The Leader

Vol. XV, No. 29 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1915.

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MORRISBURG, - -- ONT.

Interesting Letter

Mr. Archie Cameron Hears from College Mate in Trenches

Mr. Archie Cameron, Edmonton, at present spending some time with his father, Rev. H. Cameron, this week received the following interesting letter from one of his college mates, who is also a particular friend of Mr. Charles Cameron, who joined the colors a few months ago and who is probably on the firing line by this time:

"In the Trenches,
"Somewhere in Belgium,
"August 8th, 1915.

"My Dear Archie,—I am writing this letter in my gun emplacement which until yesterday afternoon I thought was a very safe place, or comparatively safe. About fifteen feet from where I am now, which is as close as I can get to the dear precious little "mitrailleuse", a large shrapnel shell exploded yesterday afternoon, with the result that it started a cyclone on a small scale, a cloud of impenetrable dust and a heavy shower of lead, iron, earth, rocks, stones, splinters, grass and representatives of all kind of animal, vegetable and mineral matter on the surface of the earth. The shrapnel flew in all directions penetrating and piercing sand bags, earth and wood like a bullet through a piece of paper. My messtin was struck by a small piece of lead and many pieces are still clinging to my equipment which was laying on the sand bags a few yards away. Had the gun which fired the shell been pointing a few more minutes or degrees (depending on its distance) to its left, I would have had, or somebody else would have had a different story to tell you. Again, yesterday, a few of us were working in the open near a dug-out when we heard whiz-z-z-z—a German shell coming towards us. We all ran for the dug-out, and as I was the last one to get in I stood at the entrance when the shell exploded almost directly above us. The next moment I felt my wrist burning; a piece of the shell, which was still very hot, fell where my hand was resting. Why talk of War! But they say if I escape a third time I can then be sure to return to God's own Country—Canada." I have not been told, however, in what state or shape.

Before coming to the trenches this time, I was in a large town in France on duty. I mean "somewhere in France." There I saw and spoke to some of the new reinforcement for the P.P.C.L.I. Charles and I sent him a note. I wrote to him again. When we go back of the lines for another rest, which will be in a few days, I shall try to go and see him. That is if I can find out where they are stationed. I am sure that with his usual kindness our Battery Commander will give me a pass and a bicycle. Last time we were out of the trenches he gave a friend and I two such double passes and we cycled to our old camp in France(somewhere in France) to visit some French farmers and their daughters, whose acquaintance we made a while ago. "This is the life!" We forget the worst part or side of it until the psychological moment arrives. Then of course, Fritz gets it on the neck.

Please excuse this letter. I had a large parcel sent out to me from England. It contained all sorts of delicious pastry and chocolates. There are two or three around me now eating, talking, asking questions and teasing the life out of me, and I am anxious to eat as much chocolate in as little time as possible for it is a luxury here and there will be none left if I wait too long—My "gun-comrade" is as greedy as I am. Yours, etc."

OTHERS DON'T BEAT THIS

Four times in four years have Brockville Business College graduates captured first place among the candidates at the semi-annual examinations. These young people were Thos. Burris, Miss C. Dier, Miss I. Palmer and Miss E. Bouck and all have good positions with the Government at Ottawa. The Brockville Business College announces its Fall opening, September 7th and will send catalogue upon request.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

OBITUARY

MATTHEW CRONE GIBSON

Another name was last week stricken from the ever lessening roll of our old settlers by the death of Mr. Matthew Crone Gibson, one of Morrisburg's oldest and most honorable citizens who passed away at his home, Main street, on Friday night, August 27th, after an illness of nearly a year.

Deceased, who was 71 years of age was born in Spencerville and was the oldest son of the late Wm. Gibson who moved to Morrisburg in the year 1857 and was engaged in the milling business under the firm name of Wm. Gibson & Co., until the time of his demise when the business was taken over by the two sons, Matthew and Ralph Gibson and conducted by them until the time of the fire some five years ago which destroyed the premises.

In the year 1877 the late Mr. Gibson married Miss Fannie Merkley, daughter of the late H. G. Merkley, and to them were born three children, two of whom survive — Mrs. Robert Montgomery and Mrs. G. Challies, at present residing in Vancouver, B. C. He also leaves two brothers and one sister, namely: Messrs. Ralph Gibson of Morrisburg; Charles Gibson, North Dakota, and Mrs. Kilgour, Beauharnois, Que.

The funeral services took place at his late home, Main street, on Monday at 1.30 p.m., Rev. H. Cameron officiating after which a large procession, friends of deceased, followed the funeral car to Mount Pleasant cemetery.

The pall bearers were: Messrs. C. S. Babcock, Montreal; A. F. Merkley, Geo. Meikle, Wm. Kennedy, Montreal; Ralph Kilgour, Beauharnois and Ralph Gibson.

Among relatives from a distance at the funeral were: Mrs. Kilgour and son, Ralph, Beauharnois, Que. Wm. Kennedy, Montreal; Mr. and Mrs. Babcock, Montreal; Mrs. Robert Sackrider, Canton, and Wm. Stewart, Cornwall.

An Up-to-date Cottage

The Smith Falls News of August 27th contains the following article referring to an up-to-date cottage built on the Rideau by Mr. Reuben Weegar, brother of Mr. C. Weegar of this town:

"The opening of the summer cottage of Mr. Reuben Weegar of Toronto last Wednesday, on Rideau Lake, was voted by the many guests present as one of the most enjoyable events in which they had ever participated. The cottage is one of the most up-to-date on the Rideau, located near that of Mr. Geo. Miskelly. A contest was inaugurated to suggest a suitable name for the cottage, when some seventy names were proposed. The name selected will be announced next Tuesday, when the prize offered by Mr. Weegar will be presented to the successful competitor. Supper was served at the home of Mr. Geo. Miskelly, some sixty guests being present. After supper was served the guests returned to Mr. Weeger's cottage where dancing was enjoyed until the early hours of the morning. Finlayson's orchestra furnished the music and Mr. William Ainsley was master of ceremonies." A large number of guests were present from Toronto.

Disastrous Fire

Near Chesterville, on Wednesday, a fire occurred on the premises of James Allen, completely destroying his barns filled with this year's crops; also a valuable horse. To add to the sad catastrophie, Mr. Allen's father who assisted in efforts to check the fire, collapsed and expired the next day. The origin of the fire is a mystery; the time and it was first discovered by time and it was fiest discovered by those at home who noticed flames issuing from the barn roof.

BORN

SWERDFEGER—To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Swerdfeger, Sept. 1st, a daughter.

DILLON—Sept. 1st, to Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dillon, a son.

BORRETTE—At Morrisburg, Sept. 1st., to Mr. and Mrs. William Borrette, a son.

SILOS SILOS SILOS

Every farmer to-day realizes that economy in feeding his stock in Winter is his first consideration.

Ensilage is the one and only way to economize in this direction, and economy at this time means more profits.

Increase your profits by installing a Round Stave Silo, one of the Best Paying Investments you ever made.

THE DE LAVAL CREAM SEPARATOR

Acknowledged as the Standard Bearer in the Separator line also adds to the increased profits.

Examine my stock of Buggies Stoves, Ranges, Pumps, etc.

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32x3 1-2 Inch Tires, Non-Skid on Rear Demountable Rims

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SUPERIOR MOHAIR TOP—One Man Type; Electric Starting and Lighting;
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TURKISH DEAD IN HEAPS IN BATTLE ON GALLIPOLI PENINSULA

Correspondent Describes the Desperate Battle for Possession of Sari Bair Hill

A despatch from London says: The battle for Sari Bair hill, which the Australian and New Zealanders captured, but were compelled to evacuate because the troops on their left did not advance far enough, was a most desperate one, according to the correspondent, who says:

"The dead lie thick everywhere. The Turks came down in great numbers from the ridge above and tried to sweep our men off the hill entirely. They themselves were driven back, however, with frightful losses. Being unable to bury their dead, the Turks throw their bodies down the gully until they are stopped by the nature of the ground, while others thrown after them are stopped by the first. Consequently the whole gully is choked with Turkish dead.

"The Australians and New Zealanders have gained another addition to their newly-occupied territory. In their narrow position they now have elbow room and are in touch with our posts across the plain to Suvla Bay. And what is not their least important advantage, they have a supply of fresh water within their own position."

ALLIES SHELL THE ENTIRE BATTLE LINE

And Use Aircraft in Large Numbers to Bombard the German Barracks.

A despatch from Paris says: The artillery has been the chief mode of warfare on the western line for the past few days. The most activity has been displayed by the guns of the allies, which have been shelling virtually the entire German line. In addition the allies have been using their aircraft in large squadrons to bombard German barracks and positions.

It is being vaguely hinted here that mid-October has been chosen as the time for the long postponed "big push" of the allies, but the point at which an attack is to take place is not being mentioned. The general public does not expect a strong offensive movement as yet, but in some circles there would be no surprise should Gen. Joffre, the French Commander-in-Chief, find it possible to attempt some kind of a forward movement before mid-October.

The French launched violent artillery attacks upon the German trenches in Flanders and the Arras region, and silenced German batteries at four points in the Argonne. From the admissions of the German official report it is apparent that the French were successful in an attack with grenades near Linopkopk, in the Vosges.

Fierce hand-to-hand fighting for the possession of excavations left by mine explosions occurred at Marie Therese and west of the forest of Malincourt. The French troops, having first gained a footing in these excavations, retained possession of them in spite of the numerous German attacks.

That there is little danger of any more German aircraft dropping bombs on Paris was evidenced recently when six German military aeroplanes were put to flight, one of them being destroyed, on their way to attack the city.

SURVIVORS AWARD HONOR BY BALLOT

A despatch from London says: The Victoria Cross has been awarded to Capt. Willis, Sergt. Richards and Pte. Keneally, of the Lancashire Fusiliers, by an interesting, though not unprecedented, method of suffrage.

The comrades of the 1st battalion of the Fusiliers displayed extreme valor during the landing on the Gallipoli Peninsula last April. The King awarded three crosses. The survivors elected Willis, Richards and Keneally as having performed the most signal acts of bravery and devotion.

$200,000,000 ANNUALLY FOR SOLDIERS' FAMILIES

A despatch from London says: In sentencing a soldier for fraud in connection with separation allowances, Magistrate Sir William Treloar remarked that he understood the nation was now paying something like £40,000,000 ($200,000,000) a year in these allowances to families of soldiers absent at the front.

GERMANY CALLS OUT LANDSTURM RESERVES

A despatch from Amsterdam says: As a result of the serious situation facing the Teutonic allies in the Balkans, Germany is preparing to mobilize more troops. Advices from Berlin state that the Landsturm reserves have been notified to be ready to respond to a call to the colors.

ZEPPELIN RAIDS AN UTTER FAILURE

Although Berlin Is Told That London Has Been Partly Destroyed by Them.

A despatch from London says: A very decided campaign in favor of more air raids on England is being carried on in the latest copies of the German newspapers just arrived. The leading Berlin journals urge the Government to turn all attention possible to attacks on the British people in their homes, and openly declare that nothing less than the destruction of London will satisfy Germany.

The leaders of this propaganda call upon the Government to send the entire fleet of Zeppelins to the heart of England to create havoc and ruin that cannot soon be forgotten. Perhaps the most fiery demand upon the Government is printed in the Taglische Rundschau.

"Justice, every element of human justice," says this paper, "demands the destruction of London. There is in the whole world no better target for aerial attack than the City of London, that gigantic, complex assemblage of lofty ancient warehouses with their enormous stores of all descriptions and their inviting situation in narrow streets. If only such raids can be repeated again and again the result will be assured."

The Neuste Nachrichten encourages its readers by asserting that London already has been partially destroyed by the Zeppelin raiders and declaring that the remainder is soon to go.

"Our brave air heroes," says the paper, "are not inspired by blind hatred or raging anger, but by a solemn and religious awe at being the chosen instruments of a Divine wrath. When they see London breaking up in smoke and fire they will live through a thousand lives of immeasurable joy which all at home must envy. At last the long-yearned-for punishment will fall on England and its people."

Carelessness in Firing Clearings.

Prosecutions of settlers for carelessness in farm clearing and setting fire to adjacent forests have been undertaken with great vigor throughout Quebec Province. No less than seventeen such prosecutions have been ordered by the St. Maurice Valley Forest Protective Association alone. One was brought to trial at Three Rivers on August 20, and the settler was forced to pay a fine of $10 and costs of more than than $90. The charge was setting out fires without a permit, such as is required by law. Other cases awaiting trial have to do with deliberate firing of the forests, done in some cases to provide work as fire fighters. The Quebec Government, aided by the lumbermen's protective associations and others, have determined to stamp out the enormous waste of forest from these causes, and magistrates have supported the fire rangers and inspectors to the full extent of the law.

58 UNDERSEA CRAFT IN THE GERMAN FLEET

A despatch from Copenhagen says: The German undersea fleet at present comprises fifty-eight submarines, according to a neutral authority who has just returned to Denmark from Germany. Germany's Baltic fleet, according to the same authority, consists of 38 warships. Six thousand marines from Kiel have been sent to the eastern fighting front to reinforce the pioneer service of the army, it is stated.

ATTACK ON BRITISH CONSUL IN PERSIA

Armed Band Was Led by German Consular Agent at Tabriz—Britishers Suffered Some Losses

A despatch from London says: "A telegram received here from Teheran, Persia, reports that the Russian and British Consuls and their military escort have been attacked at Kenghever by an armed band led by M. O. Schunemann, the German Consular-Agent at Tabriz. The Britishers defended themselves with rifles, but suffered some losses.

"A Cabinet meeting was held, with the result that a request was sent to the commander of a Persian brigade of Cossacks, who were encamped four days' march from Kenghever, to send a detachment there immediately."

DAUGHTERS OF THE KING OF BULGARIA IN ROYAL GARDEN



PHOTOGRAPH UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

Above is a new photograph of the Princess Euxodia on the left and her sister the Princess Nadejda on the right as they appeared in the garden of their father's palace at Sophia, Bulgaria. The Princess Eudoxia was born in 1898 and her sister was born the year following. They have two brothers, Crown Prince Boris, now twenty-one years old, and Prince Cyril born in 1899. Their mother, now dead, was Marie Louise, daughter of Duke Robert of Parma. Their stepmother was the Princess Eleonore, of Reuss-Kostritz, who distinguished herself with her Red Cross work in the Russo-Japanese war. It is expected that Bulgaria will enter the war on the side of the Allies.

Markets Of The World

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Aug. 31.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.23½; No. 2 Northern, $1.21½, on track lake ports; No. 3 Northern, $1.13½, Port McNicoll. These quotations are on a "prompt settlement" basis.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C. W., 55c, on track lake ports, "prompt settlement."

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 85c, on track lake ports.

Canadian corn—No. 2 yellow, nominal.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 51 to 52c; No. 3 white, 50 to 51c, according to freights outside; new oats, 40 to 42c.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, nominal, $1.15; new, $1 to $1.02, according to freights outside. Cereal wheat $1.05. Sprouted or smutty wheat 75 to 85c, according to sample.

Peas—No. 2, nominal.

Barley—Good malting barley, No. 3 feed or better, 52c, nominal.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $7; second patents, in jute bags, $6.50; strong bakers', in jute bags, $6.30, Toronto; in cotton bags, 10c more.

Ontario flour—Winter, 90 per cent. patents, $4.60; do., new, $4, seaboard or Toronto freights, in bags, for prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights. Bran, $27 per ton; shorts, $29 per ton; middlings, $30 per ton; good feed flour, $1.90 per bag.

Country Produce.

Butter—Fresh dairy, 25 to 26c; inferior, 20 to 22c; creamery prints, 28 to 29½c; do., solids, 26 to 27c.

Eggs—No. 1, 22 to 23c per doz., in case lots; extra at 24 to 25c.

Honey—No. 1 light (wholesale), 10 to 11½c; do., retail, 12½ to 15c. Combs (wholesale), per doz., No. 1, $1.50 to $2; No. 2, $1 to $2.

Poultry—Chickens, yearlings, dressed, 16 to 18c; Spring chickens, 20 to 21c; fowl, 14 to 15c; ducklings, 17 to 18c.

Cheese—Large, 15 to 15½c; 15¼ to 15¾c for twins. Old cheese, 21½c.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 14 to 14½c per lb. in case lots. Hams—Medium, 18 to 18½c; do., heavy, 14½ to 15c; rolls, 15 to 16c; breakfast bacon, 20 to 23c; backs, plain, 22 to 23c; boneless backs, 25 to 26c.

Lard—The market is quiet; pure lard, tubs, 11¾ to 12¼c; do., pails, 12 to 12½c; compound, tubs, 10 to 10¼c; do., pails, 10¼ to 10½c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled hay, new, No. 1, ton, $17 to $19; No. 2, ton, $15 to $16; baled straw, ton, $7.50.

Business in Montreal.

Montreal, Aug. 31.—Corn, American, No. 2 yellow, 90 to 91c. Oats, Canadian Western, No. 3, 59c; extra No. 1 feed, 59c; No. 2 local white, 58c; No. 3 local white, 57c; No. 4 local white, 56c. Flour, Man. Spring wheat patents, firsts, $7.10; seconds, $6.60; strong bakers, $6.40; Winter patents, choice, $6.25; straight rollers, $6.40; Winter patents, choice, $6.25; straight rollers, $5.40 to $5.60; do., bags, $2.50 to $2.60. Rolled oats, barrels, $6.25; do., bags, 90 lbs., $2.90 to $3. Bran, $26 to $26.50. Shorts, $28. Middlings, $33 to $34. Mouillie, $35 to $40. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $17.50 to $18.50. Cheese, finest westerns, 12½ to 12¾c; finest easterns, 11⅞ to 12⅛. Butter, choicest creamery, 28¼ to 28½c; seconds, 27¼ to 27½c. Eggs, fresh, 27 to 28c; selected, 26c; No. 1 stock, 23c; No. 2 stock, 20c. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, $13.50 to $14. Pork, heavy Canada short mess, bbls., 35 to 45 pieces, $29; Canada short cut back, bbls., 45 to 55 pieces, $28.50. Lard, compound, tierces, 375 lbs., 10c; wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 10½c; pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 12½ to 13c.

U. S. Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug 31.—Wheat—September, 96c; December, 95⅛c; cash, No. 1 hard, $1.16½; No. 1 Northern, $1.06 to $1.16; No. 2 Northern, $1.03 to $1.13. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 74½ to 75c. Oats—No. 3 white, 45 to 45½c. Flour unchanged. Bran, $20.

Duluth, Aug. 31.—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $1.10⅜; No. 1 Northern, $1.09; No. 2 Northern, $1.04 to $1.07; Montana, No. 2 hard, 97⅞c; September, 97⅞c bid; December, 96c bid. Linseed cash, $1.61½; September, $1.61 asked; December, $1.61 bid.

Live Stock Market.

Toronto, Aug. 31. — Best heavy steers, $8.50 to $8.65; butchers' cattle, choice, $7.60 to $7.75; do., good, $7.30 to $7.45; do., medium, $6.40 to $7.40; do., common, $5 to $6.65; butchers' bulls, choice, $6.50 to $6.25; do., good bulls, $5.90 to $6.25; do., rough bulls, $4.75 to $5.35; butchers' cows, choice, $6.50 to $6.75; do., good, $5.25 to $6; do., medium, $5 to $5.25; do., common, $4.50 to $5; feeders, good, $6.50 to $7.50; stockers, 700 to 900 lbs., $6.25 to $7.25; canners and cutters, $3.75 to $5; milkers, choice, each, $65 to $95; do., common and medium, each, $35 to $50; Springers, $50 to $95; light ewes, $6 to $6.75; do., bucks, $3.50 to $4.50; yearling lambs, $7 to $8; spring lambs, cwt., $9 to $9.30; calves, $8.75 to $11; hogs, off cars, $9.15 to $9.40; do., fed and watered, $9 to $9.10; do., f.o.b., $8.65 to $8.70.

Montreal, Aug. 31.—There was a fair demand for steers and sales of fair sized lots of good quality were made at $8 to $8.25, while fair stock brought from $7 to $7.75 and common from $5.50 to $6.25 per cwt. Butcher's cows from $5.25 to $7.25 per cwt; canning stock, $3.50 to $4.50 per cwt. The demand for lambs was good and sales were made at $7.50 to $8.50, while sheep brought from $4.50 to $5.50 per cwt. Calves from $5 to $20 each, as to size and quality. Hogs firm, choice selected lots at $9 to $9.40 per cwt., weighed off cars.

GARIBALDI'S GRANDSON WOUNDED AT THE FRONT

A despatch from Udine, Italy, says: Ezio Garibaldi, son of Gen. Ricciotti Garibaldi, and grandson of the great Garibaldi, has been severely wounded in the face during the fighting with the Austrians.

HOLY WAR DECLARED.

A despatch from Athens says: Advices from Turkey state that the Sheik-Ul-Islam, chief priest of the Mohammedans, has declared a holy war against Italy.

ITALIANS TO ATTACK ASIA MINOR AND SYRIAN COASTS

Two More Hours of Darkness and Turks Would Have Been Cut Off on Gallipoli

A despatch from Paris says: The Official Journal publishes the declaration of a blockade of the coasts of Asia Minor and Syria from the island of Samos to the Egyptian frontier, to date from August 25. This conveys the first hint of the proposed landing place of the Italian expeditionary force against Turkey.

Stories of wounded men who have arrived at Alexandria tell of how nearly the allies came to gaining a great success in one of their attacks. An Austrian officer declared that if the allied forces had had two more hours of darkness they could have covered six hundred yards of ground which separated them from the Sari Bahr hill, generally known as Hill 971. Once this hill was in the allies' hands, the officer declared, the Turkish communications would have been cut and it was for the possession of this hill that the dominion troops fought so bravely but futilely.

SHELL CRISIS OVER, DECLARES RUSSIA

All Necessary Supplies Are Now Going Forward With Promptness.

A despatch from London says: The shell crisis in Russia is over, according to an announcement made by Chairman Shingraff, of the Daily Chronicle's Petrograd correspondent.

The quantity of munitions, the statement continues, has been more than doubled, and all necessary supplies are going forward promptly. The Russian army now is in splendid fighting condition, it is stated, and the machinery of the international administration is gradually being adapted to the new conditions.

"The word 'evacuation,'" says the correspondent of the Daily Chronicle, "is losing its terrors in the minds of the people, who are beginning to regard the idea of somewhat protracted mobility as a measible military scheme."

The Daily Mail's Petrograd correspondent also telegraphs in an optimistic vein. He says a new phase of the Russian operations is now beginning, in which the Russians will have two useful allies, namely, autumn mist and autumn mud.

"Already," says the correspondent, "seven Teutonic armies in many places are floundering through marshy districts, where there is a thick fog in the morning and evening, and where the rains are turning the roads into deep mud. Amid the lakes and bogs, where the operations must now take place, the Germans will often be obliged to move in narrow causeways under the concentrated fire of the Russian artillery, which thus will be able to inflict terrible losses at small cost. The foggy weather will prevent the German airmen feeling out the Russian positions.

"An indication of what the Russians will do next is given in an official announcement that the time has come for the Russian armies to select a suitable position upon which to remain until it can be made to serve as a point of departure for a decisive advance. In other words the Russians now plan to dig themselves into a fortified defensive front such as exists in the west."

GERMANY'S THREAT TO THE BULGARIANS

Fate of Belgium Promised If Country Sides With the Allies.

A despatch from London says: Telegraphing from Bucharest the Balkan correspondent of the Times says reports have been received there from many quarters to the effect that the Austro-German forces which are being concentrated along the northern bank of the Danube for the projected invasion of Serbia will enter that country through Bulgarian territory via Widin, Belogradchik and Sofia.

The Times correspondent, who usually is well informed, declares he has reason to believe the Bulgarian Government has been notified of this intended aggression with the admonition that opposition would be futile and the suggestion that it co-operate with the central powers. The fate of Belgium, he says he has heard, has been cited as an object lesson of what might happen if resistance were offered, while Bulgaria has been told that if she acquiesces in the plan she will be given a free hand in dealing with Serbia.

Much will depend, the correspondent asserts, upon the attitude of Roumania, whose intentions are unknown, but who is believed to be averse to another Balkan conflict, and to disapprove an attack upon Serbia.

TO FORCE BELGIANS TO OBEY GERMAN ORDERS

A despatch from Brussels says: General von Bissing, military governor of Belgium, has issued an order providing for the punishment of every person who without adequate reason refuses to undertake or carry on work of public interest which is demanded by the German authorities and which is suited to his calling.

Punishment also is threatened to any person who hinders work ordered by the Germans or induces other persons to decline to work.

BRITISH AIRMAN SANK SUBMARINE

Single Handed, He Dropped Bombs on Undersea Craft Near Ostend.

A despatch from London says: From out of the sky came a weapon that destroyed an undersea boat last week, recording in the annals of history the first time that an aircraft sent a submarine to the bottom.

Lieut.-Commander Bigsworth won for himself the distinction of having accomplished this feat. Single-handed, while on an 'air patrol" near Ostend, Belgium, he tackled a German U boat and within a few minutes his victim, completely wrecked, submerged for the last time.

"It is not the practice of the Admiralty to publish statements regarding the losses of German submarines, important though they have been, in cases where the enemy has not other source of information as to the time and place at which these losses have occurred.

In the case referred to above, however, the brilliant feat of Squadron Commander Bigsworth was performed in the immediate neighborhood of the coast in occupation of the enemy, and the position of the sunken submarine has been located by a German destroyer."

Concerning the recent bombardment of Zeebrugge, Belgium, by a British fleet, the Amsterdam Tidj says it has learned that a large number of soldiers were killed by the fire of the fleet, and that 90 severely wounded men were brought to Ghent. The material damage done, it adds, was apparently very great, as a sh[ed] built for submarines was complet[ely] destroyed and with it some [sub]marines.

The significant announcement in the Admiralty report that it is not the practice of the Admiralty to publish accounts regarding the losses of German submarines, together with the statement of the Earl of Selborne, President of the Board of Agriculture, in the course of an address to a deputation of agricultural landowners that the navy now has the submarine menace well in hand, lends color to recent unofficial reports to the effect that the British have of late months captured a very large number of these submersible vessels, and that many others have been sunk. The number sunk has been variously stated at from 20 to 40, but this statement is the only official admission that there were others than those previously announced by the Admiralty as having been destroyed.

MUNITIONS MOVING TO EUROPE RAPIDLY

June Figures Were About a Quarter of the Entire Year's Business.

A despatch from Washington says: That a great part of Europe's enormous orders for arms and ammunition did not begin to move from the United States until comparatively recently was indicated by export figures issued by the Department of Commerce. The statistics, covering the 21 months ending with June, showed that, while exports of war supplies increased tremendously over the preceding year, the greater part of the increase—in some cases from one-fifth to one-third of the entire year's exports—left the United States in June.

The twelvemonth period showed e[x]ports of explosives valued at $41,47[9],188, as against $6,272,197 in the [pre]ceding year. More than one-fourth of that total—$11,689,744—was shipped during June. Gunpowder showed exports of $3,234,549 in June, compared with $5,091,542 for the year.

Sixty-two aeroplanes were exported in June. In the preceding year only 34 were shipped. Nearly eight times as many automobile trucks were exported in June as in the entire year ended June 30, 1914. June exports of both passenger automobiles and trucks were valued at $13,364,800, and for the year at $60,254,635. In the preceding year they were $26,574,574. Figures for barbed wire, harness and saddles showed similar export conditions.

THE ONLY CURE FOR A WEAK STOMACH

Indigestion and Similar Troubles Must be Treated Through the Blood.

Indigestion can be treated in many ways, but it can only be cured in one way—through the blood. Purgatives cannot cure indigestion. By main force they move on the food still indigested. That weakens the whole system, uses up the natural juices and leaves the stomach and bowels parched and sore. It is actually a cause of indigestion—not a cure. Others try pre-digested foods and peptonized drugs. But drugs which digest the food for the stomach really weaken its power and makes the trouble chronic. The digestive organs can never do the work properly until they are strong enough to do it themselves. Nothing can give the stomach that power but the new, rich, red blood so abundantly supplied by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. So the reason for the success of this medicine is plain. Nothing can stimulate the glands and nothing can absorb the nourishment from the food but pure red blood. And Dr. Williams' Pink Pills surpass all other medicines in giving that new, rich blood. Miss B. E. Johnson, Hemford, N.S., says: "For months I was a great sufferer from indigestion; food of any kind was distasteful to me, and after eating I would suffer much. Naturally I grew weak and was but a shadow of my former self. I was taking a doctor's prescription, but it did not help me in the least. Then I read of a case similar to my own cured through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to try this medicine. By the time I had taken six boxes the trouble had entirely disappeared, and I could eat heartily of all kinds of food. More than this I found my general health greatly improved through the use of the Pills. I can therefore strongly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a cure for indigestion."

You can get these Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A CHINESE JACOB.

Took His Teacher's Advice and Thus Gained the Emperor's Favor.

How Hsien Feng, winning his father's favor after the manner of Jacob, reigned in his stead and hastened the swift decline of the Manchu dynasty in China, is told by Messrs. E. Backhouse and J. O. P. Bland in "Annals and Memoirs of the Court of Peking."

Toward the end of his reign, Tao Kuang, concerned as to the succession, had almost decided to confer it upon his favorite son, Prince Kung, a young man much superior in character and intelligence to him who eventually became heir to the throne. It happened, however, that the latter's tutor, Ts'ao Chenung, knew of the emperor's predilection, and, desiring to enhance his own position, cast about for some means of inducing the sovereign to change his mind and confer the succession upon his pupil.

The emperor, following the dynastic tradition, had given orders one day that his sons should go hunting in the southern park. Etiquette required that a prince who had not completed his studies should ask his tutor for permission to absent himself for the day. Hsien Feng therefore attended at the lecture room in the palace and found his tutor there alone. The prince went up, and making the bow that ceremony requires, asked for leave.

Ts-ao asked for what purpose, and he answered:

"The emperor wishes me to take a day's shooting."

Ts'ao whispered to him:

"A-ko (the Manchu word used in speaking of or addressing princes, meaning literally, elder brother), take my advice: when you reach the park, sit you and watch the others shooting. Do not fire a shot, and give orders to your huntsmen not to set any traps. If the emperor asks you for your reason tell him that at this spring season it is not right to take life, because both birds and beasts have their young to take care of, and such slaughter is a violation of natural harmony. Take care not to quarrel with your brothers, but do not endeavor to emulate them. If you, a-ko, will remember this, you are certain to win His Majesty's approval, for I know His Majesty's disposition. On this hinges your whole future. Be careful; do not forget."

When the princes returned in the evening and reported to their father, only Hsien Feng had an empty bag. To Tao Kuang's questions he replied exactly as his tutor had told him to do.

The emperor was delighted, and said, "This is the conduct of a superior man," and from that day he decided to make him his heir.

In later years, when Tao Kuang had passed away, Hsien Feng raised his tutor to the rank of assistant grand secretary, but he died before attaining to still higher honors. The emperor wept bitterly, and proceeded in person to offer a sacrifice to his remains, besides conferring upon him the highest posthumous honors given to a Chinese during the last century.

MAKING PUNS OF PROPER NAMES

THE ANGUISH OF THE FIRST DAYS AT SCHOOL.

Examples From Literature of Some of the Crimes Which Are Perpetrated.

If the men who would make a pun would pick a pocket, what are we to say of the abandoned creature who makes jokes upon proper names? He may not know it, but he is ripe for penal servitude, says the London Globe. Everybody with a name upon which punning is possible remembers the anguish of the first days at school when, trembling wretch, he had to disclose his unfortunate cognomen to inquisitorial bigger boys, and watched with apprehension as the possibilities of the name for word play brought a delighted grin to the questioner. And the sorrow's crown of sorrow was that every puerile humorist made exactly the same pun; so that to the indignity of having one's name made the subject of jest and mirth was added the intense ennui produced by listening to the same not too brilliant jeu d'esprit over and over again. Schoolboys are very tenacious of anything that appeals to their crude sense of humor; and the unhappy new boy was never allowed to hear the last of the exquisite joke.

There are certain formulæ about name jokes in the ranks of our regular army. Every recruit called Murphy is immediately rechristened "Spud"—the derivation is obvious. Also, in the same way a Lee becomes "Gypsy," his comrades feigning to believe that he must of necessity belong to the famous Romany family. All Clarks (or Clarkes) are "Nobby," but the applicability of this nickname is a mystery.

In the Days of Theodore Hook

and his merry friends jokes upon proper names were quite the thing; and, while the auditors grinned, the victim bore the infliction with as much dignity as he could summon up. As a specimen of Hookian wit of this kind the following may serve: "A humorist of this epoch (I am not quite sure whether it was the sprightly Theodore himself) invited to the house of a Mr. Pepper, greeted his host with the words: "How happy you must be, Mr. Pepper, to see your friends all mustered!" A better instance, perhaps, is Hook's impromptu when a tax collector called Winter was seen to be at the door:

Here comes Mr. Winter collector of taxes,
I advise you to pay him whatever he axes.
You had much better pay him without any flummery,
Though Winter's his name his proceedings are summary.

This form of pun is no new one, indeed. Even in the seventeenth century it rankly flourished. During the protectorate some of the late king's adherents, drinking together, would follow a crum of bread with a draught of wine, and then utter the pious wish:

"God Send This Crumb Well Down!"

No follower of Oliver could possibly object to such an innocent wish.

Even the solemnity of our law courts has been disturbed by the name pun. There is a story about a certain barrister whose elocution was not always of the clearest, especially as regards his aspiration. His name was Channell. Arguing a case in the Admiralty Division, he left the bench in some doubt whether a certain vessel he mentioned was the Helen or the Ellen. "Is there an 'h' in the name?" the Judge at last inquired. "Yes, my Lord," broke in his learned friend on the other side, "but it has been lost in the chops of the Channell. The most fearsome and complete pun of this kind was made by an examiner who had to tell a certain undergraduate the result of his viva voce. The undergraduate's name was Field Flowers Goe, and he subsequently attained some eminence in the church. The verdict was, "The Field is ploughed, the Flowers are plucked, and you, sir, can Goe!"

There is a variety of the pun upon a name, however, that one is almost inclined to forgive, or at least to regard with a certain leniency. It is when some familiar quotation is given an apt twist which brings in

"The Cognomen of the Victim.

One of the best of this kind is attributed to Sir William Harcourt. Listening to a long descended baronet named Knightley descanting on the antiquity of his family, the politician was heard to misquote a well-known hymn as follows:

And Knightley to the listening earth
Recounts the story of his birth.

From the United States comes the story of an unwilling auditor of Senator Lodge, who, as the Senatorial eloquence showed no signs of ceasing, muttered to his neighbor: "Oh, for a Lodge in some vast wilderness!"

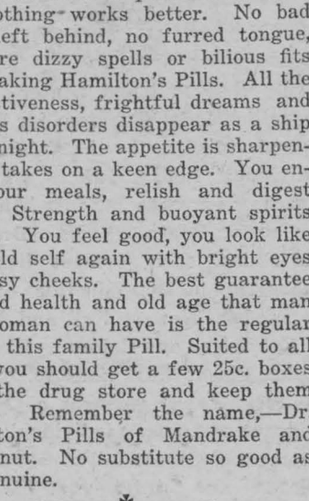
James Payn, the novelist and editor, was notoriously averse to physical exercise. A gentle stroll from the Cornhill offices in Waterloo Place to the Reform Club was the limit of his pedestrianism. So it was not strange that he showed signs of acute discomfort on a country ramble. As the party climbed a steep acclivity in the course of the walk one of them, noticing the novelist's distress, whispered to another: "The labor we delight in physics Payn."

How to Awake Fresh as a Daisy Constipation Gone!

No other remedy acts the same. Works while you sleep, smooth, silent, effective. Cures the worst headache or constipation. This is what happens when you use Dr. Hamilton's Pills. For wind or pain in the stomach nothing works better. No bad taste left behind, no furred tongue, no more dizzy spells or bilious fits after taking Hamilton's Pills. All the old costiveness, frightful dreams and nervous disorders disappear as a ship in the night. The appetite is sharpened up, takes on a keen edge. You enjoy your meals, relish and digest them. Strength and buoyant spirits return. You feel good, you look like your old self again with bright eyes and rosy cheeks. The best guarantee of good health and old age that man and woman can have is the regular use of this family Pill. Suited to all ages, you should get a few 25c. boxes from the drug store and keep them handy. Remember the name,—Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. No substitute so good as the genuine.

EMPIRE GOWNS HOLD THEIR OWN.

Empire dresses of very simple cut are extremely fashionable and will be welcomed by the woman who does her own dressmaking, because they are so easy to make. A pattern that has the smartest of the Empire features is Ladies' Home Journal Pattern No. 8989. This has a simple waist with removable chemisette with high neck or square outline. The collar is



No. 8989.

circular and the sewed-in sleeves can be made full length or shorter as preferred. The four-gore skirt finishes at the top with an upstanding frill. The pattern cuts in sizes 32 to 44 inches bust measure, requiring in size 36, 7¾ yards 27-inch, 6⅞ yards 36-inch or 5⅝ yards 42-inch material with ¼ yard 12-inch net for chemisette and 1 yard ribbon for belt.

Patterns, 15 cents each, may be obtained at your local dealers or at the Home Pattern Company, 183-A George Street, Toronto, Ontario.

A man is out of spirits when there isn't a drop in the house.

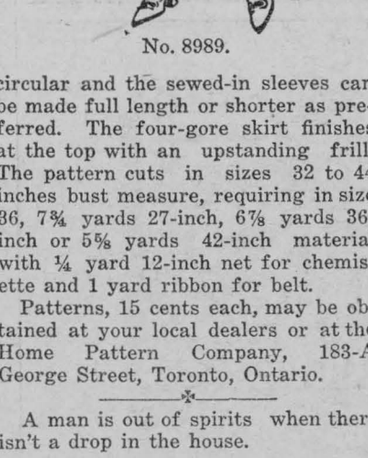
If wishes were horses, beggars would want airships.

The Speaker in the British House of Commons may only vote upon an equal division.

After the members of the royal family, the Archbishop of Canterbury is the first peer of the realm.

"I understand you began your life as a newsboy," observed the friend admiringly. "No," replied the millionaire, "Some one has been fooling you. I began life as an infant."

He (addressing the little sister of his betrothed)—"Don't you know me, little one? Who am I, then?" Little One (brightly)—"I know. You're my sister's last chance."



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IF LOOKING FOR A FARM, CONSULT me. I have over Two Hundred on my list, located in the best sections of Ontario. All sizes. H. W Dawson, Brampton.

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PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

FOXES FOR SALE.

FOXES—ONE SILVER BLACK, male; one 85 per cent. female. Pair Red cross breeders, Island stock. Write for low prices. T. R. Lyons, Waterville, Kings Co., N.S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

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107 Acres, $1,800? Easy Terms.

BEAUTIFUL HOME. Money-making farm, borders lake ½ mile, fishing, boating; ½ mile to village, R.R. station, high school, machine-worked fields cut 20 tons hay, other good crops, 60 acres lake and brook-watered pasture, 17 acres wood, variety fruit, 8 room house, fine shade, charming view, big barn, other buildings, aged owner must retire, great bargain for some one at $1,800, easy terms; full details and travelling directions to see this and other farms, many with livestock and tools included, page 13, "Strout's Farm Catalogue 38." Write to-day for your free copy. E. A. Strout Farm Agency, Station 2417, University Block, Syracuse, N.Y.

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4 Cycle, 4 Cylinder, 12 to 30 H.P. Highest quality. Silent operation. No vibration. Controls like the finest Motor Car engine. Extremely economical on fuel. Used as standard equipment by over 80 per cent. of the world's leading boat builders. Catalog on request. $190 to $360 depending on equipment.
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GASES IN WARFARE.

Are the Most Virulent and Irritant of Poisons.

That the Germans were determined to break the agreement of the Hague Convention by which the powers promised to abstain from the use of all asphyxiating gases is evident from the fact that their patent office records show that Krupps patented a gun for throwing poisonous gas bombs some years before the war. The specifications show that it would throw a 150-pound bomb a distance of 400 yards, causing the death of everybody within a radius of 400 feet.

The use of asphyxiating gases in the form of bombs and other contrivances is really a revival of the ancient methods of warfare applied to modern conditions. The gas bomb is a modernized "stink-pot," which the Chinese have employed from time immemorial; but whereas the old Chinese "stink-pot" merely rendered men unconscious, poisonous gases employed to-day are the most virulent and irritant of poisons, and few men recover from the effects after they have inhaled the gas to any extent.

St. Isidore, P.Q., Aug. 18, 1894.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Gentlemen,—I have frequently used MINARD'S LINIMENT and also prescribe it for my patients always with the most gratifying results, and I consider it the best all-round Liniment extant.
Yours truly,
DR. JOS. AUG. SIROIS.

The Peer and the Parrot.

The Late Lord Selborne, who was of a very pious turn and read prayers regularly at home, had a favorite parrot which was kept in one of the sitting-rooms. This bird escaped one day and was reported to be at the top of one of the trees at the end of Portland Place, where they lived. Selborne and his daughter hastened to try and recover the treasure. When they came to the place "Pretty Poll, pretty Poll, come then," cries Miss Palmer persuasively; but Poll does not stir. The Chancellor then takes the matter up. "Stay," says he; "let me try; he knows my voice better." So, in a deep voice he says, "Pretty Poll, Poll, Poll, come, pretty Poll!" "Let us pray!" says pretty Poll from the tree-top, but does not move.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

Scot Killed by a Lion.

A communication has been received by Mr. George Sinclair of Knowes Mill, Prestonkirk, Scotland, from the British South Africa Company, giving particulars of the death of his son, Norman, who was killed by a lioness while acting as a scout on the north-west border of Northern Rhodesia. While riding ahead of a party of native carriers, Mr. Sinclair sighted six lions devouring a dead man. He fired three times at a lioness; the lions made off, and he immediately followed them. Coming upon the wounded lioness he dismounted from his horse, but before he could fire the lioness charged, and seized him by the left arm. His rifle fell to the ground, but he got out his knife and stabbed the animal repeatedly in the neck. His left arm was broken, and the lioness struck him on the left side round to the spine before succumbing to her own wounds. Mr. Sinclair's injuries were so severe that he died the following morning.

Sore Corns Go! Absolutely Painless

No cutting, no plasters or pads to press the sore spot. Putnam's Extractor makes the corn go without pain. Takes out the sting over-night. Never fails—leaves no scar. Get a 25c. bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor to-day.

How She Played.

Mary—Mrs. Delaney says her little girl has learned to play the piano in no time.

Alice—Yes, I heard her playing just that way the other day.

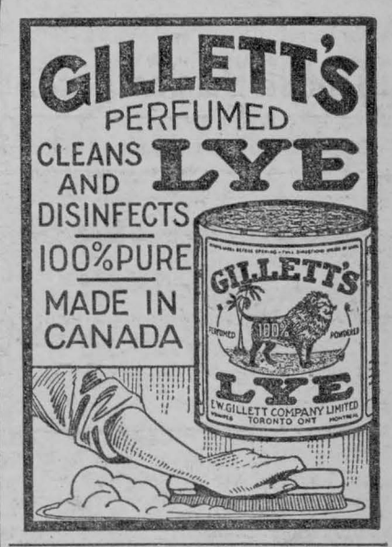
Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Helping a Lady.

"Jack, I wish you'd come to see me occasionally."

"Why, Vanessa, I thought you were engaged to Algernon Wombat?"

"No; but I think I could be if I get up a little brisk competition."



A Cemetery Cough.

An old man was leaning against the walls of a cemetery not long ago, and, being tired, he sat down to rest on one of the stone seats that are placed at the gates of a cemetery. The old man had a very bad cough, and it was while he was in a bad fit of coughing that a young man approached him. Thinking he would take a rise out of the old man he said: "I'll tell you, old man, you've got a cemetery cough." "Maybe," replied the old man, with a knowing wink in his eye, "but there's lots in that cemetery that would be glad of my cough."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Force of Habit.

We gazed pityingly on the listless drug store clerk leaning against the soda counter.

"Haven't you any ambition?" we queried, kindly and all that.

"No," he replied, with brightening intelligence; "but I have something just as good."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE

Under the control of the Department of Agriculture of Ontario. Established 1862. Affiliated with the University of Toronto. 110 University Ave., TORONTO, ONT., CAN. College Reopens Friday, October 1st, 1915. Write Dept. D. for Calendar. E. A. A. Grange, V.S., M.S., Principal.



"Overstern" V Bottom Motor Boat $55.00

Freight Prepaid to any Railway Station in Ontario. Length 15 Ft., Beam 3 Ft. 9 In., Depth 1 Ft. 6 In. ANY MOTOR FITS.

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The Leader Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 2,1915

TIME-TABLE

EASTBOUND

No. 18 (daily) ..... due 4.23 a.m
" 26 (daily except Sun) " 6.55 a.m.
" 6 (daily)..... " 3.55 p.m.

WESTBOUND

No. 7 (daily)..... due 12 48 p.m
" 26 (daily exc'pt Sun.) due 7.47 p.m.
" 13 (daily)..... " 10 13 p.m.

THE MAILS

	Despatched	Arrive
Day, west	12.30 p.m	1.30 "
Waddington.....	1.30 "	3.00 "
Day, east.....	3.30 "	4.30 "
Winchester.....	2.00 "	11.15 a.m.
Night, east,.. ..	7.30 "	
Night, west.....	7.30 "	
Sunday. E. & W..	7.30 "	

BOUCKS HILL

Master Harry Flynn of Montreal is spending a few days with his aunt, Mrs. Myron Wegar.

Mrs. L. Tupper of Morrisburg was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dillen last week.

Master Karl Rood of New Mexico is spending his summer holidays with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Weaver.

Mrs. William Reddick of Morrisburg spent the latter part of the week with her son Mr. Herbert Reddick.

Our public school opened on Wednesday with a fairly good attendance and Miss Eva Curry is the teacher.

Guests at Mr. Robert Becksteds Sunday were: Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Beckstead and son, Denzel of Grantley and Mr. and Mrs. H. Reddick and children, Willie and Ruth.

Miss Jennie Herriman of Massena is spending a few days with friends here.

Mr. Jacob Lane of Riverside, was calling on friends here last week.

A few from here attended the harvest home tea which was held on the Presbyterian lawn at Dunbar Friday evening of last week.

Mrs. Hugh Allison and children Olive and Arthur, and Mrs. Geo. Jowett of Inkerman spent Friday with Mrs. Jacob Whittaker.

Mrs. Jerry Barkley was the guest of her daughter, Mrs. C. Swertfeger on Friday afternoon last.

DUNDELA

Rev. Arthur Reynolds of Brockville spent Sunday the guest of his brother, Rev, G. Reynolds at the Parsonage.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Baldwin of Hulbert spent Sunday the guest of her uncle, Mr. H. McIntosh.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Sypes of Lisbon spent Sunday under the parental roof.

Mr. Samuel Smyth was thrown from his buggy while driving from Williamsburg Tuesday. His horse became frightened and he received a large cut on the forehead. We hope to see him around again soon

We are sorry to hear that the doctor holds out no hope for Miss Aggie Hamilton's recovery.

Sir Robert Borden and Sir Sam Hughes arrive in New York

New York, Sept. 2.—Optimistic over the general outcome of the war and more determined than ever that Canada shall see the fight through to the finish, Sir Robert Borden, Prime Minister of Canada, and General Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia and Defence, arrived in New York this morning on the Adriatic, from a visit to England and France.

Sir Robert pronounced their trip to the old land a success and announced that as the result of their frequent conferences with the War Office, Admiralty and British Government there would be closer co-operation between the two Governments, Sir Robert also announced that arrangements had been made for the transportation of the big western grain crop via both, the Atlantic and the Pacific, and he felt positive no fears need be felt on that score. He would make no statement on the question of either the British or Canadian Governments buying the whole crop, but intimated that such action was hardly likely.

"More than ever," said Sir Borden, "the people of Canada are convinced that the struggle now proceeding is one which does in truth involve the continued existence of our Empire. With that truth firmly grasped, and with the spirit which it already has evoked, and will continue to evoke, there is no occasion for one moment's discouragement. Ours is the ability to make the Allied cause triumphant; ours must be the effort to accomplish that great purpose upon which hangs the future destiny of the world."

In addition to the organization of Military Forces, other matters of great importance have been under consideration, and among them the provision of adequate transportation for the magnificient crop now being harvested, and I am convinced that the arrangements which have been made will prove both efficient and satisfactory."

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

CALIFORNIA EXPOSITIONS
Lowest Fairs, Greatest Variety of Routes, including the Transcontinental Line to Winnipeg or via the Great Lakes in Finest Steamships.

TORONTO EXHIBITION
Lowest One-Way First-Class Fare and One-Third for Round Trip.
Going Dates—Saturday, August 28th to Tuesday, September 7th, 1915.
Return Limit—All Tickets Valid for Return up to and Including Wednesday, September 15th., 1915.

LABOR DAY, SEPT. 6, 1915.
Single Fare
Good going Monday, Sept. 6th, 1915, valid returning date of issue
Fare and One-Third
Good going Saturday, Sept 4th to Monday, Sept. 6th, 1915
Valid to return until Sept. 7, 1915

W. H. McGANNON, Local Agent

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ESTABLISHED 1874
Head Office : - Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - - -	$ 4,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits -	4,978,299
Total Assets over - - -	50,000,000

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MORRISBURG BRANCH—B. A. HERRING, Manager

The New Fall and Winter Line of Tailor-Made Fashions for Women and Misses, by the Celebrated Individual Ladies Tailors, Montreal, is now ready for inspection at our store. Coats, Suits, Dresses and Skirts, each garment shown in Photographic Reproduction on living models. Newest Fall and Winter Fabrics and Colors. Elegant Styles. Finest Workmanship. Faultless Fit. Each garment cut and made to customer's individual measurements. Don't fail to see them before you order your Winter Clothes.—A. H. Casselman, Tailor, Morrisburg, Ont.

THE 1915 CENTRAL CANADA
EXHIBITION
$25,000 IN PRIZES
OTTAWA
$10,000 DISPLAY
September 10=18
EXHIBITS FROM HOME FARM AND FACTORY

THIS FAIR HAS A NEW $5,000 DOMINION GRANT all added to utility classes of horses, cattle, sheep, swine & poultry
FREIGHT PAID on live stock exhibits from Ontario and Quebec
Horse Races, Baseball Match, Band Music, Live Stock Parade, Day Fireworks. Colossal Midway; Starting and ending on the grounds, William S. Luckey, famous American aviator, in daily.
AEROPLANE FLIGHTS : : NIGHT SHOWS
Presenting the eighth wonder of the world "The Birth of a Nation"; Griffith's Stupendous $500,000 Motion Picture. Powerful Drama Linking History of American Civil War to Romance. Marvellous display by the International Fireworks Co.
Reduced railway rates General admission 25c. 6 for $1; tickets on sale in advance. Grand stand seats reduced Entries close September 3rd. Write for prize list, entry forms program, dollar ticket strips, information to
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Your oven will certainly produce more bread and better bread as a result of our oven test.

From each shipment of wheat delivered at our mills we take a ten-pound sample. It is ground into flour. We bake bread from this flour. If this bread is high in quality and large in quantity we use the shipment of wheat from which it came. Otherwise, we sell it.

The baking quality of flour sold under this name is therefore an exact certainty. Buy and benefit!

"More Bread and Better Bread" and "Better Pastry Too" 527

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Place Your Order Now and Get the Summer Prices
Highest Grade of
PORTLAND CEMENT
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PREPARED PLASTER
Always on Hand.
ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE
The Greatest Shingle Proposition on the Market.
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Thousands of Amazing Money-Saving Opportunities!



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Rest assured of this fact—this new Fall and Winter **EATON** Catalogue offers you **genuine, substantial, money-in-your-pocket savings.** There are nearly 400 pages crowded full of marvel values and every item on every page at a saving price.

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Just think of buying a 94-piece set of dishes for $6.95 ; a good set of furs for $2.50 ; a woman's 48-inch heavy cheviot coat for $5.00; a man's fine wool mixture sweater coat for 79c ; a big warm ulster for $7.95; canned tomatoes at a dozen cans for $1.00 ; a fine plow at $10.50. We could mention literally thousands of like values. Several of them are so strikingly remarkable that we have designated them as special links in a chain of bargains extending throughout the book. You should surely see these. Such a book as this should be in every home in Canada where sensible economy is of the least importance—**It should be in your home.** Write for your copy **to-day.** It will be sent free on request.

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Your order will receive the promptest attention—we ship goods within 24 hours of receipt of the order.

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A MARVEL VALUE
ALL-WOOL
SERGE DRESS



58-S516. Woman's All-Wool Serge Dress, in a very youthful and becoming style, and specially low-priced. Bodice has button-trimmed vest of self material, and smart Black Paillette Silk tie. Collar is of fine White Organdie, finished with Black Serpentine Cording; while the full-length sleeves have deep self cuffs. The skirt is very attractive, having deep yoke and a double box pleat extending to foot of dress both front and back. The closing is arranged in front; and a pleated Black Paillette Silk girdle finishes at the waist. **Bust sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44. Skirt lengths 38 or 40 inches with deep hems. Colors Black, Navy, Copenhagen Blue or Brown.....** **4.95**

Visit our Exhibit of Mail Order Goods.

We extend to you a cordial invitation to visit our exhibit of mail order goods on the fifth floor of our Mail Order Building, Albert St., near Yonge (opposite our store), on September 6th to 11th. You will find a most interesting display comprising many of the lines advertised in our big Fall and Winter Catalogue. Garments will be shown on living models. Competent guides will show and explain things to you. Tea will be served. Orchestra in attendance. Of course no admission fee—just an opportunity we are glad to have to meet you and welcome you.

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Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and liberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY,
Local Agent, Morrisburg
D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector and Adjuster

CORNWALL
GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:
1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J T KIRKPATRICK J C ALGUIRE,
President. Sec'y-Trea

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



I'm going to fix up my house this winter with

NEPONSET WALL BOARD
FOR WALLS AND CEILINGS

This material is used instead of or over plaster and laths, or for partitions. It is made in three attractive finishes—Plain Oak, Cream White, and Burnt Leather and requires no further decoration. Any one can apply NEPONSET Wall Board with hammer and nails—furnished in large sheets *ready* for application.

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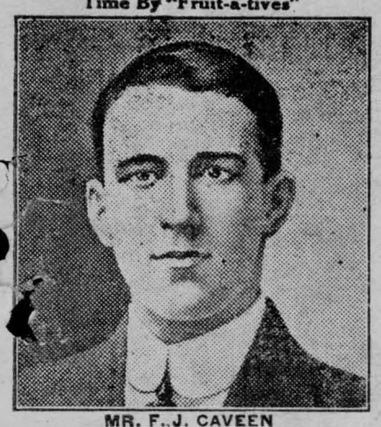
Morrisburg, Ont.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought
Chas. H. Fletcher

SHARP ATTACK REPULSED

Dangerous Condition Relieved Just In Time By "Fruit-a-tives"



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632 Gerrard St. East, Toronto.,

For two years, I was a victim of *Acute Indigestion and Gas In The Stomach*. It afterwards attacked my Heart, and I had pains all over the body, so I could hardly move around. I tried all kinds of medicines but none of them did me any good. At last, acting on the advice of a friend, I decided to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. I bought the first box last June, and now I am well, after using only three boxes. I recommend 'Fruit-a-tives' to anyone suffering from Indigestion, no matter how acute". FRED J. CAVEEN.

Simple Indigestion often leads to *Heart Attacks, Catarrh of the Stomach and constant distress of mind and body*. If you are bothered with any Stomach Trouble, and especially if Constipation troubles you, take 'Fruit-a-tives'.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

Have You Tried This Wonderful Product?

Special Sale on

PALMOLIVE

80c. Worth for 50c.

Shampoo, 50c.
2 Cakes Soap 30c

This Bargain For 50c.

"PALMOLIVE is made in CANADA"

Cream 50c.
Soap 30c.

80c. Worth For 50c.

First Come, First Served. Our stock is limited and you don't want to miss this Bargain.

FOR SALE BY

D. T. HENDERSON

The Rexall Store

MORRISBURG, - - ONT.

Constipation-- the bane of old age is not to be cured by harsh purgatives; they rather aggravate the trouble. For a gentle, but sure laxative, use Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. They stir up the liver, tone the nerves and freshen the stomach and bowels just like an internal bath.



CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS



Woman's best friend.

From girlhood to old age, these little red health restorers are an unfailing guide to an active liver and a clean, healthy, normal stomach. Take a Chamberlain's Stomach Tablet at night and the sour stomach and fermentation, and the headache, have all gone by morning.

All druggists, 25c., or by mail from Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto 12

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OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBUURG

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Collison and son, Herman after spending a few weeks visiting Mr. Herman Whittaker left for their home, Elmira, Ont., last week.

The Misses Sadie Shennett and Opal Hess and Mary Becksted were visiting Mrs. Roy McIntosh on Friday last.

Mrs. Orlin Becker and Miss Helen have gone on a short visit to Mrs. Dr. S. Casselman's, Sault Ste. Marie. They were accompanied by Miss Maud Casselman who intends remaining there.

Rev. A. E. Runnell's of Brockville was a visitor at the Temperance House on Monday last.

The Misses Bertha and Stella Barkley spent Sunday the guests of Miss Maggie Fisher, Winchester Springs.

Miss Hazel Weaver left on Monday for Forrester's Falls near Pembrooke, where she has been engaged as teacher for the coming year. Her many friends wish her every success.

Mr. Frank and Aden Hess visited at Morewood on Sunday last

Mrs. Ralph Shennett and children visited at Mr. Stanley Saddlemire's for a week recently.

Mr. Geo. H. Casselman left on Thursday last for Evesham, Sask. He will be greatly missed, and his many friends wish him every success.

After the usual vacation the schools reopened on Wednesday, the children all being glad to get back to work again.

Services in the Presbyterian and Methodist Churches on Sunday, Sept. 5th, will be at the usual hour.

Mrs. Almon Casselman has returned home after spending a few days visiting Iroquois and Rowena friends.

Mr. Toy Merkley spent Sunday at Mr. Almon Casselman's.

Guests of Mrs. Almon Casselman for the week-end were the Misses Reta Casselman of Dundela and Leda Merkley of New York....

Miss Leda Merkley intends leaving for New York Saturday, September 4th, after spending the last couple of months at her home here.

FROATBURN

Herbert Gallinger of Archer passed through Froatburn on Thursday

Mrs. Alice Tupper of Morrisburg visited Froatburn friends last week

Henry Casselman of Nudell Bush passed through our burn on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Watson were in Aultsville on Friday to attend the funeral of their grandchild, little Hilda Vincent, aged four months.

Mr. Peter Robinson of Morrisburg passed through here on Thursday.

Floyd Bouck of Seldom Seen passed through Froatburn on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jefferson Swerdfeger and daughter, Grace, spent Sunday at Geo. E. Styles'.

Mr. John Coir of Morrisburg was a business caller in our burn on Thursday.

Mrs. Cephrenus O'Shaughnessy and children of Bouck's Hill spent Sunday at the former's parental home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Casselman of Riverside were through Froatburn on Monday.

Mr. Fred Wells of Hoasic passed through our burn on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fetterly, Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Marcellus and Mrs. Alice Swerdfeger of Morrisburg motored to our town on Sunday.

Jacob Lane of Riverside was in our Burn on Tuesday.

The tea which was held at Mr. Edward Schwerdfeger's on Thursday evening was largely attended.

Miss Luva Wells and sister, Reta and Miss Violet Colborne passed through Froatburn on Thursday en route to Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Casselman of Riverside were in Froatburn on Sunday.

Mr. Hugh Young was in Chesterville on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Froats and children left on Monday morning for their home in Rochester, N.Y., after spending a few weeks with relatives here. They were accompanied by the former's sister, Miss Amy Froats.

Mrs. Sidney Rooks and son, Willie, of Morrisburg, visited at L. Froats on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Edwin Froats of Rochester, N.Y., who have been spending some time with friends here, returned home on Monday.

Mrs. C. O'Shaughnessy of Boucks Hill spent Sunday at her parental home here.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Froats and Mr. and Mrs. Durham Wells, motored to Chesterville on Friday to attend the Horse Show.

Mr. Samuel Froats of Dunbar visited at Roland Froats' Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fetterly, Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Marcellus and Mrs. Alice Swerdfeger visited at Mr. Luther Froats on Sunday.

Mrs. Reddick of Glen Becker, visited her sister, Mrs. E. J. Swerdfeger on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Schell spent Sunday at Stanley Forward's.

Mrs. Alice Tupper of Morrisburg visited friends in the Burn last week.

Mr. Ed. and Henry Hart of Farran's Point visited their uncle here on Friday.

Mr. W. O. Marcellus is at present visiting friends in Vermont.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Wells of Hoasic spent Monday at Geo. W. Froats.

Mrs. Asa Stillson and daughter Louisa is at present visiting at her parental home here.

Miss Amy Froats is at present visiting friends in Rochester, N.Y.

AULTSVILLE

Guests at Breezy Knoll Cottage on Tuesday were: Mrs. Hepburn and Master Arthur Martin, Morrisburg, Mrs. J. Morgan and Mrs. L. Campbell, 3rd Concession, Farran's Point. Mrs. J. Duffin, Mrs. H. Rupert and children of this place.

Mrs. A. Hawn and son, Aubrey and daughter, Nellie of Farran's Point, were guests the past week of Mrs. J. Duffin, Station street, and other friends.

Mrs. Roy Winters and daughter Betty, returned to their home in Montreal on Sunday after spending two months here at the Winter's Cottage.

Miss Ralph of Brockville who has been engaged as Principal of the local school arrived in town on Tuesday and school opened on Wednesday, Sept. 1st.

Miss Grace Wells who has been engaged to teach the school at North Lunenburg left for that place on Tuesday.

Mrs. P. Hunter is attending the Millinery openings in Montreal and Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Heath and daughter, Dorothy, left for their home in St. Timothee on Saturday after spending a week with friends in this vicinity.

Rev. and Mrs. Wm. Wells returned home on Friday after spending several weeks with friends in Montreal and the Eastern townships.

Mr. Edgar Raney, K.C., and family, of Toronto are spending a few days with Mr. Raney's parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Raney.

Mrs. Ault of Morrisburg spent a few hours here last week with Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Hanes.

Mrs. Geo. Hanes of Chicago, Mrs Ault of Morrisburg and Mrs. R. H. Hanes of Town were entertained by Mrs. Jas. VanAllen, Westfront, on Saturday.

Mrs. W. F. Baker and daughter, Sara, spent a couple of days this week with Mr. and Mrs. Walton Baker, Riverside.

Miss Jessie Jarvis has returned home from Montreal where she spent a few days with friends.

Mrs. Warren Henderson of Morrisburg and Miss Corbett of Kingston spent a day here recently with Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Morgan and family.

Mrs. Wells of Rochester and Master Raymond Collison are visiting the former's mother, Mrs. E. Myers.

Mr. Jas. Henderson left for his home on Tuesday after a two week's stay with his sister, Mrs. S. Rombough and Mrs. E. Myers.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Loucks and sons of Archer, Mrs. Wells and Master Raymond of Rochester, N. Y., Mr. Jas. Henderson and Mr. and Mrs. Rombough [illegible] place had a family dinner at Mrs. E. Myers on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Roy Dafoe and Miss McKay of Brockville were guests of the Misses Robertson on Monday.

Miss Jessie Gibson of Louisville, N.Y., visited Mrs. W. Croil last last week.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Mrs. G. Hamilton of Morrisburg is visiting her daughter, Mrs. J. Willard.

Mr. and Mrs. Jake Garlough and son, Hugh of Williamsburg and niece of Madrid were calling at Mr. Thomas Garlough's on Tuesday of last week.

Mrs. George McPherson and Mr. John Cross of Aultsville are staying at the home of the former's brother while he is away west.

Mr. Alva Henophy was among the number who took in the Harvesters' excursion for the west.

A few from here attended the social at Froatburn on Thursday evening at Mr. Ed. Schwerdfeger's.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baker and Miss Clara and Master Hubert of Archer spent Sunday at Mr. I. Fetterly's.

Miss Ileen McEvoy of Ottawa, who was spending her vacation with her aunt, Mrs. Walter Baker, returned home last week.

Mrs. Pearl Casselman, Nudell Bush, and Miss Louise Hayunga of Riverside were at Mr. J. Willard's on Tuesday.

Mr. Thomas Garlough and son, Aden, spent the past week at their farm at Williamsburg.

Mr. Wilbert Whitby is visiting his father-in-law, Mr. James Salmons.

Mr. and Mrs. James Gow of Hoasic spent Tuesday at Mr. Alfred Wells'.

Messrs. J. and E. Bantford were visiting their uncle, Mr. T. Burnside on Sunday.

Mr. Stanley Wells and sister, Hazel, spent Sunday with friends at Hoasic.

Mr. and Mrs. Mert Reddick of Uncle Sam's Domain are visiting the former's parents, Mr. J. Reddick.

Miss Sadie and Jessie Martin of Iroquois were visiting in our Burg.

Miss Maud Gow of Hoasic spent the past week with her cousin, Miss Hazel Wells.

Mrs. A. Larin and daughter, Miss Ruth, of Montreal were visiting her mother, Mrs. J. E. Summers.

Mrs. Thomas Holland of Bush Glen, was visiting friends in our Burg one day last week.

Mrs. Shultice of Nudell Bush is visiting friends in our Burg this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dalton Saddlemire of Glen Becker were calling at Mrs. Martha Watson's on Friday.

Miss Myrtle Watson is visiting friends at Glen Becker.

Mrs. Arthur Burton and son, Charlie of Cornwall who have been visiting friends in our Burg returned home on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lawrence of Maple Isle spent Sunday at the latter's parental home.

OSNABRUCK

Mrs. Roy Vroman of Rochester, N.Y., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Robert Warner.

Mrs. John Dafoe and Miss Erma Dafoe of Cddar Grove spent a few days last week with Mrs. C. Hollister.

Miss Edna Snyder of Montreal is visiting her aunt, Mrs. S. Eamon.

Mrs. John Warner left on Wednesday for the West.

Dr. Jamieson and Mr. and Mrs. Johiel Rombough and sons, Arnold and Bruce, motored to Avonmore on Sunday.

Mrs. C. Hollister and daughter, Lena, were the guests of Mrs J. Shaver, Nudell Bush, on Sunday.

The Misses Bessie Eamon, Eva Eamon, Iva Southworth and Edna Snyder spent Sunday with Miss Nellie Shaver.

Mrs. C. Southworth and family of Buffalo are spending a couple of weeks with friends here.

Mr. Arthur Eamon and daughter, Lula, of Swift Current, Sask., spent a few days with his brother, Mr. S. G. Eamon.

NATION VALLEY

Mrs. J. R. Baker and son, Frank visited in Cass Bridge the first of the week.

Miss E. Rennick of Winchester visited in the Valley on Friday.

Several from here attended the funeral of the late Mr. Stanley Summers of Winchester on Monday.

Miss Leila McGee of Cardinal has been visiting her cousin here.

Mrs. Walter Bogart and little grandson visited her daughter, Mrs. Geo. C. Merkley recently.

Mrs. Elmer Baker of Metcalf is taking care of her mother who is ill.

Mrs. Jas. Kerr and daughter, Miss Minnie, of New York City have been guests in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Jamieson and Master Harold, visited at Cass Bridge the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sheldrick visited last week in Winchester.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cass of Winchester were calling in this vicinity.

Several from here attended the Races at Chesterville.

Mr. Jas. Toye of Morely, N.Y., is visiting in the Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. Davy Jamieson have returned to Montreal.

DUNDELA

Mrs. T. I. Nesbitt and her daughter, Olive, of Iroquois are visiting Miss Essie Hamilton of Dundela and stayed over night.

Miss Aggie Hamilton of Dundela is on the sick list.

Miss Kathleen Barnhart of Dundela is visiting at her brother's, Frank Barnhart of Lewisville, for a few days.

Mr. Jim Cook of Williamsburg, was calling on Mrs. George Barnhart last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Hutt of Rowena were visiting Mr. and Mrs. George Barnhart on Sunday.

DOCTORS DID NOT HELP HER

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Mrs. Bradley's Health—Her Own Statement.

Winnipeg, Canada. — "Eleven years ago I went to the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, suffering with a growth. The doctors said it was a tumor and could not be removed as it would cause instant death. They found that my organs were affected, and said I could not live more than six months in the condition I was in.

"After I came home I saw your advertisement in the paper, and commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it constantly for two years, and still take it at times, and both my husband and myself claim that it was the means of saving my life. I highly recommend it to suffering women."—Mrs. ORILLA BRADLEY, 284 Johnson Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba, Can.

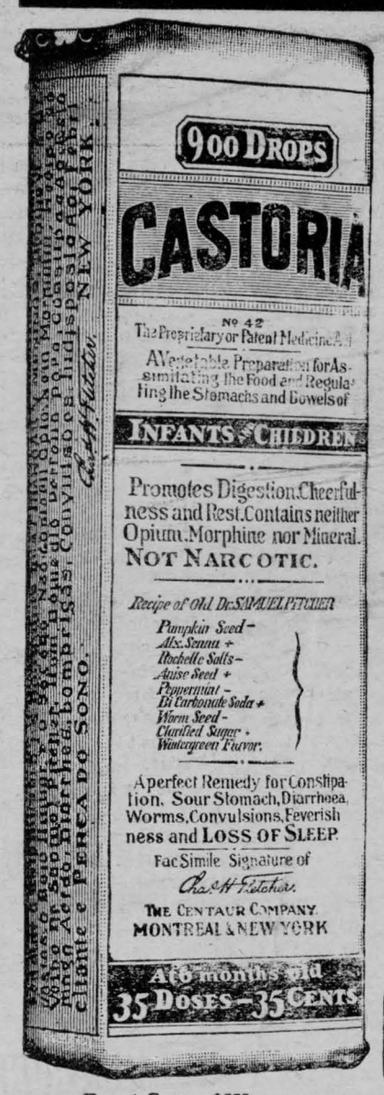
Why will women take chances or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?



LYDIA E PINKHAM

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medidine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.



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CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
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Children Cry
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CASTORIA

AUTO LIVERY

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

Cars are kept in good repair, being thoroughly examined daily and therefore you are assured a reliable service. : : : : :

Iroquois, 1—4 passengers	$2.00
Williamsburg, 1—4 passengers	2.00
Aultsville, 1—4 Passengers	2.50
Cornwall 1—4 Passengers	7.00

Meet Trains When Called

Wilfrid Quenneville

MORRISBURG, : : : ONT

Overland

1916 MODEL NO. 83 T

35 H. P. Touring Car fully equipped, electric lights and starter for

$1050

WILLYS OVERLAND CO., Hamilton.

THOMAS FAULKNER, Morewood.

The Green Seal

By CHARLES EDMONDS WALK

Author of "The Silver Blade," "The Paternoster Ruby," "The Time Lock," etc.

CHAPTER II.

Fate's philanderings lead to strange adventures. Once she singles out some individual as the object of her capricious attentions, it is her custom to make a thorough job of the matter. For the victim the process is usually unpleasant, often hazardous, or even fatal; but in the end, after she is done with him for the time being, having bent her sportive fancy elsewhere, when he comes to take stock of results, he will find that she has not been an altogether cruel jade. Under afflictions, blessings sometimes may be found disguised, the two often bewilderingly intermixed; and if one be of the right stuff, the experience will leave one broader and stronger, more tolerant and sympathetic in one's outlook upon life, forgetting all that has been disagreeable in gratitude and joy for the desirable things that may never again be taken away. There is, usually, an effective law of compensations.

Some such philosophical conclusions are prompted by a consideration of my next step into a maze, which, unwittingly, I was already beginning to tread.

A few days before the postman fetched me the diamond, I had advertised for a stenographer. Among the numerous written responses there had been one letter that stood so far apart from all the others by reason of its individuality, that its writer was the only one with whom I made an appointment. The circumstance that the applicant claimed to be more than ordinarily proficient, yet made no reference to previous employment, and that the compensation expected was ridiculously small compared with her apparent qualifications, might sounded a warning to a man less cautious than I usually am; but some indeterminate note in the missive impelled me to ignore these two factors.

Behold me, then, still at my desk, still stupidly staring at the glittering jewel, too dumfounded to believe the evidence of my own eyes, when Stub thrust his head in at the door. That I had been neither aware of his return nor heard his knock testifies to my state of mind.

"Miss Fox," he announced, without troubling to explain.

I started guiltily, and with a single movement hastily swept diamond, ivory boxes, ring and all into a drawer, which I promptly shut. He might have been addressing me in Choctaw for all the meaning the name had for me at the moment.

"Miss Fox!" I echoed stupidly. Whereupon Stub approached and gave me a card.

"Miss Loy Fox," he tried to enlighten me. His air of surprised, indignant contempt at my obtuseness ought to have warned me that this was no ordinary caller.

Stub, I must append ere you condemn him, had his own peculiar methods of expressing himself, gathered from Heaven alone knows what sources. His candor sometimes was disconcerting, but unless the occasion warranted, never disrespectful. Besides, he was only fourteen. So his next gratuitous observation must be taken as an honest opinion, signifying a good deal because he was a cynical, if discerning, critic of young lady typists.

"Gee, she's one pippin, boss! Take it from me! I bet she's the next Remington shoffer."

I pulled myself together and glanced at the card. "Lois," I corrected him. "Show her in."

The instant Miss Fox entered I knew that my judgment, or perhaps it was instinct, had not been at fault when I read her letter. What most convinced me of the accuracy of my conclusions was not alone that she was strikingly pretty, nor that hers was a prettiness in every way superior to the showy artificiality with which most stenographers with whom I have had dealings seek to impress the world at large; but it was her poise, the confident way in which she carried her uptilted chin, the unmistakable evidences of intelligence and self-possession and breeding and good taste that stamped her with character of a high order. From the frank, level look of her gray eyes, from her wavy brown hair and delicate coloring to the stylish button shoes of her simple, becoming costume, she radiated charm. Her loveliness was toned and subdued by her personality, and hence inexpressibly more fetching and impressive.

I guessed her to be at the most not more than twenty-two.

I got up awkwardly and tendered her a chair. She seemed not to notice the act. And almost with her first words I received a shock. For the first time, too, I perceived that she was laboring under a mental strain which only a habit of self-control could have been able to repress. Her voice was full and rich, but low-pitched, and quite the pleasantest music I had ever heard.

"Mr. Ferris," she began without preamble, regarding me steadily, "no doubt you noticed that I mentioned no references in my application?"

"Yes," said I noncommittally, wondering to what this opening was leading. She hesitated a moment, then went on a trifle nervously—just the barest trifle:

"I wonder if I can persuade you to hear me out—to the end of what I have to say—what I must say—before you dismiss me?"

"Dismiss you!" I exclaimed in surprise. "Why, I'm not—I—I—why should I?" I floundered.

A shadow seemed to pass momentarily across her face, but her eyes did not waver. They were remarkably fine eyes. A note of appeal crept into her voice.

"Will you listen to me until I am through?" she urged her request. "It is a very serious matter to me, and I—I"—she faltered—"I can't endure any more experiences like I've recently been subjected to."

Her tone and manner made it only too plain that the experiences, whatever else they might have been, had been humiliating; that they had hurt and wounded only as a proud, sensitive nature could be hurt and wounded. My hopes were somewhat dashed. I had the mortified feeling of a man whose usually dependable judgment unexpectedly plays him false. Because, you see, I thought I could anticipate precisely what was coming.

Yet I did not want her to give me adequate cause for not employing her; away down underneath I somehow still felt that nothing she might tell me would destroy the idea that I had found a paragon among stenographers. Accordingly, therefore, but with perhaps a shade less enthusiasm, I tried convincingly to reassure her.

"I'll gladly hear anything you think you ought to tell me; but, believe me, I am not at all curious." I smiled. "This is purely business, don't forget."

"It is necessary that you should know my story before we go any further," she said.

She was determined, and I silently acquiesced. After a pause while she seemed to be gathering strength to proceed—

"I gave no references," she startled me by beginning, "because I have none. Nobody would recommend me."

At a loss for words, I remained uneasily silent.

"Mr. Ferris, you want a capable stenographer and typist, do you not? One that is honest, discreet, and absolutely reliable? Then, too, there must be nothing about her that might by any chance discredit or cause embarrassment to her employer. Isn't that all you expect of any one you would employ?"

I wondered at her intense manner, for as yet nothing had been revealed to warrant it. I wished for a means of checking this impending disclosure so patently painful to her and so unwelcome to me. I lamely offered:

"You have described an ideal, Miss Fox."

She did not appear to have heard.

"I know that I am honest and discreet and reliable," she arnestly pursued. "I am not stupid; I am not careless; I am not without education. I can easily demonstrate my ability; I haven't the least doubt on that score. But after you have heard me you must decide whether or not I am likely to discredit my position—no, whether I am likely to dishonor my position or disgrace you." Again she faltered and stopped and struggled for mastery of herself. Then she went on in a sudden rush of feeling:

"My antecedents are bad, Mr. Ferris—bad—bad—bad! Oh, I can't tell you how bad! They hound and drive me from a situation as fast as I obtain it. They will follow me here. The knowledge—the certainty of it—dulls the edge of my usefulness, for it stands constantly at my elbow reminding me that I am an outcast—that I am unclean—that people are afraid of me!"

By degrees her voice had become tinctured with passionate resentment. I could endure it no longer.

"My goodness, Miss Fox!" I cried. "Disgrace—outcast—unclean: what words are these? You are not yourself!"

"Pardon me," she begged and proceeded more calmly. "I am indeed nearly distracted, but I speak the honest truth. Would that I could exaggerate my unhappy plight! I am not appealing to your sympathies, Mr. Ferris—please, please don't get that mistaken idea"—she was very earnest—"but I do want you to learn the very worst about myself from me. Then for you there can be no later disappointment, nor for me additional bitterness. For once I have determined to make a clean breast of it all. I resolved not to present myself to you under false colors."

Never in my life have I been more puzzled. Again my eye took in the trim, modish figure. Like most men, I am wofully at a loss where women's trappings are concerned, and not the least pleasing detail about this girl was what I took to be her taste expressed inexpensively. Upon what monstrous climax was her disclosure verging?

All at once the disparity between her words and manner and the clean, pure aura of her personality made the situation funny—for me.

"You need the work?" I bluntly asked to cover a skepticism that would have been downright discourteous in the face of her earnestness.

"Desperately!"

"Tell me no more. I can't believe anything very ill of you in spite of your ardent declarations." I smiled as I contemplated her. "You are a young woman, Miss Fox; your experience can not have been very large. From your feminine point of view peccadillos are magnified into grave faults. Here's a bale of letters that must be attended to at—"

She interrupted.

"No, no. You are too generous. You promised to hear my story to the end. I dread a scene as much as you possibly can—there shall be none. I assure you I can say all I have to, calmly and briefly. Then if you desire to know more, I'll answer any questions you may want to ask."

Again moved by her unyielding seriousness, I was actually obliged to exert an effort to brace myself against whatever was yet to come. Her next question, though apparently irrelevant, was a formidable one.

"Is Steve Willets's name familiar to you?" she asked, her voice suddenly dropped to a whisper.

"Steve Willets!" I repeated in amazement.

The girl's face was drawn and white. There was something piteous in the way she stood watching me and waiting, while I stared wonderingly, back at her.

Steve Willets! To whom in the west was not the name familiar! Only a few short years ago, coming from nobody knew whither, the man calling himself by this name inaugurated a career of crime up and down the length and across the breadth of California, which stands without a parallel in her annals of knights of the road, even in the glorious days of '49, and must long remain the prototype of all that is reckless, desperate, cruel and cunning in the gentle art of waylaying stages, wrecking and robbing trains, cutting throats and successfully eluding sheriff's posses. The names of Murietta, Velasquez, Black Bart and Chris Evans sink into insignificance in the light of Steve Willets's exploits.

Why, for more than a year single-handed he terrorized a community larger than New England. It required the entire police machinery of the State—mind, too, in this day of the telegraph and telephone, of dense population and good roads—to lay him by the heels. And at that he nearly got away for good and all; for there followed a spectacular dash for liberty; a thrilling jail delivery and two dead turnkeys; a return from Elba and the ensuing forty days.

And that final wild, hopeless scene: barricaded in a ravine high among the mountains of San Benito, for more than a week he withstood a veritable army of officers, and was taken only after his ammunition had become exhausted and something like a half-dozen of his pursuers were slain.

There was something dazzling about that last stand; something wickedly heroic, Homeric, which perhaps won him leniency and a life sentence instead of the gallows which he so richly deserved.

Steve Willets, indeed. What could there be in common between this blood-stained desperado and the gentle, refined Lois Fox?

I was to learn in a moment.

"Why, I went on as soon as my wonderment had in a measure abated, "of course the name's familiar. Why do you ask?"

She replied in the same strained, hushed voice:

"He is my father."

I was struck dumb—stunned. Dimly I was aware that she was still talking, though the purport of her words did not come to me until some seconds later.

"Fox is not my name at all," she was saying, "any more, I suppose, than Willets is. I—I honestly don't know my true name. Years ago, when only a small child, I was adopted by my father's only sister, Aunt Lois Fox. I took her name. She will not say anything about my parents.

"Now you know the worst, Mr. Ferris. My father is a notorious criminal, the most jealously guarded inmate of San Quentin."

(To be continued.)



A Canadian Nurse in London

A CANADIAN Red Cross Nurse selling flags in the street in London, England, on the day recently celebrated as French Flag Day.

COALING WARSHIPS AT SEA.

Collier and War Vessel Do It Sailing Twelve Miles an Hour.

How the British vessels of war are coaled, while sailing through heavy seas at a rate of twelve miles an hour, without hindering their activities in any way, is told in the Manchester Guardian.

A collier, packed to the hatches with coal, gets into touch by wireless with a battleship whose bunkers need to be replenished. On sighting the vessel, the supply ship manœuvres until it is within four hundred feet of the battleship. The collier then dispatches a small boat that carries two cables; one end of each is attached to the masthead of the supply vessel. The lines pay out as the boat advances, and when it reaches the warship the sailors fasten the cables to the stern of the ship on the port and starboard sides.

The two ships, therefore, travel in a straight line fastened together, while from the mast of the collier to the deck of the warship stretches a transport cable for carrying coal bags. Sacks of coal that weigh a ton are hoisted from the foot of the collier's mast to a platform at its head, below which there is a net to protect deck hands from falling pieces of coal. By means of wheels that run on the cable, automatic winches force the load along the sloping transport line at a rate of three thousand feet a minute. On reaching the deck of the battleship the load is automatically released, and the transport starts on its return journey.

By means of this apparatus sixty tons of coal can be carried every hour across the gap of water that separates the supply ship from the battleship. The great advantage is that both vessels can move at the rate of twelve knots an hour while the coaling goes on.

No sitting accommodation for the congregation was provided in churches before the 14th century. People sat on straw or rushes laid on the floor.

Higgs—Crooke is a criminal lawyer, isn't he? Diggs—He's a lawyer, but as to his being a criminal, I think he's too careful to quite overstep the line.

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PRACTICAL FARMING



Where Profit in Poultry Lies.

In order to make as great profit as possible we should use economy in the production as well as good judgment in the marketing of eggs and poultry, writes Mrs. A. J. Wilder.

The farmer has a great advantage here over the poultryman who has all the feed to buy and we must not forget to make the best use possible of this advantage.

At sowing and planting time is when we should make our plans for a variety of feed for the poultry through the year and especially for the winter.

You will want enough wheat, oats, rye and barley sown to supply these grains in the bundle for the hens to work on. Sow some millet also to add variety and to furnish seed for next year's little chicks. Mangle or stock beets make a very good green food for the hens in the winter, so you will need to plant plenty of them. Cabbage heads are a great treat for the fowls, so raise a few extra for them.

Plant mammoth Russian sunflowers in the corners and waste places and if there are not enough corners to raise a good many, plant a patch of them. Sunflower seeds are great egg-producers and also make the plumage of the fowls bright and beautiful. They are fine to feed through the moulting season as they nourish the feathers and cause them to grow rapidly.

Variety in the food is more than half the secret of egg-production and it is much cheaper to raise these different foods than it is to buy them, so do not forget the poultry at the planting time.

Grit and charcoal can be found and made on the farm and the expense of buying these necessary things can be saved. If there is a creek bed near haul gravel from that and place near the henhouses where the poultry can find it. Charcoal can be made by taking the live coals from the stove and pouring water over them. They will immediately turn to charcoal and can be ground or broken up into the right size for the chickens to swallow. Better do this work out of doors as steam and ashes will fly from the coals when the water is poured on them.

In these ways we can greatly reduce the cost of keeping poultry and it will pay us to give time and thought to our work as the profit in the poultry business, as in any other, lies between the cost of production and the amount received for the marketed products.

Besides comfortable quarters, the chick, to thrive, must have exercise, water, grit, a variety of grain food green or succulent food, and casein or meat foods.

Exercise is as essential as food and lack of it indicates wrong methods of rearing. The natural way for a chick to take its food is to scratch for it, taking a little at a time. If small chickens are put into a box with a bare floor and fed from a trough they will become weak. Many will become clogged behind with the excrements accumulating on the down, and it is generally concluded that something has been fed to cause bowel trouble. As a matter of fact they are weak from lack of exercise, and the appearance of diarrhœa is only the inability of the chick properly to expel its excrement.

If chicks cannot be out of doors, their feeding-floor should be covered with sand, and over this should be thrown some litter, such as chaff from the straw stack or leaves from an alfalfa loft. Place the feed in this litter. If small quantities are thus given, and given often, the question of exercise is solved. Brooder chicks need more care in this way than do chicks with hens, but even in the latter case it is worth while to make them scratch for their food when they are raised indoors.

The notion is prevalent that a chick should begin his diet on boiled eggs, bread and milk or some other soft food. This notion has probably arisen from the knowledge that most young animals cannot digest hard foods. But when we consider the fact that the natural food of the young mammal is milk, we see why this principle does not apply to chickens.

Little chicks should first be fed when 72 to 96 hours old. Feed small quantities and as often as is convenient. If the feed is buried in deep litter they must work longer in getting it out. The idea is to have them always hungry enough to hunt for food, and always a little food for them to find. If the chickens are at liberty, feeding often is not so important—three times a day would be sufficient; while if they roam far in the fields, finding much food, morning and evening feeding is all that is necessary. It is not a matter of great importance just what grain a chicken is first fed. The important thing is that they be supplied with a variety of grain as well as with casein or meat, grit and green food.

Client—"You ought to have gone into the army, not the law." Solicitor—"Why?" Client—"By the way you charge there would be little left of the enemy."



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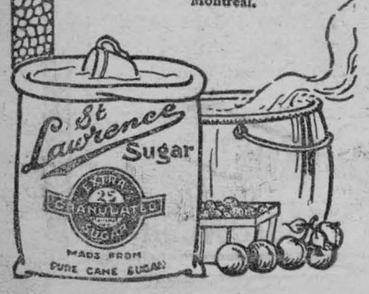

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CANADA SUGAR REFINING CO., LIMITED, MONTREAL.

135

About the Household

Good Corn Recipes.

Boiled Corn.—Strip off coarser outer husks leaving the thin silky envelope next the ear on the stalk. Pull this down and pick off the silk from between the grains, adjust the inner husks in their place, tie together at the top and drop the ears in plenty of boiling salted water. Boil half an hour and leave in hot water until ready to serve. Cut stalks off with the husks close to the bottom of the ears and send to table wrapped about with a napkin on a flt dish.

Green Corn Fritters.—Grate or shave off with a keen blade the grains from 6 ears of corn. Have ready 2 eggs beaten light, a cup of milk added to these with a tablespoonful of sugar and same quantity of butter warmed and rubbed into a heaping tablespoonful of prepared flour. Season with salt and pepper; beat hard and fry as you would griddle cakes.

Chopped Potatoes and Corn.—When cold boiled potatoes and several ears of boiled corn are left in the icebox, chop the one into coarse dice and cut the other from the cob. Heat in a frying pan a good spoonful of clarified dripping, sweet and good, and stir into this the potatoes and corn, seasoning with salt and pepper. Turn and turn until thoroughly heated and serve. This makes a nice breakfast relish. Or heat a cup of milk, stir in a good spoonful of butter, then mix in potatoes and corn; season, simmer five minutes, and serve.

Green Corn Pudding.—Six ears of green corn, full grown but tender, 2 cups of milk, 2 eggs, 1 tablespoonful butter, 1 tablespoonful sugar. Salt and pepper to taste. Cream butter and sugar is for cake. Beat into the eggs when whipped light, add milk and the grated corn (or shaved). Season, beat thoroughly and bake covered in a buttered casserole or pudding dish 40 minutes; then uncover and brown. Serve at once in the same dish.

Succotash.—Six ears of corn, 1 cup shelled lima or string beans carefully trimmed into inch lengths, ½ cup milk, 2 teaspoonfuls of butter cut up into 1 teaspoon of flour. Salt and pepper. Cut the corn from the cob and add to the beans when they have cooked half an hour in boiling water slightly salted. Boil thirty minutes longer, turn off the water and pour in the milk. (It is safer in warm weather to add a tiny pinch of bread soda). As the milk heats, stir in the floured butter, season, and simmer ten minutes. If canned corn and beans are used, add half a teaspoonful of white sugar.

Canned Corn Fritters.—Canned corn while only a poor substitute for the fresh ear may be very appetizing if chopped fine after the corn has been emptied from the can and allowed to stand for several hours before using. Drain dry and mince, then proceed as with the fresh grains.

Corn Soup.—Cook six ears of corn in cold water twenty minutes. Cut off the cob and press through a sieve. Add two cups of scalded milk. Cook two tablespoons of chopped onion in three tablespoons of butter, add three tablespoons flour, one and a half salt, celery salt and cayenne, corn mixture, cook five minutes, strain, add one cup of beaten cream and serve. Garnish with one cup popped corn.

Things Worth Knowing.

To skin sausages quickly and easlly immerse them for a second or two in cold water.

Make starch with soapy water, adding a pinch of borax.

A very hot iron should never be used for flannels or woollens.

Soap should be substituted for soda when washing silver and plated goods.

New brick floors should be washed with soda water, and when dry rubbed with parafin.

Don't black a stove while it is hot. It takes more blacklead, and a much longer time to polish.

When boiling potatoes do not add salt till they are nearly cooked. This makes them dry and floury.

Borax for washing plates and dishes is to be preferred to soda, as it does not crack the skin of the hands.

The fact that an article is advertised in a respectable newspaper should prove it worth buying by somebody.

Should any foreign matter alight in the eye immediately apply one or two drops of castor oil; it will almost at once allay the irritation.

Grass stains will disappear if coal oil is poured on them, then rub with the hands and wash same as you always do. Lard rubbed in well before goods are wet will remove axle grease or machine grease.

To separate the yolk of an egg from the white make a hole in both ends of the egg. Then hold it upright, giving it a gentle shake, and the white will run out, leaving the yolk unbroken in the shell.

If when sending or taking a hat by train it is secured to the bottom of the box by a few strong stitches of thread the most delicate hat will not be crushed, as no matter how the box is turned about the hat will not move.

It is always wise to boil a new clothesline before using it, as this not only prevents it from stretching but makes it last much longer. New pegs should be soaked in cold water for a few hours, as this keeps them from splitting.

Very often when making a pie the juice from the fruit soaks through the undercrust and spoils the whole appearance of it. To prevent this try brushing the crust over with the white of an egg, and you will never be troubled in this way.

When your vegetables become wilted and stale before you have an opportunity to use them place them for an hour or so in a gallon of water to which a teaspoonful of soda has been added. They will then be just as crisp and fresh as when gathered from the garden.

Seasonable Dishes.

Peach Ice Cream.—Soak two cupfuls of sliced peaches for about one hour and put through colander. Add to one quart of cream which has been scalded and cooled. Freeze.

Cauliflower.—Cut stalks close to flower, remove green leaves and soak in cold salted water one hour. Cook in cheesecloth bag thirty to forty minutes. Remove from bag and serve with Hollandaise or white sauce or scalloped with white sauce and crumbs.

Consomme Renaissance. — Press half a cup of cooked and drained spinach through a sieve, add a tablespoonful of melted butter, one tablespoonful of cream, two beaten eggs, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt and one-fourth teaspoonful of pepper; mix thoroughly and turn into a small buttered mold. Let cook in the oven on several folds of paper surrounded with boiling water until firm. When cold cut in cubes. Cut a pared carrot and turnip in half-inch cubes. Cook separately until tender. Drain. Serve the cubes of spinach-custard, turnip and carrot in one quart of consomme.

Southern Peach Pie.—Line a pie plate with crust as for lemon pie and fill with sliced peaches. Sprinkle sugar and cinnamon over the top, bake and serve with whipped cream. To make the crust chop four tablespoons of lard into one and a half cups of flour; when thoroughly mixed add one-half teaspoon salt and cold water enough to form dough. Chill, roll in rectangular piece, place four tablespoons of butter which previously has been shaped, flattened and chilled on middle on one side of paste, fold over other side, press edges together and fold one end under and one end over butter making six layers. Roll again into rectangle, fold in same way and so continue three times. If butter begins to soften, roll paste in cheese cloth and place on ice until hard enough to roll easily. Be careful not to wet the cheese cloth.

BRITAIN AND THE WAR.

She Will Stand By Her Allies to the Last.

A year has passed since Britain entered the great war, and it is in order to sum up what she has accomplished.

Because of the lack of spectacular results, many are disposed to censure and criticize Britain's part in the great struggle. They say that the mighty British Empire has not thrown into the scales a weight either commensurate with her possibilities or with what her allies had a right to expect. The wonder with me is that she has done so much as she has.

She has accomplished marvels. France, Russia and Italy, cradled in conscription, forget that England is not a military nation. She could not at a moment's notice fling organized legions of millions into the fray, like her military neighbors.

In the outset she promised France six divisions only, or 120,000 men. She has more than quadrupled that number since. But her conversion into a battling organization could not be done in a few months. She has now raised the most colossal army in all history, compared with which Napoleon's legions were but corporal's guards. Lord Kitchener has recruited and placed in training, without conscription, since the war broke out, 3,000,000 soldiers. They are all, excepting the 600,000 at the front, hard at work in the transformation process, from citizen to soldier, at the training camps, polishing the native fighting qualities into perfect military efficiency. England allows no man to go to the front, to be exposed to slaughter, who has not had at least nine months of gruelling drill. After this drill the English soldier has no superior in the world, and each, in efficiency, is equal to two German soldiers.

It is solely in point of equipment that Britain's hosts are lacking, but this has been remedied, and the great drive will soon take place. When the war began Englnad had less than half a million rifles, while Germany had over 20 million, or four to each soldier. It takes time to manufacture rifles by the millions, and her army now in training have had to carry wooden dummy rifles, weighted to equal the real thing.

Germany had in the start a full equipment of 17-inch guns, with abundance of ammunition for them, while England had neither the guns to match them nor the explosives for them. She has had to make both. In short, so far, England has been getting a good ready, if the expression will be allowed.

Some complain of the inactivity of the navy, but without very deep thought. They demand that Admiral Jellicoe smash up the Kaiser's high canal armada, reduce his ports to ashes, and hang Von Tirpitz to the yard arm. All this is mere rot and the ravings of Chauvinistic enthusiasts. If we take a careful inventory of what the British navy has done in driving the German flag from the oceans, and in converting Hamburg and Bremen into something as useless as if they were in ruins, annihilatiing Germany's two and a half billion dollar annual trade, and paralyzing her imports of about the same amount, so that her supplies are constantly growing perilously short, we can get some notion of what the navy has accomplished.

Germany is not as yet effectually starved, but if her food regulations and restrictions mean anything they indicate a distressing scarcity, to say the least. When a nation has to regulate the alimentation of her civil population, and order the copper in coking utensils to be turned over to the military, it surely indicates that the end is nigh at hand.

Not a pig can be slaughtered, or a loaf of bread baked, or a potato sold, or a bushel of wheat milled, without the consent of the military in Germany to-day, shows that the British navy is on the job all right, and great results may soon be expected. These are not spectacular nor pyrotechnical pictures to be cast upon the screens. They would not likely earn a peerage for Jellicoe or his admirals, but they are nevertheless sapping German vitality just the same, and they show the iron grip of Britain's navy. What would the position of France and her beloved Paris be in to-day were the British navy not holding the seas? When the Dardanelles are forced, as they will be soon, Russia will experience the great aid of the British navy, as France has already benefitted by it. She will then be able to export her surplus production and secure the necessary arms and ammunition, of which she is so sorely in need. And when Kitchener is ready to send his enthusiastic legions to the continent, he will have no fear that his transports will be in danger of molestation, as Canada has had no misgivings in sending her loyal sons across the water to fight for liberty and independence. It took England nearly ten years to bring Napoleon to St. Helena, and she will stick to it until the Kaiser is thrust into an equally safe place, where he can do no more harm.

Do you say, Calais? Napoleon was there, too, and destroyed 10,000 British ships; but England got him at last, and so she will get the great Kaiser, as sure as the sun rises on the eventful morn. This grand old proud democracy is just now unfolding and applying a maternal strength and moral splendor that for countless ages after this conflict is stilled will be shining undimmed amid the first glories of history.

CHAS. M. BICE.

Denver, Colo.

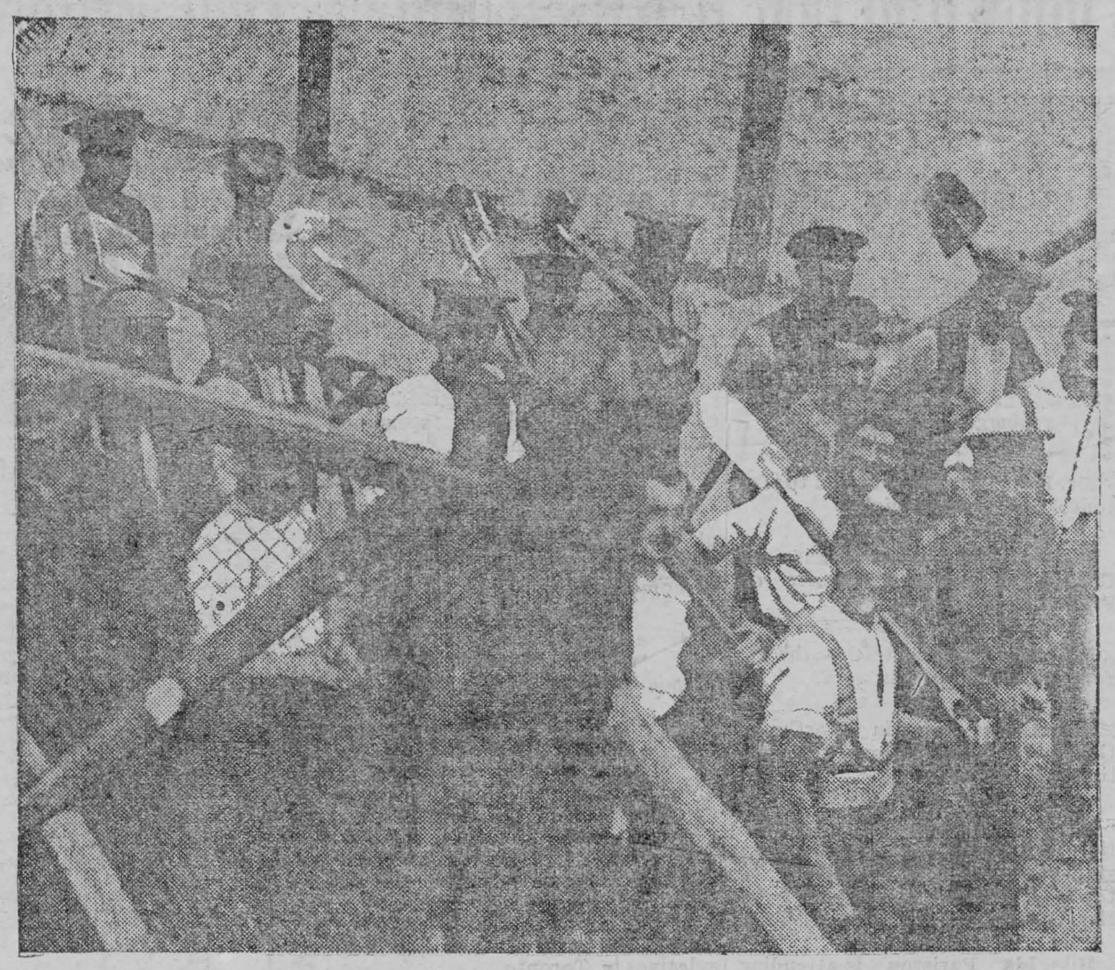
Narrow Margin.

A circus man tells this one: "We were doing Pottstown, Pa. The price of admission was 25 cents—children under 10 years of age 10 cents. Among the first to arrive were a lad of about 18 and his little sister. He laid down 35 cents and asked for two front seats. 'How old is the little girl?' asked the ticket seller. 'Well,' said the boy, 'this is her 10th birthday to-day. But she was not born until 5 o'clock in the afternoon!"

A Smart Answer.

Larry O'Shell, in many respects a good soldier, had a very limited idea of the virtue of tidiness. Appearing one morning on parade with his boots in a fearful state the sergeant's eagle eye soon spotted him. "Private O'Sheil fall out!" he roared. "Phwat d'ye mane by comin' here wid yur boots in a mess loike thot?" "Arrah, now, sargint, be aisy!" retorted the imperturable Larry. "Shure ye niver saw a good soldier showin' a clane pair o' heels!"

BRITISH PRISONERS ON THEIR WAY TO WORK



This picture is a reproduction of a photograph taken at a prison camp in Germany. It shows British prisoners of war on their way, under guard, to work on the roads. The men appear to be healthy and as happy as could be expected under the circumstances.

USE OF GAS IN WAR 100 YEAR OLD IDEA

REJECTED AS UNCIVILIZED AND TOO CRUEL.

Earl of Dundonald Suggested Plan For Defence of British Soil.

Ever since the beginning of the war one has heard from time to time of the famous plan of the first Earl of Dundonald for the destruction of any army against which England might be fighting.

Lord Dundonald invented it when he was Admiral Lord Cochrane and he guaranteed with its aid to overcome any enemy against whom he was sent. It is now a full hundred years ago since this famous invention was put in a pigeon-hole, and during all that time it has remained one of the secret documents of the State. It was rejected in the first place as being outside civilized warfare. Twice Government committees are said to have examined the plan during the first half of the nineteenth century, only to put it back into its pigeonhole again as being too cruel.

At the beginning of this war Lord Dundonald's famous plan was talked of again. Nothing, however, was heard as to what it was until recently, when Prof. V. B. Lewes in a lecture to the Society of Arts gave

A Description Of It,

which shows that it was nothing more or less than the German plan of using asphyxiating gases. Dundonald's prescription was:

"Fires fed with tar and pitch to give dense columns of smoke which would act as a screen for the attack; sulphur burned on the fires to generate sulphur dioxide gas, which would produce asphyxiating fumes and aid the attack."

The professor added that the idea was revived in the early stages of the present war, but the Government refused to consider it.

Talking after the lecture Prof. Lewes said that the details of the plan had never been made public with the exception of a reference to them in the memoirs of a Cabinet Minister published soon after the war began.

"The inhalation of a very small proportion of this gas," says the professor, causes coughing and spitting of blood; and four volumes in ten thousand of air render it unbreathable.

"If the sufferer escapes from the zone within a reasonable period the effects of this gas pass off, but the German method is more inhuman, as they employ chlorine gas, which, if it does not kill the men, leaves them in most frightful agony and

Injures the Lungs for Life.

"Dundonald merely proposed to use sulphur fumes to make the enemy bolt; the Germans use their gases to asphyxiate."

The professor does not advocate retaliation with gas, as the whole essense of the gas attack is surprise. The chief gases the Germans are using are chlorine, bromine, nitrogen, tetroxide and sulphur dioxide. All these can be neutralized quite simply—respirators and a bucket of washing soda solution in the trenches to dip them in are a simple and efficacious remedy.

According to Prof. Lewes these gas attacks do not worry the British troops so much now, as they are prepared for them. The respirators and helmets have proved perfectly satisfactory, and there are many problems connected with the density of the gases in relation with the air as well as wind currents which make the successful use of poisonous vapors by no means a simple problem.

A "MAD" FOX.

Some Animals Are Either Demented or Inherently Vicious.

It is a theory of criminologists that certain human beings are born without the brain power or self-control of the normal man, and that such persons, under favoring circumstances, become habitual criminals. It is possible that similar cases occur among animals; at least there are times when we can account for the extraordinary behavior of animals only on the theory that they are either demented or inherently vicious.

Thirty years ago, when I was a boy, writes a friend of The Youth's Companion, the neighborhood was stirred by the doings of a "mad" fox. He ranged in the Briesacher woods, and never was heard of anywhere else. I never saw the mad fox myself, but often heard his high, querulous bark in the middle of the night.

A much-used path led through the Briesacher woods and on to the village. The mad fox took to following people as they traversed this path, trotting along behind them, stopping when they stopped, from the time they entered the forest until they emerged on the farther side. As time passed, the animal grew bolder, and pattered along within a few yards of a pedestrian's heels on dark nights, or perhaps took up a position in the path, which he would hold until the traveller approached very closely, when he would spring a few paces to one side, snarling.

Some people said the fox had rabies, but the more sensible ones pointed out that a rabid animal never lived more than a week or so, while this scamp had been keeping up his pranks for several months. Louis Briesacher, whose father owned the woods, had more occasion than anyone else to pass through them, and, according to Louis, the mad fox took an especial dislike to him. It followed him so closely, and with such evidence of vicious intent, that Louis carried a club every time he went to town. At last he bought a revolver, with the determination of making an end of his annoying escort.

Louis told the story of the encounter afterward. He was returning home from town about eleven o'clock. No sooner was he in the woods than the fox came after him. Louis paid little attention until it got so close that it actually snapped at his heels. He then turned and fired a shot at it, but the night was dark, and he missed. The fox retreated, but in five minutes was back again, snapping and snarling more viciously than ever. Aiming as best he could at a mark that was never still, and could be heard rather than seen, Louis discharged the remaining five shots from his revolver. All the shots missed; the fox simply jumped from side to side with the flash of the revolver.

When the last spurt of flame died away, the determined little beast sprang straight at Louis, and fastened its teeth in his trouser's leg. The young man kicked fiercely; but, kicked loose from one hold, the enraged animal came right back, and bit his legs severely. Finally it caught his left arm, and held on like a bulldog. Louis brought the handle of his revolver down with full force on the fox's head, and it fell stunned. Louis declared that he finished his antagonist then and there, and left it lying dead in the path.

The next day Louis showed us his bites and scratches in proof of his story. His trousers were badly torn, and some of the teeth wounds in the flesh were as deep and ragged as if a wolf had made them. However, when we went to the scene of the battle, the mad fox was gone. He had recovered and made off, but was never heard or seen again.

KING OF ITALY POPULAR HERO

SOLDIERS TELL OF HIS KINDNESS AND COURAGE.

Wept When He Heard of the Death of Lieutenant Who Excelled Him in Aim.

Before the war the King of Italy's only claim to popularity consisted in his domestic virtues. Everybody admitted that he was a modest husband and father, a very good man and essentially a constitutional sovereign. But his subjects thought his inclinations were peaceful and that he preferred numismatics to soldiering. When the war came the King immediately assumed supreme command of the land and sea forces, and rushed to the front. Now everybody is convinced that the King is as much a soldier as his father and grandfather.

The war has entirely changed the mistaken opinion about the King. Soldiers write to their families describing what the King is doing, what he says to them, and how he exposes his life just as they do. The letters have firmly established the King's popularity. The King at the front spends his time among the soldiers and often shares his meals with them.

His Human Side.

"I was going to one of the advanced posts up a steep hill," writes a soldier to his family, "carrying the General's raincoat over my arm. The General had ordered me to bring his coat up in case it looked like rain, and as soon as I saw the clouds gathering I obeyed his orders. I had two miles to go, and had hardly covered half the distance when it began to pour. Of course I ran, as I had no coat myself, and besides I knew the general was waiting for me. Half way up the hill a grey automobile came rushing down. I halted and saluted, as I saw two officers inside. One of them put out his hand and waved to me. Then the automobile stopped suddenly and one of the officers jumped out and ran toward me.

"'You are soaked to the skin,' he said, 'and you are carrying a raincoat on your arm instead of wearing it. Why on earth don't you put it on?' 'It is not my coat, your Majesty,' I stammered, recognizing the King. 'It belongs to General X. and I am taking it up to him.' 'Put it on, put it on yourself,' the King said, 'and tell the general I ordered you. Of course you were right, as discipline is discipline, but then there are exceptions, and this is one.'

"The King helped me on with the coat, gave me a couple of cigars, patter me on the shoulder, and shook hands with me. Before he started he waited to make sure that I would not take the coat off. When I explained to the general why I wore his coat, he said he expected me to wear it without saying anything to him, and added, 'Remember, my boy, that there is no other King in the world who would have stopped his automobile and gone to the trouble of preventing a soldier from getting wet.' I could not help shouting, 'Long live the King!' as I saluted the general."

Artillery Specialist.

The King is an artillery specialist, and often personally directs the fire of a battery or a section. He spent an entire day with a sub-lieutenant in command of a section of mountain artillery in a dominating position. Both the officer and the gunners admired the way in which the King regulated the fire and his unerring aim, but his repeated efforts to demolish a farm house in the distance from behind which the Austrians were firing, proved useless. "Try yourself," the King said to the lieutenant. "If you succeed you will have accomplished something wonderful." The lieutenant tried and succeeded. The admiration of the King was unbounded. He shook hands with the officer, congratulated him warmly, made the gunners cheer him, and finally he said he was going, since the lieutenant was a much better gunner than he was.

A couple of hours later the King was recounting to a general the lieutenant's admirable firing. The general's face clouded, tears came to his eyes, and he informed the King that a few minutes after he had left the section an Austrian shell exploded over the guns, killing the officer and three gunners. The King hid his face in his hands and wept.

Reading the Signs at the Front.

A member of the Liverpool Scottish while home on leave, was asked whether the soldiers knew long beforehand when they were going to be called upon to deliver an assault. "Well, they don't exactly tell us but we always know," he explained. "You see, if a number of Army chaplains suddenly turn up we can always guess that something good and hard is going to be asked of us shortly. And if they serve us with pudding for dinner before we go into the trenches, why then we know for certain.

Part of the Treatment.

Mrs. Weighligg—"Doctor, your anti-fat remedies are doing me a good deal of good. I'm losing flesh right enough. But it seems to me your charges are ruinously high." Doctor (calmly)—"That's part of the treatment."

Wallflowers are society girls who have been nipped in the bud.

Look Up Your Policy and See if it Guarantees Your $1000. Beware of Cheap Insurance.

NOTICE

Have your cleaning, dying and repairing done by the Parisian Manufacturing Fur Co., Cornwall. Making to order our specialty. Call and see us.

C. CWPERMAN, Man.

WANTED

Bandsmen for 77th. Overseas Battalion. Apply stating instrument to Lieut. J. M. Brown, 76 McLaren street, Ottawa.
P.S.—Instruments furnished by regiment.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between William George Baker and Oliver Perry Snyder as Dealers in Cement, Coal, Wood and all other kinds of fuel, in the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, under the name, style and firm of Baker & Snyder, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the said Oliver Perry Snyder retiring from the said firm. The business will be conducted as formerly by the remaining partner, William George Baker, who will pay all liabilities of the said firm, and all debts owing to the said firm are to be paid to the said Oliver Perry Snyder.

Dated at Morrisburg, this Thirteenth day of August, 1915.

WM. G. BAKER.
O. P. SNYDER.

R. F. LYLE, Witness.

FOR SALE

I have a quantity of Galvanized Metal Shingles, which were purchased before the advance in price took place—Will dis pose of these at old price.

F. W. BEACH.

WANTED

A Stenographer—Apply, R. H. Ashton, Coldstorage, Morrisburg.

FOUND

Opposite Lock 23, Morrisburg, a number of geese. Owner may have same by paying expenses and applying at The Leader office.

FOR SALE
OR
TO RENT

The Blacklock property opposite Methodist Church, Morrisburg. Possession after June 1st. For full particulars, apply to

ARTHUR FLYNN,
Barrister,
Morrisburg, Ont.

POULTRY WANTED

I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of live poultry. Drop a card to M. ADOFF,
Box 15, Morrisburg

BARGAIN

Slightly used piano for sale on easy terms, monthly or yearly. For particulars apply at Leader Office.

Court of Revision

NOTICE is hereby given that a Court will be held, pursuant to The Ontario Voters' Lists Act by His Honour the Judge of the County Court of the County of Dundas at the Town Hall, Morrisburg, on the 8th day of September, 1915, at one o'clock p.m., to hear and determine complaints of errors and omissions in the Voters' List of the Municipality of the Township of Williamsburg for 1915.

Dated the 24th day of August, 1915.

GEO. LANE,
Clerk of the Municipality of the Township of Williamsburg.

TO LET

Furnished Rooms on Victoria St. Apply A. J. Wood, Ice Cream Parlor.

FOR SALE

Tent and swinging hammock with awning—new. Apply at this office.

FARM FOR SALE

A good farm, 100 acres, 75 acres under cultivation. About 25 acres under bush, small orchard, wire fence, swing gate, good dwelling, two barns, situated, lot 19 Williamsburg. For particulars apply

LEO. HENOPHY,
R. M. D., No. 2, Williamsburg.

FOUND

On Main street, Morrisburg, a carriage rug; owner may have same by applying to W. & J. Meikle and paying for insertion of this notice.

LOST

In Morrisburg, a ladies silk scarf. Will finder kindly return to this office and receive reward.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales, August 17.
Aultsville, August 18
Morrisburg, Aug 19 to Sept. 4,

Mr. Bert Carman returned to Toronto on Sunday night.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Jamieson and son Clinton motored to Winchester on Friday last.

* * *

Mr. Wm. Eager attended the Toronto Exhibition this week.

* * *

Something new in Northway Garments being shown all the time.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Mr. A. S. Morrison, B.A., of Barrie who has joined the teaching staff of the Collegiate, arrived in town on Monday accompanied by Mrs. Morrison.

* * *

Miss Ida Pariseau is attending millinery openings in Toronto this week.

* * *

Miss Leola Colquhoun, nurse-in-training in the Michael Rees Hospital, Chicago, is spending a few weeks' visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Colquhoun.

* * *

"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't die in the house. 15c. and 25c at Drug and Country Stores.

* * *

Miss Lou Myers is spending a couple of weeks holidays in Toronto.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Henry have this week removed their household effects to Iroquois where they will in future reside.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McNeil of Sand Point were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Frenette last week.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. Moyles and children of Montreal are spending a few days visiting relatives in town.

* * *

And the best of it is that Goods bought here are absolutely dependable and Reasonably Priced.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Mrs. Greenfielder of Chicago is here on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Rooks.

* * *

Mr. Archie Cameron of Edmonton arrived in town on Monday after an absence of three years to spend a few weeks with his father, Rev. H. Cameron.

* * *

Miss Viola Beckstead of Brockville is spending a few days in town the guest of Miss Leola Colquhoun

* * *

Mr. Charles Baker is visiting his daughter, Mrs. (Dr.) Huehnergard, in Berlin.

* * *

Mr. R. H. Ashton spent a few days in Toronto this week attending the Exhibition.

* * *

Mrs. Joseph Locke is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Herman Cleland in Mountain.

* * *

Miss Loraine Bradfield returned to her home in Toronto on Friday after spending a few weeks with Miss Ruth Eager.

* * *

Mrs. Sarah Frenette and grandson returned to their home in Penetanguishene, after spending a month with her son, Mr. E. J. Frenette.

* * *

Mr. John Casselman attended the Toronto Exhibition this week.

* * *

The Cornwall Standard says: "A motor party from Cornwall while traveling in the vicinity of Morrisburg recently fancied they had sighted an aeroplane and scrutinized the skies for some time to assure themselves but were somewhat disgusted to find that they were simply star-gazing."

* * *

Under a new regulation of the education department there is rearly a week's difference this year in the time of opening the high and public schools. The act provides that the public schools shall open on the first day of September while high schools do not open until the first Tuesday in September, which this year falls on the 7th.

* * *

Rev. Father Fleming, formerly of Morrisburg has been transferred from Chesterville to Wolfe Island to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Rev. T. J. Spratt. Rev. M. E. Crawley, formerly of Trevelyan and Gananoque, will succeed at Chesterville.

Little Miss Bessie Clark is spending the week in Toronto.

* * *

Miss Neva Rooks returned to Chicago this week after spending several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Rooks.

* * *

Miss Aggie Gillespie of the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, is spending a few days at her parental home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whitteker are spending the week visiting friends in Churubusco, N.Y.

* * *

Miss Johnson returned to her home in Lennoxville after spending a few days with her niece, Mrs. J. H. Mullin.

* * *

Mr. J. F. Plantz of Keokuk, Iowa, spent the week with relatives in town.

* * *

Mrs. Harry Lamble is visiting relatives in Toronto.

* * *

You can have any garment in Northway's catalogue on approval. —D. C. Bush.

* * *

Mr. Geo. Thompson and two chilchildren of Gananoque, and Mr. J. Thompson and Miss Carry Stewart of Inkerman are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stewart this week.

* * *

Miss Owen of New York City, and Miss Owen of Ogdensburg who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. McGannon for a few weeks, returned to their respective homes this week.

* * *

Miss Annable Barkley, Hilda Thompson and Master John Thompson have returned home after spending the past three weeks with friends at Chesterville and Grantley.

* * *

You Can Try It Before You Buy It if it's a Northway Suit or Coat or Skirt—We stock them—They're Sellers.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Rev. H. Cameron this week received an interesting letter from his son, Charles, who renewed acquaintances in Morrisburg a few weeks ago, prior to leaving for the front, and who at the time of writing was stationed at Shorncliff, awaiting orders to take his place on the firing line, in which he mentions having met the following old Morrisburg boys: Messrs Hume Winegard, Dr. Kelly, a former partner of Dr. Gorrell, and now Capt. of the Overseas Dental Corps; Jim Goudie, who joined the 4th Mounted Rifles and Ernest Zeron who joined the University Corps and is to be transferred to the Medical Corps. Their many friends will be pleased to learn that all are enjoying the best of health.

* * *

The Winchester Press says: "Mr. Andrew Broder, M.P., and Mr. Irwin Hilliard, K.C., M.P.P., were in Winchester last Friday afternoon, on their way to the big social at Ormond, where both gentlemen delivered patriotic addresses, made to the edification and delight of the large audience present. They travelled in an all red car, and via an all-red route. They spoke in behalf of an all-red Empire. Both gentlemen seem to bear well the burdens of state responsibilities, and while their political duties, as well as obligations, are no doubt arduous, their countenances did not betray any traces of over worry and sleepless nights. Some people think there are worse things than having M.P. and M.P. P. attached to one's name.

* * *

Not much enlightment in a Newspaper or Catalogue "Cut." Many garments that look attractive on paper would be promptly rejected if examined and tried on. A personal selection is the only satisfactory way when Coat, Suit or Skirt is required.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

It tells the story of Our Fur Values—a Ladies' finely tailored Fur-lined Coat at $25. A Bargain Really Remarkable—an All-Wool Shell, extra quality Rat lining with Sable Collar and Lapels.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Mrs. Charlie Johnson of Pleasant Valley is spending a few days with her cousin, Mrs. J. M. Mullin.

* * *

Mr. A. B. McGillivray, after spending three weeks with relatives in town returned to Springfield, Mass., on Saturday last.

* * *

On Sunday, Aug. 22nd, His Lordship Bishop Gabriels held Confirmation Services at Waddington. About forty children were confirmed. The sermon for the occasion was preached by Rev. J. A. Meehan who spoke on the "Nature effects, and obligations of Confirmation." The Bishop was accompanied by Rev. Father Holland of Massena and Rev. Dean O'Neil of Canton.

* * *

Mrs. M. McBride of Kemptville has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Farlinger.

Mr. James and Miss Annie Barkley of Winchester spent Sunday in town the guests of their aunt, Mrs. H. C. Clark.

Mr. Geo. DeRosier wishes to announce that he will give private lessons in dancing at pupils' homes or at his own home as desired.

Miss Isabel Farlinger left yesterday for Montreal.

Mr. Peter Ferguson, assistant postmaster, Alexandria, accompanied by Mrs. J. McIntosh, Miss Wilson and Miss Kennedy, motored to Morrisburg on Thursday.

Miss Dorothy Kelly of Ottawa, and Miss Kathleen Pyper are spending a week visiting friends in Montreal.

The first regular meeting of the Womens Institute will be held on Monday, September 13th.

Mrs. John M. Merkley of Chesterville is the guest of Mrs. Farlinger, "Belmount."

Mrs. Dr. W. H. and Miss Sparling visited at the home of Mrs. Wickware last week.

Pristine Purity

The standard we have set ourselves demands that

"SALADA"

TEA

shall always contain only the finest, freshest young leaves. . . . Black, Mixed and Green

The Aylmer Superior Hand or Windmill Well Pump.



THIS PUMP is anti-freezing; has a 3½x10 nch iron cylinder with brass seat fitted with 1½ inch pipe, close revolving head, the handle can be placed in any position Wood Handle, making it less liable to break in frosty weather, is designed to suit all kinds of wells of moderate depth, is well and strongly made and nicely finished and very low in price. Any one requiring a good Stock Pump will not be disappointed in buying this one.

FOR SALE BY

HUNTER & CASSELMAN

Hardware, Groceries, Flour and Feed

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Eye Glasses That Do Not Hit The Mark

are worse than useless. Incorrect eye-glasses not only fail to correct defects in vision, but often do positive injury.

You cannot offord to take chances with your eyesight.

Here you are assured of a careful, scientific eye examination, and glasses that will give you comfort and satisfaction.

The WHITTEKER OPTICAL PARLOR
Morrisburg.
A. A. WHITTEKER J. M. WHITTEKER

—The—
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September 1st. 1915
An Excellent time to enter
—THE—
Cornwall Commercial College

For a thorough preparation in business, Shorthand, Amanuensis Course, Civil Service, etc.
Sixty New Typewriters, Expert Teachers, Finest Equipment throughout, free employment department, are only a few of the advantages which the CORNWALL COLLEGE offers.
Write for a free copy of our catalogue.
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GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, TEASAND COFFEE AT THE LOWEST PRICE SHOP AT
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HIGH GRADE DOMESTIC FRUITS
PLUMS
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Leave Your Order NoW

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Surprise Store

WE quote below only a few of the genuine bargains offered at the SURPRISE STORE:

Cloth Pants from $3.50 to	1.25
Tweed Pants from $4.00 to	2.00
Overalls from $1.15 to	90c
Shirts from $1.00 to	45c
Smocks from $1.00 to	40c
Rain Coats at.....	2.50
Four 30c Brooms for	1.00

Also a full line of GROCERIES at a reduetion

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BERLIN - - - ONT.
Excellent Commercial Department
Excellent High School Department
Excellent College Department
New Buildings with latest Hygienic Equipments.
The largest Gymnasium in Canada. Running Track, Swimming Pool, Shower Baths, Auditorium.
First-Class Board
Comfortable Sleeping Rooms
Rates Moderate
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Morrisburg, - - - Ont.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.
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MORRISBURG, : : ONTARIO
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for The Molsons Bank.
New Molsons Bank Building,
MORRISBURG, ONT.
A large amount of private money to loan at present on easy terms.

DR. GEO. M. GORRELL
DENTIST
Graduate of Chicago Dental College and of Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
Office—Arthur Casselman Block,
Phone No. 6 - - Morrisburg.

F. M. EAGLESON
ONTARIO AND DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR, CIVIL ENGINEER
DRAINAGE and other Municipal work will receive prompt attention. Farm lines and sub-divisions.
CONCRETE WORK of all kinds, including bridges and culverts, a specialty.
Office in Sweet's Block Winchester, Ont.

DR. D. C. CASSELMAN
Dentist
Office—Casselman Block
MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons Toronto

EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 142, R. C., A. F. & A. M., holds its Regular Meetings in the Masonic Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday Evening on, or before, full moon.
A full attendance is particularly requested. Visiting brethren are always welcome.
R. H. Ashton, W.M. B.A. Herring, Secretary.