The Leader

Vol. XVII, No 50 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1917

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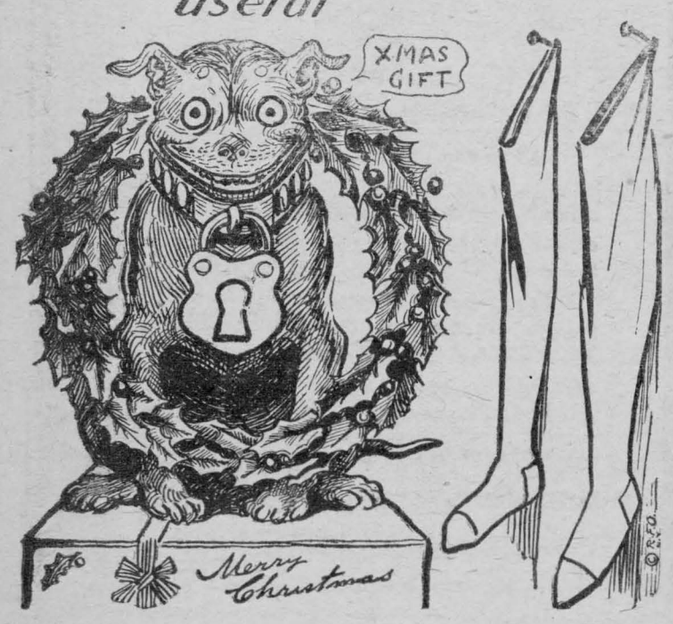

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Prices to suit every purse. from 5c., 10c., 25c. up.

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THE HARDWARE STORE--OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
Morrisburg, : : : ; Ont.

UNION POLICY FORCIBLY ILLUSTRATED

Hon. C. C Ballantyne and Other Speakers Make Splendid Impression on Large Gathering

A large and representative gathering, including Ladies and Gentlemen of Morrisburg and the surrounding district crowded the Music Hall on Friday evening last to hear the policy of the Union Government discussed in broad and comprehensive terms by Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, the candidate, Mr. O. D. Casselman, and Mr. I. Hilliard, K.C., M.P.P.

Dr. Will C. Davy occupied the chair and the first speaker to be introduced was the Candidate, Mr. O. D. Casselman who defined the Win-the-War policy, explaining at some length, the Government's policy of taxation on profits. He made an earnest appeal to Liberals as well as Conservatives of this Riding to unite and support him thereby lending their assistance in winning the war.

The distinguished speaker of the evening was Hon. C. C. Ballantyne, an old Dundas boy who boarded the train at the G.T.R. Station, Morrisburg, for Montreal, some thirty-five years ago. The graceful appearance on the stage of a typical Dundas Gentleman, had already won the respect of the audience when he rose to speak, and he received a hearty welcome. After expressing his pleasure at being present to renew acquaintances with those whom he had met when a young lad, he said that his joy at meeting them was mingled with sorrow at the regrettable circumstances which had brought him to the political platform during these critical times. Although taking no active part in political campaigns in this country, he had been a supporter of Sir Wilfrid Laurier all his life, until the time had come when the clear call of duty had made it imperative for him to part company with his former chief. The need for united effort had made such an appeal to him that he felt obliged to cast aside all party and personal feelings and do his share in behalf of the great cause which had roused Canada from coast to coast.

"I am not a politician at all, I am a business man," he said. But nevertheless seldom has the policy of the Government been set forth with keener foresight than did Mr. Ballantyne on Friday last. Touching on the matter of reinforcements at the front to keep up the standard of our four Canadian Divisions, he said that upon his return from Overseas he had been summoned to Ottawa by the Prime Minister and asked for his views on the advisability of forming a Union Government, an offer which he had made to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on a 50-50 basis, the latter declining to accept. The speaker did not know at that time that the Prime Minister had any intention of offering him a portfolio, neither was he anxious to accept one, but after due consideration for the sacrifices endured by our brave lads at the front, he had decided to sacrifice his business interests, and thus he had the honor of being the first Liberal to enter the Union Cabinet.

If Canada was to remain in the war, a definite step would have to be taken, he said, and it had now become necessary, in order to take this step, that we should have Union Government at Ottawa. It had been his privilege to be given a commission to recruit a battalion of the Grenadier Guards, but although neither effort nor money had been spared in order to make known, throughout the whole Province, the need of men, it was impossible to form a complete battalion. What was true of the Guards was equally true of almost every other battalion recruiting in Canada during the last twelve months. Some other method of obtaining men was essential. The Government could have put into force the Militia Act under which the men necessary between the ages of 18 and 60 years, would have been balloted for. There would have been no exemptions which would have seriously disorganized the industrial life of the country. Canada, with 8,000,000 of a population had enlisted 400,000 under the voluntary system—All credit to Canada! But when these men left the shores of Halifax amid our cheers they had our assurance that reinforcements would be forthcoming. Some of them were now putting in 48 hour stretches in mud and water up to their knees because of the lack of reinforcements. In France Women and old men were engaged in running street cars, policing the streets and ploughing the land. Belgium, France and England had sacrificed every available man, and Canada could not afford to lie down and desert her brave heroes. "I hope there are some farmers present in this audience," he said, "for when I am not engaged in business in Montreal, I spend my time on my farm only a few miles from here." What he wanted to impress upon the farmers was that at a meeting of the Cabinet recently held in Ottawa, they had passed an order in Council giving the Minister of Militia full power to deal with the exemption of farmers, farmers' sons and farmers' help in order to increase production. He did not know how the tribunals in this section had dealt with exemptions, but if any of the farmers' sons had been refused exemption they should appeal to the Central Court of appeals, Justice Duff, Ottawa, who would return the men to the farms. Naturally, the question would arise—"How are we to raise 100,000 men" which required but a simple explanation. One had only to go to any of the large cities and see the large number of young men in the theatres and pool rooms. Only recently, at a meeting held in Sherbrooke, Que., he and other speakers had been howled down by a mob of young men of military age, who engaged in throwing pieces of steel and bricks. A piece of steel which entered the theatre through one of the windows had luckily escaped reaching the speaker's head, and if it had, the Union Government would have been minus one of its Ministers. This is what the young slackers were engaged in while our brave boys were giving up their lives at the front that they (the slackers) might live in peace.

Other difficulties which confronted the Government now and after the war were the production of supplies of all kinds, the building of ships, the transportation question, demobolizing of troops and providing for returned soldiers. All these were matters of vital importance which could only be successfully dealt with by a Union Government. The evil of patronage had been stamped out by the present administration, and he had instructed all those under his charge in his department not to take on any assistant who had not the qualifications to fulfill the office for which he applied.

Referring to Sir Wilfrid's referendum, he thought that it could not be taken before nine months, during which time our boys would see many hard battles and our four divisions would by that time have fallen to pieces Therefore our boys were looking with anxious eyes to see what Canada will do. He could not believe that Canadians were going to throw up their hands at this critical moment, and he felt confident that the answer from the Ladies and Gentlemen of Dundas County on the 17th. would be one that would help to save Canada.

One more thing he wanted to refer to, it being some statistics with reference to troops tationed in England, as published in The Leader. Your paper, he said, stated there were 116,000 men in England at the present time, but it does not state how these men are distributed. The men, he said, were distributed among the infantry, the forestry battalions, and in the hospitals. He was sorry to say there were only 35,000 men from Canada left for the firing line. "Are we going to send another 100,000 men,, or are we going to let our American cousins send them?" In closing, he speaker said that the best Christmas present that the people of Dundas could send to the boys at the front was the news that they had voted for the Union Government and what it stands for — assistance to the boys until victory is won

The evening which had by this time proved a most beneficial one in the interests of Union Government, became even more interesting when the next speaker, Mr. I. Hilliard, rose and vividly impressed upon the attentive audience, the urgent and immediate need of uniting to defeat the enemy. Mr. Hilliard was never heard to better advantage on a political platform, and we regret that space does not permit the publication of his speech in full. However, he urged the men of both parties in this riding to get together and follow the example of the big men of the day and those of the days of Confederation by voting for Union Government. Mr. Hilliard terminated an eloquent speech with the following impressive remarks: "On the 17th. of December, there will be a piece of paper handed to you at the polls upon which you will be asked to place a cross before one of the two names thereon. Remember when you are making your cross, that the cross is the sign of our Savior's sacrifice for us. I ask you to make that cross remembering the sacrifice our boys at the front are making for you."

The singing of the National Anthem brought to a close one of the most successful political meetings ever held in Morrisburg.

United Counties' Contribution to the Victory Loan

Cornwall Town—$454,900.
Winchester Tp., 216,150.
Cornwall Tp. $191,050.
William $177,050.
Matilda Tp., $169,650.
Lancaster Tp., $164,500.
Charlottenburg, $163,700.
Roxborough Tp., $152,100.
Kenyon Tp., $151,550.
Osnabruck Tp. $124,600.
Finch Tp., $103,100.
Alexandria, $69,000.
Mountain Tp. $57,850.
Lochiel Tp., $55,400.
Total—$2,260,600.

A New Edison or Aeolian Vocalion Phonograph
A Newcombe, Gerhard Heintzman or Weber Piano this Xmas

We have the QUALITY, and you will get better treatment from us than if you purchased elsewhere. and you know we stand behind what we sell.

Write us regarding styles, prices and description, without being obligated in any way.

'Phone 43, Morrisburg.

DELCO-LIGHT
Electricity For Every Farm

At last a complete electric plant that is so simple, reliable and economical, that electric light and power are now available anywhere and for any purpose.

Now you may have the comfort and convenience of electric light in your home and out-buildings—brilliant, cool, safe.

Delco-Light will do most of your chores because it provides power for the smaller machines.

Let us show you how it will pay for itself in time and labor saved.

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MORRISBURG & CORNWALL



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Patronize Your Local Cold Storage

Suitable temperatures maintained for the preservation of Cheese, Butter, Poultry, Eggs, Apples, Meats, etc.

Now is the time to contract for your Winter supply of Eggs in 12 or 30 doz. cases

For particulars apply at the Cold Storage or Telephone 29.

DUNDAS CO-OPERATIVE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED

Keep a Supply of Flour and Feed on Hand.

We sell the famous Robin Hood Flour under a guarantee to give better satisfaction than any other flour milled in Canada or we will refund the Full Purchase Price with 10% penalty added. Give it a trial.

Price $5.80 per sack at the Storage or will deliver (on Saturday only) to any one in town at $5.90 per sack.

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Near San Diego

POLO, MOTORING, TENNIS,
BAY AND SURF BATHING,
FISHING AND BOATING.

18-Hole Golf Course

Hotel is equipped throughout with Automatic Sprinkler System.

AMERICAN PLAN

JOHN J. HERNAN, Manager

Between Cousins;

OR, A DECLARATION OF WAR.

CHAPTER XIII.—(Cont'd.)

And then, as Fenella, rigid with astonishment, did nothing but stare at him, wide-eyed, he went on in a hurry, as though in answer to himself;

"Of course you cannot know. How should you? I've kept my secret too well for that. I had meant to keep it to the end, but it will out. It has been over long at work within me, not for weeks, as maybe you are thinking, and not for months either, but for years, and many of them too. I'm not sure that I remember the time clearly when it was not at work. Long before I had beard on my face, and when you were no higher that this, Miss Fenella," and with a hand visibly unsteady, he indicated a height somewhere on a level with his waist, "and when you wore your hair down your back, blowing free in the wind, I would hide behind the palings to see you pass; and when you had passed, it was to me as though the sun had come and gone again. And on the day when you came into our cottage beside the minister it was just the same to me a though the sky had open ed and one of the angels come down to visit us. Do you think the cottage has even been the same place to me again?—and the hearthstone you have sat at, and the cups and saucers you have touched? If you do, then you don't know what it is to have your heart set in one place."

"And all this summer, Miss Fenella, it has been a bit of heaven; I've got to tell you this, even though by telling it you I am putting myself out of the heaven. It was more than I ever hoped for. For I have hoped for nothing, Miss Fenella, though at times, quite lately, the foolish dreams would come. It's foolishness, I know, but I want you to tell me that it's foolishness. That's why I had to speak. To hear the word from your own lips will make the wild thoughts lie still, maybe. Tell me that I am mad, Miss Fenella," he pleaded, with a new and urgent agony in his voice; "tell me that nothing can ever come of my liking for you,—that it's an impossible thing—"

"Of course it's impossible—quite impossible!" declared Fenella, her tongue suddenly loosened, and instinctively shrinking back a little against the cottage wall, for Duncan, in his urgency, had come a step nearer. "Of course you are mad, Duncan, to think of such a thing—quite, quite mad! Why, you see it yourself."

At her shinking movement he stopped short, as though only now aware of his forward one. The incision of her words—for she had spoken with the vehemence of extreme agitation, and with a sharpness that was a little too like disdain—seemed to have produced their effect.

"Yes; I thought it would be so. I did not hope for anything. That is one question answered, but I want another. It's impossible, I allow you; but I want to be told that what makes it impossible for you is just that I'm not the right man. I'm too big, and to clumsy, and too unlearned for you ever to turn your thoughts my way,—that's it, is it not? Tell me that, Miss Fenella; don't tell me that it's because I gain my bread with my hands, and because I don't wear London coats that you find it impossible. It will hurt me to hear that I am not the right man, but it would hurt me more to have to think badly of you."

"I have told you that it is impossible; that is enough!" flashed out Fenella, with a return of that haughtiness which had been for so long out of sight. "I don't see what right you have to question me."

"Maybe you don't, and maybe, too, you think that I'm forgetting my station in speaking as I do. But perhaps, Miss Fenella, it's you who are forgetting that our stations are not so far apart as it would seem from the outside, nor our bloods so strange to each other. You don't like remembering, perhaps, that our grandfathers were brothers, and that our fathers have worked at the same bit of slate—yes, and bored at the same hole, too, many a day. But what's all that?" —and with a sweep of his arm he seemed to be putting some trifle aside —"what's the station got to say to a real fondness? I've not read many books in my life, and I've not lived too many years in the world, and yet I've learnt enough to know that when the heart is in it neither station nor money can be in it too. Do you think it would make any difference to me if you were a gipsy in the woods, instead of the minister's daughter? In one of the books on the shelf in there, there is the story of the king who wedded the beggar maid. I've always wished you more good than to myself, Miss Fenella, and yet I've caught myself wishing that I could see you in rags, and myself in a king's mantle, just for the sake of being able to lift you on my horse. That's my way of looking at the thing, Miss Fenella;—to me it is the holiest thing in the world;—and that's why it would almost kill the soul within me to believe that you have it in you to sell your own heart for a fine income and a grand country house,—or to let your family sell it for you. It's not much I'm asking for, surely—only that you should tell me that in saying no to me, and in saying yes to—to some other man, as no doubt you will do some day, you are acting after your own warm heart, and not after any cold calculation."

With the last words there had come into his voice a note of entreaty which could not beat down Fenella's indignation of a minute ago. In ill-concealed agitation she looked at the man who was begging her to tell him that she felt nothing for him, casting about the while for some words which would not hurt him overmuch. She had not found it yet when Duncan turned impatiently, for the garden gate had clicked. A dark, delicate-looking young woman with a baby in her arms, and followed by a stalwart man in smart but professional-looking gaiters, was entering.

"It's Bessie," said Duncan, below his breath, in tones that were neither franternal nor hospitable.

With a feeling of deliverance Fenella rose quickly, and escaped in a hurry which made her forget to take leave of Adam, and even to fetch her gloves, which she had left lying upon the deal table beside the scattered flowers which greeted Duncan when he re-entered the cottage; disordered and already fading, they lay beside the empty tea-cup. With a pang at his heart he gathered them together. Was this all that was to remain to him of this summer's bliss?

He could not be sorry for the impulse on which he had to-day betrayed his secret. Without betraying it, it would be impossible to get the assurance which he wanted, and of which Bessie's inopportune advent had deprived him. It was not the thought of Fenella's indifference, but that of her possible egotism, which pursued him, and which he wanted set at rest. His vanity was scarcely mortified by his rebuff. Of course he was not good enough for her; but that was only because no man in the world was good enough for her; not because a man with a name and a fortune was any worthier of her in his eyes than he was himself. Though there was too much natural chivalry in him to let him name his rival, he knew that rival well, and in his heart despised him, undazzled by the halo of worthy glory, and proudly aware of being the better man of the two.

CHAPTER XIV.

* * * *

"In short, if I was to talk till tomorrow, I should never get you to understand how absolutely stunning she is. That sort of brownie-green eyes, don't you know, that make you think of trout pools, and precious deep ones too. And the color of her hair! How am I to give you any idea of that? The likest thing I can think of is a bank of bracken in November, like that pheasant cover here beyond the shrubbery, after it has had a touch of frost, all reddish and goldish, —but on a wet day, mind, when it looks as though it had been newly varnished. When I think that in two days' time I shall be looking on it again, and into those enchanting eyes, I feel quite hot, and then again quite shivery. Don't laugh at me Jack,—I couldn't stand that; and whatever you do, don't tell me I'm throwing myself away. What's the use of having a lot of money and one's place in the world all ready-made, if one can't marry the woman one wants to? I'm going to put my fate to the touch first chance I have. I'm pretty hopeful, for she's been awfully nice to me, Jack; but there are moments again when it seems almost too good to be true."

* * * *

The above extract of one of Donald Macgilvray's very rare epistolary efforts, addressed to an intimate, was serving the purpose of a safety-valve, —a letting off of a little of that so tightly bottled-up sentiment which had been consuming him all summer.

Having penned the phrases in the comfortable sanctuary of the Rockshiel smoking-room, the unusual labor solaced by pulls from a very superior brand of cigar, the stricken youth, leaning back in his well-padded chair, actually breathed more freely.

It was a quite unusual alacrity that he made his preparations for departure, and gave the final orders. He was going hopefully, as he had told his confident, Jack, and yet in trepidation.

And over there, at Ardloch, he was being expected hopefully too, but likewise in trepidation.

The few days which elapsed between the explanation with Duncan and Mr. Macgilvray's return to Balladrochit had been employed by Fenella in a sort of general tidying up of her thoughts and sensations. The discovery that for years past she had been the beacon-star of a man's life could not but impress her, despite the humble station of that man, or perhaps because of it. And yet—flattered vanity notwithstanding—the dominating impression remained a disagreeable one. For that urgent appeal of Duncan's, that vehement condemnation of a course of action which had hitherto appeared to her both harmless and natural, had startled into life some new consciousness. Was it then really so ignoble, so debasing a thing to bestow the gift of one's hand without the accompanying gift of the heart? without being what people called "in love"? Apparently it was, since even an uncultured man like Duncan seemed to judge it.

(To be continued.)



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for the Walker House (The House of Plenty) as soon as they arrive in Toronto. The meals, the service and the home-like appointments constitute the magnet that draws them there.

Noon Dinner 60c.
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THE WALKER HOUSE
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Rates Reasonable
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FIELD CASHIERS
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IN FRANCE
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DOMINION EXPRESS FOREIGN CHEQUES

THE BEST WAY TO SEND MONEY TO THE BOYS IN THE TRENCHES



About the House

DOMESTIC SCIENCE AT HOME

Twenty-First Lesson—Milk and Its Derivatives.

Milk may be called a perfect food, containing as it does the five necessary food elements required by the body to maintain life. It is the first food for infants; it forms also a perfect food for small children, the protein being in the form of casein, which is readily digested. The adult requires additional food, owing to the activities. Milk will not supply all the needed elements. The carbohydrates are in the form of milk sugar and fat; the fat is suspended in the milk in the form of tiny globules, thus giving to the milk its clear, white color. The proportions of fat in the milk vary from 2.8 to 8 per cent. This variation is due to age, condition and feeding of the cows.

Cream.

When milk taken directly from the cow is placed in suitable containers and permitted to stand for a period of time, the fat globules, which are lighter than the water of the milk, will rise to the top and form a coating over the entire surface of the milk. This is called cream. Cream is a wholesome, palatable form of fat. Modern methods now use a machine for separating cream by gravity from the milk; this eliminates the period of time for standing to permit cream to rise to the top of the vessel. The derivations or by-products of milk are butter and cheese.

Butter.

Cream is permitted to stand a certain length of time to develop an acid ferment. The object of this is to give the butter a desirable flavor and aroma, or this ferment may be added to the cream in the form of lactic acid. The cream is then churned, the butter-milk drained off and the butter worked with pure, cold water. Salt is added to the butter to preserve and improve the flavor. Butter contains about 83 per cent. fat and is a valuable food for energy.

Sweet butter is made from fresh cream and is usually sold unsalted. It will not keep any length of time, usually turning cheesy.

Cheese.

Cheese is made from milk by special process of fermenting milk with a lactic acid ferment and then coajulated with rennet. This cheese when used fresh is called cream and cottage cheese.

Many other varieties are made by special processes which, together with the location, curing and manner of storing, give many varieties. Cheese is a valuable food, containing a large amount of protein in the form of casein. It is a concentrated food, and when properly combined with other foods furnishes an economical nutritive diet.

The by-product of butter is buttermilk, which is greatly esteemed in Europe. Many of the foreign race contend that the use of buttermilk prolongs life by neutralizing the bacteria of the intestines. Buttermilk is also strained, the curd salted and beaten with a wooden spoon, then worked into a smooth mass. This is called buttermilk cheese and was greatly esteemed by our grandmothers.

To Make Butter at Home.

Collect left-over portions of cream in a clean bowl. Permit it to stand for three or four days to turn. Now place one cupful of this cream in a one-quart Mason fruit jar. Add one cupful of warm water, testing the cream and water with a thermometer. It should be sixty-five degrees Fahrenheit. Place rubber lid on jar. Shake continuously for a few moments, and you will feel the contents of the jar become lumpy.

Drain off the buttermilk and place the butter in a bowl of clear, cold water. Add one-fourth teaspoonful of salt and work, changing the water until it shows no trace of milk. For the butter in pats and place in refrigerator to cool. Care must be taken not to scald the cream by using water that is too hot. A few drops of carrot juice may be added to give the butter a color. Grate a small carrot and place in cheese cloth and wring to obtain the juice. This butter may be given to small children or to invalids.

Let the buttermilk stand a few hours and drain off the water that has risen to the top. Then place a piece of cheese cloth in strainer, turn in the buttermilk and let drain for two hours. Now place the curd in a bowl and add:

One-fourth teaspoonful of salt. Work well with wooden spoon to a smooth mass.

One-half green or red pepper, chopped very fine.

Mold into balls, and place a piece of nut on the top and serve on lettuce.

Sour milk may be used in place of buttermilk.

USING THE CHEAPER CUTS OF MEAT.

Cheap cuts of meat—that is to say, the tougher or less choice cuts—can be made acceptable to fastidious palates by thorough and careful cooking. Here are suggestions that lend variety to the ways in which beef, ham and chicken may be served at the one meal a day to which we have patriotically reduced our meat-eating.

Broiled Flank Steak

1 flank steak, salt, pepper, 1 teaspoonful butter. Buy a flank steak the size required for your family needs. Ask the butcher to score it on each side or, if you do this yourself, use a sharp knife and score diagonally across the meat, in lines one inch apart; turn meat and score in opposite direction, making small diamonds. Score both sides. The scoring cuts across the tough fibres and makes the meat tender like sirloin. Heat a frying pan red hot, drop in the steak, turn quickly back and forth to sear the whole surface and then reduce the heat and cook more slowly. Turn steak frequently to cook evenly. A flank steak will cook in ten to twelve minutes. Season with salt and pepper, remove to a hot platter, spread with butter and serve.

Round Steak in Casserole

1 round steak cut 1½ inches thick, 1 cupful flour, 1½ teaspoonfuls salt, pepper, 1 tablespoonful butter. Pound the flour, a little at a time, into both sides of the steak, using a meat hammer for the purpose or a potato masher or even a large heavy spoon. Heat a frying pan and brown the meat on both sides, then put into a baking pan. Rinse the frying pan with boiling water so as to save all the browned meat juice and pour this water over the steak, using enough to come up halfway. Add seasoning and cover. Bake until tender. This is a very economical dish and there is no waste.

Baked Meat Hash

Medium white sauce, hot mashed potato, left overs of meat. Put meat through a food chopper, first removing all gristle and bone. Season highly with salt and pepper. Butter an earthenware baking dish. Add enough medium white sauce to the ground meat to moisten and bind it together. Turn into the baking dish, spread over in a layer, the hot well-seasoned, mashed potato. Bake in a hot oven until brown.

Curried Brisket with Rice Border

2 Pounds brisket, 2 cupfuls onions cut fine 2 teaspoonfuls salt, 2 tablespoonfuls flour 2 teaspoonfuls curry powder, 1 tablespoonful chopped celery. Wipe the meat and cut into narrow strips. Sear both sides in a hot frying pan, then put the meat into a large stew kettle and cover with boiling water. Brown the onions in the pan where the meat was seared, add them to the meat. Season and simmer three hours or until tender. Mix flour and curry powder with a little cold water, add to the meat, add also the celery cut fine. Boil ten to fifteen minutes. When the celery is tender, turn all on a platter, surround with a border of rice and serve.

The quality of mercy is not strain'd;
It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven
Upon the place beneath: it is twice blest;
It blesseth him that gives and him that takes;
'Tis mightiest in the mightiest.
—Shakespeare.

Old Tea Looks All Right

Old tea and fresh tea, poor tea and good tea, all look alike. No wonder a woman often gets a bulk tea she doesn't like.

Red Rose Tea in the sealed package is always fresh, always good, always worth the price on the label.

Kept Good by the Sealed Package



644

MUSIC IN THE HOME

Music A Profession For The Blind.

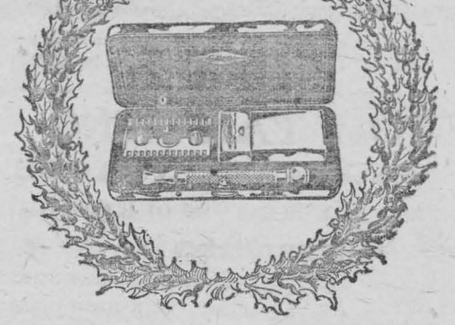
In the animal kingdom it is observed that no creatures are favorites, but a certain compensation balances every gift, and every defect. That is a truth expounded in his Essay on Compensation in which Emerson puts it down for a fact that for everything one has missed he has gained something else. When Nature deprives a person of the sense of sight, it is an immeasurable loss, yet that same Nature, once thought cruel, now beneficent, makes up the deficiency by an extraordinary endowment along some other line.

So often it is that finest of compensations, the talent for music. There is no doubt that music is one of the most suitable professions for the blind. In a Government report recently issued in Britain on the welfare of the blind it is stated that there are almost 1000—947 to be exact—persons in the United Kingdom thus afflicted who are following the professions of music, making of musical instruments, piano tuning, etc. There are at least one hundred blind organists in Britain, many of whom are choir masters as well. It is expected that these numbers will be materially increased owing to the fact that a greater amount of attention is now being given to music in the institutions for the blind.

The aforesaid report shows from an investigation among several hundred persons that 86 per cent. of the men and 81 per cent. of the women are known to have been successful in their musical occupations. This report suggests the desirability for a blind person to combine the position of organist, or music teacher, or professional singer as the case may be with that of pianoforte tuning, so that in the event of a falling off in his professional work he can resort to the more practical occupation, or the other way around, as circumstances dictate.

Fertilizing the soil increases farm labor efficiency and adds greatly to the farmer's net income. The extra yield, less than the cost of the fertilizer, is largely pure profit.

A Very Merry Christmas



The business of being a man has its advantages these days as well as its responsibilities—especially if someone thinks enough about him, his needs and his wishes, to choose for his Christmas gift

The Gillette Safety Razor

Most men are practical. The *welcome* gift is the *useful* gift—the Gillette—that fits right into a man's intimate personal life, makes things easier for him, and proves its quality by the way it shaves.

At any good Hardware, Drug or Jewelry Store you can pick out a Gillette Set that will be sure to give him lasting pleasure. If you have any trouble getting what you want, write us and we will see that you are supplied.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR CO.
OF CANADA, LIMITED,
Office and Factory: Gillette Building, Montreal.

281

MADE IN CANADA
Gillette
KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

A HOLIDAY BULLETIN

THE SEASON'S BEST FICTION

LONG LIVE THE KING - $1.50
By Mary Roberts Rinehart.
"Will prove the greatest of Mrs. Rinehart's successes."—New York Times.

THE INDIAN DRUM - - $1.35
By William McHarg and Edwin Balmer
A mystery of the Great Lakes, as good if not better, than "The Blind Man's Eyes."

THE NEXT OF KIN, or Those Who Wait and Wonder - - $1.25
By Nellie L. McClung.
This book reflects public feeling in typical towns and country districts throughout Canada, and shows with telling effect how Canadian men and women are doing their bit in the war. The whole book is strong and fearless, but always comforting and healing.

THE ROAD TO UNDERSTANDING - - - - - $1.40
By Eleanor H. Porter.
A delightful love story, by the author of "Just David."

SKINNER'S BABY - - $1.25
By Henry Irving Dodge.
Even more amusing than "Skinner's Dress Suit."

A REVERSIBLE SANTA CLAUS - - - - - $1.00
By Meredith Nicholson.
A Christmas story of mysterious surprises and a joyful holiday spirit, by the author of "The House of a Thousand Candles."

POLLY AND THE PRINCESS, $1.35
By Emma C. Dowd.
All lovers of "Polly of the Hospital Staff" and "Polly of Lady Gay Cottage" will want to read this new story by the same author.

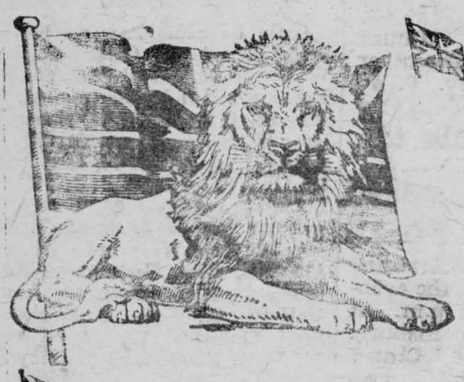
THE TRIFLERS - - $1.40 net
By Frederick Orin Bartlett
How a charming heiress attempts to escape a horde of suitors by a marriage of convenience.

TWO BIG WAR STORIES

CRUMPS, The Plain Tale of a Canadian Who Went - - $1.25 net
By Louis Keene, C.E.F.
A vivid and graphic account of one of the First Contingent. Illustrated by the author.

KITCHENER'S MOB - - 75c.
By James Norman Hall.
A new edition of this famous tribute to Kitchener's Army. One of the best books of the war.

Toronto **THOS. ALLEN** Publisher



Is a United Quebec to Rule All Canada?



This, the most tremendous question in Canada's history, is to be answered within ten days.

Our answer involves Canada's honour, her freedom and her future. Old-time party questions are being advanced to obscure the gravest issue ever placed before a nation. Canada is in real danger. The clouds that obscure her vision must be brushed aside so that the great issue stands forth clear and distinct.

"Is a United Quebec to Rule All Canada?"

To-day, in our national crisis, Quebec alone among all the provinces stands more united than ever before. She knows what she wants:

(1) Withdrawal from the war.
(2) Bilingual schools everywhere.
(3) Weakening of the ties of British connection.
(4) Political control of Canada.

From the Ottawa River to Labrador and the Gulf, a common purpose actuates Quebec in her determination to profit by the factional divisions of Canada and to impose her will upon all the people of Canada.

Within the last few weeks, Quebec has mobilized all her forces to dominate Canada under the unified leadership of Bourassa and Laurier. Canada knows that these two men in their earlier days were personal friends and political associates. Canada knows how in recent times they gradually drew apart—until in 1911 Bourassa opposed Laurier and helped to bring about his defeat, at the polls. Canada knows that from that time forward, until a few weeks ago, the breach between them steadily widened until envy and hatred, each toward the other became the possession of both. Bourassa and his followers were anathema to Laurier.

Should not the people of Canada ask themselves, before it is too late, why these two men have suddenly agreed to bury the past, why this sudden embrace each of the other? If we will but let the scales drop from our eyes the answer is obvious. The all-compelling influences of Quebec have combined to force the union of Laurier and Bourassa in the common purpose of French Canadian domination.

We concede the right of French Canadians to make common cause of anything they think it is in their interests so to do. This is a free country. But as the French Canadians have already combined to assert their views, it is the duty of the hour that we English-speaking Canadians get together and present to Quebec a united front in the defence of our rights. This is imperative.

With sixty solid seats Quebec is about to accomplish her designs. Bourassa, the real master and idol of Quebec, is in sight of his goal.

To attain her purpose, Quebec has not scrupled to ignore British traditions and to suppress freedom of speech. So thoroughly organized is her campaign to prevent even the discussion of the war that Unionist candidates are prevented from holding public meetings throughout that Province. The Unionist minority in Quebec are the victims of organized obstruction.

To be successful in her determination to rule all Canada, Quebec has but to secure a few seats in each of the other Provinces. Quebec leaders now seek to divide the rest of Canada into factions by insidiously bringing into political discussion old-time party questions, to divert the public mind from Quebec, her purpose and her ambitions.

United in her determination to quit the war, Quebec would compel a divided Canada to do likewise. By union only can the English-speaking people prevent this calamity.

However well-meaning Laurier candidates in Ontario may be, they will be helpless against a united Quebec.

Apart from the splendid work of the small English-speaking population, Quebec has failed the Red Cross, has failed the Patriotic Fund, has failed in recruiting and has failed in the Victory Loan. Dare we trust our soldiers, their wives, their children, their pensions and their allowances to Quebec, that will neither give, enlist nor invest, and which will resist taxation for the support of our men and their dependents?

Canada must decide whether she will become a deserter and quit with Russia, or fight to the end for liberty with Belgium. This decision must not be dictated by the only Province which has shirked its obligations throughout the war.

All Canada knows that Germany has been working through agents, spies and bribes in every country in the world. The latest evidences are the revelations recently made to the world by President Wilson. Do we Canadians think the Kaiser has overlooked Canada? If we do, what a fool's paradise!

Germany benefits by division among her enemies. Upon whom would she look in Canada as furthering her designs? Not Sir Robert Borden, Mr. Rowell and their colleagues in the Union Government. That is certain. But can the same be said with respect to the leaders in the Province of Quebec whose attitude in this war is against Canada's continuation in the war. We regret to be compelled to say these things, but we must not shut our eyes to facts.

The Citizens' Union Committee, anxious for the maintenance of British ideals and traditions, views with alarm the menace of French-Canadian domination with its inevitable influence upon the home, the school and the state.

We, therefore, call upon all English-speaking men and women to realize that—Canada, divided by political factions and old-time party questions, is at the mercy of a united Quebec. Union Government alone can save Canada from the menace of French-Canadian domination.

The Citizens' Union Committee

A Non-Partisan War-Time Organization to Support Union Government

J. W. LYON, Guelph, Chairman **NORMAN SOMMERVILLE, Toronto, Vice-Chairman**

G. A WARBURTON
Chairman Executive Committee

ALBERT H. ABBOTT, Secretary **Telephone, Main 5824** **Headquarters: Canada Life Bldg., Toronto**





FRIDAY, DECEMBER 14, 1917

The Leader

$1.50 per year; $1.25 in Canada, if paid in advance. $1.75 in United States or $1.50 if paid in advance.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY

The Leader Publishing Co.
Limited

LEO LAURIN, MANAGER

Had Piles For Ten Years

And Tried Nearly Everything Except a Surgical Operation Without Obtaining Relief — Tells How Complete Cure Was Effected.

There are reported here three cures of chronic cases of piles. In all three cases many treatments were tried before it was discovered that Dr. Chase's Ointment is about the only real cure for this distressing ailment.

Mrs. A. Oates, 22 Gilkinson street, Brantford, Ont., writes: "I have used Dr. Chase's Ointment as a household remedy for ever so long, and am particularly indebted to it for a cure from Piles. I had suffered from this annoying trouble for ten years, and tried nearly everything I heard of. After using Dr. Chase's Ointment a short while I was completely cured."

Mrs. Wm. Shantz, 155 Albert street, Kitchener, Ont., writes: "For several years I was troubled with bleeding piles. I tried different remedies for relief without success. I read in Dr. Chase's Almanac of the benefits other people were receiving from Dr. Chase's Ointment, so I sent to your office for a sample box. I found it gave me such relief that I went to a drug store and purchased a full-sized box. I have used several boxes since, and have derived more benefit from its use than any remedy I have ever used."

Mrs. F. Cussons, Victoria street, Ingersoll, Ont., writes: "About two years and a half ago I was suffering from Piles. I had tried many different remedies for this distressing trouble, but nothing helped me. Finally I got a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, and after using it found that I was completely cured and have not been bothered in this way since. I can cheerfully recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to anyone suffering as I did."

Dr. Chase's Ointment, 60 cents a box, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. There are no rivals to Dr. Chase's Ointment as a treatment for Piles.

AUCTION SALE

The undersigned will sell by Public Auction at his premises, lot 3, con. 5, Matilda, 3 miles west of the village of Williamsburg, on

TUESDAY, DEC. 18th, 1917

commencing at 12 o'clock noon, the following: — 18 grade Holstein and Ayrshire milch cows, all supposed in calf to pure bred Holstein bull, 1 pair of bay mares rising 9 and 10 yrs. old weight 1100 lbs., 1 bay horse 11 yrs. old, weight about 1250 lbs, 1 registered Clydesdale mare 3 yrs. old, supposed in foal to registered Clydesdale stallion (papers produced at time of sale,) 1 driving mare rising 5 yrs. old, 3 brood sows, 10 shoats, about 200 white Leghorn hens all pullets and yearlings, five-passenger Studebaker automobile in first-class condition, 5ft McCormick grain binder, 6ft. Dain mower good as new, 16-disc Deering drill good as new, 14-disc Deering harrow in throw, 12-disc Massey Harris harrow onthrow with extension, Sylvester steel roller good as new, Keystone hay loader, Chatham lumber wagon with double box, stock and hay rack combined, Oliver two-wheel riding plow new, Cockshut walking plow, Toronto fanning mill 8ft. horse rake, 4ft. Sylvester spring tooth cultivator, 2-horse Oliver corn cultivator with bean harvester attachment new, drag cultivator spring tooth, milk wagon, rubber-tire buggy with umbrella top good as new, top buggy, 2 sets heavy team harness, 2 sets single harness, set of heavy bobsleighs with box, set light bobsleighs, wheelbarrow, feed boiler new, Mann bone grinder, U. S. cream separator 500 lbs. capacity, 2 good barrel churns 18 1 1-4in. shafting with hangers and pulleys, 120-egg Chatham incubator, 3 40-gallon milk cans, 1 30-gallon milk can, 6 milk pails, Universal steel range with hot water front good as new, Quebec heater, 4-burner coil oil stove New Perfection, quantity hay straw, oats and (spring wheat. Red Fife,) 30 colonies bees, all standard hives and in good condition, 60 bee hives, 30 of which are extracting supers with combs in fine condition, 25 Queen excluders, 4-frame reversible honey extractor, 1000-lb honey tank all in good condition, Maxwell washing machine and ringer combined with pulley for attaching to power, power spraying outfit, Gould pump attachment to International two-horse power engine in first-class working condition, several good ladders, logging chains, shovels, forks, grindstone, set of scales 1200 lbs. capacity, galvanized steel water tank, Horse forks, car, rope and pulleys for round iron track, set heavy wagon springs 5000 lbs. capacity, Dominion organ, household furniture of all kinds and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS— Sums of $10 and under cash; over that amount 8 months' credit upon furnishing approved joint notes or 4 per cent. off for cash.

Lunch will be served to those attending from a distance.

THOMAS IRVING, Auctioneer
CHAS. E. MERKLEY, Proprietor

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

MARIATOWN

Mr. Charles McConnell of Morewood is spending a few days at the home of Mr. H. D. Swerdfeger's.

Mr. J. D. Deeks made a business trip to Delta last week.

Mr. Levi J. Casselman paid our town a visit on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Deeks attended the funeral of the former's father, Mr. L. Froats of Froatburn. We all extend our sympathy to the bereaved.

Our Public School will hold a Box Social on Wednesday evening December 19th. The program will consist of Dialogues, readings, recitations and music. Everybody come and enjoy yourself.

Don't forget the sale of Mr. J. D. Deeks on December 27. Watch for posters.

Mr. M. Vineburg of Montreal was the guest of Mr. J. D. Deeks on Wednesday.

Orval Becksted of Aultsville, called in town last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Beckstead are visiting at Frank Casselman's of Riverside on Wednesday.

Mrs. Zeron spent Wednesday with Mrs. M. VanAllen.

Mrs. D. Hamilton spent Thursday with Mrs. D. Hanson.

Miss Lillie Fossir spent the week with friends in Iroquois.

Mrs. M. VanAllen and daughter, Gladys, spent Sunday at Mr. J. Zeron's.

Miss Annie Brownell of Bush Glen is visiting Miss Mabel Riddell.

Frances Zeron of Harmony was a week-end visitor at home

Mrs. Bateman Sr., spent the week-end in Iroquois, the guest of Mrs. Soper.

Mrs. E. Sproule returned home to Ormstown on Monday p.m. after visiting her sister, Mrs. Cleland.

Twelve More Fords Unloaded Last Week

Mr. Wilfrid Quenneville does not seem to be particular if he sells cars or not lately as he is seemingly careless about his advertisements, but he has not overlooked the importance of storing some, 12 of which he stored last week, anticipating that prices will go up soon.

Card of Thanks

The family of the late Luther Froats desires to thank the many friends and relatives for their expressions of kindness sympathy.

MARRIED

Stitt—Davy—At St. James Rectory, Kingston, December 4th., 1917, by the Rev. T. W. Savory, Eva, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Davy, O'Kill street, to Sergt. Edward R. Stitt, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. George Stitt, Morrisburg, Ont.

A grand Christmas Entertainment will be held on the evening of Dec. 21 at 7.30 p.m. at S. S. No. 10, Williamsburg. Come and meet Santa Claus, and enjoy an excellent program. "Everybody Welcome." Admission 15 cents—F. Olive Barkley, Teacher.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



Slander!

That man is a slanderer who says that

The Farmers of Ontario

will vote with

Bourassa Pro-Germans
Suppressors of Free Speech
and
Slackers

Never!

They Will Support Union Government

Citizens' Union Committee.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

Latin I—Eddie Lapierre 96, Laura Stata 96, Annie Carson 96, Phyllis Whitteker 91, Hazel Wells 90, Maude Farrer 87, Dwight Merkley 87, Opal Hess 86, Lillian Buist 86, Velma Robinson 82, Spencer Eager 81, Ethel Carter 78, Cyril Farrer 77, Bert Bowman 76, Olive Zeron 74, Malcolm Campbell 73, Mildred Meikle 68, Gladys Hummell 66, Beatrice Little 66, Tom Robinson 66, Luke Weagant 64, Hilda VanAllen 63, Aden Garlough 58, Armorel Beach 57, Hylda Nash 55, Jeannette McHaffie 49, Willie Buckingham 35, Percy Ouderkirk 35, Olive Carter 34, Alexander Farlinger 28, Dorothy Strader absent.

Stenography Form I—Mildred Osborne 71, Winnie Daley 58, Marjorie Weegar 40, Harold Coligan 33, Kathleen Patrick 29, Lorne McLatchie 19, Eva Cassel 16, Eva Reddick 16, Veryl Myers 13.

Stenography Form II—Marjorie Good fellow 78, George Tracy 59, Myra Tracy 33, Mervin Duval 27, Della McLatchie 25.

French II—L. Wallace 72. D. Coir 42, F. Cook 40, W. Farrer 38, R. Casselman 36, M. Lavis 34, T. Marcellus 29

Arithmetic Form III—S. Campbell 100, S. Fossitt 100, M. Beckstead 92, G. Whitteker 92, I. Woodland 92, K. Farlinger 77, M. Plantz 70, E. Weegar 67, D. Robertson 66, Martha Zeron 60, S. Fetterly 54, M. Lavis 51, R. Holmes 40, S. McIntosh 40, W. Robinson 36, W. Barclay, 34, G. Bolton 34, A. Casselman 32, B. Hess 24, E. Ryan 16, Mahlon Zeron absent.

History Form IV—Orin Saddlemire 94, Faith Robertson 86, W. Duvall 82, F. Weegar 80, T. Hamilton 80, R. Watson 78, H. Meredith 78, R. Story 76, D. Carson 74, I. Ryan 74, C. Marshall 72, E. Farlinger 72, W. Plantz 70 M. VanAllen 68, E. Moorehouse 66, H. Whitteker 66, M. McMartin 64, D. VanAllen 62, G. Casselman 60, L. Casselman 52, R. Coligan 46, D. McMartin 44, A. L. Wallace 40, Stuart Meikle 40, C. Hart Absent.

Luther Froats

On Friday, December 7th., on the day that he would have celebrated the 39th anniversary of his wedding, Mr. Luther Froats of Froatburn passed from death to life eternal, from a sudden attack of heart failure. Mr. Froats was born near Beckstead on Christmas Day, 1850. He was the third son of the late John and Margaret Lount Froats, and a direct descendant of U.E. Loyalist stock. Since he was two years of age, and until his death, he lived in the old homestead at Froatburn. Mr. Froats was a Liberal in politics, and a faithful and lifelong member of St. John's Ev. Lutheran Church, Riverside. He was an excellent husband, a good father, and a faithful brother. He enjoyed a wide circle of friends, and was beloved by all who knew him. He leaves to mourn his loss besides his widow, Mrs. Annie Derousie Froats, two sons, J. Edwin Froats of Rochester, N.Y., Geo. Froats of Froatburn, and one daughter, Mrs. Lee Deeks of Morrisburg; five grand-children and two brothers, and six sisters—Roland and Lucius Froats, and Mrs. P. D. Shell of Froatburn, Mrs. Casselman, Mrs. Matthew Marcellus, and Mrs. W. H. Fetterly of Morrisburg; Mrs. William Millward of Elma and Mrs. Lemuel Merkley of Ottawa. Mr. Froats died in the 67th year of his life, and was laid to rest in the Lutheran cemetery at Riverside. The funeral services were held on Sunday afternoon, Dec. 9th., in St. John's church, the Rev. J. Frederick Bermon, pastor, officiating.

FOR SALE

Farm, containing 50 acres, more or less, 30 acres of bush, including hardwood and good timber wood; good barn on the premises. situated south west quarter of lot 24 in 6th. Concession of Williamsburg. For particulars apply,

Nathanie Dickey,
Morrisburg.

FARM FOR SALE

In the Township of Matilda, known as the James Henry Merkley Farm, a short distance west of Williamsburg, 120 acres, with fine new house. On this property there are over five hundred good bearing apple trees, mostly McIntosh. Immediate possession. A good bargain for a quick buyer. Apply to Chas. E. Merkley, Williamsburg or Arthur Flynn, Morrisburg.

Cornwall Commercial College —the school you will attend if you investigate

A Commercial College of unusual equipment, including 69 New Typewriting Machines of all standard makes, wide reputation, for thorough work; it is the Alma Mater of many of our successful business men in Canada. Free Employment Department. Both sexes. Enter any time. Write for 17th year book. Address;—

GEO. F. SMITH, Principal,
Cornwall, Ontario,

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. Claude Merkley spent a few days last week in Montreal

Miss Florence Buchan is spending a couple of weeks with friends in Cornwall.

Still another proof that the socks sent by the Red Cross are received by our Canadian boys "Somewhere in France comes to us in a letter received by Mis Ella Beckstead:

"Somewhere in France.

"Dear Miss Beckstead,—I am taking the liberty and intruding on your good nature, but at the same time I am wearing a pair of socks which I found a little slip, with your name and address, so I concluded that it was up to me to answer you, so please accept my kind regards and best wishes. I have been over on this side nearly two years now, and still doing my little bit, and I am willing to stay to the finish. My rank in military life is Sergt.-Major, but I have been a Sergt. ever since I left Canada, and it is just lately that I received my promotion and my highest aim is to try and rise higher in rank I have never had the pleasure of meeting you, but hope when we all get back to dear old Canada. I joined the colors in Ottawa, but I know both Quebec and Ontario very well, I worked at Lachute, Que., four years. Five years in Buckingham, Que. and two years in Saskatoon. Please accept my best wishes and kind regards.

A Canadian Soldier.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Becksted and Miss Jessie and Mr. and Mrs. Claude Merkley attended the Perault and Burnside wedding in Iroquois last Wednesday.

The following letter was receiveid last week by Mrs. Reuben schell, somewhere in France.

Dear Mother, — Just a line from your long lost son to say that I have not written since 1910 is more than a shame, but not in any particular reason have I not written before. It has just been pure neglect on my own part and I know you and the rest of the family have spent more than one thinking hour since I left home, but hope my action has not cost any such worry as to Shatter health or cause any ill feelings among anyone. Well, anyway, I hope this letter reaches you and does not find a resting place in the bottom of the Ocean where so many have and just think a mere letter is nothing compared with human lives that have been lost and wastage of money in every form that has gone down and who did it and whose fault was it. Will I can just sum it up in two words—the barbarious Hun. Well, if the world stands long enough there will be a day and hope it is in the near future that there will be no Hun to rob man or beast on a square inch of earth, for they are not human in any respect, and as long as history repeats itself they have been known to be disloyal to laws and human respect. Now just a word to all that knew me, and give them all my love, and I hope there is not a man who is fit for service that is trying to shirk outright from serving his country, for if they leave it to the other fellow to do why there will be nothing to it. The Hun will walk away with victory and then it will be but a short time before the Hun will rap on his door and from that moment on he will be trodden under foot and kept as a slave. Perhaps, and no doubt there are German sympathisers around doing their utmost to keep everything in an uproar and saying that the Huns' cause is right, but they have no cause, and do not let any one ever say one word against the Allies in any way for I know and have studied the whole situation and I have seen enough with my own eyes to back up what I say.

Now, mother, I will tell you where I have been since I left home in 1911. I have been in the U.S. Army and at the present time I am somewhere in France still with them and intend to be until this war is over At present, I am in the Cavalry but in the near future I expect to go to the aviation. Now, mother, I would like to tell you a bit about this country and my whereabouts but the censor will not allow too much to pass on account of some clever spy getting information. I wish you would tell every one that knows me to write me a good long letter and tell me all the news, and if you write me and don't get an answer just as soon as you expect just write another letter, for that is one thing a soldier enjoys to get is a letter from home. If you want to you can put this letter in Editor's hands to be put in the paper, for it might waken a few of the boys up and give them encouragement. Now if there is any one of the boys from around therethat I should know that is in the army over here in France or England why write their fathers and give them my address. I have not met any of the Canadian boys yet, but see lots of English boys. Mother, dear mother, I ask you to forgive me for doing as I have done, and I will write you regularly hereafter.

Pte. Marshall Earl Schell,
Headquarter Troops,
First Division
A. E. F. France.

Winchester Springs

We are sorry to report that Mr. Wm. McDonald is very ill, but we hope he will be around soon.

Mr. Wm. Thompson met with a painful accident when he fell down the shoot of his barn while putting down hay. We hope Mr. Thompson will recover shortly.

Mrs. Melvin Harper has left to visit friends in Montreal.

* * *

School Report for November

Sr. IV. — Blanche McIntosh, and Hilda McIntosh, equal, Olive Connor, Maggie Nesbitt.

Jr. IV. — Charles Morrow, Harold Nesbitt, Helen Nesbitt, Vera Kirkwood, Leslie Holmes, Lottie McDonald, Della Holmes

Sr. III.—Elta Thorpe, Lucy McIntosh Lillian Bolton, Charles Forrester, Herbert Loucks.

Jr. IV. — Lois McQuaig, Gladys McQuaig Kirkwood, Stella McCargar, Luella Barkley.

W. C. Locke, Teacher.

* * *

Primary Room S.S. 18 & 1

Sr. II.—Donald Morrow, Mildred Coons, Bessie Thorpe, Ena McMillan, Joy Bailey, Alberta Bolton, Dorothy McIntosh, Ernest Harper, Lorne Casselman.

Jr. II.—Alexander Davidson, Mina Holmes, Archie Rice, Elzean Coons, Morley Bailey, Tressa Bolton.

Sr. I. — Otho Thorpe, Basil Fisher, Dalton Coons, Willie Kirkwood, Silas Harper, Alanzo Foster, Henry Harper.

Jr. I.—Chesley Merkley, Grace Barkley, Gladys Casselman, Reatha Harper, James Casselman.

C.—Mildred Henderson, Dwane McIntosh, Robert Holmes, Eva Casselman, Arthur Reynolds.

B.—Audrey Fisher, Dora Holmes, Mary Bailey, Ralph James Alfred McMillan, Lawrence Reynolds, Flossie Casselman, Ruby Casselman, Martena Bolton.

A.—Anson Barkley, Myles Hummel, Olive Harper, Herman Coons, Earl Hummel, Olive Casselman.

C. B. Feely, Teacher.

NUDELL BUSH

Miss Mabel Cramer has returned home after spending the last two months in Kingston.

Mr. Fred McIntosh has returned home from the wheat fields, looking none the worse for his trip.

Wr. and Mrs. George Denison spent Friday evening at Fern Dale.

Mr. Willis Denison of Riverside, and Mr. Hilliard of Michigan visited friends here this week.

week.

Miss Maud Colquhoun is spending a few days here with her sister.

Mr. Willis Baker is visiting his home here.

Born—On Wednesday, to Mr. and Mrs. George Casselman, a daughter.

ARTHUR FLYNN

Barrister, Etc.

Morrisburg, Ont.



NOTICE

Before securing your stock of Flour, call and see me as I can give you flour as cheap as anyone in town.

RoyalHousehold--	$5.80	wareroom
Reindeer	—$5.80	"
Glenora	—$5.55	"

Anyone wishing to exchange Wheat for Flour, I will exchange; and will also take Barley the same, and give the best market price.

O. P. SNYDER
MORRISBURG

STOVE FOR SALE

"Royal Empress" range practically new. Will sell at reasonable price. Apply,
Sam Agulnick,
Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

Thirteen Tamworth Shoats,
Apply, M. O. Barkley,
R.M.D. Morrisburg.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Final Appeal Judge Gives Ruling on Exemption of Farmers

Mr. Justice Duff (the Final Court of Appeal) Declares it is Essential that there shall be No Diminution in Agricultural Production.

(Published by authority of Director of Public Information, Ottawa.)

Hon. Mr. Justice Duff gave judgment on December 6th, in the first test case brought before him, as Central Appeal Judge (the final court of appeal), for the exemption of a farmer. The appeal was made by W. H. Rowntree in respect of his son, W. J. Rowntree, from the decision of Local Tribunal, Ontario, No. 421, which refused a claim for exemption. The son was stated to be an experienced farm hand, who had been working on the farm continuously for the past seven years, and ever since leaving school. He lives and works with his father, who owns a farm of 150 acres near Weston, Ontario. With the exception of a younger brother, he is the only male help of the father on the farm. The father is a man of advanced years.

In granting the man exemption "until he ceases to be employed in agricultural labor," Mr. Justice Duff said:

"The Military Service Act does not deal with the subject of the exemption of persons engaged in the agricultural industry; and the question which it is my duty to decide is whether the applicant being and having been, as above mentioned, habitually and effectively engaged in agriculture and in labor essential to the carrying on of agricultural production, ought to be exempted under the provisions of the Military Service Act.

"These two propositions are indisputable:

"(1) In order that the military power of the allies may be adequately sustained, it is essential that in this country and under the present conditions, there should be no diminution in agricultural production.

"(2) The supply of competent labor available for the purpose of agricultural production is not abundant, but actually is deficient.

"The proper conclusion appears to be that the applicant, a competent person, who had been habitually and effectively engaged in labor essential to such production, ought not to be withdrawn from it.

"It is perhaps unnecessary to say that such exemptions are not granted as concessions on account of personal hardship, still less as a favor to a class. The sole ground of them is that the national interest is the better served by keeping these men at home. The supreme necessity (upon the existence of which, as its preamble shows, this policy of the Military Service Act is founded) that leads the State to take men by compulsion and put them in the fighting line requires that men shall be kept at home who are engaged in work essential to enable the State to maintain the full efficiency of the combatant forces, and whose places cannot be taken by others not within the class called out."

Ottawa, Dec. 8, 1917.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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SUPPORT UNION GOVERNMENT

Liberals and Conservatives are United
The People Must Unite to

Win the War

A Laurier-Bourassa Victory means deserting our boys in the trenches for over a year, throwing up our hands and quitting! Don't shout "Kamerad" under the Referendum proposal. Come out and fight for Union Government.

Make No Mistake

IF LAURIER WINS:

(1) Canada will send no more reinforcements to the front, which practically means quitting the war and placing the country in the same class as Russia.

(2) The French-Canadians who have shirked their duty in this war will be the dominating force in the Government of the country.

ARE THE ENGLISH-SPEAKING PEOPLE PREPARED TO STAND FOR THAT?

It is because the French-Canadians have not done their duty that Conscription had to be resorted to.

The French-Canadians have made it perfectly clear that they do not like the war and are against Canada participating in it further. Some of them even go to the length of saying that the soldiers should be brought back from the front.

The Nationalists are demanding that the men who have been enrolled under the Military Service Act be disbanded and sent back to their homes. To secure the Nationalist support Laurier-Liberal candidates in Quebec have signed the following pledge:—

"I, the undersigned, candidate in the Federal Elections, undertake by these presents; if I am elected, to demand the immediate suspension of the Military Service Act, 1917; and of all its effects until Canadian electors have pronounced by way of plebiscite; and should the majority of the electors condemn it, that it be considered as null from its origin and that in consequence all conscripts be disbanded."

"I also undertake to vote against any Government which should refuse to adopt the above enunciated policy."

This Advertisement is inserted by The Unionist Party Publicity Committee

15

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

NEVER BURN HUMUS-MAKING MATERIAL

Too many of us are quite thoughtless about the use of fires on the farm. Fires, on the average farm, do far more harm than good.

Everyone who burns stuff in the field or woodlot does it because he believes he is destroying either weed seeds or useless rubbish. This attitude is all right, provided we revise our definition of rubbish and get a clearer notion of the methods by which weed seeds are distributed.

It is quite rare to find any amounts of weed seeds, especially of the more obnixious weeds, still in the seed heads and up from the ground sufficiently to be burned by the usual spring fire.

In fact, one of the chief reasons why certain weeds have bzeen dubbed "noxious" is because they have developed, during many generations, the ability to survive the various adverse conditions and rough treatments to which the farmer has subjected them.

Usually the amount of vegetable matter destroyed when stubble or other growth is burned over in the spring to kill weed seeds would do far greater service if plowed under to help the corn or other crop to outgrow the weeds.

Do Not Rob The Land

I have known of many cases where stubble ground which was to be put into oats or some cultivated crop was burned over for the sole purpose of making plowing appear easier! The man who robs land in that way, even if the land is his own, ought to be indicted for robbery and prosecuted to the full extent of the law! Such wilful destruction of the most vital element in the maintenance of soil fertility and tilth is certainly criminal, not only against the present but against future generations. It is this disregard for the preservation and turning under of humus making materials which has done more than anything else to cause the abandonment of so many farms in older sections of the country—this is what causes the land to "run down," "run out" and become worthless for agricultural purposes until the humus is restored.

It is very fortunate that public sentiment is being educated and undergoing marked changes in this matter. Most everyone who was raised in the grain growing section of our country can well remember when it was the regular custom to burn nearly all of the stubble land, large stacks of straw, and thousands upon thousands of acres of cornstalks. Now most of us see that such wholesale destruction was sheer wastefulness.

But we have not yet learned to convert the rubbish which accumulates about the place into crops. Most of us simply burn it. Rubbish may be defined as any sort of material, generally considered unsightly, useless and worthless, which is lying around the premises. It may range from scrap iron and brickbats to dead grass and leaf mold. It goes without saying that rubbish consisting of inorganic stuff like stones, iron, etc., could be most efficiently used in concrete work; but the organic material, with the exception of pine knots and some other things which rot very slowly, will quickly decompose to suitable condition for plowing under.

Value of Compose Heap

There should be a compost heap on every well managed farm. Several tons of organic rubbish should be placed on the pile every year. It is really a rick or tong pile, the new material not being thrown onto the old rotten compost but should be made into a long pile. Whenever some especially well rotted, rich material is wanted for hot-bed, garden, etc., the rotted compost is ready.

Thousands of dollars worth of organic matter which should go into the compost heap are burned every year in Ontario. Any manufacturer who would be so wasteful of a by-product would deserve to fail.

Other thousands are ost by the burning of the vegetable mold, leaves, and twigs which are present in newly cleared land. Fire, because of its terrible power to destroy organic matter, has been used from the earliest times in clearing land. Undoubtedly fire is doing much more good than harm when one uses it to burn large log heaps, or big brush piles, but great care should be taken to burn these at a time when it is damp enough to prevent the fire from spreading and burning the leaves, twigs and leaf mold over the entire clearing. By allowing the fire to cover the entire clearing one may destroy as much plant food in the form of organic matter as he can replace by rotating crops for the next eight or ten years.

No fire should be started on the farm unless its purpose is quite definite and useful. By exercising the proper care along the lines outlined above Ontario farmers may, instead of wantonly destroying it, turn millions of dollars worth of humus-making materials into gold that will clink in their pockets and aid in swelling the profits of the farm.

Poultry

Every year at the beginning of winter many poultry keepers are disappointed and puzzled by the failure of apparently well grown pullets to lay according to expectation. They can not understand why early pullets that seemed to be developing nicely and show the usual signs of being near laying should remain at that stage for weeks and sometimes for months.

Where the conditions are as described, the most common cause of deferred laying in an insufficient ration.

Underfeeding in the early fall occurs oftenest through the failure of the poultry keeper to increase the food given to pullets on range as much as is necessary to make up for diminution in the supplies secured by foraging.

Underfeeding after the pullets are put into winter quarters is usually due to excess of care to prevent them from becoming too fat to lay.

In either case the remedy is to feed the birds all that they will eat of a substantial ration, furnishing in proper variety the food elements required, taking care at the same time to provide for as much exercise as will keep them in good condition under heavy feeding.

While pullets remain on range the only changes in diet usually necessary as cool weather comes on are to increase the quantities of food given, especially corn and corn products, and if green food on the range is running short to supply what is required to make up the shortage.

It is desirable to have pullets in their winter quarters about a month before they are expected to begin laying. Moving them at that stage does not retard laying, while if they are moved shortly before or after beginning to lay the change may set them back several weeks.

Pullets that will not begin laying before winter sets in may be left in the coops which they occupied while growing as long as the weather permits them to range.

When the pullets are in winter quarters and are dependent upon the feeder for all green food and animal food as well as for grain, one of the following rations will supply the variety required. The proportions indicated are parts by weight.

Ration No. 1.

Dry mash	Scratch feed.
3 parts bran.	2 parts cracked corn.
2 parts middlings.	
4 parts cornmeal.	1 part wheat, oats, or barley, or mixture of the three.
1 part beef scrap or fish meal.	

Green feed.
As available, in constant supply.

Ration No. 2.

Dry mash	Scratch feed.
5 parts mixed feed (bran and middlings).	Cracked corn.
	Green feed.
4 parts cornmeal.	Cabbage in constant supply.
1 part beef scrap or fish meal.	

Ration No. 3.

Dry mash	Scratch feed.
6 parts cornmeal.	Wheat.
3 parts bran	Green feed.
1 part beef scrap or fish meal.	Sprouted oats, cabbage, or mangel beets.

Ration No. 4.

Dry mash	Scratch feed.
6 parts cornmeal.	Heavy oats.
3 parts bran.	Green feed.
1 part beef scrap or fish meal.	Sprouted oats.

Ration No. 5.

Dry mash	Scratch feed.
3 parts cornmeal.	2 parts cracked corn.
1 part beef scrap.	1 part oats.

In deciding upon a ration a poultry keeper should be governed largely by the availability and cost of foodstuffs in his locality. The common grains do not differ extremely in composition and food value.

Uses for Salt.

Sprinkle a little salt in the skillet before placing the fish in it to fry and it will not stick to the pan.

Make a little salt bag and rub the griddle with it; pancakes will not stick and there will be no smoke or odor.

Cakes may be prevented from burning by sprinkling a little salt in the bottom of the oven.

When grease or milk has been spilled on a hot stove the odor arising from this may be removed by sprinkling with salt.

Egg stains on silver can be removed by rubbing with a little salt and a damp cloth.

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Sheep Notes

Early Spring Lamb.

Early spring lamb, as I understand it, is an animal finished in January and February, says an exeprt. It must be young and tender and toothsome. I breed early lambs from the meat grades. I prefer Shropshire and Hampshire ewes of good conformation and a Southdown ram. This cross has always produced a lamb of quality for me that commands a top price.

Raising early lambs is a profitable business on any Ontario farm. The lambs are finished and marketed early and the ewes are sheared during April. At that season the fleece is in first-class condition and will command a good price in the wool market. The wool helps to pay for the cost of feed. And the manure is a rich fertilizer that is worth all the straw and roughage used to make it.

I consider it costs me about two cents a day to feed a sheep, because I raise all the rations and roughage on the farm. Under my system of raising sheep, I buy the ewes at the stockyard in July, and the same animals are conditioned for market and sold the following March or April.

Indications point to high prices for early lambs this coming spring, and ewe sheep will cost considerably more than in 1916 and 1917, but I believe the price of hothouse lambs will sell in proportion to the cost of production.

My method of handling sheep should appeal to the busy farmer who has limited pasture land and little waste ground. It gives an incentive to raise sheep because the system has many features that must appeal to the business farmer. The net profit is great on the capital invested, and the work of caring for the sheep comes after the outside labor is over and the sheep are sold before the next year's work begins. The price of lamb and mutton is high, and will remain above the old figures for a long time, I am sure. The public is getting to prefer lamb to mutton, and it is up to us farmers to encourage their appetite and supply the demand.

The Dairy

"It has been clearly demonstrated that the good dairy cow is a more economical producer than any other farm animal," says Prof. E. S. Archibald, Dominion Animal Husbandman. "Not only does she actually yield more product from a given amount of feed, but she does that at the least cost and the greatest profit."

"Notwithstanding these facts, the production of milk and fat from the average cow is exceedingly low, being approximately 3,800 pounds of milk and 130 pounds of fat per annum, which in value is less than the total cost of production. Nevertheless, it has been clearly demonstrated that by better feeding and management this average may be easily increased from 30 to 80 % with an increased cost of feed and labor of only 10 to 20 per cent.; the margin would be largely profit. Such an increase is not only a financial necessity but the patriotic duty of every dairy farmer."

Do not allow dirt to accumulate in the manger or under the water-box. It soon becomes foul and causes the animal to lose its appetite.

Delicious Dishes of Pop Corn

This year because of the scarcity of sugar we must use less for our Christmas candies. Every pound of maple sugar; honey or molasses that we use instead of white sugar means more for food for the British and French children. If we can, in addition, spread the candy we make over the surface of pop corn kernels, an even greater saving of sugar will result.

Pop corn, salted, buttered, or mixed with molasses, is a wholesome and unexpensive confection. Pop corn cake may be molded in the form of soldiers, cannon, dolls and other shapes. Fancy boxes or net bags filled with prepared corn will delight the little folk. Combinations of dried fruits and nuts may take the place of candy in filling Christmas boxes.

The following are excellent recipes:

Pop-Corn Balls

Mix 2½ cups molasses and ½ cup brown sugar, 1 tablespoon butter and 1 tablespoon vinegar and boil until it hardens when dropped into cold water. Have ready 5 quarts of pop corn, free from any imperfectly popped grain. Pour this mixture over the corn; mix well. Dip the hands into cold water and press the corn into balls.

Chocolate Pop-Corn Fudge

Cook together a pint of sugar, half a pint of milk, 2 squares of bitter chocolate, 1 tablespoon butter, and a saltspoon of salt, until the soft ball stage is reached. Then remove from fire; add a teaspoon of vanilla extract with 1½ cups of coarsely chopped pop corn. Stir until the mixture is creamy but still soft; pour into greased pan, and when it hardens sufficiently, mark into squares.

Maple Pop-Corn Squares

Boil together 2 lbs. brown sugar or maple sugar, 1 pint new milk, and ¼ teaspoon cream of tartar. When the syrup makes a soft ball in cold water, add 2 tablespoons butter; stir it gently and remove from the stove; add a teaspoon vanilla; set the pan in a vessel of cold water and beat until it begins to cool. Then pour into greased, straight-sided pans, and strew thick with pop corn, while still soft cut into squares, but cut again in the same lines when cold. Wrap the pieces in waxed paper.

Pop Corn Cake

One quart popped corn, 1 cup sugar, ¼ cup corn syrup, ¼ cup water, 2 tablespoons molasses, 1 tablespoon butter, 1 teaspoon salt. Pick over the popped corn, discarding all hard kernels, and finely chop the corn, or put through meat grinder, using a coarse knife. Put sugar, corn syrup and water in saucepan, stir until it boils, and cook to 270 degrees F., or until candy cracks when tried in cold water; add molasses and butter, and cook to 290 degrees F., or until it is very hard when tried in cold water. Add corn, stir until well mixed, return to fire a moment to loosen it, then pour on buttered slab or tray and roll with rolling-pin as thin as possible. Cut in squares or break in small pieces. Molasses may be omitted.

Maple Corn Balls

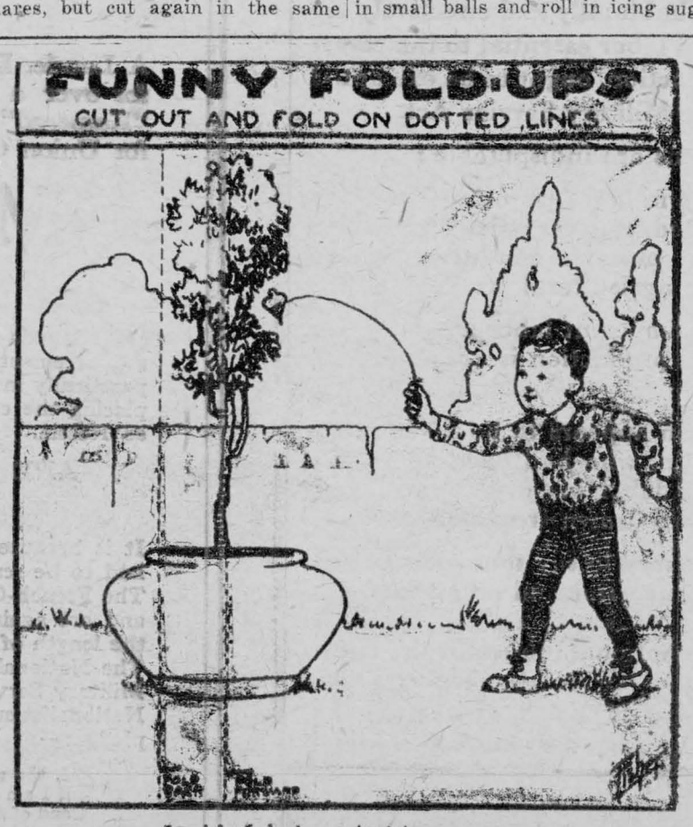
Three quarts popped corn, 1 cup maple syrup, ½ cup sugar, 1 tablespoon butter, ½ teaspoon salt. Pop corn and pick over, discarding kernels that do not pop, and put in large kettle. Melt butter in saucepan and add syrup and sugar. Bring to the boiling point, and let boil until mixture will become brittle when tried in cold water. Pour mixture gradually while stirring constantly, over corn which has been sprinkled with salt. Shape into balls, using as little pressure as possible.

Pop Corn Fruit Cookies

Mix 1 cup each of fine-ground pop corn, sugar, and fine-cut figs or other dried fruit with ½ cup each of shortening and milk and a beaten egg. Gradually add 1 cup each of wheat flour and cornmeal, into which 1 teaspoon salt, 1½ teaspoons nutmeg and 4 teaspoons baking powder have been sifted. Roll 1-3 inch thick; cut out and bake in a moderate oven.

Fruit Nut Caramels

1 cup figs, 1 cup dates, 2 cups walnuts. Wash and stone the dates, swash figs and remove stems, and put with the nuts through food chopper. Mix together thoroughly and press firmly ¾ inch thick into a small buttered pan. Cut in squares, or shape in small balls and roll in icing sugar.



I wish I had a giant top,
A big iron spiker in it,
And string as long as anything;
Oh, how I'd love to spin it.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By John B. Huber, M.A., M.D.

Dr. Huber will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Huber will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. John B. Huber, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto.

Consumption—Death's direct door to most hard students, divines, philosophers, physicians, deep lovers, zealots in religion.—Old Saying.

FROM THE SECOND TO THE THIRD YEAR.

Three square meals and a little extra for baby, as follows:

Breakfast: 7 to 8 o'clock. Oatmeal, hominy, cracked wheat (each cooked 4 hours the day before they are used) served with milk and sugar or butter and sugar. A soft boiled egg, hashed chicken. Stale bread and butter. Bran biscuit and butter. A drink of milk.

At 10 a.m. the juice of one orange may be given.

Dinner: 12 o'clock. Strained soups and broths, rare beefsteak, rare roast beef, poultry, fish. Baked potato, peas string beans, squash, mashed cauliflower, mashed peas, strained stewed tomatoes stewed carrots, spinach, asparagus tips. Bread and butter. For dessert: Plain rice or plain bread pudding, stewed prunes, baked or stewed apple, junket, custard or cornstarch.

Supper: 5.30 to 6 o'clock. Farina, cream of wheat, wheatena (each cooked two hours) from 1 to 3 tablespoonsful, served with milk and sugar or butter and sugar or butter and salt. A drink of milk. Stale bread and butter. Twice a week custard, cornstarch or junket may be given. Occasionally malted milk or weak cocoa.

With three meals a child has a better appetite, much better digestion and thrives far better in consequence, than those children whose stomachs are constantly working overtime. Yet some especially delicate children cannot do without a luncheon at 3 or 3.30; then a glass of milk and a biscuit or a cup of broth are right. Or a child may at this time relish instead a scraped raw apple or a pear; this is particularly judicious for constipated children. Children recovering from serious illness, will require, according to the doctor's directions, more frequent feeding.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

M. W. S.

If you will send me a stamped and self-directed envelope I will mail you the information you desire.

Rest in Tuberculosis.

What do you mean by rest in tuberculosis?

Answer—Such a sufferer must rest There is otherwise no hope for his emaciated body, an organism on the verge of bankruptcy. Here is, of course, a factor difficult of management especially among the poor (who furnish the majority of consumption cases), many of whom feel that they must somehow work in order to maintain themselves and their own. And yet there has to be rest, especially when there is fever; and at least until the sufferer has recuperated from the prime predisposition to this disease. For the consumption germ fattens on devitalized tissues.

The rest has got to be absolute if the bodily temperature reaches 100 degrees by the clinical thermometer; and the bed inexorably when the fever has gone above this. The rest should if possible, be outdoors—at least with open windows. When the air is cold warm headgear is to be worn; or the woollen "helmet" which comes down over the collar bone. And the footwear must be at least as ample and as comfortable as the headgear. The body must be abundantly clothed; there are sleeping bags made for such patients. The idea of sleep is involved in that of rest. Nowhere else should nature's soft nurse be so sedulously wooed. Insomnia is most exhausting in such a disease as this, when it is so necessary to conserve and build up the strength. Nor has any restorative ever been invented to compare with sleep. Insomnia, with fatigue and over exertion, have predisposed many to tuberculosis. We strive to induce sleep without medication if possible; may among other ways, be induced by drinking of hot milk after the patient has been tucked away for the night.

How To Wrap Xmas Boxes.

Christmas packages are getting more attention this year than they did last. Since gifts are to be more practical and not of the decorative type the outside of the package must be decorative. For the last two or three years people have used for wrapping tissue paper of various colors, generally white; have tied a package with red, green or holly ribbon, and have thought they had solved the problem. This year givers must consider the individuality of every person to whom a gift is sent.

Again paper is scarce and every scrap to be found about the home should be utilized. Almost every household has stored away in the attic or storeroom rolls or parts of rolls of wall paper. These pieces can be used for wrapping the Christmas packages to good advantage.

For the round flat package containing some soft fabric, yellow could be used tied with black ribbon, or if necessary one could purchase raffia in various colors for a small amount, much less than the cost of ribbon, and when tying the bow a small bunch of flowers, perhaps the best ones of a spray which has been used on a hat, could be slipped in the knot. The paper may be a little hard to handle. If it is cut in shaped pieces use paste to keep it in place.

A pretty bag for a young woman would look well wrapped in paper of a Dresden design tied with light blue or green ribbon. For a man a plain brown paper tied with red or green raffia is very sensible, since a man has no use for ruffles or furbelows of any description. Bright green or yellow beads are fastened on the ends of the raffia. Most men like red and blue, and it would be a good idea to add a touch of color to the strings where it harmonizes with the wrapping. With green or red sealing wax the package is complete for the male friend or relative.

Sealing wax can be made decorative in many ways. Green or red would be the best for Christmas, and if one has nothing else to seal it with use one of the new coins, or a thimble, but much better would be a monogram. Pendent bows beaded are especially suitable for children.

For the package for little folk the shape should be disguised and it should be wrapped securely. Oftentimes their little eyes light upon things which mothers think are safely hidden, and if the package is not safely wrapped the surprise is spoiled for Christmas morning. Little folk are very wise and can often tell by the shape of a package what it contains. Covered with soft green or gray tissue paper and tied with bright green or red ribbon or raffia, with two little bells tied to the bow, an especially attractive package may be arranged for the children.

Often small Santa Clauses tied on the boxes for little folk make a pleasing impression, even through the children are curious to get to the inside. With a round package wrap the crepe paper about it loosely, bring the paper to the top to form a rosette and tie with ribbon and with a spray of flowers or holly in the centre.

Horse Sense

Good Action in Draft Horses.

Size and power are of little value if the draft horse has not enough action to handle his big weight in an efficient manner.

The action of the draft horse should be bold, clean, and somewhat stylish.

The feet should be carried forward and back in a straight line without paddling, winging, or other irregularities of gait. It is necessary that the feet move straight and smooth in order to get the best and greatest stride with the least energy.

Knee action in a draft horse is not important. A long stride which covers considerable ground is much more important than high knee action. Ability to cover ground is what is wanted in the draft horse.

The walk is the important gait. It should be true and snappy and have a good length of stride. The action of all four legs should be strong, and the movements of the knees and hocks free, without indication of dragging or stiffness.

Although the walk is more important from a working standpoint, it is necessary to note an animal's action in trotting because defects in action are more perceptible when trotting than when walking.

In trotting there should be a clean folding of the knee and hock, the feet being carried in a straight line. The hocks should work close together, for if they are carried too far apart it causes an unsightly bandy-legged appearance.

In many cases careful shoeing will improve the gait of the draft horse and tend to eliminate undesirable features.

Hogs

Every pen should be supplied with a box of air-slaked lime and wood-ashes, sulphur, charcoal and salt. The pigs seem to know when to take such correctives and naturally crave them.

A good way to begin in the hog business is to buy one or two sows that have already been mated to a good sire. You get results that way sooner, although it may cost a bit more than to buy pigs and grow up to breeding age.

Now is the time to get ready for early spring litters. Make the farrowing pens now if new ones are needed—spring and the last day before farrowing is not the time. Then some cold makeshift may have to be used, and a lot of pigs will be lost.

What Impertinence!

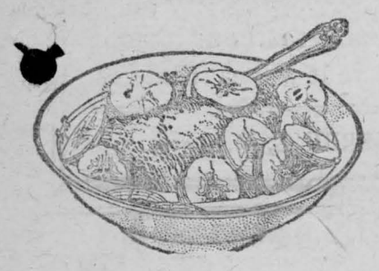
The Scotch express had just reached the junction.

"All here for Edinburgh?" inquired the guard.

All replied in the affirmative except one old woman, who kept silence. After the train had started, however, she remarked, with a smile:

"I was just goin' to Glasga mesel, but I wasna goin' to tell you inqueesitive mon!"

In These War Times you want real food that contains the greatest amount of body-building material at lowest cost. The whole wheat grain is all food. **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** is the whole wheat in a digestible form. Two or three of these little loaves of baked whole wheat with milk and a little fruit make a nourishing, strengthening meal.



Made in Canada.

THE WORLD ON RATIONS.

Food Restrictions in Some of the European Countries.

Just how world-wide is food rationing is shown by the French Echo de Paris, which publishes the following review of the food restrictions now in effect:

Germany.

The figures in regard to German food restrictions are known to us in detail. Among the commodities on short allowance in Germany worthy of mention are bread, meat, grease, oil and potatoes.

The bread allowance differs in various cities from four pounds a week for every person to five pounds (about ten ounces a day for every person).

The meat allowance is nine ounces a week for every person.

As far as grease and food oils, including butter, are concerned, the weekly allowance is two ounces, and even these are not always distributed.

The official allowance of potatoes is seven pounds a week for every person. But the distribution varies in different localities.

As to milk, adults can receive none till needs of children, sick people and nursing women are satisfied. The theoretical allowance for these three classes was formerly a pint and a half; recently it has been reduced to a pint. As to others, in most cities they receive no milk at all.

Austria-Hungary.

The situation in Austria is no better than in Germany. The daily allowance of bread is ten ounces. Meat has not been put on allowance in Austria; only two meatless days are prescribed by the law. At present the question of increasing the number of meatless days is under consideration.

The weekly allowance of butter, grease and food oil is four and a half ounces, and consists of two and a half ounces of butter, one ounce of margarine and one ounce of bacon. In reality, however, nobody receives more than one ounce of butter.

The allowance of potatoes is three pounds per week, but the press believes that this will soon be reduced to two pounds, on account of the failure of the potato crop.

Bulgaria.

Very little is known about Bulgaria and Turkey.

In Bulgaria the allowance of bread has been set at eighteen ounces a day for every person. On the other hand, there are three meatless days each week.

Turkey.

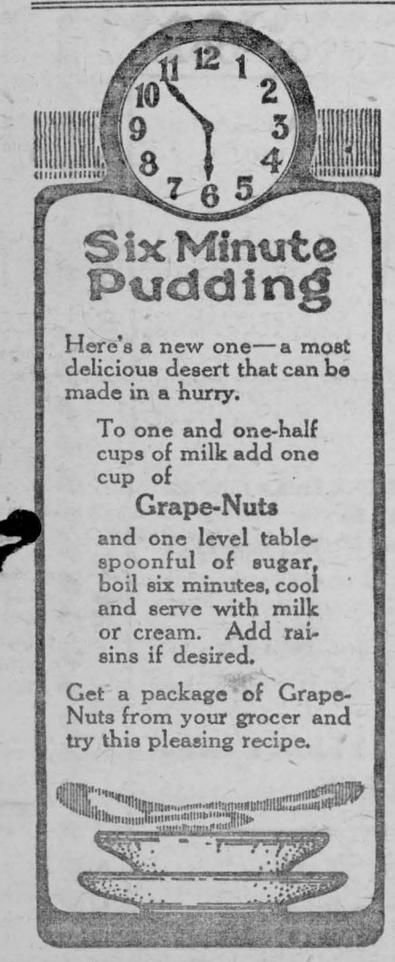
In Turkey the theoretical bread allowance is supposed to be nine ounces a day, but it rarely exceeds five ounces.

Denmark and Sweden.

In Denmark the daily allowance of bread is eleven ounces a person. In Sweden it is nine and a half ounces.

Netherlands.

The daily allowance of bread in the Netherlands is nine ounces a person, the meat allowance seven ounces and the potato allowance fifteen ounces.



EATING NUTS KILLS ANIMALS.

Fed to Livestock in Holland Because of Shortage of Fodder.

Because of the shortage of fodder in Holland farmers have been feeding their live stock with nuts, and as a result many of the cattle have died and the health of a large percentage has been affected seriously.

The United States Consul at Amsterdam writes that all kinds of substitutes for fodder have been fed to animals. The death of stall-fed animals has been frequent and is attributed to spoiled or otherwise unwholesome food. In many such cases the animals have been freely given acorns, chestnuts and beechnuts, unshelled and uncooked. All of these nuts, it is averred, in their natural state have poisonous elements, especially in the shells. It is said that horses have died within two hours after eating raw and unshelled beechnuts in considerable quantities, the stomach and intestines being fatally disordered.

Experts advise that nuts be fed to stock in limited quantities, not more than a kilogramme (2.2 pounds) at the utmost daily, and then only after they have been shelled and boiled, care being taken to throw away the boiling water. It is remarked, however, that nuts can be fed more freely to pigs than to other animals, and that, besides, they are very fattening.

SERIOUSILLNESSAVOIDED

Many a serious illness has been avoided by the prompt use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills actually enrich and purify the blood, and in this way build up the system, tone and strengthen the nerves and invigorate the vital organs.

Serious diseases generally come from some simple disorder that has been neglected. Therefore any thinning of the blood should be looked upon as a warning sign, and more serious illness should be avoided by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. In the case of young girls and women the blood is peculiarly liable to get out of order—to become thin and watery—and to lead to a general breakdown in health. This can be avoided by the occasional use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which are suitable for the most delicate constitution. These pills will give you a new appetite, improve your digestion, tone and strengthen weakened nerves, banish depression and lack of energy, clear the complexion of pimples and blotches, cure pain in the back and general weakness, cause the disappearance of headaches, dizziness and heart fluttering. Give these pills a fair trial and you will soon note a wonderful change in your condition. Your spirits will brighten, good health and strength will return, and you will feel like a new person. You can confirm these statements by enquiring among your friends almost anywhere, as thousands and thousands of hopeless sufferers have been restored to new health and energy by using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

You can get these pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

A "LINGERIE CHRISTMAS."

Convalescent Soldiers Work on Womanly Garments.

The bored civilian who gazes at the tinselled shop windows to-day and grouches that every Christmas is the same, needs to look in on the boys in the military convalescent hospitals.

Tucked under the sheets with the hoops poised on their knees they are sewing white flowers to table doilies, red silk roses on cushion tops, and wondering whether tucks or gathers would be more becoming to Arabella. Last year they were ducking Fritz's shells, and potting the Boches across No-man's Land.

Embroidery is receiving a great impetus these days, and the vocational officers who order supplies for the occupational work—under which head crocheting and embroidery come—are gazing with amazement at the orders for material for ladies' nightgowns, boudoir caps, camisoles, etc., which come to them to be filled.

Tommy is on to all the technical names, and his "lingerie Christmas" is going to be made an epoch of note in the family annals. There is no doubt that along with great grandmother's "sampler," posterity will find among its heirlooms the boudoir cap which Uncle John embroidered for Aunt Mary when he was a soldier in the hospital.

"At any rate the needlework is irreproachable, and even though they never sew another stitch, the boys have proven that they can embroider as well as they fight," declared the matron in one of the hospitals who has directed this occupational work.

In some of the western hospitals the work has been put in special stores for Christmas sale and others are being taken for winter work. Some men have become so expert as to fill orders for monograming bridal linens and are making tidy little incomes.

Cow's milk contains from 3½ to 4 per cent. of fat. Whales' milk contains 43 per cent.

Frocks for Winter



Two materials, blue serge and a blue and green plaid, are charmingly combined in this quaint little dress. McCall Pattern No. 8088, Girl's Dress. In 6 sizes, 4 to 14 years. Price, 15 cents.



The double collar and the wide girdle or sash are unusually attractive features of this simple pleated tunic dress. McCall Pattern No. 8064, Misses' Dress Pattern in 4 sizes, 14 to 20 years. Price, 20 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

An Occasion For Grief.

After shoveling the snow from the sidewalk for two hours little Patsy, began to cry.

"What's the trouble, my little man?" asked a sympathetic neighbor.

"A bad tramp came along and stole the snow shovel from the boy next door."

"Well, my lad, it's a very nice thing to be sympathetic," said the neighbor, "but you mustn't worry so over other people's affairs."

"It ain't that," said the boy, "I'm crying because he didn't steal my shovel, too."

LEMON JUICE IS FRECKLE REMOVER

Girls! Make this cheap beauty lotion to clear and whiten your skin.

Squeeze the juice of two lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white, shake well, and you have a quarter pint of the best freckle and tan lotion, and complexion beautifier, at very, very small cost.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Massage this sweetly fragrant lotion into the face, neck, arms and hands each day and see how freckles and blemishes disappear and how clear, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless.

Camellias require very careful watering; not enough or too much water causes the buds to drop. When buds drop withhold manure water. The time to feed is when the flowers have faded and when the new shoots are growing. Forty-five to fifty-five is the right temperature.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

New Air Raid Alarm.

The London authorities have begun using sound bombs, or rockets, as a means of warning the populace of approaching air raiders. These bombs consist of cylinders about eight inches long, weighing one pound each, which are fired from small mortars by pulling a lanyard attached to a fuse at the nose. They rise some 300 feet in the air. More than 200 of them were sent up from seventy-nine fire stations the first time they were used and the result was pronounced very satisfactory. The public was informed about the rockets in advance so that the significance of the peculiar sound which they produced was understood.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

YES! LIFT A CORN OFF WITHOUT PAIN

Cincinnati man tells how to dry up a corn or callus so it lifts off with fingers.

You corn-pestered men and women need suffer no longer. Wear the shoes that nearly killed you before, says this Cincinnati authority, because a few drops of freezone applied directly on a tender, aching corn or callus, stops soreness at once and soon the corn or hardened callus loosens so it can be lifted off, root and all, without pain.

A small bottle of freezone costs very little at any drug store, but will positively take off every hard or soft corn or callus. This should be tried, as it is inexpensive and is said not to irritate the surrounding skin.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house. It is fine stuff and acts like magic every time.

Tommy's Watch.

A Tommy on furlough entered a jeweler's shop and, placing a much-battered gold wat ' on the counter, said: "I want this 'ere mended."

After a careful survey the watchmaker said: "I'm afraid, sir, the cost of repairing will be double what you gave for it."

"I don't mind that," said the soldier. "Will you mend it?"

"Yes," said the jeweler, "at the price."

"Well," remarked Tommy, smiling, "I gave a German a punch on the nose for it, and I'm quite ready to give you two if you'll mend it."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Cupid's Machine Gun.

An amorous British youth was being taken to task for his flirtations. "Engaged to four girls at once!" exclaimed his horrified uncle. "How do you explain such shameless conduct?" "I don't know," said the graceless nephew. "Cupid must have shot me with a machine gun."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by *Sun, Dust* and *Wind* quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. **Murine Eye Remedy** At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. **Murine Eye Salve**, in Tubes 25c. For *Book of the Eye*—Free. Ask **Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago**

England's Self-Confidence.

Baron Plener, a German, speaking before the Upper House of the Reichstat, said he was sceptical regarding the peace feeling in enemy countries. "England," he declared, "will not be ripe for peace for a long time yet. Her military self-confidence has been so enormously increased through the creation of a great army in such a short period that one cannot imagine anything diverting British public opinion from its war policy."

I was cured of painful Goitre by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
BAYARD McMULIN.
Chatham, Ont.
I was cured of Inflammation by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. W. A. JOHNSON.
Walsh, Ont.
I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Parkdale, Ont. J. H. BAILEY.

Evening Up With Haig.

Sir Douglas Haig was, some weeks ago, in a great hurry to get to a certain place. He found his car, but the chauffeur was missing. So Sir Douglas got in the car and drove off by himself. Then the driver appeared and saw the car disappearing in the distance.

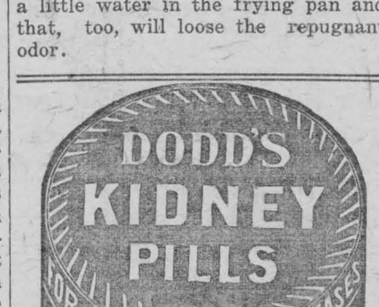
"Great Scot!" cried the driver, "there's 'Aig a-driving my car!"

"Well, get even with him," said a Tommy, standing by, "and go and fight one of 'is battles for him."

MONEY ORDERS

Dominion Express Foreign Cheques are accepted by Field Cashiers and Paymasters in France for their full face value. There is no better way to send money to the boys in the trenches.

"Fishy" dishes and utensils naturally retain their odor, but you can remove this by soaking the dishes in tea leaves and leave stand for a while before washing. Boil tea leaves in a little water in the frying pan and that, too, will loose the repugnant odor.



Fats in The Diet.

There is no fat in potatoes.

Lard is nearly 90 per cent. fat.

Butter is the best form of fat for children.

The fat of plants is contained in the seeds.

At least a third of the body's food should be fat.

Cocoa is the only popular beverage which has "fat."

The colder the climate the greater the craving for fat.

Body fat is of three kinds—stearine, palmitin and oleine.

Oats are the "fattest" and most "heating" of the cereals.

A loin of mutton has more fat nutrient than any other joint.

Fats yield glycerine, an essential component of high explosives.

Athletic training does not rid of "fat," but of the excess water in the tissues of the body.

A famine in fat (as in Germany) is more terrible than a famine in bread.

A man doing sedentary work requires three ounces of fat daily in some form.

Linseed oil is the most important vegetable oil in the production of glycerine for explosives.

American meat is the richest in fat; British home-grown meat is second.

A Cure for Bad Breath

"Bad breath is a sign of decayed teeth, foul stomach or unclean bowel." If your teeth are good, look to your digestive organs at once. Get Seigel's Curative Syrup at druggists. 15 to 30 drops after meals, clean up your food passage and stop the bad breath odor. 50c. and $1.00 Bottles. Do not buy substitutes. Get the genuine. 6

The Jordan Valley

In Southeastern Oregon is a beautiful, fertile district that you ought to investigate. Many shrewd farmers are buying there, because their keen business foresight tells them that investment will pay big returns from the natural increase in the value of the land alone, to say nothing of the big crops that they can produce. Prices low; terms easy.

Ask me for authentic information, absolutely free.

You are cordially invited to call at Room 112, Union Pacific Building, to see our excellent and extensive exhibit of products grown in the Union Pacific Country.

R. A. SMITH, Colonization & Industrial Agt. Union Pacific System
Room 1346 U. P. Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

When buying your Piano insist on having an
"OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

ABSORBINE
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Reduces Strained, Puffy Ankles, Lymphangitis, Poll Evil, Fistula, Boils, Swellings; Stops Lameness and allays pain. Heals Sores, Cuts, Bruises, Boot Chafes. It is a SAFE ANTISEPTIC AND GERMICIDE

Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Pleasant to use. $2.00 a bottle, delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and Book 5 M free. ABSORBINE, JR., antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Strains, Painful, Knotted, Swollen Veins. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. Price $1 per bottle at dealers or delivered.
W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.
Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

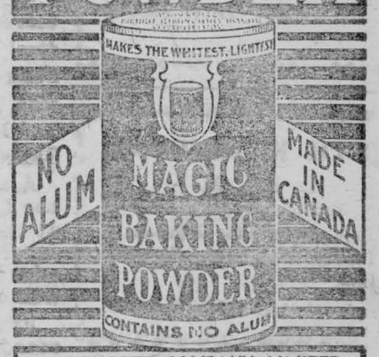


Exposure Aches

Cold rain, winds, and dampness bring out the rheumatic aches. An application of Sloan's Liniment will soon have the blood circulating and the pain will disappear. For neuralgia, lame back, stiff neck, sprains, strains, and all muscle soreness, Sloan's Liniment can't be beat. No rubbing; it quickly penetrates and does its work without stain or clogging of the pores. Better than plasters or ointments. For cold feet or hands try an application of Sloan's Liniment.
Generous sized bottles, at all druggists. 25c., 50c., $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

MAGIC BAKING POWDER



E.W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL

Which?

Teacher—Name the chief exports of Canada.

Prompt Pupil—Soldiers!

Second Pupil (indignantly)—Soldiers are not exports; they are transports.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Ayrshires, Jerseys and Guernseys are the best milch cows.

PRODUCE

NEW LAID EGGS, POULTRY, PEAS, beans, honey, onions wanted. Highest prices given. J. D. Arsenault, 1195 St. Catharine East, Montreal.

MISCELLANEOUS

NEAR BUFFALO — WONDERFUL Farm bargains; exceptional opportunities awaiting immediate purchasers; descriptive catalogue free. Buffalo Farm Exchange, Brisbane building, Buffalo, New York.

"HEAVEN AND HELL"—Swedenborg's great work on a real world beyond and the life after death; 400 pages; only 25 cents postpaid. W. H. Law, 486D Euclid Avenue, Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

CUTICURA HEALS ECZEMA ON BABY

Spread Covering Body. Awful Disfigurement. Itched and Burned. Had to Scratch.



"My baby was troubled with eczema which began on her face and spread all over her body. It was in a rash and was very sore and inflamed, causing awful disfigurement. The rash itched and burned making her scratch terribly and she was cross.

"Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Baby was healed with six cakes of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Henry Richard, Murray Harbor, P. E. I., April 2, 1917.

You may rely on Cuticura to care for your skin, scalp, hair and hands.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: **"Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A."** Sold everywhere.

Hundreds of Thousands

of WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL

DICTIONARIES are in use by business men, engineers, bankers, judges, architects, physicians, farmers, teachers, librarians, clergymen, *by successful men and women the world over.*

ARE YOU EQUIPPED TO WIN?

The New International is an all-knowing teacher, a universal question answerer.

400,000 Vocabulary Terms. 2700 Pages. 6000 Illustrations. Colored Plates. 30,000 Geographical Subjects. 12,000 Biographical Entries.

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Write for Specimen Pages, Illustrations, etc. Free, a set of Pocket Maps if you name this paper.

G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Springfield, Mass.

Machinery For Sale

1 WHEELOCK ENGINE, 18x42.
New Automatic Valve Type. Complete with supply and exhaust piping, flywheel, etc. Will accept $1,200 cash for immediate sale.

1 ELECTRIC GENERATOR, 30 K.W., 110-120 Volts D.C.
Will accept $425 cash for immediate sale.

1 LARGE LEATHER BELT. Double, Endless. 24 inch x 70 ft.
Will accept $300 for immediate sale, although belt is in excellent condition and new one would cost about $600.

PULLEYS, Large size.
26x66—$30; 12x60—$20; 12½x48—$12; 12x36—$8.

2 BLOWERS OR FANS, Buffalo make.
One 10 inch, other 14 inch discharge—$30 each.

REAL ESTATES CORPORATION, LTD.
60 Front St. West, Toronto

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales Dec. 15
Morrisburg, Dec. 17 to Jan. 5

EDITH K. NEILSON,
L. T. C. M.
Teacher of Piano.
Pupils prepared for all grades of the Toronto Conservatory's examinations.
Studio at Mrs. Robert Bouck's.

Good Morning! Have you paid your Subscription yet??

Rev. and Mrs. D. K. Fetterly and children of Rose Bay, N.S., are spending a few weeks in town.

See our large and selected stock of Christmas toys before buying—A. J. Wood.

Mrs. R. H. Bradfield has returned home after spending a few weeks in Montreal.

Mr. R. N. Morash of the Morash Foundry Company received word on Monday announcing that his uncle and cousin, Messrs. John Morash Sr., and son, John, had been killed in the recent explosion at Halifax.

Special arrangements have been made whereby election returns will be announced on Monday evening at the Music Hall, beginning at 6.30.

Christmas Cards — one cent each.—A. J. Wood.

Mr. Charlie H. Casselman has returned home after a long season on the river.

Miss Ruth Eager is spending a few weeks at her home here.

At the Star Theatre, Saturday afternoon, Dec. 15th., a bottle of Toilet Water will be given away as a prize to the person holding the lucky number. Value, 1.25.

Mr. Leslie Holmes of Ottawa spent the week-end in town.

A splendid program has been prepared for the Commencement Exercises of the Collegiate Institute to be held on Thursday December 20th. It consists of Choruses, Quartettes, Solos, Band Selections and a Play. Presentation of Diplomas, Cups and Championship Medals — A pleasing entertainment is assured to all.

Furniture as Christmas Gifts —W. Marsh & Son have the largest assortment of all kinds of Furniture most suitable and acceptable as Christmas gifts.

While Oleo has not affected the price of creamery butter, it has knocked the props from under dairy stuff, and separator prints this week are quoted 3 cents lower than last week with dairy butter 5c lower.

At a nuptial mass at the Church of the Assumption this morning Miss Mollie A. Lonergan, daughter of the late John T. and Mrs. Bridget T. Lonergan, became the bride of Franklin G. Redick, of Aultsville, The ceremony was performed at nine o'clock by the Rev. Father Thomas Mullins.—Morristown Reporter.

Mr. and Mrs. John Loucks left on Monday night to spend the winter in Sacramento, California, with their daughter, Mrs James Weagant.

Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan and little daughter are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Holmes.

Exclusive agency for Neilson's Chocolates "The chocolates that are different."—A. J Wood.

A despatch from Hamilton to the Mail and Empire, Toronto, says—Sergt. Bill Coir, rover for Hamilton's intermediate O.H.A. championship team of 1916-17, has been slightly gassed, according to word received here this morning. That Billy was fortunate enough to get away with only a slight dose of the deadly poison will prove welcome news. He was one of the most popular boys who ever played hockey in Hamilton."—Bill Coir is a son of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Coir of this town.

Wm. Bennett, aged 22, of Montreal, was sentenced at Pembroke to be hanged for killing Bruce M. Leitch, successful suitor of the girl he loved. Leitch was killed last July at Sand Point, and in addition, Bennett seriously injured the young bride, and blinded himself with the revolver he had used for the killing. The verdict hinged on the fact of his sanity.

The death occurred at Cornwall of Mrs. Annie Chisholm McDougald, wife of John a McDougald, Registrar of the Supreme and Surrogate Courts.

I have a selected stock of cigars for the Christmas trade. —A. J. Wood.

W. Marsh & Son have just received a large shipment of Ladies' Desks, Music Cabinets, Fancy Rockers, Children's Toy sets, Children's High Chairs, and Rockers. Boys' and Girls' Sleds.

A meeting in the interests of the Liberal cause will be held at the Music Hall this evening at which Mrs. A. Swerdfeger, who has two sons at the front, will address the meeting.

Fruits, nuts and candy at reasonable prices.—A. J. Wood.

Death after a short illness claimed Sir MacKenzie Bowel at his home in Belleville on Tuesday. The aged Senator was almost 94 years of age, erstwhile Premier of Canada, and for a lifetime, a newspaper editor and parliamentarian, being one of the very last of pre-Confederation statesmen.

FOR SALE

House and large lot on church street, owned by Mrs. C. A. Styles and occupied by D. L. Hamilton. For particulars apply to I. Hilliard.

CLAIRE SUMMERS, A.T.C.M.
PIANO
Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations
Studio at her home, Main Street, West,

List of Christmas Presents for Men

Suits, Overcoats, Sweaters, Caps, Gloves, Ties, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Scarves, Underwear, Shirts, Socks, Trunks, Suit Cases, Club Bags &c. at A. H. Casselman, Merchant Tailor.

FOR SALE

Cider vinegar, by the barrel or gallon. Apply
C. A. Duprau,
Morrisburg.

WANTED

Collegiate roomers wanted; from $3 to $3.50 per month. Also board at reasonable rates if desired. A short distance from school. All modern conveniences including bath.
Mrs. Jas. Mallen.

COAL
HEATERS FOR SALE

A number of sample Quebec Heaters on exhibition at the Morash Foundry, will be sold at Manufacturer's prices.
CALL AND SEE THEM

ANOTHER REMINDER
That Christmas is coming.

GIVE HIM
your photograph. He will prize it more than anything else you could give him.

YOUR FRIENDS
can buy anything you can give them except—
YOUR PHOTOGRAPH

Make the Appointment To-day

J. M. WHITTEKER,
Photographer & Optometrist
Morrisburg, - Ont.

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor
A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College
'PHONE NO. 18A
TAIT BLOCK
MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO

Advertisement issued by the Liberal Club

ACTIONS SPEAK LOUDER THAN WORDS

Canadian history, as written by Prof. Wrong of Toronto University, shows that Sir Wilfrid Laurier has always stood for Canada's Unity, and British principles and connection.

His first speech in Parliament was indicative of his whole political course. In it he advocated a progressive educational policy, deplored the exodus of Canadian to the United States, praised British institutions and British Liberalism, and called for a truce in racial and religious quarrels. He said he was a Liberal of the English School and preferred to take Britain as his model rather than intolerant France or Germany.

1 Who proposed to FORCE Manitoba to accept a full measure of Separate School system?—TheConservative party under Sir Chas. Tupper. After the election which immediately followed, who settled the Manitoba School question, much less advantageous to French Roman Catholics?—Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

2 Who refused to allow Canadian troops to leave Canada to assist Britain in Egyptian war?—Sir John MacDonald.

3 Who, a few years later authorized Canadian troops to go overseas to assist Great Britain in Boer war?—Sir Wilfrid Laurier, in the face of the above mentioned precedent to the contrary. He did so by Order-in-Council three days after Great Britain declared war on the Boers. Parliament which was called immediately afterwards supported him

4 Who proposed and gave a preference to Great Britain in trade, without asking any favor in return?—Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Who opposed this favor to Britain?—The whole Conservative party, backed by the manufacturers. When the preference was increased later, by Sir Wilfrid, the opposition came from the same scource.

5 What forces defeated Sir Wilfrid Laurier last election on a supposed straight trade issue?—The combined Conservatives and Nationalists led by Bourassa and Lavegne, who in Quebec preached "No assistance to England in Empire's wars," and "Laurier is too English for us." The latter quotation was also the cry used in Quebec by Sir Charles Tupper.

6 On several occasions in Parliament Sir Wilfrid Laurier has disapproved and spoken against the Nationalists' program, Can you find one similar occasion when Sir Robert Borden has spoken against them?

7 Who said "We must shoot holes through the British flag to breathe the air of freedom"?—A present member of the Union Government Cabinet,

8 His record as well as his words, show that Sir Wilfrid Laurier can be trusted in any Canadian or Empire crisis.

9 In standing for the elementary rights of free speech and political action, Sir Wilfrid Laurier has had to brave the wrath of powerful forces, even in the church he loves and honors. He does not deny any church or any churchman the right to take a full part in political discussions; but he does deny any religious teachers the right to brandish for a political purpose the weapons of their spiritual armoury.

Don't Be Deceived

Ballantyne says the Cabinet met and decided that farmers and farmers' sons would be exempted,

The Conscription Act was passed by Parliament and can only be changed by Parliament, and not by the Cabinet. Don't be deceived, if Sir Robert Borden's Government is returned, it will indicate that the people favor the Conscription Measure and every available man will be taken to the Front and not enough men left to produce what food is required in Canada to say nothing of what is roquired to feed the boys now at the Front, let alone 100,000 more that they are attempting to force to the front from this Conntry.

Who Shall Rule? = The People or the Profiteers?

Vote for MacIntyre and a United Canada

BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Capital - - $4,000,000
Rest - - - - - - $4,750,000

95 BRANCHES IN CANADA

A SAVINGS ACCOUNT

is an aid and incentive to systematic saving.

Open an account now with a dollar or more and promptly deposit your surplus cash where it will earn interest

Morrisburg Branch—B. A. HERRING, Manager.

MAKE YOUR PLANS EARLY FOR THE COLD WEATHER

We Have the Goods You Want

Boots	Mitts
Shoes	Gloves
Rubbers (heavy & light)	Shirts
Underwear (heavy & light)	Pants
Caps	Overalls
	Hosiery

Call and Examine Our Stock of Heavy Shirts

MULLIN BROS.
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
MORRISBURG, — ONT.

When Making Your Christmas Purchases

don't forget that we have a good line to choose from, which will be found useful as a Christmas present to a friend.

What is more acceptable to a housewife than good table cutlery, O'cedar Mops, Carpet Sweepers Carving Sets, Scissors or a nice Copper Nickle Plated Teakettle.

We also have Pocket Knives, Bells Hockey Sticks, Pucks, Razors either Safety or the ordinary and many other articles which would make suitable Christmas gifts.

In the Grocery line we have also prepared for your needs.

Call and be convinced.

HUNTER & CASSELMAN
Hardware, Groceries, Flour and Feed
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL



IT'S A PLEASURE

to burn our coal says the lady who has used it. It is the free buzning, clean coal that gives the best satisfaction If you will try a ton we feel sure you will agree with us that it is the best coal to be had

ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE
The Greatest Shingle Proposition on the Market.
BAMWELL NOXIE WIREFENCE ALWAYS IN STOCK.

W. H. McGANNON

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

AT THE SIGN OF THE RED TRIANGLE

THE BENEFICENT WORK OF THE Y. M. C. A.

Relatives of Wounded, Summoned to France, Are Honored Guests of the Association.

The Red Triangle is the sign of comfort and good fellowship. It means warmth and a welcome, companionship and light. It is a constant ray of brightness in this most terrible of wars.

It is the sign of the Y.M.C.A.

What England and France and all the Allied countries would be to-day without the Y.M.C.A. I cannot imagine, says a correspondent.

"Somewhere in France" they are dotted by the hundred. The Red Triangle gleams everywhere. And there is one work they are doing that has gleaned little publicity but has been invaluable—I speak of the reception of the relatives of the wounded, who are summoned to France to the bedside of their men, and who are the Y.M.C.A.'s honored guests.

Nothing can mitigate the first sharp sorrow of loss, and too often the relatives are "not in time" to bid a last farewell. But everything that can be done is done—on a system wise and kindly.

Hope of Resurrection.

I have in mind one old French house which I visited when I was in France. It is a hostel for those relatives who, anxious of heart, have been summoned peremptorily across the Channel to the bedside of wounded and dying men. There they are made welcome, no matter how long their stay may be. And if their man dies, they are not left alone in their trouble. The girl who follows her brother or father or sweetheart to the grave has with her a companion, a woman worker of the Red Triangle, who stays beside her to the end.

I remember a scene like that. It was in summertime, and the countryside was gloriously green. Birds were carolling in the tall trees and the air was heavy with the scent of flowers.

He came with his flag over him, to the solemn sound of the last post. The promise of resurrection was read across his grave. All around was khaki, standing sharply at attention. The picture will always be vignetted on my mind.

"Dust to dust, ashes to ashes, in sure and certain hope of the resurrection to eternal life!"

We walked back when the service was over to the Y.M.C.A. That walk is a place of pilgrimage, where thousands of men and women will come after the war to pay tribute to the last resting place of their dead. "Somewhere in France," with brilliant-colored flowers over them. A joyous little garden nods over each man's grave.

We returned to the welcome of the Red Triangle.

Care of Anxious Parents.

Out in the queer, old-fashioned courtyard a father was pacing up and down alone. He was a kindly, friendly man from the far north of Scotland, fond of a "crack" (chat) with his neighbors. But to-night no one dared speak to him. He was fighting the shadow alone.

It was only yesterday that he had a great story to tell. His boy was "doin' fine." They had had to amputate his leg, but he was putting up a real stiff fight. Who would give fresh life blood to turn the balance?

It was a snub-nosed, freckled lad from far Lochaber who responded. He was a big, strong soldier—and he laughed at the sacrifice. It was nothing. He was proud and glad.

All day it seemed as though the fight was won. The sacrifice had turned the tide. But when night fell . . . the change.

Now it was the father who must fight alone. What should he write to the boy's mother and sister home in Scotland? None of us dared speak to him as he paced slowly up and down the old French courtyard.

There was an American mother, too, who had crossed two seas to see her boy, her only son. Her whole life was bound up in him. Her whole conversation was of his early days, his goodness, his fine working capabilities, his kindness to her.

For two long weeks she had been under a haunting fear which she would not name, Spartan that she was.

After the visit to the hospital she came back smiling.

Yes, he had recognized her. He looked very white and thin, but he was somehow just the same bright boy as always. The shot had touched the spine and there was little pain. She knew that he would never walk again.

"I'm getting on fine, mother," he had said, smiling up at her. "I'll soon be able to bend my legs."

"Boy, if you'd neither arms nor legs there'd always be an armchair for you in the best place beside the fire and a mother to work for you, and she'd want nothing better than to sit and look at you in the evening," had come the quick reply.

The "Camp Baby."

There was a baby, too, in that old hostelry, a queer little fellow, who slept in a margarine box mounted on a packing-case frame and covered with warm, gray flannel.

His father was an English soldier and his mother a pretty English girl. He is the youngest member of the Y. M.C.A., that baby, a real "camp baby" of the war.

His father had been badly wounded, and they wired for his pretty wife to come at once. Little hope was held out for his recovery.

The young wife answered the call immediately. She was at the bedside of her husband "Somewhere in France" at the crisis, and knew that he would live.

Three days later her baby was born.

Convalescent soldiers made the cradle, and nurses padded and lined it. For blankets and bedding there were khaki mufflers, donated by the men. The "camp infant" had a happy life.

When at last the baby was dressed for its cross-Channel trip and the margarine box packed with baby clothes, there was a silence in the old French house, and a void.

* * * *

Many and varied were the letters received, and from all parts of the world. One day the post brought a dozen tiny envelopes with letters written on miniature note paper and in lead pencil. The handwritings were wobbly and uncertain and gaps were filled up with crosses and kisses. They were messages from tiny tots in Sunday schools away in far-off Canada!

For all over the world the call of the Red Triangle comes—and even children are anxious to "do their bit."

STUDY AND EXERCISE

Overstudy and lack of exercise make thin bloodless children. Study does not usually hurt a child at school unless the studies encroach on time that should be spent in out-of-doors exercise. But lack of exercise and overstudy is a combination that brings on St. Vitus dance. If your boy or girl at school is thin and pale, listless and inattentive, has a fickle appetite, is unable to stand still or sit still, you must remember that health is much more important than education, and more time should be given to exercise and recreation.

See to it at once that the child does not overstudy, gets plenty of out-of-door exercise, sleeps ten out of every twenty-four hours, and takes a safe, reliable tonic like Dr. Williams Pink Pills until the color returns to the cheeks and lips and the appetite becomes normal. For growing children who become pale and thin Dr. Williams Pink Pills are not only safe but in most cases are the very best tonic that can be taken. These pills build up the blood, strengthen the nerves and assist nature in keeping pace with rapid growth.

You can get Dr. Williams Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail postpaid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

COULD CROSS ATLANTIC.

Giant Biplane Flew Faultlessly From London to Constantinople.

The great Handley-Page biplane which in July flew in eight stages from England to Constantinople and bombed the Goeben carried five men, and although she bore as well their baggage and bedding, spare parts and oil, bombs and machine guns, and spare propellers, she carried them easily. It could, says an expert, have crossed the Atlantic in 20 hours.

The great Rolls-Royce engines never faltered. They brought the airmen to Saloniki, and thence to a base "somewhere nearer Turkey." Then the great adventure began. The baggage and bedding and spare parts were left behind. The pilot and a passenger (Squadron-Commander K. S. Savory and Flight-Lieut. H. McClelland) sat in front, and the engineer (Engineer-Lieut. T. Rawlings) was free to walk his narrow cabin and watch above and below from the machine-gun platforms.

They flew 250 miles in about three hours, and then beneath the spreading wings saw the lights of Constantinople and all the vessels, including the Goeben, a blaze of light. Down they came and loosed a salvo of bombs at the battle-cruiser. They circled and dropped another salvo, and then made along the Bosphorus, where they sought out the German headquarters ship and bombed her. Amid a hail of Turkish shells they found the Turkish War Office. According to a Turkish communique at the time, this was "not destroyed," "but," said one of our airmen, "the bombs weighed 112 lb., and we were there for half an hour.

A London Daily Mail representative was told by an aeroplane builder that a British aeroplane, carrying a pilot, six passengers, and 700 lb. of luggage, has flown from Hendon to Paris in two hours, and that we have machines to carry 3,000lb. of bombs (nearly a ton and a half).

"Then why do we not bomb Berlin?"

"That is quite possible," said the constructor, "but it is not my department—but something big may happen soon."

Scrap Metal on the Farm.

Farmers may not realize that they are unpatriotic if they are not selling their worn-out machinery and implements. Large quantities of iron and steel are needed for guns, shells, bridges, and other war purposes. There are many farms on which a good deal of junk is to be found. Higher prices are being paid for scrap metal than formerly, but, in order to save unnecessary expense in getting it to the foundries, neighboring farmers might co-operate and make one hauling do instead of several.

Christmas 1917.

Little Jesus, far away,
Can You hear me—what I say?

Guns are thund'ring, cannons roar,
Even at Your stable door.

Seas of blood flow o'er the land;
Mountains totter as they stand.

Fields are thick with ruined things—
Men and thrones and broken kings.

Little Jesus, can You rest
There upon Your Mother's breast?

In the heavens shines Your star—
All the world is red with war.

* * * *

Little Jesus, come again
To the broken hearts of men.

In Your stable far away
Can You hear me—what I say?

How to ask I do not know;
Only, Jesus, heed our woe!

Take this world of shattered men,
Shape and make it right again.

—Cecile Joyce Keenan.

FAMINE OR FOOD?

Starvation, Always a Corollary of War, Threatens Fighting Countries.

Famine has always been a corollary of war. Even minor conflicts have invariably brought about more or less serious want in the nations engaged. At the present time, world famine is within measurable distance. The tremendous waste, coupled with a great decline in the production of foodstuffs is rapidly depleting available supplies and if the war continues for a prolonged period, nothing short of superhuman efforts can prevent the nations participating in it from going hungry.

Millions of the men in Britain, France and Italy are in the fighting line, and, obviously, cannot be food producers. In normal times, these countries were dependent on other countries for much of their supplies of foodstuffs, but now they are more than ever so. To outline the situation concretely: It is estimated that the production of wheat in the United Kingdom, Belgium, France and Italy this year will fall short by 500,000,000 bushels of the pre-war average. It should be remembered that in the three years before the war these countries imported together about 750,000,000 bushels annually; also that war conditions make any marked increase in production within the next few years difficult, if not impossible. This deficiency in wheat has its parallel in meats and dairy products and only the most careful management will save the herds of those countries from serious, if not ruinous, depletion.

Such a situation can be mastered by two methods only. First, by conserving existing resources; Second, by increasing production. Both these remedies are receiving attention in the countries at war, but the shortage of land, labor and fertilizers presents almost insurmountable obstacles to any great increase in production in Europe. Further, the shortage of ocean going freighters and the great distance of Australia from the market largely eliminates the Commonwealth as a source of supply.

Canada and the United States must, therefore, in large measure, meet the difficulty. In 1915, slightly more than 39,000,000 acres in Canada were in field crops. In 1916 the area had decreased by nearly 4,000,000 acres. Whether or not this decline is due to shortage of labor, it is a serious falling off in time of war. If men are not available, the labor problem can be met by a much larger use of women on the farms, as well as by the use of larger and more efficient farm machinery. In Britain, many thousands of women have left the cities to work on the land; better machinery has been procured, in some cases by the Government, by whom it is leased to the farmers at reasonable rates. In this way Britain has greatly increased her production of foodstuffs, in spite of the tremendous drain that the war has made on the man-power of the country. Canada can, and doubtless will, follow the lead of the motherland.

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by *Sun, Dust* and *Wind* quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort. Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For *Book of the Eye*—Free. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Safety First Hints.

Some safety hints for the wise, which are intended to guard against serious accidents and a possible loss of life, are being sent out broadcast by the electric light companies. From them may be selected the following: Do not cover an electric globe with paper or cloth. It may start a fire. Do not hang an ordinary lamp cord over a nail or metal work. Do not leave a cord connected when you are through with it. Do not touch any wire that is down on the ground, whether it is an electric, telephone or guy wire. In an emergency, remove a wire with an instrument equipped with a wooden handle, keeping the full length of the handle between yourself and the wire.

When you have a little of this and a little of that kind of fruit make a steamed fruit pudding.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Join the Home Defence movement for the conservation of food. Help to prevent waste by demanding the whole wheat grain in breakfast foods and bread stuffs. Substitute whole wheat for meat, eggs and potatoes. The whole wheat grain is the most perfect food given to man. In **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** you have the whole wheat grain made digestible by steam-cooking, shredding and baking. Every particle of the whole wheat grain is used including the outer bran coat which is so useful in keeping the bowels healthy and active. For any meal with milk, and fresh fruits.

Made in Canada.

STORMS AND TREES.

Hickory is Most Unyielding and Suffers Greatest Damage.

It is always interesting to watch the effect of storms anywhere, but in the woods these effects are most varied and remarkable.

It frequently happens that a tornado or hurricane will follow a certain course and level only the trees in this line, often leaping from place to place. In such cases all trees in its swath suffer or are blown down; but where there is a general very high wind and all trees are hit with about the same force it may be noted that the best rooted ones and not those of the strongest wood survive.

Wind resistance of the whole trees has also something to do with the bending character of the trunk and branches, for where these give before the force of the storm they permit the wind to slide off. The hickory, above all, will not yield, and consequently receives the hardest strain against its entire top, whether full leaved or bare. It may be commonly noticed that in a mixed woodland, where a hard wind has driven, there are more hickories down than any other trees.

Monsieur:
For 15 days in the month of January I was suffering with pain of rheumatism in the foot. I tried all kinds of remedies but nothing did me any good. One person told me about MINARD'S LINIMENT; as soon as I tried it the Saturday night, the next morning I was feeling very good; I tell you this remedy is very good; I could give you a good certificate any time that you would like to have one. If any time I come to hear about any person sick of rheumatism, I could tell them about this remedy.
Yours truly,
ERNEST LEVEILLE,
216 Rue Ontario East, Montreal.
Feb. 14, 1908.

This Means You!

"Eat less wheat, meat, sugar and fats, to save for the Army and our Allies," says the Food Controller. "Eat more corn, oats and rye products, fish and poultry, fruits, vegetables and potatoes, baked, boiled and broiled foods."

This means you! To ask the Canadian people to eat less of certain foods in order that the soldiers at the front may not go short is a matter of intense seriousness.

MONEY ORDERS

Dominion Express Foreign Cheques are accepted by Field Cashiers and Paymasters in France for their full face value. There is no better way to send money to the boys in the trenches.

An Exploded Belief.

That stars are visible in the daytime from the bottom of a deep shaft or well has been generally believed since the days of Aristotle, but there is not the slightest foundation for the idea. Baron Humboldt, who spent a good deal of time in mines himself and questioned miners in various parts of the world, found no evidence in support of this belief, and it has since been thoroughly exploded, but like all other "exploded" ideas it flourishes just as vigorously as every.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows

Women are always being asked to make sacrifices; that is why they respond so quickly in wartime. It surely is time now to begin harping on the duty of men in the matter of personal sacrifices.

Fully one third of the land in Great Britain is owned by members of the House of Lords.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES CURES RHEUMATISM BRIGHT'S DISEASE BACKACHE DIABETES

CANADA'S FOREST SERVICES.

Ontario, B.C., Quebec and New Brunswick Are Abreast of Times.

Ontario has thoroughly reorganized its forestry service and put itself on a par with other up-to-date provinces whose forest services are under expert technical direction. New Brunswick is also swinging into line. A well-qualified forester, Mr. P. Z. Caverhill, has been appointed as the head of the forest service and is now making a survey of its forest resources as a basis for laying down permanent lines of forest policy. In this work, the Commission of Conservation has been assisting the province in an advisory capacity.

British Columbia and Quebec have long been in the forefront of the provinces that have had an efficient technically qualified forest service. Although Nova Scotia's forests have been nearly all cut over, an efficient forest service would be an investment for the province that would pay for itself many times over in conserving and utilizing the forest resources remaining. Two-thirds of the land area is better adapted to forest growth than to any other use and should be re-forested.

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make this beauty lotion for a few cents and see for yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Se sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

An investigation is being conducted under the direction of the Food Controller into the poultry situation. A study is being made of such questions as the cost of producing eggs and poultry and of the cost of feeding.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

A system of monthly returns from all wholesale dealers in fish has been instituted by the Food Controller and will be the basis for regular statistical market information, which is expected to be beneficial to the fish trade of the Dominion.

The Forth Bridge contains 48,000 tons of steel.

When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

The Jordan Valley

In Southeastern Oregon is a beautiful, fertile district that you ought to investigate. Many shrewd farmers are buying there, because their keen business foresight tells them that investment will pay big returns from the natural increase in the value of the land alone, to say nothing of the big crops that they can produce. Prices low; terms easy.

Ask me for authentic information, absolutely free.

You are cordially invited to call at Room 112, Union Pacific Building, to see our excellent and extensive exhibit of products grown in the Union Pacific Country.

R. A. SMITH, Colonization & Industrial Agt. Union Pacific System
Room 1846 U. P. Bldg., Omaha, Neb.

DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis FOR ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. $2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Varicose Veins. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price $1 and $2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

GILLETT'S LYE MADE IN CANADA

For making soap. For softening water. For removing paint. For disinfecting refrigerators, sinks, closets, drains and for 500 other purposes. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

GILLETT'S LYE

E. W. GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED TORONTO ONT.

Mahogany timber primarily is no more highly valued in its native country than many of our own familiar woods. The things which make mahogany costly to the consumer in this country are the difficulties encountered in locating, cutting, and bringing the timber to market.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

FOOD CONSERVATION

You can take your full share in this important national win-the-war measure, and benefit both in pocket and in health, if you use the proper economic and labor-saving methods in the preparation of the staff of life—bread.

The "Canuck" Bread Mixer



is the great modern exponent of cheaper, better, cleaner, digestible, home-made bread.

Cut your baker's bill in half, and eliminate your doctor's account.

Save your money, and buy government war-bonds.

Sold by your local dealer, or may be ordered direct from us or our agents, delivered, all charges paid.

Four loaf size ....$2.75 each
Eight loaf size .... 3.25 each

The principle of saving and economy as practiced by users of the "Canuck" will eventually win the war.

E. T. WRIGHT CO., LIMITED
HAMILTON, - - CANADA

CUTICURA HEALS WHITE PIMPLES

Which Itched and Burned. Swelled Enough for Two. No Sleep for Weeks.

"My fingers all broke out in white pimples and would crack and smart that much that I could hardly keep from scratching. They began to swell and were big enough for two. I never had any sleep for weeks because they itched and burned.



"I was told about Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and I only had to use two cakes of Cuticura Soap and two tins of Ointment when I was healed." (Signed) Miss Hilda Manser, 62 Ingersoll Rd., Woodstock, Ont.

Prevent further trouble by using Cuticura Soap daily for the toilet.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.



Men in Training

Fighting isn't the only duty of a soldier, and exposure to bullets is not as serious as exposure to all kinds of weather and dampness.

Rheumatic aches, sore and stiff muscles, strains and sprains, chilblains and neuralgia, all are enemies of the soldier, and the relief for all these pains and aches is Sloan's Liniment. Clean and convenient to carry or use; does not stain, and penetrates without rubbing.

Generous sized bottles, at all druggists. 25c., 50c., $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

Machinery For Sale

1 WHEELOCK ENGINE, 18x42.
New Automatic Valve Type. Complete with supply and exhaust piping, flywheel, etc. Will accept $1,200 cash for immediate sale.

1 ELECTRIC GENERATOR, 30 K.W., 110-120 Volts D.C.
Will accept $425 cash for immediate sale.

1 LARGE LEATHER BELT. Double, Endless. 24 inch x 70 ft.
Will accept $300 for immediate sale, although belt is in excellent condition and new one would cost about $600.

PULLEYS, Large size.
26x66—$30; 12x60—$20; 12½x48—$12; 12x36—$8.

2 BLOWERS OR FANS, Buffalo make.
One 10 inch, other 14 inch discharge—$30 each.

REAL ESTATES CORPORATION, LTD.
60 Front St. West, Toronto

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at Wales Dec. 15
Monday, Dec. 17 to Jan. 5

EDITH K. NEILSON,
L. T. C. M.
Teacher of Piano.
Pupils prepared for all grades of the Toronto Conservatory's examinations.
Studio at Mrs. J. R. Fetterly's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Coons Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Duncan, of Ottawa and Miss Nina Brown of Belleville, were holiday visitors at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Brown

Mrs. Fred Sherman and children spent Christmas in Prescott.

Misses Verlie and Uldene Barclay of Ottawa were visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Barclay over the holiday.

Miss Ruby Armstrong of Vankleek Hill spent Christmas at her home here.

Mrs. R. H. Ashton left Friday last on a visit with relatives in Chicago.

Miss Christie of Ottawa was a holiday visitor at Rev. C. O. Carson's.

Mrs. James McKenzie is spending the holidays with friends in Montreal.

The Ford Motor Co., Montreal, Que., wrote a letter to me as follows, also to all Ford dealers in Canada: "We wish to caution our dealers against taking orders from prospects ior future delivery at present prices."—Wilfrid Quenneville.

Mr. Asa Wood of Toronto spent Christmas with his family.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark and two children of Port Colborne are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Aden Hunter this week.

Prof. B. H. Carman of Toronto is spending the holidays in town.

You can exchange your Wheat and Buckwheat for Flour at the Iroquois Flour Mills. Forty pounds of flour is given in exchange for a bushel of standard wheat.

Mrs. Ada McPherson of Aultsville is spending the week with friends in town.

Miss Hilda Nash spent the week-end with relatives in Ottawa.

The latest figures of the referendum on conscription in Australia are: Against conscription, 993,000; for conscription, 820,000; majority against 173,000.

Miss Isabel Woodland is spending a few days with friends in Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. G. Bennett of Montreal were holiday visitors at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Barkley.

Mr. R. H. Weegar of Toronto spent the Christmas holiday in town.

Dr. E. H. Wickware of Smiths Falls spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. S. Wickware.

The Union Government has set out to give us a "bone dry" Canada. Three essential provisions are contained in the Order-in-Council. The first is that the importation of liquor into Canada is illegal from now on; the second that after April 1st next that the importation of liquor into a Province that has adopted prohibitory legislation from any other Province will be illegal; and thirdly, that the manufacture of liquor in Canada will be stopped as soon as the present distilleries have had a fair chance to close up their business.

Mr. Percy Nash of Toronto spent the holiday with his family in town.

Miss Maidie Wright of Ottawa is the guest of her sister, Mrs. D. C. Casselman.

Mrs. G. E. Myers and Misses Lou and Veryl Myers were in Toronto over the holiday.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Morash are spending the holidays in Valleyfield, Que.

Mr. Robert McLaughlin of Edmonton, Alta., is spending a couple of weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. McLaughlin.

Mr. A. L. VanAllen, who has been laid up with LaGrippe and Rheumatism, hopes to be able to be at his place of business again soon.

Miss Eleanor Wickware is spending the holidays at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Kilgour of Beauharnois, Que., spent the holiday with the latter's father, Mr. Wm. Eager.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Swayne of Montreal were visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Swayne, this week.

Mr. William Casselman of Ottawa is spending a couple of weeks with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Casselman.

Pte. W. J. Kirkland, soldier, who deserted from the Railway and Forestry depot at Brockville and was arrested at Aylmer, Que., pleaded guilty before Judge Dowsley on the charge of desertion, and was sentenced to two years at hard labor in the Kingston penitentiary.

Mr. Wm. Dennison of Aultsville was in town on Tuesday.

Miss Audrey Allison of Montreal is spending the Christmas vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Allison.

It was with deep regret that we learned of the painful accident which befell Miss Maud Baker on Christmas Day when she fell on the icy streets, inflicting a gash in the back of her head which necessitated several stitches. Miss Baker's many friends, who were shocked to learn of the serious accident, pray for a rapid and complete recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Godfrey of Montreal, spent Christmas with her mother, Mrs. Wm. Allison.

Miss May Ernault of Montreal spent the week-end with her parents.

Misses Olive Redmond and Florence Gordon of Montreal spent Christmas at the home of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Redmond.

An order-in-council has been passed increasing the separation allowance paid to the wives and other dependents of soldiers below the rank of sergeants in the Canadian Expeditionary Force, from $20 to $25 a month beginning December 1st.

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Hamilton and two children of Brockville, are spending a few days in town with the former's mother, Mrs. J. Hamilton.

Mr. L. Holmes of Ottawa is spending a few days in town this week.

Miss Kate Stadler left on Friday last for Rochester, N. Y., where she will remain for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Barry of Prescott were in town on Tuesday.

Miss Ida Daley of Montreal was home for the holiday.

Miss Maggie McLaughlin of Ottawa is visiting at her home here.

This is home-coming season and if you have a guest over the holiday drop a card to that effect to this office and this assist in making the personal column of common interest.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Seymour of Brockville spent the week-end holiday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. Hummell.

Mrs. N. M. Stuart, Miss Laura Stuart and Mrs. Brady left this week for Florida where they will spend the Winter months.

Twenty-four thousand men will be called to the colors on Thursday, January 3rd., under the Military Service Act. These are A1 and A2 men who have reported for service, or who have been refused exemption and have not appealed, or were refused exemption on appeal. There will be twelve battalion depot headquarters, one in each military district, and it is expected that there will be two thousand for each depot.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Murray of Brockville were visiting the latter's mother, Mrs. M. E. Lavis, over the holiday.

Miss Dora McLatchie of the Cornwall Commercial College is home for the holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Cook and daughter, Lora[illegible], of Brockville spent Christmas with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McKoy.

Among Christmas visitors we noted: Messrs. Rod Cameron, Chesterville; Geo. Hummell, Ernest Dillen, Harry Heiney, Robert Buchan, James Ryan, Arthur Riddell, of Montreal; F. E. Lavis, J. G. Brandstetter, Arthur Barkley, Ottawa; John Heagle, Harry Armstrong, Wm. Smythe of Brockville, Robert Wood and Garnet Snyder of Campbellford, Garnet Casselman, London, Ont.:

CLAIRE SUMMERS, A.T.C.M.
PIANO
Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations
Studio at her home, Main Street, West.

Mrs. Will Denesha's Christmas greeting to Morrisburg friends took the much appreciated form of a cheque for the Red Cross. Her son, Douglas, who is at present in the hospital in France has been on active service since 1914.

The Red Cross Workers are in great need of wood at their workroom in the Knox Church basement. If some one will give or sell them a load at once it will be greatly appreciated and will help this most necessary work.

The following overseas men have acknowledged with nice letters of appreciation the Red Cross Christmas boxes. Corp. Geo. Bowman, Pte. W. Bowman Pte Erle McMartin, Pte. H. Coyle, Pte. Lorne Casselman, Gunner Wm. Broder, Corp. F. A. Nash, Gunner Glenn Strike, Lieut. M. A. Robertson, Pte. Howard Deschamps, Pte. Clement Coutlee, Pte. H. J. Fox, Corp. Edward P. J. Smith, Pte. Samuel Holmes, Pte. Frank Deeks, Sergt. Gerald H. Meikle, Trooper W. J. Wright, Trooper G. R. S. Elliott, Pte. Homer Casselman, Pte. C. H. Weegar, Gunner Hubert L. Merkley, Pte. Charles Summers, Pte. Charles Ford, Pte. Orville Deschamps, Sergt. Harold Jarvis, Pte. Wm. McKenzie, Driver R. W. Barclay, Capt. J. R. Goodfellow, R.M.C.; Sergt. G. D. Lavis.

Christmas Services in St. Mary's Church

The observance of Christmas in St. Mary's Church was this year probably more solemn and impressive than usual. The Midnight Mass was attended by a large congregation, the beautiful, mild weather attracting many from quite a distance. The Altar was tastefully decorated with lights and flowers, and the little Crib representing the stable wherein Christ was born and containing the figures of the Child and His Mother, and St. Joseph looked quite realistic. Service began sharp at midnight. Father Meehan delivered an appropriate sermon, taking for his subject "Lessons from Bethlehem." The music, which was specially prepared for the occasion, was particularly good and elicited much favorable comment. The members of the Choir deserve high praise for the able manner in which they rendered this beautiful Mass. The solos rendered by Miss Ida Pariseau and Mr. John Brandstetter are deserving of special mention.

Acknowledgment

"Somewhere in France,
"Dear Mrs. Fetterly,—In going through the box that I received from the Red Cross Society I found a pair of socks that were knitted by you, and I am just writing you a few lines to express my thanks to you and to the Society that have done so much for the boys overseas.

"Well, Mrs. Fetterly, I will close by wishing you and yours a very Merry Christmas and a Happy New Years.

"Yours sincerely,
Lieut. M. A. Robertson.

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Morrisburg.

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