The Leader

XXIII, No. 10 MORRISBURG, ONT. FRIDAY, FEB. 29, 1924

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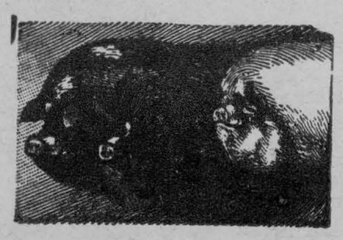
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MORRISBURG, ONT.

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THE HARDWARE STORE—OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

SUCCESSFUL HOCKEY SEASON

It has been said, and rightfully said, that what a boy earns during his working hours goes down in his pocket; what he earns during his recreation hours, goes down in his character, and we believe, therefore, that an organization such as the Sunday School Union Hockey Association, and functions such as the banquet tendered the boys on Wednesday evening, tend to make more loyal and better citizens.. The banquet was a fitting ending to a successful season of hockey played by the teams of the Anglican, Roman Catholic, Methodist, Presbyterian and Lutheran Sunday Schools. The Anglicans, winning everyone of their games, topped the hockey list. It is in the game of life, however, that the boys have scored their greatest count, and in this they reached the great "life net" on an equal footing. It is therefore pleasing to report that the brand of hockey played during the winter warranted such a pleasant gathering at the end of the season.

The banquet, which took the form of a "good old oyster feed," was made possible through the generosity of Mr. J. H. Meikle, who provided the oysters, and a number of the ladies from each congregation, who very generously contributed cake and coffee, and waited on tables. Covers were laid for one hundred, or more, which comfortably filled the spacious basement of the Methodist Church. During the supper, an orchestra, composed of Messrs. Paul Gormely, Cyril Farrar, and Wm. Sherman, rendered a number of popular selections which were very much enjoyed.

Mr. Ford Wiggins capably discharged the duties of Toast Master.

Where such a large number of boys have gathered together, it is a very difficult task to discharge the duties of Toast Master, and due to this fact, no doubt, Mr. Wiggins overlooked giving the orchestra due credit. It being characteristic of Ford, however, to give credit where credit belongs, he wishes to express his regrets.

The first toast of the evening was that to "The King", responded to in the usual manner.

The toast to the Anglican Sunday School, the winners in hockey, was proposed by Mr. J. P. Gormely; responded to by Mr. Paul Carson. Mr. Gormely being the first speaker of the evening, very appropriately reviewed the history of hockey in Morrisburg, and we are indebted to him for the following portion of his address, containing this history:—

"Historians are said to differ considerably over the place in which the Great Caesar first saw the light of day, and similarily in respect to the birthplace of Canada's National Winter Sport, Hockey, several places have claimed the honor. It is generally admitted, however, and it has been substantiated, that the actual birthplace of organized hockey is the city of Kingston, in the year 1888. Morrisburg was one of the first to take up the game and give it prominence. Will Rose, a Morrisburg boy, and a graduate of the Royal Military College, introduced and organized the game here, in 1891. The popularity was instantaneous and the players were given every support. A covered rink was erected, and from 1891 to 1897, the Morrisburg Hockey Team became famous wherever the game was known; during this period, they played teams, such as Queens, of Kingston, Aberdeens of Ottawa, Shamrocks of Montreal, as well as Brockville, Cornwall, and a number of others, winning about 95 per cent. of the games they played."

The next toast was to the Roman Catholic Sunday School, proposed by Rev. Lawson, responded to by Capt. M. O'Malley.

The Toast to the Methodist Sunday School was proposed by Mr. J. Clinton Fetterly; responded to by Capt. Lapierre.

The toast to the Presbyterian Sunday School was proposed by Ven. Archdeacon Carson; responded to by Mr. Alex. Farlinger.

The toast to the Lutheran Sunday School was proposed by Mr. J. H. Meikle; responded to by Mr. Weldon Barkley.

The toast to "Our Host" was proposed by Mr. Wiggins; responded to by Mr. Fred H. Broder.

Mr. William R. Cook, Boys Work Secretary for Ontario and Quebec, of the National Council of Young Men's Christian Association, then took charge of the program and joined with the boys, in a number of old, popular songs, after which, he reviewed the life of a number of the World's greatest "self-made" men. A very beneficial half hour, and one which the boys enjoyed much, was the time occupied by Mr. Cook.

The promoters of the new organization, Messrs. Wiggins, Broder and Meikle, as well as the boys of the Sunday Schools, are grateful to the citizens for their generous support, at the games, and for the enjoyable evening which marked the closing of the season. The managers propose to start in earlier in the season next year, and hope to furnish material, from which our senior team will piek, that will bring it up to its original standing.

The officers of this year's organization were as follows: Chairman, Mr. Ford Wiggins. Committee, Messrs. Wm. Snyder, Ern. Millward; J. Clinton Fetterly and Herm. Hummell.

MR. G. B. BRANDSTETTER

The death occurred at 4.20 A.M. on Monday, of Mr. G. B. Brandstetter, at the home of his sister, Mrs. J. A. Toner, 5 Crescent St.., Montreal, Que., after an illness of two months. Mr. Brandstetter was born in Morrisburg, and has for many years resided in Montreal. He is survived by his widow and two children, Donald of Morrisburg and Ruth of Montreal; two sisters and brothers, Mrs. J. A. Toner, Montreal, Mrs. J. A. Clarke of New York, and D. Brandstetter of New York, and J. G. Brandstetter of Ottawa.

The funeral service was held Wednesday, February 27th, at 8.45 at St. Anthony's Church. The mass was fully choral, being sung by Father Cormier, assisted by Monsignor Donnelly as sub-deacon and Father Peter Hefferman as deacon. Father Archambault presided at the organ.

At the same hour, masses were sung by Father Telreault, New York, and Father O'Toole of Freeport, Long Island.

The body was then conveyed to Cote des Neiges cemetery.

FATAL TRAIN WRECK

The following report was issued from Canadian National Railways headquarters, in reference to a wreck at Mallorytown, Ont.:

"At 4 o'clock this morning at Mallorytown, Ont., train No. 20, eastbound from Toronto to Montreal, struck extra freight No. 3501, also eastbound, about 100 yards east of Mallorytown Station. Engineer N. A. Woodcock of the extra and Fireman Ritchie of the Toronto-Montreal train were killed, and Engineer Albert Boyes of No. 20 and Fireman William Carrigan of the extra were seriously injured.

"The wreckage of the two engines caught fire, and also the storage mail car of No. 20. The fire was handled by the crew with the aid of fire-extinguishers and snow, and the larger part of the contents of the mail car was salvaged.

"No passengers were injured, and those in the Pullmans were not disturbed. Dr. Bissell of Mallorytown was on the scene immediately, rendering such assistance as possible, and a relief train was immediately sent from Brockville with three doctors and six nurses, and the two injured men were taken to the Brockville Hospital. The freight had been delayed on account of an accident to a truck, and had been split to permit repairs, the rear section being moved west by the engine under the charge of Engineer Woodcock, and was standing near the Mallorytown Station at the time of the accident.

"The cause of the accident is being investigated."

FRUIT GROWERS' ASSOCIATION HOLD ANNUAL MEETING

The St. Lawrence Valley Fruit Growers' Association held their annual Meeting in the Agricultural Office, Morrisburg, Saturday evening, February 16th.

The business of the evening consisted of the election of officers, Treasurer's Report and an address by Mr. E. P. Bradt, B.S.A., former Agricultural Representative for Dundas County.

Mr. Bradt is now engaged in fruit growing in the Niagara District and he gave a very interesting talk on fruit growing in the St. Lawrence Valley as compared with the industry at Niagara-on-the-Lake. Mr. Bradt pointed out that as an evidence of the increased interest in apple growing with the growers in this section, practically two car loads of Spray Material is being bought for the growers. This in itself, the home of the McIntosh, stands for good quality in apples.

Following the business of the meeting, refreshments were served (sandwiches, Ice-Cream, cake and coffee.)

The following were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—J. W. Tindale, Iroquois.

Vice-President—E. H. Robertson, Iroquois.

Sec.-Treas.—A. E. Springstead, Morrisburg.

Directors—Lee Harkness, Iroquois; Ellery Casselman, Dundela; W. G. Robertson, Iroquois, Durham Wells, Williamsburg, R.R.

WILL TRY TO STOP NOISES THAT INTERFERE WITH RADIO

The Advisory Council for Scientific and Industrial Research of Canada will investigate "parasitic noises, originating from electric power supply lines, leaky transformers, street car lines and other sources," which interfere with the reception of radio broadcast programs.

The investigation has been approved by the Cabinet, on the recommendation of the Minister of Marine and Fisheries, who stated that Canadian radio broadcast listeners had this year paid to the Government approximately $30,000 in license fees.

The sum of $3,000 has been set aside for the investigation.

R--A--D--I--O

ANNOUNCEMENT

FOREWORD It has been our constant aim in any products we sell and recommend to link up with the best in quality value and serviceability, which means ultimate satisfaction to the purchaser, and finally, volume of sales to us, thus establishing a relationship with our customers whereby mutual benefit is the result. Our featured products such as McLaughlin Buick Automobiles, Delco Light, New Edison Phonographs and High Grade Pianos, fully bear out this testimony, each one being recognized Leaders of Quality products. We naturally feel proud of such a successful effort.

AND so the same with RADIO. We have investigated the achievements fully and now are prepared to offer the public the very best in Quality, Value and Service in this new and unprecedented form of home entertainment and education, and can assure prospective buyers of satisfactory service if purchased from us The public will find that in this additional line we have now linked up with, the best in quality, value and service.

W. H. FETTERLY & CO.

R-A-D-I-O

COMPLETE SETS, $75.00 UPWARDS TO $500.00 BEST STANDARD MAKES---CALL OR WRITE US FOR FULL INFORMATION. LET US RECOMMEND THE BEST RECEIVING SET FOR YOUR PARTICULAR REQUIREMENTS.

W. H. Fetterly, Morrisburg, Ont.

"When Better Radio is built, we will sell it."

Central Meat Market

THE STORE OF QUALITY

We still have Buffalo Meat on sale; Choice, Juicy Western Beef; Pork; Lamb, Veal and sausage. Pure Lard and Shortening. All kinds of Smoked and Cured Meats; Poultry; Butter and Eggs; Oysters; Fresh and Smoked Fish; Vegetables and Canned Goods. All at closest prices. Call and be convinced.

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DOMINION GOVERNMENT BONDS FOR SALE

20 Years, 5 per cent. Sale price 98 1-4c.

No charge for purchasing.

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Careful attention to the needs of Canada's Agricultural interests has always been a feature of The Molsons Bank.

Savings Departments at every Branch.
Deposits of $1.00 and upwards invited.

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Williamsburg Branch — W. B. COLLES, Manager
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Until You Try "SALADA"

H457

GREEN TEA

you have not tasted the best.
Fresh, fragrant and pure. Try it.

Tangled Trails

—BY WILLIAM MACLEOD RAINE

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CHAPTER X.

KIRBY ASKS A DIRECT QUESTION.

The story of the Cunningham mystery, as it was already being called, filled the early editions of the afternoon papers. The "Times" had the scoop of the day. It was a story signed by Chuck Ellis, who had seen the alleged murderer climb down by a fire escape from the window of Cunningham's bedroom and had actually talked with the man as he emerged from the alley. His description of the suspect tallied fairly closely with that of Mrs. Hull, but it corrected errors in regard to weight, age, and color of clothes.

As Kirby walked to the Equitable Building to keep his appointment with his cousins, it would not have surprised him if at any moment an officer had touched him on the shoulder and told him he was under arrest.

Entering the office of the oil broker, where the two brothers were waiting for him, Kirby had a sense of an interrupted conversation. They had been talking about him, he guessed. The atmosphere was electric.

James spoke quickly, to bridge any embarrassment. "This is a dreadful thing about Uncle James. I've never been so shocked before in my life. The crime was absolutely fiendish."

Kirby nodded. "Or else the deed of some insane person. Men in their right senses don't do such things."

"No," agreed James. "Murder's one thing. Such coldblooded deviltry is quite another. There may be insanity connected with it. But one thing is sure. I'll not rest till the villain's run to earth and punished."

His eyes met those of his cousin. They were cold and bleak.

"Do you think I did it?" asked Kirby quietly.

The directness of the question took James aback. After the fraction of a second's hesitation he spoke. "If I did I wouldn't be going to lunch with you."

Jack cut in. Excitement had banished his usual almost insolent indolence. His dark eyes burned with a consuming fire. "Let's put our cards on the table. We think you're the man the police are looking for—the one described in the papers."

"What makes you think that?"

"You told us you were going to see him as soon as he got back from the Springs. The description fits you to a T. You can't get away with an alibi so far as I'm concerned."

"All right," said the rough rider, his low, even voice unruffled by excitement. "If I can't, I can't. We'll say I'm the man who came down the fire escape. What then?"

James was watching his cousin steadily. The pupils of his eyes narrowed. He took the answer out of his brother's mouth. "Then we think you probably know something about this mystery that you'll want to tell us. You must have been on the spot very soon after the murderer escaped. Perhaps you saw him."

Kirby told the story of his night's adventure, omitting any reference whatever to Wild Rose or to anybody else in the apartment when he entered.

After he had finished, James made his comment. "You've been very frank, Kirby. I accept your story. A guilty man would have denied being in the apartment, or he would have left town and disappeared."

The range rider smiled sardonically. "I'm not so sure of that. You've got the goods on me. I can't deny I'm the man the police are lookin' for. Mrs. Hull would identify me. So would this reporter Ellis. All you would have to do would be to hand my name to the nearest officer. An' I can't run away without confessin' guilt. Even if I had killed Uncle James, I couldn't do much except tell some story like the one I've told you."

"It wouldn't go far in a court-room," Jack said.

"Not far," admitted Kirby. "By the way, you haven't expressed an opinion, Jack. Do you think I shot Uncle James?"

Jack looked at him, almost sullenly, and looked away. He poked at the corner of the desk with the ferrule of his cane. "I don't know who shot him. You had quarreled with him, and you went to have another row with him. A cop told me that some one who knew how to tie ropes fastened the knots around his arms and throat. You beat it from the room by the fire escape. A jury would hang you high as Haman on that evidence. Damn it, there's a bad bruise on your chin wasn't there when we saw you yesterday. For all I know he may have done it before you put him out."

"I struck against a corner in the darkness," Kirby said.

"That's what *you* say. You've got to explain it somehow. I think your story's fishy, if you ask me."

"Then you'd better call up the police," suggested Lane.

"I didn't say I was going to call the cops," retorted Jack sulkily.

James looked at his cousin. Kirby Lane was strong. You could not deny his strength, audacious yet patient. He was a forty-horsepower man with the smile of a boy. Moreover, his face was a certificate of manhood. It was a recommendation more effective than words.

"I think you're wrong, Jack," the older brother said. "Kirby had no more to do with this than I had."

"Thanks," Kirby nodded.

"Let's investigate this man Hull. What Kirby says fits in with what you saw a couple of evenings ago, Jack. I'm assuming he's the same man Uncle flung downstairs. Uncle told you he was a blackmailer. *There's* one lead. Let's follow it."

Reluctantly Kirby broached one angle of the subject that must be faced. "What about this girl in Uncle's office—the one in trouble? Are we goin' to bring her into this?"

There was a moment's silence. Jack's black eyes slid from Lane to his brother. It struck Kirby that he was waiting tensely for the decision of James, though the reason for his anxiety was not apparent.

James gave the matter consideration, then spoke judicially. "Better leave her out of it. No need to smirch Uncle's reputation unless it's absolutely necessary. We don't want the newspapers gloating over any more scandals than they need."

The cattleman breathed freer. He had an odd feeling that Jack, too, was relieved. Had the young man, after all, a warmer feeling for his dead uncle's reputation than he had given him credit for?

As the three cousins stepped out of the Equitable Building to Stout Street a newsboy was calling an extra.

"A-l-l 'bout Cunn'n'ham myst'ry. Huxtry! Huxtry!"

Kirby bought a paper. A streamer headline in red flashed at him.

HORIKAWA, VALET OF CUNNINGHAM, DISAPPEARS.

The lead to the story below was to the effect that Cunningham had drawn two thousand dollars in large bills from the bank the day of his death. Horikawa could not be found, and the police had a theory that he had killed and robbed his master for this money.

CHAPTER XI.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST.

If Kirby had been playing his own hand only he would have gone to the police and told them he was the man who had been seen leaving the Paradox Apartments by the fire escape. But he could not do this without running the risk of implicating Wild Rose. Awkward questions would be fired at him that he could not answer. He decided not to run away from arrest, but not to surrender himself. If the police rounded him up, he could not help it; if they did not, so much the better.

He made two more attempts to see Wild Rose during the day, but he could not find her at home. When he at last did see her it was at the inquest, where he had gone to learn all that he could of the circumstances surrounding the murder.

There was a risk in attending. He recognized that. But he was moved by an imperative urge to find out all that was possible of the affair. The force that drove him was the need in his heart to exonerate his friend. Though he recognized the weight of evidence against her, he could not believe her guilty. Under tremendous provocation it might be in character for her to have shot his uncle in self-defense or while in extreme anger. But all his knowledge of her cried out that she could never have chloroformed him, tied him up, then taken his life while he was helpless. She was too fine and loyal to her code, too good a sportsman, far too tender-hearted, for such a thing.

Yet the evidence assaulted this conviction of his soul. If the Wild Rose in the dingy court-room had been his friend of the outdoor spaces, he would have rejected as absurd the possibility that she had killed his uncle. But his heart sank when he looked at this wan-faced woman who came late and slipped inconspicuously into a back seat, whose eyes avoided his, who was so plainly keyed up to a tremendously high pitch. She was dressed in a dark-blue tailored serge and a black sailor hat, benath the rim of which the shadows on her face were dark.

The room was jammed with people. Every aisle was packed and hundreds were turned away. In the audience was a scattering of fashionably dressed women, for it was possible the inquest might develop a sensation.

The coroner was a short, fat, little man with a highly developed sense of his importance. It was his hour, and he made the most of it. His methods were him own. The young assistant district attorney lounging by the table played second fiddle.

(To be continued.)

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

WRIGLEY'S



Take it home to the kids

Have a packet in your pocket for an ever-ready treat.

A delicious confection and an aid to the teeth, appetite, digestion.

After Every Meal



Sealed in its Purity Package

WRIGLEY'S DOUBLEMINT CHEWING GUM PEPPERMINT

ISSUE No. 37—'23.

Woman of To-Day

LIFE.

They told me that Life could be just
what I made it—
Life could be fashioned and worn
like a gown;
I, the Designer; mine the decision
Whether to wear it with bonnet or
crown.

And so I selected the prettiest pattern
—Life should be made of the rosiest
hue—
Something unique, and a bit out of
fashion,
One that perhaps would be chosen
by few.

But other folks came and they leaned
o'er my shoulder;
Somebody questioned the ultimate
cost;
Somebody tangled the thread I was
using;
One day I found that my scissors
were lost.

And Somebody claimed the material
faded;
Somebody said I'd be tired e'er 'twas
worn;
Somebody's fingers, too pointed and
spiteful,
Snatched at the cloth, and I saw it
was torn.

Oh! Somebody tried to do all of the
sewing;
Wanting always to advise or condone.
Here is my Life, the product of many;
Where is that gown I could fashion
—alone?

—Nan Terrell Reed.

MISUNDERSTOOD CABBAGE.

If properly prepared, cabbage can be as delicate and tempting a vegetable as one could desire. Too many housewives are of the opinion that, because cabbage is somewhat difficult of digestion, it must be given long hours of cooking; therefore it is placed over the fire in a closely covered saucepan and boiled some one, two or three hours, according to the tradition prevailing in their families; and as a result it comes to the table tinted a pale mahogany shade, smelling to heaven, and almost poisonous.

No one would dream of treating the delicate cauliflower so rudely, and yet it is first cousin to the cabbage; and the very aristocratic Brussels sprout is another relation, highly prized by epicures and all discriminating persons. Kale is another member of the cabbage family, and likewise that very good and useful vegetable, kohl-rabi; and every one of these satisfactory vegetables is cooked in just the manner that is best suited to it, every one is thoroughly understood and appreciated; only the poor cabbage alone is mishandled.

I know that I shall shatter ideals cruelly when I say that no cabbage is fit to eat which has been cooked for more than thirty minutes; twenty-five is ample, but for tradition's sake I am willing to admit the other five. And no cabbage which is cooked in a covered kettle should ever find its way to the table of right-thinking persons. But suppose I tell you what the correct method for cooking this vegetable is, and then explain the why and wherefores later.

Select your cabbage first, and let it be a firm, close head; then cut it into quarters and trim away the outer leaves and the core. Next wash it thoroughly through two waters, and let it drain until all the water has left it. Meantime place a big saucepan on the fire—one which will hold a gallon of water—for cabbage must be cooked in a large quantity of water, never in just enough to cover it. Bring the water to the boiling point—it must be bubbling merrily all over its surface before it is ready for the cabbage—when it is in rapid motion plunge the cabbage into it, and add also a tablespoonful of salt and half a teaspoonful of soda. Cover the saucepan for a few moments only—just long enough to permit the water quickly to boil again; then remove the cover and let the cabbage boil swiftly and constantly for just twenty-five or thirty minutes—no longer if you value your digestion.

Pour the cabbage into the colander and drain it thoroughly, pressing it with a fork or spoon to expel the water; then it is ready to dress in any way that you may desire. It should be like marrow, tender, green and white, and as delicate as cauliflower.

Cabbage contains sulphur, mineral salts and much water, but it is the sulphur which makes it both a very wholesome vegetable and also a very easily misunderstood one. All green vegetables require placing in very hot—boiling rather—water; at the beginning of their cooking salt is added to preserve both their color and their flavor, and cabbage is like the rest in these essentials. But it is even more important that the water for its boiling be actually at 212 degrees, for the sulphur in the vegetable, if released slowly, as it would be in tepid or merely hot water, will become concentrated, as it were, and after the water has really reached the boiling stage it will be ready to boil back into the cabbage again.

Quick boiling is the secret of cooking properly all succulent vegetables; stewing or simmering will produce faded or discolored wilted products. The sulphur in the cabbage also necessitates the large kettle, the abundance of water and the uncovered cooking, for the cabbage must have room—plenty of it—to throw off the sulphur, and plenty of water also. The steam produced by the rapid boiling must be given an opportunity to disseminate, then the sulphur fumes will never become concentrated, nor will they scent the house in the unpleasant manner they have in the usual form of cabbage cookery. The soda is added to the cabbage to neutralize the gases formed during cooking, just as one sometimes adds it to beans when boiling for the bake pot.

However, now the cabbage is cooked and drained, and the house is free from its sulphurous odor, how is it to be served? Many persons answer this question by simply adding butter and vinegar to it, but I like it best in a white sauce. So to dress it, place it back in the saucepan after it is thoroughly drained, and pour over it about one cupful of milk. If it is a very small cabbage half a cupful of milk will be ample. Bring the milk to the boiling point, add one-quarter teaspoonful of salt and a dash of pepper, then stir in carefully a tablespoonful of butter rubbed to a paste with one of flour. Simmer until the sauce has thickened about the cabbage, then turn it into a vegetable dish and sprinkle with paprika.

A JAUNTY CAPE FOR A "LITTLE MISS"



4476. Practical and all together comfortable in this design. The fronts are double-breasted, and rolled to form revers that meet a broad collar in notches. The Pattern is good for any of the cloakings now in vogue, also for fur, velvet and other pile fabrics.

The Pattern is cut in 5 Sizes: 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 years. A 10-year size requires 2⅝ yards of 40-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver or stamps, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

PASS IT ON.

To work buttonholes smoothly and quickly, mark the size of the buttonhole on the material with a soft pencil. After it is worked, cut open with a sharp penknife. This is especially helpful in working on serge or material that ravels easily.—C. D.

When baking cake grease your pans and then flour good. This will prevent the cake from sticking and is good for making cup cakes.—M. M.

Another way to keep potatoes or vegetables warm, is to place towel over top of vessel and put cover on. Towel absorbs moisture and cover keeps the contents hot and fluffy.

Red or purple cabbage makes a delicious salad. Use a sour cream dressing, with the usual mustard, salt, pepper and vinegar mixture, add a dash of sugar and paprika.—Mrs. E. McD.

For burns use equal parts kerosene and sweet oil with all the camphor it will cut. If a bottle of this is kept in the house, much suffering will be saved from burns.—M. B. M.

Ill-made or badly hung curtains are as fatal to the appearance of a house as a mutilated or distorted face to the appearance of a person.

New electrical conveniences are being contrived by inventors as a substitute for manual labor in the routine home duties.

Boiling Pins in Beer.

It was not until 1840 that solid-headed pins came into general use. About that time an American named Wright patented a machine which could turn out 160 pins a minute.

In the manufacture of modern pins brass wire is used. It is drawn to the required length and pointed by means of a revolving cutter, while the heads are shaped by a die. At this stage the pins are boiled in weak beer to remove grease and other matter. Then they are given a bright silvery appearance by coating them with tin, or "coloring," as it is called.

The most costly pins are those made of very fine hair-like wire; these are used by insect collectors.

In the middle ages pins were made by a very slow and tedious method, each pin passing through sixteen different hands before it was finished! The head, which consisted of a small piece of wire, was made separately and secured to the shank by compression.

The Saxons made their pins chiefly of bronze and bone; they were curiously fashioned, some being in the form of a horse-shoe, while others resembled a cross.

Specimens of these ancient pins have been unearthed from the prehistoric cave dwellings of Switzerland. In length some of them compare favorably with our modern hat-pins! They are wonderfully carved with ornamental heads, some resembling animals, while others, with round amber heads, look like modern scarf-pins.

During recent excavations at Pompeii, safety-pins were discovered resembling those in use at the present time.

The increased cost of fine teas has tempted some to try cheap, inferior teas to their sorrow. It is real economy to use "SALADA" since it yields to the pound more cups of a satisfying infusion and besides has such a fresh, delicious flavor.

Following Directions.

A doctor brought a dyspeptic farmer a big brown pill.

"I want you to try this pill at bedtime," he said. "It's a new treatment, and if you can retain it on your stomach it ought to cure you."

The next day the doctor called again. "Did you manage to retain the pill on your stomach?" he asked, eagerly.

"Well, the pill was all right so long as I kept awake," said the farmer, 'but every time I fell asleep it rolled off."



He—"You seem to think money grows on trees. What kind of trees does it grow on, I'd like to know?"

She—"On some family trees, apparently."

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

Plan Miscarried.

Voice at the other end—"Is that you, darling?"

Gouty Pater—"Er—yes."

Voice—"Oh, good! How's the old boy's gout, my pet? I mean to say, if he still has it, I'll come round to-night, but if he hasn't, we'll go out to some show!"

Lord Joicy, known as England's "coal king," started life as an office boy and won his way to a peerage and a place on the list of England's millionaires by sheer hard work and business brains. Two pit ponies and two miners' picks are enshrined on his coat of arms.



Lb64

Solitary.

Maisie—'And did they go into the Ark two by two?"

Mother—"Yes, darling."

Maisie—"Oh, mummie, who went with Auntie?"

Time to Leave.

Lecturer—"Allow me, before I close, to repeat the words of the immortal Webster."

Hayseed (to wife) — "Landsakes," Maria, let's git out o' here. He's a-goin' ter start in on the dictionary."



ONTARIO COLLEGE OF ART
Grange Park · Toronto
DRAWING·PAINTING·MODELLING·DESIGN
DIPLOMA COURSE · JUNIOR COURSE
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SESSION 1923-4 OPENS OCTOBER 1ST
Prospectus mailed on application.

2 IN 1 BROWN Shoe Polish

Also for Black White Tan and Ox-blood Shoes

For Value

EDDY'S MATCHES

CANADIAN ALL THROUGH -since 1851

KELSEY Healthy HEAT

Have Summer Heat This Winter

A Warm house and a cool cellar day and night the winter through. And a saving in your coal bills of from 20% to 50%

A KELSEY WARM AIR GENERATOR

in your cellar will ensure this. The Kelsey is the most efficient and economical system of home heating ever devised and will heat the smallest cottage or the largest mansion properly and healthfully.

MAY WE SEND YOU PARTICULARS?

CANADA FOUNDRIES & FORGINGS LIMITED
JAMES SMART PLANT
BROCKVILLE ONT.

Mix Mustard this way

Mix Keen's Mustard with water to the consistency of a thick paste. Add water until the desired thickness is obtained. If a milder flavor is desired mix with milk. Mix mustard freshly for every meal.

but it must be Keen's

231

Dominion News in Brief

St. John's Nfld.—The Notre Dame Herring Oil Co. has recently been formed to extract the oil from herring and process the residue for conversion into fish meal and fertilizer. It is capitalized at $100,000, and will be established at Twillingate which is a herring centre. The plant will cost $55,000 and will manufacture between 70,000 and 100,000 tons in barrels of herring oil yearly. The oil is used in the manufacture of soap and other commercial products and profitable markets can be found for it and the fertilizer and fish meal in Boston, Montreal and Liverpool.

Hallifax, N.S.—A heavy hay crop is being harvested in Nova Scotia. Roots are making good progress. Apple prospects continue favorable. Pasture is exceptionally good. Record all round crop expected. New Brunswick's hay crop is somewhat short. Roots rather below average, but improving rapidly. General conditions in Prince Edward Island are satisfactory. Excellent hay crop of good quality. Roots making good progress.

Fredericton, N.B.—A meeting of two hundred potato growers from the various districts of the province here recently resulted in the formation of a New Brunswick Certified Seed Growers' Association for the promotion of the industry of growing certified seed potatoes in this province. Last year 3,135 acres of see potatoes were planted, with 1,248 acres passing the final inspection and reports show there are 2,794 entered this year. These figures place New Brunswick in the front rank of the provinces of Canada in the certified seed potato growing industry.

Montreal, Que.—Furs valued at $2,000,000, and totalling in all over 750,000 skins, will be offered for sale by the Canadian Fur Auction Sales Co. at their September sale. Canadian furs form the greater part of the merchandise which has been received, a large percentage of Labrador, Peace River and Alaska furs being noticeable in the list.

Ottawa, nOt.—Canadian flours, because of their quality, are offering effective competition on the markets of the Dominican Republic, according to a report submitted to the Dept. of Trade and Commerce by G. R. Stevens, Canadian Trade Com's'r. in Kingston, Jamaica. The need of advertising and exploiting a trade mark in this business is stressed by Mr. Stevens in his report.

Winnipeg, Man.—Consideration of a scheme for retaining in Canada the 7,000 harvesters brought out from the British Isles to help in the harvest fields will be one of the principal subjects for discussion at a meeting of the directors of the Canada Colonization Association. This is the first full meeting of the board of directors since the re-organization two months ago.

Regina, Sask.—A trial shipment of several thousand boxes of Alberta and Saskatchewan butter will be exported to the United Kingdom shortly by way of British Columbia and the Panama Canal. If the trial shipment is satisfactory, it is said, the transportation of dairy produce from the Prairies through British Columbia will develop into large proportions.

Edmonton, Alta.—Since the Lesser Slave Lake was opened for fishing July 15, thirty cars have moved to Chicago and one to Calgary. Local demands here have taken care of small shipments, from the various lakes in the near vicinity.

Vancouver, B.C.—The August export of lumber from all parts of the province by deep sea routes will total thirty-three million feet, according to estimates of the Associated Timber Exporters.



PRINCE CHARMING REACHES QUEBEC

Out of respect to the request of the Prince of Wales, who is travelling as Baron Renfrew, no crowds thronged the streets of Quebec when he arrived on Wednesday. He disembarked nearly three hours after the Empress of France docked, and the photographer caught him as he descended the gangway, proceeded by the Chief of the Quebec staff, who has been welcoming him to Quebec, and accompanied by the Captain of the Empress of France, Commander Edward Griffiths, R.N.R.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.22½.
Manitoba barley—Nominal.
All the above, track, bay ports.
Am. corn—No. 2 yellow, $1.08.
Barley —Nominal.
Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal.
Rye—No. 2, nominal.
Peas—No. 2, nominal.
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $28; shorts, per ton, $31; middlings, $37; good feed flour, $2.10.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, nominal.
Ontario No. 2 white oats—Nominal.
Ontario corn—Nominal.
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, $4.60 to $4.70; Toronto basis, $4.50 to $4.60; bulk seaboard, $4.50.
Manitoba flour—1st pats., in cotton sacks, $6.90 per bbl.; 2nd pats., $6.40.
Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, $14; No. 2, $13.50; No. 3, $12.50; mixed, $11 to $12.
Straw—Car lots, per ton. $9.
Cheese—New, large, 26 to 27c; twins, 27 to 28c; triplets, 28 to 29c; Stiltons, 28 to 29c. Old, large, 33c; twins, 33½ to 34c.
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 38 to 40c; ordinary creamery, 36 to 37c; No. 2, 35 to 36c.
Eggs—Extras in cartons, 44 to 45c; extras, 41 to 42c; firsts, 37 to 38c; seconds, 32 to 33c.
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 3½ lbs. and up, 32c; chickens, 2½ to 3½ lbs., 28c; hens, over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 17c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 20c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; turkeys, young 10 lbs. and up, 25c.
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6½c.
Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., $2.50; per 5-gal. tin, $2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 to 12c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 11 to 12c; 5-lb. tins, 12 to 13c; 2½-lb. tins, 12 to 14c; comb honey, per dozen, $3.75 to $4; No. 2, $3.25 to $3.50.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29c; cooked hams, 43 to 46c; smoked rolls, 22 to 24c; cottage rolls, 23 to 27c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; special brand breakfast bacon, 34 to 38c; backs, boneless, 33 to 39c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., $18; 70 to 90 lbs., $17.50; 90 lbs. and up, $16.50; lightweight rolls, in barrels, $36; heavyweight rolls, $33.
Lard—Pure tierces, 16 to 16¼c; tubs, 16½ to 17c; pails, 17 to 17½c; prints, 18½c. Shortening tierces, 15¼ to 15¾c; tubs, 15½ to 16c; pails, 16 to 16½c; prints, 18¼ to 18¾c.
Heavy steers, choice, $8 to $8.50; do, good, $7 to $7.75; butchers, choice, $6.50 to $7.25; do, good, $6 to $6.50; do., med., $5.50 to $6; do, com., $4 to $5; baby beeves, $8.50 to $9.50; cows, fat choice, $4 to $4.75; do, med., $3 to $3.75; do, canners and cutters, $1 to $2; bulls, butcher, good, $4 to $4.50; bologna bulls, $2.25 to $3; feeding steers, good, $5.50 to $6.25; stockers, $4 to $5; calves, choice, $10 to $10.75; do, med., $8 to $10; do, com., $4 to $8; milch cows, $60 to $90; springers, $80 to $110; sheep, choice, $5.50 to $6; do, heavy, $3 to $5; do, yearlings, $8 to $9; lambs, ewes and wethers, $12 to $13; bucks, $10 to $11; hogs, fed and watered, $9.85; do, f.o.b., $9.25; do, country points, $8.85.

MONTREAL.

Calves remained strong at $7 to $9 for veals; grassers were from $3 up; lambs, good, $10.50; sheep, $4 to $5.
Hogs, selects, $11; do, other kinds, $10; light hogs, $9 to $10.
Cheese, finest easterns, 23½ to 23⅝c. Butter, choicest creamery, 34⅝ to 34⅞c. Eggs, selected, 40c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, $1.25.



The King of Spain.

His country is in revolt, not against the monarchy, but against the government, and observers expect a Spanish Mussolini to emerge.

JAPANESE RELIEF FUNDS ARE LARGE

Washington Reports U. S. $5,000,000 Objective Exceeded.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The Japanese consul has advised Hon. T. A. Low, Minister of Trade and Commerce, who has charge of Japanese relief measures in Canada, that the districts suffering from the recent catastrophe need lumber and other building materials, as well as clothing and blankets. They are not asking for foodstuffs.

The minister said that further quantities of the materials in demand would be shipped to Japan, on the part of the Canadian Government, just as quickly as shipping facilities became available.

A despatch from Washington says:—Japanese relief funds are far beyond the $5,000,000 goal. The Red Cross reported $5,663,100 in hand Thursday night, and hundreds of thousands more in prospect.

The Red Cross bought 1,000 more tons of corrugated iron for prompt shipment to meet the housing problem. Purchase was also made of 300,000 additional suits of underwear, making a total so far of 500,000.

Relief supplies of all kinds, including much heating apparatus, are moving rapidly. Advices received by the Red Cross from Japan request all relief ships to go to Yokohama, indicating that harbor is not as disrupted as first reported.



An Energetic Visitor Coming.

David Lloyd George, the greatest of all statesmen of the war period, who reaches Canada on October 6, for a visit, accompanied by Mrs. Lloyd George, and their daughter, Megan. A new movement is developing in Britain, demanding his return to power. The above is a characteristic pose.

ESKIMOS SENTENCED TO BE HANGED

Guilty of the Murder of Corp. Doak, R.C.M.P., and Otto Binder.

A despatch from Fort McMurray, Alta., says:—Two Eskimos, convicted of murder, were recently sentenced to death by Judge Lucien Dubuc at the Herschel Island detachment station of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police in the Arctic, according to passengers on the steamer Northland Echo, which arrived here from the North.

The Eskimos will be hanged on December 7. The executioner, who went North with the judicial party from Edmonton, remained at Herschel Island, but will possibly be brought to the "outside" by dog team via the Yukon and Alaska on the completion of his duties.

Another coast native, also accused of murder, was sentenced to three years' imprisonment.

Judge Dubuc and his party are coming down on the steamer Slave River, it was stated.

The murders for which the Eskimos were convicted were that of R.C.M.P. Corporal Doak and Otto Binder, Hudson Bay trading post factor.

Silk Worth $200,000,000 Lost in Disaster in Japan

Aboard Oriental Liner President Jefferson, Sept. 14.—Silk worth four hundred million yen ($200,000,000), stored in the Yokohama Custom House, was destroyed in the disaster of September 1, according to Ray Gehr of the Wanger Company of New York, one of those who escaped.

MOVEMENT OF GRAIN FROM WEST BEGUN

But the Heavier Producing Districts Have Hardly Started Shipping.

A despatch from Winnipeg says:—The annual movement of grain from the prairies to the head of the lakes is well under way, but the heavier producing sections have hardly commenced wheat shipments yet. Total inspections of grain from the opening of the crop year, Sept. 1, were 4,402 cars, as against 9,954 cars at the same date last year. Of the total 2,072 cars came via Canadian National and 2,330 by the Canadian Pacific Railway. Loadings were considerably lower to date that at the same period of 1922, and it will be some time before the peak of the movement is reached. In Edmonton district, from which it has been estimated there will be a total wheat tonnage in the neighborhood of half a million bushels, the harvesting of grain was delayed by unfavorable weather, so that only some 11,000 bushels have been loaded.

The car situation is very favorable, and on the Canadian National Railways it is stated to be better this year than at any previous time.

PRINCE OF WALES SEEKS REST IN CANADA

Is to Pay Brief Visit to Lord Byng, but Attend No Public Functions.

A despatch from Quebec says:—The Prince of Wales, traveling as Lord Renfrew, arrived here Thursday morning on the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of France. On landing, he motored to the Chateau Frontenac, where he remained overnight and left Friday morning on a special train for his ranch in Alberta, where he is to stay for a month, tasting the simple life.

Officers of the liner said that apparently the Prince had thoroughly enjoyed himself on the trip over. He had mixed quite freely with the passengers and had taken part in all the dances. On Sunday he read the lesson at the service. His genial manner made it an easy task for everybody on the ship to regard him simply as an ordinary traveler.

Empire Exhibition Buildings Going Up

A despatch from London says:—At Wembley Park, a short distance out of London, an army of men is toiling over a vast timber and metal strewn area constructing innumerable buildings for the great Empire exhibition next year.

Fully 2,000 men already are hard at work on the grounds, and by next winter that many more will be employed. The contractors are ahead of schedule, and at the present rate it is expected that all the buildings will be finished early in 1924.

The Canadian section will be one of the first completed, probably early in November. But it will be beaten by the Indian pavilion, which will be done a month before, and will constitute the exhibition's finest feature.

One of the most interesting sections will be that of West Africa. It will reproduce the conditions under which the natives live. Four compounds are being erected to house more than seventy picked craftsmen of the Yoruba, Fanti, Hausa and Mendi tribes.

VAST EMIGRATION FLOW FROM SCOTLAND

60,000 Have Left for Canada and U.S. Since Year Began.

London, Sept. 14.—The flow of emigration from Scotland continues. During the next two weeks the exodus will be unparalleled for the period.

A dozen ocean liners are due to sail from the Clyde in the two weeks, carrying over 10,000 passengers, nearly all of the emigrant class. Canada will receive the majority of the emigrants, but a large proportion will go to the United States.

It is estimated that since the beginning of this year 60,000 emigrants have left Scotland for Canada and the United States.

Five Killed in England in Air Mail Plane Crash

London, Sept. 14.—Five persons were killed, including the pilot and mechanician, by the crashing of the Manchester-London air mail plane near Evingshoe Beacon, on the Hertfordshire-Bedfordshire border, late today.

LEAPS TO DEATH FROM 15TH STORY

Japanese Clerk, in Despair Over Loss of Famliy, Commits Suicide.

New York, Sept. 14.—Tokunosvke Inouye, member of a family of high standing in Japan, driven to despair by the almost certain belief that his wife and children had lost their lives in the earthquake and fire horrors which overwhelmed Tokio, where they lived, jumped to his death on the Broadway sidewalk from the 15th floor of the American Express Building at 65 Broadway, at a little before 8.30 o'clock to-day.

First Snowstorm of Year in Portage District

A despatch from Portage La Prairie says:—Reports received here Thursday from points south of the Assiniboine River in the Portage district, record the first snowstorm of the season. At Oakville and other points south of the river it began to snow during the night and when daylight came it showed to be about two inches on the ground, a real wintry day.



DEMPSEY DEFENDS HIS TITLE

In New York, on Friday, Jack Dempsey, the heavyweight champion of the world, defended his title against Firpo, the Argentine fighter.

Snow at Sault the Earliest Since the Fall of 1900

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says:—Snow Friday morning was the earliest to arrive in the Sault of any fall since 1890, when, on the same date, September 13, a trace of snow was recorded. The early arrival of snow was heralded by hail and sleet. Hail was reported from the section just east of the Sault, and right in the city there was sleet both in the afternoon and at night. The sleet turned to snow, though it did not whiten the ground at all.

The pounding waves on Lake Superior during the storm did not cause any serious damage to the ships, but the waves swept over the decks of some of the smaller freighters.

A despatch from Cobalt says:—The first snow of the season fell in Cobalt, Swastika, and other northern points Friday morning. It did not last.

Imperial Appeal to Japanese Nation

A despatch from Osaka says:—An Imperial rescript dealing with the reconstruction of the national capital has been promulgated. After dwelling on the disastrous nature of the earthquake which was characterized as an unprecedented national calamity, the rescript appeals to the nation for a supreme effort and drastic measures to restore confidence and also emphasizes the necessity not only for restoring, but for further developing Tokio, which it says is the political and economical centre of the country and the main source of national civilization.

Tokio, says the rescript, remains the national capital, although its outward structure is destroyed. It further states that a special organization has been established for the revival of the capital and concludes by calling for a united effort by the Government and the people for the relief of sufferers, the suppression of disquieting rumors and the revival of the national strength.

Nurses and Doctors Poisoned by Food

A despatch from Detroit says:—A thorough investigation has been ordered by Dr. Thomas K. Gruber, superintendent of the Receiving Hospital, to determine the cause of an illness from which 25 nurses and six doctors in the hospital have been suffering. It is believed tainted food crept into the menu, despite stringent precautions in the institution.

All the patients, with the exception of one doctor and six nurses, partook of a chicken dinner in the dining-room Sunday. The chickens were killed Thursday, and although they are supposed to have been continuously on ice until they went to the cook's hands, Dr. Gruber things they may have spoiled.

"No person can guard absolutely against bad food," said Dr. Gruber. "We have done everything we could, but apparently it was not enough in this case.



Sought Dempsey's Title

Louis Firpo, the Argentine boxer, who on Frida made an attempt to wrest the heavyweight championship from Jack Dempsey. Firpo knocked Dempsey through the ropes, and all but succeeded in wresting the championship from the great pugilist.

BIG EMERGENCY SALE

To Avoid a Fatal Blow, We must raise $3,000.

All our Stock of Suits, Overcoats, Raincoats, Boots, Shoes and Rubbers will be placed on Sale, commencing on

Saturday, March 1st

Don't miss it. Come early and get the best values going first. Everything will go, nothing will be held back. All stock marked in plain figures. Remember the date, Saturday, March 1st and lasting for 10 days only. Here are a few prices:

Men's Suits, different colors, Reg. $18.00, on sale ..... $ 9.90
Men's Suits, Wool Mixture, Reg. $20.00 for $12.90
Men's Suits of better grades, Reg. $25.00, on sale $16.50
Men's Guaranteed Blue Serge, Reg. $32.00, for $23.50
Boys' Suits, Reg. $8.50, for ..... $ 5.90
Boys' Fine Wool Suits, Reg. $10.00, for ..... $ 6.50
Men's Overcoats, Reg. $20.00, only $10.90
Men's Raincoats, Reg. $15.00, for ..... $ 6.95
Boys' Overcoats, Reg. $12.00, for ..... $ 6.95
Men's All-wool Underwear, Reg $3.00 a suit, per Gar. 95
Men's Penman's All-Wool Underwear, Reg. $4.00 a Suit, per garment ..... $ 1.39

Men's Fleece Underwear, Reg. $2 a suit, per Garment 59
Men's Overalls, blue and black, good make, Reg. $1.75 for ..... $ 1.35
Men's Overalls, heavier make, Reg. $2.00 for ..... $ 1.49
Men's Work Shirts, Reg. $1.35 for 95
Men's Work Shirts, Reg $ 2.00 for ..... $ 1.49
Men's Wool Socks, Reg. 35c for 19
Men's Heavier Wool, Reg. 50c for 29
Men's Fine Pure Wool Socks, Reg. 65c for 39
Men's Work Shoes, Reg. $4.00 for 2.95
Men's Fine Shoes, Reg. $4.50 for ..... $ 2.75
Men's Fine Shoes, Reg. $5.50 for ..... $ 3.95

Men's Rubbers, Reg. $1.35, for ..... $ 1.10
Ladies Rubbers, Reg. $1.00 for ..... $ 85
Boys' and Childrens' Rubbers at Cost.
We have a few Ladies Coats, with fur collars, all lined on sale for HALF PRICE.
Ladies Cotton Hose, Reg. 35c for 19
Ladies Heather Hose, Reg. 85c, for 49
Ladies Fine All Wool Hose, Reg. $1.25 for 69
Ladies Silk Hose, Reg. 95c for 49
Gingham, 32 inches wide, Reg. 30c for 22
Towelling, Reg. 20c for 14

J. S. TEVAN & CO.

MAIN STREET - - - - MORRISBURG, ONT

It always Bakes the Same



Sometimes your home-baking does not turn out quite so well as usual. A variation in the quality of the flour will cause trouble.

Home bakers who use Quaker Flour always get the same good results.

Quaker Flour does not vary. It is tested every hour during the milling process. It is always the same—it always bakes the same.

Home-made bread is easy if made the Quaker way. Write for our tested recipes. They are free.

Quaker Flour

Always the Same-Always the Best

Every sack of Quaker Flour is guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction.

A product of The Quaker Mills, Peterborough and Saskatoon 237

DISTRIBUTORS

Morrisburg--W. S. Merrill. Aultsville, Jarvis & Shaver

Iroquois--Beach Milling Company.



Melancholy-Gloom-Despondency Tell Of Exhausted Nerves

IT is unfortunate that one of the most common symptoms of nervous exhaustion is the tendency to melancholy, gloom and despondency.

You get looking on the dark side of things.

You begin to worry and cannot see that the future holds anything better for you.

The supply of nerve force is running low and you lack the energy necessary to throw off these blighting, depressing feelings.

The depleted nerve cells must have nourishment.

They must be fed back to health and strength.

In Dr. Chase's Nerve Food you find in condensed and easily assimilated form the ideal treatment for an exhausted condition of the nervous system.

You will not be using this treatment long before you find yourself sleeping and resting better.

It will take a little time to build up the system, but you will soon find yourself more cheerful, more confident and more energetic and will be encouraged to keep up the treatment until fully restored.

Such symptoms as headaches, irritability and indigestion disappear as the nerves are strengthened and resume their functions in controlling the activities of the vital organs of the body.

No treatment for the nerves has ever met with such unqualified success as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. This is proven in many hundreds of thousands of cases, many of which are reported in the newspapers from day to day.

You will notice that while the price of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has been increased to 60c. the box now contains 60 pills instead of 50 as formerly.

Likewise Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills are 35c. a box of 35 pills, instead of 25c. for 25 pills. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

AUCTION SALE

ESTATE OF ELIZA J. RUTHERFORD

At her late home near Ridge Road, 2½ miles from Waddington Village

SATURDAY, MARCH 1st, 1924

At one o'clock.

Farm known as Eliza J. Rutherford Farm, contains 127 acres of land, good stone house, barn 40x80 feet; 40 tons of hay; never-failing brook alongside the property. The farm will carry 20 head of cattle. Household goods including three stoves, two bedroom suits, carpets, extension table, couches, beds and bedding, Lamps, kitchen utensils. Other articles too numerous to mention.

Terms, cash.

Fred F. Rutherford,
Executor and agent.
Fred W. Scott,
ap Auctioneer

PILES Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Ointment will relieve you at once and give lasting benefit. 60c. a box; 6 for $3.00. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Will mail box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp for postage.

IN MEMORIAM

In memory of Mrs. Lewis Gardner, who departed this life March 2nd, 1923.

Oe precious to my heart is gone,
The voice I loved is still
The place made vacant in our home
Can never more be filled.

—Mrs. Celia Markell.

ap

WOOD FOR SALE

Fifty cords of Maple and Elm. Would deliver in two cord lots, anywhere in Morrisburg. Telephone, Iroquois 623-62 or write.

H. E. D. MERKLEY,
Morrisburg, R.M.D. No. 1



WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE

The Great English Preparation. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5. Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

FOR SALE

The beautiful home, the Houlihan property and other good dwellings.

LISTEN—A wonderful opportunity, the Smith Carter Store at Rowena, $700. Bargains in farm property—Money to lend on Farm Security.

J. A. RIDDELL.

FOR SALE

50 acre farm, fronting on the St. Lawrence River, two miles below Morrisburg. Good soil; good dwelling house and outbuildings.

For further particulars apply,
ARTHUR WEAGANT
dp R. M. D. Morrisburg

FOR SALE

Five pups, five weeks old (Collie and Shepherd). Also one dog seven months old. Apply to,
ALLAN FARLINGER,
ac R M D Morrisburg.

AUCTIONEER

For the Province of Ontario
Terms Reasonable
Phone at my expense to Morrisburg. Phone 76J
THOS. IRVING, Morrisburg

OURC ORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Sermon subject in Lutheran Church Sunday morning, March 2—"The Christian's Journey to the City Jerusalem." Evening subject: "What does John 3:16 teach the young generation of today?" During Lent Rev. Isler will deliver a sermonette to the Luther League each Wednesday evening. Time spent in viewing the Christ on the Cross is time well spent; for "In the Cross of Christ we glory," and "It towers o'er the wrecks of time.'

FROATBURN

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Wells spent one day recently at Mr. J. Swerdfeger's. Quite a few in the Burn attended the sale at Mr. Herm Casselman's on Saturday.

The Rawleigh Man made his trip through the Burn this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Swerdfeger were recent callers at Mr. E. M. Beckstead's recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Schell were recent visitors at Mr. Bert Marcellus'.

Miss Velma Forward spent the past week visiting friends in the Burn

Mr. and Mrs. R. Swerdfeger spent one evening last week at Mr. Roy Schell's.

Mr. Merkley "The Rawleigh Man" was snowed in at the Maple Walnut Farm for a few days last week

Moving is the order of the Day

A very enjoyable evening was spent at the home of Mr. and Mrs Lagoria Millward's on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Beckstead spent Sunday with friends at Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bowman were recent callers at Mr. J. Swerdfeger's.

NUDELL BUSH

Mr. and Mrs. James Barclay of Riverside, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Henry.

Mr. and Mrs. George Casselman spent Thursday evening with friends at Morrisburg.

Hauling ice is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. Michael Reddick of Riverside, and Mrs. Bernice Casselman of Winchester spent Monday at the home of Mr. Harvey Phillips.

Miss M. Taylor of Matilda has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. George Cramer.

Mrs. John Berton spent one day last week with Mrs. Clark Garlough at Riverside.

Mr. and Mrs. George Cramer and Miss Taylor spent Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. A. J. Henry.

Mr. and Mrs. Isiah Shaver and family of the Island spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. John Shaver.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shaughnessy of Morrisburg spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Phillips.

Mr. Percy Pruner spent a few hours in Aultsville on Friday.

Mrs. George Casselman spent Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Geo. Cramer.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Dillabough of Morrisburg spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. Melvin McIntosh.

Mr. Denzil Hart spent Saturday afternoon in Morrisburg.

Our mail courier did not get through on Wednesday and Thursday owing to the bad storm and roads.

Mr. Fred Mason spent a few hours in Aultsville on Saturday.

Mr. William Loucks is busy, at present ploughing out the roads.

Mrs. Charlie Shaver spent Saturday afternoon with friends in Aultsville.

Miss Evelyn Shaver spent one day last week in Cornwall.

Miss Wilda Henophy of the M.C.I. spent the week end at her home here.

MOREWOOD

Miss Margaret Carlyle spent Tuesday with Miss Gladys Swerdfeger.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Gordon spent Friday evening with Mr. and Mrs. John Nadeau.

The married people of our community had a very enjoyable dance at Mr. Howard Faulkner's on Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Countryman spent Sunday at Mr. Vernon Fetterly's.

Mr. Donald Nadeau spent the week end in Ottawa.

Miss Pearle Swerdfeger spent the week end with Miss Susie Elliott.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Moffatt spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Wilburn Marcellus.

Mr. and Mrs. John McLeod spent Friday evening at Mr. William Elliott's.

Mr. and Mrs. Chesley Marcellus spent Tuesday evening at Mr. Henry Stein's.

MARIATOWN

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Casselman and daughter Sadie of East Williamsburg were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Beckstead on the 17th.

Rev. Lawson was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Froats on the 19th.

Mr. Emerson Swerdfeger of Prescott spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger.

Mrs. A. Sullivan spent a few days with her daughter, Mrs. C. W. Baker, Moulinette.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Coyle are spending a few days with friends in Glen Becker.

We are pleased to report Master Wilfrid Smith is improving after a severe attack of Pneumonia.

Miss Stell Keck returned to her home in Brinstons on Tuesday after a few weeks' visit at Sheldon Farm.

Much sympathy is extended to Mrs. H. Bateman and family by the death of her sister,, Mrs. Spottswood of Brinstons.

Mr. A. Sullivan and Mr. A. Beckstead visited at Aultsville on Wednesday.

Mr. Laben Barkley is spending a few days with his son Lloyd at Farrens Point.

Miss Della McLatchie and Miss Helen Weston of Morrisburg were guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger on Wednesday.

Mrs. R. C. McVey and son Gordon are visiting friends at Morewood and Marville this week.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger took dinner with A. Garlough, and tea with Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Merkley, Williamsburg.

Mrs. F. Powell and son Billie of Glen Becker, and Miss Eleanor Swerdfeger of Froatburn were visitors at Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Dain's on Monday.

Mrs. Soloman Barkley and little Miss Evelyn Duvall have been on the sick list; we are pleased to report they are both improving.

Mr. and Mrs. George Froats of Aultsville were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Deeks on Thursday.

The weather man is giving us some change in the weather. It has been quite mild for three days and prospects are good for a few days more.

GLEN BECKER

Miss Eleanor Swerdfeger, Froatburn, is spending this week with Mrs. Frank Powell.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Merkley spent Sunday last at Mr. Dalton Saddlemire.

Mr. and Mrs. Fay Merkley spent one day recently at Mr. Stanley Saddlemire's.

The Hockey Match between Glen Becker and Williamsburg on Tuesday night went in favor of Williams burg 2 to 1. Try again boys.

Quite a number from here took in the birthday party at Williamsburg on the 26th, which was a decided success.

Mr. George Forrester of Morewood is spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. Allen Beckstead.

Mr. John Saddlemire is spending a couple of weeks at Hoasic with his daughter, Mrs. Roy Swerdfeger.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Saddlemire and Miss Lila spent Friday last with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Merkley.

Mr. Merton Saddlemire and Mrs. Mary Saddlemire spent one day last week with Mrs. Iden Whitteker, Elman.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. O. Ault of Finch is spending a couple of weeks with his sister, Mrs. Walter Watson.

A very pleasant evening was spent at the garage of Mr. Sanford Wells on Tuesday last. The evening was spent in dancing after which lunch was served.

Mrs. Alfred Wells spent the past week with her daughter at Grantley.

Mrs. Martha Watson is spending some time with Mrs. Milton Car at Grantley.

Mr. Jack Hickey has returned home after spending a few weeks with friends at Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wells and daughter Edna spent Sunday at Mr. Charlie Hart's, Second Concession.

Mr. John Hart spent Sunday with his brother Mr. Charlie Hart.

Quite a number from here attended the hockey match at Mille Roches on Wednesday night.

Mr. Isaiah Shaver and Mr. Geo. Casselman are busy helping Mr. Jas. Salmons in the bush this week.

ELLIOTT

An old and respected resident of Aultsville was called to her Eternal reward on Tuesday, February 12th, 1924 at 9 p.m. when Mrs. Jane Elliott, relict of the late Wm. Elliott, passed on. The deceased lady whose maiden name was Jane McConnell, was a daughter of the late John McConnell, and was born in Pleasant Valley, on June 20th, 1843 and was married at Gallingertown on March 17th, 1865, to Mr. Wm. Elliott, who was in the pottery business in the village of Aultsville for years. Five daughters and one son survive, namely, Mrs. J. Joubert and Miss Ethel Elliott of Montreal, Mrs. J. Richardson of Toronto and Misses Maggie and Annie Elliott at home. The son, Mr. Wm. Elliott, an erpress messenger, of the Canadian National Railway, now residing in Aultsville also one sister, Mrs. Wm. Robb of Lunenburg, Ont.

In the passing of Mrs. Elliott the family have lost a kind and loving mother, and friends, a true and faith ful adviser and friend, who by her exemplary Christian Life always threw her influence on the right side. She had been a consistent member of the Episcopal Church for years and her pastor, Rev. Gordon Carryier, visited her frequently during the Winter and in her last illness. Her family were all at her bedside during the illness and death, and all that loving hands and loving hearts could do was done as the outcome of this affection for the most sacrificing of friends.

The funeral, which was largely attended, was held from her late residence on Friday, February 15th, 1924, to St. Paul's Church and Cemetery. Rev. Gordon Carryier had charge of the services at the home, church, and grave.

Beautiful floral offerings were sent by loving and sympathizing friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Winters and Mrs. Wm. Flynn, Mr. W. S. Miller, representing the Canadian National Railwlay, all of Montreal, attended the funeral; also Dr Robb, Mr. J. Joubert and daughters of Toronto, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Robt of Lunenburg.

FOR SALE

Scotch Collie Pups, $2.00 to $5.00.
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$16.50 delivered in town; 50c per ton off for cash; $16.00 per ton at shed; 50c off for cash.
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"All my sales are made by Long Distance," says an Ontario merchant.

"My brother, who travels for the firm, strikes the large towns and sells to all small towns in the vicinity by Long Distance. Even letters enquiring for prices are answered by Long Distance. I could quote you hundreds of instances."

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Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

At the Old Stand

Oats for Seed

We have secured a car of SPECIAL ALBERTA WHITE OATS. These Oats come to us direct from the FARMER IN ALBERTA, are PLATFORM loaded, and have a GERMINATION of 96 per cent.

See the SAMPLE in our office. Leave your ORDER and get advantage of our SPECIAL PRICE OFF THE CAR.

BRAN is getting VERY SCARCE. We are still offering liberal discounts to TON LOT BUYERS.

Do not forget the HENS. Give DANDY a chance and watch the BASKET FILLING. Our stock of other feeds is very complete. It resembles an up-to-date menu, full from SOUP TO NUTS.

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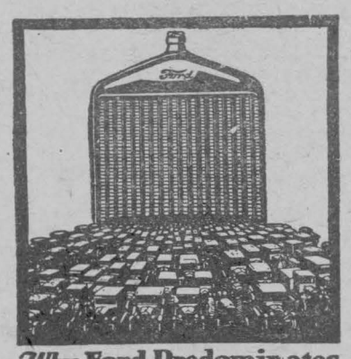
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CARE AND ADJUSTMENT OF COLTERS.

The colter has much more to do with the proper operation of a gang plow than is generally supposed. It affects more than its main purpose of cutting off the side of the furrow slice so that the shin of the moldboard will not have to tear its way through the ground, consequently permitting the plow to do a nice, smooth job and materially lightening the draft.

One of the marks of a poor job of plowing is unevenness or where the furrows made the same round can not always be plainly distinguished. Sometimes this is because the plow is not running level. At other times one bottom is a little too high or low, due to variation in the shape of the beams. Or the front furrow wheel is regularly run against the furrow bank when it is supposed to run at least two inches away from it. But the most common fault is that the operator forgets that each bottom turns over the soil that the colter allots it, no more and no less. They cannot be set in a haphazard manner, but exactly the same with respect to each bottom except for the one instance which I will mention later.

Practically all plow instructions give three-quarters of an inch as the proper distance to set the colter away from the shin of the moldboard. This insures a clean furrow wall and the minimum friction on the landside. There is often difficulty in determining this distance after it is known to be correct. The following method is commonly used by manufacturers' plow experts when getting a plow ready to enter a competitive demonstration: Take a planed fence board three feet long and six inches wide. It will be nearly three-quarters of an inch thick. Lay it against the landside so that it extends forward beyond the point of the share and raised just enough above the point so that it lies flat against the landside. Hold in this position by placing the right foot against it. Now adjust the colter so that its blade lies flat against the outside of the board. Do this with each bottom in turn and you will have no variation as far as the colters are concerned.

A puzzling problem sometimes comes up in the case of a three-bottom plow following a standard-type tractor which does not run in the furrow. In spite of all that is done, the middle bottom will turn a furrow which is lower than the others. The reason will generally be found in the fact that the middle bottom follows the right drive wheel and because the dirt loosened by the grouters rolls into the furrow, leaving the middle furrow slice apparently lower than the others. The remedy is to set the middle colter a trifle farther out.

In sod plowing the colters should be set deep enough to cut off most of the roots, but not deep enough to interfere with the penetration of the plow. In stubble plowing there is no necessity of running them more than three inches deep, even in deep plowing. In cornstalk ground especially, the stalks and other trash will not be cut satisfactorily when the colters are set so deep that they will simply push the trash ahead instead of running over and cutting through it. The colter axle should be directly above or a trifle back of the point of the share. The colter blades must be sharpened from time to time to give best results. It is well to remember that it is cheaper and better to pay the cost of sharpening the shares and colters than to pay for the fuel necessary to pull dull tools through the ground.

Ontario's Better Live Stock Train

By L. Stevenson, Secretary and Supervising Director, Ontario Dept. of Agriculture.

The Ontario Better Live Stock Train of 1923 was organized by the officials of the Live Stock Branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, assisted by the officials of the following organizations: Dominion Department of Agriculture, Industrial and Development Council of Meat Packers, Ontario Live Stock Association, the Canadian Pacific Railway, and the Canadian National Railway.

The train was made up of sixteen cars, eleven of which carried live stock for demonstration and sale. A lecture car and staff maintenance cars completed the train.

During March the train made twenty-one all-day stops (9 a.m. to 10 p.m.) and twelve half-day stops. During April, twenty-one all-day stops and four half-day stops were made. The total number of actual farmers visiting the train during the period was 37,600. The number of school children that were conducted through the train by officials and teachers was 6,500. Lecturers, demonstrators and salesmen were continuously on duty in the various cars, and dealt with the varied inquiries of the visitors.

EDUCATIONAL FEATURES.

The swine cars were specially fitted to make demonstrations in swine grading possible, and give the farmers throughout the province a clear idea of the type and conformation required for the different grades of hogs under the new grading regulations. Representative hogs, with the corresponding cured Wiltshire sides, were used in this demonstration. For the convenience of farmers desirous of purchasing young breeding stock of the bacon producing type, a carload of boars and sows from six to eight months of age was included in the train. Many sales were made, and good type young breeding stock left the train for new homes at every stop. The supply of stock was replenished at various points along the line of travel by previous arrangement.

POULTRY KEEPING.

The poultry car was fitted out to demonstrate the most approved methods of selecting, feeding, housing and preparing poultry and poultry products for market. In the exhibit were included live birds showing desirable types for egg production and also those for meat production. Culling demonstrations were given throughout the day, being illustrated with living specimens and skeletons. Models of poultry houses and equipment, and of hatching and brooding devices, occupied a prominent position in the exhibit. Poultry nutrition was illustrated in an attractive way through the use of colored transparencies, giving rations used in chick rearing and the results. The Canadian Egg Standard was well illustrated by a continuous candling and grading demonstration. Killing and plucking, as done by the expert in charge, was a revelation to many, as the loosened feathers were stripped from the bird in the short space of one minute.

DAIRYING.

The dairy cow car contained good grade cows, representing the Holstein, Jersey, Ayrshire and Shorthorn breeds. These animals were selected to show the influence of pure bred bulls, and demonstrate the high degree of excellence that may be obtained by careful breeding. Demonstrations and lectures were given on these cows, with special emphasis on type and conformation as associated with high class cattle. Ayrshire, Holstein, Jersey, and Gurnsey bulls were offered for sale at cost. These bulls were selected for their excellence of type and the production of ancestry. A number of young bulls were sold at the various stops. A dairy lecture was given each afternoon in the lecture car, dealing with feeds, herd improvement, and the rearing of young stock.

SHEEP AND WOOL.

In the sheep and wool car, a very attractive exhibit was presented, prepared by the Provincial live stock men, co-operating with the wool growers, the breeders and the woollen mills. Typical fleeces of the principal grades of Canadian wool were shown and used in demonstrating the various grades, classes and purposes for which each was used. The preparation of wool for market was strongly emphasized. Samples of cloth, knitted goods, blankets and yarn made from Canadian wool from Canadian mills, were shown and described. A number of live sheep were carried and suitably displayed, emphasizing the best breed types and market classes. Lectures were given on breeds, breeding, judging, and the care and management of the flock. Two pens, one showing the progeny of a good type pure bred ram and another showing the progeny of a grade ram, attracted considerable interest through the lesson of superior lambs from the pure bred sire. A full line of shepherd's tools and sheepfold requirements was shown, and explanations or demonstrations in the use of same were given by the officials in charge.

BEEF CATTLE.

The beef cattle exhibit consisted of a display of steers illustrating market grades and type improvement through the use of pure bred sires. The Ontario Agricultural College supplied a number of animals from a breeding experiment that has been under way during the past two years, so that the farmers of the Province could see for themselves the result of good breeding, coupled with proper care, feeding and management. From the five cars of bulls for sale, many sales were made. Buyers were looking for quality and appreciated the guarantee and the likelihood of getting a good bull when purchasing from the government. To indicate the type of farmer that the lessons taught by the train was reaching, it can be said that, out of the first fifteen bulls sold, all but one went to farms where the owner had not previously kept a pure bred sire.

The demonstration train attracted and enlightened farmers who hitherto had been disinclined to admit the advantages of pure bred sires and of better live stock.



Britain Needs Wrangel Island.

Wihjalmur Steffansson, who is urging Britain to assert its rights to Wrangel Island, because it will become an important base for wireless and airplanes when mail carrying across the Arctic has become a commonplace. Soviet Russia is reported to have given orders to prevent any British ship reaching the Islands.

Eat Vegetables for Vitamins.

By L. F. Burrows, Secretary, Canadian Horticultural Council.

Comparatively recent is the addition of the word "Vitamin" to our vocabulary, and even though the use of the word is now common, its meaning is not yet understood. Physicians have long recognized the value of vegetables in the daily diet and we are now told that this value lies largely in the fact that they contain vitamins, and that vitamins are necessary to life. Some vegetables contain greater quantities and of different kinds than others. Three distinct kinds of vitamins have been named "A," "B" and "C."

Vitamin "A" is a mysterious element in food, without which children cannot grow, but which grown folks also need. Shortage of vitamin "A" leads to disease of the eye, skin, and kidneys, and may cause bad teeth, diarrhoea, pellagra and other ailments. As a rule, seeds of all kinds are rather deficient in vitamin "A," although green peas contain appreciable amounts. Leafy plants, on the other hand, are valuable foods in this regard. Spinach and chard are probably the richest of the common leafy foods in this element; lettuce ranks next, with cabbage holding third place.

The roots and tubers vary, sweet potatoes and carrots ranking first, while white or Irish potatoes contain but a small amount, and it is doubtful if beets, rutabagas and parsnips contain appreciable amounts. Tomatoes, however, are very rich in vitamin "A" and Hubbard squash is also a valuable source. Little work has been done on the fruits, but there is evidence that apples, bananas and oranges contain small amounts of this vitamin.

Vitamin "B" is guardian of good digestion and proper functioning of the liver and other glands. This vitamin is found in the germ and branny portion of cereals. In the milling of wheat, however, this vitamin is so completely removed that the best grades of flour are entirely lacking. This does not mean that we should condemn the white breads, starchy foods, white rice, etc.; it merely means that we must choose our foods intelligently and eat more vegetables.

Potatoes, sweet and white, contain appreciable amounts of vitamin "B," although the turnip and onion are more valuable in this regard. The beet root contains a fair amount, although its leaves appear to be much richer. This vitamin is also found in the tomato, cabbage, spinach, lettuce, parsley, and the lowly dandelion, the tomato being especially valuable.

While many fruits have not been studied, it is probably safe to state that most fruit juices contain appreciable amounts of vitamin "B." It is likewise probably true that nuts are valuable sources of this vitamin, inasmuch as all nuts that have been studied contain appreciable amounts.

Vitamin "C" prevents disease and promotes the general health. Lack of it gives the skin a bad color and makes the heart weak. It has long been known that lemons, limes, oranges and fresh fruits were curative in scurvy. It has only been in recent years that we have understood that this curative effect was due to vitamin "C." While oranges have been used for a number of years in the treatment of infantile scurvy, it is only recently that it has become the common practice to supply orange juice to infants as part of the regular feeding practice. More recently it has been discovered that tomato juice is practically equal to the juice of the orange in this regard, and many physicians in the poorer districts of the large cities are prescribing strained tomato juice in place of orange juice. The juice of canned tomatoes seems to be very satisfactory for this purpose, indicating that the canning process is not particularly destructive as far as vitamin "C" is concerned. Berries are known to have scurvy-curing properties, although little investigational work has been done.

The Swedish turnip or rutabaga is very valuable as a source of vitamin "C" and the same is true of the carrot. Young carrots are apparently more valuable than old carrots and this appears to be true for many vegetables. As a rule, it is probably safe to state that the vitamin content of vegetables is highest at the time that the vegetable is most prized from the standpoint of tenderness and taste. Potatoes, onions and parsnips are also considered valuable antiscorbutic foods. Rhubarb, lettuce and cauliflower must also be included in the list, while lovers of cabbage salad and "slaw" will be glad to know that raw cabbage is one of the best sources of vitamin "C" that we have. Tomatoes have the three kinds of vitamines necessary to human health. Most vegetables have one or two but seldom all three.

It is probably best to eat our fruits and vegetables in the fresh form when it is possible to do so. There is little, however, to be feared from the usual methods of canning and cooking. If we eat a sufficient amount of vegetables and fruits throughout the year, it will not matter if a small percentage of the vitamins are destroyed in the cooking process. As a rule, long continued heating or cooking is considered undesirable, and air should be excluded as far as possible.

It is not necessary that we be vegetarians. We should be reasonable and sensible and not faddists. Every diet, especially that of growing children, should contain milk, butter, eggs, fresh vegetables, and fresh fruits if we expect to obtain the best results.

Various fruit and vegetable canning recipe books have been issued from time to time, but the best that has recently come to my attention is that issued by the Fruit Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture. These booklets contain recipes which have been thoroughly tested, are practical and economical. They may be had free upon application to the Fruit Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

He Needed Another Year.

"Position wanted" ran an advertisement in a Shanghai newspaper. "A young Chinese with four years' experience in English seeks place as a junior clerk. Salary no objection." As a matter of fact, it usually isn't.

Keep looking ahead unless you are in a pasture with a ram.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel."

Mother's Clothes—By Lydia Lion Roberts

"Why, mother," cried the little boy, his eyes shining, "you look just like a schoolgirl in that white waist and blue tie. I like that, wear it again!"

Children do notice mother's clothes and are quite fine little critics. It is interesting and profitable to question the reasons for their approval or disapproval of various dresses, and a wise mother will talk over her clothes with the children. If she explains the reason she chose a certain color, how she matched her hat to her gloves, why this cloth is stronger than something else, and all the little effects that combine thrift and good taste, the children will not only be pleased at her confidence in their understanding, but will absorb much useful knowledge about clothes.

Sometimes a mother does not realize the pride and interest the children take in her clothes.

"I like to go out with you since you made that new skirt," said a little girl, "the other one didn't look so nice."

If a mother gets careless or discouraged and lets her clothes lose their charm, the children resent it even if they do not voice it. It is only fair to the children for mother to spend as much effort and thought on her own clothes as she does on their fascinating apparel, and then in later years they will not demand everything, but will want mother to have pretty things too.

It pays to understand and weigh a child's remarks about clothes as that is one way of learning how the little brain is working. A mother came into the room where two boys were playing and showed them her new silvery gray straw hat.

"You look just like a hearse," announced the younger boy delightedly.

The remark was rather startling, but the mother smiled and said, "Do you like this hat?"

"Oh, yes, it's so shiny and pretty," replied the boy, "and I like the silver look."

"Did you see anything to-day about that same color?" asked the mother, still searching for the reason back of that first remark.

"Yes, I saw a carriage all silver and shiny like your hat," nodded the child, "and brother said it was a hearse."

The connection was explained, for, childike, he had connected the first gray hearse he had seen with the silvery gray hat. His mind was grasping the fact of a new color effect. If the mother had been irritated at his impulsive remark, or had laughed it away, she would have hurt the child and driven his new thoughts and confidences back into himself.

To dress tastefully, to bring the children into companionship with mother by sensibly discussing clothes and the art of dressing, to make it a jolly, festive occasion when mother has something new, is to realize that in the development of the child life an important part is played even by mother's clothes.



Big lasting suds—one secret of Rinso's amazing power to dissolve dirt. If you don't get lasting suds, you have not used enough Rinso.

After soaking, only the most soiled clothes need a light rubbing with dry Rinso.

Your clothes don't need boiling if you use Rinso. But if you like to boil your white cottons, use enough Rinso solution to get the suds you like.

Rinso is made by the largest soap makers in the world to do the family wash as easily and safely as LUX does fine things.

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POULTRY

For several years past, the food value and medicinal qualities of yeast have been constantly before us. As to its tonic properties, as an aid to digestion and assimilation, as a corrective of constipation tendencies, and an appetite stimulator, it has been thoroughly and satisfactorily tried out—first by the family and now with the poultry.

One of the first experiments in feeding yeast to baby chicks, was found to be so satisfactory that its use as a general poultry feed has been adopted.

It is prepared by soaking a package in a half-gallon of water until the yeast is soft. Then it is made into a soft batter with cooked potatoes and flour, and allowed to raise. Then it is stiffened with cornmeal until crumbly, and spread out in the sun to dry. When it is thoroughly dry it may be sacked and stored for use, and will keep indefinitely if placed in a dry place where it will not mold.

For feeding baby chicks, goslings, ducks or turkeys, it may either be crumbled fine or soaked until soft; but do not feed oftener than three times a week.

For feeding the older fowls, allow a pint for each dozen fowls, mixed with the other feed used. It may be given either as a dry feed, or with a wet mash.

The Silo Foundation Has a Hard Job.

The silo foundation has two big jobs—it has to carry the vertical load of the silo walls and the bursting strain caused by the settling of the silage. To insure that it will do both jobs, use plenty of steel re-enforcing and make the masonry footings wide, so as to prevent uneven settling with the resulting cracking. Regardless of the kind of foundation that you build, always use the best of materials. Probably there are more silos standing upon concrete foundations to-day than upon any other.

The silo foundation on my neighbor's farm was made with dirty gravel (in the concrete), and the result is, the foundation has gone to pieces within a year after building. This same gravel was used for other work about the farm with pretty good results, but under the peculiar strain of the silo foundation it went to pieces.

Use one part cement, two and one-half of sand, and four parts of crushed rock or graded gravel for silo work. Use only clean, sharp sand, and water that is good to drink. Dirty water will not make good concrete.—R. K.

"Kraut or pickle kegs and tubs are cleaned thus," writes a subscriber: "I use plenty of boiling water, in which bicarbonate of soda is dissolved (one-fourth pound of soda to a gallon of water). After the kegs have been well scalded, I place them in the sun for several days, then go over the inside of the keg or tub with melted paro-wax or paraffin. This makes the keg perfectly sweet inside and keeps it from leaking."

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We are large buyers of good churning cream. Our service must be giving satisfaction, as our patronage is increasing every year. Ask for particulars—if you live within 200 miles of Toronto.

TORONTO CREAMERY, 9 CHURCH ST., TORONTO
(Owned and Operated by United Farmers' Co-operative, Ltd.)

Let us remember that the only way to keep our life peaceful and happy is to keep the heart at rest.—C. H. Spurgeon.

See that you lay drains below the frost-line and out of the way of the plow-point.

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A TREATISE on the Horse—FREE!



This book is one of the best ever written for the horseman and the farmer. In plain, everyday, understandable English it deals with every ailment that horseflesh is heir to, and tells how to treat them. It has chapters on shoes and shoeing, breeding and feeding. The book is worth many dollars to the handler of horses, but all you have to do is to ask your druggist for it. It is absolutely free. Here is one opinion:

SOUTH BREWICK, N.S., Jan. 19, 1922.
"Please send me by mail your GREAT book showing positions and actions of sick horses. Have been using your Kendall's Spavin Treatment for years and think it is a great treatment."
PERLY CORKUM.

If your druggist has not a copy of the book left write us direct:

Dr. B. J. KENDALL CO.,
Enosburg Falls, Vt., U.S.A. 8

Classified Advertisements

SILVER FOXES—NOTES FROM MY DIARY (Booklet). Nine years' experience ranching foxes. 25 cents. Dr. Randall, Truro, Nova Scotia.

WASHINGTON HAND PRESS.

WE HAVE AN ENQUIRY FOR A WASHINGTON Hand Press that will take 2 pages of 8 columns, long. Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

The Father Who Is Not Loved or Respected

One of the bitterest things in many a man's life has been the discovery, after he has made a fortune, that he has lost his hold upon his boys.

I have been in homes where the relations between father and sons were so strained and formal that the latter would no more think of making a confidant of their father than they would of a stranger.

The mother is sometimes responsible for this unfortunate state of affairs. I know mothers who have deliberately prejudiced their children against their father. They seem to be jealous of him, and do all they can to poison the young people's minds against him, to undermine their love and respect for him. Sometimes this is done by speaking slightingly of the father. Perhaps he is not much of a business man, and the mother will criticize his methods before them, and find fault with him regarding his way of financing the family. Or she will magnify every weakness and imperfection of his character, make him appear weak and contemptible in their eyes.

There are multitudes of mothers who, while they have no intention of injuring the father in the children's regard, unconsciously do so by the methods they adopt to control them. Just as many ignorant people will frighten small children by telling them that they will call in a big policeman to arrest them and put them in jail, thousands of mothers will encourage fear of the father by making them believe he is cruel and hard, and that he will punish them severely for every little mishap or misdeed of which she threatens to inform him.

This is very unfair to the father, for it robs him of his most precious possession—the love, admiration, and respect of his children. It helps to build a barrier between him and his children, a prejudice which may last a lifetime and deprive him and them of much possible happiness. To know that his children love him dearly and want to be with him, that they are always delighted to have him at home, to have him join them in their play, is a great compensation to him for the sacrifices he makes for them.

It is a most unfortunate thing for a child to look upon his father as a cruel task-master instead of a companion, to dread meeting him because he always expects criticism or scolding from him instead of sympathy, and companionship. Unfortunately some fathers encourage this feeling. They will constantly nag and find fault, and never think of praising their children or expressing any appreciation of their work, even when they do it well.

A father should regard the confidential relation between himself and his son as one of the most precious things in life, and should never take chances of forfeiting it. It costs something to keep it, but it is worth the price. I have never known a boy to go very far wrong who regarded his father and mother as his best friends, and kept no secrets from them.—O. S. Marden.

Would Signal Mars by Flashing Light.

Dr. A. M. Low, an English inventor, believes it possible to get into communication with Mars by means of light signalling.

"There are several known chemical means of producing a light screen of sufficient size which would last long enough to be noticed by the Martians, if such exist," he said. "I think a suitable screen could be set out on a high altitude by airplanes, to eliminate as far as possible the effect of air and clouds, which combine to make difficult any observation of the earth itself."

Dr. Low considers wireless waves less practical, as they travel in curves, making it difficult to gauge the target. He holds it ludicrous to expect to find the Martians' life similar to our own.

"Some years ago we thought that animals and plants were the only things which lived," he said, "but now we know there is life in everything. I have never seen anything yet which was not alive.

"The Martians might be able to see by heat waves. A small difference in our physical makeup would revolutionize our world and ideas of living. If we were born with eyes having only slightly different lenses to normal we would see the air around us full of life and our bath water a mass of horrible looking creatures."

Dr. Low disagrees with those who assert the Martians are more advanced than earthings. "If they were, they would have found some means ere this of communicating with us," he said.

The only trouble with "the height of fashion" is having to wear it a long time after the "height" has changed.

Women in Egypt are appealing for a law to be passed raising the marriage age for girls to sixteen.

A FINE COMPLEXION

Can Be Had Through Keeping the Blood Rich and Pure.

A girl's complexion is something more than a matter of concern to her vanity. It is an indication of the state of her health. Pallor in a growing girl means a thinning of the blood. Eruptions mean impurities in the blood. Mothers should be watchful of their daughters' complexions and see to it that these signs are corrected—not covered up.

When a girl in her teens becomes pale and sallow, especially if, at the same time, she shows an inclination to tire easily, a listlessness and inattention to her work or studies, she needs Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, a tonic which directly and specifically corrects the condition from which she is suffering. A chemical analysis of the blood of such a girl would show it to be deficient in just the elements that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can supply, but the physical signs are plain. The girl with a bad complexion, or who suffers from occasional headaches, who is easily tired and breathless after slight exertion, should begin taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at once. A good appetite, sparkling eyes and rosy cheeks follow the fair use of this medicine.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

When Tin Catches Cold.

You would scarcely suspect a metal such as tin of being able to catch cold, but it can do so for all that. In countries like Northern Russia all sorts of utensils are apt to become useless in winter time.

A tiny greyish spot makes its appearance on the surface of the tin. It grows in size, and then others appear. In course of time the metal crumbles into a dark-colored powder.

Some years ago a whole shipload of blocks of tin, stored in the Customs House of Petrograd during the winter, was found the following spring to have crumbled into dust.

What really happens is that the cold causes tin to change from one of its forms to another. Tin is often found in mines in the grey powder form which is quite useless. When it is heated it turns into a well-known shiny metal, but under the influence of cold it may return to its other form.

Finger prints of criminals are sent by telegraph all over Italy by a simple invention, involving the use of from 300 to 400 numbered squares.

Salamanders, small creatures not unlike newts, have been made to change their sex by alternately feeding and starving them.

Common sense is not a common thing.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Surnames and Their Origin

LOCKYEAR

Variations—Lockyer, Lockman, Locke, Loockerman.
Racial Origin—English, also Dutch.
Source—An occupation.

Lockyear, Lockyer, Lockman and Locke are all only different forms of the same family name, which in its original use was but descriptive of the callings of its first bearers.

Lockyear is really not a "true" form of the name; it is a changed spelling of Lockyer. The "lockyer" of the Middle Ages in England was, as you might opine, a locksmith, as was also the "Lockman," the two forms of the word being interchangeable, with the former, perhaps in wider use.

Originally this name, like all others which have been derived from trades, was preceded by a "le" (meaning "the") under the influence of the French tongue of the Normans. But even before such names lost their descriptive sense, and virtually always afterward, the "le" was dropped.

The family name of Lockman, however, is sometimes a contraction of that of Lockerman, which is not English at all, but Dutch, the true form being "Loockerman." And though this family name also is based upon an occupation, it is not the same from which the English names have developed. The "loockerman" among the Dutch was a man who raised or dealt in leeks.

LARDNER

Variations—Lardiner.
Racial Origin—English.
Source—An occupation.

Lardner is by no means an infrequent family name, though probably it is most widely known when it has a "Ring" in front of it.

You might suspect from the first syllable that the name originally had something to do with the word "lard." In many cases when you suspect things like this about a family name you are wrong. But in this case you would be right. There is a connection. In fact the name is founded upon it. But the trade or occupation through which the connection was made is no longer referred to as it was in the Middle Ages at the time when family names were formed.

In medieval England the "lardner" or "lardiner" (for you will find both spellings) was a specific kind of swineherd. His occupation was that of fattening or "lardening" pigs for the market or for the tables of the feudal lords. He had to be a good bit of a forester, for he took his herds into the woods to fatten them upon acorns and nuts, and very often he also held a commission as a forest warden from his overlord.

Originally, of course, the name was descriptive of the individual's occupation, and in the old records you will find many entries of such names as "Hugo le Lardiner" and "Roger le Lardner."

A GOOD MEDICINE FOR THE BABY

Nothing can equal Baby's Own Tablets as a medicine for little ones. They are a laxative, mild but thorough in action, and never fail to relieve constipation, colic, colds and simple fevers. Once a mother has used them she will use nothing else. Concerning them Mrs. Saluste Pelletier, St. Damas des Aulaines, Que., writes:—"I always keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house. They are the best medicine I know of for little ones and I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25c a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Robert Burns.

Visitor—"Dear me! Fancy your being called Robert Burns—why, that's a very well-known name."

Native—"Nae doot it is; I've been blacksmith in the place for nigh on forty years."

MONEY ORDERS.

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen you get your money back.

The worker bee lives six months, the drone four months, and the female bee four years.

Measuring Things You Cannot See.

We are accustomed to hearing of measurements of tremendous distances such as those between the earth and some of the stars, which run into thousands of billions of miles. But what do you think of measuring accurately the 500,000,000th part of an inch?

The most accurate of ordinary instruments can measure the 500,000,000th part of a mile, which is less than three 10.000ths of an inch. To measure the 500,000,000th part of an inch an instrument must be 50,000 times more delicate; yet it has been done.

The appliance used is nothing like the tuning circuit of a wireless valve set. You know that if you turn the knob of the condenser the wave-length is altered. We can make a condenser by placing two plates of metal one above the other with an air space between them.

If the tuning circuit is a delicate one, an almost infinitesimal bending of one of the plates will make a difference in the wave-length. It is easy to calculate how much bending causes any given differensce.

The measuring appliance employs a condenser of this kind, by means of which the tiny distances mentioned can be measured with ease. If a half-inch bar of steel is placed in a vice and connected with the apparatus, the distance it sags when a fly settles upon it is instantly and accurately recorded on a dial.

If a fly walks on a piece of iron the pointer records how the whole mass quivers under its weight, and it will even measure the expansion of the iron caused by the heat of the insect's body!

The invention will be of great use to scientists, who hitherto have been baffled in their work when very tiny measurements were needed.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

Although some kinds of fungus are imbued with a deadly poison, no insect or bird ever falls a victim to them.

Perfect evaporization and exact proportioning of gasoline and air are claimed for a new carburetor.

Stories About Well-Known People

Royalty Gets a Diploma.

When the Wharton School of Business administration at the University of Pennsylvania held its graduating exercises this summer many foreign students received diplomas and none showed more pride in the hard won bit of sheepskin than a scion of Oriental royalty, Vara Virakorn, who is a cousin of the King of Siam.

By very ancient tradition the business activities of royal persons have been limited to the narrow but not unfruitful fields of imposing taxes or receipting for the contents of the privy purse voted them by their adoring subjects. Common report has it that Siamese royalty has also kept up a herd of white elephants to let off its excess energy.

Whether Virakorn will stick to the good old days when he gets back to Bangkok, or branch out for himself in same new line, has not been indicated. It may well be that the Siamese monarch has a good many cousins to keep up, and that the young graduate's thorough acquaintance with American methods in commerce, industry and finance will not prove unacceptable to his exalted uncle.

Cars by the Dozen.

The Bey of Tunis, who is now on an official visit to Paris, is well-known as a teller of good stories, and figures himself as the hero, or perhaps the victim, of many a true one. The most amusing of those about himself is perhaps of when he first came to Paris and entered a motor-salon, to look over a selection of luxurious cars. At last he picked out the most expensive one.

"I will have half a dozen of these," said the Bey calmly, and continued his shopping, making purchases on the same scale now and then.

And here is a good story told by him. A French policeman stopped a two seater and, hailing the chauffeur, asked him for his permit to drive in Paris. The man put his hand in his pocket, but, as he was about to produce the necessary papers, Monsieur l'Agent stopped him.

"It is all right," he said, with a smile. "I only wanted to see your permit if you hadn't got it!"

Sherlock-Holmes Methods.

A joke was played on Sir Arthur Conan Doyle by a French taxicab driver recently. The man had driven the world-famous creator of "Sherlock Holmes" from the station to the hotel, and when he received his fare he said, "Merci, M. Conan Doyle."

"Why, how do you know my name?" asked Sir Arthur.

"Well, sir, I have seen in the papers that you were coming from the South of France to Paris. Your general appearance told me that you were English; your hair had been clearly last cut by a barber of the South of France. I put these indications together, and—I saw your name on your luggage!"

Railroad Man Gives Out Surprising Facts

"If any in my family were sick with stomach trouble or run-down condition, I would rather have one bottle of Tanlac than all the other remedies put together," is the positive statement of F. A. Barrowcliff, 8 Locomotive St., Hamilton, Ont., well-known yardman for the Grand Trunk Railroad.

"My wife's health was restored by the Tanlac treatment in such short order it was astonishing, for she suffered so terribly with nervousness, headaches, sleeplessness and loss of appetite that I thought she would break down completely. She went meal after meal without eating, and was so fearfully weak the care of our five children and the housework was more than she could do.

"After her first few doses of Tanlac my wife was like an entirely different person, and hasn't had a sick spell since she quit taking the medicine six months ago. Tanlac has certainly been a blessing in our house, and we are glad to recommend it."

Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 37 million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills are Nature's own remedy for constipation. For sale everywhere.

SMOKE OLD CHUM

The Tobacco of Quality

½ LB. TINS and in packages



Impatient.

Spider—"I wish Miss Muffet would hurry up; I'm tired of sitting on this tuffet all day!

In the last ten years, 4,000 men and women have been killed in accidents in London streets, and over 100,000 have been injured.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies



Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed Mailed Free to any Address by the Author. H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc. 129 West 24th Street New York, U.S.A.

Attractive Proposition

For man with all round weekly newspaper experience and $400 or $500. Apply Box 24, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide Street West.

In the Stable

Minard's is the best remedy for Cuts, Sprains, Swellings, Colic, Distemper, Coughs.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Why They Fluked.

These are culled from a collection of recent schoolboy howlers:

"A grass widow is the wife of a dead vegetarian."

"Oceanica is that continent which contains no land."

"Parallel lines are the same distance all the way and do not meet unless you bend them."

"Louis XVI. was gelatined during the French Revolution."

"Palsy is a kind of new writer's dance."

"Letters in sloping print are hysterics."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Refreshes Tired Eyes

Write Murine Co., Chicago, for Eye Care Book



Shampoo With Cuticura And Have Healthy Hair

Regular shampoos with Cuticura Soap will keep the scalp clean and healthy. Before shampooing touch spots of dandruff and itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment. A clean, healthy scalp means good hair.

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds	Headache	Rheumatism
Toothache	Neuralgia	Neuritis
Earache	Lumbago	Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

MRS. DAVIS NERVOUS WRECK

Tells Women How She Was Restored to Perfect Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Winnipeg, Man.—"I cannot speak too highly of what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me. I was a nervous wreck and I just had to force myself to do my work. Even the sound of my own children playing made me feel as if I must scream if they did not get away from me. I could not even speak right to my husband. The doctor said he could do nothing for me. My husband's mother advised me to take the Vegetable Compound and I started it at once. I was able to do my work once more and it was a pleasure, not a burden. Now I have a fine bouncing baby and am able to nurse her and enjoy doing my work. I cannot help recommending such a medicine, and any one seeing me before I took it, and seeing me now, can see what it does for me. I am only too pleased for you to use my testimonial."—Mrs. EMILY DAVIS, 721 McGee Street, Winnipeg, Man.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women" will be sent you free upon request. Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ont. This book contains valuable information.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Stove repairs ordered for any range.

MORASH FOUNDRY

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Shaver of Montreal spent the first of the week with Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Steed.

* * *

The Womens Institute will meet in the Agricultural Office on Monday, March 3rd, at 3 p.m.

* * *

Mr. G. D. Meikle was in Montreal on Thursday

* * *

Mrs. F. J. Hawkens is spending a few days in Ottawa

* * *

Mr. Percy Ouderkirk spent Sunday at his home.

* * *

Charles M. Tobin has been appointed a permanent Customs and Excise Examiner at the port of Prescott.

* * *

On Saturday mornings, while she remains in Prescott, Mrs. Bricker, the Provincial Health nurse, will give addresses on "Home Nursing," to the Canadian Girls-in-Training in the Women's rest room.

* * *

Rev. McKenzie left on Monday afternoon for Montreal where he is receiving medical treatment at the Royal Victoria Hospital.

* * *

Miss Purkis of Brockville was the guest of Mrs. J. H. Meikle over the week end.

* * *

Born—At Morrisburg, on Wednesday, Feb. 27th, to Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Rose of Frankford, a son, (William Franklin.)

* * *

Mr. Donald Brandstetter was called to Montreal Tuesday to attend his father's funeral.

* * *

Mr. A. F. Merkley attended the funeral of Mr. Sackrider in Canton, N.Y. the first of the week.

Miss J. McMartin left on Tuesday for Montreal where she underwent an operation in the Royal Victoria Hospital.

Mrs. G. A. Godfrey, Montreal, and Mrs. Wilson and son of Valleyfield, Que., are visiting their mother, Mrs. Wm. Allison.

Mrs. A. A. Summers has returned home from Ottawa after spending a couple of weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Currie.

It is with deep regret that we record the serious illness of Mrs. Robert Lyle. Mrs. Lyle took a chill on the night of the 16th instant which speedily developed into bronchial pneumonia. Her many friends will be pleased to learn that, at time of writing, her condition is somewhat improved.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Balkwill, 172 Logan street, St. Lambert, returned from Aultsville, Ont., last night, where they celebrated the golden wedding of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Jarvis, the parents of Mrs. Balkwill. Mr. Jarvis came in 1847 from Aberdeen Scotland, to Harbor Grace, Newfoundland, where he married Fanny Carson. They came to Canada in 1887 and settled in Aultsville. Many guests attended the golden wedding celebration—Gazette.

The masquerade held in Aultsville Saturday evening, February 23rd, enticed its usual amount of spectators, but not masked masqueraders which were small in attendance. The prizes for the best costumes on the ice were awarded to ladies. Miss F. Dafoe; Men's Mr. J. W. McMartin and children; Miss Myra Ault. The judges were Misses Ruddy and Froats, and Mr. S. Wells.

Rev. Father Senecal, a member of the teaching staff of Sacred Heart College at Sudbury, met death this week in a most unusual manner. He was skating on the college open-air rink, and in seeking to avoid a collision with another skater, his feet went from under him, he landing on the back of his skull. He died immediately after being carried to his room in the college.

"The Varsity", Toronto, of recent date, contains a photogravure of Miss Marion Hilliard, in her hockey costume, and the following comment:—"Marion Hilliard, left wing and captain of this year's squad, earned her captaincy by brilliant playing on Varsity's forward line for the last two years. A strong, fast skater and clever shot. Plays basket ball and tennis for Vic, and is in the fourth year B & M. The strongest player on the ice was easily Marion Hilliard. It was the old story about skating rings around the other players, for she drew cheers from the crowd when she skated twice around a Queen's player while she was making a long dash down the ice. Marion was in excellent form, and her shooting was always dangerous. Her bullet shot from the left was effective more than once. It was her day, and there is much rejoicing in Varsity circles when it is remembered that she will have three more years on the Varsity team, while she finishes her B. and M. course."

If you want a real good supper, don't miss the Monthly Tea of the Ladies Aid in the Lecture Room of the Methodist Church, Thursday, March 6th, at 5.30. Supper 35c.

A fully developed two-headed heifer calf was born on the farm of John Hinton, Rockspring, yesterday, but lived only a few minutes. The second head on the animal branches from the left side of the neck and is entirely separate from the other head, excepting that it is joined to the other at the base. The four ears, four eyes and two sets of teeth are of normal development, and the two heads are marked identically.

The blare of whistles and the ringing of bells will mark Oshawa's step into cityhood at noon on Saturday, March 8th. In the evening a public meeting will be held in the City Hall to celebrate the occasion. The speeches of prominent citizens will be broadcast by the Radio Club from its new station, 10 AW.

J. L. McDonald of Ottawa, an escaped patient from the Ontario Hospital, Brockville, was captured on the American border, five miles west of Ogdensburg, last night, by two men, filling an ice-house. He was without hat, coat or mittens and was badly frost-bitten.

Rev. W. E. Long has been invited to remain for a fifth year as pastor of the Methodist Circuit of Easton's Corners. Rev. A. W. Stewart of Aultsville has been invited to become pastor of Trinity Church, Chesterville, at the close of the conference year.

An estate of about $3,000,000 has been left by Edward Canfield Whitney, philanthrophist, capitalist and lumberman, who d[illegible] Ottawa on February 6th, in [illegible]ghtieth year, probate of whose [illegible] will be made soon. The brother of the late Sir James Pliney Whitney unostentatiously gave away to philantropic and charitable institutions, to the Redso Cross, the Patriotic Fund and to numerous private deserving causes, about $3,000,000 during his life time.

THE CONFEDERATION CANAL AND POWER COMPANY

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session for an Act to incorporate a company under the name of "Confederation Canal and Power Company," with a capital of five hundred million dollars, for the following purposes, viz.:—

1. To acquire, purchase and take over all the works, rights, undertakings, property, assets and liabilities of The Transportation and Power Corporation, Limited (incorporated by letters patent under The Companies Act, Part I of chapter 79 of the Revised Statutes of Canada 1906 and amending Acts).

2. To construct, improve, maintain and operate a combined canal and ship channel or deep waterway, for the passage of ocean liners, from a point below the City of Montreal to the head of the Great Lakes, such channels and canals to be not less than 35 feet in depth, and of sufficient width to enable ocean liners to meet and pass at reasonable speed at any point. The route of the proposed canals and ship channels to be as follows, viz.:—

(a) From a point at or near Charlemagne, in the County of L'Assomption, Province of Quebec, via Rivière des Prairies, Lake of Two Mountains, and the Ottawa River, to the City of Ottawa; thence via the Rideau River to Kemptville Creek, in the County of Grenville; thence by construction of suitable canal to the St. Lawrence River at or near the town of Prescott; with power to construct all such works as may be necessary or incidental thereto. Included in the above will be the acquisition and enlargement of all existing canals along the said route, or the construction and operation of other canals suitable for their purpose in lieu thereof; or

(b) As an alternative route to the foregoing: To improve and make navigable for their purpose, the Richelieu River from a point at or near the City of Sorel, in the Province of Quebec, to Chambly Basin; to construct a suitable canal from the said basin to the east side of Hungry Bay, County of Beauharnois; to improve as far as necessary the channels in Hungry Bay, Lake St. Francis and the St. Lawrence River, to the Town of Cornwall, Ontario; to construct a suitable canal (or acquire and enlarge the Cornwall Canal), from Cornwall to Dickenson Landing, Ontario; to improve the channel of the St. Lawrence River as far as Farran Point, Ontario; to construct a canal or acquire and enlarge the existing canal at same point; to improve the channel of the St. Lawrence River from said point to Morrisburg; and to construct a canal or enlarge the existing canal at Morrisburg; to improve the St. Lawrence River channel to the Town of Iroquois, Ontario, there to construct a new canal or acquire and enlarge the Galop Canal.

To improve the St. Lawrence River channel from Iroquois or Prescott, as the case may be, to its source at Lake Ontario; and also the channel of the said lake to a point in the County of Lincoln, Ontario, on the south side of the said lake; thence to construct a canal through the Counties of Lincoln and Welland to Lake Erie; also a canal from Lake Erie at some point in or near the County of Elgin, Ontario, through the counties of Elgin, Middlesex, Lambton and Huron, to a point on the east shore of Lake Huron, within the counties of Lambton or Huron; also to construct a suitable canal or acquire and enlarge the existing canal, at Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario; with all powers which may be necessary and incidental to the construction, completion and maintenance of their said works.

3. To construct, acquire and operate and dispose of terminal, docks, warehouses, and such other works as may be necessary for their purposes; to acquire, generate and produce, hydraulic, electric or other power, and to dispose of their surplus energy and to construct and maintain transmission lines for the delivery thereof; to obtain franchises or contracts from municipalities; to construct and operate water works, power plants or tramways; and to acquire, lease or charter and operate vessels of all kinds.

4. To acquire by purchase or otherwise, or by expropriation, under the provisions of The Railway Act, 1919, all lands, public or private, water lots and water rights as may be necessary for the construction and operation of their works.

5. To deal in lands on or near the banks of their canals and channel; to take stock in land companies in connection with such lands, and to guarantee their bonds; to issue bonds and debentures and to divide their works into sections for bonding purposes; and generally to have all powers necessary or incidental to their undertaking.

6. The works and undertakings of the company to be declared for the general advantage of Canada.

Dated at London, Ont., January 19, 1924.

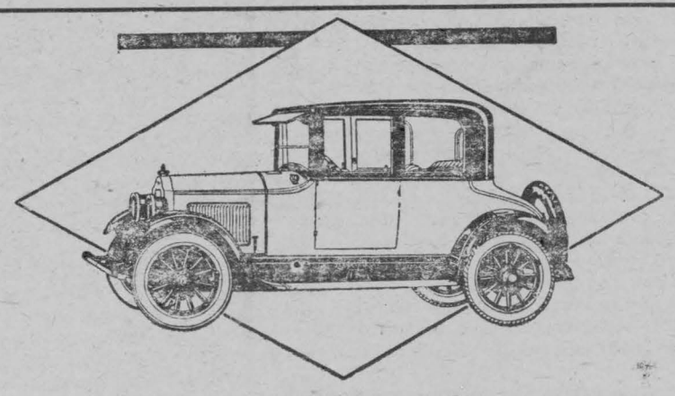
J. M. McEVOY,
Solicitor for the applicants,
London, Ont.

CURLING FOR NEXT WEEK

	East ice.	West ice
Tues., Mar 3	1—7	——
Wed. Mar. 4....	——	3—8
Thurs. Mar. 5	——	6—9
Fri., Mar. 6.....	——	——
Sat., Mar. 7	5—9	——

This completes the Schedule of games, except in case of a tie. Skips please arrange to play four postponed games on open dates. We would like to arrange a sport elimination bonspiel to finish last week of season.

Winstanley and Merkley are a tie so far for the cup series.



Have You Seen the 1924 McLaughlin-Buick?

McLaughlin-Buick is building today the most wonderful cars in its history.

Fast, powerful, perfectly controlled, they fulfill every wish of the experienced and critical motorist. They are strikingly handsome in appearance. Their equipment is complete.

Four-wheel brakes make operation safe at every speed, and eliminate skidding on slippery pavements.

Exceeding value has been built into the 1924 McLaughlin-Buick line. We cordially invite your close examination and inspection.

B3316

W. H. Fetterly & Co., - Morrisburg.

GUILTY

J. E. MADDEN' Successor to MIDDAGH BROS.

HAS BEEN FOUND GUILTY

Of handling the best grade of goods that can be purchased, and at reasonable prices too. Quoting a few of our daily specials from Government Inspection:—
Round Bone Pot Roast; Chuck Roast; Rolled Rib Roast; Sirloin Roasts; Rump Roasts; All Steaks; Pork Chops. Lamb, Veal, Fowl, and Vegetables in season.

West End Meat Market

J. E. Madden, Prop.

Morrisburg, 'Phone 74

Notice

That now is the time to see about your building and repairing. Just call us up and we will come and see you about it. We can help complete your ideas and give you information as to cost, etc. This service is free. Don't hesitate. Get it settled now and relieve your mind.

Call us up or drop a line. We'll do our part. Phone 87J, write or come and see.
P.S.—We saw every day, so hustle in the logs while the roads are good.

The Morrisburg Lumber Mills

PHONE 87J—LOCK BOX 71

Real Value

The man who places his repair work with a handy man or sends it to a cut rate establishment, for the sake of, what is frequently, a purely visionary saving of a dollar or two, is very apt to later find that instead of a saving, the transaction actually stands him a considerable loss.

You certainly have a right to expect real value for the money you expend in repairs, at a legitimate repair shop.

The TRUE VALUE of repairs, properly executed, can perhaps be better reckoned in days, weeks, and months of subsequent satisfactory performance, than in terms of mere dollars and cents of initial cost.

We believe we are giving the public the cheapest service obtainable in this locality today (all things considered) We aim to deliver real and true value on every transaction and if we succeed in this our customers must surely profit as well as ourselves.

Help us to succeed, and come in for your full share of the customers profits.

TINDAL'S GARAGE
H. B. Tindal, Prop

Your Eyes

Are worth the price of all the glasses ever made and likely as not you need but one pair

WHY HESITATE

over such an important matter as your eye sight and possibly your future usefulness?

PHONE FOR APPOINTMENT

J. MILES WHITTEKER
Optometrist
MORRISBURG
'Phone 18

Rubber Footwear Repairing

WE REPAIR ALL KINDS OF RUBBER FOOTWEAR

Don't discard those old Rubber Boots. We can resole them; upper patches put on. Come in and see sample work It pays to fix those old Rubber Boots.

SKATES SHARPENED WHILE YOU WAIT

We sell all kinds of Shoes and Harness Repairs, Leather Taps, Soles, Rubber Heels, Etc.

A. G. TAYLOR

The Great West Life Assurance Company

HEAD OFFICE WINNIPEG, MAN.

A Typical Great-West Life Actual Result:—
Policy No. 17909. Age 24, $2,000. 20 Year End., Annual Premium $94.40. Total Premiums paid in 20 years $1888.

In addition to having the protection of original policy for 20 years, insured, under the option selected received a paid-up policy of $2000 and $2002 in cash.

T. E. CLELAND
Life Insurance Counselor

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

COAL

ON HAND

STOVE and NUT

ESTATE W. H. McGANNON

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL