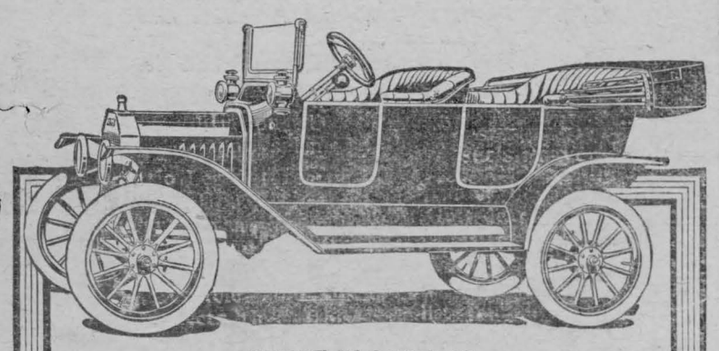
The Leader

Vol. XV, No. 8 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1915.



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Ford Touring Car Price $590

NOW'S THE TIME TO PREPARE FOR THIS YEAR'S HARVEST

Your harvest will be bigger, better this year, if you put in more time on the farm. Drive a Ford—and reduce from a matter of hours to a matter of minutes, time spent in those necessary trips to town during the busy season. Seventeen thousand Canadian farmers drive the Ford because it's a time saver—money-saver—and pleasure giver.

I wish to announce to my Ford customers that they will not only share in the profits of sales if the 30,000 mark is reached before August, but they will also share in my ability in the upkeep of the car, and I guarantee to make you the master of your car before I leave you. I also have all repairs necessary on hand for Ford cars.

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1 1-4 H. P.	$ 50.00	6 H. P.	$180.00
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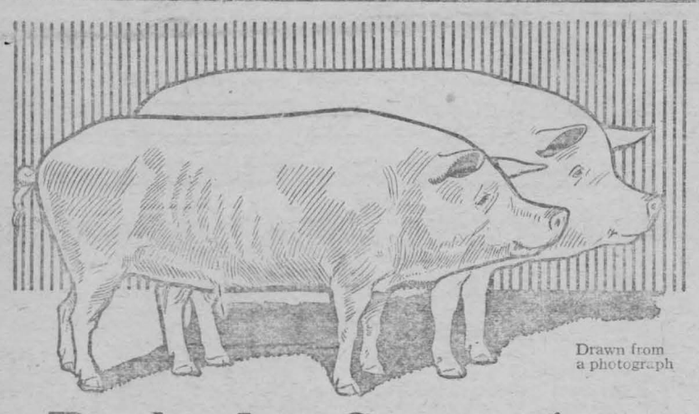


Drawn from a photograph

Both the Same Age

The larger one had Harab Digestive Tankage included in the feed. The smaller was fed the usual grain diet. The larger one sold for $3.80 more, and the extra cost of feeding was but $1.10, leaving a net profit on the larger hog of $2.70. Which would you rather raise?

Harab Digestive Tankage

provides the hog with eight times as much protein and bone phosphate of lime (two important food elements) as an equal weight of corn. It produces bone, muscle and flesh rapidly. One hog raiser writes us that since using Harab Digestive Tankage his hogs, when ready for market, weigh 30 to 40 lbs. heavier than hogs of the same age that have been fed in the ordinary way. You can do the same with your hogs.

Harab Digestive Tankage is a meat food. Clean, sanitary, wholesome. Can be fed wet or dry; alone or with other feeds. Excellent to use in combination with Cheese Factory Whey or Creamery Buttermilk. Large hog raisers and experimental farms are using large quantities. Write for Harab Tankage Booklet. It gives full particulars.

150

THE ONTARIO DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE in Bulletin No. 225, page 24, December 1914—Professor G. E Day, B.S.A., says:—

"A good brand of Tankage contains over 50 per cent. of protein. It is valuable therefore to use when the ration is deficient in protein. It costs a high price per ¼ ton, but it is necessary to use only a small proportion in the feed, ten per cent. of the total meal ration being sufficient in most cases. When corn constitutes the main ration, or when skim milk is not available for young pigs, the judicious use of a feed like tankage increases the rate of gain and reduces the cost of each pound of gain."

Farmers everywhere are beginning to realise the value of "HARAB DIGESTIVE TANKAGE" and are feeding it with the regular grain ration with marked results.

Try a sack—only $2.90 per 100 lbs. You will be pleased.

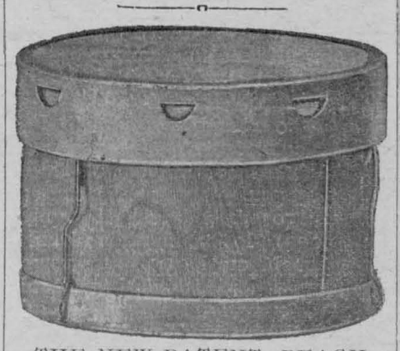
R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.
PLATE GLASS FRONT HARDWARE STORE
MORRISBURG, - - - ONT.

Curlers Win

On Thursday evening of last week our local curlers met and defeated two rinks from Smith's Falls, the score being Morrisburg 23, Smith's Falls 18. The Smith's Falls News in its report of the game says:—

"A pleasant time was enjoyed by two rinks from Smith's Falls who went to Morrisburg Thursday night the result being 23 to 18. The visitors lost the game but enjoyed a delightful outing being splendidly entertained by their Morrisburg friends who are equally skilled in curling and the art of hospitality. Smith's Falls money was confiscated in Morrisburg and one of the local curlers said the Morrisburg boys seemed to feel sorry that they could not buy the railway tickets for the visitors. The ice will never be any difficulty in getting a few rinks to go to Morrisburg for a game. Following is the score:

F. H. Broder	J. E lis
C. W. Marsh	E. Rowan-Legg
J Harback	Dr W A. Gray
F. R Chalmers	D . E. Wickware
skip 12	skip 5
Rev H Cameron	D. McIntyre
T. E Elliot	W. J Graham
Ross Strike	E T. Frost
Dr. Gorrell	J. B. Ferguson
skip 11	skip 13



THE NEW PATENT BEACH CHEESE BOX

NEW INDUSTRY

Mr. F. W. Beach, who has had long and successful experience in manufacturing and marketing cheese boxes, apple barrels, etc., and who very recently patented a new cheese box to replace the old one which is very unsatisfactory to the trade, will shortly locate in Morrisburg, and will put up a building and plant capable of putting out 2000 boxes, and expects to employ several hands.

The new cheese box which Mr. Beach proposes to manufacture has been thoroughly tested and stands the hardship of handling and transportation, and can be made of any kind of wood, the sides being composed of wood, the grain of which runs from top to bottom and retained in place by metal hoops. This box can be shipped in a knocked-down state which facilitates shipping much, requiring but little storage room.

There is a demand for better cheese boxes, which will be met by the Beach Cheese Box.

Attempts to Dynamite

A few weeks ago some nitro-glycerine was found under a building at the Manitoba yard of the G. T. R., Brockville. The building is one used by car repairers and was not placed there by any employees. A coincidence of finding the explosives was the fact that it was supplied with percussion caps and that the dangerous fluid was found the day before members of the second contingent were expected to pass east over the G.T.R. and over the tracks located a few feet from where the dangerous explosive was placed. As is well-known, the overseas troops now at Kingston are to be moved in the near future, and Wednesday afternoon a quantity of dynamite was found hidden under a crossing at that city used jointly by the G. T. R. and C.P.R.

A piece of fuse about two inches long, to which was attached a cap for exploding, and which was cut off in the dark by a German Pole conspirator in error, saved Cobalt from a terrific dynamite explosion which would have carried with it death and great destruction to property on Wednesday.

All three men named are German The first man, Tom, has been in Canada 13 years, but has visited the Fatherland three times. The other two are each only nineteen years of age, and have been here less than a year. They were arrested late Wednesday by Officer Wilson.

Town Wins

On Friday night of last week the final game of hockey, and that which decided the championship, was played and resulted in a victory for the town team.

The town wired in right from the start of the game and placed themselves on easy street by scoring 1-2-3 in the first seven minutes and though the 59th possessed the ability to do likewise, they were shown by their opponents right through the game, that it is not the ability possessed that counts but that which is brought into play. The town team were in good shape and they put forth every effort to advantage. On the other hand the 59th were not effective in their rushes and checking, and their goal keeper was much "off-color" and allowed some very easy shots to enter the nets.. The game which resulted in a score of 7 to none was comparatively free from rough play, few penalties being handed out, and that for minor offences. Mr. Bay Mallen acted as referee, and his decisions met with the approval of the players as well as that of the spectators.

This win proclaims the town the champions of the league.

Large Crowds Attend Mission

Rev. Fathers O'Reilly and Doyle who this week are the guests of Rev. Father Meehan are conducting a Mission in St. Mary's Church. The missionaries are members of the Redemptist Order founded by St. Alphonsus in the year 1735, and like all missionary priests visit parishes at the request of the pastor to preach a special course of sermons and attend to the spiritual wants of the people. As in our bodily life we become accustomed to our surrounding, and oftentimes a change is imperative; so also in spiritual matters, many a zealous pastor calls in the missionaries, that his people, hearing the same old truths from strangers may acquire new fervor in the love and service of God. How well the Catholics of Morrisburg understand the importance of a mission is evidenced by the morning and evening attendance. Services are held daily at 6 and 8 a.m. and every evening at 7.30. The subject tonight (Friday evening) will be the True Church, and what it demands of Catholics. Saturday night the sermon will be on The Mother of God. Sunday morning at 10.30 the subject will be Faith. The mission will close solemnly at 7.30 Sunday evening with a sermon on Perseverance.

Sylvester Doyle

On Saturday, Feb 27th at his home in the second concession of Williamsburg, there passed away a respected resident in the person of Sylvester Doyle, in his 66th year. Deceased was the son of the late Peter Doyle and was born in the Township of Matilda.

He married Miss Margaret McMahon who survives, together with four sons and four daughters:—Thomas S., Port Arthur; Harris, Ogdensburg, N. Y.; Lemiel and Morgan at home; Teressa and Ida, Prescott; Frances and Claribell at home.

The funeral took place on Tuesday, March 2nd, from his late residence in Nudell Bush to St. Mary's R C. Church, and thence to the vault, Rev. Father Meehan officiating.

The pall bearers were James Hart, Arthur Daley, William Hanifee, Michael Burton, John N. Shaver and Charles Gogo

Among relatives from a distance who were present at the funeral were Harris Doyle, Mr and Mrs John Doyle, of Hulbert, Ont.; Miss Rose Doyle and Mrs Thos E Manion, Prescott; Maurice A. McMahon and Edward Doyle of Madrid N Y; Patrick Pruner and daughters Laura and Stasie, of Farran's Point; Arthur Daley and Loretta Farran's Point; Mr and Mrs Capt Luke Mallen and Mr and Mrs S. P. Ryan, Morrisburg; Henry Hart. Farran's Point, and John McKee, Inkerman.

Mr. Allison Remembered

Port Hope, March 10—If there is one man in Port Hope who should feel that his work has been appreciated that man is Mr. C. F. Allison, organist of St. Paul's Church. Mr Allison is leaving Port Hope soon to take charge of the organ in the Knox Presbyterian Church, St. Catharines and the congregation and choir of St. Paul's Church last evening expressed in a tangible way their appreciation of his excellent work during his four years as organist here Every member of the choir and we believe nearly every member of the congregation were present to bid the talented young musician a farewell. At an opportune time Mr Allison was presented with an address and two chairs, a table (fumed oak) and a handsome reading lamp. The gifts were carefully hidden in a portion of the basement of the church and when Mr Robinson reached the part of the address asking Mr. Allison to accept, Messrs Blood and Brown raised the young organist on their shoulders and carried him to the secret hiding place of the gifts. They kept Charlie in this position until the address was completed

Mr Allison in replying expressed his regret at having to leave Port Hope but this was a splendid opportunity for advancing and it was for this reason only that he had accepted. He had received the most courteous treatment from St. Paul's congregation and the memories of his four years in Port Hope would ever be cherished.

To-morrow will be Mr Allison's last Sunday at St. Paul's and a special musical program will be rendered at both services.

"STUDEBAKER"

The Greatest Automobile Value Ever Offered

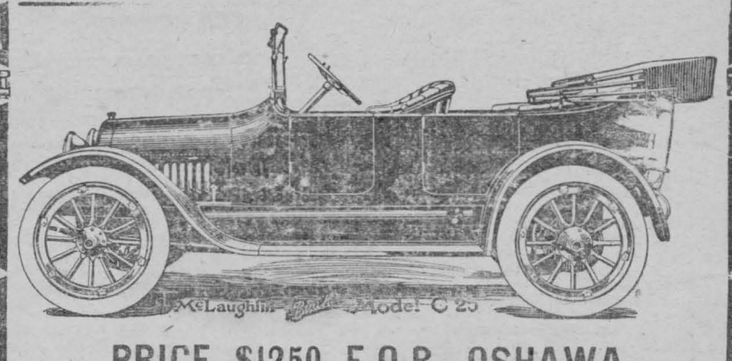
THE NEW FOUR
(BUILT IN CANADA)
ELECTRIC STARTER ELECTRIC LIGHTS
COMPLETELY EQUIPPED

$1050.00
F. O. B. Walkerville, Ont.

Examine my stock of Oil Stoves, Heaters, Ranges, Harness, Washing Machines and Sanitary Closets.
A discount of 20 per cent. allowed on Fur Coats and Robes during February

W. E. THOM

VALVE-IN-HEAD



PRICE $1250 F.O.B. OSHAWA

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SATISFACTION

McLaughlin Cars are built for Canadian Roads
If you want a McLaughlin better place your order early
When we ask a higher price we give value.

W. H. Fetterly & Co.

INCORPORATED 1855

The Molsons Bank

CAPITAL AND RESERVE $8.800,000
93 Branches in Canada
A General Banking Business Transacted.
CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT
BANK MONEY ORDERS

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed at highest current rate

MORRISBURG BRANCH
WM. WALLACE, Manager.

Williamsburg Branch
C. H. JOY, Agent.

NOW?
YOUR NEW EASTER SUIT
COME IN AND LOOK OVER OUR STOCK BEFORE ORDERING ELSEWHERE
OUR MOTTO
Custom Tailoring Exclusively

Frank Stewart, MERCHANT TAILOR
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

Money Makes Money;

Or, A Strange Stipulation.

CHAPTER XXIV.—(Continued).

Down at the sea Lady Nell declared that she wanted for nothing more on earth since she had Nora Powis with her.

Miss Powis laughed at this assurance.

"Oh! my dear," she said. "You flatter me; and I wish it were the truth; but unfortunately it isn't!"

"If I say it is, why should you contradict me?" asked Lady Ellen; then she cuddled the other woman. "Oh, Nora," she said; "let me make pretence to myself. It is so nice supposing things, and I do feel ever so much better. I'm not half so cobwebby as I was."

For a long time she said nothing about Enid Sinclair, but after a while she began to ask questions; and Nora Powis chatted naturally and easily about the patient in whom she had been so interested.

"You must meet her again," she said, "and you must see her baby."

"Oh! I love babies," said Lady Ellen. "Do you know, I should like to go and live in a creche! Once I was taken to a funny little babies' home in the East End. I walked into a room, Nell, and I looked down at twelve little bundles all staring up at me in the most fascinating way. I nursed every one of them, and I did it well, too! But do you think Mrs. Sinclair will let me go to her."

"Why not?" asked Miss Powis.

"I don't know. She sees such a lot of Adrian, doesn't she?" she asked abruptly.

"Not a lot; but they meet. Adrian is very much interested in her, and then he is her baby's godfather, one of them."

"Her baby's godfather?" said Lady Ellen. "That makes a very close tie, doesn't it?" and Miss Powis laughed.

"Sometimes, not always." Then it was her turn to ask questions. "Tell me about this Mr. Julian Bryant. From what Adrian says, I gather he is one of your constant admirers."

"I like him," said Lady Ellen; they had just come in from a long walk and she was sitting crouched up on a big sofa. "First of all, I like him because he reminds me of Adrian; they are awfully alike, Nora, alike in character, too, I think; though of course Adrian is a little older. Mr. Bryant is such a nice man. I am sure you'd like him."

"I want to meet him," said Miss Powis.

"Come and dine. Can you come on Tuesday night?"

"Oh, I can't promise Tuesday," said Miss Powis. "I have had a holiday, you know, and I must go back to work."

"Well Wednesday—Thursday?"

"Perhaps you had better fix up with Mr. Bryant first."

"Oh," said Lady Ellen carelessly. "He will always come if I invite him."

Miss Powis was folding and re-folding her gloves.

"What do you know about him, Nell?" she asked. "Has he any people?"

"He has a mother who seems to be rather an odious person. You know why he is so interesting, Nora, is that he was working in the hardest way possible when he came into this fortune. What do you think he did? He was driving a taxi."

"Really," said Miss Powis. "That is interesting. I suppose he must have been off his head when he found that he was to be so rich."

"I suppose so," said Lady Ellen; "but do you know, the queerest thing about him is that he doesn't seem to care about his money. And he isn't a bit happy! That is what brought us both together."

"So you sit and talk of sorrows all the time?" asked Miss Powis, with a laugh.

"We never talk about our own affairs, but we both feel we need sympathy.

"Are you going to marry this man, Nell?"

Lady Ellen said, "Yes"; and then she added, "If he asks me."

"Hasn't he asked you yet?"

She shook her head.

"No; but I know he is going to."

"Still, I think he ought to make up his mind and do it."

"Oh, there is no hurry," said Lady Ellen, and then she added. "Sometimes—I don't know that I shall say 'Yes.'"

"Well, I shall say it for you after this: it seems too good a match for you to miss. Adrian was talking to me about Mr. Bryant the other day, and he had nothing but praise for him."

"Yes; Adrian likes him very much I wish——" Lady Ellen got up from the sofa and walked to the window, and then stirred the fire vigorously. "I wish," she said, with a queer little laugh, "that Mr. Bryant did not remind me of Adrian. I can't explain it, but I feel it, and somehow it hurts."

Nora Powis smiled to herself in the dusk. The heart of this other woman was so transparent. The marvel to her was that Adrian Dawney did not read what she was reading so clearly.

An impulse prompted her to write that night to Colonel Dawney—

"I find Nell ever so much better for this little change," she wrote; "and we have had a very delightful time together; but I am going back to-morrow, and I believe she will go back with me. I was talking to her to-day about Julian Bryant. Do you know, I believe you have made a mistake. She likes this man very much indeed, but he is not the man she would choose for her husband. I verily believe I have made a great discovery! There is another man who stands before Julian Bryant, and will always stand. We two who care for her so much, and want to see her happy, we must work so that she does not make a mistake a second time."

"Now," Miss Powis said to herself, when she had addressed this letter and stamped it. "Now I have been and gone and done it, and I wonder what the result will be! I don't imagine," she mused on, after an instant, "that Adrian will misunderstand me; if he does, well, then I shall have to put things just a little more clearly in front of him."

CHAPTER XXV

Julian Bryant was absent from town for two or three days: when he came back he found a budget of correspondence waiting for him. Among this was one of the usual characteristic letters from Bill Ketch, full of glowing news about the way the Americans were "catching on" to his new invention, and several from the lawyers who were attending to his private affairs.

He was asked to make an early appointment, and he telephoned through, and went to Lincoln's Inn an hour or so after his arrival.

He was informed that everything was going forward very well, and then he was further informed that Mrs. Bryant had absolutely refused to accept a penny of the money he had suggested should be settled upon her."

Julian turned very pale. "You must persuade her that this is necessary," he said.

The lawyer shrugged his shoulders.

"Mrs. Bryant's attitude was very firm on this point."

"I suppose I can settle money upon her without her knowledge?" was Julian's next speech, given doggedly.

"Well, you can do so, of course," was the answer; "but we should scarcely advise you to do this under the circumstances. Doubtless, Mrs. Bryant has very good reasons for acting as she has done, and if you are anxious, as you have told us from the very beginning, that you desire to study her in every way, then I think you can do nothing but fall in with her wishes in this direction."

It was not a pleasant interview, and Julian felt very uncomfortable as he walked away. There had been a little note from Lady Ellen asking him to dine with her that night, but he felt strangely disinclined to go; in fact, when he got back to the hotel, he scribbled a reply declining the invitation, and making the excuse that he had caught cold and would be obliged to stay in his room.

The same restless, miserable feeling took possession of him as that which had driven him away a few days before.

He was really a man without any resources—a lonely man; and to-night a very unhappy one.

Enid's proud resolution had struck him a blow. How she must hate him!

He dined upstairs in his private sitting-room, and read through the kind little note of sympathy which Lady Ellen had sent him; but he did not treasure the letter; indeed, he swung it into the fire; and as he did so he remembered his interview with Adrian Dawney, and the promise that he had made the other man. The time had come! He must speak out. All at once he said to himself—

"I'll go and see Dawney."

He had a longing to talk to this other man; almost he was constrained to make a confession to Dawney of the truth; but luck was against him. Colonel Dawney was not to be found. He had left town, though he was expected back the following day.

It was a cold night, the streets were bleak and unfriendly; but Julian turned from the thought of his luxurious hotel with a shudder. He could hardly have defined his feelings, but he knew that he was miserable.

Suddenly he found himself walking in the direction of that part where he knew Enid lived. Why he went there, what force impelled him to go, he did not seek to analyze; he only knew that he must be near her to-night.

The thought of her was like a magnet drawing him even against his will. It was some time before he found the street, and his heart was beating wildly when he came upon the number and realized that he actually was standing on the threshold of the place his wife called her home.

A sense of shame fell upon him that was almost like a mortal agony. He actually moved towards the bell, and then when his hand went to ring the bell, he restrained himself.

He had no right to approach her — no right to insult her—by such an intrusion.

Crossing the street, he stood and looked up at the house, eagerly scanning the windows. There were lights in several of the rooms. He could not possibly know which one Enid occupied; but in a vague sort of way it comforted him to see these lights, and he walked the whole way back again, thankful that when he at last reached his home, he was thoroughly tired out, and conscious thought was mercifully impossible.

The next day he was really very unwell, and Stephens, who came down daily from his house to attend upon him, took upon himself to call in the doctor.

Mr. Bryant was ordered to remain in bed, and Stephens was instructed to say that it was a slight attack of influenza.

Lady Ellen, when she was informed of this, sent round some flowers with her card. She was sorry that Julian was ill, but otherwise she felt almost glad, because she had a strange disinclination to meet him for the immediate moment.

Somehow, she felt that their pleasant acquaintanceship would be brought to an end; that the question that she had been expecting would be put to her, and she would have to find an answer.

Lady Ellen hardly realized how much that sojourn at the seaside with Nora Powis had undermined her determination to accept Julian Bryant.

She had gone away from London on purpose to escape from her thoughts about Adrian Dawney and Nora had done nothing but talk about him.

She had presented the man in a new light. She had let Lady Ellen see that, though he was so very calm and wise and strong, and always so cheerful, that behind all this there lurked the suffering man who felt himself no longer the physical equal of his fellow men.

"Adrian made me quite unhappy," Nora Powis had said on one occasion. "He was so pathetic about himself."

Lady Ellen found herself wishing that she could dismiss this subject from her mind; but it was impossible.

She thought she had understood and known Adrian Dawney most thoroughly: but now he appeared to her in a new way.

She wanted to soothe him, to take all unhappiness out of his thoughts, to make him feel how wonderful he was; how much higher and better and greater than any other man. So very gradually she came to the conclusion that, though it might never be possible for her to take such a definite place in Adrian Dawney's life, yet to bind herself to another man, to try and make new interests, to build up another existence in which Adrian had no part except as a friend, was something she could never do; and all at once she resolved on telling Dawney himself something of the truth, and on asking him to help her.

"Perhaps if he could let Mr. Bryant understand that I am a changeable, erratic, tiresome sort of person, he might prevent things coming to a crisis."

She called at Colonel Dawney's hotel, and found that he was expected back that evening; so she wrote him a little letter, and said that she would be glad if he would come and see her on the following afternoon; and late that same night she got a letter from Julian Bryant who wrote that he was really all right again, and that he wanted her to be so kind as to let him come and see her on the following day after lunch.

"I have something to tell you," he said, "something that you ought to have known a long time ago."

Lady Ellen's first instinct was to put off either one or the other of the men; then she decided to do nothing of the kind; instead, she wrote fixing the hour for Julian Bryant to call, which would be the same time at which she expected Colonel Dawney.

It can be safely said that Lady Ellen scarcely closed her eyes that night, and she looked quite pale and tired when the next day came.

She was also rather subdued in manner, and her maids were a little troubled about her.

In the middle of the morning she sat down and wrote a letter to Colonel Dawney—

"You are coming here this afternoon, Adrian dear" she wrote; "and when you come I want you to do me a great service.

"I think you have understood that I have been half inclined to make a new future for myself. I won't pretend with you. I mean that I know you have understood that someone has come into my life, and that there is the possibility of my being asked by Mr. Bryant to marry him. I don't know if I have been very wrong, or if I have given him too much encouragement; the fact is, Adrian dear, now that I feel things are coming to a point I—I don't want to make any change. When you come here this afternoon, you will meet Mr. Bryant. Will you let him understand—that though I like him very, very, very much better, indeed, than any other stranger I have ever met, I cannot marry him! Don't ask me to give my reasons. I hardly know them myself, I only know that what I have imagined would bring me happiness, would bring me just the other thing! You know you told me that, if any big event shaped in my life, I was to let you know at once. Well, I am taking you at your word, and I ask you, just as if you were my brother, to smooth away any difficulties there may be for me in connection with this man."

She signed this simply, "Nell," and she sent it round by hand to the hotel.

She lunched out with some friends, and came back trembling with nervousness.

Her maid informed her that Colonel Dawney was in the drawing-room; but she passed the door, and went on up to her own room.

The fact that he was there was sufficient answer to her that he meant to do what she had asked.

In a little while the message was brought to her that Mr. Bryant had arrived.

"Please say that I will be down very soon."

As he entered the drawing-room, Julian Bryant gave a little start, then he moved forward rapidly and stretched out his hand.

"I have been trying to find you all the morning," he said. "I am glad you are here."

The maid appeared at the doorway and gave Lady Ellen's message.

"Her ladyship will be down very soon," she said.

The door was closed and the two men were alone.

Julian stood a moment uncertainly, and then he looked into Dawney's eyes.

"A little while ago," he said, "you put a plain question to me; and I told you that the reason why I had remained silent was because there were reasons which made me hesitate. Colonel Dawney, I have come here this afternoon to tell those reasons to Lady Ellen. I have come here for another purpose, to ask her to forgive me if she can; and not to hate me too much."

"Suppose you speak out to me," said Dawney, in his quiet way.

"I—I cannot ask Lady Ellen to marry me," said Bryant almost bluntly, "because—I am married already."

Colonel Dawney's brows contracted sharply. He looked at the speaker very keenly, so keenly that Julian winced.

"I did not mean to tell her till I was free," he said. "I—I—the proceedings for a divorce are now being arranged. It has been difficult for these proceedings to be started earlier because I had no knowledge of my wife's whereabouts; moreover, it has to be a constructed case, and this can only be done with her consent. I think I know what you are going to say to me Colonel Dawney; you are going to call me some ugly names. Well, I shall have to stand that, because I know that I deserve them! There are some extenuating circumstances which perhaps later on you will listen to; now all that has to be done is to tell Lady Ellen the truth, to let her know—that I wronged her, in supposing that she would have married me—when—I got my freedom. That is not all," said Julian, turning rather abruptly and facing the other man," something came to me—in the last twenty-four hours—a truth which I have done my best to kill—to kill and forget—it is not only my position which stands between me and Lady Ellen—it is the fact that, though I would give her devotion, homage, she would never be the woman I love!" He broke off suddenly, and then he said a little hoarsely, "The thing that is hurting me as much as anything else is that I may be the unworthy cause of making Lady Ellen unhappy."

"Before you go any further, Mr. Bryant," Colonel Dawney said gravely. "I am going to give you a letter to read. It was written to me in confidence, but it will convey to you, far better than I can, the truth of Lady Ellen's feelings."

(To be continued.)

Be careful how you drop remarks; they may hit the wrong chap.

"What makes you so sure that all dressmakers go to Heaven when they die?" "Why, they must necessarily live a pattern life."

The present week of seven days, without reference to solar or lunar cycles, was adopted by Egyptian astronomers more than 3,600 years ago.

"She's the most insulting woman I ever met." "I never liked her myself." "Just think! The last time she visited us she didn't wipe her feet when she came in, but she did wipe them when she went out."

"When you proposed to Miss Jenkins," asked Jack, "did you tell her you were unworthy of her?" "No, I didn't," replied Tom. "I was going to do so, but she told me first."

WANTED—HOME LETTERS.

By Sgt. Frank S. Brown of Princess Patricia Canadian Light Infantry. Now at the Front.

What is the call,
The bugle call,
The call that has no betters?
The silver call
That beats them all,
The music call for letters.

You can take a silver trumpet
And sound the dread alarm,
T. A.* will spring in action
With his rifle 'neath his arm.
But if you want to see him jump
Or run like a streak of hail,
Just take the same old bugle
And sound the call for "mail".

No one who's not been there himself
Can tell just what it means
To have a live epistle
From your home tucked in your jeans.
A tripping sweet John Collins
To a thirst you wouldn't sell,
Isn't in it with a starving heart
That gets a word from Nell.

Or if the maiden's name is Kate,
Or Jean or Marguerite,
A scented word of love—him makes
A week's dull drudgery sweet.
Why, any mother's soldier son
Who learns the bugle cry,
Just stops his heart and holds his breath
For fear he'll be passed by.

His hand is all a tremble,
His eyes stick out like pegs,
He goes all of a quiver,
With the ague in his legs,
And if his name's not on the list,
He wilts like a frozen bud,
Until another mail call drags
Him ploughing through the mud.

He's not a correspondent,
And his answers may be few;
His opportunities are slim,
To write his "billet doux."
But when he does, it is beneath
A spluttering pine knot taper,
With a broken nib and an ink-starved pen,
On a scrap of cartridge paper.

Now the moral is for folks at home,
Don't wait for him to write
And don't say "Dear Tom—must close;
I hope this finds you right."
A good long newsy letter,
Is the best that you can yield
In the way of down-right service
To your Tommy in the field.

What is the call,
The cheering call,
That every other betters?
A silver call,
A longed-for call,
The music call for letters.

*Tommy Atkins.

Salisbury Plains, Xmas, 1914.

CONDITIONS OF PEACE.

What the Allies Will Exact From Germany and Austria.

The peace treaty which will end the present war will be imposed on Germany and Austria by the three allied powers—Great Britain, Russia and France—who will be actuated by the following principles: First—A war indemnity which will represent the damages caused by the war. Second—As regards territorial acquisitions, the allies will show disinterestedness. Third—All other considerations will be subordinated to this one—viz., the elimination of the causes of future warfore. Fourth—This will be the sole object in view in the reorganization of Germany and Austria-Hungary. Fifth—In bringing about this reorganization the allies will take account of the groups called nationalities, but without giving them the fictitious importance attributed to them by political anthropology. . . . In order that a treaty have legal force there must be a mandatory whose duty it shall be to see that the stipulations of the treaty be strictly carried out, writes Yves Yuyot in North American Review. In 1815, for instance, the Triple Alliance first and the Quadruple Alliance afterward undertook this task, and in the present instance the three allies will have to enter into a similar agreement and distribute the roles between them, so that if one of the conquered powers should try to escape the consequences of its defeat it will immediately find itself in such a position that a single injunction will suffice to obtain strict observance of the treaty.

Such are the outlines of the arrangements which may guarantee a lasting peace to Europe. The setting up of small buffer states will restrict the ambition of the great powers, and certain governments will no longer be able to make France and Russia fill the part of bogy, for the latter will have shown that they are not bent on seizing territory.

The legislative and economic unification of Germany has been accomplished and should not be disturbed, for such an act would affect every one of its inhabitants. If the peace decreases military taxes, lightens service with the colors, removes from every mind the worry of an impending conflict and leaves men free to devote all their energy to productive operations, then every German citizen will see that he has profited by the defeat of Prussian militarism and imperialism.

Doris was rather backward in her studies, and one day when her father was inquiring into her standing at school the little girl admitted that she was the lowest in her class. "Why, Doris, I am ashamed of you!" exclaimed the mother. "Why don't you study harder and try to get away from the foot of your class?" "It ain't my fault," replied Doris in tones of injured innocence; "the little girl who has always been at the foot has left school."

The Syrup of a Hundred Uses



Of course, "Crown Brand" is your favorite Table Syrup. Of course, you enjoy its delicious, appetizing flavor with *Bread, Pancakes and Hot Biscuits.*

But what about "Crown Brand" in the kitchen? Do you use

EDWARDSBURG "CROWN BRAND" CORN SYRUP





for Gingerbread, Cookies, Cakes, Pies and Sweet Sauces for all kinds of Puddings?
Do you always use it for *Candy-making*?
Try it in all these ways. You'll find "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup handy, convenient, economical, dependable, good.

"LILY WHITE" is just what its name implies—a clear corn syrup—more delicate in flavor than "Crown Brand", that is equally good for the table and for candy-making.

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Yes, we mean just that. If you want to know about a reliable

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that is fire, lightning, rust and storm proof—write us. We'll give you some hard facts that ought to turn you against wood and convert you to metal. Give us a chance—write us.

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MANUFACTURERS
TORONTO and WINNIPEG

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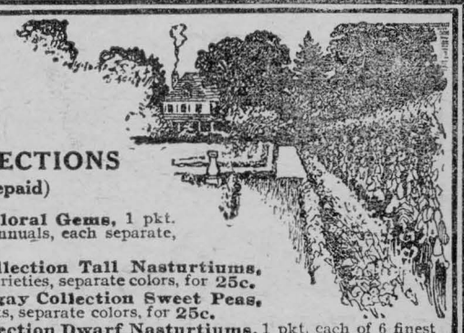

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Bruce's Royal Nosegay Collection Sweet Peas, 1 pkt. each 6 superb sorts, separate colors, for **25c.**
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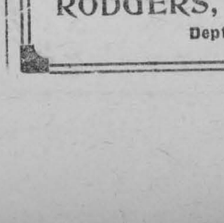
Bruce's Empire Collection Asters, 1 pkt. each of 4 magnificent varieties, separate, all colors, for **25c.**
Bruce's "A" Vegetable Collection, 6 pkts. different varieties, our selection, for **25c.**
Bruce's "B" Vegetable Collection, 12 pkts. different varieties, our selection, for **50c.**
Bruce's "C" Vegetable Collection, 11 pkts. different varieties and ¼-lb. each, Beans, Corn and Peas, our selection, for **75c.**

FREE—Our handsomely illustrated 112-page catalogue of Vegetable, Farm and Flower Seeds, Plants, Bulbs, Poultry Supplies, Garden Implements, etc., for 1915. Send for it.

John A. Bruce & Co., Ltd. Hamilton, Ontario. Established Sixty-five years.

PATHOGENIC GERMS



The disease germs that cause Distemper, Pinkeye, Epizootic, Influenza, Catarrhal Fever, are so easily destroyed and expelled from the system by using "SPOHN'S." This remedy also multiplies and strengthens the health germs in the system and fortifies the horse, mare or colt against any contagious diseases. "SPOHN'S" is always safe and ready, and never fails to do its intended work. All druggists and turf goods houses, or delivered by manufacturers.

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FREE!! $200.00 IN CASH AND 100 VALUABLE PREMIUMS GIVEN AWAY!

1st PRIZE, $50.00 in Cash *3rd PRIZE $35.00 in Cash*
2nd PRIZE, $40.00 in Cash *4th PRIZE $25.00 in Cash*
5th to 9th PRIZES, each $10.00 in Cash.

WAR PUZZLE



The above picture shows a Torpedo Boat Destroyer and an Aeroplane. The Aeroplane belongs to the enemy. It has just dropped a bomb on the deck of the war vessel. Some of the crew have been knocked down by the shock, and some have jumped into the water in an endeavour to save themselves by getting aboard other boats that are near by. Can you find the faces of the fourteen men in this picture? Some will be easily found, others are harder to discern, but by patience you can probably find most of them. You may win a cash prize by doing so. Many have done this. If you find the faces mark each one with an X; cut out the picture and send it to us together with a slip of paper on which you have written the words, "I have found all the faces and marked them." Write these nine words plainly and neatly as in cases of ties both writing and neatness will be considered factors in this contest.

This may take up a little of your time but as there is *$200.00* in cash and One Hundred Premiums given away, it is worth your while to take a little trouble over this matter.

We do not ask you to spend One Cent of your Money in order to enter this Contest.

Send your answer at once; we will reply by return mail saying whether you are correct or not and will send you a complete prize list together with the names and addresses of the persons who have recently received over *$2,000.00* in cash prizes from us, and will also send full particulars of a simple condition that must be fulfilled in order that you may qualify in this contest. (This condition does not involve the spending of any of your money.)

Winners of cash prizes in our late competitions will not be allowed to enter this one.

This Competition will be judged by two well known business men of undoubted integrity who have no connection with this Company. Their decisions must be accepted as final.

Send your reply direct to— HOUSEHOLD SPECIALTY CO'Y. DEPT W, MONTREAL.

MACHINERY FOR SALE

Contents of Large Factory

Shafting one to three inches diameter; Pulleys twenty to fifty inches; Belting four to twelve inches. Will sell entire or in part.

No reasonable offer refused

S. FRANK WILSON & SONS
73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

$500 FOR A NAME



This is the beautiful new perfume, made in Canada, endorsed and used exclusively by Mde. Pauline Donalda, the famous Canadian Prima Donna.

We want a suitable name for it, and so will give.

$500 IN CASH PRIZES

as follows:—
$400.00 for the best name.
50.00 for the best description of the perfume.
25.00 for the second best name.
10.00 for the second best description.
5.00 for the third best description.
and ten $1.00 prizes for the next best descriptions.

The winner of the contest will be decided by a committee of Montreal's leading advertising men and their decision will be final. Should two or more contestants send in the winning name the prize will be equally divided, and an additional prize to the value of $5.00 will be given each successful contestant. No employee or member of this firm shall enter the contest. The contest closes at midnight, March 31st, 1915.

HOW TO ENTER:—To enable every contestant to try the new perfume before submitting their suggestion for a name we make the following Special Offer:—For one dime, ten cents, we will send one of our Special Souvenir Bottles of the Perfume—regular 25 cents size—together with Free Contest Slip, and One Premium Coupon. All for 10 cents. It is necessary to have the Free Contest Slip to enter.

Write to-day. You will be delighted with the perfume, and have a chance to win the big prize.

RODGERS, GRAY & STEWART, PERFUMERS
Dept. W.I. 332 BLEURY ST., MONTREAL.

Hints for the Home

Cold Weather Breakfasts.

If breakfast is merely a repast of rolls and coffee, then it is much the same in winter and summer. But if it consists of any other dishes, it should change with the season. The school child's winter breakfast, for instance, should be of a different sort from the breakfast it eats in the summer. If a walk or other exercise is taken before school begins, the breakfast should be of a rather substantial order. Oatmeal, hominy and rice are good cereals for this breakfast. A baked apple or a raw one or an orange can precede the cereal. Afterwards crisp buttered toast and a cup of cocoa, not too rich with cocoa, but made entirely of milk, can be eaten. This breakfast is substantial enough for any child. A poached or coddled egg can occasionally be substituted for it if cereal is not liked by the child. The egg breakfast, too, is more suitable for a child inclined to fatness, for cereal and the milk or cream eaten with it are somewhat fattening.

For the adult who eats more than rolls and coffee for breakfast, honey or marmalade or jam are often relished instead of fresh fruit for the winter breakfast. One of these sweets, with toast, coffee and a coddled egg, rounds out a satisfactory breakfast.

Butter should be generously indulged in at breakfast time by anyone who is immediately going out into the cold. Bacon, broiled or served with or without eggs, is another good breakfast dish in cold weather. In fact, any digestible fat may be eaten. Bacon served with fish makes fish an ideal winter breakfast dish.

Boiled rice, boiled until it is light and flaky, eaten with thick cream and a bit of nutmeg, can well be the staple dish at breakfast for grown-up or child. The fats in the cream supplement the good qualities of the rice in just the right manner.

The charm of the winter breakfast lies in its heat. Lukewarm coffee, cold toast and an egg that is growing stiff and cold are bad enough in summer; in winter they are intolerable. A percolater is ideal for coffee-making, as it furnishes coffee always fresh and piping hot. Coffee can be poured from the pot in which it was made into a china pot heated with boiling water or into cups heated in the same way, or it can be served in the metal pot in which it was cooked or in a silver pot. Toast can be kept hot in a chafing dish blazer, over water kept bubbling by an alcohol flame. Eggs can be put in a small and neat little aluminum dish in boiling water and brought to the table in this dish, to be taken out when they have reached the desired stage.

Soup Secrets.

Soup cannot be made in a hurry.

All remnants of meat, bones, bacon and pieces of every description should be used to make stock, which is the foundation of all soups.

Stock must be frequently skimmed during the early stage of the proceedings.

Never allow stock or soup to cool in the saucepan. The liquid should be poured off and strained into an earthenware bowl.

The bones should be boiled for two or three hours and all the scum removed before the vegetables are added, which should be simmered until tender.

Useful Hints.

A letter sealed with the white of an egg can never be steamed open.

Put an apple in the tin box with the cake, it will keep the cake moist.

If soot falls on the carpet, sprinkle thickly with salt before sweeping up.

In making salad dressing, cream and melted butter may be used in place of oil.

Corks may be made airtight and watertight by keeping them immersed in oil for five minutes.

To help out a meatless meal use cream soups, or dishes which include cheese, beans or eggs.

The bone should be left in a roast; it will help to keep the juice in and will add flavor and sweetness.

When filling pepper shakers, always pour the pepper through a funnel made of clean card or stiff paper.

Geraniums should not be watered too often. Give them a soaking and then allow the soil to dry out completely.

A paste of minced raisins and figs, with a rash of lemon juice, makes an excellent filling for sandwiches.

Wash tea or coffee stains on table linen with sweet milk and then plunge them into the suds ready for washing.

Half a dozen camphor balls placed in the silver drawer will do much toward preventing the silverware from tarnishing.

If table linen becomes stained from candle drippings the wax can be removed by rubbing with a soft cloth moistened with alcohol.

Always empty any water left before boiling the kettle. Very frequently the fat taste of tea is caused by using water that already has been boiled.

Soot from a stove or chimney where wood is burned, if put into a pitcher and boiling water poured over it, makes a healthy drink for house and garden plants.

To renovate linoleum, mix equal parts of vinegar and raw linseed oil, After linoleum has been washed shake the mixture well and use it for wiping the floor covering.

Dried fruit and vegetables should not be soaked in cold water; wash thoroughly in many changes of water and soak them in a generous amount of tepid water; they will swell larger.

When serving hot bread or pastry of any kind, use hot plates. The most delicious pastries will become soggy when served on cold plates while they are still warm.

To remove finger marks and other spots from white woodwork dip a very slighly moistened cloth in whiting and rub the stains very lightly. Change the cloth frequently, as fast as it absorbs the dirt.

If before a fowl is plucked it is placed in a basin of boiling water with a piece of soda the size of a walnut for a few minutes the feathers will come out easily, no matter how old the fowl may be; and the flesh will be tender and white.

Try whipping the cream in the upper part of a double boiler, with fine ice or cold water placed in the lower part. The cream will not spatter so much and will be kept cool and will whip much more quickly.

If you want the best piecrust, says Cook, it should be made the day before you wish to use it and put into a cold pantry. Then the crust will be flaky and crisp. If you wish to retain the crispness after baking, let the pies cool thoroughly before putting away. To improve the top crust of pie she has found the following very good: Brush it over with water and then sprinkle with granulated sugar. This improves the appearance and makes it brown and crisp.

PAST HUMAN RECOGNITION.

Prof. von Leyden Says No German Will Associate With English.

"The English have placed themselves beyond the pale of human recognition.

"They have raised the banner of brutality and crime.

"They are utter barbarians and as such are not fit to be admitted to civilized German circles."

So writes Prof. von Leyden in the Frankfurter Zeitung. He continues in the same vein:

"When peace has been restored not a self-respecting German will ever consent to remain in any room of which an Englishman is the occupant. If the German cannot eject the Englishman he will himself leave the room.

"We cannot be expected to breathe the same polluted air as our deadliest foes who fell upon us from the rear and in the dark.

"There can be no rest or repose for any honest German till the British empire has been swept into the oblivion of past history."

Having dealt with Russia and France in similar trenchant fashion, Prof. von Leyden concludes:

"Finally there are the neutral nations. Most of them side in sympathy with the English, Russians and French; most of them entertain hostile feelings against Germany.

"Let us ban them from our homes and our tables; they must understand that they are condemned to be left out in the cold just because they do not merit German approval.

"Germans are the salt of the earth; they will fulfill their destiny, which is to rule the world and to control other nations for the benefit of mankind."

Make One Job of It.

McTavish (to convalescent soldier)—"I was hearin' ye had a bullet in ye yet. Are ye no' gawn ta hae it taen oot?" Soldier—"No' the noo. Ye see, I'll be gawn back tae the fr-ront in a wee while, an' when I come back I'll just hae them a' oot thegither."—Scotch Paper.

Was Pale-Looking.

Cook—The tea is quite exhausted, ma'am.

Mistress—I noticed that it seemed very weak the last time.

A man must be an egotist to boast that he never has the wool pulled over his I's.

"Don't you think a girl should marry an economical man?" asked Madge. "Oh, I suppose so," answered Dolly, "but I tell you it's awful being engaged to one."

He, sarcastically—'You know some one has said, 'If you would make a lasting pair of shoes, take for the soles the tongue of a woman.'' She—"Yes, and for the uppers the cheek of the man who said it."

"I want to sue Dr. Blank for heavy damages!" said the citizen, entering the lawyer's office. "What has he done?" asked the attorney. "When he operated on me he left a pair of surgical scissors in me. How much can I sue him for?" "Oh, don't sue him at all," counseled the lawyer. "Just send him a bill for storage."



British Wounded Tommies Enjoy a Football Game.

Despite the war, football still plays a prominent part in the life of the Englishman. This picture shows some of the crowd at a recent Chelsea vs. Arsenal match, with wounded soldiers occupying front seats, which they were given out of respect for their services to their country.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH 14.

Lesson XI. Saul Gains His Kingdom.—1 Sam. 11. Golden Text, Prov. 16. 32.

Verse 1. Nahash the Ammonite—"Nahash" means "snake." He was king of the Ammonites, as we read in 1 Sam. 12. 12; 2 Sam. 10. 1, 2; 17. 27. In 2 Sam. 17 25 we read that Abigail was the daughter of Nahash, the sister of Zeruiah. In 1 Chron. 2. 15, 16 Zeruiah is mentioned as one of the sisters of David. In 2 Sam. 10. 2 we learn that Nahash had been kind to David, and in 2 Sam. 17. 27 that Shobi, the son of Nahash, was friendly to David in his exile.

Jabesh-gilead—See Judg. 21. 8. The Ammonites were envious of Israel because the latter possessed Gilead. See Judg. 10. 6-18. 11.

2. That all your right eyes be put out—To put out the right eye would not only be a disastrous physical handicap, but would bring exceeding great reproach upon the children of Israel who were thus inflicted. See Num. 16. 14; Judg. 16. 21; Prov. 30. 17.

3. The elders of Jabesh said unto him—The civil government of Israel was in the hands of the elders. See Judg. 8. 14-16; 11. 5ff; also Deut. 19. 12.

4. Then came the messengers to Gibeah of Saul.—This does not mean that they came to Gibeah because Saul was there. They simply happened to come to the place of Saul's residence. They did not know that he was to be the future king. Saul, it will be remembered, had said nothing about his anointing. In fact, he refrained from answering a direct question of his uncle. See 1 Sam. 10, 14-16.

All the people lifted up their voice and wept—Great grief among the Orientals is expressed in loud wailing. See Gen. 27. 38; Judg. 2. 4; 21. 2. The crying of grown men in Palestine to-day strikes the visitor as singular. It is not at all unusual to come upon men and boys weeping as a consequence of failure to get what they want.

5. Behold, Saul came following the oxen out of the field—He had been plowing and was just returning. He happened to come upon the messengers.

Saul said, What aileth the people that they weep?—He had heard nothing about the occurrence at Jabesh-gilead. As the people were weeping, he naturally wauld ask the reason why.

6. The Spirit of God came mightily upon Saul when he heard those words, and his anger was kindled greatly—The Spirit of God evidenced itself in great energy and power. He who was possessed of this Spirit was ready for great things. See Judg. 3. 10; 6. 34; 11. 29; 13. 25.

7. He took a yoke of oxen and cut them in pieces—Oxen were valuable to the agricultural people, even as asses were. Saul's quick understanding of the situation showed him how best he could bring the people to rally about him. The warning could not fail to have its effect, as they could not afford to lose their oxen.

Sent them throughout all the borders of Israel.—This was a usual way of apprising the children of Israel of any calamity or stirring event.

Whosoever cometh not forth after Saul and after Samuel—Samuel still was mighty in the land. His influence would go far in showing the children of Israel not only what the emergency was, but what the chances of success were. Saul was unknown as a leader. Samuel was a chosen prophet. Samuel's name, therefore, gave weight to the summons which Saul sent forth.

The dread of Jehovah fell on the people, and they came out as one man—The fear of Jehovah did not cause weakness; it rather inspired strength. When Jehovah called, the children must obey. They feared him because if they were disobedient, and he exercised his anger, the result would be worse than any evil which could come to them in battle.

8. He numbered them—It would seem as though they were numbered in order to be sure that no man was lacking. See Judg. 21. 9, where the people were numbered seemingly to discover whether any of the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead were present.

Bezek was perhaps a district rather than a town or city. See Judg. 1. 4, 5.

9. To-morrow, by the time the sun is hot, ye shall have deliverance—This would be toward noon. From Bezek to Jabesh-gilead was about a night's march. See 1. Sam. 31. 12. "To-morrow," doubtless, was the last of the seven days.

10. Therefore the men of Jabesh said to Nahash, To-morrow we will come out unto you, and ye shall do with us all that seemeth good unto you—They did not intimate at what time of the day they would come. As they had the whole of the day, it was not necessary to designate the hour. They let the messengers of Nahash believe that they were going to accede to the terms of Nahash.

11. It was so on the morrow, that Saul put the people in three companies—They started to march the night before, so evidently the army was not divided until they had come near to the proposed scene of battle.

They came into the midst of the camp in the morning watch—The camp means, of course, the camp of the enemy. The morning watch was the last of the three watches of four hours each, into which the night was divided. The time, therefore, was between two o'clock and six o'clock in the morning. Notice, again, that the Israelites struck the blow at an exceeding early hour in the morning, and compare Gideon's attack in Judg. 7. 19.

Smote the Ammonites until the heat of the day—The battle evidently lasted many hours.

It came to pass that they that remained were scattered, so that not two of them were left together—Not only were most of the Ammonites killed, but those who escaped escaped singly.

Saul's delivery of the men of Jabesh-gilead was held in grateful memory. When later he met defeat in battle, the Philistines fastened his headless body to the wall at Beth-Shan. When the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead heard this, "the valiant men arose and went all night, and took the body of Saul and the bodies of his sons from the wall of Beth-Shan," and buried their bones "under the tamarisk-tree in Jabesh, and fasted seven days." See 1 Sam. 31. 7-13.

12. The people said unto Samuel, Who is he that said, Shall Saul reign over us? bring the men, that we may put them to death—This has reference to 1 Sam. 10. 27.

13. There shall not a man be put to death this day; for to-day Jehovah hath wrought deliverance in Israel—Saul, first of all, gives the credit of the victory to Jehovah and, secondly, shows keen judgment in not allowing any man to be sought out and annoyed. Had he permitted this, even those who would have been leaders in the search and killing would afterward have turned against Saul for having permitted it. See 2 Sam. 19. 22 for a similar instance of good sense on the part of David.

14. Renew the kingdom — The kingdom had been established when Samuel anointed Saul, but there had been no public proclamation. Samuel did not want to discredit the first act in the establishment of the kingdom, although that act was a private one. Now when the fact of the kingship is to be publicly proclaimed, he simply says, we will "renew," or make public, what has already been done.

15. There they offered sacrifices of peace-offerings before Jehovah—In 1 Sam. 10. 8, Samuel tells Saul that he will come down to him later to offer burnt-offerings and to sacrifice sacrifices of peace-offerings. As this was a part of the ceremony of making Saul king, Samuel is now keeping his promise.

NOTES OF SCIENCE

Australia contains about 45 horses to every 100 residents.

The herring catch of England last year was the greatest on record.

Last year's apple crop of the United States approximated 86,300,000 barrels.

Cuba is the greatest consumer of raisins among the Spanish-American countries.

A new wire fastener to hold a cork in a bottle also may be used to draw the cork.

In proportion to population Japan has more suicides than any other civilized nation.

If necessary the nut trees of the world could supply nourishment to its entire population.

India has a new law limiting the working hours of adults to twelve a day and of children to six.

Cubas' deposits of iron ore are estimated to contain all the way from 2,000,000,000 to 3,000,000,000 tons.

A clock motor inside a new decoy duck makes it swim slowly about and emit the call of the living birds.

An Alpine blacier has been converted into an ice mine by a practical Swiss, who mines and markets the ice.

Of the electricity generated in Canadian hydraulic plants along the border more than half is exported to the United States.

English makers have developed a steel especially adapted for cutlery that is said to be non-rusting, unstainable and untarnishable.

The government of Natal has engaged a Kentucky expert to improve the quality of native tobacco and foster the industry generally.

For his own use a Chicago architect has built an eleven-room bungalow on the roof of an eight-story-apartment house, 110 feet in the air.

For use in the harbor of Naples the Italian government has purchased a fire-tug, the pumps of which can deliver 1,245 tons of water an hour.

An 11,600-acre live stock and dairy farm in Northern New York has been completely electrified for light and power by damming a nearby stream.

The governments of Brazil and Peru have combined to maintain a chain of wireless telegraph stations all the way across the continent of South America.

The Peruvian Congress has authorized the construction of a railroad from the present most easterly terminus in that country to the head of navigation on the Amazon River.

Recruiting Story from Wales.

One of the latest recruits stood 6 ft. 2 in., and on joining he expanded his chest, and exclaimed, "Now for the Germans." The following day he received from London a telegram—"Heartiest congratulations. Kitchener." This was duly shown round, but next morning his pride was boundless on receiving the royal message—"The Empire is proud of you.—George." When on the third day he received a wire—"For God's sake, keep neutral.—Wilhelm," he began to see that jokers were about.

BRITAIN IS NOT WORRYING

SUBMARINE THREATS DO NOT FRIGHTEN.

Naval Authorities Say Germany Has But Fifteen Under-Sea Craft.

If Germany's submarines have thrown England into a panic, or if they have even inspired fear, those facts do not appear in the public utterances of British statesmen, in the public press, in the comments of the people, or in the opinions of the military and naval experts.

As a matter of fact, England affects to pooh-pooh the effectiveness of the German submarine, particularly when the ultimate end of the war is considered. It is urged that all the submarines Germany has or may put forth will not loosen Britain's control of the seas, which is vital to the cause of the allies. Germany may destroy a number of British merchantmen, but that will make no difference in the general result.

Naval Experts' Opinion.

Naval experts, writing in this reassuring strain, are quick to point out that Germany has only about fifteen submarines from which anything seriously threatening need be anticipated. They are the U-21 and the dozen or so of higher numbers. These are the newer boats with a wide steaming and diving radius, as shown by a description of them published just before the war in a German newspaper.

The new 800 ton submarines are armed with fourteen pounder quick-firing guns on disappearing mountings, one before and one abaft the conning tower. Each gun rests on a conical pivot, and the total weight of weapon and mount is about thirteen and one-half hundredweight.

How Guns Are Fired.

The time occupied in making the gun ready for action is twenty seconds, reckoning from the moment the boat comes to the surface to the firing of the first shot. Each weapon is served by three men. No. 1 hands up the ammunition from the watertight and collision-proof magazine, No. 2 loads, and No. 3 aims and fires. The gun can be elevated to 90 degrees, and its characteristics are similar to those of Krupp's. When the boat is about to submerge the gun collapses on its supports and swings down to its resting place, the operation being performed by a single lever. A watertight hatch then closes over the cavity. The weapon is brought up to firing position by spring rams which also come into play by a single movement.

Submarine Armor Plate.

The new submarines have armor protection over their vital parts, viz., the conning tower, and that portion of the hull which is exposed when the vessel is awash. Coincident with the increased displacement the motor installation has been made much more powerful. Each boat has two Diesel motors with a designed aggregate horsepower of 1,800, giving a speed on the surface of seventeen knots. The submerged speed is twelve knots. The U-21, which was launched last February at the Dantzic yard in an almost complete state, was the first representative of this improved type.

These vessels can travel as far as 3,000 miles on the surface and seventy miles under water. It is only about 1,000 miles from Wilhelmshaven to the Lancashire coast, which makes it unnecessary for them to have any secret base.

THOUGHTS FOR THE DAY.

In this great conflict democracy is on its trial.—Lord Roberts.

No true Dutchman could possibly be happy as a German.—Mr. J. W. Robertson-Scott.

Men of the noblest disposition think themselves happiest when others share their happiness with them.—Jeremy Taylor.

We probably derive more happiness from work for others than from what we do for ourselves. To work for others consecrates even the humblest labor.—Lord Avebury.

Virtue is like precious colors, most fragrant when they are incensed and crushed; for prosperity does best discover vice, but adversity doth best discover virtue.—Bacon.

The youth gets together his materials to build a bridge to the moon, or, perchance, a palace or temple on the earth, and at length the middle-aged man concludes to build a woodshed with them.—Thoreau.

A man who lives right, and is right, has more power in his silence than another by his words. Character is life bells which ring out sweet music, and which, when touched accidentally even, recound with sweet music.—Phillips Brooks.

Her Father—"No, young man, my daughter can never be yours." Her Adorer—"My dear sir, I don't want her to be my daughter—I want her to be my wife."

The Leader
ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY
The Leader Publishing Co.

FRIDAY, MARCH 12, 1915.

BOUCKS HILL

Mr. Herbert Reddick of Morrisburg has moved south of our little village on the farm lately occupied by Roy Weaver, also Mr. Arthur Russel of Grantley has moved on the farm lately occupied by Mr. William Carr. We welcome them into our midst and wish them success in their new homes.

A few from here attended the Red Cross Tea which was held at the home of Mr. M. Thom at Elma on Friday evening last.

Mr. N. Weaver left on Saturday to spend a few days with friends at DeKalb Junction.

Mrs. Harry Becksted is spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Bowman of Froatburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Hyndman have returned after spending a few days with friends at Heckston and Mountain.

Mrs. Stanley Forward and little daughter, Hazel, of Froatburn were calling on friends here on Friday.

Miss Libbie Weaver of DeKalb Junction is visiting at her parental home here.

Mr. Norman Beach of Winchester passed through our little village recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Smyth of Winchester Springs were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charley Baker last week.

Mr. Roy Cassel and cousin, Willie Bowman, were visiting friends here on Sunday last.

Mrs. R. Herriman and son, James, of Elma, were visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hilas Herriman on Tuesday.

NUDELL BUSH

Mr. Mason Beckstead and Mr. Clarence Baker are busy moving this week.

Miss May Williams of Archer spent Wednesday at Mr. Shultice's.

Mrs. Beaupra of town is spending a while here with her daughter, Mrs. T. Barnhart, who is very ill.

A few from Riverside spent Friday evening at Mr. M. F. Reddick's

A large crowd from here drove to Froatburn on Saturday to witness a hockey match between Nudell Bush and Froatburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Beckstead visited at Mr. Freen Casselman's on Saturday.

Mr. Calvin Loucks is busy sawing with his new ten H. P. gasoline engine.

Mr. andMrs. Geo Crammer spent Saturday and Sunday at Dunbar with Mrs. Crammer's mother who is seriously ill.

Mr. Jas. Prunner spent Monday at his son's, Mr. Harold Prunner's.

Mr. Harry Doyle has returned to his work again. He being called home to attend the funeral of his father, Mr. Wesley Doyle.

Mr. Geo. Henophy was a business caller in Archer.

DUNDELA

The special services which have been held here for the past two weeks closed on Sunday evening

Miss Floy Sypes of Ogdensburg returned home on Wednesday after spending a few days under the parental roof.

Mr and Mrs Arlie Locke spent Sunday at the home of Harvey McIntosh.

Mrs William Lavier and daughters Elsie and Keitha returned home to Pittston on Monday after spending a couple of days at the home of Mrs H. Sypes.

Mrs Reuben Cooper of Brinston and Mrs Henrietta Cooper of South Mountain spent Monday the guests of Mr and Mrs A. W Cooper.

Mr R. Dillabough was a business caller in our vicinity on Wednesday.

ANY DYSPEPTIC CAN GET WELL

By Taking "Fruit-a-tives" Says Capt. Swan

Life is very miserable to those who suffer with Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Sour Stomach and Biliousness. This letter from Captain Swan (one of the best known skippers on the Great Lakes) tells how to get quick relief from Stomach Trouble.

PORT BURWELL, ONT., May 8th, 1913.

"A man has a poor chance of living and enjoying life when he cannot eat. That was what was wrong with me. Loss of appetite and indigestion was brought on by Constipation. I have had trouble with these diseases for years. I lost a great deal of flesh and suffered constantly. For the last couple of years, I have taken "Fruit-a-tives" and have been so pleased with the results that I have recommended them on many occasions to friends and acquaintances. I am sure that "Fruit-a-tives" have helped me greatly. By following the diet rules and taking "Fruit-a-tives" according to directions, any person with Dyspepsia will get benefit".

H. SWAN

"Fruit-a-tives" are sold by all dealers at 50c. a box 6 for $2.50, or trial size 25c. or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

MARRIED AND SINGLE MEN BATTLE

Of the many hockey matches of interest which took place this winter, last Thursday's match, when the "boys" met and defeated the old-timers by a score of 1 to 0 was one that created more than usual interest, The game started at 10 p.m. and lasted till 12.15. The old-timers were satisfied, however, that this only meant a temporary defeat, and on Monday night they met their opponents in another friendly game which resulted in a win for the married men the score being 6 to 1. The "boys" will now raise their hats to their opponents for another season.

BORN

GORMLEY—At Alexandria, Feb. 24, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Gormley, a son.

HEATH—At Cornwall, on Feb. 25, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Allen Heath, a son.

MYERS—To Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Myers, Winchester Springs, on February 27th, 1915, a daughter, (Grace Pearl).

MARRIED

ROBINSON—TIMMINS—On Wednesday, March 3rd, 1915, at the Manse, Kemptville, by Dr. P. A. McLeod, M.A., M. C. Robinson, Winchester, to Louvia C. Timmins, eldest daughter of Wm. G. Timmins, Warden of the United Counties.

BOUCK — GOGO — At Trinity Church, Cornwall, March 3, 1915, Peter Gogo, of Williamsburg, to Jean Innes Bouck of Aultsville.

DIED

MARCELLUS—On Sunday, March 7th, at Froatburn, Mrs. W. O. Marcellus, in her 63rd year. Funeral service was held in the Lutheran Church, Riverside, on Tuesday, Rev. C. H. Little, D. D. officiating.

McDONALD—At Cornwall, Feb. 27, 1915, Mildred Turple, wife of John A. McDonald of St. Andrews, aged 35.

MORGAN—At Aultsville, Jane Nudell, relict of the late Nelson Morgan.

HUTCHISON—At Iroquois, Elizabeth Rennick, wife of John Hutchison.

Delegates

The delegates and visitors who went to Toronto last week in connection with the Memorial road are:

MORRISBURG

Reeve Meikle, Messrs. J. McKenzie, C. Colquhoun, and W. H. Fetterly.

IROQUOIS

W. F. Bell, M. Beach, R. Ellis, R. S. Pelton.

CHESTERVILLE

Frank McCloskey, W. H. Casselman, Percy Allison, O. D. Casselman.

WINCHESTER

W. J. Fisher, Mahlon Bailey, A. Sweet, J. F. Ault.

WINCHESTER TOWNSHIP

Patrick Kirby, Chesterville, J. A. Bogart, Chesterville, George Quartz, Winchester, Frank Fraser, Morewood, J. W. Bogart, Morewood, Allan Stevens, Morewood, J. A. Campbell, Ormond.

MOUNTAIN TOWNSHIP

Wm. Timmins, Inkerman, Joel Thompson, Hallville, Dr. Ferrier, South Mountain, John Millar, Inkerman, Joseph Robinson, Winchester, Robert Nerlholland, South Mountain, Thos. Carlyle, Vernon.

MATILDA TOWNSHIP

Eli Merkley, Iroquois, J. J. Payne, Brinston, Geo. Smith, Dundela, Thos. Johnston, Glen Stewart.

WILLIAMSBURG TOWNSHIP

M. S. Beckstead, Froatburn.

OSGOODE TOWNSHIP
(Carleton County)

Alex. Dow, Vernon, D. J. Hill, Marvelville, James Slater, Vernon, Duncan Carkner, Kenmore, T. B. Acres, Vernon, James McVey, Metcalfe, James McLaurin, Metcalfe.

ROXBOROUGH TOWNSHIP
(Stormont County)

H. Miller, Avonmore, W. Wert, Avonmore.

OSNABRUCK TOWNSHIP
(Stormont County)

Wm. Brown, Dickinson's Landing.

Dr. Geo. Cook, Toronto, R. Stewart Muir, Toronto.

Members of Legislature—I. Hilliard, Dundas; R. Shearer, Stormont; H. Munro, Glengarry; D. Racine, Russell.

THE QUESTION

Why will men fight?

Is it not true that God gave his life
That we might live; and love; and populate the earth
With fruits of kindness, fellowship and truth?
Did He not say "love thy neighbor as thy self" and
Oft has rung His message to the world "Thou shalt not kill."

Why then will men fight?

Is it because they're forced by some illiterate fiend
Whose very presence on this earth is a mistake?
Yet one who holds a nation's future in his hands and by
His weakness slowly leads them down to hell?

Is it this, or are they deaf to God's appeal?

Perhaps they do not hear the cries of little children, or
Of those at home, bereft of all that life holds dear.
Perhaps they're blind to suffering, pain and sorrow, wrought
By their own hands against their fellow men.

Or can it be that through the mists beyond
They have not seen the face of Him who died that they might live.

And as they fight He watches through His tears.

February 18th, 1915. DOUGLAS WAKEFIELD COUTLEE.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Head Office : - Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - - -	$ 4,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits -	4,978,289
Total Assets over - - -	50,000,000

Board of Directors :

HON. GEORGE BRYSON, President. JOHN B. FRASER, Vice-President
SIR HENRY N. BATE, DAVID MACLAREN,
RUSSELL BLACKBURN, DENIS MURPHY,
SIR HENRY K. EGAN, HON. SIR GEORGE H. PERLEY,
E. C. WHITNEY.
GEORGE BURN, General Manager.
D. M. FINNIE, Asst-General Manager.
W. DUTHIE, Chief Inspector.

MORRISBURG BRANCH—B. A. HERRING, Manager

One baking tells the tale.
Use PURITY FLOUR
once and you'll always
use it.

PURITY FLOUR

MAKES
"More Bread and Better Bread"
and—Better Pastry too.

Buy a sack of PURITY. Your money will be returned if it does not prove entirely satisfactory. 613

Sold by Mullin Bros., Casselman Bros., W. G. Beckstead, Chas. S. Colquhoun.
C. E. CASSELMAN, Distributor.



COMING

Prof. Pember

of the well-known Hair Goods Store, Toronto, will be in

MORRISBURG

— AT THE —

St. Lawrence Hall

— ON —

Tuesday, March 16

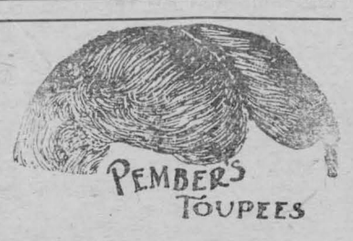
with a full line of the latest styles in hair goods for ladies and gentlemen, manufactured from the finest European hair and perfectly made.

FOR BALD MEN

The Pember lightweight Toupee or Wig is the most natural substitute for your own hair ever produced.

Also consult him about Scalp Troubles. Advice free of charge.

Remember the Date—St. Lawrence Hall, TUESDAY, MARCH 16th.





Many women with disfigured complexions

never seem to think that they need an occasional cleansing *inside* as well as *outside*. Yet neglect of this internal bathing shows itself in spotty, and sallow complexions—as well as in dreadful headaches and biliousness. It's because the liver becomes sluggish, and waste matter accumulates which Nature cannot remove without assistance. The best

CHAMBERLAIN'S TABLETS



remedy is Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets, which stimulate the liver to healthy activity, remove fermentation, gently cleanse the stomach and bowels and tone the whole digestive system. Sure, safe and reliable. Take one at night and you feel bright and sunny in the morning. Get Chamberlain's today—druggists 25c., or by mail from

Chamberlain Medicine Company, Toronto 15

OLD BACKS NEED HELP

When people get to be 50 and 60 ... need a little help sometimes to ... with the day's work. Their backs can't stand the heavy loads the steady strain, of lusty youth. They need

Gin Pills
FOR THE KIDNEYS

St. Raphael Ont., Jan. 5th.

"Four years ago, I had such pains in my back that I could not work. The pains extended to my arms, sides and shoulders. I used many kinds of medicine for over a year, none of which did me very much good. I read about Gin Pills and sent for a sample and used them and found the pains were leaving me and I was feeling better. So I bought one box and before I had used them all, the pains were almost gone and I could keep at work. After I had taken six other boxes, I was entirely cured and I feel as strong as at the age of 30. I am a farmer, now 61 years old." FRANK LEALAND

Gin Pills are "Made in Canada". 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 at all dealers. Sold in U.S. under the name of "GINO" Pills Trial treatment free if you write National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto. 284

GIN PILLS FOR THE KIDNEYS TRADE MARK REGISTERED NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA LIMITED



THE PAGES OF

EATON'S NEW SPRING CATALOGUE

OFFER YOU THOUSANDS OF MONEY-SAVING VALUES

FIRST, please bear this phrase in mind, **"Quality High, Price Low,"** for this is the ideal of **EATON** value. In the 300 pages of the new **EATON** Spring and Summer Catalogue there are thousands of values like this.

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If you want to save money—if you want to get the most value for the money you spend—write for the **EATON** Catalogue, No. 114, **TO-DAY.** It represents the work of an entire season of our immense organization, of our buying offices in England, France, the United States and Canada, of our own factories producing goods for you at a saving of all middlemen's profits—all to give you an easy means of making every-day purchases for less money. Surely such an effort **must** mean savings for you.

And **TO-DAY—NOW** is the time to write for this free book. Address

THE T. EATON Co LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA



ALL-WOOL SERGE SUIT

56-184A This Suit shows a practical result in price economy due to our immense manufacturing facilities. It is of fine All-Wool English Serge bought at the mill before wool advanced, thus contributing with our workrooms to the low pricing of this suit. The smart style 28-inch coat is lined with silk-faced satin, and shows the new belted effect slightly raised at the waist line, button trimmed; the dainty embroidered organdie muslin collar being removable. The skirt is one of the newest models, flaring at the foot with extra fullness from pleats at each side, while just below the coat is seen the fashionable yoke—a very prominent feature with the new skirts. Busts 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42. Skirt lengths 38 to 42 inches. Colors—Black, Navy, Holland Blue, also the new Putty (or light fawn shade)

ONE OF OUR STAR BARGAINS

10.00

We Pay the Shipping Charges on this Suit

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, President. J. C ALGUIRE, Sec'y-Trea

Have You Tried This Wonderful Product?

Special Sale on

PALMOLIVE

80c. Worth for 50c.

Shampoo, 50c.
2 Cakes Soap 30c

This Bargain For 50c.

"PALMOLIVE is made in CANADA"

Cream 50c.
Soap 30c.

80c. Worth For 50c.

First Come, First Served. Our stock is limited and you don't want to miss this Bargain.

FOR SALE BY

D. T. HENDERSON

The Rexall Store

MORRISBURG, - - ONT.

Farmers Attention!

We will have in a few days a car load of

Read's Celebrated Fertilizer

Now is the time to place your orders for this celebrated brand of Fertilizer

A great chance for the Blacksmith

For their spring supply of coal we are now offering our B. C.C. Cumberland Smithing Coal at wholesale prices

In ½ ton or ton lots at $5 50 per ton

Smaller quantities $6 00 per ton

Portland Cement

We are handling one of the Canadian Cement Company's

BEST BRAND

Delivered in any quantity

GUARANTEED BY

BAKER & SNYDER

Surprise Store

Now is the Time

to get your

Spring Garden and Vegetable Seed

We have a full fresh line always on hand; also a full line of fresh groceries.

Highest price paid for butter and eggs.

Call and be convinced before buying elsewhere.

Casselman & Prunner

Morrisburg. - - Ont.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Miss Mable Locke of Dixon's Corners visited a few days last week at Robt. S. Merkley's.

Frank Barkley and sister Luva, spent the latter part of the week at Thos. Deeks.

Some people are counting their chickens before they are hatched.

Mr. Jacob Barkley of Dixon's Corners spent Friday visiting at Chas. Deuland's.

Corp. Alfred Casselman spent the week-end under the parental roof.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Whitteker visited at S. I. Casselman's on Sunday.

Our new barber shop opened on Saturday last under the management of Mr. Ross Stata. Boys, give Ross a trial.

A very enjoyable evening was spent by the young folks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Perault's on Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Perault were presented with a handsome rocker. They left on Thursday for Chesterville where Ed. will be the able manager of a cheese factory.

We are sorry to report so many young people on the sick list this week. Your correspondent has noted the following: Josephine Whittiker, Alice McIntosh, Alice Eastwood, Verna Whittiker, Florence Merkley, Stella Barkley, Ethel Whittiker, Anna Maurer, Fred Warring, Hugh McIntosh, Bob Whittiker, Grant Casselman, Geo. Casselman. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Sam Holmes is spending a few days visiting at Uncle Sam's.

Max Strange has returned to our village again after taking a three weeks' holidays.

Mr. Robbie Merkley and Miss Byington attended the Red Cross tea held at Arthur Thom's last Friday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Barkley of Inkerman spent Saturday and Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Alguires.

Mr. H. C. Merkley left on Tuesday for Kingston to spend a couple of weeks with his daughter.

Miss Mayfred Phifer and Mattie Cochrane visited friends in Winchester Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Mac Henderson of Eloida was a guest at M. I. Trickey's last week.

Mr. Chas Pitts of Mariatown is moving in the house lately occupied by Geo. R. Whittiker. Mr. Whittiker is taking possession of the property he purchased some time ago from Harry Perault.

Mr. and Mrs. Claud Merkley and daughter, Evelyn, visited friends at Dunbar, Sunday.

Messrs Sim and Geo. Miller of Metcalfe were guests at Frank Empey's on Thursday.

Miss Lucy Merkley is spending a few days with Miss Nettie Thom of Elma.

The Williamsburg Red Cross Society packed their 4th bale March 10th. The contents were as follows: knitted socks 43 pairs, knitted mittens 6 pairs, knee caps 3 pairs, bed jackets 5 pairs, flannel shirts 7 pairs, night shirts 16 pair.

Donated for the Hospital—

Mrs. Couglar, Elma: 1 pair pillow slips, 1 comfortable, 2 pair socks, a pair pillows.

Mrs. Geo. Hill, Boucks Hill: 1 pair pillows, 1 pair pillow slips.

Miss Rachiel Cameron, Boucks Hill: 1 pair pillows, 1 pair pillow slips, 1 sheet.

Mrs. Chas. Marcellus, Boucks Hill —1 pair sheets.

This is one month's work and the ladies that have taken part deserve credit as some started to knit when the society first began and are still continuing with the work.—

Mrs. Charles Merkley of Apple Hill visited at the home of Mr. Almon Casselman on Tuesday.

FOR SALE OR RENT

The property of Mrs. L. Dillabough in the village of Williamsburgl consisting of one half acre of land and good up-to-date buildings. Possession given April 29th. Apply to L. M. Brown, 46 Daniel street, Brockville.

6-4

Fire! Fire!

Owners of buildings and content will do well to remember that Fire is liable to destroy their property when they least expect a visit from this destructive fiend. They will, therefore consult their own best interests by insuring with the undersigned in the Royal and other good solid British companies.

Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and liberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY,
Local Agent, Morrisburg

D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector and Adjuster.

AULTSVILLE

Mrs. Wilbert Casselman and children of East Williamsburg spent a couple of days here this week with Mrs. Casselman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. Cook.

Mrs. P. Hunter is visiting friends in Ottawa this week and attending the millinery openings.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas Gogo of Archer were in town on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Hanes and Mrs. S. Casselman visited at Mr. Geo. Lane's, East Williamsburg.

Mr. Geo. Dillabough, 3rd concession, has moved into Allen Markell's house, lately occupied by Mr. John Casselman and family. The latter have moved into Mr. A. McConnell's house on Nelson St.

Mr. Wilfrid Mattice of Cornwall spent Tuesday in town with friends.

Mrs. A. N. Dafoe and Mrs. W. Dennison of East Williamsburg visited Mrs. S. Dennison of Archer on Tuesday.

Mr. Harold Burton of the 59th Guard stationed here, visited his home in North Williamsburg over the week-end.

Rev. Dr. Hazelwood of Toronto secretary of the Department of Social Services and Evengelism, gave a very interesting and instructive lecture in the Methodist Church on Tuesday evening to a very appreciative audience. The speaker held his audience for one hour and 30 minutes as under a spell. An offering for the department was taken at the close of the meeting. The choir assisted very much with some excellent music.

Mrs. Chas. Hanes is spending a few days with her parents at Inkerman.

Mrs. John McCracken and Mrs. Munroe have returned home after spending a couple of months in the second concession.

The Womans' Institute will hold a supper at the home of Mrs. J. T. Campbell on Wednesday, March 17th. At the close of the Red Cross sewing meeting. Tickets 25 cents.

FROATBURN

On Saturday last our boys crossed sticks with Nudell Bush. In the best and hardest game of the season it was quite evident that the boys had made remarkable progress in their playing since the start of the season. That the teams are very evenly matched was indicated by the score of Saturday last, being 1-1 at the call of time. Thirty minutes overtime was played during which time two goals were scored. The final score stood 2-2. It was then agreed upon to play the tie off on Williamsburg rink on Tuesday evening, but as the Captain of Nudell Bush team objected it was called off. Cheer up, boys, for the worst is yet to come.

The many friends of Mr. William Beckstead will be pleased to learn that he is able to be around again after being confined to his room for a few days.

Mr. Wilfred Swerdfeger was calling at Geo. Reddick's, Glen Becker, on Sunday.

Mrs. William Henophy and son, Geo., of East Williamsburg, were guests at Wm. Beckstead's on Mon day.

Mr. Eddy Hart and sister, Nellie, of Farran's Point, spent a few days with friends in the burg.

Mrs. Simon Swerdfeger and daughter, Eleanor, spent Thursday at Stephen Froat's, Glen Becker.

Mr. and Mrs. William H. Fetterly and son, Ralph, of Morrisburg, and Miss Pearl Hart of Cornwall, spent Sunday afternoon at P. D. Schell's.

Mrs. Fred Hepburn of Morrisburg is at present visiting her sister, Mrs. Luther Froats.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Beckstead of Boucks Hill spent Sunday with the latter's father, Mr. Wesley Bowman who is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Froats spent Sunday at East Williamsburg.

Mrs. A. Swerdfeger had a stroke on Sunday. At time of writing she is very ill, but we hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. Alva Henophy spent a day in Morrisburg on business.

There passed peacefully away on Sunday a most highly and respected resident in the person of Mrs. W. O. Marcellus in her sixty-third year. She had been ailing for some time, but the immediate cause of death was heart failure. She leaves to mourn, her husband and one daughter of California. Our sympathy is extended to them in their sad bereavement. The funeral service was conducted in the Lutheran Church at Riverside, Rev. C. H. Little, D. D., officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Watson spent Tuesday at George W. Froat's.

Mr. George Colquhoun of Boucks Hill is at present helping Leo Henophy in the Woods getting out silo material.

Mr. Santford Colquhoun of Hoasic and Mr. Foibes of Chesterville called on friends here on Saturday.

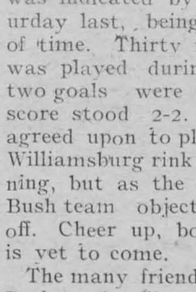
Rev. Little, accompanied by J. Garlough of Morrisburg, called on friends here on Monday.

Mr. Sidney Prunner is busy haul ing wood to the factory.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Marcellus of Morrisburg is at present visiting his brother William.

ONLY SIXTEEN, GIRL VERY SICK

Tells How She Was Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



New Orleans, La.—"I take pleasure in writing these lines to express my gratitude to you. I am only 16 years old and work in a tobacco factory. I have been a very sick girl but I have improved wonderfully since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and am now looking fine and feeling a thousand times better." —Miss AMELIA JAQUILLARD, 3961 Tehoupitoulas St., New Orleans, La.

St. Clair, Pa. — "My mother was alarmed because I was troubled with suppression and had pains in my back and side, and severe headaches. I had pimples on my face, my complexion was sallow, my sleep was disturbed, I had nervous spells, was very tired and had no ambition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has worked like a charm in my case and has regulated me. I worked in a mill among hundreds of girls and have recommended your medicine to many of them."—Miss ESTELLA MAGUIRE, 110 Thwing St., St. Clair, Pa.

There is nothing that teaches more than experience. Therefore, such letters from girls who have suffered and were restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound should be a lesson to others. The same remedy is within reach of all.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

East Williamsburg

Miss Hattie Willard spent Sunday with friends at Riverside

Frank Casselman spent a few days last week with friends at Mountain

Guests at Cornelius Wells on Sunday were Mr and Mrs Henry Wells and Mr and Mrs Frank Wells of Hoasic Mr and Mrs Samuel Lawrence of Gooseneck Island, Mr and Mrs George Lawrence of Maple Isle.

Willis Dennison and Stanley Wells were pressing hay at Wales last week.

Walter Garlough of Hoasic was calling in our burg on Sunday.

Our boys played a game of hockey with the 2nd con on Saturday. They came home rather pleasant as the score was 6 to 4 in favor of our boys

Miss Martha Wells and brother Stanley and Miss Hazel attended the banquet at Colquhoun on Monday evening.

Misses Ethel Willard and Ruby Watson spent Sunday with friends at Morrisburg.

Clarke Garlough spent a few days last week at their farm at Williamsburg.

Mrs Armstrong and daughter Phyllis of Morrisburg was at William VanAllen's on Friday.

Douglas VanAllen of Morrisburg spent the latter part of the week at Irvine Burnside's

Mr Hotchins and Meredith Garlough of Williamsburg and cousin of Casselman spent a couple of days last week at Thomas Garlough's.

Calvin Silmser of Chesterville was a business caller in our burg on Tuesday of last week.

NUDELL BUSH

Mrs. Maude Rooks spent a few days in Morrisburg last week.

Mrs. Thurbert Barnhart is seriously ill, and Mrs. Beauprey of Morrisburg has been with her the past week.

Mr. Frank Empey of Williamsburg spent Tuesday at Mr. George Vassau's, sr.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Casselman are on the sick list.

At his residence, on Saturday, March 6, Sylvester Doyle departed this life after a brief illness. He was a kind and loving husband and father and leaves to mourn, his wife, four sons and four daughters. All being at home but the eldest son, Thomas, who is at Fort William. The family have the sympathy of all their neighbors and friends. The funeral service was conducted on Tuesday morning in the Roman Catholic Church at Morrisburg.

Mrs. Pearl Casselman is spending the week at the Maples.

We are glad to welcome Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Shaver in our midst.

Mr. Hiram Hays of Hoasic spent Monday at George Casselman's.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gogo were surprised when returning to their home on Thursday evening to be greeted by a chivaree party.

Mr. Gogo thought the boys deserved a treat from him and treated the boys to candy and nuts and all wished him happiness in his journey through life. One and all agree that he is a jolly good fellow.

On Saturday last quite a number accompanied the hockey team to Froatburn and our boys did fairly well to be able to hold their own considering that Froatburn boys can boast of a professional man on their side. The score was two to two. A return match is expected if the weatherman gets busy

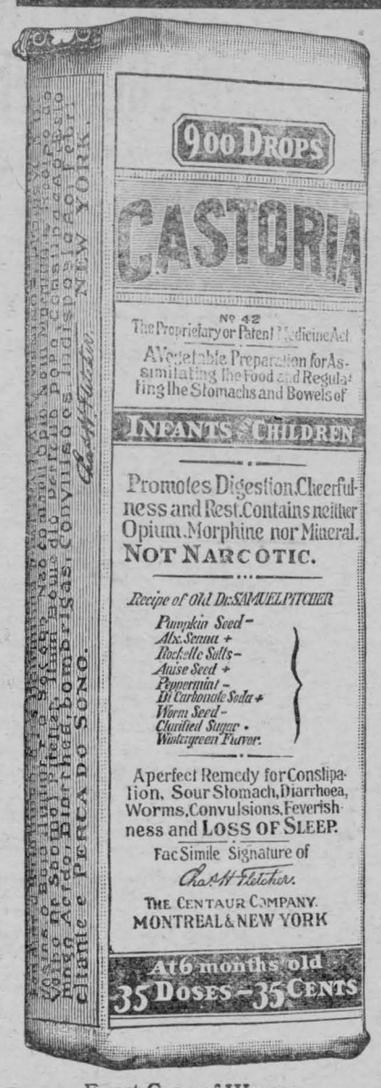
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Casselman spent Tuesday at Riverside.

Miss Driscoll spent the week-end at her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Cramer spent the week-end at the latter's parental home in Brinston.

Mr. Earl McIntosh and Miss M. Williams were guests at Mr. Chas. Hart's on Sunday.

Mr. Riley Shaver and sister Minnie are visiting friends in Uncle Sam's Domain.



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For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

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THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

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DAIN & DURANT, Props.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats and Fish; also vegetables in season.

Buyers of Live Stock—Shipments made every Monday.

Highest market prices paid for all kinds of Hides; also Tallow.

Ice supplied by the month and by the season at reasonable rates.

We are running an up-to-date shop and you will also get prompt, good and sanitary service.

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All Scotch Tweed Suitings—good patterns and colors—must be disposed of before Spring Goods arrive

Made to your measure with good linings—
Regular price $18.00 to $24.00

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Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

1872 HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL 1915

STRONGER THAN EVER

In spite of continued financial disturbance, the year Nineteen Fourteen was a period of uninterrupted progress and prosperity for the Sun Life of Canada.

At the present moment the Company occupies an even stronger position than at any time in its forty-four years' history, as is clearly shown by the substantial and highly satisfactory increases registered during the past year.

	1914	1913	INCREASE
Assets as at Dec. 31st	$ 64,187,656	$ 55,726,347	$ 8,461,309 (15.2%)
Cash Income	15,052,275	13,996,401	1,055,874 (7.5%)
Surplus Earned	1,676,298	1,128,328	547,970 (48.6%)
Surplus distributed to Policyholders	861,763	706,424	155,339 (22%)
Added to Undistributed Surplus	777,035	421,904	355,131 (84.2%)
Net Surplus at Dec. 31st	6,503,794	5,752,986	750,808 (13%)
Total Payments to Policyholders	6,161,287	4,982,553	1,178,734 (23.6%)
Assurances Issued and paid for in Cash in Canada	15,988,430	15,599,764	388,666 (2.5%)
Assurances in Force	218,299,835	202,363,996	15,935,839 (7.9%)

Payments to Policyholders since organization	Payments to Policyholders since organization and Assets now held for their benefit	Premiums received since organization
$45,546,575	$109,734,231	$105,431,677

Assurances issued and paid for in cash during 1914 totalled $32,167,339—the largest amount issued by any Canadian Life Company. In this respect as well as in amount of Assets, Assurances in Force, Income, and Surplus the Company again established its position as

CANADA'S LEADING LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

The Company's Growth

YEAR	INCOME	ASSETS	LIFE ASSURANCES IN FORCE
1872	$ 48,210.93	$ 96,461.95	$ 1,064,350.00
1884	278,379.65	836,897.24	6,844,404.64
1894	1,373,596.60	4,616,419.63	31,528,569.74
1904	4,561,936.19	17,851,760.92	85,327,662.85
1914	15,052,275.24	64,187,656.38	218,299,835.00

Policies in the Sun Life of Canada are safe and Profitable Policies to Buy.

ROBERTSON MACAULAY, PRESIDENT.

T. B. MACAULAY, MANAGING DIRECTOR AND SECRETARY.

BIGGEST VOLUNTEER ARMY

OVER TWO MILLION MEN IN ARMS IN BRITAIN.

Old Grey Mother Worthier of Affection To-day Than Ever She Was.

[The following remarkable letter was written by an Englishman to an expatriated Britisher now living in New York. The latter had read despatches saying that the volunteer system had broken down in England and that conscription would have to be resorted to in order to raise a sufficient number of men for Kitchener's army. In disgust he wrote to an English paper expressing the opinion that if such were the case then Britain deserved to come under the Kaiser's yoke. Hundreds of letters were written to him. Of these the most interesting is that which follows:]

Newspapers very often have a pet axe to grind. Probably you know of American newspapers with a similar piece of cutlery. The axe which a few of our newspapers are most diligently grinding is called conscription. The newspapers in question are anxious that the voluntary system should prove a failure. What is to become of conscriptionist hopes if the voluntary system should prove a success?

The voluntary system is proving an overwhelming success. I refer you to the speeches of Lord Kitchener.

Lord Kitchener is more to Britons the world over than all the newspapers since Adam.

But the newspapers which advocate conscription must do something to further their ends. Consequently, despite the testimony of Lord Kitchener, they are saying as often as they can that the voluntary system is a failure; and they hope by their persistence to make their readers believe what they say.

And you are aware that if one will keep on saying a thing long enough there will be some people who will believe it. The vendor of quack medicines goes on the same lines.

It is quite true that there are crowds at football matches; but how many of the men in those crowds are wearing khaki? A far larger proportion than the conscriptionist press will admit or mention.

And how many of the men in those crowds who are not wearing khaki are building warships, making rifles, cartridges, shells, big guns, army clothing, boots, and so on?

Kitchener Satisfied.

We want more men and more men; but Lord Kitchener has said that he is perfectly satisfied with the response. In face of that statement, what does it matter if a conscriptionist newspaper says that the voluntary system is a failure?

It is so difficult for a person who lives thousands of miles away to know exactly what is going on. I should not think of judging the American people in similar circumstances—I hope that I should not, anyhow.

But you may not know that Great Britain has enlisted the biggest volunteer army the world has ever seen, and not a penny paid by way of bounty. No man excepting Lord Kitchener knows how many men have been enlisted, but Great Britain has considerably over two millions of men under arms exclusive of the soldiers from the Dominions and the forces from India. No other country in this world has ever seen such a rush to the colors. I believe that is a perfectly true statement. At any rate, I saw thousands of young men who besieged the recruiting offices; and such was their anxiety to serve that mounted police were necessary to prevent them from storming these offices. That this is a fact can be fully proved by photographs in the illustrated papers.

But, as you can imagine, a country which usually maintains an army of about 200,000 is not at once prepared to clothe and feed and accommodate a million men. And so Lord Kitchener found it inevitable to do something to check the flow of recruits. He put the height standard for infantry of the line up to that of the Prussian Guards and also the chest measurement. Naturally, there was a big drop in the recruiting returns. A man may be earnestly desirous of placing his life at the disposal of his country, but he cannot add inches to his stature, and there is a limit to the number of inches which he can add to the circumference of his chest.

Thirty thousand men are joining every week; but when Lord Kitchener says that he wants men in large numbers still, well, he will only have to say so. His demands will be met.

This is a Silent War.

You must bear in mind that this is practically a silent war. We hear next to nothing of the prowess of individual regiments. And yet the British army has fought as never army fought before. The fighting at the Bloody Angle in the great American Civil War was assuredly deserving of the name; but the carnage there is not to be compared with what took place at Ypres and in many other actions from Mons to Soissons and from Soissons to that tiny corner of Belgian territory which the allied troops still so tenaciously hold. Battalions of famous British regiments that went into battle a thousand and odd strong have come out each commanded by a junior lieutenant, and his proud command has been the merest handful of men.

But you are aware of that mighty and heroic conflict from Mons downwards, and I need not speak of an episode which will live in history as one of the greatest feats of arms the world has ever known.

My point is, that the towns and the villages from which the various regiments are raised are not told of the deeds their boys have done. It is a silent war.

If we could let our people know the full story, Lord Kitchener would have such a tidal wave of recruits that he would have to put up the standard again. Lord Kitchener has decided for silence; and, as I have said, Lord Kitchener is more to us than many newspapers—more than all of them, in fact.

The Rigid Censorship.

American newspapers complain of the British censorship. We know that the censorship is very severe. But if our people, whose best and dearest are dying gaily and heroically in those terrible trenches, can bow their heads to the man whom they have put in authority, having in him the deepest possible faith, why should Americans call out against the censorship? Believe me, we are not fighting this war for amusement. When we look at those fearful casualty lists and see that some other brave and brilliant youngster has given up his life that Britain may live we take comfort from Rudyard Kipling's line: "Who dies if England live?" And then we are in no mood to consider people who cannot get columns of picturesque battle stories—people whose hearts are not strained as ours.

We are grateful, most grateful, for America's sympathy; but we expected it. What else could we expect. It is not for me to say that we are fighting America's battle. We may be. But I know that we are fighting the battle of honor and of truth and that the rights of small nations may not perish. And if honor and truth and the rights of small nations are to perish, then we will perish with them. If that is America's battle, then we are fighting it.

I have written at great length because I should so much like Americans to get some idea of Great Britain's efforts in this, the world's most tremendous conflict. The sons of the Empire are returning to these shores from all parts of the globe—returning voluntarily. We cannot compel them to come home, but they realize that the Old Grey Mother is in peril and simply to read the accounts of the fighting in newspapers doesn't make their consciences tranquil. Only this day I saw about a hundred young men who had journeyed from South America, at their own expense, in order that they might relieve the thin khaki line in Flanders to the utmost of their ability.

Worthier Than Ever.

It is always a great thing to be an Englishman—to be a Briton; but it was never so great a thing as it is to-day. If you have any affection for this little island in the bleak and stormy North Sea, she is worthier of it to-day than ever she was. She is pouring out her blood and treasure that Liberty may not die, and rest assured that her sons will go forward until her meteor flag emerges victorious and Belgium is avenged.

Excuse this patriotic outburst, but the country to which I belong has readily given her gallant sons to the cause, and although many households are in mourning, yet we mourn with pride. The Royal West Kent Regiment and the East Kent Regiment (the Buffs) have checked the German onrush time and again—when the odds have been five to one and occasionally ten to one. The ranks of those devoted regiments have been sadly thinned, but other lads are coming from the plough to fill the gaps. The Englishman is naturally phlegmatic, reticent; yet a Kentishman may be forgiven if he shows some feeling as he thinks of those dauntless youngsters from his own beautiful county (which so many Americans must know, and, therefore, love), who went forth so light-heartedly to the fight, and who, in retreat and in advance, have been true to the death.

WILLIAM CHAMPION,
Outer Temple, London.

MEDIÆVAL TRANSPORTATION.

Great Contrast Between 1494 and the Present Time.

There is something ludicrous in the contrast between the lumbering artillery with which Charles VIII. of France crossed the Alps in the summer of 1494 and the vast Krupp guns that to-day are being rapidly transported by railway from one point to another. Count Louis de la Tremoille won great favor in the eyes of the king by his success in conveying over the precipitous slopes of the Apennines the train of fourteen French cannon, each of which was usually drawn by thirty-five horses.

When the French commanders were facing their dilemma, the Swiss came to their rescue. These mercenaries, by plundering a captured town in violation of the king's command, had fallen into disfavor. Being anxious to reinstate themselves in their employer's good graces, they proposed to harness themselves to the guns and to drag them over the mountain. The king promptly accepted their offer.

The master gunner, Jean de la Grange, arranged the technicalities of the undertaking, but La Tremoille supervised its execution. And to him was chiefly due the perfect success of this enterprise—the transport of fourteen enormous cannon over a pathless and precipitous mountain in the scorching July sun.

To prepare a way for the guns, says Winifred Stephens in her book, "The La Tremoille Family," trees had to be cut down, rocks exploded and the ground levelled. In all these works, Count Louis personally took part. Clad only in doublet and hose, he worked in harness side by side with the Swiss, and with his own hands bore over the mountains helmets full of heavy cannon balls. All the while, with characteristic French patience and cheerfulness, he was encouraging the soldiers by offering rewards to those who should first drag their gun to the summit, and providing drink with which to quench the men's parching thirst. Thus encouraged by their heroic captain and inspired by the martial music of trumpet, fife and drum, inciting one another to new efforts by those curious cries that their descendants even to-day call over the Alpine valleys, the Swiss at length succeeded in dragging all the fourteen cannon up to the top of the mountain.

Then came the descent, which was even more difficult than the ascent had been; for the guns were allowed to go down by their own weight, and the Swiss, roped to the backs of them to steady their descent, were in danger of being carried away by the momentum of the artillery. To La Tremoille's carefulness it was mainly due that not one life was lost during this dangerous business. At the end of two days the count, burned by the sun till he resembled a blackamoor, triumphantly told the king that his artillery train had crossed the mountains, and lay safe on the boulder-strewn bank of the river Taro.

ROYAL MARRIAGE DELAYS.

War Has Caused Many Weddings to Be Postponed.

The war has caused a slump in the royal marriage market in Europe. There are at the present moment more princes and princess of marriageable age than there have been for many years, but marriage is in abeyance for the time.

Besides Princess Mary, who in the ordinary course of events, would have had royal suitors, and Princess Maude of Fife, there are many young girls of royal birth ready for alliances. The larger number of eligible royal bridegrooms are German. It will be hard for them to find consorts now in other countries. In Russia, the Grand Duke Constantine is 26, while there are six other grand dukes on the list, most of them very wealthy. Roumania, Servia, Bulgaria and Montenegro have all eligible princes, whose marriages will probably be the seal of Balkan treaties.

"Well, John, how did you enjoy the party?" "Oh we had a rotten time." "And why was that?" "They told me to eat as much as I wanted. And I couldn't."

"Why is a dog like a man?" a boy asked. "Give it up," said another boy. "Because it's bow-legged." "But," said the second boy, "all dogs are not bow-legged." "Well, neither are all men."

ROYAL Yeast Cakes

BEST YEAST IN THE WORLD.
DECLINE THE NUMEROUS INFERIOR IMITATIONS THAT ARE BEING OFFERED
AWARDED HIGHEST HONORS AT ALL EXPOSITIONS
E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED.
WINNIPEG TORONTO ONT. MONTREAL

THE RUSSIAN ALPHABET

IT IS WITHOUT THE LETTERS H., J. AND W.

English-Speaking People Make Many Blunders With Russian Spelling.

There is no "h" in the Russian alphabet. Therefore the Russians spell Hartlepool "Gartlepool," and call Field-Marshal Hindenburg "Gindenburg," writes Hamilton Fyfe from Petrograd. The captain of a Russian steamer which in time of peace plies between here and London, greeted a friend of mine who had often sailed with him: "Ah! you are going for a goliday, yes? Where is your gusband?"

The Russian alphabet also lacks our 'j" and our "w." Jones has to be spelt "Dzones." Williams becomes "Vilyams," and an American friend of mine named Whiffen is addressed as "Mr. Whiffen." Yet, in spite of these difficulties, the Russians manage to give a very fair, usually an exact, version of English proper and place names. I want to suggest, both out of compliment to them and in the interest of accuracy also, that we should try to turn Russian names into English more correctly than we do. The reading of war news would, in addition, be made easier to British eyes if the names of Russian places, in any case odd-looking, could be pronounced at sight instead of being puzzled over and

Given Up As a Bad Job.

If you were in partnership with a Mr. Smith and persisted in calling him "Smith" he might justifiably be annoyed. If his house were called "Fernhurst," and you always spoke of it and spelt it as "Wernhurst," his opinion of your intelligence would not be high. That is the way we treat Russian names, and if the Russians do not protest, it is only because they are a people of infinite toleration. They do not, believe me, think more highly of us or of our language for our slipshod lack of care in this direction.

There need be no difficulty about reproducing closely in English the sound of any Russian name. Why, then, do we spell the town which used to be called Lemberg, Lwow? That suggests a pronunciation to rhyme with "now" and "cow." The proper way to pronounce it is Lvoff. How "Lwow" ever came to be printed I cannot imagine. It is spelt with two "v's." Before a consonant the Russian "v" is hard, like ours. At the end of a word it is slightly softened and should be represented in English by double "f." Whenever "w" is used in spelling a Russian name, it is wrong, for there is no "w" in Russian.

Where We Go Wrong.

We recognize this by spelling the Polish township where there has been much hard fighting lately, Lovicz. But here, though we get the "v" right, we go wrong in the last two letters. The Russian pronunciation is Lovitch. What the Polish pronunciation is I shall not venture to say. No Pole will admit that any foreigner can ever hope to speak his tongue as it should be spoken. But at all events, to this I can testify—that the Poles do not make the name of that place rhyme with "stisks." As nearly as may be, they say Lovitch, too, and they say Lenchitsa when they refer to the town which we spell Lenczica. Why, then, should not we? And spell them so, too?

Cracow should, of course, be Cracoff, but that we are not likely to alter. We have sunk too deeply in the wrong rut. Nijny-Novgorod should be "Nishni"; and, if we cared for accuracy, we should write "Lodzh" or "Lodsch" instead of Lodz rhyming with "rods." These, however, have become familiar. My protest is against making fresh mistakes. Map-makers in the past have adopted local spelling without stopping to ask themselves whether the same letters in English represented the same sound, as very often they do not.

It is a pity we do not call all foreign places by their right names. I recollect looking out of the carriage window the first time I arrived at Warsaw, and seeing "Varsava" put up as the name of the station, and wondering if I had come right. Ask an unlearned Russian if he has ever been to Moscow; he will tell you he never heard of such a place.

He Calls It Moskva.

I suppose long ago some traveler thought the "v" was a "u" and called it Mocou. Hence the French Mocou and our Moscow.

Kieff we spell rightly, as a rule, though there is a perverse tendency to make it Kiev. But we stick to Saratov and Pskov, which turns two soft-sounding names to unnecessary harshness; and why we continue to miscall a town which is both written in Russian and pronounced Harkoff, "Kharkov," is more than I can tell.

Now you think you have convicted me of inconsistency. I can see it in your eye. I said there was no "h" in the Russian alphabet. What about Harkoff then? Well, the first letter is the Russian "x," which can only be represented in English by "h," but which is equal to the Scottish "ch" as in "loch." The tobacco for which the Russian soldier craves is written Machorka, but called Mahorka, with a slightly guttural sound.

Bill's Fine Job.

The story is told of an old man named Bill Herndon, whose pride in his son, "Young Bill," flourished in the face of every discouragement. "Bill's got a fine job," the old man announced to a neighbor one morning; "a fine job! Saving money fast." "What's he doing?" asked the other man. "He's a night printer," Bill answered. "Oh, a fine job! He works all night and saves his lodging, and then he sleeps all day and saves his food."

A Good Boarder.

"Will you be my wife?" asked the star boarder. "Let me see," mused the landlady. "You've boarded with me four years. You have never grumbled at the food. You have always paid promptly. No; I cannot accept you; you are too good a boarder to put on the free list!"

MARVELOUS BALSAMIC ESSENCES CURE CATARRH NO DRUGS TO TAKE---A DIRECT BREATHING CURE

Statistics Prove Ninety-Seven Per Cent. of Canada's Population is Infested With the Germs of Catarrh

This disease is most dangerous owing to its tendency to extend to the Bronchial tubes and lungs, where it causes Consumption. Unfortunately the people have had faith in sprays, ointments and snuffs, which can't possibly cure, and in consequence catarrhal disease has become a national curse. Science is advancing every day, and fortunately a remedy has been discovered that not only cures but prevents Catarrh. This new treatment "Catarrhozone" has sufficient power to kill the germs of Bronchitis, Catarrh and Asthma. It contains pure pine essences and healing balsams that go to the remotest part of the nose, throat and lungs, carrying health-giving medication to every spot that is tainted or weak. You don't take Catarrhozone like cough mixture—you inhale its healing vapor at the mouth and it spreads all through the breathing organs, soothing and curing wherever Catarrh exists. This is nature's way of supplying the richest balsams, the purest antiseptics known to science.

A sneezing cold is cured in ten minutes. A harsh cough is eased in an hour, the most offensive catarrh is thoroughly drawn from the system.

For Asthma and Bronchial irritation nothing can equal Catarrhozone—every physician and druggist says so, and we advise our readers to try this treatment if suffering with an winter ill. The complete outfit costs $1.00, medium size 50c., at all dealers.

FIRST AID FOR WEAK DIGESTION

Like Nearly Every Trouble Afflicting Mankind Indigestion is Due to Poor Blood

Almost everybody experiences times when the organs of digestion show painful signs of weakness. Some slight disturbance of the health starts the trouble; then the patient takes a dislike to food, and dull heavy pains in the abdomen give warning that the stomach is unable to do its proper work. Sometimes a false craving for food arises; if this is satisfied the result is additional torture—flatulence, a drowsy depression, sick headache and nausea are common signs of indigestion. The foolish practice of taking drastic, weakening purgatives at such times should be avoided. Indigestion arises from stomach weakness, and the only effectual method of curing the trouble is to strengthen the feeble organs of digestion by supplying them with richer, purer blood. This is the true tonic treatment, by which natural method Dr. Williams' Pink Pills achieve great results. These pills make the rich, red blood needed to strengthen the stomach, thus imparting a healthy appetite and curing indigestion and other stomach disorders. Mr. Thos. Johnson, Hemford, N.S., says: "For five years I was a great sufferer from indigestion, which wrecked me physically. I suffered so much that for days at a time I could not attend to my business. I had smothering spells so bad at times that I was afraid to lie down. I doctored and tried many medicines but with no benefit. I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised to cure the trouble and decided to try them. I had not been taking them long before I found that I had at last hit upon the right medicine. The improvement in my health was constant, and after I had used ten or twelve boxes I could eat and digest all kinds of food, and I felt physically better than I had done for years. I shall never cease to praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for they proved a real blessing to me."

You can get these pills from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

"HATE FOR THE ENGLISH."

How Young Frenchmen Shot Down the German Placard.

In a letter to his sister in England a young French officer on service in the neighborhood of St. Mihiel, recently promoted for gallantry on the field of battle, tells this story:

"The Germans could think of nothing better to do a few days ago than to put on the walls of their barracks at —— a large placard of white calico, on which was written: 'Merci a la brave France—haine a l'Angleterre.' Our trenches are from 60 to 90 metres from those of the "Boches," and with glasses it was easy to read the placard. In the evening I was on patrol with three good fellows of my half section, and we crawled towards the German lines till we were within twenty-five metres or so, and we hid ourselves in a big hole made by a shell.

I said to my men: "I have given you socks, gloves, cigarettes and other things. You know where they came from—they were sent from England. I want to see no more of that placard. Let us do away with it. We have our arms; let us put some shots through and destroy it."

The thing was done. I gave the order to fire, and in three minutes only some shreds of the stuff remained. The worst of it was that our fire provoked a terrible fusilade along the whole length of the line. We dropped into the shell hole and waited till the firing had finished—about half an hour—and then we regained our own trenches. My lieutenant greeted me with "So it was you who started the fusilade?" And when I said "Yes" he asked what for. I explained that I was half English, having married an English woman, and added that I wanted to see no more of a placard which referred to that nation in such terms. He "chipped" me for a bit, but when we were relieved the story was told to the captain, who passed it on to the colonel. The end of it all was a promise of my stripes as under lieutenant.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS THE HOME DOCTOR

No home where there are little ones should be without a box of Baby's Own Tablets. They cure all the minor ills of babyhood and their prompt use when baby is ailing will save the mother many anxious moments and baby much pain. Concerning them Mrs. Paul Nemon, Tugaske, Sask., writes: "We consider Baby's Own Tablets as good as a doctor in the house, and every time our little one is ailing they soon set him right again." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

He who gets rich quick is apt to go broke in a hurry.

BACKWARD CHILDREN.

May Be Due to Defects of Sight or Hearing.

Helen MacMurchy, M.D., Inspector of Auxiliary Classes for Ontario, in her pamphlet on "Organization and Management of Auxiliary Classes," says in regard to backward children:—

In the case of children who may be backward it is a matter of great urgency that every effort should be made by the teacher and the School Medical Inspector to discover, and if possible, remove or lessen the cause of such backwardness. If any physical defect or any disease is reported, the School Medical Inspector, the School Nurse, teacher, and family should co-operate to secure treatment by the family physician or other proper person. The backwardness may be due to defects of sight or hearing which can be pertly or wholly cured. Adenoid growths in the nose and throat, word-blindness or letter-blindness and lack of proper sleep and nutrition are also causes of backwardness. Flat foot, curvature of the spine, and slight chorea often escape notice in children who are otherwise defective. They need every improvement we can secure for them.

The help of the School Nurse is invaluable in Auxiliary Classes. The attention of the School Nurse and School Doctor should always be drawn to any child who seems to be in need of special care and attention. Parents and teachers have often omitted to do this because they "thought the doctor could not do anything." Nearly always this is a mistake. Many physical defects can be greatly improved or even removed. One rare condition (cretinism) which prevents proper development of mind and body can be wonderfully improved by treatment.

The teacher should pay special attention to any child whose age is two or three years above the average of the rest of the pupils, and should privately consult the School Medical Inspector before nominating the child to the Principal for admission to an Auxiliary Class. Opportunity should also be taken by the School Medical Inspector to see the parents. They may be invited by the School Nurse to meet him at the school at a convenient time. The parents should be consulted in every possible way and treated with the greatest consideration, but they should be frankly told that the child is not getting on well at school, and that without special help and teaching in an Auxiliary Class he will get farther and farther behind. If there is any reasonable ground for doubt as to the needs and mental condition of the child, then a physician who is a specialist in such matters should be called in. But at the first meeting with the parents it is not well to make any dogmatic statement as to the child's mental capacity, unless the case is a very marked one. The child should have the advantage of Auxiliary Class teaching for a reasonable time, say three or six months, and should then be re-examined. Moreover, any statement as to the child's mental condition should be made by a physician, not by the teacher.

SIKH'S A BRAVE FOE.

Their Bayonet Charge Frightens the Most Fearless Fighters.

In several respects the Sikhs, who are with the Indian forces at the front in France and Belgium, form a unique fighting force. In the first place, they fill fully one-third of the rank and file of the native armies in India. Unlike the Gurkhas, however, they do not belong to a single race. There are several types of Sikhs, the force being divided into clans. There is what is known as the Khattaries, or Kshatriyas clan, consisting of representatives of the old military caste of the Hindoos. They are not such big men as the Jats, another Sikh clan, consisting of tall, stalwart fellows who are a distinct contrast to the Mazbis, who are short, rather inclined to be stout, and have very dark skin and irregular features.

All the clans, however, are noted for their great powers of endurance, fighting qualities, and skill in handling a gun and bayonet. Indeed, it has often been said by military experts that there is no more cool and effective soldier in the world than the Sikh, who takes to drill like a duck takes to water, soon becomes a sharpshooter, and masters the use of the bayonet possibly better than the soldiers of any other nationality.

So cold-blooded and invincible, indeed, are they in a bayonet charge that it frightens even the most fearless fighters, who lose their nerve when confronted by the merciless steel in the hands of these dauntless and determined Indian troops.

Although, however, there are various racial differences between the clans of the Sikhs, there is one link which binds them together, and that is their religion, which is called Sikhism. Without going into details it may be said that this faith disdains idolatry.

Willie—"Pa, why is an after-dinner speech called a toast?" Pa—"Because it is usually so dry, my son."

He Says He Told His Neighbors

AND THEY TOLD HIM TO TRY DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Mike Rudy, Young Manitoba Farmer, Sick for Two Years, Tells How He Got a New Lease of Life.

Camperville, Man., Feby. 22nd.—(Special).—Cured of Kidney and Heart Disease of two years standing, Mr. Mike Rudy, a well-known young farmer living near here, is telling his neighbors that he owes his new lease of life to Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"For two years," Mr. Rudy states, "I suffered with a terrible pain in the small of my back and shoulders. I took many different medicines, and was under the doctor's care, but nothing seemed to do me any lasting good. Finally heart disease was added to my troubles.

"Hearing Dodd's Kidney Pills well spoken of by my neighbors, I decided to try them. To my surprise and relief one box cured me completely."

Dodd's Kidney Pills cured Mr. Rudy because his troubles all came from sick kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills are a kidney remedy, pure and simple. If you have pain in the back, rheumatism, lumbago, gravel or diabetes, your kidneys are wrong. You need Dodd's Kidney Pills.

BOY IN FIGHTING ZONE.

Adventurous Trip to Belgium of 13-year-old London Lad.

Determined to fight the Germans, a 13-year-old London boy managed to reach Flushing and Antwerp. In Antwerp he was arrested by the Germans, but was released and made his way through Belgium and Flanders home to England.

When war was declared he was attending school in the day and working for a butcher at night. More than once he tried to join the army, but was too young and too small. At Christmas he received $2.50 as a chorister and decided to go to the front. He took train to Folkestone, but as he had not much money left, the fighting line appeared as far off as ever.

Luck was with him, however. He was seen by a customer when on the promenade who gave him a money gift as a Christmas box. He bought a ticket for Flushing. Here he was sent to a home, but escaped, and joining some Belgians eventually got to Antwerp.

He was only at liberty in Antwerp a day. He was arrested, but on account of his youth was released and allowed to return to England as best he could. He wandered through Belgium and Flanders and eventually landed at Tirbury Docks. Being mistaken for a Belgian refugee he was taken to Alexandra Palace, and it was some days before he was restored to his parents at London. He is now trying to join the navy.

MAY BE TEA or COFFEE

That Causes all the Trouble.

When the house is afire, it's about the same as when disease begins to show, it's no time to talk but time to act—delay is dangerous—remove the cause of the trouble at once.

"For a number of years," wrote a Western lady, "I felt sure that coffee was hurting me, and yet I was so fond of it, I could not give it up. At last I got so bad that I made up my mind I must either quit the use of coffee or die.

(Tea is just as injurious as coffee because it, too, contains the health-destroying drug, caffeine.)

"Everything I ate distressed me, and I suffered severely most of the time with palpitation of the heart. I frequently woke up in the night with the feeling that I was almost gone—my heart seemed so smothered and weak in its action. My breath grew short and the least exertion set me panting. I slept but little and suffered from rheumatism.

"Two years ago I stopped using the coffee and began to use Postum and from the very first I began to improve. It worked a miracle! Now I can eat anything and digest it without trouble. I sleep like a baby, and my heart beats strong and regularly. My breathing has become steady and normal, and my rheumatism has left me.

"I feel like another person, and it is all due to quitting coffee and using Postum, for I haven't used any medicine and none would have done any good as long as I kept drugging with coffee." Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Postum comes in two forms:

Regular Postum — must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.

Instant Postum—is a soluble powder. A teaspoonful dissolves quickly in a cup of hot water and, with cream and sugar, makes a delicious beverage **instantly.** 30c and 50c tins.

Both kinds are equally delicious, and cost per cup about the same.

"There's a Reason" for Postum.

—sold by Grocers.

Nerviline Ends Neuralgia Brings Relief Instantly

No Remedy Like Old "Nerviline" to Cure Pain or Soreness.

That terrible ache—how you fairly reel with it—that stabbing, burning neuralgia—what misery it causes. Never mind, you don't have to suffer—use Nerviline, it's a sure cure. Not an experiment, because nearly forty years of wonderful success has made a name for Nerviline among the people of many different nations. "There is nothing speedier to end Neuralgic headache than old-time 'Nerviline,'" writes Mr. G. C. Dalgleish, from Evanston. "It is so powerful and penetrating that it seems to eat up any pain in a minute. My family couldn't get along without Nerviline. We always keep the 50c family size bottle handy on the shelf, and use it to end chest colds, sore throat, coughs, earache, toothache and pain in the back. My wife swears by Nerviline. For cramps its effect is astonishing and we believe it is better and speedier than any other household family remedy."

BULLETS STRANGE FREAKS.

Remarkable Escapes of Soldiers in Present Conflict.

A sapper in the Royal Engineers tells the story of an extraordinary escape which one of his comrades experienced. A bullet took his cap off and cut a groove through his hair, without injuring the scalp, in such a manner that it looked as though he had carefully parted his hair down the centre, says London Tit-Bits.

This is but another illustration of the tricks that bullets play at times. It is doubtful, however, if any soldier in the present campaign has had such marvelous escapes as Lieut. A. C. Johnson, the Hants County cricketer, who relates how, shortly before he was slightly wounded, a shell hit the wall six inches above his head, while shortly afterwards a bullet hit the ground half a yard in front of him, bounded up and hit him on the body, bruising his ribs. Then a bullet hit him over the heart, but was spent before reaching him, and when in the hospital he picked it out of his left-hand breast pocket and sent it home to his wife.

A charmed life, too, seems to be borne by a private of the Manchester regiment, who relates how while smoking a cigarette in the trenches, a bullet took the "fag" out of his mouth, while another cut the crown off his hat, leaving the peak still sticking on his head. And it is characteristic of the humor of "Tommy," even when the fire is hottest, that when a bullet took off the top of a tin of bully beef which another private had in his hand, he looked at it, coolly turned round, made a bow in the direction of the enemy, and thanked them for saving him the trouble of finding a tin-opener.

A curious escape from what might have been a mortal wound was that of a Royal Scots Fusilier. During a severe fight he suddenly felt the shock of a bullet. "I am hit," he said to his chum. Looking down, however, he saw that the bullet had struck a clip of cartridges in his top left-hand pouch, but had done no other damage. The first cartridge must have been a little loose, and as it twisted round when it was struck the bullet was turned off instead of going straight through the soldier's body, as it would have done had all the cartridges been firm.

Mr. Frank Scudamore relates an extraordinary incident which occurred during the Soudan campaign, when he saw an officer, a friend of his, go down, apparently shot through the head. "To my surprise," he says, "I met him walking about after the battle apparently none the worse for wear, saving that his head was bandaged. Then he showed me how the bullet, striking and deflected by one of the hooks of his helmet chain, had run round his forehead, cutting a groove under the skin, and had then glanced off the helmet hook at the other side.

Sore Corns Go!

Absolutely Painless

No cutting, no plasters or pads to press the sore spot. Putnam's Extractor makes the corn go without pain. Takes out the sting over-night. Never fails—leaves no scar. Get a 25c. bottle of Putnam's Corn Extractor to-day.

Much Ruffled.

Lord Lovat, the head of the famous Lovat Scouts, tells a good story in regard to a very much ruffled private who was under arrest for some offence. Lord Lovat inquired of the sergeant as to what his offence was. "He's a very troublesome fellow, sir," the sergeant replied. "Got too much lip, goes out without leave, comes back when he likes, and gets drunk when he likes—just as if he was an officer."

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

"Oh, dear," said the first, 'what a lot of people will be unhappy when I get married." "Why, how many are you marrying?" asked the sarcastic one.

IS MEAT A FIGHTING DIET?

Scientists Say It Gives Neither Courage Nor Endurance.

Circumstances have brought to light again the question of man's need of a red-meat diet to make him a fighting warrior. An advocate of meat diet declared some time ago that the Belgians were losing their vital efficiency because they are a race of non-meat eaters. But, although they had done no fighting for a hundred years, they have given a good account of themselves of late.

Modern scientists assert that meat makes a dog or a man irritable, but gives neither courage nor endurance, both of which are essential fighting qualities. Attention is called to the fruit-eating gorilla as the most dreaded fighter of the African forest. Not a lion is found in all the region where this great forest man reigns, untamed and untamable, a real king of beasts.

The lion, the traditional king of beasts, fights when brought to bay only because he is short-winded and cannot run away. Every experienced hunter has borne testimony to the ability of the grass-eating bison as a most courageous fighter, with few equals.

Death Nearly Claimed New Brunswick Lady

Was Restored to Her Anxious Family When Hope had Gone.

St. John, N.B., Dec. 15th.—At one time it was feared that Mrs. J. Grant, of 3 White St., would succumb to the deadly ravages of advanced kidney trouble. "My first attacks of backache and kidney trouble began years ago. For six years that dull gnawing pain has been present. When I exerted myself it was terribly intensified. If I caught cold the pain was unendurable. I used most everything, but nothing gave that certain grateful, relief that came from Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut. Instead of being bowed down with pain, to-day I am strong, enjoy splendid appetite, sleep soundly. Lost properties have been instilled into my blood—cheeks are rosy with color, and I thank that day that I heard of so grand a medicine as Dr. Hamilton's Pills."

Every woman should use these pills regularly because good health pays, and it's good, vigorous health that comes to all who use Dr. Hamilton's Mandrake and Butternut Pills.

In For It.

Modest Suitor—I have only $5,000 a year, sir; but I think I can support your daughter on that.

Father (enthusiastically) — Support her, my dear boy. Why, you can support her entire family on it.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

In a Restaurant.

Patron—I suppose you have a good many queer people to serve.

Waiter—Yes, sir; all things come to him who waits.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Same Thing.

"Does your husband keep a scrapbook?"

"Not exactly; he keeps a checkbook and we have a scrap every time it is used for my benefit."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—My daughter, 13 yrs. old, was thrown from a sleigh and injured her elbow so badly it remained stiff and very painful for three years. Four bottles of MINARD'S LINIMENT completely cured her and she has not been troubled for two years.

Yours truly,
J. B. LIVESQUE.

St. Joseph, P.Q., 18th Aug., 1900.

A Close Observer.

Young Hibbard was exhibiting some photographs to a charming girl, with whom he was very much in love.

"This one," he said, handing her a picture, "is my photograph with two French poodles. Can you recognize me?"

"Why, yes, I think so," replied the young woman, looking intently at the picture. "You are the one with the hat on, are you not?"

INFORMATION FOR INVENTORS

Messrs. Pigeon, Pigeon & Davis, patent solicitors, Montreal, report that 217 Canadian patents were issued for the week ending February 9th, 1915, 162 of which were granted to Americans, 33 to Canadians, 15 to residents of Great Britain and colonies and 7 to residents of foreign countries.

Of the Canadians who received patents, 21 were residents of Ontario, 6 of Quebec, 2 of British Columbia, 2 of Alberta and 2 of Manitoba.

It is a good thing to love your enemies, but it's better not to have any.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Clark's Pork & Beans



Highest grade beans kept whole and mealy by perfect baking, retaining their full strength. Flavored with delicious sauces. They have no equal.

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY OR SELL A Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farm, write H. W. Dawson, Brampton, or 90 Colborne St., Toronto.

H. W. DAWSON, Colborne St., Toronto.

NURSERY STOCK.

STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, POTATOES. Catalogue free. McConnell & Son, Port Burwell, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co. Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

PATENTS
OF INVENTIONS
PIGEON, PIGEON & DAVIS
71a St. James St., - Montreal
Write for information

"40 Hours from Frost to Flowers"



BERMUDA

"RESTFUL ISLES OF SUMMER LOVELINESS."

Offering all outdoor Sports, social activities and a climate and scenery unequaled in the Tropics.
S.S. "BERMUDIAN," fastest, most luxurious and only Steamship landing passengers without transfer.
Sails from New York every Wednesday, 11 a.m.
Fare $25.00 for Round Trip, including berth and meals.

WEST INDIES

Delightful 28-day Cruises to the Antilles; sailings from N.Y. Mar. 2nd, 12th, 26th, 2.00 p.m. Apply for tickets and ills. booklet.
Canada Steamship Lines, Limited, 46 Yonge St., Toronto, or any Ticket Agent.

Bad Company.

Mother—Johnny, stop using such dreadful language!

Johnny—Well, mother, Shakespeare uses it.

Mother—Then don't play with him; he's no fit companion for you.

LOW FARES TO THE CHICAGO EXPOSITIONS.

Via Chicago & North Western Ry.

Four splendid daily trains from the New Passenger Terminal, Chicago to San Francisco, Los Angeles and San Diego. Choice of scenic and direct routes. Double track. Automatic electric safety signals all the way.

Let us plan your trip and furnish folders and full particulars.

B. H. Bennett, Gen. Agt., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

A girl with a pair of natural rosy cheeks and a couple of dimples can get nearly any old thing she wants.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

There's nothing better than the old fashioned brand of homemade charity.



Chapped Hands Quickly Healed

Chapped hands and lips always come with cold weather, but

Vaseline
Trademark
CAMPHOR ICE
Made in Canada

brings sure and speedy relief. Children especially need **Vaseline** Camphor Ice for their rough and smarting hands.

Our new illustrated booklet describes all the "Vaseline" preparations. A postcard brings it.

AVOID SUBSTITUTES. Insist on "Vaseline" in original packages bearing the name, CHESEBROUGH MANUFACTURING CO., Consolidated. For sale at all Chemists and General Stores.

CHESEBROUGH MF'G CO.
(Consolidated)
1880 CHABOT AVE., MONTREAL

FOR SALE

One heavy horse, color black, 8 years old; one milk wagon, suitable for gathering eggs and two grade Holstein cows. Apply

J. ARTHUR WHITTEKER

Riverside, Four miles East of Morrisburg.

5-3

FOR SALE

By public auction, on lot 23, 8th Concession, Williamsburg, on Tuesday March 16th, the following: 26 Grade Holstein and Aryshire cows, 35 pigs, and machinery in Carlyle cheese factory. For particulars see large posters.

6-3 GEO. M. CARLYLE.

POULTRY WANTED

I will pay the highest market price for all kinds of live poultry. Drop a card to M. ADOFF,

Box 15, Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

A good, comfortable house, barn and one acre of land on Augustus street, west of station, Morrisburg.—Very reasonable. Apply,

JOHN BELL,

6-3 Morrisburg.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of our son, W. J. McKoy who passed away March 12th, 1906, in Pasadena, California.

Gone but not forgotten:
We never knew what pain he bore;
We never saw him die;
We only knew he passed away,
And never said good bye.

MRS. J. A. McKOY.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

In The Estate of Mary Ann Casselman, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 56 of the Trustee Act, that all persons having any claims or demands against the estate of Mary Ann Casselman, late of the Police Village of Williamsburg, in the County of Dundas, widow, deceased, who died on or about the 15th day of February, A. D. 1915, are required to send by post prepaid, or otherwise to deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Administrator, on or before the 26th day of March, A.D., 1915, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, and full particulars in writing of their claims and statements of their accounts and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice, that after the said 26th day of March, A.D., 1915, the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice, and that the said Administrator will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any persons or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 3rd day of March, A. D., 1915.

R. F. LYLE,
Morrisburg, Ont.
Solicitor for Walter L. Casselman, Administrator.

6-3

LAND FOR SALE

Offers in writing to purchase the following lands, belonging to the estate of Mary Ann Casselman, late of the Police Village of Williamsburg, in the County of Dundas, widow, deceased, will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of the 31st day of March, 1915.

The lands are composed of part of Lot No. 31 in the 5th Concession of the Township of Williamsburg, in the said County of Dundas, containing 1 acre more or less, and being the land at the North-west corner of the intersection of the Nine Mile Road with the Cross Road crossing said lot, in the said Police Village of Williamsburg.

On said lands are a frame house, kitchen, large shed, blacksmith shop, barn, good well and orchard.

This is a very desirable property and possession can be given on completion of purchase.

Dated this 1st day of March, 1915.

R. F. LYLE,
Solicitor for Walter L. Casselman, administrator.

6-4

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

cure many common ailments which are very different, but which all arise from the same cause—a system clogged with impurities. The Pills cause the bowels to move regularly, strengthen and stimulate the kidneys and open up the pores of the skin. These organs immediately throw off the accumulated impurities, and Biliousness, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Kidney Troubles, Headaches, Rheumatism and similar ailments vanish. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills 45

Save Doctors' Bills

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales, March 16.
Aultsville, March 17.
Morrisburg, March 18 to April 3.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We are pleased to announce to the public this week that after this date we will do job work of all kinds, and will endeavor, as in the past, to give you complete satisfaction—Do it while you wait, and reasonable.

* * *

Mrs. Hepburn is visiting in Froat burn this week.

* * *

The 59th guards were handed their cheques on Thursday.

* * *

Mr. Herbert Reddick and family have moved to Boucks Hill.

* * *

Any Northway Garments on Approval if we cannot please you from Stock.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Miss Bessie Kifgour of Beauharnois, Que., is visiting friends in town.

* * *

Dr. and Mrs. Smith of Cornwall spent Sunday, with Mrs. A. J. La Flamme.

* * *

Miss Isabel Farlinger returned home last week after several weeks visit with friends in Simcoe, Ont.

* * *

Willie C. Prunner, son of Mr. and Mrs. David Pruner, left on Wednesday night for Viewfair, Sask

* * *

Neilson's "Tipperary" Ice Cream brick for St. Patrick's Day. Leave your order with A. J. Wood.

* * *

You Can Try It Before You Buy It if it's a Northway Suit or Coat, or Shirt. We Stock Them—they're sellers.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Miss Rebecca Graham has returned home after spending the winter with friends in Madrid, N. Y.

* * *

Don't forget "The Box of Monkeys" at Music Hall, March 17th.

* * *

Mrs. John Martin, Nash's Road, is seriously ill and her many friends hope for a speedy recovery.

* * *

Call and see the Northway Style Book—Styles new and different which make the Northway Garments famous.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Mr. John Harback left for Cleveland on Monday to visit his brother who is somewhat seriously ill.

* * *

Miss Pearl Hart of Cornwall is a guest at the home of Mr. W. H. Fetterley.

* * *

A Northway looks better after Two Seasons than any other Suit after two months' wear.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Miss Jean R. Fetterley went to Montreal last Saturday to visit her sister, Mrs. James Brodie.

* * *

Tickets for "Box of Monkeys" sold only at Chalmers'. Prices — 10, 20 and 30 cents.

* * *

Rev. G. S. Anderson, Rector of St. Matthew's Church, Ottawa, was in town on Monday.

* * *

Miss Johnstone of Crysler is visiting this week at Mr. W. G. Baker's.

* * *

Miss Gladys Bradfield has returned home after visiting in Montreal.

* * *

Leave your order for cut flowers for Easter at this office or at A. J. Harrison's.

* * *

Get your tickets for Music Hall St. Patrick's Day, March 17th. Sold only at Chalmers'.

* * *

Any Northway Suit or Coat made to your measure and returnable if not perfectly satisfactory.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Chalmers attended the funeral of the latter's cousin at Waddington on Saturday last.

* * *

Annual entertainment St. Patrick's night, Music Hall, auspices Young People, St. Mary's Church. Prices reduced to 10, 20 and 30c.

* * *

Now is the time to get a nice flowering plant. A fine assortment of Cyclamen, Cinnerarias, Primulas, etc., at A. J. Harrison's.

* * *

Mr. T. Shaw of the Chesterville Record, it is rumored, has sold out his business to Mr. G. C. Lacey of the Winchester Press.

No meeting of the school board was held on Monday last, there being only three of the members present.

* * *

"A Box of Monkeys" a farce-comedy in 2 acts is the main feature of St. Patrick's Concert, Music Hall. Prices—Reserved seats 30c; children 10c; general admission 20c.

* * *

Mrs. John B. Connor of Morrisburg, who has been spending the winter with relatives in New York is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Glen Case, Westmount, Montreal, this week.

* * *

A number of the young people from here went to Iroquois on Monday night to a hockey game played by the ladies of Iroquois and the local seven. The game resulted in a victory for the latter by a score of 6 to 1.

* * *

We are bound to make a record Season in Curtains, Carpets, Squares and Linoleums if Varieties and Values will do it. We are opening a new, large room for these goods. Call and see an exceptionally good assortment at very reasonable prices.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

The popularity of Northway Garments is due to Distinctive, Incomparable Styles, Perfection in Tailoring, in Fit and in Finish, and to their wonderful shape-keeping qualities.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

At a special meeting held last Thursday in the Clerk's office the council, after having heard Mr. Armstrong's recommendation of Tarvia to keep down dust decided to look into the matter and a sample will be used early in the spring. The Tarvia is spread on the road and a thin sprinkling of sand spread over it. Towns that have been using Tarvia recommend it.

* * *

Rev. H. J. Farrell, a baritone singer of Kingston, has been secured for St. Patrick's concert in the Music Hall, March 17th. Father Farrell studied music in Ireland with the Grand Opera favorite, John McCormick.

* * *

Ladies and Gentlemen—If your hair is thin, faded or discolored, or if your bald, if you would make your appearance attractive and youthful and benefit your health and comfort, be sure you see the Dorenwend Company's wonderful display of quality hair-goods at the St. Lawrence Hall Hotel, Morrisburg, on Wednesday, March 24. Switches, Braids, Transformations Pompadours, Wavelets, etc. of unsurpassed quality hair and workmanship, also Dorenwend art hair-toupees for bald men, including the famous sanitary patent structures. You are offered a free demonstration of any style. Remember the date, Wednesday, March 24th.

* * *

No matter how small the thing desired—if procurable we'll get it for you within the shortest possible time.—D. C. Bush.

* * *

The annual oratorical contest of the New Century Literary and Debating Club held on Saturday evening at Toronto was an event of unique interest to the club membership and their friends. The coveted silver trophy was won by Mr. J. Smyth Carter, formerly of Morrisburg. As this is the third year in which Mr. Carter has been the winner, the cup remains in his personal possession. Addresses of high order were delivered by the other contestants, Messrs. Fred Darlington, William Newman and R. Stenzel, rendering the contest exceptionally keen. The judges were Messrs. Russell Nesbitt, B.A., H. H. Phillips, and Leopold Macaulay, B.A.

* * *

On account of the excellent entertainment and cheap prices, you should reserve your seats at Chalmer's for St. Patrick's Day. entertainment.

* * *

Services in St. James Church on Sunday next will be Holy Communion at 8 a.m. Matins, 11 a. m., evensong at 7 p.m. On Wednesday evening, Litany and address at 7.30 p.m. Thursday morning — Holy Communion at 10 a.m. Friday, children's service at 4.15 p. m. Litany and address at 7.30 p. m. In Trinity Memorial on Sunday evening at 2.30 p.m. Monday, Litany and address at 2.30 p.m.

MR. L. A. COLE DEAD

Mr. L. A. Cole, an old and respected resident of Waddington, a cousin of Mrs. F. R. Chalmers of this village, died suddenly Thursday last. The funeral, which was largely attended, took place to the Presbyterian Church, Waddington, Rev. Mr. Middleton officiated.

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We have also a good stock of Buckwheat Flour, Corn Meal, Graham Flour, Whole Wheat Flour, Wheat Granuals, Rolled Oats and Rolled Wheat of the best grades, including a good stock of well assorted and Fresh Groceries at reasonable prices.

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Evaporated Fruits

Apples	per lb. 10c.
Peaches	per lb. 12½c.
Pulled Figs	per lb. 10c.
Apricots	per lb. 20c.

Dryed Fruits

Prunes, Santa Clara	per lb. 10c., 12½c., 15c.
Raisins, seeded	per lb. 12½c.
Raisins, Seedless	per lb. 12½c.
Peels—Orange, Lemon and Citron	per lb. 25c.

Syrups

Crown Brand	2 lb tins 13c.
" "	5 lb. tins 30c.
" "	10 lb. tins 55c.
Crystal diamond	2 lb. tins 13c.
Pure Clover Honey	2½ lb. tins 40c.
" " "	5 lb. tins 75c.

Canned Fruits

Plums	per tin 12½c.
Strawberries	per tin 20c.
Raspberries	per tin 20c.
Pears	per tin 20c.
Peaches	per tin 20c.
Apples	gallon tins 25c.

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THE DORENWEND CO. OF TORONTO LIMITED, Canada's foremost hair-goods establishment will display and demonstrate a sample stock of the latest hair-goods fashions for ladies, and toupees and wigs for bald men, at the

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ON

WED. MARCH 24th

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Have a Demonstration of what it will do for you

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is so valuable a possession that it should be far more highly appreciated and taken care of than it is.

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You may lay up for yourself years of eye-trouble by so doing.

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* *

DO NOT FORGET

* *

That some men have not the courage to say generally that they have no faults and that their enemies have no good qualities; but in fact they are not far from believing so.

That the weather was fine; the ice was fine; the spectators were fine; the referee was fine; the 59th goal tender was refined, and the 59th took their medicine fine.

That we should manage fortune like our health, enjoy it when it is good, be patient when it is bad, and never resort to strong remedies but in an extremity.

That we hardly find any persons of good sense, save those who agree with us.

That little minds are too much wounded by little things; great minds see all and are not even hurt.

That soon there will be nothing left of Turkey but the wishbone.

That many a man wastes his time telling other people not to waste theirs.

That it is far easier to know men than to know man.

That a man's great abilities are not much good if he does not make use of them.

That great men should not have great faults.

EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 142, R. C., A. F & A. M., holds its Regular Meetings in the Masonic Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday Evening on, or before, full moon.

A full attendance is particularly requested Visiting brethren are always welcome.

R.H. ASHTON, W. B. A. HERRING, Secretary