SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.

The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XIV NO. 21. CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1907. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

The Bank of Ottawa.

Savings Department.

Deposits of $1 and Upwards, Received.

Interest Paid 4 Times a Year.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH.

C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

Fine :-: Tailoring

W. J. NASH,

Chesterville. - - Ont.

Union Bank

OF CANADA.

Notice to Savings Bank Depositors.

The Union Bank of Canada will hereafter pay interest on Savings Bank Deposits

4 TIMES A YEAR.

Deposits received of $1.00 and upwards. Interest allowed from date of opening account.

Crysler Branch.

J. E. J. ASTON, Manager.

W[illegible]NTED!

A thoroughly co[illegible] stenographer. Employment pleasant. Good salary.

Are You Trained to Take the Above Position.

If Not Write at Once to the

Brockville Business College.

W. H SHAW, President. W. T. ROGERS, Principal

N.B. New Term just opened. Students are allowed to enroll at any time.

JAMES CURRIE

LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont, Dundas, Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.

Farmers' Insurance Companies

—The Popular and Reliable—

GRENVILLE PATRON MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company

Insures farm property against loss or damage by fire or lightning.

The Ontario Farmers Weather Insurance Mutual Company

Insures against loss or damage to buildings or contents, by Wind Storms, Cyclones or Tornadoes.

The Western Assurance Company

Accept a general insurance on all classes of property wherever situated. Capital $2,000,000.

Sun Fire Insurance Office of London, Eng

Satisfactory adjustments in all cases and prompt payment of losses.

JAS. CLEMENT, Agent, Dunbar.

Open All Summer.

Special courses for teachers during July and August at the

OTTAWA BUSINESS COLLEGE

Cor. Bank and Wellington Sts.

Ottawa's "Old Reliable" School of Business,—Shorthand,—Typewriting,—Telegraphy.

Write for catalogue and full information to

H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE, Principal

The Celebrated Percheron Stallion

CASINO,

Will make the season of 1907, commencing on the 29th day of April and ending 6th July, 1907.

CASINO will stand at the Flynn's Hotel, Chesterville, from Friday noon until Mondgy morning of each week.

DESCRIPTION—CASINO is a coal black in color, stands over 16 hands high and weighs 1730 lbs. He was foaled on the 20th day of April, 1903, has good action and stands on the best of legs. This horse is of a very fine type of Percheron, and is considered by good horsemen to be one of the best of his breed.

PEDIGREE—Casino, No. 58402, registered F. I 1903. Percheron Horse Society of France. Headquarters of the society Nogent-le-Rotrou (Eure-et-Loir,) Casino was sired by Phaeton, No. 44472. Grand sire Sully, No. 40430, by Boule d'or, No. 19129. Grand dam, L'Aime, No. 39564, by Marguery, No. 20597. Casino's dam was Pelote, No. 54432. Grand sire Vigoreux, No. 5615, by Picador, II, No. 5606, Picador I. No. 7330. Grand dam Coquette. No. 30892, by Vaillant, No 6752.

TERMS:—$5.00 payable at end of season, and if mare proves in foal, $7.00 on the 15th of March, 1908. All mares once tried and not duly returned will be charged full service fee. Mares sold or traded will be considered as with foal, and the owner will be held responsible for full fee. All mares at owner's risk.

MICHAEL MOORE, Proprietor and Groom, Chesterville, Ont.

NEWCOMBE PIANOS ARE THE BEST

We Will Put it Against any Manufacturer for

Touch Tone and Durability.

Consult us Before Buying.

W. H. FETTERLY, Stores at Morrisburg & Winchester

FOR CHOICE CONFECTIONERY CALL ON

R. BUIST

He alwas keeps a fresh and varied stock to select from.

Bananas, Oranges, Lemons in Season.

A share of your patronage solicited

EVERYBODY NEEDS

—A—

Business Education,

and the college that stands for the Highest Efficiency in Commercial Education is the

Willis Business College

of Ottawa.

It provides the best facilities and most highly qualified teaching staff in Canada Graduates assisted to positions.

Send for free catalogue.

S. T. WILLIS, Principal, Corner Bank and Albert Streets, Ottawa.

Shot Wild Cat.

A full grown wild cat was shot at Christie's Lake by Thomas Burke. It was coralled in a swamp by dogs and climbing a tree, was brought down by Burke's unerring aim. The animal mearsures five feet eight inches from tip to tip.

Brockville's School Inspector.

Mr. John Connolly, Brockville's inspector, has resigned, the resignation to take effect on July 1. Mr. Conolly has been active in the organization of a malleable industry to be located here, and this is the cause of his action.

Save Your Ashes.

The new discovery of burning coal ashes by the addition of the salt-oxalic acid mixture has seized Brockville householders with a vengeance and on all sides successful experiments are being made in stoves furnaces and boilers of manufacturing concerns. The saving in fuel will materially effect the trade merchants. The rush for oxalic acid has been so great that the supplies at the various drug stores soon became exhausted.

Small-pox Near Brockville.

Smallpox has broken out in Kitley Township, a few miles north of Toledo, the victim being a prosperous farmer named Thos. Heffernon. He had been under the care of a local doctor for several days with illness and when suspicious symptoms developed. The Brockville medical health officer was sent for. He pronounced the man suffering from smallpox of a virulent type. Hefferon, his wife and two children, are the occupants of the house and these, with an adjoining family exposed to the infection, have been placed under quarantine. It is thought the man contracted the disease from papers sent through the mails from an American city.

Succumbed to His Injuries.

Henry Burton, 60 years of age, and a life long resident of Cornwall, died in the General Hospital Thursday night of injuries sustained a week ago, when a huge stone fell into a wheel pit, where he was working, and shattered his leg. It was found necessary to remove the leg, but blood poisoning had set in.

Pasture.

Parties wanting pasture for their stock can secure same at the west half of lot No. 17 in the first concession of the township of Winchester. For particlars apply to

MICHAEL MOORE, Chesterville.

Wanted.

Farm hand, liberal salary offered. For general work on farm. Apply to

ANDREW ALLISON, DUNBAR, ONT.

Eggs for Sale.

FULL BLOODED, single combed brown leghorns. 50c per setting.

J. C. HUMMEL, Chesterville, Ont.

For Sale.

A GOOD Second Hand set of Single Harness, apply at this office.

For Sale.

THE Dwelling and outbuildings situated on John street, in the Village of Chesterville. The house is well built, with good cellar, cistern, well, etc. Also a number of fruit trees. Apply to

W. E. GRANT. Finch, Ont.

Or JACOB MERKLEY, Chesterville.

Auction :-: Sale

—OF—

30 MILCH COWS

To be Sold by Public Auction at

McCLOSKEY HOUSE, CHESTERVILLE,

—ON—

WEDNESDAY, MAY 1st, '07

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock.

TERMS:—4 months on approved joint notes. 6 per cent. per annum off for cash.

Jas. Currie, Geo. Sparks & Sons, Props., Auctioneer. Vars, Ont.

THE FAIR

Millinery :-: Opening

NOW ON.

The ladies are requested not to forget the opening displays of Millinery which takes place at Miss N. Kearns during the spring season, whose showing of fascinating conceits in headgear is most superb. Enough styles and variations to suit all fancies and personalities.

The most beautiful HATS are here, selected from the choicest London and New York models.

COME! It will be pleasant to show you this Beautiful Collection.

MISS N. KEARNS.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

McCoy & Wilford, contractors, are advertising in the Record for teams.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Murphy of Grantley were called upon Tuesday to mourn the death of their little baby a few months of age.

The Oddfellows lodge of Morewood, will attend service in the Methodist church of that place on Sunday next, April 28th, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Geo. Sparks & sons of Vars will offer for sale at the McCloskey House here on Wednesday next, May 1st, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, 30 milch cows.

The Moving picture show in Fosters Hall on Saturday evening last was fairly well attended and it proved to be on the average of that class of show passing through the country.

Mr. John McLean of this place and Mr. Mackenzie Thom's son of Elma, left on Monday for Montreal to undergo treatment at the hospital. They were accompanied by Dr. W. A. Brown.

Whittaker the Optician, will be at Chesterville on May 15th, and Finch on May 16th.

Daniel Casselman of North Williamsburg, a well known person of this district, died at that place on Monday last at the age of about 55 years. The cause of his death was pneomonia, from which he was ill only a short time.

Among the additional supplementary estimates presented to the Legislature this week was a grant of $4,000 towards completing the scheme of drainage in the townships of Osnabruck, Cornwall and Roxborough, known as Raisin River drainage scheme.

The Ladies Guild of the Holy Trinity Church are preparing to hold a flower show and sale of plants about the 23rd of May. In the meantime the secretary, Mrs. O. D. Casselman, will be glad to receive suggestions and any orders for special plants.

G. C. Publow, Chief Dairy Inspector has appointed the local inspectors for the coming year. Among them are J. Buro, Cornwall; J. B. Lavery, Finch; W. J. Ragsdale, Vankleek Hill; J. Villeneuve, St. Isadore; J. Charbonneau, Plantagenet; C. W. Norvell, Morrisburg; L. A. Zufelt, Chesterville.

The new Assessment Act provides that blocks of fifty acres or over in towns or cities shall be assessed at farm values; all under fifty acres on the regular frontage basis. The Act also provides that a corporation shall not be civilly responsible for damages unless the corporation has had express notice of the default causing such damages a sufficent time before the accident to enable the corporation to remedy the same.

Brockville Labor Men Will Instal a Plant.

The workingmen of Brockville have taken the initial steps toward orginization of a co-operative company for the manufacture of bread. The shares are fixed at $2 each, and sufficient money will be subscribed to instal a plant.

It is proposed to sell bread at 4 cents per 1½ pound loaf. The bakers are selling the 1½ pound loaf for 6 cents.

New Bank Bufilding.

The Molsons Bank are about to erect a handsome banking structure just west of the Victoria Block. The brick resideuce which for a considerable time was occupied by Mr. Wm. Holmes has been vacated, and will be removed to make way for the more imposing structure. The new building will be an ornament to the town and a credit to the bank which is thus giving substantial evidence of its faith in Morrisburg's future.—Morrisburg Herald

New Church Site Settled.

A meeting of the Trustee Board and Building Committee was held in the Methodist Church yesterday, April 24th. There were present the following:—

The Rev. A. E. Runnells presiding, R. D. Fulton, W. Bogart, J. W. Johnston, John H. Alford, Thos. Forward, Cornelius Cross, J. W. Smith Jacob Merkley, Ingram Smith, Thos. Hamilton, Dr. Brown, Fred Wood, Parnam Allison and Wesley Hamilton.

Moved by Thos. Forward, seconded by Thos. Hamilton, that we further discuss the report of committee re location of site of new church.

Moved by Dr. Brown, seconded by W. Hamilton, that the committee be instructed to buy the J. C. Casselman and Mrs. Winegard lots, and if necessary a portion of said lots be used for building.

Moved in amendment by Walter Bogart, second by J. W. Smith, that the church be built on the lot just west of the old church.

The amendment was carried on the following division.

For amendment—Jacob Merkley, P. Allison, C. Cross, J. W. Smith, R. D. Fulton; W. Bogart, Ingram Smith, Wesley Johnston.

Original motion—Dr. Brown, W. Hamilton, T. Hamilton, F. Wood, J. H. Alford, G. W. Bogart, Thos. Forward.

Mayor Forbes of Hespeler, has presented the town with a park.

The woodworking factory at Arcola, Sask, was destroyed by fire. Loss $5,000.

The Molsons Bank

Incorporated A.D., 1855.

Capital paid up - - - $3,230,980.

Reserve Fund - - - - $3,230,980.

Total Assets over - - $31,900,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Hereafter interest will be paid or compounded

FOUR TIMES A YEAR

on all Accounts in this Department.

A General Banking Business transacted.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS, Manager.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH.

Traxler—Cooper.

A quiet marriage was solemnized at the Methodist parsonage, Mountain, by the pastor, Rev. Mr. Howitt, at 2.30 p. m. Wednesday, April 10th, the contracting parties being Miss Martha Cooper of South Mountain, and Mr. Clarence Traxler of Fine, N. Y. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mary Cooper of Morrisburg, while Mr. C. Dafoe, of Norfolk, N. Y., acted as best man. The bride looked pretty in a dress of white peau de chenes silk with applique trimming; the bridesmaid being daintly attired in cream venetian cloth trimmed with lace and applique. The young couple left on the evening train for their future home. at Fine, N. Y.

"Made to walk on" is what the manufacturers say of Campbell's Varnish Stains for staining and varnishing floors, woodwork and furniture. Well, if they will stand being walked upon, they must be made from a varnish that is all right. Why not try a can? For sale by Fulton Bros., Chesterville.

Williamstown Fires.

As a result of the inquest held by Provincial Inspector Rogers, Crown Attorney Dingwell, of Cornwall, has been instructed to investigate alleged suspicious circumstances surrounding outbreaks of fire in the grocery store of F. E. Joubert, of Williamstown, Glengarry.

The first occured on Sunday, March, 31, the blinds being closed. It ignited under the counter. The second occurred the following Tuesday, when two candles were found burning on the floor surrounded by loose paper.

The evidence at the inquest showed Joubert had been in business eleven months. In January, of this year, he put an insurace of $2,300 on the stock and on March 18, $700 on the furniture. He claimed the stock to be worth $2,786 in January, but only $1,700 at the time of the fire. The building and lot were purchased for $700, and the building was insured for $600.

The Coldest In 58 years.

It is stated at the Observatory that the month of April thus far has been the coldest in 58 years, being nearly four degrees below the average daily temperature of April for over half a century, whereas the month of March was below the average established by the past 33 years. There has, however, been comparatively little snow or rain for April.

Rev. D. Winter to Retire.

Owing to the precarious state of his health, Rev. D. Winter is compelled to retire from the pastorate of the Methodist Church of Winchester, much to the regret of his congregation. He has never fully recovered from the attack of typhoid fever from which he suffered some months ago. His chief ailment at present is a weakness of the heart, owing to which his physician has forbidden him to preach any more. He attended the service Sunday evening, April 14th, conducted by his assistant, Rev. Mr. Crain. In the midst of it Mr. Winter began to grow weak, and while leaving the church at the conclusion of the service collapsed. He had to be conveyed home where restoratives were administered which we are pleased to say were effective.

License Commissioners Meet.

A meeting of the License commissioners for the County of Dundas, met at the McCloskey House in this place on Monday to consider applications for licenses for the year 1907—1908. All the members of the board were present viz.; E. P. Foster, Dundela, Ont., license inspector; Thos. Colquhoun, Colquhoun, Ont., C. Patton, Heckston, Ont., and M. Bailey, chairman of Winchester, Ont., commissioners,

The following licenses were granted:—

Chesterville— F. McCloskey, Thos. Flyn, Asa Hutt, (permit 3 months.)

Morrisburg—W. H. McGannon, Jas. Mc'Avoy, R. McDonald,—Ryan.

Iroquois—H. V. Moore, D. McAuley.

At Brockville fifteen hotel and two shop licenses were granted at a meeting of the license commissioners.

PERSONAL.

Mr. W. M. Saucier was in Montreal on Tuesday.

Mr. James Hughes left on a business trip on Friday.

Mr. C. W. Casselman is on a business trip to Toronto.

Mr. Michael Fyke of Maxville, Ont., was in town over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Boyd of Winchester, were in town on Tuesday.

Mr. J. R. Allison left on Tuesday for Winnipeg, for the benefit of his health.

Messrs Creighton and Geo. Munroe of Montreal were in town for a few days the past week.

Mr. Creighton Johnston left on Tuesday evening for Winnipeg and the west, where he intends remaining until the first of November.

How to Get $10 for a 2c Stamp.

If you know of any person desiring to purchase a new piano send their name and address to The Leach Piano Co. Ltd., 560 St. Catherine St., West., Montreal, who will write and have their representative call upon the party and as soon as the sale is concluded you will receive Ten Dollars, $10.00. We will not state who gave us the information unless you say so. When writing mention this paper.

Their Little One Taken Away.

Ernest, the 1-pear-old son of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McGee of thisplace, after a short illness with brain fever died on Sunday afternoon last, April 21st 1907.

The funeral took place on Tuesday forenoon at 10 o'clock, services being conducted at the family residence by the Rev. R. H. Archer of Holy Trinley Church of this place, after which the little one was conveyed to the C. P. R. depot to be taken to Oxford Mills for interment.

Although young the little one's place in the home is vacant, and Mr. and Mrs. McGee feel their loss keenly.

BORN.

ALEXANDER—At Osnabruck Centre, on April 12, 1907, the wife of W. H. Alexander, of a son.

COLLISON—At Red Deer, Alta., on April 11, 1907, the wife of Dr. Collison, formerly of Iroquois, of a son.

SWERDFEGER—At Berwick, on April 11, 1907, the wife of Eli Swerdfeger, of a son.

MARRIED.

MYERS—APPLEBY—At Morewood, on April 24th, 1907, by Rev. Donald Stewart, B.A., Howard Myers to Carrie E. Appleby.

SANDERSON—WERELY—At North Lunenburg, on April 15, 1907, by Rev. Geo. W. Mingie, Thomas A. Sanderson of Saskatoon, Sask., formerly of Newington, to Alma, daughter of Alonzo Werely, North Lunenburg.

TRAXLER—COOPER—At Morrisburg, Ont, on April 10, 1907, by the Rev. W. Horritt, Clarence E. Traxler of St. Lawrence county, N.Y., to Martha Melinda, daughter of Uriah Cooper, Esq., of South Mountain.

CAVANAUGH—CLARKE—On April 10th 1907, at the Methodist parsonage, Inkerman, Ont., by the Rev. H. E. Warren, M. A., B. D Stella daughter of the late James Clarke, of South Mountain, Ont., to Mr. Francis Cavanaugh of Oxford Mills.

DIED.

MCGEE—At Chesterville, on April, 21st, 1907, Ernest, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. J. McGee, aged 1 year.

ALGUIRE—At Newington, on April 16, 1907, Hattie, eldest daughter of Oscar Alguire, aged 10 years.

ALGUIRE—At Newington, on April 17, 1907, the youngest son of Oscar Alguire, aged 3 years.

FETTERLY—Suddenly at Osnabruck Centre, on April 15, 1907, John H Fetterly, aged 65 years.

BROUSE—Near Massena Springs, N Y., on April 16, 1907, Aulder Wesley Brouse, formerly of Williamsburg, Ont., aged 70 years.

COUNTRYMAN—At Bush Glen, on April 9, 1907, Miss Leila Countryman, aged 16 years.

THE BRITISH BUDGET

Lower Income Tax---Old Age Pensions--Surplus Over $17,000,000.

A despatch from London says: The two outstanding features in the budget statement brought down to the House of Commons by Mr. Asquith, Chancellor of the Exchequer, were the announcement of a reduction of the income tax by threepence in the pound, and the statement by the Chancellor that a fund was to be started to provide for the honorable relief of necessitous old age.

THE PENSION FUND.

The surplus over expenditure this year would be $17,165,000, and after making all reductions there would be a disposal surplus of $9,165,000. Of this $1,665,000 would be retained for emergencies. The remaining $7,500,000 would be invested and would form the nucleus of an old-age pension fund. In addition there would be $3,750,000 of uncollected arrears of this year's income tax. This would swell the fund to $11,250,000.

THREEPENCE OFF INCOME TAX.

Mr. Asquith stated that he did not intend to make any reduction this year in indirect taxation. He intended, however, to deal with the income tax incidence, which in its present shape worked unjustly. Earned incomes under $10,000 a year would hereafter only pay ninepence, while the existing tax of a shilling in the pound sterling on unearned incomes would remain. This reduction would be in addition to all the present rebates, but it would be confined to the earned incomes of persons whose total income from all sources did not exceed $10,000 a year.

DEATH DUTIES REVISED.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer estimated the loss from this differentiation of the income tax at $6,250,000. Of this, however, $3,750,000 would not recur, but would be made up by a revision of the death duties as follows:—Five per cent. as at present on $750,000 and under, above $750,000 7 per cent.; above $1,250,000, 8 per cent.; above $2,500,000, 9 per cent.; above $3,750,000, and up to $5,000,000, 10 per cent. On estates of $10,000,000, 14 per cent. would be levied on the second $5,000,000. On estates of $15,000,000 or over 10 per cent. would be levied on the first $5,000,000, and 13 per cent. on every other $5,000,000.

THE DEBT REDUCED.

Mr. Asquith estimated the expenditure for 1907-'08 at $703,785,000, $8,320,000 less than for last fiscal year. The revenue on the existing basis of taxation was estimated to be $720,950,000.

The permanent reduction of the national debt for 1906-'07 was announced to be $68,570,000.

The treasury receipts for the year had been over $10,000,000 in excess of the estimates, unanticipated death duties accounting for $6,000,000 of this sum, while the balance was made up of increased receipts from the coal duty and the mint. The latter was due to the increased demand for coinage on account of the prosperous state of trade, and the large amount of silver, aggregating $2,500,000, required for varied purposes.

REVENUE NOT ELASTIC.

As a whole, the revenue returns, the Chancellor added, had not shown great elasticity, and in view of the undoubted prosperous state of trade they were distinctly disappointing. The reduction in the tea duty in the last budget had been followed by increased consumption, amounting to 4,500,000 pounds.

The revenue from tobacco had not realized expectations, and there had been a progressive formidable decline in the revenue from the alcohol groups since 1899 until last year. As Chancellor of the Exchequer, he, Mr. Asquith, was glad to say that there were signs of a definite reaction, and the present year had furnished an increase of $2,470,000 in these receipts. There had been a falling off in the revenue from stamps owing to the slackness of operations on the Stock Exchange, and to the fact that the telephone was superseding letters.

MALIGNANT SMALLPOX CASES.

Serious Outbreak in Townships of Hay and Stephen.

A despatch from Toronto says: Dr. Bell, Inspector of the Provincial Board of Health, reports a serious state of affairs in regard to an outbreak of smallpox in Hay and Stephen townships, Huron county. The inspector made his investigation as the result of the suspicions of the Provincial authorities and their failure to obtain desired information from local authorities. In the two townships 60 cases of the disease, all of the most malignant character, were discovered. In Dashwood one death has resulted. A number of the patients have had no medical attendance, and the condition of some of them is dangerous. Energetic steps are being taken to grapple with and check the spread of the disease.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

Two Men Killed and Proprietor Received Serious Injury.

A despatch from Mount Forest says: On Saturday morning, about 8.30, the boiler in A. G. Bishop's sawmill, at Conn, exploded, instantly killing the fireman, Norman Gillstorff, his back being broken and part of his head and one leg being blown off. A. G. Bishop and Patrick J. Cannon were standing outside of the mill. Cannon was struck on the head and the side with flying pieces, and died half an hour afterwards. Bishop received serious scalp wounds, and lies in a critical condition. The boiler was of eighty horse-power, and the explosion completely demolished the mill, half of the boiler being blown 300 yards away. Conn is a small village about eight miles from here. The cause of the explosion is not known.

BOTH FEET FROZEN.

Travelled Two or Three Hundred Miles by Dog Team.

A despatch from Fort William says: J. Williams, Hudson's Bay factor at Osanburg, two or three hundred miles north of Ignace, had his feet frozen a month or so ago, and drove his dog team to Ignace, and from there was brought in from Fort William General Hospital. The trip by dog sleigh took three weeks to accomplish. Portions of the feet were amputated. The factor will be here in the hospital about three weeks.

DROPPED DEAD ON STREET.

Sudden End of Chatham Woman—Not Married a Year.

A despatch from Chatham says: Mrs. John Cryderman, aged 24, expired in a few minutes on Victoria Avenue on Sunday. She was walking along the street when she fell to the sidewalk, and was dead in a few minutes. Death is supposed to have been caused by hemorrhage. She had only been married nine months and formerly lived in Walaceburg.

MILLIONS ARE STARVING.

Russian Famine Sufferers Require Aid for Months.

A despatch from London says: Writing from the Russian famine district, Dr. Kennard, who was sent by the Society of Friends to investigate conditions among the peasantry, draws an appalling picture of the suffering. He says:—

"This is the worst famine Russia has known. No less than 20,000,000 people distributed throughout the southeastern provinces cannot live without aid to see another harvest, and I may say that this figure has been not only approved by the Zemstvo organization, but also by the Government itself. The date of the harvest will vary with the latitude and the famine-stricken region is spread over such a wide area (five times the size of France) that more than ten degrees of latitude are involved. This means that in direct proportion from south to north the harvest will be from July 3 to 23. It will be seen that funds will be needed to the end of July to feed all these millions, and then the harvest will bring relief, but there are many hundreds of thousands to whom the harvest will not bring relief, for they have neither land nor cattle. The few cows that are in existence are in such a pitiful condition themselves that they are useless for milking purposes. The result is that babies and young children are being forced to eat the coarse black bread and the indigestible young cucumbers which are luxuries to the adult Russian peasant to-day, but are death to the babies, or at any rate spell disease. These people have sold their all, and in most cases have likewise sold in advance all that the harvest might bring them. Meanwhile epidemics of disease add to the terrible conditions obtaining. The difficulties encountered of relieving these people are made ten times worse now owing to the practically impassable condition of the country roads. The winter snows are melting and projecting vast volumes of water in countless cataracts toward mother Volga, and neither man nor beast can hope to do anything in the way of travel."

CHINA'S CHILDERN DYING.

A despatch from Shanghai says: The following are extracts from the reports just received of foreigners in four famine centres:—

"Yaowan—The famine is growing worse. Children dying in great numbers."

"Suchien—Almost out of supplies. Need large amounts immediately to continue the relief commenced."

"Singkiangpu—Many dying. Must decrease relief work unless larger shipments of supplies are received."

"Lukiawietse—The whole country is in the deepest distress. Refugees who went south hoping to find relief are returning empty-handed. There are processions of people with wheelbarrows, transporting their doors, tables, beds, and cupboards to market to be sold for almost nothing. Hundreds of women and children are seen in the fields scratching out roots and scanty blades of grass. Hundreds of trees have been stripped of their bark from root to the highest branches for use as food. The majority of the population are living on wild roots, etc., and these are causing diseases."

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto. April 23.—Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 white winter, 72c to 72½c; No. 2 red 72c to 72½c; No. 2 mixed, 72c.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 hard, 86½c to 87c; No. 1 northern, 85½c to 86c, lake ports, 90c North Bay; No. 2 northern, 83½c to 84c ports.

Oats—No. 3 white, 38½c to 39¼c, outside; No. 2 mixed, 38c to 38½c.

Peas—78c to 78½c.

Corn—Strong; No. 2 yellow American, 53c to 53½c, Toronto and west; Ontario, 45c to 46c.

Rye—62c to 63c.

Barley—Scarce; No. 2, nominal at 53c to 53½c outside; No. 3 extra, 52c to 52½c; No. 3, 51c to 51½c.

Flour—Ontario—90 per cent. patents, $3.70 asked. $2.67 bid; Manitoba, first patents, $4.50; seconds, $3.75; bakers'. $3.90.

Bran—$20 outside, buyers' sacks; nominal.

PROVISIONS.

Dressed Hogs—$9.25 for light and $8.75 for heavies, farmers' lots; $8.25 to $8.35 for car lots.

Pork—Short cut, $23.50 to $24 per barrel; mess, $21 to $21.50.

Smoked and Dry Salted Meats—Long clear bacon, 11c to 11½c for tons and cases; hams, medium and light, 15½c to 16c; heavy, 14½c to 15c; backs, 16½c to 17c; shoulders, 11c to 11½c; rolls, 11½c; out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Lard—Firm; tierces, 12½c; tubs, 12½c; pails. 12¾c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Market at present holds very steady.

Creamery, prints	27c to 29c
do solids	26c to 27c
Dairy, prints	25c to 26c
do tubs	21c to 23c

Cheese—Steady at 14c for large and 14½c for twins.

Eggs—Unchanged at 16c to 17c; splits, 13½c to 14c.

Poultry—Quiet, and prices generally nominal.

Chickens, live	10c to 11c
do dressed	12c to 14c
Hens, live	8c to 9c
do dressed	10c to 11c

Honey—Pails, 11c to 12c lb., combs, $2.50 to $2.75 per doz.

Beans—$1.50 to $1.55 for hand-picked and $1.35 to $1.40 for primes.

Potatoes—Ontario, 85c to 90c; eastern, 95c, in car lots here.

Baled Hay—$12.50 to $13.50 for No. 1 timothy and $10 to $11.50 for secondary grades, in car lots here.

Baled Straw—$7 per ton in car lots here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, April 23.—The market for oats is firm; for No. 2 white 43c is quoted, and lower grades, No. 3, 42c and No. 4. 1c lower. For Manitoba No. 2 white, 43½c is quoted.

Buckwheat—55c to 56½c per bushel.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 65c ex store.

Peas—Boiling peas, $1 in carload lots and $1.10 in jobbing lots.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.25 to $4.60; strong bakers', $4 to $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.25; straight rollers, $3.60 to $3.70; do., in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, $1.50 to $1.55.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, in bags, $20 to $22; shorts, $22 to $22.50; Ontario bran, in bags, $20 to $21; shorts, $22 to $29.50; milled mouille. $21 to $25; straight grain, $28 to $29 per ton.

Rolled Oats—Per bag, $1.90 to $2.

Hay—No. 1, $13.50; No. 2, $12.50; No. 3, $11.50; clover mixed, $11; pure clover, $10.50 to $11 per ton in car lots.

Eggs—There are no changes and the quotation of 17c to 17½c per dozen still holds good.

Butter—Quotations for finest, 32c, while for winter make, 26c to 28c is being asked.

Cheese—13c is still quoted for old white and 12½c is the quotation for fodders.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $22.50 to $23.50; half barrels, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat back, $24 to $24.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50 to $22; half barrels do., $10.75 to $11.50; dry salt, long clear bacon, 11½c to 12½c; barrels plate beef, $12 to $13; half barrels do., $6.25 to $6.75; barrels heavy mess beef, $8.50, half barrels do., $6.75; compound lard, 9½c to 10½c; pure lard, 12½c to 13c; kettle rendered, 13c to 13½c; hams, 14c to 16½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $10; alive, $7.25 to $7.40.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, April 23.—Flour—Firm. Wheat—Spring quiet; No. 1 Northern, 87¾c; Winter nominal. Corn—Easier; No. 2 yellow, 51¾c; No. 3 white, 50c. Oats—Dull; No. 2 white, 47½c; No. 2 mixed, 44¾c. Barley—Western quoted, 67 to 75c. Rye—Firm;No. 1, in store, 72c asked.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, April 23.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 83⅛c elevator; No. 2 red, 84⅛c f.o.b., afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 91⅝c, opening navigation, f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, 87⅝c, opening navigation, f.o.b. afloat.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, April 23.—Export cattle were quiet, with not many of them offering. In almost every case export quality sold as butchers'. A few sold for export at prices slightly easier. Quotations are a little lower, but are practically nominal.

Butchers' cattle were offering freely. Top sales ranged around $5.10 to $5.15, with the bulk of the good butchers' offerings selling from $4.75 to $5. Choice cows were in demand and firm, prices ranging from $4 to $4.25. These prices, however, were for the best, ordinary stock ranged from $2.75 to $3.50.

Stockers and feeders are in good demand and prices are firm. Choice, $3.75 to $4.

Milch cows are slightly easier, with a quiet demand. Prices range from $30 to $45, extra choice selling up to $50 to $55; common, $25 to $30.

Veal calves are steady and unchanged at 3 to 6c per lb.

Sheep and grain-fed lambs are firm and unchanged, but common lambs are slow and 50c easier. Spring lambs are steady and unchanged.

Hogs are unchanged at $6.40 for select fed and watered.

DEATH WAS DUE TO LIQUOR.

Berlin Coroner's Jury Advises More Arrests by Police.

A despatch from Berlin says: The coroner's jury to investigate the death of John Wuest of Berlin, whose mangled body was found Saturday at 1.35 a.m., about two hours after he was run down by an east-bound freight train, handed out a finding on Monday night. They found that Wuest came to his death while lying in a helplessly intoxicated condition on the railway tracks. They recommended a more rigid enforcement of the liquor laws in Berlin, and advised that policemen be asked to take in charge any person on the street intoxicated. Owing to Constable Gerbig's evidence being flatly contradicted they give their opinion that his evidence was unreliable.

DEAN RODDICK'S VIEW.

McGill College Fire the Work of An Incendiary.

A despatch from Montreal says: Dean Roddick, of McGill Medical College, thinks the recent fire was caused deliberately, but declares there is not the least suspicion of the students. "The more I think the matter over," he said, "the more I am convinced that there can be no other explanation. I may further tell you that a young man in the Bank of Montreal has stated that he was passing the Medical building at 12.30 a.m., just about half an hour before the fire was discovered, and he saw two suspicious characters lurking in the bushes in the grass plot directly in front of the entrance to the Medical building. Their actions were such that he was afraid of being molested, and hurried away. This statement, I understand, he is prepared to repeat on oath before the Fire Commissioners."

There was a theory that the fire might have broken out in the faculty room, where a meeting of the faculty had been held that evening, but it seems proved now that there was nothing in this theory, because several of the students who entered the building early during the fire declare that they saw no fire in the committee room, which is inside the faculty room.

Numerous messages of sympathy with the university in her second great loss have been received from the world over, among them being one from Canada's former Governor-General, Lord Minto, Viceroy of India, and another from the medical faculty's greatest benefactors, Lord Strathcona. Lord Strathcona's message expressed the deepest sympathy, and asked for further particulars of the disaster.

A $13,000,000 TUNNEL.

Estimated Cost of Projected Bore Under Northumberland Straits.

A despatch from Ottawa says: According to a return brought down in the House on Wednesday, Mr. A. St. Laurent, assistant chief engineer of the Public Works Department, estimates the cost of a tunnel, seven and a half miles long, under Northumberland Straits to connect Prince Edward Island with New Brunswick, at $13,147,200, to which must be added cost of shafts, masonry and excavation at portals, approaches, plant for light and ventilation, making a grand total of $15,048,200. The tunnel would be 150 feet below water level and would take from eight to ten years to build.

Sir Douglas Fox, the eminent English engineer, in 1891 estimated the cost of a tunnel, 18 feet in diameter, which would permit of the transit of railway cars through it, at $11,262,500.

THEIR BOAT UPSET.

William Mack Drowned Opposite Brockville.

A despatch from Brockville says: Missing a stroke in the water with his oars, Wm. Mack, while rowing from Morristown, a small village opposite Brockville, was drowned on Saturday night. In company with his brother-in-law, Joseph Mars, he was returning from Morristown, where they had ferried two passengers, and, giving a sudden jerk on the oars, the boat capsized. Mars' cries for help were heard by Peter Frazer, a young man, who went to his assistance and succeeded in landing him on an island. He then went to the village for assistance. Mars became unconscious when pulled out of the water, and it was not until three hours later that he told of Mack being with him. Searching parties were out on Sunday, but the body has not been found. The drowned man was 22 years old, and leaves a wife and three months' old child.

ANOTHER BIG SMELTER.

Prospect of New Industry on St. Mary's River to Smelt Copper.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie says: One of the biggest smelters in the lake region will probably be erected on St. Mary's River by Chicago and Canadian capitalists. The backers are interested in copper mines north of Lake Huron and east of Lake Superior, the ore from which is going to smelters in New Jersey. A local plant will make possible greater development of the local field of mines, which now about pay expenses, much profit being lost in long shipment of ore.

FOOTPADS IN WINNIPEG.

Sandbagged Simon Sherman, Who Will Probably Die.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Footpads probably committed a murder on Friday night, as well as robbery, when they sandbagged Simon Sherman on Main Street. The man was so badly injured that he will not recover.

Wooden water pipes are to be tested in London.

DEATH IN MONTREAL FIRE

Thirty Women Hemmed in and Three People Killed.

A despatch from Montreal says: A most disastrous fire broke out at 3 o'clock on Thursday afternoon in the premises of the Canada Steam Laundry & Dye Works, corner of St. Justin and St. Catherine streets. As a result of the fire two charred and burned bodies, supposed to be those of Mrs. Furlong and Wm. Martineau, lie in the morgue, and Mrs. Giroux, who was severely injured, has since died, making the third victim.

SEVERAL WERE INJURED.

The severely injured are:— Mrs. Diagle, severely burned and fractured limbs; Albertina Paradis, broken arm and severe burns; Albertina Proulx, fractured leg and burns; Janet Leith, burned and injured internally by fall—all in the General Hospital.

The others injured are:—Miss Emma Etienne, burned and rib broken; Miss Bertha McKercher, burns on face and arm broken; Miss Levigne, burns on face and back; Miss Rodgier, suffering from burns and shock; Miss Bowenfant, burns on back.

THIRTY WOMEN HEMMED IN.

The fire broke out in the second story of a three-story building through the explosion of benzine in the engine room. The building was old and thoroughly saturated with benzine, and as a result the flames spread with fearful rapidity, and in an incredibly short period the building was a mass of flames. Thirty women and girls were in the second and third stories, and became panic-stricken as the devouring flames cut off their way to the fire escape in front.

THREW THEMSELVES OUT.

Terrified by the flames that were devouring the building, many of them rushed to the windows and threw themseves out, preferring to be dashed to pieces rather than be burned to death. Two of the first girls who jumped escaped serious injuries, but half a dozen others who followed were seriously hurt.

Although the firemen quickly responded to the alarm, and had sixteen streams playing on the doomed building within a few minutes, it was impossible to quench the fire. Two bodies were removed to the morgue all charred and burned so that their identification was impossible. From the list of employees they are thought to be Mrs. Furlong and Wm. Martineau.

HEART RENDING SCENES.

The news of the disaster spread like wildfire. Most of the girls lived near their place of work, and mothers and sisters were on the spot in a minute, rushing to and fro in quest of their loved ones. As face after face appeared at the flame-swept windows mothers called frantically to their daughters to jump, and stretched pleading arms to them to come.

The white-faced victims would turn and cast a despairing look at the flames behind, and then leap from the third story windows.

As the mournful looking waggons were filled and went off with their loads men and women fought to see if it was their loved ones who were being hurried away, and turned away sobbing as the victims turned out to be some other persons.

TROUBLE WITH DOUKHOBORS.

Want New Land and to Retain That They Are Vacating.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Department of the Interior is having some trouble with the Doukhobors of the North-West over the land regulations. Those resident at Devil's Lake and Buchanan are anxious to pull up stakes and migrate to Yorkton, and they are very anxious for the Government to set apart a tract of land near Yorkton, which they can hold in communal interest, and at the same time retain the lands which they are about to vacate. Mr. Oliver has informed them that the lands which they have homesteaded and have not occupied or cultivated will be canceled, but they are given until May 1st to make free entry once more on these canceled lands.

CROPS IN WESTERN ONTARIO.

Indications Are That Harvest Will be an Abundant One.

A despatch from Chatham says: Reports from different sections throughout the County of Kent go to affirm the belief that there will be an abundant harvest in this country this year. The farmers claim that the wheat has wintered well, and while there are a few fields of poor wheat, the crop will be a very heavy one if the present fine weather continues. One township alone reports a poor outlook. In Romney the wheat was almost killed by late frosts. Fruit will be a fair crop only. Berries of all kinds are in the very best of condition.

DEATH LIST OVER SIX HUNDRED.

Quake in Mexico Worse Than Was at First Supposed.

A despatch from El Paso, Texas, says: A report on Wednesday from a commercial house in Mexico City to a big house in Cuidad Juarez, Mexico, opposite El Paso, says that the authentic known list of dead as a result of the Mexican earthquake is over six hundred, although no public report has been made of the casualties in Mexico City, and possibly will not be, and this list does not take into account the large number of people in the small villages and those out in the country, whose death will never be chronicled.

BURNING TWO WEEKS.

Homestake Mine at Deadwood, South Dakota, on Fire.

A despatch from Deadwood, S. D., says: The fire in the Homestake mine, which has been raging for two weeks, was reported on Tuesday as being beyond control. The rock surrounding the flames is now so hot that it is almost impossible for men to get near enough to fight the fire.

SMALLPOX ON A C. P. R. STEAMER.

Empress of Japan Detained at Williamshead—Chinese Crew Infected.

A despatch from Victoria, B. C., says: The Empress of Japan, with the overseas mail, outbound, is detained at Williamshead quarantine station with smallpox. Four cases have been landed, and the vessel is being fumigated. The cases are among the Chinese crew.

THE RUSH TO THE WEST.

Over Four Thousand Immigrants Passed Through Montreal on Sunday.

A despatch from Montreal says: Over four thousand immigrants passed through this city on Sunday, en route for western Ontario and the Northwest. They arrived at St. John and Halifax on Saturday by the steamships Victorian, Canada and Lake Erie. Steamships sailing from Scottish ports are also bringing big contingents of immigrants to Canada.

ASH-WIZARD'S SECRET IS OUT

Altoona, Penn., Now Burning Ashes and Saving Money.

A despatch from Altoona, Penn., says: The remarkable ashes-burning secret discovered by John Ellmore, an Altoona cobbler, which has excited attention almost the world over, is out. Almost every householder in Altoona is now converting his ashes into fuel, with great saving in coal bills.

Sveral well-known chemists, immediately it was announced that Ellmore had solved the problem of obtaining heat from ashes, set to work to try and discover the formula. They were successful, and here it is:— Moisten with either salt water or salt water in which oxalic acid has been dissolved a mixture containing one part coal and three parts ashes, and a better fuel than pure coal is obtained. The ashes of anthracite coal burn as readily as do those of bituminous coal. This mixture will, upon being placed upon a burning fire, fuse into a coke-like mass and deposit but little residue. The salt water may be obtained by the dissolution of common salt in water.

The chemical action of this compound is thus explained:— When an aqueous solution of an alkaline salt, such as common salt, is mixed with coal ash the result is that a mild lye is formed, which, when mixed with any combustible material, such as coal, and upon the application of heat, gives off oxygen gas, thus promoting rapid combustion.

The addition of oxalic acid causes a chemical change of greater value than the first, for the reason that the second chemical breakdown results in the formation of a carbide, which in turn gives off acetylene gas, this adding to the intensity of the heat and facilitating complete combustion.

It is possible upon moistening a small quantity of ashes, without the addition of coal, to readily detect the odor of acetylene gas, and if the treated ashes are placed upon a lighted fire they will fuse and burn to a fine powder.

The ash-burning compound is now being used in many large industrial and mercantile places here, and it is claimed for it that it has reduced the fuel item more than half. It has eliminated almost entirely the question of disposing of ashes, which has been considerable where great quantities of coal are consumed.

The discovery has resulted in a number of complications, and is retarding the work of paving contractors who have utilized ashes as a foundation for sidewalks. Heretofore it was possible to secure all the ashes required for this purpose without cost, but contractors are now complaining that it is impossible to get them.

Ellmore, who discovered the secret and focused attention upon the possibilities that lurked in ashes, claims that his patent will protect his secret. He claims to have received an offer from the British Government if he can demonstrate the practicability of his compound.

While it is everywhere conceded that Ellmore has conferred a great boon upon humanity, it is feared that he will not derive any tangible benefits from his discovery, in view of the fact that hundreds of others have secured the same results, following his lead.

SCIENCE OF CHIROMANCY

LEARNED PSYSHOLOGIST DISCOURSES ON HAND-READING.

Reveals Age, Temperament and Character—Can't Predict Happenings in the Future.

Dr. Vaschide, a most serious psychologist, of Paris, France, publishes in the dignified "Review of Philosophy" an elaborate study of chiromancy, the art or practice of foretelling the future of a person by inspecting the lines and lineaments of the hand. He gives results gained by his scientific study under test conditions.

Dr. Vaschide says the hand alone, the wrist and body being hidden, reveals the sex of the person ninety times out of a hundred.

The hand alone reveals the age of the person with special exactness at ages which mark definite periods of organic development—that is, in trying to determine a person's age from the hand chiromancers make fewer errors when the person is thirty years old than at twenty years, at forty and at sixty. At ages intermediate between these

THEY MAKE MANY ERRORS.

Vaschide finds that the face helps chiromancers in divining a person's age and intellectual pursuits. But the hand alone gives them, and correctly, a knowledge of the temperament and character, including the ruling passions and the state of the moral conscience.

Of fifteen persons with hysteria, ten showed it in their hands; of twenty-five possessed by fixed ideas, fifteen displayed it in their hands.

Of the claim that chiromancers can predict happenings in the future, the learned investigator finds little proof. If there is any, he says, it is certain that the probability that a prophecy will be verified diminishes in proportion to the remoteness of the date announced for the future happening.

Prediction of death made by chiromancers which came under Vashide's notice gave no scientific result.

"Such predictions are all chance," he says, "save that I know of predictions of death which provoked mental and physical ills and brought death by suggestion."

INDIGESTION CURED.

By Dr. Williams' Pink Pills After Six Doctors had Failed to be of Benefit.

That gnawing pain in the stomach, sometimes shooting up into the chest, often producing a choking sensation in the throat; fierce pains around the heart; a feeling of drowsiness and a distaste for food—that's indigestion. Its victims are numbered by the thousands. To them life is a burden. Dr Williams' Pink Pills have done more towards relieving this suffering than any other medicine. Often they have cured after all other help had failed, as in the case of Mr. Willis Herman, of St.Catharines, Ont., who says:—"I had been afflicted with indigestion and stomach trouble for years. At times my suffering was almost indescribable. Sometimes for whole days I was unable to touch food. I dieted and at different times was treated by six doctors but they did not help me; I only grew worse. For a time I was living in New York and while there consulted a specialist, but he was unable to give me any relief. I then decided to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and in less than a month I felt some relief. I continued their use for a couple of months longer and gained in weight; my appetite improved; the pains left me and I now feel better than I have at any time during the past twenty-five years. I will always gladly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to other sufferers believing that they will surely do for others what they have done for me."

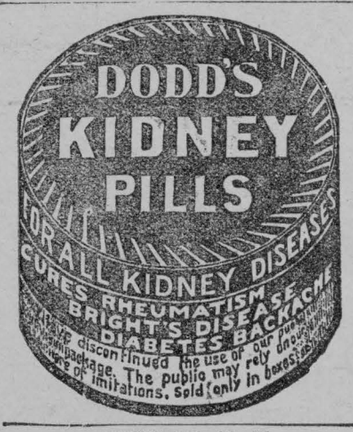
When you use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a blood builder and nerve tonic you are not experimenting—they have been tried and proved successful in thousands of cases. It is their power to actually make new, rich, red blood that enables them to cure such troubles as anaemia, indigestion, rheumatism, kidney trouble, St. Vitus dance, partial paralysis and those special ailments of girlhood and womanhood that cause so much misery. For sale by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Mr. Ghout: "All my money cannot give me health, doctor." Dr. Bolus: "No, perhaps not; but it is of inestimable value, nevertheless. It gives your physician great confidence."

A Clear Healthy Skin.—Eruptions of the skin and the blotches which blemish beauty are the results of impure blood caused by unhealthy action of the liver and kidneys. In correcting this unhealthy action and restoring the organs to their normal condition, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will at the same time cleanse the blood, and the blotches and eruptions will disappear without leaving any trace.

The weigh of the transgressor depends on whether he is buying or selling.

A job on your hands is better than two in your mind.



NORTHERN ONTARIO MAN'S EXPERIENCE

Travelled Fifty Miles Through Forest and Fen to Get Medicine.

The hardships of pioneer life were forcefully illustrated at the Dr. Slocum offices to-day when they received a letter from Mr. Robert Campbell, of Barwick, Northern Ontario. Mr. Campbell wrote that, requiring Psychine in his family, he sent his son to a drug store at some distance to obtain it. The store was out of it, presumably because the demand for it in that section of the country was larger than the dealers anticipated. He would take no substitute, and so travelled to the next druggist's, with the same experience. Four drug stores were visited, but the demands on their stock and the difficulty of getting goods into that country in midwinter made it impossible to obtain it, and no substitute would be accepted, as Mr. Campbell knew there was nothing could take the place of Psychine. After travelling over fifty miles to obtain it he had to send his order to Toronto to have it mailed to him. People who have used Psychine consider no trouble too great to obtain it when needed. A prominent citizen of the west says:

"I suffered with pains in the back and shoulders. I coughed so I could not rest. The doctor said my lungs were affected and he had come too late. I was as weak as a child when I started to take Psychine. In a fortnight I was back at work in the woods.

"JOHN R. WREN,
"Reeve of Mission, B. C."

This tells a thrilling story, in a few words. Psychine, pronounced Sikeen, is a guaranteed cure for coughs, colds, la grippe, bronchitis, catarrh of the head, throat or stomach, chills, night sweats, pleurisy, pneumonia; strengthens the stomach, aids digestion, restores run-down conditions, and is highly recommended, and in many cases cures consumption. At all druggists, 50c and $1, or Dr. T. A. Slocum's Limited, 179 King street west, Toronto.

BRITISH NATION'S BILLS.

Civil Service Estimates Run Away With Over $150,000,000.

Great Britain's Civil Service costs more and more every year. For 1907, the estimate, according to the official return issued the other day, is £30,107,034, an increase of £790,405 over 1906.

While the Foreign Office vote remains fairly constant, the votes for all the Home Departments show an increase. That for the Board of Trade has increased from £178,000 in 1898 to £274,484 in 1907. The Home Office vote has increased in the same period from £119,793 to £198,735.

The vote for the Secret Service is $50,000. It has steadily increased since 1898 from £25,000.

The vote for the maintenance of children in reformatory and industrial schools gives interesting comparisons between the three kingdoms. The amounts for the coming year are:—

England and Wales.	Scotland	Ireland.
£172,000	£58,400	£107,360

It will be observed that Ireland's share is quite out of proportion on the basis of population.

Criminal prosecutions will cost the country an estimate amount of £16,276 for England, £15,500 for Scotland, and £13,000 for Ireland.

In the revenue Departments the upward tendency of recent years is maintained. For the coming year the estimates are:—Customs, £958,000; Inland Revenue, £2,299,300; Post Office, £17,367,751.

Since 1898 the total has increased by over £5,000,000.

The nation is pledged to an expenditure of £2,100 to defray the cost of a memorial to the late Marquis of Salisbury.

The cleaning and repainting of the British Museum is estimated at £6,150.

SUFFERING BABIES.

Mothers can find sure relief for their suffering little ones in Baby's Own Tablets. These Tablets are a gentle laxative that do not gripe the little one, and cure all the minor ills of babies and young children. They are pleasant to take, prompt in their action, and unlike "soothing" stuffs, they never do harm, and the mother has the guarantee of a Government analyst that they contain no drugs harmful to even the youngest baby. Thousands of mothers give their little ones nothing else but Baby's Own Tablets when constipation, stomach trouble, indigestion, colds or worms bother the baby, or when the dreaded teething time comes. Mrs. Jos. Mercier, Plessisville, Que., says: "My baby was a great sufferer from constipation, but thanks to Baby's Own Tablets the trouble has disappeared." The Tablets are sold by all druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co.., Brockville, Ont.

THE SCOTCH JUROR.

In Scotland in a civil case jurymen get ten shillings a day for their services, and the litigants must in addition provide them with lunch. If two cases are tried consecutively on one day, and the same jurymen officiate, they get ten shillings for each case, says Chamber's Journal. But the most important difference between an English and a Scotch jury is this: An English jury when returning their verdict must be unanimous, and if they fail to agree after a certain length of time they are dismissed and the whole proceedings are begun again de novo before a fresh jury. This is a most expensive mode of administering justice. In civil cases, in order to avoid this result, the litigants sometimes agree to accept the verdict of a majority. In Scotland the jury can always give a verdict by a majority, in civil cases after the lapse of three hours.

The beech is less often struck by lightning than any other tree; 54 oaks are struck for one beech.

AN INDIAN STATESMAN.

Prabhashankar D. Pattani Will Visit England This Season.

Among the visitors to England from India this season will be Prabhashankar D. Pattani, the most prominent statesman of the day in that part of India, which is known as the principality of Kathiawad. He holds the responsible post of Prime Minister in the States of Bhavngar, which has often been classed with Mysore as "the model States" of India.

Among his principal achievements in office have been successful measures of relief in coping with two famines, the launching of the first external loan by an Indian State for other purposes than railway construction, and the opening of the only port along the western coast of India, between Bombay and Kurrachee. In some countries work like this would have brought the doer a crop of decorations, but Mr. Pattani has only the satisfaction of having gained the confidence of his Prince and the esteem and gratitude of the people who have benefited by his administration.

Mr. Pattani is a profound thinker on Indian problems, and writes and speaks English with fluency and distinction. In his picturesque costume he will be a striking figure at official and social entertainments this year.

BACHELORS MUST PAY TAX.

Hessian Parliament Has Passed a Law to That Effect.

A tax on bachelors has been imposed by the Lower House of the Hessian Parliament.

The bill provides, in view of the prevailing dearness of food, rent, etc., for an annual supplementary grant to be given to persons in the employ of the State whose incomes do not exceed $500 per annum. The grant varies between $40 and $60. As the bill stands, however, bachelors who have only personal responsibilities are to receive one-half the grant.

A clause in the original bill ordained that persons in the employ of the State, who neither are nor have been married, shall receive only half that amount; but an amendment was passed granting the full sum to bachelor employes who maintain a home for parents, relatives or adopted children.

The Hessian Government does not favor the amendment, as it will necessitate enquiries into the private affairs of employes, but it will probably accept the situation if the Upper House agrees with the Lower House on the subject.

It is stated that locally the preference thus shown to married over bachelor employes of the State is approved, and considered fully justified, as officials are manifesting an over-growing disinclination to marriage.



Fine muslins, dainty lingerie, iron easier, look better, last longer if the laundress uses the only cold-water (no boiling) starch that really saves work and really won't stick. Try it. Get

205 Celluloid Starch IT SAVES

A HUMBUG ADVERTISEMENT.

"I see Lacey advertises something cheap in dress goods, papa."

"It's a humbugging ad., daughter. I've known many women in my time, and there's nothing cheap in dress goods."

BETTER STILL.

"Can you recommend this phonograph?" queried the prospective purchaser.

"I can, but it isn't necessary," replied the dealer. "It speaks for itself."

Client (to matrimonial agent): "You showed me this lady's photo last year and told me she was twenty-five; but after making inquiries, I find she is over thirty." Matrimonial Agent: "Well, you see, her father died lately, and that aged her very much."

DO NOT ALLOW yourself to become alarmed because you have lost your appetite and are losing flesh, but commence taking "Ferrovim" *the best tonic.* It will build you up quickly.

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

Money will do a great many things, but it will not remove the freckles from a man's conscience.

The average woman seems to think she is responsible for all her husband's joys, but that all his sorrows are due to ever hear of sinn fein?

Be there a Will Wisdom Points the Way.—The sick man pines for relief, but he dislikes sending for the doctor, which means bottles of drugs never consumed. He has not the resolution to load his stomach with compounds which smell villainously and taste worse. But if he have the will to deal himself with his ailment, wisdom will direct his attention to Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which, as a specific for indigestion and disorders of the digestive organs, have no equal.

STOMACH INDIGESTION.

Pe-ru-na Strikes at the Root of the Trouble.



MR. S. J. MASSEY.

Mr. S. J. Massey, formerly a resident of Toronto, and a well-known business man, writes from 247 Guy street, Montreal, Quebec:

"I wish to testify to the **good results I have derived from the use of Peruna.**

"Having been troubled for several years with catarrh of the head, I decided to give Peruna a fair trial and I can truly say I have received great benefit from its use.

"It evidently strikes at the very root of the trouble and good results are soon noticeable.

"I have also **found Peruna a very valuable remedy for stomach trouble and indigestion.**

"I have no hesitancy whatever in recommending Peruna as a reliable catarrh remedy."

There are several kinds of indigestion. The trouble may be due to sluggishness of the liver, derangements of the bowels, enlargement of the pancreas, or it may be due to the stomach itself.

In nearly all cases of stomach indigestion catarrh is the cause. The only permanent cure is to remove the catarrh.

Peruna has become well-known the world over as a remedy in such cases.

Train stopping at a small roadside station. Irritable Old Gentleman: "What on earth do they stop at a station like this for?" Objectionable Passenger (alighting): "To allow me to get out!" Irritable Old Gentleman: "Ah, I see it has its advantages, then."

MOUNT CLEMENS, MICHIGAN.

Mount Clemens is famous throughout America as an all-the-year-round health resort, and thousands of people bear testimony to the benefits derived from its mineral waters in cases of rheumatism and kindred diseases. For bilious and liver troubles, digestive troubles, nervous disorders, general debility, etc., the efficacy of its waters is wonderful. Seventy-five per cent. of rheumatics are cured and ninety per cent. benefitted. Write J. D. McDonald, District Passenger Agent, Grand Trunk Railway System, Toronto, for handsome descriptive booklet telling you all about it.

Mistress: "I should like to know Betty, why your latest young man keeps so silent when he is with you in the kitchen?" Pretty Maid: "Oh, ma'am, as yit the poor feller is so bashful, he does nawthin' but ate!"

A SUPERIOR OFFICER.

A Cunard liner was making its way from the docks when its passage was found to be blocked by a barge.

The second mate was ordered to hail the craft and clear the way. Leaning over the rail of the monstrous vessel the officer looked down with a frown and demanded the barge to make way.

"Who are you?" cried the bargeman.

"I'm second mate of this ship," replied the other, threateningly.

"Oh, indeed," answered the man. "Well, I am captain of this vessel. Do not attempt to give orders to a superior officer!"

And he proceeded slowly to clear.

It is an Officer of the Law of Health.—When called in to attend a disturbance it searches out the hiding-place of pain, and like a guardian of the peace, lays hands upon it and says. "I arrest you." Resistance is useless, as the law of health imposes a sentence of perpetual banishment on pain, and Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil was originated to enforce that sentence.

"Henry," whispered Mrs. Smithers, straightening up in bed, "what's that noise in the library?" "Must be history repeating itself," muttered Henry drowsily "Go to sleep!"

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails. Sold by all druggists.

A man may be a failure without knowing it, but if he is a success he not only knows it himself but lets everybody else know it.

"Perfectly Trustworthy" is the character of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. It can be used with the utmost confidence that it will do what is claimed for it. It is sure in its effects, as the use of it will clearly demonstrate, and can be relied upon to drive a cold out of the system more effectively than any other medicine. Try it and be convinced that it is what it is claimed to be.

"RAFFLES" CAUGHT IN PARIS.

Was Trying to Rob a Villa in Fashionable Attire.

The police at Paris have arrested a Parisian "Raffles," but, curious enough, he is a "Raffles" who knows no French.

He was arrested in the small hours of the morning as he was climbing the garden wall of a villa in Vincennes. He wore a frock coat and trouses of excellent cut, made by a London tailor; a silk hat and gray suede gloves. He carried a cane, which on examination proved to be hollow and to contain a complete and excellent outfit of burglars' tools.

The man wore a suit of chain mail underneath his well-fitting clothes, and was found to have a lot of money on him, several hundred pounds' worth of old silver, three loaded revolvers and a dagger. His silk hat contained an ingenious little machine for blowing up safes and opening difficult locks.

The mysterious burglar has refused to give his name and address. He will answer questions in Russian, German or English, and the police think that they have captured the leader of a large gang of international burlars.

Teething Babies

are saved suffering—and mothers given rest—when one uses

Nurses' and Mothers' Treasure

Quickly relieves—regulates the bowels — prevents convulsions. Used 50 years. Absolutely safe.

At drug-stores, 25c. 6 bottles, $1.25. National Drug & Chemical Co., Limited, Sole Proprietors, Montreal. 41

She wished to break it to him gently. "I have decided," she said, "to return your ring." "You needn't bother," he replied; "I buy them by the dozen."

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

"Waiter, this portion of turkey is very small." Waiter: "You will see what a time it will take you to eat it."

A SKIN THAT BURNS with eczema, and is covered with eruptions that discharge a thin fluid, may be made smooth and sightly with Weaver's Cerate. But this external remedy should be used in conjunction with Weaver's Syrup.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FREE

Send two cent stamp with birth date and I will send you a pen picture of your life from the cradle to the grave. All matters of business, love, marriage and health, plainly told by the greatest Astrologer living. Patrons astonished and satisfied. PROF. LEO AMZI, Dept. 13, BRIDGEPORT, CONN.

CREAM OF THE WEST FLOUR

A pure, hard Manitoba flour for bakers and others demanding strength, color and uniformity.

STRONG & WHITE

AT YOUR GROCERS

DEALERS EVERYWHERE SUPPLIED WITH FLOUR AND FEED. WRITE US.

WE ALSO MAKE 'QUEEN CITY,' A BLENDED FLOUR THAT HAS GAINED GREAT FAVOR AS A GENERAL HOUSEHOLD 'ALL PURPOSES' FLOUR.

THE CAMPBELL MILLING CO TORONTO JUNCTION ONT

CANADIAN PACIFIC IRRIGATED FARMS IN SUNNY ALBERTA

Before deciding where to locate in the West, let us tell you about these lands. The best wheat fields, the richest grazing land, are in this province.

Write us for full information about crops, climate and special railroad rates.

Local representative wanted in each county.

Telfer & Osgood

Eastern Selling Agents,

205 CORISTINE BUILDING, MONTREAL.

The Mark That Tells



Trade marked thus in a variety of styles, fabrics and prices for women, men and children. Form Fitted. Dealers are authorized to replace instantly and at our cost, any Pen-Angle garment faulty in material or making. 206

Pen-Angle trademark (in red) on every Pen-Angle garment, tells you it will fit and won't shrink,—your own dealer so guarantees it. Underwear thus trademarked is softer, warmer, more flexible, better wearing.

BETTER UNDERWEAR

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned These can be sent by post, 1c per oz. the best place is

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

MONTREAL.

"Mike," said Plodding Pete, as he climbed into a freight car, "I'm glad de government doesn't own de railroads." "Why?" "Because when we take a free ride now de worst dat happens is to be put off. But if de government was runnin' de lines we'd be arrested fer graftin', sure."

Old Hunks: "Didn't you marry me for my money? Answer me that, madam!" Mrs. Hunks: "Certainly I did. And we'd get along just lovely if you were not so stingy with it."

Look into this roofing question



Get book on "Roofing Right" and see how little risk you take when you roof any building with

"OSHAWA" GALVANIZED STEEL SHINGLES

Sold under a plain GUARANTEE that keeps your roof good for 25 years. With decent care, an Oshawa-Shingled roof will last a CENTURY.

Easy To Put On

With a hammer and a snips (tinners' shears) anybody can put Oshawa Shingles on perfectly. Locked on all four sides—see the side lock? It drains the shingles so that water can't seep under. Top lock (see below) makes whole roof practically one piece and sheds water quick. Made in one grade only—28-guage semi-toughened steel, double-galvanized (saves painting).



Wind-water-and-fire-PROOF. Keep buildings safe from Lightning. Cost only $4.50 a square (10 ft. x 10 ft.)



Send for booklet and learn how little a RIGHT roof costs. Address

The PEDLAR PEOPLE Of Oshawa

Montreal 321-3 Craig St. W. | Ottawa 423 Sussex St.
Toronto 11 Colborne St. | London 69 Dundas St.
Winnipeg 1 75-82 Lombard St. | Vancouver 615 Pender St.

4% FOUR PER CENT COMPOUNDED QUARTERLY 4%

With Absolute Security & balances subject to cheque are the Attractive Conditions under which your Savings Account will be carried By THE UNION TRUST CO LIMITED

TEMPLE BLDG 174-176 BAY ST TORONTO.

CAPITAL $2,500,000 RESERVE $400,000

"PAGE FENCES WEAR BEST"

Made of High Carbon Wire,—we'll prove it to you. COILED—not crimped. This makes it still stronger in service. It stays taut. Painted WHITE over heavy galvanizing—rust proof. Experienced dealers to erect it. Leads all in sales—as in merit. Get illustrated booklet and 1907 prices before buying.

209 THE PAGE WIRE FENCE COMPANY, LIMITED, Walkerville, Toronto, Montreal, St. John, Winnipeg

Chesterville - Bakery

Eugene McMillan, Prop.

—Keeps constantly on hand—

First-Class
Bread,
Cakes, Cream
Sodas, etc.

A Full Line of

McCormick
Confectionery.

J. T. WHITE

Wishes to Inform the Public that he is Agent for the

MASSEY-HARRIS
FARM IMPLEMENTS,
McLaughlin
VEHICLES.
Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines and Windmills.

A Share of your Patronage is Solicited.

The George White & Sons

Traction and Portable Engines.

TRY ONE OF OUR
HAMILTON INCUBATORS.

DEACON - : - SKINS.

Keep them till I call.

I am starting out now to buy Deacon Skins and will be at your home in a few days.

Drop me a card if you have any to sell.

For anything in the following lines you will find it to your advantage to see my stock:—Washing Machines, Wringers and Churns, at Moderate Prices. Cash paid for all kinds of Hides and Furs.

Thanking the public for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of the same.

A. H. FORBES

50 Teams Wanted

Wages $4.00 per Day.

To Work on Double-Tracking the C.P.R. from Finch to Mountain.

Apply on the Work after May 1st, Next.

to

McCOY & WILFORD,
Contractors.

New Flour and Feed Store

At Crysler.

I have opened a store at Crysler and will carry in stock all kinds of Flour and Feed, etc.

FLOUR—ROYAL HOUSEHOLD,
GLENORA.

I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

JOHN H. CURRIE,
CRYSLER, ONT.

L. D'AMOUR, Up-to-Date Tailor,
CHESTERVILLE.

I have adopted at considerable expense the latest system of Cutting and Fitting. With my 25 years' experience I now am in a position to guarantee all my work to be Up-to-date in Cut, Fit and Workmanship.

I make a specialty of

Mens' Suits in all Styles, Mens' Overcoats in all Styles
Also Ladies' Tailoring.

Give me a call and I will please you.

I have removed my shop to Baldrey's New Block.

Local Cheese Board.

Brockville, Ont., April 20.—The continued cold weather has not given much activity to the cheese market, for today local buyers were unconcerned as to whether they secured goods or not. Probably 500 were offered and sold at from 10 3/4c to 10 7/8c, a drop of three-quarters from a week ago. A number of salesmen were holding out 11c, but this they did not secure and sooner than pay this figure buyers were content to let them hold their goods for another week, which many did.

Belleville, April 20.—The offerings this date were 694 boxes of white cheese and 30 boxes of colored, 11 3/8c was the highest bid, but none sold. The cheese are not sufficiently cured.

Crysler, April 20. —The first regular meeting of the Crysler Cheese board was held today, when the buyers present were James Weir, for James Alexander; James Ault, for Hodgson Bros.; Geo. McLean, for H. W. Grant, and H. Logan, for A. A. Ayer & Co. White sold at 11 1/4c; for colored 11 3/8c was bid, but none sold.

"BLUE DEVILS."

Get Rid of Indigestion and Things Will Look Bright and Joyous.

Even in the present era of prosperity and good times everything appears black to those people who are suffering wretchedly from some form of indigestion. Where digestion is quick, complete and easy there is a joyous and hopeful outlook, but indigestion causes depression.

The want of a safe, effective cure from sick headache, indigestion and stomach troubles, was always felt until the prescription known as Mi-o-na stomach tablets was put up in popular form and proved its invariable success in the many forms of indigestion.

After a few days of Mi-o-na stomach tablets the headache, dizzy feeling, drowsiness, bad taste in the mouth, nervousness, sleeplessness, distress after eating—all these symptoms of a weak stomach—will disappear, and perfect digestion and a good skin will show that the vital machinery is once more running smoothly.

Mi o na is to be taken before each meal and it will stimulate the secretive and digestive juices and strengthen the whole of the digestive system so that the unpleasant full feeling will be absent and indigestion prevented.

We absolutely agree that your money will be refunded should you buy a 50c box of Mi-o-na stomach tablets and not be satisfied with the results. Mi-o na is sold by druggists everywhere, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents. Booth's Miona Company, Buffalo, N.Y.

Frank Cameron of North Bay, aged 22 years, stabbed three men in the bar room of the Royal Hotel, Peterboro, while crazed with liquor.

The Railway Committee at Ottawa passed the Hamilton Radial Electric Company's bill, but a clause giving the company power to build into Toronto was withdrawn. One clause is in direct opposition to the Hendrie Act, passed by the Ontario Legislature.

GRADUATES AT QUEEN'S.

Successful Students Ottawa and District—Result of Exams.

Kingston, April 21.—The graduates in arts, theology and medicine at Queen's University, were announced last night. There are 13 M.A.'s, 69 B.A.'s, 4 D.D.'s, 6 testamurs in theology and 30 M.D.C. M's.

A dozen or more ladies passed in the arts department. The graduates come from all parts of the world, the bulk, however, being from Ontario.

This afternoon, Rev. Dr. Herridge, Ottawa, addressed the graduates in Convocation hall.

Following are the graduates from the Capital, the Ottawa Valley and Eastern Ontario:—

Degree of B. Sc.

J. R. Akins, Kinburn, mining; W. R. Alder, Prescott, mining; James Bartlett, Gananoque, mining; J. D. Calvin, B.A., Kingston, civil; E. S. L. Code, Kingston, electrical; C. J. Curtin, B.A., Brockville, mining; H. A. Germain, Kingston, electrical, G. C. Keith, Smith's Falls, civil; G. K. McLaren, Perth, mining; J. M. Sands, Kingston, mining; R. Potter, Kingston, civil; L. P. Stiles, Cornwall, electrical; G. C. Wright, Kingston, civil.

Diploma in Civil Engineering.

G. C. Keith, Smith's Falls.

University Prizes.

Latin prose, C. R. Graham, Arnprior.
Greek prose, A. E. Book, M.A., Kingston
Roughton in German, Winnifred Gillen, Kingston.
Professors in French, Winnifred Gillen, Kingston.
Rogers in English, M. T. Patton, Windham Center.
Lewis in English, J. Dunn, Kinston.
McLennan in Hebrew, W. A. Dobson, Picton.
Gowan in Botany, J. A. Anderson, Rossmore.
Gowan in Political Science, D. A. MacArthur, Dutton.
Calvin in Latin, A. P. Menzies, Ottawa.
Maclennan in Greek, May Macdonell, Kingston.
Gowan No. 3, D. A. MacArthur, Dutton.

University Medals.

Latin, C. R. Graham, Arnprior.
Greek, A. E. Book, M.A., Kingston.
History, Ethel Alford, B. A. Brockville.
Moral Philosophy, B. W. Thompson, Ottawa.
Mathematics, W. Dwyer, Kingston.
Physics, M. L. Cornell, Carleton Place.
Animal Biology, J. W. Gibson, Kars.
Chemistry, N. L. Bowen, M.A., Kingston.
Minerology, N. L. Bowen, M.A., Kingston.
Geology, J. J. Schofield, M.A., Kingston.

Scholarships in Theology.

Anderson No. 2, $35, R. Brydon, M. A., Ottawa; Toronto, $60, A. D. Arnitt, Kingston.
Morris, $50, W. H. McInnes, B.D., Vankleek Hill

Degree of B.D.

M. F. Munro, B.A., Lancaster.

M.A. Degree.

A. E. Boak, Kingston, N. L. Bowen, Kingston; N. L. Cornell, Carleton Place; W. O. Dwyer, Kingston; S. J. Schofield, Kingston.

B.A. Degree.

Ethel Alford, Brockville; Jennie M. Anglin, Kingston; G. H. Ashman, Ottawa; C. H. Bland, Pembroke; A. D, Cornett, Kingston; W. F. Cornett, Kingston; C. M. Crawford, Kingston R. Dingwall, Cornwall; D. G. Ellis; Florence M Dunlop, J. J. Ferguson, D. G. Foley, Kingston; Margaret F. Grass, Kingston; J. T. Grover, Kingston; Wm. Ide, Ottawa; C. W. Livingston, Kingston; Constance M. Low, Ottawa; Frances B. Mills, Kingston; J. F. McCallum, Brewer's Mills; Annie S. McFarlane, Franktown; Minnie B. McKay, Smith's Falls; Caroline I. McRae, Perth; Beatrice A. Ockley, Kingston; Edna Poole, Poole's Resort; Jean J. Reid, Renfrew; F. V. Reilly, Kingston; Carrie L. Scott, Napanee; R. S. Smart, Ottawa; Amy Spencer, Sault Ste. Marie; J. R. Urquhart, Kingston.

Degrees Of M, D, And C. M.

H. M. Bowen, Gananoque; S. B. Casselman, North Williamsburg; F. J. Donovan, Gananoque; A. C. Johnston, Kingston; A. M. McCormick, Ottawa; A. McDonald, Scotch Line; W. L. McDougald, Cornwall; R. D. Paul, Kingston; J. P. Quigely, M. A. Kingston; A. T. Spankie, Wolfe Island; H. D. L. Spence, B. A., Kingston; M. T. C Walker, Kingston; R. Wightman, Lancaster.

Winners Of Medals.

University medal in medicine, H. A. Boyce, Murray.
University medal, in Surgery, J. P. Quigley, M. A., Kingston.

Prizes In Medicine.

Faculty prises in Anatomy—2nd year prize, I. B. Hutton, Kingston.
N. Y. Alumnae Assoc'n schol, value $50—W. G. Wallace, Metcalfe, Ont.
Chancellor's schol,. for general proficiency, $70—J. P. Quiegley, Kingston.
Recommended for house surgeons at General Hospital—R. Wrightman Lancaster; H. A. Boyce, Murray, Ont.; F. H. Trousdale, Hartington.
Next in order—J. P. McNara, Stratford; A. T. Spankie, Wolfe Island; R. D. Paul, Selby; M. J. O. Walker, Kingston: R. M. Mills Kingston.
Class prize for physical diagnosis, 3rd year, F. Sargent, Kingston.

For Catarrh let me send you free, just to prove merit, a Trial size Box of Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Remedy. It is a healing antipestic balm that gives instant relief to Catarrh of the nose and throat. Address Dr. Shoop. Racine, Wis. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

Langford's sawmills at Lucan were destroyed by fire.

Pale, Thin, Nervous?

Then your blood must be in a very bad condition. You certainly know what to take, then take it—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you doubt, then consult your doctor. We know what he will say about this grand old family medicine.

This is the first question your doctor would ask: "Are your bowels regular?" He knows that daily action of the bowels is absolutely essential to recovery. Keep your liver active and your bowels regular by taking laxative doses of Ayer's Pills.

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's HAIR VIGOR, AGUE CURE, CHERRY PECTORAL.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

The News—No pure Drug Cough Cure Laws would be needed, if all Cough Cure were like Dr. Shoops Cough Cure is—and has been for 20 years. The National law now requires that if any poisons enter into a cough mixture, it must be printed on the label or package. For this reason mothers, and others, should insist on having Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure. No poison-marks on Dr. Shoop's labels—and none in the medicine, else it must by law be on the label. And it's not only safe, but is said to be by those that know it best, a truly remarkable cough remedy. Refuse to accept any other.

Starch Workers On Strike.

A despatch from Cardinal says about 100 of the 200 men employees of the Edwardsburg Starch Co's works went out on strike last week for an increase of wages They demand a raise from 12½ to 15 cents per hour all round. Up to the present the company are not as seriously inconvenienced as might be expected. The men claim, with reason that the increased cost of living they cannot make both ends meet, much less lay anything by for a rainy day. The Company have hitherto got along with their employees very well, better indeed than most large employers in the province, and it is to be hoped that the present difficulty will be bridged over in a manner mutually satisfactory. The men say they have no other grievance apart from wages. The sympathy of the village is largely with the men, whose demands are regarded as modest and therefore entitled to favorable consideration.—Iroquois News.

Dishonest Bank Clerk.

Winnipeg, Man., April 18—A clerk in the Union Bank of Canada by the name of C. Beadon, was placed under arrest today, and pleaded guilty to stealing $1,300 of the bank's funds. He was remanded until to-morrow for sentence.

Canada has enough land to give each inhabitant 400 acres.

THE SUN LIFE
Of Canada's
1906 REPORT
Is a Record-Breaker.

Write for a copy of it before placing your insurance.

You need the Best

JOHN R. and W. L. REID,
Managers Eastern Ontario,
SUN LIFE BUILDING,
OTTAWA

IRA J. CRAMER, General Agent, Aultsville.
A. M. FETTERLY, Local Agent, Chesterville.



For Sale by W. G. Bolster.

J. B. Thompson
SUCCESSOR TO
THOMPSON & CLINE
Tinsmiths &c.,
CHESTERVILLE,

A full Line in connection with my business always kept in stock.

WELL DRILLING

A 4½ inch bore through rock or soil either summer or winter. Pumps or fixtures supplied and water connected with houses or stables.

I have five drills at work and have just received the sixth one at Chesterville station, which will be in operation next week.

Any person requiring my services will please communicate with me in Vankleek Hill Satisfaction in every particular guaranteed. Long distance phone No. 23.

Arthur Campbell,
VANKLEEK HILL, ONT.

THE
Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,
LIMITED

COAL ! COAL ! COAL !

We have coal in stock now for delivery at the following prices:

Coal Delivered and Paid for

On or before	May 10th	-	$6 50
" "	June "		6 60
" "	July "	-	6 70
" "	Aug. "	-	6 80
" "	Sept. "	-	6 90

After Sept. 10th the price will be 7 00

To customers who take the coal off cars at their own expense, this price will be 20c per ton less than the above schedule.

The above prices are subject to change without notice.

Please note that in order to secure reduction in price, the coal must be both delivered and paid for.

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co.
LIMITED.

H. A. MERKLEY.

General Confectioner

CHESTERVILLE, - - ONT.



Bee-Keepers Supplies.

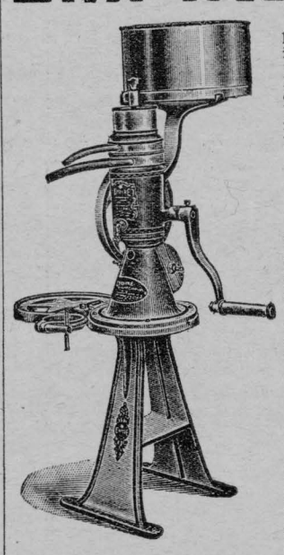
ALL KINDS ON HAND.

Buy Your Wants Now Before the Rush.



McDOUGALL & CUZNER,
523 Sussex Street, OTTAWA. Established in 1850.

EMPIRE ! EMPIRE !



The Empire Cream Separator outwears other Separators lasts longer and requires fewer repairs, because—It's simple, in construction and—It is more carefully built. That has been the Exerience of thousands of farmers who have used the Empire Its easy to see why. Being so much simpler in construction it has fewer parts to get out of order The bowl being so much lighter and there being so much less mechanism, there naturally is less friction and wear. It will pay you to consider these things.

Winchester, Ont., Jan. 9, 1905.
Empire Cream Separator Company, of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—I am using one of your EMPIRE Separators and am pleased to be able to recommend to all who intend to buy machines.

I can truly say that I have tried several methods of handling milk, and can recommend a seperator to be far in advance of all other methods.

I can also say that I have tried several other makes of separators and prefer the EMPIRE to any of the others on account of it being easily cleaned, a close skimmer, and the lightest to operate. I am

Yours truly
THOS. IRVING.

Chesterville, July 31. 1906.
Empire Cream Separator Co., Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your Empire Cream Separators after having tried others, I wish to recommend your Empire for its easy running and the work it does. The Empire skims very close and produces a fine quality of cream. I have never seen another machine so simple in construction. I can highly recommend your Empire Cream Separator.

Yours truly
ROLAND SHAVER, Morewood,

Chesterville, July 31, 1906.
Empire Cream Separator Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your new Improved 2 B Empire Separators I wish to report that it gives me entire satisfaction as to capacity, close skimmer and ease of operation. I can highly recommend your Empire, and it will be a pleasure for me to induce my friends to buy your Empire, as it will be to their advantage.

Yours truly
AMAZIAH FROATS, Nation Valley.

Get an easy running, simple, durable, economical Empire and be sure.

JOHN FOSTER, Chesterville,
Agent for Winchester and Finch Townships.

FINCH.

John C Wilson, Kenmore, was in Finch on Wednesday

James R Simpson was in Winchester village on Saturday

S S Reveler, barrister, Thos Irving, auctioneer, and Frank Elliott, ex reeve of Winchester village, were in town on Monday

A W. McIntyre and Robert McIntyre left here on Tuesday on the C P R with a carload of valuable horses for Port Arthur

Vene Robinson of Chesterville, and James D Rombough of Finch, shipped a car load of hogs and calves to Montreal last Saturday

Peter Lafleur has returned to Cobalt and moved his family into the Alguire block on Main street, where they will reside for the present

Geo A Poyser of the Merchants Bank, Kingston, is here relieving M M Bennett, teller, who is taking three weeks holidays at Prescott

W B Lawson, barrister, Chesterville, was in town on Saturday evening, and called on J R Simpson, village clerk, at his office in the Alguire block

Angus W Cameron returned home from Cobalt on Wednesday He says business is booming up there and that all the Stormont and Glengarry boys are doing well

Alexander G Clarke (Sandy) of the T & N O railway, Cobalt, arrived home on Tuesday of last week to enjoy a well earned holiday Judging from appearances the climate of Silverland agrees with him

The manager of the Merchants Bank here is extending and remodelling the interior of the bank premises and placing therein the most modern conveniences in order to make the establishment thoroughly up-to-date in every particular

The congregation of the Methodist church is erecting a large shed, 18 x 50 feet, at the rear of their church on Minto street for the accomodation of those members who live in the country, and are obliged to drive in to the religious meetings and church services The shed was needed badly and will be much appreciated

Rumor has it that an immense non-political picnic will be held here in June and that Henry Bourassa, M P, R R Gamey, M P P, and Col Sam Hughes, M P, will be invited to attend There should be music if these three worthies get together Arrangements are going forward, and a splendid day's sport and amusement is expected if the project materializes

The farmers of Finch township should not overlook the auction sale of pure bred bacon swine to be held at the C P R station here on Saturday, April 27, at 2 p m A number of the young boars and sows of the Yorkshire and Tamworth breeds will be offered, and a splendid opportunity will be afforded to get good stock at low prices There is getting to be a good deal of difference in price between hogs of the right kind and common, every-day animals, and wide awake farmers should see to it that they get into the breeds that make the most money

Isaac Cockburn, coal and lumber dealer, of Winnipeg, visited his cousins, James and Donald McMillan, lot 16, second concession of Finch, on Monday Mr Cockburn, who is a son of the late Peter Cockburn of Berwick, and cousin of John A Cockburn, division court clerk Crysler, left Finch about forty years ago to engage in lumbering in Upper Canada with his father and brothers Old residents of Finch who knew him in his younger days, were glad to meet Mr Cockburn again and to learn of his success in the west Mr Cockburn is a witness before the Lumber Combine Investigating Committee of the House of Commons at Ottawa

Several farmers in this vicinity are taking steps to improve their properties by removing old, tumbledown, log fences, cleaning away all kinds of rubbish such as brush, weeds, logs and stones from the vacant space between the travelled road and the farm front and replacing the old fences with neat woven wire on peeled and painted posts Many have done this already and many more are contemplating similar improvements All who do so are adding several hundred dollars to the value of their holdings at a moderate cost The price of a few rods of wire is the principal expense, as nearly every farmer can contribute the labor and posts without getting outside of his own place Any one travelling through the township, if he has a taste for the beautiful, cannot overlook the neat and business-like fences erected in front of the farms of the following gentlemen, among others: J D McInnes, south half of lot 19, eighth concession; Robert Stacey, rear of lot 2, tenth concession; William A Stacey, south half 11, third concession; Hiram Casselman, north part 14, second concession; McRae Bros 7, fourth concession There should be an amendment to the Municipal Act, exempting such improvements from taxation, in fact it would be a good idea not only to exempt but encourage such betterments Only woven wire, (no barbs) should be used

"Preventics" will promptly check a cold or the Grippe when taken early or at the "sneeze stage" Preventics cure seated colds as well. Preventics are little candy cold cure tablets. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

The Bisley team will sail from Montreal on June 14, on the C.P.R. steamer Empress of Ireland.

NEWINGTON.

George Forsythe, Ottawa, was in town last week.

C. Bicks returned home from the Gatineau on Monday.

George N. Berkley has been on the sick list, but is better.

Johnson Quinn came home from New Ontario on Wednesday.

Mr. Kennedy, Grantley, lately moved to the farm of H. McMillan.

Helmer Bros. have the contract of building a barn for A. Lapierre, Grantley.

Korah Foster has purchased a pure bred Yorkshire pig from D. Cameron, Finch.

R. Waldruff, John Thompson, and Frank Hawn went to New Ontario last week.

J. Kettle and J. Eastman, each had the misfortune to lose a valuable cow this week.

William Helmer, sr., of Cumberland formerly of Newington, was in town this week.

Mrs. O. Dugan, Chesterville, is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. C. Bicks.

A number from here attended the funeral of the late John Finch of Osnabruck Centre on Wednesday.

Rev. Mr. Bradford of Avonmore preached to a large congregation in the Methodist church on Sunday night.

S Z Wert disposed of three horses this week, one to W. Wert, Osnabruck; another to D. Tilton, Mille Roches, and the third to J. Steele of Newington.

Preparations are being made for the erection of a new bank on the property owned by A. W. Snetsinger, adjoining the residence of S. K. Wert on Main Street.

H. Bowman, propietor of the White Clover and Newington cheese factories, is getting a large supply of milk for this time of year, making from six to seven cheese per day. He recently purchased the Dixon cheese factory and began operations there on Tuesday.

W. Snetsinger recently disposed of a heavy draft horse for a fancy price to A. W. McIntyre, Finch, who with his brother Robert, is loading a car at Finch, with milch cows and heavy draft horses for the west. They will be accompanied by James Bancroft.

A very sad occurrence and one seldom witnessed here, was the funeral of two children of Mr and Mrs Oscar Alguire, which took place on Thursday. A short time ago their eldest child, Hattie, 10 years of age, was taken ill with measles, which developed into pneumonia, and despite all the medical help, she died on Tuesday evening about 8 o'clock,

The youngest, a little three year old, was also taken down with measles, and his case also developed into pneumonia While the preparations for his sister's funeral were being made the boy began to grow worse rapidly and he also died on Wednesday, about 5 p. m. The funeral service of the two was held in the advent church by Rev, Mr. Beamish, Methodist minister of this place. The sorrowing parents have the sympathy of the community in their sole trial. The only remaining child, six years old, has had the measles, but has been cared for at Mr Bole's and hopes are entertained that she may recover.

Rheumatic sufferers can have a free sample of Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy with book on Rheumatism by simply writing Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. This book will explain how Dr Shoop's rheumatic Remedy successfully drives Rheumatism out of the blood. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

Successful Sale.

The sale of pure bred bacon hogs, at the G. T. R. Station on Tuesday afternoon, brought to town a large number of farmers and others interested in the bacon industry. Altogetner thirty seven animals were sold, some reaching the sixty dollar figure. The distribution of such stock through this banner section of countty should mean another milestone along the highway of progress. W. L Redmond of Iroquois was the auctioneer

The buyers were as follows; John M. Casselman (two), E M. Beckstead, Glen Becker,; Oran Becker, G. H. Merkley, Ernest Casselman, C. E. Robertson, A. E. Nash, (two) C. E. Robertson, W. K. Farlinger (three), Ilion Casselman, M. J. Casselman, Geo. W. Reddick (two), Morrisburg ; M. M. Cook, W. M. Wells (two), Aultsville; Robert Merkley, Alfred Hall, North Williamsburg; W. J. Cunningham, Grantley; Archie Johnston, Hanesville; E P. Foster, Hamilton Bros. Dundela; J. M. Weegar, Jas. Beckstead, (two), R. P. Ford, (three) Elma; Ed. Thompson, Dixon's Corners; Chestnut Colquhoun, (three) Colquhoun; J. B. Cunningham (two) Grantley.

The sale was held under the direction of the Packers Association, payment being made through the Bank of Ottawa here. At Cornwall yesterday (Wednesday) a smaller sale resulted, only 17 hogs being sold—Morrisburg Herald.

It may prove a surprise to many to know that there are 37 different religions professed by the people of Edmonton, and many of them are almost unknown in Canada.

The provincial government will return to the Montreal River Pulp & Paper Company the $20,000, which the company forfeited at the time of the cancellation of the pulpwood lease.

NATION SIDE.

Jake Froats intends building a new house this year.

Dan Clements has sand drawn to start repairing his house.

Barney Dillabough of Morrisburg died last week.

Mrs. Fred Shay of Morrisburg, was visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Dillabough, for the past week.

The water has been very high this spring, a cutter belonging to Dan Clement, standing in the barn yard, was carried out into the deep water.

Miss Mary Burns was visiting her sister, Mrs. John Flynn, for the past week.

BOUCK'S HILL.

April 22nd 1907

Our sap weather has ended for this season.

Mrs. Bert Barkley spent Saturday and Sunday at Mr. Nathaniel Merkley's.

Miss Dollie Stillson left on Sunday for Nuddel Bush to spend the summer with her aunt Mrs. Charles Hart.

Mr. James Oshaughnessy of Hosiac has moved into our midst

The Indians took their departure for St. Ridges.

Mr. David Johnston called at Mrs. L. Robertsons on Sunday.

Mr. Charles Becker Purchased a fine rubber tired buggy last week. Charles will take frequent trips to Winchester Springs now.

Mr. Roy Weaver left on Saturday night for the West.

The Rev. Sellar baptized the two youngest children of Mrs. Bert Barkley's on Wednesday.

Mrs. Allan Barkley visited friends at North Williamsburg on Tuesday,

Mrs. H. Hopper of N. Y. State is visiting friends here.

Mr. Thomas Merkley drove to Morrisburg on Friday.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Lundy were calling in this vicinity on Tuesday.

Mrs. L. McRuddy and son of Morley, N. Y. visited friends here last week. Miss Annie Stilson and George Colquhoun were married on Wednesday April 17, congratulations.

NATION VALLEY.

Warren Blanche of Canton N. Y. returned home on Thursday having visited several relatives in this vicinity.

Hugh Jackson visited his daughter Mrs. Archie Loucks of Morrisburg a few days ago.

Rev. Crawford of Chesterville visited at the homes of his congregation in this district the latter part of the week.

James Toye of N. Y. state is at present visiting his sister in this locality.

Miss Edna Cass and Horace Casselman of Winchester were visiting friends in this locality recently.

Mrs. Ernest Grey, who was visiting Mrs. John Munroe of South Finch has been very ill since returning home.

Arthur Thomas of Kenmore is engaged for the coming season on the farm of his grandfather H. Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Baldrey of Chesterville were the guests of friends in this locality the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Baker of Kenmore have returned home having visited the latters parents here.

Miss Isabella Rae of Chesterville is at present visiting relatives in this locality.

Mr. and Mrs. Derry Thomas of Kenmore were the guests of the latters parents a few days ago.

Miss Effie Merkley has been dangerously ill with inflammatory rheumatism. We hope for a speedy recovery.

John Marcellus has been very ill with pleurisy of the lungs but is somewhat better.

Mrs. John Jamieson and son Ernest have both been seriously ill but are improving nicely at present.

Miss Nancy Grey visited her Aunt Mrs. Fanny Ball of Maple Ridge a few days ago.

D. McKercher of Cass Bridge visited at the home of James Rae the first of the week.

J. F. Cass of Winchester was vsiting friends in this district On Saturday last.

Death Of John H. Fetterly.

Mr. John H. Fetterly, who resided at Lunenburg until a short time ago, passed away very suddenly at his home at Osnabruck, on Monday evening of last week. He had done his customary day's work and after eating a hearty supper was conversing with his wife, when he fell to the floor and never regained consciousness. Mr Fetterly was a very energetic man. Although a prosperous farmer he acted as foreman of large lumber camps in winter months and a few years ago was overseer on a drainage scheme on the North West side of this township. Mr. Fetterly was first married to Edna, daughter of Lyman Warner, of Osnabruck Centre; his second wife was Mrs. Ellen Warner, daughter of the late Albert Hollister, also of Osnabruck Centre, who survives. His children are Miss Alice Fetterly, of Ottawa, Mrs. G. Gray, of Aultsville, and Mrs. Mervin Baker, of Newington.

The funeral took place on Wednesday to the Methodist church, Osnabruck Centre, Rev. Mr. Cameron officiated, assisted by Rev. T. Roy. The service was most impressive. The large attendance of friends and neighbors was an evidence of the esteem in which deceased was held. Interment was made in the Pleasant Valley Cemetery. The Independent Order of Foresters of which he was a member, had charge of the burial service. The heartfelt sympathy of many friends is extended to the bereaved family.

Chief Constable Cox of Oxford county died suddenly at Woodstock.

It has been decided to print the report of the Insurance Commission in French.

George Blanchette was arrested at Montreal on a charge of placing his five-months-old baby in a basket in a hot oven.

Grand Trunk machinists from Stratford to Montreal are reported to be ready to strike unless their demands for more pay are conceded.

A thousand miners are said to be out in Alberta, but Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux hopes to have the trouble in a fair way of settlement by Monday.

Fire in the Canada Steam Laundry at Montreal resulted in the death of three persons. About thirty women had their escape cut off, and several were injured by jumping from the upper windows.

A deliberate attempt was made to wreck the westbound express from Halifax at Plume Sweep, forty-seven miles east of St. John.

The Dominion government has decided to inquire this year into the approximate cost of a bridge and a tunnel to Prince Edward Island.

Recourse to official statistics shows that over 300 complete companies have been incorporated to undertake mining operations in the Cobalt district.

Rev. Abbes J. A. N. Gouin and J. P. S. Gouin of St. Henri de Levis, the twin brothers of Premier Gouin, who were ordained together and have always officiated together, are to celebrate the silver jubille of their ordination on April 30, and the people of the parish are making great preparations for the unusual event.

DOCTORS USING PATENT MEDICINES

The Honest Physician is Anxious to Cure and Uses the Best Available Remedies.

The discussion of the bill now before the Dominion Parliament for the regulation of the manufacture and sale of patent or proprietary medicines is one of the utmost importance, and is receiving a great deal of attention, not only by the proprietary medicine manufacturers, but also by the retail and wholesale druggists. Every manufacturer of reliable and high class remedies welcomes the bill as a step in the right direction. The discussion has brought out the fact that the best physicians in Canada and on the continent approve of and prescribe Psychine in cases of the most difficult character. In a recent instance of very serious throat and lung trouble the patient had been using Psychine. Two leading United States specialists were consulted, in addition to two eminent Canadian physicians. Upon learning what the patient was using, a sample of Psychine was taken and analyzed, with the result that the physicians advised its continuance. They prescribed no other medicine but Psychine, with the result that the patient has fully recovered and is a splendid walking and talking advertisement for the wonderful curative power of a remedy that will "stand up" before the keenest professional criticism and analysis. As a builder up of the system and restoring all wasted conditions, Psychine has no equal, and the best and most earnest physicians recognize this fact. "At the age of 25 my lungs were in a terrible state. I had la grippe the year before; it settled on my lungs and I kept steadily growing worse till I got down so low I was in bed for six weeks. I had a consultation of doctors, and they said they could do nothing more for me. Then I started to use Psychine. I took the medicine for more than a year. It certainly did wonders for me. I am now as strong as I was before my sickness.

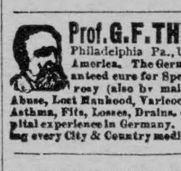
"MRS. H. HOPE,
"Morpeth, Ont."

Psychine, pronounced Si-keen, is the greatest of tonics, building up the system, increasing the appetite, purifying the blood, aids digestion, and acts directly upon the throat and lungs, giving tone and vigor to the entire system. At all druggists, 50c and $1, or Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, 179 King Street west, Toronto.

Chesterville Lodge No. 288, I. O. O. F.

Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.

C. R. ROBINSON, N. G. — F. WOOD, R S.



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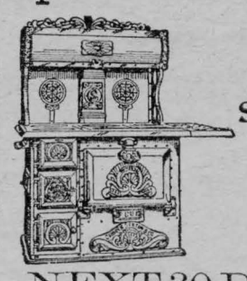

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A Full Line of Agateware and Tinware always on hand.
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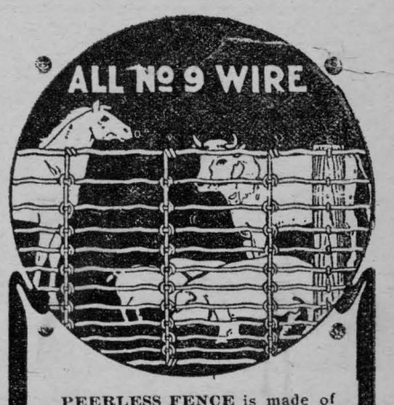
CHESTERVILLE.

CATARRH

To prove unquestionably, and beyond any doubt that Catarrh of the nose and throat can be cured, I am furnishing patients through druggists, small free Trial Boxes of Dr Shoop's Catarrh Cure. I do this because I am so certain, that Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Cure will bring actual substantial help. Nothing certainly, is so convincing as a physical test of any article of real, genuine merit. But that article must possess true merit, else the test will condemn, rather than advance it. Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Cure is a snow white, healing antiseptic balm, put up in beautiful nickel capped glass jars at 50c. Such soothing agents as Oil Eucalyptus, Thymol, Menthol, etc., are incorporated into a velvety, cream like Petrolatum, imported by Dr. Shoop from Europe. If Catarrh of the nose and throat has extended to the stomach, then by all means also use internally, Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Stomach distress, a lack of general strength, bloating, belching, biliousness, bad taste, etc. surely call for Dr. Shoop's Restorative.
For uncomplicated catarrh only of the nose and throat nothing else, however, need be used but

Dr. Shoop's Catarrh Cure
WALTER G. BOLSTER.



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R. McCORMICK,
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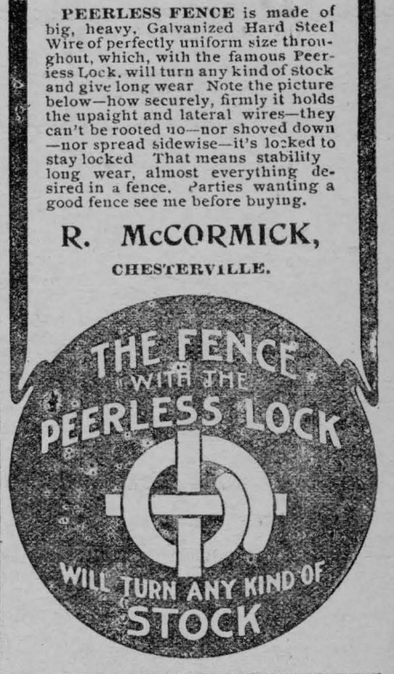

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A Car Load of Up-to-Date Buggies.
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Send 3 Corks drawn from quart bottles of our Whiskies and receive a handsome enameled pin.

For 8 corks we will send a silk watch fob with enamel charm.

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CURRENT TOPICS.

One of the most melodramatic and grotesque of the Dickens creations is the Miss Havisham of "Great Expectations." This lady, clad in her bridal garments and all prepared for the wedding ceremony, waited for a bridegroom who never came. The rogue failed to keep his engagement, and for her the world stopped moving. Her house was kepe exactly as it looked on the wedding day except as it was affected by the inroads of time. Before the few relatives who were admitted to the place she always appeared in the bridal garments. It was not a cheerful existence, but poor Miss Havisham had her pleasures. She brought up a girl to break the hearts of men, and kept her greedy relatives in a desperate condition of nerves by playing on their anxiety over the disposition of her fortune.

Though this story is very much out of the ordinary, a story of real life was told some years ago that bore a strong resemblance to it in several respects. and now appears another one that is quite as curious. We read that a woman who lived out west and whom we shall call Miss Smith had an experience like Miss Havisham's. That was twenty-seven years ago. The guests were met, the feast was set, but the young man who was to take the necessary though subordinate role of bridegroom did not appear, and Miss Smith never saw or heard of him afterward. That day she took a vow that henceforth she would not speak to any man, and it is asserted that the vow was religiously kept up to the day of her death, which occurred a few days ago. She would not speak even to the husband of the sister with whom she lived and as a last proof of her aversion for the faithless sex to which he belonged she left instructions that no man should be permitted to attend her funeral, which may have been a trying deprivation, since there are places in which funerals are highly interesting social events. We recall one such where an old gentleman was heard to complain that he didn't enjoy a certain funeral at all because he got axle grease on his linen duster.

But instructions were carried out at Miss. Smith's funeral and there was no man there, young or old. To the last the lady triumphed, and yet it would seem that Miss Havisham had certain advantages over her. There was no check whatever upon the flow of Miss Havisham's speech, which is an item possibly of the first importance. Better the old trappings of the wedding day and the life in the old mansion than the irritation and temptation to which Miss Smith must have been subjected. She must have seen many men who needed advice and correction that she was fitted to give, and who were unable to realize how much they suffered by her silence. Miss Havisham playing on the hopes and fears of obsequious relatives and dependants had a more immediately satisfying revenge, even if the punishment she inflicted was far less deplorable.

But enough of speculation. The new story teaches not only that truth is as strange as fiction, but also that dogmatism on the probable is not always safe in literary criticism. It is good to check up occasionally with the thought that this is a queer world

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TIGER HUNT IN COREA.

How Javanese Guard Against Maneaters —Cave Tiger of Amoy.

"The tiger," said George Robertson of Scotland, who has had many exciting experiences in hunting tigers in Far Eastern countries, "is usually looked on as a tropical beast, but as a matter of fact he is found pretty much throughout the continent of Asia. He is an animal of great power, resource and intelligence and exerts a large influence on the lives of the people.

"In Corea, where I have hunted, there are no forests on the seaboard, but the inland ridges are heavily timbered, and here the tigers are found. The beasts are numerous and are pursued on foot. After two or three vain chases I was told by the natives that no tigers could be found unless a sacrifice were offered, and accordingly I gave up some coin for the necessary rice and wine. The sacrifice was accordingly made, and the next day I shot a very handsome specimen. In every Corean village there is an official hornblower, whose duty it is to sound his horn whenever a tiger gets into a village at night. The natives are sorely afraid of them, and many a human life is annually destroyed by the savvage beasts.

"In the province of Amoy I ran across the cave tigers. The land is bare of woods or brush, and the tigers live in long tunnels in the rocks. The Chinese hunt them with torches, carrying three-pronged spears, and the boys who go on these dangerous expeditions proceed with as much coolness as the average youth in this country does in a rabbit hunt. A tiger, however, will not charge a light, but woe to the hunter whose light goes out.

"In Java there are more tigers than anywhere I have hunted. In some places the brutes were so numerous that the inhabitants slept in houses built on piles, so as to be protected from their assaults. The Javanese hold them in such awe that many of the natives abstain even from using the name of the beast."

FRANCE CONSUMES WOOD

PARIS BURNS UP 125,000 ACRES EVERY YEAR.

Vast Tracts of Country are Devoted to It — System of Water Transportation.

Despite all modern improvements Paris still heats its offices and its houses to a large extent with wood. Its bakers and confectioners use hardly anything else for fuel. It burns up whole forest of timber every year, and extensive forests in several regions of France are reserved for supplying it with fuel.

Coal is scarce in France and dear and not of very good quality. Besides, the Parisians are conservative in home matters. The cheery appearance of the glowing log on the hearth appeals to them and most likely generations will pass before they give up burning wood altogether.

Although the consumption has declined materially in the last quarter of a century the official figures show that 280,000 cubic metres of hardwood, or nearly 9,000,000 cubic feet a year was the average burning for the first four years of the present century, for heating purposes alone.

To furnish this supply about 50,000 hectares, or nearly 125,000 acres, of woodland was cleared in the four years. The rate of consumption was

EVEN GREATER IN THE PAST.

It is not expected that it will diminish. The trees cut range in age from 24 to 36 years; the average is about 30 years. From this an estimate may be made of the enormous tracts of land given up to forestation in France for the purpose. Some of the logs are cut near Paris. A good deal comes from woods in the department of l'Oise and l'Aisne to the north and some from Loiret to the south.

The Landes, on the southern part of the coast of the Bay of Biscay furnish the pine, which is chiefly in demand among the bakers on account of its quick, hot flare. But the great source of supply for domestic and heating purposes is the forests, or, rather the woods of the Morvan, which cover parts of the departments of Zonne and Nievre.

This country is famous for its wild beauty. When seen from one of the lofty hills that are a feature of the region the woods spread in all direction to the limits of sight.

In their billowy surface and variety of green they are often compared to a sea heaving and rolling in tidal waves. But there are no great forest trees. The beeches, oaks, chestnuts and elms which cover the land are never allowed to grow old.

When they are big enough to be burned the woodman's axe is laid to the root and they are laid low in their sturdy youth.

The proprietors of the woods make their "furetage," their rummage search, in the Autumn. They go through the section selected for the Winter's operations, marking the doomed trees.

BEGIN IN DECEMBER.

The cutting begins in December. The men live in rude huts that they construct from branches and thatch with leafy twigs.

They cook in the open. Except in the worst weather the huts are only used to sleep in. The life is like that of our own woodmen.

As fast as the trees are cut down they are sawed into logs about five feet long. They are carried out of the woods on rough carts, piled on wheelbarrows, or even in the arms of men where the surface is impracticable for wheels. The destination is the edge of the nearest water course, and there they are built up into great towers by piling them criss-cross until the factors come from Paris to buy.

This only happens the following Autumn. The wood lies all Summer drying and ripening. October is the month of inspection. The sales are made in early November.

There is a firewood fair held at Chateau-Chinon the first Monday in every November. When the sales are made each buyer sends his axeman to chop his special mark on every log of his purchase. This is a most important operation. It is the only way the owner can identify and recover his logs at the other end of the long water journey that they have to make next.

They are simply pushed overboard into the water course. This is generally swollen by the Fall and early Winter rains. If it isn't the water is turned on from ponds and reservoirs, which were dammed up centuries ago and which are maintained as storage places

FOR THIS VERY PURPOSE.

One of these ponds, that of Settons, is capable of releasing 20,000,000 cubic metres or 700,000,000 cubic feet of water into the River Cure, to drive the logs down stream. The release of water is made on a day agreed upon, and the bank is lined with men who see that logs which run ashore are pushed into the current again and that a clean job is made of it.

The logs sent down the Cure are stopped by a great dam at Clamecy, where the smaller stream enters the Zonne. The surface of the Cure is hidden by the mass of logs. All the men, women and children, practically, get busy on them.

They are handed out of the water, identified by the marks chopped on them, sorted out according to owners, and then by very expert rivermen formed into great rafts to continue their voyage to Paris. Each raft contains from 7,000 to 8,000 cubic feet of lumber. They are all launched on the Zonne and, barring rare accidents, reach Paris, about 160 miles distant, in about twelve days.

PINE FROM BISCAY.

The pine from the shores of the Bay of Biscay also reaches Paris by water. Railroad transportation is far too expensive. It is loaded on small craft, which creep along the coast to the mouth of the Seine and up the river to the capital.

Among the greatest consumers of wood after the bakers are the officers of the national Government. The Ministry of Finance uses about 10,000 cubic feet each Winter, so does the Ministry of War.

The Interior uses 5,200 feet, the Department of Instruction, 6,000; Justice, 2.000. The wood is stored in great heaps in woodyards on the banks of the Seine.

There the sawing into usable lengths is done for private consumers. The Government does its own sawing in the court-yards of the public offices, making provision each Summer for the coming Winter.

The consumption of pine by the bakers is estimated at 10,500,000 cubic feet.

NEW MILITARY TACTICS

THE GERMAN ARMY IS STILL THE MOST CONSERVATIVE.

Lessons of the Last Few Years Inspire Armies to Vary Their Methods.

To what extent the experience of the great campaigns of the last few years have modified the tactics of modern armies may be gathered from an interesting memorandum which accompanies the report on foreign manoeuvres in 1906, just issued by the British War Office.

THE CAVALRY.

Little or no light appears to have been thrown on the vexed question of the employment of cavalry. Lack of numbers on the Japanese side, want of enterprise on the part of the Russians, and the fact that the armies were practically fighting in a defile, had a cramping effect on cavalry action. Hence continental ideas on cavalry training remain very much where they were, except, perhaps in Belgium and Switzerland. The movement of large bodies in close formation is still adhered to, and dismounted action is still practised to a very small extent.

THE SWORD.

After the South African war the American Cavalry Committee recommended that the sword should be abolished, but in consequence of reports received from Manchuria the change has not been carried out.

As regards infantry, the effect of the Manchurian campaign has been that continental military authorities, besides recognizing that the densely packed firing lines of a few years ago are no longer possible, also acknowledge that increased extension must be accompanied by delegation of authority, a higher training of the individual, and the development of the initiative in the lower ranks.

THE ATTACK.

Of the great continental armies, it would appear that the German is still the most conservative. There the firm belief in vigorous frontal attacks, closely supported by artillery, with masses of cavalry held in readiness to take every advantage of the confusion of the battlefield, still survives. The men now, as before, are taught in times of peace that their first duty in war is to die.

In France, on the other hand, the formation of the first line for the attack, are essentially elastic, the advance is preceded by sections, each under a non-commissioned officer, which work independently, making every use of cover.

THE DEFENCE.

In defence, again, there is a marked difference between the tactics of the two armies. The German regulations lay down that there must, as a rule, be only one position, and that this must be entrenched and held to the last; in France advanced positions are favored, and the men are taught to retire before the presence of superior forces, but always to watch for an opportunity for resuming the offensive.

CHEESE FROWNED ON IN JAPAN.

Even Japanese Rats Won't Eat It—A Lobster is a Nice Birthday Gift.

Japanese who is not of the high collar or ultra European cult would no more think of eating a ripe Camembert cheese than we would think of giving a broiled lobster to a friend for a birthday or New Year's gift. Yet the people who call cheese "rotten milk" find decorative and symbolic attributes in the humble crustacean that has become a word of reproach in the Western world.

Because there are no cows in Japan except those kept near the foreign settlements to supply Europeans and Americans, there was no cheese in Japan until that delicacy came in with the white resident. The Japanese, being introduced to cheese for the first time with the advent of the French restaurant in Yokohama and the foreign style Imperial Hotel in Tokio, appraised it with elemental directness. It smelled bad and was unfit food.

"We eat daikon, which smells somewhat strongly," a Japanese student of the Imperial University once said, "but the smell is natural; it is part of the daikon. Your foreign cheese smells of decay; it is not cheese until it has decayed. I don't think it is proper to eat decayed things."

So inbred seems the Japanese antipathy to cheese that the rats in chrysanthemum land will not touch it. Foreign housewives in Yokohama say that when they open a tin of Denmark cheese they have no need to cover it again, for the rats will run right over the can and tackle the bag of rice next on the pantry shelf.

The rats, it would seem, have never tasted cheese and do not care to try.

The lobster, on the other hand, is a popular emblem of long life with the Japanese. To give one to a friend on his birthday or at New Year's means that the donor wishes that he may live so long that he may become doubled over like the lobster.

Sometimes a boiled lobster is hung up with the pine boughs that are used to decorate the houses on New Year's Day, but more often it is a more abiding lobster made of cotton and scarlet cloth that has the place of honor over the door lintel.

PEOPLE OF PROMINENCE

DICKENS, SENIOR, VERSUS DICKENS, JUNIOR.

Interesting Jottings About Men Who Are Now in the Public Eye.

Charles Dickens's son, Mr. H. F. Dickens, K. C., says M. A. P., was leading counsel for the prosecution in a trial for theft at Chatham, England, the other day, and his son, Mr. H. C. Dickens, appeared for the defence. The situation, piquant enough in itself, was considerably enhanced by several passages of argument between father and son. The younger Mr. Dickens has inherited the family talent for verbal expression, and promises to uphold the dignity of his honored name. Mr. Dickens, K.C., is the sixth son of the novelist. He was called to the Bar over thirty years ago, and celebrated his fifty-eighth birthday last January. The novelist's eldest living son is Mr. Alfred Tennyson Dickens, of Melbourne. Other living descendants of Dickens are the novelist, Mary Angela Dickens (granddaughter), who resides in Kensington, and Lieutenant Dickens (grandson), who is in the navy.

LORD CROMER'S HEALTH.

Lord Cromer, who has recently celebrated his sixty-eighth birthday, has for nearly a quarter of a century been, in a very literal sense, the "power behind the throne" in Egypt. As strong of constitution as of character, Lord Cromer has kept his health wonderfully in the treacherous climate of North Africa; but he is not as robust as he was, and he now seldom or never dines out, or takes any part in the social festivities of Cairo.

SIR ARCHIBALD GEIKIE.

For the third time Sir Archibald Geikie has just been elected president of the Geographical Society of London. Although over seventy years of age he manages to fill many more important positions than most men would care to accept. He is a member of a great many European and American academies. He has written extensively on geological matters.

FEODOR GOLOVIN.

Feodor Golovin, President of Russia's new douma, is a man of great energy, and throughout the long continued reign of turbulence has managed to hold the confidence of the people. He represents the Moscow Province . He is forty years old. During the regime of Grand Duke Sergius he was President of the Moscow zemstvo, and is said to be well qualified to preside over what threatens to be a stormy session of the douma.

YOUNG CAINE AN ACTOR.

Hall Caine, speaking of his son's adopting the profession of actor, says: "He has long wished to be an actor, and I have thought best to let him have his own way rather than leave on his mind and heart the sore impression of baffled ambition. But I have taken care that he should begin at the bottom and learn all there is to know of the sour as well as the sweet of theatrical life." Young Caine is now appearing in his father's play, "The Bondsman."

CHARLES SANTLEY.

Charles Santley, the celebrated English baritone, will soon celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of his appearance as a public singer. He was born in 1834. Mr. Santley never muffled up his throat in the manner almost universal among professional vocalists, contending that such a course simply would make him all the more susceptible to cold. His theory was vindicated by a career of half a century on the concert and operatic stage, during which long period he never disappointed an audience.

HERR BEBEL.

Herr Bebel, the leader of the German Socialists, who has been so much in evidence of late, is a wheelright by trade. Although entirely self-educated, he is one of the finest orators and debaters in the fatherland, and, distasteful as his views may be to the Reichstag, whenever he addresses the assembly he is certain of having a large and attentive audience. In such esteem is he held by the Socialists that millions will obey his will without thinking whether they are doing right or wrong. Herr Bebel neither drinks nor smokes, and besides being a celebrity in the political world, has gained some fame as a writer.

PRINCE OF WALES' HOBBIES.

The Prince of Wales is taking much interest in the attempts of Santos-Dumont and others to solve the problem of navigation of the air. He possesses an expert knowledge of the various aeroplanes and their mechanism. His Royal Highness was always of a mechanical turn of mind, and in another sphere of life would probably have made a name as an inventor. He is remarkably clever with tools of every description, and has already imparted a good deal of his knowledge to his eldest sons. It is stated that the prince will soon become president of the Acro Club of England.

PRINCESS IS STAGE STRUCK.

The Kaiser's Fourteen-Year-Old Daughter Desires to Act.

Princess Victoria Louise, the 14-year-old daughter of the Kaiser, is stage-struck. She has been fired with the ambition to act, and especially to take part in the private theatricals that are given in the Imperial Palace on the Kaiser's birthday.

After seeing the Austrian child-actress, Wanda Radford, perform, the princess was eager to follow her example. The Princess is a determined little person and usually gets what she wants from her indulgent father, so he has consented to let her take lessons in the dramatic art from Wanda Radford.

The Princess is enthusiastically studying elocution and gesture from the youthful professor, and next year will take a more prominent part than a merely "thinking" one in the private theatricals of the imperial family.

BEST TABLE MANNERS

ENGLISH WRITER SAYS HIS COUNTRYMEN HAVE THEM.

Says Americans Go Too Far in Trying to Avoid Obtrusive Use of the Knife.

Let it be admitted that our army is a failure, has never won a victory, and never will; admitted that our navy would have difficulty in sweeping six combined great Powers off the sea; admitted that we cannot act up to the French standard, or trade up to the German, or hustle up to the American, or cheat up to the Greek. Still we cherish our little pride and prejudice. The Englishman regards himself and is generally regarded as the best dressed man in the world. He also plumes himself on having the best table manners, writes Clarence Rook in the London Chronicle. To the Frenchman may be conceded the supremacy in the preparation of food, while the production of it (owing to the decay of our agriculture) may be left to Siberia and Chicago.

But when it comes to the eating of food the Englishman asserts his supremacy. For if the highest art be to conceal art, the highest etiquette of eating should be the triumphant pretence that one is not eating at all. And here the Englishman wins. He can eat his way through a seven-course meal quite unobtrusively.

IT WAS NOT ALWAYS SO.

Lord Chesterfield, as I have been reminded by Philip Wellby's new edition of the "Advice to his Son," sketches the awkward man who "holds his knife, fork and spoon differently from other people; eats with his knife to the great danger of his mouth, picks his teeth with his fork and puts his spoon, which has been in his throat twenty times, into the dishes again. If he is to carve he never hits the joint, but in his vain efforts to cut through the bone scatters the sauce in everybody's face. He generally daubs himself with soup and grease, though his napkin is commonly stuck through a buttonhole."

That napkin is a test of table manners, and the nice conduct of the napkin caught the attention recently of the German Emperor, who saw one of his guests tucking the napkin under a chin. "Do you want to be shaved?" was the imperial question! England's supremacy—in the matter of soup—lies in the spoon. An Englishman is taught to take soup from the side of the spoon. And he is the only man on earth who emerges from soup with the white shirt front of a blameless diner and without the aid of a tucked napkin. He lays his napkin across his knees and uses it without ostentation.

Perhaps the acme of this concealment of art was reached by the two sweet ladies of Cranford, who thought it improper to suck oranges with an eye and an ear at hand. They "used to rise up, possess themselves each of an orange in silence and withdraw to the privacy of their own rooms to indulge in sucking oranges."

The orange is still a problem in decent eating, and I have seen many people send it away at desert because they do not know the proper slicing that will lead to the suction that will not impede conversation; people who will eat an orange only in solitude, or over

THE LEEWARD SIDE OF A SHIP.

Those Cranford days were the days of transition, the days of two-pronged forks, and the ladies went to dinner with the "Old Bachelor," and had to face the problem of peas. The host shovelled his peas into his capacious mouth with his knife—a large, round-ended knife. Mrs. Gaskell saw, imitated, survived. The other ladies remembered their table manners and missed the peas with the two-pronged forks.

That discreet conduct of the knife is the Englishman's pride and prejudice at table. There is no nation which (in its upper middle classes) reaches the English standard for the nice conduct of the knife, though we are assured that in the highest circles—among, Amirs, Shahs, Sultans, dukes and millionaires—there is a beautiful uniformity of deportment. Our insular instinct is to make the knife as inconspicuous as possible, for there is some suggestion of brutality in the slicing of the bits of corpses that are doomed to keep our vile bodies alive.

No such feeling restrains the German eater—and the French diner is scarcely more sensitive. The German who feeds in the average restaurant will shovel his food into his mouth with the blade of his knife, and, when in a difficulty, will cram it down with the handle, nor has he the least scruple about depositing the rejected residue upon the floor. Moreover, with the Continental eater the knife enters into conversation. It is retained in the gesticulating hand, it is raised imploringly to the ceiling—and, Heaven—it is brought into strange circles of argument, it is used to point the conclusion at the very breast of the fellow-diner.

When you see a man waving his knife at table you may be sure he is an alien. "We wear no swords here," nor do we argue with knives at table.

THE ENGLISH KNIFE,

with all its blood-thirsty suggestions, is reduced to the lowest and least obtrusive office. It is not even dug into the saltcellar. For England has reached the delicacy of salt spoons, and only in a Soho restaurant will she give you the real savor of the Continent by providing saltcellars without spoons. You shove your knife into the salt—and dream of Paris, Bohemia, the gypsy life in which "you dip your fingers in the pot."

England has suppressed the knife at table. The Englishman does not use it for argument or menace or persuasion, or even for the taking of salt. His table manners enjoin that the knife shall never be raised. The properly conducted knife at table never reaches forty-five degrees above the horizontal.

Unfortunately the American goes a little too far in the desire to avoid the obtrusive use of the knife, and takes refuge in obtrusive concealment. Many Americans will slice their meat with the knife, lay the knife by the side of the plate and put the pieces into the mouth with the fork held in the right hand. Now this is injustice to the knife, which has its modest function.

Fish knives and sugar tongs are among the delicacies of English table manners, but I am not so keen on sugar tongs. That lump of sugar which you may take with your coffee—if you want the unnecessary addition—is an individual matter. It is your own lump, your own fingers. And Oxford has done well in refusing to supply sugar tongs. But I am sure that the treatment of the egg is the real test of table manners. There is not a French Peasant who cannot give points to an English cook in the making of an omelet.

But how to eat a boiled egg? Here comes the great art of concealment, the table manner that conceals the gross fact of deglutition. In a Kentish farm house I was once presented with eggs—new laid—and a knife wherewith to eat them. Can you negotiate soft boiled eggs with a knife and preserve your self-respect? The spatter would be too horrible! In America they mash their eggs in a tumbler, and the whole process is too violently apologetic. To sit opposite a man who is eating an egg in the wrong way—that is to say, emphasizing the fact that he is eating an egg—is to meet a man with the wrong table manners.

The Englishman is the hypocrite of the dinner table, as well as the autocrat of the breakfast table, where he disposes of his eggs and bacon without offence to the eye and ear of his companion. He eats, and eats solidly, but all the time he is pretending that he does not eat; for that is the pretence that lies at the root of our supreme table manners. The problem is to get away as far as possible from this mere sensual fleshly life, and the Englishman—feeling the temptation to the lower—reaches for the higher. He invents salt spoons and finally evolves the table manners form the primeval plunge of the fingers into the pot.

FOR FATHER-IN-LAW.

Billson: "Whose pocket-book is that you are advertising for?"

Jimson: "Mine, of course."

"Get out. 'Containing a roll of bank-notes and large number of cheques. Finder can keep money if he will return papers.' Get out! You don't see a roll of bank-notes or a cheque once a year."

"N-o; but Bertha Bullion's father takes the paper I advertised the loss in, and he'll see that advertisement."

"Humph! Where did you get the money to pay for that big ad?"

"Bertha lent it to me, bless the darling."

Men with soft snaps don't realize what a hard world this is.

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Face to Face

OR, GERVASE RICKMAN'S AMBITION.

CHAPTER VI.

Mrs. Annesley, more majestic than ever in her heavy crape draperies in the cool gloom of her solitary room, received her guest with mournful benignity.

"How good of you to come to a poor lonely old woman!" she said. "You know how it cheers me when you drop in to share my solitary meal."

"A miserable bachelor is only too glad to get"—he was just going to say "a first-rate luncheon," but happily pulled himself up in time to substitute "congenial society, above all ladies' society, with his meals."

"Oh, you have no lack of ladies' society!" she said, with a pleased smile. "When were you last at Arden, and how did you find them all?"

"Perfectly well, thank you, and the roses coming well into bloom. They talked of sending you some in a day or two. I can spare less and less time for home now."

"So busy? You were right about a certain document, Gervase. I have had it drawn up and duly signed and witnessed, and there it is for your perusal." And she took out a paper that he knew to be her will.

"Thank you," he replied, smiling. "I need not see it. If it was drawn up by Pergament, as I advised, it is sure to be in order."

"You don't care, then, to know what a lonely old woman designs for you after her death?" she returned, reproachfully.

"I can't endure to think of such a contingency," he said, earnestly. "Poor as I am, I shall regret the much-needed money that comes to me from that source."

"Gervase," said Mrs. Annesley, with apparent irrelevance, "what is this I hear of Edward Annesley's discredit with his brother officers? Is it true that in consequence of certain scandals he will have to leave the service?"

"It is true that he has been advised to do so, but he has not been officially recommended to resign," replied Gervase.

Mrs. Annesley looked disappointed, and knitted her stern brows in silent thought.

"I cannot imagine," pursued Gervase, "how these rumors get about." And he looked searchingly from under his downcast eyelids at the severe face, which broke into a celestial smile before his furtive gaze.

"No," she returned, sweetly, "nor can I. But I believe in a just Heaven, Gervase; and I know that retribution, sooner or later, always overtakes the guilty."

"Ah!" he murmured, with dubious meaning. He was thinking of the letter his quick eye had perceived on the writing-table when he came in. It was a thick letter, addressed to Mrs. Markham. Mrs. Markham, he knew, was not only an old and intimate friend of Mrs. Annesley's, but she was also the mother-in-law of Colonel Disney, Edward Annesley's commanding officer. That accounted for a good deal. Gervase Rickman possessed some imagination; he readily pictured Mrs. Annesley detailing the circumstances of her son's death and her own conjectures respecting it in long and confidential recitals to Mrs. Markham, whose sympathy with her bereaved friend would no doubt be profound, and concluding every confidence with the strictest injunctions to secrecy. He imagined Mrs. Markham burdened with the weight of so delightfully scandalous a secret, recounting it in a moment of expansion, under vows of strictest secrecy, and by no means to the diminution of the scandal, to her daughter, Mrs. Disney. He could see the two ladies gloating over the narrative; the shaken heads, the exclamations, the uplifted hands, the repeated injunction, "My dear, above all, never breathe a syllable to your husband," sequent upon which injunction he of course saw Mrs. Disney burning for a moment of conjugal confidence, when she would transfer the whole of the recital to the bosom of the colonel, with the same solemn injunctions to secrecy. Then in his mind's eye he saw this officer looking askance at Edward, and unconsciously treating him with less cordiality than usual. One day, perhaps, Colonel Disney would say to some one, "Wasn't there something rather queer about Paul Annesley's death? Does anybody remember the newspaper reports?" That officer would say to another, "There wes something very fishy about Paul Annesley's death. It happened abroad, and was kept out of the English papers, you know—hushed up. It was unlucky for our Annesley that he was on the spot," he might add.

"It was precious lucky for Annesley that his cousin got himself pushed over the precipice," perhaps his audience would say on a subsequent occasion.

"And what had Ned Annesley to do with it?" another hearer might say; "it is to be hoped he didn't push him overboard. It must be awfully tempting to a man's next heir to find himself just behind him at the edge of a crevasse. An accidental push, and down the fellow goes, and you get the estate. Shocking accident, papers say; young man of immense property; all goes to a distant cousin."

"It wasn't a crevasse, Smith," another man would object, "it was on a cliff by some river in France. Perhaps the Annesleys were larking and one pushed the other over. It was unlucky for our man that the rich one went overboard. He doesn't look like a fellow with something on his conscience."

"He does look like a fellow with a guilty secret."

"And how did they get it hushed up?"

"Easy enough on the Continent. Bribe the officials."

"There was an account of it in the 'Times,' if you remember, last autumn. Struck me at the time as a precious queer story. I must say that Annesley has never been the same man since. He wasn't a bad lot before."

"Oh! it is only because he is rich."

"My dear fellow, money never spoils a man's temper or makes him look as if he had baked his grandfather. It's the want of it makes a fellow swear and cut up rough. It's a bad conscience with Annesley, and that's why he looks so glum."

"It's the family ghost. They say every Annesley who comes into the property is haunted, and either goes mad or hangs himself."

"You've got hold of the wrong end of the story. It isn't a ghost, it's a curse; every Annesley who gets Gledesworth comes to grief. Reginald Annesley of the Hussars was killed elephant-hunting—or pig-sticking, wasn't it? his father went mad and died. Paul Annesley took this unlucky step over the cliff, and goodness knows what will happen to Ned Annesley; any way, he's in for a bad thing."

All this Gervase Rickman imagined, and much more, hi ing, with the instinct of creative genius, the core of the literal truth. He saw files of last autumn's papers consulted and discussed, and guessed the position his own name would occupy in the general gossip, when disinterred from the brief narrative. He understood, further, much that had hitherto been dark to him respecting the spread of rumor in that part of the world, fitting little bits of information together, and supplying the gap with clever inductions till he had a fair chain of evidence. He remembered an observation of the vicar's to the effect that Mrs. Annesley was a deeply wronged woman and knew how to forgive, and this observation was suggestive.

"I conclude," continued Mrs. Annesley, ignorant of what was passing through the mind of the thoughtful and clever young man before her," that Edward Annesley has sent in his papers."

"Not at all," returned Rickman, with a subtle inflection of triumph in his accent; "he means to live it down, he says."

"It is the first time, Mr. Rickman," she replied, with an angry glitter in her eye, "that an Annesley has preferred his convenience to his honor. There are people who are beneath scorn. Pardon me, I forgot that I was speaking of your friend."

"Of my father's friend and landlord, and my employer," he returned tranquilly.

"And Alice Lingard's lover," she added, with a glance of disdainful anger.

"Her rejected suitor," he corrected with a curious smile.

"Rejected? Are you certain?" she asked, eagerly.

"Perfectly. We need fear no more from that quarter. He was sent off for good and all three days ago."

"Heaven is just," observed Mrs. Annesley, with pious fervor.

"Exactly," replied Gervase, absently. He was thinking what a clever woman Mrs. Annesley was; it seemed almost a pity she had not come into the world thirty years later, such a woman would indeed be a helpmate for him. He was not sure that she had not been a little too clever for him; he had not intended the Annesley scandal to go so far, and his fertile brain was not yet prepared with a scheme for checking it.

"You probably have not fully considered the risk you run in being associated with that man," she continued.

"And what if I had?" he replied; "a poor man with bread to earn cannot be so overnice. Besides, as you know, we give up the stewardship on quarter-day."

"And still receive him at your house?"

"Pardon me. My father still receives him at his house," he corected, sighing a little, for he felt that he had a difficult and delicate part to play, in preserving friendly relations with this stern and resolute woman and the man she hated so bitterly. He thought too with some apprehension of the extreme difficulty of managing with such dexterity as to separate Edward from Alice, and at the same time throw him into Sibyl's society; he was beginning to fear, besides, that Edward's reputation was almost too seriously damaged for Sibyl's marriage with him to be a success. He looked at the rigid lips of the hard woman sitting opposite him, and suspected that his iron will and subtle brain had been matched, if not overmatched, and mentally indorsed the truth of Raysh Squire's verdict upon Mrs. Annesley, "You can't nohow get upzides with she." But it was important that he should "get upsides with" Mrs. Annesley, and he determined to do so, not knowing the extent to which she was turning him inside out.

Luncheon was announced while his mind was occupied with these reflections, and the conversation was interrupted—not disagreeably to this unfortunate and deeply perplexed child of genius—for he was fagged and hungry, and always knew how to appreciate an excellent meal, daintily set off with rich and tasteful appointments; nor did he fail to appreciate the state Mrs. Annesley affected since her son's death. This event had given her an income quite out of proportion to the house in the street of a country town, which she chose to occupy, nevertheless, since it was her own, and since her position, spite of its woful diminution now that she was no longer the mother of the unmarried Annesley of Gledesworth, was still good enough to enable her to live on in Medington without loss of consideration. Gervase had always felt that he was born for a more brilliant sphere than he occupied; Mrs. Annesley's complicated cookery, with Frenchified names, was only a suitable tribute to a man so evidently intended by nature for a lofty destiny, and he listened to Mrs. Annesley's long grace with the inward reflection that the meal justified it, and complacently refreshed his inner man to the accompaniment of his hostess's elegant small talk, glad to be excused from the more difficult topics the servant's presence had put aside.

He was sorry when they were alone again, and Mrs. Annesley returned to the charge.

"I could never understand," she said, "how you could bring yourself to act with or under that man, after what you saw in the Jura. You have assured me so many times that what you then actually witnessed is insufficient evidence to base a trial upon."

"Dear Mrs. Annesley, need I assure you again? Why revive a topic that must be so especially painful to you?"

"My young friend, do you suppose that topic is ever absent from my mind?" she returned in a deep voice, with a keen, cold glance.

"I suppose," reflected the unfortunate young man, "that you are an awful old woman, and that I had better, after all, have had nothing to do with you." But, aloud, he said something about a mother's bereavement being perpetual, at which Mrs. Annesley applied her handkerchief daintily to each side of her nose, and murmured that his sympathy was one of the few solaces left to a forlorn widow.

"You told him," she added, replacing the handkershief in her pocket with a prompt return to her business-like manner, "that your business had become too large and important to make it worth your while to conduct his affairs?"

"Yes, it was true; we can do very well without the Gledesworth affairs. I had thought of giving it to Daish, but he has enough to do without. Daish is a very fair man of business; the very man to be under a master."

"My dear Gervase, you take a new partner, and refuse important business, and have branch offices in half a dozen towns; that all hangs excellently together, and Edward Anesley might believe you, if he were less of a fool than he is. But what does not fit is the fact that you are constantly bewailing your poverty."

Gervase explained that poverty is a relative term, and depends upon the relation of a man's needs to his possessions. "The fact is," he said in conclusion, "I want money—a great deal of money. No one suspects what my aims really are, but your friendship, dear Mrs. Annesley, has always been so perfect, and you have so much sympathy with whatever soars above the common, that I feel moved to confide in you, the more so as your influence is great, and may materially aid me."

He spoke with a hesitating, almost timid air, like a man who longs to make a confidence but needs some encouragement to bring him to the point. Mrs. Annesley's piercing gaze was directed upon his downcast intellectual face; she was wondering to what extent he was lying, as indeed she usually did while conferring with him.

"My influence," she echoed, with a melancholy accent, "what influence can a forlorn and childless widow such as I am have? Do not mock my affliction, dear Gervase. I am not the mother of Annesley of Gledesworth," and the handkerchief once more appeared, and was again daintily pressed to each side of Mrs. Annesley's finely formed nose.

"Nevertheless," returned Gervase, who knew exactly what she wanted him to say, "you have far more influence than the lady who occupies that position. Influence depends more than is commonly supposed upon force of character. I don't think you quite know the extent to which Mrs. Annesley of Medington is looked up to, and the great sympathy which her sorrows inspire."

She knew that he was fibbing and yet she liked it; flattery is so essential to some natures that they are almost indifferent to its truth or falsehood so long as incense of some kind is offered them. She therefore replied that, though conscious of her own impotence, she was most willing to further her dear friend's views as far as she could, and begged him, if it would be the slightest solace to him, to confide his aims to her motherly breast. And Gervase, knowing that her genius for intrigue gave her an influence more potent in the furtherance of his purposes than that of rank or wealth, and being unusually expansive on account of the wine he had taken to quiet his troubled mind, replied:

"I am ambitious. I do not intend to remain an attorney in a country town long."

"Your talents are wasted in such a sphere," she replied; "there is no doubt of that. But to what do you mean to rise?"

His ambition had always inspired her with admiration, and the thought that she might bring a brilliant young man into public notice was most pleasing to her, possessing the instinct of patronage to such an unusual degree as she did.

"I intend," he replied, gazing with a preoccupied air straight before him, "to rule England, if not Europe."

The quiet, matter-of-fact air with which he uttered this large resolve startled Mrs. Annesley, and her eyes flashed with unfeigned admiration.

"You aim high," she replied, almost breathlessly.

"Why not?" he returned, coolly; "with a resolute purpose, a high aim is as easily achieved as a low one."

Mrs. Annesley was too startled to be amused at the idea of a young country lawyer purposing to govern his country, if not the world at large, in this off-hand manner; she saw no bathos in his observations, perhaps in her momentary bewilderment she had a vague notion that Gervase might send her straightway to the ower if she incurred his displeasure; she could only ask him, with unusual meekness, how he meant to begin.

"First, I must get money," he replied; "then I must get a seat in Parliament. The rest," he added, smiling with a sudden consciousness of the ridiculous side of his pretensions, "will follow."

Yet though he had too wholesome a sense of humor not to be amused at this large assertion, he fully meant it, and Mrs. Annesley, looking silently and thoughtfully upon his resolute countenance, which was now more than usually alight with intellect, and pondering upon the oratorical gifts he was known to possess, upon his strength of will, his industry, his learning, his genius for affairs, and his knowledge of human character, realized all at once that a born statesman was sitting at her table, and that, though friendless and unknown as he was, he might never rule England, much less Europe, to do which he would have, as he afterward informed her, to transform England to a great extent, he would probably rise to a creditable position in public life. Ruling England might be but a vaunt., yet not wholly an idle one; it was like the marshal's baton in the knapsack of the republican soldier, or the woolsack in thet future of the young barrister, symbol and aim of the ambition without which men never rise above mediocrity.

She knew him to be unscrupulous, and this in her eyes was a further guarantee of his success. She did not believe with Alice Lingard that honor and honesty are the only permanent bases of political as of personal greatness, and that, though an ambitious and unscrupulous genius may achieve the highest eminence, such a one is almost sure to fall.

"Come into the garden," she said when she had recovered from her surprise, "and tell me all about it." And they went out and strolled in the shade of the lime-trees for a sunny half-hour, while Gervase unfolded the details of his immediate plans and spoke of the probability of the borough of Medington falling vacant at no distant date, and of the desirability of his finances being in a condition for him to contest it. Then Mrs. Annesley promised him definite financial as well as personal aid, and he knew that neither was to be despised. And although he did not impart his ambitious plans as yet to any one else, he knew that the same occult powers which had affixed a stigma to Edward Annesley, could associate his name with a predicted success which might fulfill itself. He was also aware that Mrs. Annesley had latterly renewed her acquaintance with her aristocratic connections, some of whom were distinguished both in the world of society and in that of politics.

He returned to his office in high spirits; he knew that Mrs. Annesley was far too dangerous as a possible foe, not to be made a certain friend, and in confiding in her and throwing himself upon her, he had secured her on his side for life; he would now be in some sort her own creation, so he had persuaded her.

The very danger of the crisis through which he had just passed increased his confidence in that vague something which he named his destiny. Al men are illogical, especially those who make a point of being logical and following nothing but the light of reason, and who think to conquer circumstance by their own unaided will. Gervase, therefore, who regarded religion as the malady of undeveloped minds, and professed to be able to mould his own fate and that of others by the sole power of his purpose, was a firm believer in his lucky destiny, and was constantly tormenting himself with fears lest that capricious divinity should one day vere round and persecute him, as it had hitherto favored him.

Having seated himself at his desk that afternoon, and being much occupied with thoughts of his continued good luck, he determined to consult an oracle in which he believed as fervently as any girl believes in the saints she calls upon by the way-side cross. He opened a penknife with a long, fine blade, and poised it carefully in his hand with the point directed to the wall opposite him. While doing this, his confidential clerk knocked at the door; but he did not answer, he continued gazing with an intent, anxious gaze upon a spot of color in the pattern of the wall-paper. The clerk then made the preconcerted signal denoting urgency in a series of taps on the door; still no reply, Gervase's hand trembled slightly and his face was pale; he shot the knife dart-like at the spot on the wall, and instantly got up and followed it, and smiled with relief when he found the blade quivering in the very centre of the pattern.

Three times the rite was performed, each time with increasing trepidation; while the clerk, who heard his footsteps, coughed an impatient cough and repeated that signal of urgency. When the blade quivered the third time in the same spot, the tension of the young man's features relaxed, he took the knife and shut it with a tranquil air, saying inwardly that he was now sure of success, and resuming his seat, he bid the clerk enter in his usual manner. It was a favorite axiom of his that all men are fools in some respects.

(To be continued).



The effect of malaria lasts a long time.

You catch cold easily or become run-down because of the after effects of malaria.

Strengthen yourself with *Scott's Emulsion.*

It builds new blood and tones up your nervous system.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.



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For Painting Homes.

Ramsay's Paints cost little enough to be economical—and cost enough to be good. Any practical painter will tell you that Ramsay's Paints are cheapest in the end.

They hold their fresh, bright colors—won't fade, crack, peel or "blister." They are scientific mixtures — blended in such proportions as 65 years' experience in paint making has proved best.

No matter what shade or color scheme you have planned for your home, you'll find just the right paint in Ramsay's Paints.

Write us for Post Card Series "C," showing how some houses are painted.

A. RAMSAY & SON CO. - MONTREAL.
Paint Makers Since 1842. 64

HOTEL TRAYMORE

ON THE OCEAN FRONT.
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.



A magnificent ten-story fire-proof addition is just being completed, making this famous hostelry the newest and most up-to-date of Atlantic City Hotels. A new feature is the unusual size of the bed rooms, averaging 19 feet square.

Every room commands an ocean view, bath attached with sea and fresh water. Cheval-glass in every chamber. Temperature regulated by Thermosdadt, the latest development in steam heating. Telephone in every room. Golf privileges. Capacity 600. Write for illustrated booklet.

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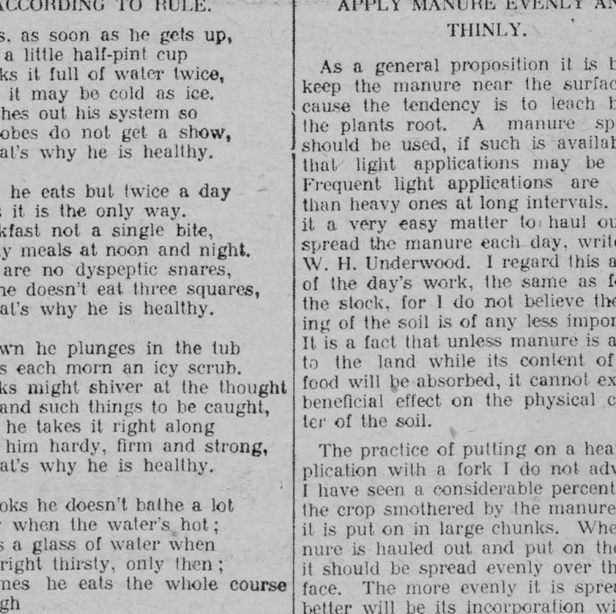
THIS IS BICYCLE YEAR



From three continents come reports of the returning popularity of the bicycle.

And the inability of the factories to cope with the large increase in orders.

Our big factory has been running night and day for months.

Making Cleveland, Massey Silver Ribbon, Perfect, Brantford, Rambler and Imperial bicycles.

Last week we shipped over 1,200 bicycles.

We are still hard at it and can now promise delivery within 10 days of receipt of order.

Write for handsome catalogue of your favorite bicycle and the name of your nearest agent.

CANADA CYCLE AND MOTOR CO., LIMITED,
MAKERS OF THE WORLD'S BEST BICYCLES.
Toronto Junction, - Ontario,

ACCORDING TO RULE.

Jim Jones, as soon as he gets up,
He takes a little half-pint cup
And drinks it full of water twice,
Although it may be cold as ice.
That washes out his system so
The microbes do not get a show,
And that's why he is healthy.

Bill Sims he eats but twice a day
And says it is the only way.
For breakfast not a single bite,
But hearty meals at noon and night.
For him are no dyspeptic snares,
Because he doesn't eat three squares,
And that's why he is healthy.

Tom Brown he plunges in the tub
And takes each morn an icy scrub.
Some folks might shiver at the thought
Of colds and such things to be caught,
But Tom he takes it right along
To make him hardy, firm and strong,
And that's why he is healthy.

Sam Snooks he doesn't bathe a lot
And only when the water's hot;
He drinks a glass of water when
He feels right thirsty, only then;
Three times he eats the whole course through
And in between a time or two.
I wonder why he's healthy?

"Why did you place such a tough fowl before me?" asked the indignant lady of the waiter. "Age before beauty, always, you know, madam," was the gallant reply. And then, woman-like, she smiled and paid her bill without a murmur.

Visitor: "What do you do when Johnnie is naughty?" Mamma: "Put him to bed without any supper." Visitor: "Well, what then?" Papa: "He cries, and she carries it up to him on a tray."

Prof. Chalkdown: "Now, what little boy will make up a sentence illustrating the meaning of the word 'triangle?'" Little Sammy: "Well, if grubs don't ketch 'em try angleworms."

AND TONGUE.

Jennie: "That story they're telling about Kitty isn't worth repeating."
Minnie: "It's young yet. Give it time."

Chinese coffins are always waterproofed with a kind of resinous cement.

APPLY MANURE EVENLY AND THINLY.

As a general proposition it is best to keep the manure near the surface, because the tendency is to leach beyond the plants root. A manure spreader should be used, if such is available, so that light applications may be made. Frequent light applications are better than heavy ones at long intervals. I find it a very easy matter to haul out and spread the manure each day, writes Mr. W. H. Underwood. I regard this as part of the day's work, the same as feeding the stock, for I do not believe the feeding of the soil is of any less importance. It is a fact that unless manure is applied to the land while its content of plant food will be absorbed, it cannot exert its beneficial effect on the physical character of the soil.

The practice of putting on a heavy application with a fork I do not advocate. I have seen a considerable percentage of the crop smothered by the manure when it is put on in large chunks. When manure is hauled out and put on the land it should be spread evenly over the surface. The more evenly it is spread the better will be its incorporation with the soil.

In consideration of the above facts, the use of a manure spreader is an absolute necessity in order to distribute the manure evenly over the surface of the soil so that all parts of the crop will be equally benefited. While manure applied to corn land and plowed under is beneficial, I find that it is much better to put it on pasture land. By thus stimulating the growth of the grass, both roots and tops, the amount of humus is increased. The humus will be utilized by grass feeding crops, such as corn and potatoes. One or two crops will still leave enough to grow good yields of small grains without so much danger of lodging. I have followed this method of utilizing manure for a number of years in my farming operations and have never as yet found cause to regret it.

SHOE BARGAINS !

About 75 pair Ladies' and

Misses' Shoes at 75c pair.

WORTH DOUBLE.

TERMS CASH. **McGEE & CO.**

NEW TONSORIAL PARLOR.

Having leased the Rooms lately occupied by

H. A. MERKLEY

And having completely renovated them I am now in a position to ask the public for a Share of their Patronage.

I am well known to the public and will still continue to give them the Latest and Best Work in my Art.

FRANK MERKLEY, Chesterville

LABATT'S ALE

Is not artificially charged with gas (carbonated) as are some ales, but is allowed to mature in the natural way. Not pasteurized, it retains the delicate flavor and aroma of the hops and malt. Taken before meals, it stimulates the appetite and prevents constipation.

PURE WHOLESOME PALATABLE BEVERAGE



Tudhope Carriages

If there is a carriage to be bought this spring, talk it over with us.

Buying a carriage is pretty important business with most men—and you can't be too careful about the carriage you decide on.

That's why we want you to talk over your wants with us—and see the Tudhope line.

You know, you don't have to buy unless you feel like it—but you will feel like it when you see

TUDHOPE CARRIAGES.

Grady & Jordon, - Chesterville

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A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.

Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.

Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.

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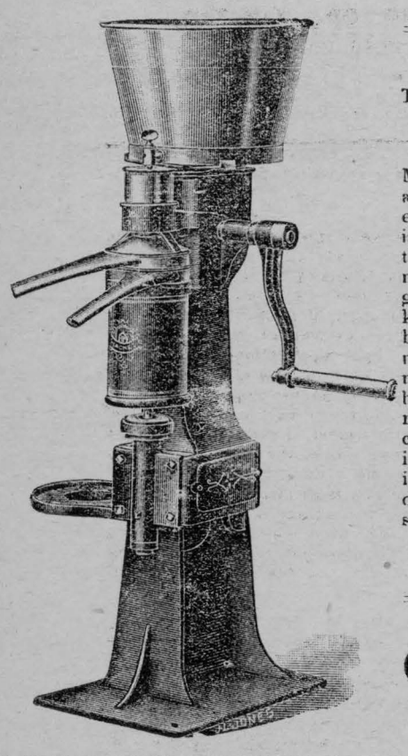
The Magnet Cream Separator.



Chesterville, Ont., Mar. 12, '07

The Petrie M'fg Co., Ltd.

Hamilton.

Dear Sir,—Last fall I purchased a Magnet Cream Separator from your agent, Mr. Calvin M. Munro. It is easy to turn and very easy to wash and is always ready to do its work. I like the square gear, which in my mind is much more durable than any other gear. The double bearing on the bowl keeps the bowl steady; vibration of the bowl is the great disadvantage with many makes of separators. There is no vibration in the Magnet bowl. I had the skim milk tested from my machine, and it tested below 01 per cent, which is most satisfactory work indeed. My advice to my dairy friends is to try a Magnet before purchasing a cream separator. Wishing you every success I remain yours truly

WM. HODGSON.

C. M. Munro,

CHESTERVILLE.

TAKE YOUR WHEAT TO

Crysler Flour Mills !

TO BE EXCHANGED FOR FLOUR.

Our "BISHOP'S BEST" Flour

Is giving splendid satisfaction and we guarantee results.

We sell at wholesale prices in 5 and 10 bag lots.

All Kinds of Feed on Hand.

Joseph Bishop & Son.

CRYSLER. ONT.

HOTEL KEEPERS MUST NOT SAY "NO."

Ignace Boniface Was Fined for Refusing Supper to Hungry Travellers.

Kenora, Ont., April 20—On the evening of March 16th last G. L. Mattice, an engineer in charge of a survey party on the line of the trans continental railway, with some thirty of his men, arrived at the hotel at Ignace at 7 45 p.m. after a journey of thirty-six miles over rough and snowy roads and asked to be served with supper. Their request was refused by the clerk in charge, who informed them that supper was over, and that they were toolate. Asa consequence, the hungry party were obliged to go to the country store and satisfy their wants with soda biscuits and cheese. On arriving at Kenora, Mr. Mattice laid the matter before Mr. Quibell, the Dominion Commissioner of Police, who at once reported the circumstance to Eudo Saunders, the chief officer of the license branch at Toronto, who in turn directed the inspector of the district to lay a formal complaint before a justice of the peace, with the result that a conviction was recorded against the keeper of the hotel and a fine of $20 and a cost of $20 and costs imposed.

The section under which the offence was laid is 72 of the liquor license act, and reads as follows: "Every tavernkeeper failing or refusing either personally or through any one acting on his behalf, except for some valid reason, to supply lodging, meels, or accommodation to travellers, shall for each offence be liable on conviction to forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding $20, besides the costs of conviction."

Piles get quick relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic ointment. Remember it's made alone for piles itching, painful, protruding, or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Try it and see! Sold by W. G. Bolster.

Mr. Blair Left $200,000.

St. John, April 19.—When Andrew G. Blair died so suddenly a few months ago the general impression was that he was a poor man. Scarcely anyone, even among his near friends, believed that he possessed more than fifteen thousand dollars worth of property, the idea being that the principal amount of his wealth was in N. B. Telephone stock, hence it comes as a surprise to learn that Mr. Blair left an estate valued at not less than $200,000 This is the information which cannot yet be authoritatively announced, but which reached St John from a good source.

Mr. Blair's will has been entered for probate in the probate court at Ottawa, and the draft inventory fixes the value of the estate at about two hundred thousand dollars, a considerable portion of which is in life insurance. It is learned here that the will has not been admitted to probate, because of a disagreement with the regard to the succession tax to be paid the provincial Government of Ontario. This has been the cause of the delay, but it is anticipated that a settlement will very soon be reached.

It is understood that the bulk of Mr. Blair's estate goes to the family.

Village Swept by Fire.

Tweed, Ont., April 22—The Village of Stoco, three miles from here, was visited by a disastrous fire this afternoon. Two stores, one hotel, two blacksmith shops and several residences were burned. The blaze started in the roof of Louis Allore's general store, and fanned by a regular gale, spread rapidly.

The places destroyed were L. Allore's store, residence and outbuildings, Mrs. Hinch's hotel, barns and sheds, a dwelling owned by Mr. Dolan and occupied by Benjamin Badgely, also a blacksmith shop and barn, Patrick Mulroney's blacksmith shop, unoccupied, W. A. Canniff's residence and barns, R. Hayes' general store and residence, John Mulroney's residence, dwelling and barn owned by Cristropher Trudo and occupied by Antoine Cournoyier.

The total loss will exceed $15,000, with insurance amounting to about $6,500.

A Bullet In His Head.

Montreal, April 23—A man who gave his name as Tom Brown was found lying in a shed in the rear of the locomotive and machine shop at Longue Point to-day, with a bullet in his head and a revolver lying by his side. The man was hurried into the General Hospital ambulance, but refused to make any statement, and only muttered a few words in broken English, which led medical men who took charge of him on his arrival at the hospital to believe his real name was not Brown.

He is between forty-five and fifty years of age, and looks like a farmer. The bullet has not been located, and while his condition is serious, the doctors do not think that there is any immediate danger unless gangrene or blood-poisoning should set in.

We recenlly heard a young man remark that "The world owes me a living." It is hoped for that young man's good he'll get that notion out of his head. It's a mistake, a great mistake. He never entertained a more foolish idea nor one which will bring him a smaller measure of respect. The world owes the young man nothing; but instead he owes the world and society an active, noble manhood, a steady, honest energy which will enable him to associate with decent men and women in a true manliness of character that will make his friendship valuable and his presence and companionship desired. The truly intelligent activity, and this young man should contribute to society's happiness and welfare the grace which comes through study, toil and honest thought.—Ex.

Three men, whose identity is unknown, were swept to a terrible death by the sudden breaking up of the ice between St. Helen's Island and the harbor of Montreal.

Chesterville Larder Lake

Gold Mining, Co., Limited.

NO PERSONAL LIABILITY.

Incorporated under the Laws of Ontario.

Capital $1,000,000. Par Value $1.00 Each

The First and Only Allotment of $8,000 worth of Stock is Offered to the Public at

25 CENTS A SHARE

Application for shares will be filled ONLY by

C. W. CASSELMAN, Chesterville, Ont.

RIGHT BREATHING CURES CATARRH.

Simple Way to Kill Catarrhal Germs in Nose, Throat and Lungs.

The only natural and common sense method known for the cure of catarrhal troubles is Hy-o-mei. It is breathed through an ingenious pocket inhaler, so that its meditated air reaches the most remote air-cells of the nose, throat and lungs, killing all catarrhal germs, soothing the irritated mucous membranes, and restoring a healthy condition.

If you suffer from catarrhal troubles, such as offensive breath, raising of mucuous, frequent sneezing, husky, voice, discharge from the nose, droppings in the throat, loss of strength, spasmodic coughing, or a feeling of tightness across the upper part of the chest, you should begin to use Hy-o mei at once. It will destroy all disease germs in the nose, throat and lungs, and provide the blood with additional ozone.

We do not want anyone's unless Hyomei gives relief and cure, and we absolutely agree that money will be refunded unless the remedy gives satisfaction.

All druggists should be able to supply you with Hyomei or we will send it by mail on receipt of price, $1 00, and every package is sold with the distinct understanding that it costs nothing unless it cures. Booth's Hyomei Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

Robertson's foundry and machine shops at Welland were burned.

It is reported at Ottawa that the Grand Trunk has settled the difference with the machinists.

Supplementary estimates amounting to about eleven million dollars were brought down in the Commons.

A case of smallpox was discovered in the jail at St. Thomas, and the institution has been placed under quarantine.

A young Welshman was killed by an explosion of dynamite which he was thawing at Haileybury. The building was wrecked and a woman slightly injured.

Dr. J. R. McClung, McGill, may be engaged to fill the chair of physics, now vacant, at Mount Allison, Sackville, N. B.

L. H. Doll, jeweler, of Calgary, was fined the full penalty of $50 for starting a three-storey building on a two-storey permit.

The only articles found in the posession of a filthy looking Hungarian tramp, who was charged with begging at Stratford, Ont., were an expulsion order from the United Kingdom and a cake of soap.

PAINTING. PAINTING.

Now is the time to bring in your Cutters for painting. I can do them promptly for you if brought in at once.

Buggies.

I have a few first-class stylish Buggies on hand yet, both in Steel and Rubber Tires, which I will sell at Reduced Prices. Come and see them if you need anything in that line, and I will save you money if you buy now.

M. BAILEY, ST. LAWRENCE St., Winchester.

THE *Cornwall Commercial College*

CORNWALL, - - - ONTARIO.

A course of Business and Shorthand in the Cornwall Commercial College is a short cut to success. The most thorough business training school in Ontario. Over 100 satisfied students placed in paying positions in 12 months—scores of calls which the school was unable to fill owing to lack of material. School open the year round—begin when you like. Students come from all parts of Canada and the United States. Why not you?

Send for catalogue.

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GEO. F. SMITH, Principal.

Cornwall, Ont.

Well Drilling !

Having purchased complete new outfits, of the latest manufacture. for the drilling of wells, I am in a position to attend to all the wants of the public in this line. Parties wishing can have same done by using either steam or gasolene power.

All correspondence promptly attended to.

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HENRY BAZINET,

Crysler, Ont.

F. W. Merkley

General Blacksmith,

CHESTERVILLE,

Is Agent for the Following Lines:

FARM IMPLEMENTS:—
The famous Frost & Wood Machinery

THRESHING MACHINES.—
Sawyer & Massey Steam and Horse Power Thrashing Machines, and Road-Making Machines.

LAND ROLLERS:—
Bissel's Land Rollers stand without a rival.

CREAM SEPARATORS:—
We handle the National, which is known far and near as the best Cream Separator on the market.

CARRIAGES:—
The Canada Carriage Co., which is famous for quality of material, workmanship and finish.

PIANOS:—
Sole agent for this district for the Mason & Risch Pianos.

Call and inspect goods and get prices

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Farm Labourers and Domestics.

I have been appointed by the Dominion Government to place Immigrants from the United Kingdom in positions as farm labourers or domestic servants in this vicinity. Any person requiring such help should notify me by letter stating fully the kind of help required, when wanted and wages offered. The numbers arriving may not be sufficient to supply all requests, but every effort will be made to provide each applicant with help required.

Wesley Hamilton,

Canadian Government Employment Agent,

CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

Wilford M. Saucier,

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler, Engraver, &c.,

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewellry, Spectacles etc., etc., for sale and repaired with neatness and despatch.

Prompt attention paid to repairing sent by mail.

Issuer of marriage Licenses.

W. M. Saucier.

Seasonable Goods.

Do you need a Spring Tonic and Blood Purifier.

Get a bottle or two of our Jamaica Sarsaparilla

With Iodide of Potash and Iodide of Iron.

It is an Ideal Spring Medicine---None Better.

House Cleaning Time made Easy

If you use Household Ammonia.—Eats the dirt and helps wonderfully in cleaning everything.

Try our Furniture Polish and Silver Polish.

Makes your Furniture and Silverware like new.

You will soon be putting away your Fur Garments.

Get one of our Moth Bags

The Handiest and Best Method of Putting Away Furs.

We have Moth Balls and Camphor also for packing away with winter clothing.

Our Stock of Dyes is Very Complete.

We recommend Dy-o-la and Rexal Dyes. They are absolutely the best.—Try them.

Don't Forget Your Complexion.

We have an Ideal Preparation for preserving the skin and preventing Tan and Freckles. Get a Bottle of Witch Hazel and Menthol Cream.

Our general line of Drugs, Medicines, Books, Stationery, Confectionery, Cigars, Fancy Goods, Sporting Goods is complete

COME AND SEE US.

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