The Leader

Vol. XV, No. 29 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10 1915.

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Runabout Car Price $480

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MORRISBURG - - - - ONTARIO.

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It means that you can roll up on the film the pleasant time and beauteous on and about the farm, the jolly picnic on the lawn or in the woods. some choice animals the old homested, the old folks at home as well as the visitors. These pictures that are so easily taken with an EASTMAN KODAK will be more interesting as the years pass by,

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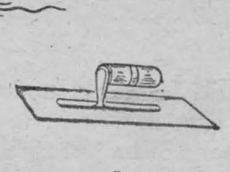
A HANDY, inexpensive Plastering trowel useful for putting down that cement floor or walk and many other purposes about the farm



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OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

MORRISBURG, - -- ONT.

SPLENDID WORK

Red Cross Workers Score Magnificient Success During Year

We are pleased to note the determination, (as shown by the appended list of donations) on the part of our citizens in general, and the ladies of the Red Cross branch in particular, to do their share in saving the British Empire from falling into the hands of the Hun invader. Since the organization of the local branch which took up the very laudable work of providing comforts for our heroes, at the time the Empire became involved in the war, it is pleasing to note that they met with ready response from the citizens generally, and recently, when it was decided to donate two machine guns to the Government for overseas service, the Red Cross Workers found the citizens ready to co-operate in carrying the movement to a successful termination, with the result that the price of three machine guns has crowned their efforts.

The very commodious rooms furnished with three sewing machines and four bandage rollers, in the Farlinger block have been the means of facilitating the work of the sewing meetings which are held every Wednesday and Friday afternoons, at which tea is served and a collection taken up.

The following is a summary of what has been accomplished by the Red Cross workers of Morrisburg for the year ending Aug. 31st., 1915.

Belgian Relief—$137 00

Clothing, 1465 pounds.

Queen Mary's Needlework Guild—1 bale clothing (210 garments).

Cliveden Hospital—$100 (Womens Institute) to equip two cots.

Soldiers Comforts, 3 bales

Sent to France for Soldiers Comforts, $40.00

Tobacco Fund—Montreal Gazette $10

Overseas' Tobacco Fund, $16 00

3 Machine Guns—1 donated by Col. J.W. Allison, $2000 for other two.

GARMENTS MADE

Feather Pillows	525
Pillow Cases	463
Sheets	40
Towels	341
Grey Flannel Shirts	352
Hospital Shirts	269
Night Shirts	48
Face Cloths	427
Pairs Socks	700
Pairs Wristlets	118
Mufflers	40
Doz. Handkerchiefs	80
Bandages	2000
Swabs	100
Pneumonia Jackets	4
Nurses Operating Gowns	10
Surgeons' Aprons	91
Nightingales	2
Hot Water Bottle Covers	15
Housewives	58
Convalescent Suits	7
Balaclava Caps	10
Cholera Bands	24
Pairs Bed Socks	12

We understand it is the intention of the local organization to hold a social on River Side Park in the near future.

Royal Reception to Sir Robert at Montreal

Montreal gave a truly royal reception to the Prime Minister on his arrival in the city. Sir Robert arrived at the Bonaventure station In a motor car waiting outside was Lady Borden, who welcomed him with 'Well, Bob, how are you" and the crowd cheered heartily as he took his place by his wife's side.

Never before, except at the last Eucharistic Congress, said those who had seen the largest Montreal crowds, had there been such a large gathering of the people. Women predominated.

Sir Robert spoke for a few minutes in French, referring to his visit to England and France and the great struggle for the liberty of the world in which Britain, France and Canada are equally interested. Speaking then in English, the Prime Minister said that His Majesty the King, General Joffre and Sir John French had paid tribute to the valor of the Canadian soldiers at the front. It had been his privilege, he said to meet many of these brave Canadians now in the trenches, and he had reviewed 40,000 Canadian troops at Shorncliffe.

One of the greatest military authorities in England had told him that of the 400,000 troops which in the line of his duty during the war he had inspected there were no finer than these 40,000 Canadians.

At Boulogne two days after he had crossed the Channel upon that great destroyer the Crusader, he had welcomed 1,500 Canadian soldiers on their way from Shorncliffe to the front.

"But, great as was the privilege" Sir Robert said, "which I felt it to be to meet our brave boys on the battle line, a still more sacred privilege I felt it to be to visit the Canadian soldiers in the convalescent hospitals. I visited no fewer than 41 of these hospitals, and upon one occasion I addressed two thousand wounded Canadian soldiers. Never in my life did I receive a deeper inspiration. All these men, and all their comrades at the front, charged me with a message which I deliver to you, and through you to the people of Canada, tonight. They asked me to say to the people at home that this war must not cease until it closed with a complete, a crushing and a glorious victory. I took the liberty of saying to them, in your behalf and as representative of the Canadian people, that we would not fail them nor falter in our efforts until the victory they longed for had been achieved."

Minister of Militia Welcomed

Major-Gen. Sir Sam Hughes was accorded a warm welcome on his arrival in Ottawa on Friday last. He was met at the Central Station by upwards of a thousand people, including several Cabinet Ministers, officers of the Headquarters' Staff and members of the Conservative Association, which got up the demonstration.

The band of the Governor-General's Footguards played "Home, Sweet Home" as the Minister of Militia alighted from his car, and the crowd gave three cheers.

Replying to calls for a speech, Sir Sam mounted his automobile and said:

"I bear a message of good-will to the Canadian people from the troops in England and at the front and afterwards he was driven to his home.

The Major-General announced that Gen. Alderson is to command the Canadian Army Corps, comprising two divisions, and that Gen. Turner will head the First and Gen. Currie the Second Division.

In the course of an interview Sir Sam Hughes said:

"The spirit of the Canadian boys is splendid—cheerful, courageous, and optimistic. I spent eight days in France and one in Belgium. I met King Albert, who spoke highly of the conduct of the Canadians in the battle of Ypres. M. Millerand, War Minister of France, whom I met, spoke in enthusiastic terms of Canadians also.

"Over the battlefield of the Aisne and Marne I travelled. The fields are still strewn with broken guns and caissons, both German and British. The graves of the British and Germans are scattered along the banks of the rivers, up over the hills, and everywhere, in fact, the graves mark the lines of the battles.

Major-General Hughes spoke very highly of Gen. French and Gen. Joffre, and said that the Canadians had immortalized themselves at Ypres and Festubert, as the British and French had done at the Marne and the Aisne.

He declared that there was no doubt in the ultimate issue of the war, considering the spirit which prevaded the Allies.

Lawn Tennis

Labor Day was a day of much tennis activity in Morrisburg. Players from Winchester and Russell were on hand to play our experts and a good elimination tournament was pulled off. The Misses Cameron from Winchester played Miss Carrie Broder and Miss Grace Merkley in the opening event of ladies' doubles, and after a fine exhibition of tennis, the Winchester ladies won 2-6: 6-2: 6-3. Strike won from Colin Cameron of Winchester in the Men's singles, 6-3: 6-0. Mat Campbell and Gerald Meikle were too good for Winchester in the men's doubles, winning 6-0 6-0. Russell came for the afternoon and the Misses Cameron were again victorious, defeating the Russell ladies after three close sets of tennis. Strike defeated McCaffery Russell pair 6-2, 6-4. Morrisburg their class when they defeated the of Russell, men's singles 6-2, 6-3. Campbell and Meikle again showed thus won four events and Winchester two. Mr. Meikle's court was in fine condition and the players praised it highly. The three clubs were entertained afterwards at the home of Mr. A. H. Casselman.

The Star last evening publishes the following from its Ottawa correspondent: "Upon what is believed to be reliable information, your correspondent is assured that the Government has decided to dissolve parliament and hold an election this fall.

SILOS SILOS SILOS

Every farmer to-day realizes that economy in feeding his stock in Winter is his first consideration.

Ensilage is the one and only way to economize in this direction, and economy at this time means more profits.

Increase your profits by installing a Round Stave Silo, one of the Best Paying Investments you ever made.

THE DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATOR

Acknowledged as the Standard Bearer in the Separator line also adds to the increased profits.

Examine my stock of Buggies Stoves, Ranges, Pumps, etc.

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Model D "Six" 60

5-Passenger, Very Roomy, Streamline Body

32x3 1-2 Inch Tires, Non-Skid on Rear Demountable Rims

35 H. P. McLAUGHLIN NORTHWAY MOTOR Valve-in-Head, Full Floating Rear Axle.

SUPERIOR MOHAIR TOP—One Man Type; Electric Starting and Lighting;

WEIGHT 2050 Lbs.

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ALL THE NEW SHAPES IN STIFF AND SOFT FELTS



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Williamsburg Branch — C. H. JOY, Agent.



Edwardsburg "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup

POUR IT ON PORRIDGE

YOU can't imagine how delicious a dish of Oatmeal Porridge becomes when it is sweetened with *"Crown Brand" Corn Syrup.*

Have it for breakfast to-morrow—watch the kiddies' eyes sparkle with the first spoonful—see how they come for 'more'.



Much cheaper than cream and sugar—better for the children, too.

Spread the Bread with *"Crown Brand"*—serve it on Pancakes and Hot Biscuits, on Blanc Mange and Baked Apples—use it for Candy-Making.

"LILY WHITE" is a pure white Corn Syrup, more delicate in flavor than "Crown Brand". You may prefer it.

ASK YOUR GROCER—IN 2, 5, 10 & 20 LB. TINS.

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1

The Green Seal

By CHARLES EDMONDS WALK

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," "The Time Lock," etc.

CHAPTER II.—(Cont'd).

The bitter anguish that lay behind these words was more than her strong nature could control.

"Miss Fox—stop!" I cried, aghast—sternly enough to silence her now, too.

Who could have dreamed of such an ending? The revelation, coming at the very instant when every responsive fibre of my being was yielding more and more to the charm of her personality, was staggering. What I had been prepared for, if not expecting, was at worst a recital of indignities offered by previous employers, by way of clumsy warning to me, notwithstanding such an utterance from her was too preposterous to think of it. It implied a lowering of the character I had conceived of as being hers that simply was impossible. She was not the type of girl that any man could take liberties with.

But this, to me—a stranger! How terribly her sensibilities must have been torn and outraged! How high the courage that had enabled her to conquer pride and speak at all!

I am not ashamed to say I was so shaken that it required some moments to pull myself together.

"Miss Fox," I warmly protested at last, "why did you torture yourself with this confidence? It was so uncalled for, so unnecessary!

"Now you listen to me. I'm not trying to employ what you are pleased to call your antecedents, but you. Good gracious, what sort of employers have you had! To see you and talk with you five minutes, as I have, is the only testimonial any man with a modicum of brains or discernment would ask for. Don't interrupt!"—for she seemed about to break in.

"It is a terrible burden for you to have to bear, there is no glossing over that fact. God knows you have my deepest sympathy. I never was so stirred in my life. But if there's any one thing plain, it is that you have risen above a handicap that would have dragged another character less fine and resolute to certain destruction. My dear Miss Fox, you are not to blame. If my friendship counts for anything, you have it."

I paused to recover myself again, and then went on in a tone more matter-of-fact:

"If you want the opening, it is yours—as soon as you are ready to begin. When will you be at liberty?"

She was deeply moved; despite her calm balance, I could see that. Then all at once her eyes were misty; but she smiled bravely—with quivering lips.

"No, I am not going to cry," she assured me, and laughed. After that the tension was gone. "But I am going to say this: one's pride enables one to endure much, but kindness, when unexpected, gets quickly behind and under one's defences. Kindness can hurt as well as mistrust and abhorrence, when you are not looking for it, and I am not used to kindness." Then, in a businesslike way, she abruptly announced: "I can start to work right away."

And so it was settled. Was I quixotic, or rash? Perhaps; but I trust the sequel to justify my determination.

"There!" I said lightly. "I knew you were a sensible girl. Stub will show you where to put your things. If there's anything else you want, you will find him a mine of information."

At the door she paused and thrilled me with a look. I can find no words to describe the soft sweetness of her voice.

"How can I ever thank you!" she said.

"You can't," said I, curtly, to hide a sudden feeling of timidity. "Come back in ten minutes—please."

CHAPTER III.

I suppose it is not to be wondered at that the extraordinary events of that day should have unfitted me for applying myself to anything else, and as I was a pretty busy man at this time I could ill afford to have my settled routine so broken in upon. But, try as I might, it was impossible to keep my attention fixed upon the matters which should have been engaging it; my mind was too full of the diamond and of Miss Fox and her surprising disclosure. Until to-day my life had been quiet and well-ordered, and here I was suddenly brought face to face with a situation—two of them, if the diamond may be considered as affording one—so unusual that I was wholly unprepared and at a loss to cope with either. Consequently I tried to devote myself only to the most pressing concerns, and these were disposed of mechanically, and I fear perfunctorily, while my thoughts were busy adjusting themselves to the new state of affairs.

Ten minutes gave me time to select and assort the letters demanding immediate attention, and when Miss Fox reentered my private room the replies were dictated in an absent-minded fashion that would have produced some queer results had she permitted my lapses to slip by. Contemplation of the glinting lights in her brown hair completely shattered one train of thought.

My preoccupation was discomposing her, I all at once noticed, for naturally enough she divined at least a part of its cause and ascribed to herself the entire blame for all my perturbations. To relieve her I attempted to make light of the matter.

"I thought young ladies delighted in being disturbing factors," I said banteringly.

She colored and did not look at me for a moment; then the gray eyes met mine reproachfully. I hastily added:

"I only wanted to tell you that something else happened to-day to upset me before you came, so don't take your share too much at heart."

She rewarded me with a glance that made my pulses leap strangely; for, not to conceal any part of the truth, her expressive eyes and the rare, brave spirit that shone through them were quite the most disturbing factors of all.

As she rose to go, with her notebook and pencil in hand, I said:

"Please tell Stub that I'm not to be bothered till I ring."

Once more alone, I again brought out the two ivory boxes—the ring with its death-dealing jade set, the diamond and the wrapping of the second box, and set about an earnest, methodical attempt to get behind the mystery.

The idea never occurred to me that the gem might have been only an imitation, its rich splendor but a showy sham to jape and gibe at my excitement. An artificial stone may be so seemingly real as to require the customary tests to confirm the doubt awakened by its artificiality; but when you are confronted by the genuine article, as incomparably pure and flawless as the one that lay upon my blotting-pad, the doubt does not arise at all. Like a magnetic personality, such a diamond is instinct with vitality; it possesses an individuality of its own that infallibly impresses the beholder, requiring no expert eye to determine at once that it is the real thing.

Accordingly, therefore, in spite of my limited knowledge of precious stones, I was not only certain that here in my possession was a perfect blue-white diamond, but also, considering its size and beauty, one of the dozen or so really worth-while diamonds in the whole world.

Think of that for a moment!

And when I further considered the extraordinary way in which it had come to me, and the circumstance that I should have it at all, it is little wonder that I was overcome with amazement and mystification.

Now it is possible for an event to be so unwonted, to be so strange and unusual in itself and so unexpected, that these very attributes overshadow and conceal everything else respecting it. Just such happenings as these it was which our simpler-minded forebears, who were not given to seeking far for causes, ascribed to a supernatural origin; and at that moment I must confess to having felt much the same way, though after a while reason began to search for an explanation more human. The result, if anything, was even yet more baffling.

In the first place, there was nothing whatever in my past associations that hinted in the remotest manner at anybody who would be likely to send me a diamond—not to mention the almost incalculable value of this one. This conclusion was reached with one qualifying reservation: there seemed a distant possibility that some client had entrusted the gem to me for temporary safe keeping; but I viewed this suggestion skeptically, anything but convinced, for who would send such an extraordinary gem through the mail?

While I knew more or less intimately a number of persons who might have afforded such a costly trinket, it was not at all likely that any one of them owned it; if so, the circumstance would have been pretty generally known.

Then, once again, who in his right mind would thus take such a hazardous chance with a fortune? The parcel had not been registered; it even bore no return address; there was nothing whatever pointing to the sender's identity, for the cancelling mark was so blurred as to be a mere smudge.

I was so puzzled and confused and so filled with wonder that I could scarcely force my wits to a rational consideration of the mystery; but in the end I settled upon two points as affording possible clues, namely: the two ivory boxes, considered together, in some unaccountable way associated the diamond with my ring of death; and the address on the parcel had been cut from one of my professional cards and pasted upon the wrapping.

Both items were decidedly unsatisfactory. The circumstance of the two ivory boxes being counterparts of each other might denote the most ordinary coincidence, bearing a corresponding lack of significance. Los Angeles teems with shops where the unwary tourist is inveigled into buying all sorts of useless Chinese and Japanese gimcracks, and for all I knew to the contrary the boxes might be the cheapest of trinkets, turned out wholesale from a common mould. I am informed that most similar articles of virtu are produced in this way.

As for my card, almost anybody might have obtained one, and the fragment used for an address promised nothing whatever—the card simply had been trimmed to fit evenly one side of the package.

One other suggestion did occur to me. There was nothing in the remainder of my mail to account for the diamond, and it was possible that a letter of advice would follow; but this I would have to wait for.

I began putting away the different articles in a desk-drawer—the wrapping with my card, the ring in its box—when a sudden disturbing thought made me pause.

What present disposition should I make of the gem?

It was much too valuable to entrust to my private safe, and the banks were closed. Thus had the afternoon flown.

The idea gave me a moment of apprehensive reflection: was anybody aware that I had the stone? At least one person—the sender—must be extremely anxious to know whether or not it had come safely to my hands. But was anybody else—anybody who shouldn't be—animated by a similar anxiety?

I was filled with misgivings.

Then abruptly a plan came to me: I would conceal the diamond and place the empty box—or, better yet, the box containing the ring—in the safe.

Accordingly, I tore some sheets of tissue-paper from an old letter copying-book, and wrapped the glittering gem into a compact package, which for the time being I slipped into my pocket.

It gave me a queer feeling. It seemed as if nothing might hide its brilliancy from the eye; no amount of wrappings, nor my pocket, nor yet the steel walls of the biggest vault could intercept its sparkle and glow. And this marvel, as if by magic, had come to me!

Since the dawn of time only a handful or so of diamonds have accumulated so choice that they may be said to represent the very acme of material worth, the ultimate possibility of human valuation; these alone bear innately the attributes of kingly grandeur and are the most fitting of all things else mundane to stamp and decorate the high station of royalty. Cull over in your mind the few celebrated gems that bear this distinction, then imagine me carrying one of of the noble parure, as carelessly as if it had been a pebble, in my coat pocket! Great Cæsar! Wasn't it enough to fire the blood and set fancy to rioting, to turn the head of the most sedate and sober-minded? Yea, verily!

These attributes, however, are peculiarly of the earth earthy. The spiritual significance of diamonds, alas, is at best negative. They are the archetypes of all that is cruel and unfeeling. Their brilliancey is the brilliancy of ice; of Sirius shining in the remotest zero of space. They are one with the dark sisterhood, Hate and Jealousy. They are the fons et origo of covetousness, blood-lust and tragedy.

Again I took from the drawer where I had placed it the box containing the ring, and, moved by an impulse I shall not try to account for, raised the lid for a final glimpse at the innocent-looking instrument of death. And I received another shock of surprise.

For a moment I stared at the set in bewilderment. Next, with a startled cry, I dropped the thing back into the box.

The ideograph has already been described as cut into the jade: now, unless my bemused senses were tricking me, the undecipherable symbol stood out in relief!

Truly Mr. Unruh had classified it—it was a thing of the devil.

I concluded that I was in no frame of mind to give the perplexing matter any further consideration that day. I swore in vexation, impatiently clapped down the cover and threw the box into a compartment of my safe. I swung the heavy door to, gave the dial a twirl, and then stood rigid with alarm.

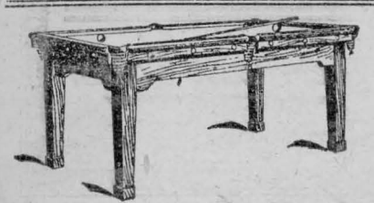
At that instant an exclamation of terror from Miss Fox in the outer room brought me up with a start. I hastened out to discover her seated at the typewriter, white-faced, apparently petrified with horror at something she beheld in the afternoon paper. Judging by Stub's attitude and stupefied expression, he had only just handed it to her. Without removing her staring gaze from the sheet, she slowly and automatically rose up. I hurried over to her.

"What is it?" I demanded—excitedly, I afterwards realized. "What has happened, Miss Fox?"

For a space she seemed not to have heard; but before I could speak again, she turned to me a face drawn with suffering. She did not try to speak; she simply turned the paper so that I could see. And I took in almost at a glance the glaring headlines:

"Steve Willets in Wild Break for Liberty." "Notorious Bandit Heads Successful Plot to Escape San Quentin." "Eludes Guards; TrainWrecker and Four Other Desperate Convicts at Large."

(To be continued.)



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This table would look nice in your sitting room, dining room or kitchen. We build them 3 x 6, and 3½ x 7.

Can be supplied with either round or square legs, and would make a very valuable addition to your home life, and would certainly be a great pleasure and benefit to yourself and friends.

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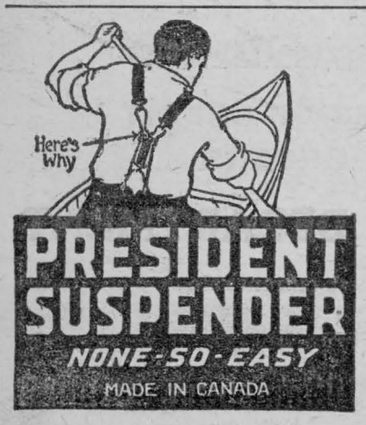

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TEA B 31

shall always contain only the finest, freshest young leaves. . . . Black, Mixed and Green

ASQUITH'S ABILITY.

Offered Sixteen Seats Before He Stood for East Fife.

At the City of London School Premier Asquith is best remembered as a quiet, studious boy who did not care for games, but preferred to spend his dinner hour reading the Times. It was the master of Balliol who remarked, "Asquith will get on, he is so direct." And after a brilliant career at that college, Mr. Asquith was called to the bar in 1876, and became a Q.C. in 1890. Four years previously he had entered Parliament as M.P. for East Fife, Scotland, which he has always represented since.

It is a fact not generally known, by the way, that both Mr. Joseph Chamberlain and Mr. Gladstone were so impressed by Mr. Asquith's abilities that he was offered 16 different seats before he finally accepted the invitation to stand for East Fife.

Although in public life somewhat cold and austere, Mr. Asquith in private life is the most genial of men. Like Mrs. Asquith, whom he married in 1894, his first wife having died three years previously, the Premier seeks relaxation in golf. He has two daughters—the elder of whom, Miss Violet Asquith, has just become engaged to Mr. Maurice Bonham-Carter, Mr. Asquith's private secretary—and five sons, four of whom are serving their country in the great war.

LORD BRASSEY.

At 80, Hobbling on Two Sticks, Full of Fiery Energy.

That wonderful old man, Lord Brassey, who is now in his 80th year, has gone to the Dardanelles in his famous yacht Sunbeam, to assist in Red Cross work. His venture is all the more remarkable because the veteran peer



Lord Brassey.

is feeling the infirmities of years, and can only walk slowly with the aid of two sticks. But he is full of enthusiasm for the mission he has undertaken, which will add a new and glorious chapter to the history of the Sunbeam, the old-fashioned three-masted yacht in which he has sailed the seven seas, and which is known in almost every quarter of the globe.

PLANS TO STOP WAR BY SWISS.

Proposal to Put German Royal Families in Front Trenches.

The London Chronicle's Zurich correspondent cables that a prize of 500 francs $100) has been offered for the best proposal for arriving at terms of peace, by a Swiss newspaper. It has drawn from its readers a number of original suggestions. One is that all members of reigning German houses should be put into the front line in the trenches, accompanied by all deputies of the Prussian Diet, directors of Krupp's, and members of the Pan-Germanist Association.

In the trenches on the other side should be put the members of the French Camelots du Roi and editors of French nationalist papers. The originator of this suggestion declares that the first volley fired, after all these gentlemen had been placed in position, would insure speedy and satisfactory peace.

A French-speaking Swiss woman proposed that Swiss wives and mothers should band themselves together, under their Federal flag, and call to their side women from all the belligerent countries. The whole army then would march along the front, from the Vosges to Arras, and would interview the generals of the three great armies, demanding the restoration of husbands and sons now serving in the ranks.

Forty-five competitors favor the formation of an army of neutrals, which shall force the combatants to listen to reason.

To overcome the diffidence of each belligerent to make the first proposal it is suggested by one competitor that each belligerent should submit proposals in a sealed envelope. When all have submitted their proposals, the envelopes will be opened simultaneously.

To prevent the outbreak of a similar war in the future one competitor recommends total prohibition of sports, alcohol, betting and gambling, and all other excitements tending to encourage a bellicose state of mind.

Another competitor recommends that all Governments should send all their subjects abroad at public expense in order that they may broaden their minds by travel among foreign peoples.

Madge—"You shouldn't say he's a confirmed bachelor unless you know." Marjorie—"But I do know; I confirmed him."

"This is the Sugar for Jams and Jellies"



"WHEN I pay for good fruit, and spend a lot of time over it, I want to be *sure* that my jellies and preserves will be just right. So I always use

Redpath SUGAR"

No doubt that is just what her mother and grandmother did, too, for Redpath has been Canada's favorite sugar for three generations. Absolutely pure, and always the same, it has for sixty years proved the most dependable for preserving, canning and jelly-making.

It is just as easy to get the best—and well worth while. So tell your grocer it must be Redpath Sugar, in one of the packages originated in Canada for Redpath Sugar.

2 and 5 lb. Sealed Cartons.
10, 20, 50 and 100 lb. Bags.

"Let Redpath Sweeten it."

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CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, - MONTREAL.

AN AVALANCHE OF SHELLS POURED INTO GERMAN LINES

General Offensive Foreshadowed of French and British on the Western Front

A despatch from Paris says: The French have been pouring an avalanche of shells into the German lines in the west. It is not believed that this ammunition would be used simply for the purpose of damaging the German trenches, and, therefore, an early general offensive is looked for.

Asphyxiating gas was used without success by the Germans in an attack against Linge and Schratzmaennele, in the Vosges. After releasing the gas the Germans charged the French positions, but were driven back. Elsewhere on the French front there were no infantry actions, though heavy cannonading occurred at several places. German aviators violated Swiss territory for the fourth time. Five German military aeroplanes flew inside the Swiss frontier opposite the French town of Delle. Although under fire from French artillery, the aeroplanes turned back. One damaged machine came down near the Swiss village of Buix, but afterwards took to the air and escaped towards Alsace.

The Municipal Council is making arrangements with the Government for an official commemoration of the Battle of the Marne, in which the German advance through France in the early weeks of the war was ended. The celebration will be held on September 12.

FURTHER VICTORIES IN THE CAMEROONS

Germans are Retreating in Great Disorder After a Series of Defeats.

A despatch from Paris says: Fighting continues in the Cameroons, the German colony in Western Africa which the British and French have been attempting since the early part of the war to wrest from the Germans. The Ministry of Colonies gave out a statement to-day announcing further victories. It follows:

"French forces in the eastern and south-eastern Cameroons are continuing a vigorous offensive in the direction of Yaunde, capital of the colony. The German troops were defeated in a series of engagements and are retreating in great disorder.

"Many of the native German troops surrendered, with their arms and other equipment. A party of these deserters while on their way to our post at Aradmakei encountered a company of Germans, who attempted to bar their way. The deserters defeated the Germans, and also attacked a German post at Sangamelina.

"Our right column, coming from the north, attacked the strongly-fortified positions at the Dume station, simultaneously with an attack from our southern column. The Germans were defeated completely. They abandoned their positions, and in retreat threw most of their supplies into the river and allowed natives to pillage other abandoned stores. In evacuating Dume the enemy set it on fire, making a stand on a hill overlooking the town. This position, which was defended with artillery and machine guns, was carried by assault by one of our officers and by prisoners."

SAYS BOSTON BARQUE FIRED ON BY U-BOAT

A despatch from Boston says: The American barque Ruth Stark, owned in this city, was fired upon twice by a German submarine, when 150 miles off Cape Clear, Ireland, according to the report of her commander upon her arrival here from Liverpool.

Youngest Hero is Back From France



PETER RUTLEDGE

The youngest son of Canada to reach the firing line in Flanders is Peter Rutledge, who became a stowaway on a troopship after his three brothers had crossed the sea as Canadian soldiers. He was adopted by the 3rd Battalion and "served" in the trenches until he was ordered home with invalided pals, who are in Toronto with him.

A COMPARISON OF FORCES FOR WAR

CANADA'S RESPONSIBILITY.

From Toronto Daily News.

In a year's time we have seen our army come into being and grow into a force of very considerable size and efficiency; but this is no time to rest on our laurels, much less to indulge a tendency towards self-congratulation. Our duty now is to appreciate the full extent of our responsibilities and make adequate provision for discharging them.

The United Kingdom entered the war with a naval force of not less than 225,000, and with a military force of at least 200,000. Since the outbreak there have been added to the military force, of completely trained and equipped soldiers, not less than 500,000. Adding to these the soldiers which the United Kingdom now has in the making, in all stages of equipment and training, numbering not less than 1,500,000, the total is at least 2,525,000. The figures are approximately only, but they will serve.

Our population being about one-sixth the population of the United Kingdom, we can readily ascertain the minimum number of men that we should now have available for service if we were doing our full share. In round figures, we should have a force of at least 400,000 men.

Turning from the ideal to the real, we may estimate the strength of the Canadian forces as follows:—

Adding the few thousands we had to begin with to those organized during the year, the total number of trained and equipped troops is not more than 60,000. Our incompletely trained and equipped troops will number not more than an additional 100,000; and that none of our fighting resources may be overlooked, we will add a naval force of 1,000, making a total of 161,000.

Our ideal minimum is 400,000, our real maximum is 161,000. The result of our calculations need not make us down hearted. We are quite entitled to comfort ourselves with the thought that the original forces of the United Kingdom were incomparably superior to ours and that the British Isles were much better supplied than we were with the means, both human and material, of creating a vast new army.

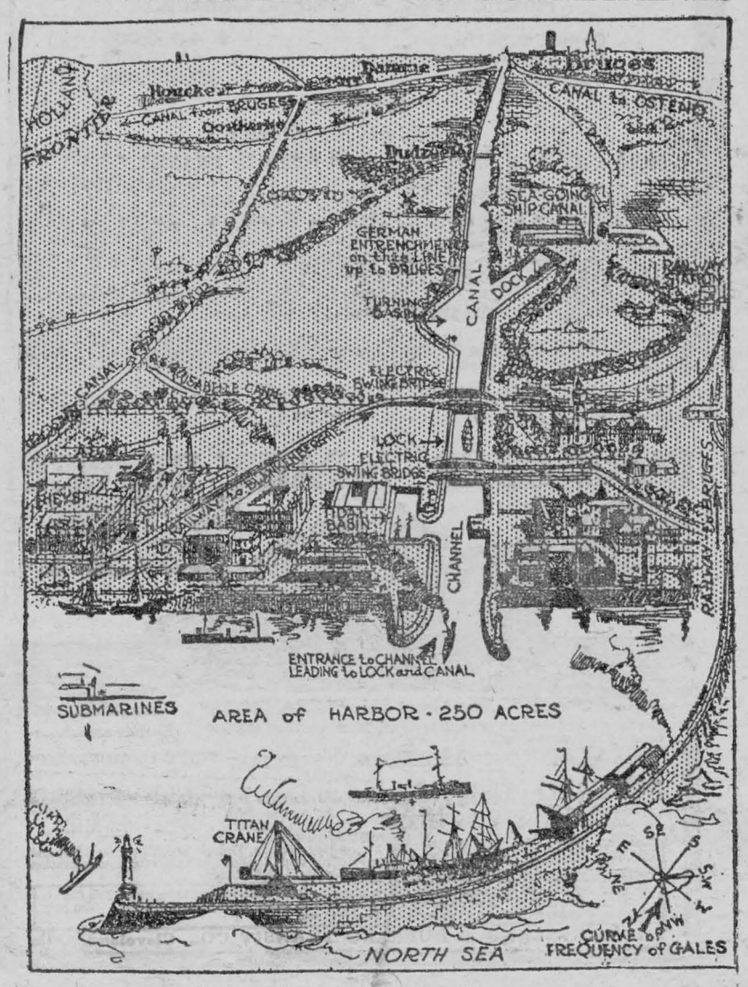
But this will not alter the fact that in the past we have not done our full duty, and we are therefore under the greater obligation to respond to the call the Government is now making. Many of the initial difficulties connected with the raising of an army have been overcome, and men are now being accepted for overseas service as rapidly as they present themselves for enlistment. Their pay, separation and other allowances commence at once, and they are clothed, equipped and trained with all possible rapidity.

But the real responsibility for the supply of men rests with the men themselves. To the man without dependents the call to service is well-nigh absolute, and it comes to the man with a job with precisely the same urgency as it does to the man without one. Your present job, important as it may be, is as nothing in importance to the one your country has for you. The call comes next to those with others dependent on them, who would suffer if they went. Some men in this position should go, others should not. No one may decide for any man but himself. But the freedom of choice which is his carries with it a corresponding responsibility. If no man may say to you, "You ought to go," neither may you lay the responsibility of your staying on anyone but yourself. Your's is the choice. Stay if your conscience says so; but go if it says to go, for your Empire needs the men.

The Rake.

A small henpecked, worried-looking man was about to take an examination for life insurance. "You don't dissipate, do you?" asked the physician as he made ready for the tests. "Not a fast liver, or anything of that sort?" The little man hesitated a moment, looked a bit frightened, then replied, in a small, piping voice—"I sometimes chew a little gum."

FINE HARBOR AT ZEEBRUGGE IS SHELTER FOR SUBMARINES



Above is a general view of Zeebrugge, the German naval base on the Belgian coast. The extensive waterways provide an almost ideal haven for submarines. British warships have repeatedly shelled the German works and vessels at Zeebrugge.

Markets Of The World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Manitoba wheat—Old crop—No. 1 Northern, none offering; No. 2 Northern, $1.14 to $1.16; No. 3 Northern, $1.09 to $1.11, track, lake ports.

Manitoba oats—None offering.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 83½c, track, lake ports.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, nominal, track, Toronto.

Ontario oats—Old: No. 2 white, 51 to 52c, nominal, according to freights outside; No. 3 white, 50 to 51c, according to freights outside; new oats, 40 to 42c.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 winter, per car lot, $1.15; new, 96 to 98c; wheat slightly tough, 88 to 93c; sprouted or smutty, 75 to 85c, according to sample.

Peas—No. 2, per car lots, nominal, according to freights outside.

Barley—Good malting barley, nominal; No. 3 feed, nominal; feed barley, nominal, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—Car lots, nominal, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $6.25; second patents, in jute bags, $5.75; strong bakers', in jute bags, $5.55, Toronto; in cotton bags, 10c more.

Ontario flour—New Winter, 90 per cent. patents, $4, seaboard or Toronto freights in bags, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights—Bran, per ton, $26; shorts, per ton, $29; middlings, $30; good feed flour, per bag, $1.85.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 24 to 26c; inferior, 21 to 22c; creamery prints, 28½ to 29c; do., solids, 26 to 28c.

Eggs—No. 1, 23 to 24c per dozen, in case lots; extra at 26 to 27c.

Honey—No. 1 light (wholesale), 10 to 11½c; do., retail, 12½ to 15c. Combs (wholesale), per doz., No. 1, $2.50 to $3; No. 2, $1.50 to $2.

Poultry—Chickens, yearlings, dressed, 16 to 18c; Spring chickens, 20 to 21c; fowl, 12 to 13c; ducklings, 17 to 18c; turkeys, 23 to 25c.

Cheese—Large, 15 to 15½c; do., twins, 15½ to 15¾c. Old cheese, 21½c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled hay, new—No. 1, ton, $17 to $19; No. 2, ton, $15 to $16; baled straw, ton, $7.50.

Business in Montreal.

Montreal, Sept. 7.—Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 91 to 92c. Oats—Canadian Western, No. 3, 58c; extra No. 1 feed, 58c; No. 2 local white, 47c; No. 3 local white, 46c; No. 4 local white, 45c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $6.35; seconds, $5.85; strong bakers', $5.65; Winter patents, choice, $5.50; straight rollers, $4.65 to $4.85; do., bags, $1.75 to $1.85. Rolled oats—Bbls., $6.25; do., bags, 90 lbs., $2.90 to $3. Bran, $27. Shorts, $28. Middlings, $33 to $34. Mouillie, $35 to $40. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $17.50 to $18.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 12⅞ to 13¼c; finest easterns, 12½ to 13c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 28½ to 28¾; seconds, 27½ to 27¾c. Eggs—Fresh, 27 to 28c; selected, 26c; No. 1 stock, 23c; No. 2 stock, 20c. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, $13.60 to $14.15. Pork—Heavy Canada short mess, bbls., 35 to 45 pieces, $29; Canada short-cut back, bbls., 45 to 55 pieces, $28.50. Lard—Compound, tierces, 375 lbs., 10c; wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 10½c; pure, tierces, 375 lbs., 11½ to 12c; pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 12½ to 13c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Sept. 7.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.03½; No. 1 Northern, 97c to $1.03; No. 2 Northern, 94 to $1; September, 92c; December, 92⅝c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 75 to 75½c. Oats—No. 3 white, 32½ to 33c. Flour (new wheat basis)—fancy patents, $5.90; first clears, $4; second clears, $3. Bran, $19.

Duluth, Sept. 7.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.02¾; No. 1 Northern, 97¼c to $1.02¼; No. 2 Northern, 95½c to $1.00¼; Montana No. 2 hard, 95¼c bid; September, 94¼c; December, 93⅝ to 93¾c asked. Linseed, cash, $1.62; September, $1.62¼; December, $1.64 bid.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, Sept. 7.—Best heavy steers, $8 to $8.25; butchers' cattle, choice, $7.60 to $7.75; do., good, $7.30 to $7.45; do., medium, $6.40 to $7.10; do., common, $5 to $5.65; butchers' bulls, choice, $6.80 to $7.25; do., good bulls, $5.90 to $6.25; do., rough bulls, $4.75 to $5.25; butchers' cows, choice, $6.50 to $7; do., good, $5.25 to $6; do., medium, $5 to $5.25; do., common, $4.50 to $5; feeders, good, $6.50 to $7.30; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., $6.25 to $7.25; canners and cutters, $3.75 to $5; milkers, choice, each, $65 to $95; do., common and medium, each, $35 to $50; Springers, $50 to $95; light ewes, $6 to $6.75; do., bucks, $3.50 to $4.50; yearling lambs, $7 to $7.75; Spring lambs, cwt., $7.75 to $9; calves, $8 to $11; hogs, off cars, $9.40 to $9.65; do., fed and watered, $9.25 to $9.30; do., f.o.b., $8.90.

Montreal, Sept. 7.—Butcher cows, good, $7.50 to $7.75; fair, $7 to $7.25; fair, $7 to $7.25; medium, $6.50 to $6.75; butcher bulls, $5 to $7; canning bulls, $4 to $4.50 per cwt. Old sheep, 4½ to 5½c; and lambs, 7½ to 8¼c per pound. Hogs, select, $9.50; sows, $7.50, and stags, $5 to $6 per cwt., all weighed off cars.

None Too Good.

The minister of a small country flock was discussing with an illiterate member of his church religious topics of varying interest. The member expressed the suggestion that even the best were none too good in this vale of sin and tribulation. "You believe, then," interposed the preacher, "in the doctrine of total depravity?" "Yes, sir, I do," responded the member, "that is, where it is lived up to."

Will Lead Force Of South Africa



BRIG.-GENERAL LUKIN, G.M.G. D.S.O

has been appointed to command the First Brigade of the South African Union Contingent for the European war. He is Commandant-General of the Cape Colonial Forces, and in the recent campaign in German Southwest Africa commanded the 6th Mounted Brigade. It was to him that General Botha entrusted the taking of the surrender of the German forces.

JAPANESE TROOPS FOR DARDANELLES

Inference Is Drawn From the Words of Mikado's Envoy to Italy.

A despatch from Paris says: What appears to be an intimation that Japan may co-operate in the campaign to force the Dardanelles is contained in an interview with Baron Hayashi, Japanese Ambassador to Italy, sent to the Petit Parisien by its Rome correspondent.

"I cannot say much about that," the Baron is quoted as saying, in reply to a question regarding the Dardanelles, "for we must not allow our enemies to profit by information about the movements of troops."

Discussing the part Japan has played in the war, the Ambassador said: "We have not ceased to collaborate with our allies to the extent assigned to us. The world will be astonished when it knows what we have done, what we are doing and what we are willing to do. The Russians are nearest to us and we can be most useful to them. Rest assured it is the greatest desire of Japan to assist every day in the sacred cause of civilization."

JACONA SUNK BY MINE, NOT BY A SUBMARINE

A despatch from Montreal says: Officers of the Thomson Line freighter Hurona, which arrived here, brought with them details of the sinking of the Montreal steamer Jacona. The cabled report that the Jacona was sunk by a torpedo was denied. The Jacona struck a mine and sank in two minutes. Forty of the crew, including the entire engine-room staff, were drowned. Only Capt. Organ and the nine men who comprised the night watch were saved, and they owed their lives to the chance that a boat was lying loose and floated away.

THREAT FROM AUSTRIA TO MUNITION MAKERS

A despatch to Amsterdam says: Following the example of Germany, the Austro-Hungarian Government now announces, according to the Frankfurter Zeitung, that all Austrians and Hungarians in neutral countries, particularly the United States, are warned not to work in factories producing war material for enemies of the Dual Monarchy. This newspaper says that violation of this decree is punishable by imprisonment of ten to twenty years, and even by capital punishment under certain conditions.

DENIES GERMAN WOMEN ARE LEFT TO MOB'S MERCY

A despatch to London says: The Home Secretary has issued a denial of statements published in the United States that German women and children in London are being exposed to the fury of mobs, which are encouraged by the police whenever they venture out of doors, are prevented from buying food, and are compelled to subsist on what they can beg.

The Home Secretary says that all German women desiring to return to Germany are given facilities for so doing, and that, together with their children, they receive the same police protection as British subjects and similar relief from the guardians of the poor if they are destitute. It is added that access to hospitals on the same terms as Britishers are accorded German women and children when they are ill.

PARENTS OF WAR HERO GET VICTORIA CROSS

A despatch to Montreal says: The Victoria Cross won by the late Lance-Corporal Frederick Fisher, of the 13th battalion, at St. Julien, where he was killed, has been received by the hero's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Fisher, 576 Lansdowne Avenue, Westmount, accompanied by a letter of appreciation from the British War Office. The deceased soldier earned the distinction of the Cross by gallantly assisting with a machine gun, in covering the retreat of a battery, and later bringing his machine gun into action, under very heavy fire, in order to cover the advance of supports. It was while doing this he was killed. He was only 20 years of age.

ENTANGLED IN A ROPE AND KILLED BY HORSES

A despatch from London says: "Death by misadventure" is the verdict at the inquest held at Shorncliffe on Pte. William Fishburn Smith, London, Ont., of the 2nd divisional cavalry, who was killed while leading horses. Smith's leg was caught in a rope with which he was leading the horses, and he lost his balance owing to the horses rearing. He had been studying for the ministry previous to enlistment.

ALLIES CAPTURE TACTICAL POINT

Recent Fighting in the Dardanelles Has Been of a Severe Character.

A despatch from London says: Further gains for the allied forces on the Gallipoli Peninsula are chronicled in an official report received from General Sir Ian Hamilton, commander-in-chief of the British forces operating against the Turks. The report says:

"Further fighting on the northern section of the line has resulted in the capture of an important tactical point commanding the Buvuk Anafarta valley to the east and north and an appreciable gain of the ground occupied by the Australians and New Zealand army corps.

"The fighting was almost entirely hand-to-hand and of a severe character. Very heavy losses were inflicted on the Turks, and three of their machine guns, three trench mortars, 300 rifles, 500 bombs and a large quantity of small arms ammunition were captured by us."

PRICELESS RUBBISH.

Fortunes Made Out of the Tailings of Gold Mines.

The tailings of the gold-mines of the Rand have latterly proved nearly as valuable as the reef. A new treatment was discovered, and the tailings which encumbered the landscape for miles around suddenly became new mines. It was found that the amount of gold left in them was enormous. Many fortunes were made out of tailings alone.

There has been much talk of capturing the German trade in aliline dyes, a process of exploiting coal-tar, discovered by British chemists but developed by German manufacturers. But in the earlier days of gaslighting the coal-tar was regarded as a horrible nuisance, and surreptitiously got rid of.

Then the great discovery was made that all the hues of the rainbow dwelt in this dirty-looking stuff which men despised and threw away. To-day the by-products of coal-tar are counted by the dozen.

In Lancashire alone cotton-waste has an annual value of fifteen millions sterling! It consists of fag-ends and sweepings and pickings and combings. Thousands of women are employed to divide this stuff into good, middling, and bad, and it is sold at various prices for different purposes—paper-making, matting, surgical wadding, and, most of all, the making of shoddy.

Soap-boilers used to have great difficulty in getting rid of a thick, evil-smelling liquid which was the chief by-product of their industry. They ran it into streams and sewers. Presently someone began collecting it and refining it. The result was pure glycerine.

A young man who had been reduced literally to his last cent was wandering aimlessly about the docks of Liverpool. He saw a lot of frowsy-looking stuff, the use of which nobody could tell him. It had come from South Africa three months before and had failed to find a purchaser. The young man made a bid of eighteenpence a pound, and bought the lot, three hundred bales. It was alpaca, the wool of a sort of camel-like sheep. The purchaser's name was Titus Salt, the founder of Saltaire, England.

THE DEATH OF PEGOUD IS OFFICIALLY CONFIRMED

A despatch from Paris says: Reports of the death of Adolphe Pegoud, the famous aviator, have been officially confirmed. The news caused sincere sorrow among the French people, who regarded him as a hero.

Pegoud, who was only 26 years of age, served five years in the French cavalry, fighting in the Morocco campaign. At the outbreak of the present war he joined the aviation corps as a private, but soon gained a sub-lieutenant's commission because of his skill and daring. His exploits won him the Military Medal and the Military Cross.

Pegoud brought down his sixth German aircraft on July 11.

Wonders of the World.

The seven wonders of the ancient world were the Pyramids of Egypt; the Tomb of the King of Caria; the Temple of Diana at Ephesus; the Walls of Hanging Gardens of Babylon; the Colossus of Rhodes; the Ivory and Gold Statue of Jupiter Olympus; the Pharos, or Watch Tower, built at Alexandria by Ptolsmy Philadelphus, King of Egypt. Some one thinks the wonders of the world to-day are the Panama Canal, the Aeroplane, the Submarine, Wireless Telegraphy, the Gramophone, the Telephone, and the Airship.

Holland Purchasing Aeroplanes

A despatch from New York says: Lieut.-Commander Henri G. Van Steyn, of the Dutch navy, was one of the arrivals on the steamer Noordam from Rotterdam. He said he held a commission to purchase an unlimited quantity of aeroplanes and hydroplanes for Holland from American manufacturers. Commander Van Steyn said that all of the machines will be used by Holland as a part of the national defence improvement now being undertaken there.

The Leader
ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY
The Leader Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1915

TIME-TABLE

EASTBOUND

No. 18 (daily)	due	4.23 a.m
" 26 (daily except Sun)	"	6.55 a.m.
" 6 (daily).....	"	3.55 p m.

WESTBOUND

No. 7 (daily).....	due	12 48 p m.
" 26 (daily exc'pt Sun.)	due	7.47 p.m.
" 13 (daily).....	"	10 13 p.m.

THE MAILS

	Despatched	Arrive
Day, west	12.30 p.m	1.30 "
Waddington.....	1.30 "	3.00 "
Day, east.....	3.30 "	4.30 "
Winchester.....	2.00 "	11.15 a.m.
Night, east... ..	7 30 "	
Night, west.....	7 30 "	
Sunday. E. & W.	7.30 "	

BOUCKS HILL

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Becksted spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Asa Hess, Sunny rook, Williamsburg.

A few from here attended the Winchester Fair on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Colquhoun of Hoasic were recent guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charley Lane.

Miss Pearl Bowman was visiting her sister, Mrs. Fred Dillen, last week.

Miss Wilda Merkley, one of the successful pupils who passed the entrance examinations in our school here left on Monday to attend the M.C.I.

Mrs. Alfred McMahon and little daughter, Mary, and Mrs. Pickering of Chesterville were the guests of Mrs. Robert Becksted on Sunday.

Mrs. Melvin Barkley and Mrs. George Hill have returned after spending a few days at Toronto.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hannah of Hoasic were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Prunner on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Barkley spent the latter part of the week with Cornwall friends.

ROWENA

Mr. and Mrs. J. Smyth Carter hgve returned to Toronto after spending their holidays at the former's parental home here.

Miss Lulu Loucks of Riverside is a guest of her cousin, Miss Cora Carter.

The Misses Mullin and Barkley have resumed their studies at the M.C.I. and I.H.S. respectively.

Mr. McLaughlin, representing Galbraith & Sons, Montreal, called here recently.

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of the late Miss Aggie Hamilton held at Dundela on Saturday last. The family have our most sincere sympathy.

Little Miss O. Jaffray has returned to her home in Morrisburg after spending her holidays with her friend, little Miss Beatrice Little.

NUDELL BUSH

Mrs. Wm. Henophy and children were guests at Mr. A. Becksted Snyder Hill over Sunday.

family were guests at Mr. George Casselman's this week.

We are pleased to state that Mrs. George Vassaw is improving slowly.

Mr. Wm. Prunner of Cornwall visited here this week.

Mr. Roy Casselman was a business caller at Riverside on Friday.

Mr. Willie Plantz has gone to Morrisburg to attend the Collegiate where he has been a student for the past year.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dain and family called on friends here on the 5th.

Mr. J. B. Baker was a business caller in town on Wednesday.

Miss Ida Doyle of N.Y., is spending a few days here the guest of her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. John Dell and Miss Nellie Bell were guests at Ferndale on the 5th.

NATION VALLEY

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Meldrum of Ottawa have returned home, having visited the latter's father, Mr. Alva Munroe.

Miss Bell Rae of Chesterville spent one day recently in the Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Judson Blanchard of Potsdam, N.Y., are visiting several relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. Mahon Hess of the Springs is doing carpenter work in the Valley.

Misses Tena Wilson and Ella Rae of Winchester spent the week-end with the latter's sister, Mrs. Ernest Grey.

Miss Marion McNaughton of Buffallo visited in the Valley before returning home.

Some from here attended the missionary meeting at Toye's Hill

The Misses Baldrey of Chesterville were visiting in the Valley.

Miss Eleanor Moodie of Montreal is visiting her brother, Norman.

Miss Margaret Gordon of Ottawa has been the guest of Miss Nellie Elliott.

NEW HOME

The Committee of the Liverpool Sheltering Homes (Incorporated) for orphan & Fatherless Children, have purchased the Marchmont Home at Belleville, Ont., and intend to remove their Office and Depot from Knowlton about September 14th. The property of the Knowlton Home has been sold to Mr. J. H. McKeown of Montreal. Miss Birt has recently arrived from England to carry out this move. The Home at Belleville was the first Home for distributing English Orphans in Canada. When the late Miss Annie Macpherson (Miss Birt's Aunt) landed in 1870 with 150 boys whom she had trained, in her four Orphan Homes in London, the County of Hastings invited Miss Macpherson to establish her Home there, and rented and furnished a house for the reception of the English Orphans. They afterwards built the present Home and presented it to her for the use of the children brought out. The opportunity having presented itself to Miss Birt she and her Committee in Liverpool have acquired the Home which is in good running order. They believe that Belleville is conveniently situated to enable them to supervise all the children hitherto placed out from Knowlton Que., many of whom are as near Belleville as they are to Knowlton. The Canadian Pacific R.R. and the Grand Trunk R.R., both run direct trains from Montreal through Belleville, and there is a good service on both lines.

Miss Birt wishes it to be understood by all the employers, and young people from the Knowlton Home, that supervision will be maintained as formerly over every child till 18 years of age, and that any employer wishing to return a child must do so after September 8th to Marchmont, Belleville, Ont. Employers and children will in future (after September 8th) direct all correspondence to Miss Birt, Marchmont Home, Belleville, Ont., giving as usual a fortnight's notice before returning a child, and sending their clothing back in good condition and equal in number to the original outfit. Wages due can be sent by P.O. to the Home.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

CENTRAL CANADA EXHIBITION
OTTAWA

Single first class fare good going from Sept. 10th to Sept. 17th 1915 inclusive. Valid to return within five days from the including date of sale

Excursion Fare, good going all trains Sept. 15th and a.m. trains Sept. 16th. 1915. Valid for return until Friday Sept. 17th., 1915.

CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS

Lowest Fairs, Greatest Variety of Routes, including the Transcontinental Line to Winnipeg or via the Great Lakes in Finest Steamships.

LABOR DAY, SEPT. 6, 1915.

Single Fare

Good going Monday, Sept. 6th, 1915, valid returning date of issue

Fare and One-Third

Good going Saturday, Sept 4th to Monday, Sept. 6th, 1915
Valid to return until Sept. 7, 1915

W. H. McGANNON, Local Agent.

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ESTABLISHED 1874

Head Office : - Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - - -	$ 4,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits -	4,978,299
Total Assets over - - -	50,000,000

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The largest and most costly steamer on any inland water of the world. Sleeping accommodations for 1500 passengers.
"CITY OF ERIE" —— 3 Magnificent Steamers —— "CITY OF BUFFALO"
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BUFFALO—Daily, May 1st to Dec. 1st—CLEVELAND
Leave Buffalo - - - 9:00 P. M. Leave Cleveland - - - 9:00 P. M.
Arrive Cleveland - - 7:30 A.M. Arrive Buffalo - - - 7:30 A. M.
(Eastern Standard Time)
Connections at Cleveland for Cedar Point, Put-in-Bay, Toledo, Detroit and all points West and Southwest. Railroad tickets reading between Buffalo and Cleveland are good for transportation on our steamers. Ask your ticket agent for tickets via C. & B. Line.
Beautifully colored sectional puzzle chart, showing both exterior and interior of The Great Ship "SEEANDBEE" sent on receipt of five cents to cover postage and mailing; also ask for our 24-page pictorial and descriptive booklet free.
THE CLEVELAND & BUFFALO TRANSIT CO., Cleveland, Ohio

Fall Fairs

Alexandria, Sept. 15th.
Alfred, September 28th.
Almonte, Sept 21-23.
Arnprior, Oct. 8-10.
Barrie, Sept. 20-22.
Belleville, Sept. 6-7.
Berwick, September 24th.
Prescott, Sept. 14-16.
RUSSELL, Sept. 30—Dec 1.
Renfrew, Sept. 22-24.
South Mountain, Sept. 9-10.
Spencerville, Sept. 28-29.
Toronto, Aug. 28-Sept 13.
Tweed, Sept. 29-30. 30.
Vankleek Hill 21-23.
Williamstown, Sept. 15-16.

THE 1915 CENTRAL CANADA

EXHIBITION

$25,000 IN PRIZES
$10,000 DISPLAY

OTTAWA

September 10=18

EXHIBITS FROM HOME FARM AND FACTORY

THIS FAIR HAS A NEW $5,000 DOMINION GRANT all added to utility classes of horses, cattle, sheep, swine & poultry

FREIGHT PAID on live stock exhibits from Ontario and Quebec

Horse Races, Baseball Match, Band Music, Live Stock Parade, Day Fireworks, Colossal Midway; Starting and ending on the grounds, William S. Luckey, famous American aviator, in daily.

AEROPLANE FLIGHTS : : NIGHT SHOWS

Presenting the eighth wonder of the world "The Birth of a Nation"; Griffith's Stupendous $500 000 Motion Picture. Powerful Drama Linking History of American Civil War to Romance. Marvellous display by the International Fireworks Co.

Reduced railway rates General admission 25c. 6 for $1; tickets on sale in advance. Grand stand seats reduced Entries close September 3rd. Write for prize list, entry forms program, dollar ticket strips. information to

McMAHON, Manager, - - - 26 Sparks Street, Ottawa

Buy this oven-tested flour

PURITY

Your oven will certainly produce more bread and better bread as a result of our oven test.

From each shipment of wheat delivered at our mills we take a ten-pound sample. It is ground into flour. We bake bread from this flour. If this bread is high in quality and large in quantity we use the shipment of wheat from which it came. Otherwise, we sell it.

The baking quality of flour sold under this name is therefore an exact certainty. Buy and benefit!

"More Bread and Better Bread" and "Better Pastry Too"

527

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

SCRANTON COAL

Place Your Order Now and Get the Summer Prices
Highest Grade of
PORTLAND CEMENT
and
PREPARED PLASTER
Always on Hand.

ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE
The Greatest Shingle Proposition on the Market.
BAMWELL NOXIE WIRE FENCE ALWAYS IN STOCK.

W. H. McGANNON

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL
CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

Fire! Fire!

Owners of buildings and content will do well to remember that Fire is liable to destroy their property when they least expect a visit from this destructive fiend. They will, therefore, consult their own best interests by insuring with the undersigned in the Royal and other good solid British companies.

Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and liberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY.
Local Agent, Morrisburg
D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector and Adjuster

CORNWALL
GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, President. J. C ALGUIRE, Sec'y-Treas

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



I'm going to fix up my house this winter with

NEPONSET
WALL BOARD
FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

This material is used instead of or over plaster and laths, or for partitions. It is made in three attractive finishes—Plain Oak, Cream White, and Burnt Leather and requires no further decoration. Any one can apply NEPONSET Wall Board with hammer and nails—furnished in large sheets *ready* for application.

W. H. McGANNON,
Morrisburg, Ont.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE BIG
OGDENSBURG FAIR
Sept. 20th, 21st, 22nd, 23rd, 24th, 1915

A MERRY MIDWAY OF FUN AND ENJOYMENT. All sorts of attractions that are clean
Nothing objectionable permitted.

MOTOR CYCLE RACES ON RACE TRACK.
DANCING PAVILION.
$1,000 STAKE RACE AND CLASS RACES EVERY DAY.
HORSE SHOW OF UNUSUAL STANDARD.
SPECIAL GRANDSTAND ATTRACTIONS not seen elsewhere in Northern New York.
AUTOMOBILE EXHIBITION, largely represented by makes of cars used in this section.
DAILY CONCERT BY OGDENSBURG BAND
1000 CLASSES IN POULTRY.
LARGE ENTRY LISTS IN CATTLE, SHEEP AND SWINE.
EDUCATIONAL
SCHOOL FAIR HELD IN CONNECTION WITH BIG FAIR.

PREMIUMS OF $10,000.00

REMEMBER THE DATES

Special Rates on all Railroads and Steamboats

A. IRVING, President. L. C. NASH, Sec'y.

SHARP ATTACK REPULSED

Dangerous Condition Relieved Just In Time By "Fruit-a-tives"



MR. F. J. CAVEEN

632 Gerrard St. East, Toronto.,

For two years, I was a victim of *Acute Indigestion and Gas In The Stomach*. It afterwards attacked my Heart, and I had pains all over the body, so I could hardly move around. I tried all kinds of medicines but none of them did me any good. At last, acting on the advice of a friend, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. I bought the first box last June, and now I am well, after using only three boxes. I recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' to anyone suffering from Indigestion, no matter how acute". FRED J. CAVEEN

Simple Indigestion often leads to *Heart Attacks, Catarrh of the Stomach and constant distress of mind and body*. If you are bothered with any Stomach Trouble, and especially if Constipation troubles you, take 'Fruit-a-tives'.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Have You Tried This Wonderful Product?

Special Sale on

PALMOLIVE

80c. Worth for 50c.

Shampoo, 50c.
2 Cakes Soap 30c

This Bargain For 50c.

"PALMOLIVE is made in CANADA"

Cream 50c.
Soap 30c.

80c. Worth For 50c.

First Come, First Served. Our stock is limited and you don't want to miss this Bargain.

FOR SALE BY

D. T. HENDERSON

The Rexall Store

MORRISBURG, - - ONT.

Constipation-- the bane of old age is not to be cured by harsh purgatives; they rather aggravate the trouble. For a gentle, but sure laxative, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They stir up the liver, tone the nerves and freshen the stomach and bowels just like an internal bath.



CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS



Woman's best friend.

From girlhood to old age, these little red health restorers are an unfailing guide to an active liver and a clean, healthy, normal stomach. Take a Chamberlain's Stomach Tablet at night and the sour stomach and fermentation, and the headache, have all gone by morning.

All druggists, 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto 12

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Elza Barkley of Dunbar were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Peter McIntosh on Thursday.

We are glad to see the smiling countenance of Rheuben behind the counter again at the corner store after his illness.

Mrs. C. W. Norval and Miss Amanda Robinson returned from Lancaster on Monday last.

Miss Flo. Casselman of Dundela visited Miss Ethel McIntosh last week.

Rev. D. A. Ferguson arrived home on Friday last after having spent very pleasant holidays at Winnipeg.

Mr. H. Hamilton of Toronto has been engaged as principal of the Williamsburg Public School for the coming year.

The Misses Bessie and Pearl Becksted of Montreal are spending a few days guests of Miss Alice Buchann.

Rev. Donald Fetterley of Rose Bay, Nova Scotia, occupied the pulpit of the Lutheran Church on Sunday last in the absence of Rev. J. Maurer who is spending a few weeks at Montreal and other points.

Mr. Forbie Merkley left on Wednesday last for Guelph, where he will resume his studies.

Mr. Ralph McIntosh arrived home last week from Evesham, Saskatchewan, where he spent his holidays.

Rev. W. T. Keough of Elma surprised his congregation on Sunday evening last by announcing his intention of joining the 77th Regiment of Ottawa as Chaplain. He will be in training at Ottawa for some time before leaving for the front.

Miss Maggie Fisher and Miss Alice Cheverier of Casselman and Mr. Mart Casselman of Cardinal, were guests of Miss Lena Casselman on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Garlough and son, William, motored to Casselman on Friday last.

We have this week to record the death of Mrs. Joe Shennett of Williamsburg which took place on Tuesday afternoon, August 31st., after only a few days' illness. The funeral took place on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock from her late residence to the Methodist Church, Williamsburg.

Rev. W. T. Keough conducted the funeral service. The floral offerings were very beautiful and the church was neatly decorated with snow-white flowers and ferns She leaves to mourn her loss two sons and a kind husband. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the bereaved family.

A thoroughly pleasant time was spent at the home of Miss Josephine Whittaker on Saturday afternoon when about twenty-five girl friends of Miss Verna Whittaker gathered as a surprise to her prior to her marriage. About 5 o'clock all were gathered on the lawn where a sumptuous repast was spread with Miss Vernia Whittaker as honored guest, and just as they were sitting down to the table a great variety of useful and very pretty articles were showered upon her. After well-wishes to the bride-to-be and a vote of thanks to the hostess all joined in singing Auld Lang Syne.

Mrs. J. D. Becksted and Miss Jessie were to Brinston on Sunday visiting at Mrs. J. C. Paynes.

Miss Stella Barkley was the guest of Miss Amber McIntosh on Sunday last.

AULTSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Droppo and son, of Finch were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Beckstead over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hanes and son, George, and Mr. Garnet Hanes who have been spending their holidays here left for their home in Chicago on Sunday.

Mr. C. Ault and family have returned to their home in town after spending the summer at Breezy Knoll Cottage on the Island.

Mrs. Wells and Master Raymond left on Monday for their home in Rochester after a week's visit with friends here.

Mrs. P. Hunter met with a painful accident at Cornwall this week. falling and injuring her shoulder.

Sergt. Empey was in town on Monday.

Messrs. I. J. and Chas. Cramer, Miss Wells and Miss Addie Cramer motored to Toronto on Monday to attend the exhibition.

Mr. and Mrs. F. T. Shaver are attending the Fair at Brockville this week.

Mr. Chas. Cook of Smiths Falls spent the week-end here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Cook.

Miss Nora Bush and Mr. Stafford of Watertown, N.Y., spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bush.

Mr. Harold Froats has been engaged on the G.T.R. at Belleville with the Bridge and Building Department.

Mrs. R. A. Baker is spending a few days at Farran's Point with her daughter, Mrs. Garnet Baker.

Mr. George Markell of Belleville spent Sunday weith his family here.

Miss Martha Raney is spending a few days in Rochester with her sister, Mrs. Campbell.

Dr. Stewart has returned from England and is with his family here for a few weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Jamieson and Miss Morrison of Morrisburg, Miss Corbett and Mr. Robt. Henderson of Kingston were calling on Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan and family

Miss Hazel Markell is spending a few days with friends in Montreal.

There passed away at Aultsville, August 24th, 1915, Hilda Pearle Vincent, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Vincent, aged four months and twenty-five days. The funeral services were held from the home to the Methodist Church on August 26th. Interment being at the North cemetery. Rev. N. McLaren conducted the services in the absence of the pastor.

The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved parents.

Now like a dew-drop,
Within a crystal stone shrined
Thou'st safe in Heaven my dove,
Safe with the source of love
The Everlasting One.

And when the hour arrives
From flesh that sets me free,
Thy spirit may await the first at
Heaven's gate
To meet and welcome me.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Mrs. James Salmons and the Misses Celista and Ina were at Mrs. Martha Watson's on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Wells spent Sunday in Uncle Sam's Domain.

Miss Laura Cook of Moose Jaw, Sask., formerly of this place, is visiting friends in our Burg.

Mrs. Frank Casselman was visiting friends at Mountain last week

Mrs. Cornelius Wells spent a couple of days last week with her daughter at Goose Neck Island.

Mr. Irvine Burnside and daughter, Jennie were visiting friends last week in Uncle Sam's Domain.

Our school has reopened with Mrs. George Cramer as teacher.

Mr. Thomas Beckstead spent a few days at his home last week.

Mrs. James Vanallen spent one day last week with Mrs Nelson Castleman.

Mr. Floyd Wells of Montreal is visiting his home this week.

Mr. Thomas Garlough was at Williamsburg on Tuesday.

Mr. Arthur Willard was at Riverside on Friday.

Mrs. Nellie Cross is visiting her sister, Mrs. Maggie McPherson.

FROATBURN

School reopened the first and Miss Myrtle Cleland of Mariatown is the teacher.

Mr. A. B. Sherman and daughter Miss Gladys, and Mr. George Dartis of Morrisburg called at Jas. Schwerdfeger's on Thursday.

Mr. John Shaughnessy of Hoasic passed through Froatburn on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Casselman of Morrisburg spent Sunday at Nathan Tupper's.

Messrs. Fred Wells and Roy Swerdfeger of Hoasic, passed through here on Saturday enroute to Morrisburg.

Mrs. David Froats is spending this week the guest of her daughter Mrs. John Styles.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Watson spent Friday at C. O'Shaughnessy, Bouck's Hill.

Mrs. P. D. Schell is spending this week in Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Reddick of Glen Becker spent one evening last week at George Prunner's.

Mr. and Mrs. John Duprau of Riverside and Mrs. Martha Styles passed through here on Sunday.

Mrs. J. J. Styles spent Sunday at J. Style's.

BRINSTON

Mr. A. R. Cooper, M.A., who has spent the summer at his home here, left on Tuesday to attend the University of Illinois at Urbana, Ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Whittaker spent last week with friends at Kenmore.

Miss Lena Wallace attended the millinery openings at Toronto last last week.

Mrs. Code of Smiths Falls visited Mrs. S. Feader last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Merkley of Iroquois passed through town on Saturday enroute to Mountain Station.

A few from here attended the funeral of the late Miss Aggie Hamilton of Dundela on Saturday.

The pupils of the I.H.S. returned to Iroquois on Monday to resume their studies.

Mr. Herman Hamilton has been engaged as principal of the Williamsburg Public School.

Mrs. Jas. Murray spent Saturday at Iroquois.

Miss Agnes Clark returned home on Friday, having spent a few days in Massena, N.Y.

Miss Luella Bell left last week to visit friends in Ottawa and Carp.

DUNDELA

Miss Aggie Hamilton of Hamilton's Corners died Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock and was buried Saturday at 10.30. A large crowd attended her funeral.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Devaul of Morrisburg were under the parental roof on Sunday night.

Mr. John Barnhart of Inkerman visited his parents on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Dillabough of Dunbar were visiting Mr. Well Merkley on Sunday.

Mr. Kenneth McIntosh of Dundela was visiting Mr. Joe Lock on Sunday.

Mr. Arthur Collison of Brockville is visiting his aunt and Uncle for a few days.

GALLINGERTOWN

Miss Iva Southworth of Buffalo, N.Y., spent Thursday last the guest of her cousin, F. Gallinger.

The Misses Jennie and Ernestine Martin have returned to their home in Ottawa after spending a month with their uncle, Wilbert Gallinger.

Mrs. Durham Cook and little granddaughter, Dora Casselman of Aultsville, accompanied by Mrs. Cook's son, Charles Cook, of Smith's Falls spent Monday with friends in Gallingertown.

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Southworth and daughters, Ruth and Grace, of Buffalo were guests at G. Gallinger's last week.

Mrs. Clarence Baker and Miss Clara and Master Hubert of Archer were guests in Gallingertown on Tuesday.

TWO WOMEN SAVED FROM OPERATIONS

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—Their Own Stories Here Told.

Edmonton, Alberta, Can. — "I think it is no more than right for me to thank you for what your kind advice and Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound have done for me.

"When I wrote to you some time ago I was a very sick woman suffering from female troubles. I had organic inflammation and could not stand or walk any distance. At last I was confined to my bed, and the doctor said I would have to go through an operation, but this I refused to do. A friend advised Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and now, after using three bottles of it, I feel like a new woman. I most heartily recommend your medicine to all women who suffer with female troubles. I have also taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, and think they are fine. I will never be without the medicine in the house."—Mrs. FRANK EMSLEY, 903 Columbia Avenue, Edmonton, Alberta.

The Other Case.

Beatrice, Neb.—"Just after my marriage my left side began to pain me and the pain got so severe at times that I suffered terribly with it. I visited three doctors and each one wanted to operate on me but I would not consent to an operation. I heard of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was doing for others and I used several bottles of it with the result that I haven't been bothered with my side since then. I am in good health and I have two little girls."—Mrs. R. B. CHILD, Beatrice, Neb.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

AUTO LIVERY

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

Cars are kept in good repair, being thoroughly examined daily and therefore you are assured a reliable service. : : : : :

Iroquois, 1—4 passengers	$2.00
Williamsburg, 1—4 passengers	2.00
Aultsville, 1—4 Passengers	2.50
Cornwall 1—4 Passengers	7.00

Meet Trains When Called

Wilfrid Quenneville

MORRISBURG, : : : ONT

Patriotic Meeting

Public Presentation of Guns

MUSIC HALL, MORRISBURG

TUESDAY, SEPT. 14th

AT 8 O'CLOCK

Some of Canada's Cleverest Statesmen and Military Men will be present.

The guns will be presented by Mrs. G. W. Cook, Chairman of the Recruiting Committee, and received on behalf of the Government by Hon. A. Meighen.

100 Reserved Seats will be held till 7.50 for officers and privates in uniform.

All the Reeves, Members and Officers of Municipal Councils in Dundas and surrounding country are specially requested to be present.

MORRISBURG BAND IN ATTENDANCE

Gallery Reserved for Ladies and Escorts

I. HILLIARD, K. C., Secretary

G. W. COOK, ESQ., President

Overland

1916 MODEL NO. 83 T

35 H. P. Touring Car fully equipped, electric lights and starter for

$1050

WILLYS OVERLAND CO., Hamilton.

THOMAS FAULKNER, Morewood.

About the Household

Dainty Dishes.

Corn Oysters.—Score down centre of each row of grains on cob and press out pulp with dull knife. To pulp of dozen ears add level teaspoon salt, one saltspoon pepper and three well-beaten eggs. Drop in tablespoonfuls on hot greased griddle, in oyster shape. Brown on one side, then on other, and serve immediately on hot dish. Tomato sauce goes well with corn oysters.

Peach Petty.—Skin, stone and slice ripe peaches. Pick stale bread into tiny shreds, then pack alternate layers of bread and peaches in pudding dish, sprinkling sugar over fruit and dotting bread crumbs sparingly with butter. Bottom layer should be peaches, top layer bread. Over top pour a little melted butter and sprinkle with sugar. Bake until fruit is tender and top nicely browned.

Stuffed Sweet Peppers.—Remove seeds from six sweet peppers and cook peppers in boiling water until tender. Make forcemeat of one cup tomato pulp from which juice has been drained; one-half cup bread crumbs, one teaspoon minced onion, a few of the pepper seeds, all well mixed together and thoroughly seasoned with salt and pepper. Stuff peppers and lay in baking dish. Pour one tablespoon cream over each pepper, lay generous slice butter on each and bake in moderate oven twenty minutes.

Boiled Tongue.—Wash and clean tongue and cover with boiling water. Add one-fourth cup each of chopped carrot, turnip and onion, four cloves, two pepper-corns, bouquet of sweet herbs and salt to taste. Simmer until tongue is tender. Cool in kettle, remove skin, place in dripping pan, brush with melted butter, cover with buttered crumbs and bake twenty minutes, basting often with chicken stock or hot water.

Sauce Piquante.—Three tablespoon butter, four tablespoons flour, one and one-half cups stock, one-half teaspoon salt, one-fourth teaspoon pepper, two tablespoons vinegar, one tablespoon capers and one tablespoon each chopped chives, olives, pepper and pickle. Cook five last named in vinegar five minutes and add to brown sauce made of butter flour and stock. Simmer twenty minutes and serve.

Sour Cream Pie.—One cup of thick sour cream, one-half cup sugar, one cup chopped raisins, two eggs, one and one-half tablespoons flour, two tablespoons powdered sugar, one teaspoon cinnamon, one teaspoon cloves, few grains nutmeg, few grains salt and pastry. Mix raisins, sugar, flour, salt and spices together, add sour cream, mixed with egg yolk, slightly beaten. Line pie pan with pastry, pour in mixture and bake about twenty-five minutes in moderate oven. Make meringue of egg whites and powdered sugar, heap on pie and cook for ten minutes in slow oven.

Pea Timbales.—One cupful pea pulp (from fresh canned or dried peas), two eggs, two tablespoonfuls thick cream, one tablespoonful butter, two-thirds teaspoonful salt, one-eighth teaspoonful black pepper, a few grains of cayenne, and add onion juice. Beat the eggs, mix with pea pulp, add butter, melted, and other ingredients, and turn into buttered molds. Bake in pan of hot water until firm, and serve with one cupful white sauce, to which has been added one-third cupful cooked and drained peas. A teaspoonful of finely chopped mint leaves may be added for seasoning if liked. Cubes or figures cut from tender cooked carrot in the sauce give a good color effect.

Household Hints.

To clean kid gloves use a soft piece of indiarubber.

A pretty table with everything fresh upon it helps to give food a relish in oppressively hot weather.

When iodine is spilled on sheets or clothing, simply soak the article 24 hours in cold water.

Paint bedsprings with aluminum paint and you will have no trouble with rust on your sheets.

The best dressing for most vegetables is simple butter. White sauces are apt to ruin the flavor.

Buttermilk is a cheap and valuable food. If served with potatoes it is a cheap and wholesome dish.

Nuts are a cheap food, and may form the staple of an uncooked meal. If ground they are easy of digestion.

If you find yourself without shoe polish in the morning a little lemon juice applied will produce a brilliant polish.

Drying dishes with towels is not the best or most cleanly method. A well-scalded and drained plate is much cleaner than one that has been dried with the average towel.

If 30 per cent. more vegetables (varied in kind and well cooked) and 30 per cent. less meat are served up hardly anyone will notice the difference—except the housekeeper when she makes up her accounts.

To keep color of catsup put whole cloves and allspice into a new soap shaker; use as a spoon in stirring the catsup. In this way the flavor of the spices is grained without sacrificing the color of the catsup.

The best way to warm a joint of meat is to wrap it in thickly greased paper and keep it covered while in the oven. By having it covered thus the steam will prevent the meat from becoming hard and dry, and the joint will get hot through in less time.

The watermelon when ripe is considered excellent for liver, kidney or bladder affections. Among the peasants of Russia and Turkey, fresh watermelon juice is held in high esteem for intestinal catarrh or dropsical affections.

If you put a tablespoonful of powdered chalk in a cup and mix it to a cream with turpentine, then add a teaspoonful of liquid ammonia, and put it in a tin, it makes an excellent brass polish; it will also make the lids of your saucepans shine like silver.

The next time you have a hole in a stocking that you dread to tackle baste a square of net over the hole. Then darn in the usual way. Draw the threads back and forth through the meshes of the net, skipping every other one, so that in darning in the opposite direction there is a mesh to darn through.

Stickiness of the needle is a drawback from which many embroiderers suffer. If the hands become moist they should be dusted with a talcum powder after being washed, or a little borax can be used. An emery cushion should be in constant use. If the worker does not wish to take time to get up frequently to wash her hands a wet cloth can be kept beside the worktable.

To keep the stove clean rub off all grease with newspaper while the stove is still hot. When the stove needs polishing use a paint brush, and thus avoid getting the hands soiled. You can also reach the small crevices more readily with the brush. When taking up ashes, if you dampen a newspaper and cover the ash pail you will not be troubled with ashes falling over everything.

Never put food away in the safe until it is quite cold, or it will probably turn off. Never let anything cool with the lid on. Never leave a metal spoon in any food; even a silver spoon is affected by salt. Never let anything remain all night in a saucepan—and especially not in enamel ware; many deaths have been caused by the neglect of this rule since foods will often become poisoned by being allowed to stand in such cooking utensils. The only really safe receptacle for food to remain in is one of china, glass, or crockery.

THE NEW BARN ROOF.

To build a satisfactory barn roof requires a considerable amount of thought and care. When an entirely new barn is being built it is not so hard as when a new roof has to be put on an old barn. The first thing that a barn roof should possess is ability to keep out the rain and wind. Many barn roofs, although built strongly and well, because of a loose board or shingle, or some little defect, have literally gone up in the air and caused the owner to go up in the air, too, the morning after a storm, when he finds the roof off his barn. Be sure, then, that the roofing material, whatever it may be, is put on firmly and well.

Nowadays, when labor is so scarce, it is better to have the hay stored over the stable. Thus, a lot of carrying and forking is done away with. A large, roomy loft over the first story, then, is necessary. The roof should be constructed so that the maximum of loft space will be available. The theory often advanced that a sanitary barn—especially a dairy barn—should have an overhead loft, does not hold. It is refuted by the experience of the majority of our most successful producers of pure milk. The only thing is, that care should be taken that the hay is not thrown down when the cows are being milked. The loft floor should be made dust-proof, and while not in actual use hay openings should be kept closed to prevent the sifting down of dust. As a rule, profitable stock raising and dairying depends on the growing of large amounts of hay and roughage on the farm. A large, roomy loft furnishes by far the cheapest hay storage. Ample loft room allows all hay to be placed directly in the barn from the swath.

The question, then, is what is the style of roof that will give most loft room? The old triangle gable roof has given good service in times past, but on all up-to-date farms it is being replaced by the gambrel or self-supporting roof.

This kind of roof has many advantages over the old style of roof. It not only gives more room in the loft, but it does away with the necessity of having heavy supporting posts and cross beams that are apt to interfere with the moving away of the hay. It is strong and easy to construct.

Some dairymen, such, for instance, as those who live near cities and feed their cattle chiefly baled hay, do not require much storage room, and the gable style of roof may do well enough, but even in cases of this sort it is often desirable to store hay and grain a considerable length of time. Everything considered, the self-supporting roof is the more desirable, and when a new roof is being put on it is the one to use.—The Canadian Countryman.

"Did your watch stop when it dropped on the floor?" asked one man of his friend. "Of course," was the answer. "Did you thing it would go through?"

NEWS FROM ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Lieut. Lord Dalmeny of the Grenadier Guards, heir to Lord Rosebery, has been wounded in action.

The latest estimate of the number of shops in England which have had to close owing to the high prices of meat is 5,000.

Two donations, one of $25,000 and another of $5,000, received by the Central Board of the Church of England, have been invested in war loans.

In the village of Bayford, Somerset, a woman over 60 years of age, with three sons at the front, has taken the place of one of them who was the village postman.

Skilled men in the service of the Hammersmith Borough Council are to make munitions at the Borough Council's workshops under the direction of the borough engineer.

London Education Committees have decided that the Union Jack is to be displayed at the schools and other buildings on Oct. 21, the anniversary of the Battle of Trafalgar.

A firm of warehousemen in London has just received a large quantity of figured delaine and flannel goods marked for the first time in 45 years, "manufactured in Alsace, France."

A statement has been given out by the Liverpool and London War Risks Association, through which the British Government has been furnished marine insurance, showing that losses paid up to the present time amount to $21,233,425.

With the aid of a gypsy basket-maker and the village schoolmaster, a small industry of basket-making has been started at Busbridge, near Godalming, and an order for baskets for shells has been secured from Messrs. Vickers works at Barrow.

MUNITION WORKERS.

Efficiency of Volunteers Has Been Greatly Improved.

The stockbrokers and their clerks of the London Stock Exchange are proving their worth in voluntary enlisting as munition workers. At the outset the results of the voluntary efforts were, of course, comparatively poor as compared with the output of the regular workers. Gradually, however, there has been a "speeding-up," which has brought an average Sunday's work of the Stock Exchange munition volunteers within measurable distance of that which is customary during a day in normal times on the part of the regular employes.

As, however, the amateur operators have increased their efficiency, so have the week-day workers added to their production, so much so that the output per professional munition worker is now at least 70 per cent. higher than it was at the commencement of the war, and there does not appear to be much further room for improvement, as many of the machines are being operated to their utmost capacity.

It is very noteworthy, however, that the Stock Exchange workers and other volunteers, whose hands suffer severely from manual labor, have been able, within a short time from their enlistment in the rank of munition producers, to manipulate their machines with an efficiency which in normal times would compare very fairly with those of skilled operators.

"People now-a-days," said the old house cat, "don't know how to raise children. They let the youngsters have their own way too much. "That's right," replied the old brood hen. "Now, look at these chicks of mine. They wouldn't have amounted to anything if they hadn't been sat upon."

TELL YOUR FORTUNE?

Much Depends Upon the Interpreter of Teacup Signs.

Can you tell fortunes in teacups?

Perhaps you are one of those who, while laughing to scorn the mysteries therein, are always eager to know what Fate holds for you.

Anyhow, you will find a wonderful amount of fun and not a little prophecy in following these rules for reading the contents of the teacup.

First of all, take the cup in your left hand and shake it carefully to mix up the dregs, then place it upside down in the saucer, and move it right round three times. Now forecast.

If a little string of tea leaves runs right around the cup, it means a journey. An anchor is a fine omen—it stands for hope and good luck. If it is near the top of the cup, it may mean a sea-voyage; and if that most popular symbol of all, a ring, be near it, a honeymoon may be mixed up with the voyage.

All women look for a ring in the teacup. It may be a tiny circle of tea leaves or grounds, it may be just tiny spikes forming a circle, or it may be a single curled leaf.

Should this ring come near the top of the cup, a marriage is very near; but if it is at the bottom, the wedding will not be so soon. Much merriment can be caused if the ring is discovered in the cup of a married person, by forecasting a second marriage—of course, in the far-away future.

Good luck is always predicted by the clover leaf and the horseshoe; flowers denote success; a cross forecasts sorrow; an umbrella foretells a storm; fruit means health; while little yellow particles in the bottom of the cup are a sure indication of money.

Beware of an enemy if a snake lies in the bottom of the cup; but take comfort in a good friend if a horse or a dog is depicted near the snake. Deceit is about when a cat is shown.

Hasty tidings, probably a telegram, are foretold by a galloping horse, but they are not necessarily bad, and the luck is decidedly good if the horse has a rider.

Much depends upon the interpreter of teacup fortunes. A clever girl can create quite a little air of mystery round her fortune-telling, and make a lot of harmless fun and conjecture on a dull afternoon.

PROFITS FROM ROTATION.

The crops are rotated on the twenty-three demonstration farms operated in North Dakota. This gives each crop the best chance to do well. In 1914, the average cost per acre of producing the crops was $9.13, the average income per acre was $17.49, leaving an average net return of $8.36. The net profits per acre from each crop was: Corn, $8.49; hard wheat, $8.02; durum, $18.33; oats, $7.87; barley, $2.07; oats and peas, $7.83; clover, $8.96; timothy and clover, $17.36; potatoes, $9.51; winter rye, $10.80; alfalfa, $20.95; and millet a loss of $1.86. The first of these farms was started nine years ago. A five to six year rotation is practised on most of them.

In Germany the prefix "von," as in Von Hindenburg, means "Court worthy." It is granted by the Sovereign, who alone can raise a man from the rank of a citizen to that of a gentleman.

Client—"I want to sue for a divorce and an allowance of fifteen hundred dollars a year." Lawyer—"What is your husband's income?" Client—"It's about that. I wouldn't ask for more than a man makes. I'm not that kind.

One night when her grandmother was putting her in bed, three year old Olive said: "Grandma, every night when I go to bed I ask God to make brother Fred a good boy." "That is right," said her grandmother. "But He hasn't done it yet," replied Olive soberly.



THE KAISER—"AH, IF I COULD ONLY QUIT NOW!"
—From The New York Evening Sun.

THE BY-PRODUCT THAT SAVES DOLLARS

Don't Let the Apples Go to Waste—They May Be Manufactured at Home—How Vinegar of Prime Quality is Made

By G. J. Culham, B.S.A.

A drive through the rural districts of Ontario in the early or late fall leaves several impressions. Of these, one of the outstanding, is the more or less large amount of apples going to waste. Many orchards remain unpicked, and those having been picked show still plenty of apples left. Why should this state of affairs exist; is there no possible use for these culls and windfalls other than feed and manure? Cider and cider-vinegar making should to some extent help solve the problem and at the same time return a fair rate of inteerst on any capital invested.

The manufacture of cider vinegar on the farm is not uncommon, yet it is not as prevalent a practice as it should be. Wherever apples are grown there is an opportunity of producing a good quality of cider vinegar, and such vinegar can readily find a market. Cider vinegar is second only to wine vinegar in flavor and will therefore be used in the household in preference to the more expensive wine vinegar or less tasty chemically prepared wood vinegar.

How to Manufacture Vinegar on the Farm.

Only ripe apples should be used. Most of the common varieties available will do when ripe, but they do not contain enough sugar when green. The apples must be clean, not decayed or overripe. Dirty apples are apt to carry bacteria of an undesirable nature into the juice which would cause various bad flavors in the vinegar.

The juice is removed from the fruit by grinding and pressing. If the manufacture of vinegar is to be made on a more or less large scale a cider press will be necessary; if on a small scale a hand press may be used. The large presses are expensive to instal and operate and need a special building and power outfit. The hand presses are of very small capacity and only small quantities of vinegar could be made with them. If there is

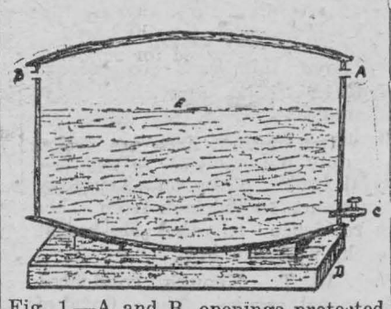


Fig. 1.—A and B, openings protected by cheese cloth. C, spigot. D, stand. E, surface of liquid.

a cider mill in the vicinity it would be better to make use of it. The cost of grinding and pressing the apples is low compared to the installation of private presses. The presses and other utensils, which are apt to get dirty, should always be kept very clean, for here again harmful bacteria and yeasts may enter the juice and spoil the vinegar.

In the manufacture of cider vinegar two important fermentations play a part: alcoholic, where the fresh apple juice is fermented by yeasts and 5/10% of alcohol is produced; acetic fermentation, which turns the alcohol into vinegar and is caused by bacteria of a certain kind which make up the "Mother," 4/5% of acid is produced. Both processes are necessary for vinegar making; they must be kept distinct or poor results will follow.

The steps as here outlined will keep these two fermentations distinct.

Be Sure the Barrels are Clean.

The barrels to be used should be new or cleaned in such a way that all traces of the previous contents are removed. Should any be left it will spoil the flavor of the vinegar, also it may stop the fermentations altogether and the whole process will then be a failure. Thorough washing with scalding water should be given even when the barrels have been recently used for cider or vinegar. The forty-gallon barrel is the most serviceable size.

Before putting the apple juice into the barrel it is well to let it stand for two or three days in an open end barrel to let some of the solids settle out. Then the juice is drawn off carefully, so that the settlings will be undisturbed, and put into a closed barrel, as shown in figure 1. At all times it is well to try to get rid of any settlings, as by so doing, a clearer, brighter and therefore more attractive vinegar is made. Metal ware should be carefully avoided throughout all operations.

Alcoholic Fermentation.

When the barrel is about half filled it should be put in a cellar or room where the temperature runs between 45 and 60 deg. F. This is the best temperature for the yeast to grow and to produce a maximum amount of alcohol. The apple juice usually contains the right kind of yeasts, but to make certain and to make the fermentation more rapid, it is well to add yeasts. The best yeast to add is bakers' yeast, one small cake to 5 to 10 gallons of juice. Any of the yeasts used in the home for bread making will do. The cake should be dissolved in a few pints of water and then thoroughly mixed with the juice. By adding the yeasts, alcoholic fermentation will be complete in about three months, if the temperature is right. If the temperature is a little too low or if no yeasts have been added, it will be probably twice that long.

Acetic or Vinegar Fermentation.

When alcoholic fermentation is completed it is well to again draw off the top liquid and avoid settlings. The barrel should be well washed out and the clear liquid replaced. Though it is not absolutely necessary it is better to then add 2 to 4 quarts of old vinegar which contains the "Mother of Vinegar." The barrel must be on its side and not more than two-thirds full; this gives a large surface exposed to the air. The more the air admitted in this way the more thorough will the fermentation be. The temperature at which the barrels are kept will make a big difference in the time to complete the fermentation. At 50 to 70 deg. F. it will require from 18 to 24 months; in a warmer place, 12 to 18 months. If a good mother has been added and the temperature is high it will be complete in from 6 to 12 months.

In the method just described only the barrel is needed, but the process is slow and only small quantities can be made. To make larger quantities a large number of barrels would be required and therefore much more room. To avoid this there is another

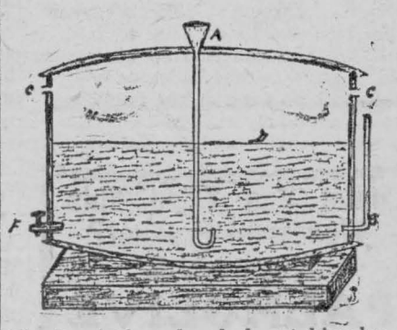


Fig. 2.—A, funnel and glass tubing by which juice enters under the "mother." B, glass tube to show height of liquid in barrel. C, opening protected by cheese cloth. D, "mother" on surface of liquid. E, stand. F, spigot.

method, which, if followed, will give the best quality of vinegar in the minimum amount of time.

Figure 2 shows the barrel used. An ordinary barrel is fitted out cheaply with the necessary funnel and tubing. The barrel is half filled with the fermented juice and the mother added. At the end of three to four weeks, in a warm room, one-fourth of the liquid may be drawn off by the lower bung. The barrel must not be disturbed. The amount drawn off is replaced by the same amount of new liquid and is run in by the top funnel and tube, so that it is delivered **underneath** the mother. If on top it will spoil the mother and the fermentation.

This method makes a fine quality of vinegar and is of very little extra expense other than the greater attention demanded. The increased amount made in a given time offsets the added expense and labor.

The Care of Cider Vinegar.

After the vinegar fermentation is complete a certain amount of care is needed, otherwise the fermentation will go further and the vinegar will be lost. Care must be taken, as at all times, to keep the vinegar free from dirt, flies and anything which would carry bacteria into it. It has been shown before that for the vinegar fermentation to proceed, a large amount of air is necessary; hence to stop it the first means is to exclude the air. When the vinegar is drawn from the barrel it can be bottled, barrelled, or put in small kegs to suit the market. Whatever the container, it should be filled as full as possible and all bungs closed tightly.

Summary.

Use only clean, sound apples. Use all cleanliness in obtaining the juice. Have clean and well scalded barrels, fill about one-half to three-quarters full of juice. Cover bungs with cheese cloth to prevent entrance of flies and dirt. Keep barrels at from 65 to 70 deg. F. if rapid fermentation is desired; yeast added shortens period of fermentation. For vinegar fermentation add some old vinegar with mother and keep at a temperature of from 65 to 75 deg. F. Fill the containers as full as possible with the vinegar and cork tightly.—Canadian Countryman.

Armageddon, according to the Revelation of St. John, is the great battle in which the last conflict between good and evil is to be fought.

Petrograd contains the most wonderful clock in the world. There are 95 faces to this colossal timepiece, which indicates simultaneously the time of day at 30 different places, besides the movement of the earth around the sun, the phases of the moon, the signs of the zodiac, and the date according to the Gregoriau, Greek, Mussulman, and Hebrew calendars. The works took two years to put together after the clock had been sent in detached pieces from Switzerland to Russia.

CHILDHOOD DANGERS.

No symptoms that indicate any of the ailments of childhood should be allowed to pass without prompt attention. The little ailment may soon become a serious one and perhaps a little life passes out. If Baby's Own Tablets are kept in the house minor troubles can be promptly cured and serious ones averted. The Tablets can be given to the new-born babe as well as the growing child. Thousands of mothers use no other medicine for their little ones. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

NO REFUND OF WAR TAX.

A matter of importance to the public and the railways has been settled by the Government. A nice point has been raised as to the possibility of refund of the war tax in case a person should change his or her mind in regard to the contemplated trip by train or boat. If the railways insisted upon the tax in such cases of changed intention, it was altogether likely that the public would set them down as extortioners.

Accordingly the railways submitted the questions to the Government—what should be done in case unused tickets presented for refund to agent before the train starts; to agent or general office after train departs; the same or some following day; in the case of passenger tickets; in the case of sleeping car tickets; in the case of parlor car tickets; in the case of steamship tickets. The answer which the railways received was as follows:

There can be no refund of the tax under any circumstances. Once the ticket is sold and the tax collected, it is as though it were in the Dominion coffers and nothing but an act of Parliament can get it out again. It was explained by the Dominion authorities that in order to prevent the confusion that would arise in applying literally the millions of tax stamps that would have been required on railway tickets and the consequent difficulties which would have ensued owing to delay in affixing and cancellation of stamps, the present method had been adopted, and, that as none of the public could have reasonably expected a refund on a stamp that had been affixed and cancelled, if ticket were refunded upon, so also no refund may be expected wherever a tax had been collected, and the ticket unused and refunded upon. In other words, the act of purchase of the ticket in accordance with the Tax Act is a completed transaction so far as the collection of the tax is concerned, and under no circumstances as the law now stands could it be refunded. To make a refund of the tax possible a special act would have to be passed by parliament.

WHAT BRITISH LEADERS SAY.

Nothing counts except to save the national life.—Lord Haldane.

This is not a time for profit, but for equality of sacrifice.—Mr. McKenna.

Victory will come, but it will not come of itself. We have got to win it, and the whole nation has got to win it.—Mr. Bonar Law.

If we lose this war, not only is the possibility of votes for women going to disappear, but also votes for men will be a thing of the past.—Mrs. Pankhurst.

It is the duty of every First Lord of the Admiralty to maintain the fleet at all times in a state of instant and constant readiness for war.—Mr. Asquith.

The Government still hold that the practices of German submarines are not only in flagrant breach of the laws of war, but are mean, cowardly, and brutal.—Mr. Balfour.

We hold only thirty-five miles of battle front, as against more than 300 miles held by the French, but those thirty-five miles are the crux of the position.—Ben Tillett.

FAMILY FOOD

Crisp, Toothsome, and Requires No Cooking.

A little boy asked his mother to write an account of how Grape-Nuts food had helped their family.

She says Grape-Nuts was first brought to her attention where she visited.

"While I was there I used the food regularly. I gained weight and felt so well that when I returned home I began using Grape-Nuts in the family regularly.

"My little 18-months-old baby shortly after being weaned was very ill while teething. She was sick nine weeks, and we tried everything. She became so emaciated that it was painful to handle her, and we thought we were going to lose her. One day a happy thought urged me to try Grape-Nuts soaked in a little warm milk.

"Well, it worked like a charm, and she began taking it regularly, and improvement set in at once. She grew well and round and fat as fast as possible on Grape-Nuts.

"Some time ago several of the family were stricken with La Grippe at the same time, and during the worst stages they could not relish anything in the shape of food but Grape-Nuts and oranges, everything else was nauseating.

"We all appreciate what your famous food has done for our family."

"There's a Reason."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.



REVENGE

—From The Rochester Herald.—

THE ROLL CALL.

A Song for Canadian Soldiers and Others.

This song has made "a hit" with the boys in the training camps and at the front. As a part of his "bit" Mr. Hezzlewood had 15,000 copies printed and given away, mainly through the Y.M.C.A. workers. One Toronto soldier picked up a typewritten copy on Hill 60 ("somewhere in France"), after the battle, and brought it back home, not knowing it was a Toronto product. Mr. Hezzlewood fears that one of his Sunday School boys, to whom he had given a copy, met with misfortune on that occasion. The song is reproduced by special permission.

The Roll Call*.

Tune—"When the roll is called up Yonder."

(Words by O. Hezzlewood, Toronto, with apologies to author of original).

When my King and Country call me
and I'm wanted at the front,
Where the shrapnel shells are
bursting in the air;
When the foe in fury charges and
we're sent to bear the brunt,
And the roll is called for service,—
I'll be there!
Cho.—When the roll, etc.

When the Kaiser's lines are broken
and his armies out of France,
When the Belgian desolation we
repair;
When the final muster's ordered and
the bugle sounds "Advance,"
May the God of Battles help me to
be there.

When the Allies march through Prussia with the foe in full retreat
"That our hearts be kept from hatred" is our prayer;
When the right of might is ended in a
crushing last defeat,
And the roll is called in Berlin,—I'll
be there!

When for me "Last Post" is sounded
and I cross the Silent Ford,
I've a Pilot who of "mine fields"
will beware;
When "Reveille" sounds in Heaven
and the Armies of the Lord,
Sing the Hallelujah chorus,—I'll be
there!

*To the Gallant Soldiers of Canada.

It is said that war is hell, but i does not follow that warriors mus be endowed with hellish dispositions Your present mission is as sacred a the Crusades of the Middle Ages; na it is more sacred. The object of thos old Crusaders was to rescue the tom of Christ from the Saracens. You mission is more exalted. Not onl the tomb of the founder, but the distinctive principles, of Christianity are assailed and threatened. It's yours to prove that the Gospel of "Love and Sacrifice" is superior to "The Will to Power." "Chants of Hate" are un-British, so are their results, viz: Louvain, Aerschot and Senlis atrocities. War affords you enough methods of punishing the aggressors without violating the recognized rules and without you becoming a human devil.

If in the discharge of your duty it is your fate to fall, be assured that He who "numbers the very hairs of your head" is conscious of your merit, and that a grateful country will keep you in memory and accord to you the mead of human appreciation due to one whose life is consciously spent "for others."

You may quite consistently pray for your so-called enemy even whilst pressing the trigger, thrusting the bayonet or striking with the sword.

LONDON'S DARK STREETS.

Order of "Lights Out" Causes Increase of Casualties.

One hundred and fifteen persons have been killed and 9,000 injured in the streets of London since the present war began. This has been due entirely to the darkening of the centre of the city, which the War Office supposed would guard the citizens against the peril of Zeppelins. On one occasion of the German aircraft dropping a bomb over a remote section of London, the list of dead and injured was due entirely to the extinction of the electric street lights.

Paris, which has not been darkened and which has frequently been visited by German air ships, has not suffered one-hundredth part of the casualties that the ban on electric lights has caused in London. The explanation of "a city of dreadful night" is simply that Lord Kitchener thinks darkness brings war home to the popular mind and so stimulates recruiting. So far from being afraid of Zeppelins, the London garrison hopes some German warcraft will come this way, and if they do it is thought the powerful anti-air guns mounted at strategic points will bring them down.

The figures given above are not official; the authorities are not anxious to expose the murderous results of their policy of lights out. But they are approximately accurate, and have been deduced in the following manner:

In 1913, with [illegible] lights on as usual, 579 persons were killed in the streets of London by horse-drawn and motor-drawn vehicles and by bicycles, and 18,944 persons were more or less seriously injured. The Home Office has just given out the official figures for 1914, which show that last year 637 persons were killed and 25,239 more or less seriously hurt in street accidents.

These figures show that in 1914 there were 58 more deaths and 6,295 more non-fatal injuries than in 1913, and 1913 was a typical year, rather higher than the average. But the war did not commence until August 4, and the lights were not put out at once. The increase in accidents over 1913, it may be safely assumed, took place entirely in the period of four and a half months, dating from near the middle of August, when the electric lights were ordered out, to the end of the year. Assuming the same ratio of accidents caused by bad lighting for the first three months of the present year, we arrive at approximately 90 dead and 9,000 hurt, whom the electric arc lights would have saved.

Gas lamps, be it noted, cannot be [illegible]

Drop Out

Paint on Putnam's Corn Extractor tonight, and corns feel better in the morning. Magical the way "Putnam's" eases the pain, destroys the roots, kills a corn for all time. No pain. Cure guaranteed. Get a 25c. bottle of "Putnam's" Extractor to-day.

How the World Sleeps.

Most people sleep on their sides, with their knees drawn up. Elephants always, and horses commonly sleep standing up. Birds, with the exception of owls and the hanging parrots of India, sleep with their heads turned tailward over the back, and the beak thrust among the feathers between the wing and the body. Storks, gulls, and other long-legged birds, sleep standing on one leg. Ducks sleep on open water. To avoid drifting shoreward they keep paddling with one foot, thus making them move in a circle. Sloths sleep hanging by their four feet, the head tucked in between their forelegs. Foxes and wolves sleep curled up, their noses and the soles of their feet close together, and blanketed by their bushy tails. Hares, snakes, and fish sleep with their eyes open.

And man is also the architect of most of his own misfortunes.

Those Terrible Pangs of Kidney Suffering Can be Cured

Don't give up! You can be cured and made well again. That backache and dragging weariness can be stopped for all time. Those sharp attacks when bending over, and that lameness in the morning can also be overcome. Every ache and pain due to kidney weakness will disappear quickly once you start to use Dr. Hamilton's Pills, a marvelous remedy long ago made famous by its strange healing effect upon the kidney and liver. Don't wait till that dragging pain in the loins grows worse. Start the cure to-day. Delay will mean swelled ankles and limbs, sharp rheumatic pains in the muscles and joints, and other painful symptoms as well. If you are always tired, have continuous headache, dizzy spells and specs before the eyes, or ringing noises in the ears,—these are common symptoms that warn you of the immediate need of Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Sold in 25c. boxes by all dealers in medicine.

VALUE OF LAND IN LONDON.

Over $16,000,000 Per Acre Not An Unusual Price.

Not long ago a tiny piece of ground at Charing Cross, adjoining the Mall Archway, and comprising only 641½ square feet, with a frontage of 69 feet, was sold by the London County Council to an insurance company for 545,000 an acre.

It is in the city, the square mile of which is valued at $1,250,000,000, however, where land can easily claim the distinction of being the dearest in the world. For property near the centre of the city $16,250,000 an acre is not an unusual price. Portions of Cannon Street, Queen Victoria Street, Upper Thames Street, and St. Mary-at-Hill, are said to be worth $1.25 a square inch, while in Lombard Street and King William Street land has been sold for $3.50 per square foot freehold.

The three acres on which the Bank of England stands would realize at a low estimate $35,000,000, or the land adjoining has sold at $350 and $400 a square foot.

Land in Cornhill was sold at a price which worked out at $12,452,000 an acre, while some time ago $5,000,000 was offered and refused for the site of a church in Austin Friars.

By rubbing the breast of a fowl with lemon-juice before boiling, you will be able to send it to table with a snow-white appearance.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

The phrase "Pigeon English" is said to be derived from "Business English," "pigeon," or "pidgin," representing the Chinese pronunciation of the word "business." Pigeon English is the ordinary means of communication between the Chinese and the English traders.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I had a Bleeding Tumor on my face for a long time and tried a number of remedies without any good results. I was advised to try MINARD'S LINIMENT, and after using several bottles it made a complete cure, and it healed all up and disappeared altogether.

DAVID HENDERSON.

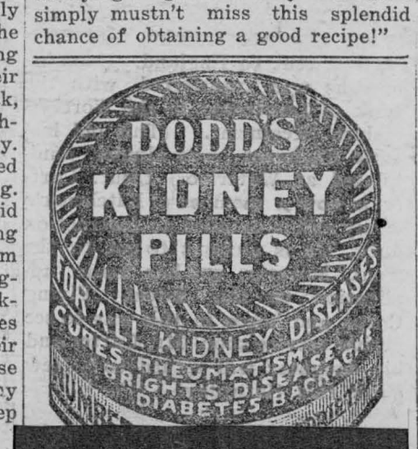
Belleisle Station, Kings Co., N.B., Sept. 17, 1904.

To cure hiccoughs, fill a glass with water, draw a deep breath, through the mouth, take a mouthful of water, hold the glass before you above your head, raise your eyes so that they can see the bottom of the glass without throwing your head back, swallow the water, and then breathe out slowly through the mouth.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

When a Woman Decides.

Smart Susie was hurrying along the street at a rare speed, when she ran into a young lady acquaintance. "Why are you in such a hurry?" asked her friend. "Why, I'm off to see Professor Astron Omer." "You surprised me. I didn't know you were interested in science. Why, he's the greatest living authority on astronomy!" "I know," said Susie breathlessly. "I expect his lecture will be a bit of a bore; but I'm told there's no one knows as much as he does about sun-spots. And, you know, dear, I have spent heaps of money and time in trying to get rid of my freckles. I simply mustn't miss this splendid chance of obtaining a good recipe!"



A BIT OF BRITISH PLUCK.

French General Honored the Despatch Rider.

There is a pretty little story concerning a few motor-cyclist despatch-riders who were trying to get a despatch through to a certain French general. Though in safety themselves, the ground over which the message had to be taken was swept by a rain of shrapnel, and the first man, after a hurried farewell to his friends, jumped on his machine and dashed for the danger zone. He was nearly through when a piece of shrapnel found its billet, and he came headlong to the ground. The next man on the list started with a duplicate despatch, but he was less lucky than the other, and he came down heavily before he had gone a quarter of a mile. The third man jumped on to his machine, and going "all-out," made through and delivered his despatch to the French general. Just as he was turning away the great man stopped him, and, taking the ribbon of the Medaille Militaire from his breast, pinned it on to the motor cyclist's tunic, thus presenting him with one of the highest honors of the French Army.

FOR ALLIES' GREAT DASH.

Britain Has Land Torpedo Ready—A Terrible Bomb.

"The most hellish thing ever invented." That's the way Charles J. P. Lucas, member of the American Red Cross, describes a "land torpedo" the Allies are preparing to use in a drive through Luxemburg within the next few weeks.

Mr. Lucas is in Cleveland, Ohio, just returned from France. He says the French and their allies hope to cut off the Germans in Belgium by the drive proposed.

"Land torpedoes" are to be fired from a mortar. They are three feet long. Concealed in a knob at one end is seventy-five pounds of lyddite, a most powerful explosive. The area that can be devastated by the torpedo is almost inconceivable, Mr. Lucas said.

For this drive the French also have provided a new type of rapid fire gun, Hotchkiss make, capable of 1,000 shots a minute, though weighing but sixty pounds.

Tea Costs More Money.

In a recent issue of the London (Eng.) "Standard" it was stated: "That prices of tea have risen and are now at their highest point for thirty-six years." This reflects the greatly increased cost of tea at the gardens whence the world's supply originates. Tea is undoubtedly costing more throughout the world.

Both Answers.

"Johnnie," said an employer to his office boy, "in this office you must be careful not to overhear remarks that are not intended for you. Do you understand?" "Yes, sir," said Johnnie. Then he turned to his typist at the other side of the table. "Miss Brown, did you hear what I said to Johnnie just now?" "Oh, no, sir!" replied Miss Brown.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Why, Indeed?

A military class was standing for examination when the supervising lieutenant called upon a young Jewish student. "Answer this, Isaac," he said. "Why should a soldier fight for his country, and even sacrifice his life for it?" "Right you are, lieutenant," replied Isaac. "Why should he?"

LOW FARES TO THE CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS VIA CHICAGO & NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

Four splendid equipped daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal—Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of scenic and direct routes through the best of the West. Something to see all the way. Double track, automatic electric safety signals all the way. Let us plan your trip and furnish folders and full particulars. Ask for free booklet "Itineraries of some of the Forty Ways and More to the California Expositions." It will save you time and money. B. H. Bennett, G.A., 46 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ont.

A Horrible Thought.

"I see the Germans have a gun that will shoot 27 miles."

"That's terrible. Just imagine what is liable to happen if some fool who doesn't know it's loaded starts monkeying with it."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

It is the custom of many large manufacturers and employers of labor in Russia to establish shops at which they expect their workmen, under pain of dismissal, to purchase everything they require.

ROYAL

MADE IN CANADA

MAKES THE WHITEST, LIGHTEST ROYAL YEAST CAKES

E. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO, ONT. WINNIPEG MONTREAL

MAKES PERFECT BREAD

YEAST

What to Tell Him.

Footman—"A newspaper reporter wishes to interview you, sir."

Great Man—"Did you not tell him I was hoarse—could hardly speak?"

Footman—"Certainly, sir! But he assured me he would only ask questions which you could answer by a nod or a shake of the head."

Great Man—"Then tell him I have a stiff neck!"

FALL SKIN SORES

When troubled with fall rashes, eczema, or any skin disease apply Zam-Buk!

Surprising how quickly it eases the smarting and stinging! Also cures cuts, burns, sores and piles.

Zam-Buk is made from pure herbal essences. No animal fats—no mineral poisons. Finest healer!

Druggists and Stores Everywhere.

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FARMS FOR SALE.

IF LOOKING FOR A FARM, CONSULT me. I have over Two Hundred on my list, located in the best sections of Ontario. All sizes. H. W. Dawson, Brampton.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE.

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

DIRK'S RED MITE KILLER

One application KILLS all Mites and prevents their reappearance during the season. Keeps fowls free from body lice. Makes scaly legs bright & clean. Keeps lard, pastry and sweets free from ants. Bedbugs will give no trouble where used. Write to-day for special trial price. Booklet free. Marshall & Marshall, Niagara Falls, Ont.

KERMATH Marine Engines

"America's Standard 4 Cycle Marine Motor"

4 Cycle, 4 Cylinder, 12 to 20 H.P. Highest quality. Silent operation. No vibration. Controls like the finest Motor Car engine. Extremely economical on fuel. Used as standard equipment by over 80 per cent. of the world's leading boat builders. Catalog on request. $150 to $300 depending on equipment.

KERMATH MFG. CO. Dept. Detroit, Mich.

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W. J. Elliott, Principal, 734 Yonge Street, TORONTO.

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GINSENG

We are the largest buyers of Ginseng in America and have the greatest demand for it. We can therefore pay you the highest cash prices. If you have any wild or cultivated Ginseng, write for our latest price list, or ship what you have and we will submit you our highest offer.

David Blustein & Bro.
162 W. 27th St., NewYork, U.S.A.



"Overstern" V Bottom Motor Boat $55.00

Freight Prepaid to any Railway Station in Ontario. Length 15 Ft., Beam 3 Ft. 9 In., Depth 1 Ft. 6 In. ANY MOTOR FITS.

Specification No. 2B giving engine prices on request. Get our quotations on—"The Penetang Line" Commercial and Pleasure Launches, Row boats and Canoes.

THE GIDLEY BOAT CO., LIMITED, PENETANG, CAN.

Let Us Pay Your Salary In Case of Sickness or Accident; Cost, $1.00 per Month--Box 92.

WANTED

Bandsmen for 77th. Overseas Battalion. Apply stating instrument to Lieut. J. M. Brown, 76 McLaren street, Ottawa.
P.S.—Instruments furnished by regiment.

FOR SALE

I have a quantity of Galvanized Metal Shingles, which were purchased before the advance in price took place—Will dis pose of these at old price.

F. W. BEACH.

MOVIE FOR SALE

Would you invest $3,500 in a legitimate business if you knew you could clear above expenses over $100 per month, the year round I have just such a proposition to offer you in a well established Moving Picture Theatre, located at Waddington, N.Y., modernly equipped and now clearing more than $100 per month. This theatre will stand a Careful Investigation.

My reason for wishing to sell, is, that I have an opportunity to go to a larger city, in same business. Address,

FRED YANNUT,
Waddington, N.Y.

FOR SALE
OR
TO RENT

The Blacklock property opposite Methodist Church, Morrisburg. Possession after June 1st. For full particulars, apply to

ARTHUR FLYNN,
Barrister,
Morrisburg, Ont.

POULTRY WANTED

I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of live poultry. Drop a card to M. ADOFF,
Box 15, Morrisburg

BARGAIN

Slightly used piano for sale on easy terms, monthly or yearly. For particulars apply at Leader Office.

FOR SALE

Tent and swinging hammock with awning—new. Apply at this office.

FARM FOR SALE

A good farm, 100 acres, 75 acres under cultivation. About 25 acres under bush, small orchard, wire fence, swing gate, good dwelling, two barns, situated, lot 19 Williamsburg. For particulars apply

LEO. HENOPHY,
R. M. D., No. 2, Williamsburg.

Excursion Trouble

Kingston Standard—"Quite a little drama was staged on the Thousand Islander on her trip up from Ogdensburg to Kingston, which was not on the original program. It was brought about as a result of an attempt by Canadian customs officials on board to search passengers for articles that had been purchased in the Burg.

The trouble began within twenty minutes after the boat started on her up trip, and while she was still in American waters. Some of the passengers had already been held up and paid duty but finally one man refused. He was apparently a passenger but in reality a member of the crew who was off duty. His wife had purchased a small parcel in the Burg and was returning with it to Alexandria Bay where she had got on the boat The customs official, when the man refused, flashed his badge at him and insisted upon having the parcel opened. The man again refused and on the customs official threatening to detain him at Brockville he rushed to the Captain, and brought him upon the scene. The Captain at once decided that the customs official, while the boat was in American waters, had no right to search the passengers. The customs official urged to the contrary. There was great excitement the passengers standing around and listening to the argument. The battle raged strenuously along the hurricane deck for some time but the Captain stuck to his guns and the official had to give in with the threat that he would hold up the boat at Brockville. When Brockville was reached, the Brockville women passengers were hustled along the dock and herded into a shed, where the woman official gave them a thorough search.

The American consul was on board but he knew nothing of the matter until the whole thing was over.

BORN

BROWN—At Morrisburg, on Monday, Sept. 6th, to Mr. and Mrs. Corry Brown, a daughter.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales, Sept. 21,
Aultsville, Sept. 22,
Morrisburg, Sept. 23, to Oct. 2,

Miss Lou Myers of Toronto, is the guest of Mrs. J. H. Meikle.

* * *

Mr. F. R. Kellogg and daughter Mary, of Picton, spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Lannin.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Lev. Southworth spent Wednesday in Brockville.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. Hall spent the week in Alexandria.

* * *

Mrs. A. W. Massey of Essex, is visiting with her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Wickware.

* * *

Mr. Archie Jamieson of Toronto is spending the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Jamieson.

* * *

Miss Dorothy C. Whittaker returned to Whitby Ladies College on Wednesday.

* * *

Mr. Thomas Dixon of Montreal spent a few days last week at the home of Mr. Fred VanAllen.

* * *

"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't die in the house. 15c. and 25c at Drug and Country Stores.

* * *

Mr. Wm. Steed of Port Colborne, spent the week-end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Steed.

* * *

Mrs. John A. Tyo returned to her home in New York City on Tuesday after spending two months with her sister, Mrs. Harry Pyper.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Henderson of Kingston are spending the week with the former's mother, Mrs. Warren Henderson.

* * *

Mr. John Farran, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace Farran, Mrs. Saber and Miss Eva Brown were the guests of Mrs. M. S. Brown at the Sanitarium.

* * *

Mrs. Jno. F. Casselman left on Thursday to visit friends in Toronto, Buffalo and New Kensington, N.Y.

* * *

Mr. John B. King of Timmins Ont., is visiting his mother, Mrs. B. King.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whittaker returned home on Monday after spending ten days with relatives in Cherubusco, N.Y.

* * *

Miss Eleanor A. Wickware is at home from Moose Jaw, staying with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wickware.

* * *

Mr. C. F. Whittaker returned on Tuesday from Toronto where he attended a special meeting of the directors of the United Farmers Co-operative Co. Ltd.

* * *

Miss Maudy and Ileen Bisnett of Watertown, N. Y., spent last week with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. Reid, Morrisburg.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Whitlock of Montreal have returned home after spending the past ten days with her father, Mr. Fred VanAllen.

* * *

Mrs. Lannin and F. R. Kellogg and daughter of Picton are spending the week-end in Montreal.

* * *

Mrs. Arthur Hickey and little daughter are visiting at the home of Mr. J. S. Hickey.

* * *

At the Manse, Morrisburg, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 8th, by the Rev. Hugh Cameron, Melvin S. Dawley, son of John Dawley, Esq., to Miss Sadie, daughter of the late Mr. John P. Saddlemire, all of the township of Williamsburg.

* * *

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. Pyper during the holiday were: Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Pyper and baby of Montreal, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kelly and family of Ottawa, and Mrs. C. E. Dawley of Cornwall.

* * *

The death of a very highly esteemed resident of Cornwall, Mrs. William H. Relyea, occurred at her home on York street, Cornwall, on Sunday last. Deceased, who was in her eighty-fifth year, had been confined to the house for the past fifteen years.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Thom, of Quebec, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Gormley.

* * *

Mr. Harry Merkley of Warsaw, N.Y., is visiting his father, Mr. A. H. Merkley.

* * *

Mr. Herm Hummell of Brockville spent Labor Day in town.

* * *

Mrs. Laflamme, Mrs. McArthur and Miss Catharine McArthur have returned home after spending several weeks visiting relatives in Cornwall.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. I. Stoner and little son, of Lookout Mountain, Tennessee, are here on a couple of weeks' visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Harrison.

* * *

Services in St. James Church—Holy Communion, 8 a.m.; Matins 11 a.m.; evensong 7 p.m. Trinity Church—Evensong 2.30 p.m.

* * *

The old favorites "Guy Bros. Minstrel" will come to the Music Hall, Sept. 22nd.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. George Hanes and George jr., left for their home in Chicago Sunday last accompanied by Mrs. E. Ault who expects to spend a few months in Chicago and New York.

* * *

After spending a couple of weeks in town the guest of Mrs. Warren Henderson, Miss Corbett returned to her home in Kingston on Monday.

* * *

Mr. J. L. McMartin is attending Toronto and London exhibitions in connection with firm's exhibits.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Womens Institute will be held on Monday, Sept. 13th.

* * *

The Madrid Herald reporting the baseball game which took place at the Canton Fair, in which Chase Mills and Norwood participated says: "Norwood played very rapid ball. Mallen, the Morrisburg Star, who was on the mound for Norwood pitched good ball."

* * *

Women's stunny-looking Coats in rich Silk Seal Plush, Ural Lamb, Caraeul, and Curl. The materials are beautiful, the linings likewise, the tailoring is superb and the fit and finish perfect.—they're Northways. —D. C. Bush.

* * *

The Steamer Riverside will run special excursions to the Ogdensburg Fair on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Sept. 21st., 22nd, and 23rd, leaving Morrisburg at 7.30 a.m., Iroquois 8.30, arriving at Ogdensburg 10.30. Returning, leave Ogdensburg at 5.30 p.m. Fare, round trip, 50c. tickets valid to return till the 23rd.

* * *

Arrangements have been completed for a monster patriotic meeting in the Music Hall, Morrisburg, Tuesday, September 14th. The occasion being the presentation to the Government of the three guns subscribed for by the citizens. Some notable personage will participate including Hon. Arthur Meighen, K.C., Solicitor-General, Hon. Senator Dandurand, Adj. Stetham of the 77th who has served in the trenches in France; Col. Hemming, Col. Street and Mr. A. Broder, M. P. The guns will be presented by Mrs. G. W. Cook, chairman of the Recruiting Committee and received for the Government by Hon. A. Meighen. Seats will be reserved for officers and privates in uniform and ladies' seats in the gallery only. Children will not be admitted.

* * *

Mr. J.A. Carter, New York City, is here on his annual visit to his home town. He is accompanied by his daughter, Margaret. Mr. Carter's son, Harry, enlisted with the First Canadian Contingent and after the requisite training at Valcartier went to England. Upon arrival he was transferred with the rank of Lieutenant to the Worcestershire Regiment. (This old historic Regiment was almost annihilated at Waterloo.) Lieut. Carter is now a member of Kitchener's Army and is detailed to instruction duty. He is anxious to get to the front, however, and has made application to the Royal Flying Corps and hopes in this way to see active service soon. Mr. Carter and his daughter will return to New York this Saturday.



* * *

As soon as the navigation season is concluded on the great lakes, several more of the large Canadian steamship line freighters will go into the coast trade. There will be few large freighters laid up this winter than can at all be equipped for the salt water.

* * *

While Mr. G. F. McKim, editor of the Rideau Record, Smith's Falls, was out in Rideau Lake near Star Island, in a small boat, with his wife and Mrs. R. C. Drew, the boat capsized. Though they were only forty feet from shore, Mrs. Drew was drowned and Mr. McKim would certainly have been also had it not been for his wife who managed to hold on to the boat and drew her husband to it before his strength was exhausted.

* * *

Mr. Allan Lapierre of the Government Printing Bureau, Ottawa, spent the week-end with his mother in town. The employees of the Bureau contributed a machine gun for the overseas Canadians and ten employees volunteered to go with the gift Mr. Lapierre was one of the ten. The Chesterville boys in other fields evidently hear the call more effectively than those at home.—Chesterville Record.

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Quality Unchallenged for Twenty-three Years.

The Aylmer Superior Hand or Windmill Well Pump.



THIS PUMP is anti-freezing; has a 3½x10 inch iron cylinder with brass seat fitted with 1½ inch pipe, close revolving head, the handle can be placed in any position Wood Handle, making it less liable to break in frosty weather, is designed to suit all kinds of wells of moderate depth, is well and strongly made and nicely finished and very low in price. Any one requiring a good Stock Pump will not be disappointed in buying this one.

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Tweed Pants from $4.00 to	2.00
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Shirts from $1.00 to	45c
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Rain Coats at	2.50
Four 30c Brooms for	1.00

Also a full line of GROCERIES at a reduction

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Is not always the best friend of his eyesight. The eyes suffer more than any other physical faculty from overwork under artificial illumination. Even daylight contains a large percentage of rays harmful to eyesight. All that danger can be done away with if you view your work through lenses made to your prescription from the wonderful new glass discovered by Sir William Crookes, that actually filters out all the harmful colors.

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PHOTOGRAPHER & OPTOMETRIST
Morrisburg.

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Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto

EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 142, R. C. A. F. & A. M., holds its Regular Meetings in the Masonic Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday evening on, or before, full moon.
A full attendance is particularly requested. Visiting brethren are always welcome.
R. H. Ashton, W.M. B.A. Herring, Secretary.