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The Leader

Vol. XXI, No. 6 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, Feb. 11, 1921.

Valuable Information to Our Members

One of the basic Principles of a Co-Operative Organization is giving valuable information to its members.

Our Live Stock Shipping Department like all other of the Co-Operative Company has proved a great success. Owing to increased business offering and our desire to meet the wishes of our shareholders we will load every Monday hereafter. The returns for the past two shipments netted the farmers for

January 17th, Hogs $16.30; Calves $14.50.
January 31st, Hogs $16.00; Calves $14.00.

Call on us for further information or Phone 38.

FEED DEPARTMENT

We have on hand corn, wheat, oats, bran, shorts, at reduced prices.

We handle Cane Mola Molasses at 42 cents per gallon by the barrel (50 gallons). It is a good feeding tonic. Give it a trial and be convinced.

We expect increased business for the next two months in order to keep our staff steadily employed. It is therefore up to you Mr. Farmer to give us a BOOST and remember the more business we do the less our overhead expenses will be and the more will be paid to you in Co-Operative Dividends.

THE UNITED FARMERS CO-OPERATIVE CO, LIMITED

DUNDAS COUNTY BRANCH

Morrisburg, Ontario.

Each Day Farming is Placed More Firmly on a Business Basis

Which is another way of saying the business of farming is gradually becoming more efficiently handled. Within the last few years farmers have begun to realize the possibilities in a can of paint. Only by applying an occasional coat of paint can a man hope to prolong the usefulness of his implements and buildings. It has been proved over and over again that paint, because of its ability to lengthen the life and usefulness of the surfaces to which it is applied, pays larger dividends than gold mines do.

Last spring, a friend of ours told us that he made 300 per cent. on the paint and time he used in repainting his flivver before selling it.

Many automobile owners have laid up their cars for the winter and will soon bring them out for a clean up.

Here is an assortment that every farmer should have ready for use when they are needed.

TWO-QUART CANS OF BUGGY PAINT IN RED AND BLACK, FOR PAINTING WAGONS, ETC., A SMALL CAN OF ALUMINUM PAINT, FOR INTERIOR IRON WORK, A HALF GALLON CAN OF PROTECTIVE PAINT, FOR METAL BUILDINGS.

Paint over regularly all metal parts exposed on such things as hoops, turn buckles on silos, outside hinges, door hangers, etc. A small can of implement or spar varnish. A gallon can of barn color or house color for general repair work.

The policy of this store is to supply you with satisfactory goods at a satisfactory price. When we say satisfactory goods we mean goods made to give service. When there is an argument between quality and price, quality always wins with us. When by paying five per cent. more we can secure twenty or even ten per cent. more service for you, we never hesitate about paying the extra five.

Our customers are our friends and it would not be friendly to sell you a scamped article in the name of a bargain when we could sell you real satisfaction at a small difference.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

THE HARDWARE STORE—OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

COUNCIL MEETING

Regular meeting of Council for February was held at the Town Hall on Monday the 7th, at 8 p.m.

Members all present.

Moved and seconded by Messrs.—Link and McLatchie, That the minutes of previous meetings as read be adopted and signed by the Reeve and Clerk—Carried

Accounts amounting to $857.89 were passed.

McLatchie and Clement, That the Collector's Roll as per statement filed with the Clerk, be received and accepted. Carried.

Clement and Henderson—That the resignation of Dr. W. F. Meikle, as a member of the Board of Education be accepted. and that John H. Meikle be appointed in his place—Carried.

McLatchie and Henderson, That this Council now assembled do forth with memoralize the Honorable, the Minister of Highways for Ontario to the effect that he will cause the work on the Provincial Highway System when resumed the ensuing season on those portions thereof lying adjacent to the Eastern and Western boundries of this corporation to be commenced at and prosecuted from this Corporation's said Eastern and Western boundries toward the points where the said work was discontinued last season, and that the memorial read be signed on behalf of this Council by the Reeve and Clerk, the corporate seal impressed thereon, and the same, forthwith forwarded by the Clerk to the said Honorable Minister.—Carried.

Link and Henderson That William D. Sutherland be fire chief at a salary of $15.—Carried.

Clement and McLatchie, That the firemen be paid ten dollars each per year for their services.—Carried.

Henderson and McLatchie, That by-law No. 424 be read a first, second and third time passed, signed and sealed in open council this seventh day of February 1921—Carried.

Clement and McLatchie, That Geo. L. Brown, C.E., be instructed to make a survey and estimate material required to build a sidewalk around the Collegiate Institute.—Carried.

Henderson and McLatchie, That this council do now adjourn.

PRESENTATION AND ADDRESS

It was with deepest regret that the Patrons of Maple Grove Cheese Factory gathered at the home of Mrs. S .Coons, on Tuesday evening, February 1st, to bid adieu to Mr. Small, our cheesemaker. After 27 years of cheesemaking Mr. Small has decided to try the farm, having purchased the property of Mr. Dan Driscoll, and with such a fine family of boys growing up we feel confident he will be as successful a farmer as he was a cheesemaker.

The following address was read by Mr. B. Strader.

Mr. Small:

It was with feelings of deepest regret we as your patrons learned of your intention leaving the factory and turning your attention and that of your family to a different walk in life. We had hoped that this family under such an efficient teacher would have added much to the ranks of cheesemakers in our county, but incidently our thought has not been your thought. As we look back over the years that you have served us we feel bound to you with an unbroken chain of confidence. Our interests have always been safe in your keeping and when we have listened to other tales of factory troubles of various types, we have been prouder than ever of the man who was able to carry us through without a ripple. Your honesty and frankness in dealing with us has been an incentive to better things and a brooder of peace.

As you leave us and leave the trade, we are glad that you and your good wife and family are not leaving our community and we shall still enjoy your friendship and help.

We felt as those whom you had served so long and so faithfully we could not let you go without showing you in some tangible way our appreciation of you and your good wife that when you are settled in your new home and you think of the days of toil and worry in the old factory some thoughts of love and cheer may mingle with these, we ask you and Mrs. Small to accept this gift, not for its value in dollars and cents but for the confidence it may express.

As you sever your connection with us as cheesemaker, let us assure you while we feel that to us it is a great loss you carry with you our best wishes and trust that many years of health and happiness may be given you and yours.

Signed on behalf of the Patrons,
Herbert Houlahan.
R. H. Bell,
Harvey Cook,

Mr. Edwin Johnstone presented Mr. and Mrs. Small, on behalf of the Patrons with two handsome leather rockers.

Mr. Small made a very fitting reply on behalf of Mrs. Small and family, thanking them most sincerely for the beautiful gift, after which everyone joined in singing "For He's a Jolly, Good Fellow". After a fine lunch, a a very enjoyable evening was spent in music and games.

SPECIAL MEETING SCHOOL BOARD

A special meeting of the School Board was held in the Agricultural Office on Tuesday, on an invitation from the High School Inspector, who wished to report to the Board, conditions at the Collegiate Institute. Present: D. C. Bush, chairman; J. H. Meikle, Mrs. Hilliard, A. H. Hunter J. L. Casselman, Rev. C. O. Carson, L. Laurin, T. Coligan, W. G. Beckstead.

The report should prove of vital interest to every citizen of Morrisburg who is interested in the welfare of education. It is anything but favorable, and therefore we publish the facts with a certain amount of reluctance.

The Principal, the Inspector said, was seriously handicapped owing to the fact that two of the teachers have not the required qualifications. Miss Boyd, therefore, had to take Commercial and Science work, instead of devoting her whole time to Science work. There was a congestion in form two which could be relieved only by the services of an additional teacher.. He urged the reorganization of the Commercial Class. Repairs generally were not kept up. Double seats were still in use. There was not enough black board space. Science Labratory was too small. There was difficulty in getting Text Books. Boys' cloak room was dirty and dusty. Cobwebs were on the walls. Floors were dirty. The closets were in a deplorable, unsanitary condition. Mr. Levan could not find words suitable to describe the condition of the latter.

When asked if he had anything to suggest by way of getting qualified teachers to replace those who have not the qualifications (all within the the Board's power having already been done) the inspector answered, only two things, attractive salaries and advertising early in the season.

When asked to class his recommendations first, second and third in importance, he did so as follows:

First—Proper attention should be given to the closets.

Second—The floors, walls and cellar should be cleaned.

Third—More blackboard space should be provided in form five.

Are the three most important ones which you have mentioned recommendations or a demand? the Inspector was asked.

"It's a query", he answered.

His answer was meant to be non-commital of course, and not much in keeping with the importance of his report. It requires no special qualifications to find that the closets are in a deplorable condition and make the same old query that has been made for the last five years or more. Nor does it require any great expenditure to right this condition. It requires but the courage from those in authority, to demand that it be righted. Would not the Inspector be discharging his duty more credibly, if he were to eliminate this "query" and make a demand? The time has arrived in Morrisburg for plain speaking, and the sugar-coated pill has had its day. If conditions at the Collegiate justify the Inspector's statement, that he does not meet with similar conditions in any other school in Ontario, why does he not demand that local conditions be brought up to the common standard.

We understand the outbuildings at the Collegiate are frequented by the public, and it is possible that the very undesirable and dangerous condition is due to this fact. It is also evident however, that the organization generally, is on the down grade at the Collegiate. This is undoubtedly due to the indifferent attitude of the majority of the Board, and the citizens generally during the last five or six years.

Mr. O'Neil, Principal, and other efficient members of the staff have apparently had the interest of the Institute at heart, with but scant support, and it is unreasonable to expect that they will continue to take an interest without due support. The time has therefore arrived when the citizens must rise to the occasion, bring this Institute back to the enviable standard which it once enjoyed, or close the doors. Such reports as we have had this week from the Inspector, our citizens feel very keenly, and it is hoped that our present energetic Collegiate Committee will cope successfully with the situation.

MARRIED

Mr. William D. Rooks, D.D.S., son of Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Rooks of Morrisburg, was united in marriage to Miss Mildred E. Wilson, of Chicago, on December 22nd, 1920.

Mr. Rooks is well known throughout this district, having received his preliminary education at the local schools, and later graduating at the University of Chicago where he now has a well established business.

His many friends extend congratulations.

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R. H. Seaman, Mgr.

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TEA
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is pure, wholesome and delicious.
Send us a post card for a free sample, stating the price you now pay and if you use Black, Green or Mixed Tea. Address Salada, Toronto.



To Prevent a Fire.

Don't put in the ash barrel such articles as greasy paper, oily rags or waste which has been used to wipe machinery. Such articles may cause fires. Burn these things immediately after use.

Don't neglect to have the chimney flue cleaned once a year.

Don't leave holes in the flooring, walls, or ceiling. These enable fires to travel throughout the building when once started.

Don't use celluloid or similar substances near any flame, gaslight or match. They are dangerously inflammable and likely to cause fatal fires.

Don't pour gasoline or naptha down the drain. Pour it on the ground if you must get rid of it. One pint of gasoline, naphtha or benzine makes two hundred feet of explosive vapor. One gallon of gasoline has substantially the power equal to 83 lbs. of dynamite.

Don't set kitchen or heating stoves close to woodwork. Put a metal shield behind the stove. Leave a little air space behind the shield. Bright tin is the best protector if not placed right up against the woodwork.

Don't use small gas stoves on wooden tables. Place metal protector under them. Be careful in using gas stoves, especially in lighting the oven, and, if the meat or grease take fire, shut off the gas and throw salt, not water, on the flames.

Don't look for a gas leak with a lighted match or candle. You might suddenly find it—to your sorrow.

Don't leave doors of heaters or kitchen stoves open unless you provide a wire screen or net to catch live coals which may drop out.

Don't tamper with or extend electric wires; employ an electrician.

Don't keep gasoline other than in airtight metal cans painted red.

Don't fail to warn children of the dangerous bonfire.

A Home-Made Cooker.

If you can't get what you want make the most of what you have. Every day we run across proof that the successful person is the one who does this.

Mrs. William Grant wanted a fireless cooker. That is, she wanted one if she was sure they would do everything the demonstrator claimed for them, but she thought it would be a good thing to try it out before she put much money into one. The demonstrator had said they could be easily made at home, so she looked about to see what she could find around the house to convert into a fireless cooker.

An old metal trunk, somewhat rusty, a few circles of zinc which had once formed the smokestack on a house, some barley straw and one or two cooking utensils with tight-fitting covers looked promising.

She packed the trunk with the barley straw, cut circles to make the nests for the dishes from the zinc, and filled a cushion with asbestos to lay on top. The only money spent on the cooker was fifty cents for asbestos for insulation.

This cooker helped Mrs. Grant through the haying season, cooking her meals while she worked in the field. She and her husband are so pleased with it, that they are going to make an extra good one this winter.

A Game For the Children.

"Good Morning" requires ten to sixty or more players, and can be played in schoolroom or parlor.

This is a very pretty sense-training game, as it cultivates discrimination through the sense of hearing. Little children are very fond of it, and it is most interesting and surprising to note the development of perceptive power through the playing of the game.

One player blinds his eyes. He may do this by going to a corner of the room and facing the wall, with his hand over his eyes; or a very pretty method is to have him go to the teacher or leader, with his face hidden in her lap, and her hands on either side of his head, like the blinkers of a horse.

The teacher silently points, then, to some other player in the class, who rises at once and says, "Good morning, David," (or whatever the child's name may be). The little guesser, if he has recognized the voice, responds with "Good morning, Arthur," (or other name). If he does not guess the voice after the first greeting, the child may be required to repeat it, until the guesser has had three trials. Should he fail on the third trial, he turns around to see who the player was, and changes places with him. If he names the right player, the guesser retains his position until after he fails to guess the voice of the one greeting him, one player after another being required to stand and give the greeting, "Good Morning!"

When pupils have become somewhat proficient in the guesser's place, the others should be required to change their seats after the guesser has blinded his eyes, so that he will not be assisted by the direction from which the voice comes, in his judgment, which is very easily the case, where the other players are in their accustomed seats.

Of course, the greeting will be varied according to the time of day, being "good afternoon," or "good evening," as may be appropriate. Occasionally, in a school game, a pupil from another room may be called in. Should a strange voice be heard in this way, the little guesser is considered correct if he answers, "good morning, stranger."

Waterproof Shoes.

The United States Bureau of Chemistry has worked out a method by which anybody can make his shoes waterproof unless they have holes in them.

The chief reason why shoes ordinarily are not waterproof is that the seams admit moisture. Thus the feet get damp and the wearer is liable to catch cold.

An occasional use of castor oil on shoe uppers will help to make them waterproof, but too much should not be used lest it interfere with the "shine." Much better, especially for use in winter, is a mixture of twelve ounces of tallow and four ounces of cod oil. Melted together by moderate heat, the stuff should be applied warm and thoroughly to the edge of the sole and the welt, where footgear is most liable to leak.

The sole can be best waterproofed by letting the shoe stand for fifteen minutes in a shallow pan containing enough of the grease to cover the sole.

Thus protected, one need not wear overshoes, which, while they keep water out, also keep perspiration in. Moreover, they are cold in winter and hot in summer.

Improved Pocketknife Has Novel Features.

A new knife is made in various types, from the long, heavy hunting knife to the tiny watch-chain knife. It may be best described as a device wherein the blade, when in use, is held rigidly in position, and when not in use, is completely concealed. When closed, the knife is dustproof, and can be made waterproof if desired. An important improvement, from the angles of utility and manufacture, is the elimination of the steel backspring, which constitutes a large part of the cost of the ordinary pocketknife. Also, blades are interchangeable. By the simple method of unscrewing the pin holding the blade, another blade can be quickly substituted. Thus a hunter can, in a moment, substitute a skinning blade for the ordinary blade in his knife.

Women! Use "Diamond Dyes."

Dye Old Skirts, Dresses, Waists, Coats, Stockings, Draperies, Everything.

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains easy directions for dyeing any article of wool, silk, cotton, linen, or mixed goods. Beware! Poor dye streaks, spots, fades, and ruins material by giving it a "dyed-look." Buy "Diamond Dyes" only. Druggist has Color Card.

An Ingenious Invention.

With an ingenious tuning device arranged in the form of a small book, and using a walking stick as a mast for the antenna wire, a British officer has contrived a radio-receiving set of extreme simplicity and portability. By opening the pocket-size book to greater or less degree, and varying the antenna length, reception is adjusted to wave lengths between 300 and 2,500 metres. With this equipment, using a regular head telephone, messages have been received from stations more than 500 miles distant.

Minard's Liniment for Burns, etc.

The Voice in The Night

PART I.

The little flames danced and flickered naughtily above the ripe coals in the grate, and the young man leaned forward, his elbows on his knees, and stared into the fire and quoted bitterly:

"Into this Universe, the Why not knowing
Nor whence, like Water, willy-nilly flowing;
And out of it, as Wind along the Waste,
I know not Whither, willy-nilly blowing."

The old doctor puffed at his singing brier, and smiled gently at the bowed young head. "'The Rubaiyat' is strong wine," he murmured.

"Strong wine, but clear—and very fragrant," the young man returned swiftly and whirled to face his companion. "I tell you, Doctor Price, the utter futility of the whole thing makes me sick. How do we know we're on the right track—working and studying and giving ourselves, and plugging along like truck horses, thirty, forty and fifty years?"

The young man was straight and slender and strong; and he rose from his chair before the fire and paced across the room and back again. He turned and paused before the old doctor, and looked down at his friend, his eyes keen with doubt and sorrow. "How do we know there is any Being—any Thing—higher than we, hidden somewhere, who approves or disapproves?"

Doctor Price was a round, ruddy little man. His hair was silver white, and it was abundant, like snow on the roof after a heavy storm. The old physician had weathered many storms, and fierce ones; but save for the snowy whiteness of his hair, they had left no mark upon him. His eyes lurked beneath great, bristling brows, and twinkled steadily in the face of peril and travail and grief. His lips were gentle, yet firm; and his voice was steady and kind.

"If one does not know, it is a little hard at times," he said quietly.

The young man threw out his hands with an appealing gesture. "I don't want money," he exclaimed. "I do not care whether people applaud me or condemn me. But, Doctor Price—I've got to know, in my own heart, that I am right or life isn't worth the fight."

He dropped in his chair again and stared at the dancing little flames. The doctor turned and studied the proud young profile, for a moment, lovingly.

"Did you ever have what men call a narrow escape?" he asked, after a moment.

The young man looked up with quick surprise. "A narrow escape?" he repeated. "Why—I don't know. Probably not. I've not led an adventurous life, you know."

"All lives are adventurous," said the physician gently. "Each minute of continued life is an adventure. You are a physician now, son. You know how little it takes to snuff the candle. Is it not a little wonderful, when men die so easily, that so many of us live?"

The young man's fine brow clouded thoughtfully. "Perhaps," he admitted. "What of that?"

"I have sometimes fancied," explained the old doctor, "that the very fact that a man or a woman is permitted to grow to maturity, threading a precarious way through the infinite and deadly perils that beset the path, is fair proof that that man or that woman is being preserved and guided to a given destiny—saved for the performance of a given task."

"It is mere chance—nothing more," the young man insisted. He quoted again:

"The Eternal Saki from the Bowl has poured
Millions of Bubbles like us, and will pour."

"If the bubble happens not to burst—that proves nothing," he added.

"But, suppose," the old doctor suggested, "suppose that we imagine that each of us is under the protection of a sort of private secret service—just as the King is guarded wherever he goes. Does that not testify that we are guarded and guided toward a particular task—as he is?"

The young man laughed shortly. "It might—if it were true," he said.

Doctor Price smoked in silence for a little space; and he smiled thoughtfully at the glowing coals, as though at some pleasant memory. By and by, he shifted a little in his chair and turned to the young man. "I visited the State prison ten days ago," he remarked.

"I remember," the young fellow nodded, his interest showing in his eyes. "What about it?"

"In the prison," said the old physician, "I heard the end of a story that began many years ago—and it has given me, somehow, a curious little certainty that none of us are accidents. Also, my son, it made me very humbly proud that such a manifest and certain proof should come to me that—secret-service operatives have guarded my steps.

The young man frowned with perplexity. "I don't understand—" he beban.

"I do not understand, myself," said the old doctor. "But—I will tell you, if you like."

The young man nodded swiftly. "Please," he said; and the physician knocked the dottel from his pipe into the grate, filled and lighted the pipe, and smoked thoughtfully for a time, as though marshaling his recollections.

At length he began:

It was a good many years ago, said the old doctor, that I had among my patients an elderly woman of some wealth, who lived on a lonely road, perhaps half a mile from any other house, and five or six miles from here.

She was, as I have said, wealthy. Her husband had been dead for some years, and she lived alone with an occasional visit from her nephew, a son of her husband's brother, whose parents were dead.

This woman—it is not necessary that I reveal her name—distrusted the young man, perhaps rightfully; and as she grew older she decided that her original intention to bequeath her property to him was a mistake. He was dissolute, she believed; and she was a devout woman, and was not willing that she should furnish him the means of his own ruin.

About five years before her death, she made a will leaving the young man only a few dollars. The remainder of her considerable estate was to go to a certain worthy charity. The will was drawn by her attorney, in my presence, and I was one of the two witnesses. The other witness, an old woman who had been housekeeper for my patient for many years, died a year after the will was drawn. The attorney, who drew the document, was killed in an accident two years later. At the time of which I speak, therefore, I was the only other person, besides herself, who knew of the existence of the will. She kept it at her home, and by her request the attorney had retained no copy of the document.

This explanation may be tedious; but it is a necessary groundwork for what followed.

One night, in March, I was summoned by telephone to come to the woman's home. It was a bitter, rainy night, and the long drive did not attract me; furthermore, I knew the woman was not at the time seriously ill. Nevertheless, the summons was insistent, and I obeyed it. In those days automobiles had not come to help us on such occasions; but my horse was a stout animal, and I fastened the curtains about my buggy and drew the waterproof robe up to my chin and set out.

(Continued in next issue.)

Which?

Suppose upon thy right hand stretched a road,
Shaded by trees and very fair to see,
Bordered with flowers and ever verdant sod,
And one should say, "I give the choice to thee
Between this road, which thou must tread alone,
And this, which lieth here upon thy left,
Narrow and cheerless, rough with many a stone,
Arid and waste, of trees and flowers bereft—
Yet, listen! If the latter choice be thine,
Love's self shall walk beside thee all the way——"
Wouldst thou accept that fellowship divine,
Or choose the easier path? Beloved, say!

Who Was Responsible?

"Daddy," piped the little darling, "is the sea a mile deep?" Daddy, who was also an editor, glanced up irritably from a huge pile of manuscript. "I don't know," he snapped. The little one looked disappointed. A little later she inquired: "Is the moon really made of cheese, daddy?" Again came the response: "I don't know." Another look of disappointment, another silence, and another question: "Do cannibals use postage stamps?" No less savage than the cannibals themselves was the distracted manuscript reader as he roared for the third time: "I don't know." "Well, I say, daddy," exclaimed the youthful inquirer, very seriously, "who made you an editor?"

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INDUSTRIES FAIR IS GROWING

BIG INCREASE IN BRITISH EXHIBITS.

Held This Year in Three Different Sections, at London, Birmingham and Glasgow.

Indications are that the British Industries Fair is to be decidedly larger and more comprehensive this year than ever before, says a London despatch. It will be held in three sections, at London and Birmingham from February 2 to March 4, and at Glasgow from February 28 to March 11.

Last year the London section of the fair was held in the Crystal Palace, but because of the increase in the number of exhibits it will be held in the White City this year. The idea of having the Glasgow section open a week later is to give buyers and visitors an opportunity to visit all three sections of the fair without being rushed.

As in the past only British manufacturers will be allowed to exhibit, and only their own wares. No duplications will be permitted. Attendance will be by invitation only, which in New York may be obtained from the British Consul-General, 44 Whitehall Street.

Exhibits Have Wide Range.

The lines to be exhibited in London are books, cutlery, silver, jewellry, watches, clocks, haberdashery, glassware, china, earthenware, stoneware, paper, stationery, stationers' sundries, printing, medical and surgical instruments, leather for the fancy goods, bookbinding and upholstery trades, brushes, brooms, toys, sporting goods, scientific and optical instruments, photographic supplies, drugs, musical instruments, furniture and basketware.

At Birmingham lighting fixtures, cook stoves and utensils, general hardware, tools of all descriptions, metal furniture, saddlery and harness, firearms, fishing rods and tackle, machinery beltings, India rubber goods, weighing and measuring appliances, paints, architectural metal works, steel and hemp rope, cordage and string.

At Glasgow textiles of all descriptions, ready made clothing, including hosiery, hats, caps, boots, shoes and gloves; carpet and upholstery materials, foodstuffs, prepared and preserved; beverages, chemicals and dyes.

You Will Live to Laugh.

I remember that when what seemed a terrible catastrophe befell me, when the future looked very black, indeed, and it seemed as if there was no chance for me to get on my feet again, a friend said: "You won't believe it, but the time will come when you will laugh at this calamity, think of it as being a good thing for you."

I have lived to prove the truth of this man's prophecy; I have lived to think that all the misfortunes that have ever happened to me have, in a way, helped me. Each unfortunate experience has made me wiser, more careful, more determined to compensate for the mistakes and blunders and failures, and I can't help feeling that my life is richer for these trials, as painful and humiliating as they have been, apparently, irremediable.

All things work together or those who try to do their best, who are honest and earnest. Through mistakes we arrive at the goal of comparative perfection. If we are in earnest and intelligent, and do our level best to win out, we shall do so in spite of the multitude of mistakes and blunders, the mortifying errors we make.

I once heard an editor of a great magazine say that his publication had risen out of its mistakes; that it had won out over a multitude of schemes and experiments, very few of which had ever proved successful in themselves. But the perpetual effort to better the publication, the perpetual effort to get ahead, had resulted in a real success.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Colds, etc.

During one period of seven years, over 8,000 earthquake shocks were recorded in Japan.

Queenston, on the Niagara River, was named after Queen Charlotte, wife of King George the First.

FORESTS OF CANADA ARE SOURCE OF RICH REVENUE

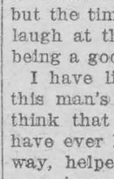


Canada's 225 million acres of merchantable timber is the second largest asset of her natural resources wealth. The bulk of this timber is within easy reach of the tidewater. Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and British Columbia can almost dump their logs in the oceans, while Quebec and Ontario have the St. Lawrence River for a path to the sea.

In 1908 the greater part of Canadian lumber exports went out in the raw state, only a little over one-third was manufactured in Canada. The nert ten years saw a strong and continued increase in industrial development and by 1917 the tables had quite turned. In that year more than 70% of Canada's lumber exports were manufactured and less than one-third left the country in a raw state.

Ever increasing demand for pulpwood and paper is responsible in large measure for this rapid development. American imports of Canadian pulpwood (all kinds) for four months, ending July 31st, 1920, amounted to $20,839,881. According to latest statistics Canada's available supply of pulpwood is 901,000,000 cords and covers 350,000 square miles. Over a third of this spruce and balsam stands in the eastern provinces, convenient to the eastern states with their many newspapers and publishing houses. It is estimated that, at the present rate of cutting, this supply will hold out for 62 years. Strict cutting regulations, wise conservation and reforestation plans are looked to to prevent the annihilation of Canadian forests and lumbering industries.

British Columbia's woods are attracting much foreign capital. American money is going into new pulp and paper mills on the Pacific Coast. Approximately, 85% of all capital invested in the paper pulp industry in Canada is American. An English syndicate is building a $250,000 furniture factory in British Columbia. Box factories flourish all over the province. The small fruits, vegetable, honey and poultry ranches of the southern part of the province need countless crates and boxes for getting their produce to market. British Columbia's strategic situation for shipping to Pacific Coast ports and the Orient, its numerous good harbors and the fact that the climate permits all the year round lumbering have not been overlooked by capital seeking investment.



Fun Exchange
The Ratepayer Publishing Co., of Toronto, at No. 6 Columbine Ave., will buy jokes, old, new, fresh or stale, on any topic. Must be less than 50-word stories. Send your contributions today. Liberal rates.

COARSE SALT
LAND SALT
Bulk Carlots
TORONTO SALT WORKS
C. J. CLIFF - TORONTO

BRITISH OFFER AS TO INTER-ALLIED DEBTS REFUSED BY U.S.

Britain Was Willing to Forego Claims Larger Than Any Remitted to Her—Allies Should Have Wiped Out International Debt at Close of War, Says Chamberlain.

A despatch from Birmingham, Eng., says:—The British Government formally proposed a cancellation of all inter-allied debts, but the proposals were unacceptable to the United States Government, said J. Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, in a speech to his constituents here on Friday.

"To make them again would be, I think," Mr. Chamberlain continued, "beneath our dignity, and would render us liable to a misconception of our motive."

"In making them," said Mr. Chamberlain, "we sought no national advantage for ourselves. We proposed a solution in which we should have foregone claims larger than any remitted to us, and we proposed it because we believed it would be in the interests of good relations amongst peoples, the rehabilitation of national credit and the restoration of international trade.

"Our great international debt is due to the obligations we undertook on behalf of our allies. If we had had only ourselves to consider we should have been particularly free of external debt at the present time."

Mr. Chamberlain prefaced his remarks by saying that he would have preferred at the close of the war that the whole inter-allied debt had been wiped out so as to start with a clean slate. There was no proposal for a settlement of the international debt among the allied and associated powers, whether for total or partial remission, which the British Government would not have been a party to, he declared.



CANADA'S PULP INDUSTRY
Hauling timber from the camps into a big lumber plant, a typical winter scene in Northern Ontario.

ALLIED TROOPS ON RHINE TO ADVANCE

Should Germany Refuse to Obey Reparation Terms.

A despatch from Paris says:—In case of Germany's refusal to obey the terms of the allied reparations demands, the allied troops on the Rhine will be ordered to march further into Germany.

This statement was made in the Chamber of Deputies on Friday night by Premier Aristide Briand in his reply to the interpellation of Andre Tardieu, former French High Commissioner to the United States and chief attacker in the French Parliament of the Allied plans.

Premier Briand also announced to Parliament on Friday night that France could not seek a large loan in America because the United States bankers had asked from twelve to fifteen per cent. interest.

"We will, therefore, confine our demands to the smallest minimum possible.

"Even were the Government in a position of realizing immediately the entire German indemnity it would be the most unwise thing we could do at the present rate of exchange on France."

THREE AMBUSHES LAID FOR POLICE

Four-Year-Old Child Killed During Dublin Fight.

Belfast, Feb. 6.—Dublin despatches to-day revealed that on Saturday night that city experienced a sensation when loud explosions and continuous volleys, resembling the sounds of a battle, on a small scale, became audible from the distant suburbs. It turned out that three ambushes had occurred, one of which resulted in the killing of a four-year-old child.

The first ambush was in the neighborhood of Merion Square, shortly before 8 o'clock. Explosions which shook some of the older houses to their foundations were followed by fusilades of rifle and revolver fire. The inhabitants sought refuge in their cellars, while persons in the street were stampeded by the firing. What had happened was that three bombs were flung at a lorry filled with soldiers. This precipitated an exchange of shots which lasted several minutes, without effect, except for the wounding of two civilians by bomb splinters.

The second ambush occurred on the south side of the city, where two military lorries were bombed and there was a similar brisk exchange of firing. A child of four years was shot through the head, and a woman was wounded and taken to a hospital.

The third ambush occurred at 9 p. m., when two military lorries were attacked at Rathmines, in the south suburbs, in the vicinity of the Catholic chapel. An officer of the military was slightly wounded and some civilians, including a boy, received unimportant injuries.

The report from Dublin Castle claims that several civilians were hit in the affair at Merion Square, five civilians in the south side incident and two young men in the Rathmines encounter.

MAY SELL SEIZED SHIPS TO GERMANY

British Shipping Board Can't Find Buyers—Sell at Nominal Price of $5 Per Ton.

London, Feb. 6.—The seizure of German ships to pay for the vessels of the allies torpedoed by the U-boats has produced an anomalous situation, the upshot of which may be that the ships will be returned to Germany.

The British Shipping Board finds itself unable to find buyers for 750,000 tons of the German shipping received in exchange for torpedoed tonnage and the controller has even offered to dispose of the vessels as low as sixty dollars a ton as against one hundred dollars a ton, the cost of producing the same ships in British yards.

The Shipping Board is now considering a proposal to return the ships to Germany at a nominal rate of five to ten dollars a ton.

"The gigantic British shipyards are practically closed down and are completing only contract work as a result of the seizure of the German tonnage," declared Sir Edward Mackay Edgar, one of the biggest British ship builders, in a statement to Universal Service.

TO REVISE ONTARIO VOTERS' LIST

Government Will Provide a Mehod Entailing Less Expense.

Ottawa, Feb. 6.—Having omitted on the score of expense to make an entirely new revision of the Ontario voters' lists as used in the Provincial elections of October, 1919, for the Scott Act referendum to be held in Ontario in April, the Dominion Government will introduce an act immediately after Parliament assembles to provide for a method of revision entailing less expense. By this act names may be added to or struck from the Provincial lists of 1919 in urban municipalities, but in rural parts the lists will remain as they were in the Provincial elections of 1919.

Under section 63 of the general act, however, a person whose name is not on the list in a rural section may vote upon taking the required oath and having a neighbor swear as to the applicant's qualifications. This privilege is not allowed the cities, as there will be a revision there. There will therefore be Registrars only in cities, towns and villages, and an appeal can be taken from the lists as made up by them to an Election Board.

If a name is on the urban Provincial voters' list of 1919 it will remain on the list about to be prepared for the Scott Act vote unless it is objected to and subsequently struck off. Otherwise it will have to be put on by anyone desiring and qualified to vote.

EIGHT MILLION ON VERGE OF STARVATION

Daily Herald's Figures Reveal Terrible Situation in England.

London, Feb. 6.—Eight million people are on the verge of starvation in England, according to the figures collected by the Daily Herald on unemployment.

According to the Labor Ministry, the total for unemployed is 1,059,800. The Herald declares that fully another million has not been reported, and that the grand total, with dependents, of people on the verge of privation is close to eight million.

The government program for relief, it is predicted, will provide for generous State support.

Canada Has Chance to Trade With Russia

A despatch from London, Eng., says:—Canadian manufacturers are offered an opportunity to trade with Russia under conditions guaranteed to be absolutely safe by the British-Baltic Association, which is in process of formation in London, according to a statement made by the honorary secretary of the association, Mr. G. W. Mason. Representatives of over one hundred important mercantile interests are connected with this body, whose efforts to re-establish British trade with the Baltic States and through them with Russia, are attracting attention in the British press.

DUBLIN IS NOW ONE OF THE STORM CENTES FOR AMBUSCADES

Attacks on Military and Police Are Frequent Day and Night —Pitched Battle in County Cork — Crown Forces Drive Rebels Back.

A despatch from Dublin says:—A pitched battle occurred in County Cork on Wednesday night in which five hundred Sinn Feiners fought with a contingent of police and military.

It is officially stated that the Crown forces suffered no losses and it is estimated that six Sinn Feiners were killed and twenty wounded. The latter removed their dead and wounded in boats. The Roscarberry police were informed on Wednesday night that a body of civilians had concentrated at Buratia, a mile south of the former town.

Twenty men were sent out to disperse them while another force was despatched to the scene from Clonakilty.

When the Roscarberry contingent arrived on the scene, they were fired on from both sides of the roads by the Republicans. The police took to cover and when the Clonakilty party arrived the two forces closed in on the attackers from the north and east, driving them back to their headquarters.

At least six Sinn Feiners fell in the course of the engagement but the party manged to make its escape under cover of darkness. The Crown forces captured rifles, ammunition, an automobile, boxes of bombs and other equipment.

This unprecendented Republican concentration, it is declared, was intended for a rush on the Roscarberry barracks.

For the twenty-four hours ending Thursday evening, despatches from various parts of Ireland reported nine police and nine civilians killed and ten police and twenty-two civilians wounded.

Two policemen were shot at Balbriggan, Ireland, Thursday night. One died in a hospital.

Two lorries of police were ambushed Thursday night between Dromkeen and Newpalas. One got through safely but the other was riddled with bullets. Nine policemen were killed and two wounded.

At Limerick city Thursday night the bridges over the Shannon River leading to County Clare were held by the police and no one was allowed to pass over them.

Dublin now is one of the storm centres for ambuscades. Attacks on the military and police are so frequent night and day that the newspapers have difficulty in reporting all of them.

The object of the Sinn Fein activities is said to be to force General MacReady, the military commander in Ireland, for political effect, to extend martial law to Dublin.

Every police and military lorry here now carries a hostage.

More German Talk Against Accepting Terms

Geneva, Feb. 6.—Germany's attitude regarding the Paris Conference and Reparation scheme is causing uneasiness in League of Nations circles, and even the impartial section of the Swiss Press, which considers the Paris indemnity demands go too far, is alienated by speeches of German politicians and by Nationalist demonstrations in Munich denying Germany's guilt in the war and her duty to make reparations.

London, Feb. 6.—Dr. Simons, the German Foreign Minister, has declared that he would resign rather than recede an inch from the decision that the Paris terms are unacceptable, says a Berlin despatch to The London Times. The Government is being deluged with resolutions from semi-official and unofficial bodies urging it to stand firm.

Newfoundland Suffers Severest Cold of Winter

A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says.—The Newfoundland coast is icebound as a result of the severest cold of the winter. The northern bays and Conception Bay, ten miles north of this city, are solidly frozen over and the mail steamers have abandoned their service. St. John's harbor has a thick coating of ice, which makes the movement of shipping difficult.

IRISH PLAYWRIGHT LET OFF WITH FINE

Lord Dunsany Declares That He is Opposed to the Sinn Fein.

A despatch from Dublin says:—Lord Dunsany, Irish poet and playwright, on Friday pleaded guilty when arraigned before a British courtmartial at Kilmainham Courthouse, charged with having arms in his possession unlawfully. He was fined $100.

His lordship appeared in court neatly groomed and wearing a monocle.

Dunsany told the court he always had been loyal to the British Government and was opposed to the Sinn Fein. He said he kept the arms for sporting purposes only.

His lawyer said: "Lord Dunsany's propaganda articles in behalf of the British Government did an enormous amount of good in the United States during the war."

Britain Obtains Steamer Von Tirpitz

A despatch from London says:—The newly-completed German steamer von Tirpitz, a vessel of 19,200 tons, was surrendered at Immingham on Thursday in accordance with the terms of the Peace Treaty.

NAVAL HOLIDAY FOR 12-MONTH PERIOD

Imperial Defence Committee Recommends Stay in Shipbuilding.

A despatch from London says:—The draft of the report of the Imperial Defence Sub-committee has been completed, and it recommends abstention from a big shipbuilding program for a period of twelve months.

The object of the delay, it is learned, is to give time for official negotiations among the United States, Japan, and Great Britain for a curtailment of their navies.

There will be no action on the report for several months yet, and at any event the decision of the Government will need the ratification of the Imperial Conference, which is to be held in June.

Meantime the First Lord of the Admiralty will request the House of Commons to agree to a postponement of the naval estimates.

Australia and Canada are closely watching every move in the naval situation. Senator E. D. Millen, Acting Premier of Australia, who left for Melbourne from London on Saturday, gave out a statement on Thursday, in which he expressed confidence that the Imperial statesmen will back Australia's immigration policy.

Australia wants a recognition of the status quo in the Southern and Eastern Pacific, achieving such a community of interest that the mad naval race between the Occident and the Orient would cease, but where this race proceeds it is vital to Australia that the British interests in the Pacific should be safeguarded.

"MIDDLE PARTY" EXISTS IN IRELAND

Concerns Itself With Executing Justice, as it Views it, on Criminals.

London, Feb. 6.—The Sunday Telegram, owned by Horatio W. Bottomley, Editor of John Bull, to-day asserts the existence of a third party in Ireland, "concerning itself with executing justice, according to its own views, on any persons who commit alleged crimes and escape punishment."

The newspaper says the party is styled "the Middle party," and that it meets frequently Its headquarters is in North Wall, where there are conferences with military officers of high standing. The names of either Sinn Feiners or Government forces charged with murder are produced and judged. If persons so named are found guilty, sentence is pronounced and the victim soon afterward found dead.

The correspondent says the party has ramifications in the provinces and is composed mainly of middle class business men. He cites instances of executions by the party, but withholds names.

Weekly Market Report

Toronto.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.75; No. 2 Northern, $1,72; No. 3 Northern, $1.67½; No. 4 wheat, $1.62.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 46⅛c; No. 3 CW, 42⅜c; extra No. 1 feed, 42⅜c; No. 1 feed, 40⅜c; No. 2 feed, 36½c.

Manitoba barley—No. 3 CW, 78½c; No. 4 CW, 65c; rejected, 54c; feed, 54c.

All above in store, Fort William.

Ontario wheat—F.o.b. shipping points, according to freights outside, No. 2 spring, $1.70 to $1.75; No. 2 winter, $1.80 to $1.85; No. 2 goose wheat, $1.60 to $1.65.

American corn—Prompt shipment, No. 2 yellow, track, Toronto, 88c.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 47 to 50c, according to freights outside.

Ontario flour—Winter, in jute bags, prompt shipment, straight run bulk, seaboard, $8.

Barley—Malting, 80 to 85c, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, $1.50 to $1.60, outside.

Manitoba flour—Track, Toronto: First patents, $10.70; second patents, $10.20.

Buckwheat—No. 2, $1 to $1.05.

Rye—No. 2, nominal; No. 3, $1.55 to $1.60.

Millfeed—Carlots, delivered, Toronto freights, bags included. Bran, per ton, $40, firm; shorts, per ton, $38; white middlings, $41; feed flour, $2.40.

Cheese—New, large, 30 to 31c; twins, 31 to 32c; triplets, 31½ to 32½c; old, large, 32 to 35c; do, twins, 32½ to 35½c.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 49 to 50c; creamery, No. 1, 55 to 59c; fresh, 58 to 61c.

Margarine—29 to 35c.

Eggs—No. 1, 68 to 70c; new laids, 76 to 78c; new laid, in cartons, 78 to 80c.

Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bus., $3.75 to $4; primes, $3 to $3.50; Japans, 8c; Limas, Madagascar, 10½c; California Limas, 12½c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., $3.40 to $3.50; per 5 imp. gals., $3.25 to $3.40. Maple sugar, lb., 27 to 30c.

Honey—60-30-lb. tins, 22 to 24c per lb. Ontario comb honey, at $7.50 per 15-section case; 5½-2½-lb. tins, 23 to 25c per lb.

Choice heavy steers, $9 to $10; good heavy steers, $8.50 to $9; butchers' cattle, choice, $8.50 to $9.50; do, good, $7.50 to $8.50; do, med., $6 to $7; do, com., $4 to $6; butchers' bulls, choice, $7 to $8; do, good, $6 to $7; do, com., $4 to $5; butchers' cows, choice, $7.50 to $8.50; do, good, $6.25 to $7; do, com., $4 to $5; feeders, $7.75 to $8.75; do, 900 lbs., $7.25 to $8.25; do, 800 lbs., $5.75 to $6.75; do, com., $5 to $6; canners and cutters, $3 to $4.50; milkers, good to choice, $85 to $150; do, com. to med., $50 to $60; lambs, yearlings, $9 to $9.50; do, spring, $11.50 to $11.75; calves, good to choice, $16.50 to $17.50; sheep, $6 to $7.50; hogs, fed and watered, $14.75 to $15.50; do, weighed off cars, $15 to $15.75; do, f.o.b., $13.75 to $14.50; do, country points, $13.50 to $14.25.

Montreal.

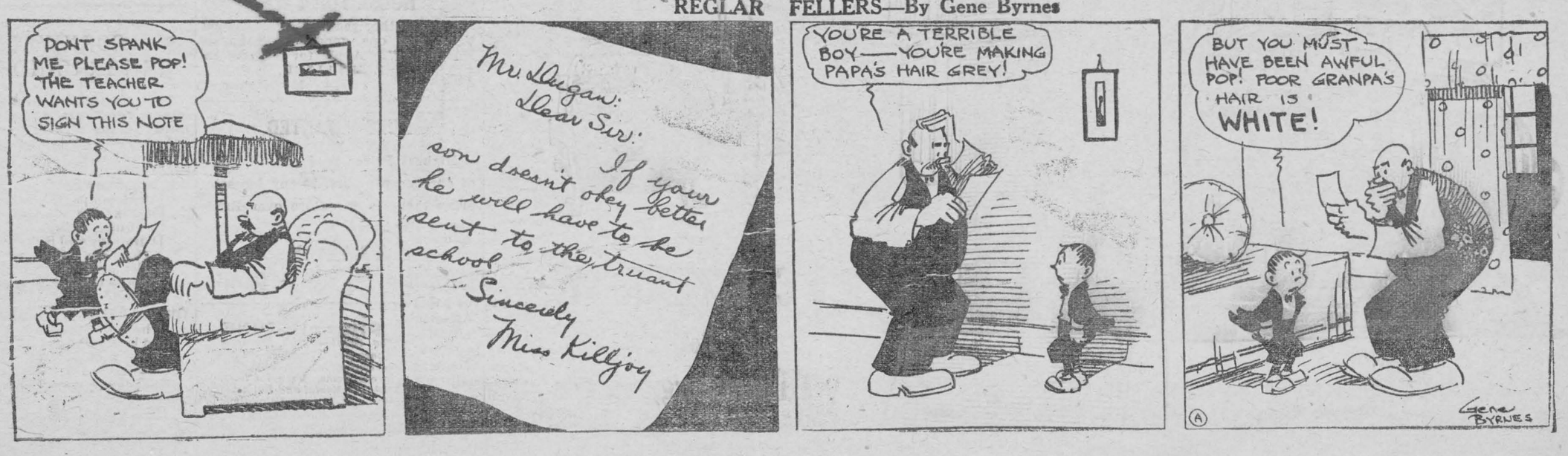
Oats—Can. West., No. 2, 66c; do, No. 3, 62c. Flour, Man., $10.70. Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., $3.30. Bran, $40.25. Shorts, $38.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, carlots, $27 to $28.

Cheese, finest easterns, 27 to 27¼c; Butter, choicest creamery, 54 to 55c. Eggs, fresh, 78c.

Butcher steers, med., $7.50 to $8.50; butcher heifers, med., $7 to $7.50; butcher cows, med., $5 to $7; canners, $3.25 to $3.50. Butcher bulls, com., $5 to $7.

Good veal, $13.50 to $16; med., $10 to $13; grassers, $5 to $6. Good lambs, $12.50; sheep, $6.50. Hogs, selects, $16.75 to $17, with $4 off for sows.

REGLAR FELLERS—By Gene Byrnes



AUCTION SALE

—of—

STOCK, IMPLEMENTS, GRAIN AND HAY

The undersigned having purchased C. A. Coon's store at Winchester Springs and going into business, will sell by public auction on

Lot 34, Con. 8, Tp. Williamsburg, One quarter of a mile west of Winchester Springs,

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17 1921

Commencing at one o'clock p.m.

LIVE STOCK

21 High-grade Holstein and Ayrshire Milch Cows (5 will have freshened by date of sale, balance to freshen before spring. 2 2-year-old heifers supposed to be with calf; 8 yearling heifers; registered Holstein Bull, 1 year old; 3 shoats about 175 pounds each; 3 heavy horses, 1 colt, bay horse rising 8, about 1450; Bay mare rising 5, about 1400; Bay gelding, 1 year old colt; About 30 hens.

IMPLEMENTS—

Massey-Harris Hay Loader new; Massey-Harris 13-Disc Drill, new; Massey-Harris Springtooth Cultivator; Massey-Harris Tedder; Frost & Wood 10 ft. rake, new, McCormick 6 ft. mower; International 14 disc harrow, with truck; 1-horse cultivator; Frost & Wood 1-horse cultivator, with complete set of shucks; National 2-furrow Plow; Percival Walking Plow No. 10; set 12-ft harrows; set of heavy sleighs with box, lumber wagon with double box.

IMPLEMENTS ETC—

Hay rack, stoneboat, hay fork car, rope and pulleys set slings, 2000 lb. scales. 2 sets double harness ½ set double harness, 3 bee hives, double box, new 4 30-gal. milk cans; one 8-gal. can; water tank grass scythe.

GRAIN, HAY, &c

20 tons hay, 25 bushels wheat, 600 bushels mixed grain 6 bush. peas, bag Alsike clover, bushel grass seed, 30 bushels potatoes, half bushel seed corn.

TERMS—All sums of $10.00 and under, cash; over that amount 7 months' credit on approved joint notes, or 6 per cent. off for cash.

FRASER D. BOLTON Prop.

THOS. IRVING, Auctioneer.

S. S. NO. 1 FOR THE MONTH OF JANUARY

The following is the report of S. S. No. 1 for the month of January:

Names in order of merit.

Class Sr. IV—Edna Robertson, Arthur Deeks, Dorothy Deeks.

Jr. IV—Donald Robertson, George Larmour.

Class III—Eileen Robertson, Dorothy Duval., Allan Farlinger Fred Larmour.

Class II—Alice Farlinger, Mildred Deeks, Ralph Tuttle, Ruth Larmour.

Class 1 Sr.—Helen Robertson, Eleanor Deeks, Laviva Sherman.

Class I, Jr.—Marjorie Robertson.

Primer A.—Keith Duval.

Primer B—Robert Kelly, Willie Kelly.

Number on roll 21.

Average attendance 16.5.

E. KATHLEEN SMITH, Teacher.

S. S. NO. 20 WILLIAMSBURG

Number enrolled 20.

Average attendance 15.

Class IV—Hubert Casselman, Laura Deeks, Armorel Casselman.

Class III—Laura Reddick, Blanche Casselman, Donald Merkley.

Class II—Beatrice Saddlemire Russell Duvall, Willie Reddick, Sanford Duvall, Edith Reddick.

Class I—George Reddick, Pauline Saddlemire, George Duvall.

Primer—Mildred Saddlemire and Whitney Casselman equal.

L. S. BAKER Teacher

Always Had Headaches

Liver Was Torpid and Bilious Spells Brought Sick Headaches —Lost Much Time, But is Now Completely Cured.

Here is convincing evidence that however much you may suffer from liver trouble and consequent biliousness there is cure in the use of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills.

Overeating is the most common cause of sluggish liver action. You lose your appetite, have distressing bilious spells, usually accompanied by headache and vomiting, the bowels become irregular, constipation and looseness alternating, digestion is upset and you get irritable and downhearted.

No treatment so quickly awakens the action of the liver and bowels as Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. For this reason this medicine is wonderfully popular and has enormous sales.

Mr. Charles R. Tait, Newtown, N.B., writes: "I was nearly always troubled with headaches, and would often have to stop work for a day or two. I lost many a night's sleep every month with bilious sick headaches, and although I tried doctors' medicines, and also many other patent medicines, it was without success. When I had these headaches I would vomit, and could keep nothing on my stomach.

"I purchased a box of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills from G. M. Fairweather, druggist, of Sussex, N.B., and after taking one box I was so much relieved that I continued to take them until I am now completely cured. My advice to anyone suffering from sick headaches is to try Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and be completely cured."

Mr. A. S. Mace, J.P., endorses the above statement, and says:—"This is to certify that I am personally acquainted with Charles R. Tait, and believe his statement in every way to be true and correct."

Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, one pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Substitutes will only disappoint. Insist on getting what you ask for.

$50 to $5,000

A YEAR FOR LIFE

A CANADIAN GOVERNMENT ANNUITY PROVIDES IT

—No better life investment available
—No better security obtainable
—Cannot be seized or levied upon for any cause
—Will be replaced if lost, stolen or destroyed
—Not affected by trade depression
—Free from Dominion Income Tax
—No medical examination required

Anyone over the age of 5 years resident or domiciled in Canada may purchase.

Any two persons may purchase jointly.

Employers may purchase for their employees—school boards for their teachers—congregations for their ministers.

Apply to your post master; or write, postage free, to S. T. Bastedo, Superintendent of Annuities, Ottawa, for new booklet and other information desired. State sex and age last birthday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Children Cry

FOR FLETCHER'S

CASTORIA

Paid-up Capital $ 9,700,000
Reserve - - 18,000,000
Resources - 230,000,000

A Start in the Right Direction

The temptation to spend money in your pocket is greater than when your money is in a savings account in the bank. That margin of temptation may mark the difference between an opportunity to go into business later on or of working for wages with nothing saved and nothing ahead, at the end of your working years.

Why not open a savings account in The Bank of Nova Scotia to-day?

Your account will be welcomed and you will have made a start in the right direction.

21B

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA

B. A. Herring, Mgr.

Morrisburg

FOR SALE

Ford Touring Car, 1918 model; new tires; newly overhauled—price $300. Apply to

STANFORD STRADER

Williamsburg, Ont.

FOR SALE

130 Egg Wisconsin Incubator and Brooder, regular $23.75 for $17.50; has water heat double walls and dead air space, copper tank and boilers, self-regulating, complete with thermometer, lamps and egg tester.

A. H. CASSELMAN,

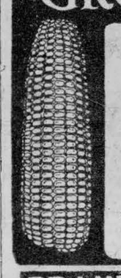
Morrisburg, Ont.

FOR SALE

Ten large, round-burner, hanging lamps at Presbyterian Church, Williamsburg. Apply

MRS. GEO. ROBINSON,

"HOW TO GROW CORN"



Get This Book FREE

Contains all the modern points of agricultural research; embraces the practical experience of over 100 corn growers. Pedigreed seed grown on the black silt loam and clay soil of *Kent* County. Endorsed by the *Ontario Corn Growers' Association.* Supplied direct by the growers. Ask for prices 1

PIONEER CORN GROWERS

CHATHAM, ONT.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

4.15 a.m. Daily from Toronto and intermediate points for Ottawa Montreal, Boston, New York, Portland.

7.16 a.m. Daily except Sunday from Brockville for Ottawa, Montreal and intermediate points.

1.21 p.m. Daily from Montreal and intermediate points for Chicago and west.

3.31 p.m. Sunday only, from Toronto for Montreal, Boston, New York and Portland.

3.54 p.m. Daily except Sunday, from Toronto and intermediate points for Ottawa, Montreal, Boston, New York, Portland

4.45 p.m. Sunday only from Brock-

7.47 p.m. daily except Sunday from Montreal for Brockville and intermediate points.
ville, for Ottawa, Montreal, and intermediate points.

10.12 p.m. Daily from Montreal for Toronto, Chicago and beyond

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HOUSE FOR SALE

Remember the Casselman house, Main street west, Morrisburg, will be sold by public auction at my law office, Saturday, February 5th, at 2 p.m.—See large bills.

I. HILLIARD, K. C.

Morrisburg.

WANTED

I am prepared to pay you the highest prices for Rags, Rubbers and Magazines. Also all kinds of Junk and Aged Hens.

We will also pay the highest prices for all kinds of good **POULTRY BAGS, and all kinds of metals.**

Call at the residence which is near the station at the Telephone 63 or drop me a card at box 17, Morrisburg, Ont.

HYMAN AGULNICK

NOTICE

My place of business will be open for custom grinding every day in the week.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

EMERY CASSELMAN.

STORAGE BATTERY

SERVICE STATION

Bring your Battery to us for the winter. It will be kept properly charged and well cared for.

We Make Our Own

DISTILLED WATER

Don't experiment with your Battery. It's to expensive.

WILLARD AND EVER-READY BATTERIES FOR SALE

Storage Rates, $1.00 per month. Minimum charge, $3.00

J. W. WHITTEKER

Morrisburg

Phone 18

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

HARBACK & BARR

MAIN STREET

GARAGE and MACHINE SHOP

Morrisburg, Ont.

Our Vulcanizing Department is now complete, including a re-treading outfit. Get your old cases retreaded now and be prepared for the bad roads in the Fall.

R. LINK

MORRISBURG, ONT.,

Licensed Auctioneer

For County of Dundas.

HOUSE FOR SALE

I am authorized to sell one good brick and one good frame house, Morrisburg. Apply for particulars.

I. HILLIARD, K.C.

d Morrisburg.

FURS WANTED

Highest Prices paid for all kinds of open season furs. If any for sale bring them to our store over Bradfield's Hardware.

J. S. TEVAN

Morrisburg - - Ontario.

PHOSPHODINE.

The Great English Preparation. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

Why Suffer With Your Corn

Try a bottle of

Rexall Corn Solvent

and get

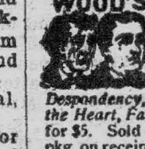
Relief

D. T. Henderson,

REXALL STORE

Morrisburg . . Ont

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE.



The Great English Preparation. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

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For Provinces of Ontario and Quebec

In future I intend to devote all my time to auctioneering. Sales of all kinds handled. Pure-bred stock a specialty.

Terms reasonable. For date phone at my expense.

THOS. IRVING

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Morrisburg, Ont.

Licensed Auctioneer

County of Dundas

DR. GEO. M. GORRELL

DENTIST

Graduate of Chicago Dental College and Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.

Office—Arthur Casselman Block, phone No. Morrisburg

ARTHUR FLYNN

Barrister, Etc.

Morrisburg, Ont.

TINDAL GARAGE AND MACHINESHOP

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HAVE YOUR CAR OVERHAULED —NOW—

Don't leave carbon deposits in Your Engine all Winter

Get your work done, and your car home before winter sets in—BE AHEAD OF THE SPRING RUSH

TINDAL BROS. Props

CHURCH ST.

IRWIN HILLIARD, K. C

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for the Molsons Bank.

New Molsons Bank Building, Morrisburg Ont.

A large amount of private money to loan on easy terms

DR. D. C. CASSELMAN.

Dentist

Office—Casselman Block

MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons Toronto

R. F. LYLE

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c Solicitor for The Bank of Nova Scotia and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.

Barry Block, Main street

MORRISBURG : : ONTARIO

Money to loan lowest rates of interes

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

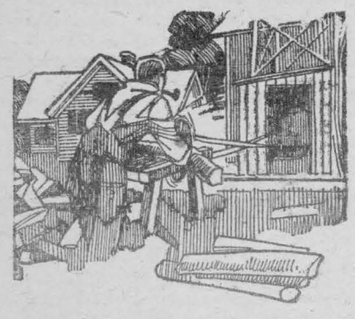
1. Fees from paying patients
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.

Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

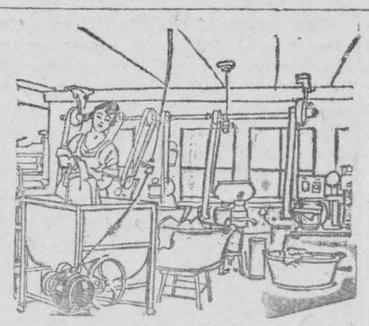
You are Asked to Assist in this wo

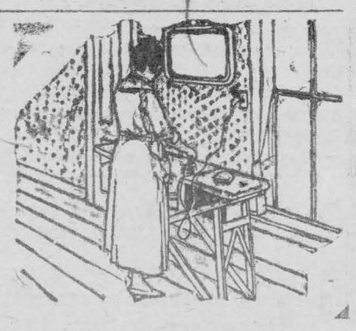
The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.









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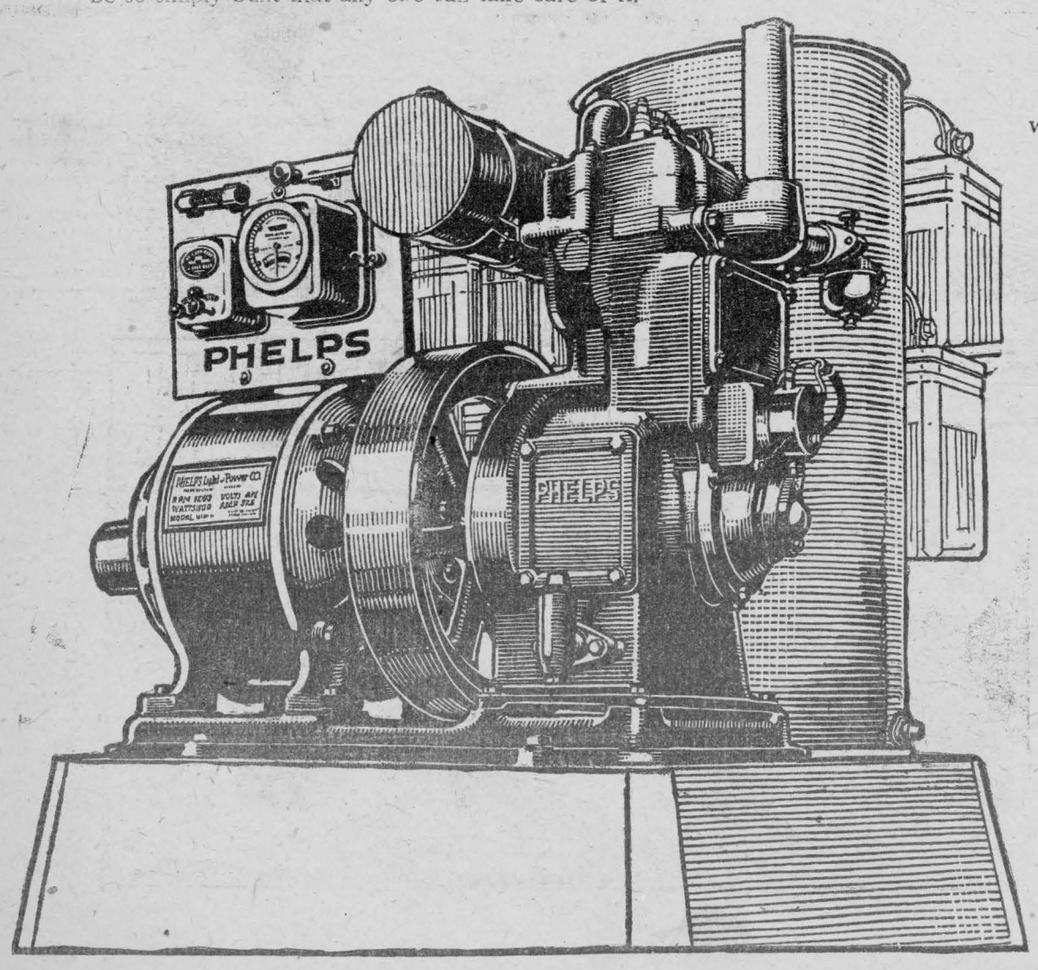
In Preference to All Others

In selecting the "Phelps" we feel we have solved your problem as to which power and light plant is best for you. We studied every make from every angle. We are willing to back our choice with our reputation.

We know that to be a money-making investment for you your power and light plant must do every power chore of less than tractor size; must have a belt for line shaft work; must be so powerful as to furnish POWER and LIGHT to every building on your farm.

We know "Phelps POWER and LIGHT" is the only plant that will do ALL this work. More than this—we know it to be so simply built that any one can take care of it.



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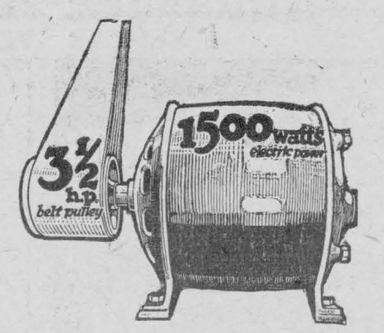


C. E. MERKLEY,

Dealer,

Williamsburg, Ontario

CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Death has again visited our hamlet and claimed a most highly respected citizen in the person of Mrs. Mary Tupper, widow of the late Mayhew Tupper, which occurred at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Weegar of Elma on Tuesday of this week. The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon from her residence to the Lutheran Church, Williamsburg. She is survived by one daughter, Mrs. John Weegar, Elma and two sons, Richard and Willis both of Williamsburg. A most kindly sympathy is extended to the bereaved

Misses Alice Whitteker, Jennie Shannette and Annie Barkley were recent guests of Miss M. Casselman.

We regret to report the serious illness of Mr. Wm. Strader of Strader Hill.

Mrs. Claude Merkley and children of Ottawa Mrs. J. D. Beckstead, Mr. and Mrs. J. Clinton Fetterly and baby, and Mrs. Alice Strader of Morrisburg were guests at Sunnybrook on Thursday of this week.

Mr. John Darling and family are moving from this vicinity this week to their new home near Chesterville.

Mr. Lawrence Whitteker and daughter, Laura of Brinston spent Thursday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Allen Barkley.

Miss Dora Adams spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Laurence Carkner.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Casselman of Vernon spent last week-end with Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Casselman, Sr.

Master Hubert Trickey visited Master Wilbur Garlough last Sunday.

Mrs. Claude Merkley and children Arliss and Frances of Ottawa are spending this week with her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Beckstea d.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Whitteker and Mrs. W. Beckstead spent a couple of days in Ottawa last week.

Miss Ethel Whittaker spent last week-end visiting friends in Morrisburg.

Miss Alice Whitteker of Brinston spent last week the guest of her cous in Miss Annie Barkley.

Misses Leda Merkley and Lorraine Buchan and Strader McIntosh visited friends in Morrisburg last Sunday.

The annual banquet of the Lutheran Church, Williamsburg, will be held on Thursday evening, February 17th. A good program is being prepared. Everybody welcome.

Mr. Richard Henderson of Moose Jaw, Sask. spent a few days this week the guest of his sister, Mrs. M. O. Trickey.

Miss Nellie Casselman and Mr. Aden Casselman of Berwick spent last week visiting their cousin, Miss Eva Bell Whittaker.

Guests at the home of Mr. Levi Whittaker last Sunday: Mrs. Mary Hanes, Mr. and Mrs. Donald Barkley and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Walter McIntosh and Miss Lucy McIntosh of Winchester Springs and Mrs. Mary Cordier.

MAPLE VIEW

Sawing wood is the order of the day.

Carl Markell's sale, Aultsville, was well attended from this district.

Robert Dafoe returned home on Saturday from visiting friends in Massena and Bombay.

Mr. and Mrs. James Osler visited at the home of Will Jarvis on Sunday.

A number from here attended the Broom Ball Game at Aultsville on Wednesday evening and report a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. Percy Pier visited at Fred I. Dafoe's on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bancroft and little son Arthur were in Aultsville on Monday.

Hezekiah Gallinger, Gallingertown visited friends here on Friday.

Wm. Empey recently visited at the home of Robert Dafoe.

CEDAR GROVE

Mr. Johnson Drewery of Massena, N.Y., spent a few days last week with Mr. C. S. McConnell.

Quite a number from here attended the U.F.O. Ball at Aultsville.

Miss Sadie Buchanan spent Tuesday in Morrisburg.

Mr. H. Gallinger visited his sister Mrs. Robt. Dafoe on Monday.

Mr. C. S. McConnell spent the week-end with friends in Cornwall.

Miss Sadie and Gladys Buchanan spent the week-end with their sister Mrs. Wm. Myers.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Dafoe visited the latters parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Pier.

Mr. and Mrs. Willie Jarvis visited recently with Nettie Heagle, Second Concession.

Miss Della Eamon spent Saturday in Cornwall.

Mr. Johnson Drewery, Mr. Cecil McConnell, spent Monday evening, at Mr. Dan Munro's, Fourth Con.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Mrs. Joe Bailey and Miss Gladys Garnet spent the week-end with friends at Williamsburg.

Miss Bessie Hess returned home on Wednesday after visiting friends at Williamsburg.

Quite a number from here attended the U.F.O. Ball at Aultsville on Thursday evening. All report a good time.

Miss Lois VanAllen spent the week-end with her friend, Miss E. Bailey.

Mr. Alfred Lapierre, Montreal, is visiting at Mr. Allan Hart's for a few days.

Miss Gladys Carr and Messrs Murray and Keith McLean of Grantley were the guests of Miss Hazel Wells on Friday.

Mrs. Clarence Baker and daughter Miss Clara were visiting at Mr. Eterly's on Thursday.

Mrs. Ruby Watson Crysler spent the week-end at her parental home here.

Mr. Samuel Wells was in Cornwall on Tuesday. He was accompanied home by his wife who spent a few days with Mrs. James Cooper who is ill.

Mr. Walter Watson and mother and grand daughter, Miss Clara Garlough, spent Tuesday with friends at Nudell Bush.

Mr. Parry Hess of Williamsburg spent a couple of days last week at Mr. A. Hess.

Miss Annie Wagner who has been visiting her cousin Miss Lois VanAllen for the past few weeks returned to her home at Morewood on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Hart, Miss Ida Coir and Mr. Alfred Lapierre, Mr. Raymond Billedeau, Montreal Mr. Stanley Wells and sister, Hazel spent Saturday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Milton Carr, Grantley.

Mr. Alfred Wells was in Morrisburg on Thursday.

Misses Lyman Ault of Chesterville and Mr. Ross Prunner of Froatburn, and Mr. Percy Wagner of Morewood spent Saturday with their friend Mr. Walter Watson.

Mrs. Martha Watson and son, Walter, grand daughter, Clara Garlough, spent Wednesday with friends at Glen Becker.

Mr. W. Edwards of Gallingertown was calling in our Burg one day last week.

Mr. John Hart was visiting his sister, Mrs. W. Barr at Aultsville on Monday.

AULTSVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Merkley and son, Roy, of Iroquois, visited Mr. and Mrs. George Dillabough for the week-end.

Mrs. John Loucks is visiting friends in Montreal.

Mrs. Frank Jarvis and children are visiting at Kingston.

Misses Edith Cryderman Thelma Markell and Eva Eamon of Osnabruck Centre are visiting friends hre.

Mrs. Mina Wells was in Morrisburg last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Joubert spent a few days at her parental home here.

Mrs. G. Whitney visited friends in Montreal last week.

Master Jas. Whitney visited at Wales for the week-end.

Mr. George Cheese was in Montreal for a couple of days last week.

Mr. Frank Shaver will speak in the Methodist Church Sunday morning, February 13th. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Mrs. S. Dafoe and daughter, Mrs. Hollister of Ottawa, are spending a few days with Mr. Joseph Dafoe who is ill.

Mr. Claude Hanes of Kingston was home for a few days last week.

Mrs. Laura Hanes and baby Helen, spent the week-end at Mr. R. H. Hanes.

Miss Addie Cramer spent a few days in Cornwall last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Elias Markell an Mr. and Mrs. Josiah Markell spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Preston Rombough East Front.

Glad to see Mrs. Wm. Elliott convalescing from her recent illness.

Sorry to report the sudden death of Mr. James Bryan, brother of Mrs. O. Fetterly and Frank Bryan of this place, which occurred on Sunday the 30th.

Mr. and Mrs. George Laban are spending a few days with friends at Iroquois.

Mr. Preston Rombough had the misfortune to lose a valuable cow last week.

Mr. George Beckstead spent the week-end with friends at Matilda.

Mrs. S. Harriman Elma, is spending the week with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Markell visited friends at Newington lately.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Beckstead, Matilda, visited Mr. and Mrs. Geo.. Beckstead's, Matilda visited Mr. and Mrs. George Beckstead's, on Tuesday.

Glad to report Mr. John Cross gaining from his recent illness.

Miss Teskey returned on Tuesday to Montreal after spending a few months with her sister, Rev. Mrs. Baldwin.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Markell, Ottawa is spending the week with Mr. with Mr. and Mrs. James Sampson.

CHURCH ROAD

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Styles and son George spent Sunday at Aultsville the guests of Robert C. Casselman.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Swerdfeger were guests of Thos. Black's recently.

Thos Webster of Lansdown was a caller here on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Styles were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Deeks, Mariatown, on Sunday.

Mr. Sidney Dafoe was a recent caller at Wm. Dafoe's.

Robert Styles spent Sunday at Geo. E. Styles.

Lagorah Milward has moved to his new home.

Mrs. Jas. J. Styles Mrs. R. J. Swerdfeger and daughter, Mary, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Roy Styles.

The Salmons Saw Mill is a very busy place, and will be for the rest of the season, as hauling logs is the order of the day.

Mrs. F. Hess, Colquhoun, passed through here Monday enroute to Morrisburg.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

ECONOMIZE

Don't stuff your poultry with every kind of dope on the market and then wonder why they don't lay. Just get a package of our Famous Royal Purple Poultry Specific and you will get plenty of Eggs. Nothing made to equal it as an egg producer. We also have a good stock of OYSTER SHELL, GRIT, BONE MEAL, LAYING MEAL AND SCRATCH FEED AT REASONABLE PRICES

A. H. HUNTER

Hardware and Groceries

SALMON'S BLOCK — MORRISBURG

STOCK-TAKING REVEALS

We are Overstocked in Several Lines

15 Days AT COST To Reduce

SILK
SILK POPLINS
GEORGETTE CREPE
CREPE DE CHENE
GINGHAMS
FANCY ROMAN SATINS FOR UNDERSKIRTS and COAT LININGS
ENGLISH NAINSOOKS
DRESS SERGES
VELVETEENS
NEMO CORSETS
BEAUTIFUL BLOUSES IN CREPE DE CHENE, GEORGETTE and VOILE

COATS, SUITS, SKIRTS
FUR SETS, MUFFS and STOLES
SWEATER COATS and PULL-OVERS For Men, Women and Children.
MEN'S and BOYS' UNDERWEAR.
MEN'S MUFFLERS
HOSIERY in Cashmere and Wool.
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS
GLOVES and MITTS
MENS CAPS
COTTONADES

A BONAFIDE CLEARANCE AT COST. UNDOUBTEDLY

THE GREATEST VALUES TO BE OFFERED

D. C. BUSH

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA ESTABLISHED 1832

Automatic Increase

The moment you open a savings account in The Bank of Nova Scotia it begins to increase, and every time you add to it from your own savings *that* increase is increased automatically by the interest it draws.

Nothing is more certain than the stability and *increase* of a savings account.

Why not open one to-day?

22A

—THE
Bank of Nova Scotia

Paid-up Capital $ 9,700,000
Reserve - - 18,000,000
Resources - 230,000,000

B. A. HERRING, Manager

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research, and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

REPEAT APPLICATIONS

Hundreds of Great West Policyholders needing more insurance, have applied again and again to The Great West Life

Experience has shown them that no better policies Exist

THE GREAT WEST LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

T. E. CLELAND, - District Representative,
Morrisburg, Ontario.

CREAM of the WEST FLOUR

"How's that for a pie!"



YOU can also make beautiful light cakes and bread of wonderful whiteness and flavor with Cream of the West Flour.

Maple Leaf Milling Co., Limited
Toronto, Winnipeg, Brandon, Halifax

CUSTOM TAILORING

Frank Stewart, MERCHANT TAILOR
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT

Soils and Crops



Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

More Attention to Farm Forestry.

Aside from the income resulting from the sale of timber, the area devoted to the farm woodlot makes a substantial contribution to the success of the farm. It provides fuel, fence posts, materials for construction and repair, products of the sugar bush, and protection to crops, stock and buildings against weather extremes. The forest holds back flood waters, improves and builds up the soil and adds greatly to the attractiveness of rural scenery.

The rapidly increasing attention that is now being given to this department of the farm is due very largely to the much higher prices recently paid for forest products. Timber is a national necessity. The country was suddenly awakened during the war to its defenseless position should our wood supply be exhausted. The increased demand occasioned by the gradual growth of peaceful pursuits as well as by military needs and the gradual reduction of available stocks have been responsible for the flight in lumber quotations. That value will be maintained on a correspondingly higher level in years to come than during the past can hardly be questioned owing to this relation of supply and demand.

The farmer should make his woodlot permanently profitable. When the lesson that all departments of the farm should contribute a reasonable share to the operator's income is generally understood and practiced, the farmer will see to it that land unsuited for cultivated crops will be devoted to the growing of timber. Through the production of a greater abundance of trees of superior quality by protecting them from fire, thinning where too crowded and planting where too thin, the farmer's income will be enhanced. The farm management problem will be partly solved in that he will be better able to employ his men and teams during the cold months. The attempt to combine stock raising and forestry will be abandoned by the thoughtful farmer, who will rather strive to keep the floor of his woodlot free from grass through encouraging the growth of a dense forest roof. He will come to realize that the quantity of products taken from this department of the farm will be doubled and tripled if he gives it the same consideration accorded other crops.

Perhaps no province in the Dominion offers more promising opportunities for the adoption of modern woodlot practices than does Ontario. The growth of her unsurpassed virgin forests proves the adaptability of her soils and climate. The wide variety of these soils provides for the production of wood to meet every human need. Here may be found extensive areas not well suited to the culture of other crops, that may well be devoted to forestry work. The best markets in the world are available and transportation lines and woodworking factories were built for marketing this particular class of products. Since general farming predominates, the labor situation in rural districts could be generally improved by furnishing productive employment throughout the year. These and other inducements urge Ontario farmers to a more careful study of modern methods of producing and marketing their woodland products.

How You Can Get Good Hatches.

It is easy to forget that hatching eggs are really living objects, and must be cared for as such. Most people are very careful with eggs under a sitting hen or in an incubator, because they realize that there are delicate, living chicks inside. But they will handle eggs, before starting incubation, with no other thought than "an egg is an egg," and that breaking them is the only way they can be harmed.

It is true, before the hatching egg is heated, that the germ in it is more hardy than after hatching has started. In this respect egg germs are like buds on a tree. Buds will stand a lot of cold weather changes during the winter when they are dormant, but after a little warm weather has awakened these buds, and they show signs of life, we know that a cold spell means disaster to them.

So it is with the germ in the hatching egg. It is dormant when laid, but a little heat will start it growing. Then it is very tender, and a changing temperature will either kill it or materially weaken it. A great many eggs get heated in the laying nest. An egg laid in the morning might be under different laying hens continually, until late afternoon. The heat from these hens would be enough to warm up the egg and start germ growth. This very tender germ may be seriously weakened or even killed before it reaches the incubator. It is therefore important to keep hatching eggs in an even temperature.

There is no more important factor in successful hatching than that of moisture. If you have ever operated an incubator you doubtless know this, and provide moisture when needed. But did you ever think of providing moisture before putting the eggs in the machines? The egg shell is just as porous before it is in the machine as afterward, and it will lose moisture just as quickly if we are not careful. Once the moisture has left the egg, it cannot be replaced, so that if this factor is not considered we start off with an egg much too dry for best hatches.

Warm, circulating air is more thirsty than cool, moist air, and will absorb water from an egg ever so much more quickly. So when hatching eggs are to be held for a day or more they should be placed in a cool, damp place. The cellar is often the best place, and the kitchen the worst.

If you will gather your hatching eggs often, if you will keep them from getting heated enough to start germ development, and will place them in a place which is neither too warm nor too dry, you will get good results. In doing this you eliminate two factors —heating and drying, which spoil more hatching eggs than anything else.

Dominion Department of Agriculture.

The Report of the Minister of Agriculture at Ottawa, for the year ending March 31st, 1920, makes reference to a conference of representatives of Federal and Provincial Departments at which an agreement was reached which will, to a large extent, eliminate overlapping and allow for close co-operation in the varieties of work carried on. Production, it was agreed, is to be carried on through provincial activities, while marketing and experimental work are to be cared for by the Dominion Department, except where special arrangements to the contrary are deemed wise. The Report of the Minister covers, in addition, the work of the Department carried on through the year by the various branches: Dairy and Cold Storage, Seed, Live Stock, Health of Animals, Fruit, Entomological, Publications, International Institute, and Experimental Farms. Among the new activities reported are the record of performance for poultry and special relief policy of the Live Stock Branch, with relation to the supplying of feed to unfortunate districts in the Prairie Provinces. The Report is distributed by the Publications Branch, which is shown to have sent out, during the year, two and a half million copies of publications.

A dollar saved is a dollar earned. But be sure it is real saving.

Some goods pay more profit than others. Usually, the poorer the quality the greater the profit.

The grocer pays more for Red Rose than for other teas—and he sells it at a less profit.

When you buy Red Rose you buy the best.

Poultry

Sort over the vegetables and estimate the amount needed for home use. All that can be spared will prove fine green feed for the hens and help to keep the breeding stock in vigorous condition until they can use the range every day. Mangels are cheaper than sprouted oats and are good health producers but possibly they are not relished by the hens as much as oat sprouts.

Dry mash hoppers can be made by sketching the side view of a hopper on the side of a packing box. Then saw out the hopper and use the boards removed to close up the front and top. Use a small cleat in the front of the hopper as a lip to keep the birds from drawing out the mash with their bills. A piece of wide-meshed poultry wire stretched across the opening will enable the hens to eat, but prevent wasting of the mash. Open receptacles for serving dry mash do not work well according to our experience, as the hens frequently scratch in them.

When it is snowing and blowing it is much satisfaction to know that the hens have hoppers of dry mash serving them cafeteria fashion, with the balanced ration which is as near as possible to ideal for egg production. Of course it is not exactly like the spring ration on the range, but it does help to keep hens thrifty and makes them lay.

Blackcap Raspberries.

In my experience the blackcap will thrive best on a rather rich clay loam that is naturally well drained. Unless the soil is already sufficiently rich, stable manure, if available, should be applied broadcast at the rate of ten to twenty tons to the acre, and turned under, plowing deeply. If stable manure is not available complete fertilizer containing 4.5 per cent. nitrogen, 7.7 per cent. phosphoric acid (available), and six per cent. potash, applied broadcast after plowing, and worked into the soil with cultivator or disk harrow, will give equally as good results. Good preparation of the soil must not be overlooked. Clods should be broken up and the ground put in the best possible mechanical condition before planting.

The distance at which blackcaps are usually set in commercial plantations is three feet apart in rows, which are seven or eight feet apart. The most economical way of planting raspberries is to lay off the rows with a turning plow, three or four inches deep. The plants then can be laid along the row at the proper distance apart, the roots spread out, and the soil pulled in over them with a hoe or small steel rake, and the job finished by turning the soil thrown out of the furrow back over the roots of the plants with a one-horse turning plow. Clean cultivation is necessary, as the raspberries and weeds cannot thrive together. Therefore, the berries will give way and weeds take full possession, unless they are kept under control by good, clean cultivation.

The black raspberry requires care in its pruning, which must be done at two seasons of the year to get the best results. The young stalks that grow from the roots in the spring should be stopped by pinching out the tip when they reach a height of about twenty inches. This work will necessitate going over the patch several times, in order to stop the canes when they have reached the proper height. This stopping or pinching back the canes will induce the development of numerous lateral or side branches, and also cause a more sturdy growth of the cane, which will fortify it to a greater or lesser extent against strong winds, and prevent much damage by blowing over during heavy storms. These lateral or side branches form the bearing wood for the succeeding year, hence it is desirable that the greatest possible number of side branches be secured to insure a large crop of berries. The second pruning, which is of quite as much importance, may be done the following spring, and consists in cutting out all the old wood that bore fruit the previous year, and cutting back the side branches of the new canes to ten or eleven inches in length. All the old canes and ends cut from the laterals of the present season's fruiting canes should be raked off; piled in a heap and burned. I would prefer to cut out old dead canes as soon as fruitage is over if there are any signs of disease. Nor should they never be allowed to lie in a pile to rot, as they harbor insects and their eggs, also spores of fungus diseases that are injurious to the berries, and should therefore be promptly burned. I have used the word blackcap, as all purple cane sorts, as well as the true blackcap, are most generally spoken of as blackcaps. Both are cultivated in the same manner.

Canada's Maple Products.

The manufacture of sugar and syrup from the sap of the sugar maple is an important farm industry in the Eastern provinces of Canada, and particularly in Quebec. Long before the white man settled the country, maple syrup was known to the aborigines, and apart from wild honey was the only intensely sweet product at their command. The methods of procuring it were naturally of a very crude description. Modern methods have greatly improved the product and have led to an ever-increasing demand. Quebec province is the centre of the industry. Of the 20,000,000 pounds, or thereabouts, produced annually in Canada, more than two-thirds have to be credited to Quebec. Ontario is officially reported to be responsible for five million pounds, and the Maritime Provinces for half a million pounds only. The other provinces of Canada do not figure in the calculations. These facts are gathered from a timely pamphlet just issued by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, of which J. B. Spencer, Director of Publicity, is the author. From this well illustrated and technically detailed publication it is also learned that the production of maple sugar, and its equivalent in syrups, of late years has shown a tendency to decrease. From 1851 to 1861 we are told the average yearly production was about 13,500,000 pounds, from 1861 to 1871 about 17,500,000 pounds, from 1871 to 1881, 19,000,000 pounds, and from 1881 to 1891, 22,500,000 pounds. The latter was the pinnacle of annual production, for in the next decade the average per year was 21,200,000 pounds, and in later years the average has been little less than 20,000,000 pounds. It is thought that perhaps with the increase in price that has taken place recently greater production may be looked for. It is estimated that the value of the yearly manufacture of sugar and syrup is $2,000,000, and that 50,000 people are employed in the industry at the height of the season, which is of very short duration, extending over only five or six weeks at the most. Stringent laws against the adulteration of the product have been passed, especially in Quebec, where schools of instruction have been established and the Pure Maple Sugar and Syrup Co-operative Agricultural Association has been organized.

Large vs. Small Tractors.

The farmer of the future must be a mechanic rather than a day laborer, remarks D. D. Gray, Superintendent of the Central Experimental Farm at Ottawa in the December number of the Agricultural Gazette of Canada. This, of course, must not be taken in a literal sense, but rather as suggesting that the future agriculturist must combine with a multitude of other things he requires to know, a greater knowledge of mechanics than he has formerly had. Accepting this suggestion as his text, Mr. Gray tells of records that have been kept at the Central Farm on the cost of operating three makes of tractors. The cost of operating the smaller tractor is shown to be greater than the cost of operating the larger, that is in regard to horse-power. The cost of discing with the smaller is shown to be less, due to greater speed possible than with the larger. The cost of plowing with the smaller is more than with the larger. The lighter machine burned gasoline at a cost of 45 cents per gallon and the heavier machine kerosene at 28½ cents per gallon. Cylinder oil cost 85 cents per gallon.

Living is the best preaching.



The Growing Child---Article VII.

Sex Education.

The question of sex education is one that troubles the majority of thinking parents. There comes a time in the life of every child when he awakens to a realization that life must have a beginning, and he probably runs to his mother with a question.

Fortunate, indeed, is the mother who is prepared to answer the first question and so provide the foundation for confidence between mother and child. If the question is ignored or is answered untruthfully, an irreparable injury has been done to the child.

The wise mother (and fathers, also, for this is not alone a woman's problem) prepare themselves in advance so they are ready when a question comes, no matter what the age of the child. There is no excuse for ignorance now on the part of parents as there was ten years ago, for in the last few years the country has been flooded with literature which is to be found in the bookstores and public libraries or furnished free on application to the Provincial Board of Health.

The parent who neglects to be ready to answer the questions that are bound to come may rest assured that the child will obtain his information from some other source, and entirely wrong ideas may be inculcated which will influence the entire future of the child.

In his progress through childhood the child comes in contact with many agencies, such as the schools, churches, press and various other organizations. Through these he obtains much accurate knowledge bearing upon sex hygiene, but what effect this information has upon him, whether it is wholesome or otherwise, depends upon the early attitude of his parents. If they are ignorant, careless or prudish and cloak the subject with mystery, a morbid curiosity probably will be aroused, but if the subject is handled with frankness and reverence a very little information serves to satisfy the child and start him on his road to normal and healthful adolescence.

Inaugurating a School Lunch Service.

Many children attend school breakfastless. Some because of capricious appetite and in other cases because food is not to be had in sufficient quantity. Furthermore, in rural districts, and in some cities, a number of children live such a distance from the school as to make it necessary for them to carry lunch. Quite frequently the lunch is insufficient in quantity and of limited nutritive value. For these reasons large numbers of children during the most important period of their growth and development have practically but one meal a day throughout the school year. The education and health authorities have become alive to this neglect and are attempting to overcome it by providing for school lunches.

School lunches are no longer in the experimental stage. Wherever tried they have been successful, and the benefits of school feeding are generally recognized. A growing child needs more nourishment in proportion to its size than does an adult, and this is as true for the rich child as for the poor. Hence, it is just as much an advantage for the child of well-to-do parents to be provided with nourishing food at school, since he cannot go home to get it, as it is for the child of the poor. This at once removes the matter of school feeding from a class or charitable affair into the realm of child hygiene, where it properly belongs. Of course, there will always be some children who cannot afford to pay for this extra food and must be fed at the expense of some one else, but this can usually be arranged. In nearly all of the newer school buildings in the cities and towns of France the kitchen is as much a regular part of the plant as the classroom.

There are very few schools where a lunch service cannot be established if attempted in the right way. The success of the undertaking depends largely upon the interest, enthusiasm and knowledge of the teacher. When she decides that the service should be inaugurated in her school, the question of financial support comes first to mind. The movement will undoubtedly have the moral support of the school superintendent and Board of Education, as the school lunch is rapidly being recognized as a part of the regular school work; but they are not always ready to finance the purchase of equipment and other initial expenses. In the large cities, committees of public-spirited citizens sometimes do this, or Parent-Teacher Associations, Women's Clubs, or similar organizations give financial support. In some large school systems the work is directed by a trained dietitian, with capable, paid assistants.

The gain in weight of undernourished children, the training in refined social habits, hygienic living, co-operation, and community spirit will probably well repay all efforts expended.

Morning Inspection.

In the daily life of every child there are certain things so important from the standpoint of health that every mother should assure herself of their observance by diligent observation and inquiry. The best time for this inspection is in the morning before the child starts for school. Make the hour early enough to allow the child time to attend to any point which he has forgotten or neglected. Children are very apt to forget things which are not habitual and this inspection should be continued until correct health habits are an integral part of the child's daily life.

Notice first the cleanliness of the skin, as every mother will because of its bearing on her pride in her child's appearance and self-respect. But apart from the question of ordinary decency, cleanliness of the skin has its bearing on the question of health. If the skin is kept clean and in a tonic condition by frequent bathing, it will relieve the kidneys of much work that would otherwise fall upon them.

After satisfying yourself that the child's bathing has been properly attended to, learn if he has eaten any breakfast, and investigations made in several large cities revealed a startling number of children who go to school without any breakfast or a very unsatisfactory one. No wonder that malnutrition is so prevalent. It is a well known fact that many children have little appetite for breakfast, but when the demands that mental and physical growth make upon a child in school are realized every effort will be made to induce the child to take some food before leaving home in the morning. Though the establishment of school lunches should be a part of every system of school hygiene, this fact does not relieve the home of its responsibility.

Have the child's teeth been carefully brushed after breakfast? Since the relation of defective teeth to disease has been recognized, widespread attention has been paid to the care of children's teeth. When particles of food are left around the teeth the ever-present bacteria bring about fermentation and putrefaction, acids are set free which attack the enamel and decay begins. Hence, the importance of cleaning the teeth is plainly seen, and an alkaline mouth wash, such as milk of magnesia, lime water, or salt and water, should be used. Children should be taught to thoroughly masticate their food.

Has the child been to the toilet? Constipation is one of the most troublesome and common complaints of both children and adults, and nothing is more conducive to this condition than neglect of regular evacuation of the bowels. Training in regular habits should be begun in infancy, and as the child grows older he should never be allowed to neglect this hygienic duty. He will frequently be in such a hurry to run out to play or to be off to school that he will be careless in the matter if he is not carefully supervised.

Notice his posture, remembering the important relation this bears to his general health and self-respect. Does he stand erect with a free, easy carriage? Is his head well-poised, and his shoulders straight and lying close to the ribs behind? Does he walk toward you with a firm, erect attitude, or does he slouch along with a stooping body and drooping head? If these things are not as they should be, an investigation should be made of the physical training at his school.

Finally, see that he is properly clothed. Many children wear too few or too many clothes as the whim seizes them, or as some playmate leads the way. Do not let him be chilled in winter or overheated in summer.

You Can't Figure It Up.

You can count up the kernels on an ear of corn, but you never can count the ears in a single kernel.

He is "only a boy" to most folks, a plain, common-sense farmer boy. His toes may be sticking out of his shoes. His nose may be blue and cold. But wrapped up in that boy are possibilities that no human being can estimate.

Sound the boy right now and see what he can tell you of the every-day life of the farm—you who think of him as "only a boy." You and he will not be together long before he will astonish you by his knowledge of the birds, flowers, plants and crops of the farm. He knows the whereabouts of every woodchuck hole within a range of two miles; if there is a bee tree anywhere around, trust him to locate it for you; he can tell you when to trap the wild creatures of forest, field and stream. And he knows men, knows them clear down into their hearts, far better than you do. The chances are he could tell you, if he would, just what your worth is to the community and what people are saying about you.

Only a boy—and yet, to-morrow you may look for him in the very front rank of the world's activities. Even now he is turning over in his mind plans for a bigger and a better farm than his father or his grandfather ever owned.

What are you doing to help that boy? Are you living the best life you can, clean, honest and above-board? Are you giving him a name and a character that will live, or will you be satisfied to leave him $1,000 and think that enough?

To-morrow you will be leaning on this boy of yours. Are you making him strong against that day?

HIDES-WOOL-FURS

Our business has been built up on the willingness and ability to give you real service.

WILLIAM STONE SONS LIMITED
WOODSTOCK, ONTARIO
ESTABLISHED 1870

GOOD HEALTH AND GOOD SPIRITS

Depend Upon the Condition of the Blood—Keep it Rich, Red and Pure.

When a doctor tells you that you are anaemic, he simply means, in plain English, that your blood is weak and watery. But this condition is one that may easily pass into a hopeless decline if prompt steps are not taken to enrich the blood. Poor blood, weak, watery blood is the cause of headaches and backaches, loss of appetite, poor digestion, rheumatism, neuralgia, nervous irritability and many other troubles. To poor blood is due the pimples and blotches, the muddy complexion that disfigures so many faces. To have good health, a good complexion and a cheerful manner, the blood must be kept rich, red and pure. This is easily done through the use of a blood enriching tonic like Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The whole mission of this medicine is to help enrich the blood which reaches every nerve and every organ of the body, bringing with it health, strength and new activity. That is why people who occasionally use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills always feel bright, active and strong.

Mrs. E. E. Cook, Simcoe, Ont., gives strong testimony to the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when the blood is in an anaemic condition, she says: "I have been a sufferer for some years from a run down condition of the system. I suffered from pains in the back, twitching of the nerves and muscles, my appetite was poor, I had indigestion and would get drowsy after eating. My hands and feet were almost always cold, and though I was constantly doctoring, the medicine I took did not help me. I had practically given up hope of good health, until a friend from Hamilton came to visit me, and urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It took some persuasion, but finally I consented to try them. I have reason to be grateful that I did, for after using seven boxes I felt like a new person. I have gained in weight, have a better color and my work is now a pleasure. For this condition my thanks are due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I cannot praise them too highly."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

There are practically no women auto drivers in Argentina.

The Boy Scouts Association.

The Tenth Annual Meeting of the Provincial Council for Ontario of the Boy Scout Association held in Toronto on Friday, January 28th, was the most largely attended meeting that body has ever had, some fifty members of the Council and representatives from various sections of the province being in attendance. Mr. J. W. Mitchell, Vice-President of the Council, presided in the absence of the President, Mr. Gilbert E. Fauquier, who is spending the winter in Italy.

Reports presented to the meeting indicated that the organization in Ontario is now reaching practically 9,000 boys, there having been a substantial increase both in the number of troops and in public interest in the Scout movement since the early summer. It was also stated that the Provincial Board of Honour which deals with all applications for awards for life-saving, etc., dealt with seven meritorious cases during the first six months it was in office. Of these, two were for saving persons from death by fire, four for gallantry in water accidents, and one for specially good services rendered to the Boy Scout Movement. One boy saved two children from certain death in a fire which destroyed their home in which they were quarantined because they were suffering from scarlet fever. The scout not only performed the rescue at great risk to himself, but in doing so contracted a severe attack of the disease.

For the year 1921 Mr. Gilbert E. Fauquier, of Ottawa, was re-elected President, and Mr. W. K. George, of Toronto, Provincial Commissioner. Mr. J. W. Mitchell, of Toronto, and Rev. Fr. Hebert, of Ottawa, are the Vice-Presidents, and Messrs. H. A. Laurence and G. H. Ross respectively are the Provincial Secretary and Provincial Treasurer. The new Executive Committee consists of Sir John Eaton, C. Q. Ellis, A. B. Fisher, J. E. Ganong, J. G. Gibson, Lt.-Col. Hendrie, John G. Kent, Lt.-Col. Noel Marshall, C. B. McNaught, John A. Northway, A. J. Mitchell, J. F. M. Stewart, H. R. Tudhope, A. J. Gough and J. J. Vaughan. Messrs. Frank Arnoldi, K.C., H. A. Laurence, T. Albert Brown and A. T. Reid were re-elected to the Board of Honour.

Thrifty Boy.

Mother—"Oh, Freddy! I thought you were trying to economize, and here I find you with both jam and butter on your bread."

Freddy—"Why, of course, mother. One piece of bread does for both."

It is not Christianity that is a failure, it is the lack of it.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Distemper

A Plea.

My life is what I made it, good or ill.
Let me forever know this, and be still.
I would not lay to destiny or fate
The failures that are mine, or overrate
Those fruitless efforts made.
But looking on this life as but a grade,
I would with contrite spirit strongly strive
To let what good there is in me survive.

WELL SATISFIED WITH BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Once a mother has used Baby's Own Tablets for her little ones she will use nothing else. Her use of them leads her to believe there is no other medicine to equal them for any of the many minor ailments of childhood. Concerning them Mrs. Eugene Boisvert, East Aldfield, Que., writes: "My baby was terribly constipated, but after the use of Baby's Own Tablets he is entirely well again. I am so well satisfied with the Tablets that I lose no opportunity in recommending them to other mothers." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

To Study Pain in "Phantom" Limbs.

Dr. G. Jefferson, of the Royal Infirmary at Manchester, has just received a grant for the purpose of studying the after-history of amputation cases, particularly those in which pain is felt in "phantom" limbs, the former members which no longer exist. Dr. George Riddock, of London, in discussing "phantom limbs," says:

"When a person has an amputation of a leg or an arm it is a fact that he often complains of pain in the missing member. He may be wearing a cork leg at the time, but the feeling is that the foot is still there. Sometimes this peculiarity is distressing and, although it may last only a few months, cases are known in which persons who have had only one arm or leg for years have complained of aches and pains in the limbs they had lost."

"Cascarets" If Sick, Bilious, Headachy

To-night sure! Let a pleasant, harmless Cascaret work while you sleep and have your liver active, head clear, stomach sweet and bowels moving regular by morning. No griping or inconvenience. 10, 25 and 50 cent boxes. Children love this candy cathartic too.

How Animals Sleep.

Elephants sleep standing up. When in a herd a certain number will always stand watch while the others sleep, for the big, powerful beasts are timid and cautious at night and will not go to sleep unguarded.

Bats sleep head downward, hanging by their hind claws.

Birds, with few exceptions, sleep with their heads turned tailward over the back and the beak thrust beneath the wing.

Storks, gulls and other long-legged birds sleep standing on one leg.

Ducks sleep on open water. To avoid drifting ashore they keep daddling with one foot, thus making them move in a circle.

Foxes and wolves sleep curled up, their noses and the soles of their feet close together and blanketed by their bushy tails.

Lions, tigers and cat animals stretch themselves out flat upon the side. Their muscles twitch and throb, indicating that they are light and restless sleepers.

Owls, in addition to their eyelids, have screens that they draw sideways across their eyes to shut out the light, for they sleep in the daytime.

"Pape's Diapepsin" Corrects Stomach.

"Pape's Diapepsin" is the quickest, surest relief for Indigestion, Gases, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sourness, Fermentation or Stomach Distress caused by acidity. A few tablets give almost immediate stomach relief and shortly the stomach is corrected so you can eat favorite foods without fear. Large case costs only 60 cents at drug store. Absolutely harmless and pleasant. Millions helped annually. Largest selling stomach correcter in world.—Adv.

Quarantine.

"This child has the scarlet fever," cautioned the doctor, picking up his hat, "and must be kept apart from the other children. Do you understand?"

"Oi do,' replied the father.

The next morning early the physician again called. Whei the Irishman observed the doctor glancing around the room, he said:

"Oi'll soon hov him here, doctor. Ye towld me t' keep 'im separate from the rest, an' seen' as we hov only th' wan bed f'r th' fove iv us, Oi sent 'im over t' slape wid th' lad next door!"

No Acquaintance With Water.

"Could you do something for a poor old sailor?" asked the seedy-looking wanderer at the gate.

"Poor old sailor?" echoed the woman at work at the tub.

"Yes, ma'am. I followed the water for sixteen years."

"Well," said the woman, "you certainly don't look as if you ever caught up with it."

There are two kinds of religion: creeds and deeds.

Surnames and Their Origin

JACKSON

Variations—Jacks, Jaxon, Jakes, Jake, Jacox.
Racial Origin—English.
Source—A given name.

Here is a group of family names, the derivation of which seems quite obvious. As a matter of fact, it's only half obvious.

You think these names all trace back to the given name of John. So they do. But they all also trace back to the given name of James In the case of the individual family it is impossible to determinine which, unless the ancestry of the family can be traced back to the person from whom it took the surname; and then the research will fail unless there is enough of the history of that individual available to determine whether his medieval neighbors called him "Jack" because his name was John or because it was James.

The nickname of Jack was, if anything, more commonly used for the given name of James than of John in the middle ages. And really the discussion gets more confusing as we go on, for we pause here to remark that the name of James in the middle ages was not James at all, but "Jacobus," and that to-day the French form of the name is "Jacques." That is why the nickname of Jack was more often the variation of James than of John.

The manner in which the family names of Jackson and Jaxon were evolved from Jack is, of course, quite clear. Jacox, not a very common variation, has been developed from Jack in the same way that Hancock was built up on Han (from Johan, or John), through the diminutive ending "cock."

PACKER

Variation—Packman.
Racial Origin—English.
Source—An occupation.

The family names of Packer and Packman come down to us from the expressmen and purchasing agents of the middle ages.

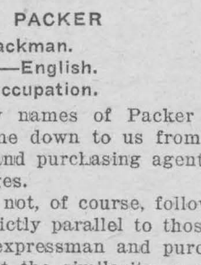
They were not, of course, followers of calling strictly parallel to those of the modern expressman and purchasing agent, yet the similarity is close enough to warrant the use of those terms "with reservations."

Their economic reason for existence was the result of poor commutation facilities in the middle ages. The housewife who lived just outside London or any other city could not run into town to do a little shopping as easily as she could to-day. A journey of even a few miles was a fairly serious and time-consuming proposition. Nor did all of the ladies who had the funds and the desire to spend them in the larger shops of the cities have the servants and horses at their disposal that their more wealthy sisters of the nobility had. Hence the "packer," or "packman."

The "packer" was a trustworthy individual of sound judgment and reputation in his own community who acted as the go-between for those of that community who wished to shop in the city. He gave "express" service by riding a horse instead of driving a cart. His customers trusted him with their money and their tastes, and he brought their purchases back to them in his saddlebags.

As the name appears in the Writs of Parliament and other old records, first as purely descriptive of a calling, and later as a family name, it was spelled "Pakkere," "Packere," or "Pakeman."

The Sweetness of Wheat and Malted Barley is the sweetness of



Grape-Nuts

The delicately rich flavor, natural to the grains, is developed through 20 hours' baking. Grape-Nuts needs no added sugar, and is rich in nourishment of a form easy to digest.

This ready-cooked food is economical

"There's a Reason"

Used Autos

BREAKEY SELLS THEM; USED cars of all types; all cars sold subject to delivery up to 300 miles, or test run of same distance if you wish, in as good order as purchased, or purchase price refunded.

BRING mechanic of your own choice to look them over, or ask us to take any car to city representative for inspection. Very large stock always on hand.

Breakey's Used Car Market
408 Yonge Street, - Toronto

New Uses for Paper.

We have heard of paper suits, and we have all donned paper hats at children's parties, but Germany is putting paper to an even more unique use.

Whilst travelling in Germany recently an Englishman was struck by the curious window straps in the German trains. Instead of being the orthodox leather ones they appeared to be made of some very strong twisted fibre.

Later he was able to procure a portion of one of these straps, and, on investigating, found that they were simply made of paper. It had been twisted into tiny strands, and twisted again and again, then probably treated with something to strengthen it, for the straps must needs be very strong to hold up a carriage window, especially as those in the German trains are of a large and heavy type.

The seats in many of the trains are also covered with the same substance, while baskets and many other articles are made in the same way.

His Hearing Restored.

The invisible ear drum invented by A. O. Leonard, which is a miniature megaphone, fitting inside the ear entirely out of sight, is restoring the hearing of hundreds of people in New York City. Mr. Leonard invented this drum to relieve himself of deafness and head noises, and it does this so successfully that no one could tell he is a deaf man. It is effective when deafness is caused by catarrh or by perforated, or wholly destroyed natural drums. A request for information to A. O. Leonard, Suite 437, 70 Fifth Avenue, New York City, will be given a prompt reply. advt.

Mr. Paderewski's Title to Fame.

The Polish patriot and Pianist, Mr. Paderewski, is keenly interested in farm stock. He once bought some prize pigs in Essex, a transaction to which the newspapers gave much publicity. Not long after he had made the purchase he was looking into the pigsty at a certain farm, when the farmer came up and began to talk. Being anxious to impress the visitor with his importance, the farmer led him to a sty that he had not seen and, pointing to the inmates, said, "Do you see them pigs? I've sold them to Mr. Paderewski, the great pig dealer from abroad!"

Most Wonderful Thing.

"Tell me, Jamie, what was the most wonderful thing you saw while at sea?"

"I think the strangest thing I saw was the flying fish."

"Noo, laddie, dinna mak' a fule o' yer mither. Wha ever heard o' a fish ffeein'?"

"Another strange thing I saw when crossing the Red Sea. We dropped anchor, and when we raised it again there was one of the wheels of Pharoah's chariot on it."

"Aye, laddie, I believe you. We've scripture for that."

New York City has a foreign-born population amounting to 41 per cent. of the whole. Only 3 per cent. of London's population is foreign born.

You don't have to suffer

BAUME BENGUÉ

relieves pain of headache, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, rheumatism.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES
$1.00 a tube.
THE LEEMING MILES CO., LTD.
MONTREAL
Agents for Dr. Jules Bengué
RELIEVES PAIN



FREEZONE.

Corns Lift Off with Fingers



Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. It doesn't hurt a bit.

Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without a particle of pain.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

RHEUMATISM

Lumbago, Neuralgia, or any other pain, apply Minard's Liniment to the aching spot and get quick relief. Minard's is the remedy your grandmother used. There is nothing to equal it.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

BITS OF HUMOR FROM HERE & THERE



Keep it Dark.

Johnson—"De Brown never speaks of his family tree."

Bronson—"I expect it's much too shady."

Dining Out.

"Where is the man who keeps this restaurant?" said the disgusted patron.

"He's gone out to lunch," replied the waiter.

A Compromise.

Patient—"Doctor, I'll compromise with you on that bill of yours."

Doctor — "Compromise! What do you mean?"

Patient—"Well, I'll pay for your medicine, and return your visits."

Model Husband.

Mrs. Newbride—"Oh, dearie, I meant this to be a cottage pudding, but it wouldn't rise."

True Husband—"That's all right, sweetest. Shall we call it a flat pudding?"

One of the Family.

Mrs. Puff (to the new maid)—"But, Alice, there are only two in the family—Mr. Puff and myself. Why had you set places for three?"

The New Maid—"But, ma'am, the cook told me that you had a piano-player in the house."

Scotch Thrift.

It was dinner-time the day after the wedding.

"What's this?" said MacTavish. "Stewed fruit?"

"Aye," replied his bride. "Dinna ye like stewed fruit?"

"Indeed, I do," replied MacTavish. "But what hae ye done with a' yon rice we got yesterday?"

"DANDERINE"

Girls! Save Your Hair! Make It Abundant!



Immediately after a "Danderine" massage, your hair takes on new life, lustre and wondrous beauty, appearing twice as heavy and plentiful, because each hair seems to fluff and thicken. Don't let your hair stay lifeless, colorless, plain or scraggly. You, too, want lots of long, strong, beautiful hair.

A 35-cent bottle of delightful "Danderine" freshens your scalp, checks dandruff and falling hair. This stimulating "beauty-tonic" gives to thin, dull, fading hair that youthful brightness and abundant thickness.—All druggists!

MONTH OLD BABY HAD SKIN TROUBLE

On Face and Hands. Itched and Burned. Cuticura Heals.



"My baby was only a month old when her face and hands started to get red and scaly. The eczema started in the form of water blisters and itched and burned. She was so cross and fretful she could not sleep.

"This lasted nine months when I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I used three cakes of Soap with two boxes of Ointment when she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. Oscar Pillon, Amherstburg, Ontario, May 7, 1918.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum are all you need for all toilet uses. Bathe with Soap, soothe with Ointment, dust with Talcum.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal.
Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

WANTED

Send for list of inventions wanted by Manufacturers. Fortunes have been made from simple ideas. "Patent Protection" booklet and "Proof of Conception" on request.

HAROLD C. SHIPMAN & CO.
PATENT ATTORNEYS
20 SHIPMAN CHAMBERS - - OTTAWA, CANADA

INVENTIONS

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies



Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author.
H. Clay Glover Co., Inc.
118 West 31st Street
New York, U.S.A.

Classified Advertisements.

THE TORONTO FREE HOSPITAL, near Weston, Ontario, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York, offers to young women desirous of becoming qualified nurses a three-year course of general training; attractive residence; single rooms. For salary and other information apply Lady Superintendent, Toronto Free Hospital, Weston, Ontario.

Two Smiths.

The vicar's name was Smith, and he had recently been honored by the degree of D.D. The doctor of the village was also named Smith.

A stranger came one day to the place and asked a native the way to Dr. Smith's house.

"Which Dr. Smith do you mean, sir?" was the reply; " 'im what preaches or 'im what practises?"

MONEY ORDERS.

The safe way to send money by mail is by Dominion Express Money Order.

After many years of work the Pyrenees mountains have been pierced with a tunnel that will permit French and Spanish railroads to be connected.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

Among the 241 delegates of the 41 nations represented at the League of Nations, not a sign of a military or naval uniform was visible.

ASPIRIN

"Bayer" is only Genuine

BAYER

OK

Warning! It's criminal to take a chance on any substitute for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," prescribed by physicians for twenty-one years and proved safe by millions. Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Tooth Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

Cause of Early Old Age

The celebrated Dr. Michenhoff, an authority on early old age, says that it is "caused by poisons generated in the intestine." When your stomach digests food properly it is absorbed without forming poisonous matter. Poisons bring on early old age and premature death. 15 to 30 drops of "Seigel's Syrup" after meals makes your digestion sound. 10

MOTHER!

"California Syrup of Figs" Child's Best Laxative



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its fruity taste. Full directions on each bottle. You must say "California."

"Pain's enemy" —I'll say it is!

WHEN you want *quick* comforting relief from any "external" pain, use Sloan's Liniment. It does the job without staining, rubbing, bandaging. Use *freely* for rheumatism, neuralgia, aches and pains, sprains and strains, backache, sore muscles.



LOCAL AND GENERAL

Repairs made and kept in stock for make of ranges and stoves.

MORASH FOUNDRY

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Wright returned home Wednesday night after spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. B. B. Tucker.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Carr have moved to Morrisburg for a few months and are occupying the home of Mr. H. W. Rose.

Mr. Thos. Jamieson, B.A., Senior Inspector of Public Schools for the County of Carleton, and at one time on the staff of the Morrisburg Collegiate Institute passed away at his home in Ottawa on Wednesday A.M. The body will be conveyed to Kars, on Friday (today) for interment. Mr. Jamieson is a brother to ex-Principal J. S. Jamieson, M.A., of Morrisburg.

Miss Florence Robertson and sister, Emma, also Miss Eleanor Robertson and Miss Laura M. Currie of Iroquois visited at Mr. J. Mason Deek's home on Wednesday.

Mrs. Archie Warren had the misfortune to fall on the cement walk at her home recently and spraining her ankle very severely.

Blue Serge Suits, tailored to your measure, $35.00 to $50 at A. H. Casselman's.

The Misses Johnston of Crysler spent the week-end the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Baker.

Mr. Henry D. Rose is visiting his brother at Carleton Place.

Mr. John Fetterly Sr., of Weehawkin, N. J., formerly of Morrisburg, died on January 10th aged 84 years.

Miss Bell Hesson returned home on Saturday after spending six weeks with her sister, Mrs. R. A. Miller of Ottaawa.

Miss L. W. Stuart has returned from Prescott where she spent the last six weeks the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Will Purkis.

Miss Isabelle Farlinger left on Thursday for Winnipeg.

A. Sweet & Co. are making slashing reductions all through their big stock at the fire sale now going on. Drive over to Winchester and see for yourself how much money you can save.—A. Sweet & Co.

Miss Hattie Deeks of Iroquois, who is the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Frank Beckstead, spent Tuesday at her cousin's home Mr. J. Mason Deeks.

Men's and Youths' long pants regular $4.50 and $4.25, now $3.85 and $3.65 at A. H. Casselman's.

Mr. John Sutherland who has been visited his brother, Wm. Sutherland for a few weeks returned to Montreal on Tuesday.

At the regular meeting of the town council held on Monday night the Clerk, Mr. F. R. Chalmers, urged the Council to look into the matter of more efficient street lighting in the business section. He pointed out that Winchester, Alexandria and Lancaster, although at a much higher cost, had led the way with Hydro Power, while Morrisburg with its own municipal plant had not yet done away with the oldtime arches. As a result, the Clerk was authorized to make enquiries as to cost of brackets and iron standard poles and this very commendable move will be further dealt with at the next regular meeting of Council.

Archdeacon C. O. Carson spent a few days in Toronto this week attending the Horticultural Convention.

Mrs. B. L. Carr will receive for the first time on Tuesday February 15th, from 3 to 6 o'clock, and afterwards on third Tuesday of each month.

Mrs. Joe Heiney is spending a few days in Montreal this week.

Miss Lou Artindale underwent a successful operation in the Ogdensburg Hospital the first of the week.

Rev. Father J. A. Meehan, Kingston, spent the early part of the week the guest of Rev. Father Scott.

Young Men's Suits, regular $33.00 now $26.50 at A. H. Casselman's.

Mrs. E. J. Frenette and Frank King, infant son of T. F. King of Timmins Ont., left on Tuesday for Rowden, Que., after spending the past couple of months with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Sutherland.

Mr. Charles Laskey of St. Johns, N.B., spent a few days in town this week with his father, Mr. James Laskey.

Mr. W. R. Smith of Detroit spent the past week the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Goodfellow.

It will pay you to go to Winchester and get some of the bargains going at Sweet's big fire sale. You can surely save money.—A. Sweet & Co.

The Seattle Daily Times—The marriage of Miss Mary S. McDonald of Morrisburg, Ont., to Mr. J. F. Barry of Vancouver, B.C., formerly of Halifax was solemnized in St. Benedict's Church last Saturday, with Rev Father Terrance Loftus reading the service. The bride was attended by by her sister, Mrs. Duncan L. McIntosh of Vancouver, B.C., and Mr. R. Gammill of Seattle was groomsman. Upon their return from their wedding trip Mr. and Mrs. Barry will be at home at West Point Grey Vancouver, B.C.

Two rinks of local curlers, skipped by Mr. Irwin Hilliard, K.C., and Dr. G. M. Gorrell will represent the local club at the Central Ontario Bonspiel to be held in Ottawa, Feb. 14, 15, 16.

WHITTEKER the Optician will
Wales, January 15th.
Morrisburg, Jan. 17 to Feb 5.

The Annual General Meeting of the M.A.A. will be held in the Town Hall on Friday, February 11th, at 8 p.m. All members are requested to be on hand. Business—Election of Officers and Good and Welfare of the Association.

Mrs. D. Maroney of Syracuse, N.Y. was the guest of her sister, Mrs. F. Sherman, this week.

Mrs. J. Mason Deeks and son Fred spent Sunday at their cousin's home Major O. A. Irvine, Hanesville Ont.

THE LATE DAVID J. BOWMAN

Death has again visited us and removed an aged and respected citizen in the person of Mr. David J. Bowman. Deceased had been ill for the past two years from appoplexy, and during that time never murmured against his lot, but patiently awaited the end which came peacefully on January 29th.

Deceased was born on the "Casselman Farm" in Mariatown, 76 years ago, moving to the 3rd Con. when 6 years of age. In religion he was a life-long Lutheran; in politics a staunch Conservative. Rev. Isler preached a very inspiring and comforting sermon in the home on Feb. 1st—"Teach us to number our days that we may apply our hearts unto wisdom." Three children, Mr. Morley Bowman, Froatburn, Mrs. Henry S. Merkley, Iroquois, Mrs. John F. Bowman at home; one brother, Paul Bowman, and one sister, Mrs. H. Beckstead, are left to mourn. Much sympathy is extended to the sorrowing relatives, especially those in the home, where his place can never be filled. The pall-bearers were his six nephews, Mr. John Bowman Mr. Albert Bowman, Mr. Nelson Bowman Thos Bowman, J. Reddick, P. Reddick. Interment was made in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

THE LATE THOMAS RUSSELL

(The Tenion News, Washington.)

Thomas Russell, President of the Tenion Stone Company died at Los Angeles, at the home of his son, Dr. Robert Russell, January 7 1921.

Mr. Russell was born January 6, 1840, in Fife Shire, Scotland and at the age of 14 with his parents landed in Canada, where they settled on a homestead claim near Morrisburg on the St. Lawrence river. Here, in the then wilderness, they built the little log cabin made famous by a poem written some years later by young Thomas Russell. On February 29, 1862, he married Miss Rebecca Gordon, who predeceased him six years ago, on January 20, 1915.

At 17 years of age he went to Montreal to learn the stone mason and bricklayer's trade. At the end of his apprenticeship he went into the contracting business and among others he put up many of the best church and school buildings in that part of Canada. In time he became comfortably well-to-do and everything looked bright and rosy for the future, when during the hard times following the panic of 1873 he lost nearly everything..

With his indomitable will power and strictly business methods, Mr. Russell soon recovered from his misfortunes and when in 1883 he came to the United States and decided to make his future home in this country, he built a fine residence in Minneapolis and filed his declaration to become an American citizen. He advised the boys, that it is every man's duty to "give his undivided allegiance and support to the country that furnishes his bread and butter."

For about ten years he continued contracting and building in Minnesota, Dakota and Wisconsin. Then he came to Tenino and acquired a one-third interest in the Tenino Stone Quarry and was made the company's president which office he held at the time of his death. He built a fine family home in Seattle and in the dining room over the fireplace, carved on a block of Tenion stone, he reproduced a fac-simile of the log cabin which he and his father built in the Canadian backwoods nearly seventy years ago. The vice-president of the stone company S. W. Fenton, as a young man learned his trade under Mr. Russell in Canada and later was associated in business with him.

Mr. Russell leaves four sons, Dr. D. G. Russell of Escondido, Cal., Dr. Thos. A. Russell of Spokane, Dr. Robert G. Russell of Los Angeles, and Alex. T. Russell of Escondido, California; one sister, Mrs. Philip Fetterly of Morrisburg and four half sisters, Mrs. Elizabeth Sleeman of Portland, Mrs. Robt. Shaw of Hoasic Mrs. Maggie Fetterly, Mrs. Thomas Griffith, and one brother, James Russel of Morrisburg.

MORE BARGAINS

Gem Safety Razors—
Regular $1.25; sale price.. 75
Ingersoll Watches—
Regular $6.25; sale price.. 4.50
Ingersoll watches—
Regular $7.00; sale price.. 5.00
Flash Lights—
Regular $2.20; sale price.. 1.50
Razor Strops—
Regular $1.30; sale price.. 90
Regular $1.40; sale price.. 1.00
Regular $1.00; sale price .. 60
Just a few of these articles left. Selling below cost. Hurry up.

J. M. WHITTEKER.

IRISH SERGE SUITING

Indigo Dye Guaranteed—Made to your Measure—Best Lining obtainab "Hymo" Foundation.

$45.00

F. A. NASH
MAKER OF DEPENDABLE CLOTHING

BARGAINS

Spend $1.00 and Save $2.00

Call at Our Store, over Bradfield's Hardware, and get a Real Bargain. We have for sale—Army Blankets, Over Coats, Rubbers, Overshoes, Shoes Riding Breeches Also Pants, Overalls, Shirts, Underwear, and a few Fur Coats at very low prices. Call and see or yourself.

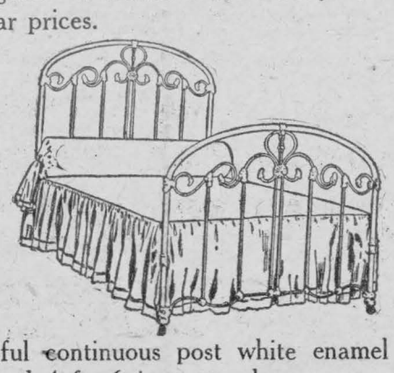
J. S. TEVAN,
Morrisburg, Ont. Phone 82

W. MARSH & SON'S GREAT FEBRUARY SALE OF FURNITURE AND RUGS

is now in full swing and in order to reduce our immense stock, we will give a special Cash Discount of 25 per cent. off every article in our store. Sale opens

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 4th, 1921

and every week during this month, we will give extra special bargains—a chance to refurnish your home at less than pre-war prices.



This beautiful continuous post white enamel iron bed, sizes 4 ft and 4 ft. 6 in., extra heavy, complete with castors. Sale price $9.00

The famous Hercules Spring with heavy rope edge guaranteed not to sag, all sizes. Sale price $6.95

All white layer felt mattress extra ticking, will not get lumpy. All sizes sale price $11.75

Extra Special Dressers, only six left like cut, surfaced oak, large bevel mirror three large drawers, complete with castors. Sale price $19.50. Washstand to match, $7.50



We have about 15 rugs in tapestry, Brussels and Art Squares that we will clear at less than cost to make room for our new spring stock. Our Oilcloths and Linoleums will arrive about the 15th of Feb. and we sure have some surprises in store for the public in regard to prices. Lineleums that sold at $2 a yard we will sell at $1.20.

PICTURE FRAMING NEATLY DONE

W. Marsh & Son

The only firm having a license for Embalming in this part of the County
Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalm

YOUR YOUNGSTER'S PRECIOUS EYES
DESERVES THE BEST CARE

Are you giving sufficient thought to your Children's Eyes? It is a duty you owe your children to make sure that they are not suffering from eye defects. Many "grown ups" wearing glasses today would not need them if their eyes had been properly cared for in childhood. Don't guess. know.

The only safe way is to have your children's eyes examined by a competent Optometrist. Hsi scientific methods of examination enable him to detect eye defects and his knowledge fits him to advise and prescribe **CONSULT YOUR OPTOMETRIST. HE KNOWS.**

J. M. WHITTEKER
Optometrist
Morrisburg, Ont.
'Phone 18

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A Commercial College of unusua equipment, including 69 New Type writing Machines of all standard makes, wide reputation, for thorough work; it is the Alma Mater of many of our successful business men in Canada. Free Employment Department. Both sexes Enter any time. Write for 17th year book Address;—

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EVERLASTIC SLATE-SURFACED ROOFING
LINABESTOS BUILDING BOARD
PORTLAND CEMENT

A. H. MERKLEY
Steam Saw and Planing Mill
Morrisburg . 'Phone 56

WANTED

Normal trained qualified teacher, holding second class certificate for S. S. No. 3, Williamsburg (Riverside). Apply stating experience, certificate and salary
Duties to commence April first.

RALPH S. MERKLEY,
Morrisburg, Ont.

FEED FEED

I expect two cars of feed in the first of the week which I will sell at the following prices at car:
Corn $1.95; Ground Barley, $2.25 Ground Standard $1.65; Hen Feed $1.65; Crushed Oats $2.40; Whole Oats $2.00.

H. A. MERKLEY.

FOR SALE

Edison Amberola Phonograph with 38 records. Good as new. Cost 89 dollars, will accept $60 cash.

H. HOPKINSON,
Rosedale Farm, Morrisburg

You Will Make No Mistake In Buying Now

Pure Lard, per pound	32c	Grape Nuts, per package	18c
Domestic Shortening	25c	Puffed Rice package	20c
Cocoa, ½ pounds	35c	Puffed Wheat, package	18c
Blue Berries, per tin	25c	Two packages Corn Flakes	25c
Pine Apple, large tins	65c	Canned Peas	18c
Tomatoes	18c	Grape Fruit, two for	25c
Snyder's Ketchup, bottle	35c	Sun Kist oranges, doz.	70c
Mault Vinegar, bottle	30c	Clark's Spaghetti	25c
Marmalades, bottle	45c	Egg Powder	15c
Canned Corn	18c	Amonia, Handy Package,	
French Peas, per tin 25 to	30c	Snowflake and Bull Dog	10c
Lima Beans, tin	25c	Swift's Oleo, pound	40c
Succotash, tin	25c	Two packages Gusto for	25c
Spinach	25c		

MULLIN BROS.
MORRISBURG, — ONT

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL



OUR COAL LOOMS UP

As the biggest boon of all. You can defy the winter if you have it in your bin. We can show you the right coal to operate stove and furnace with the greatest possible economy and the while get the results that really satisfy.

ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE

ALL COAL MUST BE PAID FOR WHEN DELIVERED
PORTLAND CEMENT IN STOCK

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CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL