The Leader

Vol. XIV, No 48 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1914.

DIAMOND RINGS

A large Stock of

DIAMOND RINGS

SET IN 14K GOLD

From $5.00 Up

IN LOCKETS and CHAINS

For Ladies and Gentlemen

I will show you one of the largest varieties in Canada and at prices to knock all competitors.

I will be around your way in January so wait and look over my stock of

HIGH GRADE JEWELLERY

AND

ROGERS SILVERWARE

Special Discounts Will Be Given

Goods as represented or money refunded.

MAX. VINEBERG

353 NOTRE DAME WEST

MONTREAL, : : : CANADA

BANQUET

Committee Appointed to Draft Out Plans For Winter

Tuesday evening saw over one hundred young men and business men gathered in the Methodist Assembly Rooms at a banquet given to them by the ladies of the town and nearby vicinity. The assemblage was a very representative one and the evening was thoroughly enjoyed. The banquet itself was a masterpiece. The culinary skill of the Morrisburg ladies is an established fact and on this occasion they surpassed themselves. Mat Campbell, chairman, handled himself like a veteran. The following toasts, after that of "The King", were proposed and answered in the following order: "Our Country", B. A. Herring—Mr. Andrew Broder; "The Army and Navy," Mr. Patterson—Fred S. Broder; "The Boys," Dr. G. M. Gorrell—Mr. John Meikle. These toasts were interspersed by songs from Mr. John Gormley and Jimmy Ryan. Then followed reports from the Belleville conference by Messrs. Ross Strike and Arthur Riddell and a speech from Mr. Loring of the Cornwall Y.M.C.A. Choruses of well-known popular airs were given throughout, and the boys livened things up a bit. A vote of thanks to the ladies was then moved by the Rev. Father Meehan and seconded by Dr. Little, after which a sonnet in song to the ladies was unveiled and sang with hearty gusto by all to show their hearty appreciation of the splendid work of the ladies.

A committee was formed of business men and young men which meets Friday night at the Public Library to form an organization and plan out work for the winter months.

GENERAL HOSPITAL

Miss Alma Thompson, who has been in charge of the work of the Victorian Order of Nurses since the inception of the Order in Cornwall, has been appointed to the position of Superintendent of the Cornwall General Hospital, made vacant by the resignation of Miss Stork.

J. C. Alguire, who has so efficiently filled the position of treasurer of the hospital for the past three years, has handed in his resignation as treasurer and governor. Mr. Alguire's resignation is very much regretted, as he has given his best efforts to forward in any way possible the interests of the Institution. F. D. McLean has been appointed to fill the vacancy and R. Dodd has been appointed a member of the Board of Governors, vice Mr. McLennan, the new secretary. —Cornwall Standard.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

The following acknowledgment of contributions to the Canadian Patriotic fund was this week received by Mr. Wm. Eager, Police Magistrate, Morrisburg.:

Dear Sir,—I am directed by the Honorable W. T. White, Minister of Finance, Honorary Treasurer of the Canadian Patriotic Fund, to enclose you herewith official receipts for the generous contributions to the above fund from the respective contributors named in your letter.

The Honorary Treasurer desires me to ask you to convey to the contributors his thanks for their generous gifts.

Yours truly,
E. L. BRITTAIN,
For Hon. Treas.

The contributions above referred two were as follows:

No. 15 Factory, Riverside	$21.77
No. 6 Factory, Morrisburg	27.81
No. 5 Factory, Caughnawaga	102.48
G. W. Cook, Edge Hill Farm	20.00

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF DUNDAS

Allow me to convey to you in this manner my sincere appreciation of the excellent support extended to me at the polls on December 7th and for the valuable assistance and sympathy throughout the campaign.

Wishing you and yours A Merry Christmas and A Happy New year,

Yours for service,
J. A. CAMPBELL.

Portland Cement

We are handling one of the Canadian Cement Company's

BEST BRAND

Delivered in any quantity

We have a carload of

British Columbia Red Cedar Shingles

and a small quantity of

Featheredge Siding

COAL

If you have not ordered your Coal why not come and see us and get the best on the market.

GUARANTEED BY

BAKER & SNYDER

PURE BLOOD MEANS STRENGTH

NYAL'S BLOOD PURIFIER

means pure blood. Try it and you will be convinced.

Boils, sores, pimples, skin diseases and rough skin indicate impure thin blood. Nyal's Blood Purifier purifies and enriches the blood driving out the poisonous materials that produce such disagreeable symptoms. It is for the same class of diseases as those treated at Hot Springs.

Get a bottle at our store—we recommend it because we know what is in it and every Nyal remedy is good.

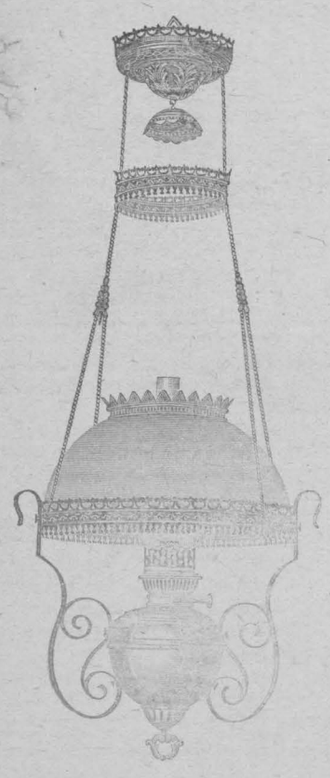
We carry a full line of NYAL'S FAMILY REMEDIES

D. T. HENDERSON

The Rexall Store

MORRISBURG, - - ONT.

THE GIFT THAT CHEERS



For the family, something each and all will appreciate

A RAYO HANGING LAMP

with automatic spring extension especially adapted for any ceiling.

This lamp is made entirely of polished brass. It is beautifully finished and easily kept clean.

It gives a soft mellow light, which casts a pleasing glow throughout the room.

Price, $4.60 and $5.25

RAYO TABLE LAMP

$2.00



THE UNIVERSAL BREAD MAKER

A child can use it. Mixes and kneads bread far more thoroughly in a few minutes than can be done by hand.

Hands do not touch the dough—does away with hand kneading, and makes better bread. Simple, Easy, Sanitary. Special, $1.93.

SKATES all sizes and prices from 75c. to $5.00 Tubes
Hockey Sticks—10 to 50c.
Aluminum and Nickle Plated Ware.



"PERFECTION" smokeless and odorless Oil Heaters

$3.50 to $4.75

Colored paper bells and balls for Christmas decoration 10c., 15c. and 20 cents
Christmas booklets, 3c., 5c., 10c. and 15c
Christmas postcards 3 for 5c.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

PLATE GLASS FRONT HARDWARE STORE

MORRISBURG, - - - ONT.

DILL & DURANT

BUTCHERS

Trout		Beef
Salmon		Lamb
Smelts	VENISON	Pork
Halibut		Ham
Fresh Herring		Bacon
Salt Herring	SUET	Windsor Bacon
Salt Cod		Turkeys
Haddie		Ducks
		Geese

Home-made Farmers' Sausage warranted pure meat without adulterations

Home-made Head Cheese pure meat, Pressed Meat.

"Studebaker"

THE GREATEST AUTOMOBILE VALUE EVER OFFERED

A LARGE, 5 PASSENGER, 28-30 H.P.

STUDEBAKER

complete with electric starter, and electric lights, mohair top, ventilating windshield, genuine leather upholstering, demountable rims and one extra rim, full floating rear axle, timken adjustable bearings and a very accessible construction throughout.

PRICE $1050.00 F. O. B. Factory — OLD 1914 PRICE $1375.00

Freight charges refunded on orders placed during DECEMBER and JANUARY

A value only possible by—Quantity production of a quality car; Canadian built in a Canadian Factory, and a perfect organization.

Call and see my stock of Stoves, Cutters, Harness, Fur Robes, Fur Coats and Horse Blankets and get prices before buying elsewhere,

W. E. THOM

Don't Put it Off



A Piano in your home would show splendid results before another Christmas comes around,

AND

Buy it from us, you will find our prices and terms right, and we stand back of what we sell you.

OTHER CHRISTMAS GIFTS FOR THE HOME

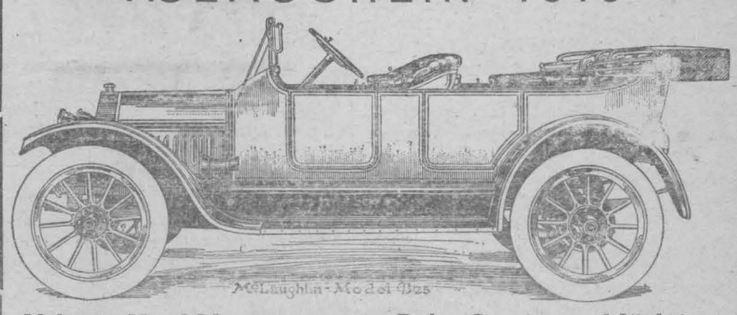
EDISON'S

AMBEROLA X. in Fumed Oak	$39.00
" XIII. in Dull Golden Oak	$58.50
" VI. in Mahogany or Oak	$78.00
" V. in Mahogany or Oak	$100.00

"VITAPHONE" Plays any Disc Record Made

Type 28—Golden Oak	$28.00
Type 40—Mahogany, Mission Golden and Fumed Oak (A Beauty)	$40.00

McLAUGHLIN 1915



Valve in Head Motor. Delco Starting and Lighting
In the class only of cars at much higher prices

We would appreciate your visit at our store to see our new stock of Pianos, Players, Phonographs, etc.

CUTTERS, HARNESS, STOVES, FURS, Etc., in the rear of our building.

W. H. Fetterly & Co.

MORRISBURG, : : ONT.

The Molsons Bank

Incorporated 1855

Capital and Reserve : $8,800,000

90 BRANCHES IN CANADA

A General Banking Business Transacted.

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SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

At All Branches. Interest Allowed at Highest Current Rate.

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Home-Made Biscuits — and

CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

Fresh from the oven and piping hot! So light they melt in the mouth! A rare treat indeed. But ever so much better served with CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP.

For candy-making you can't beat CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP. And it makes excellent pudding sauces.

THE CANADA STARCH COMPANY, LIMITED.

Manufacturers of the Famous Edwardsburg Brands.



Montreal, Cardinal, Brantford, Fort William.

Made in Canada.

Sold by All Grocers.

Send for the Edwardsburg Free Recipe Book.

THE WINTER'S CAMPAIGN

COLD HAS DECIDED THE FATE OF EMPIRES.

Germans Will Feel the Winter Weather More Than the Allies.

It will not be long before General January and General February take the field in Europe, and it is quite within the bounds of possibility that they should prove the decisive factors of the campaign. History affords many instances of the fate of empires being determined by cold or by storms. We all know that the Armada was defeated primarily because the Spanish vessels encountered a terrific storm. Napoleon led 600,000 men into Russia and penetrated as far as Moscow in the dead of Winter. Of this vast army it is said that only 20,000 returned to France, the remainder either perishing of cold and hunger, falling prey to hovering Cossacks, or being captured and taken to Russian prisons. In 1167 the pestilential heat of Italy thwarted Frederick Barbarossa, the conqueror of Rome, and he was balked again by the rains at Alexandria. Before now Prussian generals have been enabled to win important victories on account of the cold weather. For instance, the Great Elector crossed a river on the ice and was thus in a position to cut off the Swedes from Koenigsburg. In 1741 Frederick the Great won the great victory at Millwitz because the cold weather enabled him to rapidly advance his troops over a country that was impassable until the frost set in.

To End Trench Digging.

The weather is less apt to affect the war in France than the war in Prussia, for in Northern France and Belgium the average winter temperature is about 39 degrees Fahrenheit, with a minimum of about 5 degrees. So far the weather has been of almost unprecedented coldness, and should the winter months bear out the threat of the fall it will become impossible to dig trenches as rapidly as they have been dug in the past few months. Should one army drive the other out of the trenches it now occupies it may have it "on the run," unless trenches far in the rear of positions now held have been prepared in advance. In the eastern theatre of war the armies that are facing each other are not dug in. The men are fighting upon the surface of the earth, and this is the reason why battles in Prussia and Galicia are likely to be much more decisive than battles that result in an equal loss of life in France and Belgium.

Will Help Russians.

On Germany's eastern frontier the cold weather will be of advantage to the Russians rather than to the defenders. Not only are the Russians as a whole used to colder weather than the Germans, but the frost will make it possible for them to advance in the great lake region, which in milder weather offers a formidable barrier to an invader. Continued cold weather in Prussia added to a decisive victory in the great battles now proceeding would leave the road to Berlin almost open, and might bring the war to an end with dramatic suddenness. Another distinct advantage to the Allies that winter will bring, whether it is unusually cold or unusually temperate, is that the Zeppelins will have a poor chance of crossing the English Channel. Whether it is warm or cold the Channel crossing in winter is always very rough, and frequently fogs blot out the view. In these circumstances Britain is not likely to have much to fear from the dirigibles.

Aircraft Less Useful.

The theory is advanced by a military expert interviewed by the Washington Star that the Zeppelins are expected to perform a more important duty than the dropping of bombs, and especially when the weather is such that the transport of ammunition and supplies is made increasingly difficult by soft roads. His idea is that with the Zeppelins to carry supplies that could not be conveniently transported over mired roads, the German army will be able to move great masses of foot soldiers far in advance of their bases. However, the chief difficulty in the way up to the present has not been the danger of getting too far from a supply base, but of opposing the entrenched Allies. It seems certain that both the Zeppelins and the aeroplanes will be less useful in cold weather, the one from the tempests that prevail through the winter months, and the other from the extreme cold of the higher altitudes.

Less Sickness in Winter.

Nor will artillery or rifle fire be so effective if the soldiers are obliged to use gloves. Freezing weather that prevents the digging of trenches will also make it impossible to bury the dead, and it will be necessary to cremate them. However, on the whole, the problem of sanitation will be easier. The greatest scourge of armies, typhus, will disappear with freezing weather, and though pneumonia will be more frequent, the mortality from sickness and undressed wounds is likely to be greatly reduced. On the sea the odds will be in favor of the best seamen. In very rough weather the submarines are by no means so easily operated, and mines are apt to be exploded by the action of the huge waves. On the whole, it would appear that the Allies have less reason than the Germans to fear the effect of winter weather afloat or ashore.

Saved by a Name.

An Irish soldier arriving at camp late one night was challenged—"Who goes there?" Considering a moment, and thinking he might avoid punishment, he answered, "Kitchener!" He was immediately knocked down by the butt end of a rifle, and as he sat upon the ground ruefully rubbing a lump on his head the sentry exclaimed, 'Why, it's Callaghan! Why did you say it was Kitchener?" "Shure," came the answer, "when ye would do this to Kitchener, ye'd want poor Callaghan's life, ye spalpeen."

His First Pie.

Mrs. McBride—Oh, John, don't cut your pie with a knife."

McBride—Huh! You ought to be thankful that I don't call for a can-opener.

HOW TO MAKE ENDS MEET

WHEN TIMES ARE HARD AND WORK SCARCE.

Some of the Strategems Employed to Chase the Wolf From the Door.

Many ways of Making a living when times are hard have been adopted by live men who refuse to sit idle when the factory gates are closed against them. While some of these schemes tide over the bad period only, others have had within them the germ of future fortune. Some methods employed are fakes, consequently their run is short. Want of capital presents cramping disabilities, but this handicap has been overcome by a prodigious use of native talent and "stick-ability," says an American paper.

Making and selling gravy salt secured a competence for a tailor. He boiled together quantities of salt, corn-flour, water, pepper and burnt sugar until the whole was a thick paste, then, cut into small pieces and wrapped in wax paper, he sold them from door to door.

With her last few dollars a woman purchased nainsook and flannel. She made up a set of swaddling clothes sold them, and continued the process. To-day that woman does an international trade.

An upholsterer asked a lady if she had any old chairs in the shed. Upon finding that such was the case and that a plush curtain had also been discarded, he persuaded the lady to allow him to recover the chair with the old plush. Two hours later the man surprised the lady with the effects of his handiwork. She gave him a dollar. The same man on another occasion made a washable loose cover for a parlor chair out of an old sheet. This man is earning a good livelihood in this way.

A widow made and sold covers for brooms, made from ticking. This device permits the housewife to complete the dusting of the ceiling without changing the duster.

Fire-lighters made of sawdust and resin started one man on the way to fortune; fireballs, made from clay and coal oil, another.

Dog biscuits made from horse-meat and cheap flour is a lucrative means of starting business without much capital.

A pair of cycle wheels and a small sand stone were the means of providing a living for a knife grinder.

Pulling Wires.

Wire has been used in various forms. Making a pan holder that can be adapted to many uses was successfully tried by a man who was formerly a painter. Flower-baskets, coat-hangers and tie-clips have also been made and sold by wire-twisters. Speaking of flower and fern baskets reminds us of the country.

Gathering ferns and trapping small fur-bearing animals, such as musk-rats, squirrels, etc., may be done on the outskirts of most cities, but the returns from such industry are small.

Repairing discarded clocks, mending broken dishes and china with a solution made from celluloid, gum and vinegar, repairing bolts and locks and making keys have been tried and found useful means of keeping the wolf from the door. Cleaning cellars, beating rugs, cindering and rolling garden paths, cutting kindling wood, repairing fences, sodding lawns, moulding concrete blocks, have proven profitable as employment when work was scarce and funds low.

Key tags are made with the aid of a small set of letter dies and blanks that can be purchased at the hardware store. A Montreal man has accumulated property by this means. Rat poison ejected into the runs of the rodents procures a living for another man in Montreal.

Soliciting business for lawyers and shoe repairers, collecting money debts for doctors and storekeepers, re-polishing furniture, scraping old paint from floors, fixing window shades, wiring wooden chairs that have become loose in their joints, have brought grist to the mill.

A Cat Doctor.

Hobbies have been turned into coin. A widow, who loved cats, became so capable of tending to their needs when they were sick that she now practices as a specialist. Dog doctors and poultry specialists are often amateur fanciers who have profited by experience.

Show cards with moveable letters for store windows can be made at home and bring in a profit.

Assisting foreigners in becoming naturalized citizens, selling home-made water filters, making dolls and teddy bears, patching leaky pans and kettles with the aid of soldering iron and solder have been means of keeping together home, wife, body and soul, when the lack of steady employment has brought the sting of poverty to the man.

The virtues of some collar buttons were unknown until men sold them at the street corners; but the lack of real novelties causes fakirs to find other means.

"Silver and plating fluid," made from mercury and nitric acid is dangerous and useless, but has sometimes provided money for the fakir. "Rontgen rays," made from two pill boxes and a feather, fooled people and fed a fakir.

Paraffin wax and coal oil melted together was sold as a stain remover. Shellac and dissolved benzine was declared to be the essence of shine for furniture. These, although profitable at first, soon dropped from the market.

Raising the wind by means of soap purloined from hotels and wrapped in pieces of tinfoil secured from a beneficent tobacconist, was sold as a medicated soap. The "demonstrator" used ammonia on his hands while showing off the qualities of his invention.

BRITISH OFFICER'S HEROISM.

Received Iron Cross for Rescuing German Soldier.

One of the most dramatic stories of battlefield heroism that the war is likely to produce reached Paris the other day, says the Westminster Gazette correspondent.

During a recent combat German troops attacked the British trenches but were repulsed. They retired to their own trenches, taking with them their wounded, but one of the latter was overlooked and left behind. A comrade, observing him, left the German trenches to effect a rescue, but was almost immediately killed by the British fire, a score of bullets piercing him.

A British officer, however, realized the situation, and, having given the order "Cease fire," himself went out into the open to pick up the wounded German.

He was struck by several German bullets and badly wounded, but the Germans, as soon as they saw what his object was, also ordered the "Cease fire." Thereupon the British officer staggered to the fallen man and carried him to the German lines.

A German officer received him with a salute, and, calling for cheers, pinned upon the breast of the British hero an Iron Cross. Then the Britisher returned to his own trenches.

He was recommended for the Victoria Cross for this notable example of chivalry, but succumbed to his wounds.

It isn't every fellow who can paint the town red without getting some of it on his nose.

THE STRUGGLE IN THE EAST

THE AUSTRIAN SOLDIERS ARE DISHEARTENED.

The Russians, on the Contrary, Accept Their Lot With Complacency.

A special correspondent of The London Times at Lwow (Lemberg), writes: I am more and more impressed daily with the complacence with which the Russian soldiers accept their lot. There is no doubt that they have been deeply stirred by this war, and, though they bemoan the misery that it has brought nearly all seem to accept it as something that had to be. It is certain that they hate the Germans and are fighting willingly. But the case of the Austrians is quite different. I talked a long time with a young Austrian reservist who has been lying now for weeks with a desperate wound through the body.

An Austrian Soldier's Story.

He was a carpenter living near Prague. On July 25 he was called to the colors without even knowing what the war was about and caring less when he did learn.

I left my wife and children weeks ago, he said, without any warning. They had no money. Since then I have not heard a word from them and have no idea what has happened to them or how they are managing to live at all without me. Why is it? I am a blameless man. I have no dislike of the Russians. They are a very friendly people. Yet we are all called away from our families and sent over here to attack men we have nothing whatever against. All the men in my regiment who came as reservists feel as I do about it—that is, all that are left. Many have been killed.

We were sent forward after being told by our officers that we were marching against a thousand Russians, and we found fifteen thousand instead of one. I was shot through the back as we were withdrawing. After I fell into the Russians everything was easy for me. I am quite satisfied. They are very kind and the nurses very good to us. But always and always I am worrying about my wife and my children. Not a word since I left. How can they live with nothing

Thousands of Cases.

And as he spoke his brown eyes filled with tears. In Austria to-day there are thousands of such cases and every one of the 42 hospitals here is filled with them.

The longer I remain in this town the more impressed I am with the order and peace that prevails. Every one is within doors by 10. The bulk of the population seem perfectly indifferent to their change of masters. Even the Austrians are not particularly hostile to Russia; and one of the anomalies of the situation is that the new regime has maintained Austrian policemen to preserve order in the town, pending the arrival of officials that will eventually come from Russia to take their places.

Russian Soldier's Delight.

Dancing, singing and a hot bath every Saturday are the main delights of the Russian soldier. Drinking vodka used to be numbered among his chief amusements in life, but of late the games' field—particularly the football field—has been made a bigger attraction than the dram shop by the authorities.

Inside Information.

Madge—You shouldn't say he's a confirmed bachelor unless you know.

Marjorie—But I do know; I confirmed him.



TIPPING OLD AS FEUDALISM.

Everybody Lived on the Bounty of Their Lords Then.

Tipping is plainly a survival of the feudal relation, long before the humbler men had risen from the condition of status to that of contract. When fixed pay in the ordinary sense was unknown, and where the relation between servant and master was one ostensible voluntary service for life, and in its best aspect was a relation of mutual dependence and kindness. Then the spasmodic payment was, as tips are now, essential to the upper man's dignity, and very especially to the dignity of his visitor. This feudal relation survives in England to-day to such an extent that poor men refrain from visiting their rich relatives because of the tips. In the great country houses the tips are expected to be in gold. And in England and out of it, Don Caesar's bestowal of his last shilling on the man who had served him still thrills the audience, at least the tipped part of it.

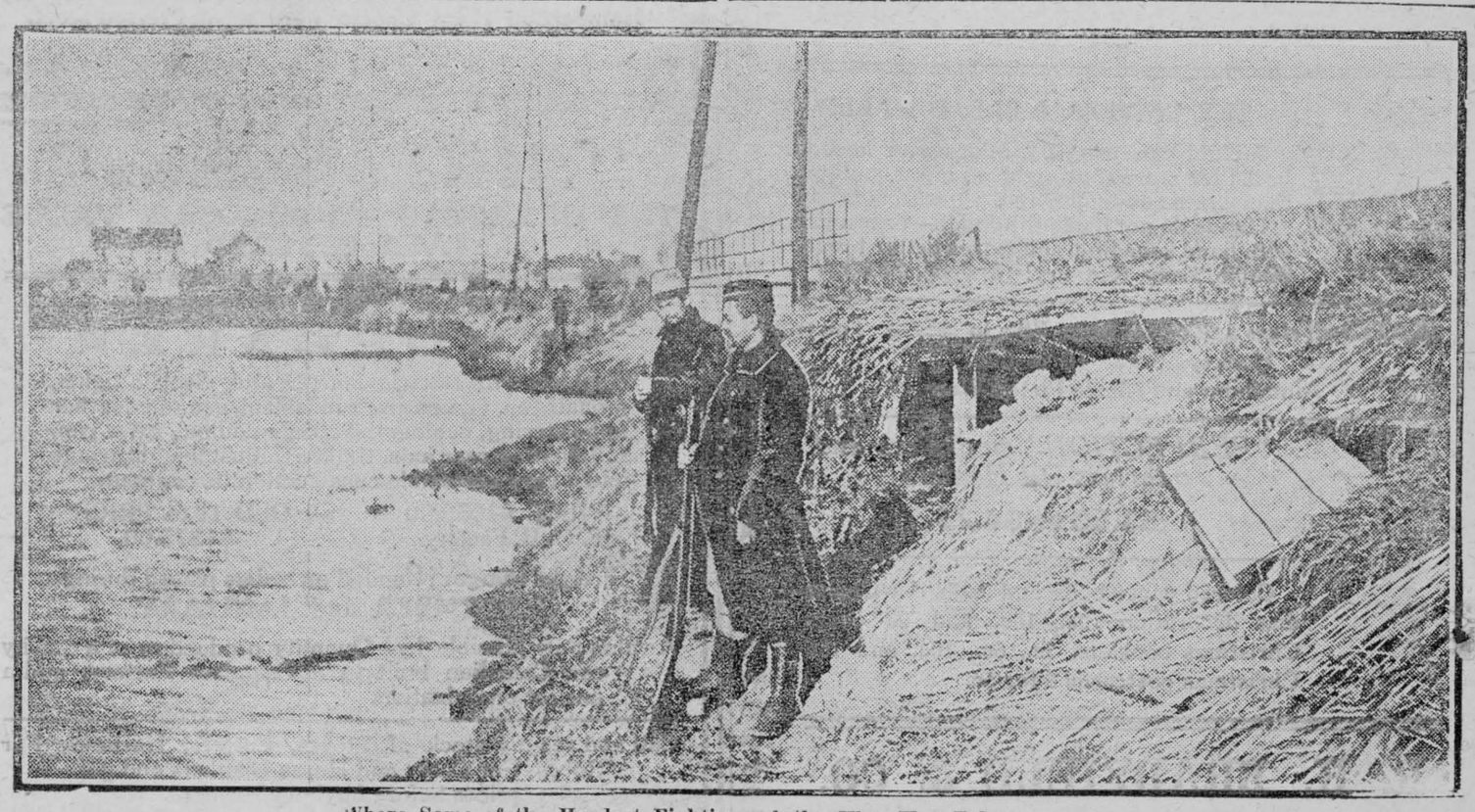
EGGS GONE UP IN CHINA.

Housewife Only Gets 360 for $1, Instead of 900.

Fifteen years ago the price of eggs in the province of Shantung, China, was $1 for 900 eggs. Now the price has risen to $1 for 360. Twenty-seven million eggs were exported from this province in 1913, most of which went to England.

Few Chinese poultry raisers possess more than a dozen or so hens. They hatch most of their chickens in earthenware incubators, which are heated by the fire which warms the living rooms and the beds—thus all the heat is saved. We have the word of our consul at Crefoo that old women frequently incubate eggs by carrying them strapped about their waists under their outer garments. This is carrying economy to the limit, it would seem.

Most Chinese families are too poor to eat eggs even at the low prices mentioned, and therefore the entire product, except that portion used for hatching, is sold. On the average ten Chinese eggs weigh a pound.—Farm and Fireside.



Where Some of the Hardest Fighting of the War Has Taken

First photograph of the flooded canal at Ypres, on the banks of which the allies and the Germans have been fighting for some weeks. Some correspondents have described the canal as a stream of blood, and one account of a battle stated that the Germans crossed the canal at one point, stepping on the bodies of their fellow-soldiers, which filled the channel from bank to bank. From the shelters on the banks the allies poured a devastating fire into the ranks of the fleeing Germans.

RHEUMATIC MISERY

Can Only Be Cured Through the Blood. Liniments of No Use

In no disease does the blood become thin so rapidly as in rheumatism. Not only does it become thin but it is loaded with impurities—rheumatic poisons. Without the proper treatment these poisons increase, the inflamed joints swell and the patient becomes a cripple. There are a number of methods of treating rheumatism, most of them aiming to keep down the rheumatic poisons until nature can build up the blood sufficiently to overcome them. But unfavorable conditions of cold or dampness may give the disease the advantage and a relapse or renewed attack follows.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People build up the blood and enable it to cast out the rheumatic poisons with the natural secretions of the body. Thousands have tried this treatment with the most beneficial results. That every sufferer who does not try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is neglecting the most helpful means of recovery is shown by the following statement. Mrs. Emeline Smith, St. Jerome, Que., says: "I was attacked with what the doctor said was inflammatory rheumatism. The joints of my hands, feet and limbs were badly swollen, and I suffered the most excruciating pain. Notwithstanding medical treatment the trouble became so bad that I could not go about. My appetite began to fail me and I was growing physically weak. A neighbor who had been benefitted by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advised me to try them and I decided to do so. In the course of a few weeks I noted some improvement, and my appetite began to return. Then the swelling in my joints began to disappear, and it was not long until I was perfectly cured and I have had no return of the trouble."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing direct to The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

HOMELESS AND HELPLESS.

A Pen Picture of the Suffering In Belgium.

In the course of an article in the Nineteenth Century on "Belgium in War," a record of personal experiences, Mr. J. H. Whitehouse tells of one visit he paid (towards the end of September) to Antwerp Cathedral, which brought home with dramatic force the sacrifice which Belgium was making. "It was the hour of the afternoon service. Outside was the crowded, eager life of an excited populace, finding outlet for its emotion and solace for its fears in communal intercourse. Inside, the vast congregation was composed largely of women, nearly all of them in deep mourning. Many of them seemed very old; they wept for sons, the little ones clinging to their dress for fathers. Their faces, beautiful with the toil and thought of years, were singularly impressive. They might have stepped from the wonderful Flemish canvases in the Art Gallery of their city.

"A few days later these mourning women, old and young, bearing in primitive bundles all that they could save of their household goods, formed part of the procession from the city of its entire population. History itself can scarcely offer a parallel to a spectacle so charged with human suffering. Five hundred thousand peaceful and unoffending inhabitants, homeless and helpless, were fleeing into the darkness. From the banks of the Scheldt amidst flashes of fire they had what for many of them was their last vision of the city of their birth."

BUSY DOCTOR

Sometimes Overlooks a Point.

The physician is such a busy man that he sometimes overlooks a valuable point to which his attention may be called by an intelligent patient who is a thinker.

"About a year ago my attention was called to Grape-Nuts by one of my patients," a physician writes.

"At the time my own health was bad and I was pretty well run down, but I saw at once that the theories behind Grape-Nuts were sound and that if the food was all that was claimed, it was a perfect food.

"So I commenced to use Grape-Nuts with cream twice a day, and in a short time I began to improve in every way and I am now much stronger, feel better and weigh more than ever before in my life.

"I know that all of this good is due to Grape-Nuts, and I am firmly convinced that the claims made for the food are true.

"I have recommended, and still recommend, Grape-Nuts to a great many of my patients with splendid results, and in some cases the improvement of patients on this fine food has been wonderful.

"As a general food, Grape-Nuts stands alone." "There's a Reason."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Look in pkgs, for the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville."

Ever read the above letter. A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

CHAINING AN ELEPHANT.

How the Keepers of a Zoological Park Did the Work.

Although the elephant is one of the most sagacious of animals, and generally a model of docility, it sometimes shows freaks of temper; and on account of its huge strength, it then becomes a dangerous beast to handle. Harper's Weekly describes a struggle that the keepers of a zoological park recently had with a big male elephant. He was in a wild rage, and seemed to be on the point of breaking away, so the keepers hurriedly decided to replace the chain that was attached to his tusks with a stronger one.

Chains were first fastened to his forelegs and about his neck, so that the free motion of his head was checked. In this condition, the elephant was chained to the front of the inclosure. It was then found that one of the clamps on the tusk was broken. In order to replace it, the animal had to be thrown down, and a rope was drawn about his hind legs.

This rope was passed through a block, and the chains of his forefeet being held firmly, the men hauled away slowly but surely and drew the elephant's feet from beneath him. He struggled fiercely, but the block and tackle were too much for him, and he was finally drawn down upon his haunches, after which the chain that held his right forefoot was crossed to the left side of the inclosure and drawn taut. The difficulty then was to roll the animal over on his side. Several men entered the inclosure and pushed and tugged at him, but their efforts were without avail until a rope, passed under his right foot and over his back, enabled the men to concentrate their efforts.

As the elephant rolled over, the keeper jumped to his head, and while he was in this helpless condition, the men removed the iron clamp on the tusk, and fastened a stronger one in its place.

When the work was done, they took the chain from the right forefoot, and the elephant was permitted to rise. At a signal from the superintendent the men jumped off. The other ropes were then eased and the shackles taken from his feet.

Pleurisy Pains Vanish! Chest Colds Cured!

NERVILINE HAS NEVER FAILED TO CURE.

Don't suffer!

Nerviline is your relief.

Nerviline just rubbed on, lots of it, will ease that drawn, tight feeling over your ribs, will destroy the pain, will have you smiling and happy in no time.

"I caught cold last week while motoring," writes P. T. Mallery, from Linden. "My chest was full of congestion, my throat was mighty sore, and I had the fiercest stitch in my side you could imagine. As a boy I was accustomed to have my mother use Nerviline for all our minor ailments, and remembering what confidence she had in Nerviline, I sent out for a bottle at once. Between noon and eight o'clock I had a whole bottle rubbed on, and then got into a perspiration under the blankets. This drove the Nerviline in good and deep, and I woke up next morning fresh as a dollar and absolutely cured. Nerviline is now always part of my travelling kit, and I will never be without it."

The large 50c. family size bottle is the most economical, or you can easily get the 25c. trial size from any dealer.

GURKHAS GREAT FIGHTERS.

Little Brown Men Happy When Fighting Is Closest.

"Blood-brother" to our Highlanders, and a soldier who becomes a fighting fanatic when the bullets are flying and the steel is flashing, the Germans will find the gallant Gurkhas, who form part of the Indian contingent at the front, "a rare handful."

Five feet nothing, as a rule, what the Gurkha lacks in inches he makes up for by his wiriness, agility, the deadliness of his aim with a rifle, and the much-dreaded kukri, his favorite weapon.

The Gurkha is never so happy as when wielding the kukri, a large, heavy knife, with a peculiar-shaped curving blade, at close quarters. With it he can easily cut a man in two, and, incredible though it may seem, a favorite feat at his native festivals is to cut off the head of a bullock with one blow of the kukri.

Close-quarter fighting is his forte, and his impetuosity to cross steel with the foe will undoubtedly draw him into many a hot corner. The Gurkha is the Jap of India, hard as nails, the best of scouts, and a fearless fighter. He earned our undying gratitude in the dark days of the Indian Mutiny, when that Empire seemed likely to be overwhelmed by the mutinous sepoys, 10,000 Gurkhas crossing over from Nepal to assist us. And many a stirring story is told of how the "little brown men of the hills" flung themselves at the treacherous sepoys and avenged the ghastly crime of Cawnpore.

Fighting is second nature to a Gurkha, and great was his disappointment when he was not allowed to take part in the Boer War. He has always been loyal to the British, and the Gurkhas are the only troops in the world of whom it can be said that they have never shown panic in warfare. As one military authority has put it, "Properly led and armed, 1,000,000 Gurkhas, if obtainable, would walk through Europe." There are, however, only ten regiments of Gurkhas in the Indian army, each consisting of two battalions of about 800 men.

Exactly how many of these are at the front at the present time it is difficult to say. But whatever the number, they may be reckoned upon to make the Kaiser change his opinion of French's "contemptible little army."

How a Sick Woman Can Regain Health

READ THIS VERY CAREFULLY.

"For years I was thin and delicate, I lost color and was easily tired; a yellow pallor, pimples and blotches on my face were not only mortifying to my feelings, but because I thought my skin would never look nice again I grew despondent. Then my appetite failed. I grew very weak. Various remedies, pills, tonics and tablets I tried without permanent benefit. A visit to my sister put into my hands a box of Dr. Hamilton's Pills. She placed reliance upon them and now that they have made me a well woman I would not be without them whatever they might cost. I found Dr. Hamilton's Pills by their mild yet searching action very suitable to the delicate character of a woman's nature. They never once griped me, yet they established regularity. My appetite grew keen—my blood red and pure—heavy rings under my eyes disappeared, and to-day my skin is as clear and unwrinkled as when I was a girl. Dr. Hamilton's Pills did it all."

The above straightforward letter from Mrs. J. Y. Todd, wife of a well-known miller in Rogersville, is proof sufficient that Dr. Hamilton's Pills are a wonderful woman's medicine. Use no other pill but Dr. Hamilton's, 25c. per box. All dealers or The Catarrhozone Co., Kingston, Ontario.

A LUCKY FIND FOR THE C.P.R.

A discovery which may mean much to the Province of Ontario has been made at Caledonia Springs, namely that the waters of one of the four springs is strongly radio-active. A recent visitor, who had hitherto gone for his cure to the Austrian resort at Badgastein, was prevented this year by the war, and tried the Canadian spring. He was struck by the similarity of the waters, which, on test, was found to be due to the presence of radium. The last official analysis was made in 1903, before the ramifications of radium were fully recognized, but Professor Ruttan, of McGill, has been commissioned to make a new complete analysis. The value of a genuine radium spring in Europe is calculated to average from two to three million dollars, owing to the number of invalids who are attracted to such a spring.

INFORMATION FOR INVENTORS

Messrs. Pigeon, Pigeon & Davis, patent solicitors, Montreal, report that 142 Canadian patents were issued for the week ending Nov. 17th, 1914, 97 of which were granted to Americans, 25 to Canadians, 10 to residents of Great Britain and Colonies, and 10 to residents of foreign countries.

Of the Canadians who received patents, 13 were residents of Ontario, 5 of Quebec, 2 of Alberta, 2 of New Brunswick, 1 of Nova Scotia, 1 of Saskatchewan, and 1 of British Columbia.

If you want a man to follow your advice, tell him to do as he pleases.

Many a fellow has called a girl Honey, only to be stung in the end.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

If most people had to live life over again the chances are they would only make a different kind of fool of themselves.

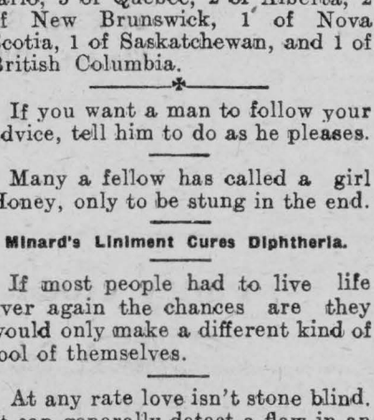
At any rate love isn't stone blind. It can generally detect a flaw in an engagement ring.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

After all, it is a better plan to swallow your wrath than to be forced to eat your words.

Some people give according to their means, and some according to their meanness.

"I wish I had taken my mother's advice when she begged me not to marry you." "Did your mother try to keep you from marrying me?" "Yes." "Oh, how I have wronged that woman!"



ITCHING BURNING OF ECZEMA INTENSE

Began on Child's Face. Spread all Over Head. Pimples Would Fester and Break Like Boils. Cuticura Soap and Ointment Healed.

Elrose, Sask.—"My little boy had eczema when he was about a week old. It began on his face and spread all over his head. It was in pimples and they would fester and break like little boils all over his head, but were like rash on his face. The eczema was very itching and the burning was intense; it made him so restless he could scarcely sleep.



"I tried several ointments and salves and they seemed to do very little good so I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment after he had been sick about a month. When I used Cuticura Soap and a few applications of the Cuticura Ointment I noticed such a difference. He was able to sleep and his face began to get a new skin on it. I kept on using them for three months, and two cakes of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment cured him." (Signed) Mrs. A. F. Thayer, July 13, 1914.

Samples Free by Mail

Cuticura Soap and Ointment do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough and oily skins, itching, scaly scalps, dry, thin and falling hair, chapped hands and shapeless nails, that it is almost criminal not to use them. They do even more for skin-tortured infants and children. Although sold by dealers throughout the world, a liberal sample of each will be mailed free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. D, Boston, U. S. A."

The Housewife.

Master of the House (married to a suffragette) — What's happening about the dinner, Mary?

Maid—There ain't going to be none, sir.

Master—What! No dinner?

Maid — No, sir. The missus 'as come 'ome from jail, sir, an' ate up heverything in the 'ouse!

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Make the Best of It.

A wise man never grumbles. No amount of grumbling will ever turn a rainy day into a sunny one, and the grumbler is simply wasting much needed energy. None of us can escape disagreeable situations, and even the most prudent man must be prepared to have his plans miscarry, his allies fail him, his calculations turned upside down. What shall we do in such cases? The good man, if a wise man, will make the best of it. Whether we are to blame or not, whether we recognize the hand of an enemy or the blundering of a friend, it is foolish to make the bad worse by our complaints, or to refuse to see the visible bit of blue sky simply because it is very small.. Whenever we face a difficult situation we should make the best of it. Even that may not be very good, but it is a great deal better than the worst, and it sometimes happens that in the most unlovely places we find the most beautiful flowers.

I was cured of terrible lumbago by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
REV. WM. BROWN.

I was cured of a bad case of earache by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. S. KAULBACK.

I was cured of sensitive lungs by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. S. MASTERS.

Evidence.

Lawyer—When did your husband first show signs of insanity, madam?

Woman—The day he married me. I then discovered that he was making only $10 a week.

A WARM WINTER.

June weather prevails in California, the ideal watering place, reached comfortably and conveniently by the Chicago and North Western Ry. Four splendid trains daily from the new Passenger Terminal, Chicago. The Overland Limited—fastest train to San Francisco; the Los Angeles Limited, three days to Land of Sunshine, the famous San Francisco Limited and the California Mail.

Rates, illustrated matter on California and the 1915 Expositions and full particulars on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, 46 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

Harry—Marry me and your smallest wishes will always be fulfilled. Carrie—I am able to do that myself. What I want is a man who will gratify my biggest wishes.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

The O'Rourke—"I'll be after goin' out for a couple of hours, so if anybody calls tell them to wait for foive seconds, an I'll be back in tin minits."

"What are you doing now, Bill?" "I'm collecting." "Collecting what?" "My thoughts." "Gosh! you were always lucky in striking an easy job."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY.

The Germans are beginning to realize that justice is the greatest of all military assets.—Mr. Lloyd George.

Not six months hence, but at this moment, the cause has need of every strong man.—Archbishop of York.

The main aspect of poverty is that it is a social disease which needs healing like any other disease.—Lord William Cecil.

To be a successful guest requires a little thought, a good deal of tact and an illimitable amount of sunny good nature and graciousness. —Jeanne Gaston.

He who postpones the day for living as he knows he ought to do is like the fool who sits by the river and waits till it flows by; but it glides and will glide on till all time. —Horace.

The British Soldier.

Lord Raglan, Lieutenant-Governor of the Isle of Man, at an ambulance prize distribution in Douglas, relates an incident illustrative of the self-sacrificing spirit of the British soldier. When his Excellency's son, the Hon. Wellesley Somerset, who is a lieutenant in the Welsh Regiment, was seriously wounded during the recent fighting in Belgium, a private soldier of the regiment first bound up the wound cleverly, and having done so remarked—"They shall not hit you again, sir," and lay down in front of his wounded officer, effectually interposing his own body as a protection against the enemy's fire.

BLED TO DEATH

Tried to trim a wart with a razor and severed an artery. The only wart cure is "Putnam's," which removes warts, corns, callouses in one day. Insist on getting Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor, it's the best, 25c. at all dealers.

Use for Talent.

Every man, every woman, every child, has some talent, some power, some opportunity of getting good and doing good. Each day offers some occasion for using this talent. As we use it, it gradually increases, improves, becomes native to the character. As we neglect it, it dwindles and withers and disappears. This is the stern and benign law by which we live. This makes character real and enduring.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

are made according to a formula in use nearly a century ago among the Indians, and learned from them by Dr. Morse. Though repeated attempts have been made, by physicians and chemists, it has been found impossible to improve the formula or the pills. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills are a household remedy throughout the world for Constipation and all Kidney and Liver troubles. They act promptly and effectively, and

49

Cleanse the System

FROM FACTORY DIRECT TO YOU.

HOUSE PAINTS $1.25 GAL

No Middleman's profit.

Hercules Mixed Paints has earned a reputation for reliability. Composed of the best materials. Works easily, holds its lustre and color longer than the regular $2.00 Paints. Will not crack, blister or scale.

BARN PAINTS Guaranteed 75c. gal. Sold in 5 gal. cans.

Write to-day for color cards. Guaranteed satisfaction or money refunded.

H. & C. WILLIAMS COMPANY,
121 N. Simcoe St., Toronto.

Machinery For Sale

Engine, shafting, belting, pulleys, etc. from large factory for sale. Wheelock engine, 18 by 42, complete with cylinder frame, fly wheel, bearings, etc., all in good condition. Shafting from one inch to three inches, pulleys thirty inches to fifty inches, belting six inches to twelve inches. Will sell entire or in part.

NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.

S. Frank Wilson & Sons,
73 Adelaide Street West, Toronto.

Good Health!



CLARK'S SOUPS



Delicately flavoured—Highly concentrated.

WHY WORRY! Choose your variety and ask your grocer for "Clark's".

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, or 90 Colborne St., Toronto.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

PATENTS

OF INVENTIONS

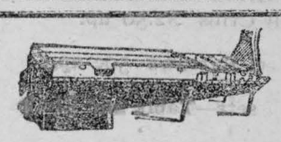
PIGEON, PIGEON & DAVIS
71a St. James St., - Montreal
Write for information

BOILERS

New and Second-hand, for heating and power purposes. Water Flumes. TANKS AND SMOKE STACKS.

POLSON IRON WORKS LIMITED TORONTO

Engineers and Shipbuilders.



There's Money in Your Maple Grove

It's worth its weight in gold now that adulterators of pure Maple Syrup are being put to flight by the Government's new protective legislation. Farmers will be sure of getting full value for the genuine article. To get the best results from your grove you will need our "Champion" Evaporator. Let us know how many trees you tap and we will send you particulars as to cost, &c. Write for free booklet.

THE GRIMM MFG. CO., LIMITED
58 Wellington St., Montreal, Que.

Will You Help The Hospital for Sick Children, the Great Provincial Charity?

Dear Mr. Editor:—

Thanks for the privilege of appealing through your columns on behalf of the Hospital for Sick Children. The Hospital takes care of sick and deformed children, not only in Toronto, but in the Province, outside of the city.

This coming year, of all the years in the Hospital's history, has a more serious outlook, as regards funds for maintenance, than any year that has passed its calendar.

So many calls are being made on the purses of the generous people of Toronto and Ontario, to help the soldiers of the Empire, that as I make my daily rounds through the wards of the Hospital, and see the suffering children in our cots and beds, the thought strikes me as to whether the people will as of old, with all the demands made upon them, answer our appeal and help to maintain the institution that is fighting in the never-ending battle with disease and death, in its endeavor to save the stricken little ones in the child-life of Ontario.

Last year there were 394 in-patients from 210 places outside of Toronto, and in the past twenty years there have been 7,000 from places in the Province other than Toronto.

It costs us $2.34 per patient per day for maintenance. The municipalities pay for patients $1 per patient per day; the Government allows 20 cents per patient per day; so, deducting $1.20 from $2.34, it leaves the Hospital with $1.14 to pay out of subscriptions it receives from the people of Toronto and the Province. The shortage last year ran to $18,000.

Since 1880 about 1,000 cases of club feet, bow legs and knock knees have been treated, and of these 900 had perfect correction. Nearly all these were from different parts of the Province outside of the city of Toronto.

Remember that every year is a war year with the Hospital; every day is a day of battle; every minute the Hospital needs money, not for its own sake, but for the children's sake. The Hospital is the battle-ground where the Armies of Life have grappled with the Hosts of Death, and the life or death of thousands of little children is the issue that is settled in that war. Will you let the Hospital be driven from the field of its battle to save the lives of little children for the lack of money you can give and never miss?

Every dollar may prove itself a dreadnought in the battle against death, a flagship in the fleet that fights for the lives of little children.

Remember that the door of the Hospital's mercy is the door of hope, and your dollar, kind reader, may be the key that opens the door for somebody's child.

Will you send a dollar, or more if you can, to Douglas Davidson, Secretary-Treasurer, or

J. ROSS ROBERTSON,
Chairman of the Board of Trustees,
Toronto.

NOW IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY

to buy your Christmas Presents at Great Reduced Prices at

W. MARSH & SON - MORRISBURG, ONT

$10.000 WORTH OF FINE FURNITURE, RUGS, CHILDRENS' TOYS, WINDOW SHADES, BEDS and BEDDING must be sold without delay.

HERE'S THE REASON

Owing to the backward season and present financial conditions throughout the Dominion of Canada and factories being overstocked we took advantage of this and secured some great bargains and now we find we have overstocked ourselves and are offering the greatest bargains in Furniture ever offered in Eastern Ontario.

BUY YOUR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS NOW

Buy presents for practical every day use, buy Furniture, buy your presents from

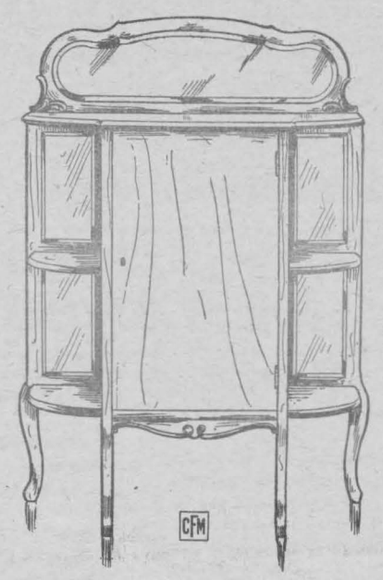
W. MARSH & SON

Look over this list and see if there is something you do not want out of this great store. The most practical of all presents—FURNITURE

Children's High Chairs $1 up.
Children's Rockers $1.00 up.
Doll Carriages $1.00 up.
Doll Cradles 75c up.
Doll Cribs $2.50 up.
Wheel Barrows 50c up.
Toy sets—Table and Chairs $2 up.
Sleighs 25c up.
Baby Cutters $1.00 up.
Fine Brass Cribs $5.00 up.
Rocking Horses $1.25 up.
Boys' Waggons $1.50 up.
Baby Carriages $12.00 up.
Ladies' Dressers $6.75 up.
Ladies' Desks $5.00 up.
Music Cabinets $5.00 up.
Parlor Cabinets $8.00 up.
Parlor Tables $1.50 up.
Parlor Suites $20.00 up.
Fancy Rockers $1.00 up.
Kitchen Cabinets $7.50 up.
Felt Matresses $6.95 up.

Pictures 50c up.
Hall racks $9.00 up.
Card Tables $3.00 up.
Couches $5.00 up.
Book Cases $5.00 up.
Screens $1.50 up.
Jardiniere Stands $1.50 up
Chiffoniers $10.00 up.
Morris Chairs $5.00 up.
Arm Chairs $2.00 up.
Bath Cabinets $2.00 up.
Shaving Mirrors $1.00 up.
China Cabinets $15.00 up.
Buffets $15.00 up.
Extension Tables $8.00 up.
Dining Chairs 75c up.
Iron Beds $2.50 up.
Smokers $3.00 up.
Hall Mirrors $5.00 up.
Umbrella Stands $3.00 up.
Office Chairs $5.00 up.
Rugs $1.00 up.

Parlor and Music Cabinets



In Mahogany, beautifully finished, 6 styles to choose from. Prices from $7.00 to $15.00.

A nice line of Ladies' Desks in Oak and Mahogany from $6.00 to $15.00.

The Christmas Gift

FOR THE ENTIRE FAMILY

A

VICTROLA

OR

GRAFONOLA

A Complete Stock on Hand

Prices From $20 up to $250

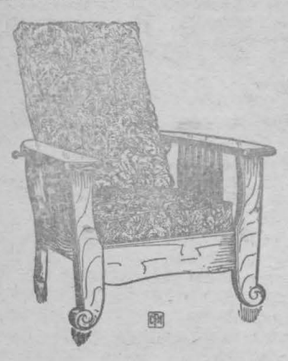
EASY TERMS ARRANGED

Bear in mind, there are thousand of other bargains which space will not allow to list, will be sold on the same low prices. COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF



COUCHES—20 different styles, best selected ever shown in Eastern Ontario. Prices from $5.00 up to $30.00, special like cut, covered in Imitation Leather, Solid Oak from $14.00.

White Enamell Iron Doll Beds complete with spring, mattress and Pillows, only $3.75.
Brass Doll Bed complete with spring, mattress and Pillows, $6.00.
Just received a complete line of Doll Carriages, Wheel Barrows, Rocking Horses, Boys and Girls sleighs, all prices.



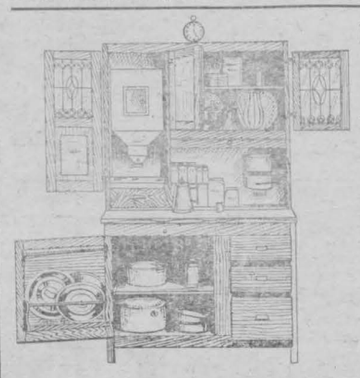
Morris Chair

Oak Frame, upholstered Leatherette, spring seat and back,

only $5.00



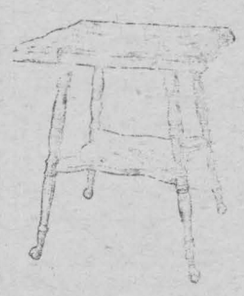
OSTERMOOR FELT MATTRESSES makes a beautiful Christmas Gift, last a life time, beautiful ticking, 4 ft., $14.00; 6 ft. $15.00.
We will sell 12 more cotton felt mattresses covered in blue ticking, any size for Christmas week at $6.75.



KITCHEN CABINET

the best on the market, Solid Oak Alluminum top extension top exactly like cut, only $28.50

Parlor Table



24 x 24, Surfaced Oak, like cut. While they last,

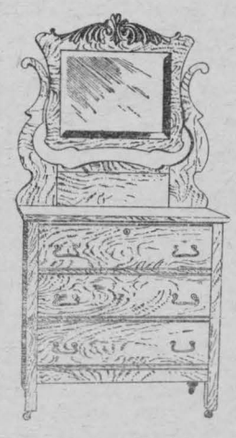
$1.50

Fancy Rocker



Oak Frame, extra large, spring seat, upholstered Leatherette, like cut, $8.00.

See our Sea Grass Rockers with work basket attached, only $8.00



DRESSERS — 50 different styles in surfaced Oak, Mahogany, Curly Birch and Circassian Walnut.

A special discount of 20 per cent. off all Dressers, special like cut, only $6.75.

Doll Carriages



Like cut, without parosol $1.00

Other styles up to $8.00.

DOLL CONTEST FOR GIRLS——FREE! FREE!

Beautiful sleeping Beauty Doll, 22 inches long, beautifully dressed, to the first girl guessing the name that the Editor of The Leader has given this Beauty Doll. 2nd prize, Doll Carriage. 3rd prize, Doll House. All these may be seen in our window. CONDITION OF CONTEST:—With every purchase of $1 made up to Christmas Eve., one guess will be given, or with every $1 paid on account one guess will be given. All names will be registered and on Christmas Eve., Mr. Laurin will give us the envelope with the name of the Doll and the prizes will be delivered to winners on Christmas Eve. GIRLS GET BUSY.

Call and get our illustrated Catalogue and compare our prices with the Departmental Stores.

All Goods bought now will be stored free and delivered day before Christmas or when desired.

W. MARSH & SON

MORRISBURG, - - ONT.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

Store open every evening during this Great Sale

FREE! FREE!

Railroad fare will be paid to all out of town customers with a purchase of $50 for a radius of fifty miles.

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J T KIRKPATRICK J C ALGUIRE,
President. Sec'y-Trea

OTTAWA Winter Fair

HOWICK HALL
OTTAWA

Jan. 19, 20, 21, 22
1915

Extensive and Complete Classification for all Classes of Live Stock, Poultry and Seeds

$12,000 IN PRIZES

Most Complete Live Stock Show Buildings in Canada.

For Free Prize List apply to Secretary

JOHN BRIGHT Pres. Ottawa. **W. D. JACKSON** Sec'y Carp, Ont

Surprise Store

A Few Quotations

Ready-made Suits from.....
.....$6.00 to $9.00

Men's Heavy Cloth Pants....
....$1.50 to $3.00

Men's Heavy Flannel Shirts
.....60c to $1.25

Men's Woolen Socks regular 35c for..... .....25c

Men's Smocks regular $1.00 for.....90c

A full line of Sweater Coats at a reduction

Brooms 4 for $1.00

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Morrisburg. - - Ont.

S.S. No. 5, Williamsburg

Names in order of merit.
Sr. IV.—Mabel Cramer, Harold McIntosh.
Jr. IV.—Geo. Vassaw.
Class III.—Ella Durant, Ada Durant, Mary Williams, Douglas Loucks, Bennie Baker, Bernice Gallinger, Edna Clarke, Mary McColl.
Class II.—Mabel Willioms, Blanche Gallinger, Willie Barnhart, Bertha McIntosh, Pearl Baker, Lorne Pruner, Murray Myers, Kenneth Loucks, Gallinger, Florence Weagant, Gerald Barnhart.
Class I.—Luella Hart, Ross Baker, Nora Myers, Garnet Dennison, Ernest Heagle, Dorothy Gallinger, Bessie Baker.
Sr. Pr.—Denzil Hart, Floyd Lyucks, Medora Weagant, Ella Gogo, Kenneth Barnhart, Harry McIntosh, Beatrice Hart.
Jr. Pr.—Charlie Clarke, Allan Gallinger, Lockwood Pruner, Ernest Barnhart.
M. A. Driscoll, Teacher.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. Sidney Prunner and Mrs. Frank Rooks of Nuddel Bush spent Monday at Mr. William Henophy's.

Mrs. Ed. Hanna of South Finch and Mrs. Jeff Schwerdfeger of Glen Becker spent one day last week at Mr. William Henophy's.

Mr. Stanley Wells and sisters, Martha and Hazel, spent Sunday with friends at Hoasic and Chesterville.

Mr. James Gow of Hoasic was calling in our Burg on Monday last

Miss Martha Garlough who was visiting friends at Strader's Hill and Williamsburg, returned home on Wednesday.

Miss Ida Beckstead of Morrisburg spent the latter part of the week with Miss Ruby Watson and other friends.

Mr. and Mrs. L. McPherson and son, Hugh, of Bouck's Hill and Mr. and Mrs. E. Beckstead of Williamsburg spent Sunday at Mr. Thomas Garlough's.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lawrence of Maple Isle spent Wednesday evening at Mr. Thomas Garlough's.

FROATBURN

Dr. E. McLaughlin of Morrisburg was in town recently.

Mr. Gallinger of Archer passed through here on Monday enroute to Morrisburg.

Mrs. Gowland and Mrs. Styles and son of Riverside visited at Geo Style's one day last week.

Henry Casselman of Nuddel Bush passed through here on business.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Casselman and daughters passed through here on Sunday enroute to Nuddel Bush.

Mr. and Mrs. Dalton Saddlemire of Glen Becker visited at Chas. Watson's Sunday afternoon and evening.

Fred Clark spent the week-end at Leo Hanifee's.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. J. Styles spent Wednesday at M. Beckstead's

Mr. Fred Casselman of Riverside spent the latter part of the week the guest of Homer Swerdfeger.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Schell of Williamsburg spent Thursday at Geo. W. Froat's.

Mrs. Ira Weegar of Elma spent a few days at Nathan Tupper's.

Miss Anny Froats has returned home after visiting friends in Morrisburg.

Mr. Fred Clark of Morrisburg visited at Leo Henophy's over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lucius Froats spent Sunday at Frank Well's, at Hoasic.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Froats were at Williamsburg on Sunday.

NUDEL BUSH

Mr. Roy Cunningham of Archer passed through here on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Pruner were in Morrisburg on Saturday.

Miss Laura Baker has returned home, after spending a couple of weeks in town.

Mr. Wm. Myers was in Aultsville on Saturday.

Harold Pruner was busy sawing wood last week.

Mr. Ross Prunner was spending a few days in Nuddel Bush last week.

Mrs. Winkleman of Riverside was spending a few days last week at Melvin Baker's.

Mrs. Melvin Baker and son, Andrew, was in Aultsville on Wednesday.

DUNDELA

The people of Dundela intend holding their annual Christmas tree and entertainment on Wednesday night, Dec. 23rd. A fine program will be rendered which everyone is invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bowden and children of Cardinal were visiting at the home of John Bowden on Sunday.

Miss Maye McIntosh spent Sunday the guest of Miss Agnes Hamilton.

Mr. Joseph Seeley of Iroquois, also Mr. William Cooper of Dixon were calling at the home of Addison Cooper's on Friday.

Our annual tea meeting will be held in the Methodist Church on New Years evening. Refreshments will be served, also a good program. Everybody come and bring your friends.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co. Toledo, Ohio, is the only Constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

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At lowest one-way, first-class fare, good going Thursday and Friday, Dec. 24th and 25th, 1914, valid for return until Saturday, Dec. 26th, 1914.

At lowest one-way, first-class fare, good going Thursday, Dec. 31st, 1914 and Jan. 1st, 1915, valid for return until Sat., Jan. 2nd, 1914.

Fare and One-third

At lowest one way, first-class fare and one-third, good going Tuesday, Dec. 22nd, to Friday, Dec. 25th, 1914, inclusive, valid for return until Monday, Dec. 28th 1914.

At lowest one-way, first-class fare and one-third, good going Dec. 30th, 1914, to Friday, Jan. 1st, 1915, inclusive, valid for return until Jan. 4th, 1915.

Brinston

Frank Barkley and sister Miss Belva spent Sunday at South Mountain.

A number from here attended the Tea Meeting at Dixon's on Wednesday night.

Mrs. Edgar Shaver and little Charlie of Stampville spent a few days last week at C, O. Gilson's.

Don't forget the Christmas entertainment to be held here in the hall on Christmas Eve. A good program of drills, recitations, choruses and several tableaux will be given.

Mr and Mrs H. R. Wallace spent Tuesday in Cardinal.

Mrs P. O. Bush is visiting friends in Mountain.

Misses May Gilson and Lottie Hamilton spent Sunday with Miss Blanche McGruer of Dixon's Corners.

Owing to the absence of our pastor there was no service here Sunday afternoon.

Mr Craig of North Gower spent the week-end at the parsonage.

Gallingertown

Word has been received here of the serious illness of Alex. Gallinger of Syracuse, N.Y. Mr. Gallinger was born in Gallingertown, he being the son of the late Harvey Gallinger.

Mr and Mrs. David Crump and children of Yellow Grass, Sask., arrived here on Friday last, where they intend spending the winter. Mr and Mrs Crump have been gone eight years.

Mrs David Alguire has been confined to the house with an attack of quinsy.

Nudell Bush

Geo. Vassaw spent Sunday the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Jas. Harper.

Miss M. Henophy spent Wednesday afternoon at Percy Prunner's.

Neil Epaugh is visiting friends here this week.

Bertha Dillabough is spending a few days in town this week.

Geo. Casselman spent Wednesday evening at Ferndale.

Mrs John Baker and Master Norman spent Sunday afternoon at M. McIntosh's.

Mr and Mrs Melvin Baker spent Friday in town.

James Lount was a business caller in Aultsville on Thursnay.

Fred Rice was a busines caller through here this week.

Mrs A. Schultice is slowly recovering from a recent illness.

Miss F. M. Lount spent Friday evening at Brookside.

Archer

Mr and Mrs. H. Heagle were visiting at Mr Carmi Froats at Wales on the 13th.

Mr and Mrs David Crump and family arrived here from the West on Friday morning. Mr Crump was formerly a resident of Gallingtown and has been living in Forward, Sask. for eight years. They intend spending the winter here among their numerous friends.

We were surprised on Monday morning to see such a quantity of snow had fallen during the night.

Henry Heagle and son Joseph were in Aultsville on Monday.

W. Prunner is busy drawing wood to Morrisburg where he intends to reside in the near future.

Mr and Mrs W. Myers and family visited at H. Weagant's on Saturday evening.

Roy McConnell and Arthur Heagle were in Archer on business Saturday.

R. Cunningham and family were visiting friends in Gallingertown recently.

S. S. NO. 6 WILLIAMSBURG
Fall Term

Sr. IV.—Reta Wells, Orpha Boyd.
Jr. IV.—Maud Gow, Roy Herriman.
III—Ruby Boyd, Lloyd Wells.
II—Jimmie Gow.
I—Earl Casselman, Harold Boyd, Willie Gow.
Sr. Pr.—Winnie Herriman, Clarence Alguire, Alice Casselman, Howard Boyd.
Jr. Pr.—Erma Casselman, Geo. Gow, Fredy Robinson, Marguerite Alguire.

M. OLIVE DRISCOLL,
Teacher.

MANGLES AND TURNIPS

Farmers of this district who depend upon mangels and turnips to any extent for feeding stock would do well to note the fact that at least 60 per cent. or more of the seed of these roots has been grown in France and Germany for a number of years past.

There will probably be enough to supply the trade for the crop of 1915. After that, it is problematical. It is no experiment that both mangel and turnip seed may be successfully grown in Ontario, as a limited quantity is grown every year.

If each farmer who has roots would plant 50 well selected ones that had been kept well through the winter, he could not only grow what seed he wanted for himself but would also have some for his neighbors. Let every farmer try to ensure a supply of seed for the 1916 crop. The Dominion Government gives a bonus of 3 cents per pound on all root seed produced for sale, this in addition to the sale price of the seed should make it profitable for farmers to grow.

Live Stock Convention

A Live Stock and Seed Judging Convention was held at Morewood on Nov. 30th, Dec. 1st and 2nd under the auspices of the Farmers' Institute and the local branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture.

The seed sessions were handled by Mr. T. G. Raynor, Ottawa. The work consisted of examination of weed seeds, practical judging of Oats and Wheat for seed purposes and discussions on corn and potatoes. Mr. Raynor emphasized the importance of cleaning up seed grain well and doing it now while the bins were full rather than waiting until spring and having to take what is left for seed purposes. He showed that by fanning mill selection and using only the largest and plumpest kernels a difference of 15 bushels per acre could be secured over the smaller kernels, these results were secured by Zavitz of Guelph. The smaller kernels had less percentage of hull and thus made better food so the farmer reaped the benefit both ways by giving his grain a thorough cleaning and taking out all the small plump kernels for food and using the large plump ones for seed.

Mr. Raynor urged the farmers to grow their mangel seed another year as the supply for 1916 is likely to be very limited on account of the war affecting the producers areas. Mangels and turnips stored away carefully and planted out in the spring would produce abundant quantities of seed.

The varieties for corn for ensilage best suited to Eastern Ontario were Wisconsin No. 7, Bailey, White Cap, and Leaming of the Dents, and Longfellow, Comptons Early, and North Dakota of the Flints.

In the absence of Mr G. A. Brethen who was advertised to speak on Dairy Cattle, Mr. Clark Hamilton of Iroquois took charge of the session. Mr. Hamilton emphasized the importance of breeders of Dairy Cattle having an ideal type fixed in their minds which they should persistently endeavor to reach in their herds. The ideal type of dairy cow is the one of such conformation that she can turn roughage grown on our farms into milk most efficiently. Mr. Hamilton spoke of several points such as length of tail, etc., which are supposed by some people to indicate efficiency. These may have some bearing but only of minor importance. He enumerated five points which are essential in an efficient dairy cow, these are:—

Constitution, Capacity, Nervous Temperment, Blood Circulation, and Assimilation or the Ability to digest and convert into milk large quantities of feed.

Starting at the head, Mr. Hamilton went over the whole body of a cow pointing out what each part indicates.

At the conclusion of the address, the audience were invited to look at and handle the cows and place them. This was followed by a very lively discussion of the relative merits of the cattle in the ring.

Mr. R. L. Moorehouse, B.S.A., of Cairo was met by a large audience and his address on Heavy Horses proved very popular. By his free and easy manner of talking with the men everyone was encouraged to take part in the discussion.

Draft type was defined by Moorehouse as the type of horse which could move large loads with the least effort. He advised breeders to stick to one type. If breeding draft type, do not cross with a light type for the offspring of such crosses command a low market value and are not as a rule as efficient farm animals.

Mr. Moorehouse pointed out the conformation desired in a horse of the draft type. At the conclusion of the address the audience were invited to examine the horses in the ring after which a lively discussion of their relative merrits followed.

The Judging Competition stirred up considerable interest among the younger men. The names of those winning are as follows:—1st, Clifton Marcellus, 2nd, Russell Swerdfeger, 3rd, Dwight Dillabough, 4th, Vernon Fetterly, 5th, Pember Casselman.

BOYD—INNES

(Grand Prairie Herald)

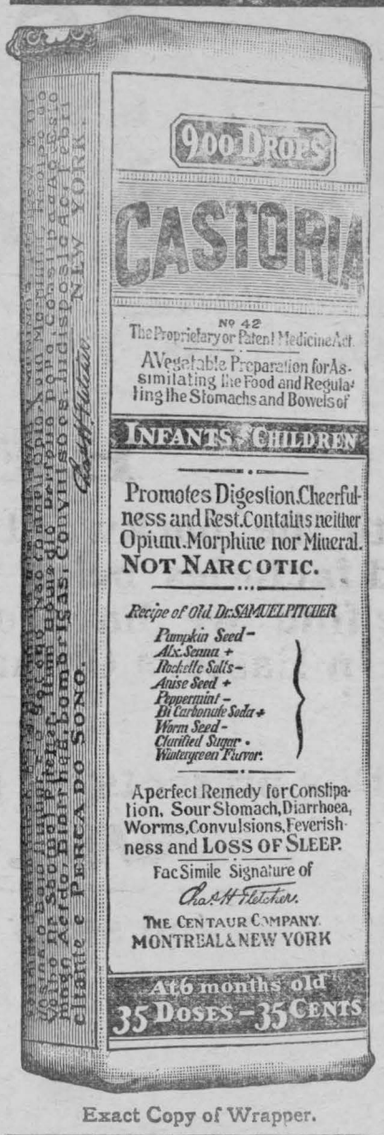
On Wednesday evening last at 5 o'clock a very quiet but pretty wedding took place at the Anglican church, when Marguerite Weegar, third daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Boyd of Montreal, Que., was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to William Innes, Manager of the Union Bank here. The bride was becomingly attired in a smart navy blue suit with silk crepe de chene blouse and hat to match. Miss Luella Patterson assisted as bridesmaid while Mr. A. S. MacLean, Dominion Land Agent, performed the duties of groomsman. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. W. McDonald after which the bridal party returned to the home of Mr. A. Patterson, M.L.A., where a dainty wedding supper was served. The popular young couple have taken up residence in the groom's comfortable log cabin, and are receiving the congratulations of a large host of friends.

TRAGIC DEATH AT PRESCOTT

A tragic death took place at Prescott Monday of last week about eight o'clock, when Thomas Fisher one of that town's most highly respected residents died by his own hands. He had partaken of breakfast with his wife and daughter. They left him sitting at the table while doing customary house work in the kitchen. Miss Fisher on returning to the dining room noticed that her father had left but that the case in which he kept his razor was lying on the table. She hurried upstairs to his bedroom and was horrified to find him with a deep gash in his throat and bleeding profusely. He was still conscious and held the razor in his hand. He said it was an accident. The daughter in attempting to take the instrument of death from him received fearful slashes on both hands, as her father pulled the sharp blade of the razor through her hands. Dr. McPherson was summoned but Mr. Fisher passed away. It is feared Miss Fisher may lose the use of one of her hands if not both as a result of her wounds.

FIVE PEOPLE DROWNED

An appalling calamity occurred on the river between Shiek's Island last week when five persons lost their lives by drowning. A party was to be held at the home of Mr. James Antoine, on Barnhart's Island, and several members of the family, who were to attend, started to row across the river, leaving Sheik's Island about 8 o'clock. The party consisted of Mr. Antoine's son, Wm. Antoine, of Moulinette, and his wife and two children, another son, John Antoine, and Mrs. Antoine's brother, Baptiste Lafex, of Cornwall. When the boat which was heavily loaded, was about in midstream, a lantern upset and one of the men reached for it, the quick movement capsizing the boat. In an instant the six persons were struggling in the ice cold water. Their cries for help were heard by James Antoine, but he could see nothing in the black darkness of the night. However, he waded out and succeeded in reaching his son, John, and brought him to shore. The others were all drowned.



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Cure Rheumatism

Hints for the Home

Orange Dainties.

In this wonderful age the orange is an all-the-year-round dainty, and it is hard for us to believe the stories of our grandmothers about the days when oranges were a scarcity. But if we do not believe them, we have only to look at the books we ourselves used to read in our childhood, to realize that the times of scarce oranges are not very far away. Don't you remember about the orange one good child was always taking to another good child when it was ill? It was the greatest mark of devotion and kindness.

Well, to-day oranges are as usual, almost, as potatoes. Virtually all of us have them all winter long. We can get them, too, in summer, although the summer oranges are not so good as those we get in winter. Moreover, summer is so overladen with good things in the way of fresh fruits that we forget the orange, companion of our fruitless winter days, until the first frost makes its golden form and delicious flavor welcome.

Here are some recipes for the preparation of oranges in ways that make them more delicious than ever:

Orange Custard.—Cut sweet oranges into cubes and place them, with a little sugar, in a glass dish. Over them pour a very thick custard, made with milk in which a shred of orange skin has been steeped. On top of the custard place meringues browned on a board in the oven. Chill thoroughly and serve very cold.

Jellied Oranges.—Halve large oranges and take out the pulp; fill with lemon jelly, and place a meringue on the jelly when it has set. The meringue must be cooked in the oven on a board in little heaps and placed on the jelly when cold.

Orange Pie.—Mix two heaping tablespoonfuls of cornstarch in a little water and pour a cupful of boiling milk over it, stirring constantly. Grate the rind of one orange and mix it with the juice of a large orange, a beaten egg and a pinch of salt, with the starch and milk. Then stir in a cupful of granulated sugar or not so much if the orange is very sweet. Pour it into an undercrust and bake until the consistency of baked custard. Spread with a thick meringue, brown, cool and serve cold.

Orange and Prune Salad.—Steam a dozen large prunes until they are soft; cool, and remove the pits. Cut the prunes in two and mix with an equal quantity of orange pulp. Serve on lettuce leaves with French dressing.

Orange Sauce.—Parboil the outer yellow rind of two large oranges, drain and cut in thin strips. Add the juice of the two oranges, a glassful of port wine and half a glassful of white stock. Cook for ten minutes, strain and serve very hot with meat. This may also be used with fish.

Compote of Orange and Apple.—Slice four seedless oranges without removing skin, in thin slices, and dust with sugar. Pare four large apples, core with an apple corer and slice in thin slices. Dust the apple slices with sugar and arrange the two fruits, first a slice of apple, then one of orange, in rings, one above another, in a glass dish. Chill thoroughly and just before serving pour over all a glassful of white wine. The dusting of sugar should keep the apples from turning black. As an added precaution put a layer of orange on top, as this also helps keep the apple from the air. A little grated cocoanut may be sprinkled over the fruit.

Orange Jelly.—Soak two tablespoonfuls of powdered gelatine in cold water until soft. Then add 1½ cupfuls of boiling water, the juice of one orange and sugar to taste. Heat and strain and add a teaspoonful of sherry. Cool half of the jelly in a cup. When the other half begins to harden, add a stiffly beaten egg white and beat again. Pour this frothy, half stiff mass into a mould and turn out the little cupful mould of jelly, which should be quite hard, into the centre of the other. Let all harden in the refrigerator and serve with custard and whipped cream.

Worth Knowing.

If a little salt is put on the dishes in which eggs are served the egg will wash off easily.

Linen is easier to write on when marking if dipped in cold starch. Then pen will then write without scratching.

When serving hot bread or pastry of any kind, use hot plates. The most delicious pastry becomes "soggy" when served on cold plates.

The wise housewife will see that the kitchen is frequently flooded with fresh air. One can work faster and with more ease in a well-ventilated room.

Delicious batter cakes are made of stale bread. Soak the bread soft and mix with it eggs, milk, a pinch of salt and baking powder enough to make light.

To make the beaten egg in which you dip croquettes go further, use hot water, beating all the while. The proportion is three tablespoonfuls of water to one egg.

Newly baked bread should be lightly covered with a clean cloth while it is cooling. If it is not aired when it is taken from the oven it is apt to be soggy.

For a baked custard ginger sauce is delicious. Make it by simmering a cupful of syrup to which a quarter of a cupful of chopped preserved ginger has been added. Serve hot.

Cayenne pepper is excellent to rid cupboards of mice. The floor should be gone over carefully, and each hole stopped up with a piece of rag dipped in water and then in cayenne pepper.

Perspiration stains may be removed from white blouses without any trouble if they are soaked before washing in cold water, to which a little carbonate of soda has been added.

To color icing pink, use strained beet juice, and mix with powdered sugar, using the juice in place of milk or white of egg. Boil beets until the exact shade of pink is secured.

To make wet shoes look like new, remove immediately, wash off all mud, and wipe thoroughly. Then rub in plenty of vaseline and set aside, away from the fire, for several days, so that the grease will restore natural oil.

Brass beds that have become tarnished may be cleaned by applying a mixture of olive oil and whiting or rottenstone. Rub clean with a soft, dry flannel or chamois skin. If the brass is worn off have it refinished.

EXPENSIVE CROSSING.

Russian Peasant Did a Fine Day's Business.

Tsar Nicholas I. of Russia was an incorrigible joker. On one of his journeys, says Novellen-Schatz, he came to an out-of-the-way post station, and learned that because of the bad roads it would take several hours to travel by coach to the next station. They told him, however, that a footpath led through the forest, and that if he cared to walk he could reach his destination sooner than by coach.

The tsar and his adjutant decided to walk, and set out through the forest. Presently they came to a river. The bridge had broken down and they were considering how they should get over, when a peasant came along. The tsar asked him if there was no other way of getting over.

"No, sire," replied the peasant.

"How are you going to cross?"

"Oh, I just walk across on foot."

"How about your pack? Can you carry that?

"Surely: on my shoulders."

"My man, you shall have ten rubles if you will carry me to the other bank." The peasant agreed, took the tsar on his back, and carried him over.

"Now bring my companion over for ten more rubles," said Nicholas.

The peasant recrossed the stream, picked up the adjutant, and was in the middle of the river when the tsar called out, "I'll give you twenty rubles if you throw him off!" The peasant found himself in an embarrassing position.

"You shall have fifty rubles if you bring me to the other shore," said the adjutant, nervously.

"Sixty," called out the tsar, from the other bany, "if you pitch him in!"

The peasant let go of the adjutant but the frightened officer threw his arms round his neck, and cried out, "A hundred rubles! Now take me over!" The peasant accepted the last offer, and carried him to where the tsar stood.

After breakfast, the adjutant wrote in his account book: "For breakfast, ten rubles; for transporting his majesty across the river, ten rubles; for transporting the adjutant over the river, under highly amusing circumstances, one hundred rubles."

Ghurkas in France.

The presence of the Indian troops excited the greatest interest in the French towns through which they passed to their base. French soldiers, civilians, and girls all wanted to see the famous Gurkha kukri knife, and were somewhat appalled when the little natives of Nepal solemnly declared that their religion forbade them to unsheath the weapon without drawing blood. What seemed an insurmountable difficulty, however, was overcome when some British soldiers who had served in India were able to tell the curious that the knife would be shown if the spectators would allow a slight cut to be made with it in the top of their finger in order to fulfil the letter of the law.

At a recent election the candidate was "heckled" rather badly by the local butcher. At last he grew rather tired of it and hinted that the man was wasting time by asking silly questions. The butcher, enraged, retorted: "If I had you in my sausage-machine I'd make some mince-meat of you." The candidate turned to him, and asked, gently: "Is thy servant a dog that thou shouldst do this thing?"—London Tit-Bits.



The Two Great Strategists of the French Army.

Napoleon in his days was a great strategist but, according to the rank and file of the French, the British, and the Belgians, Napoleon never showed the qualities displayed by Gen. Joffre (at left), the idol of France. Unknown as a strategist when the war broke out, he has risen to such a height that Gen. Kitchener, commander-in-chief of the British, has said of him that Gen. Joffre is not only a great soldier, but a great man. On the right is Gen. de Castelnau, whose distinguished work has raised him high as a strategist.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DECEMBER 20.

Lesson XII. The Reign of Peace (Christmas Lesson)—Isa. 11. 1-10.

Golden Text, Isa. 11. 6.

Verse 1. And there shall come forth a shoot out of the stock of Jesse—This same idea is expressed in Isa. 6. 13. Even though the tree may be felled the stock will remain. The new Israel will spring from the old stump of the house of David. The vague use of the term "Jesse" would seem to indicate the indefiniteness of the origin of the Messiah.

2. The Spirit of Jehovah shall rest upon him—(See Luke 24. 49 in last week's lesson). From the beginning he will be overshadowed by the Most High. The supernaturalness of the Messiah's endowment is clearly indicated. This Spirit of Jehovah is indicated in three separate pairs of virtues:

Wisdom and understanding—The power not only to know, but also to discern right values and relationships, a very necessary quality for a ruler or judge.

Counsel and might—A man of discriminating counsel is necessarily a man of peculiar power. He will know how to frame right intentions and bring them to pass.

Of knowledge and of the fear of Jehovah—"The fear of the Lord is the beginning of wisdom." The knowledge of Jehovah is an understanding of his character and of his claim upon men, the fear of Jehovah is the ordinary Old Testament term for piety. It is significant to note that even the Messiah, with his supernatural endowments has not only an insight into the nature of God, but an instinctive desire to love and obey him, which in essence is the very heart of religion.

3. And his delight shall be in the fear of Jehovah—Not only on his own account, but on the account of others. Wherever he sees men exercising a fear of Jehovah there will his heart rejoice and be glad.

And he shall not judge after the sight of his eyes, etc.—The king, according to the Hebrew idea of kingship, was to have a twofold function; first, he was to lead his people in battle; and second, to administer justice in time of peace (See 1 Sam. 8. 20). As the prophet's emphasis is entirely on that of peace, he overlooks or ignores entirely the first functions of the King, or Messiah. The precursor to a reign of peace is to disabuse the minds of autocratic kings to-day of the idea that their chief function is to lead their people in war.

4. But with righteousness shall he judge the poor, and decide with equity for the meek of the earth—His especial care is to be the defenseless and the oppressed, those who are not having an equal chance in life's race because of the ruthlessness of stronger men.

He shall smite the earth—The word for "earth" in Hebrew is erec, the word for "oppressor" is aric. It is quite likely that the one was written for the other, and that for "earth" we should read "oppressor." He shall smite the oppressor with the rod of his mouth, and the wicked with the breath of his lips.

5. Righteousness shall be the girdle of his waist—As the girdle bound men at the waist and hence gave them freedom of action and resultive strength, it became a symbol of sturdy and resolute expression. Compare the "girdle of truth" in Eph. 6. 14.

6-8. The idea of the prophet is that in the reign of peace even the brute creation shall be subdued and become docile. A Garden of Eden shall again appear on earth when the wildest of beasts shall lie down with the tamest—the wolf and the lamb, the leopard and the kid, the calf and the young lion and the fatling. And above all

A little child shall lead them—It will understand the animals and the animals will understand it. In the reign of peace there shall be no advantage of brute strength. Strength shall be counted in terms of the innocence and winsomeness of childhood.

The lion shall eat straw like the ox—He will become domesticated and not prey upon other animals or man for his meat.

Most astounding of all, the suckling child shall play on the hole of the asp, and the weaned child shall put his hand on the adder's den—The suggestion is that of a babe inadvertently coming in contact with a poisonous reptile and not suffering injury. Merely to touch such an animal was sure death.

The word den probably means the glittering eye of the serpent, which would be especially attractive to a child.

9. They shall not hurt nor destroy—"They" means universal mankind. No one will have the desire for aught that would be unkind or wanton.

In all my holy mountain—Not only in Mount Zion, but in all Palestine; and, as Palestine then, to the prophet, was the whole of the known world, so to us "all my holy mountain" must mean the world to its last possible limits. The universality of the reign and influence of the Messiah is thus clearly indicated.

For the earth shall be full of the knowledge of Jehovah, as the waters cover the sea—There can be no vacuum in the waters which cover the sea. Any track that is made is immediately covered up and its place unknown. So there can be no failure anywhere of the knowledge of the Lord coming to the last human being. The mass of humanity, like the sea full of water, is to be completely immersed in the understanding and fear of God. And this means allegiance to and worship of the Almighty.

10. Unto him shall the nations seek—The Messiah shall become an ensign of the peoples. He shall stand as their leader, but not in war. His leadership shall be that of peace. It seems strange that the prophet should have used this military expression as indicating the emblem which would call all people to Messiah. While emphasizing peace he inadvertently turns to the usage of war. This is suggestive of the difficulty with which man will divest himself of the idea of war. The vocabulory of warfare will long continue as a large part of spoken and written speech.

His resting-place shall be glorious—Wherever the Christ Spirit abides glory abounds.

Why Germans Are Abusive.

The violent and extraordinary vulgar abuse of Great Britain which appears day by day in the German newspapers supplies conclusive evidence that our intervention in the war has completely upset Germany's calculations, says The London Express. She proposed to destroy France and to work havoc with the Russian army. She had confidently anticipated Great Britain's neutrality. The venom now turned almost exclusively on this country is at once a tribute to the effectiveness of our intervention and a proof that Germany has little hope of averting final defeat. We accept the typically Teutonic denunciation as an honest because an unwilling compliment, and the anger of the German newspapers redoubles our confidence that right will conquer might.

"Feyther," said little Micky, "wasn't it Pathrick Hinry that said 'Let us have peace?'" "Niver!" said old Mickey. "Nobody be th' name of Pathrick iver said anything loike thot."

Hotel Proprietor—"You shall not zis hotel leave until your bill you have paid 'im." Visitor—"You are too kind; then this, I take it, is my permanent new home?"

the war, the last one [illegible]

A severe wind storm visited Golden which did a large amount of damage to property, especially in the business section of the city.

The Dominion Government will spend $4,500 on mattress work for the protection of the Columbia River, near the Revelstoke wharf.

The Dominion Experimental farm at Summerland is rapidly taking shape and ploughing is expected to be in full swing in a few days.

The work of reconstructing the Government telephone system connecting Ivermore with Golden on the north is being pushed ahead.

In Rossland the number of alien enemies reporting to the police once a month according to their undertaking is very much smaller than the number residing there.

Within a month the wives and children of men who are on the way to the front from Fernie will be receiving upwards of $240 per month from the Patriotic Fund.

Thos. H. Long, chief of police and Alex. Stewart, police officer, have resigned the positions at Rossland and accepted appointments of chief of police and police sergeant, respectively, at Nelson.

R. Reading, Canadian Pacific Railway agent at Fernie, has again received the $50 prize for the best kept station garden in the Alberta division. This is the third year in succession that Mr. Reading has won this honor.

Chief of Police McLennan, of Vancouver, stated that his city is being flooded with hoboes, as many as forty of whom come in on one train from the interior. Brakemen refuse to try to turn them off the trains as they are all ruffians in appearance.

Aug. 15 to 21 will be the dates for Vancouver's Exhibition next year instead of in the advanced fall as in past years. The association decided that although some agricultural features might have to be dropped better weather could be assured. This year $15,000 was dropped.

Bela Singh, who was charged with murdering a fellow Hindu in the Sikh temple at Vancouver on Sept. 5, was acquitted, the jury declaring that he acted in self-defence. His trial was of greater interest than any other in Vancouver for several years. He was accused of killing Bhag Singh, and now stands on another charge of killing Badan Sinh at the same time and same place, but the circumstances are so similar that this trial will in all probability result in the same verdict.

"DONT'S FOR WAR CRITICS.

Bits of Timely Advice Delivered by Lord Curzon.

Lord Curzon, addressing a meeting at Harrow, England, recently, gave the following twelve pieces of advice:

Don't think the war does not affect you individually.

Don't be overjoyed at victory; don't be downhearted at defeat.

Don't be unnerved by personal or family bereavements.

Don't be frightened at the casualty lists, so long and sometimes so distressing.

Don't think that you know how to wage the campaign and that the War Office does not.

Don't get nervous because the progress of the war is slow; it can only be slow in these stages.

Don't believe all that comes from Berlin.

Don't underrate the enemy.

Don't waste breath in attempting to ascertain what is to happen to the German Emperor in this world or the next. We will endeavor to dispose of him in this world.

Don't begin to divide up the German Empire before you have got hold of it.

Don't listen to anyone who cries "Halt!" before we have carried out the full purpose for which we are fighting.

When the war is over don't throw away the lessons of the war.

Lord Curzon said the Kaiser's name would go down to history as "William the Bloodstained" and "William the Assassin."

Not Yet, But Soon.

The Russians got Wilhelm's
Choice cattle, we note,
And now they are trying
To capture his goat.

Money Makes Money;

Or, A Strange Stipulation.

CHAPTER X.—(Continued).

This same night, as he sat alone after Mr. Pleydell had left him, there came to Julian the sudden resolution that he would have to do something with his life, make some big interest; and he remembered that, when he had been working at the garage, learning all there was to learn about a car, he had made friends with one of his fellow workers, a young man called Ketch, a real Cockney product, impudent, humorous, but full of pluck and, moreover, full of ideas.

Ketch had in fact confided to Bryant that he had thought out a very important improvement in the steering gear, just one of those very simple things which might have been thought of by dozens of people, but had never been utilized till now.

This little innovation would mean a tremendous economy in the question of tyres and Bryant suddenly resolved to put Ketch's discovery to a practical experiment.

"I'll start him on one of my own machines first," he said; "and then, if it goes, I'll get the thing patented and we'll set to work and manufacture cars of our own."

He felt quite excited, and wrote out a telegram to send early in the morning to his former pal at the garage.

He was not quite sure where Ketch was living, but he thought it pretty certain that this message would reach the man in the course of the day. Sure enough about 10 o'clock the next day a taxi drove up to the door and the driver of it asked to speak to Mr. Bryant.

Julian's butler would have denied this request; but Mr. Ketch stood his ground.

"Here, I suppose, you can read," he said; and he took from his pocket the telegram which he had received and pushed it under the nose of the other man.

"See, I'm here because I'm wanted, so you just cut and run and take in my name."

Julian himself came forward. He had heard the little altercation at the door.

"It is all right," he said to the servant. "Mr. Ketch has come here to see me on business. I suppose your car will be all right standing there, Ketch?"

Ketch grinned.

"I'd like to see the cove as would try to run away with it."

He took off his cap and smoothed his very smooth hair with his hand roughened with work and blackened with grease.

"Had your breakfast?" asked Bryant, as he passed into the dining-room.

"I'd a cup of cawfee at seven. Was out on an early job this morning; had to tool a gent from Hampstead to Waterloo; lots of baggage. Think he was doing a scoot; but that ain't none of my business, and he paid me well."

"Sit down," said Julian Bryant.

He felt a thrill of pleasure pass through his veins. This was life, rough, common, illiterate, but life all the same; nothing stultifying, nothing mysterious, nothing oppressive in the daily atmosphere which surrounded such a man as ill Ketch.

"Do you mean that?" asked Ketch, a little dubiously.

He was debating within himself whether he ought to say "sir." There was such a change in Julian Bryant. He really hardly recognized his former pal in this good-looking well-dressed man.

"Of course, I mean it. Sit down and have something to eat. I've just finished breakfast; but they shall make you some fresh coffee, and you can have anything you like."

Ketch said something pretty strong under his breath; but he sat down a little clumsily and then looked at Julian.

"I've often wondered what had come to you," he said; "but blime if I ever supposed anything of this sort. It don't take much guessin' to see as you've evidently come into a fortune."

"Yes," said Bryant, "that is why I sent for you. Have you done anything about that little invention of yours?"

"No," said Ketch "I've been waitin'."

A footman came in and took Mr. Bryant's orders for some breakfast to be brought at once.

"Yes, I've been waitin'," continued Ketch. "I believe in keeping one's tongue between one's teeth, Bryant, till one gets things shoved along a bit into shape. It don't do, you know, to take too many people into your confidence. There's such a balmy lot of thieves cutting round."

"Well, I'm not a thief," Julian Bryant said with a laugh, and suddenly he was silent. What else was he but a thief? A man who stood in a false position, a man who had stolen the best out of a woman's heart and life, and then left her to fight, perhaps even to go under?

He shivered, and, turning, he walked to the window.

Ketch was looking at him curiously. He had always realized that Bryant was a cut above the rest of the men in the yard, and unconsciously he had tempered his friendship with a certain amount of respect. Now he felt just a little awkward.

"I wasn't thinking of you," he said clumsily, when he spoke. "I know you to be a straight chap, and now you have come into luck—well, I'm glad, very glad!"

The footman brought in fresh coffee and several silver dishes and placed them in front of Mr. Ketch.

There was an expression on the servant's face which did not escape the guest. He chuckled to himself as he poured out some coffee.

"Ain't too pleased to be standin' round doing things for a chap like me," he said. "Am I to help myself?"

"Yes," said Julian Bryant, leaving the window

"Well this is a bit of all right," said Ketch, as he promptly obeyed.

While he ate he looked about him.

"It don't seem human," he said, after a pause "I've read a bit in my time, and I know that there's palaces and big places where kings and such like live, but this beats me. A little bit of a change for you, what? How'd you like to go back again to the old life, gettin' up at six, workin' in mud and grease and wet, and p'raps gettin' a shilling or two at the end of the day."

"You won't believe me, Ketch," said Bryant; "but I'd give all this, all I've got, and it's a great deal, to be back living under those very same conditions."

Mr. Ketch swallowed the coffee with a relish and wiped his mouth with the back of his hand.

"I don't think there is, but if I can do that, Bryant went on quickly, "I want to do something as near it as I can. I'm an idle man, Ketch, and I've too much time on my hands. I want to be busy. Can you leave your job and come and work for me?"

"You try me," said Ketch. "I suppose you've got a Johnny what drives for you?"

"Yes, and I must keep him on. He's a decent chap, and he's got a wife and two children. It wouldn't be fair to shunt him, especially as he has been looking after the cars before I came here?'

"But what's the idea, guv'nor. Me and him won't quarrel?" said Ketch, gently and generously

"I'm going to let you experimentalize, and if your invention works out all right, well, we'll start a business of our own, Ketch."

"Do you mean that?" asked the man eagerly.

Bryant nodded his head.

"Yes. There is my hand on it."

They shook hands across the table, and Ketch went on eating.

Suddenly he put down his knife and fork; and he looked at Julian.

"I can't hardly believe it," he said; and his voice was not steady. "Of course, I've gone on kiddin' myself all this time that somethink would happen as would give me my chance; but I don't believe right down in my 'eart I ever thought as the chance would come. I'm not the first 'as thought things out who go to the wall, and later on sees some blighter with more luck come along and do the very thing as I was turstin' to do. That's what gets me now!—It's come so onexpected. It don't seem real."

"It's real enough," said Bryant; "and you needn't thank me, because if any service is rendered it's you who are doing it, not I."

"Have it your own way," said Ketch, and he laughed. "When do we make a start?"

"Just as soon as we can. How are you fixed, Ketch?"

"Well," said Ketch, after a pause "P'raps I'd better work out the rest of the week. Suppose we say I chuck this job on Saturday and begin along o' you on Monday. How'll that do?"

"First rate!" said Julian heartily. "I'm going to let you take one of my cars to pieces. It's a French make, and I believe you can fit your new adjustment on to it exactly." Then he put his hand into his pocket

"Here's some money for you," he said, "if you want to buy any materials."

Ketch shook his head.

"No. I've got to earn my wages. And don't you go chuckin' your money about so free. You might lose it."

He took up his cap and walked to the door, and Bryant walked with him, his hand resting on the working man's shoulder.

"That's settled, then; you come on Monday. I'll take you round to the garage myself, and I'll introduce you to my man. You'll work separately, because your job will be quite different to his. There will be no interference."

Ketch grinned. He was not handsome, but he had merry eyes and a set of splendid teeth.

"I guess there'll be no love lost 'tween us especial like, after I begin to play with one of his cars."

"I'll make that all right," said Bryant. Then Ketch's expression suddenly changed.

"You know, sir," he said, "I've got a lot I'd like to say, but you'll have to took it for being said. I'm not one for words. I hope I'll be able to show you what stuff I'm made of before you're through with me."

He changed his voice suddenly.

"I'm glad you've come into money," he said. "You're the sort as ought to have it, and your lady's one of the right sort, too. Oh, I ain't forgot that night as you sent me round with a message to her saying as you'd be late. She treated me like a gent, that she did. I'll be proud if you'll give her my respects."

"My wife is not here," Julian Bryant said very quietly "I may as well tell you myself, before other people do. We are separated, Ketch. She—she left me."

The taxi-driver stared at him; something of a rough protest was hovering on his lips, but he did not speak the words, instead he said quite curtly—

"All right"; and then he opened the door and went through the hall; and a moment or two later they parted.

CHAPTER XI.

It was strange but a very charming experience for Enid to wake the next morning and look about her. The window was widely open, and the early morning sunshine was flooding the room.

It was a dainty little room, all white paint and pretty flowered chintz—the sort of room she had vaguely longed for.

On the walls were hung some water colors; the nearest one has a view of the Doge's Palace and the Piazza San Marco.

Enid did not look at it twice. She turned round on her pillow instead, resting herself on her elbow, and she looked at the garden.

From this corner of the house she had an uninterrupted view of the country beyond the Rectory grounds; and her eyes filled with tears as she watched the sunlight glinting the trees, and felt the warm soft air fragrant with flowers steal through the window.

Mrs. Gresham, her hostess, had escorted her up to her room the night before; in fact, she had insisted on Miss Sinclair going to bed early.

"You look so tired, my dear," she said. "Now won't you promise me to stay in bed to-morrow morning and have a thorough rest? Then if you feel equal to it, we will go over to Colonel Dawney's farm in the afternoon I'm so glad you had no concert to-day. It gives you a longer week-end, doesn't it? And the quiet here will do you good; because," added Mrs. Gresham, with a faint smile, "we are very quiet here, especially on Sundays. I'm afraid that is why Desmond does not come to me as often as I should like."

Enid had promised to rest and have her breakfast sent up, but the morning sunshine tempted her, and she felt so much better that she got up, took her bath, and dressed, and then finding that she could reach the garden by some iron steps from the terrace outside her window, she descended them.

Her unhappiness and her oppression slipped away from her almost entirely as she wandered through the old-fashioned Rectory garden.

The silence, the freedom, the profusion of flowers, took her back to early memories, although the garden in Canada had never been so beautifully arranged or so cultivated as this one.

After a while she sat down on a rustic seat and watched a little brook that trickled through the grounds. It danced and shone in the sunlight, and it made a musical and gurgling sound as it fell over some loose pieces of stone. And as she sat there, someone leaped over the low boundary wall and came towards her.

Again just for a moment Enid Bryant started and shivered as she looked at this man; though he was older he certainly was very, very like Julian.

Colonel Dawney saw that almost frightened look in her eyes, and expressed regret for startling her.

"I'm so sorry, Miss Sinclair," he said. "I did not suppose I should find any of the Rectory party up, although Mrs. Gresham is always about early The fact is, I had this salmon sent me from Scotland last night, and I thought I would bring it down to her What she can't use herself I know she would like to give to various people about here."

"Did you carry that huge fish all the way from your house" asked Enid.

He had put a long matting basket down on the ground.

He shook his head.

"No. I came by car; it's out yonder. I thought I wouldn't rouse the household by driving up to the door, so I took my favorite short cut No," he added, "that gentleman weighs just a little bit too much for me to carry more than a short distance. Is this your first visit to Mrs. Gresham?"

Enid said: "Yes, it is very good of her to have me. I'm really a stranger to Mrs. Gresham's nephew, Mr. Hammond."

"I don't think he thinks so," said Colonel Dawney. May I sit down?"

"Please do," said Enid Then she smiled "I have a sort of idea that you would like to smoke wouldn't you?"

He nodded his dead.

"Yes. You really don't mind?"

"No; I am used to smoking."

She colored hotly after she had said this; but Colonel Dawney did not attach any significance in the words; if he had thought about them he would possibly have imagined that she meant that her father or a brother smoked constantly.

She longed to help him as she saw him take out his pipe and tobacco pouch; but he was so quick and deft with his one hand that to offer to assist would not only have been hurtful, but unnecessary.

As though guessing her thoughts, Adrian Dawney turned to her as he lit a match.

"I never cease to be thankful that it was my right arm that was spared, although I daresay I should have got along just as well with the other one. It is wonderful what we can do when we try, isn't it?"

"Yes," said Enid, "wonderful."

She was thinking to herself, and realizing how much harder his burden was in a sense than her own.

"I hope you don't mind a pipe. I can't get used to cigarettes, and a cigar is an after dinner affair."

"I like a pipe," she answered him. "It's so homely. Mrs. Gresham is going to ask you to give us tea this afternoon," she added.

"That's good I should like to show you my little home I always hated towns and big cities—the country for me. Don't you love it?"

"Yes," said Enid. "But we can't always have things we love, Colonel Dawney."

"No; that's true." He smoked in silence for a minute or two, and then he said—

"Are you rested? I thought you looked tired out when you came yesterday. Young Hammond says that you work so hard."

"One must work if one wants to do anything."

"Has he got any talent?"

Enid paused before answering, and then she said—

"Not real talent; but he has a very pretty voice, and he has improved very much."

"They ought to have put him into the army," said Dawney. "He is a good boy, but all this artistic business is wrong. I should like to have him with me for a few months, and make him do some ploughing and real hard work."

At that very moment Desmond Hammond himself came into view dressed in immaculate white flannels, and with a towel slung over his shoulder.

"Hullo! Dawney, you're an early bird," he said; and then his expression changed and he colored hotly as he saw Enid. "Good morning," he said. "You are up early! I thought you were going to stay in bed for breakfast."

"I didn't feel like it," said Enid, as she shook hands with him "The sunshine tempted me, and I had to come out."

"I say. I wish I'd known. I've been mooning around and wondering when someone would wake up."

"Had your swim?" asked Colonel Dawney.

"No; I was just going to the river."

"Well, don't let us keep you."

Mr. Hammond made no reply, but he kicked the long matting bag on the ground. "What's this?" he asked.

"Fish for a good little boy; and if you like you can carry it to the kitchen. It weighs very nearly eighteen pounds."

"One of the gardeners can do that," said Hammond, rather coldly.

Colonel Dawney got up; and with a faint smile held out his hand to Enid.

"Well, au revoir, Miss Sinclair. I shall look forward to seeing you this afternoon"

"Aren't you going to stay to breakfast?" asked the other man, trying to put some civility into his tone

"No; I must get back. I have a hundred and one things to do. Just tell Mrs. Gresham I thought she would like that salmon."

"Good chap that!" said Desmond Hammond, as they sat down on the bench and watched the tall figure leap the wall lightly and disappear out of sight.

"I should think he must be a splendid man," said Enid.

"All the women are mad about him. I suppose that's because he got mauled about in the war. I don't call him very handsome."

Enid smiled as she looked on the expression of the face beside her. Then she got up.

"Shall I help you carry this salmon to the house?"

"What an idea!" exclaimed Mr. Hammond. "We will leave it there. I'll send someone for it"

He was looking at Enid with undisguised admiration in his eyes He had never seen her as she was this morning. She was wearing one of her pretty frocks of the year before, just a white cambric with some embroidery on it. Her hair was coiled loosely about her head. She looked young, a mere girl. The expression in Hammond's eyes brought the color rushing to her face.

"Do you know, I really think we ought to have a shot at it ourselves," she said. "I'm awfully strong. You take one end and I'll take the other."

He had to obey her, and they carried the big fish through the wooded part of the grounds back to the gardens.

Mrs. Gresham was standing at the door reading her letters as she saw them coming across the lawn

She scolded Enid while she kissed her.

(To be continued.)

FROM IRELAND TO BELGIUM.

Lieut.-General Macready Preserved Peace in Ulster.

Six months ago he was the most-talked-of man in the British army. The annoying thing about him and what made him so tremendously unpopular with the press at any rate was that he refused to talk back. This was at the time "King" Carson was installed in his place at Craigavon and when battleships cruised off Arran; when Larne was regarded as being much more interesting than Calais, and a siege of Belfast infinitely more probable than a siege of Antwerp; Ulster volunteers in their tens of thousands were drilling, marching and counter-marching and "spoiling for a fight." This all seems so long, so very long, ago, that there is no harm in recalling it, more especially as we now better realize what a hideous, unspeakable thing warfare is, and it has become certain that never again will anyone dream of conniving at that most criminal form of warfare, namely, Civil war. Only a few months ago we seemed on the brink of it. Gun-running went merrily on, and the flower and pride of Ulster's manhood were preparing themselves with burning zeal for battle. In the midst of it all Macready very quietly and unostentatiously arrived in Belfast. No one knew exactly why he had come or what position he held except that he was a resident magistrate. Some said that he was the military governor of Belfast; some that he had come to bring peace, others a sword. Probably the Government knew least of all why he hed been sent. He had been so wonderfully clever and tactful in managing the troops during the Welsh troubles at Tony-pandy and also during the railway strike that they played Macready in Ulster as their very last card. He was shadowed wherever he went; he could not buy an ounce of tobacco without the fact being reported; he could not go a mile by railway without rather ostentatious dogging of his footsteps. But what must have annoyed the shadowers extremely was, that, although knowing perfectly well that he was being shadowed, he paid not the slightest attention to it all.

No Secrecy About Him.

There was no secrecy about his movements. He went on his way very quietly, but very busily. He went everywhere and did everything. He moved troops about, but gave no hint as to why they were being moved. Interviewers innumerable tried to draw him, but the only information which they got from him was that he considered that both sides were showing self-restraint. Nevertheless the Ulstermen undoubtedly came to the conclusion that he was not on their side, but what reason had they for saying so, goodness only knows. On one occasion he and two of his staff officers visited "King" Carson. They were duly stopped by guards at the entrance and eventually were permitted to enter the royal presence. What happened at the audience, who knows? Macready certainly never told anybody. Very possibly snipe-shooting was the only kind of shooting that was discussed.

Now, this quiet, unostentatious manner one would have thought would have made this well-set-up, soldierly-looking man, with clear but rather cold eyes, liked, but it did not, because during the whole time that he was in Ulster no one had the slightest idea as to what he was thinking or what he proposed



Lieut.-General Sir C. F. N. Macready, K.C.B.

doing. He absolutely refused to be a conspirator of a theatrical type, and this is rather to be wondered at because he was the son of William Charles Macready (by his second wife, Miss Spencer), who was one of the most famous actors the English stage has ever known and whose representations of Macbeth, King Lear, King John, and Iago, are still remembered for their extreme brilliance. Macready, the actor, though a man devoted to his family and children, as his wonderful diary shows, was a stern disciplinarian, so very likely in his early childhood General Macready had the seeds of obedience and discipline strongly implanted in him.

Still a Young Man.

He was born in May, 1862, so it will be seen that for his present position he is a young man. He was educated at Marlborough and Cheltenham, afterwards going to the Royal Military College. In 1881 he became a lieutenant in the Gordon Highlanders. Before he had been a year with the regiment he made the famous night march across the Egyptian rebels' lines at Tel-el-Kebir.

After this he did not again see service until the South African War broke out. He was then early in the field, being present at the first battle of the war, namely, Elands Laagte, where we gained our initial success over the Boers. After this he was shut up with Sir George White at the siege of Ladysmith, and after the relief joined with Sir Redvers Buller's forces and fought at Laing's Nek, Belfast and Lydenberg, as well as in many another action during this regrettable war. He was mentioned in despatches both by Sir George White and Sir Redvers Buller, and for his services he received the brevet of lieutenant-colonel, the Queen's medal with six clasps, and the King's medal with two clasps, and after the war his services were retained on the staff in South Africa. In 1910 he became one of the four directors of personal services under the Adjutant-General of the Forces, which appointment he held until he went to Belfast.

Winston Churchill is a very great admirer of Sir Nevil, and this is very odd, as their characters and temperaments are so essentially different; but whether one likes Winston or dislikes him, there is very little doubt but that he has an excellent eye for selecting a good man, and it was Mr. Churchill, when he was at the Home Office, who first recognized what an extremely valuable man Macready was and what tact he had displayed during the Tony-pandy and railway strike troubles. All his life Sir Nevil has been an extremely keen soldier, has a very strong personality, and is very alert. He speaks with well-weighed words, and very few of them.—London Tatler.



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Children Need Sugar

Pure sugar is necessary to the health of young or old. Good home-made candy, sugar on porridge, fruit or bread—not only pleases but stimulates.

Buy St. Lawrence Extra Granulated in bags and be sure of the finest pure cane sugar, untouched by hand from factory to your kitchen.

Bags 100 lbs., 25 lbs., 20 lbs., Cartons 5 lbs., 2 lbs.

FULL WEIGHT GUARANTEED.

Sold by best dealers. 1

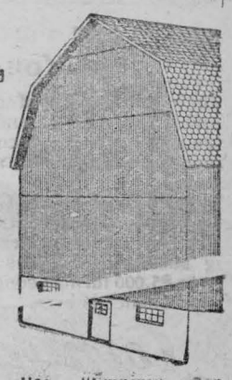
St. Lawrence Sugar Refineries, Limited, - Montreal.

Buy "Empire" Corrugated Iron---It's British-made

Keep your money in the Empire. Get a vastly better article.

Every Canadian worthy of the name wants to help Canada and the Empire in these strenuous times. One way you farmers can help, and help tremendously, is to buy Canadian and British-made goods. The Metallic Roofing Co., Limited, strongly invites your orders for Corrugated Iron on behalf of their famous "Empire" brand—British-made through and through. Mined, smelted, rolled, galvanized and corrugated within the Empire and without an equal in the world for rust-resisting qualities and durability. We are selling it to-day direct to farmers at the following special cut prices:

ORDER NOW 28 Gauge---$3.60 per 100 square feet ORDER NOW
26 Gauge---$3.80 per 100 square feet



Use "Empire" Corrugated Iron and "Eastlake" Steel Shingles and build a splendid barn.

Freight prepaid to any Station in Old Ontario. Terms cash with order. We can also supply Corrugated Ridge Cap, etc., to fit our sheets.

METALLIC ROOFING CO. Limited, MANUFACTURERS Cor. King and Dufferin Sts., Toronto

Some farmers have complained in the past that they could not tell which goods were British-made and which were foreign-made. In so far as Corrugated Iron is concerned, there is absolutely no doubt—"Empire" is as British-made as the old Union Jack itself. It is absolutely dependable for uniform fitting, ease of laying, water tightness and rust-resisting durability. You'll never regret buying it. We could sell you Keystone and other foreign-made sheets, but we prefer to handle British-made goods and so should you. Prices now reduced. Send us your order to-day. Our 30 year old reputation is your guarantee of absolute square dealing.

We gladly help you with economical suggestions for any building you are going to put up. Tell us your problems

THE BLOOD IS THE STREAM OF LIFE

Pure Blood Is Absolutely Necessary To Health

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" PURIFIES

These Wonderful Tablets, Made of Fruit Juices, Are The Best Of All Tonics To Purify And Enrich The Blood.

Pure, rich blood can flow only in a clean body. Now, a clean body is one in which the waste matter is regularly and naturally eliminated from the system. The blood cannot be pure when the skin action is weak, when the stomach does not digest the food properly, when the bowels do not move regularly, when the kidneys are strained or overworked.

Pure blood is the result of perfect health and harmony of stomach, liver, bowels, kidneys and skin.

"Fruit-a-tives", by their wonderful action on all these organs, keeps the whole system as clean as Nature intended our bodies to be clean.

"Fruit-a-tives" tones up, invigorates, strengthens, purifies, cleans and gives pure, rich, clean blood that is, in truth, the stream of life.

"Fruit-a-tives" is sold by all dealers at 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50 trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

TO RENT

Comfortable House on St. Lawrence St., Morrisburg. Water and light laid on. Good orchard.

ARTHUR BROWN.

45-tf.

CUTTER FOR SALE.—Used one winter. Cheap for cash. Apply at the Leader office.

For Sale

A small cook stove, coal or wood almost new for $9. A six-octave Dominion Organ in good repair for $15. Terms cash. Apply evenings to

C. A. DUPRAU.

42-tf.

FOR SALE

Beith Litter Carrier with 170 feet track. Bargain to quick purchaser.

P. M. BARKLEY,
Box 35 Williamsburg.
46-tf

HOUSE FOR SALE

Frame House west of Gravel road in Morrisburg. House is in good repairs, two lots, 8 fruit trees, henhouse and large garden. For particulars apply to

FRED STONE or
ARTHUR FLYNN,
Morrisburg.

DANCE

In Union Hall, Lock Street, on Wednesday night, December 23rd. Tickets 50 cents.

ALLAN GOGO.

Will the person who picked up a Sable Muff last Saturday afternoon kindly leave it at the Leader Office and oblige the owner.

TEACHER WANTED

For School Section No. 9, Williamsburg; Normal trained; salary $600 per annum; duties to commence Jan. 4, 1915. Apply to

EDWARD WALSH,
Sec.-Treas.

NOMINATION

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the township of Williamsburg that the nomination of Candidates for the offices of Reeve, Deputy Reeve and three Councillors for the year 1915 will be held in the I.O.O.F. Hall, Williamsburg, on Monday the 28th day of December 1914 from 12 o'clock noon to 1 p.m.

Dated Dec. 14th, 1914.

GEO. LANE,
Clerk of said Municipality.
48-2

Make Your Parents Proud of You!

There is a wealth of satisfaction for yourself and your parents in the knowledge that you can become financially independent by getting a right start in business.

Thousands of C. C. C. graduates are demonstrating to parents the wisdom of expert training as a means of burglarizing success. Salaries ranging from $600 to $5.000 furnish conclusive proof.

Your chance is here.

Cornwall Commercial College

CORNWALL, ONT.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Mr. Arnold Myers arrived home last week.

Mrs. D. T. Henderson and daughter, Roberta, are visiting in Montreal.

Dr. Chamberlain spent a few days in Brockville this week.

Mr. William Broder, son of Mr. Andrew Broder, M.P., arrived in town from Winnipeg on Friday last.

Rev. C. O. Carson was in Ottawa this week attending a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Diocese of Ottawa.

Miss McLaughlin of Cardinal spent the week-end with her aunt, Mrs. Wickware.

Dr. E. H. Wickware of Smith's Falls, was at Ottawa last Thursday evening addressing the Ottawa Dental Society there.

Miss Nellie Vance of the G.N.W. staff, Montreal, spent the week-end with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Barr.

Mr. J. S. Barr left on Monday evening for Lord's Mills to attend the funeral of his son-in-law, Albert Boyd, who died of pneumonia on Dec. 14th, 1914.

Geo. B. Gamble of Sherbrooke, formerly of Morrisburg, spent a few days in town recently, preparatory to leaving for Foreign service with the 3rd contingent of the Canadian Militia.

The annual sale of Fancy articles home-made candy, etc., under the auspices of St. James' Guild, held on Tuesday afternoon in St. James Hall was a grand success, over $110 being realized. The booths were artistically decorated with flowers and bunting and an excellent tea was served from 3 to 6.

Would all the ladies who have finished knitting on hand for the soldiers, or Balaclava caps, scarfs, wristlets, mitts, cholera bands or socks, please bring or send them to Mrs. M. C. Gibson's not later than Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Cameron and Mrs. H. Dupuis, living near Vankleek Hill, were killed in a railway accident last week when the carriage in which they were driving was struck by a Grand Trunk train at a crossing when their horse balked. The animal was also killed.

The government by proclamation have set aside Sunday, January 3, as a day of special intercession and prayer on behalf of the British and allied cause and to the memory of those who have fallen in battle. In Great Britain the same Sunday will be specially observed in a similar manner.

The following will be the order of service in St. Mary's Church for the great festival of Christmas: Midnight Mass will begin sharp at 12 o'clock Thursday night. Holy Communion will be distributed during this Mass, and there will be special music, and a sermon appropriate to the occasion. Last Mass at 10.30. Evening service at 4.

Mr. S. G. Finnie, teller of the local branch of the Bank of Ottawa, met with a somewhat unusual experience on Monday afternoon when a stranger faced him at the wicket and demanded a cheque. When asked if he carried a book he answered no, but I am the "Almighty" and I demand a cheque for $1000. It at once became apparent to the teller that the man was mentally deranged, and he asked him to kindly give him his signature. The stranger having become engaged in the teller's demand, Mr. Finnie stepped over to the phone and notified Mr. Eager, Police Magistrate, that he was wanted at the bank to take charge of the suspicious character. Mr. Eager immediately responded to the call, and took the stranger, who had by this time registered as "Joseph Frederick Spotswood, Shanly P.O., Ont.," to his office, and upon making inquiries at the Brockville Asylum, learned that the insane man had been granted a ticket of leave upon the request of his sister, Mrs. McNairn of Cardinal. The unfortunate man was then given proper lodging at the "Black Hole" awaiting further orders from Mrs. McNairn.

Leave your order for cut flowers for Christmas at A. J. Harrison's

Again—Third Lyceum Concert on New Year's Eve. There are four artists in this concert.

D. T. Henderson for perfumes in boxes from 25c up.

"The Princeton Players and Dollie McDonnell" should be every bit as good as "Eccles and the College Girls"—December 31.

A full line of Xmas Stationery in boxes from 25c up at Henderson's Drug Store.

D. T. Henderson's for gifts in Books, Xmas Booklets, Xmas Cards, Calenders and Xmas Post Cards.

A good hearty laugh will very effectively help to digest your holiday dinners so come and bring your relatives and friends to the Music Hall New Year's Eve. Tickets 40c; children 20c.

Order your Christmas cakes early—Geo. Cameron.

Here is a chance to get full value for your money; no bluff; no restrictions put on you, all we want is the CASH and we will guarantee the value of every article offered. A No. 9 genuine Copper, Nickle-Plated Tea Kettle for only $1.10. Hunter & Casselman.

Never had we a better assortment of candy.—Geo. Cameron's old reliable bakery.

Small size Copper Nickel-Plated Tea Kettle, 90c each.—Hunter & Casselman.

A box of Wood's special Havana Panetelas will delight your friends for Christmas.—A. J. Wood.

Copper, Nickel-plated tea and coffee pots for 80c and 90c.—Hunter & Casselman.

Good bread is what we all want but we can't have it unless we use good flour; Royal Household and Five Roses is the kind for sale by Hunter & Casselman.

Local view calendars for 1915 at Whitteker's. Limited supply, so get yours early, 25c each.

Beautiful Christmas Greeting cards.—George Cameron.

Get your Christmas Cards and Booklets at Whitteker's this year, and save money. Booklets, 5 for 5 cents, 3 for 5c and 2 for 5c; usually sold for 5c and 10c each. We bought them right, hence the attractive price.—tf.

Skates, bells and table cutlery at a reduced price all Christmas week. —Hunter & Casselman.

Leave your order now for Neilson's ice cream by the brick, any flavor. Christmas delivery— A. J. Wood.

Specials in Men's wear for Christmas—Golf Coats, Fur and wool-lined Gloves, choice Neckwear, Braces, Knitted Silk Scarves (all colors), silk and cashmere hosiery, Handkerchiefs in lawn, pongee, silk and Old English Initialed.—D. C. Bush.

Christmas Goods—Oranges, dates figs, package raisins, seedless or seeded; table raisins, currants, candies and nuts, also unfermented wines, all strictly fresh stock. If you cannot call phone us; we are at your service.—Hunter & Casselman.

Just received—a big assortment of the very latest in Ladies' Collars.—D. C. Bush.

Now is the time to get things shined up for that Christmas dinner. Get a "National" Polishing cloth at Whitteker's store. It will do the trick.

The most attractive range of handkerchiefs we have ever shown. Prices from 2c to $1.25 each. —D. C. Bush.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874.

Total Deposits Nov. 30, 1893 - - -	$ 4,100,382
Total Deposits Nov. 30, 1903 - - -	18,926,967
Total Deposits Nov. 30, 1913 - - -	40,307,499

In each of the Bank's numerous Branches throughout Canada there is a

Savings Bank Department

where an account may be opened with $1. or more. No delay nor formality necessary either in depositing or withdrawing money.

MORRISBURG BRANCH—B. A. HERRING, Manager

Come to us for dependable Furs. —D. C. Bush.

Choice confectionery by the bulk or in fancy boxes.—A. J. Wood.

Eventually you will come here for the desirable things in Men's wear for Christmas giving. Why not this week while the assortment is at its best.—D. C. Bush.

Received today the famous Marlborough gloves for women—all sizes. A pair will wear a year and costs $1.—D. C. Bush.

Telegram No. 5 to The Leader—Civil Service Examinations will be held next May. Last Spring one of our students proved to be the best stenographer and typist in the Dominion. Yes, she soon got her government appointment. You can take these examinations in Brockville—Brockville Business College.

The balance of women's and girls' coats at cost.—D. C. Bush.

An Ensign Camera makes a fine gift. Get one at Whitteker's store and present your friends with a gift that will be remembered. Prices from $1.50 to $20.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

The report of test examinations at the Collegiate Institute for the week ending December 11 will appear in The Leader next week.

COUNTY COURT AND SESSIONS

The General Sessions of the Peace and County Court for the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, opened in the Court House, Cornwall, before His Honor Judge O'Reilly last week.

Four civil cases were disposed of viz:

Locey vs. Kennedy — George A. Stiles for plaintiff; Maclennan & Cline for defendant. Settled between parties.

Brimmer vs. Boyd—A. Flynn for plaintiff; R. F. Lyle for defendant. Adjourned till Dec. 19.

Dunbar vs. Dunbar—A. Flynn for plaintiff; G. A. Stiles for defendant. Adjourned till Dec. 18.

Curtis & Harvey vs. Bonneville—Maclennan & Cline for plaintiff; G. A. Stiles for defendant. Adjourned till Dec. 18.

The following gentlemen composed the Grand Jury: Fred Bolster, Roderick Cameron, Wm. Fay, Wm. Higginson, Charles Pasher, Alpheus Runions, James Stephenson, D. E. Shenette, James Villeneuve, Ernest Wall, William Wightman, Donald Wood, W. J. Wood, foreman.

Three criminal cases were on the docket as follows:

King—Bouckler — Charged with stealing cattle around Newington. Found guilty with recommendation for mercy.

King vs. Dutt — Charged with stealing cattle. Pleaded guilty.

King vs. Diotte—Charged with placing obstructions on the G.T.R. track at Alexandria with possibility of endangering human life. Sentenced to eighteen months in prison.

SCHOOL BOARD

The regular School Board meeting was held in the Agricultural Office on Monday night. Present—Dr. McLaughlin, G. N. Hickey, W. K. Farlinger, Thos. Coligan, S. P. Ryan, W. G. Beckstead and J. L. Casselman. After passing the accounts, amounting to $179.51, the secretary was authorized to send the Agricultural Representative at Alexandria, his portion of the Government grant towards school fairs, amounting to $30.

The regular monthly report from the Public School Principal in reference to attendance, etc., was read. The report also contained a list of truants which are to be handed in to the Truant Officer..

A very favorable report from Mr. V. K. Greer, Public School Inspector, was read, in which he recommended further equipments for the school, which was referred to the Public School Committee.

Mr. Elliott, principal of the collegiate was authorized to collect 50 from each of the pupils towards the upkeep of the Chemistry class.

Principal Elliott notified the Board that a number of the pupils who are attending school from a distance were going to be absent from school on Monday and Tuesday, 21st and 22nd, and asked the Board to consider whither, under those circumstances it would be as well to close school on Saturday the 19th. The Board decided to leave the matter with the principal and as a result school will close on the regular date, December 22nd.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* The Kind You Have Always Bought

Never buy a Talking Machine unless it has Tone Control Leaves, otherwise you will be disappointed.



Never buy a Talking Machine unless it has Tone Control Leaves, otherwise you will be disappointed.

A Gift that pleases them all!

THIS COLUMBIA GRAFONOLA

FAVORITE $65---EASY TERMS IF DESIRED

YOU can choose any one of the many Columbia Grafonola-Record Outfits at $25 up. We'll send one to your home (or anywhere you say) for a small initial payment---and on Christmas morning if you wish. Balance can be paid, at your convenience, after the holidays.

Columbia Records are Made in Canada

There is a full thousand 85c Columbia Double-Disc Records in the Columbia Catalogue

YOU CAN GET COLUMBIA GRAFONOLAS AND RECORDS FROM

W. MARSH & SON, MORRISBURG

Good Morning! We Are Introducing

American Silk
American Cashmere
American Cotton-Lisle

HOSIERY

They have stood the test. Give real foot comfort. No seams to rip. Never become loose or baggy. The shape is knit in-not pressed in.

GUARANTEED for fineness, style, superiority of material and workmanship. Absolutely stainless. Will wear 6 months without holes, or new ones free.

OUR SPECIAL OFFER

to every one sending us $1.00 in currency or postal note, to cover advertising and shipping charges, we will send post-paid, with written guarantee, backed by a five million dollar company, either

3 Pairs of our 75c. value American Silk Hosiery,
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value American Cashmere Hosiery,
or 4 Pairs of our 50c. value AmericanCotton-Lisle Hosiery
or 6 Pairs of Children's Hosiery.

Give the color, size, and whether Ladies' or Gent's hosiery is desired

DON'T DELAY—Offer expires when a dealer in your locality is selected.

THE INTERNATIONAL HOSIERY CO.
P. O. Box 224
DAYTON, OHIO, U.S.A.

A Strong Eye

is so valuable a possession that it should be far more highly appreciated and taken care of than it is.

Don't Strain the Eyes

You may lay up for yourself years of eye-trouble by so doing.

We can relieve your eye-strain with prouer glasses and help preserve your eye-sight.

Make the appointment today for an examination.

The WHITTEKER OPTICAL PARLOR
A. A. WHITTEKER J. M. WHITTEKER



YOUR FEET

Should be kept warm and dry, and now is the time when you require good foot wear to make this sure.

We have just the thing in

BOOTS SHOES RUBBERS OVERSHOES
FELT SHOES and MOCCASSINS
for men and women

We also carry a large line of Caps, Mitts, Gloves and Underwear.

Our many satisfied customers are proof of our footwear quality and price.

MULLIN BROS.
MORRISBURG

Morrisburg Poultry Co.

ARE BUYING

POULTRY

Highest Market Prices Paid

Large Chickens and Fowls Wanted.

Small Birds not in good demand.

R. H. ASHTON,
Manager.