We Uphold Anything that is FAIR & JUST

# The Leader

If You Don't Like Our Policy KEEP AWAY

XXV, No. 46 MORRISBURG, ONT. FRIDAY, NOV 26 1926.

## Molasses

Molasses is one of the easiest digested Carbohydrates, and one of the cheapest. It is particularly beneficial for working horses and dairy cattle. We have a limited supply on hand and would appreciate your orders.

## Argentine Corn

We always have a good supply on hand. As a general feed, it is the cheapest on the market today.

## SALT

Do not forget that your growing stock need salt as well as your Dairy Cattle.

**The MORRISBURG FEED & PRODUCE Co.**

MORRISBURG, ONT.

## A Dandy Bobbing Set

SOMETHING EVERY GIRL NEEDS---A FINE OUTFIT FOR THE HOME BARBER

This clipper is OOO size of superior quality, specially suit able for bobbed hair, or neck trimming. The Shears are usual barber pattern of good quality steel, 7 inches long, nicely finished.

The Comb is a regular Barber's graduated coarse and fine black rubber comb, 7 inches long, tapered.

The set is enclosed in a hinged covered box, making a convenient, and handy receptacle for keeping the outfit.

We have only 25 sets to sell at this special low PRICE ..... **$1.69**

Compare our price with any Departmental Store.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SHIPMENT DIRECT FROM ENGLAND OF ENGLISH SEMI PORCELAIN DINNER WARE. OPEN STOCK PATTERN.

One of the new popular Royal Blue Band decorations. Finest white shape heavy glaze; deep blue border band, Heavy Matt Gold Edge and Gold hair line, half matt gold handles---A beautiful Dinner Set of 96 pieces.
Special price ..... **$19.45**

Here is an opportunity for lovers of odd pieces to select half a dozen cups and saucers, few odd plates, or other dishes at most attractive prices.

**R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.**

THE HARDWARE STORE—Opposite St. Lawrence Hall
MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

## FAIL TO AGREE ON DEEP WATERWAY REPORT

Ottawa, Nov. 24—Canada's attitude on the perplexing problem of the deep water development of the Great Lakes---St. Lawrence deep waterways project, indicated by the report of the board of Canadian and American engineers, will probably receive the consideration of the Dominion government as soon as the report is fully completed.

With the Canadian and American sections on the board failing to agree on the best method of securing and developing the proposed power and canal scheme, the belief is that the federal government will likely refer the question to the National Advisory Commission on St. Lawrence waterways, headed by Rt. Hon. George P. Graham for advisement. Action of this nature will probably not be taken for two months pending the completion of the seven appendices upon which the lengthy report of the joint board of Canadian and American engineers is based.

Its colosal cost and the failure of the Canadian and the American experts to agree upon the central issue of the project make the St. Lawrence deeper water ways scheme look like a dream impossible of realization for many years. That is the first impression made in the capital by the report of the joint board of engineers made public this week. It is an imposing document 32,000 words and deals with what has been considered for some time as one of the vital problems both in Canada and the United States, namely, providing larger ship capacity in the St. Lawrence and upper canal system and also meeting the rapidly increasing demand for hydro-electric power.

The Canadian section of the board comprising D. W. McLaughlin, Department of Railways and Canals at Ottawa, Oliver Lefebvre, Chief Engineer of the Quebec Streams Commission, Montreal, and Brig.-Gen. Charles H. Mitchell of the University of Toronto recommended a double stage scheme with a 67 foot head at the lower installation, foot of Long Sault Island and a 17 foot head at the upper installation, Ogden Island, near Morrisburg.

## MORTON---LAPIERRE

A quiet but pretty wedding took place in Trinity Episcopal Church, Syracuse, on Saturday, November 13th, when Miss Winnifred Morton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Morton, North Bay, Ont., was united in marriage to Edward A. Lapierre, Syracuse, N.Y., son of Mr. W. H. Lapierre of Morrisburg, Ont.

## BAKER--LaBARR

A very quiet but popular marriage took place at St. Pauls Anglican Church, Aultsville, on Wednesday, November 24th, when Mrs. Altha Delia LaBarr of Avonmore became the wife of Mr. Clarence Baker of Archer. The Ceremony was performed by the Rev. C. A. Bender, rector, only the contracting parties and witnesses being present.

Both the bride and the groom are popular members of St. Pauls Church.

## MORRISBURG COLLEGIATE

Geometry, Form V---

Lera Colquhoun 100; Gladys McQuaig 94; John McIntosh 86; Morley Beckstead 60; Dorothy Froats 60; J. W. McMartin 58; Donald Wells 56; Mahlon Strader 48; Irene Kenney 26; Donald Robertson 32, Howard Willard 32.

Geometry Form IV---

Jean McLaughlin 98; Irwin Hilliard 96; Helen Barkley 74; Mary Casselman 74; Mona Barr 68; Eileen Robertson 66; Dorothy Connor 62; Evelyn Lane 56; Florence Marcellus 54; Dora Casselman 53; Hilda Barkley 52; Hubert Casselman 50; Eleanor Beckstead 48; Luella Strader 48; Lynden Lawson 44; Edythe Laurin 42; Mary McDonald 42; Laura Casselman 40; Ralph Colquhoun 40; Florence Ouderkirk 36; Dwight Cougler 24; Ray Weaver 16; Marguerite Marcellus 12; Enid Davy 12; Ronald Beckstead 0; Eileen Baker abs. Paul Gormley abs. Gladys Wells abs.

Form I, Boys, Geography.

Strader Phil 87.5; Whitteker, Genzmer 87.5; McIntosh, Elgin 80; McLaren, Ross 80; Stansfield, Chas 80; Barkley, Claude 80; Duvall, Hubert 75; Ulman, Harry 70; Marcellus, Alfred 65; Merrill, Dalton 65; Styles T. 65; Cramer, George 60; McMillan, Alfred 58; Pemberton, Harold 55; Marcellus, Frank 50; Barkley, George 40; Wereley, James 35; Roy, Eric 15.

Art Form 1, Boys.

Stansfield, C. 63; Barkley, C. 59; Strader, Phil 58; McMillan, Alfred 55; Ulman, Harry 55; Cougler, Dwight 53; Merrill, Dalton 53; Pemberton, Harold 51; Barkley, George 51; Hummell, Glen 50; Cramer, Geo 48; Hummell, John 45; Roy, Eric 39; Whitteker, Genzmer 38; McIntosh, Elgin 35; McLaren, Ross 35; Duvall, H. 30; Marcellus, Frank 25.

Art, Form I Girls.

Berkley, Dorothy 60; Hanson, Beryl 60; Morrison, Dorothy 59; Loucks, Harriett 58; Wells, Bonnie J. 58; Salmon, Helen 58; Larmour, Ruth 57; Herriman, Stella 55; Reddick, Ruth 55; Hummell, Mary 55; Wells, Hilda 53; Robertson, Helen 53; Deeks, Eleanor 53; Williams, Mae 52; Clark, Kathleen 52; Coir, Ruth 48; Swerdfeger, Mary 45; Wells, Lyla 45.

French III Comp.---

Stewart Barkley 87; Iva Whitteker 84; Phyllis LaBelle 81, Alice Farlinger 80; Marjorie Barkley 77, Mona Hartley 73; Audrey Froats 65; Mae Colquhoun 63, Carman Casselman 61; Jane Williams 59, Ruth Weston 56, Ralph Froats 55, Gwen McGillis 57, Wilbur Garlough 48, Foster Bowman 48, Nola Burrette 43 Margaret McGannon 41, Marguerite Marcellus 37, Henry Rohrig 19, John McMartin 19.

Latin Prose Composition Form V---

Dorothy Froats 88, Lera Colquhoun 81; Ellis Merkley 78; Enid Davy 77; Irene Kenney 68; John McIntosh 65; Morley Beckstead 53; Ralph Colquhoun 36.

## FOR SALE

A Cutter, in first class condition. Apply to,

STANLEY FORWARD,
ap Williamsburg.

# Electors

A MASS MEETING IN THE INTERESTS OF

## Geo. Smith

THE PROHIBITION LIBERAL CANDIDATE, WILL BE HELD AT

## Morrisburg Tuesday, Nov. 30th

IN THE MUSIC HALL, AT 8 P.M.

MRS. GORDON WRIGHT, Pres. of Prov. W. C. T. U.

MRS. JAS. MURDOCK (Wife of the Hon. Jas. Murdock.

GEORGE A. McDONALD, B. A., Ottawa.

ALL COME. ALL THINK. ALL VOTE.

## HON. G. HOWARD FERGUSON

WILL ADDRESS THE ELECTORS OF DUNDAS COUNTY

IN LANNIN'S HALL, WINCHESTER

**Monday November 29th at 2 P.M.**

COME AND HEAR CANADA'S FOREMOST STATESMAN
EVERYBODY WELCOME. SPECIAL INVITATION TO THE LADIES

## It Costs no More

Why Not

## S-E-L-E-C-T

## Your R-A-D-I-O Set

WE SELL ALL THE LEADING MAKES OF RADIOS.

OUR OPINIONS ARE UNPREJUDICED. BE SURE AND CALL IN OR SEND FOR US BEFORE YOU PURCHASE ANY RADIO.

NO OBLIGATION-----NO REGRETS

## W. H. Fetterly & Co.

"AT THE OLD STAND"

## YOU WANT IT

## WE HAVE IT

## CHOICE BUCKWHEAT FLOUR

MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD
FIVE ROSES and ROYAL HOUSEHOLD, 100 per cent. whole wheat Flour.

COW TONIC---HERBAGEUM. HOG TONIC---HERBAGEUM
TRY IT
**NONE BETTER---FEW AS GOOD.**

USE TANKAGE 60 per cent. Proeum, and get your hogs on market three weeks sooner. OTHERS HAVE, WHY NOT YOU.

**W. S. L. MERRILL & SON**

PHONE, Office 39
Residence 104

Morrisburg, Ont.

## TO RENT

Frame House with three acres of land—excellent for market gardening, one mile west of town. Apply to,

ARTHUR FLYNN Morrisburg Ont.

# The RED RAIN MYSTERY by HEADON HILL

BEGIN HERE TO-DAY.

Samuel Honeybun, retired English countryman, startles the neighborhood with the announcement that blood is found in his rain-gauge Right on the heels of the announcement comes news of the strange murder of—

Sir Francis Lathrop, father of Margaret, who is engaged to Sir Guy Lathrop. Sir Guy is suspected of the murder, but—

Adrian Klyne, a private detective employed by Margaret, works on the theory that Honeybun's rain gauge has some connection with the murder.

Sir Guy leaves in a huff when Margaret refuses to marry, but returns in time to protect her from a strange man forcing his way into her sleeping chamber.

NOW GO ON WITH THE STORY.

CHAPTER X.

"Too dark to see. You will be wondering why I came back after our tiff last evening. Well, so far as I was concerned it wasn't a real tiff. I wanted to lay a false trail for Inspector Roake, who is burning to arrest me. I gave him the slip in London this evening, and here I am, under my own roof, which is the last place in England where he will look for me."

"I have been wretched all day, but now I am so happy," Margaret sealed the peace compact.

"Well, I cannot resume my habitation here openly on the old lines," said Guy. "Friend Roake would soon get wind of it through the local police, and I want to lie doggo till Klyne has won the trick. I have the utmost confidence in that young man. He conceded my innocence from the first."

"But how do you propose to live in a house full of chattering servants and keep your presence secret?" Margaret asked.

"I can only do it with your connivance and help," replied Guy. "If you are willing to accord them I shall occupy the hidden chamber in the east wing, in the family archives called 'The Priest's Hole.' I should have to rely on you, dearest, to feed me and let me out for an exercise stroll in the park after dark."

"Of course I will do it," rejoined Margaret. "I owe you a lot more than that for being such a pig last night."

"If you talk such rot I will give myself up to Roake," said Guy. "But as I have more sense I will go down the ladder and replace it where the midnight marauder took it from. In the meanwhile you can slip on a dressing-gown or something and go down and let me in through the study window. Then hey! for my hidey-hole and the ministrations of my beloved gaoler."

The program was carried out and a little later the lovers passed through a baize-covered door giving access to the east wing. This was the oldest portion of the Grange, disused and to a great extent unfurnished. Guy came to a stop in front of a carved oak panel representing grapes. With a touch on the centre bunch he sent the panel revolving inwards, revealing a dark interior which he proceeded to illuminate with a pocket torch.

"Not much comfort and no daylight," commented Margaret, noting the wooden bunk, two medieval chairs of great hardness and a table. "You'll need candles, bed-clothes and toilet ware."

"No time like the present," said Guy. "We will go and fetch the things now, while everyone is asleep."

They did so, and when Margaret had thoroughly mastered the manipulation of the movable panel, Guy stepped into what he called his bunk-hole.

"Don't forget the grub," he said and began to shut himself in.

"One moment," Margaret stayed him. "Does anyone else in the house know of this place? Aunt Priscilla or any of the servants?"

"Not a soul," Guy made answer. "It is a secret passed on from one head of the family to the next while the latter is still the heir. It went sorely against the grain with your father, but he played up like a sportsman and initiated me two years ago."

"How like him!" sighed Margaret. "I shall not rest till he has been avenged."

"That is up to us, and it seems a funny thing to say when I am a fugitive from a charge of having murdered him," replied Guy as he pulled the door of his prison to him till it clicked into its normal position.

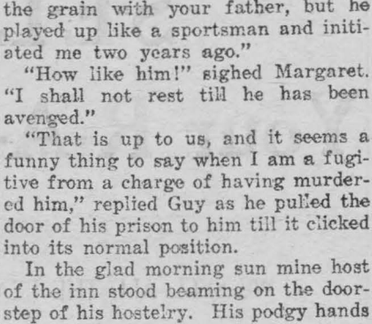
In the glad morning sun mine host of the inn stood beaming on the doorstep of his hostelry. His podgy hands stroked the paunch under his apron with great satisfaction. His honored guest, the Reverend Mr. Danvers, had curtailed his visit to London and had returned by the first train, so he had said on demanding breakfast. He had been absent only two days instead of the six he had threatened.

Presently Mr. Danvers came out and joined his host at the doorway.

"Things pretty lively in town, sir?" the landlord inquired.

"I found them so," was the dry response. "Not much doing in Cheverel, I suppose, while I have been away?"

"Nix, seeing as nothing happens in this village in a year and you ain't been gone forty-eight hours," said the landlord. "Come to think of it, though, you was inquired for by a nice



Presently Mr. Danvers came out and joined his host.

young lady—Miss Larkin, the parson's daughter. If I might make so bold, you're a quick one to make friends, Mr. Danvers."

"Perhaps it wasn't me that showed the turn of speed," laughed the man in clerical attire.

"Well, she's generally accounted a rapid mover, but I've always held that she isn't a bad sort," said the landlord. "She doesn't have a rosy time with her old man, from all accounts. Lazy sweep, and as greedy for money as they make 'em."

Klyne nodded and stepped out into the road. Out of the tail of his eye he caught a glimpse of Margaret Lathrop entering the postoffice. He was not supposed to be known to her in his curate incarnation, but he very much wanted to communicate with her, as doubtless she did with him. The opportunity was too good to be lost. He also visited the postoffice and, going to the counter, bought some stamps.

During the transaction he saw that Margaret was in one of the partitions devoted to people who want to write telegrams. He went over and occupied the next one, affecting to fill up a form.

"I am so glad you are back," whispered Margaret. "Did you make any discoveries in town?"

"I confirmed certain doubts which had been worrying me," replied Klyne vaguely. "I am not able to report anything conclusive yet. I found out that the man who tried to kill me is still in this neighborhod—never, in fact, left it for more than a few hours."

"I could have told you that," said Margaret.

And she proceeded to narrate her terrifying experiences with the dog, and with the midnight visitant at her bedroom window. But, except to say that he had gone up to London, she did not mention Sir Guy or his unexpected return in the nick of time to defend her. That would have entailed disclosing the secret of the priest's hole, and she did not feel justified in doing so till she had obtained her lover's permission.

Klyne pondered a long time. "Well," he said at last, "you had better be armed in future."

And he smuggled into her grasp a small automatic pistol, noting that the postmistress, who was also a grocer, was busy slicing bacon for a customer.

"Are you really writing a telegram, or is it only camouflage?" he asked.

"Camouflage. I saw you at the door of the inn and hoped you would see me and follow me here."

Klyne went on to describe his call at the Rectory and Adela's treacherous letter introducing him to Mr. Wilfred Symes.

So absorbed were they in the interchange that they had shown no sign of having noticed that the third partition had been occupied for the last few minutes and that the occupant, who now stole quietly out of the postoffice, was the young lady under discussion. Once outside, Miss Adela Larkin strode briskly away, her ripe lips twitching in a humorous smile—an acidly humorous smile, to speak by the book.

"Him a detective and never twigged me," she muttered over and over again till she passed through the Rectory portals.

And then the horrid thought: "Had the male party to that overheard conversation manufactured it with intent to mystify the eavesdropper in the next compartment? Had he, after all, 'twigged' her as she stood at his elbow, separated only by a pane of ground glass?"

In the meanwhile the gentleman who was causing Miss Larkin such searchings of heart was taking leave of his client in the village street.

"Thank you so much," said Klyne. "You have given me a valuable item of information on which I shall proceed to act. Good-bye for the present, Miss Lathrop."

He raised his clerical hat and sauntered back to the inn.

"I shall have to draw on my wardrobe for a change of garments," he muttered. "If Adela Larkin has spotted the Reverend Charles Danvers as Mr. Adrian Klyne the news may have been imparted. It is a pity that circumstances forbade my bringing a wider selection, but the check-suited bounder will have to serve. And I think I'll be an American millionaire."

(To be continued.)


## NURSES

The Toronto Hospital for Incurables, in affiliation with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York City, offers a three years' Course of Training to young women, having the required education, and desirous of becoming nurses. This Hospital has adopted the eight-hour system. The pupils receive uniforms of the School, a monthly allowance and traveling expenses to and from New York. For further information write the Superintendent.


## The Hill.

"I thought you would like it,"
Was what you said,
And dumb with beauty,
I bent my head.

Whispering poplars,
Moon-shade playing,
Our hushed voices,
Moon-light graying.

Grass-green meadows
That darkened down
To far lights marking
A little town.

Beauty murmured;
We heard her call—
Yet only the poplars
Spoke at all.

People have given
Me lovely things,
Books and pictures,
Brooches, rings.

Of all my gifts
I would rather see
The moonlit hill
You gave to me.

—Ethel Louise Knox.

Twice as many children live to grow up nowadays as compared with fifty years ago.

Of London's bridges, slow-moving horse traffic is heaviest on the Tower Bridge, with Waterloo Bridge next.

# COOKING POTS GROW ON TRINIDAD TREES

## NATIVES PLUCK UTENSILS FROM PLANTS.

### Home of Bees That Never Sting and Fish That Make Water Flame at Night.

Vines which produce sponges and trees from which natives may pluck cooking utensils were described by Dr. Fred J. Seaver, curator at the New York Botanical Garden, in a lecture. Dr. Seaver, who with several other mycologists recently completed a survey of the fungi of Porto Rico and the Virgin Islands, said many new fungi had been collected in Trinidad, where he passed eleven weeks studying tropical vegetation.

"The curiosities of Trinidad are not confined to the animal kingdom," said Dr. Seaver. "There are not only the banyan tree with its many trunks and the cannon-ball tree with its peculiar fruit, but also vines which produce sponges and trees which grow cooking utensils as though nature had combined to make it as easy as possible for the residents of this tropical land."

"The great cavern of the Guacharos," he said, "is populated by a rare, wierd bird known as the guacharo, which flies only by night and which when disturbed by day makes the cave resound like an inferno with its wild shrieks and cries. Still other caves are populated with the vampire, or blood-sucking bat.

"Other queer forms of animal life are the oysters which grow on trees, the huge lightning bugs, which, it is claimed, are used as candles by the peasants, and the 'twenty-four-hour lizard," which runs over the ceilings of the houses, picking off flies, which are greedily devoured as food.

"They are called 'twenty-four-hour lizards' because of a superstition that if one should fall from the ceiling and strike a human being the victim would die within twenty-four hours. Through sheer curiosity we attempted to remove some of them from the ceiling by using long sticks, but found it was impossible to do so because of their alertness and agility.

"The phosphorescent fishes which play about the shores making rings of fire in the water at night are another attraction. The leaf-cutting ants also arouse their share of interest. They live in great mounds almost as large as a small house, traveling often for miles over well built trails in search of material for their mushroom beds.

"Having found a suitable tree, the branches will be entirely defoliated by these active creatures in a single night and the leaves carried back in bits to their homes, where they are made into a compost and used as a garden on which certain fungi are grown and used by them as food.

"The stingless bees which one often encounters in the tropical jungles are a surprise to one who is accustomed to the war-like methods and the effective weapons of their northern relatives.



Pretty Fast Girl.

"When she's out with a man at night she's the slowest thing at getting home I ever knew."

"Yes; I've heard she's a pretty fast girl."

Geraniums are losing popularity among gardeners, their place being taken by begonias.


Minard's Liniment for Neuralgia.


# LORD AND LADY BYNG TRANSPLANT CANADA TO THEIR HOME IN ESSEX

Lord and Lady Byng have carried back to England with them many of the physical and mental associations which they experienced during their tenure of office at Rideau Hall, Ottawa; and they are endeavoring to make Thorne Hall, their old home, "a bit of Canada transplanted to Essex."

After many years during which he had no permanent home, the former governor-general of the dominion is home at last and "would like very much to have a real rest."

### Plant Canadian Flowers.

As we sat in the library of Thorne Hall, Lady Byng could be seen through the window, attired in a beaded moose-skin coat, a Canadian gift, directing the operations of gardeners who were creating a rock-garden of Canadian plants and flowers.

The former governor-general spoke of his many friends in Canada, and of his great affections for the dominion.

The constitutional question, he said, "is past and gone. It would be futile to discuss it now, and I have too great an affection for the Canadian people to wish for further controversy. I shall never forget the kindnesses of the Canadian people. I shall miss them all."

### Almost Strangers to Their Home.

Thorpe Hall is situated in ancient monastic lands, with fish-ponds created by the monks in bygone centuries, in order to ensure a supply of fish for Fridays. The estate was selected by Lady Byng, when her husband was in Egypt, in 1913. On the outbreak of the world war, they converted the estate into a hospital.

Then they came to Canada, and now for the first time in many years they have their home as a home. Part of the building is being reconstructed, and Lady Byng insisted on having all the woodwork of Canadian hemlock. Canadian maples, poplar, cedar and firs are also being planted in the grounds, and the fish-ponds are now populated with Canadian geese, teal, mallards and other wild fowl. On their last vice-regal trip, the Byngs took their English gardener, who selected plants, flowers and trees from all parts of the dominion, in order to make Thorne Hall a real "bit of Canada."


Accept No Other

"SALADA" TEA

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND

T38

Fine tea at its best. Only 43c per ½ lb.


## Norwich Cottagers Breed Canaries.

Norwich—this quiet old English city—is the headquarters of one of the world's quaintest cottage industries, the breeding of hundreds of thousands of canaries, whose songs are heard in nearly every country in the world. Little is commonly known of the survival of this industry through the changes and upheavals of the industrial age, but since the Flemish weavers were driven from their country in 1534, and settled at Worsted, now a decaying village about 12 miles from Norwich, bringing their canaries with them and teaching their English neighbors how to handle them, the canary industry has been an important source of income to thousands of families.

There is said to be scarcely a workingman's home in Norwich that does not house growing colonies of canaries. The owners give the most loving care and thoughful attention to their birds, who repay by flooding the cottages and tenements with their songs. When the young birds are ready for sale they are packed, each in its own little cage, with a three days' supply of food and with a sponge in the watercup to assure moisture and drinking supplies.

This is the shipping season and as the birds are gathered for shipment by motor trucks they sing and add their quota to the din and excitement of leavetaking. As a rule they go to wholesale dealers in Germany and from there are sent all over the world.

The breeders of the canaries devote much time and patience to teaching the birds to sing. It has been found that by drawing a cork along a glass bottle in a certain way the canary can be closely imitated. The owner sits in front of the cage and patiently rubs the cork until the canaries, unable to resist the swinging tones, join in the chorus and are soon warbling all day long. From an economic standpoint the industry is more important than might be though and it is estimated that the birds sold by the Norwich breeders during the present season will bring about £100,000 to the district.



Too Close.

Hubby—"The barber cut your hair pretty close, didn't he?"

Wifey—"I should say so. I could smell the garlic on his breath all the time he was working."


Minard's Liniment for Colds.


### Toll of the Seas.

During the first three months of the year 139,766 tons of shipping were totally lost by wreck or stress of weather, says a Lloyd return.

### Speaks For Itself.

Teacher—"What is a byword"
Junior—"Money."

One of the wealthiest thrones in India is occupied by the Maharajah of Kashmir. Kashmir is famous as the land of nightingales and roses, and is said to bring an income to its ruler in excess of $5,000,000 yearly.

Live fresh-water shrimps, wild animals, including tigers, a panther, and a bear, one hundred steam rollers, and twenty great locomotives are among the unusual freight carried on British railways recently.


PUZZLE

Find Santa Claus



25 Prizes Each a WRIST WATCH.

25 Prizes Each a CAMERA.

25 Prizes Each a CLOCK.

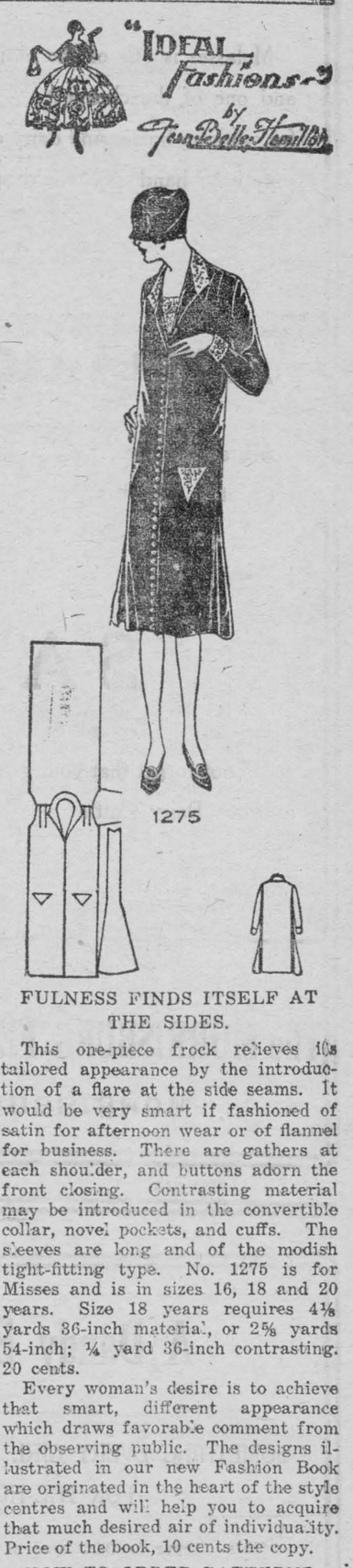
1000 OTHER PRIZES

If you can solve this puzzle and will sell 24 Frozen Perfumes at 10c each you can win one of the above prizes. Will you do this? It is very easy. If so, just mark SANTA with an X and send it to us at once and if it is correct we will send you the Perfume to sell right away.

SELFAST SPECIALTY CO.
Desk 12 Waterford, Ont.



"IDEAL Fashions" by Jean Belle Hamilton



1275

FULNESS FINDS ITSELF AT THE SIDES.

This one-piece frock relieves its tailored appearance by the introduction of a flare at the side seams. It would be very smart if fashioned of satin for afternoon wear or of flannel for business. There are gathers at each shoulder, and buttons adorn the front closing. Contrasting material may be introduced in the convertible collar, novel pockets, and cuffs. The sleeves are long and of the modish tight-fitting type. No. 1275 is for Misses and is in sizes 16, 18 and 20 years. Size 18 years requires 4⅛ yards 36-inch material, or 2⅝ yards 54-inch; ¼ yard 36-inch contrasting. 20 cents.

Every woman's desire is to achieve that smart, different appearance which draws favorable comment from the observing public. The designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are originated in the heart of the style centres and will help you to acquire that much desired air of individuality. Price of the book, 10 cents the copy.

HOW TO ORDER PATTERNS.

Write your name and address plainly, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Enclose 20c in stamps or coin (coin preferred; wrap it carefully) for each number and address your order to Pattern Dept., Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Patterns sent by return mail.





Loves Waist She Used to Hate!

Never discard a garment because you don't like its color. Nor because it's dull or faded. In less than an hour, you can make it a brand new, fashionable shade!

Home dyeing lets you dress better, and have the nicest home furnishings, without spending a lot of money. It's easy to dye anything—right over other colors—but whether dyeing or tinting, be sure to use *real* dye. Always ask for Diamond dyes; they give full rich colors, and true tints.

FREE at your drugstore, now: the Diamond Dye Cyclopedia; full of suggestions and complete, easy directions. See actual piece-goods color samples. Or write for big illustrated book Color Craft — free — address DIAMOND DYES, Dept. N5, Windsor, Ontario.

Diamond Dyes

Make it NEW for 15 cts!



For the Heaviest Woolens or the Finest Laces and Silks —

For the whole Family Wash —

Nothing Cleanses so Thoroughly and Safely as

LUX

LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED
TORONTO

L-537

# HUNDREDS OF AUTOMOBILES ARE SMUGGLED INTO CANADA EVERY YEAR

Ottawa.—Hundreds of automobiles are smuggled every year into Canada, and sensational disclosures are expected in the near future. The automobiles include both new and second hand cars, some of them stolen in the United States. Investigation already made by the Dept. of Customs shows that 99 per cent. of the stolen goods smuggled into Canada are motor cars. The fact that there is no sale for second-hand cars in the United States swells the traffic.

Special Officer Knox, who assisted Inspector Walter Duncan on the famous Bisaillon case, has been assigned to the automobile inquiry, while detectives in the role of mechanics are said to have been posted in garages throughout the Dominion in the hope of gathering useful information.

The law provides penalties, but the trouble is to catch the smugglers, who are exceedingly crafty. They buy old cars in the United States, secure Customs export papers on them and change the numbers on the cars, using the papers for the purpose of bringing in new cars at the valuation of the old ones. Not only that, but they use the same papers several times over.

The cars are sold in Canada to unsuspecting purchasers who are fooled by the bogus papers. Autos thus smuggled into the country, of course, are subject to confiscation by the Government.

## New Canadian Stamps



BEAR PICTURES OF NOTED STATESMEN

Reproductions of the 5, 10 and 20-cent stamps in the new historical issue series are shown.

# CANADA RENEWS ASSISTED PASSAGE AGREEMENT FOR BRITISH IMMIGRANTS

Ottawa.—Renewal for a period of two years the assisted passage agreement arranged last year for farmers, farm laborers and domestics, is announced by Hon. Robert Forke, Minister of Immigration. He further announced that the rate of three pounds sterling had been further reduced to two pounds sterling.

This means the following reduction in assisted passage for immigrants from the Old Country:

To Halifax, St. John and Quebec, from £3 to £2.

To Toronto, from £4.10.0 to £3.10.0; to Winnipeg, from £5.10.0 to £4.10.0; to Regina and Saskatoon, Sask., from £6 to £5; to Calgary and Edmonton, Alta., from £6.10.0 to £5.10.0; to Vancouver, B.C., from £9 to £8.

Nearly 20,000 people took advantage of the assisted passage rates to Canada from the United Kingdom last year. These included family units, farm labor and domestics. Of the 3,000 families planned for settlement in Canada, some 1,200 came out this year and the selection of next year's quota is now going on. Perhaps 1,400 or 1,500 families will be brought out next spring.

# ENGLAND TO BOMBAY IN FIVE DAYS BY GREAT BRITAIN'S NEW AIR LINER

London.—Great Britain's mystery airship, which will be ready in about a year for experimental flights to India preliminary to regular service, was exhibited last week for the first time. It was shown to the Dominion Premiers here for the Imperial Conference, but even they were not shown the secrets of its navigating and driving machinery.

The airship R-101 will be a luxurious liner with accommodations for 100 passengers. It is 730 feet long, 70 feet longer than the American dirigible, Los Angeles. It has two decks connected by an electric elevator, and promenades around the sides for passengers.

Cabins fitted with two or four berths are to be built within the ship's hull, with lounge, dining-room and kitchens capable of serving a six-course dinner. The lower deck and the remainder of the upper cabin are to be devoted to crew's quarters and a smoking-room. Quarters are to be fitted with shower baths and radio headphones for passengers.

The ship is expected to shorten the time from England to Egypt from six days to two and one-half days; to Bombay, from 15 to 5 days.

# THE MARKETS

TORONTO.

Man. wheat—No. 1 North., $1.44½; No. 2 North., $1.40; No. 3 North., $1.34.

Man. oats— No. 2 CW, nominal; No. 3, not quoted; No. 1 feed, 61c; No. 2 feed, nominal; Western grain quotations in c.i.f. ports.

Am. corn, track, Toronto—No. 2 yellow, 84½c; No. 3 yellow, 82½c.

Millfeed—Del. Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $30.25; shorts, per ton, $32.25; middlings, $40.25; good feed flour, per bag, $2.30.

Ontario oats, 48 to 50c, f.o.b. shipping points.

Ont. good milling wheat—$1.30, f.o.b. shipping points, according to freights.

Barley—Malting, 60 to 64c.

Buckwheat—85c, nominal.

Rye—No. 2, 91c.

Man. flour—First pat., $7.80, Toronto; do, 2nd pat., $7.30.

Ont. flour—Toronto, 99 per cent. patent, per barrel, in carlots, Toronto $5.75; seaboard, in bulk, $5.75.

Cheese—New, large, 20 to 20½c; twins, 20½ to 21c; triplets, 22c. Stiltons, 23c. Old, large, 26c; twins, 27c; triplets, 28c. Old Stiltons. 30c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 39 to 40c; No. 1 creamery, 38 to 39c; No. 2, 37 to 38c. Dairy prints, 31 to 32c.

Eggs—Fresh extras, in cartons, 72 to 73c; fresh extras, loose, 70c; fresh firsts, 58 to 60c; fresh seconds, 38 to 39c. Storage extras, 45c; do, firsts, 42c; do, seconds, 37 to 38c.

Poultry, dressed—Chicken, spring, squabs, 1 to 1½ lbs., 32 to 33c; do, spring, over 4 lbs., 30 to 32c; do, spring, 3 to 4 lbs., 32 to 35c; do, 2½ to 3½ lbs., 30 to 33c; do, 2 to 2½ lbs., 30c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 26c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 24c; roosters, 22c; turkeys, 50c; geese, 23c; ducklings, 5 lbs. and up, 35c.

Beans—Can. hand-picked, $3.60 to $3.90 bushel; primes, $3.45 to $3.60.

Maple products—Syrup, per Imp. gal., $2.25 to $2.30; per 5-gal., $2.15 to $2.25 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25 to 26c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 12½ to 13c; 10-lb. tins, 12½ to 13c; 5-lb. tins, 13 to 13½c; 2½-lb. tins, 13½ to 14c.

Comb honey—$3.40 to $4 per dozen.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 30 to 32c; cooked hams, 46 to 47c; smoked rolls, 28 to 30c; breakfast bacon, 34 to 39c; backs, boneless, 35 to 42c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., $23; 70 to 90 lbs., $21.50; 20½ lbs. and up, $22.34; lightweight rolls, in barrels, $42.50; heavyweight rolls, $39.50 per bbl.

Lard—Pure tierces, 14½ to 16c; tubs, 16½ to 17c; pails, 17 to 17½c; prints, 18 to 18½c; shortening tierces, 11¾ to 12¼c; tubs, 12¼ to 12¾c; pails, 12¾ to 13¼c; blocks, 14¼ to 14¾c.

Heavy steers, choice, $6.25 to $6.75; do, good, $6.10 to $6.35; do, med., $5.50 to $6.25; butcher steers, choice, $5.50 to $6; do, good, $5.25 to $5.75; do, com., $4 to $5.75; butcher cows, choice, $4.50 to $5.35; do, fair to good, $4 to $5; do, thin, $3 to $3.75; butcher bulls, good, $4.25 to $5; do, med., $4.25 to $5; bolognas, $3.50 to $3.85; canners and cutters, $2.25 to $2.50; good milch cows, $70 to $100; springers, choice, $100 to $120; med. cows, $45 to $60; feeders, good, $5 to $5.75; do, fair, $4.50 to $5; calves, choice, $10 to $12; do, good, $9 to $10; do, med., $6 to $9; grassers, $4 to $4.50; good lambs, $11.75 to $12; do, bucks, $8.50 to $8.75; do, heavy, $9.50 to $10; do, culls, $9; good light sheep, $6.50 to $7.50; heavy sheep and bucks, $2.50 to $6.50; hogs, thick smooths, fed and watered, $10.50; do, f.o.b., $10; do, off cars, $10.90; do, country points, $10.25; select premium, $2.05.

MONTREAL.

Oats, No. 2 CW, 70c; No. 3 CW, 64c. Flour, Man. spring wheat pats., firsts, $7.80; do, seconds, $7.30; do, strong bakers', $7.10; winter pats., choice, $6.50 to $6.60. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., $3.65. Bran, $30.25. Shorts, $32.25. Middlings, $40.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $14 to $15.

Cheese, finest wests., 17⅛ to 17⅜c; finest easts., 17 to 17⅛c. Butter, No. 1 pasteurized, 35 to 35½c. Eggs, storage extras, 45c; storage firsts, 41c; storage seconds, 36c; fresh extras, 62c; fresh firsts, 50c.

Cows, $1.50 to $3; bulls, $3 and $3.50; good veals, $11; do, med., $10 to $10.25; grassers, $3.25 to $3.75.

## VERDICT RENDERED OF MANSLAUGHTER

### Vendor of Liquor Convicted of Causing Death of William Maybee.

Milton.—On three of the four counts of manslaughter charged against him, Bert O'Angelo, the Hamilton bootlegger, was acquitted by a jury at the Fall Assizes. The jury, which was out two hours and forty minutes, brought in a recommendation for mercy on the one conviction registered. Sentence was deferred, and may be passed on Saturday, when D'Angelo will likely appear on the second indictment standing against him: that of administering, or causing to be administered, to Patrick Lyons of Oakville poisonous ingredients.

Few of the spectators who had crowded the courtroom all day were present when the jury filed in with its verdict at 8.13 Thursday evening. The single conviction was registered in the count arising out of the death of William Maybee, Oakville, wood-alcohol victim. The prisoner was acquitted on the three charges based on the deaths of George Gill and James Johnston, both of Oakville, and of Mrs. Olive Guertin of Toronto.

## DEADLOCK CONTINUES IN BRITISH STRIKE

### Miners Will Now Attempt Direct Negotiations With Owners.

London.—More than half the membership of the Miners' Federation having voted against the Government's peace proposals, at least another fortnight must elapse before anything definite can be accomplished in the way of a settlement of the protracted coal strike.

Official figures given out show that the Government's terms for settlement of the strike were rejected in the district voting by a vote of 460,806 to 313,200, in spite of the advice of the Miners' Federation Executive that they be accepted. Consequently, the miners' delegate confrence was hard put to-day to decide on the next step, and after a heated argument finally voted by nearly two to one a resolution submitted by South Wales that all the districts be asked to negotiate with the coal owners with a view to arriving at agreements.

The position therefore is that, except for a rather shadowy supervision which the wederation hopes to hold over settlements, the mine owners and men are left to make the best terms possible without any aid from the Government. This is looked upon as another victory for the mine owners, for all along they have resented Government interference of any kind.

### Planes Carry Canoes to Miners.

So many gold seekers are going into the remote parts of northern Ontario that one of the airways companies is to provide airplanes that will carry two canoes.

### Did Not Desire It.

Proud Parent—"So you desire to become my son-in-law?"

John Blunt—"No, sir, I don't; but if I marry your daughter, I don't see how I can get out of it."

## FIVE OF CREW LOST WHEN STEAMER BURNS

### No Passengers on Board the Montreal, Carrying Freight at Time of Disaster.

Montreal.—Five members of the crew of the Canada Steamship Line's steamer are believed to have lost their lives in the burning of the steamer early this morning near Sorel. The men are missing, and attempts to locate them have been futile.

Although the Montreal is a passenger carrier, she had finished her regular season fifteen days ago and no passengers were on board.

She was carrying freight on a trip from Montreal to Quebec when the disaster occurred.

The fire broke out near midnight while the steamer was opposite St. Joseph de Sorel, en route from Montreal to Quebec.

The S.S. Montreal was one of the finest ships in the passenger-carrying fleet of the Canada Steamship Lines, Limited, on the Montreal-Quebec service of the company. She had been employed throughout the summer season on the night line to the Ancient Capital.

She was built in 1904 at Sorel for the Richelieu & Ontario Navigation Company. She has a gross register of 4,282 tons, a net register of 2,299 tons, and was 332 feet in length, 43 feet in breadth, and was a steel paddle-wheel vessel with two funnels and four decks, including the boat deck. Her speed was about 23 knots.

### Government Teaches Canadian Cooks

Quebec.—The Quebec Government has become a patron of the art of cooking, and is mobilizing a staff of women to instruct cooks in hotels throughout the province how to prepare meals a la Canadienne. This is the outcome of the complaints of tourists that, coming to the province, in the expectation of enjoying French-Canadian cuisine, they found the hotels served meals practically the same as they could get almost anywhere.

In pursuance of its policy of encouraging the tourists by building good roads and insisting on improvements in rural hotel standards, the Government investigated the complaint and decided that experts were needed to teach the average hotel cook something about French-Canadian cooking.

### Memorial Must be Removed.

St. Catharines.—The falling away of the land on the lake shore in Chateauguay, Niagara-on-the-Lake, due to the ever-encroaching waters of Lake Ontario, has again made it necessary to remove the Niagara Historical Society's stone marker in order that it might not be destroyed. The marker was erected about twenty-six years ago to commemorate the finding and re-interment of the remains of Canadian and British soldiers who fell in the Battle of Fort George in May, 1813, while defending the town from the invading enemy Americans. It has already been moved back twice, each time the removal being necessary because of the falling away of the bank, the total distance being about thirty feet in all.

## FIVE SUSPENDED IN MONTREAL CUSTOMS

### Dealer in Lingerie Charged With Smuggling Goods from France.

Montreal, Nov. 21.—Five clerks in the General Postoffice branch of the Montreal Customs House were suspended Saturday on orders from Ottawa, pending investigations of data collected by agents of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police who on Saturday also arrested a dealer in lingerie on charges of violating the Customs Act.

Following the arrest, the dealer was released on personal bail. He will be arraigned to-morrow before Judge Cusson on two allegations of having smuggled goods in his possession and a third accusation regarding irregular invoices. At the time of the arrest the police seized a quantity of European merchandise valued by the Crown at several thousand dollars.

The suspensions and the arrest, it is stated, are linked with the importation of goods from France, which have come to Montreal by parcel post.

### Think It Over.

When you feel unkindly toward the man you work for—when your heart is full of resentment and your head full of revenge—stop and take a personal inventory.

There are always two sides to a situation. You are not all wrong; and if this be true, is it not reasonable to assume that the man you work for is not all wrong?

No person on earth can do good work with a single head full of malice and two hands that are closed like fists.—New Zealand Traveler.

## COMMERCIAL TIMBER NEARS EXHAUSTION

### Shortage Within Thirty Years Predicted at Imperial Conference.

London.—"A review of the forestry situation throughout the world leads to the conclusion that available supplies of the principal timbers of commerce are daily approaching exhaustion," was the feature of a report of the forestry subcommittee of the Imperial Conference. "There is every likelihood," continues the report, "that in less than 30 years the shortage of soft woods will be severely felt."

The United States, it is reported, has only 25 years' supply of timber left apart from the produce of second-growth areas. It is understood these resources will soon be limited to a few Western States. Canada has only 27 per cent. of her original forest left, and her virgin soft wood resources will last only another quarter century.

### Business is Good Everywhere Says Thornton

Montreal, Nov. 21.—After completing an inspection trip over six weeks, of the lines of the Canadian National Railways between the Atlantic and the Pacific, Sir Henry Thornton returned to Montreal to-day, expressing satisfaction with the business situation in the Dominion.

"In all the territory visited between Montreal and the Pacific Coast, including a dozen or more cities, there existed the quiet, firm spirit of optimism that indicates good business conditions. There is no 'boom' under way, but a healthy expansion in trade and agriculture is going on, and this should gather momentum during the next twelve months."

### Montreal Experiences Heavy Grain Blockade

Montreal.—With the season's overseas grain shipments from the port of Montreal up to the beginning of November 25,000,000 bushels short of the shipments at the corresponding date last year, 11,000,000 bushels in the elevators and 54 lake boats waiting a chance to unload, the grain blockade here has assumed an unprecedented character.

One reason given for the failure of Europe to take the expected quantities of grain is that there has been a shortage of ocean tonnage and higher freight rates due to the demand for tramps to carry American coal across the Atlantic.

It is pointed out that the creation of the Canadian wheat and coarse grain pools, all operating through a central selling agency, may be responsible for the slowing up of the movement of the new crop. Last year the pool was an experiment; this year it is an established fact. While the whole of the grain crop was handled by private traders, competition supplied a pressure to have the grain moved to the consuming markets as soon as possible. Traders here would sometimes pay storage in Europe in order to be in a position to make quick sales. But the wheat pool has greatly reduced the competition, and has no special incentive to rush grain to Europe, as it has storage elevators of its own on this side. Instead of glutting the markets with offerings in the fall, it can afford to wait, in the hope of better prices.

### Hunter Rides Deer For Two Miles in Bush

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Nov. 21.—To ride two miles through the bush on a deer's back is the thrilling experience narrated by Eugene Guzzo, who has just returned from a hunt at Goulais Bay.

"We were walking along a trail not far from Goulais Bay," Guzzo said, "when we saw a deer lying under a tree. At first we thought it was dead. On going close to it it did not stir, and then we decided to roll it over. I got hold of it by the horns. Immediately the deer jumped up, with me on top as though I was riding horseback. The deer gave me a merry ride for two miles."

### Sales Taxes Overdue by Two Thousand Companies

Ottawa.—Two thousand companies in Canada have not paid their sales tax to the Government when it was due. This is not ascribed to inability to pay, but to the fact that no interest is charged on overdue payments. It is probable that an amendment will be introduced providing penalties that will greatly reduce the number of delinquents. Heavy penalties are provided for persons who do not pay their income taxes promptly.

## MAGNA CHARTA OF THE DOMINIONS APPROVED BY IMPERIAL CONFERENCE

London.—The Imperial Conference has set its seal of approval on what one delegate describes as "the Magna Charta of the Dominions." Proceeding ahead of schedule, the Premiers' committee on inter-Imperial relations submitted its report to the plenary Conference, which adopted it. Not until Saturday afternoon, when the report was issued, were its secrets known. Among its provisions are:

1. Formal recognition in full of the equality of status as between Great Britain and the Dominions both in domestic and external affairs.

2. Application of this principle to the negotiations of treaties, thereby giving full effect to the resolution on treaty-making powers adopted at the last Conference.

3. Appointment of foreign consuls to a Dominion to be approved by that Dominion. Definition of the position of a Governor-General.

4. Report makes no joint pronouncement on the acceptance of the Locarno Treaties by the Dominions. It commends the work of Sir Austen Chamberlain in the Locarno negotiations, but leaves the question of their acceptance by the Dominions to any individual action the Dominions wish to take.

5. Report deals with ways and means of improving communications between the Dominions and Great Britain.

6. It does not attempt to draw up any formal written constitution for the Empire.

MUTT AND JEFF—By Bud Fisher.

Wait Till Jeff Gets Hold of That Barber.



# When People Like These Endorse Government Control

## —justifying their stand by such sound reasons, the proposal must possess real merit. They cannot all be wrong. Let their judgments help you in forming yours!

***Sir John Aird, President Canadian Bank of Commerce, Toronto:***

"Stress has been laid by prohibitionists upon the evil effect of liquor upon young people, and the claim is made that they will consume more liquor under the conditions proposed by Mr. Ferguson than under the O.T.A. If the aim of the prohibitionists is to strengthen the moral fibre of our youth, then in my opinion they are defeating their own object. Most of the young people whom I have had under me have occupied positions of trust, and have naturally been subjected to temptation. I have always found that to train a man to resist temptation worked out much more satisfactorily for all concerned than to try to devise elaborate means to remove the temptation from him."

***Sir Alan Aylesworth, Toronto:***

"I have been voting now for more than fifty years in parliamentary elections, and I have never given a Conservative vote, but I am going to do so this year, because I think that any measure of prohibition by law as opposed to prohibition by education is the very reverse of what I have always considered were the true principles of Liberalism. As well might one try to advance the interest of religion or of Christianity by legislation that would compel the people to go to church."

***Professor Alfred Baker, University of Toronto:***

"The O.T.A. has proved a failure, conceived though it was with the best intentions and administered by Attorneys-General who earnestly desired its success. It has not stopped the use of liquor; there has grown a contempt for the law; it has created a class of bootleggers who have been enriched beyond the dreams of avarice. Surely it is time to make a change!"

***Hon. R. B. Bennett, K.C., M.P., Ex-Minister of Finance, Calgary, Alberta:***

"Not only has the Alberta Act been declared to be legally valid, but in practice it does control the liquor traffic in that province. The best proof of what can be done is what has been done, and in the language of one of the judges of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court of the province in which I reside—'I think the present Liquor Control Act a good and sound one, and has done more in the direction of temperance than any law we hitherto have had.'"

***Lt.-Col. Arthur L. Bishop, St. Catharines, Ont.:***

"No good can come from arbitrary and hysterical measures. The O.T.A. has proved unforceable even under two such dry Attorneys-General as Mr. Nickle and Mr. Raney, and where they have failed no one else will succeed. We are facing facts, not theories. I think Government Control should be given a fair trial in Ontario, as it has been in the West, and I believe the result will be equally satisfactory."

***Col. Herbert A. Bruce, M.D., L.R.C.P., Toronto:***

"It is not a question of "dry" or "wet"; it is a question of another Temperance Act against one that has been tried and found wanting. I consider Mr. Ferguson's proposal reasonable and enforceable, and therefore a great advance on the old Act. As such it should have the support of every one sincerely interested in furthering the Temperance cause and reducing the evils of drunkenness."

***Police Magistrate C. H. Burgess, Peel County:***

"My view of the matter is that the sale of liquor is out of control and is running wild (under the O.T.A.), and it is necessary to try to bring it under control again."

***Rev. Father J. E. Burke, C.S.P., St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, Toronto:***

"It (the O.T.A.) has been no blessing. During the years it has been on our Statute Books the youth of Ontario, with singular and beautiful exceptions, has gone back. The terrifying increase in liquor amongst our boys and girls, even of tender years; the consequent deterioration of moral standards and conduct; the curse of the bootlegger; the conquest by strong liquor of our parents, our homes, our clubs, our students, our gatherings, have been begotten and thrived under the sway of prohibition."

***Mr. L. N. Byrns, former Treasurer Sarnia Prohibition Union, Sarnia, Ont.:***

"There are two questions before the electors in this campaign: (1) will we continue Government control under the Ontario Temperance Act, as we have had it for the last few years, whereby any person wanting liquor can buy all he likes from the bootlegger, or (2) will we have it controlled so that a person can only buy it through a Government commission house, where a person has got to have a permit to buy it, and then only a certain quantity at a time? I am not a staunch Conservative; I have voted Liberal when I deemed it wise, but will not this time."

***Col. R. H. A. Carman, Belleville, Ont.:***

"I am convinced the people have seen enough to lead them to decide they would rather have the distribution of liquor by Government regulation than by the unscrupulous bootlegger."

***Hon. and Reverend H. J. Cody, LL.D., D.D., Toronto:***

"The great achievements of the control plan, in my estimation, consist of the following: In the first place, people were no longer thinking and talking incessantly about getting a drink; in the second place, there was an overwhelming public opinion behind the enforcement of the Act where in the past public opinion had been strongly divided and illegal traffic had flourished because resorted to by a considerable section of the public; in the third place, bootlegging on a large scale was enormously diminished."

***Draper Dobie, Toronto:***

"Having voted Liberal in the last general election, and dry in the first two referendums, why have I decided to vote for Premier Ferguson's Government and policy? It is because Ontario wants more business and less taxes, more honesty and less deceitfulness, more breadth of education and less narrowness of parochialism, more self-respect and less fear."

***W. J. Fair, Kingston, Ont.:***

"When the late Principal Grant was at Queen's University he convinced me as probably no other man could of the pernicious evils of prohibition. Those like myself who remember Principal Grant, will agree with me when I speak of his far-seeing vision, his profound scholarship, and his true appreciation of human values. I believe prohibition is the blackest spot on the whole history of the Province of Ontario."

***Clara C. Field, Cobourg, Ont.:***

"Speaking from a woman's standpoint, I fear very much the result our present system of controlling the liquor question will have on the character of our young people, who are growing up in an atmosphere of reckless law-breaking and deceitful living. Will it be possible for them to have those feelings of patriotism they should have if they feel a contempt for the laws of their country? I feel I can certainly endorse Mr. Ferguson's policy as a sincere endeavor to solve a perplexing problem."

***Sir Joseph Flavelle, Bart., Toronto:***

"If the responsibility were mine I would not choose Government control as now stated as a reform for existing evils. I believe, however, there is a weight of public opinion which demands a change in the existing law, and which will not be set aside by the present hesitating body of public opinion for its enforcement. Therefore, with the elimination of the legal sale of liquors in public houses of entertainment, I accept the sale of liquors through Government agencies only, under a system of permits, as probably the best obtainable change enforcible under the existing state of public opinion."

***Rev. T. W. Goodwill, Presbyterian Church, Cobourg, Ont.:***

"I believe the O.T.A. to be a failure, but in this election campaign I regard the Act not as a political issue, but a moral issue; not a question of lack of enforcement but rather of impossibility of enforcement. I find conditions under the Ontario Temperance Act to be much worse than they were before. I believe that Premier Ferguson is making a sincere and studied effort to secure a law that will be observed and one that can be enforced."

***Principal W. L. Grant, Upper Canada College, Toronto:***

"As a total abstainer of twenty-five years' standing, as one who loves the young men of Canada and whose life is spent in doing his best for them, I am glad to align myself with Canon Cody, Sir Thomas White and Sir John Willison in support of the Prime Minister in his fight against the evils of intemperance and lawlessness."

***David Griffith, Greening Wire Works, Hamilton:***

"I travel twice every year through the whole of Canada. I know the extent of the bootlegging evil in Hamilton. I do not know that it can be worse in any other part of the Province. In the West you cannot hear any complaint with present conditions. In Ontario it is impossible to get away from expressed ridicule and disrespect for the O.T.A."

***Mr. F. Barry Hayes, Pres., Toronto Carpet Mfg. Co., Toronto:***

"My impression of prohibition is that whereas the country generally thought it would be very much to its interests, it has only resulted in making many of our citizens hypocrites and law-breakers. This is having a very bad effect generally. Drinking in our cities and larger towns has certainly increased to an alarming extent. I am not a 'wet', but I am not in favor of repressive legislation. The idea of making people good by statute is a delusion."

***Rev. Father C. J. Killeen, Belleville, Ont.:***

"I view with a great deal of concern the increase in lawlessness and crime that prohibition has engendered. It leads to a spirit of distrust. It is no use saying to the people 'You cannot have liquor.' Those who want it will get it. Fifty-one per cent. of the people cannot impose their will on the other forty-nine per cent."

***Rev. John Lyons, M.A., Church of England Rector:***

"After studying the situation I have become convinced that Premier Ferguson's policy is the best solution yet placed before the people of Ontario to adequately deal with the liquor problem."

***Ven. Archdeacon Mackintosh, Dundas, Ont.:***

"You never heard of the Prohibitionists of the Provinces which have Government Control asking for a change to what we call a prohibition law. It shows that they are satisfied with the law, and feel that it is useless to ask for a change."

***J. C. Makins, K.C., Stratford, Ont.:***

"In a very large percentage of the cases in my experience contested in court in these districts (Waterloo County and Windsor Border), perjury has been committed. This is one feature that our so-called 'temperance' friends seem to overlook. In this respect the cure seems worse than the disease."

***Rev. W. G. Martin, Pilgrim United Church, Brantford, Ont.:***

"No man, unless he is blind, can say with sincerity that the O.T.A. as a prohibition measure has been the success we hoped and believed it would be, when it became law. The more I consider the question the more convinced I am that the bringing about of prohibition, an ideal towards which we are all striving, and to which we are committed as men and women, eager for the best moral interest of the community and of the state, is a process of education. It is the responsibility of the home, the school, and the church."

***D. L. McCarthy, K.C., Toronto:***

"The Ontario Temperance Act has undoubtedly abolished the bar, but unfortunately, instead of having one bar in a hotel, we now have rooms in hotels converted into private bars."

***C. G. McGhie, Vice-President, Welland Vale Mfg. Co., St. Catharines, Ont.:***

"Not only labor, but the country as a whole, will be better under Government control. I strongly endorse the Ferguson policy."

***Major-General the Hon. S. C. Mewburn, Hamilton, Ont.:***

"I unhesitatingly state that in my opinion the policy of the Government control of liquor, as it is now stated by the Prime Minister, is sound and in the best interest of all the people of the Province. I have lately been in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia. . . . This is what I have learned. The people who were strongly in favor of prohibition will without any qualification whatever say now that since Government control of liquor has come into force they would never for one moment go back upon their present legislation."

***Controller William Morrison, Hamilton, Ont.:***

"There is more alcohol drunk in Hamilton now than at any time in the city's history."

***William Mulock, K.C., Toronto:***

"I have no hesitation in telling the people of Ontario that I favor Government control in preference to the O.T.A., and that I will support the policy of the Ferguson Government."

***Mrs. Emily Murphy (Janey Canuck), Police Magistrate, Edmonton, Alberta:***

"Before Government control became the law of Alberta I opposed it vigorously, both on the platform and by my pen. I was fearful that our last state would be worse than our first. It seemed only logical that if the restrictions were removed there would be more drunkenness and crime. No living person could persuade me to the contrary.

"After a period of several years in which I have been called upon to enforce the present Liquor Control Act, both as a city and provincial magistrate, I am bound to acknowledge that my fears were largely unfounded. There was not even a rush of inebriety as I had predicted, the people showing a remarkable degree of restraint. The condition was steadily improved—again I say, not from any degree of spiritual enrichment on the part of our people—but because the law was well conceived and is being well enforced."

***Dr. G. J. Musgrove, Temperance Candidate in 1919, Niagara Falls, Ont.:***

"Before 1916 we had 15 bars and liquor stores in Niagara Falls; now we have double that number of bootleggers. The Provincial Police and the License Inspectors have been very active in endeavoring to enforce the Ontario Temperance Act, but it is really impossible to do so. I am not only in favor of Mr. Ferguson's policy, but I particularly endorse the provision that no permit shall be given to persons under 21 years of age."

***Mr. Paul J. Myler, Pres. Canadian Westinghouse Co., Hamilton, Ont.:***

"As a large employer of labor I see no possibility of room for complaint in Ontario when a man shall be allowed a bottle of beer in his own house. Long experience with our men in this company is good enough for me on this point."

***J. G. Notman, Vice-President McKinnon Industries, St. Catharines, Ont.:***

"We have as much trouble now with our labor as we had before prohibition came into effect. There are the same Monday and Tuesday difficulties, but now they are due to poisoned alcohol. Our men would be much better if they could have good beer when they want it. Government control as they have it in the West is what we should have in Ontario."

***Col. W. N. Ponton, K.C., Belleville:***

"As a lawyer I know that the sad fact cannot be controverted, that in liquor cases under the repressive O.T.A. truth has lost its ancient power. The administration of justice has been honeycombed by perjury and the oath has lost its sanctity, despite the conscientious and able efforts of magistrates, Crown attorneys and police officers who have done their best to stem the tide of revolt. Where the law ends, tyranny begins. The O.T.A. is despotic, arbitrary and against the will of the citizens of Canada. A wise law is 'the State's collected will.' The O.T.A. never was. Under the O.T.A. we are all treated as children and weaklings and criminals."

***Dr. A. Primrose, Dean of Medicine, Toronto University:***

"They (the medical doctors) are legally permitted to issue a definite number of prescriptions each month, the inference being that the number of sick folk requiring alcohol should not exceed that number, and the doctor if he keeps within that limit is safe from adverse criticism. The present situation is intolerable. The medical profession must be released from such undignified servitude."

***P. D. Ross, Publisher Ottawa Journal, Ottawa:***

"Government Control has operated in several of the Provinces of the Dominion, and apparently without grave evil—at all events without such palpable evil as to suggest that prohibition is a necessity; certainly without such evil as is palpable under prohibition in the United States. It seems to me that the amount of public or private harm which the proposed Government control leaves possible need not compel any of us to interfere with the personal freedom of other people."

***Dr. F. N. G. Starr, Toronto:***

"Some over-zealous people tell us that Government Control does not work in the Provinces where it is being tried, but such is not my interpretation as I have found it. I have visited each Province where there has been a change, both under prohibitory measures and under Government Control, and the odds, to my way of thinking, are all on the side of Government Control."

***Mr. Edward Tellier, former Liberal Member for North Essex, Windsor, Ont.:***

"I do not look upon this as a party fight. I think we must all take off our coats and put Government Control over. I am for Government Control first, last and all the time."

***Dr. J. A. Temple, M.R.C.S., LL.D., Past President Ontario Medical Association, Toronto:***

"There is one fact that is very prominent in my mind and which I think might well be emphasized—that is the great increase in the use of narcotics in the last three or four years. The man who was addicted to liquor has switched in many cases to drugs. While there is always hope for the drunkard, it is almost impossible to cure the drug addict. The O.T.A. was much too sweeping in its provisions."

***Most Rev. G. Thorneloe, D.D., D.C.L., Archbishop of Algoma, and Metropolitan of Ecclesiastical Province of Ontario, 1915:***

"There is in human nature a sense of freedom which must be respected. All these considerations have to be weighed by the Government, and I have very great hope that the measures proposed by Premier Ferguson will be found, if carried out, to be a very great improvement on what we have been experiencing the past few years."

***Sir Charles Tupper, Winnipeg:***

"The reasons that convince me most firmly that Premier Ferguson's policy will prove a great boon for the people of Ontario are based on my observation of the great success of liquor control in Manitoba. Control in Manitoba has brought about the following three great improvements: there is less drinking by both young and old, particularly by the young; control has created a higher moral tone in the community at large; it has also brought about a decidedly higher respect for law."

***L. A. Van Skiver, formerly Inspector Children's Aid Society, Picton, Ont.:***

"I have been an ardent prohibitionist all my life. But in the discharge of my duties as Inspector for the Children's Aid Society I came across conditions that impressed me with their seriousness. In almost every case of destitution which came under my observation I found that bootlegging was the cause. I do not believe in changing my prohibition beliefs that I am taking a retrograde step. Prohibition means war."

***Rev. Frank Vipond, Streetsville, Ont.:***

"I am not afraid to express the conviction that the greatest enemies of Christian temperance, of sobriety, and of the upbuilding of strong Christian character have not been the breweries and distilleries, but official and fanatical prohibitionists who have been willing to make of the Christian faith a lesser thing than that of the Mahometan."

***H. S. White, K.C., President Ontario Bar Association, Toronto:***

"I am satisfied that . . . there is in the province no such thing as prohibition under it (the O.T.A.), for the simple reason that every person who wants liquor can get it without difficulty. I believe that the Premier and the Government have followed the only proper course open to them in asking the people for a mandate to remove our affliction from us."

***Rt. Hon. Sir Thomas White, K.C.M.G., Toronto:***

"That the Ontario Temperance Act is not capable of adequate enforcement, lacking as it does the strong support of public opinion, must by this time be clear to all who have given any study to the subject. The time has arrived to so amend it as to prevent and limit, as far as possible, the evils of intemperance under a system of Government control, having a firmer support of public opinion, and under regulations which will not lead to the evils which for the past seven years have been inseparably connected with the administration of the O.T.A."

***Col. Rev. Cecil G. Williams, Dominion Secretary, Navy League of Canada:***

"Should I steal, commit forgery or break any other law in Canada except that of the O.T.A., I am punished and upon my release ignored, until I have rehabilitated myself, by those who know me, because they are sympathetic to and upholders of the law. But if I violate the O.T.A. and am punished for the same according to law, I have the sympathy of my friends, showing that they hold the law in contempt. Very different is the treatment extended in the two instances. The law should be the same from coast to coast for individuals and all classes, and until it is I cannot see the righteousness or the practicability of the O.T.A."

***Most Rev. David Williams, Archbishop of Huron and Metropolitan of Ontario, London, Ont.:***

"It (the O.T.A.) has done more to encourage deceit and subterfuge, more to demoralize the youth of the country and to create a general disrespect for law than all the other causes combined during the ten years of its existence. Government Control, with individual permits, is the only sane system."

***Levi Williams, Police Magistrate, Picton, Ont.:***

"All my life I have been a temperance advocate. But when I saw not only how the law itself was being disregarded by people who were not addicted to law-breaking but by the actual perversion of the process of justice, I felt there must be some changes. I have been magistrate in Picton for 18 years, and what has struck me recently is the limits that people will go to perjure themselves when faced with charges of violating the Ontario Temperance Act."

***Sir John Willison, Toronto:***

"I was wholly unprepared for the unanimity of opinion expressed in favor of Government Control. Again and again I was told by those who had opposed the system and voted for prohibition in plebiscites and referendums that conditions were better under control and that they would not vote to restore the prohibitory enactments. No one suggested that bootlegging had been wholly abolished or that there was no unlawful selling or illicit drinking. They did insist that bootlegging was less common and less profitable, that the law was generally respected and enforced, that there was far less drinking in hotel bedrooms and more undesirable places, and that there was a greater degree of social contentment and no such feeling as under prohibition that flasks must be carried and a secret store of liquor provided for dances, house parties and like events."

***Albert Whitney, brother of the late Sir James Whitney, Prescott, Ont.:***

"The facts stare us in the face. When the Government dispensaries of this province are in receipt of a yearly revenue of something like five million dollars, and the bootleggers are profiting to the extent of some twenty-five million, it seems to me that it is time to call a halt, and ask ourselves in all seriousness if this whole business would not be in far better hands entrusted to a Government with the splendid business record of the present Provincial Government, of which the Hon. Howard Ferguson is head."

***The above excerpts from letters, interviews and addresses are necessarily restricted, also limited in number, owing to lack of space.***

# VOTE CONSERVATIVE

## FOR TRUE TEMPERANCE

Ontario Conservative Committee, 36 King Street East, Toronto.

# OUR CORRESPONDENTS

## WILLIAMSBURG

Mrs. Linden Shannette spent a couple of days with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Peter McIntosh.

A large number from here are attending the winter fair at Ottawa.

Mrs. J. C. Payne and Mrs. John Adams were guests at the Temperance House on Tuesday.

Miss Mabel Casselman of Ottawa Civic Hospital is spending her holidays at her home here.

There will be no early closing in stores here during month of December.

We are sorry to report that Mrs. Clifford McIntosh is in the hospital in Ottawa. We hope for a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Fay Merkley of South Mountain spent the week end with friends here.

Mrs. J. D. Beckstead spent Monday in Ottawa visiting her daughter Mrs. Claude Merkley.

Mrs. Philip Fetterly and Miss Belle visited at Mr. Frank Casselman's this week.

Rev. McCreery of Ottawa was calling in town on Wednesday last.

Mrs. George Pharoh was visiting friends in Ottawa this week.

Mrs. Will Bailey of Chesterville. visited at her brother's Mr. Charles Loucks, last week.

Don't forget the big bazaar and supper on December 3rd in I.O.O.F Hall under auspices of Ladies Aid of United Church. A choice assortment of fancy goods, Aprons, Babies' Wears, Knitted Goods and Homemade Candy for sale. Supper from 5 until 7 o'clock. Price 25c.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Durant and Miss McGee of Chesterville and Dr. Runnels of Montreal were guests at Mr. J .D. Beckstead's on Sunday.

The regular monthly meeting of the Womens Institute will be held Thursday evening at the home of Mrs. Trickey.

## AULTSVILLE

Mr. Lawrence Loucks of Massena, N.Y. spent Thursday here with Mrs Loucks and other friends.

Mr. George W. Markell who has spent the past week in Belleville with his daughter Mrs. H. Froats and family returned home on Wednesday.

Miss Edna Hanes of the I.H.S. spent the week end here at her parental home.

Mr. Gerald Ault of Ottawa spent the past week end here with his mother Mrs. Nellie Ault.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Rombough and daughter Miss Helen Hanes and Mrs. Alice Duffin spent the week end visiting friends in Brockville.

At the service next Sunday morning at Eleven o'clock, in Trinity United Church, the Pastor Rev. G. W. Dustan will speak in the interests of Prohibition and the present Crisis in Ontario.

A well attended and enthusiastic mass meeting was held in Fraternity Hall on Tuesday evening in the interests of Prohibition..

The Womans Missionary Society of Trinity United Church purpose holding a Sacred Concert in the auditorium on Friday evening December 3rd at 8 o'clock. A splendid program will be presented by home and outside talent and the popular prices of 35 cents for adults and 20 cents for children should insure a large audience.

Rev. and Mrs. W. H. English and son Linden of Rochester, N.Y., and Mr. and Mrs. W. Jackson of Lisbon, N.Y., were calling on friends here last week.

Mr. Reveller of Massena, N.Y., Mrs. Reveller of Winchester and their daughter ((nee Alice Reveller) of Rochester, N.Y. spent the week-end here with Mr. George Dillabough

Rev. Mr. McLennan of the Bible Society held his annual meeting in Trinity United Church last Sunday at 7.30 p.m. The new officers appointed were Mr. Edward Thompson President and Mrs. J. S. Morgan, Sec.-Treas.

## R. M. D WILLIAMSBURG

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. E. Whitteker and son Howard were visiting at Mr. and Mrs. Chas. F. Whitteker's on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Darcy Patrick spent Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Thos. H. Casselman's.

Rev. Russell was calling on his people one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. L. Casselman and family spent Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Wm. J. Whitteker's, Sunday.

Callers at Mr. Thos. H. Casselman's on Friday were: Mr. Guy Loucks, Mr. Wm. J. and Wilfred Whitteker and Mr. John Whitteker of Dundela.

Mr. and Mrs. aJs. Casselman were calling on Miss Ella Beckstead on Friday evening.

Mrs. Thos. H. Casselman spent one day last week visiting Mrs. Saxon Hess.

Mrs. Della Warner spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos H. Casselman.

Visitors at Mr. and Mrs. Wm. L. Casselman's on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. Jas. D. Forsythe of Finch and Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Rodsford of Chesterville.

Mr. Joe Adams Jr., has arrived home from the west and intends spending some time with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Archie Casselman and little daughter Adah, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Lawrence Cartner of Kenmore.

Mr. Ross and George Beckstead spent Sunday with Mr. Johnnie Beckstead.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Casselman spent Sunday at Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Casselman's.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Merkley and daughter Joyce spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Render, at Iroquois.

Mrs. Lyle Casselman and Donald Helen are spending a few days at Avonmore, visiting Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Henderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Darcey Patrick spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. C. Casselman.

Mrs. Harold Whitteker and Mrs. Joe Adams and son Joe were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Archie Casselman on Monday.

Visitors at Mrs. Guy Cunninghams on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. E. Pitt and Miss Olive Strader and Mr Lorne Cunningham.

Mr. Archie Patrick has returned home after spending some time in the west.

## BECKSTEAD

Miss Lola Henry spent a few days last week with Misses Verna and Jessie MacLean.

Mr. and Mrs. Lilburn Beckstead and Mr. Arza Beckstead and Miss Rennie Beckstead spent Sunday at Mr. Parry Hess's, Williamsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Wallace and children Miriam and Margaret visited the former's parental home on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Carruthers and Miss Kathleen Carruthers spent Sunday at Mr. Mahlon Beckstead's

Mr. and Mrs. Earle Beckstead and children took tea Sunday evening at Mr. Lloyd Froat's.

Mr. Mahlon Beckstead returned home on Friday from Windsor.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against the estate of John Styles late of the Township of Williamsburg, in the County of Dundas, farmer deceased, who died 4th November instant, are required to forward their claims duly proved to the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of December, A.D., 1926, and in default thereof and immediately after the said 15th day of December, the said Administrator of said Estate will proceed to distribute the assets of the said estate having regard only to the claims of which he then shall have had notice and the said administrator shall not be liable for the assets, or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 20th November, A.D. 1926.

IRWIN HILLIARD,
Administrator,
Morrisburg, Ont.
cp

## SUMMARY OF RETURN OF ELECTION EXPENSES

Of Preston Elliott, a candidate in Election held Sept. 14th, 1926, for a member to represent the riding of Grenville, Dundas, in the Dominion Parliament:----

| | |
|---|---|
| Contributions paid | $125.50 |
| Contributions not paid | 146.00 |
| Expenditures:--- | |
| Taxi Service | $22.00 |
| J. E. Allen, travelling Expenses | 5.65 |
| Hall rent | 1.50 |
| Postage | 24 |
| Candidate's Personal Expenses | 92.98 |
| Total expenditure | $122.37 |

THOS. HOULEHAN.
Official Agent.

## SUMMARY OF ELECTION EXPENSES

On behalf of Arza Clair Casselman for Electoral District of Grenville-Dundas:

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts fully paid | $450.00 |
| Expenditures:--- | |
| Petty Expenses | $44.68 |
| Hire of Premises | 111.00 |
| Services | 136.50 |
| Travelling | 94.00 |
| Total | $386.18 |

A. SHENNETT Jr.
ac Returning Officer.

## NOTICE

The Dundas County Trustee and Ratepayers Association will hold its annual meeting in the Orange Hall, Winchester Springs, on Tuesday, December 7th, 1926, at one o'clock P.M.

All Trustees and Ratepayers are requested to be present, and to submit questions or resolutions on any subject related to education.

A. D. CARKNER, Pres.
bc

## FOR SALE

One Newcombe Piano in good condition.

Apply Leader Office. tfc

## HOUSE TO RENT

Mrs. K. M. McGannon desires to rent her home. It is furnished throughout and equipped with all modern conveniences--warm and comfortable home with a pleasant outlook--terms moderate.

Address-
K. M. McGANNON,
Box 98, Morrisburg.

## SALE OF HATS AT WILLIAMSBURG

We have a few nice Winter Hats in Matron's, Ladies' and Miss' and are offering them cheap. Please call and see them.

MISS ROBSON & MRS. NORVAL
bp Morrisburg

# VOTE FOR GEORGE SMYTH

# Why?

Because he stands four-square in support of the Ontario Temperance Act.

We have had this excellent law for ten years.

We know the good it has done.

It will do GREATER good in the future if properly enforced

Government sale of liquor has not eliminated the bootlegger in Quebec and British Columbia.

It will NOT eliminate the bootlegger in Ontario.

No one knows just what the Ferguson policy is.

But what we do know of it bodes disaster.

Why leap in the dark to certain destruction?

SIGNED ON BEHALF OF THE

**DUNDAS PROHIBITION UNION**

**ROY M. POUNDER**

# TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF DUNDAS:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have been unanimously chosen as the Liberal-Conservative Candidate in the approaching Provincial Election. In accepting the nomination I have made it clear that I do so as a straight Conservative Candidate, in full accord with the policy of the Government.

I appreciate the honour that has thus been conferred upon me, but I realize that this honour carries with it a corresponding responsibility, and while accepting the honour I assure you I shall not disregard my responsibility.

The administration of the affairs of the province by the Liberal-Conservative Party during the last three and one half years has not been seriously assailed, in fact unbiased political critics have pronounced it an excellent administration. It is therefore with unbounded confidence that I appear before you as a candidate, in accord with the policy of the Liberal-Conservative Party.

Mr. Ferguson's temperance policy appears to be the only controversial question before the people in the present campaign. The Ontario Temperance Act has been in operation in the province for ten years and has accomplished much good, but the law has always been disregarded and held in contempt by large numbers of our people which is to a great extent responsible for lawlessness and non-observance.

Attorney Generals Lucas, Raney and Nickle, successively, have honestly, I believe, tried to enforce the law with but little success. Evils have crept into the system, such as secret drinking, hypocrisy, perjury and general lawlessness. Boot-legging has been carried on to an alarming extent, generally by the worst element of our peoples, many of whom are desparadoes who do not even regard human life in the operation of their nefarious business.

The Government, by the proposed amendments to the Ontario Temperance Act, expects to retain the good features of the law and to eliminate, as far as possible, the evils. I am persuaded that this can be done and that the act with the proposed amendments will result in a much better material, social, and moral condiiton than exists at the present time.

I have always been a consistent tempe ance man, and while I am a Conservative, proud of the achievements of the Conservative Party in the matter of Temperance Legislation in the past, and ready to trust the party for the future, I am not pledged to any man or any party. If you elect me as your representative, I shall go before the Legislature as a free man, without a muzzle of any kind, free to exercise my best judgment on all matters appertaining to the best interest of my county, my province and the welfare of the people.

I have outlined a straight course in this campaign and I shall follow that course to the end. In this course and on this policy I solicit the support of all loyal Conservatives, and all others of my fellow-citizens who are interested in the cause of true temperance, the welfare of the people and good Government.

With best wishes for your success and happiness.

I beg to remain

Yours faithfully,

**JOHN McCORMICK,**

WINCHESTER, ONTARIO.



JOHN McCORMICK
Liberal-Conservative Candidate

THERE IS A DEMAND FOR LIQUOR IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO AS EVIDENCED BY THE ENORMOUS LEGAL SALE OF $5,225,000 WORTH THROUGH DOCTORS' PRESCRIPTIONS AND $30,000,000 WORTH SUPPLIED TO OUR PEOPLE BY BOOTLEGGERS. WHO SHOULD CONTROL THIS SALE? THE GOVERNMENT OR THE BOOTLEGGER?

THE PEOPLE WILL ANSWER THIS QUESTION BY THEIR VOTES DECEMBER 1st.

VOTE CONSERVATIVE AND PUT THE BOOTLEGGER OUT OF BUSINESS.

IT IS FREELY ADMITTED THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE TO PROHIBIT THE SALE OF LIQUOR---THEN, WE MUST CONTROL IT

GOVERNMENT CONTROL WILL BRING TO THE PROVINCE A LARGE REVENUE THAT NOW GOES TO THE BOOTLEGGER AND THAT WILL BE USED TO REDUCE TAXATION

VOTE FOR THE CONSERVATIVE CANDIDATE AND REDUCE YOUR TAX BILL

# PREPARE THE BEES FOR WINTER

The natural sources of nectar are practically at an end for this year. What the bees put in storage from now on you must give them. To winter a colony successfully, see that they have plenty of food in the hive before putting them away for winter. Weigh each hive; a ten-frame Langstroth hive-body with bottom board, inner cover and bees will weigh approximately 20 pounds. See that the scale weight reads 70 pounds or more, the added 50 pounds being the required food supply, without which the bees cannot live.

If the hives are not up to the required weight now, it is advisable to make preparations for feeding at once. To feed sugar syrup for winter, inverted ten pound honey pails with fine perforations in the covers are the best feeders to use. If these are not available, however, Mason fruit jars with screw tops and two thicknesses of cheese-cloth used in place of the solid top will answer the purpose. These feeders are placed inside an empty hive-body and are inverted directly on top of the brood frames with a bag or quilt over the feeders to retain the heat while they are on the colony. The feeding is best done in the evening and the entrance of the colony should be reduced by at least one-half. The best time to feed is any time after October 15th. A good colony will take down 30 to 40 pounds of syrup in one night, if so much is needed, to make the honey and fill the combs.

The syrup is best made by using white granulated sugar, two parts of sugar to one of water, by measure or weight. If those proportions are fairly exact and every granule of sugar thoroughly dissolved by placing the vessel in hot water and constantly stirring, there will be little granulation of the syrup afterwards.

With 50 pounds of honey in the hive, the colony will be in good shape in so far as food is concerned, until May of next year.

If your colonies have too few bees or have old failing queens, practice the following management this autumn. Unite all colonies which, when examined on a cool morning, do not cover more than two frames on both sides. The simplest and best plan to unite is to place one brood chamber directly on another, with a single sheet of newspaper between. Leave this way for one week and then shake all bees into one brood chamber. The two queens will fight and the stronger one invariably survives, so no notice need be taken of the queen when uniting.

Do not unite colonies if American Foulbrood is present.

Strong colonies, an abundance of stores, and good winter protection are the three big factors that will make for success in gathering the nectar of 1927.—Ontario Agricultural College.

## I Tan My Own Hides.

Calfskins, I find, make the best all-around leather for lacing and other odds-and-ends patching. I tan them by the salt-acid method.

You soak the skin until it is freed from all flesh and grease. (I got the best results by alternately soaking and fleshing.) After the flesh and grease has been removed soak the skin in a preparation of wood ashes and water or slaked lime and water. To make the hair slip the skin must be left in this preparation from one to three weeks, depending on the weather. In warmer weather it takes less time.

When the hair can be rubbed off easily and a thin, cheesy layer is removed with the hair, then the skin is ready for graining. To grain, or remove hair, I place the skin over a wide flat board and scrape it with the back of a knife. A corn knife will do nicely. If all the fine hairs do not come off soak again until they do. When all the hair is removed, as well as flesh and grease, wash in strong soapsuds, then scrape both sides until the skin is clean and free from dirt, hair, flesh and grease. Now the skin is ready for tanning.

To make the salt-acid solution, dissolve one pound of common salt in one gallon of water. Then pour one-half ounce of concentrated sulphuric acid slowly into this, stirring all the while. When this solution has cooled submerge the skin in this so that it is completely covered and leave it for about thirty-six hours, depending on the thickness of the skin. To determine whether the skin is tanned or not cut off a small piece. If it has a stringy, tanned look it is ready to be removed.

When the skin is tanned rinse well in clean water. Then work it for about ten minutes in a solution made by using one ounce of powdered borax to the gallon of water. Remove and squeeze (do not wring) the water out of the skin and place it over the board again and scrape with the back of a knife; this removes most of the water. Apply a thin coating of butter, neat's-foot oil or any other animal oil to the flesh side and hang out to dry. When nearly dry work the skin over the back of a round-backed chair. In order to get a soft, pliable skin as a finished product it must be worked while it is drying and not after it is dry. If the skin is not soft enough when dry it must be evenly dampened again and worked over. To remove any remaining grease give it a hasty bath in gasoline.

If the above directions are followed a very serviceable leather will be the result.

## Tuberculosis Safeguards.

When the herd is brought into winter quarters, if there is any tuberculosis present it undoubtedly will increase during the winter. This is because of the close contact of the cattle. A tuberculosis test should be made at this time and all reactors eliminated.

At this time the chickens should be carefully examined and some tests made for tuberculosis among them. If any considerable amount is found, the entire flock should be disposed of. It is almost impossible to keep the chickens from mingling with the cows. Since it is easy to replace a flock of chickens, and so difficult to replace a good herd of cattle, this is a wise precaution.

The dairy barn should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected after the cattle are tested. If milk from an unknown source, or milk that has been mixed with unknown milk in separating, is fed to the calves, it should be heated to 145 deg. F. and held at this temperature for thirty minutes.

Only tuberculin-tested cattle should be bought, and they should be kept entirely away from the herd for from thirty to sixty days, and a retest made.

If these precautions are taken, tuberculosis will cease to be a disturbing factor on your farm.—C. M. L.

## Vacuum-Cleaned Cows.

There is nothing which strikes the visitors to our dairy barns quite as quickly as the beautiful white fluffy tails of the cows. That and the immaculate grooming of the whole cow. Of course we are producing milk at a fancy price where absolute cleanliness is essential.

In the first place, we do not wash the whole cow. We did at first, turning the hose on Bossy daily; but eventually we came to the conclusion that this was not conducive to good skin health, and that it subjected the cow to severe exposure in winter. For some years we have been doing dry cleaning from the hips forward.

In the morning, before milking, the herdsmen go over the whole herd with a brush, washing only those cows which have accidentally gotten themselves dirty. After milking, the cows are washed from the flanks back, care being taken to remove all traces of manure. Warm water, soap chips and a common scrubbing brush do the business. The tails are washed with soapy water and then curried out with a combination of bristle and wire brush. The back and body of the cow are rubbed up well with a fairly stiff wire brush and the loose matter removed by a softer, wide bristle brush.

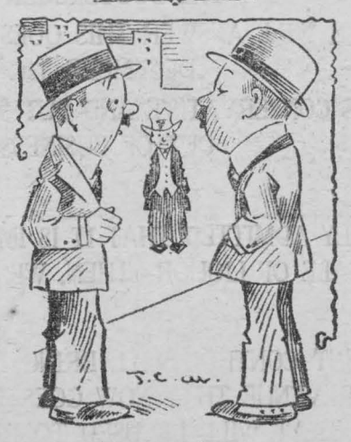
In the afternoon the cows are merely dusted off, unless some manure has become attached. We are now trying out a vacuum cleaner to follow up the brushing and are well pleased with the result.

By using bedding to excess it is possible to reduce the work of cleaning, but the cost of herd maintenance rises. Cut straw, baled shavings, anything short, are better bedding than long straw which the cows sweep out into the gutter too easily. The careful man will be liberal with bedding, but will watch to prevent unused material being sent to the manure pit. The gutters are cleaned out at least twice a day.

## Brood-Sow Ration.

Sows should be kept adding slight weight all through gestation, and there are any number of rations that will suit them and will bring good results. Cost of these feeds will cut a figure, as the aim of all pork producers must be to get production of litters and production of pounds on those litters at the very lowest cost.

A pound and a half of shelled corn, half a pound of ground barley or oats and half a pound or more of skim milk or buttermilk is suggested. This is based on 100 pounds of live weight of the animals. Shelled corn, ground barley and alfalfa hay will be as good and in most sections about as cheap as you can use. Fifty per cent. ground corn, 50 per cent. ground oats, alfalfa hay and skim milk makes a good ration for these expectant mothers. If brood sows put on from a pound to a pound and a quarter each day during gestation the coming litter will be stronger and more apt to survive the trials of young pighood.



Wheat and Rye.

"Soakly says half his diet consists of wheat."

"Then the other half consists of rye."




SMART COAT FOR GIRLS.

Sturdy, durable and correct, with a free and easy smartness. Nutria fur makes the collar of this double-breasted straight-line coat, fashioned of cinnamon-brown chinchilla and lined throughout with flannel. Deep cuffs of the cloth trim the plain sleeves, and patch pockets proclaim their usefulness on cool days. The diagram pictures the simple design of the partly finished coat, No. 1215, which is in sizes 4, 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. Size 8 years requires 2½ yards of 36-inch, or 1¾ yards of 54-inch material. The lining requires the same amount of material as the coat. Price 20 cents.

You will be surprised to see how quickly the garments shown in our new Fashion Book may be made by the home dressmaker. No expense has been spared to make our styles as represented in our patterns, the very best that can be produced by the most competent designers and cutters. These designers originate their patterns in the very heart of the style centres, so that their creations are those of tested popularity brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book 10c the copy.

HOW TO ORDER PATTERNS.

**Write your name and address plainly, giving number and size of such patterns as you want. Enclose 20c in stamps or coin (coin preferred; wrap it carefully) for each number and address your order to Pattern Dept., Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide St., Toronto. Patterns sent by return mail.**

## Why the Corn Pops.

BY JULIA W. WOLFE.

It was one of those cold autumn evenings when one likes to sit around a big blazing fire. And it surely was cozy with a cheerful blaze burning and lighting up a group of happy faces. The wind surging through the trees outside made it seem all the more cozy inside.

Christine was popping corn over a bed of red cinders that lay in front of the logs. How good it looked as she emptied the snowflakes into a big bowl, stirred in some butter and some salt and passed it around to the other children and their father.

"What makes corn pop, Father?" asked Robert, as he watched Christine put in the popper enough hard yellow kernels to cover the bottom of the popper.

"Well, Robert, that is a very good question!" said his father, helping himself to a generous supply of the corn. "I will try my best to tell you, or rather, to give you a slight notion of what happens when corn pops. First, I want you all to watch the popper closely, and see if you can see anything unsual."

"Why, I see something," said Christine, slowly, after a while.

"What do you see, Christine "

"Well, it looked like a puff of white smoke rising from the popper, Father."

"Good! Splendid, Christine! But what you saw was not smoke. It was vapor rising from the corn; moisture which comes from the inside of the kernel when it is exposed to extreme heat. The popper full of popped corn is lighter than it was before popping. The vapor or steam which you saw escape took with it this difference in weight."

"But why doesn't the kernel blow all to pieces, then?" asked Robert, still puzzled. "I do not see why there should be anything left of the kernel at all when it explodes like that."

"That is another good question," said Father White, "and I will try to tell you the reason why."

He cut a thin slice from a kernel and got a hand-lens for the children to look through at the sliced kernel. Then he continued:

"Can you see the little sections with boundaries distinctly marked between them These are sacks or bags called cells. Each cell contains thousands of minute grains packed tightly together with granules of starch. This tight packing is what makes the grain of corn so very hard.

"Well, when the kernel bursts, these little granules are blown up into tiny balloons. The steam goes tearing its way out to the air, splitting and ripping everything round it. As the heat increases the moisture softens the particles, the starch expands in every direction. Then as it gets hotter and hotter the kernel becomes brittle. So there's your white, puffy mass instead of your hard, heavy kernel."

Father and the children talked and ate pop-corn till it was almost dark. And now we know why the corn pops.

## Cleaning the Curtains.

Most housewives might profitably follow the methods of the cleaner when washing their white lace curtains.

In the so-called wet-cleaning process, the curtains are soaked overnight in cold water in a metal-free wooden tub. The next morning they are rinsed thoroughly in warm water.

A gentle fifteen-minute washing in hot, soft water—to which has been added enough high-grade soap to make a sudsy bath—follows the overnight soaking. Several warm-water rinses are made, until all evidence of soap disappears. Boiling is never resorted to unless proved necessary, and then for only a five-minute period. Bluing is added to the last rinse.

Only a moderate starching is given the materials.

The cleaner does not use a wringer in either wet or dry cleaning. Instead, an extractor—a high-speed, revolving bowl—whips all excess solvent out of the garments by centrifugal force.

Unless she has a wringerless washing machine, the housewife, will have to resort to her hands for the next step. Squeeze the fabric gently so as not to injure the delicate lace.

Gather the curtains into a tablecloth and hang, baglike, from the clothesline. A gentle tossing on a breezy, warm day will soon leave the curtains in a damp enough condition to stretch.

This treatment gives us spotless curtains.—K. C.

Fire destroys young growth and burns the humus which acts as a fertilizer.



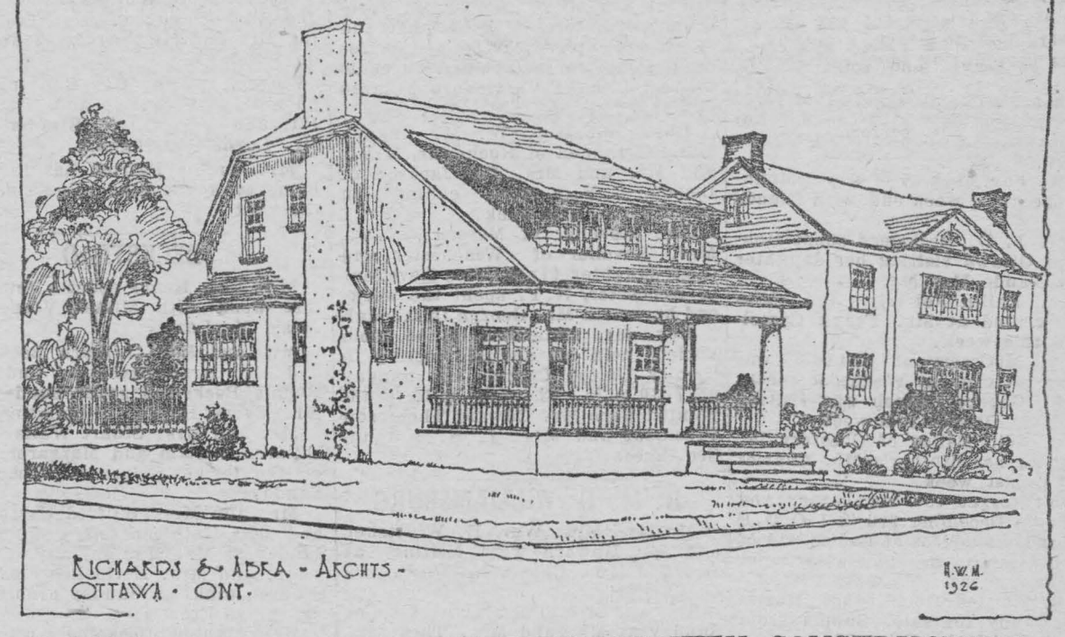
THE CANADIAN HOMEMAKER

*A series of weekly articles covering.*

PLANNING . BUILDING . FINANCING
DECORATING . FURNISHING . GARDENING

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# ROOMY ACCOMMODATION WITH THRIFTY CONSTRUCTION

By Richards and Abra, Architects.

This is a splendid design for a home of moderate size. Pleasing appearance and roomy accommodation are combined with thrifty construction which is really a modest way of suggesting proximity to maximum value for minimum cost. Though this may seem rather a superlative endorsation it is thoroughly vindicated by the fact that similar plans, incorporating the same general principles, have become a popular standard with many architects and builders.

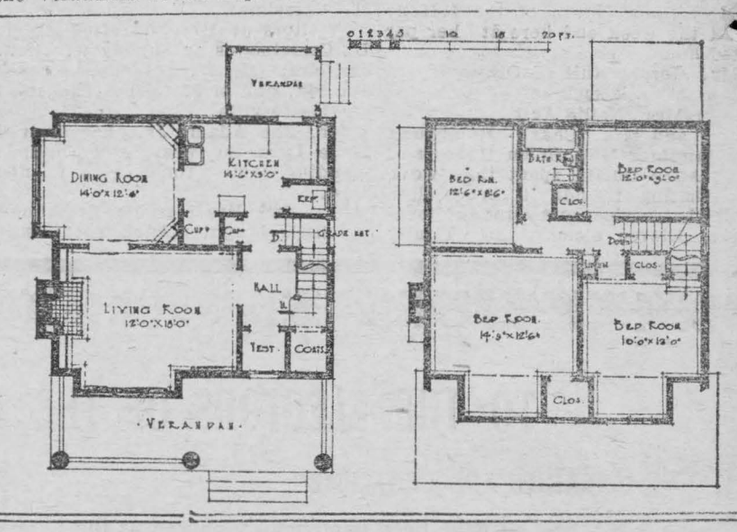
The perspective shows that exterior attractiveness has been very carefully considered. The entrance door harmonizes in architectural detail with the casement windows and the dormer which provides the light for the front bedrooms has been carried out in delightfully good, not grotesque, taste. The side view is featured by a bay window and well proportioned chimney.

Looking at the floor plans and beginning downstairs at the front entrance, the small vestibule is a valuable asset in winter. It is really a partial and non-mechanical means of temperature control.

The living room is 12 ft. x 18 ft. and has a fireplace with tile hearth and an inviting recess created by the bay window. There is also an effective window treatment at either side of the fireplace, shown in th perspective but not the floor plan. In the dining room there is another bay window and two built in corner china closets. The kitchen is well supplied with conveniently arranged cupboard space and has a built in refrigerator for outside icing. Taking into consideration the grade entrance this floor plan is very commendable and will be found particularly desirable from a woman's point of view.

With regard to construction, the square plan 28 ft. x 30 ft. exclusive of the verandahs is an important consideration from the viewpoint of economy. The foundation is of concrete with the upper walls a pebble dash stucco finish applied on metal lath. Hardwood floors and stairs; good plumbing fixtures and hot air heating are included for a cost of from $6,500 to $7,000.

Readers desiring further information regarding the plans and specifications of this house should communicate with the architect direct. Address Messrs. Richards and Abra, 126 Sparks St., Ottawa, Ont.




# "THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING"

BAKED INDIAN PUDDING.

One quart of milk, 4 eggs, 5 large teaspoonfuls of Indian meal, nutmeg and sugar to taste.

Boil the milk and scald meal in it, then let it cool before adding the eggs. Bake three-quarters of an hour.

APPLE SAGO PUDDING.

One cupful of sago and water enough to swell it (about 6 cupfuls). Put it on the stove and let the sago swell. In the meantime stew 10 or 12 apples. Mix with the swelled sago and bake three-quarters of an hour. Eat with cream sauce.

WEDDING CAKE PUDDING.

Four cupfuls of butter, 1 cupful of molasses, 2 cupfuls of milk; 2 teaspoonfuls of soda; 4 eggs; 2 pounds of raisins (stoned and chopped); 1 pound of currants; ½ pound of citron; flour to make a batter as thick as pound cake. Add salt and all sorts of spices.

Boil or steam five hours. Eat with some sauce.

SALEM PUDDING.

One cupful of suet, chopped fine; 1 cupful of molasses; 1 cupful of milk; 1 teaspoonful of soda; 3½ cupfuls of flour; 2 teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar; 1 cupful of raisins; 1 teaspoonful of cloves; a little salt.

Steam three hours. Eat with some sauce.

CARROT PUDDING.

Half a pound of grated carrot, ½ pound of grated potato, ½ pound of suet, chopped fine; ½ pound of flour; spices of all sorts; salt, raisins and citron to taste.

Steam five hours. Eat with some sauce.

GREEN CORN PUDDING.

Take 6 ears of sweet corn (good size) and with a sharp knife split each row of kernels and scrape from ear. Mix with this pulp 2 eggs well beaten; 2 tablespoonfuls of sugar, 1 tablespoonful of butter; 1 teaspoonful of salt; ½ pint of sweet cream (milk may be substituted with an extra spoonful of butter); and 1 dozen crackers grated or pounded fine. Mix well together and bake three hours in a pudding dish. If in custard cups, bake two hours. Use the corn raw.

MRS. MEACHAM'S BOILED INDIAN PUDDING.

Two teacupfuls of Indian meal; 2 cupfuls of flour; 1 egg; ½ cupful of molasses; 1 teaspoonful of soda; 2 teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar. Wet with milk till about as thick as a cake. Steam three hours. Never lift the cover while it is cooking or it will not be light. Serve with some sauce.

GERMAN PUFFS.

One pint of milk; 5 eggs; 2 ounces of butter; 10 teaspoonfuls of flour. Bake in cups. Serve with some sauce.

A SAUCE FOR BOILED PUDDINGS.

Beat together well equal parts of butter and white sugar till the mixture becomes light, then season with nutmeg or any flavoring desired.

A SAUCE FOR BAKED PUDDINGS

Take 1 pint of water; a large teacupful of sugar; a piece of butter the size of an egg; a little nutmeg and essence of lemon and bring them to a boil. Then take a little flour or cornstarch and beat it into a thin paste with water. Stir the paste in the ingredients previously boiled till the mixture is of the consistency of cream. Then add a tablespoonful of vinegar.

JELLY PUDDING.

This is really a sort of glorified bread pudding that makes a nourishing dessert to be served to children. First remove the crust from a medium-sized loaf of bread. Break the centre part into bits, and put these into 6 cupfuls of milk. Set them aside to soak for an hour or so. Then stir in one cupful of granulated sugar and the well-beaten yolks of 3 eggs.

Beat this mixture thoroughly; pour into a buttered baking dish; set in a pan of water and bake as one would a custard. When the silver knife test shows it is done, pour a glassful of jelly over the pudding, spreading it well. Over this heap the stiffly-beaten whites of the 3 eggs.

Return to the oven, and bake until the meringue is golden brown. Serve immediately.

### Races in Hawaii.

Some thirty distinct nationalities are represented among the 300,000 people of the territory of Hawaii.

# THE TIRED OUT WOMAN

## Needs the Help of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to Regain Strength.

No mother should allow nervous weakness to get the upper hand of her; if she does worry will mar her work in the home, and torment her in mind and body. The monotony of the average housewife's daily toil is enough to cause depression, but there are other causes, as every mother knows, that tend to weaken and make her nerves run-down. A change and rest might improve her health, but best of all for jaded women is a course of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These pills make new blood, rich with the elements on which the body and nerves thrive.

The value of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills when the blood is weak and watery, and the system run-down is shown by the experience of Mrs. C. W. Jackson, R.R. 1, Gilford, Ont., who says:—"Before beginning the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I was completey run-down and could hardly walk across the floor. As the mother of young children with the usual household duties to perform, my condition was one of seriousness. I had seen Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised and decided to try them. This was a happy decision as I had not been taking the pills very long before I began to feel better both in body and mind. I continued the use of the pills for a couple of months and now feel like a new woman, able to perform all my household duties. I would not be without the pills in the house and I recommend them to all run-down people."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all dealers in medicine, or will be sent by mail at 50 cents a box by The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Elephants Parade for King.

A torchlight parade of 380 elephants was a feature of the entertainment program arranged for the King and Queen of the Belgians on their recent visit to Kandy, Ceylon.

### Sugar Mills for Philippines.

Two new sugar mills are being prepared in Honolulu for erection in the Philippines.

Shall I show you the muscular training of a philosopher? What muscles are those? A will undisappointed; evils avoided; powers daily exercised; careful resolutions; unerring decisions.—Epictetus.





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# THE MYSTERIES OF EGYPT

Down to 1895 the Great Pyramids of Egypt stood as our boundary of ancient civilization. Then a few years later the spade of the antiquary changed this view. The first dynasty of Egypt became even more familiar than that of the Saxon kings of England. For two still earlier civilizations preceding the beginning of written record had been mapped out and their growth and decay made plain. Though an absolute dating of years could not be obtainer, a relative dating was established, known as "sequence date."

In discovering the remains of this pre-dynastic period, Egyptologists thought they had reached the very beginning of fine works, such as ivory statuettes, glazed figures and heads, well formed pottery and elaborately-wrought flint knives. Following the dating given by the Egyptians, these earlier stages might reach back to 8000 B.C. At this point we remained for the past twenty years.

### Digging Into the Prehistoric.

Suddenly, about three years ago, another stage dawned on our view, writes Sir Flinders Petrie, the famous Egyptologist, in the Forum. It offers us the finest pottery and other arts dating geologically to 12,000 or 15,000 years B.C., yet continuous with the later civilization of Egypt and originating, probably, in Asia. The site of a prehistoric settlement was found and worked on by the diggers in layers of six inches at a time. The two top feet contained only pottery known as the latter prehistoric. Below that lay two feet of the early prehistoric. Below that again lay a two-foot thickness with a civilization entirely unknown to antiquarians, resting on a limestone stratum. This limestone was afterwards found to be concreted rubble, cemented by age and long exposure. Beneath it was yet another layer of the village of exactly the same quality as that overlying the limestone. This shows that the earliest civilization lasted during a long period. For such a bed of lime rubble accumulated on the present surface during the last four or five thousand years does not show any concreting like the old bed. This earliest period is known as the Badarian age, from the district in Egypt, south of Asyut, where the remains were first found. The pottery of the mid-Badarian age is smooth and fine as china with a polished face of black lustre. No later age in Egypt has produced pottery so thin, so regular and so hard as this earliest civilization.

### Ivory Combs, Glazed Beads.

Flint supplied all tools and weapons of these people who lived, it seems, 13,000 years before King Tut's time. Two scraps of copper have been found among the remains, probably native metal hammered into shape. The common use of stone beads covered with green glaze takes the art of glazing far, far back. Five large carved heads of hard, transparent serpentine and green jasper prove that they could work hard stones. Ivory combs were found, and cups, large spoons and various carvings show how numerous was the elephant at that time. Three carved figures of humans have survived, giving the types of these ancient people. One looks like a being of Mesopotamian origin. Another is slim and Western, suggestive of Crete. The third is that of a bushman. It seems as though the early peoples of Egypt had come from the north.

### Ashes of 12000 B.C.

These interesting discoveries were made in the Fayum basin, adjoining the Nile, and the civilization they represented is now for the most part under 60 feet of Nile mud. It was only by the chance of this village and a graveyard having occupied a site high up in a rocky shelf, then 100 feet above the Nile, at Badari, that the remains were discovered. It is now found that both pottery and flint work are scattered on the Fayum basin at levels which were subsequently under water for thousands of years. Settlements were noted at levels which were submerged by high Nile at 6000 or 8000 B.C. A cooking pot and ashes were discovered at a level of 12000 B.C. Worked flints occurred at levels submerged between 12000 and 17000 B.C. Lastly, pigmy flints and cores were found at a level corresponding to 19000 B.C. Certain of the Fayum flints closely resemble those of the Solutrean period in Europe and of no other period.

### Book of the Dead.

Two years ago Professor Fessenden, of Pittsburg, suggested that the Egyptian Book of the Dead embodied references to the Caucasus region of southern Russia. The mixture in the book of lakes of fire (oil wells), fertile lands and high mountains typifies the Causasus. To him it seemed highly likely that the ancient Egyptians had migrated to the Nile from southern Europe and brought their folklore with them. The names employed in that mystic, illustrated guide to the departed, copies of which, beautifully written upon papyrus sheets, may be seen in several museums, are strongly suggestive of northern regions. But at present it is impossible to further corroborate the theory. Exploration in the Caucasus is impossible in the present state of Russia, and past researches there have not reached back farther than the bronze age.


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142 Mutual St., Toronto 2

BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE
*Acts like a flash—*
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## The Lamp Shop.

Soft colors and images seem to float in the warm air. Glows of azure and old rose; gold and gossamer threads; silken cords; tassels with crystal pendants; softly suffused pictures!

This is the lamp shop with its lights and shades, its Italian torches, its wrought iron pedestrals of the Renaissance, its parchment, silken, crystalline tops like gaudy chapeaux fashioned by glorified Parisian milliners.

Rainbows of only pastel shades light the room. A brown brigantine sails a foamy green sea under a blue and white flecked dome. The soft lights are charmingly muffled by scarab hues, coral, beige, ivory, sea foam and a thousand tints like fragments of moonlight brought within the walls.

In a corner of the shop a jade and crimson-shaped shade sways amid tints of begonia of turquoise, of lavender, of brickdust, salmon, sunset.

Moths in clusters or alone are some of the little shades hovering around the warm, soothing lights. It is a world of quivering color, sheer coverings, gossamer tints that bathe the interior of the shop, but never cross the threshold into the brilliant sunlight of the streett.

Vistas, images, forgotten scenes and fragments are brought before the eyes under the spell of the harmonizing glow, playing its symphony, the Minuet, fragmentary bars, a far-away refrain in lilting appoggiatura notes, fragments of a dim map of the Middle Ages, impressed upon the shades.

There is no flickering light; only a refined impression of radiance. So pale are some of the colors reflected through flimsy veils that the light is merely suggested, exuded as it were from the warmth. And in this colorful scene, a fluttering lady moves gracefully between artistic tangents, brocades, tinsel and images of the arching bridge and haughty parlor lamps coming toward the one who enters as an animated image from the shades.


Pimples come from blood that's not just right. If you want to get rid of facial blemishes try Seigel's Syrup. Any drug store.


## Drawing.

Singing is very easy. Drawing, though, is much more difficult. I have devoted a good deal of time to drawing, one way and another; I have to attend a great many committees and public meetings, and at such functions I find that drawing is almost the only art one can satisfactorily pursue during the speeches. One really cannot sing during the speeches; so as a rule I draw. I do not say that I am an expert yet, but after a few more meetings, I calculate that I shall know drawing as well as it can be known.

The first thing, of course, is to get on to a really good committee; and by a good committee I mean a committee that provides decent materials. An ordinary departmental committee is no use; generally they only give you a couple of pages of lined foolscap and no white blotting-paper, and very often the pencils are quite soft. White blotting-paper is essential.

Much the best committees from the point of view of material are committees about business which meet at business premises — shipping offices, for choice. One of the Pacific lines has the best white blotting-paper I know; and the pencils there are a dream. I am sure the directors of that firm are drawers; for they always give you two pencils, one hard for noses, and one soft for doing hair.

When you have selected your committee and the speeches are well away, the drawing begins. Much the best thing to draw is a man. Not the chairman, or Lord Pommery Quint, or any member of the committee, but just a man. Many novices make the mistake of selecting a subject for their art before they begin; usually they select the chairman. And when they find it is more like Mr. Gladstone they are discouraged. If they had waited a little, it could have been Mr. Gladstone officially.—A. P. Herbert, in "On Drawing."


Physicians Use Minard's Liniment.


## Peace Music.

One night toward the end of that fight at Geneva, growing weary of it all, I walked with two companions up into the silent crooked streets of an old quarter of the town. Unexpectedly we came upon a dark gigantic mass with two square towers at the front—the church where Knox, and Fosdick, preached. The tall stained windows at the sides showed here and there a glow of light. We found our way to a smal lside door, and, entering that shadowy place, we discovered it empty except for a few who had come to listen like ourselves. For a chorus of two hundred was rehearsing Bach's great mass called "Peace." The chorus was not perfectly trained, but the music was grand to me that night. In tumultuous rivers of sound, like irresistible torrents of life, all the yearnings and rejoicings of the earth rose to the skies. Always changing, wild and free, yet all those many torrents of sound kept rolling and thundering into one. In my mood that evening, there was somethig tragic in its joy. For I could not help but wonder: when will the nations sing like that?—Ernest Pools, in The Century Magazine.


# GUARD THE CHILDREN FROM AUTUMN COLDS

The Fall is the most severe season of the year for colds—one day is warm, the next cold and wet, and unless the mother is on her guard, the little ones are seized with colds that may hang on all winter. Baby's Own Tablets are mothers' best friend in preventing or banishing colds. They act as a gentle laxative, keeping the bowels and stomach free and sweet. An occasional dose of the Tablets will prevent colds, or if it does come on suddenly their prompt use will relieve the baby. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cts. a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.




"George, I fear you're forgetting yourself."

"Don't you worry. I'm not that unselfish."


After Shaving—Minard's Liniment.


### Silencer on Radios.

In the English town of Reading, any one who disturbs his neighbors by a radio may be fined $25.

### Name of Indian Tribe.

The San Blas Indians of Panama were named by Columbus in honor of St. Blasius.

### Tokio's Daily Births.

Every day in Tokio 168 babies are born. Last year 61,498 births were recorded, of which number 31,626 were male and 29,865 female.

### China's Dragon.

The Chinese dragon is represented as having the head of a lion, the body and limbs of a crocodile, and horns of a deer.

What people actually think, rather than what they ought to think if they were mathematically, philosophically or economically minded, is of primary importance.—Sir Josiah Stamp.

Books relating to the War and stored in a special museum in Paris number 110,000, apart from collections of newspapers and periodicals from all parts of the world.


# RED ROSE TEA
"is good tea"

*Next time try the finest grade*
*~~ Red Rose Orange Pekoe Tea.*

80.


## One Scar or Many?

The smallpox menace is ever with us. So many unprotected persons are living in every city, town and village, that one smallpox case, whether in Toronto, Peterboro, or a town in the north, will act as the lighted match to the inflammable material of unvaccinated men, women and children who make up a large part of Ontario's population to-day.

Smallpox is a winter disease. It is true that a few cases are found throughout the year, yet November always sees fresh outbreaks. And the result is that many a young woman or little girl will for the rest of her life have the many scars of an attack of smallpox on her face when she could have prevented them by one scar of vaccination on her arm.

Unfortunately, too, the type of the disease which is showing itself in the Province just now is not mild, but quite virulent; it brings to mind the extremely fatal type which was met in the Windsor epidemic two years ago where only a very small number of unvaccinated patients lived through the attack.

Children and travellers, especially, should be protected by vaccination. But when one case in a bowling alley, on a train, at school or in a shop, at a concert or church service can cause an epidemic which will affect hundreds of people, no one is safe; we must, then, protect ourselves by vaccination, if we have not been successfully done within seven years.

Vaccination does not cost much, usually very little, and that only for the doctor's time, as the vaccine is supplied free for the use of the people of Ontario by the Dept. of Health.

## Purple Martins.

If we were such and so, the same as these,
Maybe we too would be slingers and sliders,
Tumbling half over in the water mirrors,
Tumbling half over at the horse heads of the sun,
Tumbling our purple numbers.

Twirl on, you and your satin blue
Be water birds, be air birds.
Be these purple tumblers you are.

Dip and get away
From loops into slip-knots,
Write your own ciphers and figure eights.
It is your wooded island here in Lincoln Park.
Everybody knows this belongs to you.
—Carl Sandburg.


Give the children SHILOH FOR COUGHS

PAIN.
Minard's penetrates, soothes, and relieves pain. Splendid for stiff joints, sore muscles.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT


## Classified Advertisements.

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3 LBS., $2. 5 LBS. PATCHES, $1.50. A. McCreery, Chatham, Ontario.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN and light sewing at home; whole or spare time; good pay; work sent any distance; charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

GRATIS (LITTLE FRIEND) TO either sex; mailed in plain envelope. Paris Specialty Co., Montreal.

ONE MAN IN EACH COUNTY to sell Washo. Best seller. Great repeater. Washes clothes without rubbing and cleans everything like magic. Different. Beats everything. $100 weekly easy. Sample free. P. A. Lefebvre & Co., Alexandria, Ont.

## The Domesday Books.

When Queen Victoria came to the throne the national archives were scattered in about sixty places, but by an act passed in 1838 they werer concentrated in the Public Record Office, which now contains records of the Chancery, Exchequer, various courts, and departments of state, such as the Treasury, Home Office, Foreign Office, War Office, Admiralty, Board of Trade and Customs.

Among the principal exhibits are the Domesday books, that are the outcome of a general survey of England ordered by William the Conqueror at the end of 1085.


*Plans For Homes*

Last word in builders' aid. Practical, up-to-date suggestions on planning, building, furnishing, decorating and gardening. Profusely illustrated, and scores of actual dollar-saving suggestions. Send 25 cents for current issue.

MacLean Builders' Guide
344 Adelaide St. W.,
Toronto, Ont.

# RUN-DOWN AFTER BIRTH OF BABY

## Ottawa Woman Made Strong by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Ottawa, Ontario.—"I was terribly run-down after the birth of my third baby. I had awful bearing-down pains and was afraid I had serious trouble. I was tired all the time and had no appetite. My sister-in-law is taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and cannot praise it too highly and asked me to try it. I have had splendid results and feel fine all the time now. Any one who needs a thorough pick-me-up soon learns from me what to take."—Mrs. RENE PAQUIN, 320 Cumberland Street, Ottawa, Ontario.

### Terrible Backache

Hamilton, Ont.—"After my baby was born I had terrible backache and headaches. I could not do my work and felt tired from the first minute I got up. But worst of all were the pains in my sides when I moved about. I had to sit or lie down for a while afterwards. I could keep my house in order, but many things had to go undone at the time, because of my ailments. I was told by a neighbor to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as she said it would build me up. I was relieved before I had taken the first we bought and have not had any trouble like it since."—Mrs. T. MARKLE, 115 Ferguson Avenue South, Hamilton, Ontario. c

# LARGE PIMPLES ITCHED BADLY

## On Face, Shoulders and Arms. Cuticura Heals.

"My trouble began with pimples breaking out on my face, shoulders and arms. They were large, hard and red, and festered, and scaled over, causing disfigurement. The pimples itched badly and when I scratched them eruptions formed. My clothing irritated the breaking out on my shoulders. The trouble lasted for some time.

"I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and they afforded relief in a short time. I continued the treatment and after using four cakes of Soap and four boxes of Ointment I was healed." (Signed) Miss Grace M. Ward, Thetford Center, Vt., Aug. 12, 1925.

Use Cuticura to heal skin troubles.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address Canadian Depot: "Stenhouse, Ltd., Montreal." Price, Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c.
Cuticura Shaving Stick 25c.

BAYER Genuine ASPIRIN

Proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians for

Colds Headache Neuritis Lumbago
Pain Neuralgia Toothache Rheumatism

DOES NOT AFFECT THE HEART

Safe — Accept only "Bayer" package which contains proven directions.
Handy "Bayer" boxes of 12 tablets
Also bottles of 24 and 100—Druggists.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid (Acetyl Salicylic Acid, "A. S. A."). While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

High School Boards and Boards of Education
Are authorized by law to establish
INDUSTRIAL, TECHNICAL AND ART SCHOOLS
With the approval of the Minister of Education.

DAY AND EVENING CLASSES
may be conducted in accordance with the regulations issued by the Department of Education.

THEORETICAL AND PRACTICAL INSTRUCTION
is given in various trades. The schools and classes are under the direction of AN ADVISORY COMMITTEE.

Application for attendance should be made to the Principal of the school.

COMMERCIAL SUBJECTS, MANUAL TRAINING, HOUSEHOLD SCIENCE AND AGRICULTURE AND HORTICULTURE are provided for in the Courses of Study in Public, Separate, Continuation and High Schools, Collegiate Institutes, Vocational Schools and Departments.
Copies of the Regulations issued by the Minister of Education may be obtained from the Deputy Minister, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

# LOCAL AND GENERAL


Order your Stove Repairs at the FOUNDRY

MORASH FOUNDRY



VOCAL TEACHING

MRS. HARRY ARMSTRONG

First Street


Don't forget the sale of useful and fancy articles in St. James Hall, Thursday, December 2nd.

• • •

Mrs. Catharine Meagher of Read, Ont., is spending the week with her son Rev. Father Meagher.

• • •

Miss Susan O'Neill of Hull, Que., spent the week with her aunt Mrs. J. D. McDonald.

• • •

Mr. George Dardis of Ogdensburg is spending the week with Mrs. Dardis and family.

• • •

Mrs. J. P. Gormely spent a couple of days in Cornwall this week.

• • •

Miss Lulu Payne leaves for New York December 1st where she will remain for a month, taking a dietetic course.

• • •

Ira W. Beckstead wishes to announce he is now at his studio, at Iroquois every day and ready for business. A dozen of your photos will solve the problem for you, of twelve appropriate Christmas gifts. Come to Iroquois for your sitting and have them made. bc

• • •

Mr. Grant Pyke of Pyke Wrecking Company, Kingston, called on Arnold Jarvis this week.

• • •

Buy your Xmas Gifts at the sale in St. James Hall on Thursday Dec. 2nd.

• • •

Mrs. A. A. Summers and daughter, Mrs. D. A. Currie, spent Thursday in Canton, N.Y. with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Storrs.

• • •

The Leanora Beauty Parlor have secured the premises next door to the Post Office and will be open for business every Tuesday and Friday. Marcelling and Haircutting a specialty, and all branches of beauty culture. They also have a fine display of fancy articles suitable for Christmas gifts. bp

• • •

Mrs. Meyer of Montreal spent a few days recently with her sister, Mrs. James Mullin.

• • •

Bootleggers in Morrisburg, yes. If he gets your boy, you have the law to help you get him. If liquor stores get your boy, you have no help That is what the liquor store is for--to sell liquor to our boys--Think seriously before you go into the liquor business. It may be your son or daughter that will go down.--A. C. Hilliard.

• • •

The fourth of a series of talks on the conservation of vision, by J. Miles Whitteker, Optometrist, will be broadcast by Radio Station WCAD, of Canton, N.Y., on Saturday morning of this week, November 27, at 11 o'clock. This talk is entitled "Light and its use in the conservation of vision" and will be given in three instalments, the first of which will real with "Artificial Light and its effect on the eyes."

• • •

Working with the close co-operation of Chief of Police Burke and Constable Henderson, Provincial Constable S. J. Elliott and Inspector Patterson Wednesday morning placed under arrest near Iroquois Ellsworth Haley, aged 23 years, of Brockville, on a charge of breaking into a general clothing store kept by J. Jackson at Cardinal. The robbery occurred about one o'clock in the morning and it is alleged that Haley gained entrance to the store by breaking a window pane in the front door of the store. When captured near Iroquois he had about $300 worth of men's and women's clothing in an automobile in which, it is believed, he was heading for Montreal.


A TIMELY

WARNING

that's what a headache really is. It is a danger signal that your stomach, kidneys, liver, bowels, or some organ is in trouble and needs immediate attention. Heed this important warning by taking

CHIROPRACTIC ADJUSTMENTS

and having the real cause of your HEADACHE Corrected.

ELECTRO MAGNETIC BATHS

STEWART FORD, D.C., Ph.T.D.

CHIROPRACTOR

Hours—10-12; 2-5; 7-8;

Phone 116 MORRISBURG


The Hon. G. Howard Ferguson will address the Electors of Dundas County in Lannin's Hall, Winchester, on Monday afternoon, November 29th, at 2 o'clock.

Come and hear Canada's foremost Statesman.

Everybody welcome.

Special invitation to the Ladies.

• • •

Mrs. D. H. Presho motored from Minneapolis with her sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Hart of that city, and spent a few days in town.

• • •

Sale and luncheon in St. James' Hall, Thursday Dec. 2nd.

• • •

Mr. Ferguson says "The O.T.A. has done great good. It has removed distress from many homes." But he wants a change. What will be the effect of putting the bottle into the happy homes of Ontario? Answer the question yourself and vote to keep "distress" from our homes.---A. C. Hilliard.

• • •

Miss Lulu Payne, Nurse-in-thaining of Ogdensburg; and Mr. Leon Dawson were callers in town Friday.

• • •

Married---McIvor---At St. Marys Church, Morrisburg, on Saturday, November 20th, Miss Patricia McIvor of Iroquois, to Roger Adams, of Cardinal., Rev. Father Meagher officiating.

• • •

Miss Pariseau is selling the balance of her Millinary stock at a reduced price for Christmas trade.

• • •

A dance will be held in Casselman's Hall, Morrisburg on Friday, December 3rd. Music will be furnished by Johnson's Orchestra of Winchester. Dancing from 9 p.m. to 2 a.m. Admission, per couple, $1.25 plus Tax. Extra Lady 25 cents; spectators 25 cents.

• • •

The sale of fancy articles to be held in St. James' Hall, Thursday, December 2nd, will open at 2.30.

• • •

Col Lorne Mulloy of Iroquois left on Tuesday to address meetings in the interest of Conservative Candidates in Prince Edward County, Halton and other Western ridings.

• • •

Married --- Jeffery--Kavanagh --- At St. Marys Church, Morrisburg, on Thursday, November 25th, by Rev. Fr. Meagher, Miss Lenore Kavanagh of Iroquois, to Mr. Jos. Rayden Jeffery of Arnprior.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Powell and family, Mrs. P. McDermat and Mrs. Burton have returned to St. Catharines after spending the past ten days with relatives, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Milbern Hyslop.

• • •

Luncheon will be served in St. James Hall at the anual sale, Thursday, December 2nd.

• • •

In announcing to St. Marys Congregation Sunday last, that duty called him to another field of labor, Rev. Father J. V. Meagher spoke feelingly of the kindness extended to him by members of the congregation, as well as outsiders, during the past four and a half years. He has been promoted to the Parish of Stanleyville, Ont., and expects to assume his new duties the latter part of next week. There is general regret among our citizens, that expedience has summoned Father Meagher elsewhere, but we respect the decision and must bear the loss which will be felt in all public matters pertaining to the welfare of the community, and which to his congregation, at present, seems almost irreparable. Father Meagher has the best wishes of this community for success and happiness in his new sphere of labor. He will be succeeded by Father Byrne of South Mountain.

• • •

Married--At the Methodist Parsonage, Dundela, by Rev. R. Newman, on Thursday, November 11th, Mrs. Mary Belle Strader of Strader Hill, to Mr. Josiah E. Pitt, Shanley. They left by motor for Toronto and other points.

• • •

Henry McRow, a cattle drover, living at Cataraqui, near Kingston, was drowned Tuesday afternoon at Glenora when he ran his auto off the ferry into the water when on his way home to Kingston from Picton. The body was recovered. He is survived by his wife and family.

• • •

It was with deep regret and surprise that the many friends of Miss Katie Manley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Manley of Connaught, heard of her death in the Hotel Dieu Cornwall, following an operation for appendicitis. Miss Manley was formerly a student of the Chesterville High School from which she graduated and had recently been teaching in the vicinity of Apple Hill.

IN LOVING REMEMBERANCE

Of our dear husband and father, who fell asleep in Jesus at his home at Boucks Hill Thursday, November 27th 1924. and of our dear sister, who passed away at Cornwall General Hospital Nov. 3th, 1906.

The Summer has passed,
November is here
'Tis the tenderest month
Of the whole long year.

Mrs. Helen Lane and Family.

FOUND

Bicycle. Owner may have same by paying for this Ad. and applying to JOHN WELLS, Aultsville.

cp


BREAD

IS YOUR BEST FOOD

Eat More of It

But be sure you eat the best

TRY FAGAN'S

Fagan's Bakery

Lock Street



COAL & WOOD

ANTHRACITE——EGG, STOVE AND NUT

CANNELL COAL (for open grates.) BITUMINOUS COAL

DRY, HARD AND SOFT WOOD

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Three Days

Cash Cleanup Sale

FURNITURE AT COST, FOR THREE DAYS ONLY

MONDAY NOV. 22nd, TUESDAY, NOV. 23rd AND WEDNESDAY, NOV. 24th.

In order to make room for our Christmas Furniture we are offering to the public, Furniture at less than cost

Odd Wood Beds, Reg. $12 for .....$4.98

Wood frame Springs, regular $10.00 .....$4.98

Felt Mattresses, regular $12.00 .....$7.50

10 Bed Outfits comprising Walnut Bed, Spring and Mattress, Regular $27.50 .....$19.50

One only Chesterfield Suite, Moth Proof, Genuine English Brown Mohair Marshall Cushions Chesterfield, Arm Rocking Chair and Fireside Chair, reg. $225 ..$169.00

Sliding Couches $12.50; Kitchen Chairs 99 cents; Tea Trays $2.50; Smokers $2.98; Card Tables $3.98; 4-piece Bedroom Suite, Walnut Bed, Dresser, Vanity and Chiffonette $200 for $125.00.

Walnut Dining-room Suite, Birch, Walnut, 9 pieces $200 for $140.

Fumed Oak Chairs and Rockers $18.00, Sale price $12.50

DON'T MISS THIS SALE---ALL GOODS SOLD AT COST

W.Mars h & Son

PHONE 11 MORRISBURG, ONT.

The Finest Horse and Motor Equipment in Eastern Ontario



West End Meat Market

"Home of Quality Meat"

QUALITY MEATS PRICED FOR CASH ONLY

| | |
|---|---|
| Choice Round Steak | 20c |
| Choice Sirloin Steak | 23c |
| Choice T Bone Steak | 25c |
| Choice Beef Steak | 10c |
| Choice Pork Steak | 23c |
| Choice Lamb, any cut | 30c |
| Choice Boston Rolled Roasts | 28c |
| Choice Chuck Roasts | 14c |
| Choice Frankfurts | 23c |
| Choice Bologna | 18c |
| Shortening | 22c |

These above prices must be strictly CASH.

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Saturdays 9 to 12 a.m.

Evenings by Appointment



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A WONDERFUL GIFT FOR YOUR WIFE OR SISTER

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Perhaps you have never had an accident, but this is no proof that you never will.

WITH YOUR CAR PROPERLY INSURED YOU ARE PROTECTED FROM LOSS CAUSED BY THE CARELESSNESS OF SOME OTHER PERSON

FARM INSURANCE

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ONE OF THE BEST CANADIAN COMPANIES.

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