SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.

The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XII NO. 40. CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1906. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

The Bank of Ottawa.

DEPOSIT

Your Savings with this Bank; no matter how small. The same consideration and courtesy is shown to large and small depositors alike. Commence now with a deposit. Add to it systematically, and at the end of the year the result will prove most beneficial and gratifying.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH.

C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

....THE....

MOLSONS BANK

INCORPORATED 1855.

CAPITAL Paid Up

$3,000,000.

RESERVE FUND

$3,000,000.

Total Assets Over **$30,000,000**

Farmers' Sale Notes Discounted or collected at lowest rates.

Loans Made to Farmers, Stock Dealers and Business Men at lowest rates and on most favorable terms.

Drafts Issued payable in all parts of the world.

Deposit Receipts Issued and highest current rates allowed,

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit and compounded on June 30th and Dec. 31st in each year, at highest current rate.

Agents all over the world.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS, Manager

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH

OUR

New Fall Goods

Have arrived and are now open for Inspection.

—LATEST EFFECTS IN—

Suitings and Coatings

ASK TO SEE OUR

Emperor and Yotsam Serges

W. J. NASH,

Chesterville.

JAMES CURRIE

LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont, Dundas, Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.

NOTICE

To the General Public

Having an agency for the ROYAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., England I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

H. KEARNS, - - Chesterville.

If you take a look into the hundreds of business offices in which the graduates of that splendid school of Commerce

The Willis Business College

Are making a grand success of themselves, you would let nothing hinder you from beginning a

Business, Shorthand or Telegraphy

Course without further delay. We are open the year round, and you may enter at any time. Why not now?

Our catalogue gives full particulars. Send for it.

S. T. WILLIS, Principal,
Corner Bank and Albert Streets,
Ottawa.

Notice.

HAVING Noticed the persistency of the Public in driving over the iron bridge in the Village of Chesterville, faster than a walk, this notice is inserted to forbid any further violance of this kind, and the law will be rigidly enfored hereafter to any offenders.

By order of the
ROADS AND BRIDGES COMMITTEE,
Counties' Council.

Aug. 8th, 1906.

Union Bank

OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, - QUEBEC.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.

PAID UP CAPITAL, - $ 3,000,000
REST - - - - - 1,500,000
TOTAL ASSETS, 30th SEPT. 1905 - - - 28,000,000

President, ANDREW THOMPSON,
General Manager, G. H BALFOUR,
Inspector, J. G. BILLETT,

Branches in Ontario, 37.
Branches in Quebec 4.
Branches in Manitoba, 31.
Branches in Sask, 18.
Branches in Alberta, 13.
} 103 in all.

Interest at current rates allowed on deposits.

Accounts of Farmers, Merchants and Municipalities solicited.

Winchester Branch. R. F. BLAIR, Manager.

Crysler Branch. J. E. J. ASTON, Manager.

The Merchants Bank

OF CANADA.

Established 1864.

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

CAPITAL (PAID UP) - $6,000,000

RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS - $3,673,197

President—Sir H. Montagu Allan, Kt.
Vice-Pres.—Jonathan Hodgson, Esq.
E. F. Hebden, General Manager.

The Bank has 114 Branches and Agencies distributed through Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and other Northwest provinces.

Savings Bank Department.

Interest at 3 per cent per annum allowed on Savings Bank Deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Interest added to principal half yearly.

A General Banking Business transacted. Farmers' business solicited.

FINCH BRANCH,

D. A. MacMILLAN, Manager.

For Sale.

MOODY Two-Horse Tread Power and Separator. Fleury Ensilage Cutter, with twelve feet carrier, with small Vessot grinder. All in good repair. For sale at a bargain.

S. G. CARLYLE,
Chesterville.

Auction Sale

—ON—

LOT 9, CONCESSION 5,

Township of Winchester,

1½ miles South-West of Berwick

—ON—

Friday, Aug. 24th, '06

Sale to Commence at 1 o'Clock, p.m.

16 Milch Cows, 1 Binder, 1 Mower,

1 Road Cart, 1 Buggy, 1 Cutter.

TERMS:

$5 and under cash: over that amount 8 months credit by parties furnishing approved joint notes; or 4 per cent off for cash.

Jas. Currie, Auctioneer. Alex.H.McPherson Proprietor.

Messrs Ford Going West.

After forty-two years in business at Bouck's Hill H. W. Ford & Co., general merchants have selected a change and leased their business and premises, including their dwelling, lot, sawmill etc. Dr. H. B. Ford, junior member of the firm, has recently toured the west, and the attractions of that great and growing country for professional and other callings have claimed him. They will locate in Vancouver, B. C.

The Government has ordered from the Kingston Locomotive Works two narrow gauge, ten-wheeled passenger locomotives for the Prince Edward-Island road.

Lawn Social.

The Epworth League, of the Methodist Church, in this place, intend holding a Lawn Social at the residence of Mr. Andrew Carruthers, Nation Valley, on Tuesday evening, August 21st. Ice cream, cake, etc., will be served. Admission 25c. Everybody welcome. Conveyances will leave the Post-Office from 7.00 to 8 o'clock. In addition to the programme fireworks will be displayed on the grounds.

Council Meeting.

A regular meeting of the Village Council was held on Monday evening.

Members present—Zufelt, reeve, and Councillor Chambers. Huxtable Merkley and Wholehan.

Minutes of previous meeting read and adopted.

Moved by T. Wholehan, seconded by Charles Chambers that by-law No 159 for the payment of orders and accounts be read a first time.

Moved by Charles Chambers, seconded by T. Wholehan, that by law No 159 be read a second and third time, passed, signed and sealed.

Moved by T. Wholehan, seconded by Charles Chambers, that the following accounts be passed—

A. S. Morrison, school requisition &c.,	$450.00
W. B. Lawson, drawing by-law, re granolithic walks	45.00
W. J. Nash, clerk's extras	10.00
T. T. Shaw, printing and advertising	46.18
Rufus Garret, cutting weeds, 4 days	5.00
Ivan Merkley, 3 2-10 days work on sidewalks	2.88
Myron Merkley 9–10 days work on sidewalks	1.13
Broder Bailey, 3 4-10 days work on sidewalks	4 25
Earl Merkley, 4 8-10 work on sidewalks	6.00
George Heagle 14 8-10 days work on sidewalks	22.00
Rufus Garret, 1½ days work on sidewalks with team	3.75
Earl Merkley, 5 3-10 days work on sidewalks	6.62
George Heagle, 10 days work on sidewalks	15.00
	$617.81

Moved by Wm. Huxtable seconded by F. W. Merkley that we adjourn to meet next regular night of meeting.

Old Offenders Caught.

Impossible to escape being cured if you apply Putman's Corn Extractor to the worst corn on record. Painless, safe, and costs only a quarter in any drugstore.

Races at Monkland Next Thursday.

Don't forget the big race meet on Monkland Driving Park, next Thursday, Aug. 23rd. $250 in purses. Running and Trotting races.

The management have spared no pains in making this the event of the season, and have also received communications from many horsemen, who have signified their intention of being present with their horses.

Arrangements have also been completed with the N. Y. & O. and C.P.R railways for the following good connections and low rates: Arriving at Finch via N. Y. & O. regular south-bound train 9 o'clock, a.m., Monkland at 10.03, a.m. Returning leaves Monkland 6.33 p.m, arriving at Finch at 6 45 p.m., where N.Y. & O's regular north bound train will be in waiting to convey passengers north of Finch to their destination. Anyone wishing to remain over night tickets good to return on the 24th inst.

Ottawa to Monkland and return $1.65 Russell $1.00; Embrun $1.00; Cambridge $1 00; Crysler .75; Berwick 70.

Oldest Smith's Falls Resident Dead.

In the death of Mr. Russell W. Bartlett, Smith's Falls loses its oldest and one of its most repected citizens. On Sunday last, Mr. Bartlett celebrated his ninetieth birthday. Mr. Bartlett was borne in Rome, N.Y., August 11th, 1816 and in 1831 he came to Smith's Falls. In 1844 he married Miss Elvira Frost, sister of Hon. F. T. Frost, C. B. Frost and E. T. Frost. Mr. Bartlett carried on business as an undertaker and furniture dealer, and in 1854 became town treasurer which position he satisfactorly filled until he resigned in 1903. In 1894 he sold his undertaking establishment to Cochlan & Marshall and since then has not been actively engaged in business. He leaves behind him his wife, who is eighty-five years of age.

At Crystal City, Man., Harvey Greenway, principal of the school, and fifth son of Hon. Thomas Greenway, succumbed to an attack of inflammation.

CLERK'S NOTICE

OF FIRST POSTING OF

VOTERS' LIST

Voters' List, 1906, Municipality of the Township of Winchester, County of Dundas.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in sections five and six of "The Voters' List Act," the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that said list was posted up at my office, at winchester, on the 8th day of August, 1906, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omissions or other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have same corrected according to law.

Dated this Eighth day of August, 1906.

GEORGE QUART,
Clerk of the said Municipality.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

Bill posters in connection with the Morrisburg fair were in town yesterday.

Whittaker the Optician will be at Chesterville on August 15th and Finch on August 16th.

The management in connection with the construction of the dam in the river are pushing things at present.

Mr. O. D. Casselman has a windmill erected on his premises for the purpose of supplying plenty of water for all purposes.

Mr. James Hughes shipped the horse "Star Benton," to Montreal on Monday, where he is entered in the races being held there this week.

Remember the Epworth League social to be held on Tuesday evening, next, 21st inst., on the lawn of Mr. Andrew Carruthers, Nation Valley.

Although we have received no report from proper source, still we are informed that D'Alton Bolster and Leo Dwyer from this schoal have obtained their second class certificate.

Mr. Alex. H. McPherson, lot 9, con. 5 township of Finch, will offer his stock etc., by auction, on Friday, Aug. 24. Sale at one o'clock. James Currie, Auctioneer.

During the heavy wind Sunday eveing, a son of Thos. Wilson, at the west end of Winchester, was struck by the barn door and severely injured. The lad was entering the barn when the wind caught the door, closing it on him. He is now recovering.

The funeral of the late Simon Hummel took place on Saturday forenoon to the Methodist Church, where Rev. G.G. Huxtable of Montreal, preached the funeral service, after which interment was made in the village cemetery.

Mr, Jas. Irving of Winchester has been appointed an expert judge of horses at the fall fairs by the Ontario Government. His circuit begins Sept. 26th, at Cayuga and takes in Burlington, Paris, Onondaga, Burford, Ohswkene, Fort Erie, Otterville. Netherby, Fenwick, Caledonia, and winding up at Langton, on Oct 13th.

The funeral of the late Isaiah Gillard took place on Sunday forenoon to Holy Trinity Church, where the Rev. R H. Archer, conducted the service. The interment was made in the Ridge Cemetery. The funeral cortege was one of the largest that has ever been witnessed in Chesterville showing the esteem in which the deceased was held.

Farm Hands Scarce in Glengarry.

W. J. McNaughton, immigration agent for Glengarry, has already secured 120 men for farmers in Glengarry. Mr. McNaughton experiences considerable difficulty in getting suitable help for the farmers of that county, as they nearly all are engaged in dairying, and very few of the immigrants arriving at Quebec are able to farm.

A Sad Drowning Accident.

Reuben Loper, the eight-year-old son of Albert Loper, of Morrisburg, was drowned in the mill flume on Monday. He was a bright little fellow and his sad death has cast a gloom over the town The body was recovered by one of the lockmen who had been on night duty. Taking a walk over to the pier he noticed the unfortunate boy's hand above the water.

Old Morrisburg Resident Dead.

George Carter, an old resident of Morrisburg, died suddenly Sunday. He was on his way to church alone, and must have felt a weakness coming on, something that he has been subjected to lately. He went just inside the fence, close to the sidewalk and sat down. Wpen found shortly afterwards life was extinct. He was 62 years of age.

Suicide of Emma Carr at Phillipsville.

Emma Carr, a young girl of nineteen, committed suicide by taking carbolic acid at the residence of a neighbor, Jas. Crapp, near Phillipsville, Thurs-Thursday afternoon. After taking the acid, she ran to the house of her father, Nathan Carr, a farm laborer, about ten rods distant, but fell and expired on the doorstep before she could enter. Death ensued in about four minutes after the fatal drug was taken. No reason can be assigned for the act.

Mr. J. S. Ross Dead.

After a brief illness with an attack of Jaundice, Mr. J. S. Ross died in the hospital at Kingston on Sunday. The remains were conveyed to Winchester on Monday morning and on Tuesday afternoon the funeral took place, service being conducted in the Methodist church after which interment was made in the Maple Ridge Cemetery. The deceased, until a few years ago was a resident of Winchester, and was well known through out the County, having once contested Dundas in the Liberal interests. The large number that attended the last rites, showed the esteem in which he was held.

Crysler Cheese Board.

On this board on Saturday 779 boxes of cheese. 90 colored the balance white were boarded and sold. Price realized was 12 1-6 c for colored and 12 for white Buyers present Messrs Ault, Currie, Prunner, Wood, and Campbell.

An Italian laborer named Matteo was run over and killed on the Radial Railway near Hamilton.

Goes to Belleville.

Archbishop Gauthier has appointed Rev. Father O'Farrel, assistant at St. Francis Xavier church, Brockville, to the curacy of St. Michael's church, Belleville He will enter upon his new duties on Aug 13.

Veteran Horseman Dead.

The body of Benjamin F. Taylor was found floating near the wharf at Morrisburg on Sunday. He was last seen early on Friday around the dock and must have fallen in. Not being a permanent resident there lately his absence was not noticed. He was 68 years of age, was a Grand Army man, and quite a horseman in his day.

The deceased is well known throughout this district and his absence at the race meets will be noticed,

Township Council Meeting.

A meeting of the Winchester Township Council was held at Winchester on Saturday last.

Members present—Robt Fraser, reeve; Patrick Kirby, Geo. Black and Wm. Clark, Councillors.

Minutes of previous meeting read and adopted.

After the reading of the correspondence, etc., it was moved by Patrick Kirby and seconded by Wm Clark, that the council adjourn to meet at Chesterville on September the 8th at 10.30 o'clock.

Morrisburg Collegiate Institute.

Junior Matriculation—Lillian Barry Mamie Drew, Sadie V. Prunner, Maud Steed, Laura M. Steen, Josie M. Weaver Herbert J. Guillet, George H. VanAllen

Senior Matriculation—Colborne L. Casselman, Archie D. Jamieson, Mabel Waddell,

Junior Teachers—Edith S. Barry, Lillian Barry, (with honors), Jennie H. Beattie, Nettie M. Hill, Tessie Murray, (with honors,) Bridget O'Grady, Claude H. Robinson, Maud Steed. Laura M. Steed, Benson Summers, Josie M. Weaver, (with honors,) William E. Darling, Mary E. Daley, (Regn. 43 (4).)

Senior Teachers—Part I Colborne L. Casselman, Martha Derosier, Chas. G. Rebertson, Rose Smith, John Bernard Watson.

Part II—Nelson Latour, Herman McIntosh, Christopher Summers, Mabel H. Waddell, John Bernard Watson.

River Thief in Toils.

In the arrest of Louis de Veaural on Grindstone Island, near Brockville, the police along the St. Lawrence believe that the man who has been committing wholesale depredations among the Thousand Islands for the past three years has been captured. The particular offence which led up to his capture was the theft of a motor boat, the property of John Hoadley of Westminister Park. While two oarsmen were rounding the foot of Grenadier Island they observed the stern of a boat hidden in the rushes, which turned out to be Hoadley's. They went to shore and found the stranger encamped there, busy shaving himself. He was armed with a revolver and put up some show of resistance, but on being told that the men who had so suddenly came upon him were Canadian officials, his anxiety for trouble disappeared and he was persuaded to make a hurried trip to Alexandria Bay, where he was turned over to a constable.

The camp on the Island was found to be a vertible storehouse of stolen property.

Cattle Dying in Matilda Township.

A peculiar disease, proving fatal to the cattle and hogs, is prevalent in Matilda townships. Several herds have been affected and every effort is being made to stamp it out.

Several weeks ago the disease appeared on the farms of Messrs Mullin and Zeron. Dr. Harworth, V.S., of Iroquois, was summoned, and after a careful examination, pronounced it typhoid-influenza. The continuance of the malady, however, brought further concern, and it was thought wise to have a government Inspector visit that section. According Mr. Mulin telephoned Hon. Sydney Fisher, Minister of Agriculture, explaining the prevailing conditions, and he agreed to send a veterinary surgeon at once.

In accordance with the promise of the minister of Agriculture, Dr. Orchard of Ottawa arrived and in company with Dr. Haworth, made a more careful examination of the stock and premises, but failed to throw any additional light on the matter, the animals which last succumbed being too long dead to permit diagnosis. Dr. Orchard tested others of the herd and found no disease. He requested that if any further loss should occur some blood of the animal should be retained and transmitted to the dedartment for investigation. Since the Doctor's visit already several cattle have died in the vicinity.

The disease apparently makes quick work and is fatal in almost every case. In milch herds the animal suddenly goes dry, or almost so and in many instances lives but a few hours after.

New Classics Teacher.

The board of education of Belleville, Ont., has decided to employ Mr. G. Anderson of Iroquois as teacher in classics in the high school at a salary of $1200 per year. In the event of him not accepting the position Mr. J. W. Treleaven of Almonte is the next choice.

PERSONAL.

Mr. H. C Allison, of Winnipeg, is in town.

Mr. Frank Elliott of Winchester was in town Monday.

Mr. G. W. Bogart left to-day for Eastman's Springs.

Mr. Bruce Hill is visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Fulton.

Miss Cusick, of Merrickville, is visiting Mrs. James Hughes.

The Leamy children of Ottawa, are at the McCloskey House.

Dr. John Shields spent Saturday and Sunday at Smith's Falls.

Mr. Dave Allison is spending a few days at Eastman's Springs.

Mr. John Barry of Lancaster, Ont., is visiting his sister in town.

Mr. (Dr.) M. Brown and daughter, Katie, are visiting at Aultsville.

Mr. and Mrs. John Barton, of Finch, were in town Tuesday evening.

The Rev. Isaac Beckstead, of Athens, is visiting his parental home in town.

The Misses Aggie and Bessie Durant of Winchester, were in town yesterday.

Miss Marjorie Grue of Kemptville is visiting Miss Bernice Munro, 'Sunnyside'

Mr. W. A. Merkley, of Buffalo, N.Y., is renewing acquaintances in this district.

Miss Tillie Faulkner of Russell, was the guest of Miss Ethyll Edgerton on Saturday.

Mr. J. W. Gillessie of Livingstone Creek, Yukon Territory, arrived in town yesterday.

The Misses Emma and Ethel Edgerton spent Wednesday and Thursday at Morrisburg.

Miss Jessie has returned to Ottawa, after spending a few days at the Dominion House.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Boyd and Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Frith, of Winchester, were in town yesterday.

Messrs. A. M. Fetterly and Gordon Robinson spent a couple of days this week at Eastman's Springs.

Mr. Horton Shirkey left on Monday for Jasper, to take over the harness business he recently purchased.

Messrs. J. T. Kearns, Wes. Barkley, John Elliott and Herman Hummel, left on Tuesday for New Ontario.

Dr Stanley Merkley, of Buffalo, N.Y. is spending a couple of weeks with relatives and friends in this district.

Mrs. E. Burleigh and children of Port Arthur who have been spending a short time here left for their home on Monday

Messrs. Case Casselman and family, and C. W. Casselman and family, are rusticating on the Rideau near Newboro.

Mr. Will Lapierre, of Ottawa, is spending a week in town. Will holds a good position on the Ottawa Citizen, and looks as if he enjoyed life.

Mrs. Stitt, Mrs. Dr. Brownlee, and Masters Ivan and Ross of Cleveland, Ohio., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Munro and family last week.

Messrs. Frank Johnstone, Harry Hummel, and Walter Hummel, and two sons of Mr. Wm. Johnstone, left on Monday for Winnipeg and other points.

Mr. Frean Hummel left Monday for the Lever River to join his son Max, who he left there a few days ago, being called home on account of the death of his father.

Their Little One Dead.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Thompson of this town mourn the loss of their infant son, who died yesterday morning at one o'clock, aged 6 months. The little fellow was only sick a few days, and not until the evening previous to his death was anything serious thought of. This is the second death that has occurred in the household this summer and every sympathy is expressed for the bereaved.

The funeral took place this afternoon service being conducted at the residence after which interment was made in the Maple Ridge Cemetery.

Changes in Kingston Diocese.

The changes made by Archbishop Gauthier in Kingston diocese are:—Fathers John Meagher, to Kemptville; McCarthy to Cambden, McKenna to Madoc, Oriordan to Frankford, Connelly to Chippewa, O'Connor to Napanee, and O'Farrell as curate at Belleville.

BORN.

McLAEN—At Dunbar, on the 23rd July, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Thos. McLean, a daughter.

COYNE—At Connaught, on July 27th, 1906, to Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Coyne, a daughter.

BOWMAN—At Finch, on Aug. 5, 1906, the infant son of H. Bowman, aged about one year.

MARRIED.

GATLLINGER—CRUMP—At Yellow Gross, Sask., on July 1906, Hurbert Gallinger, to Miss Maggie Crump, both formerly of Osnabruck.

DIED.

THOMPSON—At Chesterville, on Aug. 15th, 1906, George Edwin, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Thompson, aged 6 months.

Mr. Joseph Gibson has resigned the North Perth License Board. He is leaving for the west.

THE CRIMINAL'S CONFESSION

OR, SYBIL BERNER'S VINDICATION

CHAPTER XIV.—(Continued)

Not to go home and rest, as he had been advised; there was no rest for Sybil's husband; there could be none now; he went to wander around and around her prison walls until the day declined and the sky darkened, and then indeed he turned his steps homeward, walking all the way to Black Hall, because in his mental excitement he could not sit still in carriage or saddle. There he passed the night in sleeplessness and horror. Imagination, favored by the darkness, the stillness, and the loneliness of the scene, conjured up all the ghastly specters of the future impending tragedies, and nearly drove him into frenzy. He started up from his bed and walked out into the summer night under the shining stars, and wandered up and down the wooded banks of the river until morning.

Then he returned to the house, and after a hasty breakfast, which for him consisted only of a cup of very strong coffee, he set out for Blackville.

He reached the prison before its doors were open to visitors, and he waited until he could be admitted. He found Sybil placid, peaceful, and unconscious of imprisonment and deadly peril of her life, as she had ever been. He spent an hour with her, and then he went to the hotel to see Mr. Worth.

He found the young lawyer in good spirits.

"I have made much progress, Mr. Berners. I succeeded in procuring the order for the medical examination. It is appointed for to-morrow at ten o'clock. Dr. Bright, Dr. Hart and Dr. Wiseman are the physicians authorized to make it. They have all be notified, and are to meet at the prison at the hour specified," said Ishmael Worth, as he shook hands with his visitor and offered him a chair.

Lyon Berners warmly expressed his thanks, and sank into the seat.

"You look very ill, Mr. Berners; you look as if you had not slept for many nights. That will not do. Let me be your physician for once, as well as your lawyer. Let me advise you to take opium at night. You must sleep, you see."

"Thanks; but I think my malady beyond the help of medicine, Mr. Worth, unless it were something that should send me into the eternal sleep," said Lyon Berners, mournfully.

"Come, come; take courage! We have every reason to believe that this medical examination will result in such a report as, sent up to the governor with the new petition, will ensure her release. And then you will carry out your purpose of going with her to some foreign country. Gay France, beautiful Italy, classic Greece, good old England, are all before you where to choose," said Ishmael Worth, cheerfully.

Then they spoke of the three physicians who were to conduct the examination—Dr. Bright, who had once had charge of the State Insane Asylum, but who had recently retired to his plantation in this neighborhood; Dr. Hart, who was the oldest and most skillful practitioner in the county, having attended more families, and first introduced more children to their friends and relations than any other man in the place; and, lastly, Dr. Wiseman, the village druggist, who had taken his degree and was also physician to the county prison.

"Dr. Hart has attended Sybil's family for nearly half a century; he has known Sybil from her earliest infancy; his visit will not alarm her, though, for that matter, nothing alarms her now, not even——" He did not finish the sentence; he could not bear to utter the words that would have completed it.

Soon after he arose and took his leave. And he passed the day and night as he had passed the last and many previous days and nights.

CHAPTER XV.

The next morning he was early as usual at the prison, and, as usual, he had to wait until the doors were opened.

The news of the impending medical examination of the prisoner had been conveyed to the warden on the preceding afternoon. The prisoner and her companion had been notified of it this morning, so that when Lyon Berners was admitted to the cell he found the place in perfect order, and Sybil and Beatrix carefully dressed as if for company.

"See! we are all ready to receive our visitors, Lyon. And, oh, I am so glad to be at home again, and to give a dinner party! Like old times! Before we went on our wedding tour, Lyon!"

These were the first words Sybil addressed to her husband, as he entered the room.

Lyon Berners drew her to his bosom, pressed a kiss on her lips, and then signed to Miss Pendleton to follow him to the window.

"What does all this mean, dearest Beatrix?" he inquired.

"It means that her insanity is increasing. She awoke this morning, perhaps with some dream of home still lingering in her mind; at all events, with the impression that she was at Black Hall. I have not combatted the pleasant delusion; indeed, I have rather fostered it."

"You were right, dear friend. You know of this intended visit of the physicians?"

"Oh, yes; and so does she, only she fancies that they are to be her guests at a dinner party."

As Beatrix thus spoke there was a sound of approaching footsteps in the corridor, and the cell door was again opened to admit Dr. Hart.

The good physician shook hands with Mr. Berners, who stood nearest the door, and whispering hastily:

"I wish to speak with you apart, presently," he passed on to meet Sybil, who, with the courtesy of a hostess, was coming forward to welcome him.

"He shook hands with her pleasantly, and inquired after her health.

"Oh, thanks! I am very well since I got home. I took cold. Where did I take cold?" she said with an air of perplexity, as she passed her thin white hand through her silken black tresses.

"You have been travelling, then?" said the doctor, to try her memory.

"Yes; travelling."

"And saw many interesting sights, no doubt?"

"I—yes; there were caves—the Mammoth Cave, you see; and ships in the harbor; and—and——" A look of doubt and pain passed over her, and she became silent.

"And many more attractive or instructive objects met your sight, no doubt?"

"Yes; we were in England just before the Conquest, and I saw Harold the Saxon and Edith the Fair. But 'Fair' was 'foul' then—so foul that the Spirit of Fire consumed her. Oh!——"

She paused, and an expression of horrible anguish convulsed her beautiful face.

"But you are at home now, my child," said the doctor, soothingly, laying his hand upon her head.

"Oh, yes," she answered, with a sigh of deep relief as her countenance cleared up; "at home now, thank Heaven! And, oh, it is so good to be at home, and to see my friends once more. And then, again, you know——"

Whatever she was going to say was lost in the chaos of her mind. She sighed wearily enough now, and relapsed into profound reverie.

The doctor took advantage of her abstraction to leave her side, and beckon to Mr. Berners to follow him to the farthest corner of the cell, so as to be out of hearing of the two ladies.

"What do you think of her case?" anxiously inquired Sybil's husband, as soon as he found himself apart with the physician.

"She is deranged, of course. Any child could tell you that. But, Mr. Berners, I called you apart to tell you that myself and my colleagues, Bright and Wiseman, determined to visit our patient singly, and to make a separate examination of her. Now, for certain reasons, and among them, because I am a family practitioner, we all agreed that I should pay her the first visit. And now, Mr. Berners, I must ask you to go and find out if there is an experienced matron about the house; and if so, to bring her here immediately."

Lyon Berners bowed, and went out, but soon returned with the warden's widowed daughter.

"Here is Mrs. Mossop, doctor," he said, introducing the matron.

"How do you do, madam? And now, Mr. Berners, I must further request that you will take Miss Pendleton out and leave Mrs. Mossop and myself alone with our patient," said the doctor.

Mr. Berners gave Miss Pendleton his arm and led her from the room.

One of the under-turnkeys locked the door and stood on guard before it.

Mr. Berners and Miss Pendleton walked up and down the corridor in restless anxiety.

"My brother was here to see me yesterday afternoon, Lyon," she said.

But Mr. Berners, absorbed in anxiety for his wife, scarcely heard the young lady's words, and certainly did not reply to them.

But Beatrix had something else to say to him, and so she said it:

"Lyon, if you should succeed in getting Sybil's pardon (pardon for the crime she never committed!), and should decide to take her to Europe, do you know what Clement and myself have determined to do?"

"No," said Mr. Berners, with a weary sigh.

"We have decided to go abroad yith you and share your fate; whether we go for a year or two of pleasant travelling and sight-seeing, or whether we go into perpetual exile."

Lyon Berners, who had been almost rudely indifferent to the young lady's words until this moment, now turned and looked at her with astonishment, admiration, and gratitude, all blended in the expression of his fine countenance.

"Beatrix! No! I appreciate your magnanimity! And I thank you even as much as I wonder at you! But you must not make this sacrifice for us," he said.

Miss Petndleton burst into taers.

"Oh!" she said, amid her sobs, "there can be nothing in the world so precious to us as our childhood's friendships! Clement and I have played with Sybil and you since we were able to go alone! We have no parents, nor sisters, nor brothers, to bind us to our home. We have only our childhood's friends that have grown up with us—you and Sybil. Clement will resign his commission in the army; he does not need it, you know, any more than his country now needs him; and we will let the old manor house and go abroad with you!"

"But, dear Beatrix, to expatriate yourself for us!"

"Oh, nonsense!" she said, brushing the bright tears from her blooming face. "You are trying to make this out an act of generosity on our part. It is no such thing. It is a piece of selfishness in us. It will be a very pleasant thing, let me tell you, to go to Europe, and travel about and see all the old heroic countries for a year or so."

"A year or so! Oh, Beatrix! it will not be a year or so of pleasant travelling! It will be the exile of a lifetime!"

"I don't believe it! I have more faith than that! I believe that

'The right shall ever come uppermost,
And justice shall be done,'

sooner or later, you know! And, anyhow, Clement and myself have resolved to go abroad with you and Sybil! And you cannot prevent us, Mr. Berners!"

"I am very glad that I cannot; for if I could, Beatrix, I should feel bound by conscience to do it."

"Set your conscience at rest, Mr. Berners! It has nothing to do with other people's deeds!"

"But, dear Beatrix, you are reckoning without your host, Destiny, which now means the report of the medical examiners and the action of the governor upon it! She may not be free to go to Europe."

"I think she will," said Beatrix, cheerfully.

At that moment there was a knock from the inside of the cell.

The turnkey unlocked the door.

Dr. Hart came out alone, and the door was locked after him.

Mr. Berners left the side of Beatrix, and went to meet the physician.

"Well?" inquired Sybil's husband.

"My dear sir, hope for the best. She has yet to be visited by my colleague, Dr. Bright, late of the State Insane Asylum. He is, of course, an expert in cases of insanity. His report will have more weight than mine in regard to her case. But I tell you this in confidence. I ought not to give any sort of opinion to any one at this point of the investigation."

And with a friendly shaking of hands and a polite bow, Dr. Hart went below.

A few minutes passed, and Dr. Bright, who was a stranger to Mr. Berners, came up and passed to the door of the cell, which was opened for him by the turnkey in attendance.

The "mad doctor," as he was popularly called, remained more than an hour shut up with his patient.

At length he came out, bowed to the lady and gentleman that he saw waiting in the corridor, and went downstairs.

Mr. Berners would have given much for the privilege of questioning the "mad doctor;" but, as such a privilege could not be obtained at any price, he was forced to bear his suspense as well as he could.

In a few moments Dr. Bright was succeeded by Dr. Wiseman, the least important of the three medical examiners.

He saw Mr. Berners, came right up to him, and grasping his two hands with both his own, and with the tears springing to his eyes, exclaimed:

"I hope to Heaven our examination of this lady may eventuate in her release from captivity."

There was something in the delicacy of the physician's words, as well as in the earnestness of his manner, that deeply affected Sybil's husband. He pressed the young doctor's hands as he replied:

"I thank you very much for your earnest sympathy, and I need not say how devoutly I join in your prayer that this investigation may terminate in the release of my dear and most innocent wife."

The physician then passed into the cell, which was opened for his admittance, and then closed as before.

A half hour went by, and he came out again.

"I do not know what conclusion my colleagues have come to, Mr. Berners; but, for myself, I do not think this lady is, or has been for some time, a responsible agent," he said, in passing Sybil's anxious husband.

"You hold your consultation immediately?" inquired Mr. Berners.

"Yes, immediately, in the warden's private parlor, which Mr. Martin offered for our use," answered Dr. Wiseman, as he bowed and went downstairs.

Mr. Berners and Miss Pendleton were then permitted to return to Sybil's cell, to remain with her while waiting the result of the physician's consultation.

They found Sybil so fatigued from the visits that had been made her that she lay quite still and almost stupefied upon her bed.

Mrs. Mossop was watching by her side; but at the entrance of Mr. Berners and Miss Pendleton she arose and left the cell.

Lyon went to the bedside of his wife and asked how she felt.

"Tired."

This was the only word she spoke, as with a heavy sigh she turned her face to the wall.

Lyon and Beatrix sat with her all the afternoon, and even until the warden came to the door with the information that the physicians had concluded their consultation, and were about to leave the prison, and that Mr. Worth was below, waiting to see Mr. Berners.

CHAPTER XVI.

Lyon then took an affectionate leave of his half-conscious wife, shook hands with Miss Pendleton, and with a heart full of anxiety, went downstairs.

He met Ishmael Worth coming out of the warden's office.

"The physicians have gone," said the young lawyer, after greeting Mr. Berners, "just gone; but they have left a copy of their report, the original of which they will have to deliver under oath. That original document will have to go with the petition to the governor, which I myself will take up to Richmond to-morrow."

"Thanks! Thanks!" exclaimed Mr. Berners, pressing the young lawyer's hand with deep emotion.

"And now, shall we adjourn to my chambers and examine this report?"

"Yes, if you please! But can you not give me some idea of its character?"

"It is favorable to our views. That is all I know. We can soon make ourselves acquainted with the whole matter, however," said Ishmael Worth, as they left the prison and walked rapidly off in the direction of the village.

As soon as they were both closeted together in Mr. Worth's chamber, with the door closed and locked to keep off intruders, the young lawyer broke the seal of the envelope, and they examined the report together.

But, ah! that report, though favorable to the prolongation of Sybil's life, was not conducive to its preservation.

The physicians reported the imprisoned lady as having been carefully examined by themselves and found to be insane. But they gave it as their unanimous opinion that her insanity was not constitutional or heredity: that it was not of long standing, or of a permanent character; that, in fine, it was the effect of the terrible events of the last few months acting upon a singularly nervous and excitable organization, rendered even more susceptible by her present condition, which was that of pregnancy.

At this word Lyon Berners started, threw his hands to his head, and uttered a cry of insupportable anguish.

Ishmael Worth laid his hand soothingly, restrainingly, upon him, saying:

"Be patient! Even this circumstance, sad as it seems, may save her life. We do not 'cut down the tree with blossoms on it.' This report, as I said, must go up with the petition to the governor. The petition prays for her full parodn on the grounds set forth in this report. The governor may or may not grant the full pardon, but if he does not, he must grant her a respite until after the birth of her child. Thus her life is sure to be prolonged, and may, probably will, be saved. For, if the governor does not pardon her, still in the long interval afforded by the respite, we may, with the help of Providence, be able to discover the real criminal in this case, and bring him to justice; and thus vindicate her fame, as well as save her life."

"You give me hope and courage; you always do," answered Lyon Berners, gratefully.

"I only remind you of what you yourself know to be facts and probabilities; and would recognize as such, but for the excitement and confusion of your mind. And now, do you know what I mean to do?"

Mr. Berners gravely shook his head.

"I mean to leave for Richmond by to-night's stagecoach, taking with me the oringinal attested medical report and the petition for her pardon. I mean to travel day and night, so as to lay the documents before the governor at the earliest possible moment. And as soon as he shall have acted upon them I shall leave Richmond for this place, travelling day and night, until I bring you her pardon or her respite."

"How shall I thank you? What words can express how much——" began Mr. Berners, with emotion; but Ishmael Worth scarcely heard him. He had stepped across the room and touched the bell-pull.

"Send my attendant here," he said to the waiter, who appeared at the door.

A few moments elapsed, and a venerable old negro man of stately form and fine features, with a snow-white head and beard and dressed quite like a gentleman—a sort of an ideal Roman senator carved in ebony, entered the room, bowed, and stood waiting.

"Be so kind as to pack my portmanteau, professor. I go to Richmond by the night's coach."

The "professor" bowed again, and then respectfully inquired:

"Do I attend you, sir?"

"No, professor. I must travel day and night without stopping. Such haste would be too harassing to a man of your age."

The old servitor bowed, and withdrew to obey.

"He," said Ishmael Worth, pointing affectionately, to the retreating form of the professor, "is not only my faithful attendant, but my honest and most esteemed friend."

"He is happy in possessing your esteem and friendship, Mr. Worth, and no doubt, he deserves both," said Lyon Berners.

"He deserves much more," murmured Ishmael, softly, with one of the old sweet, thoughtful, smiles shining in his eyes.

Then Mr. Berners, who would have liked to linger longer near this sympathizing friend, who was working so zealously in the almost hopeless cause of his imprisoned wife, saw that the young lawyer had many preparations to make for his sudden journey, and but little time to make them in; and so he arose and shook hands with Ishmael Worth, and bade him Godspeed in his humane errand, and left the room.

Mr. Berners returned to his most desolate home; took, by his physician's advice, a powerful narcotic, and slept the sleep of utter oblivion, and waked late on the next morning more refreshed than he had felt for many weeks past.

He visited his wife as usual, and found her in the same quiescent state of mind and body and still utterly unconscious of her situation, utterly ignorant that within a few days past the dread death warrant had been read to her, which doomed her young life to die in the beautiful month of June, now so near at hand—in the blooming month of roses, her favorite of all the twelve.

Yes, the death warrant had been duly read to her, but not one word of it all had she understood; and that was all that had been done to inform her of her real situation. If it was any one's duty to impress the truth upon her mind, provided her mind could be made capable of receiving the impression, every on shrunk from it, and prayed that to the last she might never know more of her condition than she now did.

As for the rest—the preparation of her soul to meet her Judge—what would have been the use of talking about salvation to a poor young creature driven to insanity by the horrors of a false accusation and an unjust conviction?

The best Christians, as well as her nearest friends, were willing to leave her soul to the mercy of Heaven.

She was even unsuspicious that she was destined to be a mother.

This circumstance, that so deepened the pathos and terror of her position, also invested her with a more profound and pathetic interest in the eyes of her husband.

Would she live to bring forth her child, even though the governor did spare her life so long? he asked himself, as he gazed fondly on her pale face and sunken eyes.

Would the child—perhaps destined to be born in the prison—live to leave it? And then, what must happen to the mother? And what must be the after life for the child?

(To be continued).

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About the Farm

HARVESTING COWPEAS.

Harvesting cowpeas is not an easy task, whether they are harvested as soiling food, as hay, as silage, or for the grain. The difficulty arises from the lack of suitable implements, the difficulty in curing them without too great a loss in leaves when drying and the difficulty in handling them because of their vinous nature. In these facts are found the strongest reasons for using them to the greatest extent possible in the form of pasture or as a fertilizer, writes Prof. Thomas Shaw.

The best implement, in my judgment, beyond all comparison, would be the pea harvester. It has guards which raise up the vines. It has a divider which separates them from the uncut portion. Two men would be required to follow in cutting ripe peas, to lift them aside in bunches, so that the horses or mules used in cutting would not tread on them.

Some practical growers claim that cutting should begin as soon as any considerable number of the pods are formed; others when the first filled pods begin to turn yellow, and yet others when the crop is nearly matured. The time assigned for harvesting the late and shy-bearing varieties is when the leaves begin to turn yellow. Climate should influence the decision as to the time of cutting for hay. The more moist and cool the weather, the less advanced should be the stage at which the crop is cut. Of course, the more advanced the maturity, the easier is the crop cut.

CURING FOR HAY.

As the leaves are possessed of highest feeding value, the aim should be to save these to the highest extent practicable. To accomplish this, the crop must not be left lying too long in the sun before being raked, nor should it be handled any more than can be avoided in the curing process. The time called for in curing varies from four to five to ten or twelve days, even when the weather is fair.

The plan most commonly adopted is to mow only when the vines are dry, to ted once or oftener, to rake after one or two days' exposure, to allow to lie in the windrows for some time in fair weather and to complete the curing in cocks made rather small, narrow and high. Others put into cocks at an earlier period and open these out somewhat daily, but this method of curing involves much labor.

When cowpeas are cured, they may be stored by putting them into a mow or stack, or under a hay shed. They are considered ready for storing when no moisture exudes from the twisted stalks. They may be stored earlier if the peas are put away in alternate layers with straw.

Some growers secure poles from 4 to 12 feet long and plant them in the ground at suitable distances in the pea field. When the peas have wilted, but not enough to shed their leaves, they are stacked around these poles to the width of 4 to 6 feet across the stack, according to the degree of the succulence of the peas. Strong stripe are firmly nailed to the poles at suitable intervals. They are nailed on in pairs and at right angles. They serve to prevent the hay from settling too firmly. Some other material as crab grass is put on the top of these miniature stacks to shed the rain.

The most common method of securing seed is to pick by hand and then to run the pods through a pea huller or to beat the peas out with a flail. The crop is usually gone over two or three times as the peas ripen unevenly. This is one reason why hand-picking is practiced. But even in the south, where labor is cheap, the cost of securing seed is half as much as it is worth.

It would seem to be a better way to let the crop stand until the bulk of the peas are ripe, and then to cut it with the pea harvester. The men who follow could put the peas in small bunches and from these they could be drawn and threshed within a day or two of the season of cutting. As with Canada field peas, the concaves and cylinder teeth would have to be so adjustedas not to break the peas.

MARKETING FRUIT.

Marketing fruit is a business by itself and if properly done requires the undivided attention of those who engage in it. Thus say the commission men when put on the defensive by insinuations that they are only obstacles of free and natural intercourse between the producer and the consumer. The commission men are undoubtedly right, and they seem indispensable under present conditions; but if intermediary specialists in selling fruit are necessary, there is no reason why the producers should not employ one at a salary and thus unite to some extent at least these divergent interests.

Producers can do this most feasibly by banding themselves into a union, the most successful way of handling fruit yet devised. The manager of the union then becomes their selling agent, and should devote himself assidiously to the study of the markets, and possess the ability to deal advantageously with commission men and other buyers. It is true many fruit unions have failed dismally through petty jealousies, unreasonable suspicion, and management, nor is the country without examples of such; yet when really successful they are almost ideal and well worth attempting and re-attempting in any apple growing community.

The solution of the marketing problem lies mainly in the direction of organization. Once a union is fairly launched with a board of honest and influential directors representing all parts of the community, and an efficient manager, conditions surely not impossible, success is only a question of a little sweet reasonableness and patience. Leave the selection of the manager to the board, but do not expect them to get a first-class man for a second-class salary.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

There is such a thing as overfeeding. It is dangerous to feed the horse a full ration on idle days. Feed the pigs too much and they get off their feet, and it will take some time to get them back in order.

In the ordinary course of horse labor on the farm, there is no work too severe or constant to be performed by mares raising a foal each year. Should it be considered wise or necessary to rest them at any time, some of the young stock can take their places. With ordinarily good care, there is no reason why a mare should not do her year's farm work and raise a colt. If a farmer is to produce horses at a profit, these are the lines he must go on.

There are several ways of feeding farm animals. One of these is to provide a maintenance ration. This keeps the body alive and repairs the waste that is made each day by the workings of the body, like an engine that must use a certain amount of power to run its own machinery before any real work is accomplished. No profit comes from such a ration, as can very readily be seen. It is only from what we feed beyond the maintenance ration that a profit can be expected.

CARE IN HANDLING BUTTER.

Farmers who run dairies should be particularly careful to market their butter in an attractive form. Pack it in jars, butter cases, or make prints, always striving to furnish the packages most satisfactory to your customers. The old habit of marketing in rolls is out of date and results in much poor butter reaching the consumer.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

Is Full of Perplexing Difficulties as to What Words Exactly Mean..

That "policy" which a man gets from an insurance company is no relative to that other word "policy" which the President of the United States, for instance, may use in dealing with the beef question. They afford a curious instance of the ability of two entirely distinct English words to look like one. The latter is a lineal descendant, along with "polity" and "police," of the Greek "polis," a city. But the former is the Latin "politicum [illegible]leticum" or "poleaticum," a register wherein dues were enrolled, which is believed to be really the Greek "potyptychum," a document folded into many leaves. If so, the development of the word may be paralleled by that of "diploma," the parent of "diplomatist," which meant simply a document folded double.

"Spanking" did not suggest chastisement originally. It was unknown to Johnson in this sense; to him a "spanker" meant "a person who takes long steps with agility." Rapid motion seems to be the root idea of the word "spank," which is not merely representative of the sound of the act, as "slap" and "smack" are. The low German "spankern," or "spenkern," to run and spring about quickly, is close to the original meaning. Hence a "spanking pace," a "spanking breeze," and a "spanker," in the sense of an active and sturdy person.

Strictly speaking, a "journal" should be a daily publication, although the word no longer has that limited use. The case of "journey" is exactly comparable. Even to Chaucer it stil meant a day's progress, and in the fourteenth century it was possible to speak of one country as being "fifty-two jorneyes" distant from another—a "journey" being twenty miles.

Jack Lover (expecting an outburst of grief): "And what would you say if I should take your sister from you?" Little Helen (quietly and politely): "Thank you, sir."

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LABOR MEMBERS' WIVES

MRS. JOHN BURNS SNUBBED LADY HAVERSHAM.

Was Presented to the King and Carried It Off Well — Wives of Other Members.

While John Burns, Will Crooks, Keir Hardie, Will Thorne and other labor leaders in the English Parliament are busy at Westminster, legislating for an immense empire, "upon which the sun never sets," their wives at home are probably scrubbing, cooking, sewing and attending to the many details of housework that usually fall upon the wives of workingmen.

About 50 members of the present Parliament were elected upon the Labor ticket, and most of them are actual workingmen. British lawmakers receive no salary and the labor members must be supported by the various labor organizations.

This means that their incomes are limited. As a rule, they live in very modest homes, in unfashionable neighborhoods. Usually the housework and the care of the children devolve upon their devoted wives.

It is said that, when Mr. Burns, some months ago, visited the King to receive his commission as a member of the cabinet, Mrs. Burns was at home cheerily scrubbing the floors. Mrs. Burns is said to be a simple-hearted, unassuming little woman, although of attractive sense. During all her husband's long career in Parliament—he entered that body in 1892—she has been his warm supporter and efficient helpmeet..

Through all these years the Burnses have occupied a quiet little home in Batterson, a poor suburb at the southwest of London, where the wife cooked the meals, scrubbed the floors and kept her husband's clothing in repair.

After the late political upheaval in England, Mr. Burn's financial condition improved. He was invited into the cabinet as president of the local government board, a position carrying

A SALARY OF $10,000 A YEAR.

As wife of a cabinet minister, Mrs. Burns has now standing at court functions, the first woman from the circles of labor to enjoy that privilege.

When she was recently presented to the King and Queen this modest little woman, who still does her own housework, was an object of great curiosity to the haughty peeresses who surround the throne. If they expected to titter over a bizarre or awkward spectacle, they were disappointed. They saw a rather pretty woman, becomingly and correctly dressed, whose manner was above criticism.

She was probably the only woman in that brilliant throng capable of cooking her husband's dinner or darning his socks, and yet she did not appear at all uncomfortable or out of place. It was noticed that their majesties were unusually gracious to her. She was somewhat conspicuous in the throng of stately grand dames about her from the fact that she wore no jewels.

Some time ago, it is related with gusto in London, Lady Haversham, a new peeress and a known "lian hunter," who aspires to become prominent as a Liberal hostess, undertook to patronize the woman whose husband had been elevated from labor's ranks to a cabinet position. So she wrote as follows from her fine home in fashionable Grosvenor Square:

"Dear Mrs. Burns:—I should be glad if you would come to my at-home. You would excuse my not calling on you, but I find Battersea is such a long way from Grosvenor Square."

Whereupon the labor leader's wife promptly sent the following reply:

"Dear Lady Haversham:—I have been studying the map, and I find that Grosvenor Square is exactly the same distance from Battersea that Battersea is from Grosvenor Square.

Will Thorne, who represents the South Westham constituency and is secretary of the Gasworkers' and General Laborers' Union, is especially

HAPPY IN HIS HOMELIFE,

although Mrs. Thorne complains that his duties keep him away from his family too much.

"Will goes out at 8.30 o'clock every morning and does not come back until 1 or 2 o'clock the next morning," she remarked recently. "On Sundays he is generally addressing meetings somewhere, so that we see little enough of him since he has been elected to Parliament."

The Thornes occupy a small house in the East End of London, and to the care of this and her children Mrs. Thorne devotes herself. There are ten children in all. Some are grown and married, while the baby is still in the cradle.

Both the father and mother of Mr. Thorne were brickmakers, and the father was killed when Will was seven years old. He never went to school a day in his life, but, through persistent effort, he acquired a good education.

Mrs. Thorne is very proud of her stalwart husband, who has reached the honor of a seat in Parliament, and is perfectly willing to contribute her own labor unsparingly in order to maintain a comfortable home for him. This home, unpretentious enough, is at Upton Park, another rather poor London suburb. In the rear is a garden where Mrs. Thorne raises chickens and hangs out the family wash.

In an even smaller house at Poplar, also in the East End, live Mr. and Mrs. Will Crooks. The hour between 8.30 and 9.30 o'clock every morning is set aside to receive the constituents of Mr. Crooks and poor people of the neighborhood come to him by scores for advice and help. He even listens to and advises them while eating his breakfast. Mrs. Crooks, whom he affectionately calls "mother," is always at his side,

AIDING IN HIS HELPFUL WORK.

A gentle, motherly woman, Mrs. Crooks feels deeply the condition of the poor about her, and is constantly endeavoring to aid them. She doesn't forget the fact that her husband spent part of his early life in the workhouse—or almshouse. Beside keeping house and attending to all her domestic duties Mrs. Crooks conducts an employment bureau in Poplar, devoting her efforts especially to securing work for the wives and families of men who are out of employment.

She is regarded as the good angel of the community, and the people there would gladly elect her to Parliament, if they could, to assist her husband in his plans for the betterment of labor conditions.

In her plain little parlor Mrs. Crooks has some ornaments of which she is very proud. There is a silver tea set, presented to her in recognition of the public-spirited efforts of herself and her husband while he was mayor of Poplar some years ago. Upon the walls are two pictures which were painted and presented to her by a man whom the Crooks had aided while he was in financial straits; on a table are glasses, china, ornaments, and even a comical little china pig—all given in gratitude for help extended at some time of desperate need.

Mrs. J. Ramsey Macdonald, wife of the member for Leicester, finds time from the care of her modest flat in Lincoln's Inn and her four children to take part in the labor propaganda in which her husband is engaged. She is a lecturer and worker for the independent labor party.

Not long since Mr. Macdonald was booked for a lecture at Ilkeston, but found that his parliamentary duties would not permit keeping the engagement. Accordingly, Mrs. Macdonald went to Ilkeston and

.... LECTURED IN HIS STEAD. ....

"It was a description of a walking tour, illustrated by lantern slides," she explained later, "and as I had been on the trip with my husband I was able to give the lecture." It is said she gave it most satisfactorily.

When they find time—which is not often—Mr. and Mrs. Macdonald may be seen taking long walks together. They also have a little cottage in Buckinghamshire, to which they retire when Parliament is not in session. Mrs. Macdonald is noted as being one of the best housekeepers in that section.

While Kier Hardie, one of the best known of the labor leaders is attending sessions of Parliament, Mrs. Hardie usually remains in Ayrshire, where she says she is perfectly happy looking after their little home.

The wife of J. Ward, member of the Stoke-on-Trent, while taking a rest from cooking dinner recently, expressed her dissatisfaction with the demands made upon his time.

"He has to leave early in the morning for the work of his union," she explained; "then goes to Parliament, and usually gets home about 2 o'clock in the morning. At week ends he goes about making speeches."

Mr. Ward laughed: "The wife stands that sort of thing about five weeks on a stretch," he remarked, "and then she goes on a strike. Tells me I need not expect any home comforts if I don't spend one day in 50 at home."

One noticeable characteristic of the wives of the labor members of Parliament is the fact, as a rule, that their husband's election to such high and responsible national duties makes little apparent difference in the home life.

They do not seem to think that such distinguished honors in the family should cause them to cease doing their own cooking, washing or housework, or that they should hire girls to do their scrubbing for them.

STRANGE FIGHT WITH TIGER.

How Native Held Beast at Bay Until Help Came.

A native employed on the Chuthamalai estate, in India, was returning one recent night from a shooting excursion and saw what he thought was a jackal. He shot and wounded the animal, which made off into the jungle. Early the next morning, while proceeding for another shoot, the man suddenly came across a wounded tiger lying in a patch of jungle.

Presumably it was the beast, and not a jackal, which had been hit the previous night. The tiger immediately made for the man, who had no time to reload his rifle. Finding no other way out of his difficulty, the man threw down his rifle and resolved to fight it out with the tiger. The tiger opened its jaws to seize the man, when the latter shoved his arm right into the tiger's mouth. With his disengaged arm he leveled blow after blow at the tiger with all his might, and at the same time yelled for help.

Hearing the man's cries, a Paniyan who was on a neighboring hill, hurried down, and taking in the situation, went and fetched an estate writer, Mr. Ladwin.

The latter came with a gun, but could do nothing at the start for fear of hitting the native. However, the latter managed by a powerful effort to throw down the tiger, whereupon Mr. Ladwin put in a shot. The shot was not fatal, and the tiger made another run at its victim, who was able this time to dodge away. Mr. Ladwin now fired again, and the tiger dropped dead.

The wounded man was conveyed to the estate, where the hospital assistant in charge attended to him, and it is satisfactory to report that the man is progressing toward recovery, in spite of his wounds and his terrible experience.

GREENLAND'S GLORY.

The largest mass of ice in the world is probably the one which fills up nearly the whole of the interior of Greenland, where it has accumulated since before the dawn of history. It is believed now to form a block about 600,000 square miles in area, and averaging a mile and a half in thickness. According to these statistics, the lump of ice is larger in volume than the whole body of water in the Mediterranean, and there is enough of it to cover the whole of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland with a layer about seven miles thick.

Softly: "I'd have you to understand, sir, that I'm not such a fool as I look." Sarcast: "Well, then, you have much to be thankful for."

STILL RUSSIA'S ENEMY

JAPAN SAID TO BE WORKING FOR HER DOWNFALL.

How Preparations Were Made for the War — Revolutionists at Nagasaki.

While Japan is formally at peace with Russia, it appears from the Russian press that she is doing all she can to embarrass the Czar's Government. First it is asserted that Japan is supplying the revolutionists in Russia with arms, and, second, it is pretty well established that Nagaski is a Nihilist hotbed. The first charge is developed by the Novoe Vremya as follows: "It has been suspected for a long time that the Japanese were supplying the Russian revolutionists with arms and money, but now the proofs in the case are so complete that there is no room for doubt. The trail of the conspiracy, however, reaches far back, and we will have to begin our story at the outbreak of the war."

The Russian paper proceeds to say that "the Japanese Colonel Akashi, who was military attache at St. Petersburg before the war, went to Stockholm when hostilities broke out, and that city became the centre of the Japanese spy system.

WELL PLANNED.

"Now in the Autumn of 1904, when the Russsian freedom movement began, Akashi connected himself with the Russian Nihilists in Paris, and in November, 1904, an agreement was concluded, by the terms of which an armed insurrection was to be created in Russia for the benefit of Japan." The chief parties to this agreement were "the revolutionist George Dekanosi, one Grusier, and the well-known politician Konni Siliacus."

These men "received money from Akashi to buy weapons, and it was agreed that the arms were to be used by the Russian Social-Democrats, the Grusierian revolutionists, and the Polish and Finland Socialists." According to the Novoye Vremya, there were bought in Switzerland 25,000 guns and 3,500,000 cartridges, while Siliacus purchased several vessels, including one in Hamburg, which was christened John Grafton. This vessel was loaded with weapons, and under command of Captain Bestroem she set sail July 16. But August 25 she ran ashore at Uleaborg, and the mystery of her origin was the source of no small amount of discussion. After she had been abandoned by her crew the ship was boarded by the Russians, and in her hold were found 93 cases, containing 659 rifles, 658 bayonets, and 120,000 rounds of cartridges.

ANOTHER CARGO.

"Another ship, a steamer, caught fire near the Finland coast, and the subsequent investigation showed that it was packed with an immense quantity of rifles, cartridges, and so forth. And on August 28 there were found on the island of Kolqmar over 700 rifles, an immense amount of revolutionary literature, and quantities of ammunition. All of the arms found were of Swiss manufacture." The same journal avers that "the revolutionists of Moscow — during the rebellion of December, 1905 —were all armed with Swiss weapons," and thinks that these munitions probably entered by another ship which landed safely. This vessel was fitted out "by George Dekanosi, it sailed from Marseilles to Batum, and reached port safely. The captain of the ship was a Dutch Nihilist."

NIHILIST PARADSE.

The Japanese correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung declares that Nagasaki before the war was a favorite resort for Russians in the east, and now that the war is over it has become a paradise for the Nihilists. Thus:—

"The Russians comes again, now that the war is over, but they are no longer the official classes—we now have the Nihilists. As Vladivostock and other large places were pacified the number of Russian revolutionists in Nagasaki constantly increased, and now the colony is so large that we find a Russian newspaper in the town, printed by Russians and in Russian type. This paper is called Voli (or 'Freedom'), and at first it appeared every other day, but now it is a daily. The character of the paper is well indicated by the following quotation: 'We call upon whoever has the material means, to help our work; we exhort all who have a word to say for the cause, to say it. And we call for help from all Russians who are not content with the Russian Government, who can not tolerate the horrible condition of things in Russia to-day. Our aim is to destroy autocracy by means of a revolution, to give Russia a democratic republic, and later to bring about a Socialistic state of society. But we must not sleep, we must not rest—the autocracy does neither.'"

LOTS OF MONEY.

The correspondent says that "this shows clearly the spirit of the Russians in Nagasaki. And what is equally clear is that they have plenty of money — otherwise they could not publish a paper. Naturally the settlement is a thorn in the side of official Russia, but the Japanese take nothing from the Russians to-day, and an official would get rough words who tried to induce the Japanese to take steps against the Nagasaki colony.

ONLY DAY.

The girl: "The fortune teller told me that the eighth day of the month is the luckiest to be married on."

The cynic: "You were misinformed, my child. It's the eighth day of the week."

THE CAUSE.

Mr. Litterest: "Doctor, what did you tell me was your special treatment for sleeplessness?"

Medico: "We strike at the cause or the origin of the trouble."

Mr. Litterest: "You don't say so. Well, you will find the baby in the other room. Only don't hit him too hard."

POLITE JAPANESE CHILDREN.

They are Trained to Civility From Children.

Japan is the country in which the word "boor," or an equivalent, is not needed. In that land habits of politeness begin to be formed with the first training of the child. Mr. Albert Tracy, in his "Rambles Through Japan,," whites of what he observed in the most obscure parts of the country. Among the many things which he found to praise none is more pleasing than the fine courtesy of the children.

I saw some children emerging from school, and stopped on the opposite side of the street to look at them. They came out with none of the rude boisterousness which characterizes pupils at home, but walked sedately and quietly, with books and slates under their arms.

The first to come out were not a little startled, evidently at seeing a bearded foreigner looking at them. They stopped a moment, and then, with a courtesy which I wish I could imagine possible in an English town or an American village, made an exceedingly respectful bow, and passed on. Of course I returned the salutation.

The next ones repeated their civility, and then as fast as the pupils came to the front they stopped and made profound reverences all along the line. It was a very pretty picture, and quite well illustrated the polite bearing of the Japanese, who are thus trained to civility from childhood.

Before a baby can speak, almost before it can totter alone, it is taught to lift the hand to the forehead on receiving a gift; and I never saw a child fail to make this signal of respect and gratitude without being reproved or reminded of the omission by some bystander.

At another place I came suddenly upon two pretty children, who, approaching from the opposite direction, were completely taken by surprise, and had no opportunity to escape. Their faces showed that they were very much frightened, and the younger clung closely to his brother.

Just as I was about to speak they made the most profound of reverences, withal so prettily that I gave them each a penny, demonstrating, I hope, in their minds that even a white-faced barbarian is not dangerous if one is polite.

SONG SAVES WOMAN'S LIFE.

Mountain Lion Mesmerized By a Woman's Voice.

Mrs. John Underwood, the wife of a New York capitalist, has undergone a terrible experience while camping out with her husband in the Black Hills, near Custer, South Dakota.

One evening Mrs. Underwood left the camp to meet her husband, who had been visiting some mines in the neighborhood in which he is interested. She lost her way in the woods and wandered until night fell.

While trying to find the path she was suddenly startled by a frightful scream, and the next moment she was knocked down by an immense mountain lion. As the animal stood over her she realized her probable fate, and shrieked with terror.

This seemed to frighten the animal, and seeing its attention diverted, it flashed on Mrs. Underwood's mind that she had read of wild beasts being subdued by the human voice.

She began singing, first in faltering, uncertain tones, but afterwards more steadily and clearly.

She found that the sound effectually distracted the beast, and throughout the night she sang constantly and desperately, going through all the songs she had ever heard, while the fierce animal lay in apparent content with one huge paw stretched over her, holding her in a vice-like grip.

At daybreak Mr. Underwood, who had been searching all night, discovered his wife's whereabouts from hearing her voice. It was a terrible situation, but Mr. Underwood took careful aim with a rifle and shot the lion in the head. The beast rolled across Mrs. Underwood's body. She collapsed and fainted, but has since recovered.

The lion measured 8 feet from nose to the tip of the tail, and weighed over 98 pounds.

FLAVORED WITH KERNELS.

How Dishonest Growers Extract the Oil From Nutmegs.

The nutmeg is the kernel of the fruit of several species of trees growing wild in Asia, Africa and America. The cultivated nutmeg-tree is from fifty to seventy feet high, and produces fruit for sixty years. The fruit is of the size and appearance of a roundish pear, yellow in color. The fleshy part of the fruit is rather hard and resembles candied citron. Within is the nut, enveloped in a curious yellowish-red aril known to us as mace.

To prepare the seeds for use they are dried in a moderate heat for about two months. Then the shells are broken and the nutmegs picked out and assorted, the inferior ones being reserved for the oil-press. As the essential oil of nutmeg brings a high price, dishonest growers often steep the nutmegs in hot water to extract the oil from them. They are then coated with lime and sent into the channels of commerce.

Such nutmegs are worthless, their aroma and pungency have disappeared, these qualities being due exclusively to the oil. If, on inserting a pin, no oil rushes out to the surface, the nutmeg is, to all intents and purposes, a wooden nutmeg.

TIME-TABLES DESCRIBED.

"I suppose," said the man who was studying a time-table, "these boats run at stated intervals."

"No," answered the experienced traveller, "at misstated intervals."

ASSISTING HIM.

"Miss Pinkie," stammered the ardent, but timid young man, "does your father object to my coming to see you?"

"I think he does, Mr. Bashleigh," she said, with a bewitching blush, "if merely to 'see' me is all you come for."

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND

NEWS BY MAIL ABOUT JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

The Prince of Wales has consented to become patron of the Welsh Rugby Football Union.

Field Marshall Sir George White has been admitted to the freedom of the city of London.

Princess Mary of Wales has been given a bicycle, and now rides about the grounds of Marlborough House.

Miss Simmons, superintendent of telegraphs at Chatham Post-Office, has retired after forty years' service.

One applicant at the Chiswick Police Court recently was so stout that she could not enter the witness-box.

Mixed family bathing, which has been allowed in the Woolwich Baths every Monday evening, is to be suspended.

The properly belonging to the various Livery Companies of London is estimated to be worth at least fifteen millions sterling.

It is not generally known that Lord Kitchener served as a volunteer under the French flag in the Franco-Prussian War of 1870.

New Bibles, with composition washable cover, have been provided at the Middlesex Sessions for the use of those taking the oath.

The newest warship of the Agamemnon type cost £1,500,000. Nelson's Victory, armament and all, cost no more than £100,000.

The King of Spain has honored Sir Alfred Jones of Liverpool by creating him Knight Commander of the Royal Order of Isabella the Catholic.

According to the report of the Inspector of Explosives, a workman was fined £2 last year for having pockets in his clothing when working in a danger building.

Mr. Alderman Henry Good, Mayor of Colchester, has intimated that he will present two almshouses to the borough to commemorate his year of office.

Over £2,000 has already been received for Lady Minto's fund for the organization of a trained British Nursing Society for the European community in India.

De Beers Diamond Corporation has offered £2,500 towards the fund for the establishment of a college in South Africa for the higher education of natives.

A Camberwell workman, on going to live at Tonbridge, was amazed to find that his next-door neighbor was his brother, whom he had lost sight of for 20 years.

Mr. C. Pallin, the new master of Wolverhampton Workhouse, has caused the motto "Work" to be placed in prominent positions throughout the institution.

The Duchess of Somerset, who for many years has been interested in the welfare of school children, suggests the appointment of a Minister for Children in the Government.

The head waiter at one of the biggest London hotels, giving evidence in a case at Bow Street, said his salary was £1 a week, but his total earnings were £8 or £10.

The Davenport Town Council has decided to instruct the Education Committee to give three months' notice to married woman teachers to terminate their engagements.

Westhoughton (Lancashiret) has received from Mr. Carnegie £250 towards the decoration of the public library, to the building fund of which he previously subscribed £3,500.

A new bee disease—a kind of paralysis—has discovered among bees in the Isle of Wight. It is estimated that half the bees kept in the island are now dead through this disease.

Having tested the flesh of various animals, a Northampton gentleman declares that a donkey makes the most excellent eating of any animal, the flavor resembling that of a young turkey.

The Trinity House authorities are placing a new foghorn signal at the Needles Lighthouse. It is a reed trumpet worked by compressed air, and will be heard eight or ten miles from the lighthouse.

300 TONS OF GOLD.

Bank of England Reserve of $188,000,000 Much Too Small.

Lord Goschen's opinion, expressed at a dinner of the National Discount Company, that England's gold reserve is insufficient, was generally endorsed in London's financial circles.

"It has been admitted for some time past," said an eminent banker, to the London Daily Mirror, "and no one is more alive to the fact than the Bank of England itself, that there ought to be more gold in reserve than there is at present in the vaults.

"The Bank of England is the bankers' bank, and all the joint stock banks keep accounts with it. Therefore, it is the last resort in the matter of reserve in this country. In addition to this, London is the financial centre of the world, and anything that causes an uneasy feeling that we are not prepared for any great crisis should be removed.

"At the present time there is about £37,000,000 of gold and bullion in the vaults of Bank of England—that is a weight of about 300 tons. Now all banking authorities are unanimous in agreeing that this figure is not nearly large enough.

"But the question is, who is going to bear the expense of increasing the reserve? The deputy-governor of the Bank of England made a suggestion some time ago that the joint stock banks should combine with the Bank of England in trying to tackle the question.

"The joint stock companies think the Bank of England ought to bear the expense, but the latter say: 'Why should we bear the whole cost?'

"About £11,60.00 is issued by the Bank of England against the debt due from the Government to the Bank, and £5,000,000 more is issued against securities. Every other note issued must be against gold.

"Of course, there is one way out of the difficulty. The British Government can always make special provision to safeguard the Bank should the emergency arise."

SIGHT OF BIRDS.

A hawk can spy a lark on a piece of earth almost exactly the same color at twenty times the distance it is perceptible to a man or dog. A kite soaring out of human sight can still distinguish and pounce upon lizards and field-mice on the ground, and the distance at which vultures and eagles can spy their prey is almost incredible. Recent discoveries have inclined naturalists to the belief that birds of prey have not the acute sense of smell with which they are once accredited. Their acute sight seems better to account for their actions, and they appear to be guided by sight alone, as they never sniff at anything, but dart straight at the objects of their desire.

JUST A DIG.

"Yes," said Mrs. Uppisch, boastfully, "we pay cash for everything we buy there."

"Yes?" replied Mrs. Knox. "Why is it, I wonder, that they are so careful about opening accounts with people?"

DRS. M. & W. A. BROWN,
Physician, Surgeon, &c.
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

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T. FLYNN, - - PROPRIETOR.
This hotel has lately been renovated and is in a position to cater to the traveling public.
Always in stock the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

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No advertisment published for less than 25 cents.
All advertisments measured by the scale of solid nompareil, 12 lines to the inch.
Advertisments without special directions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

The Reeve of Williamsburg.

Mr. Malcolm Beckstead, Froatburn, was born on February 27th, 1870, on the farm where he now resides. He attended school until fifteen years of age, when he commenced work on the farm. After three years his ambitious spirit led him to seek experience in the lumbering industry and he went to Western Ontario, where he put in a year and a half. The old longing came back, however, he returned home and settled down to what has eventually become a prosperons undertaking, the management of a farm of his own. He was married in 1893.

Mr. Beckstead's ability as a business man has been fully appreciated by his friends, as the following list of honors will show: In 1902 he was first elected councillor, and re-elected in 1904. His good services being fully appreciated he was re-elected for 1905, and at the last elections in January, went to the polls unopposed, being elected reeve for his third time by acclamation. Since Mr. Beckstead assumed the responsibility of guiding the civic affairs of the municipality he represents so well, many measures, all for the good of the community, have been successfuly ushered in. That his valuable services are appreciated to the full, may best be judged by the manner in which he has risen in the council.

Says Brother Slew Lads.

Kingston, Ont., Aug. 11—Application has been made to the Attorney-General by Chief of Police White of Perth, for a fiat to take Sandy Bedore from Kingston penitentiary, where he is serving a 14 year term, to Sharbot Lake to make good his statement in connection with the disappearance of two lads four years ago. People thought they were drowned, but Bedore says his brother slew them and he knows where tney were buried.

THE CELEBRATED



SHARPLES

Tubular Separator.

We have received the agency in this district for the above Separator, which is looked upon as the best on the market. If you dont believe it let us place one on trial and convince yourself.

Grady & Jordan
CHESTERVILLE.

J. B. Thompson
SUCCESSOR TO
THOMPSON & CLINE
Tinsmiths &c.,
CHESTERVILLE,

A full Line in connection with my business always kept in stock.

Zutoo

Is a purely vegetable headache remedy and must not be confounded with the drug cures, which in almost every instance, contain opium, morphine or chloral. Zutoo is a harmless
Cure for Headache.

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PIANOS
ARE THE BEST
We Will Put it Against any Manufacturer for
Touch Tone and Durability.
Consult us Before Buying.
W. H. FETTERLY, Stores at Morrisburg & Winchester

WILLIAM NEWVINE,
All kinds of Cement and Concrete work a Specialty
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

Dundas Opportunity.

Morrisburg Herald—In a conversation with D. A. McDonald, Esq., of Alexandria, County of Glengarry, a few days ago, he said that everything points to a separation of these United Counties, so far as Glengarry is concerned. Those interested in bringing about a separation, have the estimates of a competent architect as to the cost of erecting suitable county buildings at Alexandria, the estimate being $15,000. In the minutes of proceedings of the Municipal council of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, January, June and October sessions, 1905, the auditor's report for 1904 places the value of counties' buildings at $60,000, furniture $1,000, a total of $61,000. Roughly speaking, the portion belonging to Dundas, would be about $15,000 or $20,000. No doubt if Dundas were to separate from the union, other villages would be looking after their own interests in the way of having the County Seat, as well as would Morrisburg. We hardly believe however, that the claim of Morrisburg could be ignored; in a sense, Morrisburg is and has been for years looked upon as the county town, the largest in population, easy of access, having cheap electric light, and one of the finest water works systems in Eastern Ontario. A large power plant is being developed, which must in time bring industries here, and increase the population largely. These are all good arguments in favor of Morrisburg as the probable place for the county seat, should Dundas separate from the union. Our people should be alive to their own interests and push for ssparation, It must be admitted that the question of location is a secondary consideration, the real question concerns the County as a whole. The people of Cornwall, loaded up as they are with bonus debentures, will in their own interests fight separation in every way, as the large amount of money spent in their town several times a year, for lawyers' fees, hotel bills, and with the merchants, is too fine a plum to let go without an effort, and what has built up Cornwall, will build up a county town in Dundas and Glengarry. Cornwall will naturally say, as they did when a paper mill was proposed for Morrisburg, that it was of very little use, and at the same time they made great effort to have the capacity of the mill at that time there doubled, and to day, the paper mill is the best industry in Cornwall. They, no doubt, on the question of separation, will tell us it is of little benefit, and that it will cost more money than under the present arrangement. We may be prepared to be told all this, as they will say, for our own good, and our people should take the advice for what it is worth, and say no more.

The report referred to says that the

Sheriff received	$1925 61
Acting Sheriff	679 41
Crown Attorney	1094 59
Treasurer	1050 00
Clerk	650 00
Messenger	85 00
Caretaker	250 00
Gaoler	740 00
Turnkey	300 00
Matron	141 25
Goal Surgeon	46 40
Auditors	535 00
Total	$7497 26

to say nothing of the various side grabs that are made in different ways.

Time and mileage of Counties' Council is no mean item—$1405. Were Dundas to go by herslf, she could do her own business, save time and expense of sending jurymen to Cornwall several times a year, the excessive salaries would be at least cut down one third, and the staff required for a single county would be less in number, and the money paid to officials would be spent in our own county. A resident judge receiving a good salary would be an acquisition, and any business required to be done, could be done quickly without the expense and time of a trip to Cornwall Under the change in the law, a majority vote of the electors of the county is all that is required. One of the claims put forth in times past against separation was that the legal ability of the United Counties was largely located at Cornwall; at the present time this claim could hardly be substantiated.

There is probably no one better qualified to discuss the question of separation than is Mr. McDonald, his long experience in the Counties' Council giving him the opportunity of knowing the "ins and outs" of how things are worked under the union, and, as he is working for what he thinks is their best interests, and what would be in the interest of Glengarry, would, no doubt, be equally good for Dundas.

Stomach Medicine is Useless.

Impossible to cure catarrh in the nose by dosing the stomach. Send the healing vapor of Catarrhozone after the germs and you at once accomplish good. Any case of catarrh is curable—all that's necessary is to inhale Catarrhozone—You stop hawking, nostrils are cleared, throat is healed and freed of phlegm; every vestige of the trouble is forever driven from the system. If you want permanent cure for catarrh, throat trouble or bronchitis, Catarrhozone is a stand-by. Two sizes, 25c. and $1.00 at all dealers.

Wealthy Kingstonian Dead.

Kingston, Aug. 9—The death of Michael Conroy, a well known resident of the city, occurred to-day. He was in business for many years, and the profits of his business he put into real estate, of which he was a large owner at his death. His wealth is estimated at a quarter of a million. Rev. Wilfred Kingsley, curate of St. Mary's, is a brother-in-law. The deceased is survived by his father, who has passed his ninetieth year.

Robert W. Harding.

Brockville, Ont., August, 13—The death occurred here of Robert W. Harding, a life-long resident of Prescott, who was receiving medical treatment in local hospital. He was fifty years of age. For many years he was a druggist in Prescott. He is survived by one sister, Mrs. Bell of Heuvelton, N.Y.

WESTERN TOWN GROWTH.

It Has More Than Doubled Population in Five Years.

The quinquennial census of Manitoba Saskatchewan and Alberta has now been completed so as to show the population of cities and towns in the Northwest provinces in 1901 and 1906, respectively. The figures are—

Manitoba—	1901	1906.
Brandon	5,620	10,049
Carman	1,439	1,530
Dauphin	1,135	1,671
Gladstone	731	828
Gretna	666	646
Killarney	585	1,117
Manitou	617	716
Minnedosa	1,052	1,300
Morden	1,522	1,438
Neepaw	1,418	1,895
Pilot Mound	446	589
Portage La Prairie	3,901	4,985
St. Boniface	2,019	5,120
Souris	838	1,413
Stonewall	589	1,074
Winnipeg	42,350	90,216
Totals	64,918	124,947
Increase in five years		60,029
Saskatchewan—		
Alameda	104	333
Arcola	129	652
Carnduff	190	491
Davidson		520
Indian Head	768	1,545
Moose Jaw	1,558	6,250
Oxbow	230	530
Qu'Apelle	434	778
Regina	2,249	6,217
Saskatoon	113	3,031
Wapella	397	459
Whitewood	359	501
Welseley	409	835
Totals	6,940	22,142
Increase in five years		15,202
Alberta—		
Calgary	4,091	11,937
Cardston	639	1,002
Edmouton	2,626	11,534
Fort Saskatchewan	306	586
Lacombe	499	1,015
Leduc	112	391
Lethbridge- Stafford	2,072	
Lethbridge		2,325
Staafford		623
MacLeod	796	1,144
Ponoka	151	473
Red Deer	323	1,420
Stratchona	1,550	2,927
Wetaskiwin	550	1,648
Totals	13,715	37,025
Increase in five years		23,310.

Health For Run-Down Women.

From the experience of Mrs. John Panke, of Saskatchewan, nothing compares with Ferrozone. "At times I was confined to my bed and couldn't do any work I was run down in flesh, lost strength, my appetite failed, my color was pallid. Weary and cast down, it seemed I couldn't catch up. Ferrozone started a new kind of life in my blood, and built me up, vitalized and strengthened my nerves, and finally cured my heart and stomach pains." Ferrozone is a rebuilder that has special virtue in female ailments. Sold everywhere in 50 cent. boxes; try Ferrozone.

Cheese Frauds Hurt Canada.

It seems impossible that Canadian dairy produce can continue to enjoy its advantageous position in the British market if steps are not taken to prevent the fraud and misrepresentation, which is all too prevalent. The latest complaint comes from Bristol, and is reported to the trade and commerce department by the Canadian commercial agent there, Mr. W. A. Mackinnon, who writes as follows under date of July the 21st:—

"A lot of cheese which arrived here recently contained some boxes stamped 'Canadian produce,' and on the other side of the same boxes 'produce of the United States of America'. The receiver is of the opinion that this cheese was of American origin. This importer and others state that such a practice as has been followed in this case will prove absolutely fatal to the adventageous position held by genuine Canadian cheese in British markets. It is hopeless to expect buyers to pay Canadian prices if they even suspect they are obtaining American cheese under the name of Canadian; much more hopeless when the evidence of substitution or of transportation is deliberately placed under their eyes.

Mr. Mackinnon further reports: "Another lot of cheese, which was landed last week, contained numbers 1, 2 and 3 of the same brand. The No. 1 and No. 2 lots were marked 'Canadian' while the boxes numbered 3 and the word 'Canadian' erased more or less completely and the brand 'produce of the United States of America,' appeared instead. These practices, whether they indicate anything improper or not, do most certainly tend to excite suspicion and I have no hesitation in saying that they should be absolutely discontinued."

River Captain Dead.

Brockville, Aug. 9—The death is announced at Alexandria Bay of J. A. Davis, one of the senior steamboat captains on the St. Lawrence. Capt Davis spent the greater part of the 58 years of his life on the river, and came to be one of the most efficient men handling a wheel in these parts. His wife is an invalid and is at present in a very serious condition. Capt. Davis was a member of the Masonic order, and also of the Oddfellows.

New Hospital at Almonte.

Almonte, Ont., Aug. 16—At a meeting of the directors or the Cottage Hospital. just held, a committee was appointed to look at available sites for the erection of a hospital. Owing to the satisfactory character of the work done in the hospital, as at present constituted, the directors are of the opinion that a new building would be warranted.

Earl Grey has returned to Ottawa from Newfoundland.

Rubber - Tires.

Are you interested in Rubber Tires? If so it will be interesting to know that I have equipped my shop with a complete plant for all kinds of rubber tire work. I can do you first-class work, save you money, and you can get your work prompt. No need to lay up your carriage for weeks. First-class Rubber in stock.

Carriages.

A full line of carriages of our own manufacture on hand during the season.
The largest stock to sell from in the county; quality right, and prices right.
Give me a call.

M. BAILEY, ST. LAWRENCE St., Winchester.

After the Fire

Is too late to insure the burned building. Insure to-day in one of the following companies:
North British & Mercantile.
Phoenix of London.
Anglo-American.
Liverpool, London & Globe.
British America.
Caledonian of Scotland.
Metropolitan.
Canadian Fire Ins. Co.
LIFE;
The Mutual Life of Canada
ACCIDDNT:
Ocean Accident & Guarantee Co
C. W. CASSELMAN,
Office, Fulton Block. CHESTERVILLE.

FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 4,

Our management and equipment enables us to boast of the best Eastern Ontario Business College. Graduates sure to succeed. Send for catalogue.
BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE.
W. H. SHAW, President. W. T. ROGERS, Principal.

Page & Landry
DEALERS IN
Agricultural Implements,
Washing Machines,
Furniture, Etc.
Also Carriages.
Undertaking and Embalming.
Fire Insurance Agents.
Your patronage solicited.
Crysler, - - Ont.

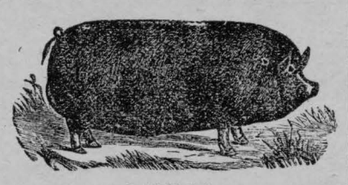
Little Child Killed.

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 12.—A little tot named Ada Geary, aged one year and eight months, the daughter of the section foreman residing at Lisbon, N.Y., unnoticed followed her father to work, taking the track a short distance from the house. A passenger train rounded a curve and before the engineer could stop the baby was hurled into the ditch One arm was torn off and the little body pitifully mangled. Death soon ended the infants sufferings.

Clubbed and Robbed.

Brockville, Ont., Aug. 12—To-day the Brockville police were notified from Alexandria Bay to keep a sharp lookout for two young Italians charged with highway robbery. The victim of the affair was a fellow countryman, the paymaster of a gang of navvies. Yesterday it was known he had a large sum of money on his person and last night was waylaid, beaten, gagged and robbed. The man was nearly half killed by the robbers and when found presented a pitiable sight. His gold watch and chain, diamong ring, revolover and other things were taken. The suspects for whom a liberal reward is offered are thought to have escaped to this side of the river.

Mr. Robert J. Dunlop, farmer, of Pittsburg Ont., was fatally injured in a runaway accident.



NEW
- Meat Market -
I have opened a Meat Market
In the Village of Chesterville, and am prepared to offer
Beef, Pork, Lamb, Sausage,
Smoked Meats
and Fowl of all kinds.
A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.
J. H. COWDREY,
CHESTERVILLE.

THE
Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,
LIMITED

We have a Full and Complete line of
Harvest Tools,
Hay Carriers & Forks,
Pulleys and Rope

Also a large stock of the Best
Binder Twine.

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co., LIMITED.

Seed Wheat!

We have received a car of the Finest Red Fife Wheat that grows in the Northwest. Tests 65 lbs. to the bushel.
Absolutely pure and free from injurious seeds.

Joseph Bishop & Son.
CRYSLER. ONT.

Let the People Know Your Wants
Advertise in The Record.

NERVOUS DEBILITY CURED



Excesses and indiscretions are the cause of more sorrow and suffering than all other diseases combined. We see the victims of vicious habits on every hand; the sallow, pimpled face, dark circled eyes, stooping form, stunted development, bashful, melancholic countenance and timid bearing proclaim to all the world his folly and tend to blight his existence. Our treatment positively cures all weak men by overcoming and removing the effects of former indiscretions and excesses. It stops all losses and drains and quickly restores the patient to what nature intended—a healthy and happy man with physical, mental and nerve powers complete.
For over 25 years Drs. K. & K. have treated with the greatest success all diseases of men and women.
If you have any secret disease that is a worry and a menace to your health consult old established physicians who do not have to experiment on you.
We guarantee to cure **Nervous Debility, Blood Diseases, Stricture, Varicocele, Kidney and Bladder Diseases. Consultation Free.** If unable to call, write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment.
DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, 148 Shelby Street, Detroit, Mich.

We have just received a limited supply of
BRAN and SHORTS,
Which will go like hot cakes.
CALL EARLY and GET YOUR SUPPLY
Nestor, Imperial and other grades of Feed Flour, Ground Corn and Oats, Corn and Oat Chop, Molac Molasses Dairy Feed (a great milk producer), and Molac Molasses Horse Feed (which will tone the system and increase the flesh and produce a beautiful and glossy coat on your horse), Royal Household, Hungarian Patent and Bridal Veil Flours, all choicest brands and fully guaranteed.
HUGHES & MARQUETTE

BEWARE OF MERCURY.

You May be Using This Harmful Drug and Not Know it.

A favorite method of administering this deleterious drug is in cathartic pills. Beware of "quick-result" articles, they may do more harm than good.

Drastic cathartics will weaken the strongest. With old people they are a positive menace to life.

Merely to restore normal bowel action and gently stimulate the liver is all that the wise physician recommends.

To keep the system pure and clean, nothing is so efficacious as the vegetable pills of Dr. Hamilton, which are composed of such herbs as mandrake, butternut and dandelion; they contain not an atom of any substance that could injure even an infant.

By their certain action on the liver, Dr. Hamilton's Pills, cause bile to be secreted which forms the stimulas that moves the bowels; this is nature's own method and the best one.

Mr. R. Hamly, of French River, Ont., writes as follows: "I was inclined to bilious attacks and frequently was too ill to work. Most remedies purged and weakened my bowels, but Dr. Hamilton's Pills gently stimulated my liver, and by strengthening the stomach made a perfect cure. My health has been just splendid since I used Dr. Hamilton's Pills.

Get Dr. Hamilton's Pills from your druggist or storekeeper, 25c. per box, or five boxes for $1.00. By mail from N. C. Polson & Company, Hartford, Conn., U. S. A., and Kingston, Ont.

ELMA.

(Last week's news.)

Our Elma boys played foot-ball last night and you would laugh to see Dunbar turn out

Caroline Whittaker passed through here with Rev Maurer on Sunday

Miss Ida Becker and Miss Crysler were the guests of Mr Oscar Bekstead

Mrs Adam O'Shaughnessy and son passed through here this week

Mrs Athaden Barkley was the guest of Mrs Luther C Barkley last Friday

Ed Welsh and Dan McMillan passed through our town this week

Sam Merkley passed through here on the mail yesterday He is quite a business man

We are glad to see Hector so prompt in his business, but go on Hector you will be a man yet

Mrs Ezra Becker and Miss Crysler were the guests of Mrs Dan McMillan this week

Mrs Cyrus Weeger, who has been a sufferer for years is getting weaker all time

We are glad to see Mr Lane getting on so well with the ditch

Henry Baken was the guest of Ezra Barkley a few days last week

Genzmer Barkley and Miss Emma Barkley, were the guests of Miss Ella Beckstead on Saturday

Mr and Mrs John Clark were the guests of Jim Clark on Sunday

Mr and Mrs Athaden Barkley were the guests of Mrs Ira Dillabough on Sunday

Shaler Hill passed through here on Sunday

Anson Becker of Russell, was out on Wednesday for his binder

Miss Mabel Barkley was the guest of Miss Ada Barkley on Sunday

Mrs Dan Beckstead was the guest of Mrs Melvin Barkley last Thursday

Are You Subject to Stiffness.

Perhaps it is in the neck or shoulder. First thing is a good rub with Nerviline. No more speedy remedy can be adopted. When applied to the muscles Nerviline gives them flexibility and vigor; inflammation, soreness and stiffness disappear.

"Whether in the the chest or throat nothing can surpass Nerviline," "writes O. B. Denton, lumber merchant at Oak Bay, N.B. "Rubbed on at night, trouble is gone by morning. I have proved Nerviline a great medicine." Everyone says the same, and Nerviline always makes good, 25c. bottles for sale everywhere.

Cheese Boards.

Iroquois, Ont., Aug. 10--Boarded, 915 boxes colored, and 75 white cheese, Price bid was 12c but none sold. Later about half sold at 12 1-16c and balance at 12c. on the street.

Ottawa, Aug. 10—Boarded 1,593 boxes of cheese, of which 851 were white. All sold at 12c

Perth, Ont., Aug. 10—Boarded 2,000 boxes of cheese, 1400 white and 600 colored; 11⅞c offered. All sold subject to prices at Brockville board on Saturday.

South Finch, Ont. Aug. 10—Boarded 800 boxes of cheese, 100 white and 700 colored. 11⅞c bid; none sold.

Brockville, Aug. 11—Boarded 5,010 boxes of cheese, 1,935 white, balance colored; all sold at 12¼c. The ruling price a year ago was 10⅞c.

Alexandria, Ont., Aug. 11—Boarded 818 boxes of white and 167 boxes of colored cheese; all sold at 12 1-6c

Vankleek Hill, Aug. 11—Boarded 1,454 boxes of cheese: nearly all sold on the board for 12 1-16c, after a long hold out for higher prices.

Winchester, Ont., Aug. 11—Boarded 641 boxes of cheese, 396 white, balance colored; highest price bid 12 1-3c. of which 211 boxes sold.

FINCH.

Lieut-Col H A Morgan, of Osnabruck Centre, was a guest at the Gormley House on Tuesday

D J McMillan, F D McNaughton, and Master Croil McLean were in Cornwall on Saturday

Miss Mary Cameron, of Utica, N Y, is spending the summer with her brother, lot 14, 4th concession of Finch

D A McMillan, manager, and H Birmingham, accountant in the Merchants Bank, were in Newington on Wednesday afternoon

Alexander Fraser, of Sandringham, ex reeve of Roxborough, was visiting his daughter, Mrs Angus M Cameron and other Finch friends on Monday

W W McIntyre, lot 18, first concession of Finch, shipped a car load of heavy work horses and new milch cows from Finch to Port Arthur on Tuesday

L W McEwan, John D McMillan and Hosea McMillan were in Ottawa on Monday on business and pleasure combined They attended the Barnum & Bailey's circus while there

J McDougall, of Watertown, N Y, is spending his holidays with his brother, A J McDougall, deputy post master, and other relatives and personal friends in Finch and vicinity

John N Raymond, Williamstown, spent the week visiting his father-in law, D McNaughton, lot 17, third concession of Finch, and other relatives in the neighborhood of Newington

John MacDermid of Finch, lelft by the 9 42 N Y C train on Monday for Barry's Bay, where he has secured a lucrative position with the Canadian Turpentine Co, (Limited), of that place

James A Pollock, lot 19, sixth concession of Finch, has just purchased from Donald McPherson, the east half of the north half of the west half of lot 9, fifth concession of Finch, at a good stiff price

Dr E H Marcellus, president of the Abbitibi Mining Co, arrived here from Bruce Mines, near Saulte Ste Marie on Tuesday All kinds of rumors are in circulation since his return as to the rich mineral discoveries being made by the company

The appeals against the decision of the Court of Revision of the village of Finch, were disposed of by His Honor, Judge Liddell in Campbell's hall on Monday The appeallant, John M Campbell, was represented by C H Cline, while W B Lawson looked after the interests of the municipality The appeals, six in all, were dismissed with costs

C C Stubbs, of the Stubbs & Johnson Company, Farran's Point, was in Finch on Monday superintending the laying of the foundation in the new Roman Catholic cemetery, east of Finch village, of a large and costly monument which John M Campbell is erecting in the family burial plot The monument, which is of fine granite, was cut by Stubbs and Johnson

Mr and Mrs David Lagrove arrived home on Monday from Manitoba They left the Northwest on July 17 and were absent just 20 days, during which time they visited the family of the late Joseph Carson, (Mrs Carson being M Lagrove's sister), at Ochre river, Lake Dauphin district, Manitoba, and several other points, including the city of Winnipeg. Mr Lagrove believes that the Northwest will virtually become a great country, but he prefers to live in Finch for the present

Colin Hanes returned from the west last Monday Mr Hanes left Finch in the early part of April for a business and health trip During the four months of his absence he visited Calgary, Lacombe, Wetaskawin. Edmonton and the Ochre river district, Winnipeg and many other points He is greatly impressed with the great capabilities of the west, but believes that old Ontario is hard to match as a home, and for special privileges its citizens enjoy when compared to a new country

Newspaper Law.

1—A postmaster is required to give notice by letter (returning the paper does not answer the law), when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office and state the reason for it not being taken. Any neglect to do so makes the postmaster responsible to the publisher for payment.

2—If any person order his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until payment is made.

3—Any person who takes a paper from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed for it or not, is responsible for the pay.

4—If a subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, and the publishers continues to send, the subscriber is bound to pay for it if he takes it out of the post office. The process is upon the ground that a man must pay for what he uses.

5—The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicals from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

Miss Christinia Gray of Larnia was killed by stepping on a moving street car.

NATION VALLEY.

Mrs Thomas Cross of Maple Ridge, was visiting her brother, Wm Elliott, a few days ago

Mrs Jeffrey of the Springs, was visiting her daughter, Mrs Andy Fawcett, the first of the week

Mr and Mrs A E Meldrum and children of Ottawa, are at present the guests of the latter's parents, Mr and Mrs Alva Munroe

Mrs Arza Garrow of Chesterville, and children, are at present visiting the former's parental home

Several from here attended the funeral of the late Mrs Connor of the Springs, and late Mr S Hummell of Chesterville

Mr and Mrs Ward Nesbitt, of Ottawa, have returned home from having visited the former's father there

Mr and Mrs Saddlemire of North Williamsburg, were visiting the former's daughter, Mrs Watson Carruthers, the latter part of the week

Miss Nora Hutt of South Finch, was visiting relatives here the last of the week

Miss Crawford of Reid's Mills, was calling on friends in this locality a few evenings ago

Miss Lillian Rae is at present holidaying at Garrett's Rest

Eva Summers entertained a number of her young friends at an afternoon party recently

Herbert Jackson of Winchester, has returned home, having visited his cousins, Russell and Warren Rae

Messrs Garfield and Willie Darling of the vicinity of Morewood, were visiting their parents a few days ago

Mr and Mrs Preston McIntosh of the Springs, and son Charlie, called in the Valley on Wednesday last

J A Shaver of Deseronto, is spending part of his holidays in this vicinity

Mr and Mrs Alex Summers visited Mrs Earnest Farlinger of Morrisburg, the latter part of the week

Mr and Mrs Will Scott of Chesterville, were visiting the latter's sister, Mrs P Darling, the first of the week

Misses Edna, Sadie and Mable Cass of Winchester, were visiting relatives in this vicinity recently

A very pleasing event took place on Wednesday evening, Aug 8, at the home of Mr Hugh Jackson, when Mr and Mrs Jackson celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage The evening was an ideal one for such an event, as the spacious lawn at the Jackson home was utilized and every one was able to enjoy themselves to the utmost The tables, on which a bounteous repast was spread, were sat on the lawn, and about seventy-five sat down to do honor to the bride and groom The guests consisted of the children, grand children and great grand children, with other relatives and neighbors of the respected couple In the absence of the minister, Rev Mr Lundy, in whose church Mr Jackson is an elder, Mr J A Shaver of Deseronto, had the honor of presiding as master of ceremonies Toasts were proposed to the bride and groom, guest, etc, Mr Jamieson replying in a hearty and affable manner to the toast to the bride Mr W Kittle also spoke in honor of the host and hostess Everything passed off in an informal way, making all free to enjoy themselves The evening entertainment was brought to a close by the singing of "God be With You till We Meet again," and the benediction All the guests join in wishing Mr and Mrs Jackson a continued sojourn of many years and hope that they may experience many happy days together before being called to their eternal home The following are the presents:—

The childrens present to their parents was a purse of gold; Mr and Mrs Wm Moore, gold trimmed water set; Mr and Mrs Clearwater, $2.50 gold piece; Mr and Mrs Jos Jackson, gold card receiver and pair of towels; Mr Jas Toye, gold trimmed glass set. Mr and Mrs John Jamieson, gold trimmed lemonade set; Mr and Mrs Jas Rae, fine linen tablecloth; Mrs Aikens, pair curtains and poles; Mr and Mrs Walter Rae, $2 gold piece; Miss Wa Loucks, pair of towels; Miss Jane Ree, gold bon bon dish; Misses Aggie and Minnie Rae, gold clock; Mr and Mrs Ten Beil, china berry set; Mrs Wm Jamieson, silver meat fork; Miss Rachael Rae, silver berry spoon; Miss Adelaide Rae, silver pie knife; Mr and Mrs J A Shaver, pearl handled silver butter knife; Miss Minnie Summers, china biscuit jar; Mr and Mrs Wm Kittle, silver pickle cruet; Mr and Mrs Roy Thomas, apron and china set

THE CHEESE BOARD.

Will Send Delegates to Important Meeting at Brockville.

Representatives of all the Eastern Ontario cheese boards will assemble at the government cool curing room at Brockville, on Friday, Aug. 17, for the appointing an official referee and discussing matters est to the cheese trade. The ngs will turn upon the value ng and the action to be tak en the government ceases to run the cool curing room. This will be the last year that the room will be run under government control. It was established five years ago for the purpose of demonstrating to cheese-makers and factorymen the value of cool curing in preventing destructive and deteriorating processes in the period that the cheese is being ripened for the market. The department of Agriculture considers that the room has served its purpose in demonstrating to those engaged in the industry its value. Many of the factories, especially in Prince Edward County, and the counties along the St. Lawrence now have their own cool rooms, and the cheese never leaves the factory until ready for the market, when it is transferred to the refrigerator cars and thence to the refrigerator sections of the ocean vessels. The meeting to-morrow will be a representative one and will most likely bring out an expression from the best men in the business of the whole cheese situation. The gatnering has been arranged by J. A. Ruddick, dairy commissioner.

When the Hair Falls

Then it's time to act! No time to study, to read, to experiment! You want to save your hair, and save it quickly, too! So make up your mind this very minute that if your hair ever comes out you will use Ayer's Hair Vigor. It makes the scalp healthy. The hair stays in. It cannot do anything else. It's nature's way.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

NewYork&OttawaLine

The Preferable Way Between

OTTAWA, CORNWALL, TUPPER LAKE, ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS, UTICA, ALBANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Short line to all points in New York State. Connections at Ottawa with Can. Pac. Ry. for all points west. Also at Cornwall Jct. with G.T.R. for Toronto and points west.

Time table in Effect Nov 13 h, 1905.

North Bound—Read Down.

	Express Ex. Sun.	Express Ex. Sun.	Mixed Ex. Sun.
Lv. Tupper Lake	6.15 a.m.	1.50 p.m.	6.30 a.m.
Moira	8.26	4.04	10.05
Cornwall	9.03	4.43	10.54
FINCH	9.42	5 22	11.42
Ar. Ottawa	11,00	6.35	1.15 p.m.

South Bound—Read Down.

Lv. Ottawa	7.50 a.m.	4.35 p.m.	6.00 a.m.
FINCH	8 59	5.47	7.33
Cornwall	9.33	6.24	8.20
Moira	10.09	7.02	10.05
Ar. Tupper Lake	12.30	9.25	1.10 p.m.

Passenger trains use Central Station in Ottawa. Mixed trains use Nicholas St. Station, Ottawa. For tickets and other information apply to Depot Office, or

C. F. DALY, Pass. Traffic Manager.
G. H. PHILLIPS, Gen. Pass. Agt.
H. K. GAYS, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
OTTAWA, ONT.

Dr. Hugo's
Health Tablets for Women Make Healthy Women

Its a strong but true statement:

THE SUN LIFE'S 1905 Record, Has Never Been EQUALLED

By Any Other CANADIAN COMPANY

IRA J. CRAMER, General Agent, Aultsville.
A. M. FETTERLY, Local Agent, Chesterville.

JOHN R. and W. L. REID, Managers Eastern Ontario, SUN LIFE BUILDING, OTTAWA

Ask for Laurance Fountain Pen None better



$1 upwards

For Sale by W. G. Bolster.

Canadian Pacific

Farm Laborers WANTED.

Farm Laborers Excursions
SECOND-CLASS TO
Manitoba, Saskatchewan,
(but not West of Estevan, Moosejaw, Saskatoon and Prince Albert)

$12

ON AUGUST 28th,
from all Stations in the Province of Ontario, S. S. Marie, Ont., Sudbury, Maberly, Kingston and East.

Excursionists who have worked at harvesting not less than thirty days, and produce certificate to that effect, will be returned to original starting point until November 30th, 1906, at $18.

For further information as to the conditions of Tickets, etc., apply to Station Agent.

Miss Louise Jones of Owen Sound was assaulted by an unknown man, rendered unconscious, and found lying in the road near her home next morning.

Fire at Little current destroyed the Nixon House and surrounding buildings causing a loss of over $20,000. Mrs. Powell, an old lady dropped dead while watching the fire.

Baker & Morrison's flour mill at Wallaceburg was burned. Loss $20,000.



NEW
Fall Jackets

We have just opened the first shipment of Fall Coats. The Style, Fit and Workmanship of those garments will please the most fastidious.

If you require an Up-to-Date Jacket give us a call.

FETTERLY & BOGART

CHESTERVILLE

☞New Fall Dress Goods Selling Fast.

THOS. H. DUNN,
Civil Engineer and Ontario Land Surveyor.

Municipal Engineering, including the preparation of plans and estimates for bridges, sidewalks, drains, sewers etc.

Prompt attention given to drainage.

Office in Sweet's block over Union Bank, Winchester.

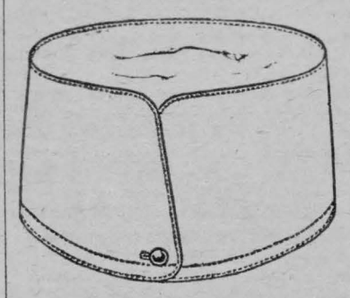
The Record does All Kinds of Printing.

TO THE PUBLIC !

I have taken over the business of the late firm of Grant & Fyke, tinsmiths, in this place, and I wish to thank the public generally for the patronage bestowed upon us, and ask for a share of your patronage in the future. I intend conducting the business in the same old stand.

C. M. FYKE.

Chinese LAUNDRY, Chesterville.



We are using a new brand of Starch; also Bluing.

PRICES RIGHT.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

WONG SAM, Prop.

FEED ! FEED !

Just Unloaded Five Cars

Shorts, Feed Flour, Bran, Barley Chop, Banner Feed and Wheat.

I Can Supply High-grade
International
Portland CEMENT
For Durability and Color This Cement Has No Equal.

Examine the Sidewalks in the Village of Chesterville, made entirely of this International Portland Cement and be Convinced that there is None Better.

J.T.KEARNS, Chesterville

NEW TAILOR SHOP !

Having purchased the business of A. Vigeant I am prepared to do

CUSTOM TAILORING

In the usual way. My 25 years' experience in city trade enables me to

Guarantee Fit, Style and Workmanship.

GIVE ME A CALL AND I WILL PLEASE YOU.

L. D'AMOUR, Chesterville



Design Registered

Send 3 Corks drawn from quart bottles of our Whiskies and receive a handsome enameled pin.

For 8 corks we will send a silk watch fob with enamel charm.

WRITE FOR OUR PREMIUM LIST.

H. CORBY DISTILLERY CO Limited, Montreal

GREAT BENEFIT SOCIETY

THE HUMBLE ORIGIN OF "THE HEARTS OF OAK."

Has Grown Into an Organization With a Membership of Three Hundred Thousand.

In a room over the Bird in Hand, a small public house in London's Long Acre, twelve men met one night in July, sixty-four years ago. They were sturdy British working men, and had as leader, John Hadley, a carpenter. The men formed themselves into a sick benefit club—that is, a society from which any one of them could draw money in case of illness. They called it "Hearts of Oak," that was the general term of the period for the British sailor. Arnold in his "Death of Nelson" immortalized the term:

"Our ships are British oak,
And hearts of oak our men."

The dozen men pledged themselves to enrol as many friends as possible. The room over the public house was rented for one night each week, and by the time a year had rolled along the membership of a dozen had grown to one of one hundred and fifty-four, and a reserve fund of nearly $300 had been established. To-day "Hearts of Oak" has three hundred thousand members, and the reserve fund is over $16,000,000. The annual income is over $3,700,000, and $5,500 is paid out in sick and other benefits every working day of the year. This phenomenal growth and success has, however, not been reached without much hard work, much hard fighting, strife and turmoil, and the assistance of at least two men with big brains and great executive powers. One of these was Evan Evans, a Welsh artisan, and the most hated man in the annals of the society. The other was Thomas Marshall, nephew of the Marshall famous in the history of the Bank of England, and unquestionably the man most loved and revered by "The Hearts of Oak." Both are now dead, but their memories still live.

A SOCIETY OF WORKMEN.

Evans joined the society two years after its inception. He had a master mind and soon grasped the possibilities of such an organization. He quickly ousted the originator, John Hadley, and became secretary. In England it is the secretary who holds the reins of general manager, not the president. It was he who threw aside the local environment idea and said, "We will take in the British workman throughout Britain." He did. Advertisements were inserted in provincial, Welsh, Irish and Scottish papers, setting forth the benefits of the society and members flocked to its standard. Evans rented the room over the public house by the year and soon afterward the remainder of the house. Here he brought the membership up to 9,000.

The old rules of the little local sick benefit club proved entirely inadequate to the needs of what was now a big national society, so Evans became a Czar, elected his own committee of management, and ruled with a strong hand. For ten years all went well, but in 1854 the storm broke,, the members revolted and the next ten years were ones of storm and stress indeed. For nine years Evans refused to call a general meeting of the society, and, moreover, allowed no member access to the books. By 1862 the society had risen to a membership of ten thousand, and the offices were much too small to transact the business. So Evans bought a four-storied building in Greek Street, Soho. It had also a very commodious basement. To this building the society was removed. It was its first "own home," and was a splendid move, for in the eleven years' occupancy, the membership grew seven-fold.

HOW EVANS WAS OUSTED.

There is no success without a revolution. The history of the nations of the world has proved this. And so with the "Hearts of Oak." In 1865 a great Reform Committee was elected, and the courts appealed to. Evans was forced to produce the books, and the committee, thus getting at the membership list, sent out a call for a general meeting. This was a huge success for the Reformers. Twenty-charges were brought against Evans, and he was ousted. Thomas Marshall was elected in his place, and for the next twenty-six years devoted himself night and day to the work of the society. He was said to have never married, and died in harness, expiring shortly after a committee meeting. Under his management, the society soon became the leading working-class organization of England. He created new rules, new departments, and, building on the magnificent groundwork of Evan Evans, he brought the membership up by leaps and bounds to nearly a quarter of a million before death took him so suddenly.

KING OPENS NEW PREMISES.

In 1872, the Greek Street premises were found too small, and a block of houses in Charlotte Street, Fitzroy Square, was purchased and reconstructed. All this cost about $100,000. The membership, when the new building was finally occupied in 1875, had reached fifty thousand. In the next ten years it jumped to over a hundred and fifty thousand, and in 1904 was 285,000, and again the premises were found too small. So a new site was purchased on the Euston Road, a block in depth, and the society started in to build its own home. Quite recently, King Edward, accompanied by Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria, opened the new building with all the glory that the scarlet and gold of royalty and military can show. All London lined the streets as royalty went from Buckingham Palace to honor the British working man, and thousands upon thousands jammed the streets surrounding the new building. Later, the famous Guildhall glittered with brilliancy when the Lord Mayor and civic grandees gave a mammoth banquet to celebrate the occasion. Princes, generals, admirals, noblemen, distinguished prelates and professional men gathered to laud the "Hearts of Oak," and the British working man. And thus is briefly sketched the history of the best and premier organization of the sons of toil of England.

HOW BENEFITS ARE APPORTIONED.

The benefits received by the members of the society nowadays are not merely the sick benefit originally planned. The members pay an entrance fee of sixty cents, and a doctor's examination fee of fifty cents, and then quarterly dues of $2.25. He must be between the ages of eighteen and thirty when he joins, and his wages must be not less than $5 per week. The sick benefit is $4.50 per week for twenty-six weeks, and then half-pay for another twenty-six weeks. If more or less permanently sick, the member would be put on the payroll at a sum dependent upon his years of membership. On the death of o member, $100 is paid to his family for his funeral, and if married, $40 is given to his wife. Should his wife die, the society provides $50 for the funeral. For the illness attending a wife's confinement, the member is allowed $7.50.

The society is affiliated with forty-six convalescent and seaside homes of all descriptions and denominations, and the convalescing member can go to anyone he chooses for two or three weeks free, and have his travelling expenses provided. In case of fire, and his tools or other necessaries are destroyed, the society reimburses th member to $75. Members who lose their jobs and whose families are in want or who find the bailiff knocking at their doors with a distress warrant, may apply for help, and it is given quickly, and the case thoroughly investigated afterward and more permanent help given. When an affluent member wants to buy or build a house, he can borrow 90 per cent. of its value from the society at 4½ per cent. for leasehold, and 4 per cent. for freehold property. When the working man becomes too old and infirm to work, he gets practically an old-age pension in the form of permanent sick benefit pay.

IS RUN ECONOMICALLY.

The members' children are also taken care of, for they can join the juvenile department, from six years of age to nineteen, at a cost of from twenty-five cents to a dollar per quarter. Should a member reside permanently in the British colonies, the United States, or any foreign country, he loses his sick benefits, but is entitled to the funeral and some of the other benefits.

One of the marvellous facts connected with the society is that it is run on a more economical basis than any government or large institution of the kind anywhere. The expenses of management are considerably under 5 per cent. of the income. There are no branches or agents whatsoever. Everything is centralized under one roof in London. Yet the membership is scattered all over the British Isles. The society has a list of doctors in every locality who have agreed to examine applicants on the society's behalf. Except for this, all work is attended to by the secretary and his staff of two hundred, which is divided into many departments. The secretary is Charles W. Barnes, and he has for private secretary, S. H. Godfrey, the Englishman from Devonshire, who, in April last captured the championship of the world at Baltimore, Md., in stenography. The society is goverend by a board of delegates, one from each of 226 geographical districts. One delegate is elected annually by the members of his district. The society has its own postoffice and members of its staff have been appointed sub-postmaster and postal clerks by the Government.

HAS DISBURSED $40,000,000.

The society has over 10,000 letters a day and a million and a half money orders a year. To date it has disbursed over forty million dollars, of which over $27,500,000 have been for sick benefits alone. In its new building, it is truly "Hearts of Oak," for all the wood used is oak. The offices are panelled half way to the ceiling with beautiful solid and massive oak, and the heavy furniture was specially made all of British oak

The keynote of the society is "simplicity." It is a simple matter to get into the society, simply to pay the dues, to apply for the benefits, and simply to get them. There is no red tape, no monstrous delays. It is only a plain working Man's society, run for them simply and successfully.

SAFETY FOR CHILDREN.

Liquid medicines advertised to cure stomach and bowel disorders and summer complaints contain opiates and are dangerous. When a mother gives Baby's Own Tablets to her little ones she has the guarantee of a Government analyst that this medicine does not contain one particle of opiate or harmful drug. The prudent mother will appreciate that in Baby's Own Tablets there is absolute safety. An occasional dose to the well child will keep it well—and they promptly cure the minor ailments of childhood when they come unexpectedly. Mrs. G. Hamlin, St. Adolphe, Que., says: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for colic and bowel troubles and find them safe and speedy in their cure." Sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Keep the Tablets in the house.

WINDFALL FOR A VILLAGE.

The little French village of Dampierre, in the Marne, has just received a "windfall" which is probably a record, in the sense that it may be doubted if ever before a legacy so large was left to a place so small. The place contains 212 inhabitants, all told, and the amount of the bequest is $500,000 The testator was M. Chartrain, a well-known Paris barrister, who was a native of Dampierre. The bequest is for the foundation of a hospital, of a home for the aged, and of scholarships for pupils and students.

John had accidently upset a dish of stewed prunes. "Isn't that lucky?" he exclaimed. "What do you mean by its being lucky?" asked his mother, who would hardly have described it in that way. "Why, it's lucky I don't like prunes," explained John.

THE PHONOGRAPH'S USES

HAS DETECTED CRIME AND SIGNED PEACE TREATIES.

And Has Proved a Powerful Factor in the Advancement of Civilization and Science.

The value of the phonograph for exploring purposes seems somewhat fantastic, yet Colonel Colin Harding without its assistance would never have accomplished his recent remarkable exploration of the wild interior of Barotseland and the discovery of the source of the mighty Zambesi River, which heretofore has remained as unfathomable as the Sphinx. The journey lay through a wild country peopled only by blacks, who would probably have resented the progress of the white man's party. King Lewanika, however, was entirely favorable to the expedition, but the difficulty was to transmit his feelings to the thousands of subjects in the remote corners of his dominions. The phonograph was brought into requisition. The Barotse Sovereign personally uttered his commands into the instrument, and in this way records were obtained in which the monarch exhorted all his subjects to assist Colonel Harding

IN EVERY WAY POSSIBLE.

Armed with these records, the explorer set out upon his hazardous journey. As he penetrated into the country the native chiefs displayed unmistakable signs of hostility. On such occasions the Colonel simply set the phonograph in action, and the unsophisticated natives were almost prostrated by terror when they heard the tones of their august monarch proceed from what they termed the "speaking iron." They looked at the instrument in awe and with gaping mouths, expecting every moment to behold the form or spirit of Lewanika to issue from the "witch-thing." When they had heard the Royal commands they were very obeisant, and proffered their advice and assistance with the utmost prodigality. In this way Colonel Harding travelled over 8,000 miles without the slightest molestation, and never had to use his rifle on a single occasion in self-defence against the blacks.

The American Government also owes a great debt of gratitude to Mr. Edison's invention, since it enabled them to add to their colonial possessions without recourse to bloodshed. South of the Philippine Islands lies a group of smaller islands,

THE LARGEST OF WHICH IS JOLO,

and they possess a total population of 1,500,000 souls. When the United States Government proceeded to annex the islands the natives rose up in open rebellion, and a battleship was dispatched to the spot with the object of overawing the recalcitrants and subduing them. Trouble was anticipated, but by dint of great persuasion General Bates, in charge of the punitive expedition, at last induced the Sultan to visit the battleship in company with his mother, who was in reality the ruling spirit. While seated in the captain's saloon one of the officers produced a phonograph to amuse them. The result was electric, for the visitors were struck dumb with astonishment.

Not a sound was uttered, and, realizing the situation, General Bates produced the treaty for the Sultan's signature. The phonograph was stopped and the document laid before the dusky ruler. But the Jolo monarch immediately became sullen and turned a deaf ear to the General's blandishments. The mother, too, supported her son in his action. At last, however, after much parleying, the dame consented to permit the Sultan to sign the treaty on condition that the phonograph was presented to them in exchange. Fortunately the officer consented to dispose of his talking-machine in the interests of his country, and the delighted Sultan at once affixed his signature to the treaty and departed with the coveted instrument, congratulating himself on having made a great bargain.

AN INGENIOUS FRAUD

was recently perpetrated in Hungary, wherein a phonograph was utilized for the forging of a will. According to the Hungarian law a verbal statement uttered by the testator on the point of death in the presence of witnesses constitutes a valid will. Profiting by the knowledge of this fact, Alois Szabo, of Szegedin, when his father was lying on the point of death, suddenly summoned all the servants of the residence to the sick bed, whence they heard a voice proceeding, by which the testator left all his property to his eldest son, Alois, entirely and absolutely. The rest of the family disputed this pronouncement subsequently in the courts, but the judge upheld the will.

Recently, however, the police gleaned information that the voice which had apparently uttered the testating words were not that of the father, but that the son had cleverly prepared a phonographic record, which he had cunningly placed on a machine beneath the bed, so that the sounds apparently issued from the lips of the unconscious man. The authorities promptly raided the son's house, and after a diligent search discovered the record. The son was then arraigned on the charge of fraud, the record offering the most incriminating evidence.

Known to Thousands. — Parmelee's Vegetable Pills regulate the action of the secretions, purify the blood and keep the stomach and bowels free from deleterious matter. Taken according to direction they will overcome dyspepsia, eradicate biliousness, and leave the digestive organs healthy and strong to perform their functions. Their merits are well-known to thousands who know by experience how beneficial they are in giving tone to the system.

"What did your lawyer do when he found that you had inherited the estate?" "Oh, he took it in good part."

HIS "KIDDIES."

Miss Booth's Touching Story of Darkest London.

A striking story was lately told on the platform by Evangeline Booth, commander of the Salvation Army in America. One night, while Miss Booth sat in her own room, in one of the worst parts of London, a poor woman ran in to tell of a friend near by who had just died.

"They say she died of cancer, but it ain't so," said the woman. "He's done it with his drink an' his fist! He's drunk now, too. The minute she died he come an' tuk the clothes off the baby an' put 'em up the spout!"—the local slang for pawning them.

Miss Booth, following her visitor, went to a cellar, where she found near the body of the mother two children, too young to talk much, curled up together on the damp floor. She took them immediately to her own room, bathed and fed them and put them to bed.

Three nights afterwards came the father still intoxicated. His amiable plan, as he announced it, was to wring Miss Booth's neck.

Miss Booth told him firmly that he could not have his babies, but that he might look at them if he wished. She then led him to her room, and showed him his babies, their hair combed, their faces rosy and clean, curled up in bed, dressed in little white "nighties," like two angels, or two ordinary happy little ones.

The man continued to be abusive for a time; then the words came more slowly.

Finally he stopped short, and then burst into tears—not maudlin tears of drunken men this time, but tears marking the shock of an awakening manhood.

"Are them my kiddies?" he asked, finally, in a subdued voice.

Miss Booth finished her story by the simple statement—"He never drank again."

They Advertise Themselves.—Immediately they were offered to the public Parmelee's Vegetable Pills became popular because of the good report they made for themselves. That reputation has grown, and they now rank among the first medicines for use in attacks of dyspepsia and biliousness, complaints of the liver and kidneys, rheumatism, fever and ague and the innumerable complications to which these ailments give rise.

Mr. Ghout: "All my money cannot give me health, doctor!" Dr. Bolus: "No, perhaps not; but it is of inestimable value, nevertheless. It gives your physician great confidence."

Spots and blotches on the face and neck are often merely signs of foul blood. Apply Weaver's Cerate to obtain immediate relief and take Weaver's Syrup to rid the blood of pollution.

Miss Robinson: "I went to a fortune-teller last night and got my fortune told. She said I was to marry a tall, handsome gentleman, who was a splendid musician, a magnificent dancer—an all-round genius, in fact." The Conceited Mr. Green: "Exactly, Miss Robinson; then may I offer you my hand and heart?"

Use the safe, pleasant and effectual worm killer, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; nothing equals it. Procure a bottle and take it home.

Bridegroom: "What's the matter, driver?" Coachman: "The horse has just thrown a shoe, sir." Bridegroom: "Great Scot! Do even horses know we are just married?"

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

Passenger: "Steward, what makes this ship tip so much?" "I do not know, sir. Maybe she is setting an example to the passengers."

It is Good for Man and Beast. — Not only is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil of incomparable value in the household, but the farmer and stockman will find it very serviceable in the farm yard and on the cattle range, often saving the services of a veterinary surgeon. In injuries to stock and in cases of cough and pains it can be used with good effect.

She: "Really, Captain Footinett, I felt so bored I was bound to yawn; but, of course, I hid my mouth with my hand." He: "No. You don't mean to say that such a sweet, tiny little hand could hide such a—a—er—that is to say—aren't we having awfully beastly weather just now?"

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE
DIABETES

Some dealers have discontinued the use of our famous package. The public may rely on getting the genuine. Beware of imitations. Sold only in boxes.

ONTARIO LADIES' COLLEGE —AND— Ontario Conservatory of Music, WHITBY, ONT., CANADA.

Palatial buildings, beautiful grounds, helpful social and religious influences, and the best facilities for the study of Literature, Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Domestic Science. Large pipe organ, concert grand pianos, and the most complete modern equipment in every department.

"Undoubtedly the best of its kind in Canada."—Lord Aberdeen.

WILL RE-OPEN SEPT. 10.

Send for calendar to
REV. J. J. HARE, Ph. D., Principal

SUNLIGHT SOAP

Wash oilcloths and linoleums with warm water and Sunlight Soap, rinse clean and wipe dry. The colors will be preserved and the surface unharmed.

Common soaps fade the colors and injure the surface. Sunlight Soap cleans, freshens and preserves oilcloths and linoleums.

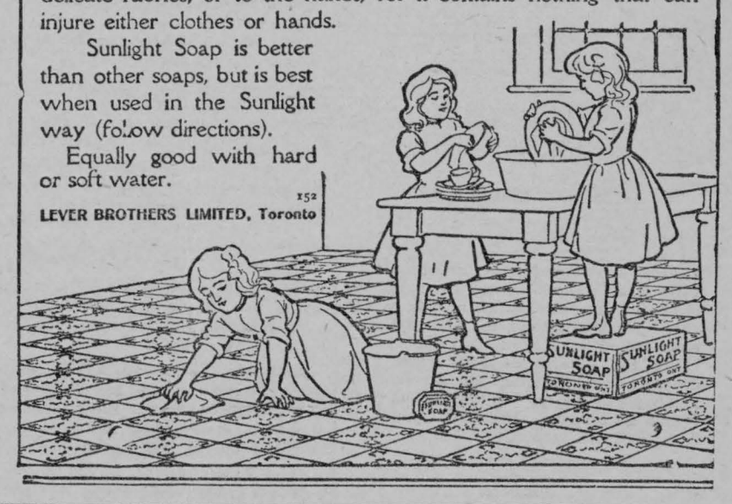
Sunlight Soap washes clothes white without injury to the most delicate fabrics, or to the hands, for it contains nothing that can injure either clothes or hands.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Equally good with hard or soft water.

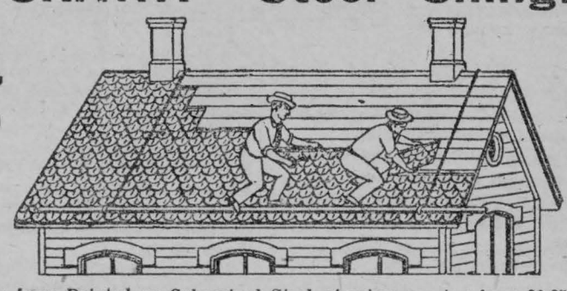
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LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, Toronto



"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof



Locked on All Four Sides

Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick or stone.
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free samples of "OSHAWA" Shingles. Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

Montreal, Que.	Ottawa, Ont.	Toronto, Ont.	London, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.	Vancouver, B.C.
321-3 W Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	69 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

LANDS In Western Canada

Two corner-ing sections, selected lands in Saskatchewan, only 8 miles from two railways, C.P.R. & G.T.P. Strong soil, 90 per cent. plough land, spring creek, no sloughs. About 40 miles N.E. of Indian Head. Price $10.50 per acre. Write for map and full particulars.

R. PARSONS, 01 Wellesley Street, Toronto, Canada.

His Wife: "A man who is as big a fool as you are should never have married!" Her Husband: "But, of course, if I hadn't been as big a fool as I was I wouldn't have married!"

CARPET DYEING and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 158, Montreal.

Have you tried Holloway's Corn Cure? It has no equal for removing these troublesome excrescences as many have testified who have used it.

Tom (rapturously): "Words fail me when I try to tell you how much I love you. Oh, my darling, is there no way that I can show you my love?" Kate: "You might take me to a better restaurant next time."

Chemists Have Trouble in getting iron into such a state that the system will absorb, and benefit by it. In "Ferrovim," the *best tonic*, perfection has been achieved. It builds and strengthens.

"Pray, Mr. Professor, what is periphrasis?" "Madam, it is simply a circumlocutory and plenastic cycle of oratorical sonorosity, circumscribing an atom of ideality, lost in a verbal profundity." "Thank you, sir."

Very many persons die annually from cholera and kindred summer complaints, who might have been saved if proper remedies had been used. If attacked do not delay in getting a bottle of Dr. D. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial, the medicine that never fails to effect a cure. Those who have used it say it acts promptly, and thoroughly subdues the pain and disease.

POSSIBLE TROUBLE.

"I'll have to put you in a stateroom with another man," said the clerk of the steamer.

"Who is he?" asked the passenger.

"A Mr. Sikes. He's all right. I know him."

"What is he?"

"He's a silent partner in a brewery."

"Haven't you any other vacant berths?"

"No; this is the only one we have left."

"Well, I'll take it. But if you hear the biggest row in that stateroom presently you ever had on this boat you needn't let it surprise you. I'm a temperance lecturer."

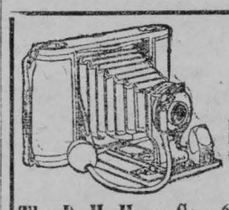
HOUSE IN A MAPLE TREE.

A singular maple tree on the left bank of the Oder, in Germany, is at least a century old, and has been twisted and cut into a kind of circular house of two storeys. A firm, leafy floor has been formed by causing the branches to become gradually woven together. Above this is a smaller second floor, similarly formed, and the ends of the branches have been woven into solid walls, in which eight windows on each storey have been cut.

OLD SORES of many years' standing have been readily cured by Mission Ointment

It acts promptly, painlessly and thoroughly. It is a very reliable cure for Ivy Poisoning, Boils, Ulcers, and all sores difficult to heal. If your dealer has not got it, it will be sent express prepaid for 35c small size, and 50c large size. Name your nearest express office and P.O.

Mission Ointment & Chemical Co., Toronto, Canada.



WE SELL KODAKS and all accessories.

Developing and Finishing a Specialty.

Catalogue on request.

The D. H. Hogg Co, 660 Craig Street, MONTREAL.

BEYOND REPAIR.

Waiter—Customer says he can't eat this steak.

Proprietor—Does he? Well, take it back and tell him he will have to pay for it. He's cut the thing all out of shape, and we shall never be able to use it again.

Slander is the coward's sword.

MRS. HUNTER'S STORY

Says Results are "Truly Wonderful."



Mrs. I. Hunter

Mrs. I. Hunter, of 111 Raglan Road, Kingston, Ont., says:—"I have suffered with kidney and liver trouble and chronic constipation for some time. I was subject to dizziness, bilious headache, nervousness, drowsiness, pains in the back and side, and a tired, weary feeling nearly all the time.

"I tried almost every medicine, was treated by doctors and druggists with little or no benefit.

"I tried Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill, and the results have been truly wonderful. I am so much better. Anti-Pill is a most wonderful remedy."

All dealers, or the Wilson-Fyfe Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

ISSUE NO. 32—06.

MANY ACTS OF VIOLENCE

The Story That Comes Daily From the Russian Empire.

THEFT AND MURDER.

The London Times' correspondent cables from St. Petersburg as follows:—Telegrams from various parts of the empire published daily in the papers constitute a monotonous record of acts of violence. Wednesday's telegrams tell of robbery and murder north, south, east and west. In Charbin a telegraphist was robbed. his child killed and wife wounded. In Militopol passport forms were stolen, probably for use by local revolutionaries. In Ekaterinoslov, Tula and three other places money was stolen from the Government brandy shops. Agrarian riots naturally are not wanting. On Prince Kochubey's estate in Poltava province buildings were burnt down, and with them perished a quantity of valuable live stock. The buildings and estate of M. Lukyanoff near Poltava are now burning. In the province of Orel the rural guards arrested an agitator, and peasants who attempted to rescue the man killed one guard and wounded two. Bombs abound. In Gomel a bomb burst in a private apartment. Bombs have been discovered in Gomel, Yalta, Kaluga and Samara Roads. Firearms have ben seized in Poltava and Theodosia daily. The record of murder tells of the assassination of Commandant Pyatigorsk in the garrison by an insane officer. A woodman was shot at Riga by a rural guard. A director of the prison was shot at Brestlitovsk. A lieutenant, policeman, a lady and a commissionaire were wounded in Warsaw. The peasant deputy from Kieff was beaten on his return home by peasants who were dissatisfied with his explanation of the dissolution of the Douma. Of arrests it is impossible to keep record. In St. Petersburg alone 150 persons were arrested on Tuesday. In the meantime the Black Hundred organizations are active. In St. Petersburg the hooligans are growing bolder, and the notorious Bishop of Saratoff incites the Orthodox to attack the revolutionaries. The Government is busily engaged devising repressive measures to secure the arrest of agitators in the rural districts and prevent the further demoralization of the army officials. The Government offices complain of lack of clear direction, and the conservative members of the Council of the Empire declare that repressive measures are futile, and that the empire is drifting steadily toward anarchy.

BOMB HURLED INTO STATION.

A despatch from Sosnowice, Russian Poland, says: A bomb was thrown on Wednesday into a crowded waiting-room at the railway station. One man was killed and many were wounded. A panic ensued, resulting in injury to many other persons. Women fainted and children were trampled upon. The thrower of the bomb escaped.

THE PEOPLE HELD RESONSIBLE.

A despatch from Warsaw says: The terrorists are continually attacking and robbing post-offices, Government spirit shops, treasuries and the mails. The Governor-General has ordered that henceforth the inhabitants of villages, communities and cities in or near which such crimes occur shall pay the losses resulting from such robberies.

WILL THE CZAR ABDICATE?

A despatch from Vienna says: It is rumored that it is the Czar's intention to abdicate. The recirculation of this report is ascribed to the reactionary Councillors violently opposing Premier Stolypin's reform scheme, which the Czar supports. The story adds that the Czar will appoint Grand Dukes Vladimir and Nicholas Nicholaevitch as co-regents.

PERHAPS DEATH FOR DUTY.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: M. Onipko, the peasant member of the late Parliament, who was captured red-handed at Cronstadt after the mutiny there, will be tried, it is semi-officially announced, according to the rules of war for inciting and participating in an armed revolt, the penalty for which is death. The authorities hope the case will involve several other prominent extremists in the late Parliament and prevent their re-election to any future Parliament.

FOR FAMINE RELIEF.

The Cabinet on Wednesday discussed measures of famine relief. It was decided to recommend credit of $27,500,000 in addition to the $7,500,000 voted by Parliament for this use, $25,000,000 of which sum is to provide food and employment to keep the stricken population from starvation, and the remainder for the purchase of seed grain. Among the public works recommended are construction of flood embankments, ports and other improvements on the Volga, on which the unskilled labor in the chief famine district could be employed and for which $550,000 were voted at the recommendation of Premier Stolypin.

GIRL COMMITTED SUICIDE.

A despatch from Odessa says: A 19-year-old girl, educated and well-dressed, arrived here on Friday morning and engaged a room in a hotel. As she was going out this evening she asked a porter whereabouts was the residence of Gen. Kaulbars, the Governor-General of Odessa. She was informed, and she went to the palace. When a few paces from the entrance she accidentally dropped a handbag and instantly there was an explosion like that of a bomb. The girl was not hurt. She ran back to the hotel, shut herself in her room, and committed suicide with a revelver. Her name is uncertain. One report states that she was a daughter of Gen. Printz, while another says her name was Golupkin. There is no doubt that she was a revolutionist and was carrying a bomb to assassinate Gen. Kaulbars.

One account of the affair is that Gen. Kaulbars and Gen. Karangosoff, the local military commander, were leaving the palace together as the girl approached, and that she fumbled with the bomb, owing to nervousness, and it dropped from her hands.

SENTENCES UNJUST.

The sentences passed upon the Sebastopol mutineers probably will be mitigated. It will be recalled that the papers in the cases of these men disappeared mysteriously after the arrival at Sebastopol of Admiral Skrydloff, commander of the Black Sea fleet. Before he left Sebastopol the Admiral intimated that he considered the condemnation of the mutineers prearranged and unjust, and said he thought the officers had been more to blame than the sailors. There is more than a suspicion that the seizure by revolutionists of the papers in these cases was staged by Admiral Skrydloff himself.

On the recommendation of the Admiral, Minister of Marine Birileff instead of confirming the sentences has ordered a complete rehearing of the cases at the end of two months.

NEW HEAD FOR RUSSIAN NAVY.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: It is understood that the Court of Enquiry into the recent mutiny at Cronstadt advises the replacement of Admiral Birleff, Minister of Marine, by some other officer as the head of the Russian navy. It is said that the place has been offered to Vice-Admiral Dubasoff, who was Governor-General of Moscow up to July 18, when he resigned on account of the condition of his health. He is still suffering from the effects of wounds received in Moscow on May 6, when a bomb was thrown at him in the street. At first it was supposed he had received mortal injuries.

The Novoe Vremya says that Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaievitch, cousin of the Czar, will be appointed to the supreme command of the army without dictatorial powers.

ATTEMPT TO KILL GRAND DUKE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Grand Duke Nicholas Nicholaevitch, President of the Council of National Defence, narrowly escaped assassination on Friday afternoon at the hands of the Imperial Guards in the guard camp at Krasnoye-Selo. It appears that the Grand Duke was personally reviewing, manoeuvring and putting the troops through blank firing practice, when he suddenly was startled by the hiss of bullets about his head. Fortunately neither himself nor his horse was touched. The command to cease firing was immediately given, and the soldiers of the regiment from which the bullets came were marched back to their quarters, and an investigation was begun in the hope of ascertaining from the barrels of the rifles which of the soldiers fired ball cartridges. Several arrests are understood to have been made.

BIG INCREASE IN LUMBER.

British Columbia Dealers Advance Common Lumber $1 Per Thousand.

A despatch from Nelson, B. C., says: The Mountain Lumbermen's Association decided to raise the price of common lumber one dollar per thousand. There will be a slight advance also on a few other lines. It is claimed that the conditions warranted an advance of $8 and $10, but the lumbermen did not wish to take advantage of the situation arising in the Northwest over good crops. One mill on Thursday reported orders for 360 carloads of lumber, with little stock. The coast mills are bare of stocks, with orders months ahead. Thirty-five mills are now in the association but a few more limits will be opened.

Sheep and Lambs—Export ewes are quoted at $4.25 to $4.60, and bucks at $3.50 to $3.75. Lambs are easier at 5½c to 6¼c per lb.

Hogs—Deliveries of hogs were again heavy and quotations at this market are reduced another 25c per cwt., making a drop of 50c per cwt. for the week. Selects are quoted at $7.40 per cwt., and lights and fats at $7.15 fed and watered.

FARMERS ARE JUBILANT.

Everything Points to a Sure and Immense Yield in the West.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The latest crop report issued by the Canadian Pacific Railway is very encouraging, indicating that on the eve of the harvest the conditions are such as to ensure a heavy yield, provided sufficient labor is available to garner the grain without loss. During the past week there has been no damage of any kind, and the weather has been suitable to develop the maturing wheat.

The bulletins state that in many places harvesting has commenced, especially in the case of barley, which is said to be a good crop. The yield of wheat is estimated from various districts at between 20 and 25 bushels to the acre, while oats run from 50 to 55 bushels.

POISONED BY ICE CREAM.

Two Toronto Junction Children Are Dead.

A Toronto Junction despatch says: The home of Mr. and Mrs. George Holloway, 49 Vine Avenue, is overcast with gloom, caused by the death of two of their children by ptomaine poisoning through eating ice cream. The children—Vera May, aged 4 years, and Aileen Claribelle, aged 2 years—ate the ice cream on Friday night. The oldest died on Sunday morning and the younger the same night. A number of doctors were called in on the case, but no relief was obtained for the two suffering infants.

HOOK HELD HIM IN AIR.

A Cornwall Farmer Is Suspended by Hayfork Chain.

A despatch from Cornwall says: While at work in his father's barn on Thursday, John D. McDonald met with a peculiar and painful accident. He was arranging the hay fork, which had not been used since last season. The rope had been taken out, and a logging chain had been attached to the car. Mr. McDonald climbed up to the cross beam, and gave the chain a swing to remove the car. He then jumped, intending to light on the hay about ten feet below. When he had dropped about eight feet the large hook of the swing chain caught him under the right arm, holding him suspended about five minutes till his brother, Angus, who was working nearby, hearing his cries for help, came, and released him. Dr. D. McEwen, Dunvegan, was speedily summoned to dress the wound, which proved to be a nasty one.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT HULL.

Thirty-Eight Frame Dwellings Were Destroyed.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The fire doomed City of Hull was again on Friday visited by a conflagration which swept away 38 dwellings and rendered 40 families homeless. As has too frequently happened, the water supply was temporarily cut off just when the fire broke out and for nearly an hour the firemen stood helplessly by their reels or simply aided in the work of removing furniture from the blazing buildings. There was a high south wind blowing at the time, and it is doubtful if the conflagration could have been subdued as soon as it was but for the assistance of the Ottawa Fire Brigade.

The district in which the fire broke out is one of the poorest in the city. The homes, all owned by the inmates, were small frame structures and burned up like so much matchwood. It was in the kitchen of one of these dwellings that the fire started. An over-heated cook-stove set the kitchen wall ablaze. The loss is between $35,000 and $40,000, of which only about ten per cent. is covered by insurance. Rates are high in Hull, as much as 3½ per cent. being charged in the particular district in which Friday's disaster occurred. It is estimated that fully 200 are homeless.

NEW POTATO EVOLVED.

Tastes Like a Blend of Asparagus and Turnips.

A London, England, despatch says: Vegetarians will doubtless hail with delight the advent of a new tuber, blue of skin and yellow of interior, which is about to be placed upon the market. This new potato is known to the learned in such matters as the Salanum commersoni violet, and is the result of scientific cultivation by Messrs. Sutton, of Reading. It is quite a distinct flavor of its own. Epicures describe it as a combined flavor of turnips and asparagus. As a business "proposition," too, the growing of the new potato would undoubtedly prove a great success. The plant will thrive anywhere, the wetter or more marshy the soil the better. It is claimed that its productive power is 50 to 100 per cent. over the ordinary kind.

GRAVE MISMANAGEMENT.

Report of the Commission on Boer War Scandals.

A despatch from London says: The War Office has issued the report of the Royal Commission which was appointed to investigate the South African War stores scandals. While the report acquits the British commissioned officers concerned of the worst charges of corruption, it finds that the losses, equaling about $5,000,000, were due rather to grave mismanagement and incompetence than to fraud. The commission criticizes severely several officers and public servants, and charges a number of non-commissioned officers with receiving bribes. It declares the errors were due to deplorable and complete want of co-ordination, and the divorce of interest between the different departments of the War Office. The Army Service Corps is declared to have been utterly wanting in business training and experience.

TO SURVEY TEMISKAMING.

C. P. R. to Send Corps of Engineers Into the District.

A despatch from Montreal says: Sir Thos. Shaughnessy has intimated that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company will despatch a corps of engineers and surveyors to the Temiskaming district to make a preliminary survey and report upon the extension of their line from Temiskaming to Kippewa and Riviere des Quinze. The object of this line, should it be decided upon after these reports have been received, will be the development of the region where the recent gold discoveries were made, and incidentally it will open up direct railway communication between the main line and the old established agricultural district of Ville Marie.

USED BAYONETS TO SLAY WOMEN.

A German Soldier in Africa Tells of Atrocities.

A despatch from London says: The Rheinischer Zeitung publishes a letter from a German soldier who is serving in South Africa, in which he says:—"When scouting one evening our party, consisting of fourteen men and an officer, came to a water pool, about which we saw some black figures hovering. We captured them, and they proved to be five native women. It was not considered advisable to shoot them, as there were known to be 200 blacks in the neighborhood. At last a soldier suggested that they be bayoneted. The officer forthwith gave orders to that effect and five of us stood in front of the women and five behind them and stabbed them to death."

Fourteen miners were killed by the fall of an elevator at Kattowitz, Prussian Silesia, on Saturday.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Recent Occurrence.

CANADA.

Earl Grey has returned to Ottawa from Newfoundland.

One hundred men in the Strathcona coal mines, Nova Scotia, are on strike.

St. Catharines' water supply has been examined and found to be pure.

"Old Faithful," a noted Sioux brave, is dead at Portage la Prairie, aged 107.

A Cartwright, Man., boy was killed by lightning while asleep in bed, on Friday.

Premier Roblin said he believes there are 125,000,000 bushells of wheat in the western crop.

A valuable nickel and copper mine is said to have been discovered near Pontiac on the C.P.R.

Peterboro's by-law imposes a license fee of $200 on places other than hotels where cigarettes are sold.

The London Street Railway Company refuses to take back all of the participants in the recent strike.

Competition between architects will be aranged in the preparation of plans for new Ottawa public buildings.

Josephine Le Barre, a four-year-old Hamilton child, drank from a cup that had contained lye and was killed.

The consolidated revenue of Canada during July was $5,760,321, a gain over the same month of 1905 of $785,000.

The Winnipeg City Council will enter an action against the Street Railway Company for the electrolysis of water mains.

The Gatineau Point Council has decided to keep all young people under 16 off the streets after 9 p.m., by aid of the curfew bell.

Oakville carried a by-law on Friday to issue debentures for $40,000 for waterworks and $10,000 for an electric light service.

Chief Justice Howell, Mr. Justice Richards and Mr. Justice Phippen, have been sworn in as members of the Manitoba Court of Appeal.

A display of Cobalt minerals will form part of the ores to be exhibited by the Canadian Government at the New Zealand Exposition.

North Bay had 170 arrests in three months, and Sudbury people are twitting the railway metropolis of the north with being a rough place to live in.

Chief Government Inspector Richard McCarthy, at Winnipeg, says he does not expect that the Grand Trunk Pacific can build its line to Edmonton much before the fall of 1907.

Fire at Little Current destroyed, on Saturday, the Nixon House and surrounding buildings, causing a loss of over $20,000. Mrs. Powell, an old lady, dropped dead while watching the fire.

It is announced at Victoria, B.C., that the MacLaren Timber Company, made up of Ottawa and Montreal rich men, have purchased all the timber lands that the C.P.R. recently acquired in the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway belt. By the deal the railway company receives $3,000,000 or more than was paid the Dunsmuir Company for the entire land grant and railroad.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Russia may place orders for warships in Great Britain.

King Edward will be a godfather to Emperor William's grandson.

The Duke of Connaught was in an automobile collision in Wales, but escaped injury.

Lord Haddo, son of [illegible] of Aberdeen, was married to [illegible]ckayne at London on Tuesday.

The British Gove[illegible]t is said to have framed a measu[illegible] providing for a legislative assembly for Ireland.

Alfred Moseley's offices in London are daily besieged with teachers who desire to visit Canada and the United States.

An expedition will leave London next week to search for an island off the coast of Africa on which are said to be

A jury at Lincoln's Inn has decided the Marquis of Townsend capable of taking care of himself, but not capable of managing his affairs.

UNITED STATES.

Three negroes were taken from the jail at Salisbury, N.C., on Wednesday, and lynched.

Chester D. Massey of Toronto has donated $20,000 for a memorial organ at Chautauqua, N. Y.

The paying teller of the defunct Milwaukee Avenue State Bank, Chicago, committed suicide, on Friday.

Hall, leader of the Salisbury, N.C., lynchers, was sentenced to fifteen years in the State Prison, on Friday.

Two electric cars collided near Vermillion, O., on Tuesday, killing two persons and seriously injuring about fifty.

For the first time in thirteen years the United States Government has advertised for silver bullion for coinage purposes.

The son of the fugitive President of the Milwaukee Avenue State Bank, Chicago, will hand over to the receiver his father's property, valued at $600,000.

Charles D. Sibley, editor of the Era, of New Rochelle, N.Y., is in jail, with a $25,000 libel action pending, because he called the mayor and aldermen boodlers.

GENERAL.

Russia's financial position is said to be precarious.

The Japanese battleship Mikasa has been floated at Sasebo.

A severe earthquake was felt at San Remo, Italy, on Saturday.

The Persian Government has given the people a National Assembly.

Experiments have been begun with a sub-marine telephone in Germany.

Germany is said to contemplate a naval programme of unprecedented magnitude.

Strained relations have arisen betwen France and Turkey over the frontier of Tripoli.

Goremykin, former Russian Premier, has gone abroad, presumably for his personal safety.

FIVE PEOPLE DROWNED.

Gasoline Launch Struck Obstruction in the River at Winnipeg.

A Winnipeg despatch says: A merry picnic terminated in a tragedy here on Saturday afternoon, which resulted in the death by drowning of five members of prominent families in this city, and the extremely narrow escape of three others. The dead are: Miss Ethel Brown, her sister Myrtle, and brother Ernest, Miss Thomson and Miss May White. The party left the city for Elm Park in a gasoline launch, those on board being Mrs. C. J. Brown, wife of the City Clerk, and her two daughters, Ethel, aged nineteen, Myrtle, aged thirteen, and her son Ernest, aged fifteen; Miss Thomson, a daughter of J. H. Thomson; Miss May White, stenographer in the office of Stobart, Louis & Co., and neice of J. H. Mitchell, agent of the school board; C. H. Foxwell of the C. P. R. staff, and Alex. Cheyne. While journeying up Red River the launch suddenly struck a submerged pile, listed and sank almost instantly. The gasoline tank kept the boat above water, and to this alone is due the fact that the entire party did not meet a watery grave. The two young men struggled gallantly, though almost unsuccessfully, to save their helpless companions. A man in a boat passed within a few feet of them and refused to give assistance or permit them to cling to his craft, for fear of upsetting it, and passed on, leaving them all to their awful fate. Cheyne, Foxwell and Mrs. Brown alone survive their terrible experience, Mrs. Brown having been restored by artificial respiration. The accident has caused profound regret in the city.

YOUNG WOMAN ASSAULTED.

Miss Jones Found Unconscious by Roadside Near Owen Sound.

A despatch from Owen Sound says: On Sunday morning about 8 o'clock as a gentleman was driving into town by the north gravel road he noticed the prostrate form of a young woman under the lower strand of a wire fence on the west side of Mill road, a street which intersects diagonally the former on the west hill near the outskirts of the town. Notifying the people residing in the vicinity, it was found that the young woman had evidently been the victim of a vicious attack. She was alive, but unconscious. A mark over the eye indicated that a heavy blow had been struck, while finger marks on the throat and a terribly swollen [illegible] showed that if the blow had not rendered her unconscious the attempt to strangle had. She was immediately recognized as Miss Louise Jones, the twenty-one-year-old daughter of Arthur W. Jones, a market gardener, who resides about two hundred yards from where the young woman was discovered. Dr. H. G. Murray was called and ordered the removal of the unconscious form to the General and Marine Hospital.

Miss Jones' absence from home during the night created no apprehension, as frequently she spent the night as company for a lady friend in town whose duties called for night work, and it was supposed that the young woman had remained in town for this reason. Unless unexpected complications arise the physicians expect that the victim will recover, though she is suffering from the shock and the all-night exposure. The police are hopeful that the perpetrators will be captured.

THEY STARVED TO DEATH.

Fate of Two Little Girls Who Wandered from Home.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Word comes from Wood Mountain that the remains of the two little Hoffman girls, aged nine and eleven, who wandered away from their home while going after horses on May 23rd last, have been found by a sheep herder in Porcupine Creek, some 40 miles from their father's ranch. They must therefore have lived for some days, and finally died of starvation. The father left Wood Mountain on Friday to bring the remains home. At the time of their disappearance search was made for several days and their tracks traced for miles, but without result.

KILLED BY STREET CAR.

Sarnia Lady Meets With Shocking Death.

A Sarnia despatch says: Miss Christiana Gray, aged 61 years, a highly esteemed resident of Sarnia, met a shocking death on Saturday evening while returning from a trip to Woodrowe Beach, two miles from Sarnia. Miss Gray in some manner stepped from the car while it was going full speed and was terribly injured in striking the pavement. She was picked up unconscious and conveyed to the Sarnia General Hospital, where she passed away in an hour and a half. Deceased was a sister of Mrs. James Mackenzie, Messrs. A. Gray, of Sarnia, and A. Y. Gray, of Detroit, and Mrs. Barnet, of Sarnia.

ATE PORK AND BEANS.

Young Man Dies Soon After Partaking of Canned Stuff.

An Ingersoll despatch says: H. H. Ellis, eldest son of Mr. A. H. Ellis, furniture manufacturer, died suddenly on Friday from ptomaine poisoning, caused by eating canned pork and beans. He ate the pork and beans early Friday, and was soon taken ill. When physicians were summoned he was in a comatose condition, from which he was not revived. The deceased was about 34 years of age and unmarried.

CANNED SALMON PROVED FATAL.

Young Man Poisoned in a Construction Camp.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The body of H. B. Smith, aged 28, was brought in Vermilion, Alberta on Wednesday morning from the Grand Trunk Pacific Construction Camp, 40 miles south. On Sunday the men in the camp had canned salmon for supper and a number were taken violently ill. The inquest decided death was due to poisoned salmon.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Aug. 14—Flour—Ontario — Exporters bid $2.85 for 90 per cent. patents, buyers' bags, outside. Manitoba—Unesttled. Quotations are $4.40 to $4.60 for first patents, $4 to $4.10 for seconds and $3.90 to $4 for bakers'.

Bran—Ontario—Scarce and firm, at $13.50 to $14.50 in bulk, outside. Shorts, $17.50 to $18 outside.

Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 red 70c bid, 72c asked, outside. Old wheat in demand, 2c to 3c higher.

Wheat—Manitoba—Quotations at lake ports firmer at 80⅛c for No. 1 northern and 78c for No. 2 northern.

Oats—About steady at 30c to 31c outside for No. 2. Old are wanted at 37c, Toronto, equal to 34½c to 35½c outside.

Barley—New No. 2 offered at 48c, outside.

Rye—59c to 60c outside.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 58½c to 59c, at Ontario points.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—The market holds firm for all lines of choice.

Creamery, prints	22c to 23c
do, solids	21c to 22c
Dairy, prints	20c to 00c
do pails	18c to 19c
Bakers'	16c to 17c

Choice—Unchanged at 12¼c to 12½c for large and 12½c to 12¾c for twins.

Eggs—Quotations are lower at 17½c to 18 18½c per dozen.

Potatoes—60c to 70c per bushel for loads.

Baled Hay—Old hay is in good demand. Quotations are unchanged at $9 for new No. 1; old is steady at $10 for No. 1 in car lots here and $7.50 for mixed.

Baled Straw—Continues steady at $5.50 to $6 per ton for car lots on track here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Aug. 14.—Oats are weak at 38½c to 39c for No. 2, 37½c to 38c for No. 3 and 36½c to 37c for No. 4.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, $4.20 to $4.40 and straight rollers, $3.90 to $4.10 in wood, in bags $1.85 to $1.95; extra, in bags, $1.25 to $1.50.

Rolled Oats—$2.20 to $2.25 in bags of 90 lbs. Cornmeal, $1.40 to $1.45 per bag; granulated, $1.65.

Millfeed—Ontario bran, in bags, $18 to $19; shorts, in bags, $20 to $21.50; Manitoba bran, in bags, $19 to $19 shorts, $20 to $20.50.

Hay—No. 1, $10 to $10.50 per ton track; No. 2, $9 to $9.50; clover, $7 to $7.50; clover, mixed, $8 to $8.50.

Beans—Prime pea beans, in carload lots, $1.53 to $1.55 per bushel, handpicked, $1.60 per bushel.

Peas—Boiling, in broken lots, $1.10 per bushel.

Potatoes—40c to 50c per bag of 90 lbs, nominal.

Honey—White clover, in comb, 13c to 14c; buckwheat, 10c to 11c per lb. section; extract, 7c to 7½c; buckwheat, 5½0 to 6c per pound.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Aug. 14. — Spot, steady; No. 2 red, 78¼c, elevator; No. 2 red, 79¾c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Duluth, 84¾c f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, 80½c f.o.b afloat.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Aug. 14.—The late dulness in trade, combined with the farmers being busily occupied in getting in their harvest, has made buyers indifferent and diminished the offerings of cattle at the Western market.

Choice Exporters.—Quotations were given as $4.40 to $5 per cwt.

Good loads of butchers' sold at $4.40, and fair to good cattle at $4 to $4.25 per cwt. The market was almost stagnant for the common grades, which sold at $1.75 to $3.50; fat cows brought $3.30 to $3.50, and medium heavy animals, not finished particularly well, sold at $3.90 to $4.15 per cwt.

Hogs have begun to go down. The drop was 25 cents. Selects sold at $7.40 and lights and fats at $7.15 per cwt.

The large offerings of lambs here had the effect of depressing the market. Export ewes were steady. Quotations were as follows:—Export ewes., $4.25 to $4.50; lambs, $5.75 to $6.25; calves, $3.50 to $6 per cwt.

MANY PARDONS ISSUED.

Inmates of Canadian Prisons Receive Their Release.

An Ottawa despatch says: There were 443 persons pardoned during the fiscal year ending June 30 from Canadian penitentiaries for various reasons, but mainly for good conduct. Of this number 173 were under the ticket-of-leave system. The remainder were released unconditionally.

BRITISH TRADE IN JULY.

A Very Large Increase Both in Imports and Exports.

A London despatch says: The Board of Trade returns for the month of July show an increase in imports of $19,339,000, and an increase in exports of $28,109,500. The principal increase in imports was food, $7,500,000. The rest was raw material and manufactured articles. In exports the principal increase was manufactured yarns and textiles, $10,000,000, the remainder being manufactured metals.

JUVENILE CURIOSITY.

Boy Placed Obstruction on Track to see a Train Wreck.

A Moncton, N. B., despatch says: At Culligan's Siding, near Campbelton, on the Intercolonial, a freight train ran over a large iron bolt placed on the rail. The train was going slowly and no damage was done. A 16-year-old boy named Joseph Daigle, was arrested on suspicion. He protested his innocence, but when being placed in the cell at Campbellton Jail he broke down and confessed. He wanted to see a train wreck, but fortunately missed the express, which passes through at high speed.

Annual Bargain Sale As Usual

BIG SUCCESS

Some of the Goods Advertised last are sold out, but we are adding other goods, just as good value.

We Have Something New Every Day.

We are showing the Newest Style in

Ladies' Fall and Winter Coats, Also Ladies' Caps.

☞HAVE A LOOK.

TERMS CASH. **McGEE & CO.**



If You Keep Bees

We have a Full Line of

Bee-Keepers SUPPLIES.



McDOUGALL & CUZNER,

523 Sussex Street, **OTTAWA.** Established in 1850.

Ho! For MONKLAND

$250 In PURSES $250

Trotting and Running Races

AT MONKLAND,

Thursday, Aug. 23rd,

2.40 CLASS, Trot or Pace. Purse $50.00.—1st $25, 2nd $15, 3rd $10.

FREE-FOR-ALL, Trot or Pace. Purse $100.00.—1st $50, 2nd $30, 3rd $20.

FREE-FOR-ALL RUNNING RACE. Purse $75.00.—1st $40, 2nd $23 3rd $12.

GREEN TROT OR PACE. Purse $25.00.—1st $12.50, 2nd $7.50, 3rd $5.

CONDITIONS:

Four to enter, three to start. Entrance fee, five per cent. of purse, and five per cent. additional to winners,

The Trot and Pacing Races, mile heats, best 3 in 5. Running Race, half-mile heats, best 2 in 3.

Should the weather prove unfavorable, the races will be contested on the following day.

The Committee reserve the right to change the program if deemed advisable.

The race track at Monkland was built last year under the supervision of competent engineers, and a regulation track laid out. At the races in June some fast time was made and even better may be looked forward to at the meet of August 23rd, 1906.

Cheap Rates on the C. P. R. between Mountain Station and Dalhousie Station, inclusive. Tickets good to return on Aug. 24th.

BAND IN ATTENDANCE. ADMISSION 25c. and 15c.

Secretary Treasurer. President.

EMPIRE ! EMPIRE ! EMPIRE !



The Empire Cream Separator outwears other Separators, lasts longer and requires fewer repairs, because—It's simpler in construction and—It is more carefully built. That has been the Experience of thousands and thousands of farmers who have used the Empire. Its easy to see why. Being so much simpler in construction it has fewer parts to get out of order. The bowl being so much lighter and there being so much less mechanism, there naturally is lessfriction and wear. It will pay you to consider these things.

WINCHESTER, ONT., Jan. 9, 1905.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—I am using one of your EMPIRE Separators and am pleased to be able to recommend to all who intend to buy machines.

I can truly say that I have tried several methods of handling milk, and can recommend a separator to be far inadvance of all other moethds.

I can also say that I have tried several other makes of separators and prefer the EMPIRE to any of the others on account of it being easily cleaned, a close skimmer, and the lightest to operate. I am

Yours truly
THOS. IRVING.

CHESTERVILLE, July 31, 1906.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR CO., TORONTO, ONT.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your Empire Cream Separators after having tried others, I wish to recommend your Empire for its easy running and the work it does. The Empire skims very close and produces a very fine quality of cream. I have never seen another machine so simple in construction. I can highly recommend your Empire Cream Separator. Yours truly,
ROLAND SHAVER, Morewood.

CHESTERVILLE, July 31, 1906.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR CO, TORONTO.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your new Improved 2 B Empire Separators I wish to report that it gives me entire satisfaction as to capacity, close skimming and ease of operation. I can highly recommend your Empire and it will be a pleasure for me to induce my friends to buy your Empire, as it will be to their advantage.

Yours truly, AMAZIAH FROATS, Nation Valley.

Get an easy running, simple, durable, economical Empire and be sure.

JOHN FOSTER, Chesterville,
Agent for Winchester and Finch Townships.

ODDFELLOWS' GRAND LODGE

Business Completed Yesterday—Officers Installed.

Peterboro, Aug 9—The fifty-second Ontario grand lodge meeting of the Independent Order of Oddfellows closed this afternoon. It was unanimously decided to meet next year in Orillia. J. A. McDonald of Toronto, P.C.P., a member of Vivian lodge, No. 146, Arnprior, was presented by that lodge with a veteran's jewel. Grand Master Blewett made the presentation.

D. Derbyshire, M.P., Brockville, reported on behalf of the Rebekah degree. The membership is now 4,300. The finances show $7,000 investment and $4,000 cash on hand. To lessen the burden of correspondence in the grand lodge no official communications can be made with grand masters henceforth, unless through D.D.G.M.'s.

A. F. Hartley of Brantford, reported on behalf of the committee on elections that A. B. McBride of Waterloo had been elected grand warden with a vote of 1,541. Votes necessary to a choice 1,287. The newly elected and appointed officers were installed as follows:

Grand Master, W. S Johnson, Toronto.

Deputy Grand Master, R. R. Brett, Essex.

Grand secretary, J. B. King, Toronto

Grand treasurer, W. J. McCormack, Toronto.

Grand auditor, C. Packett, Stratford.

Grand representatives, E. B. Butterworth, Ottawa; and J. B. King.

Grand Marshal, W. W. Matchett, Peterboro.

Grand conductor, W. J. Mills, Sarnia.

Grand guardian, J. A. M. Jacques, Ottawa.

Grand herald, W. T. Since, Stirling.

Grand chaplain, Rev. T. Dobson, Tilbury.

Grand auditor—Albert Fraser, Hamilton.

The following nominations were received: For grand master, R. R. Brett, Essex; for deputy grand master, A. B. McBride; for grand secretary, J. B. King; for grand treasurer, W. J. McCormack, for grand warden, D. Derbyshire, Brockville; W. D. Spence, St. Mary's; A. Cameron, Owen Sound; W. H. Moss, Dundas; W. E. Stevens, Aylmer; Col. Miller, Peterboro; S. M. Thomson, Brantford; S. A. Lopelston, Exter; S. C. Parks, Milton, B. J. Rothwell, Sault Ste Marie; G F, Ruttan, Napanee; F. S. Evanson, Prescott; C. E. Steele, Mount Forest; G. A. Griffith. Milton; Dr. Greneck, Toronto; E. B. Mowry, Ingersoll; for grand representative, F. R. Blewett, Listowel.

Dr. Campbell, past grand secretary, was elected a member of the Oddfellows' home board, and John T. Bornibrook for the seat left vacant by the retirement of Past Grand Master White.

Important alterations in the constitution for subordinate lodges were made, among them being:—"No member of the lodge who shall be taken ill while in arrears for dues shall thereafter become entitled to sick benefits until four weeks from the date when such arrears shall have been paid in full." That clause 104, edition of 1906. be struck out and the following substituted:—"No member of this lodge who shall have been in receipt of continuous benefits for eleven calendar months and having recovered from such sickness, (where the by-laws of the lodge provide for a reduction of sick benefits at the expiration of one year) shall thereafter become entitled to sick benefits for a recurrence of that illness, or for any other sickness within four weeks of his recovery, unless such subsequent illness shall occur from causes entirely remote from the previous illness."

The Origin of Gall Stones.

They are simply dried bile, made up of crystaline constituents of that fluid. Very common is this disease among merchants. clergymen, shop girls and those of sedentary habits. Prevention consists in maintaining correct action of the liver and bowels, which is best accomplished by Dr. Hamilton's Pills. No person using this medicine need fear gallstones, nor will they ever be bilious. Sound digestion, good appetite, clear color, will evidence the health giving prproperties of Dr, Hamilton's Pills, which are the safest and best for general family use. Insist on having only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c. per box at all dealers.

Editor Chesterville Record:

Dear Sir,—A short time ago there appeared a letter in your paper from Mr. Sanderson drawing a comparison between Lennoxville and Chesterville much to the disparagement of the latter town. Now Mr. Editor, I felt hurt at that letter as I personally know that Mr. Sanderson was treated with every consideration and courtesy by every member of the Chesterville board, and I felt that he had no just cause to try and give us such a public rap over the fingers, but in giving his letter a little thought I have come to the conclusion that we have nothing to be ashamed of in the expenditure of the people's moneys, when you consider than we are paying for two schools built at an expenditure of $11,000 and that has brought our school rate up to about 17 mills for educational purposes alone, and Mr. Sanderson will no doubt admit that is a laudable object. We have kept the villagegoing on about eight miles for all other purposes and I don't think that a high rate. In one thing Lennoxville will have the advantage of us and that is roadmaking, as that whole section iscomposed of the very best road making material, sand, gravel and rock, an ideal condition for road-building, but that of itself is not a strong enough inducement for a farmer to leave the rich and fertile soils of Dundas for, at least I have never heard of one doing so yet, but I do know, and Mr. Sanderson ought to know that a great many of our most respectable residents and well to do families came here from Quebec and have done exceedingly well by the change. And now, Mr. Sanderson you know you have no advantages down there over us, no better soil, school, roads or laws, then why the rap on the fingers? Have you not made a slight mistake. in fact you hit the wrong party, striking the village councilors, when you really meant to hit a county councillor.

WM. HUXTABLE

NEWNGTON.

August 13.

The farmers have started their harvest and all report a good crop. There is considerable grain yet to be cut.

A. W McIntyre spent a few hours in Lunenburg Saturday evening.

MR D T Helmer of Philadelphia arrived home this week to visit his parents He will remain for the Old Boys' Re-Union.

MRS R B Faith returned to her home in Ottawa Monday after spending the past two months with her parents, MR and MRS Hiram Rutley, 'Maple Hill'

MRS Jonn R Raymond and MRS Shennette of Williamstown, formerly of this place are spending the summer holidays with MISS Ellen McNaughton, Finch.

MISS Charlotte Hutchings, Toronto, is the guest of her friend, MISS Lillis M Rutley 'Maple Hill'

MISS Ella Thompson has returned home to Farran's Point after visiting friends here.

A McNaughton, Cornwall Public school Inspector, was in Finch on Thursday visiting his brother, MR Duncan McNaughton who is seriously ill

MISSES Eva and Lottie Warner have returned to Avonmore after spending a few weeks visiting friends here.

MISS Annie Craig of Cornwall and MISS Mabel Fyckes of this place intend leaving Tuesday for Regina, Sask.

A number of young men from here intend going on the harvest excursion to the N W T Aug 13.

MR and MRS Hiram Rutley 'Maple Hill' were in Avonmore on Wednesday.

A number from here attend the McEwen-Campbell wedding at Harrison on Wednesday.

MISS Janie Rutley, Avonmore, spent a few days here recently visiting friends.

MISS Mable Eastman, Ottawa, is visiting friends here.

MISS Knetta Jardine, Crysler visited friends here recently.

MRS A Patterson, who has been visiting her parents here, returned home to Ottawa last week.

MISS E Mattice, who has been on the sick list is slowly recovering.

MR and MRS A LeBlanc, of Wales visited MR and MRS D P Gormley of Finch recently.

Rev MR Mingle purchased a fine driving horse in Avonmore last week.

MR and MRS Nelson Hollister and son Arthur of Ottawa have returned home after visiting friends in this vicinity.

Rev L D Hague visited Avonmore last week.

MRS Wester C. Warner and little daughters Ruth and Beryl, spent a week in town recently visiting Mrs. Hill McLean, Montreal.

MR and MRS John M Raymond of Williamstown spent the past week with her father, MR D McNaughton and other relatives in town.

Drank Himself to Death.

Brockville, Aug. 7—Yesterday afternoon, James Higgins. aged about 42 years, was found unconscious with a large bottle of whiskey, three quarters of which had been emptied, at his side He was removed to the hospital, where he died in half an hour, efforts of physicians failing to revive him. Higgins was a man of dissolute habits and of late had been drinking heavily. He was a widower.

Chesterville Lodge No. 320

A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.

Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.

Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.

H. P. D. EVANS, W. M. C. ROBINSON, Secreatry.

Chesterville Lodge No. 288, I. O. O. F.



Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.

G. W. BOGART, N. G. F. WOOD, R. S.

WELL DRILLING

A 4½ inch bore through rock or soil either summer or winter. Pumps or fixtures supplied and water connected with houses or stables.

I have five drills at work and have just received the sixth one at Chesterville station, which will be in operation next week.

Any person requiring my services will please communicate with me in Vankleek Hill Satisfaction in every particular guaranteed. Long distance phone No. 23.

Arthur Campbell,
VANKLEEK HILL, ONT.

Wilford M. Saucier,

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler, Engraver, &c.,

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewellry, Spectacles, etc., etc., for sale and repaired with neatness and despatch.

Prompt attention paid to repairing sent by mail.

Issuer of marriage Licenses.

W. M. Saucier.

DR. RIELLY.
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Office over J. E. Hough's Jewelry Store.
ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
AVONMORE.

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ICE CREAM and SODA WATER PARLORS

These Parlors having been completely renovated, are now on a par with the best, and I am prepared to cater to the wants of my friends and patrons, as never before.

The Latest Up-to-date Plant for the Manufacture of Ice Cream Dainties.

All the Choicest Dishes, flavored to suit the King's taste every evening.

My SODA WATER FOUNTAIN is a Work of Art

And I am making a Specialty of these Cooling Beverages.

A Two Horse Power Gasoline Engine

is the motive power.

I cordially invite the public to call and inspect the neatness, despatch and cleanliness, by which our goods are prepared to suit the good taste of our patrons.

H. A. MERKLEY,

Proprietor. Main Street.

We Want to Know Many Things !

We Already Know a Few.

One Thing We Know is---

HOW TO MAKE ICE CREAM

We Make it Every Day.

Are You Eating Your Share.

Come and Try Our ICE CREAM SODA.

Golden Orangeade Syrup is one of the Most Delicious Ever.

GET THE HABIT.

Drop into Bolster's for a Cooling Drink, A Dish of Ice Cream, A Good Cigar, High-Class Confectionery, or Anything in the Drug Line, or Anything in the Book and Stationery Line.

We will be Glad to See You Often.

W. G. BOLSTER,

DRUGGIST and STATIONER, - - CHESTERVILLE.