SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.

The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XII NO. 9. CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1906. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

The Bank of Ottawa.

SAVINGS DEPT.

How Money Grows at 3% Compounded Half-Yearly, by Saving Ten Dollars a Month, $10.00.

$121.90	1 yr.
$247 50	2 yrs.
$376.70	3 yrs.
$510.00	4 yrs.
$647.20	5 yrs.
$788.50	6 yrs.
$934.10	7 yrs.
$1,084.20	8 yrs.
$1,238.80	9 yrs.
$1,398.00	10 yrs.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH,

C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

....THE....

MOLSONS BANK

INCORPORATED 1855.

CAPITAL Paid Up

$3,000,000.

RESERVE FUND

$3,000,000.

Total Assets Over $30,000,000

Farmers' Sale Notes Discounted or collected at lowest rates.

Loans Made to Farmers, Stock Dealers and Business Men at lowest rates and on most favorable terms.

Drafts Issued payable in all parts of the world.

Deposit Receipts Issued and highest current rates allowed.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit and compounded on June 30th and Dec. 31st in each year, at highest current rate.

Agents all over the world.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS, Manager

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH

Union Bank

OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, - QUEBEC.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.

PAID UP CAPITAL, -	$ 2,920,000
REST - - - - - -	1,200,000
TOTAL ASSETS, 30th SEPT. 1905 - - -	25,363,000

President, ANDREW THOMPSON,
General Manager, G. H. BALFOUR,
Inspector, J. G. BILLETT,

Branches in Ontario, 37.
Branches in Quebec 4.
Branches in Manitoba, 31.
Branches in Sask, 18.
Branches in Alberta, 13.
103 in all.

Interest at current rates allowed on deposits.

Accounts of Farmers, Merchants and Municipalities solicited.

Winchester Branch. R. F. BLAIR, Manager.

Crysler Branch. J. E. J. ASTON, Manager.

The Merchants Bank

OF CANADA.

Established 1864.

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

CAPITAL (PAID Up) - $6,000,000

RESERVE FUND - $3,400,000

A General Banking business transacted.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, nd interest allowed at 3%, added twice a year.

Farmers' business solicited.

Sale Notes discounted or collected at most favourable rates.

Loans made for feeding cattle, etc.

FINCH BRANCH,

D. A. MacMILLAN, Manager.

Spring, Summer, Fall.

It's surprising how quickly the seasons come and go.

It seems only a little while since we were building cool suits that would lessen summer's heat.

Now here we are turning out garments to defy winter's cold.

Who needs a Winter Overcoat?

Or a warm comfortable Suit.

No use looking for better ones than we make.

No use expecting to find prices any more to your liking than ours.

Call any day,

W. J. NASH,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Chesterville.

WELL DRILLING

A 4½ inch bore through rock or soil either summer or winter. Pumps and fixtures supplied and water connected with houses or stables.

I have five drills at work and have just received the sixth one at the Chesterville station, which will be in operation next week.

Any person requiring my services will please communicate with me in Vankleek Hill. Satisfaction in every particular guaranteed. Long distance phone No. 23.

Arthur Campbell,

VANKLEEK HILL, ONT.

Cornwall Commercial College

is the increasing demand for its graduates. Every year scores of students are placed in well paid and permanent positions.

The way is open; the goal is before; the prize is worthy of your best endeavors.

For complete information, address.

GEORGE F. SMITH, Principal, Cornwall, Ontario

FARM FOR SALE.

CONTAINING 50 acres, being east quarter lot 3 in the 12th concession of the Township of Finch, all cleared. House 20x24, and Kitchen 14x16, good frame barn 36x48, cow stable and horse stable 80x15. good well. For further particulars apply to

TREFFLE CLEMENT, Cannamore, Ont.

WALTER J. SCOTT,

General Agent for the

London Life Insurance Co.

CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

FARM FOR SALE.

100 ACRES of good farming land; 70 acres under cultivation; balance wood and pasture land. Well fenced, drained and watered, first-class, up-to-date Dwelling and outbuildings. Half mile north of Russell Station on the N. Y. & Ottawa railroad, ¾ mile from cheese factory. Call and see for yourself. For further particulars apply to

JOHN McDONALD, Russell, Ont.

Notice to Creditors.

In the Estate of James Moffat, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to R.S.O. 1807, Cap. 129, Sec. 38, and amending Acts, that all persons having claims against the Estate of James Moffat, late of the Township of Winchester, in the County of Dundas, yeoman, deceased, who died on or about the 15th December, 1905, are requested to send by post prepaid, or otherwise deliver to Eliza Jane Moffat, the executrix of the estate of said deceased, at Morewood P.O., or to the undersigned, Solicitor for said estate, Winchester, Ontario, on or before Saturday, the 24th day of February, 1906, full particulars of their claims and the nature of their securities (if any) held by them, duly sworn to, and that after said date the Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of said estate, having regard only to the claims of which she shall then have notice.

Dated at Winchester, this 20th day of January, A.D., 1906.

S. S. REVELER, Solicitor of Executrix.

JAMES CURRIE

LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont, Dundas Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.

The planing mill and sash and door factory of Fusee & McFreetors, and Johnson's blacksmith shop, at Neepawa, Man., were burned. Loss estimated at $12,000; insurance, $6,000.

February Sale!

During February all our Goods will be Marked 10 per cent. Below regular price.

F. WOOD,

Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,

CHESTERVILLE.

Avonmore Fish and Game Club.

The annual meeting of the Avonmore Fish and Game Club, was hele at Avon more Saturday. There was a good attendance. The following officers were elected for the year 1906:—

President—Lt.-Col. H. A. Morgan.
Vice-Pres.—A. D. McPherson.
Sec.-Treas.—Curtis Hollister.

Mr. J. C. Fulton, the retiring president, was elected as honorary member.

It was decided to hold the next annual meeting at Finch.

How To Cure Toothache.

Any aching tooth can be relieved instantly with Nerviline. Fill the cavity with batting dipped in Nerviline and rub the gums with Nerviline also. If the face is swollen and sore bathe the painful parts with Nerviline and cover with a flannel. This can't fail because Nerviline kills the pain outright and prevents it from returning. Stronger, quicker, more satisfactory than any other liniment, Polson's Nerviline has been the largest seller for nearly fifty years; try it yourself.

Bolton—McMartin

A very happy event took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. D. McMartin Berwick, on Tuesday of last week, when their daughter, Miss M. Eva, was married to Mr. J. Bolton, of Berwick, formerly of Cardinal. The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. H. Hamilton, in the presence of a large number of guests and realitives, The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a pretty costume of cream silk trimmed with silver and pearl sequins, and accordeon pleated chif fon berthea. The bridesmaid, Miss Susie McMartin, sister of the bride wore a dress of white organdie trimmed with valenciennes lace and a girdle and collar of pink satin. The groomsman was Mr. A. H. Anderson, of Glen Stewart. The wedding march was played by Mrs. (Rev.) Hamilton of Finch. After the ceremony a sumptous repast was served. The house was nicely decorated with evergreens and the table with ferns and roses. The happy couple left on the O. and N. Y., train amid showers of rice The bride received many handsome presents.

The friends present from a distance were—Mr and Mrs H Raney, Inkerman; Mr Dan Slater and Miss Vidah Thompson, VanCamp Mills; Mr and Mrs W T McMartin, Winchester; Mr and Mrs F D McMartin Smith's Falls; Mr and Mrs R Benton, Casselman; Mr James Sutherland and Mr. Wm. Sutherland, Grantley Miss C Gray, Montreal; and Miss F McDonald, Strathmore.

Mr and Mrs Bolton have the best wishes of a large circle of friends for their happiness and prosperity.

Auction Sale.

Mr. J. Edwin Colquhoun will sell by public auction at his residence, Colquhoun, on Thursday, Feb. 15th, all his farm stock, implements, etc. Thos Irving, auctioneer.

I WILL SELL

By Public Auction

At Lot No. 7 in the 6th Con. of the Township of Williamsburg,

AT COLQUHOUN

—ON—

Thursday Feb. 15th, 1906,

The following Farm Stock, Implements Etc., viz:—
Well-known Standard Bred, Carriage Stallion, "Wilkes B", "Black Prince" pure bred pedigreed French Stallion, 1 full pedigree pure bred Holstein Bull "The Duke of Luss" coming 2 yrs., for big milking strain, 11 Milch Cows. 2 Heifers coming 2. 4 Grade Holstein Calves, 2 Berkshire brood sows, 90 Hens, chiefly pure bred Rosecombed White Leghorns, 1 Frost and Wood Binder, 1 Reaper, 1 Waggon, 1 mowing Machine, 1 Harrow 1 Disc Harrow, 1 Seeder, 1 Roller, 1 Horse rake, 2 Milk Waggons. 1 Corn weeder, 2 single Buggies, 1 Fanning Mill 1 Plat form Scales, About 15 tons of hay, Quantity of Stovewood, 75 bushels of Potatoes, Quantity of Cedar, 1 Vice, 1 Grind Stone 1 tin Bath tub, Pair of light pleasure sleighs, 1 dog Churn, 1 barrel with a quantity of pure cider Vineager 1 Churn, 1 Organ, Rocking Chairs, Sofas, Lounge 2 box Stoves, Dumb Stove, Stove pipes, Chairs, Bureau' Bedsteads, Wash Stands, Stands, Tables, What-not, Pictures, Cupboard, Pails and other articles. One pure-bred Scotch Collie Pup.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock sharp.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums of $10.00 and under cash; over that amount 6 Months Credit (without interest) will be given by parties furnishing approved joint notes. 5 per cent per annum off for cash.

All the cows are in calf to the above pure-bred Holstein Bull.

As I have rented my farm for a term of four years and am going West in the Spring everything must be sold.

THOS. IRVING, Auctioneer. J. EDWIN COLQUHOUN, Proprietor.

Hurt Jumping From Train.

A young man named Jerome Amulle, whose home is near Monkland, had a narrow escape from being killed the other day, when he jumped off the C. P. R. express before it had come to a stop at the Avonmore station. He was thrown on the platform with considerable force and when picked up was found to have a dislocated shoulder and was minus several teeth. As Dr. Whittaker was out of town Aumelle was taken to Finch for repairs.

Fifty-sixth Anniversary.

On Tuesday of last week, Mr. and Mrs. Ira. W. Campbell, of Aultsville, celebrated the fifth-sixth anniversary of their wedding, at the home of their son, the Rev. G. I. Campbell, Ottawa, where they are spending the winter. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell were married at Moulinette, Ont., on Jan. 23rd, 1850, Mrs. Campbell being a daughter of the late George Annable of that place. Mr. Campbell is now 83 years of age, and his wife is 80. They are both of U. E. Loyalist families, and are in splendid health. They have spent over half a century on their homestead near Aultsville. They have two sons and two daughters, seven grandchildren and two great grandchildren.

Sudden Death of Mrs. W. S. Suddaby.

Death came suddenly to Mrs. Wm. S. Suddaby, wife of Capt. Suddaby of Winchester, on Thursday night last. She had been ailing for about two months with heart trouble, but was apparently recovering. On Thursday night she seemed considerably better after partaking of a hearty supper, and was reclining on a couch resting when the dread summons came. There was no struggle and so quietly did she pass away that the members of the family scarcely knew death had ensued. The deceased was 58 years old. She was born in Paull, Yorkshire, England. In 1868 she was married to Corp. Wm. S. Suddaby, who was serving as a regular in the British Army. In 1883 he was transferred to Gibraltar, to which place he was accompanied by his wife. They returned to England in 1877 and left the beginning of 1881 for Canada, locating in 1882 at Winchester, where they since resided. The deceased was the mother of eleven children, a husband, three sons and five daughters being left as survivors. In religion she was an Anglican. The funeral was held at St. Matthias' church on Monday at 1.30 p. m. Rev. Rural Dean Sanderson of Morrisburg, officiated, delivering a most impressive address. The large congregation present and the several wreaths placed on the casket were a testimony to the respect in which deceased was held. The officials of the Methodist church performed a graceful act at the funeral hour by causing their bell to be tolled. Interment took place in the Brown cemetery, west of the town. The family have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

Death of James Smart.

James Smart, ex-sheriff of the United Counties of Leeds and Grenville, died Saturday at Brockville, aged 86. For the past eight years. Mr. Smart had been an invalid, brought on by an injury sustained to his leg. He was born in Scotland on Sept. 2nd 1819, and came to Canada with his parents at the age of 14 years. When a young man he learned the trade of a tanner in Brockville, and was afterwards engaged in business in Kingston and Sarnid. Removing to California he was a prominent manufacturer, in Sacramento for three years. He returned to Brockville in 1854, and instituted the James Smart Foundry. Mr. Smart conducted the foundry in his own name until 1881, when it was formed into a joint stock company. In 1884 he was appointed sheriff and held the office until he resigned in 1890. He leaves a widow and four children. He was a life long member of the Baptist Church and a Liberal in politics.

Alex. Hammer, the alleged leader of a gang of cattle-thieves that have operated all over Western Ontario, was arrested at Galt.

Suffocated by Coal Gas.

While sleeping, the family of W. Thompson, a farmer living adjacent to Cardinal, inhaled coal gas from a defective stove. The first to awake was barely able to reach and open a window He aroused the others some of whom were very ill. All rocovered with the exception of a 10-year-old boy, who passed away during the day.

Disastrous Fire Near Mountain Station.

About 8 o'clock Sunday night, fire broke out on the premises of Thomas Robinson, about two miles from Mountain station, destroying all his out buildings, together with 13 cows, 11 hogs, one horse, his entire supply of hay and grain, waggons, sleighs, and farm machinery, not a thing being saved.

Mr. Robinson had been around the barn doing his chores about 5 p m., and his family went to a neighbors for tea and knew nothing of the fire until the heavens were aglow with the flames, and when the neighbors arrived all hopes of saving anything was past, the fire having started on the inside.

The cattle were found to have broken loose from their stanchions and were piled ten feet high in their mad efforts to escape.

It is understood there was no insurance.

Mrs. Marsellis Passes Away.

On Thursday morning last. Jan. 25th, 1906, the death Angel visited the home of Mrs. Simon Marsellis, at Grantley, and removed from our midst a much loved friend in the person of Mrs. Marsellis. The deceased suffered for seven years that dreaded disease consumption, but bore her sufferings with Christian fortitude.

She was born on June 3rd, 1840, and at the age of twenty-five married Mr. Marsellis, of Dunbar, who with four children survive her. The deceased was a quiet, unassuming woman, and much loved and respected by all who knew her. She was for many years a consistent member of the Dunbar Presbyterian church, and although for some time unable to attend services, she always took an interest in church work.

The funeral services were conducted in the Presbyterian Church, Dunbar, on Saturday, Jan. 27th, 1906 by the Rev. D. Stewart, of Morewood, assisted by the Rev. Mr. Millar, and the remains placed in the vault at North Williamsburg.

The family and friends have the sympathy of the entire community in their bereavement.

Rae—Middagh.

A very happy event took place yesterday afternoon at four o'clock at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Irving, Caleb street, Winchester, when their niece, Miss Mellie Middagh was united in marriage to Mr. John Rae of Drinkwater, Sask. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Geo. Yule in the presence of only the immediate friends of the contracting parties, the bride and groom entering the drawing-room to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march played by Miss Dina Irving. The bridesmaid was Miss Stella Rae, sister of the groom, while the latter was ably supported by Mr. Harry Middagh, cousin of the bride. The bride was handsomely gowned in cream silk voile and the bridesmaid in crepe de chene. After the ceremony the company sat down to a tempting repast and at 7.30 the happy couple took the local express for Toronto to spend their honeymoon, a large crowd assembling at the station to offer congratulations. Mr. and Mrs. Rae will return to Winchester before leaving for their western home.—Press,

Death of D. K. McLean.

One of the oldest residents of Finch township. Donald K McLean, died at his late residence, lot 19, Seventh concession of Finch, on Thursday, Jan 17 The deceased was born on Nov. 25th, 1827, and was therefore in his 79th year He is survived by five sons and one daughter—John K McLean, Glen Payne; Hugh K McLean, Finch village; Archie K McLean, Barry's Bay, Renfrew county; Kenneth McLean, High River, Alta; Capt Donald N McLean and Miss Cassie McLean, on the old homestead, Glen Payne Mr McLean was married to Miss Flora McKinnon, daughter of the late Hugh McKinnon; and sister of D P McKinnon of this village, who predeceased him on Nov. 21st, 1900 He was one of the most highly esteemed residents of this township. He was for many years a member of the Presbyterian church, and a consistent and steadfast Liberal in politics. The funeral took place at his late residence Saturday afternoon, and was attended by a large number of relatives and friends. The services were conducted by Rev D MacVicar of St Luke's Presbyterian church, Finch, The remains were temporarily interred at the homestead The pall-bearers were four stalwart sons of the deceased. John K McLean, H D McLean, Archie K McLean, and Capt Donald N McLean.

Rev. Father Frigon, of Winnipeg, stated in a sermon that it was the duty of every Catholic in Winnipeg to vote for Sunday street cars.

Patrick Foley, of Ottawa, hanged himself with a logging chain.

Rev. Wm. Johnson of East Zorra, was struck by a train at a Woodstock crossing. The buggy was smashed and man and horse rolled into a ditch, but neither was injured.

Concert at Morewood.

A grand concert, under the auspices of the I. O. O. F. Band will be held at Morewood on Friday evening, Feb. 9th, 1906. Among others the following will be present and assist with the programme: Mr. H. G. Bennett, tenor, Ottawa; Miss De La Ronde, elocutionist, Ottawa; the Chesterville Quartette, the Winchester orchestra; Rev. W. F. Crawford and Mr. F. Wood, Chesterville; Miss Deeks of Dunbar, and Mr. J. Evans of Morewood. An evening of enjoyment is expected.

A Successful Canadian.

Howard James Redmond, who was recently elected mayor of Jefferson, Ohio, is a son of the late James Redmond, a former resident of Morrisburg, Ont. He was born at Dundela, Dundas county, in 1870, and attended the rural school, after which he graduated from the Iroquois High School. He then taught school for three years after which he went to Jefferson, and took up the study of law, being admitted to the bar in 1893. Mr. Redmond has been seven years a justice of the peace and five years city solictor.

Thousands Die Of Constipation.

No condition causes so many incurable diseases as constipation. It not only prevents the kidneys from eliminating the poisenous wastes, but causes anaemia, stomach trouble and indigestion. Why won't you use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and get cured? This excellent medicine restores normal bowel action in one night. Thousands say so. Your system will be pure and clean, you'll be free from headaches, no more sour stomach—in short you'll have jovial spirits and perfect good health. Dr. Hamilton's Pills are sold everywhere, 25c. a box.

Resolution of Condolence.

At the last regular meeting of Branch 309, C.M.B.A. held January 25th, 1906 the following resolution of condolence was moved by Brother John P. Burns, seconded by Brother John Flynn, and unanimously adopted.

Whereas it has pleased Almighty God in His Infinate Wisdom, to call to himself Mr. John Masterson, father of our esteemed Brother, Daniel Masterson.

Resolved that we, the members of this branch, extend to Brother Masterson and the other members of his family, our heartfelt sympathy in their sad bereavement, and pray that the merciful God vouchsafe to the soul of the deceased eternal rest.

Further resolved that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to brother Masterson the Canadian and Chesterville RECORD.

Will C. P. R. Use Electric Power.

The best of authorities on railway doings has it that the problem of substituting electricity for steam as a motive power is under consideration by the Canadian Pecific railway and to that end the officials of the road are in consultation with experts as to the advisability and probable cost of the change. If it is decided to take the plunge tests will be begun within the next six months, the Montreal Quebec section being first equipped. Then if the experiment is successful the whole line of railway will gradually be converted into an electric road.

Preliminary tests, according to present intentions, will be made with Shawinifalls power, Niagara falls energy being afterwards drawn upon for the operation of the lines in Ontario. In the meantime, expert electricians are advising the company to move slowly as the electrical science is making such rapid development that apparati purchased today as up to date may be obsolete tomorrow.

BORN.

NEWTON—On Jan. 29, 1906, at the Methodist parsonage, Farnham, Que., to the Rev T F and Mrs Newton a son.

BLAIR—In Winchester on Jan. 18th. the wife of Mr. R. F. Blair of a son

MARRIED.

SERVAGE—McKERCHER—In the Methodist Parsonage, Winchester, on Jan. 24th, by the Rev. D. Winter, Mr. Geo. M. Servage to Miss Marion McKercher, all of Winchester township.

PILLAR—ROMBOUGH—On Wednesday, Jan. 10th, at the residence of Mr Geo. Wilkes, 915 Manning Avenue, Ottawa, by the Rev. C. A. Seager. Minerva May, daughter of Mr. Hamilton Rombough, of Russell, to Charles Chesley Pillar of Russell.

BOLTON—McMARTIN—At Berwick, on Jan. 23rd. 1906, by Rev. W. H. Hamilton, of Finch, Jay Bolton, formerly of Cardinal, to Eva, daughter of D. McMartin of Berwick.

McGANNON—GORMLEY—At St. Mary's church, by the Rev. Father McCarthy, Wednesday, Jan. 54th, 1906, Kate Gormley, daughter of Mr. P. Gormley, P. M.. to Mr. W. H. McGannon.

LEWIS—LEWIS—At Knox church, Morrisburg, by Rev. H Cameron, on Friday, Jan. 26th, 1906, Norman Lewis to Miss Nellie Lewis, both of Rowena.

DIED

CASSELMAN—At Morrisburg, on Wednesday; Jan. 24th 1906, William I Casselman, in his 78th year.

McLEAN—At Glen Payne, Finch, on Jan. 18, 1906, Donald K. McLean aged 79 years.

PRESTON—At Finch, on Jan. 12 1906, Geneva, daughter of J. Preston, aged three years.

QUART—At Winchester on Jan. 18th, 1906, Marguriette Jane, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Quart, aged four months.

Marian Mayfield

Or, The Strange Disappearance

CHAPTER XXVII.

In the meantime, how had the morning broken upon Dell-Delight, How about Luckenough? and how at Oldfield Cottage?

At Dell-Delight the old man had expired just before the sun arose. The two physicians that had been summoned the night previous, but had been delayed by the storm, arrived in the morning only to see the patient die. Many inquiries were made and much conjecture formed as to the cause of Thurston Willcoxen's improper and unaccountable absence at such a juncture. But Melchizedek, poor, faithful fellow, having followed his master's steps, did not appear, and no one else upon the premises could give any explanation relative to the movements of their young master. He had left the bedside of his dying relative at nine o'clock the night before, and he had not since returned—his saddle-horse was gone from the stable—that was all that could be ascertained. Dr. Brightwell took his departure, to answer other pressing calls. But Dr. Weismann, seeing that there was no responsible person in charge, and having elsewhere no urgent demands upon his time and attention, kindly volunteered to stay and superintend affairs at Dell-Delight, until the reappearance of the young master.

. . . . . .

At Old Field Cottage, Edith had sat up late the night before waiting for Marian; but, seeing that she did not return, had taken it for granted that she had remained all night with Miss Thornton, and so, without the least uneasiness at her prolonged absence, had retired to rest. And in the morning she arose with the same impression on her mind, gayly looking forward to Marian's return with the visitor, and the certain happy revelation she had promised.

She had breakfast over early, made the room very tidy, dressed Miriam in her holiday clothes, put on her own Sunday gown, and sat down to wait for Marian and the visitor. The morning passed slowly, in momentary expectation of an arrival.

It was near eleven o'clock when she looked up and saw Colonel Thornton's carriage approaching the cottage.

"There! I said so! I knew Marian had remained with Miss Thornton, and that they would bring her home this morning. I suppose Colonel Thornton and his sister are both with her! And now for the revelation! I wonder what it is," said Edith, smiling to herself, as she arose and stroked down her dress, and smoothed her ringlets, preparatory to meeting her guests.

By this time the carriage had drawn up before the cottage gate. Edith went out just in time to see the door opened, and Miss Thornton alight. The lady was alone—that Edith saw at the first glance.

"What can be the meaning of this?" she asked herself, as she went forward to welcome her visitor.

But Miss Thorton was very pale and tremulous, and she acted altogether strangely.

"How do you do, Miss Thornton? I am very glad to see you," said Edith, cordially offering her hand.

But the lady seized it, and drew her forcibly towards the door, saying in a husky voice:

"Come in—come in!"

Full of surprise, Edith followed her.

"Sit down," she continued, sinking into a chair, and pointing to a vacant one by her side.

Edith took the seat, and waited in wonder for her further speech.

"Where is Marian?" asked Miss Thornton, in an agitated voice.

"Where? Why, I believed her to be at your house!" answered Edith, in surprise and vague fear.

"Good heaven!" exclaimed the lady, growing very pale, and trembling in every limb. Edith stared up in alarm.

"Miss Thornton, what do you mean? For mercy's sake, tell me, has anything happened?"

"I do not know—I am not sure—I trust not—tell me! when did you see her last? When did she leave home? this morning?"

"No! last evening, about sundown."

"And she has not returned? You have not seen her since?"

"No!"

"Did she tell you where she was going?"

"No!"

"Did she promise to come back? and when?"

"She promised to return before dark! She did not do so! I judged the storm had detained her, and that she was with you, and I felt easy."

"Oh, God!" cried the lady, in a voice of deep distress.

"Miss Thornton! for Heaven's sake! tell me what has occurred!"

"Oh, Edith!"

"In mercy, explain yourself—Marian! what of Marian?"

"Oh, God sustain you, Edith! what can I say to you? my own heart is lacerated!"

"Marian! Marian! what has happened to Marian! Oh! where is Marian?"

"I had hoped to find her here after all! else I had not found courage to come!"

"Miss Thorton, this is cruel——"

"Ah! poor Edith! what you require to be told is far more cruel. Oh! Edith! pray Heaven for fortitude?"

"I have fortitude for anything but suspense. Oh, Heaven, Miss Thornton, relieve this suspense, or I shall suffocate!"

"Edith! Edith!" said the lady, going up and putting her arms around the fragile form of the young widow, as to shield and support her. "Oh, Edith! I heard a report this morning—and it may be but a report—I pray Heaven, that it is no more——"

"Oh, go on! what was it?"

"That, that last evening on the beach during the storm, Marian Mayfield——" Miss Thornton's voice choked.

"Oh, speak; for mercy speak! What of Marian?"

"That Marian Mayfield had been waylaid, and——"

"Murdered! Oh, God!" cried Edith, as her overstrained nerves relaxed, and she sank in the arms of Miss Thornton.

A child's wild, frenzied shriek resounded through the house. It was the voice of Miriam.

. . . . . .

At Luckenough that morning, the remains of the unfortunate Dr. Grimshaw were laid out preparatory to burial. Jacquelina, in a bewildered stupor of remorse, wandered vaguely from room to room, seeking rest and finding none. "I have caused a fellow-creature's death!" That was the envenomed thought that corroded her heart's centre. From her bosom, too, peace had fled. It was near noon when the news of Marian's fate reached Luckenough, and overwhelmed the family with consternation and grief.

But Jacquelina! the effect of the tragic tale on her was nearly fatal. She understood the catastrophe, as no one else could! She knew who struck the fatal blow, and when and why, and under what mistake it was struck! She felt that another crime, another death lay heavy on her soul! It was too much! oh! it was too much! No human heart nor brain could sustain the crushing burden, and the poor lost elf fell into convulsions that threatened soon to terminate in death. There was no raving, no talking; in all her frenzy, the fatal secret weighing on her bosom did not then transpire.

. . . . . .

Before the day was out the whole county was in an uproar. Never had any event of the neighborhood created so high an excitement or so profound a sympathy. Great horror and amazement filled every bosom. A county meeting spontaneously convened, and handbills were printed, large rewards offered, and every means taken to secure the discovery of the criminal. In the deep, absorbing sympathy for Marian's fate, the sudden death of Professor Grimshaw, and the reasonably-to-be-expected demise of old Mr. Cloudesley Willcoxen, passed nearly unnoticed, and were soon forgotten. Among the most zealous in the pursuit of the unknown murderer was Thurston Willcoxen; but the ghastly pallor of his countenance, the wildness of his eyes, and the distraction of his manner, often varied by fits of deep and sullen despair, excited the surprise and conjecture of all who looked upon him.

Days passed and still no light was thrown upon the mystery. About a fortnight after the catastrophe, however, information was brought to the neighborhood that the corpse of a woman, answering to the description of Marian, had been washed ashore some miles down the coast, but had been interred by the fisherman, the day after its discovery. Many gentlemen hurried down to the spot, and further investigation confirmed the general opinion that the body was that of the martyred girl.

. . . . . .

Three weeks after this, Edith lay upon her deathbed. Her delicate frame never recovered this last great shock. A few days before her death she called Miriam to her bedside. The child approached; she was sadly altered within the last few weeks; incessant weeping had dimmed her splendid eyes, and paled her brilliant cheeks.

"Sit down upon the bed by me, my daughter," said Edith.

The child climbed up and took the indicated seat. Something of that long-smothered fire, which had once braved the fury of the British soldiers, kindled in the dying woman's eyes.

"Miriam, you are nearly nine years old in time, and much older than that in thought and feeling. Miriam, your mother has not many days to live; but in dying, she leaves you a sacred trust to be fulfilled. My child, do you follow and understand me?"

"Yes, mamma."

"Do not weep; tears are vain and idle. There was an injured queen once whose tears were turned to sparks of fire. So I would have yours to turn! She came among us a young stranger girl, without fortune or position, or any of the usual stepping-stones to social consideration. Yet see what influence, what power she soon obtained, and what reforms and improvements she soon effected! The country is rich in the monuments of her young wisdom and angelic goodness. All are indebted to her; but none so deeply as you and I. All are bound to seek out and punish her destroyer; but none so strongly as you and I. Others have pursued the search for the murderer with great zeal for a while; we must make that search the one great object of our lives. Upon us devolve the right and the duty to avenge her death by bringing her destroyer to the scaffold. Miriam, do you hear—do you hear and understand me?"

"Yes, mamma; yes."

"Child, listen to me! I have a clue to Marian's murderer!"

Miriam started and attended breathlessly.

"My love, it was no poor waterman or fugitive negro, tempted by want or cupidity. It was a gentleman, Miriam."

"A gentleman?"

"Yes; one that she must have become acquainted with during her visit to Washington three years ago. Oh, I remember her unaccountable distress in the months that followed that visit! His name, or his assumed name, was—attend, Miriam!—Thomas Truman."

"Thomas Truman!"

"Yes; and while you live, remember that name, until its owner hangs upon the gallows!"

Miriam shuddered, and hid her pale face in her hands.

"Here," said Edith, taking a small packet of letters from under her pillow. "Here, Miriam, is a portion of her correspondence with this man, Thomas Truman—I found it in the secret drawer of her bureau. There are several notes entreating her to give him a meeting, on the beach, at Mossy Dell, and at other points. From the tenor of these notes, I am led to believe that she refused these meetings; and, more than that, from the style of one in particular I am induced to suppose that she might have been privately married to that man. Why he should have enticed her to that spot to destroy her life, I do not know. But this, at least, I know: that our dearest Marian has been basely assassinated. I see reason to suppose the assassin to have been her lover, or her husband, and that his real or assumed name was Thomas Truman. These facts, and this little packet of notes and letters, are all that I have to offer as testimony. But by following a slight clue, we are sometimes led to great discoveries."

"Why didn't you show them to the gentlemen, dear mamma? They might have found out something by them."

"I showed them to Thurston Willcoxen, who has been so energetic in the pursuit of the unknown murderer; but Thurston became so violently agitated that I thought he must have fallen. And he wished very much to retain those letters, but I would not permit them to be carried out of my sight. When he became calmer, however, he assured me that there could be no possible connection between the writer of these notes and the murderer of the unfortunate girl. I, however, think differently. I think there is a connection, and even an identity; and I think this packet may be the means of bringing the criminal to justice; and I leave it—a sacred trust—in your charge, Miriam. Guard it well; guard it as your only treasure, until it has served its destined purpose. And now, Miriam, do you know the nature of a vow?"

"Yes, mamma."

"Do you understand its solemnity—its obligation, its inviolability?"

"I think I do, mamma."

"Do you know that in the performance of your vow, if necessary, no toil, no privation, no suffering of mind or body, no dearest interest of your life, no strongest affection of your soul, but must be sacrificed; do you comprehend all this?"

"Yes, mamma; I knew it before, and I have read of Jeptha and his daughter."

"Now, Miriam, kneel down, fold your hands, and give them to me between my own. Look into my eyes. I want you to make a vow to God and to your dying mother, to avenge the death of Marian. Will you bind your soul by such an obligation?"

The child was magnetized by the thrilling eyes that gazed deep into her own. She answered:

"Yes, mamma."

"You vow in the sight of God and all his holy angels, that, as you hope for salvation, you will devote your life with all your faculties of mind and body, to the discovery and punishment of Marian's murderer; and also that you will live a maiden until you become an avenger."

"I vow."

"Swear that no afterthought shall tempt you to falter; that happen what may in the changing years, you will not hesitate; that though your interests and affections should intervene, you will not suffer them to retard you in your purpose; that no effort, no sacrifice, no privation, no suffering of mind or body shall be spared, if needful, to the accomplishment of your vow."

"I swear."

"You will do it! You are certain to discover the murderer, and clear up the mystery."

The mental excitement that had carried Edith through this scene subsided, and left her very weak, so that when Thurston Willcoxen soon after called to see her, she was unable to receive him.

The next morning, however, Thurston repeated his visit, and was brought to the bedside of the invalid.

Thurston was frightfully changed, the sufferings of the last month seemed to have made him old—his countenance was worn, his voice hollow, and his manner abstracted and uncertain.

"Edith," he asked, as he took the chair near her head, "do you feel stronger this morning?"

"Yes—I always do in the forenoon."

"Do you feel well enough to talk of Miriam and her future?"

"Oh, yes."

"What do you propose to do with her?"

"I shall leave her to Aunt Henrietta—she will never let the child want."

"But Mrs. Waugh is quite an old lady now. Jacquelina is insane, the commodore and Mrs. L'Oiseau scarcely competent to take care of themselves—and Luckenough a sad, unpromising home for a little girl."

"I know it—oh! I know it; why do you speak of it, since I can do no otherwise?"

"To point out how you may do otherwise, dear Edith. It would have been cruel to mention it else."

She looked up at him with surprise and inquiry.

"Edith, you have known me from my boyhood. You know what I am. Will you leave your orphan daughter to me? You look at me in wonder; but listen, dear Edith, and then decide. Marian—dear martyred saint! loved that child as her own. And I loved Marian—loved her as I had never dreamed it possible for heart to love—I cannot speak of this! it deprives me of reason." he said, suddenly covering his eyes with his hands, while a spasm agitated his worn face. In a few minutes he resumed.

"Look at me, Edith! the death of Marian has brought me to what you see! My youth has melted away like a morning mist. I have not an object in life except to carry out purposes which were dear to her benevolent heart, and which her sudden death has left incomplete. I have not an affection in the world except that which comes through her. I should love this child dearly, and cherish her devotedly for Marian's sake. I shall never change my bachelor life—but I should like to legally adopt little Miriam. I should give her the best educational advantages, and make her the co-heir with my young brother, Paul Douglass, of all I possess. Say, Edith, can you trust your child to me?" He spoke earnestly, fervently, taking her hand and pressing it, and gazing pleadingly into her eyes.

"So you loved Marian—I even judged so when I saw you labor hardest of all for the apprehension of the criminal. Oh, many loved her as much as you! Colonel Thornton, Dr. Weismann, Judge Gordon, Mr. Barnwell all adored her! Ah! she was worthy of it."

"No more of that, dear Edith, it will overcome us both; but tell me if you will give me your little girl?"

"Dear Thurston, your proposal is as strange and unusual as it is generous. I thank you most sincerely, but you must give me time to look at it and think of it. You are sincere, you are in earnest, you mean all you say. I see that in your face; but I must reflect and take counsel upon such an important step. Go now, dear Thurston, and return to me at this hour to-morrow morning."

Thurston pressed her hand and departed.

The same day Edith had a visit from Mrs. Waugh, Miss Thornton and other friends. And after consulting with them upon the proposal that had been made her, she decided to leave Miriam in the joint guardianship of Mrs. Waugh and Thurston Willcoxen.

And this decision was made known to Thurston when he called the next morning.

A few days after this Edith passed to the world of spirits. And Thurston took the orphan child to his own heart and home.

(To be continued).

Impoverished Soil

Impoverished soil, like impoverished blood, needs a proper fertilizer. A chemist by analyzing the soil can tell you what fertilizer to use for different products.

If your blood is impoverished your doctor will tell you what you need to fertilize it and give it the rich, red corpuscles that are lacking in it. It may be you need a tonic, but more likely you need a concentrated fat food, and fat is the element lacking in your system.

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KNEW TOO MUCH.

A story told of a certain tradesman whose premises were almost entirely destroyed as a result of a mysterious fire. The stock was fully insured, and there was some talk of arson. Proccedings were actually taken against the owner of the business, but owing to lack of evidences the prosecution fell through.

Soon afterwards the shop was re-opened with an entirely new stock, and the tradesman advertised in the local newspaper for an errand-boy. Among the applicants for the post was a bright youth who had just left school.

"Well, my boy," said the tradesman, "and what do you know?"

"Oh!" was the cool response, "I know a lot. For one thing I knows how to keep my mouth shut, an' if you're thinking of having another flare up, you'll find me as close as any oyster!"

To the youngster's surprise he wasn't engaged.

SIAM'S ROYAL CITY.

Perhaps the queerest city in the world is that of Nang Harm, the home of the Royal Family of Siam. This city's peculiarity lies in the fact that it is composed of women and children alone. It is in the centre of Bangkok, has high walls around it, and in its population of 9,000 there is not a single man, though the King occasionally pays a visit. The name Nang Harm means "unveiled women." There are shops, markets, temples, theatres, streets and avenues, parks, lakes, trees, and flower-gardens; a hall of justice, judges, executioners, police, generals, and soldiers; all the positions, official and otherwise, being filled by women. The only man in all Siam who can enter this city is the King. It is the home of his family and of the family of the King before him. The ruler of Siam may have as many wives as he pleases. Each wife has her own children and slaves—therefore a small city is needed to provide accommodation for them all.

FAINTING-ROOMS.

One of the latest ideas in New York is a room to which ladies can retire if they feel faint and go off in a swoon, amid the most artistic and beautiful surroundings. Several restaurants and tea shops have adopted this idea, and members of the fair sex whose nerve force is run down can find in the fainting-room a soothing resting-place. The room is partially darkened and the prevailing color green, whilst it is liberally decorated with various sweet-smelling flowers. Comfortable sofas and chairs are provided for the "fainters," and a lady doctor is kept on the premises should her services be required.

A SUGGESTION.

"I'd like to remark," said Uncle Miram, "that this world would be a whole lot happier if people would buy grapes and jelly for the sick with the money they usually spend on flowers afterwards.

The Absolute Purity —OF— "SALADA"

Ceylon Natural GREEN Tea is daily Converting thousands of drinkers of the artificially colored teas of Japan,

LEAD PACKETS ONLY. 40c, 50c, and 60c lb.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

About the Farm

WINTER COW FEEDING.

In feeding all classes of stock the farmer should try to produce as much of the feed as possible on his own farm. Now, what are the best feeds for dairy cows that most northwest farms will grow abundantly? Of the coarse fodders the crop that will produce the most feed per acre is corn. Next comes clover, then clover and timothy and the upland meadow hay. We hope that we will soon be able to add to this list alfalfa.

When we come to consider the grains the best of these is oats, then oats and wheat, then corn, oats and peas, or peas alone.. Where peas can be grown sluccessfully they make a very rich cow feed. These statements, and those which follow, were made by Mr. W. F. Stiles at the Wisconsin Institute.

As the dairy cow does her best in the month of June when on good pasture, we should take a lesson from this and give her as near these conditions in winter as possible, both in regard to feed and surroundings. What are some of the characteristics and qualities of the summer feed? In the first place this feed is very palatible; next, is easily digested; third, it contains all of the elements of nutrition in the right proportions for summer feeding, and, last, but by no means least, it is very succulent. For instance, in mixed pasture grass there is three per cent. of protein, 13 per cent. of carbohydrates, eight-tenths of one per cent. of fat, two per cent. of salt, and 75 per cent. of water. Now we have all heard about

THE BALANCED RATION.

What is that? It is the ratio which should exist between the digestibls protein and the digestibls carbohydrates. This is somewhat narrw, but we must remember that grass is a summer feed. In winter feeding we can add more to the carbohydrates, for it will require more than heat formers to maintain the warmth of the body. By a number of tests it has been found that in winter it is safe to feed a ration as wide as one to six. This is what we call a balanced ration for dairy cows in winter. Let us now take these various feeds that we have on our farms and see which is the best way to combine them so as to approach as near as possible all of these qualities of the summer feed.

In selecting winter feed one should first select the coarse feeds, as they are usually the cheaper. Of these, hay of the various kinds should be considered first, then corn fodder in its many preparations, and in some cases, but rarely, straw may be used. Then from the grains which are grown on the farm and the concentrated feeds that are on market, the feeder must select those which are the best and cheapest compared with feeding value to feed in connection with these coarse feeds.

When the difference in the price is not too great it is always best to feed home-grown grains in preference to the by-products of these mills. There is a flavor and a palatibility to fresh ground grains which is not found in most of the mill feeds, and palatibility has much to do with digestibility. This being the case we should see well to it that all our crops should be cut in season and

PUT UP IN THE BEST SHAPE

to retain as much as possible of their flavor.

It has been found by various tests that a cow that is giving enough milk to make one pound of butter a day needs a daily ration of about twenty-five pounds of dry matter. In this there should be about two pounds of digestible carbohydrates and a half pound of fat. As clover hay is comparatively rich in protein when possible this should always form a part of the ration. When silage, then give each cow two bundles, or all they will eat of it. If part of the corn crop has been put into the silo then give the cow about forty pounds daily each. t When fodder is fed, instead of silage, then give each cow two bundles as they come from the binder. These should be given in two feeds, as should also the silage and hay. Besides this they should have all the corn stover they will eat up clean.

Now, as a cow's stomach is not large enough to hold all of the feed she requires of the coarse fodders it will be necessary to feed her some grain or mill feed. For most seasons, perhaps, the best mixture, when silage is fed, will be three pounds of corn and oil meal, three pounds of oatmeal, and two pounds of bran middlings. When no silage is fed then substitute two pounds of oil meal for the bran. A year like this, when oil meal is $25 and bran more than $15, oil meal is far cheaper than bran.

ANOTHER IMPORTANT POINT

in winter feeding is regularity, not only in regard to the feeding, but with all of the work with the cows. The feeder should watch and study his cows individually and know what each one is doing at the pail and also observe their likes and dislikes for the different kinds of feed. There is as much difference in individuality of men. For this reason it is best to feed as great a variety as possible, so that if a cow does not relish one kind of feed she may make up on another.

Give the cows a handful of salt every other day, or still better, have a box in the yard where they can have access to it at all times.

One other point of nearly equal importance to the food is to allow the cattle to have all the pure water they wish to drink. Do not compell them to drink from a tank that is half full of ice. The feed is all dry, and they should have all the water they want twice a day. Get them in the habit of drinking before they are fed their grain.

All feeds should be fed in the most palatable form possible, for we must remember that a cow gives us a profit on that feed which she eats and utilizes over that which is required to maintain her, therefore, the more a cow can be induced to eat especially of the coarse feed the more profitable she is in the dairy. As a rule, a cow should have two-thirds of her feed of the coarse fodders and one-third of grain, but right here the individuality of the cow must be taken into account if we would feed profitably.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Interesting Gossip About Some of the World's Prominent People.

The Empress of Germany is passionately fond of all kinds of flowers, but for some time has favored orchids, of which she possesses a great variety.

Queen Alexandra seldom uses any perfume except the homely and refreshing lavender water, of which large quantities are annually manufactured for her own use. The Princess delights in that delicate scent known as wood-violet.

There was not much prospect in his youth of Theodore Roosevelt developing the fine constitution which he possesses to-day. He was puny and sickly, and there was a fear lest he would not survive childhood. But Roosevelt set himself to train his strength—running, jumping, riding, boxing—with the set ideal of becoming strong. If he were asked to sail, he would only agree to row; if asked to ride, he would prefer to walk—anything, indeed, to increase his strength.

How many people now living can claim to have served on the famous Victory, Nelson's flagship? Captain Stubbs, R.N., Secretary of the Liverpool Seamen's Orphan Institution, is one. He served four months on the Victory as a cadet under Captain Pasco, who was flag-lieutenant to Nelson at Trafalgar. Captain Stubbs entered the Navy in 1846, and served in many parts of the world. He is believed to have captured the last slave vessel which endeavored to take slaves from Cuba, and as a result nearly 400 people were set at liberty

In a case arising out of an omnibus having run down a brougham, counsel — who afterwards became famous as Lord Brampton — called the latter a borugham, making two syllables of the word. The judge, Lord Campbell, interrupted, saying he should understand better if it were called a "broom," adding, "We who are in society call it so, and, besides, it saves one syllable." But, when summing up, his lordship spoke of "an omnibus." Counsel interupting, suggested that the jury would understand better if his lordship called it "a 'bus, for we who are not in society call it so, and, besides, it saves two syllables."

Mr. Edward Harriman, the American railway king, began life as a stockbroker's clerk, and displayed the acquisitive talent in such superlative measure that to-day he is at the head of a sydicate owning 20,000 miles of railway, chiefly in the Western States. "Harriman doesn't care a cent for clothes," his friends used to say, and, indeed, his disregard of appearance is still proverbial. When he bids truce to the fierce excitement of market warfare and his periodical battles with other magnates involving millions of dollars, he repairs to his beautiful estate in Orange County, New York, where he enjoys the life of a country squire in the society of his wife and five children.

Princess Henry of Battenberg is one of the most accomplished members of the Royal Family. She paints well, is a good judge of art, collects rare old lace with all the acumen of a connoisseur, and, in addition, is a clever musical composer and brilliant pianist. When a celebrated musician was "commanded" to Windsor Castle in the days when Queen Victoria's youngest daughter was Princess Beatrice, one of her relatives played and invited the master's opinion as to her skill. "Madame, you play like a Princess," he said, diplomatically with a low bow. Princess Beatrice then played, and solicited a verdict in turn. "Madame," said the great musician, "you play like an artist."

The presence of the Shah in Europe recalls an anecdote of the late Shah during his once famous tour in England. It is given on the authority of his late Persian Majesty's body physician. According to the story, the Shah was dining with his present Majesty the King, then Prince of Wales, and asparagus was served. Now, the Shah had never seen asparagus, and was as much at loss how to eat it as the Chinese Emperor is said to have been where to sit in the first brougham ever offered to him. He made a "shot" for it, and after eating half the stalks threw the other half on the carpet behind him. The story adds, that to keep his guest in countenance the Prince did the same. To complete the consternation of the servants, the other guests, like good courtiers imitated the Royal example.



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F. S. Pingle has announced himself an Independant candidate for the Commons in West Assiniboia.

THE COUNTIES' COUNCIL.

General Business—Special Committee to Report on the House of Refuge.

(From the Cornwall Freeholder)

The January meeting of the Counties Council opened at the Court House on Tuesday evening, Present:—W. Gallinger, E. O'Callaghan, Cornwall; J. L. Groves, P. J. McDonnell, Cornwall Township; James Begg, McDiarmid, Roxborough; H. McMillan, J. D, McInnis, Finch; A. T. Shaver F. Warren, Osnabruck; M. J. Casselman Ed. Walsh, Williamsburg; J. F. Cass W. Hamilton, Winchester; John M. Christie M. Kavanaugh, Mountain; Jas. Collison W. G. Smyth, Matilda; H. A. Cameron A. R. McBain, Charlottenburg, Alpin Grant John A. McDougall, Lancaster; John R. M. Cuaig, D. A. McArthur, Lochiel, A D. McRae, M. McRae, Kenyon.

Mr. Adrian I MacDounell, Counties' Clerk, presiding at the opening session and announced that the first business would be the election of a warden.

Mr. McMillan moved, seconded by Mr. Christie, that J. F. Cass of Winchester be Warden for the year 1906.

There being no other nomination, Mr. Cass was declared elected by acclamation

On being conducted to his seat the new Warden acknowledged the honor conferred on him by his colleagues. He said he did not have words to express his gratitude and thanks to the members of the Council for electing him as their presiding officer for the year. The Province of Ontario was the banner province of the Dominion, and as the Council represented three of the brightest gems in that province, he felt that a great honor had been conferred on him. He realized the importance and responsibility of the position and they could rest assured that he would devote his best ability to the duties devolving upon him.

The Warden elect having made his declaration of office before Mr. Hugh McMillan, J P., the regular order of business was proceeded with

A number of communications were read and referred to several committees.

Moved by Messrs McDiarmid and McCuaig, the following be a special committee to appoint standing committees for the year:—Messrs. McMillan, McRae (A D). Smyth, Cameron, O'Callaghan, Casselman, Christie, Grant, Groves, Shaver, Hamilton, and the mover and seconder. Carried.

Messrs O'Callaghan and Gallinger moved a resolution confirming the action of the Warden and Treasurer in connection with the transfer of River Beaudette debentures to the Liverpool, London and Globe Insurance Co., which was carried.

Messrs McCnaig and Collison moved that the following be appointed a special committee to consider the question of erecting a House of Refuge for the United Counties, to obtain full information on the question and report to the Council;—Messrs Groves, Warren, McRae (A.D.), Casselman, Christie, Gallinger, Smyth, Walsh, McDiarmid, McMillan, Cameron, and the mover and Seconder. Carried.

The Council then adjourned to allow the special committee to strike standing committees to prepare their report, which was subsequently presented and recommended that the committees be composed as follows:—

Education—H. McMillan, chairman; McDiarmid Collison, Gallinger, Grant, Hamilton, Kavanaugh, Cameron, McArthur, McDonnell, M, McRae, Warren, Smyth, Casselman.

Finance—J A McDougall, chairman McBain, Hamilton, Walsh, Kavanaugh McCuaig, Begg, McDonnell, McInnis, A D McRae, O'Callaghan, Warner, Smyth.

County Property—D H McDiarmid chairman; Walsh, Christie, Collison, McDougall, Hamilton McCuaig, Cameron. Groves, McMillan, M. McRae, O'Callaghan, Shaver.

Roads and Bridges—W G Smyth, chairman; McBain, Hamilton, Christie, Gallinger, McDougall, McArthur, Begg, Groves, McInnis, M McRae, Warren, Smyth, Casselman.

Printing—M McRae, chairman; Walsh Christie, McCuaig, Begg, Grant, Gallinger, Warren, Smyth.

Equalization of Assessment—D A McArthur, chairman; McDiarmid, Walsh, Collison, Gallinger, McDougall, Hamilton, Kavanaugh, Cameron, Groves, McMillan, A D McRae, Shaver.

Communications—M J Casselman, chairman. Kavanaugh, O'Callaghan, McDougall, Hamilton, Cameron, McInnis, A. D. McRae, Casselman, Shaver.

Resolutions and Memorials—A. T. Shaver, chairman; Walsh, Hamilton, Christie, McCuaig, Grant, McBain, McMillian, O'Callaghan, Collison, Shaver.

The report was adopted and the Council adjourned until Wednesday morning.

Wednesday.

The printing Committee presented a report, recommending that tenders be invited for the printing of the usual way

On the motion for the adoption of the report there was some discussion as to the advisability of condensing the report of the proceedings of the Council. It was contended that no further condensation could be made without impairing the records.

The council then adjourned until 8 p m. to enable the committees to take up their work.

At the opening of the evening session the Warden referred to the visit of the members of Council to the Cornwall High School and spoke in highly complimentary terms of the improvements recently completed. He said the school was now almost up to the requirements of a Collegiate Institute and it deserved liberal support.

The warden also said he had been requested by the propietor of the Hotel Duequette to invite the members of the Council to a supper be held after the close of the Thursday evening session.

The report of the special committee re appeal in the case of McOuat vs. the united Counties was presented. The committee reported that the case was pleaded before the full bench of the Court of Appeal, at Toronto in December last when judgement was reserved. Mr. James Leitch, K.C., solicitor for the Counties, reports that so far as can be judged from the expressions of the judges the Court appeared favorable to the appeal.

The report was adopted and the Council adjourned until Thursday morning.

Thursday.

At the morning session yesterday a number of communications was received from the clerks of the various townships regarding the plan of road improvement adopted by the Council under the Act for Improvement of Public Highways They were refeered to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

The report of the Education Committee was presented by Mr. H. McMillan, chairman. The committee recommended that the request of the High School Board of Iroquois, that a by-law be passed imposing fees of $2 per term upon county pupils attending High Schools in Dundas Co. be not entertained; that the Treasurer be authorized to pay the H S. Board of Kemptville the sum of $114.32, being 65 per cent of the proportinate maintenance of pupils from Dundas Co., attending said school for the fall term of 1905, said sum, together with amount ascertained to be due for such attendance for spring and summer terms of 1906, to be levied at June session upon Co. of Dundas; that the regisnation of W. Ogle as trustee for Cornwlll H.S. District be accepted and that the following trustees for various H.S. Divisions be appointed by by-law.

No. 1, Williamstown—Geo. Ellis Clark, of Martintown, in place of Dr Falkner, whose term has expired.

No. 2, Alexandria—Brock Ostrom, reappointed; and A. G. F. McDonald, in place of Duncan A. McDonald, resigned.

No 3, Cornwall—Duncan J. McMillan of Finch, reappointed; and W. J. Wood, of Cornwall, in place of W. Ogle, resigned.

No. 4, Morrisburg—Chas P. Whittaker, reappointed.

On the motion for the adoption of the report.

Mr. Collison moved in amendment that the report be ammended so as to allow the request of the Iroquois High School Board to stand over until the June session. He held that it would be unfair to dispose of the matter as recommended by the committee.

The amendment was carried and the report was changed accordingly, after which it was adopted.

A by-law was passed making the appointments to the High School Boards recommended in the report.

Court adjourned until four o'clock.

At the afternoon session the report of the County Property Committee was presented by the chairman, Mr. McDiarmid. The committee reported that they had considered the request of the County of Waterloo for cooperation in memorializing the Ontario Legislature for an amendment to the Municipal Act to provide for the establishment of Sanitaria for indegent consumptives, and recommend that no action be taken by the council. They have received a report from the sub-committees, consisting of the Clerk and Treasurer on the ventilation of the Court House, and recommended that the committee be anthorized to have the garret properly ventilated so as to lessen the formation of ice on the roof. They further recommended that the floor of Turnkey's room be covered with linoleum and that a suitable cupboard be placed in Judge Liddell's room for filing revised voter's lists and other records.

The report was adopted.

Messrs. McQuaig and McRae moved that Alpin Grant be added to the special committee on the House of Refuge. Carried.

Council adjourned until 7 30 o'clock.

At the opening of the evening session on suggestion of Mr Groves, Messrs J H Martin and Jas Connelly, ex members of Osnabruck, were invited to a seat at the council board.

Both gentlemen expressed their appreciation of the compliment.

A petition was received from the township of Winchester asking the council to confirm a by-law of that municipality opening a certain road 40 feet wide instead of 60 feet.

Referred to Committee on Roads and Bridges.

The report of the Finance Committee was presented by the chairman, Mr McDougall.

In view of difficulties in securing returns from the municipalities the committee recommended that the tax sale be extended for a further period of twelve months and the local municipalities be advised to take proper action to collect all arrears due in respect of any but non-resident lands.

Other recommendations were—that J A McDougall, Chairmrn, and A I McDonell, Counties Clerk, be appointed members of the County Board of Audit; that A Gillespie Watsin, Cornwall, and R A Baker, Aultsville, be County Auditors for the year 1906, at the salary of $50 each; that a grant of $10 each be made to the Prisoner's Aid Association and Hospital for Sick Children, in Toronto.

Statements of the amounts paid to the County Treasurer during 1905 were received from the local treasurer's from the local treasurers except the townships of Finch, Winchester and Kenyon, and the villages of Winchester and Chesterville. The committe recommended that the clerk notify the treasurer of these municipalities of the necessity of having the statements prepared.

They further recommended that the Warden and Chairman of the Finance Committee be empowered to attend to the renewal of the Treasurer's bond for $10,000 with the Dominion Guarantee Co; that the Warden and Treasurer be authorized to borrow such sums as may be necessary to meet notes under discount not exceeding $10,000 in the aggregates. The balance in the bank on 31st Dec last was $2,437 29 and cash on hand $12 60. Notes under discount $8,000.

The revenue from pedlars' licenses for 1905 was $1,049 60, and from auctioneer's license $288, the latter showing an increase.

It was recommended that the salary of the clerk be $800 for the present year, an increase of $50, and that the other officials be re-appointed at the same salaries as last year; that the grants of $25 to the Farmers' Institutes be continued annually; that a grant of $100 be made to the 59th Regt towards improvement of the armory, etc.

General accounts to the amount of $1,634 10 and $412 44 in connection with Nation River drainage, were recommended for payment.

It was decided that the council had no legal right to make a grant of $30 to the Women's Institute in Dundas, asked for by Mrs Chester Casselman.

An application of Mr Kavanaugh for a grant in aid of a Mounted Infantry Corps about to be raised in Dundas, was recommended to be laid over until the June session;

The report was adopted.

By-laws were passed appointing the Co Auditors and the Co Clerk as recommended in the above report.

The Council then adjourned until Friday morning at ten o'clock.

The Council resumed at ten o'clock this morning. The continuation of the report will be published in our next issue.

FISHER & ROBINSON,
Butchers, Etc.
CHESTERVILLE, - - ONT.

Constantly on hand
Beef, Pork, Lamb, and Cured Meats,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON.

WILLIAM NEWVINE,
All kinds of Cement and Concrete work a Specialty
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

NOW IS THE SEASON FOR

Stock Food, Condition Powders Kow Kure, Poultry Food, Cough Remedies, Cold Cures and Blood Purifiers.

We Have the Best in the Matket.

FOR A COUGH

Try our Licorice Menthol and Linseed.

For a Cold or LaGrippe

Break-Up-a-Cold-Tablets will cure in 24 hours.

Our Stock of Drugs, Medicines, School Books and Stationery, Is Fresh and Very Complete.

W. G. BOLSTER, NEXT DOOR TO R. BUISTS.
DRUGGIST and STATIONER, - - CHESTERVILLE.

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BLOOD POISON

On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itchiness of the skin, eruptions or blotches, ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of "old form" treatment—beware of mineral poisons—beware of Quacks and Fakirs. OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poison from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and the pleasures of life. CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured.

Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

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ROYAL HOUSEHOLD, SUPREME PATENT, AND BRIDAL VEIL

Flours

Are the product of Canada's best Mills. All made from No. 1 Hard wheat. They are sure to give the highest satisfaction.

The bread made from these Flours is white, sweet and moist, and less Flour used for a baking.

Our Pastry Flour is of the choicest brand and sure to please the cook.

We have a large stock of

FEED FLOUR. ONTARIO SHORTS, BRAN, MIDDLINGS CORN & OAT-CHOP, BARLEY MEAL, PANCAKE FLOUR OATS and AMERICAN YELLOW CORN which we sell at the closest margin.

HUGHES & MARQUETTE,
Opposite McCloskey House Chesterville.

When You are Through Cussin'



At road mishaps on account of defective horse eqipment, come around here and get a SET OF HARNESS THAT WON'T SNAP ASUNDER at the first strain, but that will last as long as your horse is able to keep a trace taut—you will be grateful for the sort of harness we sell.

As I intend erecting a new building in the Spring, and making alterations to my present one, I need room, and will sell present stock at greatly reduced prices.

F. J. BALDREY, CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

Ask for

Labatt's

(LONDON)

India Pale Ale

An absolutely pure, sparkling and delicious beverage and tonic. It refreshes the body and quenches the thirst.

The Doctor Always Asks

"Are your bowels regular?" He knows that daily action of the bowels is absolutely essential to health. Then keep your liver active and your bowels regular by taking small laxative doses of Ayer's Pills.

We have no secrets! We publish J. C. Ayer Co., the formulas of all our medicines. Lowell, Mass.

ALL TWINS IN THIS.

Extraordinary Marriage Will be Celebrated in Paris.

An extraordinary marriage will take place in Paris shortly, when the twin brothers Charnteau, both of whom are painters of repute, will marry the twin sisters Renaud, two beautiful girls who are only 18 years of age. The best men at the double wedding will be another pair of twins, who are cousins of the twin bridegrooms.

Alphonso and Gabriel Charnteau are so absurdly alike that they have been the victims of ludricous mistakes all their lives. Their mother is a widow, and on this account one of the twins was excused military service.

Wishing not to be separated from his brother, he went to live in the town where his twin was quartered. He was arrested four times during the first week, and accused of appearing in public without uniform. He had the greatest difficulty in convincing the authorities that he was not the conscript.

The brothers are so fond of each other that they had resolved never to marry. But they both fell in love almost simultaneously. Their sweethearts were also almost undistinguishable, and mistakes occurred so frequently that each twin began to dress for the first time in a different costume.

SICK KIDNEYS.

Mean Aching Backs and Sharp Stabbing Pains That Make Life Almost Unendurable.

An aching, breaking back, sharp stabs of pain—that is kidney trouble. The kidneys are really a spongy filter—a human filter to take poison from the blood. But sick, weak kidneys cannot filter the blood properly . The delicate human filters get clogged with impurities, and the poison is left in the system to cause backaches, headaches, rheumatism, dropsy and fatal inflamation. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the one sure cure for sick kidneys. They make new, rich blood, which flushes them clean and gives them strength for their work. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills set the kidneys right, and make lame, aching backs strong and well. Mr. George Johnson, of the village of Ohio, N. S., says:—"My son, now eighteen years old, suffered from kidney trouble and severe pains in the back, which caused him many a sleepless night. We tried several medicines, but they did not help him, and he grew so weak that he could not do the work that falls to the lot of a young boy on a farm. We were advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and this was the first medicine that reached the cause of the trouble. He took the pills for a couple of months, when every symptom of the trouble was gone, and he was as healthy as any boy of his age. I am satisfied Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure kidney trouble in its most severe forms."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make new rich blood. In that way they strike at the root of anaemia, indigestion, kidney trouble, liver complaint, erysipelas, skin disease, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, and the special ailments of growing girls and women whose health depends upon the richness and regularity of their blood. The genuine pills have the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box, and may be had from all dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

EXECUTING POLITICAL RIVALS.

In the reign of Charles II., the names of "Whig" and "Tory" were used for the two parties which we now call "Liberal" and "Conservative." So strong was the hostility between the parties that when the King summoned his third parliament (1681) he was afraid for it to meet in London, which was very Whig, and he convened it at Oxford, where Toryism was strong. The Whig members, alarmed at this, rode into Oxford armed with pistols. In the reaction' which followed, this display of force, prominent Whigs were prosecuted on the evidence of perjured informers, and many of them suffered death. The Earl of Shaftesbury, the Whig leader, was accused of high treason, but was acquitted: in fact, no Tory juries would convict a Tory, and where the Whigs predominated no jury would convict a Whig. At last things reached such a climax that the leading Whigs, in despair, formed a plan to compel the King to summon a free Parliament; but they were accused of high treason, and some of their leaders were executed.

A LETTER AND A PROMISE.

"You are quite right," said a very well-known criminal barrister recently. "We do get some very queer letters from clients—or would-be clients—sometimes. What do you think of this?"

And he produced from a pocket-book a rather weather-worn sheet of notepaper, which had evidently been preserved with great care.

"Dere Sir,—I am in prison, and the man sayes I am likely to goe to the penal serfitude. I did not steel the cowe and I am purfectly innercent. Please do get me out. I think I can pay you sum day. I did not steel the cowe. Tell the Judge that. And if you get me off free I am willing to do all I Can for you. If you do I will Give you the cowe.—Yours truly,

"Bill Smith."

"I didn't act for that man," he concluded; "he was a little too ingenuous."

BABY'S TONGUE TELLS.

Little tongues that cannot talk tell mothers just as plainly that their owners are not well. When Baby's tongue is white, or coated, or yellow, especially toward the root, it is a sign of stomach trouble, indigestion, cold or feverishness. Baby's Own Tablets act like magic in curing these and the other minor ills of babyhood and childhood. They as good for the new-born baby as for the well-grown child. Absolutely safe and absolutely harmless. Mrs. C. F. Kerr, Elgin, Ont., says:—"Baby's Own Tablets are the best medicine I have ever used for stomach and bowel troubles and destroying worms. I could hardly feel safe without the Tablets in the house." Sold by all medicine dealers, or by mail, at 25 cents a box, by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SUNLIGHT SOAP



$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

is equally good with hard or soft water.

If you use Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions) you need not boil nor rub your clothes, and yet you will get better results than with boiling and hard rubbing in the old-fashioned way.

As Sunlight Soap contains no injurious chemicals and is perfectly pure, the most delicate fabrics and dainty silks and laces may be washed without the slightest injury.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

156

FROM ERIN'S GREEN ISLE

NEWS BY MAIL FROM IRELAND'S SHORES.

Happenings in the Emerald Isle of Interest to Irish-Canadians.

The Meade-Denis estate in North Kerry has just been sold to the tenants.

The Earl of Wicklow has been appointed a Representative Peer for Ireland.

It is of interest to note that Lord Emly is the only Irish peer who is a Nationalist.

Mr. Maurice Brooks, D.L., in former years one of Dublin's merchant princes, has died, aged 82.

The Deanery of Raphoe has been given by the Bishop of Derry to the Rev. Canon Kennedy, rector of Raymochy.

The death is announced in Belfast of Edward Whittle, said to be the oldest railway engine driver in the United Kingdom.

The death of Lady Ellen Browne, sister of the late Earl of Kenmare, occurred at Malvern recently in the 80th year of her age.

Lord Aberdeen was on the 4th inst sworn in as Lord Lieutenant of Ireland for the second time. The first time was twenty years ago.

Mr. Walter Robinson, farmer, of Mowillian, Middleton County, Armagh, celebrated his 103rd birthday a few days ago. He lives on the farm with his son and is still able to perform some light work.

The funeral took place at Roslea, County Fermanagh, of Mr. Owen Smith, who died at his residence, Derrylea, at the age of 109, having lived in three centuries. Deceased was a tailor by trade.

An Irish town has been sold. The inhabitants of Castlemartyr, in the County Cork, have bought the fee simple interest in the dwellings and premises from the Earl of Shannon on favorable terms.

Notice has been served on the relieving officer of Roslea district of the impending eviction of some thirteen families on the Trinity College estate, situate in a mountainous district between Roslea and Brokeboro.'

The Belfast steamer Riverside, while on a voyage from Maryport to Strangford Lough with coals, sprang a leak in Solway Firth during a gale and foundered. The crew of six were rescued by the Isle of Withorn lifeboat.

HE IS EMPHATIC IN WHAT HE SAYS

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED ROBT. BOND OF BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

His Doctor Who Said There Was No Hope for Him, Now Pronounces Him Well — He Tells His Own Story.

Mt. Brydges, Ont., Jan. 29.—Special.)—Among the many people in this neighborhood who tell of the great work Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing, none is more emphatic than that old and respected citizen, Mr. Robert Bond.

"I believe I owe my life to Dodd's Kidney Pills," Mr. Bond says. "My attending physician said I was in the last stages of Bright's Disease and that there was no hope for me. Then I commenced to take Dodd's Kidney Pills and used in all twenty boxes. Now I eat well, sleep well, and my doctor says I am well. Dodd's Kidney Pills and nothing else cured me. Do you wonder I am always ready to say a good word for Dodd's Kidney Pills?"

What will cure Bright's Disease will easily cure any other form of Kidney Disease. Dodd's Kidney Pills will always cure Bright's Disease. They are the only remedy that will cure Bright's Disease. Be sure and get Dodd's.

Under the will of the Rev. Maxwell Coote, of Ross, King's County, perpetual curate of Clonasley, upwards of of £40,000 is left to the representative body of the Church in Ireland, to be held in trust for the benefit of poor parishes in the dioceses of Meath.

A skibbereen telegram announces the death at his residence, Castletownshend, of Sir John Goghill, Bart. He was born in 1826, and was father of one of the two lieutenants who defended at the cost of their lives the colors in the attack on the British camp at Isandula in the Zulu War.

The new line of railway between Waterford and Rosslare Harbor, which has been in course of construction for the last three years, is now so far advanced that it is confidently expected to be open for traffic in July next; and at the same time the new line of turbine steamers between Roslare and Fishguard will commence running.

HIS AIM.

Die when I may, I want it said of me by those who know me best that I always plucked a thistle and planted a flower where I thought a flower would grow.—Abraham Lincoln.

Puts You on Your Feet and keeps you there That's what "Ferrovim" does for all those recovering from wasting diseases. It is the best tonic in existence. It stimulates, nourishes and builds up the system.

Mrs. Homebody: "Home is the dearest spot on earth, after all." Mr. H.: "Yes, when you count in the rent and the servants' wages."

Be There a Will Wisdom Points the Way.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

"Don't cry!" he intreated. Then he perceived that her handkerchief was edged with the most exquisite lace. "Don't weep!" he said, correcting himself.

Kidney Search Lights.—Have you backache? Do you feel drowsy? Do your limbs feel heavy? Have you pains in the loins? Have you dizziness? Have you a tired dragging feeling in the regions of the kidneys? Any and all of these indicate kidney troubles. South American Kidney Cure is a liquid kidney specific and works wonderful cures in most complicated cases.—94.

Don't believe the world owes you a living. The world owes you nothing. It was here first.

These two desirable qualifications, pleasant to the taste and at the same time effectual, are to be found in Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. Children like it.

RHEUMATISM AND PARALYSIS.

Their complete home cure. Post free to readers of this paper. For limited period only.

A handsome illustrated treatise, giving full description of Rheumatism and Paralysis, with instructions for a complete home cure, describing the most successful treatment in the world, recommended by the Ministry and endorsed by medical men. This highly instructive book was written by W. H. Veno, a gentleman who has made a study of these diseases. The preface is by a graduate of the University of Wurtzburg. Send postal to-day and you will receive the book free by return.—Address, The Veno Drug Co., 24 King St., West, Toronto

Teacher—"Johnny, you may give me a definition of 'hypocrisy.'" Johnny—"It's when a boy says he loves his teacher!"

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

"That bass voice is a powerful one, isn't it?" "Yes; I notice it has a deal of hoarse power."

Intelligent Treatment with Allen's Lung Balsam brings up the phlegm, stops the cough and pain in the chest, overcomes those terrible colds which, neglected, lead to consumption.

"You've got a good collection of works of fiction, Smithers?" "Pretty fair. My wife bought them to look for a poetic name for the baby." "Ah! and what did you call her?" "Susan!"

Sudden Deaths on the Increase.—People apparently well and happy to-day, to-morrow are stricken down, and in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the heart is the cause. The king of heart remedies, Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart, is within reach of all. It relieves in 30 minutes, and cures most chronic diseases.—91

She: "Did papa say anything to you about your being too young?" He: "Yes; but he said when I once began to pay your bills I would age rapidly enough."

Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is the result of expert chemical experiments, undertaken to discover a preventive of inflammation of the lungs and consumption, by destroying the germs that develop these diseases, and fill the world with pitable subjects hopelessly stricken. The use of this Syrup will prevent the dire consequence of neglected Colds. A trial, which costs only 25 cents, will convince you that this is correct.

THE FIRST ELECTRIC TRAIN.

The earliest public trial of a passenger boat driven by an electric motor was that conducted by Professor Jacobi, of St. Petersburg, in the year 1838, though for four years previously he had successfully experimented with electric traction in the privacy of his own grounds. The trial of Jacobi's vessel took place on the Neva, and was witnessed by a vast crowd of people. The boat was 28 feet long, 10 feet wide, and carried fourteen persons. It was not until four years later that we find any record of a passenger carriage driven by electricity on land, and in this case the inventor was Alexander Davidson, of Edinburgh. The carriage was 16 feet long by 7 feet wide, and was impelled for a mile and a half at the rate of four miles an hour on the Edinburgh and Glasgow Railway.

One Thousand Farmers Wanted.

We want 1,000 farmers for Western Canada for the spring of 1906. The renter, the young farmer with very limited small capital, and the farmer with a number of sons for whom he wishes to secure farms, are the people who should write us as quickly as they read this notice. We can settle you in the great wheat-belt of Manitoba or the other Provinces of Western Canada, and give you such a chance as we confidently believe has never before been offered to settlers in any new country.

Our lands are the choicest, and situated in the best tried and the best settled farming and wheat-raising districts, and our plans are such as will surprise you by reason of their fairness and helpfulness. A man with a few hundred dollars and with health and energy, by adopting one of them, can in a very short time be well-to-do.

The ordinary settler coming here has to break his land and backset it the first year, and therefore does not secure any return from the land until the harvest of the following year is reaped. Under our plans, the settler will begin to have an income from the start, and at the same time will be going on getting ready his land for cropping. If you intend coming to Western Canada to farm, we can thus put you in the way of helping yourself from the first day that you arrive here, and thus of being independent. We want one thousand settlers for the spring of 1906.

Our lands have been all very carefully selected, and we guarantee the reports of our examiners on the same. No person need apply whose habits are not good, and who is not able to produce first-class references as to his character and industry.

Address, Western Canada Settlers' Mutual Land Co., 23 Canada Life Building, Winnipeg.

"I noticed after you left the house this morning you went back again. Don't you know that's unlucky?" "Well, it would have been a good deal more unlucky for me if I hadn't gone back. My wife called me."

A Merry Heart Goes all the Day. — But one cannot have a merry heart if he has a pain in the back or a cold with a racking cough. To be merry must be well and free from aches and pains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will relieve all pains, muscular or otherwise, and for the speedy treatment of colds and coughs it is a splendid medicine.

Johnny: "I wish my folks would agree upon one thing and not keep me all the time in a worry." Tommy: "What have they been doing now?" Johnny: "Mother won't let me stand on my head, and dad is all the time fussing because I wear my shoes out so fast."

Rheumatism — What'se the Cause? — Where's the Cure?—The active irritating cause of this most painful of diseases is poisonous uric acid in the blood. South American Rheumatic Cure neutralizes the acid poison. Relieves in 6 hours and cures in 1 to 3 days.—90.

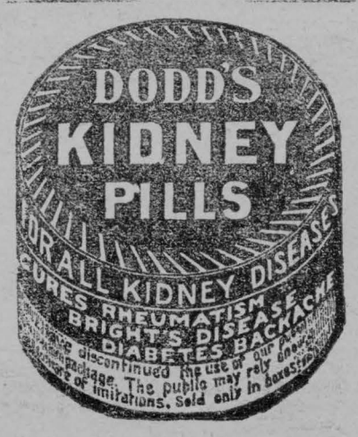
"How still they are," remarked Mrs. Frobb, apropos of the young couple in the next room. "Yes," replied Mr. Frobbe, "it reminds me of my army days. It was always wonderfully quiet just previous to an engagement."

Everyone Thinks his own cross is the heaviest When confined to the house with a pain in the side for instance, but it would be quickly forgotten if "The D & L" Menthol Plaster was applied. They only cost a trifle, why not try them?

Young Skipjack: "Ah—I should like to cross that field; do you think—ah—that cow would hurt me?" Farmer: "Did you ever hear of a cow hurtin' a calf?"

A Clear Healthy Skin.—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the result of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the liver and kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

"You used to tell me I was bird-like," complained the fond wife. The husband continued to bury his nose in the paper. "You used to tell me I was bird-like," repeated the fond wife; "but now you never act as if you thought so." "You're still bird-like," growled the husband. "One wouldn't think you thought so, to judge by——" "Isn't a parrot a bird?"



THE BEST OF PEOPLE

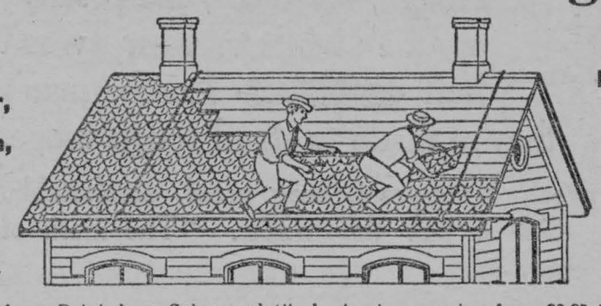
make mistakes unintentionally. But no one **EVER MADE A MISTAKE IN BUYING**

Blue Ribbon TEA

ONLY ONE BEST TEA. BLUE RIBBON.

"Oshawa" Steel Shingles

Wind, Water, Storm, and Fire Proof.



Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most desirable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF

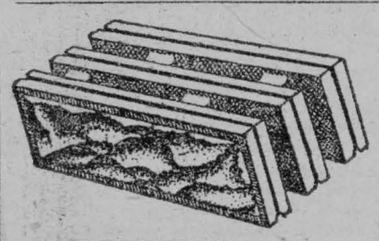
We also maunfacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVE TROUGH Etc.
METAL SHINGLES, in imitation of brick or stone.
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

MONTREAL, QUE. 767 Craig St. OTTAWA, ONT. 423 Sussex St. TORONTO ONT. 11 Colborne St. LONDON, ONT, 89 Dundas St. WINNIPEG, 70 Lombard St. VANCOUVER, B.C. 615 Pender St.

WRITE YOUR NEAREST OFFICE.

Head Office and Works, - - - Oshawa, Ont., Canada



PATENTED MARCH 8TH, 1904.

Three Machines—Triple Wall, Two Wall, and Cement Brick Machines.

The fastest and cheapest in the market, making brick faced with one inch colored, and stronger concrete. Write for booklet.

P. DIERLAMM, Stratford, Ont.

Farm Wanted.

We wish to secure immediately two good farms, in choice agricultural section. Soil must be first class, good wheat land preferred. We want one farm over 400 acres and one medium size. Give description and lowest cash price. Possession must be had in April. Address

NORTH AMERICAN LAND CO.,
Lock Drawer 930, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED.

We wish at once to secure honest, reliable men to represent us and act as our agents in this locality. Must be willing to show farm properties, and make sales to buyers, who we send into this territory. Good salary and commission. Address

NORTH AMERICAN LAND CO.,
Dept. A, Lock Drawer 980,
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RHEUMATISM

in any form and cold perspiring feet positively cured within 30 days, by our newly patented Magnetic Discs or money promptly refunded. Mailed anywhere $1.00. Write for descriptive booklet. Agents wanted. MAGNETIC RHEUMATISM CURE CO., Sherbrooke, Quebec, Canada

FOR SALE.—10,000 acres in the Yorkton district of Saskatchewan, in lots of 160 acres or more. Soil is rich black loam, clay subsoil, surface level and gently rolling. New C.N.R. line building through our lands this year. Prices will advance 50% during 1906. All lands at from two to eight miles from railroad. Districts well settled. Schools, churches and good roads. Prices are low and terms easy to actual settlers. For price list, terms and maps, write THE COPPER-WALSH LAND CO., Union Bank Bldg., Winnipeg, Canada.

"Who was it," shouted the suffrage leader—"who was it that did the most to elevate woman?" Far down the aisle a little chap blinked his eyes and drawled:—"Why, the man that invented those high Swiss heels." And then the meeting ajourned.

"I'd rather be dead than suffer again the tortures of insomnia, palpitation and nervous twitching of my muscles induced by simple neglect of a little indigestion." These are the forceful and warning words of a lady who proclaims that her cure by South American Nervine when everything else had failed was a modern miracle. A few doses gives relief.—92

SHE KNEW HIM.

"Mr. Grouch went to a masquerade the other evening disguised as a bear."

"Did any one recognize him?"

"Only his wife."

Do not give up in despair, you who suffer from obstinate disfigurements of the skin. Annoint the sore spots with Weaver's Cerate and purify the blood with Weaver's Syrup. All druggists keep them.

GREAT IRRIGATION PROJECT.

A great irrigation project, involving an expenditure of about $25,000,000, has been authorized by the Secretary of State for India. The area commanded by the canals is about 6,250 square miles, although only a small part of it will be reached for a number of years to come. In this area it is estimated, about 3,000 square miles will be irrigated. The water will be taken from the Jhelum River, in which there is now unappropriated at the site of the headworks a flow of 5,600 to 7,900 cubic feet per second. It is believed that the investment of public funds in these works, great as the sum may be, is well warranted by the economic advantages of the undertaking and the reasonable assurance of ample interest payments.

DRESSED UP.

Oratory is merely talk with a frock coat on.

BIG MONEY TO MEN WITH RIG.

One beginner made $6.00 first morning. Whole or spare time. The best 50c seller, giving 25c profit. Users buy every month. Township right worth more than any general store business. Act promptly if you want territory. Golden Crest Company, 9 Bathurst St., London, Ont.

FOR SALE—Best, cheapest and nicest located stock farm in the United States; has a beautiful water front, and contains 800 acres. SAMUEL P. WOODCOCK, Salisbury, Md.

BRITISH COLUMBIA RANCHES AND farms, also irrigated fruitlands, adjoining City of Kamloops. Easy terms. Catalogue on application. Strutt & Nash, Kamloops, B.C.

Dyeing! Cleaning!

For the very best send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."

Look for agent in your town, or send direct.

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec

FARMERS!

This is the season of the year when you need to use every precaution with your stock. By the use of our

STOCK TONIC

and other remedies you have the best guarantee of health to your stock.

Valuable Advice Free

Use it and become your own veterinary surgeon.

The VETERINARY SPECIALTY CO., Limited
556 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO, ONT.

NORTH-WESTERN FARMS

ON THE

Grand Trunk Pacific

I have two sections of land for sale entire or in part, on line of Grand Trunk Pacific, now under construction just west of Portage La Prairie. Ploughing in the Northwest will begin as early as February. You can sow oats, potatoes and alfalfa on breaking and get big prices from railroad contractors on the spot. Then hire out your teams for railroad grading at $5 per day. You won't get such a chance for a start another year. Don't waste any time, as there is practically no other land for sale of equal quality in such a situation on such terms and at so low a price. Price $10.50 per acre; six year terms.

J. L. R. PARSONS,
92 Winchester Street,
Toronto, Ont.

DISILLUSIONED.

She—"I hear you have just got married. Is it too late to congratulate you?"

He—"Oh, much too late! I was married three weeks ago!"

When all other corn preparations fail, try Holloway's Corn Cure. No pain whatever, and no inconvenience in using it.

"You married a rich wife, didn't you?" asked Jones, of his friend. "Yes," he sighed; "but she's not declared any dividend yet."

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 314

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

IN THE BRITISH NAVY

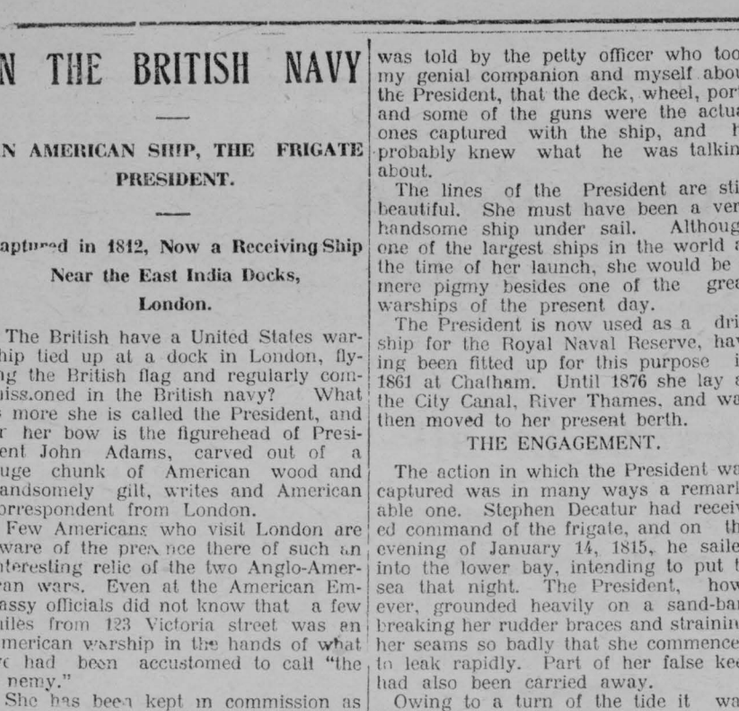
AN AMERICAN SHIP, THE FRIGATE PRESIDENT.

Captured in 1812, Now a Receiving Ship Near the East India Docks, London.

The British have a United States warship tied up at a dock in London, flying the British flag and regularly commissioned in the British navy? What is more she is called the President, and on her bow is the figurehead of President John Adams, carved out of a huge chunk of American wood and handsomely gilt, writes and American correspondent from London.

Few Americans who visit London are aware of the presence there of such an interesting relic of the two Anglo-American wars. Even at the American Embassy officials did not know that a few miles from 123 Victoria street was an American warship in the hands of what we had been accustomed to call "the enemy."

She has been kept in commission as a receiving ship. For a quarter of a century she has been lying at her present berth near the East India Docks, most of the time stuck in the mud. There is some doubt whether she would float, and it is probably true that she would go to pieces if sent as far out to sea as the mouth of the Thames.



THE OLD YANKEE FRIGATE—THE PRESIDENT.
Captured by the British During the War of 1812, and now Moored in the Thames and Used as a Receiving Ship by His Majesty's Navy.

The British officer who first called the President to my attention kindly offered to pilot me down to see her one fine day in London.

OLD GUNS ON BOARD.

We finally found the President moored at a quiet dock, her dock roofed over, stove pipes leading up her bulky sides, and a permanent stairway built from the main deck to the floor of the pier.

There, mounted at the stern, was the identical wheel with which the President had been steered on that memorable day, January 15, 1815, when "hogged" and almost water-logged, after putting the Endymion out of action, she was compelled to strike her flag to a vastly superior force.

ORIGINAL FIGUREHEAD.

Yet there is a question in naval circles as to how much of the original President is in this ship. The great gilt figurehead of John Adams is undoubtedly the original one put on the President before her launch, when she was regarded as the finest fighting ship of the day. I have no doubt, also, that her keel and her main ribs and timbers are the ones built into her when she was constructed. Probably a good deal of her outside planking is English, for the Admiralty admits that sse has been renewed several times. At any rate, I was told by the petty officer who took my genial companion and myself about the President, that the deck, wheel, ports and some of the guns were the actual ones captured with the ship, and he probably knew what he was talking about.

The lines of the President are still beautiful. She must have been a very handsome ship under sail. Although one of the largest ships in the world at the time of her launch, she would be a mere pigmy besides one of the great warships of the present day.

The President is now used as a drill ship for the Royal Naval Reserve, having been fitted up for this purpose in 1861 at Chatham. Until 1876 she lay at the City Canal, River Thames, and was then moved to her present berth.

THE ENGAGEMENT.

The action in which the President was captured was in many ways a remarkable one. Stephen Decatur had received command of the frigate, and on the evening of January 14, 1815, he sailed into the lower bay, intending to put to sea that night. The President, however, grounded heavily on a sand-bar, breaking her rudder braces and straining her seams so badly that she commenced to leak rapidly. Part of her false keel had also been carried away.

Owing to a turn of the tide it was impossible to put back, so she shaped her course along the Long Island shore. At daybreak four British ships were discovered, and they gave chase, one on each quarter and two astern. At noon the breeze fell, and though the President had left the bulk of the fleet behind, one of them continued to gain upon her.

Aboard the President, which was almost waterlogged, the crew was occupied in lightening the ship, cutting away anchors, turning the water loose in the butts, throwing overboard provisions, spare boats and cables, while the men aloft were wetting down the sails.

DECATUR OUT-NUMBERED.

At three o'clock a light breeze having sprung up, the largest vessel in the pursuing fleet began to come up rapidly, opening with her forward battery. Decatur replied with his stern chasers. This running fight continued for two hours, and then the Englishman came up, and the two vessels sailed side by side for an hour, firing occasional guns.

Decatur wished to come to close quarters, and had his boarders ready, but this the Englishman avoided. Meanwhile the ships astern were approaching. It afterwards developed that in the running fight the President had completely disabled her antagonist, the Endymion, and finally left her drifting and turning round helplessly.

At eleven o'clock that night two fresh ships of the enemy crawled up within gunshot. They were the Pomone and the Tenedos, heavy frigates, and both opened fire on the President at close range, compelling Decatur to strike his colors.

SOME ROYAL SNAPSHOTS

UNIQUE COLLECTION OF PHOTOGRAPHS TAKEN BY PRINCES.

Prince Leopold of Battenberg and the Duke of Orleans Also Contributors.

There is now on view in London a unique collection of enlargements from photographs taken by members of the Royal Family.

For the first time the Kodak Company has been able to arrange at its gallery in Oxford Street an exhibition composed exclusively of the work of Royal photographers, and the general public is afforded a rare opportunity of seeing what artistic pictures Queen Alexandra and other members of the Royal Family secure with their cameras.

Of the sixty-five photographs exhibited, twenty-four are taken by her Majesty, the remainder being the work of Princess Victoria, Princess Henry of Battenberg, Princess Ena of Battenberg, Prince Alexander of Battenberg, Prince Leopold of Battenberg and H. R. H. the Duke of Orleans.

HER MAJESTY'S COLLECTION.

The Queen's photographs, which occupy one wall of the gallery, form an extremely interesting collection, and they are all wonderfully good. It is not only because they represent her Majesty's own work that they are interesting. This little collection of twenty-four, selected almost at random by the manager of the Kodak Company's Oxford Street branch from the various negatives placed at his disposal by the Queen, is for the most part a record of her Majesty's travels, and about seventeen of them were taken during her Scottish cruise on the Royal yacht early last year.

The Queen, who still uses the same kind of camera with which she started photography sixteen years ago, although she has four or five others, is an ardent and skilful photographer, and is constantly using her camera wherever she may be.

All these photographs of hers show very well; she has a wonderful eye for cloud and atmospheric effects, and a keen appreciation of values.

CLOUD EFFECTS.

"Gathering Storm Clouds," a photograph taken from the bow of the Royal yacht—the tail end of the wake just appears in the foreground—is an excellent photo of a dark, lowering mass of cloud over the sea.

"Evening in the Highlands" shows a curious cloud effect on a Scotch loch. "A Royal Fishing Party" may be mentioned among other good effects; in the stern of the boat is Princess Victoria.

The remaining photographs taken by the Queen include one showing Princess Edward and Henry of Wales and Princess Mary of Wales in the grounds of Sandringham, an excellent photograph of a crowd outside the Royal Palace. Copenhagen on the birthday of the King of Denmark, and a most interesting one showing the King talking to Lord Sutfield in the garden of Marlborough House.

The nine photographs by Princess Victoria include some excellent cloud and light effects, a sunrise in the Mediterranean being one of the best.

THEIR VERDICT.

It was the first case ever tried in Stony Gulch, and the jury had sat for hours, arguing and disputing over it, in the bare little room at the rear of the court-room. At last they straggled back to their places, and the foreman, a tall mountaineer, voiced the general opinion:

"We don't think he did it," he said slowly, "for we allow he wa'n't there; but we think he would of ef he'd had the chanst."

THE RUSSIAN PEASANT

THEY ARE FLOGGED IF THEY DON'T PAY TAXES.

Destitution of a Family in a Typical Village—House Shared With a Cow.

Under a waning half-moon, I drove out of the town in a little sledge, so close to the ground that the great black horse with his high yoke looked monstrous in the morning twilight, writes a correspondent at Toula, Russia. It is a typical Russian town, about a hundred miles south of Moscow—oldish churches surrounded by a fortified wall, two broad streets of shops, and a Government arms factory, where the hands struck and had nineteen of their number shot down in the street just a fortnight ago.

I had just escaped from Moscow and was going out to see something of the country, having at last induced a ruined German-Russian to venture with me for the sake of bread. As usual, I have found that the danger against which everyone warned me was nothing compared to the fear.

If there is danger at all in the villages, it comes from the police agents, who are dreading to lose their occupation of flogging and brutality at $3.75 a week. It is they who rouse the peasants with the cry that every stranger who appears is threatening the Czar and the land. In the towns it is the same; the dangerous classes are the police and their attendant thieves—"the patriots" or "men of Russia," as they call themselves.

The road goes up hill to a high and bare plane, over which the snow was driven by the wind in showers so blinding that even the horse wanted to turn back. Horizon, road, and every mark were lost. But after we had struggled on for an hour, the snow ceased to fall and the wintry sun appeared low in the sky, making the distant ridges of the long, flat hills shine with pale crimson or

GLEAM LIKE THE SEA.

Most of the country was bare and open ground, the snow blotting out the "stripes" where the peasants grow their crops in summer. But there were lengths of forest as well, looking brown at a distance, though generally made up of young silver birch with brilliant white stems flecked with black. These birch woods are the fuel of the country.

The peasants' wooden sleighs passing to and fro bore loads of sawn birch, dragged by miserable little horses caked with mire till their coats looked like a crocodile's armor. At their side floundered the peasants in their leather jackets with the wool inside.

The jackets are gathered with a belt around the waist, and the skirt sticks out all around, reaching to the knees. Then come the high top boots of felt or bast, or some woven stuff, rarely of leather.

Men and women are not to be distinguished except that instead of a cap the women wear a handkerchief or shawl knotted over head and ears. There is no special grace about this costume, but even the rich ladies of the town find it hard to appear graceful when padded around with fur and wool six inches thick.

Driving on, I passed a great smelting works, newly finished with its fine furnasces and machinery, but already deserted and allowed to go to ruin. I could not discover why. Then came a few small private estates and summer residences built on the Crown land; for most of the land here is the property of the Czar or some of the Imperial family. But they were all deserted and empty too, and

ONE WAS BURNED.

In the afternoon my sledge took me further still into the unlimited and desolate country, and at last I came to a village which I believe is fairly typical of this district—not a rich part of Russia nor yet so poor as the famine districts which lie close by.

There was one long street of about forty separated cottages on each side. A few of the cottages had bits of brick in the walls, but wood is almost the only building material here, and the roofs, though sometimes of flat iron plates painted green, are generally of thatch.

In this particular village there was no school and no church, but from the high ground above it I could see a church about two miles off, which no doubt was near enough. There were two shops and an inn, all just like the other cottages.

Each house had a separate wattle shed near it, for fodder, stores and perhaps to shelter the beasts in summer. In winter the beasts must be brought into the house for warmth.

By the invitation of a peasant, I went into his cottage. The man was rather above the ordinary type, being tall and straight; but he had the thoughtful and quiet look of the average peasant, as well as the long dark hair and furry appearance.

His wife was quite the usual woman—short, ungraceful, and possessing no visible beauty, except perhaps patience. On the faces of both was the green look of hunger, almost invariable in the peasants I have seen.

The house door opened into the cattle shed, where a sickly cow was dragging out the winter. There was room for a horse, but they had been obliged to sell the horse this autumn to pay the taxes and other debts—debts, I suppose, to the koulak or village usurer. From the koulak, too, I suppose, he would get the money with which he said he was going to hire a horse next summer. For no peasant can get through his work without a horse.

A WOODEN PARTITION

separated the cattle house from the dwelling room, the cottage being designed exactly like an Irish cottage, except that the whole white brick construction of the stove projected on both sides of the partition, thus warming the cow and family both. As every one knows, the peasant's stove is a large and wonderful edifice, full of mysterious holes and caverns for cooking and baking, and even for a dry, roasting bath.

Close beside it were the two broad wooden shelves on which the family slept—the parents above, the five children underneath. There was no bedding, except one worn rug or shawl on each shelf.

The children had made their bare bed into their day nursery as well, for they were all sitting on it or rolling about, imagining some game, I think. All were bare legged, and quite naked but for loose red shirts reaching to their knees. I suppose they went out sometimes, but I am sure there was not enough clothes to send them all out together in winter.

The rest of the furniture was a wooden chest which was the seat of honor, a short bench, a table, and a small wooden loom which would have made its fortune at an arts and crafts exhibition. Both the man and the woman could weave, and they were making yards of a coarse stuff dyed with red madder.

No doubt the loom supplied a chief part of the family's income, for the sale of the horse probably showed they could not live off their land and pay the taxes. The man boasted that his bit of land on which he grew potatoes, oats and rye was his absolute property, and when I tried to ask him whether the village community did not redistribute the land every few years

HE BECAME VIOLENT

and showed no interest at all in the sociological importance of the mir.

I don't know what the truth of it was; he may have been only insisting on the Russian peasant's touching faith that the land is the natural possession of the man who cultivates it. There was no doubt he was terribly afraid of having that belief shaken in some way.

When I looked at him and his wife in their clean poverty, with the mark of their almost passionate labor upon them and their five children growing up, it did seem incredible that these are just the people who are publicly stripped and flogged by the officials and village police because they cannot pay thir taxes for the Japanese war, or for the interest on the French loans.

As to the Czar's promise to remit half the yearly payment due to the Crown for lands next year, this peasant, in common, I think, with all others, thought nothing of it. To them the manifesto is so much "dirty paper."

They knew very well that, even if half is remitted, the agents will come down upon them for arrears. They also know dimly that since the liberation of the serfs more than forty years ago, the peasants have paid the full value of the land twice over. Manifestoes have ceased to concern them.

While I was in the cottage, an old man came up with a canvas bag over his shoulder. He was not a professional beggar. He was one of that large class of peasants who are driven by age or misfortune to go around the villages and ask for scraps to keep themselves alive till better times.

Accordingly he came in as for a friendly call, laid his bag on the table and joined in the conversation. When we were going out again, the woman slipped some squares of black bread into the bag, as though by stealth, and he took it up and walked off without further remark on either side. It was the perfection both of appeal and kindliness.

LONG SERVICE AT END.

Battalion of Rifle Brigade Out of England for Eighteen Years.

Travel worn by tropical marches, thinned by disease, hardened by warfare, the 3rd Battalion of the Rifle Brigade landed at Plymouth Januard 3rd, on their return from eighteen years' service in Africa and India on behalf of the Empire.

The bare table of the battalion's movements tells a stirring tale:—

Sept. 18, 1887—Embarked at Portsmouth on H. M. S. Serapis for Egypt. On arrival employed at Cairo on garrison duty.
Aug. 22, 1888—Left for South Africa for garrison duty at Wynberg.
Feb. 2, 1889—Left for India.
March, 1895—Mobilized to form part of the relief brigade for the Chitral Relief Force.
August, 1895—Demobilized.
June, 1897—Left Rawal Pindi for service with the Toshi Field Force.
October, 1897—Owing to severe sickness, returned from atta Khel to India.
January, 1900—Proceeded to Meerut.
January, 1903—Attended Delhi Durbar and grand military Durbar.
July, 1903—Section sent on to active service to Somaliland.

Now these seasoned warriors are returning in the Assaye. They bring with them vivid memories of the hardships and the glories of war. They suffered particularly when with the Toshi Force, going through heavy marches in the hottest time of the year, and being attacked with dysentery. On that march they lost by death one officer and forty-eight non-commissioned officers and men. They were at the gorgeous durbar, and then a portion of the battalion went away for fighting in Somaliland. After eighteen years' absence, they put foot once more on their native land.

FOUR CENTURIES TO BUILD.

St. Peter's at Rome is the largest temple of worship in the world. It stands on ground which was formerly the site of Nero's circus in the north-west part of the city, and is built in the form of a Latin cross. The height of the dome from the pavement to the top of the cross is 44 feet, considerably higher than the Capitol at Washington. The great bell alone, without the hammer and clapper, weighs over nine and one-quarter tons. The foundation was laid in 1450 A.D. During the time that work was in progress forty-three popes lived and died. While it was dedicated in the year 1826, it was not entirely finished until 1880. The cost was $70,000,000.

FORGOT TO LOAD GUN.

While the commander-in-chief of the British fleet was superintending battle practice recently on board one of the cruisers of the Mediterranean fleet, one of the guns missed fire. Mindful of recent accidents, the crew preferred to wait half an hour before opening the breech. As an extra precaution Lord Charles Beresford ordered the gun to be well secured and waited an hour. At the end of that time, with great care and numerous orders as to caution, the breech was opened. Then it was discovered that the men had forgotten to put in the ammunition.

Sergeant: "Where are you going, Smith?" Smith: "To fetch water." Sergeant: "In those disreputable trousers?" Smith: "No, sergeant; in this 'ere pail."

LORD 'RANDY' CHURCHILL

BIOGRAPHY BY HIS SON, MR. WINSTON CHURCHILL.

Strange Political Career of the Founder of the English Unionists.

40 Prince's Gardens, S. W.,
Feb. 2, 1887.

My Dear Churchill,—Why will you insist on being an Ishmael—your hand against every man? Why did you go out of your way to attack me?

You know that I am the mildest of men, but I have a strong inclination to hit out at those who strike me, and my experience teaches me that no private friendship can long resist the effect of public contest.

You and I have plenty of enemies. It is not possible for us each to pursue his own way without coming into personal conflict.

Surely we shall have our hands fully occupied without tearing out each other's eyes.—Yours sincerely,

J. CHAMBERLAIN.

This above letter from Mr. Chamberlain gives the note of the life of Lord Randolph Churchill as told in the biography by Mr. Winston Churchill, writes Sidney Dark, in the London Daily Mail.

POLITICAL ISHMAEL.

He began in the days of the Fourth party, a political Ishmael. He died a political Ishmael—his hand against every man's, friend's and foe's, eager to strike, and regardless whose head was the target. And yet, despite all this, by the force of his political genius, he played a large part in shaping party, and consequently, national destinies.

The fact is that Lord Randolph was a politician, and not a statesman. To him politics were for a while an absorbing amusement, at which he was an extraordinary expert player. Directly, however, he ceased to be able to win every trick the game bored him, and he turned to racing as an alternative. "Tenax sum propositi" was never his motto.

PARLIAMENTARY BEGINNINGS.

Lord Randolph Churchill was born in 1849. He entered Parliament in 1874, but only turned seriously to politics in 1877, and the Parliament of 1880 saw him leading the Fourth party, his colleagues being Mr. Balfour, Gorst, and Wolff, denouncing the "old gang," and mercilessly attacking Mr. Gladstone and his Government. He invented Tory Democracy, became a great popular favorite, started the Primrose League, and, without doubt, did the spade-work of preparing for the subsequent domination of England by the Unionist party.

CHURCHILL AND GLADSTONE.

Mr. Winston Churchill's singular power of vituperation is an inheritance from his father. Lord Randolph's denunciations of Mr. Gladstone quite equalled his son's diatribes against Mr. Chamberlain. But the father had wit.

He invented the phrase "old man in a hurry"—it occurred, indeed, in an election address—and the following is a specimen of his speeches. He is describing a visit paid by a deputation to Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden Castle:

"They came suddenly on the Prime Minister and Master Herbert, in scanty attire and profuse perspiration, engaged in the destruction of a gigantic oak, just giving his last dying groan. They are permitted to gaze, to worship and adore, and having conducted themselves with exemplary propriety, are each of them presented with a few chips as a memorial of that memorable scene."

BIRTH OF THE UNIONISTS.

In 1885 Lord Randolph became leader of the Opposition in the House of Commons.

"What will happen now?" Lord Randolph was asked by a friend. "I shall lead the Opposition for five years. Then I shall be Prime Minister for five years. Then I shall die." In respect to the span of his life, the words came true almost to the day.

Then came the Home Rule Bill and the Liberal Split. Mr. Gladstone had delivered the country an his opponents for twenty years.

In the delicate negotiations that brought the Unionist party into existence, Lord Randolph played a large part.

It was in April, 1886, that the Unionist party, as we have known it, had its beginnings:

Early in the month Lord Randolph persuaded Mr. Chamberlain and Lord Salisbury to meet. The Turf Club was the neutral ground selected. Thither Lord Salisbury repaired—not, as it appears, without trepidation and misgivings, and in the little dingy downstairs room where visitors are received, was begun that strange alliance afterwards so powerfully to affect the course of history.

AFTER THE LEADERSHIP.

In the Salisbury Government of 1886 Lord Randolph was Chancellor of the Exchequer. But his reign was a short one. Before the end of the year he had resigned, and at the same time had finished his official career. The excuse for the resignation was the impossibility of making those reductins in expenditure which the Chancellor desired.

But somehow, as one reads the biography, one doubts whether economy was more than a subterfuge. Lord Randolph was playing for the leadership of the party. He felt he was indispensable. He had beaten all the "old gang." The time had come to try a fall with Lord Salisbury, but he had miscalculated the strength of his opponent. Mr. Chamberlain agreed in thinking that, without Churchill, the Government was doomed.

"You will have a hard time to go through," he wrote, "your case will be mine almost exactly, and I can tell you it is a bitter pilgrimage which is in prospect. The party tie is the strongest sentiment in this country; stronger than patriotism or even self-interest. But it will all come right in the end for both of us."

The hard time came. For the rest of his political life this Ishmael of the House was, with a few brief intervals, denounced in the House of his friends. He quarreled with every one, even with Mr. Chamberlain, and there is something strangely pathetic in the last scenes.

Months of illness, loss of power, the early death in 1895, complete the story of his life.

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Visits Moose Creek every Saturday.

W. B. LAWSON, B. L. C.
BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices, Chesterville, and Winchester. The Winchester office will be open on Saturday of each week from 1 to 4.30 p.m.

GEO. C. HART.
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary, &c. A limited amount of Private Funds to loan at lowest rates of interest. Mortgages purchased.
Solicitor for Bank of Ottawa
WINCHESTER, ONT.

JOHN SHIELDS, L.D.S., D.D.S
SURGEON DENTIST,
OFFICE OVER POST-OFFICE. Casselman Block

A. T. MORROW,
DENTIST
HAXVILLE. ONT.
Visits Avonmore on Tuesday each week

DOMINION HOUSE
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.
T. FLYNN, - - PROPRIETOR.
This hotel has lately been renovated and is in a position to cater to the traveling public.
Always in stock the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

GEO. L. BROWN, C.E. & O.L.S.
Morrisburg, Ont.
DRAUGHTSMAN, Land Surveyor, and Civil Engineer, Estimates and reports made on bridge work, waterworks and sewerage construction Special attention given to drainage. Office in Fulton Block.

WINCHESTER
Marble and Granite
WORKS.
Constantly on hand both Marble and Granite Monuments of the latest Designs and Best Quality.
We import Granite direct from Aberdeen, Scotland, and can give customers work at Astonishingly Low Prices.
A call will convince you that this is the place to purchase anything in the Headstone line.
W. CAMPBELL, - - PROP

Farmers Insurance Companies
—The Popular and Reliable—
GRENVILLE PATRON MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company
Insures farm property against loss or damage by fire or lightning.
The Ontario Farmers Weather Insurance Mutual Company
Insures against loss or damage to buildings or contents, by Wind Storms, Cyclones or Tornadoes.
The Western Assurance Company
Accept a general insurance on all classes of property wherever situated. Capital $2,000,000. Satisfactory adjustments in all cases and prompt payment of losses.
JAMES CLEMENT,
Agent, Dunbar.

WHEN YOU WANT
CHOICE CONFECTIONERY
CALL ON
R. BUIST
He always keeps a fresh and varied stock to select from
Bananas, Oanges, Lemons in season.
A share of your patronage solicited.

N. M. TRICKEY
PHOTOGRAPHER,
CHESTERVILLE,
Studio open every Wednesday
.....IN THE.....
KEARNS' BLOCK

—THE—
CHESTERVILLE RECORD
—PUBLISHED—
EVERY THURSDAY,
T. T. SHAW.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
$1 per year in Advance
$1.25 IF NOT SO PAID.

Transient or legal advertisments inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
Business notices inserted in local columns for 8 cents per line every insertion.
No advertisment published for less than 25 cents.
All advertisments measured by the scale of solid nompareil, 12 lines to the inch.
Advertisments without special directions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

Brockville Man Murdered by Germans.

London, Jan. 3e.—A despatch to the Central News from Cape Town, says: "Canadians here are enraged at an alleged outrage by Germau soldiers at Swakopmund, German Southwest Africa, who are said to have shot and killed Dr. Anson Donaldson, of Brockville, Ontario. According to the story Dr. Donaldson was walking peacefully in the streets when a soldier fired at him and while he was lying wounded on the ground, other soldiers riddled his body with bullets.

Dr. Donaldson was widely known in and around Brockville, and was aged about thirty. He was born and educated at Brockville and went to South Africa as a surgeon with the Brockville squad of Strathcona's Horse. He served in the Boer war and returned to Canada after peace had been declared. Dr. Donaldson apparently liked South Africa and returned to practice there about two years ago. One of his brothers is also in South Africa, and his father, sisters and several brothers, still reside in Brock ville.

Will not save a diseased tree. Whatever it is that threatens the life of the tree must be discovered and attacked directly. It is the same with rheumatism which has been considered incurable in advancep ages because the ordinary remedy instead of going at the root of the disease simply prunes the branches. The trouble is in the bone or joint and must be got at there, must be driven out. This is where the pre-eminence of Tuck's Rheumatic Bone Oil comes in over all other remedies. It goes straight at the root of the trouble in the quickest and most direct way, penetrates to the bone and effects a sure, permanent and speedy cure. Here is what one sufferer says of it:—

Prunning the Branches

Dear Sirs—You asked me if Tuck's Bone Oil did me any good. I can tell you that he did. It cured me of rheumatism and nothing ever helped me for neuralagia until I got that. I suffered everything for years from rheumatism and at times I thought it was going to my heart and would kill me. All my neighbors know how I suffered and they all know that Tuck's Bone Oil cured me because I tell everbody I see. I took small doses of it, about four drops in milk, and I had it thoroughly rubbed into my legs which were both affected. It seemed to penetrate right to where the pain was and even the first application gave me relief, bnt the grumbling pain came back in a few hours. I kept on using it and before I had used the fourth bottle I was completely free of rheumatism. During this time I had a terrible attack of neuralagia. I used Tuck's Bone Oil and got almost instant relief I am willing for you to use this any way you like because I think Tuck's Bone Oil should be known by everyone.

W. H. Dean,
Franham, Quebec.

For rheumatism, lame back, neuralagia pains, coughs, colds, quinsy or bronchitis, in short for any and all kinds of inflammation there is nothing to equal Tuck's Bone Oil. A bottle should be on the shelf in every home. For sale by F. J. Baldrey at 50c. a bottle or sent prepaid by The Tuck Bone Oil Co., Limited, Smith'sFalls, Ont.

Winchester Township Council.

A meeting of the Winchester Township Council was held at Morewood on Saturday.

Members all present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

Also all correspondence in the clerk's hands.

Moved by J. W. Bogart, seconded by Patrick Kirby, that Geo. Elliott be appointed collector for west end and Hugh Kearns for east for the year 1906, at a salary of $50.00 each.—Carried.

Bogart—Clark—That R. H. Hogaboan be appointed assessor for the year 1906 at a salary of $75.00—Carried.

Kirby—Bogart—That this council accept bylaw No. 1425 re designated road for improvement in the Township of Winchester in the County of Dundas—Carried.

Bogart—Kirby—That this council instruct the clerk to notify the engineer in charge to send his accounts to council board in detail, and whether office work or field work, and if performed by himself or substitute, and also sworn to according to statutes.—Carried.

Black—Bogart—That this council adjourn to meet at Winchester, on Feb. 26th at the hour of half past ten—Carrried.

Those Annoying Blackheads.

External application will never remove pimples or blackheads. Only by stimulating circulation and purifying the blood can it be done. For quick sure release from these pests use Ferrozone; it drives all humors from the blocd, makes the skin healthy, tones up the system. With the pure nutritious blood made by Ferrozone it's impossible to suffer from any skin disease You'll have a smooth delightful skin, healthy color and beautiful complexion by using Ferrozone —and you'll feel immensely better as well. Fifty cents buys a box containing fifty chocolate coated tabiets at any drug store.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

The Chesterville Lodge No. 320, A.F. & A. M., intend holding a banquet in Foster's Hall in this place on Wednesday evening, Feb. 14th.

Whittaker the Optician will be at Chesterville. Wednesday, February 14th and Finch February 15th.

Mr. William McLean and daughter, Bertha, left on the evening train Tuesday for Governeur, N.Y., to visit the former's brother, J. Walter McLean.

Mr. A. M. Fulton, D.D.G.M., of this place, will pay an official visit to Alexandria Lodge A.F. and A. M., on Wednesday evening, Feb 7th.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Methodist church held their annual tea at the residence of Mr. W. A merkley, on Monday evening of this week. Quite a large number were present and a very sociable evening spent.

Mr. D. Gravel of Montreal, horse buyer will be at the McCloskey House in this place on Thursday, Friday and Saturday next, Feb. 8th, 9th and 10th, prepared to purchase heavy chunks, of horses mares preferred.

The Canadian Order of Foiester's held a euchre party in their hall on Tuesday evening. Quite a number were present and a very pleasant evening sociably spent. Miss Nancy Kearns won the prize for the best player.

Mr. Archibald Steven, formerly of Cannamore and now of Grandview, Manitoba, is visiting friends and relatives in Cannamore district. Mr. Steven has been absent for over 41 years and as a consequence notes many changes He intends spending a month here.

Mr. C. S. Smith of this place, and traveller for Lyman & Sons, druggist of Montreal, while in Ottawa on Thursday last was taken ill but not so bad that he was unable to return home, which he did that evening, and Dr. Brown was called. His many friends will be pleased to hear that he is progressing nicely.

There was quite a mild sensation in a certain Cornwall home on Monday, when a handsome married lady from Toronto, confronted the daughter of the house with a letter which the girl had written to the ladie's husband, and which accidentally fell into hands for which it was not intended. It is understood that the girl acknowledged writing the letter, also that she was on friendly terms with the gay Lothario, who is a commercial traveller. A separation or divorce is likely to be the result.

The controllers of the Winchester electric light plant have increased the rate for lighting residence and business places to about three times the price formerly paid and this step has aroused considerable feeling. The rates now charged are 8 candle power, 1¼c. per night; 16 c. p., 4 c. per night. Customers may have metres installed under Government inspection at actual cost if they choose. The owners of the plant, the Molsons Bank, claim they were losing $150 per month under the former tariff. Mr. Connolly said they would sell the plant to the village for $3,000. He referred to the extra cost of production by steam, which was nine times as much as by water. A 20 light metre would cost $15.00. Mr. Sweet said in Brockville, under the metre system, it cost them half a cent per hour for 16 power candle lamps, or about the same rate as proposed by the Winchester owners. B. C. Beach thought the metre system the proper thing for Winchester, where steam had to be used. He was opposed to a municipal plant.

The Late Wm. I. Casselman.

William I. Casselman, one of our oldest and most respected citizens, passed away Wednesday morning in his 78th year. He had been suffering for three or four years from the effects of paralysis, and it was that which brought about the end.

Deceased, who was in his 78th year, was a son of the late Cephrenus Casselman, of North Williamsburg, and a brother of Adam Casselman and Mrs. Wm. Merkley, of North Williamsburg, the two latter being the only surviving members of the family. Mr. Casselman was married twice, first to a daughter of the late Henry Casselman, of Matilda. She died about twenty years ago, leaving nine children, viz;—Cephrenus and John, California; Henry, Chicago: Lawrence, Virginia; Melvin, Minn., James, Mich: Clayton, Nevada; Mrs. Thos. Garlough, North Williamsburg; and Mrs. Henry Hanson, Matilda.

Twelve years ago he married Mrs. Thompson, daughter of the late E. W. Kellog, who survives him.

For many years, up to a few years ago, deceased was lockmaster here, and upon his retirement, was granted the government superannuation allowance.

The funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, William street, to St. Paul's E. L. church, thence to the vault.—Herald.

Held up for Big Shipment.

Fifteen thousand dollars' worth of furs belonging to the Hudson Bay Company and en route to England, were held up at Ottawa on Saturday night and $3,500 worth confiscated.

The seizure was made by the local game warden, Mr. Loveday. The shipment had been made from an Ontario point near Kenora and was being sent to the Hudson's Bay Company in London, England. It was composed of beaver, otter and several other kinds of furs. The otter and beaver, consisting of 128 of the former and 129 of the latter, were confiscated and forwarded to the government authorities at Toronto.

Beaver and otter are not to be killed in this province or shipped from any point in it, till 1910, and a close watch is being kept for infractions of the law. The seizure is one of the heaviest ever made in that city.

Almost at Half Price

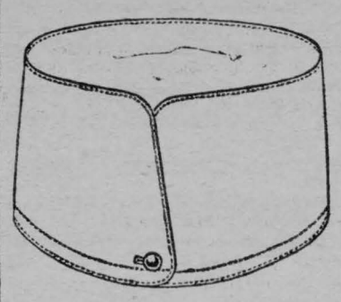
That is the way we are selling a lot of Men's and Boys' Clothing.

Boys' 2-piece Suits worth $2.75, for $1.50.
Boys' 3-piece Suits worth $3.75, for $2.75.
Boys' Overcoats worth $3.50, for $2.25
Boys' Reefers (Short-Coat) worth $2.75, for $1.75.
Men's Overcoats, worth $7.00, for $4.50.
Men's Pea Coats, worth $3.50, for $2.25.
Men's Tweed Pants, worth $1.25, for 75c.
We have a lot more at same reduction.
Boys' all Wool Sweaters all sizes at 45c.

McGEE & CO.

Terms Cash.

Chinese LAUNDRY, Chesterville.



Wong Sam has taken in a partner in the Laundry here. His partner comes from Montreal and has had considerable experience in the laundry business. Washing and ironing done by hand or machine For some time past the water we used has been poor, but now it is good and the public can rely on better work.

PRICES RIGHT.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

WONG SAM, Prop.

THE VITAL CENTER

No Man Stronger than his Stomach—Let Mi-o-na Strengthen your Digestive System.

The stomach is your vital center.

No man is stronger than his stomach.

The average man measures his physical vitality by his heart, his kidneys, or his lungs. Yet it is the stomach which should be first considered when you cast up the account of health.

Every organ of the body is sustained and nourished by food which is converted in nutrition in the stomach and conveyed to every part of the system in the form of blood. For this reason, when the stomach is strengthened with Mi-o-na and is able to convert the food into nourishment, all other organs soon become well. This explains many cures of heart, liver or kidney diseases in the cases where Mi-o-na is used. It the most wonderful health retorer known.

Just one little table' of a 40 cent box of Mi-o-na for a few days, and you will soon see a great improvement in your health,

If you cannot obtain Mi-o na of your druggist it will be sent by mail, postpaid on receipt of the price. Write us for advice on your case from a leading stomach specialist which will be sent free The R. T. Booth Company, Itacha, N.Y

Canal Bank Broke.

Peterboro, Ont., Jan. 26.—A break in the east bank of the Trent Canal about a mile north of the city last night, allowed the water in the canal between two gates about half a mile apart to escape and flood a large portion of the surrounding district. The water swept one of the canals with great force and flowed into a creek which passes near the canal near where the brake occurred, and empties into the Otanabee river in the city. The channel of the creek was not large enough to carry the volume of water, and it flooded the district along the stream, entering the cellars and causing a large amount of damage. The brickyard of Curtis Bros., near where the break occurred, was completely submerged and a number of hogs drowned. Repairs will be made as soon as possible.

Hackney Stallion Sold.

Toronto, January 30.—Graham & Renfrew, of Bedford Park, have sold the hackney stallion Hiawatha to Mr. A. H. Clapp, of Virginia. for $7 500. The horse was shipped tonight.

Judge Harding has been promoted to the Senior Judgeship of Victoria county and Mr. Hugh McMillan of Guelph, has been appointed Junior Judge.

Headache

can be cured without the use of drugs. The Japanese cure does not contain a single drug. One ingredient is just plain, ordinary soda. The others are just as harmless. Yet no drug remedy can cure headache more quickly than it can be

Cured by Zutoo

Valuable Race Horse and Driver Drowned.

Kingston, Ont., Jan. 31.—William Liard, of Wolfe Island, a veterinary student, and "Lord Russell" a pacer of local fame, were drowned yesterday on Loughboro Lake.

Colin Campbell brother-in law of Liard, managed to escape. They drove upon the ice, which they thought sufficently safe, but after getting out some distance the horse and rig went through The men were en route to Battersea.

Liard was aged thirty-eight and unmarried. Lord Russell was owned by Dr. G. W. Bell, V. S., of this city, and valued at $1,000. He was a full brother of Maud S. His record was 2.19 ¾.

Maple Leaf Rubbers

The MAPLE LEAF Brand TRADE MARK REG.

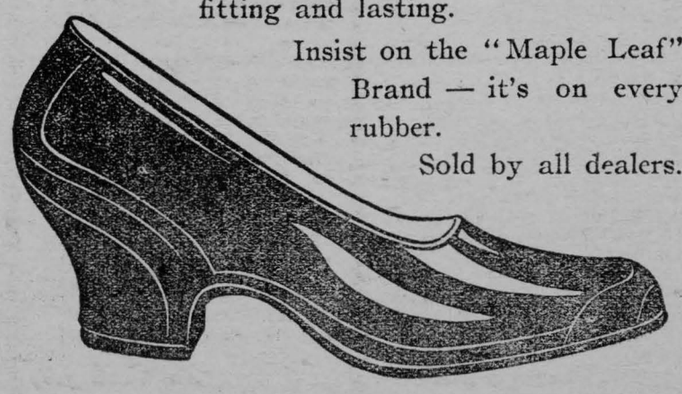
are made only from the best "Para" rubber.

Made to fit every style and shape of men's shoes, ladies' shoes and shoes for the little ones.

In ladies' shapes they are neat, light, perfect fitting and lasting.

Insist on the "Maple Leaf" Brand — it's on every rubber.

Sold by all dealers.



THE
Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,
LIMITED

Bargains in all

Heavy Winter Goods

For the Next Month.

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co., LIMITED.

SOLE LOCAL AGENTS FOR
"The Slater Shoe"

GRAND HOLIDAY DISPLAY OF
XMAS AND GIFT
CONFECTIONERY

Boxes and Baskets to no end—Gifts that ever remain a thing of beauty and a joy forever, of

Bon Bons (Perrins) - - 50c to $3.50.
Chocolates, (Za Za) - - 50c to $2.50.

Is there a young lady in this vicinity who has not made the acquaintance of Za Za Chocolates? We would suggest that she start in at once to talk Za Za to her "Steady". They're certainly delicious, pure and wholesome.

We Also Call Attention To Our CREAMS.

NUTS—Almonds, Walnuts, Filberts, Peanuts, Brazil.

FRUITS—Oranges, Lemons, Bananas, Dates and Figs.

As a gift for the smoker we have a fine line of case pipes to select from; also cigars put up specially for the Xmas trade.

—ALSO SEE OUR PERFUMES.—
(WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY ON THESE.)

H. A. MERKLEY.

BUGGIES BUGGIES

I have a large stock of stylish up-to-date BUGGIES, of our own manufacture which will give you better value, better wear, better satisfaction in every way than anything you can buy in the country, and you have a local dealer's guarantee as to quality. Come and see our stock and get our prices, they are very reasonable.

COLD TIRE SETTING

We set tires cold, and hundreds of satisfied customers say it is the only way a tire should be set.
It saves your paint,
It saves your wheels,
It saves your time.
We guarantee the work.

M. BAILEY, ST. LAWRENCE St., Winchester.

NOTICE

To the General Public
Having an agency for the ROYAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., England
I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.
H. KEARNS, - - Chesterville.

WANTED; by Chicago wholesale and mail order house, assistant manager (man or woman) for this county and adjoining territory. Salary $20.00 and expenses paid weekly. Expense money advanced. Work pleasact; position permanent. No investment or experience required. Write at once for full particulars and enclose self-addressed envelope.
COOPER & CO.,
132 Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.

NEW Tailor Shop.

I have opened a TAILOR SHOP in the Fulton Block in the rooms recently vacated by J. F. MOODIE, having had Fourteen years experience in the City I am in a position to guarantee Fit and Workmanship on all my work, viz:

SUITS,
OVERCOATS,
Furlined Coats,
ETC.

Everything made in latest style.
Give us a Call.

A. VIGEANT,
Chesterville.

CASH VALUE.

OTTAWA Business College,
OTTAWA, ONT.

Imparts to its students an education that has a real cash value. Telegraphy, Bookeeping, Shorthand etc. Send for our 40th Annual Catalogue and enter any time.

W. E. GOWLING, Principal.

WHEN RUN-DOWN, "DRAGGY," USED-UP.

You Lack The Vigor, Courage And Staying That "Ferrozone" Can Supply.

Night comes and it's hard to sleep, Morning Dawns and the anxious, tired feelng is still there. Don't neglect this gradual decline; it can cure itself. But by forming rich, pure blood, Ferrozone will quickly supply the nutriment and building material your system craves.

Instantly you are aware that some powerful force is building up your depleted energies. At once you feel braced, toned strengthened. Search the world over and you won't find anything to tone up a weak system like Ferrozone. Physicians claim it is the most strengthening uplifting medicine ever discovered.

No more spells of tiredness, but bounding, joyful health when you take Ferrozone, of which Mrs. H. S. Gold, of Bowsman, Man., speaks in the following words of praise:

"I state my case because I think it may assist other women to health. A year ago I was almost a wreck. I was pale and emaciated, suffering from nervousness and hysteria. Little things going wrong in the house bothered me. The doctor advised different treatments but they did'nt help. He said my low condition was due to weakness that might never be cured. Ferrozone had a specular grateful effect and built me up quickly The ills I suffered from are cured. I am now stroug and vigorous and was made so by Ferrozone."

Why not cast aside the claims of sickness and enter the bright, happy life of robust health. Let Ferrozone help you—let it cure you once and forever. Price 50c. per box or six boxes for $2.50, at all dealers' or N. C. Polson & Co., Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

NATION VALLEY.

Miss Ella Allison of Maple Ridge, was visiting her sister, Mrs. Grant Gray last week.

Miss Aggie Rae has returned home after a two weeks' visit to her cousin, Mrs. (Dr.) Lewis, of Edwardsville, M. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wright and son-in law, Mark Riddle, of Brinston's Corners, was visiting friends in this vicinity.

Misses Ella Stella Rae and Nellie Jamieson were spending a few days guests of friends in Chesterville.

Mrs. Herb Ball was visiting friends in Morrisburg.

Rev. Sanderson of Chesterville, has been holding services in our school house on Sunday afternoon,

Miss Edessa McBride spent Saturday and Sunday at Morrisburg.

Ernest Jamieson has left home to attend High School at Chesterville.

Miss Mary Henderson of Winchester Springs, was visiting friends in this locality the latter part of this week.

Miss Rachael Rae of Chesterville has returned home after visiting several relatives in this vicinity.

Andrew Short of Ogdensburg, a former factory owner of this vicinity, has been renewing old acquaintances after an absence of twenty-two years.

John Rae, of Drinkwater, Ass., is at present visiting his parental home.

GRANTLEY.

Never before in the history of Canada has there been such weather in Eastern Ontario.

Rev. Mr. Roy closed his revival services here last week, and is now holding services at his other appointment, North Valley.

Mr. Peter J. Munro intends renting his farm and going west in the spring if his intentions are carried out.

The funeral of the late Mrs. S. Marcellis took place on Saturday at one o'clock from her late residence here to Dunbar church. The funeral was largely attended.

We congratulate Miss Jennie Gordon upon her recent success at her examination at Ottawa, where, we are informed she met with the best of success.

"Worn Out" People

——Don't neglect the first symptoms. Oftentimes the irritating cough, the insipid cold, the listless and languid feeling, are due to a weak state of the system. It is a sure sign of breakdown. Nothing else will put you right so quickly and effectively as "PSYCHINE." If you feel "worn out," it is time for a tonic, a real tonic. There is only one really good tonic. It is "PSYCHINE." Keep a bottle handy—never be without it. It tones up the system and restores your old time vitality. Ask your druggist about it.

GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

PSYCHINE

(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

ALL DRUGGISTS—ONE DOLLAR—FREE TRIAL

DR T. A. SLOCUM, Limited
179 King St. W. Toronto, Canada

FINCH.

Dr J F Gormley of Crysler was in Finch on Monday.

I. Jacobson spent several days this week in Montreal.

C. C. Stubbs of Farran's Point was in town on Jan. 25.

James R McMonagle of Avonmore was in town on Wednesday.

John D. MacInnis of Glen Payne was in this village on Monday.

George L. McLean was in Berwick and Crysler on Thursday, Jan 25.

George Hart, barrister, Winchester, was in town on Wednesday, Jan 24.

James Pollock, license commisioner, and Jonas Rutley, Berwick, were in town on Monday.

John L. Barton, the enterprising grocer was in Montreal on business on Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

Captain Lauchlin Morrison of Sarnia spent several days this week visiting relatives and old acquaintances in Finch.

Duncan A. McKinnon of Maxville was in Finch on Saturday attending the funeral of his uncle, Donald K. McLean of Glen Payne.

Miss Mary McDougall, North Branch, Martintown, and Miss Bella McDermid, South Glen Payne, were guests of Mrs. F. D. McNaughton on Tuesday, Jan. 23.

James Burney of Kingston, financial travelling agent for the International Harvesting Agricultural Implement Company, was in town on Tuesday and Wednesday.

John W. Cameron, lot 14, Fourth Concession of Finch, has purchased one of Grimes & Company's celebrated hay evaporators, which he is having placed in his sugar camp.

W. H. Barkley, the enterprising boot and shoe merchant, is preparing to erect an addition to his business premises early next spring. This will him a chance to expand his already large and growing business.

Finlay A. Dingwall and daughter, Miss Anna Dingwall, were in Cornwall this week visiting Mrs. Dingwall, who has been a patient in the Cornwall General Hospital for seven weeks. The report that she is improving nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. George L. McLean and Mr. and Mrs. Hosea McMillan were in Winchester township on Monday attending the funeral of Mrs. McLean's brother John Johnstone, who died on Saturday, Jan 20. The deceased was a brother-in-law of Mr. McMillan.

Hugh Carr has a number of teams hauling timber from Dougall Cameron's lot 10, Fourth Concession of Finch, to Hodgson's saw mill; also hauling furnace fuel and stove wood from Mrs. J. A. McDermid's, lot 23, First Concession, to Mr. Carr's residence in this village.

A. F. Dey, township treasurer, received a cheque for the sum of $2 500 on Jan. 25, from Hon. A. J. Matheson, Provincial grant made by the Ontario last May towards the erection of four new iron bridges on the Payne River, in the township of Finch. These bridges were completed in the year 1905, and inspected and passed by the Provincial Engineer on Dec. 21.

The song service in the Methodist church on Sunday evening, Jan. 21, proved to be attractive and helpful. The church was filled to it's utmost capacity by an apparently appreciative audience. The various numbers were interspersed by appropriate Bible readings and a short address by the pastor. John Hodgson sang "Beautiful Isle of somewhere" and "The Two Cities," as solos. No songs of Christian Faith and hope.

The first meeting of the Finch Township Board of health was held at Berwick on Thursday, Jan. 25, for the purpose of organization. All the members were present, namely. John K. McLean, Reeve Glen Payne, chairman; James R Simpson, Finch, clerk and secretary; John M. Campbell, Finch; Victor Beehler, Crysler; George K. Johnston, Cahore. A small item of business was laid over until next meeting for more particulars, and the board adjourned to meet again at the call of the chairman, when necessary, which the ratepayers hope will be on Dec. 15.

Your correspondent has noticed that the Canadian Farmer' Advocate favors the taxation of bachelors over 35 years of age. Upon a moderate estimate there are at least 100 bachaelors, mostly all of them well-to-do in Finch, and about double that number of eligible young women, whose equal no other township can produce. Your correspondent therefore strongly urges upon the municipal council to petition the Ontario Legislature to amend the Municipal act in such a manner that the councils of towns villages and townships may pass a by-law imposing an annual tax of not less than $25 each on all bachaelors over 35 years of age, who fail to enter the state of matrimony within a fixed period after the passing of the by-law. A measure of this kind will produce a large annual income, which would materially assist in wiping out the floating municipal debt.

A Promising Industry.

The citizens of this place, who have formed a joint stock company for the purpose of purchasing M A Smirle's planing mill and sash and door factory (as was noticed in this issue last week), held a second meeting on Friday evening, Jan 19, and adopted a report of the special committee appointed to appraise the value of the plant. Application was at once made to the Ontario government for a charter incorporating the company under the name of the Finch Electric Light and Lumber Manufacturing Co As soon as the charter is received, the organization will be complete and the company will proceed to do business.

The Cemetery Company.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Finch Public Cemetery Company, Limited, was held in F. D McNaughton's office, on Wednesnay evening, Jan 23 Officers for 1906 07 were elected as follows:—

President—Finlay D McNaughton, re-elected.

Secretary Treasurer—A F Dey, re-elected.

Directors—Jacob McQuaig, John S Merkley, Andrew F Campbell, Alex H McLean, George L McLean, Hiram Casselman, Alex A McLean.

The last three named directors replace Dr. Stark, deceased, and two directors of the old board who took no particular interest in the company's business. The first four were re elected.

Bible Society Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Finch branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society, was held in the Methodist church, Finch, on Friday evening, Jan 19th In the absence of the president, D P McKinnon, the pastor of the church occupied the chair A portion of the Scripture was read by the chairman, and Rev D MacVicar led in prayer A very large audience greeted Rev Thomas Bennett, District Secretary of the Montreal Auxillary Bible Society, who delivered an excellent lecture on "The Man and the Book," illustrated by numerous lantern views Verses and several popular hymns were thrown upon the screen, together with scenes in the life of Christ, pictures of Moses, John Knox, Livingstone, Stanley, Moffatt, the Duke of Wellington, the late Queen Victoria, the King and other views of great merit. A hearty vote of thanks was tendered to the speaker for his helpful address.

The following were elected officers for the ensuing year:—

President—D P McKinnon

First Vice-Pres—Rev D MacVicar

Second Vice Pres—Rev W A Hamilton

Sec Treas—Miss Cameron

Although full returns werenot to hand about $50 has been realized by this branch Much credit is due the collectors, who faithfully performed their duties. A very pleasing feature of the meeting was the presence of many of the children of the Sunday Schools.

Fourth Avenue Osnabruck.

Mrs. Wm. Scott visited friends in Cornwall last week.

Mrs. West of Montreal is visitiug her brother, John Duprau.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Robertson of Cornwall visited friends here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. John Duprau visited Bailie Cyderman of Aultsville on Suuday.

Rev. Mr. Stewart of Morewood will give a lecture in Pleasant Valley church on Monday evening, Jan. 29.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brownell and sons, Wilfred and Claire, of Aultsvllle spent Sunday with Mrs. Brownell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Hollister last week.

Brock Daugherty met with a very painful accident last week. While cutting feed he caught his hand in the knives ahd before the machine could be stopped he had lacerated his wrist and severed a couple of cords above the wrist.

SOUTH AVENUE.

John Merkley and Miss Ida Merkley, of North Williamsburg, visited friends here recently.

Miss Clara Whittaker was the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. M. Willard, this week.

Mrs. Azra McMillan was the guest of Mrs. S. McIntosh, on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Barkley, of South Mountain, are visiting their parents at Dunbar.

A number from here attended the funeral of Mrs. Simeon Marselis of Grantley, which was held at Dunbar on Saturday.

Willie Carlyle, of Dunbar, met with an unfortunate accident on Saturday, by which his arm was broken.

Keith Barkley, of Elma, received a severe cut in the face while skating recently.

Harvey Merkley of Chesterville, called on friends here on Sunday.

Miss McMillan is spending several weeks with friends in Morrisburg and Waddington.

Misses Clara and Caroline Whittaker intend leaving this week for Ottawa.

Miss Hannan Hawn of Dunbar, has been sgending a few days with friends in Waddington, N. Y.

Kipling will have to give us another poetical name if our winters continue to be like this one, for "Our Lady of the Snows," is not appropriate this winter. Mud in January and buggies running is assuredly something new in our part of the world. Many are the guesses in regard to February weather, but no difference what it brings our winter will seem much shorter than usual.

Say Dunbar—Perhaps we encroach upon your domains in our news items, but when you produce a local scribe we promise to desist.

Hudson J. Allison Promoted to Important Position.

The many friends of Mr. Hudson J. Allison, in Chesterville and elsewhere, will be very much pleased to hear that the New York Life Insurance Company, with which company he has been connected for the past three years, has recently honered him with the position of Instructor for the Montreal branch office. This position makes him assistant to his uncle, Mr. G. F. Johnston, the Supervisor of the Company for Canada, and carries with it a very handsome income.

Mr. Allison is a young man of good habits and well-known business ability, and we congratulate him upon his success, and also the company on recognizing his ability in the manner which they have done.

Mr. Allison is twenty-four years of age. He was educated in the Chesterville Public School, after which he went to Buffalo, and then went to Montreal three years ago, to take up his work for the New York Life.

We wish him continued prosperity in the future.

The Canada Starch company of Cardinal, Ont., has been incorporated with a capital of $2,500,000. The incorporators are George F. Benson, Montreal; James J. Warren, Toronto; Joseph Ruddy, Brantford; William Strachan and Charles R. Hosmer, Montreal.

For Lung Troubles

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral certainly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. And it certainly strengthens weak throats and weak lungs. There can be no mistake about this. You know it is true. And your own doctor will say so.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills and thus hasten recovery.

Dairymen of Grenville Have Organized.

The dairymen of Grenville have organized a county dairymen's association, with the following officers: President, W. Gardiner, Easton's Corners; Secretary-Treasurer, J. B. Arnold, Easton's Corner's; Directors, J. Latowell, South Gower; B. Mosher, Merrickville; F. F. Bishop, Bishop's Millsr A. Derrick, Andrewsville.

L. A. Zufelt, the chief speaker, said that the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association had practically outlived its usefulness to the farmer, in that it was now controlled by cheese buyers and exporters rather than by farmers and cheese manufacturers.

A mass meeting of the dairymen interested will be held at Kemptville on Feb 5, to complete organization.

Hanged Himself in His Cell.

Kingston, Ont., Jan. 26.—Locksley Carter, a Niagara Falls convict at the penitentiary, who had served two years of a five-year sentence for larceny, hung himself at the hospital last night. Carter had been ill for some time with high fever, and there is a probability that his mind had become slightly deranged. The deed was done with apparently careful deliberation. His feet were tied together, and he was caught in a noose made from his bed clothes and attached to the bar of the cell door. He had put the noose about his neck standing on a stool in preparation for the deed, and when all was in readiness kicked the stool from under him. His body was found early this morning by a guard passing on his rounds. An inquest will be held.

What Causes Snoring.

When asleep, people that snore breathe through the mouth instead of the nostrils which are choked with catarrh. Just use "Catarrhozoe" before retiring and you'll quickly cure the snoring habit. By destroying the cause of catarrh and healing the membranes, Catarrhozone makes complete cure in every case; it cleans the nostrils, stops the discharge and prevents dropping in the throat in a few minutes. Nothing so pleasant or certain to cure snoring, catarrh or colds as Catarrhozone—that's worth remembering.

Mr. E. J. B. Pense, Liberal, was elected to the Legislature in Kingston by 34 majority.

The Seal of Approval

Is given by Physicians to

Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women.

Doctors generally prescribe their own remedies.

They haven't a good word to say for liquid preparations, and people who know what these preparations contain, don't blame the doctors.

But it is different with Dr. Hugo's remedy.

Honest physicians are obliged to admit its merits.

They themselves prescribe many of its ingredients. Some give our Tablets to their patients (see testimony below) knowing that

They Make Healthy Women

After consulting my physician and being told that I was suffering from a run-down condition which accounted for many other ills, with which I was suffering, I was presented with a box of brown tablets. I took them and in less than a week began to improve, and before two weeks had elapsed was so much better that I felt congratulations were due my physician. Upon complimenting him I was honestly informed by him that I had been taking Dr. Hugo's Health Tablets for Women. It is of little consequence how I obtained the medicine, but of one thing I am certain, I have received greater benefit from it than any other medicine I ever used. MISS FLORA CLARK, Island Pond, Vt.

50c. at dealers or by mail postpaid. B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Q.

Spring = = = = Opening

Monday, Feb. 5th.

New Goods in Every Department.

New Dress Goods.

New Prints.

New Collars and Belts.

New Ginghams.

New Tweeds.

New Gents' Furnishings.

New Wall Paper.

Everything New. Prices Low.

Fetterly & Bogart.

Have You Decided About That Gun or Rifle?



We are Headquarters for

Guns, Rifles AND ALL KINDS OF Ammunition,

At Sussex Street Prices.

McDOUGALL & CUZNER'S,

523 Sussex Street, OTTAWA. Established in 1850.

BOYS WANTED to sell the Canadian Graphic, a National Illustrated Weekly. Price 5 cents. Twelve copies to start with sent free. Address: The Canadian Graphic Publishing Company, Ltd., 176 Victoria St., Toronto, Ont.

Chesterville Lodge No. 320

A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.

Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.

Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.

H. P. D. EVANS, W. M. — C. ROBINSON, Secreatry.

Chesterville Lodge No. 288, I. O. O. F.

Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.

G. W. BOGART, N. G. — F. WOOD, R S.

J. B. Thompson

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Tinsmiths &c.,

CHESTERVILLE,

A full Line in connection with my business always kept in stock.

Wilford M. Saucier

Practical Watchmaker Jeweler, Engraver, &c.,

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, etc., etc., for sale and repaired with neatness and despatch.

Prompt attention paid to repairing sent by mail.

Issuer of marriage licenses.

W. M. Saucier.

After the Fire

Is too late to insure the burned building. Insure to-day in one of the following companies:

North British & Mercantile.
Phoenix of London.
Anglo-American.
Liverpool, London & Globe.
British America.
Caledonian of Scotland.
Metropolitan.
Canadian Fire Ins. Co.

LIFE;

The Mutual Life of Canada

ACCIDENT: Ocean Accident & Guarantee

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UNEEDA In the Lead.

When you want a Cream Separator don't fail to take a look at the

UNEEDA

before purchasing one. Call and get our prices.

GRANT & FYKE

50 CUTTERS 50

We have purchased 50 Cutters of the latest designs from the leading Manufacturers in Canada. Give us a call and be convinced that we carry one of the largest stocks in Eastern Ontario

Also a Full Line of HARNESS and ROBES

Grady & Jordan.

REMEMBER!

We do all kinds of Custom Grinding, and guarantee satisfaction.

We buy all kinds of coarse GRAIN AND WHEAT.

Joseph Bishop & Son.

CRYSLER, ONT.

FEARFUL SCENES AT VLADIVOSTOCK

Sanguinary Conflicts Between Cossacks and Ex-Prisoners.

NEARLY 3,000 CASUALTIES.

A despatch from Tokio says: Russians at Nagasaki have received a despatch sent from Vladivostock last Thursday, saying that from 9 o'clock Wednesday night a sanguinary conflict had been waged between Cossacks and ex-prisoners from Japan. The wounded were estimated to number 1,500. One-third of them were taken to the hospitals, but the rest were allowed to remain on the streets, which were covered with snow. The weather was bitterly cold. Fearful scenes were witnessed. A train has been long overdue from Harbin. Some trains have been blown up by the rioters and precipitated into the river. There have been nearly 3,000 casualties in these outrages.

MANY STATIONS BURNED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: According to trustworthy messages received here, the mutineers still dominate Vladivostock.

The population along the Siberian Railroad are starving. The riotous returning troops have commandeered all the rolling stock and plundered and burned many stations. Telegrams from many districts show that the gravest fears are entertained of a general uprising of the peasantry in the Spring.

NUNS WITH BOMBS.

A despatch to the London Times from St Petersburg says that two nuns who were arrested at Tsarkoe-Selo were found to have bombs in their possession.

A despatch from Gomel says the city is burning. For two days there has been continuous firing on the streets. Many persons have been killed and wounded. The inhabitants are fleeing.

Unsuccessful attempts have been made at Minsk to assassinate the Governor and chief of police. Cossacks at Kursk knouted a crowd of worshippers. Wholesale arrests continue throughout the provinces.

SAILORS RAID A STORE.

A despatch from Vladivostock says: The sailors here mutinied again Monday. They raided a rifle store and held an armed meeting, after which they marched to the residence of Gen. Selivanoff, the commandant, and demanded that the prisoners be released. Troops scattered them with quick-firing guns. The artillerymen mutinied Tuesday. Gen. Selivanoff went to pacify them. He addressed them, and they were apparently appeased, but as he quitted the battery mutiniers fired at him, wounding him in the neck and chest. His condition is serious. Cossacks have been sent from Nicholsk to quell the mutiny.

REVOLUTION IN CAUCASUS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: A railroad communication with the Caucasus generally has been restored. The revolutionists of Guria and Mingrelia are retiring to the mountains, obstinately resisting the advance of the troops. The revolutionists who were driven from Kwirlia rallied on Friday and fought a regular battle, andvancing on the troops. Other severe encounters are reported. Several towns besides Kwirila are in flames.

A revolution has broken out in Northern Caucasus. The mountaineers around Ekaterinodar have risen, and are making frequent forays. A large detachment of Cossacks has been sent to restore order.

Advices from Ekaterinoslay, South Russia, says that the inhabitants of several villages in that vicinity have been rioting and engaged in various excesses, making it necessary to employ artillery to subdue them.

The Government has been relaxing its repressive measures since Jan. 22. Many of the persons arrested have been released, and the right of assembly will be restored.

ATROCITIES BY SOLDIERS.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of The London Times cables. The newspapers have published columns about atrocities by soldiers at the St. Nicholas Lunatic Asylum of 1,000 inmates, where 700 perfectly sane persons have been interned by the police on account of revolutionary tendencies. The police have a right under the provisions of a minor stage of siege prevailing in all the large cities of the empire to send anyone to a lunatic asylum for an indefinite period. Soldiers brutally maltreated not only the hapless inmates, but many members of the asylum staff for reasons unexplained.

NEW CANCER CURE.

Experiments in Edinburgh Show Gratifying Results.

A London despatch says: The efficacy of the treatment of cancer by inoculations of trypsin has just received a striking demonstration in a series of experiments conducted in the research laboratory of the Edinburgh University under a grant from the Carnegie trust.

Among seven or eight cancerous mice, two, for the purpose of the experiment, were injected with a trypsin solution. Twenty-two days from the date of the experiment the "control," that is, the uninoculated mouse, died of cancer. The tumor was found to be as large as the last joint of a man's thumb. One of the mice inoculated with trypsin has died apparently from some injury caused by an accident in the cage, after being ten days under observation, when the tumor was found to be already in an advanced state of degeneration.

On the 22nd day, when the "control" mouse died of the disease, the tumor of cancerous growth in the other trypsis mouse was found to be only as big as a lentil, which is but an apology for a tumor. The growth was in an advanced state of degeneration, shrinking away to nothingness, and quite harmless.

The report of the distinguished scientists concludes that the mouse's cure from cancer was not far distant, and a microscopical examination confirmed this opinion. Even without further treatment the tumor in all probability would have been absorbed shortly or its remains cast out.

AN IMPOSING SPECTACLE.

The Funeral of the Late Hon. Raymond Prefontaine.

A Montreal despatch says: Probably the most imposing state funeral ever witnessed in Montreal, was accorded the remains of Hon. Raymond Prefontaine here on Thursday morning. The heads of the state and the church, the representatives of many foreign countries, the Ottawa and Provincial Governments, Parliaments, and, in short, every branch of public life in the Dominion and Provincial fields, were thoroughly represented.

Despite the cold wave, that rendered great coats necessary, the procession was a very imposing one, while the requiem mass sung by Mgr. Bruchesi was a gorgeous ceremony, the church being fairly abalaze with military uniforms, robed officials of state and the superb vestments of the clergy.

The cortege left the City Hall about 9.30 and a salute of 17 guns was fired by a detachment of the Mounted Field Battery. The 65th Regiment provided the military guard of honor. The streets along which the cortege proceeded were black with people. Long before the procession arrived every point of vantage was seized and occupied. All traffic was stopped. It was as if the whole city joined in a spontaneous tribute of sympathy and sorrow.

The service in St. James' lasted until 11 o'clock, and at noon the last chapter was enacted on the snow-covered hillside in Cote des Neiges.

A BIG MAJORITY.

British Liberals Take Power With Great Advantage.

A London despatch says: Sir Henry Bannerman will enter the new Parliament on Feb. 13 with the greatest majority ever given to an English Premier. The composition of the new Parliament, as near as it is now possible to tell, follows:

Liberals	376
Unionists	160
Nationalists	84
Laborites	59

Thus it will be seen that the Liberals have a majority over all of 83 votes, but such a thing as a combination of the entire force of Laborites and Nationalists against the Government is hardly conceivable. To the contrary, the Labor party members and Nationalist members may safely be counted on the Government side on the main issues in Parliament for some time to come.

THREE KILLED, FOUR DYING.

Accidental Discharge of Dynamite Near Keewatin.

A despatch from Keewatin, Ont., says: On Saturday afternoon, about 4 o'clock a horrible accident happened at Ostersund, Ont., 12 miles west of here. At that point an immense number of men are working on the big contract doubletracking the C. P. R. between Winnipeg and the lakes, a distance of 430 miles. It appears that about 30 men were working in a rock cutting, and that a charge had been put in. This failing to explode, the men returned to work, when it suddenly discharged, killing three men and mortally wounding four others. The bodies of the killed and injured were conveyed to Kenora, Ont., where there is a hospital. The men are all Swedes, though their names have so far been unascertained. A man named Peterson had the contract.

SMALLPOX RAMPANT.

A Locality in Quebec Absolutely Indifferent.

A despatch from Drummondville, Que., says: For the last month or so an epidemic of smallpox has been raging at St. Cyrille and the surrounding country, entirely unknown to the outside world, although the Provincial Board of Health have known of it for some time. A hundred and fifty cases have been reported in the village of St. Cyrille, and it is stated that in almost every farmhouse for miles around the disease prevails. Fortunately it is in a mild form, and so far as can be ascertained here no deaths have taken place.

JAPAN'S OUTLAY FOR WAR.

Sum of $495,000,000 Expended on Army and $90,000,000 on Navy.

A despatch from Tokio says: An official report submitted to the Diet shows that the actual outlay for the war from the beginning of hostilities to their end in September last was for the army $495,000,000 and for the navy $90,000,000.

GEN. "JOE" WHEELER DEAD

Famous United States Soldier Succumbs to Pneumonia.

A New York despatch says: Gen. Joe Wheeler's last fight has terminated fatally, the famous old soldier succumbing at 5.35 o'clock on Thursday evening at the home of his sister, Mrs. Sterling Smith, 173 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, to the attack of pneumonia, following a severe cold. Around his bedside were grouped his son, Major Joseph Wheeler, jr., his four daughters, his sister, and his nephew, Sterling Smith.

The late Gen. Wheeler was born at Augusta, Georgia, in 1836. He entered the Confederate army as lieutenant and emerged a lieutenant-general. After the war he took up law and planting. In 1898 he was appointed Major-General of Volunteers, and held a command in the Spanish war, being senior officer in the field at the Battle of San Juan. He fought in a number of engagements in the campaign in the Philippines, and in 1900 was appointed brigadier-general in the United States army.

A CONCESSION TO VOTERS.

Czar Gives Them Further Chance to Register.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the London Times cables.— The Czar has given another evidence of his desire that the Duma should meet by reopening the electoral lists in order that voters shall have a further opportunity of registering. But unless the present attitude of the Government undergoes a remarkable change, is doubtful whether the profound scepticism and apathy which are once again permeating all classes will lead his Majesty's subjects to take advantage of the additional term.

I find even among moderate parties a growing conviction that the Czar's desire to give his subjects constitutional government encounters the determined opposition of his advisers.

I hear the Government is discussing means for initiating vast public works to give employment to the starving peasants. The old scheme of the Baltic-Black Sea canal from Riga to Kherson has been revived. An American firm undertakes to carry out this gigantic task for forty million pounds.

BANISHED THE BIBLE.

Justice Tierney Thinks It Desecration to Use It There.

A New York despatch says: Justice Tierney of a Municipal Court in the Bronx has abolished the use of the Bible in his court. Explaining his action, he says:

"I have removed the Bible from use in my court. It was a desecration to use it there. The lying words from the mouths of witnesses made its use a mockery, a travesty. I was brought up to regard it with veneration and reverence as the Word of God. It is shocking to find men calling upon the Deity to witness the truth of what they say—'so help me God,'—with a lie in their hearts and upon the lips by which they profane the Good Book.

"I now swear or affirm a witness with uplifted hands, but it really has no significance to my mind. I would prefer to let every person tell his or her story with oath or affirmation, and then do the best I can toward ascertaining the truth."

CRAZY MAN WITH GUN.

Went on Rampage at Victoria—Shot Marine Guard.

A despatch from Victoria, B.C., says: A man named Jamieson, a smuggler, went crazy on Tuesday afternoon, and securing a gun, visited the naval yard at Esquimault, and shot the marine guard. The guard closed with the man, when the latter bit his hand, and breaking loose, made his escape. The alarm was given and soldiers started in pursuit. The fugitive next appeared at Gorge, the terminus of the tramway, and took a shot at the conductor, but missed and broke a window. He then took to the woods. The police are in chase.

AN IMMENSE SNOWSLIDE.

The Great Northern Railway at Swinton, B. C., Tied Up.

A despatch from Fernie, B.C., says: A snowslide of immense proportions took place on the G. N. R. at Swinton, seven miles north of here on Wednesday morning. The track is buried for a distance of 2,000 feet under thirty feet of solid snow, packed too hard for the snow plough to operate. The company are using every means to open it up quickly, and it is expected to be tunneled in three days. In the meantime transfers will be made from the C. P. R. to the G. N. R. at Elko. A serious consideration is the coal transportation, which will be held up for that time. An immense slide occurred at this place a year ago. The company will probably relieve the danger of another slide before another winter comes around.

A MILLION-DOLLAR SCHEME.

Grand Trunk to Spend Large Sums in Improvements at London.

A London, Ont., despatch says: Manager McGuigan, of the Grand Trunk Railway, informed Mayor Judd on Tuesday that the company will spend one million dollars here the coming season. A new station, the raising of tracks, widening of yards and building of subways are included in the scheme. Plans are to be completed in three weeks.

CONFIRMED AT CAPE TOWN.

Representative Governments for South African Colonies.

A despatch from Cape Town says: Dr. Jameson, the Prime Minister, in a speech on Thursday, confirmed the recent report that the Transvaal and Orange River Colony would be simultaneously granted representative Governments, an official announcement to that effect being expected in a few days.

brating the birthday of the German Emperor, toasted him as "My brother and very dear friend."

HOG RAISING INDUSTRY

BOTH FARMER AND PACKER MUST CO-OPERATE.

It Would Be a Calamity to Jeopardize So Valuable an Industry.

Investigations by the Live Stock Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture have shown that for some months past the supply of bacon hogs in Canada has been falling off. Even before the order was issued debarring packers from importing United States hogs to be slaughtered in bond, difficulty was experienced by Canadian packers in procuring sufficient hogs. The amount of the shortage during the summer and fall is indicated by the fact that packers claim to have been able to secure only from 30 to 50 per cent. of the capacity of their factories.

Hog raisers, on the other hand, claim that the production is considerably nearer the normal than would appear from the statements of the packers. It is, they say, partly an increase in the packing house capacity, rather than a decrease in hog raising. In some of the dairying sections the supplies are reported to be very little, if any, below the normal, while in other districts the shortage is placed at about 20 to 25 per cent.

Enquiries as to the cause of the shortage brought from the packers and producers a variety of replies. The packers claim that for the past three years or more the competition between buyers of hogs has been so keen that top prices have been paid continuously and that these prices have been high enough to give a profit to the producer. They claim, therefore, to be at a loss to understand why there is

A SHORTAGE AT THIS TIME.

Speaking from the standpoint of the producer, well-informed authorities claim that the price has been as uniformly high as it should have been. At times of the year when packers anticipated heavy runs prices dropped to a price where no profit was left for the feeder. This, they complain, took place last season when sows would be bred for the supplies of the fall just past, and as coarse grains were high and labor scarce at that time, many brood sows were sent to the market.

Again it is argued that the majority of packers have not encouraged the production of hogs of the bacon type and weight. For a number of years improvement in the hog stock of the country made satisfactory progress, but during the past season, at least, the producers of the ideal sort have received no encouragement to continue their work; a flat rate has been paid for good and bad alike. The hogs fit only to compete with the low price American stock brought quite as much as the sort that competes with the Irish and Danish beacon for the highest place on the British market.

Whatever may be the extent of the shortage or the real cause of it, the fact remains that unless producers and packers grapple in sympathetic co-operation with the situation, Canada's valuable bacon industry which has cost years of strenuous effort to build up, may become seriously demoralized.

In 1890 there were only two packing houses in the export trade with a weekly capacity of some 3,000 hogs, while in 1905 the weekly capacity of the 16 packing houses in operation was some 50,000. While this limit has not been reached within from 10,000 to 15,000 hogs weekly according to the season, the output from Canada has reached about $15,000,000 annually, or 20 per cent. of the total quantity of bacon imported by Great Britain. To jeopardize so valuable an industry would be nothing less than

A NATIONAL CALAMITY.

If the farmers who have been in the habit of raising hogs will accord the bacon industry a steady, persistent support, begotten of the knowledge that hog raising pays year in and year out, the future has very large possibilities for the Canadian bacon industry. Canadian bacon having already won a place on the British market commanding respect, as it increases in quantity and improves in quality it will undoubtedly become a daily necessity of the British consumer. That it may occupy this enviable position both farmer and packer must co-operate, the farmer by producing the steady supply of the right class of hogs, the packer by paying a fairly uniform price from month to month and from year to year; and he must give value per pound according to the quality of the product he received. Let each do his part, and there will be little trouble about the supply of hogs for keeping the factories going at a normal capacity. What appears to be most needed at the present time is that relations of confidence be restored and maintained between packer and farmer through fair dealing and intelligent co-operation. With these and the appreciation on the part of the producer of the possibilities of the industry, hog raising cannot fail to be one of the most profitable branches of Canadian agriculture.

Live Stock Branch,
Dominion Dept. of Agriculture.

A LONG-SOUGHT ROGUE.

Liverpool Bank Robber Nabbed in New York.

A despatch from New York says: Central office detectives of this city arrested on Friday night a man for whom they declare the police of the world have been searching for more than four years. The prisoner, who was picked up on the street by mere chance, is declared to be James Mances, formerly an American bookmaker, who is wanted in connection with the famous Bank of Liverpool robbery of November 22, 1901, in which the English institution, through forgery and conspiracy, was defrauded of more than $800,000. Subsequently $380,000 of this amount was recovered from the conspirators, the bank having sustained a net loss of more than $400,000. While admitting his name to be James Mances, the man under arrest asserts that he had no part in the affair. After being taken to headquarters and being examined Mances was locked up. He will probably be held to await word from the British authorities, who have been apprised by cable of the arrest.

COLD WEATHER YET.

Mr. R. F. Stupart Gives Facts About Previous Mild Winters.

A Toronto despatch says: The following facts regarding the weather of some past winters have been furnished by Mr. R. F. Stupart, director of the Dominion Meteorological Service: In the past 73 years there have been 14 winters of a decidedly mild type. Of these that of 1841-2 was the mildest, with an average temperature of 30.5 for the four months—December to March, inclusive—and those of 1881-2 and 1889-90 were not much colder, with a mean temperature in each instance of 29.9. It is of interest to note that in eight of the 14 years the mild weather of December and January continued during February, while in three of the other years the temperature was very slightly below average, and in three it was considerably below. In only two of the fourten years was March much below the average, and in six of these decidedly above.

While these facts are suggestive of the probable character of the next two months, the meteorologist would be quite unjustified in making a seasonal forecast, as he is as yet ignorant of the causes which lead to such vast differences as occur in the character of corresponding seasons in different years. He believes, however, that a wide departure from the average weather conditions over any particular portion of the globe is caused, not by local conditions, but by variations in the atmospheric circulation over the whole earth, and these variations are probably due to a varying output of solar energy.

SAVED FROM PRISON.

Story of How a Young Fellow of Seventeen Was Saved From Crime.

About a year ago a county magistrate wrote to J. J. Kelso that he had a young fellow about seventeen years of age who had been guilty of house-breaking. He did not like to send him to the Central Prison as his mother was dead, his father was a drunkard, and for ten years past he had not known a decent home or kind treatment. "I know you have all you can do helping younger people," he wrote, "but if it is at all possible take an interest in this young fellow." The appeal, although meaning much trouble and worry, was hard to resist. Word was sent to suspend sentence, get the young man a ticket to Toronto, and give him a letter of introduction. He presented himself in due time, and a situation was obtained for him. After working for about a month he called to say that he did not like the city, and that if he could only return to the country again he would give no more trouble. He was allowed to go back again with a letter of protection and has been working steadily since that time. In a letter received by Mr. Kelso recently he says:—"I like to be here better than in the city, but I wish I could see you sometimes to thank you for all you did for me. I think about you when I am at my work and think how glad I might be for I am sure that you were a friend of mine. I feel that I can do nothing but show you my respectableness for you have stood by me. I hope to hear from you soon."

This is the work the Children's Aid Societies all over the Province are trying to do—save the youth of the country before they become hardened in wrongdoing. Many lads take up with crime because they have no real friends, no love or sympathy shown them, and no one to grieve should they go astray. There is a great field for usefulness right here, and almost any good man or woman inspired by the proper motives can be a friend in need to some neglected youth.

HANGED HIMSELF IN HIS CELL.

Deliberate Suicide of a Prisoner in Kingston Penitentiary.

A despatch from Kingston says: Locksley Carter, a Niagara Falls convict at the penitentiary, who had served two years of a five-year sentence for larceny, hung himself at the hospital on Thursday night. Carter had been ill for some time with high fever, and there is a probability that his mind had become slightly deranged. The deed was done with apparently careful deliberation. His feet were tied together, and he was caught in a noose made from his bed clothes, attached to the bar of the cell door. He had put the noose about his neck, standing on a stool in preparation for the deed, and when all was in readiness he kicked the stool from under him.

THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

Will be Assembled by King and Queen on Feb. 13.

A despatch from London says: It was officially announced on Wednesday that King Edward and Queen Alexandra will formally assemble Parliament on Feb. 13th, when a Speaker will be selected. The remainder of the week will be occupied with preliminaries and in the administration of the oath to the members of the House.

PRESERVATION OF THE FALLS.

Waterways Commission Advises Co-operation With United States.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The International Waterways Commission has submitted an interim report to the Minister of Public Works. One of the principal points in it is the preservation of Niagara Falls. Although the report has not yet been considered by the Cabinet, there is no doubt that the Government will agree to the view of the commission, which is that Canada should co-operate with the United States so as to save the Falls from destruction by power companies.

JAPAN'S BUDGET.

Expenditure for Withdrawal From Manchuria is $225,000,000.

A Tokio despatch says: The Budget for the fiscal year of 1906-7 was informally submitted to the Lower House of the Diet on Wednesday. The extraordinary expenditure for the withdrawal of the troops from Manchuria and for other military arrangements exceeds 450,000,000 yen ($225,000,000).

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Jan. 30.—Wheat—No. 2 Ontario white, 79c; No. 2 red Winter, 78c bid with 79c asked; No. 2 mixed, 78c; No. 2 goose, 75c; No. 2 Spring, 74 to 75c. Manitoba grades, on track, at lake ports:—No. 1 hard, 89c; No. 1 Northern, 86c; No. 2 Northern, 84½c; No. 3 Northern, 82½c. All rail, North Bay freights, 3½c more.

Oats—No. 2 quoted at 35½ to 36c outside for local use.

Peas—79c outside for No. 2.

Barley—No. 2 quoted at 48 to 49c; No. 3 extra at 45 to 46c, and No. 3 at 42 to 43c.

Rye—No. 2 quoted outside at 70c.

Buckwheat—No. 2 quoted at 52½ to 53c outside.

Corn—No. 2 Canadian, 44½c, Chatham freights. No. 3 American yellow, 50½c, Toronto freight; and No. 3 mixed, 50c, Toronto freight.

Flour—90 per cent. Ontario wheat patents for export quoted at $3.10 to $3.15 in buyers' bags outside. Ontario high patents, $4 Toronto, and 90 per cent., Toronto, $4.60. Manitoba patents, $4.10 to $4.20, Toronto freights, and bakers', $3.90.

Bran—Ontario bran, in bags, outside, $17, and shorts, $18, in bags outside.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 21 to 22c; large rolls, 19 to 21c; good to choice dairy tubs, 20 to 21c, and inferior at 17 to 18c. Creamery prints sell at 24 to 25c, and solids at 23 to 23½c.

Eggs—Liberal supplies of new laid are quoted at 22 to 23c per dozen. Limed, 15c, and cold storage, 18 to 19c.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13c, and twins at 13½c per lb.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are a little firmer at $8.70 to $8.75. Bacon, long clear, 10¾ to 11c per lb in case lots; mess pork, $18.50; short cut, $21 to $21.50; hams, light to medium, 13 to 13½c; do heavy, 12½c; rolls, 11 to 11½c; shoulders, 10½ to 11c; backs, 15½ to 16c; breakfast rolls, 14 to 15c.

Lard—Tierces, 10¾c; tubs, 11c; pails, 11¼c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Jan. 30.—There was little enquiry for Manitoba wheat from over the cable. The local Oats Market continues very strong, and another advance is expected. Sales were made at 40½c for No. 2 white. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, $4.60 to $4.70; strong bakers', $4.20 to $4.30; Winter wheat patents, $4.25 to $4.50, and straight rollers, $4 to $4.10 in wood; in bags, $1.90 to $1.95. Rolled oats—$2.10 to $2.25 per bag of 90 lbs (nominal). Feed—Ontario bran, in bulk, $17 to $18; shorts, in bags, $20 to $20.50; Manitoba bran, in bags, $18; shorts, $19 to $20. Hay—No. 1, $8.50 to $9 per ton on track; No. 2, $7.50 to $8; clover, $5.50 to $6; clover, mixed, $6 to $6.50. Beans—Choice primes, $1.65 to $1.70 per bushel; hand-picked, $1.80. Potatoes—In bags of 90 lbs, 65 to 70c. Honey—White clover, in comb, 13 to 14c per pound section; extract, 8 to 9c; buckwheat, 6¾ to 7c. Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, $21; light short cut, $20; American short cut, $20; American cut clear fat backs, $19 to $20; compound lard, 6¾ to 7¼c; Canadian pure lard, 10¼ to 11c; kettle rendered, 11¼ to 11¾c; hams, 12 to 13½c; bacon, 14½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $10 to $10.25; country dressed, $8.75 to $9.50; alive, $7.75, mixed lots. Eggs—New laid, 26 to 27c; selects, 23c; No. 1 candled, 17 to 18c per dozen. Butter—Choicest creamery, 22¾ to 23c; undergrades, 22 to 22½c; dairy, 20½ to 21½c. Cheese—Ontario, 13 to 13¼c; Quebec, 12¾c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

St. Louis, Jan. 30.—Wheat—Cash, 90c; January, 81c; May, 83¾c; July, 84¼c.

Duluth, Jan. 30.—Wheat—On track, No. 1 Northern, 81½c; No. 2 do., 78⅞c; May, 86⅜c; July, 84½c. Barley—35 to 45c.

Milwaukee, Jan. 30.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 86 to 86½c; No. 2 do., 82 to 84c; May, 85⅜ to 85½c bid. Rye—No. 1, 69c. Barley—No. 2, 54½ to 55c; sample, 39 to 54½c. Corn—May, 44⅞c asked.

Minneapolis, Jan. 30.—Wheat—May, 83⅜c; July, 84¾ to 84⅞c. Flour—First patents, $4.40 to $4.50; second patents, $4.30 to $4.40; first clears, $3.50 to $3.60; second clears, $2.45 to $2.55. Bran—In bulk, $14.50 to $14.75

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Trade at the Western Cattle Market this morning was more active.

Export Cattle—Choice are quoted at $4.60 to $5, good to medium at $4 to $4.50, others at $3.75 to $4, bulls at $3.50 to $4, and cows at $2.75 to $3.50.

Butchers' Cattle—About the best offering sold at $4.30 to $4.40. Quotations are:—Picked lots, $4.20 to $4.50, good to choice $3.60 to $4.10, fair to good $3 to $3.50, common $2.50 to $3, cows $2 to $2.75, bulls $1.75 to $2.25, and canners $1.75 to $2.50.

Stockers and Feeders — Short-keep feeders are quoted at $3.60 to $4, good feeders at $3.40 to $3.65, medium at $2.50 to $3.50, bulls at $2 to $2.75, good stockers run at $2.80 to $3.50, rough to common at $2 to $2.70, and bulls at $1.75 to $2.50.

Milch Cows—Quotations are $30 to $60 each.

Calves—About steady, with a fair demand at $2 to $12 each, and 3½c to 6½c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs—Prices hold about steady at $4.50 to $4.75 per cwt. for export ewes and $3.50 to $4 for bucks and culls. Lambs are quoted at $1.50 to $6.75 for export and $6 to $6.60 for bucks.

Hogs—The market is firm in tone, and quoted unchanged at $7 per cwt. for selects and $6.75 for lights and fats.

A report comes from Rossland of a good strike of ore in the old War Eagle mine.

Some six thousand Government employees had a meeting in Paris and adopted a resolution demanding that the Government frame and have passed a bill permitting its servants to form unions.