

The Leader

XXIII, No. 19

MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, JUNE 8

1923



Special This Week

Gluten (Cardinal) per cwt.	\$2.05
Hominy Feed per cwt.	\$1.90
Seed Oats, per bus.	85c
Seed Corn "Flints", per bushel	2.00
Seed Corn, "Dents", per bushel	1.65
Seed Corn, "Stowells Evergreen", per pound 10c	
Family Flour, per sack	3.40

FEED

Bran, per cwt.	1.55
Shorts, per cwt.	1.65
Feed Flour, per cwt.	2.25
Oats, per cwt.	2.00
Corn, per cwt.	2.00
Wheat, No. 2 Northern, per cwt.	2.40
Oilcake Meal, per cwt.	3.15
Purina, Chick Feed, per cwt.	3.40
Purina Hen Feed, per cwt.	2.65
Purina Chicken chowder (Mash), per cwt. ..	3.40
Purina Calf Meal, per cwt.	3.60
Purina Cow Chow, per cwt.	2.80
Purina Pig Chow, per cwt.	2.80
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THE HARDWARE STORE—OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

CONSERVATIVE MEETING

(Contributed)

The local Conservative Party is to be congratulated on the successful meeting held in the Music Hall, on the night of June 4th, 1923.

The first speaker, Mr. A. Sweet, was introduced to the audience in a short, vigorous speech, by Mr. I. Hilliard, K.C.

As he pointed out, Mr. Sweet has been a successful business man and maintained the confidence of the people for a long period of years. This important fact demonstrates that he is eminently fitted to assist in conducting the business affairs of the Province and to look after the interests of Dundas County.

Mr. Sweet was well received and stressed the following points. Economy in Provincial Expenditure. Further Distribution of Electric Power throughout Eastern Ontario; Relief from Legislation imposed upon the Dairy Industry and Furthering the Interests of Agriculture in General; Conservation of Ontario's Natural Resources and other points of vital interest to the Province.

Mr. O. D. Casselman, showing considerable eloquence in his speech, had the pleasure of introducing Mr. Nickle. This is the first time that a Morrisburg audience had the pleasure of hearing Mr. Nickle, who is bright, forceful, and fair in his remarks about his opponents. He possesses a keen insight in the problems of Ontario's Finances. Mr. Nickle showed how in the last session of the house, Mr. Peter Smith Provincial Treasurer, claimed to have big surpluses, but on investigation, it was shown that the supposed surpluses were secured by keeping the credit side of the ledger open until receipts were gathered in which properly belonged to the ensuing year. This was but one example of how the Provincial Treasurer's Department was handled.

Mr. Nickle proved conclusively that the U.F.O. Government has displayed the utmost recklessness in the expenditures of the province and that thrift and economy have been conspicuous by their absence. He appealed to the Electors to return to stable and responsible government such as had characterized the old parties and thus inaugurate a regime of sound government, which is the only means by which the prosperity of the province can be secured.

The chair was occupied by Mr. George Charlles, who had with him on the platform the following prominent Conservatives: Dr. Collison, Mr. James Ault, Mr. M. J. Casselman, Mr. W. Eager, Mr. N. W. Davy, Mr. A. F. Merkle.

CHAUTAUQUA

JULY, 16, 17, 18, 19.

The rollicking comedy success, "The Bubble"; the always-popular Troubadour Male Quartet; Edward Burton MacDowell, well-known traveller; Arthur Walwyn Evans, noted Welsh orator; Pam Panga Players and Singers, native Filipinos; Lillian Johnston Company, premier entertainers; Herbert Leon Cope, humorist extraordinary. These are attractions which will appear here at the coming Four-Day Dominion Redpath Chautauqua which opens July 16th.

The exceptionally talented Troubadour Male Quartet, who, in addition to their musical ability, are entertainers of real worth, will launch the Chautauqua program with a grand concert on the first afternoon.

A concert by the same quartet on the first night will precede a notable address, "Our Uncrowned Kings," by Arthur Walwyn Evans, well-known Welsh orator.

The popular Lillian Johnston Company will give a diversified musical program on the afternoon of the second day.

Following a concert at night by the Lillian Johnston Company, Edward Burton MacDowell, noted traveller, writer and lecturer, will give an illustrated travelogue, "A Trip Around the World." Motion pictures and colored slides will be shown.

William Matthew Holderby, dynamic inspirational speaker, will discuss, on the third afternoon, a vitally important subject, "The Family—the Nation's Greatest Asset."

On the third night comes the sparkling comedy success, "The Bubble," played by a cast of New York Actors.

A unique musical organization, the Pam Panga Players and Singers, native Filipinos, will give a novelty concert on the fourth afternoon, in which music of the Philippines will be featured.

The fourth and last night of the Chautauqua will be known as Joy Night. On this night a concert by the Pam Panga Players and Singers and a scintillating, humorous entertainment by Herbert Leon Cope will be the closing attractions of the Chautauqua.

A delightful innovation of the Chautauqua will be the children's hour entertainments on the second, third and fourth mornings. These entertainments under the supervision of an experienced juvenile entertainer, are decidedly popular with the youngsters and many grown-ups as well.

ANNUAL MEETING OF

BROCKVILLE PRESBYTERIAL

The ninth annual meeting of Brockville Presbyterial opened in Knox Church, Morrisburg, Thursday morning, May 31st, with the president, Mrs. McLeod of Kemptville in the chair.

After the devotional exercises, Mrs. William Steele, Winchester Springs offered prayer for the Holy Spirit's guidance, and the minutes of last Presbyterial were heard and adopted.

In the opening words, Mrs. Jobb of Morewood showed the necessity of the quiet time with God, receiving out of His fullness the power, and grace necessary for the accomplishment of our tasks. The more we remember and believe in the fullness of Christ, the more and the better work will we be able to do. The time spent in the stillness of preparation is never wasted time.

Then followed the Auxiliary Reports which were very encouraging. Among the interesting suggestions brought out was one from First Church, Brockville, which had held a Garden Party on the Manse Grounds in aid of the Expense Fund. Morewood Auxiliary holds a lawn meeting every year, which gives an opportunity for the Home Helpers to meet with the regular members, and enjoy a missionary programme as well as a social time. Thus almost every home in the congregation is represented. Morrisburg is the "banner" Auxiliary this year, contributing \$15 per member while Pittston which was "banner" last year, comes in a good second with \$12.36 per member, and a high average attendance. South Mountain has social evenings occasionally, with generous offerings.

The Mission Band reports showed them to be in a fairly healthy condition; one particularly, of Prescott, called "E.L.B.H." (Every Little Bit Helps), who meet once a week; three times in the month for work and once for mission study.

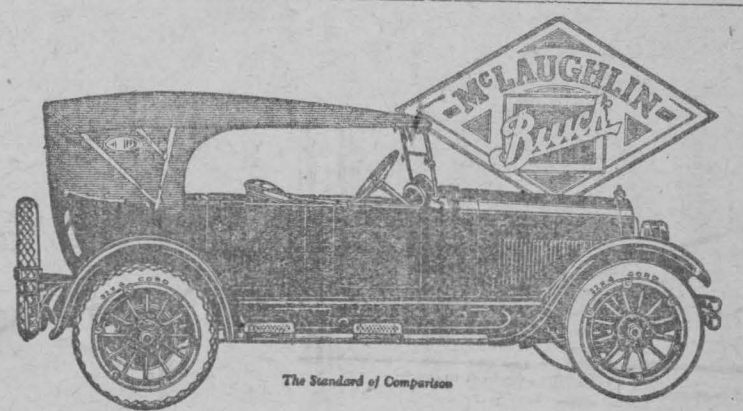
From the District Presidents we learned that a very successful Sectional Convention had been held by South Mountain, Hallville, Heckston, Kemptville and Reid's Mills Auxiliaries.

The features of the afternoon session after the President's address, which was much appreciated, and the greetings from Sister Societies (Lutheran, Methodist, and Anglican), were two addresses by Rev. and Mrs. Jas. A. Mowatt, of Honan, China.

Mrs. Mowatt spoke on the "Women's Industrial Work in Wei Ching. As she told us of the beginnings of that work, how, in order to help a starving woman, she taught her on a piece of cotton how to sew and embroider, and of how the numbers grew day by day until they had to be forbidden to come for lack of room, and of how at the present time, a commodious and perfectly equipped building has been erected, accommodating 350 workers, the fascinating story held her audience spell-bound.

The work done by the Chinese Women under Mrs. Mowatt's direction is exquisite. The beautiful linen is purchased in Ireland, is made into Lunch Sets, Table-Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Handkerchiefs, and Lingerie, with exquisite workmanship and is sold for the benefit of the Mission Work. Along with the industrial work these women are taught the refinements of life and are daily instructed in the teachings of the Bible.

The Mission Band Exercise which came next was given by five boys and five girls in different costumes representing various nations and proved very interesting, after which Mr. Mowatt addressed the meeting. He told us how the young Emperor, filled with a patriotic longing for the improvement of his country, had been attracted to the Bible by its title "The New Testament," which he interpreted as meaning "The New Treaty." Being anxious to study a new treaty which he felt might aid him in his efforts for his country, he read the New Testament carefully, and then sent to the Missionaries for a copy of the "Old Treaty," as he wanted to learn everything. The Old Testament was sent him, and the result was, his desire to introduce the Bible among the people and develop his country along modern western lines. The Dowager Empress opposed this bitterly and subsequently the Boxer persecutions arose. It was during this time that that great Christian general Fung, came in contact with Christianity through the heroism of a lady missionary, who pled with the soldiers to save the lives of some women and children who had newly arrived, but to take her life, if they must. It was without avail—all were massacred, but a great impression was made upon him, and he ultimately became the consecrated follower of Christ and leader of the Army that he is today. While millions of the Chinese Soldiers have no idea beyond robbery, looting, and killing. Through the influence of General Fung's teaching and example, practically the whole army under his control is Christian, on one occasion, 4000 being baptised in a single day. The regular army day, he has divided into three parts, one for regular



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Watch Overland (2) June 11th.

Continued on page 4.

FOREST FIRES AGAIN THREATEN LIVES AND PROPERTY IN THE NORTH COUNTRY

Situation at White River Somewhat Improved — Twenty-five Serious Fires in Sudbury District Sweeping Over Big Timber Limits—Forest Rangers and Railways Co-operating.

Port Arthur, June 1.—The situation at White River, threatened by forest fires, has improved, but the danger is by no means past, and should a wind spring up serious consequences would result.

The situation in Northern Ontario, which during the past few days has been confined largely to isolated spots, took on a much broader aspect with the receipt of reports from several sections. The spread of the danger area is indicated in the new reports which have been received.

From various points along the Algoma Central fires of more or less magnitude are reported. Further north again, on the line of the Canadian National to the east of Hornepayne, the bush fires have reached the point of destruction of homes, and at a station called Peterbelle, where are located a number of residences and stores, one has already been destroyed. Residents are burying their possessions.

Train crews and passengers, coming in from east and west, state that fires of various proportions can be seen in many directions. Atikokan is mentioned as one district.

At Graham, on the Canadian National, 104 miles west of Port Arthur, people were forced to take to the lake in boats for safety, when the flames encroached near the station. Later in the day the wind changed and relieved the situation. Graham consists of a station and a few other buildings only.

Sudbury, June 1.—With the bush as

dry as tinder and a high wind blowing, dozens of forest fires are raging throughout Northern Ontario, and unless rain intervenes shortly the situation will be fraught with serious possibilities for railway towns in the hinterland.

While admitting that the fires are of grave proportions, forestry headquarters officials here stated that the situation has been exaggerated by reports from the West, and declared that at the present time no towns along the C.N.R. or the C.P.R. are in danger. There are few farmers in the areas in which the fires are most serious, these extending largely over big timber limits, but the property loss at the least will amount to many thousands of dollars before the week is out.

There were 25 bad fires burning in the Sudbury forestry district to-day. Everything possible is being done by the rangers, despite the fact that a high wind has been blowing and the heat is suffocating. They are immensely better equipped than they were this time last year and chief rangers are moving from point to point, handling the situation. Every available ranger is on the job and the railways are co-operating in every manner, many extra gangs being out fire fighting along the lines. Ten new pumps arrived this week and are all in use. The forestry service aeroplanes have not been used, owing to the thick pall of smoke which now hovers over the entire north country.

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RIVERS RUN WILD IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA

Big Irrigation System Damaged and Houses Washed Away.

A despatch from Calgary says:—With rivers and small streams running wild, following the abnormally heavy rains of the past few days, great havoc has been caused in southern Alberta districts and in the suburbs of this city during the past 24 hours. Streams continued to rise Friday afternoon, some at the rate of three inches an hour, and rain was continuing at many points.

Serious conditions prevail at Macleod and Okotoks, where residents have been forced to abandon their homes. Several houses have been washed away at Macleod, and it was necessary for police officers to make a number of rescues during the day. The Old Man River is a mile wide at Macleod and the lower part of the town is inundated. The situation is somewhat better at Okotoks, with the water in the town receding slowly, but apprehension exists that further damage will result when the heavy flow from the mountains reaches the town.

The Elbow River, running through Calgary, was within eight inches of the 1919 high-water mark early Friday afternoon, and continues to rise. Low-lying residential property in Elbow Park is flooded, and several bridges are in danger of being swept away.

The town of High River, 45 miles south of here, is being flooded by the Highwood River.

Serious damage occurred during the day, when the Old Man River broke away the main ditch of the Lethbridge northern irrigation project's new canal, 10 miles west of Macleod. The costly headworks and dam are still holding, according to reports late Friday afternoon, with nine feet of water pouring over the crest.

Dominion News in Brief

Dawson, Y.T.—The first of the Yukon fleet of gold dredges to get under way this season started operations recently on the Klondyke Valley ground of the Burrall and Baird Co. Water for the hydraulic plants was turned into the Yukon Gold Company's ditch on May 13 for the first time this season. Winter camps of gold pay dirt are being washed up.

Vernon, B.C.—Orchards in the valley are reported to be in a very promising condition. Much is hoped from the operation of the Associated Growers of British Columbia, the new selling organization, this year, which, with headquarters here, practically controls all valley marketing. Brokerage and selling arrangements for the season are now being made.

Calgary, Alta.—For every acre of corn that was sown on Alberta lands last year, ten is being sown this year. More cream separators have been sold this year than for the same period last year. These statements are made by heads of large implement and machinery firms in Edmonton and Calgary. New farm machinery is being purchased by farmers in fair quantities, especially corn implements and lists which are gaining popularity over cultivators as being more adapted to drier areas.

Moose Jaw, Sask.—There are few signs of improving trade more certain than those contained in Customs returns. It is therefore inter-

esting to note that the figures for this port during the month of April show an increase of approximately 40 per cent. over the figures for the same month of last year.

Sarnia, Ont.—That the season of 1923 would be one of the busiest in the history of Canadian shipping was the prediction of a well-known navigation official here. He pointed out that apart from a general improvement in business conditions, it was known that a large quantity of ore would be moved from the northern mines by American freighters, and there would be little competition with Canadian lines in the grain trade in view of the fact that the ore trade was more profitable.

Quebec, Que.—Within the last six weeks, 300 claims have been registered in the counties of Temiskaming and Abitibi, the gold field of the Province of Quebec, according to official figures obtained here. Forecasts are that within a week or two prospectors, who have been waiting for better road conditions to travel north, will be able to do so without much trouble.

Fredericton, N.B.—Spruce logs are said to be selling at from \$22 to \$25 per thousand feet at Springhill, the rafting grounds on the St. John River, five miles below Fredericton. These prices for what are known as "bank logs" are near the highest level ever reached on the river and are regarded as indicative of the prosperous condition of the lumber industry.



Fritz—"I believe dis French poodle is a bull dog after all."

—From London Opinion.

INHABITANTS OF WHITE RIVER FLEE HOMES THREATENED BY FOREST FIRES

Special Trains With Steam Up Wait to Rush Them From Danger Zone—Outskirts of Town Already in Flames.

A despatch from White River, Ont., says:—This little railway town beyond the north shore of Lake Superior, which is known to fame principally by reason of the weather reports which distinguish it during the winter months, has been the centre during the past couple of days of a forest fire which has been threatening to rival in many of its features some of the most serious conflagrations that have been known in the province. For nearly a week the town has been threatened with flames, starting in the woods, gathering strength day by day as they were fanned in the dry woods, driven from tree to tree, slowly and relentlessly creeping up on the community, overcoming all attempts to check them until Thursday saw the inhabitants of the town commence a general evacuation of their homes in the face of danger that was so close at hand as to partially destroy home buildings and to threaten to take others at any time.

On Wednesday the fire, which had during the day come to close proximity, died down somewhat with a favorable wind, but early Thursday morning there was a new outbreak to the east of the town. Flames crossed the railway track, burned down the poles carrying the telegraph lines, carrying the lines of communication with them and for some hours, during

which workmen made strenuous endeavors to effect repairs, cutting off telegraphic connections with the east. In the early afternoon, after the flames had devoured a couple of houses, and the people who were not engaged in fighting them, the women and children, had begun to move out, carrying with them such possessions as they could get into suitcases, grips and bundles, the turn in the wind improved the situation and it began to look as if fears that the whole town was to be destroyed would not develop into realities.

The day was one which will never be forgotten by the townspeople. People were almost in mourning for homes which seemed to be doomed to destruction as they set about various ways of saving their valuables, when the word was given that a train had been prepared by the Canadian Pacific Railway, made up of box cars, in which the people could place their personal possessions, and which would carry them to safety in case of necessity, strange processions through the streets began. Women carrying bundles, with little children tugging at their sides, trudged through the streets toward the railway station, not knowing what was before them, while others set about burying the more valuable articles they could not carry with them. Altogether it was a scene of greatest confusion.

King Albert and Foch Among Sacred Characters

A despatch from Paris says:—Representations of King Albert of Belgium and Marshal Foch have been installed among the saints and sacred characters in the stained glass windows of the little church at Perrieres la Petite, near Maubeuge. Figures of the King and the soldier were introduced when windows, smashed by war bombardments, were being replaced.

One out of every fifteen people in Saskatchewan owns an automobile. According to the latest Government figures Saskatchewan, whose population is over 70 per cent. rural, has a larger automobile registration than any other province in the Dominion.

It is announced that the number of forest rangers in the Province of Quebec this year will be increased. Instead of 1,200 men being employed in co-operation by the Government and private firms, there will be more than 1,500 forest fire rangers on duty within a short time.



Dr. R. A. McGibbon

Dr. McGibbon, professor of political economy in the University of Saskatchewan, is one of the commission appointed to investigate the grain trade in Canada.

The sin is not in failing, but in not trying again.



LEO ROGERS, TWENTY-ONE-YEAR-OLD BANDIT, CLOSES CAREER OF CRIME

A despatch from North Bay, Ont., says:—The funeral of Leo Rogers was held on Friday afternoon from his late residence to the Roman Catholic Cemetery, where interment was the fourth to take place in the portion known as "unconsecrated ground." There was neither clergyman nor funeral service.

In striking contrast to the lone hearse that bore the body of Leo Rogers, was the procession that followed the remains of Sgt. John Urquhart, victim of Rogers' rifle, to the C.N.R. station, whence shipment was made Thursday night to Toronto for burial. Thirty members of the Provincial Police in uniform, followed the body and these were followed by members of the North Bay Masonic lodges, the slain officer having been a member of the A. F. and A. M. Six Provincial officers in uniform acted as pallbearers, while at the station a band of citizens, including Mayor McDonald and others prominent in public life, paid tribute to the valor of the dead officers.

Events in Leo Rogers' career of crime are:

1916—Sentenced to serve a seven-year term in Kingston Penitentiary for shopbreaking offences which he committed after having left school and

secured employment as a fireman on the T. & N.O. Railway.

1920—Made murderous attack while in the Penitentiary upon Inspector Walter Duncan and escaped from custody for a brief period. Was recaptured and given a 15-year term.

December, 1922—Was paroled by the Dominion Parole Board and returned to North Bay.

April 12, 1923—Was in Toronto and held up two gun shops, securing many revolvers and a stock of ammunition.

April 17th, 1923—Was arrested in North Bay on a charge of carrying concealed weapons dangerous to the public.

May 16th, 1923—Held up the North Bay courtroom with a fake revolver when brought in for his trial and effected a sensational escape.

May 18th, 1923—Shot and killed Constable Frank Lefebvre and wounded Constable McGovern in a fight when he was cornered. Made good his escape.

May 30th, 1923—Reappeared at his home at North Bay after having been in hiding for some days and shot and killed Provincial Police Constable John Urquhart, successfully effecting his escape from the house after the deed.

May 30th, 1923—Trained to woods and shot by Provincial Police squad.



To Leave U.S. Post

Sir Auckland Geddes, British Ambassador to the United States, who is shortly to retire because of poor health. He may quit the diplomatic service entirely when the debt funding negotiations are completed.

FRENCH REPUBLIC THREATENED BY PLOT

Monarchists Active Throughout Entire Country, the Government is Warned.

A despatch from Paris says:—A Royalist plot engulfing every Province and city throughout France, threatens the life of the Republic, the Cabinet told the Chamber of Deputies in the midst of scenes almost unprecedented in violence.

Minister of the Interior Manoury, speaking for Premier Poincare in the latter's absence, declared the Government will stamp out the contemplated revolution to the full extent of its power. Philip the Eighth shall not reign while the Republic retains power to administer justice, the Minister said.

After four and one-half hours of unrestrained rioting, during which sticks and fists were shaken high in the air, and fist fights often began, only to be broken off by guards, the Government felt itself shaken.

For the second time within three days the Poincare Cabinet had to ask the Chamber for a vote of confidence.

Although the leaders of the Opposition arose and said the Chamber should not overthrow the Government during the present Ruhr situation, the vote was only 379 to 191 in Premier Poincare's favor.

Thus M. Poincare loses almost 200 votes from his last Tuesday night's overwhelming majority.

A large increase in tourist traffic to the famous mountain resorts of Alberta and British Columbia is expected the coming summer as a result of the opening of the last link in the grand circle tour of the Western States and Alberta, namely, the stretch of highway between Banff, Alberta, and Windermere, B.C. The official opening of this road will take place June 30.

The total wheat production of Canada in 1922 was 899,786,400 bushels and of this amount Saskatchewan produced 250,167,000 bushels or practically 63 per cent. half as much again as the balance of Canada put together. Saskatchewan's wheat crop amounted in value to \$287,000,000, while production costs including seeding, harvesting, threshing, etc., have been estimated to not exceed \$187,000,000, leaving a net surplus of \$100,000,000.

Installation of radio broadcasting apparatus on Marine Department vessels which observe the movement of mackerel schools is announced by the Canadian Department of Marine and Fisheries. Information in regard to the schools of fish will be sent out not only by radio-telegraph but by the radio-telephone broadcasting apparatus. In this way inshore fishermen having receiving sets will have the fullest opportunity to avail themselves of the moving schools of mackerel, etc.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.23 1/2.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 54c; No. 3 CW, 51c; No. 1 feed, 50c.

Manitoba barley—Nominal.

All the above, track, bay ports.

Am. corn—No. 3 yellow, 97c; No. 2, 96 1/2c.

Barley—Malting, 60 to 62c, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, 71 to 72c.

Rye—No. 2, 79 to 81c.

Peas—No. 2, \$1.40 to \$1.45.

Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included. Bran, per ton, \$20; shorts, per ton, \$31; middlings, \$35; good feed flour, \$2.15 to \$2.25.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, \$1.25 to \$1.27.

Ontario No. 2 white oats—50 to 51c.

Ontario corn—Nominal.

Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in 48 lb. bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$5.10 to \$5.20; Toronto basis, \$5.05 to \$5.15; bulk seaboard, \$4.95 to \$5.

Manitoba flour—1st pats., in cotton sacks, \$7.10 per bbl.; 2nd pats., \$6.60.

Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, \$15 to \$15.50; No. 3 timothy, \$14; mixed, \$12; lower grades, \$8.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, track, Toronto, \$9.50.

Cheese—New, large, 19c; twins, 21c; triplets, 22c; Stiltons, 22c. Old, large, 32c; Stiltons, 33 1/2c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 85 to 86c; ordinary creamery prints, 83 to 84c; dairy, 24 to 25c; cooking, 22c.

Eggs—New laid, loose, 32c; new laid, in cartons, 36c.

Live poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 25c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 20c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 26c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; roosters, 17c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 25c.

Dressed poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 35c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 30c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 25c; hens, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 24c; roosters, 24c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 29c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 30c.

Beans—Can. hand-picked, per lb., 7c; primes, 6 1/2c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5 gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal. Maple sugar, lb., 25c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 10 1/2 to 11c per lb.; 3-2 1/2-lb. tins, 11 to 12 1/2c per lb.; Ontario comb honey, per doz., No. 1, \$4.50 to \$5; No. 2, \$3.75 to \$4.25.

Potatoes, Ontario—No. 1, \$1.40 to \$1.50; No. 2, \$1.25 to \$1.40.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 26 to 28c; cooked hams, 38 to 41c; smoked rolls, 26 to 28c; cottage rolls, 25 to 28c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 33c; special brand breakfast bacon, 35 to 38c; backs, boneless, 37 to 42c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18; 70 to 90 lbs., \$17.50; 90 lbs. and up, \$16.50; lightweight rolls, in bbls., \$36; heavyweight rolls, \$33.

Lard—Pure terrors, 15 1/2 to 16 1/2c; tubs, 16 1/2 to 17c; pails, 17 to 17 1/2c; prints, 18 1/2c. Shortening terrors, 14 1/2 to 15c; tubs, 15 to 15 1/2c; pails, 15 1/2 to 16c; prints, 17 to 17 1/2c.

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Soils and Crops

Address communications to Agronomist, 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

HELPING THE HELP PROBLEM.

Do you realize the great time-saving value of the motor-truck? A team of horses with an average load can hardly make more than five or six miles an hour on a fairly good road. Against this, the motor-truck will easily carry a larger load at a rate of from twelve to twenty miles an hour under similar conditions. Suppose, then, that a farmer has to haul milk to the railroad every morning, say a distance of twelve miles. If he uses a horse and wagon the trip will take him practically half a working day, and the services of the man who drives the team are lost during that long period. Besides, both man and horses may be badly needed for other work.

On the other hand, a motor-truck will make the round trip in a little over an hour, or two hours at the most, releasing both truck and driver for other duties.

But this saving of time, due to the increased speed of the motor-truck, has other advantages. It opens up new markets and enables the farmer at a distance, who owns a truck, to compete with the man who is nearer a particular market, for a horse can hardly haul a load more than twelve to fifteen miles and return the same day, whereas a motor-truck can easily do fifty miles during the same period. Besides, it costs more to haul farm products to shipping points by team and wagon than it does by motor-truck.

EXTRA POWER WHEN NEEDED.

An interesting example of the value of the motor-truck in an emergency came up on a farm near Yellow Springs. Two men loaded the truck with alfalfa as high as they could pitch. The load was two and a half tons. Hardly had the truck started for the road when it came upon a wagon-load of one and a half tons of alfalfa. The load had become mired in a soft spot, and the most strenuous efforts failed to extricate it. Finally the animals were unhitched and the wagon load of alfalfa was hitched behind the truck. The motor-truck, which had plenty of power, not only pulled the mired wagon out of the mud, but with the extra load in addition to its own, crossed the field and went on to the barn, nearly a mile away.

A motor-truck is intended, of course, for hauling. In an emergency, though, it can do other jobs. A farmer had sixty-six acres of wheat which had been badly tangled by storms. There was a shortage of horses, but the wheat had to be harvested. The temperature stood at 110 deg. F., making it impossible for even the few horses available to work more than an hour or two at a time.

However, a two-ton truck was hitched to a nine-foot binder and the wheat was cut in short order and without difficulty.

Similarly, another farmer used motor-trucks last season for handling wheat in the field and by their help found no difficulty in keeping up with the thrasher, which was harvesting twenty-five acres a day. During the summer season 1,000 bushels of wheat

were hauled eighteen miles every day.

In the hauling of perishable produce such as fruit and vegetables, the time gained by the use of motor-trucks is an important factor.

TRAILER CUTS DOWN HAULING COSTS.

The motor-truck trailer has shown itself to be a big helper. The trailer makes use of the reserve power of the engine. You know that the automobile or motor-truck engine must be powerful enough to enable the vehicle to climb steep grades or go through heavy roads. On a road with fairly good surface and without excessive grades, however, this reserve power is seldom used and thus becomes available for drawing a trailer.

Just as a horse or locomotive can pull a much heavier load than it can carry, it has been found that a motor vehicle can not only carry the weight which it is designed to carry, but can in addition haul a trailer or semi-trailer bearing an equal or greater load; in other words, a truck-trailer combination can haul from two to three times what the truck, tractor or automobile could haul alone. Yet, despite the greater load capacity of the combination, the added expense of operating the motor vehicle is only about 25 per cent.

The use of trailers also saves time, for the trailer can be loaded or unloaded while the motor-truck is going on another trip, and by using three trailers, one loading while a second is unloading and the third is on the road with the truck, the loss of time is greatly reduced.

THREE TYPES OF TRAILERS.

There are three principal types of trailers: the two-wheel, the four-wheel and the semi-trailer, all of which are being used by farmers, the particular type selected depending upon the individual needs and preferences of the user. As with motor-trucks, certain manufacturers of trailers are specializing in trailers especially designed for farm work. Many of the best makes of trailers now on the market embody the most approved features of the motor-truck, and are able, without difficulty, to follow in the track of the towing vehicle without wobbling, overturning or coming to grief when turning corners.

The following examples illustrate the varied uses to which the trailers are being put by farmers: farmer operates a wholesale milk route covering twenty-five miles a day with an automobile and trailer; a fruit grower hauled his entire peach crop to market with a light passenger car and a four-wheeled trailer, averaging sixty crates on each trip, the total weight of each load being thus more than 3,000 pounds; a farmer uses his light runabout with a two-wheel trailer for hauling cattle up to a ton in weight; Pacific coast farmers haul thousands of tons of hay every season by means of trucks and trailers; a wheat grower made use of several touring cars with four-wheel trailers for handling last season's crop, not only hauling the threshed wheat to the shipping point in this way, but likewise bringing the wheat across the fields to the threshing machine.—Donald McLeod Lay.

Early Sources of Nectar and Pollen.

The early sources of nectar and pollen are of great importance to the beekeeper, not from the standpoint of the surplus honey they may give, but because of the effect they have in stimulating the bees to heavy brood production and so providing a large force of worker bees in time for the harvest.

Most regions in Canada produce a fair supply of these early flowers, especially the Maritime Provinces, Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia. In the prairie provinces, however, these early sources are limited in many localities, and it becomes necessary to feed the bees in order to have them build up strong enough for the main flow.

The most important of the very early plants are the willows and maples; they grow abundantly in most parts of Canada and yield both pollen and nectar. There are many species of willow, and practically all of them are visited by honey bees. The pussy willow (*Salix bicolor*) is usually the first to bloom. Of the maples, the sugar or rock maple, box elder or swamp maple, red or soft maple, and the Norway maple are important. In British Columbia the large-leaf maple (*Acer macrophyllum*) is very important. Other plants that yield pollen at the same time are the alder, ash and elm.

A little later in the season the common dandelion and fruit bloom; apple, pear, plum, cherry and the wild fruits are very important, yielding both pollen and nectar, and in favorable seasons a good surplus may be obtained. In the prairie provinces many of the wild flowers contribute small supplies of nectar and some pollen. The bush fruits, currants, gooseberries and raspberries also furnish large amounts of nectar and, where wild rasp-

berries grow abundantly large crops are obtained.

Caragana or Siberian pea tree is also a heavy yielder and is becoming very important in the prairie provinces where it is being grown to provide windbreaks. In Manitoba and Alberta a surplus is obtained from this plant.

Horse chestnut, hawthorn, barberry, dogwood, honeysuckle, buckthorn and wild mustard also yield small amounts of nectar and are important in the aggregate.

The first shipment of Canadian store cattle for the British market since the removal of the embargo was personally inspected at Montreal by the Dominion Minister of Agriculture, Hon. W. R. Motherwell, the Deputy Minister, Dr. J. H. Grisdale, and other officers of the Department of Agriculture, as well as by several Members of Parliament. There were 427 animals in the shipment, mostly of the Shorthorn and Polled Angus types, and of good beef quality. The Minister stated his belief that the resumption after a period of 30 years, of store cattle shipments would lead to the gradual development of an important export trade.

In France the controversy between the cities and the country over daylight saving has been settled by compromise. The government orders all clocks turned ahead one half hour to conform with Strasbourg instead of Greenwich time.

Learning to cover up an aching heart, to smile when you would weep, is what everyone must learn if he would live the masterful life.

To the motorist a child on the highway is always a danger signal. When you see one ahead slow down at once; and if you are in any doubt, stop.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel.

Unspoiling the Spoiled Child—By Mary E. Underwood

"Joe is so awfully mischievous," his mother complained to me. "He simply takes the house apart. He meddles with the clock, every lock or screw, and we never know what terrible thing is going to happen next." To illustrate, she told me of an unpleasant experience which resulted because of Joe's mischievousness. One morning when he was alone in the room, he opened the telephone and loosened the wires.

A few hours afterward a neighbor hastily came to call for the doctor. The telephone was out of commission and no one present knew what to do. Joe was at school. At the supper table Joe's mother mentioned the incident. Joe calmly announced that he knew how to fix it. This he did. "And," concluded the mother, "I fixed Joe to help him remember not to meddle with the telephone again."

It was very plain that what this "spoiled child" needed was not punishment or suppression of his mechanical inclinations but a chance to make use of them. I stated to Joe's mother that if he were my boy I would see that he owned a good set of boy's tools and some good mechanical books. Joe's parents obtained the set for him and they proved to be exactly what he needed. He found great pleasure in using the tools and reading the books and before long Joe, instead of being an annoyance to everyone, became a very genuine source of pride to the household. He had a corner in the house which he called his "shop," whence emanated all kinds of original and ingenious mechanical toys.

The problem presented by the child who "cries violently until he gets what he wants" is a very common one. The child who has this habit is almost invariably a child who has learned from experience that crying hard and crying long enough is the most successful method of securing his ends. Sometimes this practice originates from

what some parents claim are absolute-ly unavoidable circumstances; one instance being a sickly child whom the parents think should not be irritated, crossed or annoyed in any way. A child so treated quickly and naturally learns the great value to himself of showing irritation. This coddling in childhood usually develops a selfish, self-centred, self-seeking adult, who in the end pays a heavy penalty for it all by being generally disliked.

This use of crying as a business method is a comparatively simple variety of "spoiledness" to cure, if the mother goes at it wholeheartedly, seeing to it that the child never gets anything by crying for it.

The child who maliciously teases animals does it perhaps because he has never been trained or taught to treat them kindly, or because he has seen those about him careless and unkind to animals. Little children are cruel without meaning to be cruel or knowing that they are cruel. Kindness and sympathy for animals can best be developed in children through actual personal experiences. Every little child should have a chance and should be required to care for some living, growing thing, animal or plant. Only through such practices can the finer human sympathies and instincts in the child be awakened and developed.

The desire of a child to tease others is often the direct result of the child's home environment. It is among the commonest of parents' sins to tease their little children. I do not need to suggest particulars here; most of us can supply them from our own experience.

Wise and loving parents will realize that if their thoughtlessness and lack of judgment have resulted in spoiling, in order to insure the happiness and welfare of these children the work of unspooling the spoiled child must be undertaken.

THE MIXED FARMER



YOU CAN'T PUT HIM OUT OF BUSINESS

The Ontario Long Course Schools

By L. STEVENSON, B.S.A., Secretary and Supervising Director, Department of Agriculture.

In Ontario, winter classes in agriculture and in domestic science are held by the Agricultural Representatives, and during the duration of the Agricultural Instruction Act 4,000 farm boys have benefited. Out of these classes have grown the junior farmers' organizations, of which there are 104 within the province, with a membership of 2,815. These organizations are the basis of the pig clubs, calf clubs, and various competitions in crop production, all of which are of great practical value. The three-months' courses in agriculture and domestic science now held at eight centres in the province are a similar development.

The Three Month Courses or Long Course Schools in Agriculture and Domestic Science, were organized in 1921-22 as an extension activity of the Agricultural Representatives Branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, in four counties, Middlesex, Huron, Peel and Wentworth. The courses were very successful, and the various groups of progressive people making use of the Agricultural Representatives' services in those counties were very desirous that the schools be repeated in 1922-23. Four other counties, Simcoe, Leeds, Prince Edward, and Peterboro asked that the Three Month School service be extended to them. This made a total of eight counties benefiting by this form of extension work during the past winter.

The Agricultural Representative selected the location for the school in his county, arranged with the municipal authorities or others concerned for the use of buildings, grants for running expenses, equipment, prizes, and other minor essentials necessary to conduct a well organized school for rural youth.

The resident faculty at each point where a school was held consisted of the Agricultural Representative, the Assistant Representative, the Domestic Science assistant and the instructor in English and Mathematics. The travelling faculty, visiting all the schools for a definite period in accordance with a well-ordered plan, was made up of the best instructors avail-

able. This faculty was composed largely of college and university graduates with teaching experience. The Domestic Science class at each school had the benefit of a resident domestic science teacher, who in turn was assisted by the visiting specialists. Classes were assembled at 9.30 each morning, except Saturday, and continued until four o'clock in the afternoon.

The regular students at the eight schools made a grand total of 239 boys and 260 girls. Many occasional students attended the classes of special interest to them. Literary and debating societies were organized in connection with each school.

The cost of these schools has been very low when compared with the cost of the permanent school, being but \$16 per student for the three month period, a mere trifle for well organized schooling in elementary agriculture and domestic science.

The schools were held at the following points, Clinton, Parkhill, Streetsville, Binbrook, Norwood, Wellington, Mallorytown and Orillia.

The classes in Agriculture received instruction in Animal Husbandry, Agricultural Botany, Horticulture, Farm Drainage, Soils and Fertilizers, Apiculture, Farm Mechanics, Poultry Husbandry, Farm Dairying, Farm Management, Farm Forestry, Economic Entomology, Elementary Chemistry and Physics, Civics and Rural Organization, Co-operative Marketing, Veterinary Science, Gas Engines, English, and Mathematics.

The classes in Home Economics received instruction in Sewing, Home Nursing, Foods and Cookery, Laundering, Household Administration, Millinery, English, and Mathematics. All Domestic Science students may elect to attend the classes in Poultry, Apiculture, Dairying, and Horticulture. Special lectures on subjects of interest were arranged from time to time.

Schools of this type take the college teaching into the back districts and reach young people who can not for various reasons attend the permanently organized Agricultural College at Guelph.

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

HOME-MADE BIRD-BATHS OF CEMENT.

A bird-bath of simplest construction, but which has been much enjoyed by the robins, blue jays, wrens, and other feathered denizens of my garden, is here described.

The cover of a large sized galvanized garbage can was used as a mold, after being carefully lined with greased paper.

The cover was filled about three-fourths full with cement; then as the cement slowly hardened, it was drawn gently and constantly with a wooden paddle, back from the centre and toward the edge, until, when the cement finally "set," it reached up to the rim of the cover at the edge, and sloped very gently and gradually downward toward the deepest part in the centre.

It was set upon a low mound of stones, about which gay red and yellow and white portulacas were planted. The birds seem particularly to appreciate the bath's being set so conveniently low that it is easily within their reach as they hop about the lawn, so that this spot in our garden is gay all summer long with bright-hued blossoms and happy feathered creatures.

A similar bird-bath was constructed by a neighbor, which, instead of being set low upon a tiny "rockery," was elevated upon a pedestal.

A cracked earthenware drain-pipe was used as the mold for this pedestal, the pipe being thoroughly greased inside before the cement was poured into it. After the cement had hardened, this mold was broken to pieces to set the pedestal free.—Harriet Joor.

TRY THESE NEW GAMES.

Here are some games that were played at a recent school fete:

Nose and toe tag furnished much amusement. If the one who was "it" tagged a contestant who was not in manual connection with his nose and toes, the unfortunate player had to become "it."

Now then, look out! If you don't want to get caught, just grab your nose with one hand, and your foot with the other. If you can keep your balance and hop around on one foot, all well and good; but if you can not, you will fall down. But whatever you do, don't let go of your nose or toes, or you will be tagged.

Ostrich tag came next. In this game none of the performers could be tagged while they slung an arm under the crook of the leg and grabbed the nose. To be seen hopping around in that position reminds one very much of the ostrich; but it's fun, just try it.

Ankle tag was a game for the girls. Here the girls to be immune from "it" would make a lunge for each other's ankles. Of course there were some falls, but it only added to the hilarity of the children.

In playing **turtle tag**, if one kept his hands and feet from touching the ground, he couldn't be tagged. At first the boys tried to fly, but in a few moments they discovered it was easier

to drop to the ground and hold their feet and hands high.

Snake and birds was played by the teachers and the children. The director of games told the youngsters that "the lovely teachers" would be the birds, which were to be caught within the circle by the snakes.

Then he called sixteen girls, and had them line up in fours. Each line of four, locking arms, formed a snake, whose business it was to kill a bird, without letting go of each other. When the head of the snake with its free arm caught hold of a bird, the rest of the snake quickly encircled it and the bird was pronounced dead and removed from the circle, while the snake went to the end of the line and the second snake was set free, and so on until all the birds were dead.

Horseback tag was the next game. Here to keep from being tagged, the performers had to straddle the backs of their fellow contestants.

The Flower Garden in Spring.

To all lovers of flowers the garden in spring is a most enjoyable place; here one meets old friends among the spring flowering plants, which, perhaps, one has watched the development of for years. In many gardens, however, there is a dearth of spring flowers, but, as there are so many hardy desirable plants, this could easily be remedied if there is the desire to do so.

As soon as the snow is gone one may have the Snowdrop, Snowflake, Crocus, Chionodoxa, and Scilla among bulbs, soon to be followed by the Daffodils and Tulips. Hardy Primulas soon mingle with the bulbs as do the Iceland Poppy, Trillium, Trollius, Dornicum, Epimedium, and other early spring flowers; while close behind are the Columbine, Bleeding Heart, Sweet Rocket and Irises, and many others.

As one looks at the garden as it now is, one can picture how it would be improved if, in another year, there were flowers where there are no flowers now; where yellow, red or white would add to the general effect; where a low-growing plant or a tall plant would improve the appearance of the border. As one is liable to forget these things after the spring has gone, a good plan is to write on a label or small piece of wood the kind of plant which is desired in each place where improvement can be made; then when the proper time for planting arrives, if such a plant is put there, it will not be long before there will be a marked improvement in the garden in spring and this method can be followed with good results for the whole season.

Let all who love flowers, then, plan for improvement in the garden next spring; a little improvement each year would soon result in a great change and make the home grounds much more attractive.—W. T. Macoun, Dominion Horticulturist.

Hitherto eggs imported into Canada in less than ten-case lots have not been subjected to inspection, and by making small consignments, shippers were able to evade the regulations. The regulations have now been amended, and all shipments of eggs in the shell will henceforth be subject to inspection and marking at the port of entry.

POULTRY

Green feed, in some form, constitutes an essential part of any well balanced poultry ration, whether for young chicks, growing stock or adult birds.

The modern tendency is to give a somewhat narrow ration containing protein in a highly concentrated form. This is particularly true with regard to poultry kept in confinement and fed heavily for egg production, as are a large proportion of the birds on our Canadian farms during at least five months of the year. A liberal supply of green feed minimizes the dangers of this system by adding both bulk and variety to the ration, and at the same time replaces a certain quantity of grain.

Green feed is valuable, not only for its succulence, which makes it palatable to poultry, but also because it contains mineral matter, including nutritive constituents, necessary to sustain life, promote growth, and assure reproduction. Foremost among these constituents are the vitamins, the absence of which from any ration, whether for humans, animals or birds, will ultimately prove fatal.

Therefore it behooves every poultry keeper, whether backyarder, specialist, or farmer, to make provision for an ample supply of green feed in some form, and in view of the shortness of our growing season, and the late spring experienced this year, no time should be lost.

Green feed may be divided into two kinds, that intended for immediate consumption, and that which is to be held for winter use. Certain varieties, however, are grown for both purposes, this being particularly true of grasses and leguminous plants.

Among the green feeds which are to be used as soon as grown, rape holds first place by reason of its quick growth, palatability and value for cleaning and freshening the yards. The best variety is Dwarf Essex and it should be sown broadcast. Under normal weather conditions it is ready

for grazing from five to six weeks after being sown.

Alfalfa makes excellent green feed for growing stock, and when cured is valuable for winter feeding. It has the added advantage of being able to withstand prolonged drought. The favorite varieties are Grimm and Turkestan.

Mangels or semi-sugar beets form the bulk of the green feed for winter use; they are easily harvested, keep well, and generally crop well. The Mammoth Long Red or Gate Post varieties are preferable, as they contain a higher percentage of dry matter. Mangels should not be fed immediately after being harvested, as when very fresh they might cause bowel troubles.

The Jerusalem Artichoke, and especially the Mammoth French White, deserves more attention from poultrymen. Extremely hardy and prolific, it can be grown almost anywhere and under any conditions. The green shoots form abundant shade and succulent feed for growing stock, the closeness of the foliage helps to choke out weeds, while the tubers keep well, are relished for winter feed for laying hens and early spring feed for little chicks.

Details regarding methods and time for planting all the above mentioned kinds of green feed will be found in bulletins 87 and 88 (second series) and pamphlet 23, which may be obtained free from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, Ont.

Better be right and poor than wrong and rich.

The gift to Canada of five breeding Shire horses, two stallions and three mares, by the Shire Horse Society of Great Britain, has been added to by Mrs. Stanton, of Derbyshire, England, who has contributed a two-year-old colt from her famous stud at Snelston, near Ashbourne. This colt is the son of one of the best bred mares in the Empire, and by a very famous sire—one time champion of the breed in the British Isles.

J. A. Campbell



Candidate for the
Provincial Election, June 25
THE FARMERS' FRIEND
Supporter of all progressive legisla-
tion in the best interests of
Dundas County

Ontario Temperance Act

Pledged to carry out vigorously
and effectively the will of the ma-
jority of the people as expressed by
the Ontario Temperance Act, inde-
pendent of what Leader may be in
power, and endeavor to eliminate
this question from any party poli-
tics.

Agriculture

An honest endeavor to re-adjust
present economic conditions as to
place agriculture and its claims to
the best intelligence, and the high-
est skill of our people, in the very
foremost of national thought. A
closer relation and more co-opera-
tion between the Federal and Pro-
vincial Departments of Agriculture.
More Liberal percentage of 13 total
revenue for agriculture. Liberal
assistance to the Dairy business in
developing best and most economic
methods of manufacture, and sale
of all farm products in the raw or
finished state.

Education

Strive to secure educational ef-
ficiency first and foremost by the
appointment of a competent Minister
of Education, not one who has to
have his policies and opinions framed
by his subordinate officers. Every
branch of education from the
Kindergarten to the University will
receive due consideration, and no
department will be dependent for
recognition on the aggressiveness of
its director or supervisor. Muni-
cipalities will be encouraged to bring
all their grades of schools and de-
partments under one Board of Edu-
cation, thus eliminating overlapping
or the undue stressing of any one
branch. In Technical and Vocational
Education, complete faith will be
kept with Boards receiving aid and
er precisely the same management
as all other schools in the muni-
cipality. An effort will be made to
bring the different class of schools
in proper relation to each other. A
more equitable system of grants for
technical and industrial education.
More liberal consideration and
grants to Urban and Rural High
Schools.

Good Roads

More effective supervision of our
present improved and constructed
highways. Not a road policy enter-
ing to the motorist and tourist, but
more special assistance in our rural
market roads. Main Highways to
compare favorably with adjacent
counties, in surface condition and
permanent efficiency.

Hydro Electric Power

Standing for the principle, that
the Province render every practica-
ble assistance, and co-operation of
the Hydro Electric Power System,
consistent with the safe and econo-
mical development and administra-
tion of Hydro, and with the financial
demands of the province as a whole,
and that every effort be made that
the service of the Hydro-Electric
be extended to the rural communi-
ties. Municipalities interested ought
to have additional representation on
the Hydro Electric Power Commis-
sion. The reservation of all water
power within the jurisdiction of the
Government for development so that
the benefits of cheap and abundant
electric energy may be extended to
all parts of the Province.

Mineral and Timber

More honest and efficient system
for the sale and disposal of timber
lands, as some instances in the past
prove waste. Closer co-operation be-
tween licensees and the government
so as to conserve the young and
growing timber. The system of fire
ranging be made efficient. The
mining industry be encouraged in
every manner consistent with the
return to the Province of a fair pro-
portion of the values. Adequate
transportation facilities be provided
for mines in remote districts. Pros-
pectors be more fully protected so
as to retain a fair proportion of
their discovered wealth. Expert gov-
ernment assistance be provided to
prospectors be more fully protected
so as to retain a fair proportion of
their discovered wealth. Expert gov-
ernment assistance be provided to
prospectors for assays and technical
advice.

Finance

Careful expenditure, eliminating
all unnecessary expense, initiating
and carrying into effect a policy of
the most rigid economy in finance.

BROCKVILLE PRESBYTERIAL

Continued from page 1.

military drill, one for learning a
trade, so that each soldier can
earn his own living after leaving
the army, and one, for preaching
the Gospel and Bible Study, in
which every soldier must take part
whether he is a Christian or not.

With heart-breaking fact he
made plain what it meant to be
in the work, to have to close up
hospitals and schools, and to
leave the starving multitudes to
die without the gospel; and because
the Church at home has not provid-
ed sufficient means to carry on. "If
he said, "Christians consider the
knowledge of Christ worthy pass-
ing on, if they know what the love
of Christ is, they withhold it from
others."

At the evening session, Rev. R.
J. M. Glassford of Winchester pre-
sided, and greetings were brought
from the Presbytery by Rev. C.
C. Salisbury. The choir favored us
with an anthem and several solos,
and Mr. Mowatt again addressed us
on the work of the Chinese in
France.

At the close the following reso-
lutions were passed:

Resolved, "That the thanks of
this Presbytery, be extended to
our hosts and hostesses who so
cordially welcomed us to their
homes and ministered to our com-
fort, to the organist, soloists and
choir, for their inspiring music, to
the officials who gave us the use
of their church, to Rev. and Mrs.
Mowatt for their earnest addresses,
and to all who in any way have help-
ed to make this Presbyterial meet-
ing a success.

On Friday morning we heard
from Miss Stewart, Hallville, an
account of the Summer School at
Whitby for Mission Workers, and
a talk on Mission Band Work by
Mrs. Riddell, Pittston. The secre-
tary, With earnest words she as-
sured us that wherever there is an
organization, there ought to be a
Band and Band Workers. No indi-
vidual need refuse to lead for lack
of proper teaching material, for
there is plenty of that. If a Mis-
sion Band fails, it is not because
of the children, nor because of the
information, it must be the fault
of an adult. Not every woman is
a leader, but very many have never
tried. If we have not bowed down
to idols of wood and stone, have
we not bowed down to idols of
ease, of pleasure, of indifference.

Vigorous reports were given by
the Cor. Secretary, and Secretaries
of Y.W.A., Mission Bands, Home
Helpers, Messenger, Library, Sup-
ply, Literature, Strangers, Press
and Forward Movement, but the
interest centred in the Treasurer's
Statement. The total amount raised
by Brockville Presbyterial during
1922 was \$4726.27. Of this amount,
Y.W.A.'s contributed \$205.40, and Bands, \$579.32, a
decrease on the part of these latter
over last year.

The Auxiliaries who increased in
their offerings during the year were
Winchester, Spencerville, South
Mountain, Prescott, Morrisburg,
Morewood, Kemptville, Cardinal,
and First Church, Brockville.

The following officers were elected
for 1923:

Honorary President, Mrs. J. Dow-
sley, Prescott.

President, Mrs. P. A. McLeod,
Kemptville.

Vice-President, Mrs. G. C. Mc-
Lean, Brockville; Mrs. R. J. M.
Glassford, Winchester; Mrs. J. H.
Anderson, Heckston; Mrs. W. Merri-
less, Iroquois.

Rec-Secretary — Mrs. Clarke
Hyndman, Hallville.

Cor. Secretary, Mrs. Fulford,
Brockville.

M. B. Secretary, Mrs. J. Riddell,
Pittston.

Y. W. A. Secretary, Mrs. McNish
Lyn.

Treasurer, Miss Cameron, Brock-
ville.

H. H. Secretary, Miss Carlyle,
Chesterville.

Messenger Secretary, Miss Gass,
Iroquois.

Literature Secretary, Mrs. E. C.
Pelton, Prescott.

Library Secretary, Miss Knox,
Cardinal.

Supply Secretary, Mrs. T. A.
Woods, Iroquois.

Strangers' Secretary, Miss Ada
Fairbairn, Spencerville.

Press Secretary, Mrs. F. L. Jobb,
Morewood.

Social Service Secretary, Mrs.
Gardner, Lyn.

Prayer was offered for the new
officers by Mrs. Bowen, Kemptville
and the morning session closed,
with hymn and prayer.

The next bala is to be packed by
St. Johns Church, Brockville Aux-
iliary and Presbyterial to be held
at Winchester.

The delegates separated for their
homes feeling that the Presbyterial
just closed had been a helpful one,
and filled with a desire to make the
record of the new year in every
way a better one. The financial ob-
jective is \$5000.00.

consistent with efficiency in the pub-
lic service.

Responsible Government
and
Ministerial Responsibility

True to the BASIC INDUSTRY
of our Province and a careful study
of the questions and issues, with-
out being influenced by partisan
politics.

Your VOTE and INFLUENCE
appreciated.

"My Hands Trembled and I Could Not Sleep"

Mr. Thomas Honey, Brantford, Ont., writes:—



"When I began taking Dr.
Chase's Nerve Food, I was so
nervous that when I picked up
a cup of tea my hand would
tremble like a leaf. I could
not sleep well, could not re-
member things, and there were
neuralgic pains through my body.
After taking seven boxes of Dr.
Chase's Nerve Food, however, I
am in perfect health."

DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

50 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Ford Owners Attention

Here's to the man who drives a car.
And here's to him who doesn't.
Here's to the one who'll learn to
drive,

Anon to him who won't.
Here's to the man who owns a Ford
And does his Ford enjoy,
The Ford doth make of such a man,
A genuine Ford boy.
Now, if Ford make of man a boy,
What wonder hath Ford wrought?
Much joy unto the heart of him
Who had a Ford car bought.
More joy unto the heart of him,
Who will himself deny,
Some paltry pleasures, that indeed
He may a Ford car buy.
The man who can't afford a Ford
Cannot afford to miss,
That which a Ford would him afford
On happiness and bliss.
—Yours for Genuine Service.

TINDAL'S GARAGE H. B. TINDAL, Prop.

WOMEN OF MORRISBURG

If you could hear Armenia's child
crying for bread,

Would you care?

If you could see it's maidens in
lives of horror lead,

Would you care?

If your child or mine were one of
that crowd,

Would you care?

Or if we ourselves were to Turkey's
power bowed,

Would you care?

Oh yes, we would care for the wail
of the child,

We would care for the Maiden with
honor defiled,

We would snatch from their sorrow
and hunger and want,

The orphan by Turkey's sword made
so guant.

We would with our means help
these pitiful ones,

Change their sorrow and wailing to
joyful tones,

Make them Citizens of Canada, our
own great land.

A happy and care-free and loving
band.

Then, let us unite to do our part,
When the Canvassers call, just open
your heart,

Give just as if 'twere your child or
mine

Needing the help in that far-distant
elime.

FOR SALE

A six Horse Power I.H.C. Gas
engine; three Horse Sawyer and
Massey separator with elevators,
both in good condition.

Persons owing me for work must
settle before the 20th of June.

THOS. REDDICK,
R.M.D. No. 1, Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

One Planet Jr. Horse Cultivator.
DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE.

BARN FOR SALE

A timber framed barn 27 feet by
21 feet. The lower part has a plank
floor and contains stable (two
stalls), carriage room, room for
windows and shutters, and wood-
shed (without floor). The upstairs
contains two rooms on an inch floor.
Apply at once to
J. C. FETTERLY,
Morrisburg, Ont.

WANTED

A reliable man to act as local re-
presentative at Morrisburg and
district, for "The Old Reliable Font-
hill Nurseries," to solicit orders for
high-class fruit and ornamental
stock. New season's business just
starting; a splendid opening for the
right man. Write for full particulars
Stone & Wellington, Toronto, Ont.
dc

DR. KENNETH A. BLANCHER

Graduate Royal College of Dental
Surgeons, Toronto.
and University of Toronto
Successor to Dr. Casselman, Salmon
Block, Morrisburg.

Open Evenings
Open on Monday, Wed-
nesday and Friday.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of *Chas. H. Hutchins*



WE SELL AND RECOMMEND Wampole's Extract of Cod Liver

The Best Tonic for
Coughs, Colds,
Influenza and Grippe

IT IS better than ordinary cough
medicines, for it reaches the seat
of the trouble, relieves the cough
and supplies continual treatment to
build up the system to withstand
future attacks. A splendid blood
and body-building tonic for both
young and old who take it regularly.

Price - \$1.00

D. T. Henderson
REXALL STORE
Morrisburg Ont

POULTRY WANTED

I am in the market to pay the
highest prices for aged hens, also
in the market to buy empty bags
and all kinds of junk. If any for
sale drop me a line or phone No.
63W.

H. AGULNIK,
Morrisburg, P. O. Box 17.

AUCTIONEER

For the Province of Ontario
Terms Reasonable
Phone at my expense to
Morrisburg, Phone 76J
THOS. IRVING, Morrisburg

HAVE YOUR CAR REPAIRED NOW

A few weeks more will bring
good roads and the demand for re-
pairs will be greater than we will
be able to take care of. It is there-
fore advisable for you to bring
your car to Harback & Barr's Gar-
age at once, where they guarantee
their work.

We have a stock of the very best
Diamond, Dominion and Dunlop
non-skid tires, at bargain prices
that command your attention. These
tires will go fast, at the price we
are selling them, so come early and
don't be disappointed.

HARBACK & BARR
Main Street Garage, Phone 78.
Morrisburg, Ontario.

CANADIAN NATIONAL

WEST BOUND—

1.21 p.m. daily for Prescott, Brock-
ville, Kingston, Trenton, To-
ronto and all points west.

10.18 p.m. daily for Prescott, Brock-
ville, Kingston, Trenton, To-
ronto and west.

7.40 p.m. daily except Sunday for
Prescott, Brockville and in-
termediate stations.

EAST BOUND—

4.30 a.m. daily, 7.26 a.m. and 4.04
p.m. daily except Sunday;

3.30 p.m. and 5.00 p.m. Sun-
day only. For Cornwall, Co-
teau Jct. Ottawa, and Mont-
real, where close connection
is made for all points in New
England States, via Central
Vermont Railway, also for
New York via Rutland Rail-
way, and the Maritime Pro-
vinces via C. N. Railway.

For tickets and all information
apply to,

MRS. K. M. MCGANNON,
Town Ticket Agent.

J. F. MYERS,
Station Ticket Agent

CHESTERVILLE CITIZENS' BAND

Under the leadership of Mr. Bur-
ton formerly of the 42nd Battalion
Band Over Seas, are open for en-
gagements, lawn parties, fairs, etc.
Write for prices and let us take
care of the musical end for you.

DR. S. H. HUTT, Pres.
W. O. DIXON, Sec.



Examine the Seams

After cleansing any garment or
material with **SURPRISE** ex-
amine the Seams. You will find
that **SURPRISE** has done its
work thoroughly; and the article
is truly clean.

The Separator with One-Piece Bowl

You needn't worry about the capacity—if
you buy or already possess a

MAGNET Cream Separator

When you enlarge your herd, just send your machine
to the Magnet Works and its
capacity can be promptly
changed at low cost.

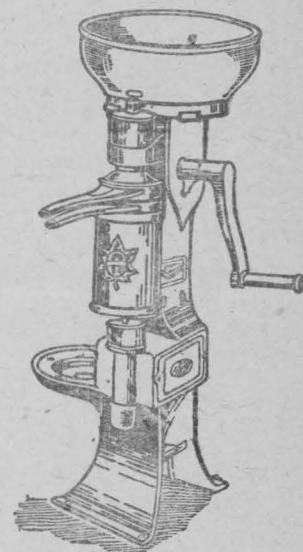
Magnet square-cut gears
are easy to turn and assure
long life. Thousands of Mag-
nets are running after 20 years
service.

The Magnet's large, open,
one-piece skimmer is easiest to
keep sweet and clean.

Prompt Service

Our machine shops are
equipped for quick repair
work.

Write for prices on new
capacity for your Magnet—or
for any information desired.



The Magnet Separator Works

Proprietors: R. A. Lister & Co. (Canada), Ltd.

Hamilton, Ontario

Branches:
Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Edmonton.

EASY TO CLEAN

Just use soap and hot water to clean
SMP Enamelled Ware. It is so clean
and so pure. As smooth as china
and as strong as steel. And no metal
touches the food. Be sure you get

SMP Enamelled WARE

Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearly grey enamel
inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue and
white outside, white lining; Crystal Ware, three coats, pure
white inside and out, with Royal blue edging.

The Sheet Metal Products Co. of Canada
Montreal Toronto Vancouver Winnipeg Calgary

CASTORIA

FOR FLETCHERS
CHILDREN CRY

CASTORIA

FOR FLETCHERS
CHILDREN CRY

Do not suffer
another day
with itching,
bleeding or pro-
truding Piles.
No surgical
operation re-
quired. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you
at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c a box,
all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited,
Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this
paper and enclose 2c. stamp for postage.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. Kempfield Beckstead and Miss Verna Harriman motored through here enroute to Ottawa on Sunday.

Miss Ethel Whittaker spent Sunday the guest of Mrs. Wilbert Johnson.

Mr. George Seekings was a guest at the Temperance House last week.

Mr. J. J. Morrison of Toronto spent a couple of days last week the guest of Mr. C. E. Merkley.

Mrs. Tom Robinson and Miss Mary Mallen spent Sunday at Mr. Luther Barkley's.

Miss Mary Barkley is visiting her sister, attending the wedding of her niece Miss Lera McIntosh.

Miss Belle McMillan is spending a couple of weeks with her mother Mrs. Anson Becker.

GLEN BECKER

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Sad Mrs. Harry Bowman.

Mrs. Thomas Casselman of Williamsburg spent a few days last week at Mr. Dalton Saddlemire's.

Mr. and Mrs. Mason Barkley and Master Claude motored to Cornwall and spent the day with Mrs. Barkley's parents there.

Mr. and Mrs. Saxon Hess and family were visiting at P. J. Reddick's recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lane Boucks Hill, were visitors at Mr. Charles Watson's on Tuesday.

Messrs. Harvey and Oman Beckstead are busy working for Mr. McIntosh on the good roads between Williamsburg and Winchester Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Saddlemire and Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Beckstead motored to Brookville, on Wednesday and spent the day there.

CHURCH ROAD

Mr. Ed. Beckstead, Williamsburg, and Mr. Ashley, Ottawa, were business callers through here last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Styles, Riverside, spent Friday evening at R. J. Swerdfeger's.

Mrs. Roland Froats was a recent guest of Mrs. Wm. Dafeo.

Mr. and Mrs. John Froats, Mariatown, spent the week-end with their daughter, Mrs. Dafeo.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Casselman and son Robert Jr., of Massena, spent Tuesday at R. J. Swerdfeger's.

Mr. Sydney Dafeo and daughter, Miss Florence of East Williamsburg, were guests at Wm. Dafeo's Sunday.

Messrs. King and Schell made a business trip through here on Monday.

Mr. Reuben Swerdfeger celebrated his 84th birthday Monday.

Jas. J. Styles spent a few days at Massena this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Swerdfeger spent Sunday with friends at Aultsville.

Guests at P. D. Schell's on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Forward and family and Mr. and Mrs. Corry Brown and daughter, Thelma, of Williamsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray Styles were guests at Mr. D. Boucks, Boucks Hill, on Sunday.

Mrs. Melinda Casselman returned to her home at Morrisburg after spending a few days with friends here.

MOREWOOD

Mr. Leslie Moore of Ottawa spent the holidays at Mr. Frank Fraser's.

Visitors at Mr. Jacob Swerdfeger's over the week-end were Messrs. Lloyd Merrill, Walter York and Emerson Swerdfeger of Ottawa and Miss Luella Swerdfeger of Whitby and Mrs. R. A. Glasgow and son Milfred.

Miss Hilda Swerdfeger spent Monday with Miss Ayla Beckstead of Chesterville.

Miss Minnie Coulthart is spending sometime with friends at Canto, N.Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Colin Nadeau of Chesterville spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. John Nadeau.

Messrs. Frank Dodge and Harold Meikle of Cardinal were calling on friends here last week.

Miss Mabel Paulkner of Ottawa is spending her holidays with her father, Mr. Howard Paulkner.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Swerdfeger and children and Nephew Keith McConnell spent Thursday with friends in Morrisburg and Boucks Hill.

CEDAR GROVE

Mr. and Mrs. Colin McMillan of Cornwall spent the week-end at Mr. Sellin Shaver's.

Miss Lena Hollister of Ottawa spent the week-end with friends in the Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Fincham and children of Louisville Landing, N. Y. visited Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Jarvis on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Crites and son Elburn visited Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Ezard, Pleasant Valley, on Sunday.

Mr. W. Crites of Gallingertown spent Monday with his son, Milton of this place.

Dr. Bush and Miss Eva Eamon of Osnabrock Centre were callers in the Grove Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bogart and son Earnest, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Shaver of Goldfield spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Dafeo.

Miss Fern Gallinger of Gallingertown spent a few days last week

with her cousin, Miss Muriel McConnell.

Mr. Archie McColl had the misfortune of having his foot badly crushed while hauling gravel from Gallingertown on Monday.

Mrs. A. Heag was in Cornwall on Wednesday.

MARIATOWN

A very quiet marriage was solemnized on Monday evening at the Rectory when Archdeacon Carson united in the Holy Bond of Matrimony, Mrs. Dorothy Tye and Mr. Harold Colle of Mariatown.

The many friends of the happy couple wish them many happy years of wedded life. They will reside in west-end of our town.

COLQUHOUN

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Cook and family of Aultsville spent Sunday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Bouck.

Mr. and Mrs. John Farrell and baby Douglas, spent Saturday afternoon at Mr. T. Black's.

The stork visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Earl Droppo on June 1st. Earl has been all smiles ever since—It's a girl.

Mrs. P. Robins is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. James Russell.

Mr. Oliver Gallinger and sister, Ethel were callers at T. Black's on Tuesday.

Mr. Malcolm Beckstead of Williamsburg and Mr. Snyder of Spencerville were business callers in Colquhoun one day last week.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Zeron and daughter of Osnabrock Centre spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Harvey Wells, this week.

Mrs. Melissa Summers and daughter, Mrs. W. B. Castleman, spent Thursday at Mr. James Salmon's.

Mrs. Milfred Schwedfeger of Froatburn spent the week-end at Mr. John Willard's.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Wells and family, Cedar Grove spent Sunday with friends in our Burg.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wells and family spent Sunday with their daughter, at Grantley.

Miss Ruby Watson, Newington, spent the week-end at her home here.

Mrs. Melissa Summers, Farras Point, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Castleman, for a couple of weeks.

Mrs. Ed. Hart and Mrs. James Cooper and daughter Violet of Cornwall, are spending a couple of days with their brother, Mr. John Hart.

Guests at Mr. Walter Watson's on Sunday were Mrs. Meredith Garlough and Masters Gerald and Donald and daughter Zola of Williamsburg.

Mr. Percy Wagner and sisters, the Misses Annie and Doris Wagner of Morewood and Mr. Sanford Wells and sister, the Misses Edna and Hilda.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wells and family spent Sunday with their daughter at Grantley.

GALLINGERTOWN

Spring seeding is nearly through and the late rains have improved the appearance of the growing crops.

Mr. A. W. Weagant spent the week end at Wales with Mr. Geo. Sampson.

The funeral of the late Mrs. N. Dillabough was held at Osnabrock Centre on Tuesday. The service was conducted by Rev. A. W. Stewart of Aultsville. Interment was made at Williamsburg. A number of friends from Williamsburg and Morrisburg were present.

Mrs. Clara Baker of Archer is spending this week with her aunt Mrs. C. Gallinger.

Mr. C. Baker, H. Gallinger, F. Cunningham, E. Dennison, S. Heagle and A. W. Weagant attended the council meeting at Osnabrock Centre on Tuesday.

We are pleased to hear that Mr. R. S. Weagant, who has been quite ill is improving.

Miss Marie Warner of Osnabrock Centre spent the week-end with her cousin, Mrs. Fred Gallinger.

Wm. Stidwell and Mr. McLain of Cornwall were calling in Gallingertown.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Nell and Mr. and Mrs. A. Collins motored to Cornwall on Saturday evening.

S. S. NO. 1, WILLIAMSBURG

Sr. IV—Eva Smith 78 per cent. Ray Castleman 71, Phyllis La Belle 70, Donald Casselman, 69.

Jr. IV—Mildred Duval 48.

III—James Price 86, Ralph Froats 84, Irene Castleman 80, Gilbert Smith 80, Annie Casselman 73, Clayton Duval 64.

II—Alice Wilkins 90, Gerald Price 77, Clifford Duval 71, Gwetta Castleman 65, Hakes Casselman 57, Frank Smith 56.

Class 2, Part Second—Patricia Dillabough 71, Joyce La Belle 63, Keith Castleman 61, Helen Froats 60, Ruth Stata 54, Jean La Belle 53.

Class 1 Primer—Denzil Dillabough 87, Geraldine Hutt 62, Jacquelyn Tye 57, Paul Smith 54, Violet Smith 49, Gwendolyn Hutt 47.

M. MOORE, Teacher.

MRS. NANCY DILLABOUGH

On Sunday, June 3rd, there passed away at the home of her son-in-law, Mr. Darwin Weegar, Osnabrock Centre, Mrs. Nancy Dillabough, in her 74th year. She was born at Dunbar, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Levi Oudekirk, and was highly respected throughout the county.

She is survived by three brothers Aaron Oudekirk of Madrid, N.Y., Nelson of Elko, Nevada and Anthony, of Calgary, one grand-daughter, Mrs. George Weegar and one grandson, Dwight Weegar of Osnabrock Centre.

The funeral took place on Tuesday at one o'clock, Rev. Stewart of Aultsville, officiating. Interment was made in the family plot at Williamsburg.

Present at the funeral were, Mrs. H. M. Oudekirk, Morrisburg, Mr. Aaron Oudekirk, Madrid, N.Y., Mr. Andrew Barkley and wife of Elma and Mr. Oscar Beckstead, Elma.

Watch Overland (?) June 11th.

I DO WANT TO GO TO Business School

Let me hear you say, "I do want to go to business school" and I will tell you if the business world is anxious to have your services.

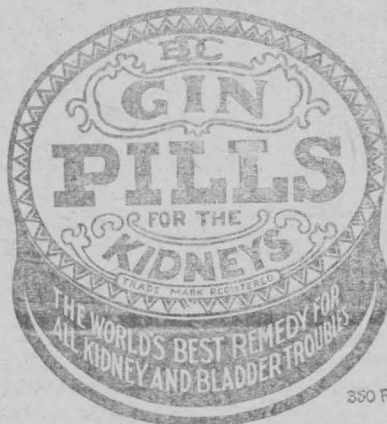
I can tell by the way you say it. Do you emphasize "do"? There are plenty of boys and girls who would like to dream themselves into good jobs and never get there.

The Do-ing kind get into action and reach the goal of their desires.

Our catalogue tells you all about our different courses of study, tuition rates, etc. Write for your copy today.

CORNWALL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE

Cornwall, Ontario



Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

In the Old Stand

We wish to announce to the people of Morrisburg, Matilda and Williamsburg, that we have purchased the goodwill and business of Mr. O. P. Snyder, who has for the last number of years carried on a Flour and Feed business in the Farlinger block, and at this old familiar stand we are now prepared to cater to the requirements of the purchasing public in the FLOUR & FEED Line.

It will be our ambition at all times to keep our stock so assorted as to best meet the requirement of all who may favor us with at least a share of their valued patronage. We shall endeavor at all times to keep our prices as low as possible consistent with good quality.

If you have been a customer of Mr. Snyder's, we hope you may continue to make this place of business your headquarters.

If you have not just formed the habit of frequenting the Old Stand, we would respectfully solicit a "Once Over" from you.

We assure you that if favored with your business, we are prepared to give you as good value for your money as is possible to get in any part of the Province where freight rates are equal.

In order to meet the competition in our line, we must buy for cash, and to do this requires that goods must be turned over on a Cash basis, by doing this we believe we can render you a service never before surpassed in this community.

Thanking you in anticipation of being permitted to cater to your requirements.

We beg to remain at your service,

W. S. L. MERRILL & SONS.



PROOF that the Ford is recognized as a farm necessity, is shown by the fact that when the Committee on Agricultural Conditions investigated the prices of things entering into farm production, they investigated the price of Ford Cars to the exclusion of every other make of car.

RALPH G. FETTERLY MORRISBURG, ONT.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, FORD, ONTARIO

COMING

Mr. Sol Allen, with



The Mad Charge of the Light Brigade into the Mouths of the Russian Cannon at Balacava is the most glorious escapade in the pages of history, and now becomes the most thrilling spectacle ever staged in Motion Pictures.

Smashed all Cinema Records in England, eclipsing "Birth of a Nation," "Hearts of the World" and the "Four Horsemen"

Star Theatre

Wed. & Thurs. June 13, 14

Admission, Adults, 50c; Children, 25c.

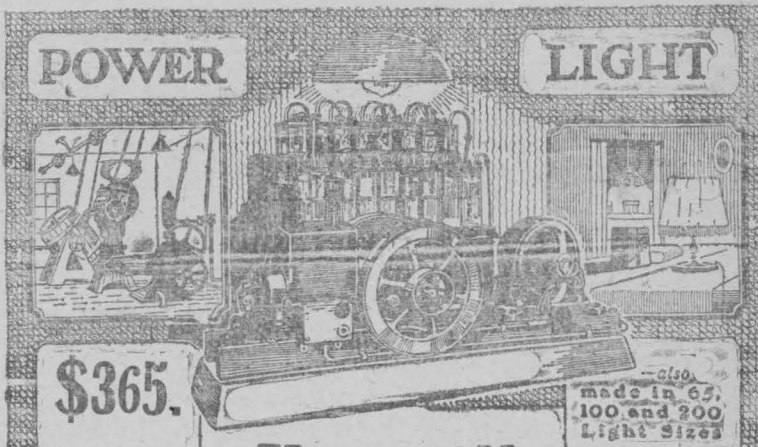
War Tax Extra

CARD OF THANKS

I take this opportunity to extend my most cordial thanks to all my friends for their good will and patronage during the past eight years, while I have been merchant in flour and feed in Morrisburg.

And I ask you to continue to extend the same generous support to my successor, Mr. W. S. L. Merrill, to whom I have sold the business, and who will continue in the old stand, former Molsons Bank Building.

OLIVER P. SNYDER.



You will quickly realize its worth on the farm

The instant you press the button, your house, stables, cellar, garage and barnyard can be brilliantly lighted by electricity, produced by

The "F" Power and Light Plant

It also provides ample power to drive your separator, pump, grindstone, churn, washing machine, and any other light machinery.

Runs six hours on one gallon of kerosene or distillate. Equipped with famous "Z" engine, 1 1/2 h.p. Self starting and easily operated.

Come in and see the plant in operation.

GUY E. LOUCKS

Williamsburg, Ont. Agent for

Labor Saving Equipment



CORNWALL

GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by: Fees from paying patients. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.

Donations and subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

YOU ARE ASKED TO ASSIST IN THIS WORK

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to ap

ARTHUR FLYNN

BARRISTER, ETC.

MORRISBURG ONTARIO

IRWIN HILLIARD, K. C.

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for the Molsons Bank. Large amount of private money to loan on easy terms.

R. F. LYLE

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for the Bank of Nova Scotia and for the Municipality of Morrisburg. Barry Block, Main Street Morrisburg, Ontario

Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

R. LINK

MORRISBURG, ONT.

Licensed Auctioneer

For County of Dundas

The Finest Green Tea

is undoubtedly

"SALADA"

It is pure fresh and wholesome and the flavor is that of the true green leaf.

On the Fringe of the Pampa

—BY EDWARD WOODWARD.

PART II.

The oncoming horse must have wined the stallion, for he swerved violently, nearly unseating his rider. With a gasp Thorp lowered his rifle. It was not Cortz who had followed him, but the girl—Megan Meredith! With a feeling of annoyance Thorp saw her flying black hair against the sky, and as he sprang to his feet she reined up beside him.

"Megan!" exclaimed Johnny Thorp, catching her bridle as the horse shied at his sudden appearance. "What are you doing here?"

"Doin'?" panted the girl, breathless from her rapid ride. "Doin'! I've quit!"

"Quit!" Concern jolted the word from Thorp's lips. "Quit what?"

"The saloon," returned Megan calmly. "Borrit would sure have killed me, after guessing I'd given you the tip 'bout the dope, and flinging the water bottle when he drew on you! Uncle don't stick at trifles like murder when he gets real testy. He's just mad with a broken wrist; so I made tracks."

Thorp cursed into the gloom.

"Where are you going?" he asked.

Megan, the saloon girl, leaned forward in her saddle, and looked deep into the eyes of the onetime London clubman.

"That's for you to say, John Thorp," she said in a low voice. "I've friends at Endosa, north of Otron. If you'll take me there, I'll be safe!"

She paused with a faint anxious smile on her lips. "If not," she added, "reckon I'll have to kick around your stamping ground for a while. You're the only man who's ever treated me like I was a Christian, and if you're going north, guess that's my direction as well!"

"Megan," he said. "Isn't there somewhere around here where you can find shelter? It's a week's journey to Endosa; I'm traveling mighty light of stores, and sleeping rough."

Megan laughed shortly.

"Guess where you sleep suits me!" she said. "I'll be a lot safer with you on the Pampa than anywhere around San Latois, with Gideon Cortz hanging about."

A vagrant thought slipping into his mind caused Thorp to speak suddenly and brusquely.

"Whose horse is this you're riding?"

"Don't know," replied Megan. "It's the first I could grab. From the fork in his ear I guess he's one of Lloyd's troupe."

There was a sardonic note in Thorp's chuckle. How like a woman, he thought.

"So that if I take you along to Endosa," he said slowly, "I'll run the risk of being had for horsetealing as well as abduction! Either is a lynching job!"

Without a word she pulled her blue roan round, and set him in motion toward San Latois.

Johnny sprang after the girl.

"Where are you off to now?" he queried.

"Guess I never thought of it the way you say," said Megan, a tremor in her voice. "I was just scared silly when I came away; but if it's going to bring you trouble, I'll go back and take what's coming to me!"

Something in the girl's tone softened Thorp's heart.

"Don't be a little fool, Megan!" he said. "I'll see you safe to Endosa."

The rule of Patagonia pampa traveling is a minimum of stores and a maximum of speed. Thorp, caught unprepared, certainly had the minimum of stores; but with this girl to look after, he guessed the speed would be slow.

For a couple of hours they pressed forward in silence. Johnny was vexed

and concerned over his new responsibility.

They camped for the night in a valley sheltered from the wind, and here Johnny made a fire of scrub, and after brewing tea, and dividing some of his store of bread and meat, he unstrapped his sleeping bag, and spreading it out by the fire, indicated it to Megan, who sat watching him.

"You crawl into this, when you're ready," he said. "You'll need all the warmth you can get just before dawn."

Megan shook her head; and the light of the fire showed a hint of a smile hovering round her lips.

Thorp gave a motion of annoyance. "Don't be silly," he said brusquely.

"You'll catch your death of cold if you don't; and you're less of a burden well than sick. I'll be well enough round that bluff with a horse blanket and my cloak."

The girl bit her lip at Thorp's candid words; and with a shrug of her shoulders let him go.

For long after he had wrapped himself in his rug and settled down to sleep, Thorp lay listening to the swish of the hobbles on the horses and thinking of the scrap of womanhood who, with the assurance of her limited knowledge and outlook, had intrusted herself to his care. His thoughts slipped back to another woman away in England, and with grim lips he steeled himself against any softness creeping into his heart.

"If God made women, the devil gave them their brain and nature," was his embittered attitude; and he fell asleep cursing the caprice of the saloon girl who was taking him a hundred or more miles out of his course.

He was up and about again before dawn. Megan was still sleeping, and a twinge of compassion came to Thorp as he glanced at her beautiful pale face. Then he roused her.

"Hallo!" she said, opening her eyes wonderingly. "Is it time to move?"

I was just dreaming I was in—a sort of heaven! Guess it's this saloon bag!"

"Breakfast's ready," said Thorp, an unwilling smile forcing itself to his lips. For a second the girl lay still; a suggestion of question in her expression. Then she sprang to her feet, with a little fluttering sigh ending in a laugh.

She looked a wonderful vision at that moment. The lingering languor of sleep gave an added softness to her eyes; her lips, parted in a shy smile, showed a row of small white teeth; and as Thorp gazed at her, a sudden, tense silence enshrouded them. It seemed as though he were about to say something, something of tremendous importance to them both; then suddenly his eyes and lips hardened, and taking up his gun, he strode away.

That day they rode through a country of bald grass hills, hummocking on every side; blotched and pimply with scrub.

At midday they made a brief halt for food, and the meagreness of their stores appalled Johnny, as he made the division. If they wished to avoid the risk of starvation they must press forward with all haste, and so, after the scantiest period of rest, they continued their trek.

Megan got into her saddle with a groan; and as they rode forward Thorp noted that she was hard put to it to hide her fatigue; but he could think of no remedy for the discomfort, and it was not until toward evening that he realized the girl was "all in."

He saw her sway in her saddle, and he knew that all hope of reaching their destination before their food supply petered out had vanished.

They bivouacked early that night; and Megan dropped from her horse like a stone as they halted. Thorp lifted her up gently and carrying her to the shelter of a bush. He lit a fire and with the tenderness of a woman, helped the aching girl into the sleeping-bag. Then rigging up a windshield with his cloak and horse cloth, he sat down to watch over her.

The warmth and merciful stillness lulled her to sleep; and as the man watched, he realized that this little daughter of the wild was breaking down the barricade he had erected against the wiles of her city-dwelling sisters.

Thorp had sat thus for an hour or so when glancing down he was surprised to see Megan's dark eyes open and fixed on him. There was an all-understanding look in her eyes; it was as though she had been reading his thoughts. With an effort he pulled himself together.

"Feel rested?" he asked.

Megan sighed.

"Yes," she said; and fell silent again. She still watched Thorp, and presently the man looked away; those dark, trustful eyes were unmaning him. Suddenly Megan's voice broke the stillness.

"Have you ever been in love, John Thorp?" she asked.

Thorp's lips set hard in a bitter line and his nostrils twitched.

"Why do you ask?" he murmured.

"Because," whispered Megan, "I think you have; but they say you hate women. That's not true, is it?"

Thorp's eyes looked steadily into the girl's.

"Yes," he said. "That is quite true."

"But you have been in love," insisted Megan. "Tell me, what happened?"

With his eyes on the blackness of the surrounding night, he told her in brusque, bitter words, the story of his disillusionment and pain. How, when misfortune had overtaken him and he had lost his wealth, his young and beautiful wife had left him and their three-months-old daughter for the wealth of another man. How, disregarding his appeals, she refused to return. He told of the death of the child, the pain and horror of the divorce, and how he had come away to Patagonia with a heart of lead, to forget.

It was the first time Thorp had revealed his soul to a living creature; and the recital left him white and panting.

"That's what love has done for me," he finished. "Had my wife stood by me I could have pulled the rags of my possessions together, and made a new garment of prosperity and happiness! Now I'm alone on the fringe of the pampa."

For a space there was silence; then Megan's voice sounded.

"No one is happy alone, John Thorp!" she said.

With a sudden movement Thorp bent forward. Then he checked himself, and rising to his feet, walked away into the night.

During the next two days, travel on account of Megan's exhaustion was slow; and although they had long evenings by the campfire, the note of comradeship struck on the evening when Thorp had told of his past was not sounded again.

It became increasingly evident to Thorp that at the present slow progress starvation faced them. The food store was nearly done, and game was scarce in that region. He attempted to hoodwink Megan by pleading loss of appetite and not eating his share; but the girl watched him too closely to believe that story. She saw the hunger in his eyes; and once when Johnny had declared at midday that he was bang off his feed, Megan, without a word, walked to the pack and replaced her share of bread and meat.

"What have you done that for, Megan?" asked Thorp. "You must be hungry."

"John Thorp," she said, "guess I can starve just as well as you! I've watched you for these last two days, and you've not eaten a boy's share."

Thorp laughed harshly.

"Why should I do that if I were hungry?" he asked.

"Because you're a man," replied Megan. "Because you're a gentleman! You've just got to rearrange your ideas about women, John Thorp! There are things they can do you think they can't; and there are things they can't do you think they can. They can love truly and forever; but they can't eat when the man they are with goes empty!"

He felt his limbs tremble, and his heart thud and hurry in his breast. Could he be the man?

"Megan!" he said. "Megan!" Tremor of lip pinched his voice to silence; and there was the love of all women in Megan's eyes as she raised her hands to his shoulders.

"Johnny!" she said. "You're a fool! A brave fool, but a blind one! Because one woman double-crossed you, you think the whole world's wrong. The pampa can't give you comfort; only a woman can do that!"

Still Thorp remained blind, and his arms hung limp at his sides.

"I have nothing to offer a woman now," he said.

"No man with health and strength and an honest heart can say that, Johnny—Johnny!"

Suddenly Megan's use of the affectionate form of his name came to Thorp's realization, and in a second his arms were round the girl.

"My darling," he said, his voice hard and strained. "Megan, my dear, I love you!"

Megan Meredith raised her face to his.

"I know, Johnny," she said flushing. "I have known ever since that first morning when, after staring at me, you suddenly went away with your gun to look for game that wasn't there. I guessed it long before that, when you used to come into the saloon, but I didn't know it for certain till then."

Thorp's lips met hers and hunger was forgotten.

They were married a week later at Endosa; and John Thorp's dead past is buried on the fringe of the pampa. (The End.)

Minard's Liniment for Coughs & Colds

A Fair Guess.

Salesman—"A velvet hat, madam—what size would your husband take?"

She (buying his birthday present)—"Let me see—I really don't know—but he takes sixteen in collars, so I suppose his hat would be about nineteen or twenty."

The little industrial city of Puteaux, France, has attracted attention by building ten five-storey apartment houses to be occupied only by families in which there are children. The apartments are unusually attractive, and the rents are less than a thousand francs a year, which is cheap. Now that the way has been pointed out, other French cities are planning to follow the example of Puteaux.

It is all that some men can do to keep from being done.

NURSES

The Toronto Hospital for Incurables, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York City, offers a three years' Course of Training to young women, having the required education, and desirous of becoming nurses. This Hospital has adopted the eight-hour system. The pupils receive uniforms of the School, a monthly allowance and travelling expenses to and from New York. For further information apply to the Superintendent.

The Woman of To-Day

MANAGEMENT OF HOUSE PLANTS.

Windows opening to the south are usually preferable to those with western outlook. During the winter days the latter will receive but little sun, and that too horizontal. Windows looking to the east may be occupied by a few plants, and are, in fact, for palms, ferns and similar shade-loving sorts, desirable.

Where it is difficult to obtain a suitable compost an admixture of street sweepings with fresh garden loam will answer; but if only a small amount of soil is needed it will be wiser to buy some prepared compost from a florist.

Pots used, unless new, should be soaked and scrubbed. Never use pots too large; a small plant growing in a great quantity of soil will not remove much water by transpiration.

For seedlings or rooted cuttings the pot is loosely filled with sifted soil, and the plant placed in a finger-hole made in the centre. The soil is then pressed into place and well watered.

Before re-potting, remove a quarter inch of so of surface soil, thus disposing of any weeds or slime. Next, place half an inch or an inch of compost in the bottom of a pot, put in a plant, and add enough soil to fill the space. Then furnish a slight covering of fresh surface. The soil-level should be from half an inch to an inch below the edge of the pot. The hole at the bottom must not be clogged; it is necessary to provide drainage. Pots up to four-inch need not have the hole shielded. Above this size, an inch or two of broken pot might be placed in the bottom and covered with sphagnum or rough sod, to keep the soil from washing down and filling the spaces.

Through lack of food a plant sometimes does not make good growth. So long as the roots have not become bound it need not be re-potted; indeed, this would offer a needless check. Scrape away the surface soil down to the roots and replace by a rich soil containing twenty-five per cent. of ground bone.

Provided the plants have proper drainage water should be applied until it runs through the bottom. Too frequent watering is often a cause of non-success; it wets the surface soil so much as to keep the air out. The soil becomes sour and the water does not penetrate to the roots of the plant—the only place where it will do good. Dwelling air is usually dry—a condition inviting to the red spider. Dryness may be decreased by evaporating water in the room and by syringing foliage on bright days. Thickly-leaved plants may be sponged off with water containing whale-oil soap. Also, give a little ventilation on pleasant days.

At night plants do best in a temperature 10 or 15 degrees lower than they need during the day. Most species used in the house require no more than 50 or 55 deg. F. at night, and they will not suffer if the thermometer falls to 40 deg.—though such a temperature maintained for a good while would check growth.

Frozen plants should be thawed out slowly. Remove from direct sun-rays and keep at a temperature of 35 to 40 deg. until thawed. If cold water is used the temperature must not rise above this. Water at 50 to 60 deg. will probably harm plants more than if they are allowed to thaw themselves out.

Fitness of plants for house purposes may be largely determined from structure and general appearance. Those with thick leaves and a small, glossy surface are but little affected by a dry temperature; while plants with small, thin leaves quickly dry up. Deciduous plants that show bare stems in winter are least decorative. All plants needs rest, but those which rest during the summer should be chosen: begonias, abutilons, callas, cyclamen, geraniums, heliotrope and

THE PREVENTION OF DIPHTHERIA.

Chinese primroses; also the flowering bulbs—hyacinths, tulips, narcissi, etc.

Almost all newly born children are immune to diphtheria. The immunity is inherited from the mother, who like most adults in unaffected by the disease. But the immunity of the child differs from that of the adult in that it usually wears off during the first year of life; it is passive, like the immunity that follows injecting antitoxin. The immunity of the adult, on the other hand, is natural, or active, and is acquired by repeated slight exposures in which each time a small dose of the virus is absorbed—not enough to excite the disease, but enough to cause a reaction in the system and to bring about an antitoxin-forming habit.

Similarly in the manufacture of antitoxin a horse is injected repeatedly with minute but gradually increasing doses of toxin of diphtheria, under the influence of which his system produces a large amount of antitoxin, and he becomes immune. The antitoxin is then removed from his blood and is used in curing or preventing diphtheria in children. As a matter of fact the child could be made immune by received repeated injections of very minute doses of the diphtheria poison, but so many injections would be required that the method would be impracticable save in exceptional cases. Fortunately, it has been discovered that by combining antitoxin with the toxin much larger doses of the toxin can be given with safety without wholly destroying its antitoxin-stimulating action, and thus as a rule instead of a long succession of injections only three are necessary.

The injections are made under the skin at intervals of a week; at the end of three weeks there is usually a complete immunity, which lasts for several years or for life. The injections are followed by more or less swelling and by local tenderness and a general feeling of discomfort that lasts for two or three days, but the unpleasant reaction is a small price to pay for freedom from such a disease as diphtheria.

DANDRUFF.

Dandruff is a very common complaint, which exists in several varieties, the medical name for the most common being seborrhea sicca. Sometimes it comes in little patches, at other times it is uniform over the entire scalp, or it may attack the margins of the hair, the eyebrows, the beard, or portions of the face, neck and ears that are not hairy.

Any systemic disturbance that lowers the vitality may lead to this condition. Constipation, indigestion, the excessive use of alcohol or tobacco promote it. Local causes are wearing of heavy, ill-ventilated hats and failure to give regular attention to the scalp. Man, not being blessed or bothered with hair to the extent that woman is, does not bestow anything like the attention upon it. His hair-dressing is satisfactory to him if it assures a fairly straight parting along the side or in the middle, and as he grows older nature frequently endows him with a permanent parting, so that he gives it less concern than ever. This is bad for the circulation of the scalp which requires regular stimulation by a good brush.

The treatment demands a general body-building course. Every bad habit must be set aside and all chronic ailments, such as constipation, indigestion, and low nutrition must be cured.

The first thing in local treatment is to remove the crusts. You will probably lose some hair in doing so, but it will be of such low vitality that it would not stick on much longer, anyway. Soak the patches with some oily fluid, such as olive oil or vaseline. Use enough to permeate the crusts, rub it



Lifebuoy may be safely used on the tenderest skin.

It is wonderfully cleansing for little hands, faces and bodies.

Lifebuoy babies have beautiful healthy skins.

In several times in twenty-four hours, and wear a flannel cap at night while the treatment is going on. When the soaking is complete wash the scales away with warm water and tincture of green soap, using a good lather. Dry the scalp thoroughly and anoint with a small amount of zinc oxide ointment, since your scalp becomes red and tender.

After your scalp is thoroughly clean, keep the circulation active by daily brushing and by massage with the finger tips. Allow plenty of ventilation in all your head covering, and remember that the real cure depends upon removing all systemic disturbances and building up your body.



And Then, of Course, Wins.

"Now, tell me, what do you get out of playing cards?"

"I often get a good deal out of it, my friend."

Minard's Liniment for Corns and Warts

Two Kinds of Religion.

A visitor inquired of his host's little son: "Do you go to school now?"

"Yes, sir!"

"And what do you learn—reading, writing, sums?"

"Oh, yes, and I learn religion, too."

"Religion?"

"Yes, I learn the religion which teaches that we all come from Adam. But my elder brother is in a higher class; he learns the religion that teaches that we all come from monkeys."

Embroidery, Crochet, Fancy Needle Workers

We sell your goods on consignment. Send a stamp for reply.

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The more you use them—the better you'll like them!

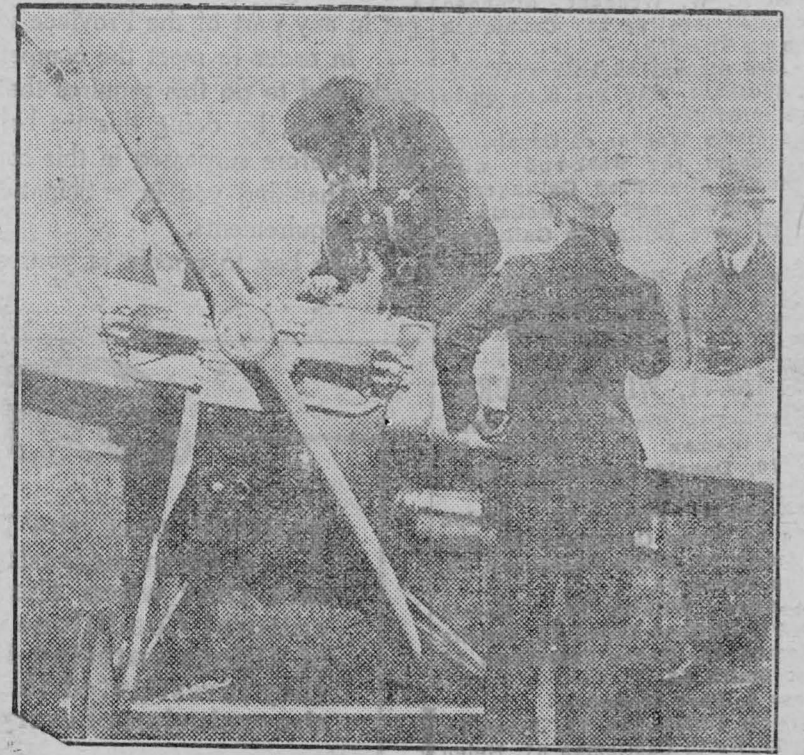
ON SALE EVERYWHERE IN CANADA ASK FOR THEM BY NAME

SMART'S LAWN MOWERS

CANADA'S BEST!

It isn't possible to build a better lawn mower than SMART'S. Smart's Mowers have proved their superiority wherever grass is grown. Easy running, keen cutting and absolutely guaranteed.

ASK YOUR HARDWARE MAN JAMES SMART PLANT BROCKVILLE ONT.



CROSSED CHANNEL IN GLIDER

A French airman, Georges Barbot, has made a new record by crossing the English channel in a glider with a very small engine, generating fifteen horse power. His feat introduces the day of the air "flier."

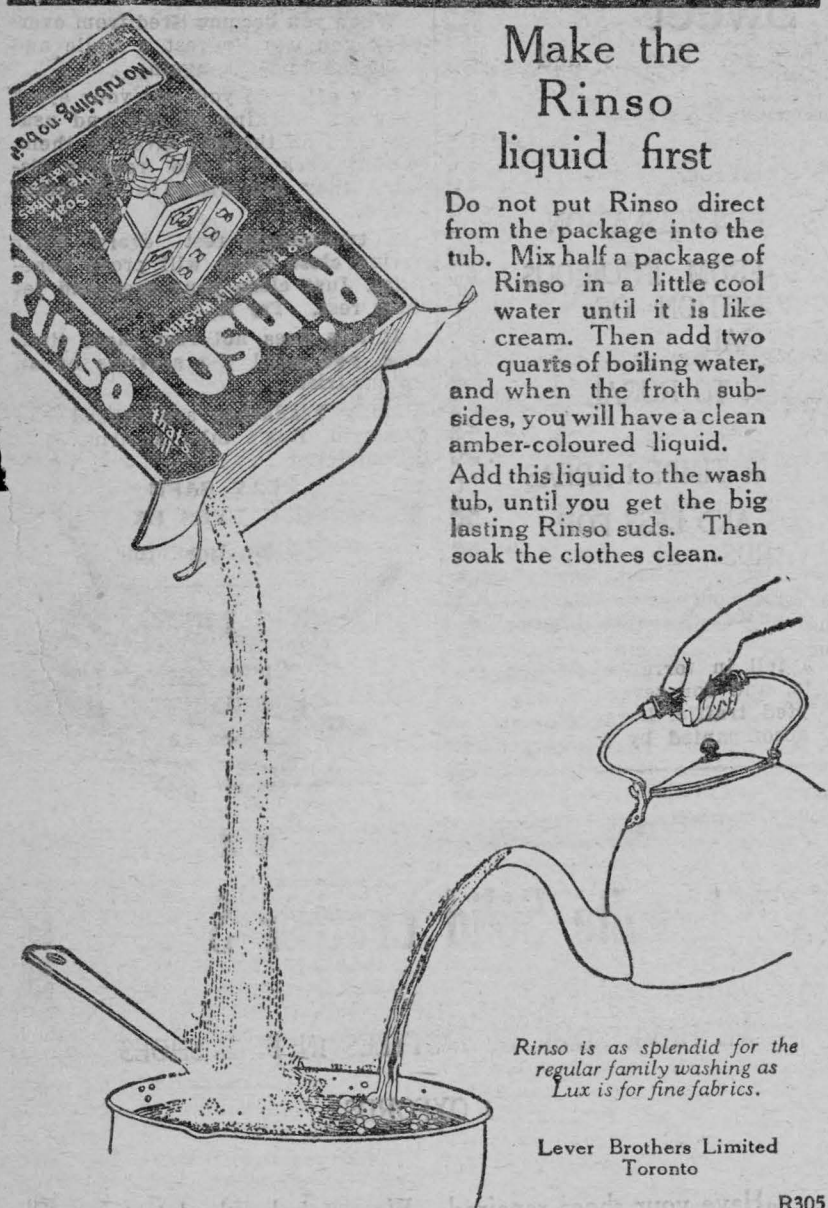
After Every Meal

WRIGLEY'S

Chew your food well, then use WRIGLEY'S to aid digestion. It also keeps the teeth clean, breath sweet, appetite keen.

The Great Canadian Sweetmeat

FOR BETTER DIGESTION



Make the Rinso liquid first

Do not put Rinso direct from the package into the tub. Mix half a package of Rinso in a little cool water until it is like cream. Then add two quarts of boiling water, and when the froth subsides, you will have a clean amber-coloured liquid. Add this liquid to the wash tub, until you get the big lasting Rinso suds. Then soak the clothes clean.

Rinso is as splendid for the regular family washing as Lux is for fine fabrics.

Lever Brothers Limited
Toronto

R305

Surnames and Their Origin

GOWER

Racial Origin—Welsh.
Source—A place name.

Welsh family names are not always borne by those of Welsh blood, though it is a fairly safe assumption that where a Welsh family name is found there also you will find at least a portion of Welsh blood.

It was quite possible, however, in the period of family name formation that a Norman or a Saxon Englishman, having settled in some section of Wales, would most naturally find himself tagged with a surname indicative of a Welsh place name, inasmuch as the place names all about him would be Welsh. And it is true that an exceptionally large number of English have settled in Wales.

The family name of Gower, therefore, is one of those which might be borne by Englishmen as well as those of pure Welsh extraction.

It is simply the name of a place in Glamorganshire, and according to the Welsh spelling it is not Gower but "Gwyr," though the pronunciation is about the same. The meaning of the name is an inclosed, a round or an encircled place. In this instance the

place is virtually encircled by the sea and certain rivers and streams.

ARGYLE

Racial Origin—Scottish.
Source—A locality.

You will have no difficulty whatever in guessing the source of this family name if you are at all familiar with the geography of the British Isles, for you will recognize it as an extensive shire on the west coast of Scotland.

If you bear the family name, the chances are in favor of your ancestry on the paternal side tracing back through the male line of Gaelic origin, for the name of Argyle is simply the modern form of "Earra Ghaidheal," which means the land of the Western Gael, and which is referred to by Grant as "the breeding place of the Gael."

The family name, however, while Scottish in the sense that it is the name of an ancient Scottish shire, is English in its method of formation. For the Gaels of Scotland, like those of Ireland, nearly always formed their family names from given names or from clan names, and such names as this, when found among them, indicate the presence of English influence.

THANKFUL MOTHERS

Thousands of mothers throughout Canada—many of them your neighbors—speak with thankfulness concerning the use of Baby's Own Tablets. Once they have used the Tablets for their little ones they would use nothing else. The Tablets are an absolutely safe medicine for even the youngest baby, being guaranteed by a government analyst to contain neither opiates nor narcotics or other harmful drugs. Concerning them Mrs. David McRobb, Divide, Sask., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and have found them so satisfactory I would not be without them." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.



A Dreadful Possibility.

His Mother—"Go and wash your hands and face, Bobby. I'm expecting Mrs. Pokenose here any minute."
Bobby—"But s'pose she don't come at all after I've gone and washed my hands and face?"

MONEY ORDERS.

It is always safe to send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five dollars costs three cents.

Snappy.

Tactless Hostess (on seeing her nephew's fiancée for the first time): "I should never have known you from your photograph. Alan told me you were so pretty!"
Guest (coldly): "No. I'm not pretty, so I have to try to be nice, and it's such a bore. But perhaps you haven't tried?"

Goodness is the only investment that never fails.—Thoreau.

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Warned by Their Dreams.

The late Lord Dufferin dreamed one night that he was in a hearse on its way to the cemetery. The features of the driver were impressed on his memory when he awoke. A day or two later he was on the point of entering a lift at an hotel, when he recognized the lift attendant as the driver of the hearse he had seen in his dream.

He stepped back and the lift attendant without him. As it neared the top something broke. It crashed to the bottom, killing everyone in it.

Lord Roberts recorded a remarkable dream warning. In October, 1853, his father, to whom he was acting as A.D.C., at Peshawar, had issued invitations for a dance.

Two days before it was to take place he was silent and despondent during breakfast, and eventually told his son he had had an unpleasant dream, which has visited him several times before, and had always been followed by the death of a near relative.

As the day wore on his depression grew and he wanted to put off the dance. His son dissuaded him, but that night the dream returned and the dance was postponed. "The next morning," wrote Lord Roberts, "the post brought news of the sudden death at Lahore of the half-sister with whom I had stayed on my way to Peshawar."

One night in November, 1850, Tennyson dreamt that Prince Albert, the Prince Consort, came to his bedside and kissed him, whereupon he remarked to himself in his sleep: "Very kind, but very German!"

Next morning came Queen Victoria's letter offering him the position of Poet Laureate, an offer prompted, as he discovered, by Prince Albert's high opinion of "In Memoriam."

For more than a hundred years the Chinese people have drunk no milk because a Chinese empress who was tender-hearted and thought it a mean trick to deprive calves of their nourishment issued an edict against drinking milk. The Chinese have now begun to use it again, but it will be a long time before there are cows enough in China to supply milk for all the people.

Better really be than seem to be
Better for the foot to slip and not
the tongue.



THE GERMAN REPARATIONS
Mademoiselle France (to Germany)—"In you go!"
—From London Opinion.

HAVE YOU ANY OF THESE SYMPTOMS?

If You Have, You Are in Need of a Tonic Medicine.

Are you pale and weak, easily tired and out of breath on slight exertion? Are you nervous? Is your sleep disturbed? Do you wake up in the morning feeling as tired as when you went to bed? Is your appetite poor, your digestion weak, and do you have pains after eating?

If you have any of these symptoms you need a tonic, and in the realm of medicine there is no better tonic than Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which enrich the blood, restore shattered nerves and bring the glow of health to pale cheeks. The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is shown by the case of Mr. Horace Cuphill, Woodward's Cove, N.B., who says: "The first indication that my general health was not good was a shortness of breath after the least exertion. Then my appetite began to fail, and after eating it seemed as if there was a lump in my stomach. I grew so weak that I could not walk a hundred yards without resting. Then I was taken with a numbness all over my body and was in a sad plight. I was under a doctor's care, but as I was not getting better, I decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. The first few boxes did not seem to help me but my wife asked me to continue their use and I got four boxes more. Before these were gone I could eat a fair meal, the numbness was leaving me and I was feeling much better in every way. I took the pills for a while longer, and felt that I was again a well man. I still take the pills occasionally, but have had no return of the old trouble."

You can get these pills from any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Saving Migrating Birds.

A Dutch ornithologist has hit upon the simple plan of having perches placed under the shutters to save migrating birds from being killed by dashing themselves against the lenses of the great lanterns of lighthouses, when attracted and confused by the glare. Perches for thirty thousand birds have been set up, and at Brandaris Light on the island of Terschelling twenty thousand birds have been seen perching on them.

There is no more inconceivable folly than this continued riot of expenditure on battleships at a time when great masses of humanity are dying of starvation.—Herbert Hoover.

Look to Your Eyes

Beautiful eyes, like fine teeth, are the result of constant care. The daily use of Murine makes eyes clear and radiant. Enjoyable. Harmless. Sold and recommended by all druggists.

Keep Stomach and Bowels Right

By giving baby the harmless, purely vegetable, infants' and children's regulator, MRS. WINSLOW'S SYRUP brings astonishing, gratifying results in making baby's stomach digest food and bowels move as they should at teething time. Guaranteed free from narcotics, opiates, alcohol and all harmful ingredients. Safe and satisfactory.

At All Druggists

A Child Asks.

"Where has yesterday gone?" (Hark to the prattler!) Yesterday, my child, has gone into our memories—or hearts; Sometimes we would forget . . . but it lives still And we are made of joys and griefs and hopes Of yesterdays.

"Why is to-morrow?" (Listen to the child!) To-morrow, Like a clean sheet of paper, is ours to write on, And we record, when it is given us, What yesterday has taught. If we make mistakes— And we all make mistakes—or if we waste Our paper with our silly blots or scribbles, Another sheet is given us to write on: The day-after-to-morrow.

Yesterday was today, my child; to-day We make the memories which will be yesterday's; And soon to-morrow will be to-day, And we shall have—and everyone will have— One more clean sheet to write a record on.

—Robert Withington.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

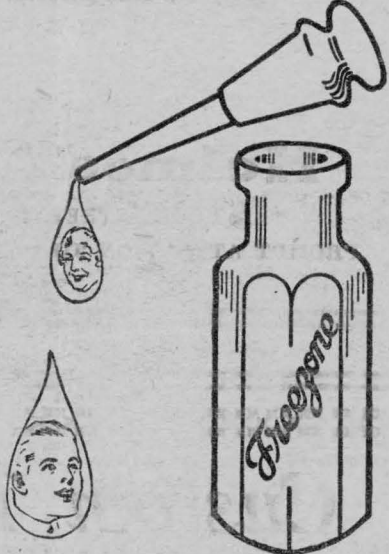
Old Captain Hennessey, although quite feeble, is proud of his age. He always induces strangers to guess how old he is, and when, out of courtesy, they misjudge him ten or fifteen years to the sunny side, he will titter triumphantly, "Stung again! I'll be eighty-six my next birthday."

A Parliamentary candidate in the midst of a stirring address was struck by an ancient egg full in the face. Pausing to wipe away the contents of the missile, he continued, "I have always contended that my opponents' arguments were very unsound."

When an employee ceases thinking of the business as "ours," he is greasing the skids.

CORNS

Lift Off with Fingers



Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little "Freezone" on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then shortly you lift it right off with fingers. Truly! Your druggist sells a tiny bottle of "Freezone" for a few cents, sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calluses, without soreness or irritation.

ISSUE No. 22—23.

MRS. YOUNG GAINS THIRTY-FOUR LBS.

Declares Tanlac Restored Her When Stomach Trouble Had Almost Wrecked Health.

"I weighed only a hundred and four pounds, my face was sallow and sunken and I was thin as a rail. But since taking Tanlac I weigh one hundred and forty-eight, have the rosy cheeks of a school girl, and enjoy good health for the first time in fifteen years." This remarkable statement was made recently by Mrs. Bella Young, 98 Cathcart St., Hamilton, Ont. "The last year of my sickness I was near a nervous breakdown, and my appetite was so poor even the odor of food sometimes nauseated me. Headaches, pains in my stomach and back nearly set me wild and I would walk the floor for hours. I got so weak I could hardly stoop over to lace my shoes, and my housework was a burden.

"The Tanlac treatment gave me a wonderful appetite, built me up till friends wondered at my great change, and I always feel strong and well. I will never cease to praise Tanlac." Tanlac is for sale by all good druggists. Accept no substitute. Over 37 million bottles sold.

Tanlac Vegetable Pills are Nature's own remedy for constipation. For sale everywhere.

Sins of the Fathers.

Tommy—"How far is the earth from the sun?"
Father—"I'm sure I don't know."
Tommy—"Well, I hope you will feel sorry to-morrow when I am being punished for your ignorance!"

Be Safe!

Don't wait for someone to be in pain to get Kendall's Spavin Treatment in the house. For all external hurts and pains —for all muscular troubles. Kendall's Spavin Treatment makes good.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN TREATMENT
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Classified Advertisements.

OWN A FARM ON LAKE ERIE, IN WESTERN Ontario, the Florida of Canada. Send for full information and our special thirty day offer of free return trip; grow the big money crops. Fruit, tobacco, corn, beans, etc., in addition to general mixed farming. Success Real Estate, Blenheim, Ont.

Pussy's Safety.

Four-year-old Bobby was stroking his cat before the fireplace in perfect content. The cat, also happy, began to purr loudly. Bobby gazed at her askance for a while, then suddenly seized her by the tail and dragged her roughly away from the hearth. His mother interposed: "You must not hurt your kitty, Bobby."

"I'm not," said Bobby, protestingly, "but I've got to get her away from the fire. She's beginning to boil."

If you would please, allow yourself to be instructed in much that you know by men who are ignorant of the subject.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

DOG DISEASES
and How to Feed
Mailed Free to any Address by the Author,
H. Clay Glover, Co., Inc.
129 West 24th Street
New York, U.S.A.

Attractive Proposition

For man with all round weekly newspaper experience and \$400 or \$500. Apply Box 24, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide Street West.

FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES, SWELLINGS

Use the Old Reliable.



MRS. MISENER'S ACHES AND PAINS

Vanished After Using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

"Branchton, Ont.—"When I wrote to you for help my action was mostly prompted by curiosity. I wondered if I, too, would benefit by your medicine. It was the most profitable action I have ever taken, I heartily assure you, for through its results I am relieved of most of my sufferings. I have taken six boxes of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Blood Medicine, and I can truly say I have never been so well. I had suffered from pains and troubles since I was fifteen years old during the 'Great War' period and on munitions for two years, in the heavy lifting which my work for, I strained myself, causing inflammation from which I have not untold agony, and I often had to go to bed. I had doctored several years without getting relief, when I started to take medicines."—Mrs. GOLDWIN MISENER, Branchton, Ont.

Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for a free copy of "Ailments of Women." a

ASPIRIN

UNLESS you see the name "Bayer" on tablets, you are not getting Aspirin at all



Accept only an "unbroken package" of "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin," which contains directions and dose worked out by physicians during 22 years and proved safe by millions for

Colds Headache Rheumatism
Toothache Neuralgia Neuritis
Earache Lumbago Pain, Pain

Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets—Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetate of Salicylic Acid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Stove repairs ordered for any range.

MORASH FOUNDRY

Mrs. A. A. Summers is spending a few days in Canton, N.Y.

Miss Rita Pariseau spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. John Barkley of Montreal, spent the week end in town.

Dr. G. M. Gorrel spent the week in Westport.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Irvine, Inkerman spent Sunday with her father, Mr. Jas. Gillespie.

Mrs. Daville of Toronto was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. George D. Melkie a couple of days this week.

Special Sale of Wash Materials. All the popular goods at reduced prices.—D. C. Bush.

The Misses Jane and Sadie Dillen are spending the weekend in Ottawa.

Mr. Archie Carson of the Theological Seminary, New York City, is visiting his parents, Archdeacon and Mrs. Carson.

The Misses Ault returned home the first of the week after spending several weeks with their sister, Mrs. Rae.

Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Lavis and little daughter of Montreal were the guests of the former's mother, Mrs. M. E. Lavis, over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Bennett of Montreal were holiday visitors at the home of Mr. J. W. Sutfell.

Miss Lillie Baker returned home the latter part of last week, after spending several months with relatives and friends in Cobourg and Toronto.

Mrs. N. A. Mattice and daughter, Mrs. Ed. Peters of Detroit, Mich., are visiting at the home of Mrs. Eliza Loucks and Mrs. Harry Pyper.

Drs. John D. Flagg and Charles E. Flagg of Buffalo, N.Y., accompanied the remains of their mother, Mrs. Lucius Flagg, to Morrisburg, for burial last week and spent a couple of days in town.

Do not miss seeing our Volles, Crepes, Ratines, Ratine Volles, Booth Zephyrs and Gingham.—D. C. Bush.

Mr. Stewart Melkie of Philadelphia, Pa., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. D. Melkie.

Mr. and Mrs. Pringle Marshall, of London, Ont., are visiting with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Marshall.

Mr. Robert Buchan, of the staff of the Bank of Nova Scotia, North Augusta, motored to Morrisburg and spent the week-end with his mother, Mrs. Jas. Buchan.

Rev. Wm. Mackintosh of Stratford, Ont., will conduct services in the Presbyterian Church, Morrisburg, on Sunday, June 10th, both morning and evening.

Mrs. Wm. Robertson underwent a successful operation for appendicitis at the Cornwall Hospital the last of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Dawn of Ottawa, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. McMartin, Monday. Mrs. McMartin motored into Ottawa with them to spend a few days.

The many friends of Miss Audrey Allison were shocked to learn of her sudden illness which compelled her to undergo an operation for appendicitis, in Toronto, Thursday evening. Latest reports state that she is progressing favorably.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Gamble of Prescott, Mr. and Mrs. Redger Gamble, Massena, Mr. and Mrs. Homer Gamble and daughter, Lillian, Massena, motored to Morrisburg on Sunday and spent the day with relatives.

The candidates who were nominated at the U.F.O. convention held at the Springs Friday last and who retired in favor of Mr. Casselman were: Joseph Louden of Brinston, A. E. McGruer of Brinston, Patrick Kirby of Chesterville, Charles Marcellus of Dunbar, Robert Cartner of Ormond and Mr. Thos. Houlehan of Chesterville.

Don't miss the Womens Institute meeting next Monday, June 11th, at 8 o'clock in the library rooms. Important matters re summer's program are to be brought before this session and delegates chosen to attend the District Annual at Winchester on Wednesday, June 13th; also the representative of the Wear- ever Aluminum Co. will demonstrate various cooking devices at the close of the afternoon's program, and a piece of aluminum will be presented. The ladies of town and vicinity are invited to attend.

Watch Overland (?) June 11th.

Rev. H. Kraft, Mr. John F. Casselman and Mr. Jesse Casselman, Riverside, are attending the Lutheran Synod of Central Canada in Hamilton this week.

New Paisley and Egyptian Voiles, and Silks.—D. C. Bush.

There will be an all day meeting in the mission hall, Sunday, June 10th. Services 10:30; 2:30, and 7:30. Rev. J. E. Carson, Presiding Elder, will be in charge.

Money to loan in large or small amounts on farm security at reasonable rate of interest and easy payments. Also several choice farms for sale. Fire and Life Insurance—Frost & Weed Implements.—J. A. Riddell.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Smith and family of Toronto are visiting the latter's brother, Mr. Chas. Smith.

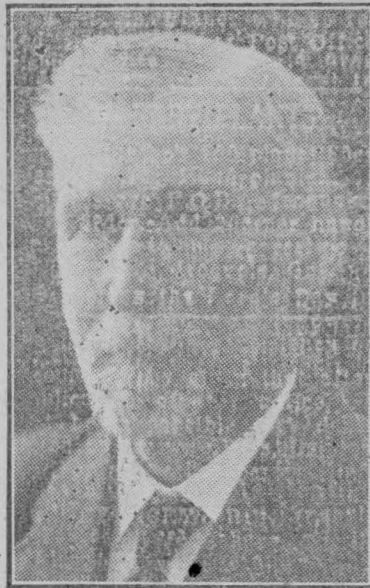
Rockwell's Sunny South Co., 25 colored Musicians performers are coming to the Music Hall Saturday evening, June 9th. It is months since we have had an opportunity of listening to good music and having a hearty laugh. The ice jam and the coal shortage kept the house closed since last Sept. So Saturday night will see the house packed. The wise will have their seats reserved in advance at Chalmers. Prices, children, 35c; adults 50c and 75c, plus war tax.

Mr. Tom Robinson returned to Poughkeepsie, N.Y., after spending the last two weeks with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Robinson.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Montgomery, Victoria, B.C., Mrs. McLean of Brockville, Miss McArthur of Brockville, and Mrs. Mott, Ogdensburg, spent a few days the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Rob. Greer this week.

Invitations are out for the exercises of Commencement Week for the class 1923, at the University of North Dakota, Grand Forks, and among those graduating in the Degree of Bachelor of Arts we notice the name of Mr. Thomas D. Lyle. The new Bachelor is a son of Dr. Wm. D. Lyle, of Havana, N.D., and a nephew of our townsman, Mr. R. F. Lyle, Barrister.—Congratulations.

The second annual Field Day conducted by the Junior Farmers of Eastern Ontario will be held at Kemptville Agricultural School on Tuesday, June 12th. A full program of sports for young men and women will be run off. Lunch will be served by the school at noon and also in the evening. This is a splendid opportunity for the boys and girls to visit the school and spend a



Mr. Aaron Sweet

The Liberal-Conservative Candidate for Dundas and What He Stands For

ECONOMY IN PUBLIC SERVICE

NO BACKWARD STEP IN TEMPERANCE LEGISLATION

RELIEF TO THE DAIRY INTEREST FROM INJURIOUS LEGISLATION AND THE PROMOTION OF AGRICULTURE IN GENERAL

EXTENSION OF ELECTRIC POWER TO RURAL COMMUNITIES

REFORESTATION AND GUARDING OUR TIMBER AREAS

MORE MONEY FOR RURAL ROADS AND LESS FOR EXPENSIVE BOULEVARDS

Mrs. Agnes Madden, aged 68 years died in the Providence Hospital, Moose Jaw, Sask., death being due to pneumonia. She leaves one daughter, Mrs. T. A. Robinson, Moose Jaw, and five grandchildren. Mrs. Madden left Morrisburg last October for Moose Jaw, and her remains were brought to Morrisburg for burial, arriving on Sunday

last. The funeral service took place at St. Mary's Church, Monday, Rev. Father Meagher officiating. Interment was made in St. Mary's Cemetery.

Although no serious damage was done, the storm which visited this community on Tuesday, was one of the worst ever experienced. Rain

which fell in torrents, flooded the streets, and for several hours interrupted traffic. Large hail stones fell, accompanied by a heavy gale.

Tevan's

The Place for—
Men's Suits.
Boys' Suits.

Rain Coats, Men's Work
Shirts, Pants, Overalls Caps.

BOOTS and SHOES

At Very Reasonable Prices.

J. S. TEVAN & CO.

MORRISBURG - - ONTARIO

SANITARY PLUMBING

Sanitary Equipment for

HOMES, SCHOOLS AND CAMPS

Examine the condition of your present system, and if they are not found Sanitary, allow us to solve your problem with a

WATERBURY WATERLESS SYSTEM

Guaranteed by the Makers and has the approval of the Leading Health Authorities

Sold by

Holmes & Swayne

LOCK STREET, MORRISBURG
PROMPT ATTENTION TO OUT-OF-TOWN CALLS

Custom Tailoring

STYLE, FIT AND WORKMANSHIP
GUARANTEED

Frank Stewart,

MORRISBURG,

MERCHANT
TAILOR

ONT.

DO YOU REST YOUR EYES?

When you become tired from overwork you usually rest a while and are fresh to work again.

How often do you rest your eyes? They are working all day and usually with no thought given to them. If your work is at the reading distance they are under a constant strain.

A two-minute rest every hour during close work will prove beneficial. Just close your eyes and let them rest. Try it.

If this does not rest those tired eyes, you need the services of an Optometrist.

Many headaches are caused by eyestrain. Don't take Aspirin, use Optometry.

PLAY SAFE

HAVE YOUR EYES EXAMINED
Phone for Appointment

J. MILES WHITTEKER

Optometrist

MORRISBURG

Phone 18

Granite Solid Leather Shoe

WE HAVE SOME NEW STYLES IN FINE SHOES
AND OXFORDS

Have your shoes repaired. We repair by the latest up-to-date machinery, using XXX Oak Tanned Leather. This is your guarantee of long wear and value for your money.

RUBBER FOOTWEAR VULCANIZING

A. G. TAYLOR

Actual Results 1923

ORDINARY LIFE, AGE 35

20 year deferred dividend, amount\$1000
Policy No. 17965, issued 1903. Annual premium \$27.40
Total premium paid\$548.00

CHIEF OPTION AT MATURITY, 1923

1—Continue the policy as a participating contract (subject to the continued payment of premium) and (a) withdraw the surplus in cash \$321.00; or (b) If in good health apply the cash surplus in purchasing a participating bonus addition of\$561.00
(2) Convert the policy into a paid-up policy for \$1,110, participating in cash profits every five years.

(3) Surrender the policy for\$635.00
Reserve\$314.00
Surplus\$321.00
Total cash value\$635.00
Excess over premium paid\$87.00
In addition to protection for twenty years.

T. E. CLELAND

Phone 60-r-1 District Representative
THE GREAT WEST LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

Portland
Cement
in Stock

ESTATE W. H. McGANNON

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

OPERA HOUSE

Sat. June 9

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