The Leader

Vol. XIX, No 44 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, Dec. 5, 1919

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Large 1 1-2 pound Package only 35 cents.

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THE HARDWARE STORE—OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
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ST. LAWRENCE POWER DEVELOPMENT, FEDERAL AND INTERNATIONAL

Agreement Must First Be Reached With United States. May Cost Three Hundred Millions.

Ottawa, Dec. 2—Before the Dominion Government can enter on the great enterprise of making a 30-foot waterway along which ocean vessels can go to the head of the lakes, and developing three or four million horsepower in the process, the conflicting interests of Quebec and Ontario must be considered, and an agreement reached with the United States.

Power corporations, which are already developing power along the St. Lawrence River, will have to be eliminating by agreement or by confiscation with compensation. The enormous sums of money, which would be needed, make it necessary for the Government, in view of its present debt, to see its way clear financially before much is done.

Won't Grant Beck's Request.

Sir Adam Beck's demand that the Ontario Hydro-electric Power Commission should be allowed to develop some of the St. Lawrence water powers in connection with the Provincial scheme, in order to electrify the railroads of the Province and give power for industrial development, will not be acceded to.

The Government's view is that the problem being international and inter-Provincial, requires Federal control, and that more than the power question enters into it. A deep waterway has to be constructed as well as the power development because the friends of the project in the United States are all middle and northwestern States bordering on the Great Lakes, who desire to have their chief lake cities become ocean ports. St Lawrence power means nothing to them. Atlantic coast cities in the United States do not favor the project, because it would divert much traffic now going to and through them.

Build Four Big Dams

The plan most favored for the combined waterway and power scheme consists of four dams located respectively, near Morrisburg, near Cornwall, at the foot of Lake St. Francis and below the Lachine Rapids, and extensive borings are being made to determine the best sites. The first two dams would be international, as they lie between Ontario and New York State, and the last two would be in the Province of Quebec. Based on a 24-hour service it is stated here that at least three million horsepower could be developed at the dams. The dams would make a deep-water channel between them for ocean vessels, but locks would be required at each dam just as large as those being constructed on the Welland Canal, and near Montreal there would have to be a new and exceedingly expensive canal system.

The canalization cost would be divided between Canada and the United States for the international waters, and it might be divided between the two countries for the whole one hundred miles, except that in that event the United States would probably insist on sharing in the power development and in exporting it to her own towns and cities.

Engineering problems pressing for solution are the difficulty of dealing with ice jams when the dams are constructed, extensive dyking against flooding of low-lying lands in Huntingdon county, Quebec; the ascertaining of the effect which the new plan when completed would have on the flow of the Ottawa River water and Back River to the north of Mount Royal Island, and the adapting of the plan so as to provide a current suitable both for navigation and the production of power.

Engineers of the Dominion Water Power branch are now seeking a solution to all of these things. Surveys are being made to ascertain how high the river level can be raised without injury to low-lying land.

MISS MARY RIDGEWAY

The remains of Miss Mary Ridgeway, who died in Cornwall General Hospital on Monday night, were conveyed to Morrisburg for burial, on Wednesday, and interred in St. James Cemetery, Rev. C. O. Carson officiating. For the last few years, deceased had not enjoyed her usual health, and was removed to Cornwall where careful nursing, owing to her advanced age, proved of no avail.

The late Miss Ridgeway was born in Cardinal in the year 1841, and moved to Morrisburg in early life. Her devotion to those she loved whilst in our midst, won for her the esteem and universal respect of the community, the news of her passing away causing wide-spread regret.

The undersigned hereby tenders heartfelt thanks to all those who assisted her during the illness and after the death of her husband, Jas. Buckingham.

Mrs. Jas. Buckingham.

BORN

Pruner—At Riverside, on Monday, Dec. 1st. to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Prunner, a son.

MINISTER OF EDUCATION TO VISIT MORRISBURG

It is expected that the Hon. R. A. Grant, Minister of Education, will be present at the M. C. I. Commencement Exercises, to be held on Friday, December 19th. The School Board, acting on the suggestion of Principal O'Neil, M.A., extended an invitation to the Minister, to which he replied as follows:—

"It will give me much pleasure to be present with the teachers and students at Morrisburg Collegiate Institute on the evening of December 19th if unforseen circumstances will permit. As the only cabinet Minister in Eastern Ontario you will understand my disappointment if such should interfere with my wishes to be present, but in the position we occupy, we can never be at all certain of the time at our disposal.

"Wishing you every success and enjoyable Commencement Exercises"

CURLERS ORGANIZE

The Annual Meeting of the Curling Club was held in the curling rink on Tuesday evening last. The attendance was good and keen enthusiasm was manifested, which was very encouraging. We had the honor of holding down the chairman's bench.. The following officers were elected for 1919-20:—

President—Geo. Merkley.
Secretary—Fred S. Broder.
Executive—John Suffell, Dr. Gorrell, L. Laurin.

Several of the members present offered suggestions with a view of creating new interest, all of which received due consideration, and an effort will be made to bring a number of the suggestions into play. A feature of the season's schedule will be a bonspiel arranged to stimulate interest among the amateur players. It was suggested that the Sr. Skips be called upon to put up the prizes, and a number have signified their willingness to come across.

The " constitution", as it read for 1918-19, was adopted for the ensuing season, with but few amendments, one being a change in the time to start games (8.00 instead of 7.30; clause 11 will also be subject to amendment by the executive.

The outlook for a large membership this year is good. To the Sr membership of this club, who have experienced the difficulty of keeping up such a club in a small village, we doff our hats. They have come through with a good record, when clubs in larger towns, have gone to pieces. This season the Club is the only one in Morrisburg to offer the citizens an opportunity for recreation in outdoor sports and should receive due encouragement. The Morrisburg Arena will be put into shape for curling immediately, and the club expects to get away to a good start.

The President, Mr. Geo. Merkley, has called a meeting to be held in the curling rink on Thursday, Dec. 11th, when all final arrangements for the season will be made.

HON. W. E. RANEY WRITES MR. CASSELMAN, LOCAL M.P.P.

"You will of course have noticed paragraphs in the newspapers mentioning my name with Dundas in connection with the by-elections. I thought I ought to write to you and say that there has been no foundation so far as I know for these paragraphs. Nobody has ever suggested the matter to me and I have never spoken to anybody about it. It is, I suppose, a newspaper guess, founded on the fact that as a boy, I lived in Williamsburg.

"I may just add that this is the only communication I have had, direct or indirect, with Mr. Casselman, and that I assume that no friend of mine would undertake to arrange for a vacancy in the Legislature in order to make a place for me, without first speaking to me about it."

COUNCIL MEETING

The regular meeting of the town council was held at the Town Hall on Monday, December 1st. Members all present.

Moved and seconded by Messrs:—Fetterly, Gorrell, That the Clerk be instructed to extend to Mrs. McGannon, the sympathy of this council in her recent great bereavement, and to express to her the Board's appreciation of her late husband's services as Treasurer of this Municipality for the past three years.—Carried.

Fetterly, Coir, That Mr. Wm. Eager be appointed Fuel Commissioner for the Village of Morrisburg at a salary of $50, duties to commence at once—Carried.

Gorrell, Coir, That in view of the increasing demand for the use of household electric appliances, it is deemed advisable that a rate be made for them, but because of the fact that the lighting load of our plant is up to its full capacity during certain hours of the day, it is necessary that the use of these appliances be restricted to certain hours of the day. The rate for these restricted hours shall be one-half cent per watt of the rated capacity of the appliance, the voltage of the appliance to be assumed to be 110 or a multiple thereof. If at any time the lighting system is materially adversely affected by such appliances, it is hereby provided that the Council has the right to cut off such service or use immediately, and that a by-law be prepared accordingly.—Carried

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They are as important to you as his millions to the millionaire—perhaps more so.

They mean the beginning of your independence, the founding of your fortune.

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We accept deposits from a Dollar up, and pay 3% compounded half-yearly.

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B. A. HERRING, Manager, Morrisburg Branch.

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and
FEED

WE HAVE A COMPLETE LINE OF LAKE OF THE WOODS FEED, CORN, WHEAT, BUCKWHEAT, GRIT, OYSTER SHELL, WHICH WE ARE SELLING AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

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MORRISBURG - ONTARIO

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This Bank is equipped and prepared to give efficient, careful and quick service in every department of banking.

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Morrisburg Branch — WILLIAM WALLACE, Manager;
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A fine Dairy Farm of 100 acres, with good soil, good barn buildings large orchard and a fine large brick house having modern conveniences. Farm has a river frontage. For particulars

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ARTHUR FLYNN, Morrisburg

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Stopping a Big Leak in Farm Profits.

One of the largest leaks in farm profits occurs in the handling of manure. Generally manure is dumped on the ground in the barnyard just far enough from the barn so as not to be in the way. Here it accumulates from early fall until spring without the protection of either a cement floor under it or a roof of any sort over it. The result is that the chemicals that are valuable as plant food leach away, due to the rains and melting snows, so that when the manure is taken to the fields in the spring the most valuable part of it is gone. His crops are thus deprived of a great amount of plant food and the resulting decreased yield in crops brings him smaller profits.

A good way to stop this leak in farm profits is to have a good arrangement of stables in the basement of the barn. A progressive farmer friend of mine has planned the basement of his barn especially to conserve manure. He has everything conveniently arranged. The barn is 38x50 feet. Two alleys, each four feet wide, extend the length of the barn next to the walls. These alleys are elevated two feet higher than the rest of the floor. Like the entire basement floor, they are constructed of cement. This elevation is for convenience in feeding the animals; "it's easier to shovel down than up," my friend says.

On one side of the barn directly next to the alley is a feeding box two feet wide and extending the length of the barn. Ensilage or other feed is simply pushed off the edge of the alley and it falls directly into the feeding box. Each animal is allowed a space 3½x6½ feet. Patent stanchions are used. Six and one-half feet back of the stanchions the cement floor drops eight inches. This forms a trough which gradually slopes upward until the floor level is again reached—a distance of about two feet.

On the other side of the barn are the horse stalls. There are single stalls for four horses. Back of the stalls is a trough similar to the one on the other side of the barn. The rest of this side is taken up by box stalls.

In the centre of the basement floor is a driveway measuring eleven feet wide from trough to trough. My friend simply drives into the barn with his manure-spreader and loads the manure directly into the spreader from the troughs on each side of the driveway. All liquid manure is absorbed by the bedding, and by being loaded directly on the spreader and taken to the fields every day practically 100 per cent. of the fertilizer reaches the fields where it is available for the crops.

You ask: "What does my friend do when the weather or the rush of work does not permit hauling manure direct to the field?" The answer is this:

The barn is a bank barn with an overhang in the barnyard. When manure can not be hauled directly to the field it is hauled out from the stalls in a litter carrier and distributed over the ground under the overhang. Here the stock tramp the manure.

On another farm where there is a bank barn the stock are housed during the entire winter and the manure is dumped under the overhang each day. During the day the cattle are turned out into the barnyard. The length of time that they are allowed to stay out depends upon the severity of the weather and the degree of shelter afforded by the wall and covered portion of the yard. Where the shelter is complete, the stock, even the dairy cows, may stay out all day. The feeding usually is done in the stable, which is kept well bedded with straw and refuse from the mangers. During the latter part of April or early in May, depending on the season, the cattle are turned out to pasture, where they remain until cold weather begins in the fall, except in the case of the cows, which are in the stable each day only long enough to be fed and milked. Hogs are seldom housed at all in summer, while sheep are usually shut up at night as a protection against dogs.

Nearly all manure produced on the farm accumulates in the manure yard. The largest part of it comes from the stables and is distributed in the covered portion.

All cornstalks, straw and other roughage not used as bedding are added as needed to take up excess liquids. In this way the covered portion of the barnyard not only affords a dry and comfortable shelter for the live stock during the winter months, but it protects the manure so that no leaching occurs. In some instances the corn fodder is run through a cutter, which increases its power of absorption and makes the manure easier to handle.

The tramping of the stock packs the manure so that an even temperature is obtained, which seems to favor proper fermentation, as is evidenced partly by the strong odor of ammonia which pervades the atmosphere in the vicinity when the manure is being removed, and partly by absence of firefang so common in manure piles exposed to the weather.

Land plaster may be sprinkled on manure handled in this way, the amount ranging from one to two tons a year, applied at the rate of a bushel a week. Disintegrated feldspar rock can be used with good effect, but as a general thing the manure need not be treated with chemical fertilizers. It is not even necessary to turn the manure over.

There are many farms which have bank barns, and on such farms the foregoing practice is all right.

This plan of allowing the stock to tramp manure can also be used in covered yards, or in sheds detached from the barn where horses or cows are stabled. Never should manure be allowed to accumulate in stalls. Manure from stalls can be taken to the covered yard by means of manure carriers.

How I Doubled My Egg Yield in Four Years.

If you were to come to my farm I could show you the methods I use much better than I can write about them. For doing the things by which I have built up a high-producing strain of chickens is much easier for me than to sit down and tell how I do them. When I first started trap-nesting I followed directions implicitly, and as I soon became discouraged at the great amount of work involved I abandoned the elaborate system of records that I had started. I then thought it necessary to carry on the work of the year through. Now I do not start trap-nesting until November or December, and continue only until March. This is the critical period in egg production, and the hen that lays well during the winter months is almost sure to be a good producer the year round. That my methods are sound is shown by the fact that I have doubled my egg production in four years without increasing the size of my flock.

The first year I found that it took so much of my time keeping the records of the different hens I abandoned the plan, and did not use trap nests at all for several years. Four years ago I decided to try out a plan which I had been thinking of for some time. What I wanted most was to have my hens lay during the winter months when eggs bring the top prices.

Good, clean, well-balanced scratch feed, a little green cut bone, some green food, such as finely cut rutabagas, cabbage, or sprouted oats, with proper care and good housing, plenty of light and fresh air, are all absolutely necessary for maximum egg production. But even with all this, without a record of your flock, your hens may eat their heads off and still not be profitable.

The following is the plan which has proved successful for me. It has more than doubled my egg yield in four years: I installed the trap nests to take care of all my hens, using one nest to every two to four hens. More nests are needed than when using the ordinary kind.

I start trap-nesting in November or December, and continue into February. Each hen has a numbered leg-band. I use a card index system for all my records, and find it a saving of time, and also more accurate, to have these cards tacked up in each pen, crediting each hen with the eggs she lays. When the card is filled it is placed in the cabinet and another put up.

There is only one way to get started right, and that is to buy the very best laying strain of whatever breed you take a fancy to; or, if you already have a flock of pure-bred chickens, cull out all undersized, off-colored hens, and those showing any other defects. Have your nests installed and be sure your hens are free from lice. Don't let your hens deceive you, your best laying hens may be your poorest lookers. Beware of the hen that is always out with a fine coat of feathers, because instead of putting her energy into a good egg yield it all goes into fine feathers. After you have finished trap-nesting and sorted out all your slackers, get them off the farm.

You should secure a good male bird, with his dam showing even a better egg record than your hens. You can't afford to go to your neighbors and trade roosters, but must get your male bird from someone you know has been trap-nesting, or you will tear your flock to pieces as fast as you build it up. If you can line-breed it is the only sure system. If several of your neighbors with the same birds will follow this system for a year or two, you will be able to secure male birds right at home.

Don't breed your pullets the first year if you can possibly avoid it; but, if you must, mate pullets to a two or a three-year-old male bird. Mate mature hens to cockerels.

My trap nests are all home-made, and cost around 25 cents each, not counting labor. Be sure you don't make them too small. Wyandottes and Plymouth Rocks need a nest 13 x 13 inches x 19 inches high.

Don't try to build up a run-down strain of chickens. Start right, then stay right, and the results of your small investment in a few good hens will surprise you.

A cow for every school in the country districts might be a good idea in view of the number of pupils who regularly carry a lunch to tide them over the mid-day period.

Hens are like people: unless obliged to work they become lazy and unproductive. Make them work for their food by scattering it in straw on the floor of the hen house.



Poultry

A dark poultry house is unhealthful and uncomfortable. There should be plenty of windows to let in light so that the house is bright and they should be kept clean so that the sun can shine in to warm and brighten the interior. The direct rays of the sun will kill every germ of disease that it touches and that in itself is important. Too much glass is a disadvantage because the house warms up too much in the daytime when the fowls are busy, and cools down too rapidly at night when they are on the roosts. Windows should have both upper and lower sash so that they can be lowered and raised to let in little or much air according to the outside temperature. If there is too much window space reduce it; if there is too little increase it.

Filthy air is practically breathing poison. Pure air furnishes the oxygen which keeps the life processes going and when the air becomes stale or foul, the birds become weak and sickly. The problem, therefore, is to let in plenty of air without drafts and without making the house so cold as to be uncomfortable. On almost all sunny days the windows can be opened when the flock is exercising, scratching in litter for its food, and that gives a chance to air the house thoroughly. Even in the coldest night the windows may be lowered a little at the top (very little when it is very cold) and the birds will obtain fresh air. If the wind blows in, a piece of burlap can be hung over the open space through which the air can get in and by which the wind can be kept out.

An egg contains 14 per cent. albumen.

The Dairy

Properly cooling the milk is too often a serious problem on the farm; but where nature offers the chief equipment in the way of ponds or streams and freezing weather, the problem resolves itself into the matter of a little extra work at the time when there is the least farm work to be done. Now that the fall work is rounding up and we can draw breath, let us plan for this important provision for next summer's comfort and profit.

The saving and improvement in our dairy products will well repay the work and expense connected with providing a generous supply of ice. The comfort in the household gives a generous margin of profit. Think of the delicious cool drinks, the ice cream (all too little used on the average farm) that is a most delicious dessert as well as a nourishing food, the sherbets and ices easily made at small expense in the fruit season or from our canned store later on, the comfort of ice in case of sickness—think of all these thing, made available by work that is a sound business proposition, and wonder how we ever thought of dairy farming without ice! At least, it is "good business" to find out what we can do.

A Course for Betty.

In the course of the month that she was spending with her niece, Aunt Judy's fine brown eyes were "taking in" a great many things, most of which concerned her grandniece Betty. Betty was a darling, but she was missing too much, Aunt Judy decided. So she concluded to take Betty home with her for a visit.

Betty was wild with delight over the beautiful old house and its treasures. "What wouldn't I give to have Phyllis Freed see this place!" she cried.

"Why, I didn't suppose you liked Phyllis Freed," Aunt Judy replied innocently. "You never have her at the house like the other girls."

Betty flushed. "I just can't, Aunt Judy," she confessed. "Everything at Phyllis's is so beautiful, and we're so shabby and inartistic—"

"It's a home," Aunt Judy reminded her. "You feel that the moment you step into it. Don't you think it's unfair to Phyllis to take it for granted that she cares more for mahogany than for homes?"

"Oh, Phyllis wouldn't feel so!" Betty acknowledged.

"Then it's Betty Jarvis's pride?"

"I suppose so," said Betty slowly.

"I'm going to give Betty Jarvis three object lessons," Aunt Judy declared. "We'll devote this afternoon to her instruction."

"I'm so glad one afternoon will achieve it!" Betty replied saucily. To which Aunt Judy deigned no answer except a look.

In the afternoon the car was ordered and Aunt Judy and Betty went calling. The first call was at Mrs. Orne's. Mrs. Orne, Aunt Judy told Betty, had been very wealthy once. There were beautiful things still in her small parlor. But the call was one long apology upon Mrs. Orne's part—apology for her house, her maid, her refreshments.

"O, Aunt Judy, I'm not like that, surely!" Betty cried as soon as they were out of hearing.

"I didn't say you were," Aunt Judy replied, smiling.

The second call was upon Miss Nancy Cliff, who also had been wealthy once. She lived still in the old house, but the great rooms were pathetically bare. Miss Nancy's welcome, however, was anything but poor, and she served tea and cheap wafers as if they were nectar and ambrosia.

"I couldn't learn to do it that way in a thousand years!" Betty sighed. "It was great, Aunt Judy, but you would have to be born to it."

The third call was at Mary Creel's. Mary Creel never had any possession except children, but Mary's welcome was joy itself.

"Only don't sit in that chair," she warned Betty gayly, "unless you like broken springs. You see, it's the children's Dream Chair. They go to it to pretend all kinds of things. I really think I love it better than anything in the house, but I can't expect other people to."

It was a dear time; a bit tumultuous when the children tumbled in, but so happy. No one cared about shabby rugs and chairs with broken springs because there was so much real living going on. As they left, Betty smiled into Aunt Judy's eyes.

"I'm going to take a course under Mary Creel," she said.

Planning to Save? Start Now.

We all like to talk about saving and to think how much we can actually put aside once we set about it. But the trouble is, we are all prone to put off the day of beginning and to think that after this or that emergency is past we will begin to make definite and far-reaching reforms. All of which is very praiseworthy, but does not get us anywhere.

The only time to begin is now, and the place right here. Most of us are used to indulging ourselves in some ways beyond that which is really necessary. We may think and argue that we are extremely economical and believe what we say, but few of us go about it systematically.

One woman, a widow, who has reared and educated two daughters, sending both of them abroad, said it is not the big things which eat up one's finances nearly so surely as the small things. So she has always taken pains to keep every garment in nice repair, so that it will do as long-time service as possible, and to consider carefully before she makes even a small expenditure. She has trained herself to ask these questions mentally: "Do I really want this? Do I need it? Shall I be any better off if I get it?" She says that if she can answer these questions in the affirmative she has no hesitation in buying what she is considering, but that in nine cases out of ten she is obliged to face the fact that the expenditure is only suggested by being where these things are sold and seeing others making generous purchases.

Many people waste money by purchasing too liberally for the table. The housewife should know just about what her family will use and provide the amount which will not allow for waste. Leftovers are often difficult to use up, as there is not enough to go around, and quite as much must be furnished with them as without them.

One family found that by being more careful with the laundry bill they were clothed in just as many fresh garments and still had savings enough in a single year to pay for a $50 bond.

Keep the Mouth Clean

Dr. Mayo, the celebrated surgeon, says that the next forward movement to be undertaken in the prevention of disease is the procuring of clean mouths among the people. This will be a surprise to many folks, but the fact remains that the human mouth is one of the worst germ-carrying agents.

The mouth, which should be the cleanest part of the body, becomes the filthiest when neglected. There is nothing more disgusting than a mouth which is a stranger to the tooth brush, or one that is treated only occasionally to a half-hearted scrubbing with this highly necessary toilet article. A person with such a mouth, when sneezing or coughing, forces into the air disease germs which immediately become attached to dust particles, poisoning the air which others must breathe, with myriads of disease-producing germs such as pulmonary tuberculosis, pneumonia, diphtheria, tonsilitis, la-grippe, the common cold, and many others. Imagine, then, the result when the person drives these germs into the stomach.

Medical authorities advise us that fully seventy-five per cent. of diseases either originate in the mouth or enter the system through it. Few people have any conception of the enormous number of germs (bacteria) to be found in the human mouth. A conservative estimate, however, is that the ordinary varieties which are to be found in a diseased mouth number about fifteen. Bacteria multiply so rapidly that tens become millions in a few hours if the condition of the mouth is favorable to their reproduction.

A noted bacteriologist has estimated that in a certain unclean mouth there were not less than 1,140,000,000 bacteria. Think of the condition of the atmosphere of a room inhabited by a person with such a mouth! Some of these germs are more poisonous or disease-producing than others, but it is a fact that the human mouth when in a diseased condition contains many of the most virulent germs known. This is especially true of germs associated with decayed teeth having abscesses at their roots, and those with pus which may be pressed out from around the necks of the teeth.

These conditions are not out of the ordinary, but are quite common. In fact, it is an accepted fact that dental disorders are the most widespread that affect the human race, and that many obscure ailments affecting the general system, such as chronic dyspepsia, gastritis, certain nervous affections and general diseased conditions of the blood as pernicious anaemia, may be traced to a diseased mouth. This condition is the result of failure to use the tooth brush regularly and properly and to consult a dentist when decayed teeth or red, swollen gums are first noticed.

Fully twenty-five per cent. of the people suffer from pus at the roots of one or more teeth. This poison may find its way into the stomach or intestines by being swallowed, or may be absorbed into the blood and circulated to all parts of the body. The health of any person with an unclean mouth is always in danger. The time is sure to come sooner or later when, owing to a cold or other cause, the individual becomes "run down" and his power of resistance is lowered, resulting in a serious illness, the infection of which came from the mouth.

Statistics show that over ninety per cent. of the children in our public schools have decayed teeth or those abscessed. In some communities there are regularly held medical examinations of the children, and if the parents fail to correct the evils found existing, the community bears the expense. We are coming to appreciate that the nation's welfare is the individual's health.

The tongue is often the seat of ulcers due to the mechanical irritation of decayed teeth having sharp edges, and to deposits of tartar. Ulcers of this kind, when neglected, are often the starting point of cancer. As cancer is much more prevalent than tuberculosis in those above forty years of age, it is important to attend to any ragged edges or points of irritation.

Due to its close proximity, the throat may be infected from a diseased mouth. Periodic attacks of tonsilitis have been traced to an unsanitary mouth. A number of diseases result from infected tonsils, and in many cases the tonsils are infected from the mouth. The spread of diphtheria is much more rapid and its virulence greater among children with neglected and diseased mouths than among those whose mouths are in a fairly hygienic condition.

An English physician discovered in an examination of 2,406 people with stomach trouble, including indigestion, that bacteria existed in eighty-seven per cent. In an examination of one thousand chronic cases, thirty-six per cent. had less than half their natural chewing powers owing to loss of tooth tissue, while twenty-two per cent. had mouths containing germ-laden teeth.

To prevent as much as possible, therefore, the contracting of disease, two rules must be observed: First, keep the mouth as free from bacteria as possible. This condition can best be obtained by the proper and regular use of the tooth brush, using it in such a manner as to brush every part of the mouth, the spaces between the teeth and the top of the tongue.

Second. Keep at a distance from those suspected of having unclean mouths, especially if they are in the habit of coughing or clearing their throats. The power of resistance can be maintained by proper mastification of the food with a good set of teeth and by closely observing the proper laws of living.

Health Talks

By John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Address communications to 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto

Middle-Aged People.

After fifty the less one eats the more healthy he is like to be, with due regard of course to sufficient nourishment. We nearly all of us, young or old, eat a great deal more than we need. We could do our work on a smaller consumption of food.

All foods contain only a certain amount of nourishment; the rest of it is waste, which must be gotten rid of somehow, by the kidneys, the bowels, the skin, and the lungs.

While we are still young the body will, for the time, meet every strain that is put upon it; and that is why excessive and unsuitable food hurts not so much. The youthful body strains a few points and gets over the trouble by drawing on its reserve force, its factors of safety. But in middle life there is less reserve power; so that in the cases of those who have been careless or dissipated, the body finds it difficult to rid itself of the waste matter in the food. Then there results auto-intoxication. Again, in middle life we are too ready to ride instead of walk. We take less exercise; worst of all we find our greatest pleasure in eating and drinking. Then, as we grow more and more self-indulgent, we become stouter and stouter.

This is so common a fault that people think it is quite natural to become fat at forty and dependent on a trolly or a flivver when they have to go a mile. And so the storage of waste matter leads to many headaches, backaches, rheumatisms, and gouts.

By middle age we ought to have stored up enough energy to carry comfortably to four score years at least. After fifty the only food taken ought to be just enough to keep one going comfortably and not so much as to leave more waste than our eliminative organs can take care of. The less meat and alcohol the middle-aged take, the more will life be enjoyed, the clearer will be their minds, the more active their body. Take only what is required to maintain a fair weight; that is the test.

Questions and Answers.

Your observation about gangrene has greatly relieved me by reason that my mother died of gangrene when she was only 24; and I have always feared that at about her age I would have the same disease. I have myself on both sides of my neck, red, hard pimples. I have tried many kinds of drugs to cure them, but without success.

Answer—The kind of fear you mention regarding disease, is one that is like to grow with the years until it becomes a positive and dangerous obsession. Best learn the truth and then you will know what you are "up against." Present-day science scouts the idea of hereditary transmission of many disease states, which were formerly and erroneously believed to be handed down from generation to generation. The pimples are no doubt due to enlargements of chains of glands in the neck. Your doctor should examine carefully as to their nature and advise you accordingly.

The Great West Permanent Loan Company.

Toronto Office. 20 King St. West.

4% allowed on Savings.
Interest computed quarterly.
Withdrawable by Cheque.
5½% on Debentures.
Interest payable half yearly.
Paid up Capital $2,412,573.

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23 Years of Reliable Trading
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The oldest established
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Highest Market Prices Paid.
Satisfaction Guaranteed to Shippers.
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410 St. Paul St. West - Montreal

ANY FARMER
who does not attend the Tenth Annual Toronto Fat Stock Show will miss seeing the best collection of fat butcher stock ever assembled in Canada.
JUDGING, 10:00 A.M.
THURSDAY, DEC. 11TH
AUCTION SALE, 10:00 A.M.
FRIDAY, DEC. 12TH
Toronto
Fat Stock Show
UNION STOCK YARDS
TORONTO

HORSEMEN FOR 25 YEARS HAVE RECOMMENDED
Spohn's Distemper Compound
for Distemper, Influenza, Pink-Eye, Coughs or Cold. Twenty-five years' use among the best horsemen in America have given the COMPOUND an enviable record as a preventative and cure. A few drops daily will keep the animal in condition and his system will resist disease. Regular doses prescribed will cure.
SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

The Newest Designs



9177-9138 9174-9157

No. 9174—Ladies' Waist. Price, 25 cents. Pleated front panel, two styles of sleeve. Cut in 9 sizes, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48 and 50 ins. bust measure. Size 36 requires, with dart sleeves, 2¼ yds. 36 ins. wide, or 1¾ yds. 45 ins. wide; with bell sleeves, 2⅛ yds. 36 ins. wide, or 1¾ yds. 45 ins. wide.

No. 9157—Ladies' Two-Piece Skirt. Price, 25 cents. Panel front with two-piece "caught-under" tunic; 39 or 37-inch length. Cut in 6 sizes, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32 and 34 ins. waist measure. Size 26 requires, without tunic, 39-inch length, 2⅝ yds. 36 or 45 ins. wide; with tunic, 37-inch length, 5⅛ yds. 36 or 45 ins. wide. Width around bottom, 1½ yds.

No. 9177—Ladies' Overdress. Price, 25 cents. Cut in 8 sizes, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 ins. bust measure. Size 36 requires 3¼ yds. 36 ins. wide, or 2⅜ yds. 54 ins. wide.

9138—Skirt Sizes 22 to 38 Price, 20 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

A new white enameled steel kitchen cabinet is made in units to fit any desired space.

POOR THIN BLOOD BRINGS INDIGESTION

Make the Blood Rich and Red by Using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Thin-blooded people generally have stomach trouble. They seldom recognize the fact that thin blood is the cause of indigestion, but it is. Thin blood, weak, watery blood, is one of the most common causes of stomach trouble. The glands that furnish the digestive fluids are diminished in their activity, the stomach muscles are weakened and there is a loss of nerve force. In this state nothing will more quickly restore appetite, digestion and a normal nutriton than good, rich, red blood.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly on the blood, making it rich and red, and this enriched blood strengthens weak nerves, stimulates tired muscles, and awakens to normal activity the glands that supply the digestive fluids. The first sign of returning health is an improved appetite, and soon the effect of these blood improving pills is felt throughout the whole system. You find that what you eat does not distress you and that you are daily growing stronger and more vigorous. Mr. J. J. Murray, Regent Street, Toronto, bears testimony to the value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in cases of this kind. He says:—"During the latter part of 1918 I was a sick man. My stomach seemed simply down and out. I had no desire for food, and when I ate it distressed me. I was pale, did not sleep well, naturally got up in the morning feeling grouchy. My wife was worried over my condition and urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, reminding me of the good they had done our eldest daughter when she was in a somewhat similar condition. I decided to follow her advice and got a supply and here is the story in a nutshell: I have got my appetite back, sleep soundly at night, enjoy my meals and am so gratified with what the pills have done for me that I strongly advise their use for all pale, sick people."

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Buying Newspapers With Seals.

It is announced by a Parisian paper —L'Avenir'—that all subscribers will be allowed to purchase ten pounds of sugar at cost price, and since sugar is about the scarcest commodity at present in Paris, it is likely that the proprietors will do well.

Papers have resorted to all sorts of curious devices in order to increase their circulation. At one time the Paris 'Petit Bleu,' then in low water, was purchased by M. Henri Deutsch, who announced that he would give away 100,000 copies a day—so many to members of various professions, 2,000 to dress-makers, 1,000 to butchers, 500 to dentists, and so on.

Editors in less civilized lands have been known to announce that they will take subscriptions in kind.

Take, for instance, the following announcement from a far-Western journal: "Have you paid your subscription yet? Remember that even an editor must live. If the hard times have struck your shebang, don't forget turnips, potatoes and corn in the shock are most as welcome as hard cash at the 'Gem' office. Also hardwood. Our latch-string is always out, or the goods can be delivered to our wife, who will give receipt in our absence." Imagine buying a paper for three or four turnips!

Greenland has a newspaper published at God Haabt, called the 'Kalorikmik.' It is a monthly periodical printed n the Eskimo language. The subscription is one seal for a year, two cider duck for three months, while single copies cost a dab-chick apiece, the latter being a small, eatable sea-bird.

Even in Europe subscriptions in kind have been received. In 1837 the editor of the 'Eilbote,' a paper published in Munich, offered to receive subscriptions to his periodical at the rate of six gallons of beer per year.

WELL SATISFIED WITH BABY'S OWN TABLETS

Mrs. Emile Malette, Montpelier, Que., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for some time and am well satisfied with them. They are surely the best medicine I know of for little ones." What Mrs. Malette says thousands of other mothers say. Once they have used the Tablets for their children they would use nothing else. The Tablets are a mild but thorough laxative; are absolutely free from opiates, narcotics or other harmful drugs and may be given to the youngest baby with perfect safety and good results. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A Good Warfare.

Live or die,
E'er fight shy
Of all sin,
Out or in.

It will kill,
Or make nil,
All that you
Try to do.

Cast it out,
There's no doubt
Of its power,
Ev'ry hour.

Seek God's grace
In Life's race—
He will give
Strength to live.

—Fred Scott Shepard.

I was cured of terrible lumbago by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
REV. WM. BROWN.

I was cured of a bad case of earache by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. S. KAULBACK.

I was cured of sensitive lungs by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. S. MASTERS.

Mouth as Piano Player.

A writer who lost his right arm when he was a youth, sends an interesting account of the ingenious manner in which he carries on in spite of his handicap.

"I get up at seven o'clock," he says, "wash, shave, scrub my finger-nails by holding a small nail-brush between my teeth, and dress myself without any help. To fill a pipe and strike a match is an easy matter, while years ago I learned to write with my left hand.

"I often play whist, and can place my cards together as quickly as anyone. But I find my chief deight and enjoyment in paying the piano or organ. I love both. I do not play with my left hand only, but play the lower notes with a stick in my mouth.

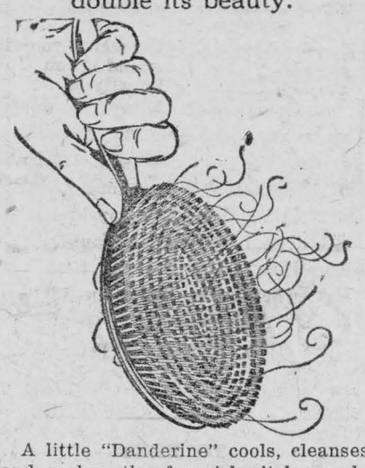
"I can open a boiled egg and eat it as quickly as anyone with their two hands, while in regard to wrapping up a parcel and securing the same with string, I challenge any grocer to do the job more neatly.

"Peeling an apple is quite simple. I can open a penknife in an instant.

"No one need despair who has lost one of their arms. It is awkward at first, but after a few weeks it is surprising what one can do for themselves. So to all who have lost an arm I say, 'Cheerio! It might have been worse!' "

LET "DANDERINE" SAVE YOUR HAIR

Check ugly dandruff! Stop hair coming out and double its beauty.



A little "Danderine" cools, cleanses and makes the feverish, itchy scalp soft and pliable; then this stimulating tonic penetrates to the famished hair roots, revitalizing and invigorating every hair in the head, thus stopping the hair falling out, or getting thin, dry, or fading.

After a few applications of "Danderine" you seldom find a fallen hair or a particle of dandruff, besides every hair shows new life, vigor, brightness, more color and thickness.

A few cents buys a bottle of delightful "Danderine" at any drug or toilet counter.

Still, It Furnished the Place.

Book education had small place in Phelan's hard life as a miner. When he was nearing forty, he made a strike in a certain claim he had taken up and became a millionaire several times over.

Having been obscure all his life, he was most susceptible to flattery, and his friends soon learned the trick of getting money from him. A miners' Club was organized, and in consideration of having his name lettered over the entrance Phelan was enticed into paying for the furnishings. When everything was ready for the opening, he was invited to inspect the quarters.

"You fellows ought to feel pretty proud of this layout," he remarked.

"We should," answered one of the committee-men, "if we only had a chandelier for this hall."

Phelan considered for a moment. "Well, he asked, "what'll it cost?"

"Three hundred dollars," was the ready reply.

"I'll get it," the millionaire announced, "but I'll bet there ain't a blame one of you can play it!"

Sergeant: "Did you ever do picket duty before?" Recruit: "Sure! Whenever they killed a chicken at home I had to pick it."

SUFFERING CATS! GIVE THIS MAN THE GOLD MEDAL

Let folks step on your feet hereafter; wear shoes a size smaller if you like, for corns will never again send electric sparks of pain through you, according to this Cincinnati authority.

He says that a few drops of a drug called freezone, applied directly upon a tender, aching corn, instantly relieves soreness, and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts right out.

This drug is a sticky ether compound, but dries at once and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue.

It is claimed that a quarter of an ounce of freezone obtained at any drug store will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet. Cut this out, especially if you are a woman reader who wears high heels.

"SYRUP OF FIGS" CHILD'S LAXATIVE

Look at tongue! Remove poisons from little stomach, liver and bowels



Accept "California" Syrup of Figs only—look for the name California on the package, then you are sure your child is having the best and most harmless laxative or physic for the little stomach, liver and bowels. Children love its delicious fruity taste. Full directions for child's dose on each bottle. Give it without fear.

Mother! You must say "California."

Earn $4 Per Hen.

Eleven boys of Goshen, Conn., started out November 1, 1918, to earn $1,000 profit in one year from their flock of hens. They finished the experiment November 1 of this year and after checking up results find that they passed that mark considerably, earning $1,750.43 above feed costs.

The number of hens in the eleven flocks varied somewhat, during the year, but the average total each month of the year was 436 hens. This means that the boys made a profit of a little more than $4 above feed cost per hen.

At the same time the Goshen boys launched their experiment nine boys of West Hartford entered into a similar venture. As some of these boys lived in suburban homes with limited facilities for keeping chickens they owned fewer hens than the Goshen boys. The average total for each month was 200 hens. Although their total profits were but $784.55, their profits per bird were $3.92, but little less than that of the Goshen boys.

Now the boys think they can beat their own record and both clubs plan to continue their work another year.

MONEY ORDERS.

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

Valuable Dead.

A horse when dead has by no means ceased to be useful. His hide, being extremely tough, is the best of all materials for covering baseballs. His mane and tail are incomparable stuffing for curled-hair mattresses, or may be utilized for haircloth and fishing lines. His bones furnish excellent buttons and from his hoofs are obtained glue, the beautiful pigment called "Prussian blue," and a particularly fine gardener's fertilizer rich in ammonia and known as "hoof meal."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Sings to Her Cows.

A Swiss milkmaid with a musical singing voice obtains better wages than one who cannot sing, as the cow that is soothed with a pleasing melody during milking, it is said, yields one-fifth more milk.

CARBON!

Rid System of Clogged-up Waste and Poisons with "Cascarets."

Like carbon clogs and chokes a motor, so the excess bile in liver, and the constipated waste in the bowels, produce foggy brains, headache, sour, acid stomach, indigestion, sallow skin, sleepless nights, and bad colds.

Let gentle, harmless "Cascarets" rid the system of the toxins, acids, gases, and poisons which are keeping you upset.

Take Cascarets and enjoy the nicest, gentlest laxative-cathartic you ever experienced. Cascarets never gripe, sicken, or cause inconvenience. They work while you sleep. A box of Cascarets costs so little too.

GET SLOAN'S FOR YOUR PAIN RELIEF

You don't have to rub it in to get quick, comforting relief

Once you've tried it on that stiff joint, sore muscle, sciatic pain, rheumatic twinge, lame back, you'll find a warm, soothing relief you never thought a liniment could produce.

Won't stain the skin, leaves no muss, wastes no time in applying, sure to give quick results. A large bottle means economy. Your own or any other druggist has it. Made in Canada. Get it to-day. 35c., 70c., $1.40.

Sloan's Liniment *Keep it handy*

Classified Advertisements.

AGENTS WANTED.

PORTRAIT AGENTS DESIRING Prints, Finished Portraits and Frames, write for Catalogue and Price List. United Art Co., 4 Brunswick Ave., Toronto.

CONCERT TENOR.

ATTENTION! ALBERT DOWNING, Canada's most successful tenor soloist, supplies concert talent for whole or part programmes. He knows all the best. Write now for terms. Nordheimers, Toronto.

WANTED

FIRST CLASS GARAGE MAN. State experience and wages wanted. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPROVE YOUR BREAD! JUST ADD a teaspoonful of HO-MAYDE BREAD IMPROVER to your regular baking and get a larger, finer, and sweeter loaf, which will not dry out so quickly. Perfectly wholesome. Ask your grocer, or send fifteen cents for a package. Ho-Mayde Products Co., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

Trousers Hint.

Save all the stocking tops and use them to line the knees and seats of boys' trousers where they are thin. Being elastic, the stocking tops adjust themselves smoothly, and yet can be stretched if necessary.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

The London buses run over a quarter of a million miles every day. This means that every day they complete a journey as far as from the earth to the moon; and every year the journeys equal the distance to the sun.

SINCE 1870 SHILOH 30 DROPS STOPS COUGHS

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies
Book on DOG DISEASES and How to Feed
Mailed Free to any Address by the Author.
H. Clay Glover Co., Inc.
118 West 31st Street
New York, U.S.A.

Yes, Cold All Gone—Not A Bit of Cough Left

Feel great this morning. As soon as I felt it coming on yesterday I used Gray's Syrup and nipped it in the bud. Just couldn't miss an hour at the office, we are so busy and short-handed. Gray's Syrup is a habit in our family, the folks have used it for sixty years.

I Always buy the Large Size G6

GRAY'S SYRUP RED SPRUCE GUM
Montreal. D. WATSON & CO. New York

BABY COVERED WITH ECZEMA

When 4 Days Old. Cross and Cried. Cuticura Heals.



"My baby brother had eczema which began when he was about four days old. It came in little pimples and then a rash, and he was covered. He was so cross that he could not sleep, and he cried.

"This lasted about two months before we used **Cuticura. It helped him, so we bought more, and he was all healed after we had used two cakes of Soap and two boxes of Ointment."** (Signed) Miss Almeda Williams, Youngs Cove, N. B., May 22, 1918.

Use Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum for all toilet purposes.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c. Sold throughout the Dominion. Canadian Depot: Lymans, Limited, St. Paul St., Montreal. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Our All-Wrong Calendar!

There are many defects in our present almanac. At the present moment for example, Britons are living in the year 1919, Egyptians in the year 1636, Jews in the year 5,680, and the Mohammedan calendar has just entered the 1,338th year of Hejira. In Russia, to-day is thirty days behind our own date.

There are some people who, for reasons hard to determine, object to altering the calendar or the clock on principle. I wonder whether Julius Cæsar was criticised when he introduced his calendar reforms? Very likely.

The alterations which are now proposed come from France, and in the main they are admirable. Originally, when all the nations, excepting Holland, Italy, and Denmark, had agreed to consider a new scheme which could be universally adopted, the task of preparing a solution was given to the Berlin Academy of Science. But the war interferd with this plan, and France undertook to try her hand at the puzzle, with the result that she has now prepared a scheme for consideraton.

Symmetry in form and simplicity in operation are the golden rules she has followed. This is how France suggests the reconstructed year should be formed:

There will be 364 ordinary days and one "extra" day. Each quarter will comprise three months, the first two of which will contain thirty days, and the last thirty-one. Thus, March, June, September, and December will be the four long ones with thirty-one days each, and the remaining eight will be the short ones, with thirty days each.

Note that February is at last to be riased from its ignominous position, which it has borne since the Emperor Augustus stole a day from it in order that his own month, August, might be increased to the length of Julius Cæsar's month, July! How is the "extra" day to be dealt with? Here we come to the really pretty point in the scheme.

The "extra" day will fall each year between the last day of June and the first day of July. It will bear some specal name—that is to say, it will not be a Monday or a Tuesday or a Friday, as the case might be. It is banished from the usual sequence in order that the days of the week may remain perpetual in their arrangement.

January 1st will always fall on Monday. So will Christmas. Dominion Day will also come on Monday. The day of your birthday will never change. Monotonous, perhaps, but delightfully simple. After a while, we shall know which weekdays attach to which dates automatically, and many mistakes and perplexing calculations will be saved.

Each year will begin on a Monday. Each quarter will contain exactly thirteen weeks—one suit in the pack. Each quarter will begin on a Monday.

The "extra" day is proposed as an international holiday. Few will grumble at that. I hardly like the suggestion to call it Peace Day, however. Peace Day is November 11th, and always will be, and, anyway, why should the war, with all its bitterness and tragic memories, be dragged in? This is about the only objection I have personally against the French proposals.

In regard to leap years, these will have two "extra" days instead of one —the first between June and July, as already mentioned, and the second oetween December and January. As we err at present on the side of lavishness, it is proposed to reduce the present number of leap years by one in every four thousand years.

But that will not cause us any trouble in calculations in our generation.

These suggestons are, in my opinion, excellent. But perhaps I am one of those adventurous souls who grasp rashly at new things! What do you think of them? Shall you back them up when the time comes, or cling to evils that you know rather than fly to others that you know not of.

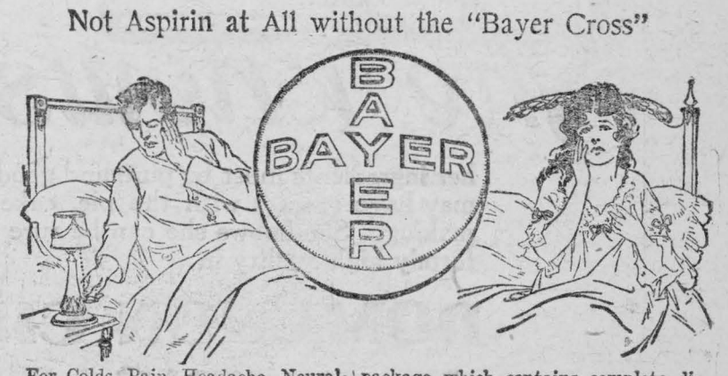
If your tea or coffee *does* make you restless or nervous, *try*

POSTUM

This delightful cereal drink is not only wholesome and economical but is truly satisfying in its rich coffee-like flavour. It can be served to the youngest as well as oldest, for it leaves absolutely no harmful after-effects.

ONLY TABLETS MARKED "BAYER" ARE ASPIRIN

Not Aspirin at All without the "Bayer Cross"



For Colds, Pain, Headache, Neuralgia, Toothache, Earache, and for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Neuritis, take Aspirin marked with the name "Bayer" or you are not taking Aspirin at all.

Accept only "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" in an unbroken "Bayer" package which contains complete directions. Then you are getting real Aspirin—the genuine Aspirin prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years. Now made in Canada.

Handy tin boxes containing 12 tablets cost but a few cents. Druggists also sell larger "Bayer" packages.

There is only one Aspirin—"Bayer"—You must say "Bayer"

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

EVERYBODY'S GETTING LIVES INSURED—1919 BREAKS RECORD

"Flu" Epidemic of Last Fall and Winter Has Resulted in More Policies Being Taken Out in First Three Months of This Year Than in Whole of 1918.

In the first six months of the present year the amount of life insurance taken on by the people of Canada about equals that subscribed in the whole of 1918. That is, about three hundred million dollars' worth.

This most amazing boom in the life insurance business in Canada is largely credited to the "flu" epidemic of last winter.

In discussing the subject, Mr. J. H. Castle Graham, general secretary of the Life Underwriters' Association, gives the following reasons for the unparalled increase in business.

(a) The result of war claims, Neighbors have seen the results of having taken or of not having taken insurance in the families of soldiers killed in action.

(b) The flu epidemic. This killed so many young men, men who imagined they had all life ahead of them and who had not covered themselves with insurance The object lesson seen in their families by whole streets-full of neighbors has done more than much money spent in ads and hours spent in talk.

The companies have stood the strain. New business has been created. There is no doubt whatever of any increase in premium rates.

There are few men in Canada carrying millions of life insurance, as is done in the States. The Americans supposed to be carryjng most are Rodman Wanamaker, with four and a half million dollars' worth; John Wanamaker, three millions; Pierpont Morgan, two and a half millions

Sir Mortimer Davies of Montreal is supposed to lead the Canadians, with one and a half million dollars in policies. In Toronto Mr. P. C. Larkin is said to lead with $700,000.

The Canadian banks have greatly assisted in the increase of life insurance, as the banks not only recognize insurance policies as security and collateral on loans, but many of them actually refuse to advance money on industrial projects unless the projector is covered by insurance.

The following table of statistics is drawn up by a New York court:

Out of 100 men studied from the age of 25 to 65 years:

36 are dead.
1 is rich.
4 are wealthy.
5 still supported by their work.
54 are dependents on relatives or friends.

Eighty per cent. of all men who die leave nothing at all.

Ninety-five per cent. leave less than $1,000.

Five per cent leave more than $1,000.

"Bradstreets" in a report covering ten years in the United States says:

100,000 commercial failures involved a loss of $1,500,000,000.

600 banks and trust companies failed losing $380,000,000

Railways lost $600,000,000.

Life insurance, level policy, lost nothing.

Mr. T. E. Cleland, District Representative for the Great-West Life Assurance Company, has made a study of life insurance for the past several years, and is prepared to give any desired information on insurance to any who are to make

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

IN THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM HENRY McGANNON

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to Sec. 56 of The Trustee Act, that all. creditors. and. others. having claims against the Estate of William Henry McGannon late of the Village of Morrisburg in the County of Dundas, Coal Merchant, deceased, are required on or before the 22nd. day of December A.D., 1919 to send postpaid or otherwise deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executrix of said estate, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claims and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and in default thereof, and immediately after said 22nd. day of December, the said Executrix of said Estate will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate to the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she then shall have had notice, and the said Executrix shall not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated this first day of December A.D. 1919.

IRWIN HILLIARD,
Morrisburg, Ont
Solicitor for the Executrix.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS

All parties indebted to the Estate of the late **W. H. McGannon** are requested to call at the office of the Estate, Main Street, Morrisburg, and settle their accounts without delay.

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.,
Solicitor for Estate.

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations. Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

T. KIRKPATRICK, J. C ALGUIRE

x x x x x x x x x x x x
x x
x WANTED IMMEDIATELY x
x 75 x
x CARPENTERS x
x LONG JOB x
x 75 cents hour and overtime. x
x Railway fare allowed to men x
x proving satisfactory. x
x Apply in person to x
x JOHN V. GRAY x
x Construction Co. x
x Limited. x
x ..Confederation Life Bldg... x
x TORONTO x
x x
x x x x x x x x x x x x

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MISSION CIRCLE

The annual sale of fancy articles, food, dressed dolls, will be held in the basement of Methodist Church, Thursday, Dec. 11th. Refreshments will be served from 3 p.m.

Cornwall Commercial College —the school you will attend if you investigate

A Commercial College of unusua equipment, including 69 New Type writing Machines of all standard makes, wide reputation, for thorough work; it is the Alma Mater of many of our successful business men in Canada. Free Employment Department. Both sexes. Enter any time. Write for 17th year book. Address;—

GEO. F. SMITH, Principal,
Cornwall, Ontaro

TO RENT

Good dwelling house, centrally located in Morrisburg. For particulars apply LEADER OFFICE.

Cook's Cotton Root Compound.



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

FOR SALE

278 feet of poultry wire; a number of stove pipes; some quary stone; household effects, and other articles too numerous to mention.—Call Mondays or Saturdays.

MRS. ZENAS HALL,
Morrisburg.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

LOST

Lady's Gold Watch. Finder please return to H. A. Merkley, R. M. D., Morrisburg, and receive reward.

FOR SALE

A terrace consisting of three houses, one brick and two frame, centrally located in Morrisburg, and all under rent. This is a good investment and a bargain. Apply to

R. F. LYLE,
Barrister, Etc

WANTED

Horse—Weight from 1100 to 1200 pounds; age from 6 to 9 years; low set; perfectly sound. Apply,

J. SMYTH, Morrisburg,
Next door to Mr. W. C. Coir's.

FOR SALE

One first-class Brood Mare, eight years old; also two light driving horses, rising 3 and 4 years old Apply,

MATT. BECKSTEAD,
Morrisburg, Ont.

Cornwall
Conservatory
of Music
Rossmore Apartments
Pitt Street

Tone Placement,
Voice Production,
Sight Reading,
Artistic Singing

Splendid opportunity for the thorough training of vocal students
Terms on Application.
Box 596, Cornwall, Ont.



Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins, *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

FOR SALE

One frame dwelling house, 24x30 feet; one kitchen and wood shed, 16x30 feet. One barn 36x48 feet with stable attached.

JNO. A. REDDICK,
R.M.D., Morrisburg.

DON'T FORGET LAST WINTER

MAKE SURE OF YOUR FEED SUPPLY



Hogs Gain Weight Quickly | Cows Yield More Milk | Horses Gain Flesh and Health

CANE MOLA

Not a prepared stock feed, but a selected, pure sugar-cane molasses. Very reasonable cost. Superior to corn. Endorsed by Government Experiment Stations. Successful dairymen and farmers are continually re-ordering in ever-increasing quantities. They realize how good and economical Cane Mola is.

Use Cane Mola with old hay, straw, shredded corn stover, fodder, ensilage, screenings, etc. Also with grains in the feed box. Dry untempting feeds become palatable and digestible, because of the sugar and natural salts. Your animals will be in prime condition always. Roughage is eaten up to the last atom. No waste. Cane Mola is the best conditioner you could possibly have. Use it for cows, hogs, horses, sheep, etc.



Feeding Costs Reduced to a Minimum

You save the cost of expensive prepared feeds, thus practicing real conservation. You will experience a rapid, healthier growth of stock. Cows yield 15% to 25% more milk.

Tested and passed by Chief Chemist, Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

Write for Free Sample and booklet on economical feeding to:—

CANE MOLA CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED
118 St. Paul Street West Montreal

All Molasses are not alike. Be sure to get CANE MOLA

LOCAL DISTRIBUTOR,

R. A. SWEENEY

BATTERY STORAGE

WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO DO WITH YOUR STORAGE BATTERY THIS WINTER? NATURALLY YOU WILL WANT TO GIVE IT THE ATTENTION IT DESERVES.

PUT IT IN DRY STORAGE (WHICH INCLUDES A COMPLETE OVERHAUL) NEW INSULATION AND ELECTROLYTE. THIS GUARANTEES AGAINST TROUBLE NEXT SUMMER, AND INCREASE THE LIFE OF THE BATTERY.

OUR CHARGES ARE THE SAME AS LAST YEAR:

Dry Storage $8.00
Wet Storage $3.00

DON'T LET SOME ONE EXPERIMENT WITH YOUR BATTERY AT YOUR EXPENSE. GIVE IT THE EXPERT ATTENTION IT DESERVES.

Ask Your Dealer—He will ship it for you. We pay all express Charges.

WARWICK'S, BROCKVILLE,
OFFICIAL WILLARD SERVICE STATION
Leeds, Grenville, Dundas.

OTTAWA WINTER FAIR

HOWICK HALL, OTTAWA

JANUARY 13, 14, 15, 16, 1920

$18,000.00 in Cash Prizes

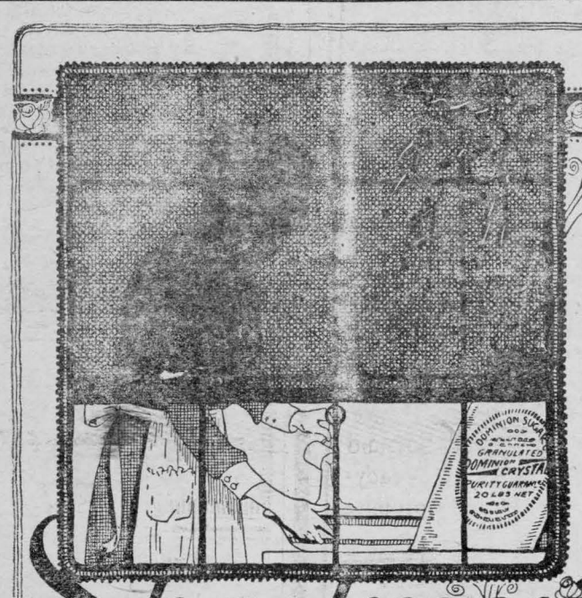
For all classes of Live Stock, Poultry and Seeds

ENTRIES CLOSE DEC. 30th, 1919

For railway rates, apply to Local Railway Agents

Write to Secretary for Prize List and Entry Forms

WM. SMITH, Pres. Columbus, Ont.
W. D. JACKSON, Sec. Carp, Ont.



She knows

her ingredients must be pure and good in order that she may have success with the pie, cake or pudding she is making. She knows she can be sure of purity and uniformly high quality in

DOMINION CRYSTAL SUGAR

Every sparkling crystal is absolutely pure; every process of its manufacture is safeguarded with unceasing vigilance. **Dominion Crystal Sugar** adds to the natural deliciousness of pie fillings—sweetens too tart fruits without destroying their fresh fruit flavor.

Dominion Crystal Sugar is the only sugar that may rightly be called "Canadian from the ground up." We do import the finest of raw cane sugar and refine it. But our pride is in the product we make from Canadian sugar beets—its use is dictated by good judgment as well as patriotism.

DOMINION SUGAR COMPANY, LIMITED
Refineries at Wallaceburg, Chatham and Kitchener

Cream of the West Flour

—the hard wheat flour that is guaranteed for bread

Of *uniform* strength and quality for high-rising bread, delicious biscuits, etc. Your recipe comes out right *always.*

Ask for it at Your Grocer's



The Campbell Flour Mills Co., Limited
affiliated with
Maple Leaf Milling Co.
LIMITED
Toronto Ontario
A COAST TO COAST SERVICE 20,000 BBLS. DAILY

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OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Rev. and Mrs. Isler spent last Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. John F. Casselman.

Mr. Hubert Keys of Morrisburg, was a week-end guest of Mr. Dwight Merkley.

Mr. and Mrs. P. B. Fetterly and son Harold were in our village last Saturday calling on friends before leaving for their home in London, Ont.

Nurse Hopper of Brockville is nursing little Vivian Barkley who has been seriously ill with tonsilitis.

Miss Kate Barkley of Dunbar is visiting Mr and Mrs. Ora McIntosh this week.

Mrs. Fanny Ford of Boucks Hill, Rev. and Mrs. T. Meredith of Elma, Mr. Ford and daughter of Ottawa, were guests at the Temperance House last week.

Dr. Adam McIntosh and little daughters, Adena and Mary Rose of Lang, Sask., arrived on Monday of this week to visit at Mr. Edgar McIntosh's and other friends here.

Rev. A. Hall and Mr. Thos. Deeks were in Brockville on Tuesday of this week attending a meeting of Presbytery.

A lecture with pictures on the "Holy Land" will be given by Rev. Glassford of Winchester, on Tuesday evening, Dec. 9th, in the Presbyterian Church, at 8 o'clock.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Miss Hazel Wells who has been spending the past few weeks at her home here returned to the M.C.I. on Monday.

Mrs. George Watson and Mr. Clarke Garlough were calling on friends at Aultsville and Nudell Bush on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Carr, Grantley were visiting at the latter's home on Wednesday last.

Mr. Walter Watson was at Morrisburg on Saturday.

Mr. W. Edwards of Gallingertown was calling in our Burg on Wednesday.

Miss Ruby Watson, Froatburn, spent the latter part of the week at her home here.

Mr. Cornelius Wells and daughter Willa spent Tuesday in Uncle Sam's Domain.

Mr. Mike Reddick was a business caller in our Burg on Saturday last.

Mr. John B. Baker of Nudell Bush was calling in our Burg on Wednesday.

MARIATOWN

Mrs. E. Castleman and children spent the week-end with friends in Cornwall.

Mr. and Mrs. Alex Thom of Morrisburg, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger.

Mrs. L. Bateman returned home on Friday after an extended visit with her parents in Chatham. She also visited points farther west.

Mr. Ralph Fetterly of Cornwall was a caller in our town on Wednesday.

Mr. Fred Hunter and Master Cecil visited the former's parents at Williamsburg on Saturday.

Mr. Merle Deeks spent Sunday at his home here.

NUDELL BUSH

Mr. Allen Robertson and Mr. Marcellus are at present drilling a well for Mr Chas. Hart.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Anderson were recent visitors at Mr. Richard Markell's.

Mr. and Mrs. N. Prunner spent Monday evening at Mr. Jas. Lount's.

Mr. Bennie Bowman was a caller in our Burn this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baker spent Sunday at Riverside.

Little Lena Casselman was taken to the hospital on Sunday last suffering with appendicitis. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mr. Chas. Hanes was a business caller in our Burn this week.

Mr James and Miss Florence Lount were callers at Aultsville on Tuesday.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy was a business caller here this week.

Mr. Mike Reddick spent Tuesday at Riverside.

Mr. M. Burton was a business caller at Riverside on Tuesday.

Mrs. W. Baker visited friends in Hoasic recently.

BOUCKS HILL

Miss Nellie McQuaig spent the week-end at her home at Winchester Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Heagle and little daughter, Anna Bell, of Beckstead, and Miss Lillie Barkley were the recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Silas Barkley.

Mr. M A. Barkley has returned home after spending a week in Massena with friends.

Mr. Thomas Merkley spent a few days last week with friends at Madrid, N. Y.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Mattice of Glen Becker and Mrs. Denny of Dakota were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Becker on Friday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Preston Barkley and Mr. and Mrs. Silas Barkley and children, Kathleen and Blanche spent Sunday evening with Mr. Albert Casselman at Williamsburg.

Mrs. Sidney Merkley of Washington left for her home on Tuesday last after spending a month with her sister, Mrs. T. E Merkley. She was accompanied home by her sister Mrs. Park.

Miss Lorretta McMahon and friend Miss Grace Russell of Grantley was calling on Miss Elma Beckstead one day last week.

Mr. Wm. Lane and Mr. H. Haze have returned home after spending a week in Montreal.

Mr. Allan Barkley has returned home after spending a few days with his daughter, Mrs. Albert Utman of Ottawa.

Mrs. Manson Dillabough and daughter, Vivian of Natural Falls was the guest of her brother, Mr. Chas. Baker last week.

Little Ross Becker has been very ill. We hope he will soon be well again.

In loving memory of Mrs. Wm H. Lane, who passed away December 12th.

Days of sadness shall always come
o'er us,
Tears in silence often flow,
When we think of Edith who left us,
Just one long year ago.
We miss her and mourn in silence
unseen,
And dwell on the memory of days
that have been.

A FRIEND.

HOASIC

Mrs. Nancy Dillabough and Miss Lillian Weegar were in Morrisburg recently.

Miss Gladys O'Shaughnessy has been on the sick list this week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Marcellus and Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Lane visited Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lane on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mathew Beckstead of Glen Becker passed through here on Thursday

Mr. and Mrs. C. Swerdfeger spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Willis Swerdfeger.

Miss Blanche Wells was in Morrisburg on Saturday.

Mr. Wm. Marcellus visited Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Black, Colquhoun, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Merkley and son Clayton, of Morrisburg, and Miss Hess from Williamsburg visited Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hess recently.

CEDAR GROVE

The sympathy of the community is extended to Mr. and Mrs. Ross Wells in their recent bereavement.

Mr and Mrs. George Hall and Mr. Ross Wells were in Morrisburg Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Dafoe and Miss Bessie Gallinger motored to Bombay, N. Y. on Thursday last They returned on Friday accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Roy Sweet and sons, Bert and Earl, who spent a few days with Mrs. Sweet's parents and other friends in the Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Gallinger and Miss Fern were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell Thursday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Pier were recent guests of their daughter, Mrs. Fred Dafoe.

Mr. Whitteker Rombough of Osnabruck Centre and son, Mr John Rombough of Saskatchewan were recent guests of Mr. Harry Buchanan. Mr. John Rombough has not visited his father for over twenty-five years.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell and Miss Muriel visited Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Fickes at Newington, on Tuesday.

Mr. Edward Ostler of Sandtown, was a caller in the Grove Thursday last.

Mr. Allan Markell of Ottawa visited Mr. and Mrs. James Sampson on Sunday.

Messrs. Garfield and Stewart Myers of Archer spent the week-end with their aunt, Miss Sadie Buchanan.

MAPLE RIDGE

Mr. and Mrs. W. A Wereley, Miss Blanch Werley spent the week-end in Wales with Mr. and Mrs. S. Hart.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Beaupre, Miss Nora Beaupre spent Sunday afternoon with Mrs. Beaupre's father, Mr. Amos Crites, Gallingertown.

Mr. Allen Markell of Ottawa spent the week-end with Mr. George Sampson.

Mr. G. Williams of Montreal spent Sunday with his wife and family here.

Mr. Simeon Crites of Gallingertown visited his sister, Mrs. J. Beaupre on Tuesday.

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Ross Wells of this place were sorry to hear of the death on November 25th of their infant son, Gerald Ross, aged 2 months and 8 days. The funeral service was preached at the house by Rev. Mr. Baldwin. The remains were laid to rest in the Methodist Cemetery, Aultsville beside those of his little brother. The sympathy of friends is extended to the bereaved parents.

AULTSVILLE

Mrs. Hazel Dafoe, our local Milliner, will have a four-day sale of Fall and Winter Millinery at her store on Nelson street, beginning next Saturday, December 6th, and ending Wednesday, Dec. 10th. All hats to be sold at cost and under. Hats for everybody, children, Misses and ladies. This is a sale you cannot afford to miss. All this year's stock to be sold during the four days. Remember the dates, December 6th to 10th. inclusive.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Beckstead and family spent a couple of days here this week with Mr. and Mrs. M. Beckstead.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Weagant of Archer spent Monday with friends here.

Miss Reta Morgan spent the week-end with her sister at Farran's Point

Mr. Wm. Froats who has been ill with pneumonia is improved at time of writing.

Mr. Clare Baker has returned home after spending a few months in the West.

Miss Eva Markell of Ottawa spent a few days with her cousin Miss Hettie Sampson.

The Methodist Sunday School are preparing for a real old-fashioned Christmas Entertainment with a real live Santa Claus and all his helpers including the play "The Village Post Office" to be given in Fraternity Hall Christmas night, Dec. 25th.

SCHOOL REPORT

S. S NO. 1, WILLIAMSBURG
November

Class IV—

Dorothy Dain, 74; Pauline Dillabough 68; Dorothy Froats 54.

Class III—

Edward Smith 65; Eva Smith 57; Henry Froats 54; Ray Casselman 52; Donald Casselman 50; Edward Casselman 47.

Class II—

Floyd Marcell 73; Hilda Duval 69; May Dillabough 60; Audrey Marcell 40.

Sr. Primer—

Gerald Gallinger 46; Willie Froats 42.

M. MOORE, Teacher.

FOR SALE

Two well-bred pacing colts; one coming two years old; the other coming three years old. Prices reasonable. For further particulars apply

C. E. WELLS,
Aultsville, Ont.



Youth and Age

THERE is no time in woman's life that she cannot benefit by the use of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food in order to keep up the supply of pure, rich blood and to ensure a healthful condition of the nervous system.

Headaches, neuralgia, sleeplessness, nervous spells, irritability, tired, worn-out feelings, soon disappear when the vigor and energy of the nerves are restored by the use of this great food cure.

50 cents a box, 6 for $2.75, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

DRESSED POULTRY WANTED

The Market having taken a drop in this line, some weeks ago, we thought it advisable to slow up in buying poultry; but now that the Market has resumed normal conditions, I am now prepared to pay the highest prices for Live and Dressed Poultry. Highest prices for all kinds of Furs.

JOS. TEVAN
BOX 144
MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

FOR SALE

A choice pair of young Tamworth sows weighing about two hundred pounds—already bred. Price reasonable. Apply to,

DELBERT BARKLEY,
R.M.D Morrisburg.

PILES

Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and as certainly cure you. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp to pay postage.

TINDAL GARAGE AND MACHINESHOP
MORRISBURG

The time to overhaul your car is NOW. Already, a number of cars have been listed for winter overhauling. In order that your car will be stored in good condition to stand the weather-wear, and be put into good condition for a fresh start in the spring, you owe it to your car, and to yourself, to see that this is attended to without delay.

CALL AT GARAGE, OR DROP US A LINE AND MAKE AN APPOINTMENT.

TINDAL BROS. Props
CHURCH ST.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

Fletcher's Castoria is strictly a remedy for Infants and Children. Foods are specially prepared for babies. A baby's medicine is even more essential for Baby. Remedies primarily prepared for grown-ups are not interchangeable. It was the need of a remedy for the common ailments of Infants and Children that brought Castoria before the public after years of research. and no claim has been made for it that its use for over 30 years has not proven.

What is CASTORIA?

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep The Children's Comfort—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY

"Here They Come!"



It is the cry of the children when a band is heard far down the street. Nearer and nearer it draws until each note becomes clearer and clearer.

To those in the city this is a familiar picture. But to those residing in suburban towns stirring strains of band music are more rare.

The NEW EDISON
"The Phonograph with a Soul"

in your home makes it possible for you and your children to have at all times the wonderful march music that has inspired the world.

Wherever you live—on the farm or in town—let the New Edison bring the parade, with all its glamour, into your living room, every instrument, every note as clear as a real band—thanks to the genius of Thomas A. Edison.

We tell a wonderful story about the New Edison in a beautiful book that you should have. It is called "Edison and Music". Ask for it; and also for "What the Critics Say".

245

A MAN WHO HAS HIS CLOTHING MADE HERE

Never permanently forsakes us. He may go once to a ready-made Clothier, but he gets dissatisfied and comes back to us. We want the man who wears ready-made clothing to come here for one suit. We promise him Clothing Perfection at Moderate Prices.

Frank Stewart, MERCHANT TAILOR
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

Full weight of tea in every package

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

Sold only in sealed packages

121

R. F. LYLE

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Nova Scotia and for the Municipality of Morrisburg

Barry Block, Main Street
MORRISBURG, : : ONTARIO

Money to loan lowest rates of interest

ARTHUR FLYNN

Barrister, Etc.
Morrisburg, Ont.

IRWIN HILLIARD, K. C.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for the Molsons Bank.
New Molsons Bank Building,
Morrisburg, Ont.

A large amount of private money to loan on easy terms.

DR. D. C. CASSELMAN.

Dentist
Office—Casselman Block
MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons Toronto

DR. GEO. M. GORRELL

DENTIST
Graduate of Chicago Dental College and Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
Office—Arthur Casselman Block,
Phone No. 6. Morrisburg

LICENSED AUCTIONEER

For Provinces of Ontario and Quebec

In future I intend to devote all my time to auctioneering. Sales of all kinds handled. Pure-bred stock a specialty.

Terms reasonable. For date phone at my expense.

THOS. IRVING
55 Fourth Ave., Ottawa,
phone Carling 176

J. W. WESTON

Morrisburg, Ont.
Licensed Auctioneer
County of Dundas

R. LINK

Morrisburg, Ont.
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
County of Dundas

Why Suffer With Your Corn

Try a bottle of
Rexall Corn Solvent
and get
Relief

D. T. Henderson,
REXALL STORE
Morrisburg . . Ont

GRINDING

My place of business will be open for GRINDING on Monday, Wednesday, Friday & Saturday of each week until further notice.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

EMERY CASSELMAN

EXPERIENCE VS EXPERIMENT

Learning office work is like learning any other kind of work, or trade, or profession. Machinists are trained by practical machinists, doctors by doctors, dentists by dentists.

The secret of success of the Graduates of Willis College is that they are the only ones trained by expert, experienced office workers for expert office work.

For Stenographer, Secretary, or Accountant, we have the best courses available anywhere.

Last year our increase was 45 p. c. This year to date is even better. Still Employers Demands Exceed the Number of Willis Graduates

N. I. HARRISON, PRINCIPAL
WILLIS COLLEGE, OTTAWA, ONT.
139½ Sparks Street,
Entrance between Ketchums & Sims
A POSITION FOR EVERY WILLIS GRADUATE"

Bovril keeps the Food Bills down Make all your soups and stews more nourishing with Bovril. It takes a joint of beef to make a bottle of Bovril. The body-building power of Bovril is from ten to twenty times the amount taken. Bovril means more strength—less cost.

S.H.B.

Woman's Sphere



Let's Teach Girls Courage.

Now that women have been given the vote and have pushed their way into practically every occupation once supposed to be exclusively masculine, I've been wondering if it wouldn't be a good thing to make the early training of our daughters the same as that we give our sons. For if men and women are to be on a plane of equality what more reasonable than that they should be started off alike in babyhood? As it is to-day the training given our boys is very dissimilar from that we accord our daughters.

Ccurage being the most admirable trait in a man, we start to developing it in our men-children from their earliest days. But physical courage not being so necessary in women, we fail to impress its desirability on our daughters, with the result that though some of them arrive at maturity with plenty of physical courage, there is a large per cent. who fail to cultivate either the physical or moral sort.

A group of small children ranging in ages from two to five were playing in the yard the other day. Suddenly the air was rent with the loud wails of a two-year-old girl. Doors flew open and mothers rushed out from a half dozen houses, while older sisters and brothers from across the street left their ball game to hurry to the rescue. Inquiry developed the fact that Mary Ellen had stubbed her toe and fallen down in the grass. She wasn't hurt, not the littlest mite, but her mother picked her up and kissed and hugged her, someone else gave her an apple, a third promised her an auto ride, while everybody blamed "the naughty old ground" for bumping the baby. She was made quite a heroine and encouraged to magnify her little ills.

A half hour later there was a real shrill cry of pain. It was a three-year-old boy—everybody knew in both instances who was crying, cries are as distinctive as voices. He had fallen down the steps and cut his knee on the concrete walk. Blood ran down his leg and he really was hurt. Was there the same commotion? Nobody ran out. The next-door neighbor looked out the window and laughed, the children across the street mocked him, and his own mother came to the door and commanded him to stop crying and be a man!

If you want to teach stoicism it was the proper thing to do, and at any rate, it was far saner treatment than the little girl got. But if it was good treatment for the boy, why wasn't it equally good for the girl? Why teach him to grin and bear it, and encourage her to grow into a cry-baby? When that girl becomes a woman she is going to meet a great many bumps. Wouldn't it be better to prepare her for them as she goes along, than to coddle her through infancy and young girlhood and then thrust her entirely unprepared, into a world full of hard bumps and bruises? Why wouldn't it be a good thing to teach our girls fortitude. and physical endurance? Those attributes are just as necessary in home-making as they are in wage-earning. There would be less whining and fewer complaints when things didn't go right, for complaining is really a sign of cowardice and weakness.

Teach the girls that life is a game of give and take. There has been too much giving the best room to sister and letting brother take what he can get. We have insisted all too long that brother must be a gentleman and give up to sister because she is a girl. Let's make simple justice the rule instead of sex. Let the girl know she must expect nothing simply because she is a girl. Teach her to be what the boys call a "good sport," to play the game fair whether it is a child's game or a youth's work. Let's bring her up as we do our boys, to be brave, honest and independent, claiming nothing which is not hers by right, and insisting on getting what is her due.

We can't do this by coddling, by encouraging her to cry when she is hurt, mope when she has a little ache or pain, or to take petty revenge when she is thwarted. If she is to be the sort of woman the world is suffering for to-day she mustn't be brought up to be a "little lady." She must be taught, as her brother, to take a "sporting chance."

Housekeepers' Exchange.

The Handy Crochet Needle.—Try keeping a small steel crochet needle in your sewing machine drawer. It will be found invaluable in pulling out bastings, ripping, catching the under thread, and other details incidental to sewing.—M. A. P.

Handling Small Garments.—When making children's dresses do not sew up the back seam until the last, as it is much easier to sew on panel fronts, yokes, belts, trimming braid, etc., if the dress can be laid flat.—Mrs. T. McK.

To Prevent Needles from Rusting.—A good way to keep needles from rusting is to place them in booklets made from the waxed paper that comes around crackers. Damp weather causes needles to rust, but this precaution will prevent it. A little child will enjoy making some of these little booklets, and they will last a long time.—Mrs. J. J. O'C.

Sewing on Lace.—When sewing lace on a garment, don't forget that the thread at the edge was put there purposely for a drawstring, and you can gather the lace to just the right fullness without the use of a needle and thread. When one is sewing insertion on a garment where there is a corner to be turned, this gathering thread comes handy also.—Mrs. E. S. T.

Renewing Velvet.—When steaming velvet over a teakettle, insert a funnel in the mouth of the kettle. This will spread the steam over a larger surface and the work will be quickly accomplished.—Mrs. J. J. O'C.

Pressing Woolen Goods and Silks.—When pressing a wool fabric or a piece of fine silk, lay unbleached muslin over it, in order to prevent glossing. After passing the iron over woolens, lift up the cloth and brush the nap with a stiff brush.—Miss Z. I. D.

Reinforcing Stockings.—A good way to strengthen the children's stockings is to sew strong black muslin on the bias, inside the heels and knees. It will not show and will treble the life of the stocking.—Mrs. J. J. O'C.

Convenient Rubber-Lined Bag.—A rubber-lined sponge bag is a handy thing to have when traveling, but if you cannot buy one the size you wish, you can make an oilcloth bag. Take a piece of white oilcloth of the required size for the lining, and make the outside of dark cloth or pretty cretonne. Make the bag in the shape of an envelope and fasten with a dress snap, or it may be made square and gathered with a drawstring.—M. C. R.

Pieces of felt pasted on the bottom of lamps or bric-a-brac that stands on polished surfaces, will prevent ugly scratches from marring the furniture. —Mrs. R. D.

Lightening the Husband's Day.

Few wives but wish at one time or another that they could help to make the day of their husbands lighter and more successful. Many study this proposition and perhaps think that when they have been out in the field and helped to put on a load of hay or grain, or done something toward the chores, they have done their best and all they can, and this really is a great deal, often far too much for a woman to do in addition to her household cares.

But there is a very good way in which the wife may help her husband aside from sharing the active work out of doors. I mean by the work she does in the kitchen. Good cooking has more to do with the farmer's success or failure than we are apt to think. A man is just what his digestion makes of him. If he has good food to eat, eats it with a relish, digests it properly, the world has a good look to him and he gets through the hardest kind of work in good shape, going to his rest at night with a clear brain and ready for the sleep which will come to him.

This makes it well worth while for the farmer's wife to study the food she prepares and give its cooking the best possible care. Often it is not possible for the farmer's wife to get just the things she would like, especially at some seasons of the year. This places heavier strain upon her to see to it that what she does have is cooked well and served in an attractive manner. Farmer folks do not need such a great variety as may be supposed at any time of the year. Good, plain, simple food, well cooked, is enough to give health and strength for the day's work. One thing above all is necessary, and that is that everything shall be cooked perfectly done. Half-cooked food of any kind is a burden to the strongest digestion and helps to make work hard and disagreeable.

A Restless Life.

Little Helen's oldest sister was conferring on her some bits of useful knowledge as she helped the child undress.

"You know, dear," she said, "all the stars are worlds like ours."

"Well, if that's so, I shouldn't like to live on one of them," declared Helen stoutly. "It would be so horrid when it twinkled!"

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Explorers of the Dawn

By MAZO DE LA ROCHE.

II.

I was disturbed by The Seraph, singing his morning song. It was a tuneless drone, yet not unmusical. Always the first to open his eyes in the morning, he began his day with a sort of saga of his exploits of the day before, usually meaningless to us, but fraught with color from his own peculiar sphere. At last he laughed outright, a Jovian laugh, at some remembered prank—and I rubbed my eyes and came to full consciousness. The sun was slanting through the shutters. Where, oh where, was the Dawn?

I turned to look at Angel. He was staring at the slanting beam and swearing softly, as he well knew how.

"We'll simply have to try again," I said. "But however are we going to put in to-day?"

The problem solved itself as all problems will, and the day passed, following the usual landmarks of porridge, arithmetic, spelling, scoldings, mutton, a walk with our governess, bread and butter, prayers, and the (for once, longed for!) bed.

That night we decided to lie awake together, passing the time with stories, and speculation about the mystery so soon to be explored by us.

I told the first story, a long-drawn adventure of shipwreck, mutiny, and coral caves, with a fair sprinkling of skeletons to keep us broad awake.

"It was a first-rate tale," sighed Angel, contentedly, when I had done; "an' you told it awfully well, John. If you like, you just tell another 'stead o' me. Or The Seraph can tell one. Go ahead, Seraph, and make up the best story you know how."

The Seraph, important, but sleepy, climbed over me, so that he might be in the middle, and then began, in a husky little voice.

"Once upon a time there was fwee bwothers, all vewy nice, but the youngest was the bwavest an' stwongest of the fwee. He was as stwong as two bulls, an' he'd kill a dwagon before bweakfast, an' never be cocky about it—"

Angel and I groaned in unison. We could not tolerate this sort of self-adulation from our junior. "Don't be such a little beast," we admonished, and covered his head with a pillow. The Seraph was wont to accept such discipline at our hands philosophically, with no unseemly outcries or struggles; as a matter of fact, when we uncovered his head, we could tell by his even, reposeful breathing that he was fast asleep. It was too dark to see his face, but I could imagine his complacent smile.

The night sped quickly after that. There was some desultory talk; then Angel, too, slept. I resolved to keep the watch alone. I heard the sound of footsteps in the street below, echoing with a lonely sound; the rattle of a loose shutter in a sudden gust of wind; then, dead silence, followed after an interval by the scampering and angry squeak of mice in the wall. The mice disturbed me again. There was a shattening of loose plaster; and, suddenly opening my eyes, I saw the ghost of gray daylight stealing underneath the blind. The time had come!

Silently the three of us stole up the uncarpeted attic-stair. It was unknown territory to us, having been forbidden from the first by Mrs. Handsomebody, and all we had ever seen from the hall below was a cramped passage, guarded by three closed doors. Time and again we had been tempted to explore it, but there was a sinister aloofness about it that had hitherto repelled us. Now, however, it had become but a pathway to the Dawn, and, as we clutched the banisters, we imagined ourselves three pilgrims fearfully climbing toward light and beauty.

Angel stood first at the top. Gently he tried two doors in succession, which were locked. The third gave, harshly—it seemed to me, grudgingly. The Seraph and I pressed close behind Angel, glad of the warm contact of each other's bodies.

In the large attic-room, the air was stifling, and the sloping roof, from which dim cobwebs were draped, seemed to press toward the dark shapes of discarded furniture, as if to guard some fearful secret. It took all our courage to grope our way to the low casement, and it was a struggle to dislodge the rusty bolt, and press the window out on its unused hinges. It creaked so loudly that we held our breath for a moment, but we drew it again with a sharp sensation of relief, as thirsty young animals drink, for fresh night air, sweet, stinging to the nostrils, had surged in upon us, sweeping away fear and loneliness and the hot depression of the attic room.

Mrs. Handsomebody's house was tall, and we could look down upon many roofs and chimneys. They huddled together in the soft gray light as if waiting for some great happening, which they expected, but did not understand. They wore an air of expectancy and humility. Little low-roofed outhouses pressed close to high walls for shelter, and a frosty white skylight stared upward fearfully.

"Is this the Dawn?" came from The Seraph, in a tiny voice.

"Only the beginning of it," I whispered back. "There's two stars left over from the night—see! that big blue one in the East, and the little white one just above the cobbler's chimney."

"Will they be afwaid of the Dawn, when it comes?"

"Rather. I shouldn't be surprised if the big fellow bolted right across the sky, and the little one will p'raps fall down the cobbler's chimney into his workroom."

The Seraph was enchanted. "Then the cobb'r'll sew him wight up in the sole of a shoe, an' the boy who wears the shoe will twinkle when he wuns, won't he? Oh, it's coming now! I hear it. I'm afwaid."

"That's not the Dawn," said Angel, "That's night flying away."

It was true that there came to us then a rushing sound, as of strong wings; our hair was lifted from our hot foreheads, and the casement rattled on its hinges.

This wind, that came from the wings of night, was sharp with the fragrance of heather and the sea. One fancied how it would surge through the dim aisles of cathedral-like forests, ruffling the plumage of drowsy birds, stirring the surface of some dark pool where the trout still slept, and making sibilant music among the drooping reeds.

The sky had now become delicately luminous, and a streak of saffron showed above the farthest roofs; a flock of little clouds huddled together above this, like timorous sheep at gaze. The white star hung just above the cobbler's chimney; dangerously near, it seemed to us who watched.

There were only two of us at the window now, for Angel had stolen away to explore every corner of the new environment, as was his custom. I could hear the soft opening and shutting of bureau drawers, and once, a grunting and straining, as of one engaged in severe manual labor.

A low whistle drew me to his side.

"What's up?" I demanded.

"Got this little old trunk open at last," he muttered; "full of women's junk. Look."

Our heads touched as we bent curiously over the contents. It was a dingy and insignificant box on the outside, but it was lined with a gayly-colored paper, on which nosegays of spring flowers bent beneath the weight of silver butterflies and sad-eyed cockatoos. The trays were full, as Angel had said, of women's things: delicate, ruffly frocks of pink and lilac, and undergarments edged with yellowing lace. A sweet scent rose from them, as of some gentle presence that strove to reach the light and air once more. A pair of little white kid slippers looked as if they longed to twinkle in and out beneath a soft silk skirt.

Angel's mischievous brown hands dove among the light folds, discovering opera glasses (treasures to be secured, if possible, against some future South Sea expedition), an inlaid box of old-fashioned trinkets, gold-tasseled earrings, a coral necklace, and a brooch of tortured locks of hair. His eyes were dancing above a gauze fan held coquettishly against his mouth; but I gave no heed to him: I was busy with a velvet workbox that promised a solution of the mystery: for, hidden away with a thimble and scissors, as one would secrete a treasure, was a fat little book, The Mysteries of Udolpho. Someone had drawn on the flyleaf, very beautifully, I thought, a ribbed sea-shell, and on it had printed the words, "Lucy from Charles"; and on a scroll beneath the shell, in microscopic characters, "Bide the Time!"

(To be concluded.)

The Message.

I saw the buds on the dogwood tree:
They made a message of May for me—
Though Winter is coming
And cold skies lower,
At the end of it all
Is a day—is an hour—
When oak-leaves open
Like butterflies' wings,
And suddenly, somewhere,
An oriole sings,
And lilacs promise,
And peonies prink,
And dogwood petals
Unfold in pink—
So Winter may whistle for all of me,
O tight little buds on the dogwood tree!

Coal in Canada.

Canada has the only two coal regions on the sea coasts of North America. The bituminus coal of Nova Scotia is estimated to last 700 years; that of Vancouver Island has been successfully operated since 1860. The estimated coal reserves of the Province of Alberta runs to over 1,100 billion tons, a small proportion being anthracite, while the total resources of Canada approximate 1,360 billion tons, the second country in point of supply in the world.

What Troubled Her.

A little girl who had been exceedingly naughty had been punished. The incident was then dropped.

An hour later her mother, feeling that it was her duty to improve the moral lesson of the occasion, said:—

"Now, Doris, what are you most ashamed of?"

The answer was unexpected, and bore no relation to the late offence.

"Squeaky boots in church," said Doris—and she had the sympathy of everybody present.

Canada's Water Power.

Canada has water energy equal to nearly twenty million h.p. Of this Quebec has 6,000,000; Ontario 5,800,000: British Columbia, 3,000,000: Prairie Provinces, 4,265,000; New Brunswick, 3,000,000; Nova Scotia, 100,000; Yukon, 100,000; and Prince Edward Island 3,000. Ninety per cent. of the 20,000,000 is still running to waste.

An Easy Capture.

When a lady boarded a street car in Liege wearing a little tricolor ribbon, a German officer ordered her to remove the emblem. Three times he repeated his order; then he rose from his seat and tore it from her coat.

"It's easier to take than Paris, isn't it?" she calmly asked.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

"Backing" With Bonds.

Some years ago, an old English lady, observing her Government Bonds to be printed on stiff paper, used them to "back up" a quilt she was making! The Government, when the time for conversion came round, insisted on having the quilt, in order to pay up; and this case serves well to remind War Bond holders and others to be careful with their scrips.

A further somewhat amusing instance of the use made of precious papers is that of a holder of some Dutch Bonds "to bearer." About sixty years ago, the owner, a provincial lady, used these bonds for covering jam-pots, and, after having made her jam, she would trim the edges of the precious "stock" quite freely with her scissors. The dividends were paid regularly up to 1886, however, for it seems that she took good care of most of the bonds, and sent in the detachable parts for fresh coupons.

When, however, the old lady died, the peculiar facts were revealed; for, upon the relatives sending in the bonds for conversion, the old lady's own writing was identified on some of them, viz: "Strawberry jam—1857—first lot"—whilst the marks of the ring of the jam-pots were left on the bonds.

Shareholders and investors generally have been known to use their certificates, etc., for various purposes—but the most amusing case the writer has yet personally heard of is that of an unfortunate holder of a large number of "dud" certificates, which he stuck all over the walls of his library! His idea was that, being printed in different colors and containing various seals and signatures, they looked quite as pretty as wallpaper; and, as they were worthless, they might as well be stuck on the wall as a lesson to his children not to follow in his footsteps. The writer has not yet heard if any of the share certificates have had to be torn off the walls!

Quite Suitable.

The lady was buying a gun for her little boy as a present.

"I want a really nice one, please," she said to the shopkeeper.

"Yes, madam," he answered; "how will this one do?"

"What do you put in it?" asked the customer.

"Just ordinary caps, or I have another one here that shoots slugs."

The lady looked delighted.

"Oh, I'll take that one!" she exclaimed. "That will be quite suitable. We have a large garden and there are lots of slugs in it."

Not His Head.

A Scotsman was being shown over a man-o'-war for the first time in his life, and, being keenly interested in all he saw, plied his guide with all sorts of questions.

The marines seemed particularly to interest him, and, going up to one, he pointed to the "grenade" in the marine's cap, and asked what it was.

The marine looked at him in surprise.

"Don't you know what that is?" he asked. "Why, that's a turnip, of course!"

"Ach, mon," replied the Scot, impatiently, "I was no axin' aboot yer head!"

The Province of British Columbia contains one-half of the merchantable timber of Canada.

"Pigeon, V.C."

Many visitors to London walk down Whitehall and never see a building under the shade of the War Office which contains some of the most interesting relics of British history, says a London writer. The building is the Royal United Service Institution, founded in 1829, and placed originally in Vanburg House. Various models were then given to the institution, which now is housed in the banqueting hall of the old Whitehall Palace.

Recently there have been interesting additions to these exhibits. For example, there is a model of the German warship Scharnhorst. This was being taken out by the Germans to German East Africa to be shown in a great exhibition to impress the natives with the size of the mighty German fleet. The ship was sunk, and our divers eventually salved the model, which was found to be covered with barnacles. Another model is that of one of our own latest battleships, accurate in every detail.

The V.C. pigeon is also in the exhibition. This bird was hit by a bullet, which drove the receptacle containing the message in its body. After lying wounded all night it struggled home to the pigeon loft the following morning and delivered the message.

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WESTERN ONTARIO BORE BRUNT OF DISASTROUS WIND STORM

60-Mile Gale Causes Great Havoc—Buidings in Many Cities Blown Down, Trees Uprooted, Car Lines Tied Up For Hours.

Toronto, Dec. 1.—Toronto was swept by a windstorm, the fury of which has seldom been equalled here, at a little past eight o'clock on Saturday night.

It was heralded by the failure of the electric lights. Just short of 8 o'clock in the residential districts the street cars came to a stop. Within a few minutes the street lights faded out. They came on again shortly, and hardly had they begun to glow when the storm came in all its fury.

The wind snapped trees like matches, blowing dead on from the south, and blew the rain before it in sheets. It tore the roofs off houses and factories; it left line upon line of fallen fences; telegraph and telephone wires, caught by the falling trees, came down in the direst confusion. In homes near the lake the inhabitants felt their abodes rock like a ship upon a stormy sea. Away out on the lake the water leaped in mountains, and the well-sheltered bay was too rough for navigation. Above all, in the dark clouds a mysterious blue-green sheet of light came and went, fast and yet too slow for lightning, and added to the terrors of a fearful night.

One death resulted from the storm, George Dowson being killed on Ontario street by a falling tree.

At half-past 8 the machine for ascertaining the velocity of the wind at the storm signal station showed the gale raging at the rate of 78 miles an hour. This is a record for Toronto. Later in the evening the wind veered round to the west, and in the opinion of some the change of direction saved Toronto from a still worse storm.

Although, according to the Meteorological Office, the wind storm on Saturday night was not the worst Toronto has experienced, it reached a velocity of 60 miles an hour here. In Buffalo, with which the Meteorological Office was unable to establish communication until 10 o'clock last night, the wind reached a velocity of 80 miles an hour. In Toledo it was 68 miles an hour, and in Windsor 56 miles an hour. It is believed that in other points nearer the centre of the storm the velocity was greater than in any of the towns mentioned, but owing to the incompleteness of its reports the Meteorological Office could not make any definite statement in this connection to-night.

The disturbance was first noted in the Lower Mississippi Valley on Friday night, and was caused by the existence of an area of low pressure there. It was not until late Friday night that it showed signs of gathering strength, but its development was rapid, and on Saturday it commenced to move in a north-easterly direction, gathering strength on the way. It crossed over Lake Michigan and Georgian Bay, with the centre of the storm passing in the vicinity of the Soo.

London, Ont., Nov. 30.—Cyclonic gales of a velocity estimated at 60 miles an hour swept London and district for three hours last night, wrecking, unroofing or sweeping chimneys from buildings, uprooting trees, smashing windows and causing damage that will run high in the thousands of dollars. To-night it is still almost impossible to communicate with outside places by either telephone or telegraph, but reports, particularly from the territory south of London, are that damage is everywhere quite heavy.

Detroit, Nov. 30.—As far as can be learned at this point and at Port Huron, at the south end of Lake Huron, no boats were lost during the storm. The White Star Line steamer Wauketa, from this port, believed lost last night with 256 passengers, sought shelter from the storm and reached Port Huron this morning. The steamer W. E. White reached here to-night from Buffalo and reported no shipping in difficulty. Reports from Lake Huron points are meagre because of demoralized conditions.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Nov. 30.—Though a wild storm has been raging over Lake Superior since yesterday no reports had been received of any accident on the lake up to 6 o'clock, neither the Canadian Ship Canal nor the American Ship Canal having heard of any damage. The only vessel which has passed through here to-day was the steamer Utley, which was downbound, and had a rough passage over Lake Superior. The wireless station here has no reports of any trouble.

LEADING MARKETS

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.30; No. 2 Northern, $2.27; No. 3 Northern, $2.23, in store Fort William.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 CW, 88¼c; No. 3 CW, 86⅛c; No. 1 feed, 83⅛c; No. 2 feed, 81⅜c, in store Fort William.

Man. barley—No. 3 CW, $153¾; rejected, $1.35½; feed, $1.35½, in store, Fort William.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, $1.70; No. 3 yellow, $1.69, track, Toronto, prompt shipments.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 88 to 90c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, $2 to $2.06; No. 2 do, $1.97 to $2.08; No. 3 do, $1.93 to $1.99, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 spring, $2.02 to $2.08; No. 2 Spring, $1.99 to $2.08; No. 3 Spring, $1.95 to $2.01, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Peas—No. 2, $2.60.

Barley—Malting, $1.50 to $1.53, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—$1.30 to $1.32, according to freight outside.

Rye—No. 3, $1.37 to $1.40, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—Government standard, $11, Toronto.

Ontario flour—Government standard, $9.50 to $9.60, Montreal and Toronto, in jute bags. Prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $45; shorts, per ton, $52; good feed flour, $3.15 to $3.50.

Hay—No. 1, per ton, $26; mixed, per ton, $21 to $23, track, Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, $11.50 to $12.50, track, Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale.

Eggs—New laid, cases returnable, 80 to 85c; held, 55 to 56c. Butter—Creamery solids, 61 to 63c; do, prints, 62 to 64c. Honey—White, per lb. 20 to 21c. Live poultry—hens, 4 to 5 lbs., 18 to 25c; hens, under 4 lbs., 15 to 20c; hens, over 5 lbs., 23 to 26c; spring chickens, 19 to 28c; roosters, 15 to 20c; ducklings, 22 to 28c; turkeys, 30 to 38c. Eggs—No. 1, 60 to 61c; selects, 63 to 64c; new laid, 85 to 90c. Butter—Creamery prints, 65 to 67c; choice dairy prints, 57 to 59c; ordinary dairy prints, 50 to 53c; bakers', 45 to 50c. Oleomargarine (best gr.), 33 to 37c. Cheese—New, large, 31½ to 32c. Maple syrup—Per 5-gal. tin, $3 per gal.; do, one-gal. tin, $3.15.

Provisions—Wholesale.

Smoked meats—Rolls, 30 to 31c; hams, med., 37 to 38c; heavy, 33 to 34c; cooked hams, 49 to 51c; back, plain, 47 to 48c; backs, boneless, 49 to 52c; breakfast bacon, 42 to 46c; cottage rolls, 33 to 34c.

Barrelled Meats—Pickled pork, $46; mess pork, $45.

Green Meats—Out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Dry Salted Meats—Long clears, in tons, 32½c; in cases, 28 to 29c; clear bellies, 27 to 28c; fat backs, 32 to 33c.

Lard—Tierces, 29 to 29½c; tubs, 29½ to 30c; pails, 29¾ to 30¼c; prints, 30½ to 31c. Compound lard, tierces, 28½ to 29c; tubs, 29 to 29½c; prints, 30 to 30½c.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Oats, extra No. 1 feed, 98½c. Flour, new standard grade, $11 to $11.10. Rolled oats, bags, 90 lbs., $4.50 to $4.55. Bran, $45. Shorts, $52. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $24 to $25. Cheese, finest easterns, 27c. Butter, choicest creamery, 68 to 68½c. Eggs, fresh, 90c; selected, 65c; No. 1 stock, 58c; No. 2 stock, 55c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, $2.05 to $2.35. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, $25. Lard, pure, wood pails, 20 lbs. net, 31c.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, December 2.—Choice heavy steers, $13.25 to $13.50; good heavy steers, $12.50 to $13; butchers' cattle, choice, $11.50 to $12; do, good, $10.50 to $11; do, med., $8.75 to $9.25; do, com., $6 to $6.50; bulls, choice, $10 to $10.50; do, med., $8.75 to $9; do, rough, $7 to $7.25; butcher cows, choice, $10 to $10.50; do, good, $9 to $9.25; do, med., $8 to $8.25; do, com., $6.25 to $6.75; stockers, $7.50 to $10; feeders, $10 to $11.50; canners and cutters, $5.10 to $6.25; milkers, good to choice, $110 to $175; do, com. and med., $65 to $75; springers, $90 to $175; light ewes, $8 to $9; yearlings, $9 to $10.50; spring lambs, per cwt., $13.75 to $14.25; calves, good to choice, $17 to $18.50; hogs, fed and watered, $15.75; do, weighed off cars, $16; do, f.o.b., $14.75; do, do, to farmers, $14.50.

Montreal, Dec. 2.—Butcher steers, common, $6.75 to $8.50; butcher heifers, med., $7.50 to $8.50; com., $6 to $7.50; butcher cows, $6 to $8; canners, $4.75; cutters, $5.25 to $6; butcher bulls, com., $5.50 to $6.25. Good veals, $14 to $17; med., $9 to $13; grass, $6.50 to $7. Ewes, $7 to $8; lambs, good, $13.75 to $14; com., $12.50 to $13.25. Hogs, selects, $16.75 to $17; lights, $15 to $16; heavies, $16; sows, $12.75 to $13.

LIONEL CLARK TAKES OFFICE

New Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario Sworn In.

Toronto, Dec. 2.—Formal administering of the oaths of office and allegiance to the new Lieutenant-Governor, Lionel H. Clarke, took place in the office of the Executive Council at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The oaths were taken before three Justices of the Ontario Supreme Court, Sir William Meredith, Mr. Justice Hodgins and Mr. Justice Ferguson.

The ceremony was a brief one. Mr. F. K. Bennetts, Assistant Clerk of the Privy Council, Ottawa, read the commission appointing Mr. Clarke to the office. Sir William Meredith read the oaths, and these were taken by Mr. Clarke. The Bible which was used in the administering of the oaths was presented to Mr. Clarke as a memento.

Those present at the ceremony were: Sir John Hendrie, Premier Drury and the members of the Cabinet; Mr. J. Lonsdale Capreol, K.C., Clerk of the Executive Council; Mr. F. Bulmer, Assistant Clerk of the Council, and Mr. F. Johns, Deputy Provincial Secretary.

Have New Home For Next Session

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Work will be rushed on the new Parliament buildings so as to have them ready for occupation by February 1 in case it should be decided to have the next session begin then. Temporary fittings and desks will be placed in the building to accommodate the members and Senators and the Commons staff.

The building, which is being constructed on the cost plus system, will cost eight million dollars, instead of $5,100,000 originally estimated, mainly on account of the great increase in wages and the cost of materials used.

While Parliament sits workmen will proceed with the construction of the east wing. It will be years before the ornamentation is completed. Half a million dollars will be spent for furniture.

PRINCE RECEIVES PLAUDITS OF LONDON CROWDS ON HIS RETURN

Met by Royal Household at Victoria Station — Affectionate Welcome by Members of Family and Greetings From Premier and Nobility.

London, Dec. 1.—Stirred for months by the echo of Canada's cheers for the Prince, London gave her answer today when he drove through the streets in an open carriage in the dripping rain under a noonday sky, black as night.

Drenched people cheered with rare purposefulness as though they had come to do it and would not be denied.

Undoubtedly Canada's wide-arm welcome had enhanced the prestige of his birth.

Tanned by the wind and weather, a merry smile playing about his mouth, Britain's Prince stepped out of the special train from Portsmouth at Victoria Station and received his welcome home.

Very smart, very trim in his naval uniform, he stood at salute before his father, the King. King George held out his hand and father and son indulged in a hearty handshake. Then the King drew his boy to him and kissed him on the cheek.

There was Queen Mary, too, dressed in handsome furs with a purple and gold brocade toque, waiting to greet her son. The Prince kissed her on both cheeks. Wearing her 75 years with as much grace as she wore the wondrous silvered cloak in which she was clothed, with ropes of pearls and a toque of purple, Queen Mother Alexandra smiled affectionately as she pressed forward to embrace her grandson, his safe return being her finest birthday gift.

Then the Prince greeted his aunt, Princess Victoria, and his sister, Princess Mary. Prince Henry was there also in military uniform, and he gave a cheerful, boyish welcome. Prince Albert, who had met the Prince of Wales at Portsmouth, stood at salute while this affectionate family reunion was taking place, but now he followed into the throng of notabilities. The Queen of Norway was standing a little behind the immediate Royal party. The Prince greeted her warmly.

Premier Lloyd George and the rest of the Commoners, with a sprinkling of nobility, were next to offer greetings.

Princess Mary Makes Debut In Speech at Public Function

A despatch from London says:—Princess Mary made her debut as a speaker at a public function on Thursday night, the occasion being a farewell rally of the Women's Land Army, which is being disbanded. The ceremony was a picturesque one in the old Draper's Hall. After making an effective speech, Princess Mary presented "distinguished service bars" to some fifty women for their war work. The women and girls present wore their war uniforms and later were entertained at a supper and concert. They gave the Princess a hearty welcome.

Five-Shilling Note For Great Britain

A despatch from London says:—Great Britain is going to have five-shilling notes, which at the present rate of exchange are equivalent to one-dollar bills.

The present high price of silver is responsible for their introduction, and if the cost keeps at its present height some substitute will have to be found for lesser valued coins.

Big Radio Depot For Vancouver, B.C.

New York, Nov. 30.—The Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of Canada will build in the vicinity of Vancouver, B.C., a powerful radio depot. The station, which will cost $2,000,000, will handle commercial business between Canada and the Orient. A station of like power and cost will, of course, be built in Japan.

Negotiations are being carried on with the Governments of Canada and Japan for licenses to construct and operate the two stations necessary to establish direct communication across the Pacific.

British Girls Sail For Canada

London, Nov. 30.—A party of 62 girls and women sailed from Glasgow on the Pretorian yesterday. All of them had been selected strictly in accordance with the Canadian Government regulations. All were eager to exchange the stale old world for a life of freedom in the households of Ontario.

Five conducted parties of about the same strength will sail for Canada during December. Winter weather will not deter these enthusiasts, who have likewise undertaken to go to any part of Canada.

Plymouth Elects Lady Astor.

A despatch from London says:—Lady Astor has been elected to Parliament to succeed her husband, the new Viscount Astor, by 5,000 majority.

"Everybody is capable of being convinced by common sense," said Lady Astor. "Mine was a campaign of common sense."

Her husband's majority in the election last year was nearly 12,000, which shows a loss to her sex of nearly 7,000.

The vote stood: Lady Astor (Unionist), 14,495; W. T. Gay (Labor), 9,292; Isaac Foot (Liberal), 4,139.

MINERS MUST RESUME WORK

Persons Violating Injunction Cited For Contempt.

Indianapolis, Nov. 30.—Coal must be mined and every miner, operator or any other person who has acquired knowledge of the temporary injunction and who thereafter violates its terms, will be cited for contempt today, declared Dan W. Simms, special Assistant United States District Attorney.

Mr. Simms issued a statement of warning to all. It has been indicated here that if the miners do not return to work after the posting of notices by the operators that the mines will be operated in compliance with the decision of the Government, many men will be brought before Judge A. B. Anderson in Federal Court here next week to face a charge of contempt.

Mr. Simms said that every officer and miner connected with the United Mine Workers of America has full knowledge of the terms and provisions of the temporary injunction, and that every local has received a copy of the withdrawal order cancelling the strike.

"Coal will be produced, and every miner, operator, or any other person who has acquired knowledge of the temporary injunction and who thereafter violates its terms will be cited for contempt," the statement says. "In addition to this," it continues, "all persons, whether miners or operators, whose acts of conduct bring them within the inhibitory terms of the Lever Act will be prosecuted."

The Government also is having difficulty with the mine operators, it is understood, and prosecutions of the operators are in prospect unless they comply fully with the Government's orders, it was indicated.

A despatch from Paris says:—The Supreme Council has adopted the British suggestion for partition of the German war fleet. Under the arrangement Great Britain will receive 70 per cent. of the total tonnage, France ten per cent, Italy ten per cent., Japan eight per cent., and the United States two per cent.

PRINCE OF WALES' FAREWELL MESSAGE TO HIS FELLOW-CANADIANS

A despatch from Ottawa says:—"I can never forget it, nor can I express the whole of my deep gratitude for the open-hearted welcome which my Canadian comrades in arms and all my Canadian fellow-countrymen and women have given me." The foregoing is from a farewell message from his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, which has been received by his Excellency the Governor-General.

The message follows:

H.M.S. Renown, Barrington Passage.

"The Renown is weighing anchor, and I feel that my first visit to Canada is really at an end. I can never forget it, nor can I express the whole of my deep gratitude for the open-hearted welcome which my Canadian comrades in arms and all my Canadian fellow-countrymen and women have given me.

"Will you please convey this message of thanks, most inadequate though it be, to Sir Robert Borden and the whole Dominion Government, whose care and hospitality throughout my visit have been so generous and so kind. The last four months will influence the whole of my life and I shall never be happy if many months elapse without a visit to my home on this side of the Atlantic.

"My best wishes to all the people of Canada till we meet again.

(Signed) "Edward P."



The only kind of striking needed just now.

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT MERCHANT MARINE FLEET OF 23 SHIPS

Completed Before End of 1919 Unless Severe Weather Hinders Construction of Many Large Steel Vessels Now Under Way in Dominion Ship Yards.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Unless severe weather upsets the present expectations, the Canadian Government Merchant Marine Fleet will number twenty-three vessels before the end of the present year, according to Mr. Alex. Johnson, Deputy Minister of Marine. It is hoped that sufficient vessels to bring the total to the above number will have been delivered before the end of next month.

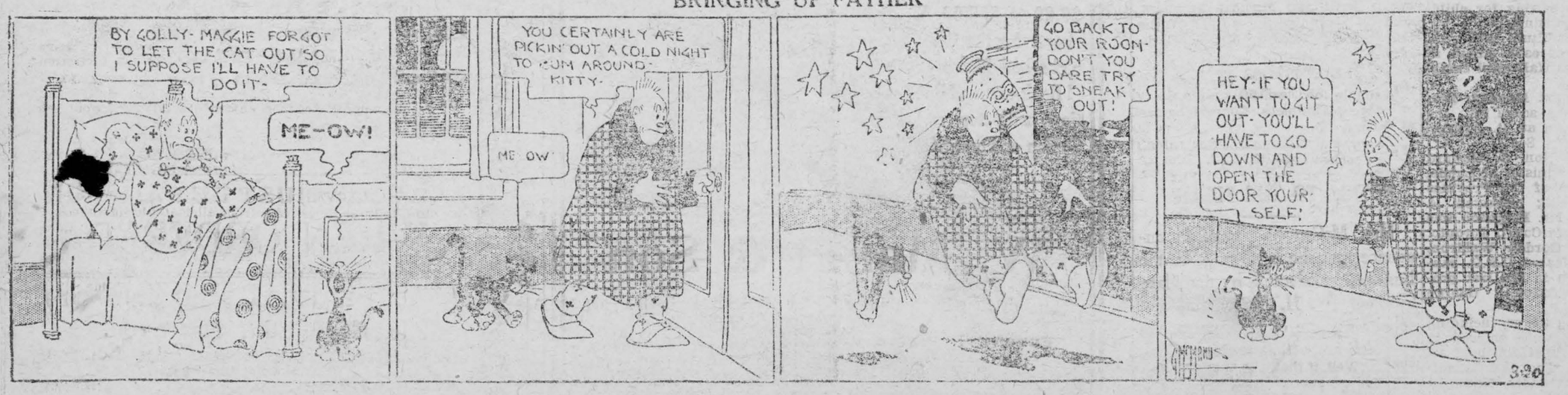
The Canadian Navigator, a steel vessel of 4,350 tons, built by the Canadian Vickers yards at Montreal, has been completed, made her trial trip and handed over to the Government.

The Canadian Spinner, an 8,350-ton steel ship, will have her trial trip and be delivered before the end of next week, it is expected. She will, after being handed over, leave Montreal either for Halifax or St. John, to load for South American ports.

An instance of rapid shipbuilding work has been accomplished by the Vickers works in the case of the Canadian Planter. This ship, which is of 8,350 tons displacement, was launched on the afternoon of November 22, the boilers were installed on November 23, the engines installed on November 24, and, it is expected, unless severe weather upsets plans, to turn the vessel over to the Government before navigation closes.

The Canadian Settler, which is being built at the Tidewater Yards, at Three Rivers, Que., will, it is expected, be handed over on Saturday morning next, while the Canadian Rancher, also from the same yards, will be delivered before the close of navigation. Another vessel on which delivery is expected before the close of navigation is the Canadian Traveller, being built at the Levis yards. The Canadian Raller, under construction at the Wallace Shipyards, Vancouver, is expected to be complete and handed over before the end of the year, making the twenty-third vessel of the Canadian Government Merchant Fleet in commission.

BRINGING UP FATHER



LOCAL AND GENERAL

HEATERS and RANGES
MORASH FOUNDRY

Tonight, Music Hall, "Rocky Road to Dublin."

Mr. Geo. D. Meikle was in Montreal for a few days last week.

Mrs. Brady has returned home from a few weeks' visit in Montreal.

Miss Amy Banks spent the week-end in Brockville.

Rev. J. H. and Mrs. Miller will be "At Home" in the Methodist Parsonage on Friday, December 12th. from four to six.

The Bazaar and Supper held in St. James Hall, Thursday night, under the auspices of St. James Guild, was well attended, surpassing the big successes even of the past. The patronage kept increasing until six p.m., and the ladies had a busy time of it until late in the evening. The proceeds amounted to **$268.00.**

Miss Grace Gillard, who recently returned to Morrisburg, has resumed her former occupation with the Cold Storage.

Miss Agnes Gillespie who spent the last week in Montreal, obtaining her final Military discharge, returned home the early part of the week.

Miss Dorothy Chalmers spent Sunday in Montreal.

The Strike delayed delivery. We have just received 15 Salts Plush Coats ordered for shipment 15th October. These coats are best quality Salts Plush, extra fine heavy Plush, beautifully figured, Silk lining, and well inter-lined. These were to have been our leaders in Northway Salts Plush at $48.50. The cut-price in consequence of non-delivery is **$40.50** Do not miss this rare bargain.—**D. C. Bush.**

Mrs. C. Adams left on Wednesday to join her son, Mr. Dick Adams, in Chatham, Ont.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Meikle spent the early part of the week in Montreal.

Mrs. (Dr.) Geo. Maxwell Gorrell will be "at home" on Saturday, Dec. 13th from 4 till 6; also second and Fourth Thursdays of each month

The Ontario Agricultural College now holds a premier amongst its graduates. That ought to be something to hold before the boys on the farms of Ontario.

Major Brackley, London, Eng., who is actively engaged in the interests of the Hanley-Page, spent the early part of the week the guest of Mr. J. Wesley Allison. Mr. Brackley enjoys an enviable war record. He leaves for his home shortly, and will return in the Spring to resume activities on a more extensive scale.

The Ladies' Aid and Missionary Society of St Johns E. L. Church, Riverside, will hold a supper and sale of fancy articles, home-made candy, &c., on Friday evening, December 12th. A cordial invitation is extended to all.—**Mrs. J. I. Casselman, Pres.**

Mrs. C. M. Ouderkirk will have a Mid-Winter opening of hats and coats at Williamsburg, for one week beginning December 9th. A call will convince you the prices are right.

Mr. Hotson Meikle is spending a few days with Mr. Stuart Meikle in Montreal.

Thomas McCloskey, a farmer, residing three miles from Chesterville, while operating a power sawing machine on his farm had one arm caught in the machine and so badly mutilated that it had to be amputated above the elbow.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Henderson of Kingston returned home on Saturday after spending a couple of weeks with the former's mother, Mrs. Warren Henderson.

Mr Archie Wright spent a few days in Montreal.

Nominations for the Ontario provincial bye-elections made necessary by the law for the members of the Drury cabinet will be held December 15th and elections one week later on the 22nd.

Thomas R. Melville, Collector of Inland Revenue at Prescott, ex-Mayor of that town, and one of its leading citizens, died this week after a brief illness, aged 73.

Mrs. Mary Fox returned home from Cleveland last week, after spending a couple of months with members of her family.

Sunday, Dec. 7th , Sunday School in St. Paul's Church at 11 a.m.; in St. John's Church, Riverside in the afternoon at the usual hour. All other services have been cancelled.

Mrs. George Stitt, Main Street, Morrisburg, is prepared to take in all kinds of plain sewing for children's wear; also knitting.

The Women's Institute will meet the first Monday of each month at 3 p.m. in St. James Hall until further notice.

First meeting next Monday, Dec. 8th. Please bring in socks for the convalescent soldiers at St. Agathe. —Grace D. Merkley, Sec.

The election of Hon. G. Howard Ferguson, former Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines of the Province of Ontario, is being protested. A petition to unseat Mr. Ferguson was filed in the Supreme Court, Toronto, on Saturday, by Gordon Waldron, acting for the defeated U.F.O. candidate in Grenville in the last provincial general election, George Arthur Payne.

Eighteen judging teams, including five from Canada, were entered in the big judging competition held recently in Chicago. The five Canadian teams fell down badly, Manitoba coming twelfth, O. A. C. fifteenth, and McDonald last.

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales Dec. 13.
Morrisburg, Dec. 15 to Jan. 3.

Don't forget the Food and Fancy Article Sale in the Methodist Church Basement, Thursday, December 11th from 2 to 6 p.m. Bread, Buns, Cakes, Pies, Fancy Articles, Ladies' Aprons, Doll Setts—just the place to get your Christmas Gifts. The Mission Circle will serve tea from 5 to 6 p. m. Everybody welcome.

Buy your Victrolas and Records at **W. Marsh & Son,** the best talking machines on the market. An Ideal Christmas gift. December and Christmas records have arrived. Call and hear them.

STORAGE BATTERY SERVICE STATION

Batteries Charged, Repaired and Stored

WE USE DISTILLED WATER IN ALL BATTERIES

And make it Ourselves, so we can Guarantee its Purity.

Don't take a Chance on any old kind of water, and ruin your Battery. Bring it to us and it will be kept right and be ready for you in the Spring.

J. M. WHITTEKER,
Morrisburg - 'Phone 18

MARRIED

At the Manse, Morrisburg, on Wednesday, November 26th, Ancel D. McEwen of Morrisburg, was united in marrige to Goldie Ruth Foster, daughter of Mr. Peter Foster of Parishville, N.Y., the Rev. Hugh Cameron officiating.

Gray—McLean—At Chesterville, on Thursday, Nov. 27th, Mr. J. E Gray was united in marriage to Miss Pearl McLean, daughter of Mr. Christopher McLean.

Coons—Furney—At Chesterville on Wednesday, Dec. 3rd., Lily Margaret Furney was united in marriage to Mr. Clarence Coons of Winchester.

ANNIVERSARY SERVICES

The Methodist Congregation of this town held Anniversary Services on Sunday, Nov. 30th., when a thank offering was taken. The Official Board asked for $300 and over $450 has been subscribed.

On Monday night a free supper was served by the Ladies, and nearly three hundred people were present. The sermons on Sunday were delivered by the Pastor.

A good program of speeches and music was given at the close of the supper on Monday night.

The choir rendered special music on Sunday and Monday which was much appreciated by the people.

ANOTHER LAWYER ADMITTED TO BAR

(Edmonton Journal)

The formal presentation of a barrister to the bar and his acceptance, marked the last stage of L. A. Craig's installation in his profession before Mr. Justice Hyndman in the Supreme court on Monday morning Mr. Craig was presented by J. C. F. Bown, K.C., the oath was administered, and the candidate accepted with a few words of welcome.

Mr. Craig is a former University of Manitoba student, who came to this city in 1916 and was articled to McDonald & Tighe of this city. Following his admission to the bar, Mr. Craig is moving to Westlock, where he will open a law office on or about December 1."

Our local subscribers will no doubt remember Mr. Craig when he visited Morrisburg in the winter of 1913-14 with his bride (nee Lottie MacIntosh) of this town.

The Annual
COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES
—of the—
MORRISBURG COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE
Will be held in the Music Hall,
Morrisburg
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1919

..A Program consisting of the unveiling of the Memorial Tablet and Presentation of Diplomas, a play, Fancy Drill and Musical Numbers, will be given by the pupils of the Collegiate, assisted by Mr. W. Cochrane of Morrisburg.

DON'T MISS IT

Admission, 35 and 50 cents. Seats on sale at Chalmers. Concert begins at 8.15 sharp.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

Mrs. McGannon begs to announce that she is carrying on the business conducted by her late husband, W. H. McGannon, and solicits a share of your patronage in **Celebrated Scranton Coal, Building Supplies, G.T.R. Ticket Agency and Express Money Orders.**

VICKERMAN'S SERGES AND COATINGS

Are guaranteed absolutely fast dye. These goods made to your measure in our own work shop, with best Lining and Canvas needled, moulded by experts, gives you good value for your money. Far superior to so-called "Special Order" Clothing, and eliminates the middle man's exhorbitant profits.

F. A. NASH
"Agency "Fashion Craft" Special Orders.

THE STORE FAMOUS FOR
Blue and Black Worsteds

QUALITY CHRISTMAS GOODS In Fur Coats, Caps, Shirts, Collars, Ties, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs. All kinds of Men's Goods. If you want the best, they are here.

MEN'S CLOTHING—We are makers of Men's Clothing made to your measure and made well. Complete stock of Woollens and Serges with quality and style. Prices reasonable. When you want satisfactory service, come to this store.

A.H.CASSELMAN MERCHANT TAILOR
Men's Furnishings - Morrisburg

GET YOUR GIFTS FOR CHRISTMAS AT MARSH & SONS

. . .Never before have we been in a position to give you such a selection in Furniture suitable for Christmas Gifts.

Buy good Furniture. It is Good Business. It's Sensible and it pays. That's the rule we practise when buying. We get the best that we can buy with our money. By buying early we were able to get goods at right prices. Let us prove to you that we can, and do quote prices that no one can beat, and few equal.



May we have the pleasure of convincing you?

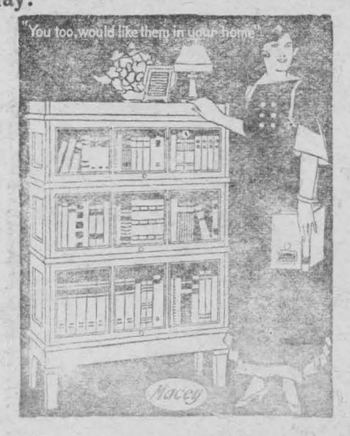
Our line of comfortable Chairs and Rockers, 50 styles, prices from $2.00 to $50.00. Our Special, like cut, Golden Oak, upholstered in Leatherette, only $11.50.

Our Parlor Furniture is built for comfort and we have ten designs to choose from in price from $40 to $250. Our selection of Kitchen Cabinets will please the House Wife and save many a weary step, which makes life in the kitchen a real pleasure. We will be pleased to show our styles. Prices from $15 to $75.

What about that new Sanitary Mattress for the cold winter months? We have just the article in a good Felt Mattress. Same old price $15.00. Also the Famous Ostermoor and Dixie "No Tuft" at $33.00.

Our Toy Shop will delight the Kiddies. and save the Mother's money. Our Victrola Department is complete. December Records go on sale on Saturday.

Book Cases and Ladies' writing desk the largest selection we have ever shown. Ladies' Desks from $9.00 to $35.00. We are agents for the Globe-Wernicke and Macey Sectional Book-cases. 3 Book sections with top and base Golden or Fumed for $24.



W. Marsh & Son
The only firm having a license for Embalming in this part of the County
Funeral Directors and Licensed Embalmers

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Saturday, Dec. 13th
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The Old Reliable Fonthill Nurseries
The greatest demand for Nursery Stock in Years
British and European Markets again open for Canadian Fruit.
Largest list of Fruit and Ornamental Stock, Seed Potatoes, Etc., Grown in Canada.
Write for Particulars.
STONE & WELLINGTON
Established 1837
Toronto, Ontario

The Manufacturers Life
Insurance Company
Head Office, Toronto, Canada

J. W. Marcellus
Iroquois
General Agent for Dundas County
Phone 37 Correspondence Solicited

A MERRY CHRISTMAS !

Christmas buying spirit has this year seemingly been delayed, and a great many of our friends are overlooking the near approach of this great gift-giving day. We would offer the suggestion that you do your shopping early, and like ourselves, secure the benefit to be derived from a large and complete range.

OUR FIRST FLOOR

Contains a complete stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Gents' Furnishings, etc. See our grand display of Handkerchiefs. Prices way down.

OUR SECOND FLOOR EXHIBITS—The most complete stock to be found outside the city. Christmas goods of every variety. Doll case goods, books, brass and cassorels glassware and China.

MULLIN BROS.
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
Canada Food Board License No. 8-3575
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IT'S A PLEASURE
to burn our coal says the lady who has used it. It is the free buzning clean coal that gives the best satisfaction If you will try a ton we feel sure you will agree with us that it is the best coal to be had

ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
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ESTATE W. H. McGANNON
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