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The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XIV NO. . CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 1907. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

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Deposits of $1 and Upwards, Received.

Interest Paid 4 Times a Year.

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C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

The Merchants Bank

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Established 1864.

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

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The Bank has 114 Branches and Agencies distributed through Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and other Northwest provinces.

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Interest at 3 per cent per annum allowed on Savings Bank Deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Interest added to principal half yearly.

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$15.00 to $18.00

SUITS

–Going For–

Only $12.00

For the next 30 days.

Seeing is Believing.

Save Money

By having one of them.

Fit and Workmanship

Guaranteed.

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ARE THE BEST

We Will Put it Against any Manufacturer for

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Consult us Before Buying.

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Its a strong but true statement:

THE SUN LIFE'S

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Has Never Been

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By Any Other CANADIAN COMPANY

IRA J. CRAMER, General Agent, Aultsville.
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SUN LIFE BUILDING,
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EVERYBODY NEEDS

—A—

Business Education,

and the college that stands for the Highest Efficiency in Commercial Education is the

Willis Business College

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It provides the best facilities and most highly qualified teaching staff in Canada.
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Send for free catalogue.

S. T. WILLIS, Principal,
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UNION BANK

OF CANADA

Depositors are assured every convenience compatible with conservative Banking.

Over 130 Branches in Canada.

Total assets (Nov. 30th, 1906) over $32,000,000.
Rest $1,500,000.
Financial accommodation along conservative lines to progressive Business Enterprises.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards accepted. Interest allowed from date of opening account and added to principal

EVERY THREE MONTHS.

Winchester Branch. R. F. BLAIR, Manager.
Crysler Branch. J. E. J. ASTON, Manager.

NEW TERM OPENS JAN. 2

Superior tuition in Stenography, Book-keeping, Telegraphy, and Office Procedure. We have excellent business connections in Toronto, Montreal, New York, and other industrial centres, where we are recommending our graduates to good position. Get our Catalogue.

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LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont, Dundas, Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.

S. A. CRAMER, LICENSED AUCTIONEER

For Dundas County and Township of Finch

ADDRESS

CHESTERVILLE P. O.

Phone McCloskey House.

THOS. H. DUNN,

Civil Engineer and Ontario Land Surveyor.

Municipal Engineering, including the preparation of plans and estimates for bridges, sidewalks, drains, sewers etc.

Prompt attention given to drainage.

Office in Sweet's block over Union Bank, Winchester.

NOTICE

To the General Public

Having an agency for the ROYAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., England

respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

H. KEARNS, - - Chesterville.

BUY

Little Nipissing

At Only $1 per Share.

THE STARTING PRICE.

I have a Limited Quantity oi this Stock to Sell at above prices; this property is Surrounded by the Best and Richest Mines of the Cobalt Camp.

C. W. Casselman.

Try This For Your Cough.

To relieve a cough or break up a cold in twenty four hours, the following simple formula, the ingredients of which can be obtained of any good prescription druggist at small cost, is all that will be required: Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure), one-half ounce; Glycerine, two ounces; good Whiskey, a half pint. Shake well and take in teaspoonful doses every four hours. The desired results cannot be obtained unless the ingredients are pure. It is therefore better to purchase the ingredients separately and prepare the mixture yourself. Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) should be purchased in the original half ounce vials, which druggists buy for dispensing. Each vial is securely sealed in a round wooden case which protects the oil from exposure to light. Around the wooden case is an engraved wrapper with the name—"Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure)" plainly written thereon. There are many imitations and cheap productions of Pine, but these only create nausea, and never affect the desired results.

Notice.

THE Counties' Council of United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry, will meet at Court House, Cornwall, on Tuesday, 22nd January, A.D., 1907, at two o'clock, p.m., pursuant to statute.

Cornwall, January 2nd, 1907.

ADRIAN I. MACDONELL,
Counties Clerk Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry

Valuable Farm for Sale

IN the Melvin Settlement, containing 115 acres, entirely free from noxious weeds; 100 acres in first-class state of cultivation, well watered, good orchards, comfortable house, good barns, accommodations for 40 cows; ½ mile from school and cheese factory.

For further particulars apply to RUFUS or GEO. EARLE, Winchester, Ont.

Money to Loan.

$2,000 to loan on approved security. For particulars apply at this office.

Card of Thanks.

To the Electors of the Township of Finch:

Ladies and Gentlemen,—

Allow me to thank you all for the support you so kindly gave me on Jan. 7th, by returning me again to a seat in the council. It is very gratifying to all the members of the council to learn by the vote of the electors that our actions for the past year have been fully endorsed by them, although there were false rumors put into circulation and a desperate attempt made to break the controlling influence of the old council by some parties that had other notions in view. Yet their plans failed, and the intelligence of the people ruled. Again thanking you for your kindness I am very respectfully yours

ROBT. STEVEN.

Cannamore, January 15th, 1907.

Notice.

HAVING leased my house and lot in the village of Berwick to Miss Bella M. Legg, together with all the chattels and household effects on or belonging to said premises, I hereby forbid any parties from attempting to remove any of said chattels or in any way molesting the said Bella M. Legg, she having no claim resting upon her by any parties through or by me to keep and maintain a free boarding house or drunkard's home any longer. And further that I don't want any more deputations re the above matter to wait on me under a pretext to better my condition as I have an able attorney looking after my affairs.

WM. LEGG.

Dated at Cannamore Jan. 15th, 1907.

Farmers' :-: Institute.

Supplementary Meetings of the Dundas County Farmers' Institute will be held at

South Mountain, Tues,, Jan. 15
Winchester, - Wed., Jan. 16
Winc'ter Springs, Thur,, Jan 17
Chesterville, Friday, Jan. 18

The meetings will be addressed by

C. W. Nash, Toronto; A.C. Hallman, Breslau And Mrs. A.H. Backus, M.D., Aylmer, Ont.

And leading farmers and dairymen of the County.

Dr. Backus will address separate meetings for ladies at the afternoon sessions.

SUBJECTS:

C. W. NASH—"How Plants Grow," "Breeding of Domestic Animals," "The Value of Our Birds," "Our Inspect Pests."

A. C. HALLMAN—"How to Improve Our Stock," "The Bacon Hoy and Export Trade" "Noxious Weeds," "Poultry on the Farm."

DR. ANNIE BACKUS—"Hygeine of the Home and Aids in Nursing," "Consumption and its Prevention," "The Importance and Meaning of Women's Work," "The Horse; its Use and Abuse."

Meetings at 1.30 and 7.30 p.m. All are invited whether members of the Institute or not.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

A.D. Harkness, President. **Arthur Christie, Vice-President.**

J.P. Fox, Secretary.

The Rev. Father Fleming Honored.

Last Sunday, Jan. 13th, was a day long to be remembered by the members of St. Mary's congregation, the event being the presentation to their beloved pastor of a beautifully illuminated address, cutter and robes. Long before the appointed time for mass the church was filled, not only by the members of the congregation but also by many outsiders, testifying to the degree of popularity and esteem in which the worthy pastor is held by all classes.

Grand High Mass was celebrated, after which the leading gentlemen of the congregation approached the railing, when the following address was read by Mr. Edward Walsh, County Councillor.

To The Reverend Father John P. Fleming, Parish Priest, Chesterville, Ont.

Reverend and Dear Father:

The members of your congregation in the parish of Chesterville desire at this festive season to offer you their sincere congratulations on the restoration of your health and to express the fervent hope that you may be long spared to continue your labors in the Sacred Ministry.

Since your advent amongst us as our Parish Priest, two years ago, we have learned to esteem your many qualities of head and heart which so admirably fit you for the arduous duties of your Sacerdotal office, and we desire to especially express our approbation and sympathy in your recent courageous stand on matters in connection with the Parish.

In conclusion we beg your acceptance of the accompanying cutter and robes as a slight token of the feelings we have above endeavoured to express.

Signed on behalf of the Parishoners.

Edward Walsh, County Councillor.
James Clement, J. P.
C. R. Kavanagh, Manager Bank of Ottawa.
J. P. Byrnes, Francis McCloskey,
Thos. Moran, Patrick Allen,
John King, M. M. McMahon,
James Hughes, P. Devanny,
J. J. Flynn, James Moran,
William Barrett, Michael E. Curran,
Daniel Masterson, James McCloskey.

Father Fleming, although showing evidence of great feeling, responded in his usual characteristic eloquent and kindly manner.

First of all he thanked his good parishoners for their generous donation at Xmas. This offering which amounted to over $250, was the largest in the history of the parish. This in itself he considered a sufficient evidence of their great generosity and esteem. Continuing he said, "I thank you most sincerely for your beautiful address which you were kind enough to present me with, for your considerate present accompanying it, and also for the grand Catholic and loyal sentiments which it contains, as well as for the many acts of kindness received from you since my appointment to Chesterville nearly two years ago.

I desire especially to give expression to-day to my deep sense of gratitude for these numerous encomiums and for the kind and gentlemanly spirit manifested towards me by the congregation at large and by the citizens of Chesterville regardless of creed or nationality.

I wish also to record my gratification at your approval of the interest taken by me in the administration of the affairs of the Parish. This special mark of approbation coming from such a worthy source is most gratifying to me and for which I desire to return to you my sincere and heartfelt thanks. I have striven earnestly to place before all the highest ideal of life, both by precept and example, and I trust that my humble efforts have not been without result. Your expressions contained in your pithy and beautifully worded address to that end have been a source of encouragement and help and hope.

I have not perhaps pleased everyone, as it was not possible to do so, but I have tried to do my duty without fear or favor and if I have succeeded in doing that I am satisfied.

In conclusion I wish you every blessing, peace and happiness for the New Year 1907. May God bless you all.

Corn For Sale.

I expect a car of Feed Corn to arrive the last of next week. Price $1.10 per hundred.

W. Hamilton.

Card of Thanks.

FOR the many kindnesses shown to us by the people of Chesterville and surrounding district during the obsequies of the late Mrs. Shaw, we extend our heartfelt gratitude.

T. T. SHAW.
CARRIE GRAHAM.

Auction :-: Sale

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction

At Lot 21, in the 4th Con.

Township of Winchester,

About 1½ miles E Chesterville

—ON

Tues., JAN. 29th, '07

The Following:

37 milch cows, 17 of which are Grade Holsteins.
2 1-year-old heifers,
2 pigs,
2 milk cans,
20 tons hay,
A quantity of potatoes,

Sale to Commence at 1 o'clock.

TERMS.

All sums of $10 and under, Cash; over that amount 9 months' credit, without interest, will be given by parties furnishing approved joint notes. 5 per cent. per annum off for cash.

JAS. CURRIE, Auctioneer. J. A. LOUCKS, Prop.

The Molsons Bank

Incorporated A.D., 1855.

Capital paid up - - - $3,000,000.
Reserve Fund - - - - $3,000,000.
Total Assets over - - $31,900,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Hereafter interest will be paid or compounded

FOUR TIMES A YEAR

on all Accounts in this Department.

A General Banking Business transacted.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS,
CHESTERVILLE BRANCH. Manager.

CALLED SUDDENLY AWAY.

Mrs. T. T. Shaw Succumbed to Pneumonia on Thursday Last.

The citizens of Chesterville and surrounding country were greatly shocked on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 10th, upon hearing that Mrs. T. T. Shaw had suddenly succumbed to pneumonia, which followed an attack of LaGrippe. She contracted a cold but it was not considered serious. On Saturday she kept her bed, but it was confidently expected that she would recover. On the follow-Thursday afternoon, however, she suffered a violent hemorrhage, and despite her heroic effort to overcome the attack, it proved too much for her strength in her weakened condition, and she expired in a few minutes.

The funeral service was conducted by Rev. A. E. Runnells in the Methodist Church, Chesterville, on Sunday, Jan. 13th, and the attendance was very large. There was no standing room in the church, and hundreds were turned away.

The floral wreaths, which were many and beautiful, were borne by lady cousins of the deceased, namely: Mrs. C. J. Suffel, Mrs. Edgar Forward, and Misses Gertrude Brown, Clair Casselman and Jennie Casselman, and Jennie Stephenson.

The altar and the vacant seat of deceased in the choir were appropriately draped in mourning.

At the service Miss Kate Irving of Winchester, sang with feeling "Some-Time, Some Day, We'll Understand."

The pall-bearers were uncles and cousins, namely Chester, Wesley and Casey Casselman, Dr. W. A. Brown, Geo. Grey and W. R. Fulton.

After the service the remains were placed in the Maple Ridge Cemetery vault.

The late Mrs. Shaw was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Graham and was born at Chesterville thirty-five years ago. Her father died in her infancy, and she and her mother continued to reside at Chesterville. She was a bright, kind-hearted, genial young lady, and was held in the highest esteem by all who knew her. For many years she had been one of the most popular members of the choir, and will be greatly missed in the church.

In January, 1899, she married Mr. T. T. Shaw. To them have been born Margaret, aged 6½ years; Arthur, aged 3½ years; and Dorothy, agnd 2 years and 3 months, all of whom survive. Her death is a terrible blow to her family and friends, who have the deepest sympathy of the community in their very sad bereavement.—Com.

The Committee Visit Other Churches.

A deputation of the trustee board of the Methodist church, consisting of the Rev Mr. Runnells and Mr. Cornelius Cross and Jacob Merkley, visited Athens, Brockville and Napanee, to get some ideas as to the best plan of church construction. A new church is at present being constructed in Napanee that more fully meets the wishes of the committee than any other. The material is cement and the plan is drawn by Mr. B. Dillon of Brockville, architect.

Mr. Runnells has visited Montreal, Ottawa and other places, and has become convinced that a very handsome and substantial building can be constructed of cement blocks. The deputation were of one mind.

Winchester Team Defeats Metcalfe.

In a fast and exciting hockey match which was comparitively free from roughness, Winchester succeeded in defeating Metcalfe in the return game which took place at Winchester on Wednesday evening of last week.

During the greater part of the first half play was all in front of the Metcalfe goal and after about ten minutes hard work the locals succeeded in scoring, after this try as hard as they liked the locals could not score again while the visitors took a brace and tallied twice, leaving the score at half time two to one in favor of Metcalfe.

In the second half the locals succeeded in striking their gait and scored three times while ths visitors failed to connect with the nets.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

Special services are being conducted in the Methodist Church and will likely continue next week. Rev. Wm. Howitt of Morrisburg, will assist next week.

Mr P. Vandelac of Montreal, will be here on Friday and Saturday 25th and 26th to purchase two car loads of horses, heavy chunks of mares preferred, from 5 years of age up.

Mr. E. W. Forward of Ottawa, was in town over Sunday.

Parties wishing to rent a good, comfortable house, would do well to inspect the house now occupied by Mr Mackenzie Fulton, and then call on R. Harrop.

Miss O'Connor of Perth, is assistant teacher in the Separate School in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Brooks and Mr. Gray and Mrs. M. Gray of Moores attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Shaw.

Wm. J. Kennedy son of Mr Andrew Kennedy, of Winchester, who has been in the butter making business in Western Ontario for six years and has been home on a visit, left Saturday night for Regina where his brother Gordon is.

Whittaker the Optician, will be Chesterville on Jan. 16th, and Finch on Jan. 17th.

Dr. Alex McKay and family, formerly of Winchester, have left for Calgary, where they will take up permanent residence.

The Beach Upholstering & Bedding Co., is the name of a new firm starting business in Winchester, for the wholesale manufacture of spring mattresses.

Miss Bertha Garrow who has been employed in C. Casselman's store, has secured a position as bookkeeper with a firm in Almonte for which place she left Tuesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Fisher (nee Kate Kennedy) arrived at the latter's father, Mr. Andrew Kennedy's, Winchester, on Christmas eve from an extended trip through Europe. After spending a couple of days at Mr. Kennedy's Mr. and Mrs. Fisher went to spend the New Year's with the former's father at Hamilton. From there they go to Horwick, Quebec, and thence west.

The ladies of the town and vicinity are invited to attend a meeting of the Womans' Institute on Friday afternoon 18th, inst, at 2.30, in Kearns' Hall.

Dr. Annie Backus of Alymer, will address the meeting.

Sublect: "The importance and meaning of Womans' Work."

M. M. Casselman.
Sec. Treasurer.

Morrisburg Notes.

We are sorry to report that the condition of Guy Casselman, who has been ill for some time, is not improving.

Jas. Eastman has received the appointment of Division Court Clerk in the place of F. R. Chalmers resigned.

Talking with Inspector Brown relative to the increase of teachers' salaries under the New School Act we were informed that over forty schools in Dundas are paying more than the mimimum salary ear.

Call to Rev. B. D. Miller.

The Presbyterian congregations of Kemptville and Oxford Mills have extended a call to Rev. B. D. Miller of Hawkesbury.

Croup can positively be stopped in 20 minutes. No vomitting,—nothing to sicken or distress your child. A sweet, pleasant and safe syrup, called Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure, does the work and does it quickly. Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure is for Croupe alone, remember. It does not claim to cure a dozen ailments. It's for croup, that's all. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

MARRIED.

ROBINSON—ANNABLE—On the 9th of Jan., 1907, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. D. Winter, Mr. James E. Robinson of the township of Mountain to Christie May, eldest daughter of Ira Annable, Esq., of the Township of Winchester.

DIED.

SHAW—At Chesterville, Ont., on Thursday, Jan. 10th, 1907, Luella Mae, wife of T. T. Shaw, and daughter of Mrs. Carrie Graham, aged 35 years.

Face to Face

OR, GERVASE RICKMAN'S AMBITION.

CHAPTER III.—(Continued).

Perhaps it was the sense of contrast between themselves and this desolate scene that made them linger in fascinated silence before it, and while they lingered, the light changed, the sinking sunbeams filled the sky with molten gold, and the rampart of cliff turned from ghastly gray to warm yellow; then it glowed deep orange, and at last it blushed purest rose.

"I shall never forget this," Edward said, when they turned and he saw the face of Alice suffused with rose-light against the rose-red cliffs.

A few more steps took them to the inn on the crest of the hill. The shepherd rose and left at their approach, and the new-comers entered the kitchen, which seemed dark after the brightness outside. Mam Gale's figure loomed black against the fire-light behind her. Her wrinkled, bronzed face, surrounded by a white-frilled cap tied under her chin, beamed with welcome; her purple-veined, labor-darkened hands and arms, which were always visible below the small plaid shawl pinned tightly over her bowed shoulders, ceased to ply the iron, as she came forward to hand chairs to the visitors. The dull glow from the hearth emphasized rather than dispersed the gloom of the low, smoke-browned kitchen, so that it was scarcely possible to see even the shining crockery on the black oak dresser, the two great china dogs and brass candlesticks on the high chimney-piece and the gayly colored prints on the walls, and the eye turned with relief to the small window, where the fading light came through the tiny leaded panes upon the flowers and sleeping bird and centred itself on the face of Ellen, turned toward the sky as if awaiting a benediction, while the men's faces were in shadow. Alice went to the window and kissed Ellen's too brightly tinted face, her own looking more healthy by contrast, and the light of the two young women, illuminated by the last fading rays of light, touched Edward deeply and made a picture that long afterward he liked to dwell upon. He remained silent, while Alice took the chair offered her and plunged at once into the subject of Reuben's enlistment, a proposal received at first with stupefied dismay.

Mam Gale dropped thunder-struck upon a chair, regardless of the pile of freshly-ironed caps she crushed beneath her. "Our Hreub goo vur a soldier," she cried, when her indignation at last found voice; "Hreub what never drinked nor done aught agen the Commandments! Our Hreuben 'list! We've a zeen a vast of trouble, Miss Lingard, but we never known disgrace avore!"

Alice ventured to say that Mr. Annesley had broken no commandments, as far as she knew, and that his friends were glad when he went for a soldier; to which Mam Gale replied with dignity that she wondered that Miss Lingard knew no better than to forget what Reuben owed to his position in life. "'Tain't no harm vur gentlevolk, they can do without characters and hain't no call to be respectable," she said; "but our Hreub, what have always looked to hisself, it do zim cruel to let he down."

Jacob was too horrified to utter a word of remonstrance; but Ellen, whose imagination was fired by a vision of her brother in regimentals, went so far as to say that she had heard of respectable soldiers. Reuben eagerly corroborated her, and Jacob and his mother had so far recovered from the shock as to listen to Edward's proposals, when the sound of wheels was heard, a vehicle stopped at the wicket, and Paul Annesley's firm, quick steps struck the court-yard flints and stone passage, and he came with cheery energy, unannounced, as usual, into the fire-lighted kitchen.

"Sorry I'm so late, Mam Gale. I was called out of my way. Ellen still up? That's right, my lass;" he had proceeded thus far, his hearty, mellow voice filling the kitchen with a breath of hope and health, when he became aware of the two figures seated near each other by the window, and he stopped, as if thunder-struck, a fiery spark flashing from his eyes.

"We had better go," Alice said, turning to Edward, as she rose, after acknowledging Paul's entrance. "Good-bye, Ellen, we must not take up the doctor's time."

There was something in this "we" that acted upon Paul like fire upon gunpowder, and he viciously ground his teeth.

He assured them that there was no need for them to go, but they went, nevertheless, and he then stood before the window, talking to Ellen. He looked out into the violet dusk, watching intently while the two figures lessened and finally disappeared, and Ellen wondered at the strange look on the face, which she had only known hitherto full of kindness and good-humor, and at the preoccupied manner that made him ask the same questions over again. His visit was as brief as he could make it. An irresistible power drew him; he sprung quickly to his seat, and set the Admiral off at his best pace, but avoided the nearest way home, choosing that which led past Arden Cross.

The fleeting glory was gone from the chalk quarry, which showed desolate in its pale gloom, and seemed a fit abode for spectres. A figure springing up behind a heap of stones by the road made the Admiral shy violently, and though it proved to be only that of a loitering child, Thomas, the coachman, trembled all over and was bathed in a cold perspiration, for he knew that ghosts haunted the pit. As for his master, he punished the Admiral's mistake with such severity that the horse tore down the hill like a whirlwind, jerking the light dog-cart from side to side, and obliging the frightened Thomas to cling on with his hands, while the white-heat of passion kept his master firm, so firm that he was able to turn his head aside and gaze steadily across the dewy hedge-rows at the two figures walking through the fields to the Manor, until the bend of the road hid them from his passionate gaze.

CHAPTER IV.

The streets of Medington were all alive one sunny spring morning. Men were busy in the market square placing hurdles for sheep and pigs; shop-keepers were turning their wares out of dark recesses, and arranging them on the pavements, to the great discomfort of passengers; carts—laden with wicker baskets, whence issued mournful cackles and quacks of remonstrance from victims unconscious of their death-doom, and all sorts of country produce, including stout market-women — rolled slowly into the town, drawn by thoughtful horses, who ventured upon no step without first duly pondering its advisability; small flocks of meekly protesting yet docile sheep, and disorderly herds of loudly rebellious and recalcitrant pigs were beginning to enter the streets from the divergent country roads; housemaids giving the bell-pulls an extra Sunday cleaning, loitered over their work, and looked up and down the street, to catch sight of country friends; clerks and shopmen wished the day over and Sunday morning come with its quiet; it was market-day, the least Sabbatical and most bustling of the seven.

Daniel Pink was passing slowly along the High Street, his little frightened flock bleating and panting ahead of him, and seizing every opportunity for blundering into false positions to an extent that almost deprived Rough, the dog, of reason in the passionate indignation it aroused in his shaggy breast. Daniel laid his crook in this direction and that, and spread out his arms and grunted to his four-footed lieutenant, and was so engrossed in taking his charges safely past the vehicles and pitfalls, in the shape of open doors through which they were eager to dart, that until he was some distance past he forgot to look as usual at Paul Annesley's door, to see if cherry-cheeked Martha, his daughter, was on the lookout. Then he threw the bunch of flowers he had carried in for her with such accurate aim that she caught it just in time to prevent its striking the face of her master, who opened the door behind her, and to her dire confusion came out at that moment.

"Wall - flowers, Martha? Curious things to clean brass with, eh?" he said, with a good-tempered smile; and he stepped briskly down the street, his face darkening when he remembered the scene at the Traveller's Rest the night before.

The shepherd had been thinking of the same scene as he came along. He had related the conversation to his wife on his return to his lonely cottage, so that they had remained up beyond their usual hour talking over the dying fire; they would probably discuss the new light thrown upon Walter Annesley's character and that of his wife for weeks, and Mrs. Pink would for many days declare in the same words her conviction that it was better to die right side uppermost in England than to tempt Providence by journeying to a world in which everything was quite upside down, and the very Commandments were by analogy reversed; while Daniel would as frequently observe that they raised a "terble lot of ship" out there, that he had once known a steady youth who enlisted when crossed in love, and that Ellen might possibly see the harvest carried home.

After the last saying he would generally be silent for some time, wondering to what unknown land Ellen would journey then. A great part of Daniel Pink's time was spent in wondering; the few events of his own and other lives, however deeply pondered upon, were soon exhausted, and then there were long lonely hours in sunshine and storm, on the wide, windy downs, under the shelter of a bent thorn or a wind-bowed hedge, in the silent nights when great flocks of stars passed in orderly procession over the vast black chasms of space above him, or the hurtling storm swept round him—long empty hours that had to be filled with thoughts and imaginings of some voiceless kind. And sometimes the musings of rough and simple shepherds are grander, and their unspoken sense of the mystery and beauty which infolds their obscure lives is deeper than we imagine.

Gervase Rickman on his way to his office through the market, nodded condescendingly to the well-known weather-beaten figure standing among the pens. If he thought of him at all, it was as a slightly superior animal. Who expects to find a poet or a prophet beneath a smock-frock or fustian jacket?

Gervase hurried along to his office, which stood just off the market square, full of thoughts, for the most part commonplace, even sordid, principally concerning the business affairs of half the county. He was later than he intended to be, and found the day's work in full swing when he stepped into the outer office, whose occupants suddenly became very diligent on his entrance. He took in every detail as he passed swiftly through, and sprung up the stairs to his own private room, followed by the white-headed clerk, who had been the confidential servant, and, by virtue of his service, master of the firm of Whewell & Rickman before Gervase was born.

The room had a bow-window, giving upon a street which crossed the High Street at right angles, and commanding a view of both of these streets and the broad market-place at their junction. This window differed from those usual to lawyer's offices because it was clean, and its transparent panes were obscured only to a moderate height by a wire blind, transparent to those within the room, though opaque from without.

Rickman's desk was so placed, that while sitting at it he could, if so minded, observe all that was passing in the focus of town life beneath this window. Not that he enjoyed such leisure as to need window-gazing to fill it up, for more business was done in that bow-windowed room than in any other in the town.

He was vexed at being a little late on this bustling market-day, and still more vexed at the cause of his delay, which was a woman. He hastened to sign the letters before him, while his roving glance swept the street as he listened to the old clerk's communications.

"Doctor Annesley called and was much put out," the latter said; "he could not wait, as he was starting on his country rounds. He wrote this note." The note was brief.

"I must have that money, no matter at what interest," it ran. "Could I raise some upon the Gledesworth prospects? Call before you leave town to-day. —P.A."

"My good fellow, why will you mix with rich and idle men?" Rickman thought to himself.

"That will do, Hughes," he said, and the old clerk left him to his work, and there was silence in the room, broken only by the rapid course of the lawyer's pen.

His face was heavy with care, and he was not quite so sure as he had been of the potency of human will, and especially of his own. The check Alice Lingard had given him two days before on Arden Down, when he had formally asked her to marry him, hurried on to decisive measures by the necessity of putting a stop to Edward Annesley's apparent designs, was severe and far less easy to bear than he had anticipated—for he was too good an observer not to have known that Alice would never accept his first offer; he relied upon time and circumstance, the power of his will and the continued stress of his passion, which was patient as well as ardent, to win her.

"My mother," he reflected, while another portion of his active brain was occupied with the subject beneath his pen, "is the most amiable of human beings, but she is the most simple and unobservant. My father has talents, but with all that concerns human life and conduct he is an infant in arms. How on earth Sibyl and I came by our brains, Heaven alone knows; on the whole, we should be thankful that we have any. If that stupid little Sib would but take a fancy to Paul she might catch him at the rebound. And Paul has expectations. Paul saw them together last night and enjoyed it as much as I did. But women are so unreliable, they upset all one's calculations, one never knows what they will do next. As for that good-looking fool——" Gervase sighed and paused in his work; he did not like to admit to himself that he had made too light of him, yet he feared it, and when he thought of Sibyl's secret he burned with hatred for the man who had so deeply touched her heart. He looked out upon the thickening stream of passengers in the street and saw one of whom he made a mental note, and went on writing with the under-current thought that nothing was any good without Alice, and that the very passion of his desire for her love was sufficient warrant for his winning it. "And what a man she might make of me!" he thought, perhaps with some dim, deeply hidden notion of propitiating Providence with the promise of being good if he could but get his coveted toy.

While his rapid pen flew over the paper he recalled the beginning of this attachment, now fast developing into a passion.

It was Alice's seventeenth birthday, and he was talking to his father about her affairs, when the latter remarked that she had now grown a tall young woman.

"And we shall lose her, Gervase," he added. "She will marry early. Besides her good looks, she has what men value more, money."

Then Gervase thought how convenient her little fortune would be to a man in his position, and reflected further that, ambitious as he was, he could not reasonably expect to find a better match. While thus musing, he strolled out into the garden and saw Alice, yesterday one of "the children," an overgrown girl, an incumbrance or a toy, according to the humor of the moment, gathering flowers, unconscious of his observation. It was a different Alice that he saw that day; the child was gone, giving place to a young creature who compelled his homage. He offered her his birthday congratulations with deference, his manner had a new reserve. "She shall be my wife," he said to himself with a beating heart.

Three years had passed but this purpose had not faltered. Then came the check on Arden Down. This occurred at a gypsying excursion by the Manor party during which he found himself alone with her. He knew that it was too early to press his suit, but Edward Annesley's visit to the Manor forced his hand.

Alice hoped that it was but a passing fancy and tried to impress this view of the affair upon him. "You are making a mistake," she said; "you would not be happy with me. I have not even ambition. Let us forget this, dear Gervase. Otherwise I must leave you. I hope you will not drive me away from Arden. It is my only home."

They were standing by a gate on the down, looking over the plain, which stretched away with its budding trees half veiled in leafage to the blue belt of sea; cowslips nodded in the hedge near them; the great spring chorus of birds was borne faintly from the valleys up to their airy height; the world was full of music and beauty. Gervase looked straight into Alice's eyes and fascinated her by the magnetism of his glance, and he spoke as if moved by a power beyond his control.

"It is no mistake," he said. "You are the one woman for me. And I will win you," he added, in deep, almost menacing tones. "It may be years first. But I will win you, I shall win you. Yes; in spite of yourself."

Alice trembled; she could not withdraw her fascinated gaze from his. The air of conviction with which he spoke seemed prophetic; her heart beat painfully; she was on the verge of tears.

But she was no weakling; she summoned all her forces to meet and defy him. "How dare you speak like that?" she said, in cold, cutting tones.

"I dare," he replied, with inward trembling but outward determination, "because I love. Forgive me, Alice," he added, more gently, when she turned away. "Forget my words. Forget my folly. Let us be as we were before."

Then tears came to her relief. She quickly checked them, smiled once more, and there was peace between them. After that he was careful to suppress all traces of the lover in his manner, and she was gradually reassured. He was also careful to draw her observations to the attentions which Edward Annesley appeared to pay to Sibyl, and to confide to her his approval of the match.

That Edward was winning Alice's heart was bitter to Gervase, that he was winning Sibyl's and threatening to spoil her life, was almost more bitter. He resolved that Sibyl's life should not be spoiled; he determined to bring Annesley to book, and show him that he was bound in honor to marry her. But this step needed the most subtle treatment; the slightest mistake would be fatal. Besides, he feared to precipitate whatever designs Annesley might have with regard to Alice, by premature interference, and contented himself with being at Arden as much as possible during Edward's visit, and making arrangements to keep him apart from Alice during his absence, in which small schemes he was greatly aided by the transparent simplicity of his mother.

Truly this unfortunate young man had more than enough to burden his active brain, and just when it was important, in view of the approaching county election, to give his mind entirely to political affairs. Women seemed to be made expressly to torment and perplex mankind, as Raysh Squire observed of boys. If Sibyl, whom he loved with an instinctive clinging affection almost as deep as his self-love, had been but a man. "But then," he reflected, "perhaps we should have wanted the same woman. That fatal sex would still have ruined all."

He had hitherto said that he would not live without Alice; now he found that he could not. Wealth, success, power, and position, things that he had yearned for and purposed to win by the strength of his intellect and energy, suddenly lost all value in themselves; without Alice they were no good.

"I must and I will have her," he muttered, while he dashed his pen fiercely into the ink-bottle, at the conclusion of his task.

His reflections were disturbed by the opening of the door; the not very usual sound of a lady's dress rustling over the matting was heard, and Mrs. Annesley met Gervase's fierce intense gaze with one of her seraphic smiles.

In an instant the young lawyer's glance fell, and changed to its every-day suavity as he rose with a smile, in which surprise and welcome were equally blended, to receive his unexpected visitor.

"You are doubtless surprised, Mr. Rickman," she said, taking the chair he placed for her, "that I should visit you instead of sending for you as usual. I have a reason."

"That is of course," replied Gervase. "You know I am always at your service at any moment."

"I thought your country clients would scarcely have arrived at this early hour, and I might therefore seize the opportunity of calling on you on my way home from morning prayers without attracting attention at home. My beloved son, Gervase, is, I fear, in sad difficulties."

"Indeed," returned Gervase, with a look of surprised interest, while he moved a paper softly over Paul's note, "I am sorry for that."

"Is it possible," continued Mrs. Annesley, studying his face with an astonished air, that my dear boy has not consulted even you upon the subject?"

"My dear Mrs. Annesley," returned Gervase, laughing, "do you suppose that we lawyer's discuss our clients' affairs even to their nearest friends?"

"True," she replied, annoyed at herself. "I had forgotten Mr. Rickman for the moment, and was thinking of my young friend, Gervase. It is most probable that you know more of these unfortunate complications than I do, for my child, I can not tell why," she added, applying her handkerchief to her eyes, "has not honored me with his confidence. I feel this, Mr. Rickman, as only a sensitive and devoted woman can."

"Doubtless," he said, with courteous patience. "Hang the woman! why in the world does she come here plaguing me with her feelings?' he thought. "You have reason, then, to suppose that Paul is in difficulties of some kind upon which he has not consulted you?" he added.

"Doctor Annesley," she added, with severe dignity, "has incurred debts of honor, which he does not find himself in a position to discharge without serious inconvenience. I need scarcely tell you, Mr. Rickman, that my son's income is most insufficient for a young man of his birth and tastes. His professional success has not as yet been by any means proportioned to his talents and energy. His youth is against him. It naturally prejudices those who have every confidence in his skill. My son is proud; he prefers to make his own way, and no longer accepts an allowance from me, as you are aware. I honor his independence, but"—here she dropped her dignity, and suddenly becoming natural in a burst of real feeling—"I do think he might come to me in his trouble."

"I dare say," Gervase said, soothingly, while Mrs. Annesley daintily dried her tears, "that if he is as you think, hard up, he sees his way out of the scrape, and does not wish to worry you if he can possibly help himself."

"That is just what hurts me, Gervase," replied Mrs. Annesley, still oblivious of her dignity. "He might know that I would grudge him nothing. It is hard that a man of his birth and elegant manners should never indulge in the tastes and amusements natural to his age. And I am ready, as he might know, to incur any sacrifice to extricate him. I would rather live in a hovel than see my son unable to meet debts of honor."

"We all know what a devoted mother he has," said the politic Gervase. "I infer, then, that you wish to find him the money."

"Exactly, dear Gervase, with your accustomed penetration you go straight to the point."

"Well, then," said Gervase, glancing unobserved at his watch, "why don't you mortgage some of your house properly? That would be better than selling stock just now. How much does he want?"

"That, I believe, you are in a better position to say than I am," she replied, with a dry little smile.

Gervase also smiled, and said that the mortgage should be effected at once, since he knew where to find the money, and in a surprisingly short time he contrived to get the whole of Mrs. Annesley's wishes expressed, and learned that Paul was to be kept in doubt until the transaction was effected and the money in his mother's hands, when she intended to surprise him.

"Excellent young man," thought Mrs. Annesley, as she swept down the stairs and through the outer office, where the busy clerks inspired her with no more fellow-feeling than the sheep in the pens outside. "He has never given his mother a moment's anxiety. I suppose nothing would have induced him to run a horse unless he was quite sure of being able to pay the consequences. Quiet and prudent, the son of a mere physician, how different from my brilliant Paul! The blood of the Mowbrays is not in his veins." She forgot that Paul was not even the son of a physician, since Walter Annesley had been but a country doctor, whose untimely death had not improved his son's prospects.

She walked joyously home through the ever-thickening stream of vans and carts, considering what expenses she could cut down to meet the interest of the mortgage, really glad that a load of care would be lifted from Paul's heart, but anxious that he should acknowledge and admire her sacrifice; few things pleased her so much as to be considered a martyr; she was a woman who could not exist without a grievance.

She wondered how Heaven came to afflict her with such a son, though she knew very well that she would not have loved him half so well had he been steadier and less extravagant. Destiny had evidently made a mistake in setting a man of his mould to wield the lancet; perhaps that view had also occurred to Destiny, and resulted in the recent removal of Reginald Annesley from the Gledesworth succession.

(To be continued).



GENEROUS.

Mr. Gayboy—At last I am looking around for a wife.

Mr. Henpeckké—Take mine.

THE GEM-FAKERS CRAFT

MANY PRECIOUS STONES ARE EASILY IMITATED.

Spurious Rubies, Pearls, Sapphires and Emeralds Deceive the Most Expert.

I have been in the trade for over thirty years, said an expert jeweler recently, and yet I should not care to swear that the gem in that ring is an earth-born ruby. The stone indicated was one which, scintillating in its claw setting, was apparently a perfect specimen of the favorite gem.

A few years ago, continued the expert, we had no difficulty in instantly detecting an imitation or a faked ruby; but to-day, thanks to the application of science to the making of spurious gems, the closest microscopical examination will sometimes leave us in doubt. We are always able to speak definitely of the genuineness or otherwise of a diamond. Even if a paste brilliant presents every other quality of a diamond of the first water, the imitation never possesses the same degree of hardness as the genuine stone.

But in spite of their inability to successfully imitate the diamond the makers of spurious gems, who flourish chiefly in France and Germany, find an ample field for their operations. They are able to imitate the ruby, the pearl, the sapphire, and the emerald to such perfection that none but the most experienced and expert of judges are

ABLE TO DETECT THE FRAUD.

There are two methods of producing the spurious ruby; one is to make an imitation with a crystal as a basis, the other to fake, or practically remake, a defective stone. In making an imitation ruby, crystals of alumina, or a paste made of rock crystal, potassium, and arsenic, are colored by adding bichromate of potash; but the remade stones are produced by fusing defective rubies or particles of rubies, by means of intense heat, and then remodelling and cutting them into shape. Of course, the purchaser of a remade stone gets the genuine material, but not an earth-born stone.

In the making of spurious sapphires and emeralds the usual method is that of building up a "doublet" or a "triplet." The "doublet" is, as the name implies, made up of two parts. Sometimes the upper part, or crown, is a genuine stone, and is skilfully cemented to a base of crystal; while another practice is to use crystal for both crown and base, these being ground slightly hollow to receive coloring matter before they are cemented together. The "triplet" is formed with a crystal base and crown, and between the two is cemented a paste of the required tint.

Intense heat applied to a crystal is another method of producing an excellent imitation of an emerald, while the same medium is sometimes used for converting a yellow topaz into one of the more valuable pink variety, and for bleaching the sapphire until it almost defies detection

WHEN OFFERED AS A DIAMOND.

Perhaps the pearl receives more attention at the hands of the faker than does any other precious stone. The principal constituent in the most perfect imitation of a pearl is glass, this being treated with a beautiful silvery substance known as essence of Orient. The latter is obtained from the bleak and the ablet, two small classes of fish, and is a very expensive material; but mainly by its aid such wonderful imitations of the pearl have been produced as to deceive even the cleverest of experts.

But it is the "composite" ruby, such as I am suspicious this one is, which remains the most difficult of all spurious gems to detect; and so long as the present high value of the ruby is maintained there is certain to be an ever-increasing supply of those wonderful examples of the faker's art.

CAN SLEEP ANY TIME.

With Georges Clemenceau, the new French Premier, sleep is a mere matter of volition in which facility he resembles Gladstone and the great Napoleon. He drops off to sleep at any odd moment—in his carriage and even at meetings of the Cabinet when only routine matters are under consideration. This ability to go to sleep when and how he pleases is the secret of his tremendous ability as a worker. He learned English in England and speaks it perfectly though with reluctance, feeling that his accent is not exactly to his liking.

In France judges are not allowed to sum up, for fear of confusing the jury.

CHINESE QUEER TASTE.

"Almond Eyes" Use Seaweed for Purposes of Thickening Soup.

The Chinese will eat anything that comes out of the sea. All the fishes are good to their taste, and are caught with great skill. Seaweeds are used to thicken soups, gravies and puddings and are highly prized because they give a relishing flavor of salt, which is a luxury beyond the reach of most Chinese peasants.

Growing between the high and low watermarks on the Japanese coasts is a mud-worm called Sabella. It occupies a hard slimy tube of its own making, and gets its own food when the tide comes up over its hiding place by thrusting out a head bushy with tentacles, and sucking in currents of water loaded with minute particles of nutriment. Out of this wriggling creature the shore people meke a soup, which is said to taste as badly as it smells.

Maud: "No; I cannot marry you." Percy (savagely): "Oh, well, there are others just as good." Maud: "Better; I accepted one of them yesterday."

Girlhood and *Scott's Emulsion* are linked together.

The girl who takes *Scott's Emulsion* has plenty of rich, red blood; she is plump, active and energetic.

The reason is that at a period when a girl's digestion is weak, *Scott's Emulsion* provides her with powerful nourishment in easily digested form.

It is a food that builds and keeps up a girl's strength.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

PORT ARTHUR OF TO-DAY

BRITISH NAVAL OFFICERS VISIT THE FAMOUS FORTRESS.

Remains of Admiral Togo's Blocking Fleet — Buildings of the New Town.

While the British squadron, consisting of the King Alfred, Kent and Diadem, were at Dalny (or, as it is now called, Tairen) the authorities at Port Arthur very kindly offered to show any officers of the fleet around the forts and defences at the latter place.

It was not an opportunity to be missed, and the majority of officers went.

We left Dalny, writes one of these in the London Daily Mail, in destroyers and torpedo boats at about 6 a.m., arriving at Port Arthur at 9 o'clock. As one looks at Port Arthur from the sea one sees the high Golden Hill forts on the right and the Tiger's Tail on the left of the entrance. Both were very heavily armed.

The remains of Admiral Togo's blocking ships are still visible, but the Japanese are hard at work removing them, as they restrict the fairway. There is one ashore under the Tiger's Tail about twenty yards from the land. Her bows are out of the water, and her stern awash. There are two others, with their masts visible, to starboard of the fairway, looking from seaward. Two more are ashore at the foot of the Golden Hill, the western one of which was the gallant Commander Hirose's ship. There are still two more a good way to the eastward of the two latter.

The passage is very tortuous and involves several abrupt turns. It was not easy, even in a destroyer.

Directly we landed we were met by Japanese officers, who put us into droskys driven by Chinamen, our first destination being 203 Metre Hill.

THE NEW TOWN OF PORT ARTHUR

is magnificently laid out, and some of the buildings are particularly fine. The houses for the most part are small villas, exactly like those in England. The signs of the heavy shell fire are still distinctly visible, and the Japanese have apparently taken no trouble to repair anything as yet. Not many of the houses had been hit, as the firing had been principally directed at the ships. All buildings which had been struck showed, however, tremendous holes, that must have been caused by the 11 inch howitzer projectiles.

We saw the Gilyak, the sunken Russian gunboat. She is still sunk in the western basin and rests on her starboard bilge, with her bows toward the shore. She is evidently not worth salving.

There seems to be a large amount of rolling stock in the railway station. I saw about six locomotives of the American cowcatcher type not damaged at all, but in a very advanced state of rust.

It took us about one and a quarter hours to drive out to the foot of 203 Metre Hill. The road is abominable in parts, with deep ruts, evidently caused by the passage of heavy artillery. We climbed up the hill, the opposite slope to which the Japanese attacked. Even here there were trenches. From the top one gets a splendid view of Port Arthur, and as it is the highest hill hereabouts and commands the harbor, town and dockyard, one can see what a necessity it was for the Japanese to have captured it. The hill itself has two hummocks on its summit, with a plateau about a hundred feet long dividing the two.

The hummock on the western side is slightly higher than the other, and was the position first captured. Our guides told us that the Japanese took three days after capturing this hummock before they finally drove the Russians off the hill. The northern face of the hill is covered with trenches and, lower down, the remains of

THE JAPANESE ZIGZAG SAPS.

These latter are, however, mostly filled in. There is a circular trench running around each hummock and two more Russian trenches running right across the northern slope. One is about twenty yards from the summit and the other about ten yards below it. These have been partly filled in.

The Japanese trench is about thirty yards down the hill from this one, and the zigzag saps lead from this right down to the valley below and up the opposite hill, which is roughly 700 to 800 yards from 203 Metre Hill itself. The remains of the sandbags can still be seen. The whole face of the hill is deeply pitted and scored with shell craters, and the yellow splashes caused by the bursting of the shells are still plainly visible. Practically every boulder is splashed with bullet marks. In the remains of the trenches one can still see bits of old leather belts, uniforms, &c. Cartridge cases and clips bespatter the whole hillside, and the human remains are very numerous. I saw one skull with a bullet hole through it.

Hand grenades are still to be found. They consist of a bit of wrought iron piping, sealed and provided with a small bit of fuse. They were filled with dynamite or any other explosive that was procurable. They are still said to be very dangerous.

We spent a long time on the hill, but at about 11.30 our hosts collected us, and we made tracks for our droskys and drove back into Port Arthur the same way as we had come. The Japanese Admiral had very kindly provided lunch in his official residence, which had originally been Admiral Alexieff's house. It is a magnificent building, and inside there are marble stoves, painted ceilings, etc. We had lunch in what must have been the ballroom, as it had a parquet floor with large windows. The Russians apparently left everything behind them, even to the silver ash trays with the Admiralty crest on them.

After lunch, which we hurried through, we went on to the museum, which is full of war relics. They had evidently, among other things, come across an outfitters' shop, and they had apparently removed all the stock in trade bodily to the museum. There were a lot of brand new officers' uniforms, but they were not even in glass cases, so that they will be ruined in about six months. We saw all sorts of Russian rifles, and they appear to have had

A VERY VARIED ASSORTMENT.

I saw their ordinary "three line rifle," Mauser, Mannlicher straight pull, Winchester, Martini-Henry, Lee-Enfield, and several other kinds whose names I don't know.

We saw numbers of the bullet proof shields which were used at close quarters. They are made of steel and about half an inch thick. They are roughly, the shape of a man, and as they had straps for the arms they were evidently worn while advancing. All of them had been hit, but in no case did I see a hole. The bamboo mortars used for firing shells into the enemy's trenches at short ranges were very interesting.

There was also an ingenious home-made machine gun, made of six rifles secured horizontally and worked by a system of levers which fired them all off together.

After the museum we went on to Er-Lung-Shan Fort, which was one of the permanent forts. The hill it stands on is 270 feet high, and it is about four miles our from Port Arthur, along the main road. The fort itself is quite unrecognizable as a fort and looks like a heap of stones and brickwork. The Japanese mined to get into it, and the defence was very stubborn. The fort itself is still full of cartridge boxes, provision tins, etc., and outside on the glacis can still be seen the remains of the wire entanglements used by the defenders. Er-Lung-Shan was practically the last position captured before the fall of the fortress.

Sung-Shu-Shan, the next and only other fort we had time to visit, stands on a high hill opposite to Er-Lung-Shan. Here again the fort looked like a tumbled mass of masonry. The Japanese had even more opposition here than at Er-Lung-Shan and their casualties were enormous. The Russians were at one time firing point blank at forty feet range into the openings of the Japanese shafts in the counterscrap. The remains of the wire entanglements are still to be seen, as are bits of the electric wire through which a strong current was passed and by which many of the attacking forces are supposed to have been killed.

The impressions gained by visiting the scenes of this terrible fighting only tend to strengthen the honor due to the brave Japanese army.

STRIKING IT RICH.

Mr. Whitmarsh Tells of His Experience in Australia.

Tales of treasure-finding always possess a fascination for all classes of readers. Even the mature mind seldom loses its delight in such stories. Mr. Whitmarsh, in his "The World's Rough Hand," describes his own experiences as a fortune-hunter. At the time of which he writes he was a young fellow, and with his older and more experienced partner, Sam, was in Australia seeking for gold.

We had just finished our midday meal. Early in the morning I had crossed an old track leading to some deserted workings near by, and on it had picked up a piece of honeycomb mineral which I could not place. I thought of it now and tossed it over to Sam, saying, "Here's a curious bit of stuff I found. It looks like volcanic."

Sam laughed.

"I don't wonder it puzzled you, sonny," he said. "It's a bit of coke, dropped from a wagon, probably."

He threw it back at me and I carelessly began to pound it between two bits of rock. Suddenly one of the stones split; the fracture was hollow, containing grape-like clusters of dark green.

"Well, here's something new, anyway," I said.

Sam's face changed as he looked at the stone. He tried the green substance with his knife. It cut like wax.

"Chlorid silver!" he cried. "Where did you find it?"

I showed him the exact spot, and he wildly scrambled round on his hands and knees. No stone like it was to be found.

"It doesn't belong here," asserted Sam. "Being round, it rolled down the hill, and it may have rolled a long way."

"It couldn't have come far," said I, pointing to a thick scrub growth.

"That's nothing. The scrub is perhaps fifty year old, while the stone may have been working down for fifty thousand years. We'll look up the hill."

We took a direct line toward the summit of the range. Near a small hill with a black, uneven crest we found some more of the peculiar round stones.

"Yonder's our pile, lad," said Sam.

The crest of the small proved to be the source of rich specimen. A few moments' work with the pick laid bare a seam of ore seven feet in width. As long as I live I shall never forget the excitement and crazy joy that I felt.

We had not taken a miner's right and could not legally peg out a claim. Sam left me to guard our find and started for town. That afternoon was a gloriously happy one. I stretched myself out at full length, pulled my hat over my eyes and built air-castles. In less than four hours Sam returned. He had walked ten miles, taken out a miner's right and procured some tools. Our claim was safe.

WHERE SUNDAY IS MONDAY.

Manila is one of the most important ports in the Philippine Islands, but, strange to say, is one day behind all other places of its size in the world. This curious fact is accounted for in this way. Although the Philippine Islands lie near the Asiatic coast, they were discovered by Spaniards who sailed from America. When they crossed the magic line where Sunday changes into Monday these fiery dons of proud Castilian ancestors did not revise their calendar. When told of this years later, and informed that their mode of reckoning time was not up to modern notions, they merely said that was so much the worse for modern notions. Anyhow, the fact remains that these islanders keep plodding along one day behind the rest of the world, which reckons time by new style.

WAITERS AS ANARCHISTS

THEY ARE URGED TO WORK LESS IN OLD LONDON.

Result of Bomb Outrage in Madrid Has Been Shortage of Foreign Workmen.

Since the bomb outrage during the wedding procession of the King and Queen of Spain, there has been a great shortage of foreign waiters in London. They are rapidly imbibing anarchistic and socialistic doctrines, and refuse to work as they did in the past.

It appears that during the past few years they have formed clubs for recreation after work hours; but in the last few weeks they have rapidly changed from purely social to anarchistic clubs. Anarchists from abroad have arrived to preach the doctrine of Socialism, urging them to work less.

"Formerly waiters paid for their tables in a restaurant, paid for their clean linen, and were willing to work long hours," said the proprietor of a well-known London resturant to a press representative. "Now we have even to supply them with their clean collars and shirts. In only a few cases do they pay for their tables, and they will only work short hours, and insist on having the restaurant cleared up by special sweepers instead of doing it themselves.

BECOME BAD WAITERS.

"They are developing into a race of bad waiters. In my day we served an apprenticeship of three years. At the end of this we knew our trade, and could tell at a glance what our clients required without being asked for it. Now you have to ask a waiter for everything you want—and even then he often forgets. He does not know his business. He refuses to serve for three years, expecting to serve as a fully qualified waiter directly he gets a smattering of English.

"His Socialistic tendencies of the last few weeks have made him insubordinate and rude, not only to proprietors, but also to our customers. If you dismiss him he immediately obtains a berth at some other restaurant, so great is the demand. He brags of this to your face.

NO REFERENCES.

"Formerly, before engaging waiters, they had to produce the highest references. None are now called for. The result is we are forced to engage men who prove to be dishonest.

"Hotel proprietors abroad are also experiencing this, and are forming an association in which every proprietor sends the name and full description of any dishonest waiter in his employ to the other members of the association, warning them not to engage him. The association started in Switzerland, and has spread to France and Germany. Soon we shall have to the same thing in England."

UMBRELLA AND SHOES.

Their Importance in the Eyes of the Indian Native.

India is so vast that different etiquettes prevail in different districts, says the Civil and Military Gazette. We have no standard etiquette, no standard dress. We mostly copy European etiquette while with Europeans. Even a Bengali shakes hands with a Bengali, speaks in English for a few minutes, and then breaks forth into the vernacular! We shake hands with a European on parting, but by mistake again touch the hand to the brow in a salaam; so we both shake hands, salaam and do the like; and no sober-minded European ever cared for the anomaly.

The umbrella is the emblem of royalty, the sign of a Rajah. So natives generally fold their umbrellas before a Rajah, and not before anybody else, however great. It is not a part of the dress, but a protection from the rain or sun, a necessary appendange, just like the watch and chain. You might as well ask a European to take off his waterproof coat. A coolie is not bound to fold his umbrella when a Brigadier-General rides past. But a menial generally closes down the umbrella on seeing his master, whom he considers his "king." But no Indian, however humble, ought to fold up the umbrella, even before a magistrate, because he is neither the master of the humble passerby nor his superior officer, nor is he bound to salaam him. But if he does, no harm. In a word, natives generally fold the umbrella before a master or a superior officer, and not any other citizen, however great—and this is no insult.

While going to see a native chief in his palace the native visitor or official takes off his shoes if the reception room has a farash and the Rajah is siting on his musnud. But if he is received in the drawing-room, furnished after the European style, the shoes are allowed. In some states no natives can go to a Rajah without a pugree. In others the pugree is taken off and tossed at the feet of the Rajah.

It is ridiculous in a European (from the Hindu point of view) to order a native to take off his shoes. This is what we ask our priest to do, so that we may touch the dust of his feet. A Munshi when mildly rebuked by his Sahib took off his shoes, but recounted the whole scene to his better half, saying: "Sala hamara gor ka gurda lenay magtna!" (The brother-in-law wants the dust of my feet.)

$4,600 FOR SINGLE SERMON.

Perhaps the highest price for a single sermon goes every year to a German preacher, who receives $4,600 for his effort. This high figure is obtained in a curious way. As long ago as 1690 a wealthy French baron named Favart, who lived in Elberfeld, died, and bequeathed his money to the Protestant church there, on the condition that is should be invested and the interest given annually to some clergyman, chosen haphazard from those holding the poorest livings in the see, on condition that he preached a short sermon extolling the good deeds of the dead baron. The sermon is generally delivered after the regular morning service on the first Sunday in June, and lasts half an hour.

THRILLING EXPERIENCES

SOME WILD ANIMALS WHICH CANNOT BE TAMED.

A Trainer Tells of His Experiences With the Fierce and Untamable Jaguar.

Jaguars, said the trainer of big cats to the writer recently, are the fiercest, most vindictive, and untamable of all four-footed beasts. Some folks say that the black panther runs them pretty close, but to my mind he's a saint compared with a real forest-bred South American jaguar. They are cruel even to their own species, and I can give you one instance which will prove my words. just as fierce and untamed as on the day that first saw him made a captive.

Dr. Hornaday, the director of the Zoological Gardens, took particular notice of the jaguar (Rip by name), and, thinking he appeared somewhat lonely, so interested a New York millionaire that the rich man communicated with some big dealer and succeeded in purchasing a lady jaguar for the purpose of sweetening the temper of Rip. After a certain time the animal arrived,

A MAGNIFICENT CREATURE,

which would have made a furrier's eyes bulge with delight.

After due consideration Dr. Hornaday decided to put the cages of the two animals close together at first, so that they might become acquainted on the next-door-neighbor plan. as it were, before the formal introduction was made. By doing so Elizabeth, as the new arrival was christened, enjoyed about three days more of life than would otherwise have been the case.

Apparently Rip was much pleased with the new arrival, and showed no animosity at all; but this was only another of his wiles, as you shall hear. On the third day the barrier between the two cages was removed, and Elizabeth entered her new home. Rip immediately ran to the farther corner of his den, measured his distance, crouched, and then with a mighty spring landed on Elizabeth's back. No sound was uttered, but the fierce brute's teeth bit through his visitor's spine, and in less than a minute she was dead. Then Rip released his hold, returned to his favorite point of vantage, and glared sullenly at the petrified keepers who had witnessed the dastardly murder. No further experiments in providing Rip with a mate were attempted, and the creature is now spending his days in

A STATE OF LONELY FEROCITY.

I have been, perhaps, more successful in the training of jaguars than many who have attempted the almost impossible task, and on one occasion only have I met with a serious accident. It was in the country, where we were holding a one-night show. The weather had been anything but pleasant, and somehow or other the rain had found its way into the jaguar's cage. Probably it was due to this fact that Tom, as I called him, was in a worse temper than usual.

Anyway, when I entered the cage at nine o'clock and proceeded to put him through his performance he was so slow in his movements that I cracked the whip more energetically than was my custom. This apparently, was the last straw, and watching his opportunity Tom made a spring and landed with his teeth farther in my shoulder than was exactly pleasant. In a twinkling I thrust the butt end of my whip, which is furnished with a pretty substantial spike, into his side, and with a roar he let go and retreated. I thrashed him until I was exhausted, and then left him sulking in a corner. I was not dangerously injured, and the next time we met, which was a fortnight later, Tom had apparently forgotten the incident. I was never, however, very sure of him, and cannot say that he was ever really tamed.

To give the jaguar his due, when once he has become accustomed to you and realizes that you are his master, he will show a certain regard for your good opinion, and even

YOUR PERSONAL SAFETY.

Two years ago I was training a female jaguar named Venus, and that she subsequently saved my life is unquestionable. This is how it happened.

I had been instructing a Bengal tigress to do certain tricks with the jaguar, and apparently the two got on very well together, when one night the former exhibited a good deal of vindictive temper for which I could find no reason. I was wondering what had ruffled her, when my attention wandered for an instant, and like a flash the tigress sprang and knocked me clean on my back. Her great paws were on my chest and her muzzle at my throat when, with a snarl of pain, she swung round and left me.

I was on my feet in an instant, supposing that some of the men had entered; but no, my deliverer was Venus, who lay behind the tigress quietly chewing the brute's hind leg. I left the cage at once, knowing that the animals would have it out between them, and so they did. They tore at one another's throats, the fur flew. blood began to run, and the death of one or both would undoubtedly taken place had not several of us rushed in and succeeded in beating them apart. We never put the animals together again, as they would have remembered the quarrel and probably, at the first opportunity, fought to the death.

THE HEAVIEST HELMET.

The British soldier wears the heaviest helmet in the world, for his headgear weighs no less than 18 ounces, while that of the Prussian infantryman is only a trifle over 14 ounces and that of the Italian just under 12 ounces. The forage-caps of both France and Russia weigh less than 8 ounces, while that of Japan is the lightest of all, as it turns the scale at a little over 4 ounces.

If the Lord had loved us less He would have let us live without labor.

When No. 270 Ran Away.

"The 270 was sure the village cutup of those class B engines," said the fat engineer. "That was back in the days of the jimmy coal cars 'n' handbrakes.

"I was runnin' extra at the time, not havin' been assigned to a regular engine yet. Hen Morris, an easy-goin' fellow, was the regular man on the 270, 'n' I always contended that he was too easy with her. Engines are just like hosses, you've got to let 'em know who's master.

"One night Hen Morris was taken sick 'n' I was called to take his run out, 'n' we were hardly started through the freight yards before she started up her tactics with me. I just talked to her like a Dutch uncle.

"'Now, look here, you old scallywag,' I says, 'you're dealin' with no spring chicken this trip. You just get down to business or I'll pound the life out of you.'

"An' suitin' the action to the word, I dropped her down in the corner 'n' put it to her for all I was worth. However, she didn't do any extra work 'n' lagged 'n' hung back all the way.

"'Well,' I says to myself, 'when we get goin' down Pine Hill I'll just keep the throttle open awhile 'n' make her go. The weight of this train behind us will make her perk up a bit.'

"Accordin'ly, when we went over the pitch at the top of Pine Hill I just left her wide open 'n' kep' the steam on full head till we were flyin' down by Copper's Crossin'. Then I thought I'd better shut off, as the 270 would get a pretty lively clip down the hill now 'n' I had no hankerin' for goin' down the bank owin' to exceedin' the speed limit on the grade.

"So I shoved the throttle in to shut off the steam. Imagine how I felt when the 270 kep' right on exhaustin' just as if the speed was all to her likin'.

"Somethin' had gone wrong in her steampipe somewhere inside 'n' the valve didn't shut her off. So the 270 had taken the bit in her teeth 'n' was goin' to see how I liked ridin' fast.

"Here was a pretty predicament. My engine goin' down Pine Hill under a full head of steam with a heavy freight train behind her. It wouldn't have been so bad if I had not known that Ras Cole was only about five minutes ahead of me with a train of coal jimmies.

"I attempted to put the reverse lever in the back motion, but the steam was on such a full head that I couldn't budge the thing. Then I gave the high sign on my whistle several times to let Ras Cole know I was comin' down the hill out of control 'n' it would be wise for him to shake a leg or he'd get spifli cated.

"In an almost incredible time we swung around by the Gate station 'n' what I saw ahead made me wilt like a fat man's collar on a hot day. Not more than a quarter of a mile ahead of us was Ras Cole's train. Maybe that little caboose of his didn't look as big as a summer boardin' house.

"Ras had heard my warnin' whistle 'n' was doin' his best. He was gainin' headway, but he wasn't in our class. I could figure out that we would just about meet up with his caboose around the ten degree curve below the Gate.

"Ras's train was now goin' at a terrific speed, too, 'n' it was a question whether either train would keep the rails goin' 'roun' the sharp curve. I could almost reach the tail lights on that caboose ahead. In a second I thought we would be into them 'n' I would be rollin' down the embankment amidst the wreckage of twisted iron, coal 'n' miscellaneous freight.

"Then came an awful crash 'n' I thought I could feel my engine goin' down the bank. The old 270 had got me 'n' got me good. But my engine kep' goin' 'n' I could tell by the lurchin' that she was takin' the curve all right 'n' true.

"I opened my eyes. The red lights of the caboose had disappeared. In the ravine below me I could hear a crashin', rollin' sound 'n' see dark shapes tumblin' down.

"I realized what had happened. The excessive speed at which the train ahead had taken the curve caused the last fifteen or twenty jimmies to jump the track clean, takin' the caboose with them, just like a string of boys playin' snap the whip. Thus when we straightened out on the curve Ras's train, by losin' those fifteen cars, had left that much space between me 'n' death.

"The train ahead was movin' at equal speed with me now, 'n' would probably keep the fifteen cars' distance between us. Under her full head of steam my engine was leapin' 'n' boundin' over the rails, 'n' when she settled back from an extra severe jolt she stopped exhaustin'.

"The terrific jar had shaken the valve back on its seat again 'n' shut off the flow of steam. My heart resumed its normal beatin', as we were 'most down the hill now, 'n' I soon had her under control.

"They pulled 270 in the shops after that run, 'n' she never came out again, —leastwise unless they changed her number."

NO DANGER.

Although Mr. Hobbs was taken at his face value by his son and heir, there were times when the youthful William's admiring tributes embarrassed his parent in the family group.

"I had quite an encounter as I came home to-night," the valorous Mr. Hobbs announced at the tea-table. "Two men, slightly intoxicated, were having a quarrel on the corner. As usual, there was no policeman in sight, and they were in a fair way to knock each other's brains out when I stepped between and separated them."

"Weren't you afraid, father?" asked Mrs. Hobbs, in a quavering voice.

"No, indeed, why should I be?" inquired Mr. Hobbs, inflating his chest.

"I guess there isn't anybody could knock any brains out of my father!" said Willy, proudly.

An average woman judges the worth of a painting by the beauty of the frame.

DRS. M. & W. A. BROWN,
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This hotel has lately been renovated and is in a position to cater to the traveling public.
Always in stock the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

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DRAUGHTSMAN, Land Surveyer, and Civil Engineer, Estimates and reports made on bridge work, waterworks and sewerage construction. Special attention given to drainage. Office in Fulton Block.

WINCHESTER
Marble and Granite WORKS.
Constantly on hand both Marble and Granite Monuments of the latest Designs and Best Quality.
We import Granite direct from Aberdeen, Scotland, and can give customers work at Astonishingly Low Prices.
A call will convince you that this is the place to purchase anything in the Headstone line.
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Farmers Insurance Companies
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GRENVILLE PATRON MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company
Insures farm property against loss or damage by fire or lightning.
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WORSHIPPED AS DEITIES.

Snakes, the objects of terror to most Europeans in Eastern lands, are worshipped in many parts of India. In some districts there are from 15,000 to 20,000 shrines dedicated exclusively to the worship of snakes. These shrines, which are invariably in honor of one of the minor divinities of the country, possess, in some instances, valuable properties for their maintenance and for the cost of the numerous ceremonies which their keepers have to perform. In these shrines the Hindus set up fantastic idols of serpents. The devotees of this strange religion make periodical offerings of dough and milk and cooked rice to the serpents living in the shrine in order to receive their favor.

A NATURAL LAUNDRY.

Near Ashcroft, in British Columbia, are a number of small lakes, whose shores and bottoms are covered with a crust containing borax and soda in such quantities and proportions that when cut out it serves as a washing compound. The crust is cut into blocks and handled in the same manner as ice, and it is estimated that one of the lakes contains 20,000 tons of this material.

THE KAISER'S SERVANTS.

The German Emperor has more servants in his employ than any other monarch. Altogether they number over 2,000, about two-thirds of them being women.

—THE—
CHESTERVILLE RECORD
——PUBLISHED——
EVERY THURSDAY,
T. T. SHAW.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
$1 per year in Advance
$1.25 IF NOT SO PAID.

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All advertisments measured by the scale of solid nompareil, 12 lines to the inch.
Advertisments without special directions will be inserted tillforbid and charged accordingly.

FOUR NEW SENATORS.

Messrs. Ross, Beith, Costigan and Gilmour.

Ottawa, January 13—Four of the vacant senatorships were filled at yesterday's meeting of the Cabinet. The new appointees are Hon. G. W. Ross, Robert Beith, of Bowmanville, ex M.P. for West Durham; Hon. John Costigau and Daniel Gilmour, of Charlotte county, New Brunswick.

Hon. G. W. Ross was the representative of West Middlesex from 1872 to 1883, when he entered Ontario provincial politics, and since that time he has sat continuously in the Legislature. He now returns to the federal arena.

Mr. Beith sat in Parliament for several sessions, but at the last general election; after the county of Durham had been made a single member constituency, he stood aside for Mr. Aylesworth. The latter, it will be recalled, was then defeated by Colonel Ward by 149 majority, and now sits for North York. Mr. Beith is one of the leading horse breeders of the Dominion.

Hon. Mr. Costigan has represented Victoria county, N.B, continuously in the Commons since Confederation. At the last election he had a majority of 1,188. It is probable that the Liberal nomination in Victoria will be given to Hon. A. G. Blair.

Mr. Gilmour, the other appointee from New Brunswick was the opponent in 1904 of Mr. Gaugong, M.P., who defeated him by 254 majority.

Minister Speaks to Mothers

Tells His Wife's Experience for the Sake of Other Sufferers.

The following letter has been sent to Dr. T. A. Slocum, Ltd., for publication.

Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited :—Dear Sirs: Within the last two years my wife (who is of a delicate constitution) has had two severe attacks of la grippe, both of which have been speedily corrected by the use of Psychine. We have such faith in the efficiency of your remedies that as a family we use no other. For toning up a debilitated system, however run down, restoring to healthy action the heart and lungs, and as a specific for all wasting diseases, your Psychine and Oxomulsion are simply peerless. Yours sincerely, Rev. J. J. Rice, 51 Walker Avenue, Toronto.

PSYCHINE, Pronounced Si-keen, is a scientific preparation, having wonderful tonic properties acting directly upon the Stomach, Blood and weak organs of the body, quickly restoring them to strong and healthy action. It is especially adapted for people who are run down from any cause, especially Coughs, Colds, Catarrh, LaGrippe, Pneumonia, Consumption and all stomach or organic troubles. It has no substitute.

PSYCHINE
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There is no other remedy "Just as Good" as PSYCHINE.

Dr. Root's Kidney Pills are a sure and permanent cure for Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, Pain in the Back and all forms of Kidney Trouble. 25c per box, at all dealers.

Auction Sale
—OF—
Valuable Farm Property
—IN THE—
Township of Finch.

There will be Offered for Sale by Public Auction
—ON—
Wednesday, February 6th, 1907
At 12 o'Clock, Noon,
At Queenville's Hotel,
—IN THE—
VILLAGE of CRYSLER

Under power of sale in a certain mortgage which will be produced at the sale, the following property:—

The southerly 38 acres of that part of Lot 11, in the 8th Concession of the Township of Finch, containing 50 acres lying north of the Petite Nation River, more particularly described in posters.

And also the South Half of the North Half of Lot 10, in the 8th Concession of the said Township of Finch, containing 50 acres more or less.

The following improvements are said to be on the property:—About 75 acres under cultivation, log dwelling boarded, with frame kitchen, wood shed, barn, drive house, stable, granary and hen house, also frame ice house and old stone dwelling.

TERMS:—10 per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale. For balance terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONES & LEONARD,
Solicitors, 18 Toronto St., Toronto.
or to
JAMES A. COCKBURN,
Crysler, Ont.

Village Council.

The first meeting of the municipal council of the Village of Chesterville for year 1907, was held in the Town Hall on Monday, at 11 o'clock a.m.

Reeve Huxtable and councillors Zufelt, Chambers, Fulton and Robinson subscribed to their declaration of office.

Moved by L. A. Zufelt, seconded by Charles Chambers, that Mr. W. J. Nash be appointed clerk for the ensuing year at a salary of $50.00.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—C. Robinson—That W. R. Fulton and Chas. Chambers be street commissioners for ensuing year.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—C. Robinson—That this council do now adjourn until 8 o'clock, p. m.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—C. Robinson—That Dr. W. A. Brown and C. B. Rae be appointed auditors at a salary of $5 each.—Carried.

C. Robinson—Charles Chambers—That H. P. D. Evans be re-appointed on the Public Library Board for three years.—Carried.

W. R. Fulton—L. A. Zufelt—That G. W. Bogart be appointed member board of health for 3 years.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—W. R. Fulton—That Ebenezer Merkley be appointed assessor and collector for ensuing year at a salary of $60.00.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—C. Robinson—That Lyman Smith be appointed sanitary inspector for ensuing year at a salary of $7.—Carried.

W. R. Fulton—C. Robinson—That Robert Valley be appointed poundkeeper for ensuing year.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—C. Robinson—That Geo. Barkley, Hugh Smith and Jas. Gibbons be appointed fence viewers for ensuing year.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—C. Robinson—That Francis Shirkey be appointed caretaker of hall for ensuing year at salary of $20 00 —Carried.

W. R. Fulton—L. A. Zufelt—That Geo. Heagle be appointed road superintendent for ensuing year at 15c an hour when employed.—Carried.

C. Robinson—Charles Chambers—That Eli Hopper be appointed road superintendent for ensuing year at 15c per hour while employed on roads or sidewalks.—Lost.

L. A. Zufelt—Charles Chambers—That the reeve seek legal advice in regard to the assessment of the machine companies doing business in Chesterville.—

L. A. Zufelt—Charles Chambers—That the clerk be instructed to subscribe for the Municipal World for one year.—Carried.

C. Robinson—L. A. Zufelt—That by-law No. 162 for the appointment of officers for 1907 be read a first time.—Carried.

W. R Fulton—C. Robinson—That by-law No. 162 be read a second and third time, passed, signed and sealed.—Carried.

Charles Chambers—L. A. Zufelt—That Charles Kavanagh be appointed treasurer at a salary of $15, and he to furnish his own bonds.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—C. Robinson—That the clerk get quotations for road roller and road planer.—Carried.

W. R. Fulton—Charles Chambers—That L. A. Zufelt and C. Robinson be appointed to look after band instruments.—Carried.

L. A. Zufelt—W. R. Fulton—That this council do now adjourn to meet at next regular meeting or at call of reeve.—Carried.

A Perfect Bowel Laxative for constipation, sallow complexion, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, coated tonge, biliousness. Lax-ets act promptly, without pain or griping. Pleasant to take,—Laxets,—5 cents and 25 cents. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

Annual Meeting.

The Colquhuon Presbyterian Congregation held its annual meeting in the church, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 9. The pastor Rev. George Mason in the chair. The reports showed every department free from debt and substantial working balance on hand.

A special feature of the meeting was the amonnt contributed in various ways to mission purposes. Including the regular contributions to the schemes of the church, the amount raised by the W. F. M. S, and special work supported by indiyidual members, two hundred and seventy dollars were contributed by the congregation to mission purposes.

When the officers for the ensuing year had been elected, all joined in social conversation over the refreshments served by the ladies. Printed reports will be distributed in the congregation later.

Robinson—Annable.

A very happy event took place at the residence of Mr. Ira Annable near Winchester, on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 9th, when his eldest daughter, Christie May, was united in marriage to Mr. Jas. E. Robinson of Mountain. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Winters in the presence of the immediate friends and relatives. The bridal party took their places to the strains of the wedding march played by Miss Kate Irving. The bride was becomingly attired in white silk, while Miss Eva Annable, sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and wore a dainty dress of cream silk mohair. Mr. Robert Storey performed the duties of groomsman. After the ceremony and usual congratulations refreshments were served. The going away costume was of grey cloth with hat to match. Many beautiful presents attested the esteem in which the bride was held by her many friends. The groom's gift to the bride was a gold watch, to the bridesmaid a gold locket and chain, and to the groomsman a pair of gold cuff links. The happy couple left on the evening train for Toronto. Their many friends join in wishing the young couple a long and happy life.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETIES.

Finch Township.

There was a fairly large attendance at the annual meeting of the Finch Township Agricultural Society, held in the town hall, Berwick, on Wednesday. The president, Morris Servage, was in the chair. The report of the auditors showed the society's finances to be in a satisfactory condition, and the new board of directors intend making a great effort to make the fall fair of 1907 a record breaker.

The following officers were elected.;—
President—Peter Ouderkirk.
First Vice President—Simon Hutt.
Second Vice President—Isiah Ouderkirk.
Secretary—Murdock McQueen.
Directors—Felix Beehler, Jonas Rutley, Alexander McMonagle, Frank Evans E. Aube, John McKillop, D. N. McLean John McDonald and Donald McPherson.

Roxborough Township.

The annual meeting of the Roxborborough Agricultural Socitey was held at Beaver Hall, Avonmore, on Wednesday. The auditors' report showed the total receipts to be $937 91, expenditure, $650.86 balance in treasurer's hands, $287.02

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year;—
President—William T. Montgomery.
First Vice President—R W. Duff.
Second Vice-President—Daniel Blair.
Secretary—Hugh McDairmid.
Directors—Felix McLaughlin, D. H. McDairmid, Sherman Hough, Alex Barker, John Cummings, William Eamer, John McLeod, Archie A. McMillan and Pailip McDonald.
Auditors—John H. Wert and S. E. Shaver.

The fall exhibition will be held on Sept. 25 and 26.

Osnabruck Township.

The annual meeting of the Osnabruck Township Agricultural Society was held at the Township Hall, Osnabruck Centre, on Wednesday. The following list of officers were elected for the year 1907;—
President—Fred Ransom.
Vice-President—Orton Rombough.
Directors—William Bredin, Bruce Stuart, Charles Stubbs, Colborne Markell, J. R. Morgan, Albert Hodgins, Sam Moak, John R. Morgan and A. T. Shaver.
Auditors—A. S. Wylie and H. A. Morgan.
Secretary-Treasurer—R. Vallance.

Mountain Township.

At the annual meeting of the Mountain Agricultural Society on the 9th inst.. the following officers were elected for the current year.—
President—A. Redmond.
1st. Vice-President—R. Johnson.
2nd, Vice-President—J. S, Anderson.
Directors—Jas. McGee, Jas. Morrison, Wm. Timmons, R. McConnell, Wm. Shaver, H. Marquette, W. S. Merrill, Herb. Walter, Robt. Mulholland and H. McIntyre.

It was resolved to make South Mountain the headquarters of the society, and the name to be, "The Mountain Agricultural society." R. Boyd and Dr. Boyd were appointed auditors. The dates of the next fair will be Sept. 12th and 13th. 1907. Mr. Kavanaugh wasappointed a delegate to attend the meeting of Ontario Association of Fairs, at Toronto, on Feb. 20th and 21st.

To stop a cold with "Preventics" is safer to let it run and cure it aftewards. Taken at the "sneeze stage." Preventics will head off all colds and Grippe, and perhaps save you from bronchitis. Preventics will head off all colds or grippe, and perhaps save you from pnuemonia or bronchitis. Preventics are little toothsome candy cold cure tablets selling in 5 cent and 25c boxes. If you are chilly, if you begin to sneeze, try preventics. They will surely check the cold, and please you. Sold by Walter G. Bolster.

To the Editor of the Chesterville Record:

Dear Sir;—I wish to call attention to the error of the Winchester Press of last week re the majority for the Local Option by law which was voted on in that village Jan. 7th inst. in connection with the Municipal Election.

The total vote polled was 281; for the by-law 198, against it 83.

The law requires 60% of the votes polled. The number (83) against by-law would require only 125 to carry it or 60 p. c. of 208, and there being 198 in favor of it would therefore give a majority of 73, or in other words if 73 who had voted for the by-law had remained at home and not voted the by-law would still have been carried, therefore the majority was not about 28 as stated by the Press but 73.

A Subscriber.

Annual Meeting of Prince Arthur District.

The annual meeting of Prince Arthur District L.O.L. held at Berwick on Tuesday of last week was largely attended.

Very favorable reports were received from the various lodges of the District.

The following officers were elected:—
District Master—M. H. Patterson Hackett L.O.L., 458.
District Deputy Master—Donald Blair, Moose Creek L.O.L., 623, Lodi.
District Chaplain—D. Monroe, Monroe L.O.L. 880 Cornwall.
District Recording-Secretary—Murdoch McQueen, Hackett L.O.L, 458, Berwick.
District Financial Secretary—J. Coons, Crysler L.O.L. 228, Crysler.
District Treasurer—William Armstrong, Crysler L.O.L., 528, Crysler.
District Director of Ceremonies—J. B. Nugent, Hackett L O.L,, 458, Newington.
First District Lecturer—J. McKillip, Hackett L.O.L., 458, Berwick.
Second District Lecturer—J. M. Hutt, Hackett L O.L, 458, Berwick.

A grant was voted to the Cornwall General Hospital. It was decided to hold the next annual meeting at Berwick. on the second Tuesday in January, 1908, at 10 a.m.

Charles Sanders, who died at Maple Creek, Sask., recently, by his will left $20,000 to the Maple Creek hospital and $1,000 to his servant.

It Quiets the Cough

This is one reason why Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is so valuable in consumption. It stops the wear and tear of useless coughing. But it does more—it controls the inflammation, quiets the fever, soothes, heals. Ask your doctor about this.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.
Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Hasten recovery by keeping the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills.



Prof. G. F. THEEL, M.D., 527 North Sixth St. Philadelphia Pa., U.S. Only German Specialist in America. The German Treatment is the only Guaranteed cure for Specific Blood Poison, Cancer, Leprosy (also by mail) all Private Diseases, Excesses, Abuse, Lost Manhood, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Stricture, Piles, Asthma, Fits, Losses, Drains. 42 years practice! 6 years hospital experience in Germany. Send for Book "Truth" exposing every City & Country medical & electrical advertising fraud

HYOMEI CURES CATARRH.

Costs Nothing Unless it Gives Relief Sold Under Guarantee.

In many instances Hyomei has cured catarrh when the patient has suffered from childhood. Quite a few people in Chesterville who have been unable for years to get a good night's sleep on account of a disagreeable tickling and dropping at the back of the throat, having obtained quick relief from a few treatments with Hyomei, and the continued use has made a complete and lasting cure.

There is no stomach dosing when one uses Hyomei. Simply breathe its medicated healing through the pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit, and all catarrhal germs will be killed and the mucous membrane will be healed.

A complete Hyomei outfit costs but $1, sufficient for at least two weeks treatment, making it one of the most economical methods of curing catarrh.

If the outfit does not complete a cure extra bottles of Hyomei, if needed; can be bought for 50 cents. Remember that there is no risk in buying Hyomei. It costs nothing unless it cures.

All druggists should be able to supply you with Hyomei or we will send it by mail on receipt of price, and every package is sold with the distinct understanding that it costs nothing unless it cures.

Write us to day for a symptom blank, which we will send you free, together with a treatise on Catarrh and how to cure it. When you fill in and return to us the symptom blank, our consulting physician will give your case the best care and attention, and write you a letter of advice without charge. Booth's Hyomei Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

Piles get quick relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Remember its made alone for Piles—and it works with certainty and satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding, or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Try it and see! W. G. Bolster.

District Meeting.

The annual meeting of Winchester L. O. L., was held at Winchester on Tuesday of last week with a good attendance. The following officers were elected:—
W. D. M.—Thos. Faulkner.
D D. M.—Henry Hutt.
Chap.—A. W. Render.
Rec. Sec.—Geo. C. Hart.
Fin. Sec.—Ezra Feader.
Treas.—H. W. Empey.
1st Lect.—R. Kinsella.
2nd. Lect.—Peter Furney.
D. of C.—H. Loughridge.
The officers were installed by P. C. M. Dr. Riddick. The next annual meeting will be held at Harmony.

Canada's herd of Buffalo at Banff now numbers 61, an increase of ten this year.

LABATT'S ALE

Is not artificially charged with gas (carbonated) as are some ales, but is allowed to mature in the natural way. Not pasteurized, it retains the delicate flavor and aroma of the hops and malt. Taken before meals, it stimulates the appetite and prevents constipation.

PURE WHOLESOME PALATABLE BEVERAGE

THE
Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,
LIMITED

GETTING READY
FOR
Stock :-: Taking

Before Taking Stock we have picked out some Odd Lines of goods to clear, and to make them move have cut the price in two.

KIDD GLOVES, for 25c and 50c per pair; regular $1.00 and $1.25.

DRESS BRAIDS at 1c, 2c, 3c, 5c per yd.

Come and get some of these Bargains before the best is picked up.

Just Received
ANOTHER CAR OF COAL.
Expect Car Corn in a Few Days.

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co.
LIMITED.



Buy the Best.
THE McLAUGHLIN
The Largest Vehicle manufacturing Company under the British Flag.
Why is This? Because our Vehicle has proved the
Most Durable
On the Market.
Sold by
J. T. WHITE

Page & Landry
DEALERS IN
Agricultural Implements,
Washing Machines,
Furniture, Etc.
Also Carriages.
Undertaking and Embalming.
Fire Insurance Agents.
Your patronage solicited.
Crysler, - - Ont.

LEAVE YOUR
Order Now
For
ALL KINDS OF
:-: **Fancy** :-:
Xmas Cake

Our wagon will call on the Village customers daily.

Eugene McMillan,
CHESTERVILLE BAKERY.

DR. RIELLY.
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Office over J. E. Hough's Jewelry Store.
ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
AVONMORE.

WILLIAM NEWVINE,
All kinds of Cement and Concrete work a Specialty
GRANTLEY, ONT.

Chesterville Lodge No. 320
A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.
Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.
Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.
H. P. D. EVANS, W. M.
C. ROBINSON, Secretary.

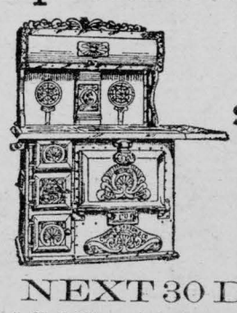
Chesterville Lodge No. 288,
I. O. O. F.
Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.
G. W. BOGART, N. G.
F. WOOD, R S.

RIGHT NOW
Is the time to write for the Catalogue of the great
OTTAWA Business College,
OTTAWA, ONT.
41 years of success. Over 10 000 satisfied ex-stuents. Hundreds of graduates placed everP year.
Winter term from Jan. 2nd.
[H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE, Principal

A Full Stock of
Cutters and Harness
On Hand.
Call and Inspect and Get Prices before Buying.
Grady & Jordan
CHESTERVILLE.

THE
Cornwall Commercial College
CORNWALL, - - - ONTARIO.
A course of Business and Shorthand in the Cornwall Commercial College is a short cut to success. The most thorough business training school in Ontario. Over 100 satisfied students placed in paying positions in 12 months—scores of calls which the school was unable to fill owing to lack of material. School open the year round—begin when you like. Students come from all parts of Canada and the United States. Why not you?
Send for catalogue.
Address
GEO. F. SMITH, Principal.
Cornwall, Ont.

Special Discount



On a Number of
STOVES
—AND—
RANGES
—FOR THE—
NEXT 30 DAYS.
A Full Line of Agateware and Tinware always on hand.
C. M. FYKE,
CHESTERVILLE.

FAMOUS PEOPLE

BY FANNIE M. LOTHROP



Photograph by Notman, Montreal.

LORD MOUNT STEPHEN

The Career of a Great Canadian

The greatest philanthropist of Canada is Lord Mount Stephen; the greatest benefactor of the United States is Andrew Carnegie—both men who came to the new world as poor boys from the east of Scotland, have made great fortunes and have spread with lavish hand their accumulated wealth.

When George Stephen, the son of a poor carpenter in the small Scotch village of Dufftown was born in 1829, the outlook for a great success seemed surely dim and improbable. When, after completing the course at the little parish school he undertook to earn his living as herd-boy on the minister's farm in the glen, no vision came to him of the time when he would be known as a Lord, high in the councils of State, the friend of the King and the benefactor of his people. Then came an uncontrollable desire to see the larger world, and as an apprentice in the drapery trade he went to Aberdeen, and later to Glasgow and London. In 1850 he left England for Canada, where he engaged in the woolen business, and in a few years was well on the high road to prosperity.

In Canada he found his cousin, Donald Smith, later Lord Strathcona, and the two Highlanders who had played together as boys, joined issues, and soon, like the meeting of two brooks, their united efforts flowed in one channel. Both were directors in the Bank of Montreal, both are interested in railways, and both have achieved fame as philanthropists, statesmen, art connoisseurs and in diplomatic circles. In 1875 Lord Mount Stephen joined a syndicate for purchasing the bonds of the Dutch stockholders of the St. Paul and Pacific Railroad, which, when completed, controlled the Northwest of Canada.

When British Columbia entered the Dominion it was with the understanding that the Government would build a railroad across the continent. The Government failed sadly in its plans; in 1880, one year before the entire road should have been ready, only 700 of its nearly 3,000 miles were completed. Chaos prevailed and collapse was imminent. Then Lords Mount Stephen and Strathcona came forward and for a subsidy of $25,000,000, full title to the section already built, and a land grant of twenty-five million acres—a territory as large as Ireland and Wales—they promised to join the two oceans within eleven years. They accomplished the task in five. Lord Mount Stephen was made a baronet in 1886 and five years later was raised to the peerage with his present title, which was taken from a mountain near the railroad that his energy and enterprise helped to create.

Entered according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year 1905, by W. C. Mack, at the Department of Agriculture.

GRANTLEY.

Miss Annie Gordon is visiting friends in Montreal at present.

Mary Bush of Newington, is visiting her uncle, Alex. Taylor.

Kenneth Myers has returned to the West again.

Miss Thompson of the Springs, is visiting her sister, Mrs. K. Forester.

What has happened "Jack" anyhow?

Mr. and Mrs. John McDougal were visiting friends at Finch recently.

Mr. George Marcellis of Dunbar, and Miss Fred Taylor were visiting at A. J. Carr's.

Donald Gordon is at Montreal at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Robinson of Berwick, were visiting friends in town.

Mrs. George Johnstone and children are visiting friends at Winchester.

Miss Merkley of the Matilda, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Collins.

Miss Gallinger of Dunbar, was visiting her aunt, Mrs. Wm. Hawn.

Messrs. Will and Walter Carr were visiting friends at Aultsville.

Mrs. Ennis and children have returned to Smith's Falls.

BOUCK'S HILL.

We are getting plenty of snow now.

Mr. Henry Barkley, of Mountain, is visiting his daughter Mrs. Nathaniel Merkley at present.

Mrs. Stilman Barkley is very sick at present.

Bert Barkley has been suffering with a lame back.

Our saw-mill is running in full blast.

Morley Mcpherson of Winchester Springs, has been sawing wood in our vicinity.

While Winchester village will likely go dry we will have the pleasurs of travelling the poor roads.

The ladies' aid social which was held at the home of Mrs. E. Beckers was a decided success.

Mr. David Bouck has been very ill. We hope for a speedy recovery

Mr. George Lane our township clerk is confined to the house with a severe cold.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Willard of Hidders Hollow visited Mrs. Margaret Willard recently.

Harvey Becker is confined to his room with an attack of LaGrippe.

Miss Sadie McGregor of Cardinal was visiting friends in our vicinity recently.

BERWICK.

Moses Burnet of Winchester, was in Berwick on Monday

Chesley Marcellus of Cornwall, was in Berwick on Monday

Mack McPherson made a business trip to St Elmo this week

Mr and Mrs J Bolton are visiting friends in Smith's Falls

Miss Annie Campbell of Martintown, is visiting friends in Berwick

A D McMillan of Riverside, was in Athol and Dunvegan this week

John Jordan and John Foster of Chesterville, were in Berwick on Monday

Philip Empey is serving on the jury at the assizes in Cornwall this week

Mrs Sim Johnston and son, Whitney, returned home from Quebec on Tuesday

Miss Sarah McSweyn has returned home, after spending a few weeks in Berwick

John McKillop has returned home, after visiting friends in Potsdam last week

Clinton Casselman and family spent New Years with friends in North Williamsburg

Duncan McPherson has engaged Hugh Ferguson of Cambridge with a gasoline engine to saw his wood

Miss Alice Galvin is expected home shortly, after undergoing a successful operation in Kingston hospital

Berwick people will be pleased to hear that Mr Whittaker, who was about to sell his farm, has decided not to sell, and by mutual consent the bargain was cancelled

OSNABRUCK CENTRE.

Wallace Wood, who was on the sick list, is slowly recovering

Mrs W E Poapst returned home on Friday, after spending several days with friends in Ottawa

Mrs John Cyderman, who was visiting her daughters, Mrs McCauley of the Powell House, Iroquois, and Mrs Vanderburg of Ventnor, has returned home

The Christmas shower and entertainment in connection with St Peter's church Sunday School was a decided success, the proceeds amounting to $55.30 A very fine programme was prepared by the committee, who on request have decided to repeat the entertainment at an early date, with a few changes in programme



Design Registered

Send 3 Corks drawn from quart bottles of our Whiskies and receive a handsome enameled pin.

For 8 corks we will send a silk watch fob with enamel charm.

WRITE FOR OUR PREMIUM LIST.

H. CORBY DISTILLERY CO Limited, Montreal

BIG CONVENTION EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Eighth Gathering of the Montreal Conference at Carleton Place.

Epworth leaguers of the Montreal conference are looking forward with interest to the eighth conference convention to be held in the Methodist church, Carleton Place, 4th, 5th and 6th of February next. Rev. Melvin Taylor of Montreal, is president, and Mr. W. J. Cairns of Ottawa is secretary. Mr Cairns has just issued the provisional program and it gives promise of a helpful convention. The convention will open Monday evening, February 4th, at which Rev. G. S. Reynolds of Carleton Place, will deliver the address of welcome, to be replied to by Rev. Ernest Thomas of Lachute. Mr. W. H. Goodwin of Montreal, will deliver an address on "The object of Our Convention." Tuesday morning will open with the registration of delegates at 9 30 o'clock, and a meeting of the executive committee. Business such as naming committees will take the time up to 11 o'clock, when Rev. Dr. Ryckman of Almonte will deliver an address on "The Uplifted Christ," followed by the administration of the Lord's supper.

Tuesday afternoon will be taken up with conferences on helpful subjects. Mrs. (Rev.) S. J. Hughes of Athens, will read a paper on the Child Problem, the discussion to be led by Mrs. Normau of Aylmer, Que. The Girl Problem will be dealt with by Miss Warne of Ottawa, and the discussion led by Miss Helen Smith of Chesterville. The Young Man Problem will find a sponsor in Rev. G. I. Campbell of Ottawa, the discussion being led by Mr. Frank Peden of Montreal. On Tuesday evening Mr. G R Putman of Merrickville will give an address on Bible Study, and Rev. W. T. C. Brown of Montreal one on the Forward Movement for Missions.

Wednesday morning will open with a "quiet hour," led by Rev. W. T. Smith of Danville, Que., and the conference to follow will be on methods of work in committees. Those who have so far consented to take part are Miss Craig, Kingston; Rev. W. H. Stevens, Huntingdon, Que.; Miss L. B. Connell, Spencerville; W. T. Owens, Montreal, Irving Hilliard, Morrisburg; Miss B. Adams, Brockville; Rev. Paul Pergau, Haley's Station, and Mrs. Humphrey of Cardinal. On Wednesday afternoon Rev. W. A. Hamilton of Finch will give a report of the Iroquois summer school, discussion led by Rev. Reuben Calvert of Gushendall.

Rev. G. S. Glendinnen of Stanstead will deliver an address on the Dominion Outlook of Young People's Work, followed by a discussion led by Rev. W. S. Lennon of Shawville.

The afternoon will close with an Idea league meeting, led by Miss Grenfell of Ottawa, and the election of officers.

The closing session on Wednesday night will be greeted by the new president. Rev. W. T. Halpenny of Montreal, will deliver an address on French Evangelization. The closing address will be on Consecration, and the speaker will be Rev. Charles A. Sykes of Smith's Falls. The usual arrangements have been made with the railways and Carleton Place people are noted for generosity, hospitality and the faculty of giving visitors a good time.

The natural increase in Peterboro's population for 1906 was 122 against 125 in 1905.

Officers Installed.

A meeting of Chesterville Branch C.M.B.A. No. 309, was held in their lodge room on Thursday evening, Jan 10th, 1907, at which the installation of officers for the ensuing year, took place as follows:—

D. M. McDonald, President.
John King, First Vice-Pres
John Burns, Second Vice-Pres.
Lawrence Jordan, Recording Secretary.
Thos. P. Gannon, ass. Rec. Sec'y.
Frank Dwyer, Financial Secretary.
Chas. Kavanagh, Treas.
P. E. McDonald, Marshall.
M. M. McMahon, Guard.
P. D. Grady, Trustee.
M. S. Grady, "

YOUR MONEYS WORTH.

Easy Way to Get Full Value for every Half Dollar You Spend.

In your search for health, you who suffer with stomach trouble, do not try a remedy where the proprietor has not sufficient faith in its virtue to sell it under a guarantee that the money will be refunded unless it gives relief and cure.

It is in this way that Mi-o na stomach tablets are sold, with a positive guarantee that the purchase price will be refunded on demand if it does not cure indigestion strengthen the whole digestive system and restore health to those who use it.

If the head aches, if the back and side are painful, if there is distress and nausea after eating, if you are sleepless, nervous, and out of sorts, you can with perfect confidence get a 50-cent box of Mi-o na, knowing that the remedy will cost you absolutely nothing unless it gives you freedom from all ills and pains and restores you to health.

No one thing is the cause of more suffering and pain than indigestion. Many cases of so-called kidney disease, heart trouble and nervousness are only different ways in which a weakened digestive system shows itself.

Use Mi o-na stomach tablets and your ill-health will soon be gone, and you will forget that you ever had indigestion or its resulting ills.

We absolutely agree that your money will be refunded should you buy a 50-cent box of Mi-o-na stomach tablets and not be satisfied with the results Mi o-na is sold by druggists eveywhere, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price 50 cents.

Write to-day for a free sample package and also give us your symptoms, and one of the best known stomach specialists will give your case his careful and personal attention without charge. Booth's Hyomei Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

TIME TABLE.

Local Train going East -	9.28 A.M.
Through " " -	4.49 P.M.
Through Train going West -	11.50 A.M.
Local " " " -	7.07 P.M.

Mid-Night Train going West 12.03 A.M. On Sunday night is scheduled to stop here.

For Tickets, Reservations, and any Information, call at the Post-office.

CHESTER CASSELMAM,
Ticket Agent.

Chesterville, 17th Jan., '07.

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy,—when used faithfully will reach chronic and difficult cases heretofore regarded as incurable by physicians and is the most reliable prescription known to clean out and completely remove every vestige of rheumatic poisons from the blood. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

Township Council.

The first meeting of the Winchester township council was held at Morewood on Monday.

After making the necessary affidavits as to qualifications of office, they proceeded with the business.

Moved by J. W. Bogart, seconded by Patrick Kirby, that this council appoint Geo. Quart as clerk for the year 1907 at a salary of $75.—Carried.

Black—Clark—That by-law No. 119 licensing the sale of cigarettes in the township of Winchester be read a first time.—Carried.

Bogart Kirby—That by-law No. 119 be read a second and third time, passed, signed and sealed.—Carried.

Kirby—Bogart —That J. C. Casselman be appointed treasurer for the current year, salary $100.—Carried.

Clark—Black—That Jno. Jamieson be appointed assessor for 1907, salary $70—Carried.

Bogart—Kirby—That Geo. Elliot be appointed collector for west end, and Hugh Kearns for the east end at a salary of $50 each.—Carriad.

Clark—Black—That A. D. Hunter and Thos. Forward be appointed auditors at a salary of $2 25 per day while employed.—Carried.

Bogart—Kirby—That this council appoint Robert Steven as arbitrator on given road through tha w½ of lot 25 in the 10 con., and the clerk be authorized to notify the interested parties accordingly.—Carried.

Bogart—Clark—That this council adjourn to meet at Chesterville at 10.30 a.m.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Presbyterian congregation of Dunbar, was held in the church, Tuesday evening, Jan. 8th, with over one hundred of the congregation present. The pastor, Rev. George Mason presided. The reports of the various departments of church work showed the church to be in a flourishing condition. With a year of activity closed, the congregation begins the New Year with eighty five members on the roll, with a safe balance in every financial department, and with plans for more aggressive work in the Sabbath School, in church repair, in congregational and missionary work.

Printed reports of the year 1906 will shortly be placed in the hands of the members and adherents of the congregotion.

At the close of the meeting the ladies served cake and coffee and all had an enjoyable social time.

Indigestion

Stomach trouble is but a symptom of, and not in itself a true disease. We think of Dyspepsia, Heartburn, and Indigestion as real diseases, yet they are symptoms only of a certain specific Nerve sickness—nothing else.

It was this fact that first correctly led Dr. Shoop in the creation of that now very popular Stomach Remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative. Going direct to the stomach nerves, alone brought that success and favor to Dr. Shoop and his Restorative. Without that original and highly vital principle, no such lasting accomplishments were ever to be had.

For stomach distress, bloating, biliousness, bad breath and sallow complexion, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—and see for yourself what it can and will do. We sell and cheerfully recommend

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

WALTER G. BOLSTER.

A. H. FORBES

Wishes to intimate to the public that he will be at home on

Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays

OF EACH WEEK

DURING THE WINTER.

For anything in the following lines you will find it to your advantage to see my stock:—Washing Machines, Wringers and Churns, at Moderate Prices. Cash paid for all kinds of Hides and Furs.

Thanking the public for past favors, and soliciting a continuance of the same.

JANUARY

- White Goods Sale. -

We are daily adding New Goods to this Sale

Be Sure and Buy Your White Goods This Month.

Prints. Prints. Prints.

We Have

Our New Spring Prints Open.

By buying Now you will have First Choice.

Great Bargains Every Day at

FETTERLY & BOGART'S

CHESTERVILLE

K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K K&K

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Specialists in the Treatment of Nervous, Blood, Private and Sexual Diseases of Men and Women. 25 Years in Detroit.

No Names used without Written Consent. Cures Guaranteed.



Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave through early abuse or later excesses. Chas. Anderson was one of the victims, but was rescued in time. He says: "I learned an evil habit. A change soon came over me. I could feel it; my friends noticed it. I became nervous, despondent, gloomy, had no ambition, easily tired, evil forebodings, poor circulation, pimples on face, back weak, dreams and drains at night, tired and weak mornings, burning sensation. To make matters worse, I became reckless and contracted a blood disease. I tried many doctors and medical firms—all failed till Drs. Kennedy & Kergan took my case. In one week I felt better, and in a few weeks was entirely cured. They are the only reliable and honest Specialists in the country."

READER—We guarantee to cure you or no pay. You run no risk. We have a reputation and business at stake. Beware of frauds and impostors. We will pay $1,000 for any case we take that our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will not cure.

We treat and cure **Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Stricture, Weak Parts, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.** Consultation free. Books free. Call or write for Question List for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN Cor. Michigan Ave. Shelby St. Detroit, Mich.

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We Have Just Received Three Cars of

Flour, Bran, Shorts, Nestor Imperial, and Otter Feed Flour and Banner Feed.

Royal Household,

Glenora,

Hungarian Patent and Others

Brands of First-Class Baking Flour Always on Hand.

HUGHES', Opposite McCloskey House.

DAINTY!

Our Hot Soda is just Delicious, Properly Prepared and Daintily Served.

Beef Tea, Chocalate, Coffee, Clam Bullion, Tomato Bullion, Chicken Broth

Piping Hot, Sounds Appetizing, doesn't it.

Tastes Mighty Good too.—Cost a Nickel.—any of 'em.

THINK IT OVER.

What About That Christmas Present You Were Going to Buy? Where Will You Get it?

A moment's thought will convince you that if you will come here it will not be necessary for you to look farther,—no need to shop all over town, we have Holiday Goods suited to all persons,—and all purses.

H. A. MERKLEY.

"HANGMAN" PAVLOFF SHOT

Seven Bullets Fired Into the Procurator's Body.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Lieut.-Gen. Vladimir Pavloff, the Military Procurator, or Advocate-General, generally known since the late Parliament as "Hangman" Pavloff, from the epithet constantly applied to him by the Radical deputies, was shot and killed at 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning while walking in the garden of the chief military court building, near the Moika Canal. The assassin, who, apparently, was disguised as a workman, was captured after a long chase through the crowded city streets, during which he fired about forty shots from two revolvers which he carried, killing a policeman and accidentally wounding a boy.

MURDER CAREFULLY PLANNED.

The crime showed evidence of the same careful preparation which was characteristic of the murderers of General Alexis Ignatieff and Von der Launitz, and was undoubtedly carried out by the same organization which has sentenced Emperor Nicholas and several of the Ministers to death. The assassin, who wore the uniform of a military clerk attached to the court, obtained an entrance to the garden under the pretext of submitting a report to the Military Procurator.

USED RAPID-FIRE PISTOL.

He approached the unsuspecting General within an arm's length, drew a pistol and fired the whole load, seven shots, into Pavloff's body. Every shot was well aimed, and two of them tore a gaping wound in his breast. The General expired while being carried to his apartments in the same building. From the nature of the wounds it appeared that the steel-jacketed bullets were flattened in order that they might inflict more serious wounds.

ASSASSIN'S RACE FOR LIFE.

Hastily slipping another "clip" of cartridges into his revolver and drawing a second weapon, the assassin ran across the garden to the carriage entrance, threatening the porter with his pistols and dashed down Glinka Street, past the Imperial Opera House, with a crowd of thirty house porters and court attaches in close pursuit. A policeman stationed in front of the opera house attempted to seize the assassin, but was shot down by the letter, who also wounded a boy. The terrorist then resumed his flight, firing at the police officers and house porters who attempted to bar his way. His ammunition became exhausted and he was intercepted and captured when he reached Lantern Lane.

When taken to the police station General Pavloff's slayer was in high spirits and answered the officers' questions with laughing jests.

A BLOOD-THIRSTY OFFICER.

The entire career of General Pavloff, who was 55 years old, married, and had two children, was spent in the judicial department of the army. After serving several years as a military Judge he was appointed Judge Advocate-General of the War Ministry, and later Procurator of the Supreme Military Court. General Pavloff was delegated by War Minister Rudiger to answer the interpellations of the Government in the lower House of Parliament in regard to the Baltic Provinces and in Poland. The Military Procurator justified these acts with such cold-bloodedness and disregard of the sentiments of the members that it aroused the indignation of almost the entire House, and he was driven from the rostrum with cries of "murderer," "hangman," "assassin." He was not allowed to speak again. The murdered general was a large landowner. After the dissolution of Parliament he organized the Protective Political League to combat Radical projects for the expropriation of landed estates.

COL. ANDRIEFF SHOT.

A despatch from Lodz, Russian Poland, says: Colonel Patko Andrieff, chief of the gendarmes of the Lodz district, was shot and killed on Thursday morning on Poludniowa street. A passing infantry patrol fired a volley at the assassin, but only wounded several innocent onlookers. The assassin escaped. Poludinowa street was closed by troops and the police began making a strict search of all the houses fronting upon it.

DOUBASSOFF WARNED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Vice-Admiral Doubassoff, ex-Governor-General of Moscow, and at present a member of the Council of the Empire, has received notification that another attempt upon his life will be made.

DESPERATE SITUATION.

Manitoba Districts Are in a Precarious Condition.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Many Manitoba districts are still in a precarious position as regards fuel supply, and simply depend on the railways to deliver from day to day sufficient coal and wood for their present needs. At the request of Premier Roblin, the Canadian Pacific shipped coal on the regular passenger to Carman, while several cars of wood were delivered there on Friday. A car of coal was shipped to Snowflake on Friday's local. The supply there was exhausted, and the railway will endeavor to get a sufficient supply there to tide them over the next storm.

Boissevain also complains of a shortage of fuel, and coal was shipped to that town on Friday's snow plow train. Several other towns have received one-car shipments to tide them over during the past few days, and as soon as a report comes in that there is a shortage anywhere the railway will attach a car of fuel to the first train leaving, either passenger or freight.

Grave fears are expressed over the possibilities of a flood in the spring, and the Manitoba Government is in receipt of a letter from an engineer urging the Government to inquire into the truth of a report that the South Saskatchewan is liable to burst its bank at the elbow and flow into the Qu'Appelle, which means, he asserts, that Winnipeg will see the most disastrous of floods.

WELLAND CANAL RETURNS.

Toll Computation Shows Excess of $12,000 Over Last Year.

A despatch from St. Catharines says: Mr. S. J. Sidney, Collector at Port Colborne, has completed his canal returns for 1906. Though no tolls are now collected, a toll computation is still made, and the report shows an excess of $12,000 over 1905, which also exceeded the previous year by about $30,000.

Vessels passing down the canal lightered at the elevator 1,009,473 bushels of wheat, 112,622 bushels of corn, 2,102 bushels of barley, 13,650 bushels of flax, and 29,111 bushels of oats. Besides this, the steamer Rosedale left 883,487 bushels of wheat that was taken to Thorold mills, and was not included in the above summary.

THE TIMBER OUTPUT.

Estimate of the Cut in Ontario for This Season.

A despatch from Toronto says: An estimate of the quantity of timber which will be cut in the forests of the province during the winter of 1906-1907 has been made by the officials of the Department of Lands, Forests and Mines. It is believed that more lumber will be taken out this Spring than was taken out last season. It is said that the lumbermen will fell 1,000,000,000 feet board measure of pine this year, 70,000,000 feet board measure of hemlock, 1,500,000 feet board measure of spruce, 1,250,000 cubic feet of square timber, 100,000 cords of pulpwood and 4,500,000 railway ties. The activity in railway construction throughout the country has created a great demand for ties, and the production in Ontario will in consequence increase this year.

Hamilton's fire losses for 1906 total $215,615.29.

TRIED TO KILL CHILDREN.

A Woodstock Woman Arraigned for Intent to Kill.

A despatch from Woodstock says: Mrs. Elmira Bates, a washerwoman, living on Ingersoll Avenue, was in the Police Court on Monday morning charged with assaulting, with intent to kill, her two children, Hattie and William, both in their teens.

According to the story told by the children, the mother made an attempt upon their lives early Sunday morning. The mother arose and, securing a hatchet, struck her sleeping daughter on the head. The girl was not rendered unconscious, and, when she taxed her mother with striking her, the mother denied it, although she had the hatchet in her hand. The girl went into another room and found her brother unconscious, with a gash on the head. In the morning a doctor was called in and dressed the wounds of both.

At the Police Court the doctor swore that the blows were inflicted by some blunt instrument, probably a hatchet, and the blows came very near being sufficient to cause death. The children declared that there had been no domestic trouble, and they were unable to say what caused the mother to make the attempt upon their lives. Mrs. Bates was not taken into custody until Monday morning and was remanded to jail for examination as to her sanity. The daughter is employed at the Hotel Oxford.

ZERO AT VANCOUVER.

Coast City Suffers Under Unprecedented Temperature.

A despatch from Vancouver, B. C., says. The Coast is suffering from a cold spell, unprecedented in its history, and great suffering has resulted. The thermometer in several parts of the city registered zero on Monday night, a temperature lower than any hitherto recorded.

The cold snap caused great suffering among the Hindoos. The foreigners are in no condition to stand cold weather, and hundreds are sick with pneumonia. Many are patients in the General Hospital, and two deaths have been reported already this week. All are public patients, as they have no means of maintenance.

There is great suffering on account of a shortage of fuel. Three thousand cases of grippe are already reported.

Frozen taps caused an explosion at the Children's Home on Monday morning. Three children were injured, one being blinded, and another having its arm broken. Minor explosions throughout the city are reported. The cold snap is expected to last several days.

IOWA COAL MINE HORROR.

Explosion Shook the Earth for Half a Mile Around.

A despatch from Clinton, Iowa, says: Within a few minutes after 200 miners had entered Mine No. 7 at 6 o'clock on Monday morning there was a terrific underground explosion, which shook the earth for half a mile in every direction. Smoke issued from the mine almost instantly, and when the survivors were hastily hoisted from the shaft it was found that several were badly injured. Eight were missing, and later in the day these were found in the tenth entry to the mine proper, their bodies terribly mangled and blackened with the smoke and fire.

It is not known just how the explosion occurred. The men who were injured say the eight men killed had just passed through into the entry when the explosion occurred. It is supposed that one of the men dropped a spark from his lamp into powder which is used for blasting, and that this ignited and set fire to the gas in the mine. So intense was the heat that it was two hours before the rescuers could get into the entries where the lacerated bodies lay.

FEAR TO GO FOR WOOD.

New Settlers in West Being Aided by Mounted Police.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Mounted Police Department has received advices stating that the force in the West is making every effort to help the settlers meet the serious situation arising out of the shortage of fuel. There are some cases of severe distress. New settlers are afraid to strike out for the woods when the trails have become obliterated by a storm. In the South Battleford and other districts the police have organized the settlers into parties to go for fuel in order to minimize the danger. The chief danger feared by the department is that there will be a repetition of the 1882 season.

FOUR INJURED. ONE FATALLY.

Accident to Southbound Canadian Pacific Train at McLeod.

A despatch from Macleod, Alberta, says: The Calgary southbound passenger train was derailed at Macleod on Saturday. Four persons were injured—two foreigners, a brakesman, and one passenger. The names are unknown. All are in the hospital. One is fatally injured. The accident occurred while the engine was bucking snow in a cut.

SMALLPOX PREVALENT.

Disease Mistaken for Chickenpox in Several Counties.

A despatch from Toronto says: That there are a number of centres in which smallpox is and has been prevalent for some weeks past is apparent from messages received by telephone and telegraph at the office of the Provincial Board of Health, and also from the report of Dr. Bell, one of the inspectors of the department. In many instances the disease has been mistaken for chickenpox, and many innocent persons have been exposed to infection. The malady has been discovered chiefly in rural municipalities in the western part of the province and in York, Peel, Lambton and Kent Counties. An officer of the department has left for the west to ascertain the extent of the epidemic and take precautions against its spread.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Ontario Wheat — No. 2 red, 69c bid; No. 3 mixed, 70c asked, 68c bid; No. 2 goose, 65c asked west, 64c bid east.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 northern, 80c asked, Owen Sound, 79¾c bid; 80c bid Point Edward.

Peas—80c asked outside for 5,000 bushels.

Oats—35¾c bid on a 6c rate, G.T.R.

Rye—No. 2, 69c asked outside.

Other prices:—

Corn—No. 3 yellow (American), 49c to 49½c.

Buckwheat—52c to 53c.

Flour—Dull; Ontario. $2.70 asked for 90 per cent. patents for export, buyers' bags, outside; $2.65 bid; Manitoba first patents, $4.50, seconds $4; bakers', $3.90.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—The market continues quiet and firm.

Creamery	25c to 27c
do solids	24c to 25c
Dairy prints	22c to 23c
do pails	19c to 20c
do tubs	18c to 20c
Inferior	15c to 18c

Cheese—Quotations are 13½c for large and 14c for twins.

Eggs—Storage are quoted firm at 24c and limed at 22c. New laid are nominal at from 30c to 35c.

Poultry — Some storage stock sold steady to firm.

Chickens, dressed	8c to-10c
Fowl	6c to 7c
Ducks	10c to 12c
Geese	10c to 12c
Turkeys	12c to 14c

Honey—At 11c to 12c per pound for pails and $2 to $2.50 for combs.

Potatoes—Ontarios are quoted at 65c to 70c per bag in car lots here. Eastern, 75c to 80c.

Baled Hay—Quotations are $11.50 to $12 for No. 1 timothy and $9 for No. 2 in car lots here.

Straw—Easy at $6.50 in car lots here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Jan. 15.—Eggs show very little change to-day. New laid are quoted at 40c; select fall, 25c to 26c; limed and cold-storage, 21c to 21½c.

Butter—Finest Eastern Townships, 24c to 26c; choice dairy, 23c to 24c; western dairy, 23c; lower grades, 20c to 21c; Manitoba, 20c to 22c; rolls, 22c to 23c.

Cheese—October make is quoted at 12⅞c, although 13c is being asked in some quarters.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess. $22 to $23; half barrels, $11.25 to $11.75; clear fat back, $21 to$22; long cut heavy mess, $20.50; half barrels do., $1.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 10½c to 11½c; barrels plate beef, $12 to $13; half barrels do., $6.50 to $7; barrels heavy mess beef, $11; half barrels do., $6; compound lards, 8¾c to 9¼c; pure lard, 8¾c to 9½c; hams, 13c to 14½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $9.75 to $10; alive, $6.90 to $7.15.

Buckwheat—56c to 56½c per bushel, ex store.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 54c, ex store.

Oats—On spot, No. 2 white, 42½c; No. 3 white, 41½c to 42c; No. 4, 40½c to 41c per bushel, ex store.

Peas—Boiling peas, $1 in carload lots and $1.10 in jobbing lots.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.25 to $4.60; strong bakers', $3.90 to $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.25; straight rollers, $3.60 to $3.70; do in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, $1.50 to $1.55.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, in bags, $20 to $22; shorts, $22 to $22.50; Ontario bran in bags, $20 to $21; shorts, $22 to $23.50; milled mouille, $21 to $25; straight grain, $28 to $29 per ton.

Rolled Oats—Per bag, $1.95 to $2 in car lots and $6.10 in jobbing lots.

Hay—No. 1, $13.50; No. 2, $12.50; No. 3 $11.50; clover, mixed, $11; pure clover, $10.50 to $11 per ton in car lots.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, Jan. 15—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Spring dull; No. 1 Northern, 84½c; Winter firm; No. 1 white, 78c. Corn—Stronger; No. 2 yellow, 47¼c; No. 2 white, 47c. Oats—Firm; No. 2 white, 39½ to 39¾c; No. 2 mixed, 37¾c. Barley—Easier; sales at 51c, and choice offered at 59c in store. Rye—Dull; No. 1 Western, quoted 69c.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Jan. 15—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 79c elevator; No. 2 red, 80c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 northern Duluth, 89c f.o.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, 83¾c f.o.b. afloat.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Jan. 15.—Heavy deliveries were recorded at the Western Cattle Market to-day.

Choice cattle in butchers' classes sold quickly throughout the day. Good loads sold at $4.25 to $4.50, and some picked lots brought $4.60 to $4.75 per cwt. Mixed butchers' cattle of a fair quality sold at $3.50 to $4; heavy butchers', $4 to $4.35; mixed lots and cows, $1.50 to $2.75; fat cows, $3.50 to $3.75, and common cows, mixed, including canners, $1.50 to $3.25 per cwt.

Export cattle were needed by dealers who had contracted for space on the ocean steamers. A sale was recorded at $5.15.

A quiet demand obtained in feeders, while the market for stockers was listless, with little doing. Short-keeps were quoted at $3.75 to $4; feeders, good at $3.25 to $3.70, stockers, common to fair at $1.75 to $3 per cwt.

A firmer feeling obtained in lambs, while export ewes were steady. The quotations were:—Export ewes, $4.25 to $4.85; lambs, grain-fed, $6.25 to $6.70; lambs, common, $4.50 to $5.50; export bucks, $3 to $3.50 per cwt.

Milch cows were steady to firm at $25 to $55 each.

Hogs were quoted at $6.65 for selects, and $6.40 for lights and fats.

EASTERN DAIRYMEN MEET

Address By Mr. Derbyshire, the Association's President.

At the annual meeting of the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association, held in Ottawa last week, Mr. D. Derbyshire, the President, in his address, pointed out that not as much milk had been produced as in 1905, owing to the shortage of pastures, but he felt confident, in view of the increased educational advantages of the dairymen, a greater quantity should have been produced. He believed that cow-testing associations, which were being established and encouraged under the supervision of the Dairy Commissioner, should receive more attention. Nothing aided more in keeping up the standard in both quantity and quality of milk than the accurate knowledge of just what each cow was doing for the owner. Statistics showed that about 100,000 more cheese were made in 1906 than in 1905, though in the exports of butter a decrease of 180,000 packages was noted. "With the high prices obtained," continued the speaker, "we find that the estimated value of cheese, butter and bacon exported will amount to about $46,500,000 from the make of 1906, and when you add to this $54,500,000, the value of these articles of food, including milk, consumed at home, we have a grand total of $101,000,000, which is $6,000,000 more than for the year 1905, and as dairymen become better educated in the work they expect to see the demand for both foreign and home consumption increase each succeeding year.

GOODS IN BETTER CONDITION.

"In Ontario there had been twenty-eight instructors and two sanitary inspectors last year, and it was expected that this staff would be increased during the present year, and each inspector made a sanitary inspector. The work of the Dominion Dairy Commissioner in the line of better transportation and refrigeration had been much appreciated. The results of these efforts had been that goods had arrived in Montreal in better condition than formerly. The supremacy of the dairy industry in 1905 had been largely due to the additional work of the instructors, the influence of improved cool curing rooms and improved transportation.

"I am proud of the fact that our dairymen have been very prosperous during the year just closed, and I predict a continuation of this prosperity for the coming year," said Mr. Derbyshire; "yet I regret that our manufacturers have not shared in that prosperity, as in most instances they are paid the same prices only as formerly. I do hope our dairymen will carefully consider this matter, which is, in my opinion, of vital interest to them, and not allow their old and trusted makers to retire from this business, but encourage them by giving at least 1¼ cents for manufacturing, and urge them to attend our eastern dairy school, which is so well equipped to give them a thorough training and thus enable them to do you much better service in the coming year."

CLERKS CHLOROFORMED.

Mysterious Affair in Winnipeg Bank of Commerce.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A most mysterious occurrence happened in the western branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce on Friday afternoon, when two clerks were chloroformed, and, according to report, were robbed. Bank officials and the police are very reticent, but one of the clerks is now in the hospital. The police deny that any robbery was actually committed.

INCREASE IN REVENUE.

December Returns Show $7,172,200 — Effect of New Tariff.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Returns for December show the revenue to be $7,172,200, compared with $6,314,633. To this the Customs under the new tariff contributed $4,169,157 an increase in this item alone of $643,453.

A WILD STAMPEDE.

Ten Thousand Head of Cattle Break Into Lethbridge.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Ten thousand head of cattle, looking for shelter from the terrible blizzard, broke into the town of Lethbridge on Saturday in a wild stampede. They did much damage. The blizzard is raging in southern Alberta, the centre of the cattle country. More than 1,000 head of cattle have been found dead on the ranges, which are covered deep with snow.

HIS BRIDE A WIDOW.

Alexander Crawford Frozen to Death on Prairie.

A despatch from Battleford says: Alexander Crawford, a homesteader living fifteen miles from Strathmore, was frozen to death on the prairie on Thursday. He was a son of J. W. Crawford, a prosperous miller of Durham, Ont., and was married in that town to Margaret Ryan only two months ago.

Russian reactionaries have begun a campaign against Count Witte on account of his electoral law.

The new Shah of Persia has been acknowledged by the high officials at Teheran.

DISGRACE TO THE COUNTRY.

Cattle Are Dying on the Prairies From Lack of Food.

A despatch from Calgary says: S. G. Munns and S. Beveridge, ranchers from Springbank, have returned from a visit to Brooks, about 150 miles east. They say the cattle situation is a disgrace to the country. Munns found a bunch of cattle in a corral starving to death and hundreds lying around in the same condition. He and Beveridge assisted in unloading and giving them a car of feed, but many cattle were so weak from starvation they took no notice and appeared dazed. From inquiries he believes hundreds, probably thousands, are lying dead on the prairie for fifty miles west of Brooks, and the cause is the neglect of owners to put up feed. The cattle are principally the native breed.

C. P. R. TO ADD TO FLEET.

Head of Department Will go Into Question in England.

A despatch from Montreal says: Mr. Piers, head of the C. P. R. steamship department, left for England on Friday on business, and expects to be on the other side a considerable time. He admitted that one of the matters which he is going to look into is that of enlarging the company's fleet. Matters have not yet got far enough for an authoritative announcement to be made of the company's plans.

A HEROIC ENGINEER.

Driven From Cab by Scalding Steam—Saved the Fast Mail.

A despatch from Boone, Iowa, says: After running wild for several miles at high speed with an engine out of control, by the blowing out of a "stud" in its boiler, the Chicago & Northwestern fast mail train No. 10 was barely saved from destruction near here on Tuesday night by the heroism of Engineer Louis Shull. Shull was driven from his cab by the scalding vapors and boiling waters. Realizing that he could not reach the throttle, he climbed over the tender to the express car and hammered on the door. The express messenger, fearing robbers, refused him admission at first, but when he finally opened the door he aimed two revolvers at Shull's head. The engineer bleeding and exhausted, dragged himself into the car and with his remaining strength pulled the rope connecting the air brake, stopping the train.

SHOWERED BY MOLTEN METAL

Fiery Stream Flowed Four Feet Deep in Pittsburg Foundry.

A despatch from Pittsburg, Pa., says: As a result of an explosion of a furnace at the Eliza furnaces of the Jones & Laughlin steel works on Wednesday night three are known to be dead, seven are in a hospital with fatal burns and injuries, and 24 are missing.

RIVER OF IRON.

The explosion was caused by an accumulation of gas at the base of the furnace, around which 35 men were working. Of all these but one man escaped injury. Without warning and with a roar like artillery, tons of molten metal were poured over the workmen, and for a space of thirty feet about the furnace the metal ran, flowing at some spots to a depth of four or five feet.

BURIED IN STEEL.

Two alarms of fire were immediately sent in, and all the ambulances in the city were called. Soon the seven who were able to escape from the hot metal with their lives were taken to hospitals, but all the missing, it is thought, have been burned in the mass of steel, and their bodies are consumed.

While attempting to rescue some of the men Chief Peter Snyder of the fourth fire district was thrown from a trestle thirty feet high and was seriously injured. He was taken to a hospital.

HORRIBLY BURNED.

The bodies of the three dead which have been taken to the morgue are horribly burned. While the mill officials are inclined to believe that not all the missing men were cremated, nothing definite is known as to their whereabouts. Only one man has turned up since the explosion, and he says everything happened so quickly that he doubts whether the men escaped.

When the families of the victims learned of the disaster they gathered before the gate and made frantic efforts to gain admission. Several frenzied women fought the officers to be allowed to enter the mill to see their loved ones. It became necessary to call additional police to forcibly escort them to their homes.

LONDON TO PACIFIC COAST

Projected Fast Service to Canada Has Been Launched.

A despatch from Montreal says: In connection with cable advices regarding the project of a fast service from Black Sod Bay to Halifax, it is learned here that the project has been launched by a syndicate formed in London, in which prominent British capitalists are interested. The project contemplates the establishment of a service between Halifax and Black Sod Bay, on the west coast of Ireland, of a line of first-class steamships, capable of crossing the Atlantic in three and a half days at an average speed of 25 knots per hour. "The Great Britain, Ireland, and Canada Express Route" is the official title of the project.

The distance between Black Sod Bay and Halifax is 2,100 miles, and, with 25-knot steamers, the trip would be made in three and one-half days. The distance between Black Sod and London, 664 miles, would be covered in about 14 hours, and between Halifax and Montreal in 18 to 20 hours, so that mails could be conveyed from the post-office in London to the post-office in Montreal in less than five days, from London to Chicago in less than six days, and London to the Pacific coast in nine days. With proper steamers on the Pacific, it would be possible to deliver the mails in Japan in 17 days, and to Hong Kong in about 22 days. The promoters claim, in fact, that passengers and mails can be landed in Halifax and sent on to Chicago by the time the best steamers to New York reach that port.

It is said the enterprise has the support of Messrs. Chaplin, Milne and Grenfell, the Linton-Clarke Company, Messrs. Vickers, Son and Maxim, Messrs. Swan and Hinton, who are building one of the two new 25-knot Cunard steamers, and others.

The estimated cost of establishing the new line is £6,470,000.

The time-table provides for five steamers and a bi-weekly service.

It is understood that the promoters will ask an annual subsidy of $1,000,000 from the Canadian Government and $500,000 from the Imperial authorities. Ten years ago a Canadian Government made a contract with the Allens whereby they were to receive $750,000 for a service of 20-knot boats.

A FRIEND IN NEED

Whsn you have a cough, cold, sore throat, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, asthma or lung troubles you naturally think of

COLTSFOOTE

EXPECTORANT.

the safe and neverfailing remedy for all these ills. Perfectly harmless for the weakest stomach or most delicate child. Children love it. Adults enjoy it. It always cures. It is Dr. Slocum's wonderful cough and throat remedy. It has never been equalled for quick, positive and satisfactory results. No household should be without it.

"I have used your Coltsfoote Expectorant and find it satisfactory in cases of croup, colds or coughs. I have used it ever since I got a trial bottle, and have recommended it to everyone in need of it. You may use my name and address for testimonial if you wish. Hoping it will benefit others as it has done my children, I remain,

MRS. AGNES COMBER,
1069 Frances St. London, Ont.

Every mother, every father who values the health and well-being of their children will always have Coltsfoote in the home as an ever-ready physician and friend. All up-to-date dealers, for 25c, will supply you with

COLTSFOOTE

EXPECTORANT.

POVERTY.

The little princess, Victoria Louise of Prussia, was playing with her friends one day, and longed for some new, original play.

All the old games were worn out and exhausted. If only they could think of something quite different! Her serene highness considered the matter seriously until a novel idea occurred to her, and she cried with enthusiasm:

"We will play poor people! Let us play that we are poor, frightfully poor, so poor that we have only two lackeys!"

THE LATE DR. LAPPONI.

Death Has Removed a Distinguished Physician and a Man of Rare Courage.

In the death of Dr. Lapponi, physician to the Pope, a personage has been removed from life's scene who was scarcely less known throughout the world than the pontiffs whom he ministered unto. He was a wonderful man as well as a distinguished physician.—Ottawa Free Press.

It may be added that Dr. Lapponi was a man of rare courage. He had no fear of that bugbear known as professional etiquette. When he found something good in a medicine he did not hesitate to say so to the world. He proved this when he wrote the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co. strongly endorsing their celebrated Pink Pills for Pale People as a cure for anæmia (bloodlessness) and certain nervous disorders. In the interests of the thousands who suffer from anæmia, nervous disorders and kindred troubles, it is worth while republishing Dr. Lapponi's letter, as follows:

"I certify that I have tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in four cases of the simple anæmia of development. After a few weeks of treatment, the result came fully up to my expectations. For that reason I shall not fail in the future to extend the use of this laudable preparation, not only in the treatment of other morbid forms of the category of anæmia or chlorosis, but also in cases of neurasthenia and the like.

(Signed), Dr. Giuseppe Lapponi,
Via dei Gracchi 332, Rome."

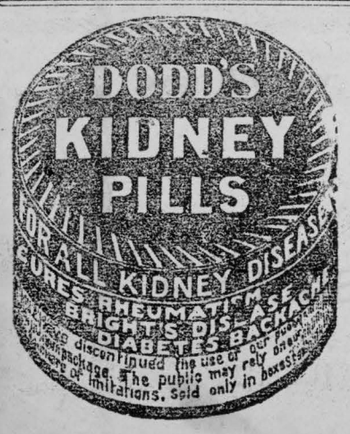
The "simple anæmia of development" referred to by Dr. Lapponi is of course that tired, languid condition of young girls whose development to womanhood is tardy, and whose health, at the period of that development, is so often imperilled. His opinion of the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills at that time is of the highest scientific authority, and it confirms the many published cases in which anæmia and other diseases of the blood as well as nervous diseases have been cured by these pills, which, it need hardly be mentioned, owe their efficacy to their power of making new blood, and thus acting directly on the digestive and nervous system. In all cases of anæmia, decline, indigestion, and troubles due to bad blood, and all affections of the nerves as St. Vitus' dance, paralysis and locomotor ataxia, they are commended to the public with all the greater confidence because they had the strong endorsement of the great physician who has so recently passed away.

TAKING NO CHANCES.

"Yis, ma'am," said Bridget, "I'll be l'avin' ye. I don't like that snip of a dude that does be callin' on Miss Mabel."

"The idea!" exclaimed her mistress. "He doesn't call to see you, so what——"

"I know he don't, ma'am, but I'm afraid some of the neighbors might think he does."



HOW TO AVOID INFLUENZA.

British Papers Tell About Treatment of the Disease.

All the newspapers of London print interviews with doctors and remedies for influenza, which has become epidemic. The Chronicle says:

Symptoms—You may be walking along the street, when—Bang! You are full of pain from head to foot. Next the patient begins to shiver. Then he complains of being hot. His pulse may go up to 104 or 105. He "runs" at the nose. There is a deep, hoarse, unsatisfying cough that hurts in the region of the breast-bone. Sometimes there is a rash.

What to do—Go to bed at once. Send for the doctor. A little salicylate of soda, or some acetate of ammonia, or ammoniated quinine, may be administered. The diet should be light and nutritious.

SOME IMPORTANT "DON'TS."

Promptness is everything when influenza has to be tackled. Therefore, on the detection of any of the foregoing symptoms, the following "Don'ts" become all-important:

Don't kiss the children.
Don't delay going to bed.
Don't attempt to walk the attack down.
Don't forget to send for the doctor.
Don't take a cold or even a hot bath.
Don't use any alcoholic stimulants.
Don't eat a heavy meal.
Don't associate with the family.

"Generally speaking," said the doctor to a representative, "it will be necessary to remain at least one week indoors. The temperature ought to fall on the fourth day, and after that the attack usually takes three or four days to subside.

"The patient should then go away for six or seven days to a carefully selected resort. Above all things, anything in the nature of feeding up should be avoided.

"In nearly all cases influenza is followed by severe physical and mental depression, a condition that needs careful treatment. Every melancholic is a potential suicide, so that bright surroundings in the convalescent stage are important.

"Therefore to successfully attack influenza bear in mind two points:

1. Go to bed at once.
2. Always call in the doctor.

"Do this, and influenza is shorn of nearly all its terrors. The doctor is indispensable, because many phases of the disease are difficult to distinguish from other diseases. The greatest danger to be guarded against is pneumonia. I've seen scores of cases of influenza complicated with pneumonia; I've only seen one recover.

HOW TO ESCAPE IT.

"So much for the actual attack. To those who wish to do all that is possible to escape I would say: 'Don't frequent theatres, concerts, churches, or carriages with closed windows. Remember the bacillus is in the air. Observe these precautions, maintain a high standard of health, and you may escape.'"

One word more. It often happens that nervous patients bring upon themselves and their friends much unnecessary anxiety by failing to distinguish between an attack of influenza and an ordinary cold. The distinction should be quite easy to make.

A Cold.—A cold is catarrh of the upper air passages. It is not sudden, and there is no high temperature. The subsequent depression is nil.

Influenza.—There is nearly always a high temperature with influenza. The depression is considerable.

THE CARE OF A BABY.

A baby that does not eat well and sleep well, that is not cheerful and playful needs attention, or the result may be serious. Stomach and bowel troubles make children cross and sleepless, but a dose of Baby's Own Tablets soon cures the trouble, the child sleeps soundly and naturally and wakes up bright and smiling. Mrs. J. E. Harley, Worthington, Ont., says: "My little one has had no medicine but Baby's Own Tablets since she was two months old and they have kept her the picture of good health." You can get Baby's Own Tablets from any druggist or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SEAWEED IN JAPAN.

$2,000,000 Yearly Derived from It—Plans to Increase the Crop.

Japan, which wastes nothing in its domestic economy, realizes $2,000,000 annually from its seaweed products. According to the report of C. J. Davidson, an attache of the British Embassy at Tokio, more than fifty varieties of the seaweed found along the Japanese coast are utilized either for food or as manufactured products.

The traveller sees bundles of dried seaweed, white with the crystallized salt of the sea water, hung from the front of every food stall. The coarser varieties are stewed and served with fish. Some of the delicate sprigs of sea grass are boiled with fish soups and remain a vivid green, floating against the red lacquer of the soup bowls.

Other species of sea weed are used in the manufacture of glue, of plaster and of starch. Whole villages are given over to seaweed fishing and the drying and packing of the product for shipment to the manufacturing plants in the larger cities. In the country along the seashore the farmers use the coarse and ropy kelp for fertilizing their vegetable fields.

During the past few years the Japanese Government has taken up the subject of the seaweed industry for the purpose of giving it encouragement. Experiments have been carried on in many places along the coast with a view to increasing the yield of the deep water algae. The Government offers a reward for the best method of producing iodine from sea plants.

Little Teddy (to mamma, who is cutting papa's hair)—"Mamma, may I take one of papa's curls?" Mamma—"Yes, darling." (To papa)—"See what an affectionate angel that little fellow is. Even at his tender age he knows enough to prize the mere curl on his dear papa's head." Little Teddy (as he sees mamma trying to pick him a good specimen)—"Hurry up, mamma, I want it for a new tail for my horse."

Nurses' and Mothers' Treasure

—safest regulator for baby. Prevents colic and vomiting—gives healthful rest—cures diarrhoea without the harmful effects of medicines containing opium or other injurious drugs. 42

Cures Diarrhoea 25c.—at drug-stores. National Drug & Chemical Co., Limited, Montreal.

TIME ALTERS ALL THINGS.

Dr. Russel H. Cornwell, the famous pastor of the Baptist Temple in Philadelphia, in a lecture delivered in New Haven not long ago predicted wonderful progress in rapid transit facilities in the near future, and at the same time deprecated the slowness of present railroad travel. To illustrate this point Dr. Cornwell told an amusing story of a woman who was travelling with her child. The train was delayed by many tiresome and seemingly unnecessary stops, and when the conductor was collecting fares the woman refused to pay for her little girl.

"That child is old enough to have her fare paid," said the conductor very sternly.

"Well, perhaps she is old enough now," replied the woman, "but she wasn't when the train started."

SCALDED BY BOILING FAT

COULDN'T USE HAND FOR A MONTH.

Zam-Buk Gave Instant Relief.

An accident in a Toronto home the other day might have had very serious consequences had it not been for Zam-Buk. Miss Martha Green, of 9 Claremont St., in taking a pan of boiling fat from the oven spilt it over her right hand. "The boiling fat ran into the palm of my hand," she says, "and over all my fingers. You may well imagine the agony I suffered in consequence. The hand became swollen, and large blisters formed all over the palm and along the fingers. For over a month I was unable to use the hand at all. I tried several kinds of salves and liniments, but the wound seemed apparently no better. About this time I was advised to stop using all other preparations and apply Zam-Buk instead. The very first application soothed my hand and mation; and as I kept on using Zammation; and as I kept on usnig Zam-Buk the blisters gradually dried up and disappeared. In a very short time the scald was healed completely."

Zam-Buk is equally effective for burns, cuts, bruises, abrasions, sprains and stiffness. It also cures eczema, ulcers, sores, blood poison, ringworm, scalp sores, chronic wounds, acne, blackheads, pimples, cold sores, chapped hands, and all skin diseases and injuries. Rubbed well on the chest, in cases of cold, it relieves the aching and tightness, and applied as an embrocation it cures rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, etc. All druggists and stores sell Zam-Buk at 50c. a box, or it may be obtained from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, upon receipt of price. 6 boxes for $2.50.

OBEYING DOCTOR'S ORDERS.

In a large boarding-house there lived two Englishmen and an Irishman, who were very friendly.

One night, after the Irishman had gone to bed, his friends were very surprised to hear a noise, which sounded as if Pat was taking a run round his bedroom for exercise.

They took no notice, and the following night the same noise took place. The third night, however, Pat seemed to be skipping round and round the room.

His friends, being curious to know what Pat was doing, went up to his bedroom.

The poor Irishman, seeing them watching him, sat down apparently breathless, and blurted out in short gasping sentences:

"Sure, Oi've got to take me medicine. The doctor told me to take it two nights running and skip the third night, and ain't I just following his directions?"

THE RAVAGES OF RHEUMATISM

ARE CHECKED BY BILEANS.

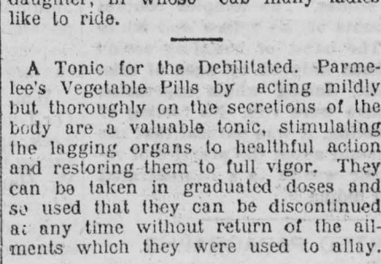
Mrs. Selina Davis, a resident of Abingdon, has proved how wonderfully effective Bileans are in cases of rheumatism and debility. She says: "I had pains in the limbs and across the back, weighing down symptoms and great weariness. In October came a crisis. I was rendered completely helpless by acute rheumatism. By the doctor's advice I went into hospital, where I remained under treatment for nine weeks. On returning I was confined to my bed again for seven weeks. I read a description of the good work Bileans were doing. This induced me to obtain a supply. By following the directions given for their use I improved in health from day to day. After a little while I regained the use of my limbs, and after that my progress was rapid. For some time now I have been able to resume my ordinary life and work, and am altogether a different person from what I was during the last few years."

Rheumatism is due to the presence of certain poisonous acids in the blood. The "filter beds" for the blood are the liver and the kidneys. Through these organs the blood passes, and when the organs are in healthy operation they filter out the harmful substances. When they are not in healthy operation they fail, and rheumatism is one of the many serious results. Bileans do not act directly on the blood, but they act upon and correct the liver and kidneys. They thus correct the real cause of rheumatism by an indirect action. Bileans are also a sure cure for indigeston, liver troubles, headache, gas, belching, pains in the chest, constipation, piles, female ailments, and all blood impurities. All druggists and stores sell them at 50c. a box, or post free from the Bilean Co., Toronto, for price. 6 boxes for $2.50.

Better Underwear

Keeps your body warm, yet lets your skin breathe —knit, not woven,— —it fits, does PENANGLE Underwear.

Guaranteed Against Shrinkage



Trade-marked in red. In a variety of styles, fabrics and prices, for women, men and children, and guaranteed.

"Health and Vigor depend upon the quality and quantity of the blood."—Humanitarian.

Dr. Carson's Tonic

Stomach and Constipation Bitters

A Purely Vegetable Tonic and Blood Purifier. Price 50 cents per Bottle.

If you are not able to obtain it in your neighborhood, we will send to any address two bottles upon receipt of ONE DOLLAR (50c. per bottle) *carriage prepaid.*

Pamphlet sent FREE on application.

The Carson Medicine Company
87 Wellington St. West, - Toronto

CABBY IN PETTICOATS.

Varvara Smolianoff, who drives a cab in Moscow, is the only woman licensed driver in Russia. Her father, a cabman, lost his life in trying to save that of the police-sergeant, and the authorities thereupon transferred his license to his daughter, in whose cab many ladies like to ride.

A Tonic for the Debilitated. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills by acting mildly but thoroughly on the secretions of the body are a valuable tonic, stimulating the lagging organs to healthful action and restoring them to full vigor. They can be taken in graduated doses and so used that they can be discontinued at any time without return of the ailments which they were used to allay.

SHOULD LOOK ON THE HANDLE.

Parks: "This umbrella I am carrying is a present."

Marks: "Who to"

A Little Loss of flesh, a little obstinate cough and a little pain in the chest are signs that must not be neglected. Allen's Lung Balsam loosens the cough and effects a cure without a grain of opium.

Taking all the year round, the coldest hour of the twenty-four is five o'clock in the morning.

Better Without a Stomach than with one that's got a constant "hurt" to it. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets stimulate the digestive organs. Let one enjoy the good things of life and leave no bad effects—carry them with you in your vest pocket. 60 in box, 35 cents.—48

In the British Museum is an advertisement of a reward for a runaway slave. The "ad" is written on papyrus, and is some 3,000 years old. It was exhumed form the ruins of Thebes.

To Prevent is Better than to Repent. A little medicine in the shape of the wonderful pellets which are known as Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, administered at the proper time and with the directions adhered to often prevent a serious attack of sickness and save money which would go to the doctor. In all irregularities of the digestive organs they are an invaluable corrective and by cleansing the blood they clear the skin of imperfections.

Tom—"I always hate to pass a jeweller's shop when I'm walking with Blanche." Dick—"I never pass one." Tom—"Get out! How do you manage it?" Dick—"I don't manage it; she does. She always insists upon going in!"

"Oh, slip on any old thing," said the midnight caller. So the doctor slipped on the top peep, but he did not lose any time, as he slipped on "The D & L" Menthol Plaster and all was right in a jiffy.

Laird: "Well, Sandy, you are getting very bent. Why don't you stand straight up like me, man?" Sandy: "Eh man, do you see that field o' corn ower there?" Laird: "I do." Sandy: "Weel, ye'll notice that the full heids hang down, an' the empty ones stand up."

The President a Slave to Catarrh.—D. T. Sample, president of Sample's Instalment Company, Washington, Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief. 50 cents.—49

IN THE SOUP.

"Waiter, this soup is mighty hot."

"Yes, sah. It burned mah thumb dreadfily, san."

BEYOND THAT.

Mistress: "Norah, you don't seem to try to learn anything. Haven't you any ambition in life?"

Kitchen Maid: "No, mem. But I've saved something, an' I'm going to have a gr-rand funeral whin I die, mem."

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 314

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

TOO MANY ILLITERATES

A GREAT MANY ARE GOING INTO THE UNITED STATES.

The Number of Lower European Immigrants Is Increasing Rapidly.

The report recently issued by one of the secretaries at the British Embassy, Washington, on "Immigration into the United States" forms interesting reading.

It shows the enormous increase that has taken place from year to year and the remarkable change in the character of immigration during the last two decades. Last year 1,026,499 were admitted, and of these by far the majority consisted of the lower European races, mostly illiterates. The largest numbers were Jews, Poles and Italians. The better class of immigrant has dwindled from an annual average of 389,572 in 1885 to 158,620 between 1900-5.

British-Canadian immigration, it says, seems now a thing of the past. The tide has turned, and a good class is being attracted to the north-west of Canada from the Northern American States.

The influx of Hebrews and Poles is having a tremendous influence on American public feeling. These underbid the current price of labor, their standard of living is low, and they perpetuate the slum. "They do not make citizens," says the report.

TO KEEP OUT UNDESIRABLES.

Several recommendations have been made to prevent this rapid increase of undesirable immigrants. It has been proposed to raise the present tax of $2 to $5, $10 $50 or even $100. Another proposition is to exclude all aliens unable to read and write, as it is from this class the criminal records are swelled. They have, as a rule, criminal inclinations and small resources, in addition to which the inability to read takes away the most powerful factor in assimilation.

In the States there are those who hold that too many people are coming in, and that their numbers must be limited somehow. And other judges consider that it is impossible to receive too many if they are of the right class.

This is just the point. At the present time the "undesirables" are predominating, and the problem is how to keep up a sufficient supply of immigrants and at the same time maintain the high standard of former years.

This is also a question which may affect Canada in the near future. It is of the very highest importance to develop British emigration to Canada.

There is Only One Eclectric Oil—When an article, be it medicine or anything else, becomes popular, imitations invariably spring up to derive advantages from the original, which they themselves could never win on their own merits. Imitations of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil have been numerous, but never successful. Those who know the genuine are not put off with a substitute, but demand the real thing.

The bones and muscles of the human body are capable of over 1,200 different movements.

If You are Nervous and irritable, take "Ferrovim," the great nerve and blood tonic; you will be a new person by the time you have used a bottle. $1.00 bottles. All dealers.

Father: "Ah, Tommy, you don't know when you are well off. I wish I were a boy again!" Tommy (who had recently been chastised): "So do I. Littler than me, too!"

Patience: "When I was young I had at least fifty offers for my hand." Patrice: "Those were what you might call your palmy days, I supose."

"Regular Practitioner — No Result."—Mrs. Annie C. Chestnut, of Whitby, was for months a rheumatic victim, but South American Rheumatic Cure changed the song from "despair" to "joy." She says: "I suffered untold misery from rheumatism—doctor's medicine did me no good—two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure cured me—relief two hours after the first dose."—50

"Now," said Popley, "I don't propose to have that burglar alarm in our room. We'll rig it up down in the hall." "But," protested his wife, "we wouldn't hear it and wake up when it goes off." "Neither will the baby."

Use the safe, pleasant and effectual worm killer, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator; nothing equals it. Procure a bottle and take it home.

"Where does Lucia get her beautiful golden hair from?" "From her father." "Is he blonde?" "No, he is a chemist!"

Yes, indeed, "blood will tell," when blotches and incrustations mark the skin. Weaver's Cerate and Weaver's Syrup make short work of all blood and skin troubles.

WHEN THE DISEASE LET GO.

An old man was just recovering from an operation, and as he lay regaining consciousness he heard the doctor say to a nurse, regarding some powders to be given him, "If one every hour is too much give him a half-one every half hour." The old gentleman raised himself up on his elbow and said.

"Say, doc, that reminds me of a man that had a Newfoundland dog. His wife got so tired of having him (the dog, not the man) track up the floors and porches that finally she made her husband take the dog to town and sell him. That afternoon he returned radiant. 'Well,' he said, 'I've sold him for $25!' 'Good!' cried his wife. 'I can get that hat now.' 'But,' continued the man, 'I bought two puppies with the money.'"

The doctor looked at the nurse and said:

"I think he'll recover."

P. S.—He did

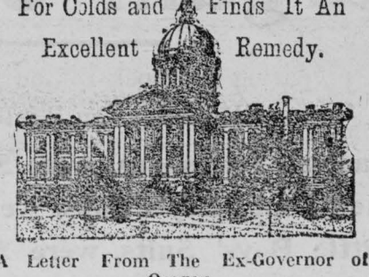
THE DIFFERENCE.

Mike: "Kin yez tell me phwat's th' difference betwane humor an' wit, Pat?"

Pat: "Well, it's loike th' difference betwane whin yure woife tickles ye undher th' chin wid a shtraw from the broom an' whin she hits ye over th' handle av ut."

EX-GOV. OF OREGON USES PE-RU-NA IN HIS FAMILY

For Colds and Finds It An Excellent Remedy.



A Letter From The Ex-Governor of Oregon.

STATE OF OREGON,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Peruna Medicine Co.,
Columbus, Ohio.

Dear Sirs,—I have had occasion to use your Peruna medicine in my family for colds, and it proved to be an excellent remedy. I have not had occasion to use it for other ailments.

Yours very truly, W. M. Lord.

It will be noticed that the Governor says he has not had occasion to use Peruna for other ailments.

The reason for this is that most other ailments begin with a cold.

Using Peruna promptly to relieve colds, he protects his family against other ailments.

This is what every other family in the United States should do. Keep Peruna in the house.

Used Pe-ru-na in the Family Eight Years.

Mrs. Josephine Gillen, 345 Morris St., Portland, Ore., member Patrons of Husbandry, writes:

"Peruna has proven itself of such untold value to us that we are glad to give it due prase. We have had it in the home for more than eight years.

"It restores health in a few short weeks, takes away headaches and backaches, increases the appetite and restores lost nerve force. It is a specific for colds and catarrh."

Mr. Hiram A. Stiles, Middleton, Mass., who has reached the age of 82 years, writes:

"I have taken several bottles of Peruna with good results. I cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted.

"As a cure for catarrh and a tonic for general debility it is seldom equalled."

Ask Your Druggist for Free Peruna Almanac for 1907.

CLEANING LADIES' . . .

WALKING OR OUTING SUITS

Can be done perfectly by our French Process. Try it

BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.

MONTREAL, TORONTO, OTTAWA & QUEBEC

Curate—"I hear you broke a chair over your husband's back during a quarrel you had last night." Parishioner—"Yes, sir." "Aren't you very sorry for what you've done?" "Yes, sir; the chair was as good as new."

Time tries all things, and as Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup has stood the test of years it now ranks as a leading specific in the treatment of all ailments of the throat and lungs. It will soften and subdue the most stubborn cough by relieving the irritation, and restore the affected organs to healthy conditions. Use will show its value. Try it and be convinced of its efficiency.

"You know Jones, who was reputed so rich? Well, he died the other day, and the only thing he left was an old Dutch clock." "Well, there's one good thing about it; it won't be much trouble to wind up his estate."

ITCH, Mange, Prairie Scratches and every form of contagious Itch on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. It never fails.

"Szo! Miss Mary, dey tell me dat you shall tell my gharacter by my handt!" "Well, to begin with, you're a German——" "Ach! it is vonderful!"

"My Heart was Thumping my Life out," is the way Mrs. R. H. Wright, of Brockville, Ont., describes her sufferings from smothering, fluttering and palpitation. After trying many remedies without benefit, six bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart restored her to perfect health. The first dose gave almost instant relief, and in a day suffering ceased altogether. —51

Ants have brains larger in proportion to the size of their bodies than any other living creature.

Have you tried Holloway's Corn Cure? It has no equal for removing these troublesome excrescences as many have testified who have tried it.

AND IT WON'T TELL.

Some well-meaning people go on the stage to elevate it and make it good.

Others, with the best of intentions, fail to "make good" on the stage.

While still others, after a little experience, leave the stage for good.

Which one is right "goodness only knows!"

MARTYRDOM DESCRIBED.

Kingston Man Tells How He Suffered and How He was Released.



Chas. H. Powell.

"For years a martyr," is how Chas. H. Powell, of 105 Raglan Street, Kingston, begins his story. "A martyr to chronic constipation, but now I am free from it and all through the use of Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill.

"I was induced to try Anti-Pill by reading the testimony of some one who had been cured of constipation by it. I had suffered for eighteen years and had taken tons of stuff recommended as cures but which made me worse rather than better. Doctors told me there was no cure for me. Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill cured me."

All Dealers or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

Bargain Chances.

We are preparing for Stock Taking and are making some Big Reductions on Winter Goods.

Ladies' Overshoes, were $2.00; now $1.50
Men's and Boy's Caps, were 75c, now 25c.
Little Boys' Suits, were $2.50, now $1.25.
Boys' Overcoats, were $4.00, now $2.90,
Mens' Fea Coats, were $3.50, now $.250.
Mens' Pea Coats, were $4.50, now $3.50.
Mens' Fine Tweed Overcoats, were $10.00, now $7.50.

We still have Good Winter Apples at 3.75 per bbl.

TERMS CASH. **McGEE & CO.**

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS DONE AT THE RECORD OFFICE.



Guns, Rifles and Ammunition
IN GREAT VARIETY,
WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE
WINCHESTER AND MARLIN RIFLES

McDOUGALL & CUZNER,
523 Sussex Street, **OTTAWA.** Established in 1850.
SIGN OF THE BIG AUGER.

EMPIRE ! EMPIRE !



The Empire Cream Separator outwears other Separators, lasts longer and requires fewer repairs, because—It's simple in construction and—It is more carefully built. That has been the Exerience of thousands of farmers who have used the Empire Its easy to see why. Being so much simpler in construction it has fewer parts to get out of order. The bowl being so much lighter and there being so much less mechanism, there naturally is less friction and wear. It will pay you to consider these things.

Winchester, Ont., Jan. 9, 1905.
Empire Cream Separator Company, of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—I am using one of your EMPIRE Separators and am pleased to be able to recommond to all who intend to buy machines.

I can truly say that I have tried several methods of handling milk, and can recommend a seperator to be far in advance of all other methods.

I can also say that I have tried several other makes of separators and prefer the EMPIRE to any of the others on account of it being easily cleaned, a close skimmer, and the lightest to operate. I am

Yours truly
THOS. IRVING.

Chesterville, July 31, 1906.

Empire Cream Separator Co., Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your Empire Cream Separators after having tried others, I wish to recommead your Empire for its easy running and the work it does. The Empire skims very close and produces a fine quality of cream. I have never seen another machine so simple in construction. I can highly recommend your Empire Cream Separator.

Yours truly
ROLAND SHAVER, Morewood,

Chesterville, July 31, 1906.

Empire Cream Separator Co., Toronto.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your new Improved 2 B Empire Separators I wish to report that it gives me entire satisfaction as to capacity, close skimmer and ease of operation. I can highly recommend your Empire, and it will be a pleasure for me to induce my friends to buy your Empire, as it will be to their advantage.

Yours truly
AMAZIAH FROATS, Nation Valley.

Get an easy running, simple, durable, economical Empire and be sure.

JOHN FOSTER, Chesterville,
Agent for Winchester and Finch Townships.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We beg to inform our many patrons in the vicinity of Chesterville and Winchester that after a brief shut-down for the purpose of installing new water wheels, &c., we have again resumed operations, and in a better position than ever to look after their business in the way of exchanging wheat, chopping &c. We gurantee to please everyone, and solicit your patronage.

Joseph Bishop & Son.
CRYSLER. ONT.

L. D'AMOUR,
UP-TO-DATE TAILOR.
CHESTERVILLE.

My 25 years experience enables me to guarantee my work
I Make a Specialty of
Men's Suits in all Styles.
Ladies' Tailoring in **Jackets, Etc.**

Please give me a call. and I will guarantee Satisfaction.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE RECORD

HIDDEN GOLD.

The Hoard of Precious Metal That Is Secreted In India.

It would be an immense benefit to all mankind if the stores of gold held by individuals in India could be made available for general use. Ever since the dawn of history that country has been gathering gold and hiding it away. Treasures of almost incalculable value are possessed by many Indian princes. When the maharajah of Burdwan died the stock of gold and silver left by him was so large that no member of the family could make an accurate estimate of it. A report made to the British government by a secret agent stated that on the estate of the defunct potentate were a number of treasure houses, one of them containing three rooms. The largest of these three rooms was forty-eight feet long and was filled with ornaments of gold and silver, plates and cups, washing bowls, jugs and so forth—all of precious metals. The other two rooms were full of bags and boxes of gold mohurs and silver rupees. The door of this and other treasure houses had been bricked up for nobody knows how long.

These valuables, according to an ancient custom, were in the custody of the maharajah's wife, the vaults being attached to her apartments, but none of them was allowed to be opened save in the presence of the master. One vault was filled with ornaments belonging to different gods of the family. The natives of India commonly bury their hoards, and among the poorer classes a favorite hiding place is a hole dug beneath the bed. Disused wells are sometimes employed for the same purpose. It is undoubtedly a fact that very many hoards thus deposited are lost forever. Gold is also valued on religious grounds. The gods take up great quantities of gold, silver and precious stones. The temples contain vast amounts of the yellow and white metals. The habit of hoarding seems to have been induced by ages of misgovernment, during which oppression and violence were rife. No feeling of safety existing, it was natural that the natives should adopt the practice of reducing their wealth to a concentrated shape and hiding it.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

The day after you meet the average man he asks you to take sides.

Flattery has a pretty bad name, but it gets better returns than disagreeable candor.

Of this you may be sure—that the black sheep in every family was once the most petted lamb.

When a baby cries in its father's arms he discovers that it is crying because it wants to go to you.

A man never knows until he has fallen into a hole how many paths he might have taken to avoid it.

When two men get their pencils mixed, ever notice how jealously the owner of the longer pencil insists on getting his own back?

Time flies so rapidly that it seems only a few months from the time a boy is crying for a jumping jack until he is paying for it.

Frog Egg Curiosities.

Frogs' eggs are laid before they really become eggs in the true sense of that word. They are always laid under water and when first deposited are covered with a sort of envelope in the shape of a thin membrane. In this shape they are very small, but as soon as they come in contact with the water they rapidly absorb that element and in so doing go through a queer transformation. The thin membrane containing the little seedlike eggs is quickly changed into great lumps of a clear jelly-like substance, each section joined to the other, the whole forming a string from a few inches to several feet in length. On the inside of each of these lumps of jelly the eggs come to perfection and in due course of time add their quota to the frog population of the world.

Costly Competitions.

When a new cathedral or a new college is to be built it is well that architects should compete for it, for then, other things being equal, the best man gets the job and the best possible kind of building is assured. Few persons, though, realize what it costs an architect to enter a competition. They do not understand the time and labor that must be devoted to the design, the estimates, etc. There is one firm of architects in this city that spent $2,500 last year on a single competition. This firm entered ten competitions altogether, winning four of them, and the total cost to it was $7,000.

A Tight Ring.

To remove a tight ring from the finger take a long thread of silk and put one end under the ring and draw it through several inches, holding it with the thumb in the palm of the hand. Then wind the long end of the silk tightly round the finger down to the nail. Take hold of the short end of the silk and, holding it toward the finger, unwind it, and the silk, pressing against the ring, will withdraw it.

Time Limit Fixed.

"Jane, hasn't that young man gone yet?"

"He is just going, papa."

"Jane!"

"Yes, papa."

"In precisely sixty seconds you will say, 'He has just gone.'"

"Yes, papa."

Medical Etiquette.

Medical etiquette, instead of being kept up, as people so often imagine, is the interests of the doctors, is maintained in the interests of the public It is they, not the doctors, who would suffer most were it done away with.—London Spectator.

New Flour and Feed Store
At Crysler.

I have opened a store at Crysler and will carry in stock all kinds of Flour and Feed, etc.

FLOUR—ROYAL HOUSEHOLD,
GLENORA.

I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

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Death Notices.

Dennis Flynn, a respected resident of Aultsville, aged 78 years, died at his home there. The late Mr. Flynn was a native of Ireland and came to Canada when quite young

Wesley Marshall, formerly of Inkerman, met a sad death at Albany, being struck by a light engine. He leaves a young wife, whom he married about three years ago. The body was brought there for interment.

Wilbur Smith, a young man about twenty years of age, only son of Mr. Alexander Smith, a well-to-do farmer of Mountain vicinity, is dead, a victim of pneumonia. Deceased was very highly respected, being a young gentleman of sterling character.

Wm. Harrison, a venerable resident of Portland, passed away one day last week, aged 94 years. His parents were among the first settlers of South Crosby. Mr. Harrison followed the occupation of a farmer, but for some years had retired, and made his home in Portland. Four sons and two daughters survive.

At her home at North Wilhamsburg, Miss Ann Armstrong died on Dec. 28, in the 85th year of her age. Deceased was born in the county of Tyrone, Ireland, and came to this country 65 years ago in company with her two sisters, who afterwards became Mrs. Charles Steen of North Osnabruck, and Mrs Geo. Smyth, of North Williamsburg, who pre-deceased her a number of years ago. Among those who are left to mourn her loss are Mrs. E. J. Empey, Winchester; Mrs. E. C. Merkley, and Miss M. E. Smyth, North Williamsburg; James S. Smyth, Chicago, and Charles and James Steen, Newington.

Met A Bear.

Rev. S. F. Newton of Magog, son-in-law of Mr Hughes of Cannamore, had an encounter with a bear while driving near that place recently, says the Compton Chronicle. The bear however became badly frightened at the approach of the horse and betook himself to the nearest telegraph pole from the top of which he watched with apparant interest the efforts of Mr. Newton to manage his horse which had become fractious at the sight of the bear. Bruin had no desire for trouble, however, and remained on his perch until horse and sleigh were well out of sight, which it is said, did not take long.

St. Catherines is to have one-dollar gas.

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VEGETABLES IN SEASON.



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A 4½ inch bore through rock or soil either summer or winter. Pumps or fixtures supplied and water connected with houses or stables.

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