made of black walnut or other woods now in demand by cabinet workers who will pay a good price for all they can get.

It is more difficult to avoid being governed than it is to govern others.

There are reproaches which praise and praises which convey satire.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!



Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds
Toothache
Neuritis
Headache
Lumbago
Rheumatism
Pain, Pain
Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drugists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Rheumatism

Minard's penetrates to the root of the trouble and eases pain. The universal remedy.



STORIES OF WELL-KNOWN PEOPLE

Kipling Selects Names for Exhibition Streets.

Rudyard Kipling was entrusted with the task of selecting names for the streets of the British Empire Exhibition being held at Wembley. Devising names is never quite so easy as it sounds, and the promoters of the exhibition display a very proper—and very British—unwillingness to descend to the American ignominy of numbering the streets. In fact, the only way to have a street properly named is either to give the national spirit a chance to work through a couple of centuries or else to hand the job over to a genius. Not having the centuries to spare, the directors of the exhibition picked out the most available genius.

The choice of Mr. Kipling, who has spent his life as the doughty pamphleteer of the Empire, could hardly be bettered. He has not confined himself to such common appellations as "road," "street," and "avenue," though all these occur. The visitor to the exhibition will tread the pavements of King's way and will doubtless want to stroll down Drake's way and Dominion way. He will certainly find it interesting to visit Pacific square, and if he is not allured by that Farway of the Five Nations there is really no hope for him. He had better stay at home and not visit the exhibition at all.

Knew What He Was Up Against.

Lord Reading—better known to fame as Sir Rufus Isaacs—recently told the story of his first brief. He had been retained to defend a man, a street trader, who had been summoned for selling bad figs. Mr. Isaacs, as he then was, expatiated at length on the quality of the fruit, and in this he was, as was only natural, backed up by his client. Presently the magistrate intervened. "Had either of them tasted the fruit?" he asked. They both confessed that they had not. Whereupon the magistrate suggested that either the defendant or his counsel should eat some in court. Mr. Isaacs turned to his client: "Go on," he whispered; eat one or two." "What will happen if I don't?" whispered the other in reply. "You'll lose the case." "All right," answered the defendant resignedly, "then I'll lose it."

A Great Archbishop.

If the Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Randall Davidson, decides to accept an invitation to go to the United States our cousins will have a long-wished-for opportunity of seeing the holder of the most illustrious Church office in Eng-

land, one which dates back for hundreds of years before America was even discovered! The first Archbishop of Canterbury was Augustine, appointed A.D. 597.

Seventy-five years of age, Dr. Davidson is a Scot—a curious fact when one remembers that he is head of the Church of England. No fewer than 25,000 clergy look to him for advice and spiritual guidance. For twenty years Dr. Davidson has been Archbishop of Canterbury. Fifty years ago he was a humble curate in the North of England.

Being a Scot, Dr. Davidson is gifted with a keen sense of humor, and is quick at repartee. At a certain ecclesiastical luncheon one of the guests remarked: "Now to put a bridle on our appetites," when Dr. Davidson retorted: "Do as you please, but I am going to put a bit between my teeth."

SATISFIED MOTHERS

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The owner figures that he saves in a single year about 800 hours of one man's time. At twenty or thirty cents an hour, this is quite a saving.

The dog is mentioned thirty-three times in the Bible.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Kept It Nice.

Mrs. Brown was bathing her baby, when a neighbor's little girl came into the room carrying a doll. She watched the process for a few minutes and then said: "Mrs. Brown, how long have you had your baby?"

"Seven months, dear," answered the mother.

The little girl stole another glance at her doll, which was very much battered and minus a leg and an arm.

"My, but haven't you kept it nice!" she said, with an envious sigh.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Scatter with one hand, gather with two; scatter with two hands, gather with none.

Words are thorns to grief.

Classified Advertisements

PURE, BEAUTIFULLY PLUFFY, carded wool; sample, enough light comforter; one dollar. Woollen Mills, Georgetown, Ont.

Miss Eva Roddick Tells How Cuticura Healed Eczema

"My trouble began with an itching and burning of the skin and then eczema broke out on my hands in a rash. It got so trying on my nerves that I scratched it, which caused watery, sore eruptions. It was very painful to put my hands in water, and hard for me to do my work. I also lost my rest at night because of the irritation."

"I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and they helped me, and after using almost two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two boxes of Cuticura Ointment I was completely healed." (Signed) Miss Eva Roddick, Fall Lake, Nova Scotia.

Daily use of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum helps to prevent skin troubles.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Dept., Cuticura, P. O. Box 2015, Montreal. Price, Soap 25c, Ointment 25c and 50c, Talcum 25c. Try our new Shaving Stick.

MOTHER OF LARGE FAMILY

Recommends Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to Other Mothers

Hemford, N. S.—"I am the mother of four children and I was so weak after my last baby came that I could not do my work and suffered for months until a friend induced me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Since taking the Vegetable Compound my weakness has left me and the pain in my back has gone. I tell all my friends who are troubled with female weakness to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, for I think it is the best medicine ever sold. You may advise my letter."—Mrs. GEORGE I. CROUSE, Hemford, N. S.

My First Child

Glen Allen, Alabama.—"I have been greatly benefited by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for bearing-down feelings and pains. I was troubled in this way for nearly four years following the birth of my first child, and at times could hardly stand on my feet. A neighbor recommended the Vegetable Compound to me after I had taken doctor's medicines without much benefit. It has relieved my pains and gives me strength. I recommend it and give you permission to use my testimonial letter."—Mrs. IDA RYE, Glen Allen, Alabama.

Women who suffer should write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Copley, Ontario, for a free copy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women."

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

and the choicest of Red Rose Teas is the
ORANGE PEKOE QUALITY

Surnames and Their Origin

MANNING.

Variations—Mannerling, Mainwaring.
Racial Origin—Norman French.
Source—Geographical.

The family name of Manning runs true to form in its origin. It is a peculiarity of the host of names which the invasion of William the Conqueror threw into the English language that an exceptionally large percentage of them take their origins from geographical source.

This is natural and easily understood when the circumstances and conditions under the Norman conquest took place are considered. The Anglo-Saxon population of England, prior to that time, was not more than a very few million, less than a tenth of what it is today. England was a land of open countryside and little hamlets. The communities were so small that men needed no family names. Occasionally a man would add a descriptive name or adjective to his title to distinguish him from a neighbor who happened to have the same name, and this was all that was necessary.

But when William gathered his hosts for the invasion of England he gathered them from all Normandy, and the natural method of avoiding confusion was to refer to Hugo, of "this city," and Rudolf, of "such-and-such a place." No doubt the Anglo-Saxon army did the same thing. But it was scattered. The Normans were not. They settled themselves in a strange land and kept the ties of mutual defence and intercommunication close. Hence, with the necessity for such distinctions still existing, such names tended to perpetuate themselves.

Manning is simply a shortened form of Mainwaring, which, as pronunciation went in those days, was pretty close to the Mont Guerin of the Normans. Were Robert de Mont Guerin ("de" meaning "of") alive to day, he might be Bob Mainwaring, Mannerling or Manning.

ROTHCHILD.

Variations—Fortescue.
Racial Origin—German, also Norman-French.
Source—Nickname.

It is probably stretching the point to list of names of Rothchild and Fortescue as variations. Yet it is permissible if you regard the names as types rather than individual surnames. Rothchild and Fortescue are not the same name. They do not come from the same source. Yet they are the same kind of names.

Rothchild is German. It means "red shield." Fortescue is a Norman-French version of Latin "de Fortescuto" or "strong shield." In the same classification belong such sobriquets as "Brownson" and "Strongbow." It was the first Norman Earl Strongbow who made the first serious inroads of his race in the conquest of Ireland.

The first Rathchild was evidently so named because he bore a red shield in battle. There are evidences of individual warriors in the Middle Ages who chose for some reason to abandon the heraldic designs to which they were entitled and go forth into battle, as it were, incognito. Nevertheless, such instances are rare enough to warrant the assumption that very few families can trace their names to such sources.

The more likely explanation is a commercial one. Merchants and innkeepers of the Middle Ages were wont to place outside their buildings various signs and designs by which they could be recognized by a populace which could not read. Undoubtedly many merchants in various parts of Germany came to be known as "Isaac at the Red Shield" or "Moritz of the Blue Horse" and the like. The custom was as common throughout Europe as it was in England, and as most of the Rothchilds belong to the Jewish race, which always has been a leader in the commerce of the nations in which it is found, the evidence is overwhelmingly in favor of this explanation.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

THE MYSTERY OF THE NIGHT.

I'd like to know the matter which
The small folk of the night
Spend so much time in arguing,
And which of them is right.

Has someone done a naughty trick?
And pray, what did he do
That Olly Owl on his high perch
Should question, "Who? Who?
Who?"

A shrill, high-pitched accusing voice
Declares that Katy did;
I wish I might discover where
This tattle-tale is hid!

A bass, emphatic voice is heard
Insisting unashamed,
He knows that Katy didn't do
The thing for which she's blamed!

Contending voices follow me
As I drift off to sleep;
The small folk of the night should
Have

A judge the peace to keep!
—Daisy M. Moore.

LOWERED VITALITY

A Condition Following Indoor Confinement of Winter.

There are very few people who do not need a tonic at this season of the year. The reason for this is that whether in the home, the office or the factory, people have been living throughout the long winter months in an atmosphere more or less vitiated, and as a result find themselves not up to their summer-time health. Through the long months of winter your blood has been growing thin and poor. Closer confinement and lack of exercise have used it up and exhausted it. You are not as energetic as you could wish. Your work tires you and perhaps your digestion is none to good. Your nerves may be shaky and your appetite poor. All these things point to poverty of the blood. It is a scientific fact that if the blood of the strongest is tested in the spring there is less of it and it is poorer than it was in September. The spring medicines of our grandmothers—sulphur and molasses, salts and the like—recognized the necessity for aid at this season, but were an unscientific attempt to cleanse the blood. Modern medical science has found a better way. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make new, rich blood at the first dose and at every dose afterwards. Thus they strengthen every organ of the body and give new vitality to the faded system. Here is proof. Miss Clara Cheslock, High Falls, Que., says:—"I was in a much run-down condition and my blood was thin and poor. I must thank you for the good they did me. I never enjoyed better health than I have since I took them."

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



H. Grindell Matthews

Noted British scientist, says he has a super-powerful heat ray, which will demolish everything in its path. He claims that a plane five miles away can be shrouded up to a mass of cinders.

A Hint.

Little Elinora, aged nine, who has recently moved from a distant city, corresponds frequently with Mary, who was her closest chum. A few days ago, Elinora received a letter from Mary which said:

"Tell me when your birthday comes, for I want to send you a present. My birthday is next Tuesday."

It is always safe to send Dominion Express Money Orders.

Scientist (to his housekeeper)—"Hannah! You have been in my employ for twenty-five years, so, as a reward for your faithful service I have decided to name after you this species of water-beetle I have just discovered."

"What'll I do," sobbed the little boy, "when my lessons are bad Pop spans me, and when they're good teacher kisses me."

The talk of lovers may be mere foolishness, but their silence is utterable wisdom.

The Candy Man of Japan.

A queer figure is the vendor of candy in Japan. Down the narrow streets he comes, slinging, with his small square and his stock of candy figures. A crowd of children follow him, as the boys and girls of Canada follow an organ grinder with a monkey.

When the crowd is large enough to suit the candyman he sets down his stand and begins his business. With a little bamboo tube he blows bubbles of hot sugar somewhat as a child blows soap bubbles. Then he twists and shapes them into figures much as a glass blower fashions objects from bubbles of hot glass. Flowers, fruits, animals and fishes the candyman blows; and when he has completed a figure he hangs it on a nail in the edge of his stand.

All the while the candyman is working he entertains the children with humorous remarks or with wild tales of adventure in which the successful hero is usually a man who eats quantities of candy. One droll old candyman who always kept his head neatly wrapped in a towel while he worked, would say:

"Now, little masters, my candy is the best candy for the hair! If you eat my candy you will never lose a hair from your heads. I have not lost a hair for ten years!"

With that he would pull off the towel and show his bald head!

"Oh," some serious-minded youngster would cry, "how did you lose your hair if you ate candy?"

"Little master," the funny old fellow would reply, "if I had always eaten candy, I should still have my beautiful hair, but one day I stopped and ate cake instead. My hairs were so angry at the change that they all pulled themselves out by the roots and ran down my back, tickling me all the way. They crawled off in the grass and never came back! So you see, little masters, you should eat only candy. Then you will never be bald like me!"

Most candy vendors are old men who are fond of children, and they love their calling. The Japanese have a saying, "Once a candy man, always a candy man!" They tell of a candy man who was so skillful at fashioning his figures that a toy manufacturer hired him to design toys in his factory at several times the wages that he had been earning. The candy man took the place, but he was not satisfied; he missed the children. One day he walked through the streets where he had peddled candy; there he saw a new candy man followed by the same children that had once followed him. Thereupon the poor man was so unhappy that he gave up his place with the toy maker and went back to his old profession.

THE PIONEER IN CANADA

Thirty-two years ago the now famous "SALADA" Tea was placed on the market in metal packages. "SALADA" was the pioneer package tea in Canada. Immediately its superior flavor and purity won for it a great popularity that has been growing ever since. It is still a little different and a little better than ordinary tea.

Fido and the Flock.

On a great many farms, especially with rough pasture land, a flock of sheep is one of the most profitable side lines a farmer can carry. A great many more farmers would keep sheep if the dog menace could be reduced or eliminated.

Some ten years ago we surrounded our farm with a woven-wire fence, with several fields cross fenced with the same kind of fencing. Since then stray-dog intrusion on our farm has been reduced almost to zero. On neighboring farms here with poor outside fences, sheep losses from dogs have been heavy, financially disastrous in cases.

We also see to it that our sheep come home at least every night. To accomplish this we keep a box of salt for them continually at the barn and we offer the older sheep a little grain every night and morning, even when pastures are good. This brings the flock home, the older sheep leading. And it keeps them near till after breakfast in the morning. And if a flock of sheep remains at or near home every night, dog menace is reduced. —C. H.

Children can stand a whole lot of things; they are verile, strong, and cheerful. Naturally they do not protest as we older folks would, at having cold noon-day lunches. The fact remains, however, that they make more rapid gains in both weight and mentality when given hot lunches at the noon hour.

Time is money; therefore, all time-savers are money-savers. Refrigerators, fireless cookers, oil stoves, bread mixers, food-choppers, dish-drainers, colanders and graters, washing machines, double boilers, vacuum cleaners, carpet-sweepers, paper towels, measuring cups, egg-beaters, save time, money and strength.

There is nothing so false that a sparkle of truth is not in it.

When nothing is enjoyed, can there be greater waste?

MURINE You Cannot Buy New Eyes
But you can Promote a Clean, Healthy Condition
Use Murine Eye Remedy
"Night and Morning."
Keep your Eyes Clean, Clear and Healthy.
Write for Free Eye Care Book.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., 8 East Ohio Street, Chicago.

Ogden's CUT PLUG

Now in
Vacuumized Tins



always fresh

Ogden's Liverpool.

Cashing In on Odds and Ends.

In nearly every country home there are articles that might better be turned into cash. They are surplus pieces of furniture, such as tables, bureaus and chairs; usually of old style and honest workmanship. Perhaps the finish has been marred; perhaps some other trifling defect has caused them to be put aside in favor of newer articles.

When these bits of furniture were cast aside or stored away, they were worth but little. It is unnecessary to point out the advance in the cost of furniture, or the scarcity of the woods which were used so freely in the old days. You may reason that they will go still higher; if they are rare pieces, maybe they will.

It is human nature to prefer neat and attractive articles over dusty and marred ones; any auctioneer will verify this. So it may be profitable to have the worn articles refinished and repaired before offering them for sale; they will bring more than enough to pay for this expense.

You may sell them privately, or some reliable furniture dealer would probably sell them on commission. There may be articles too damaged to sell; perhaps they are made of black walnut or other woods now in demand by cabinet workers who will pay a good price for all they can get.

It is more difficult to avoid being governed than it is to govern others.

There are reproaches which praise and praises which convey satire.

ASPIRIN

Beware of Imitations!



Unless you see the "Bayer Cross" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer Aspirin proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds
Headache
Toothache
Lumbago
Neuritis
Rheumatism
Neuralgia
Pain, Pain
Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proven directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drug-gists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

Rheumatism

Minard's penetrates to the root of the trouble and eases pain. The universal remedy.



STORIES OF WELL-KNOWN PEOPLE

Kipling Selects Names for Exhibition Streets.

Rudyard Kipling was entrusted with the task of selecting names for the streets of the British Empire Exhibition being held at Wembley. Devising names is never quite so easy as it sounds, and the promoters of the exhibition display a very proper—and very British—unwillingness to descend to the American ignominy of numbering the streets. In fact, the only way to have a street properly named is either to give the national spirit a chance to work through a couple of centuries or else to hand the job over to a genius. Not having the time to spare, the directors of the exhibition picked out the most available genius.

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LOCAL AND GENERAL

Stove repairs ordered for any range.

MORASH FOUNDRY

The newest voiles and most attractive of the season at 98c and \$1.18, regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 lines—D. C. Bush.

Mrs. D. T. Henderson and daughter Roberta, spent Easter week in Montreal.

Mrs. H. H. Bradfield left on Wednesday night for London, Ont., to be with her sister, Mrs. C. Adams, who is seriously ill.

Miss Belle Hesson returned to town on Thursday last from Ottawa, where she has spent the past few months.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Eagleson and family of Winchester spent a day recently with Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Beckstead.

Mr. Charles Allison, St. Catharines, Ont., spent a few days with the Misses Loucks last week.

Steeple Jacks are this week doing repair work on the steeple of St. James Church.

Born—On Sunday, April 27th, 1924, to Mr. and Mrs. Ralph W. Kilgour of Beauharnois, Que., a son.

Miss Kathleen Farlinger of Queens University, arrived home Friday and will spend the Summer holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Farlinger.

Mrs. P. W. Drummond has returned to Ottawa after spending the last two weeks with her brothers, Messrs. Harry and Ross Moore.

Miss Dorothy McMartin R.N., left this week for New York City. After a few days there she will spend the Summer months at Ocean City, N.Y., and Freeport, L.I.

Mrs. M. E. Thompson and daughter Hilda, were in Brockville last week where the latter underwent a successful operation on throat and nose.

The Countess of Haddington, formerly Miss Sarah Cook of Montreal, is to be presented to the King and Queen at one of the approaching courts by her sister, the Countess of Minto.

Joseph Meighen, the father of Right Honourable Arthur Meighen, died Saturday evening at his residence, 221 Gilmour St., Ottawa.

Our Spring and Summer showing of dress materials will please you. The new fabrics in all the fashionable shades. Single lengths. You can be the sole wearer in the vicinity of the dress distinctively new and exclusive—D. C. Bush.

Miss Sadie Armstrong returned home Wednesday after spending the winter months with friends in Toronto.

W. Marsh & Son have just received all the latest April and May Victor records, 10 inch double sided records 75 cents. A full line of needles and repairs for all makes of phonographs.

Married—At the Methodist Parsonage, Dundela on Wednesday, April 30th, 1924, by Rev. Charles, worth, Miss Alma Lois Jaycox, niece of Mrs. Jas. Cook, to Mr. Robert Guy Strader, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Strader, both of Matilda.

A big assortment in Curtains, Curtain Nets, Marguerettes and Scrims—D. C. Bush.

Past 60 years of age, hobbling about on one leg and a pair of crutches Mrs. Eliza Murray made her way into the United States court at Syracuse N.Y. on Saturday for the opening of the trial of her action for \$25,000 damages against the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. She was one of a motoring party belonging to Moira, N.Y., whose car was struck by a C.P.R. Train two miles west of Chesterville on Sept. 6th, 1922. Her son George and his sister, Mrs. Ellen Reynolds, were killed and Mrs. Murray lost one leg and suffered other serious injuries.

Mr. C. J. Young of Trenton, formerly publisher of the Trenton Advocate has purchased the plant of the Athens Reporter and will shortly resume the publication of that paper.

One hundred thousand salmon trout fry were deposited in Charleston Lake from the Ontario Government Fish Hatchery.

The Ontario Gazette contains a notice of a revision in the fees which issuers of hunting and angling licenses are entitled to receive. The new schedule is as follows—\$1.00 on each non-resident small game license; \$1.00 on each non-resident general hunting license; 50 cents on each resident moose license; each resident camp deer license and each non-resident angling license. The issuer's fees are to be collected by the issuer in addition to the license fees.

Lettuce and Radishes for sale at Geo. W. Harrison's.

Colored Silk Madras for over-curtains at \$1.40 to \$2.00 per yard.—D. C. Bush.

Great reductions in Gold Seal Congoleum Rugs for the next ten days at W. Marsh & Son Furniture Show Rooms. Over 15 different patterns all sizes from 2x3 yards to 3x5 yards Linoleum, two and four yards wide. Brussels, Tapestry and Axminster Rugs, all reduced in price.

Mrs. (Dr.) W. C. Davy spent a few days in Cobourg this week.

Miss Christie of Ottawa is visiting at St. James Rectory.

Miss Clara Loucks is visiting her sister Mrs. O. F. Allison in Cobourg.

Mr. Ward Casselman of London, Ont., spent Thursday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Casselman.

Mr. Andrew Hummell and granddaughter, Miss Mona Barr, spent a few days in Montreal this week.

Mr. Malcolm Campbell has joined the staff of the local branch of the Molsons Bank.

Rev. Canon G. S. Anderson of Ottawa was a guest at the home of Mrs. Stuart and Mrs. Brady over the week-end.

Born—At Liverpool, England on Saturday, April 26th, to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Farlinger Casselman, a son.

Miss Effie Killins, nurse-in-training, Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, is spending a few weeks' holidays with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Killins.

Miss L. McMartin returned home the latter part of the week from Toronto where she has spent the past few months.

The famous Mulberry Duchess Silk—unruffled silks that never cut at \$2.25, \$2.50 and \$2.75.—D. C. Bush.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lyle returned to their home in Montreal on Monday after spending their Easter holidays with his mother Mrs. Robert Lyle.

Born—At Kitchener, Ont., on Saturday, April 19th, to Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Julien, a daughter.

W. Marsh & Son wish to announce their 10-day Sale of Furniture, commencing May 5th. A full range of all the latest styles in furniture have arrived. No trouble to show goods. Give us a call.

Friends of the Rev. D. A. Ferguson, who was once in the Presbyterian Church, Williamsburg, will regret to learn that he and his congregation at Carluke (near Hamilton) suffered the loss of their church by fire on Thursday morning last. The origin was from a fire burning brush nearby, and sparks ignited the roof which spread rapidly. The Manse was saved with difficulty. There is some insurance.

Reduced prices on Congoleum Rugs, English Linoleums, Oil Cloths and Carpet Squares.—D. C. Bush.

Captain V. W. Heron District Cadet Officer, Military District No. 3, will inspect the Collegiate Cadet Corps on May 20th, at 2.15 p.m. The Corps will be examined in Physical Training, Drill, Extended Order, and Ceremonial. All those citizens who are interested, directly or indirectly, are invited to be present.

Stricken while attending the spring assizes of the Supreme Court of Ontario at which the action of the Village of Kemptville vs. the Kemptville Milling Company, of which he was one of the defendants, was being tried, Levi Thomas Bowen aged 68, prominent resident of Kemptville and long interested in milling and power development at that point, died at 10.30 Wednesday morning.

Title Alacatrax, the world-famous milk cow for which \$50,000 was recently refused, was shot and killed in Los Angeles this week. She was infected with the foot and mouth disease.

The well-baby clinic held at Prescott this week under the auspices of the Provincial Board of Health was well attended and was highly appreciated by those who presented their children for examination. Dr. W. J. Bell of the Provincial Board of Health with the local physicians and Mrs. Bricker, Public Health Nurse, conducted the clinic.

Ten new charges were laid against Hon. Peter Smith, former Provincial Treasurer this week when he appeared in police court to answer a blanket charge of conspiring to defraud the public. Among the charges is one that he conspired with J. Cooper Mason, A. H. Pepall and Aemilius Jarvis to defraud the public. Mr. Smith was again remanded for another week.

Announcement was made in Brockville this week of the appointment of Charles R. Deacon, who has practiced law in Brockville for the last twenty years, to be Inspector of Land Titles Offices for Ontario, with headquarters at Toronto. The duties of this office, attached to the Attorney-General's Department, have previously been administered by the Master of Titles at Toronto and involve inspection of land titles offices throughout the Province.

ONE OF THE BIGGEST PICTURES



JESSE L. LASKY PRESENTS
Cecil B. DeMille's
PRODUCTION
'Adam's Rib'
WITH MILTON SILLS, ELLIOTT DEXTER, THEODORE KOSLOFF, ANNA Q. NILSSON AND PAULINE GARRON
A Paramount Picture

In Ten Reels
A Tale of the Modern Daughters of Eve—their Charms, their Loves and their Pitfalls.

Others to follow—

HOLLY WOOD
RUGGLES OF RED GAP

STAR THEATRE
Mon. & Tues.
MAY 12th & 13th

ADMISSION

Adults 35c Children 15c

EVERY GARMENT Guaranteed Moth Proof



IF I WAS THINKING about buying a Suit, and an experienced, seasoned, and reliable merchant had a line with over 250 new and attractive fabrics, pleasingly priced at \$25.00, \$35.00 up to \$60.00 per suit, made to my individual taste and measure, with money back guarantee, I'd investigate, WOULDN'T YOU? That's all I ask—no obligation.

NASH

West End Meat Market Under New Ownership

We Carry a Full line of FRESH WESTERN BEEF, CHOICE VEAL, PORK and POULTRY.

All kinds of CURED MEATS, CANNED GOODS, VEGETABLES and FRUITS.

FRESH FISH every Friday Morning.

ICE delivered every morning.

"WE AIM TO PLEASE"

West End Meat Market
JOHNSTONE & ANDERSON
Morrisburg, Phone 74

Notice

That now is the time to see about your building and repairing. Just call us up and we will come and see you about it. We can help complete your ideas and give you information as to cost, etc. This service is free. Don't hesitate. Get it settled now and relieve your mind.

Call us up or drop a line. We'll do our part. Phone 87J, write or come and see. P.S.—We saw every day, so hustle in the logs while the roads are good.

The
Morrisburg Lumber Mills

PHONE 87J—LOCK BOX 71

Sure Sign of Spring

Some Robins and Motor Cars fitting about.

Car owners praying for sunshine and warm breezes.

Motorists clamoring for their vehicles which are in the shop for overhauling or minor repairs.

You will save yourself much anxiety by booking your order for shop service sufficiently early.

Why not plan to make your 1924 motoring more pleasant than ever before? Perhaps you might let us help you with your plans re fitting out for the season now at hand.

REMEMBER—Overhauling, judiciously planned and properly executed now, will practically assure the smooth operation of your machine throughout the coming season. Our specialty is still "GENUINE FORD SERVICE", and we plan to make it "Bigger and Better" for our customers this year, by maintaining a larger stock and a better assortment of parts and accessories, at popular prices.

TINDAL'S GARAGE
H. B. Tindal, Prop

A Practical Suggestion

Many of our Patrons have found it both convenient and time-saving to have an extra pair of glasses on hand in case they break the ones they are wearing. The extra pair enables you to continue with your work without the loss of time consumed in waiting for repairs or replacements.

J. MILES WHITEKER
Optometrist

MORRISBURG, Phone 18

Our Best Farm Boot

Positively the best shoe made for farm wear, Solid Oak tanned soles, and retanned uppers that will resist barnyard acids; absolutely waterproof, strongly built, but light in weight, and fully guaranteed by their maker against defect. This is positively the best work shoe made. It will pay you to look over these shoes. DON'T FORGET, DRY FEET GUARANTEED.

We can give you right away service on shoe repairing, harness repairing, rubber footwear and vulcanizing. All repairing done by up-to-date machinery.

We sell all kinds of shoes and harness repairs, leather taps, soles, rubber heels, etc.

A. G. TAYLOR

The Great West Life Assurance Company

The Total and Permanent Disability Benefit provides that if the insured is totally and permanently disabled:—

1. All premiums are cancelled.
2. A monthly income is paid the insured.
3. Profits are paid in the regular way if on with profit plan.
4. Loan and surrender values are not affected.
5. The full sum insured is payable at maturity.

LIFE INSURANCE

Without Medical Examination Policies are issued for \$2000 or less on all regular plans.

A guaranteed monthly income for life may be secured by means of an income policy which provides for the payment of the proceeds of the policy as a monthly income for a definite term of years or for life. Free information sent upon request.

T. E. CLELAND

District Representative

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