The Leader

Vol. XVIII, No 11 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918

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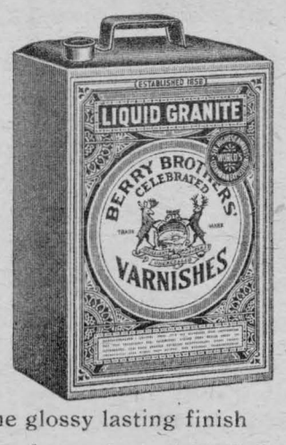

Remarkable for its toughness Wood treated with it may dent under a blow, but the finish will give with it, without cracking.

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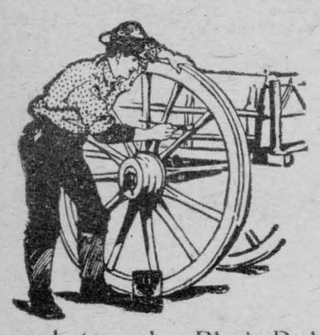

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Give it a coat of
GLIDDEN "ENDURANCE" AUTO FINISH
made in six popular shades ready to apply—Black, Red, Yellow, Blue, Grey. Green

All size tins from 75cts to $1.75

YOU WILL ALSO NEED

Glidden 'Endurance' Mohair Top Dressing

For dressing and waterproofing mohair, duck and canvas tops and curtains. This material is transparent and does not discolor the fabric. It produces a smooth, clean finish which preserves and restores the original new appearance. It is absorbed by the fabric, leaving it soft and pliable, making it water and weather proof.

Put up in tins ready to use 60c & $1.00 sizes

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.
THE HARDWARE STORE--OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
Morrisburg, : : : ; Ont.

DIAMOND JUBILEE

One of those rare events to take place in any community is the Diamond Jubilee, one of which was celebrated by Mr. and Mrs. Luther M. Barkley, of Williamsburg who were married sixty years ago, March 3rd 1858, in the home of the late Conrad McIntosh, father of Mrs Barkley.

There was a family reunion of all the children and grandchildren to celebrate the day and needless to say the event was a very enjoyable one.

Mr. Barkley in his eighty-second year, and Mrs. Barkley in her seventy-eighth year have both enjoyed a large measure of health and strength throughout their lifetime and are still actively engaged in the work of the home.

The pages of history of the families of both sides of the house were unrolled and many interesting reminiscenses and anecdotes were related. Among the heirlooms on exhibition were a table and six chairs given to Mrs. Barkley as a wedding gift from her parents. These have been in constant use ever since. Another table, the gift of her grandmother to Mrs. Barkley, and probably over one hundred years old is still being used as the family table. There was also a wooden butter bowl over one hundred years old(still in use); sugar bowl, the only remaining piece of her wedding dishes, except a knife and fork which shows signs of wear. There was also an iron kettle the gift of Mr. Barkley's mother, which was originally used for baking bread by setting the same in red hot ashes and covering the dough with cabbage leaves over which the hot ashes were also placed in the hearth. Among the other interesting articles was the old tin lantern made in the form of a cylinder with a cone-shaped top and a small ring for a handle. The rays of light from the candle inside spread their humble beams through small holes made at regular intervals throughout the entire circumference of the lantern. There was not even a glass in the door which many of the later lanterns had.

Mrs. Barkley wore a tie made from a piece of her wedding dress and showed a quilted skirt which she had worn on her wedding day.

They were the recipients of many congratulations from friends and neighbors.

The grandchildren were much pleased with the pioneer stories and anecdotes relating the experiences connected with the ancient arts of spinning and weaving flax and wool. An exhibition of spinning linen thread from the tow was given and proved very interesting.

The old grain cradle made by Mr. Barkley and used for many years before the introduction of modern machinery still hangs in the open shed in a fair state of preservation.

The beautiful home in which they now live stands out in marked contrast to the old log cabins in which they were born and the old log house still standing in the orchard where the aged couple spent most of their married life.

Their host of friends join in wishing them many more happy days.

S. S. No. 1, Matilda

Sr. IV—Lucy Robertson 86, Chas. Woodland 75, Bella Woodland 72.
Jr. IV— Frances Tuttle 58.
Jr. III—Gertie Loucks 75, Gladys Woodland 65, Fred Farlinger 57, Dorothy Deeks 49, Ernest Duval 39.
Sr. II—Edna Robertson 81, Arthur Deeks 60.
Jr. II—Dorothy Duvall 80, Donald Robertson 75, Kermit Watkins 50.
Pt. II—May Sherman, Allan Farlinge, Mildred Deeks, James Woodland
Primer—Alice Farlinger.
M. MOORE, Teacher.

S. S. No. 6, Williamsburg

Sr. IV—Wilfred Henophy 61, Jimmie Gow 57.
Jr. IV—Wilda Henophy 52, Clarence Alguire 50.
Jr. III—Winnie Herriman 70, Gladys O'Shaughnessy 63, Willie Gow 46.
Sr. II—Iva Wells 68, Edris Darragh 66, George Gow 59, Leila St. Pierre 54, Beulah Darragh 42.
Jr. II—Arnold Garlough, Cecil Garlough.
I—Mahlon Gow Bernice Alguire.
Primer—Alywin Darragh.
NINNIE KENNEY, Teacher.

INSPIRING, PATRIOTIC SPEECH

By Mr. I. Hilliard, M. P. P.

In Reviewing Work of Allies Local Member Pays Tribute to His Native Land

Toronto, March 15th.—In a recent debate in the Legislature, when the Prime Minister asked the House to pledge anew the determination of the Province of Ontario to the prosecution of the war until a final and lasting victory was achieved and to consecrate whatever resources of men, money and material that might be necessary to accomplish that end, one of the most informing speeches in the debate was made by Mr. Hilliard, member for Dundas.

The review of the achievements of the Canadian troops was fittingly made by Sir William Hearst. Mr. Hilliard said it was worth while to take passing notice of what "the soldiers from other lands had done and the contribution they had made for our safety."

Dealing first with Japan Mr. Hilliard said that Japan's declaration of war on August 23rd., 1914 came as a great surprise to Germany. He thought that Japan would tear up her "scrap of paper" with Great Britain and unite with Germany against Russia. Japan's entering into the war set free the forces of Great Britain and Russia in the far east. Since that time the Japanese fleet has protected the Pacific Coast of Canada and Japanese war ships were convoying troops from Australia to Aden and patrolling the trade route of the Indian ocean. The Japanese and British troops had forced the Germans to surrender the stronghold of Tsingtau and compelled Germany to relinguish her rights in the Kiaochau concession, and Japan had occupied German possessions in the Pacific ocean.

In addition Mr. Hilliard pointed to the fact that enormous quantities of munitions and other war materials had been provided for Russia. At the outbreak of the war Japan returned to Russia a number o war ships captured in the Russo-Japanese war and supplied of large calibre which no doubt Russia with a number of guns stemmed the tide of German advance more than once.

Speaking of Italy, Mr. Hilliard said that the famous land of the Ceasars had not in fifty years committed one single act to disturb the peace of Europe. "Italy," he said, "typifies a real nation. A race which possesses its own language, customs and culture and enough self-consciousness to preserve them." But when Italy was forced into the war from the instinct of self preservation, her portion was carried on "in the most awful and sublime terain of any theatre in this world's war." The difficulties of meeting the Austrians in the mountainous regions to the north had developed in the Italian Army a type of military engineer that has startled the world. It is almost beyond human conception to picture the sufferings and hardships which the Italian troops have faced in their struggles against the austrians on the Alpine Plateaus. In an almost incredible manner Italian Engineers had built roads, telephone and telegraph connections and perfected the wonderful "teleferica" which is a cable-way or an aerial tram often used in large mining operations. By the use of this teleferica guns, munitions and war equipment of all kinds have been transported over mountain ravines and in some cases wounded have been conveyed from the battle field to the nearest dressing station perhaps a distance of over a mile in the incredibly short time of fifteen minutes.

Mr. Hilliard paid his greatest tribute so far as the effort of other nations was concerned to the United States. While occupying the role of a neutral billions of dollars of munitions, food stuffs and other supplies had been provided for the Allies and at the same time her neutrality was tinged with great moral support and sympathy for the cause in which the Allies were engaged. Since becoming a belligerent the United States had advanced billions o dollars of credit to Britain, France, Italy and Russia. The tightening of the blockade on Germany has been submitte and sanctioned. An army of over one million men had been raised, nearly half of whom were already in France. Once in the war United States had commenced to tackle the problem in a big way. For the building of aeroplanes Six Hundred and forty million dollars had been set aside. To prevent a drain on the allies a new type of motor as designed, tested and perfected within twenty-eight days. A special method for the treatment of spruce required in constructing the aeroplanes were discovered and it is now expected that United States will contribute to the war one hundred thousand aeroplanes a vear.

But it was in the appreciation of what Canada had done that Mr. Hilliard had most to say about United States. He quoted The New York Tribune the recent election in Canada as follows: "It is a stirring thing this victory of democracy in Canada over all the forces which make for surrender and for worse than surrender. The voice of the first Allied electorate to be heard in many, many months is a sign for all Allied statesmen to observe and heed. Canada has sent four hundred thousand men to Europe; Canada has borne more than one hundred and twenty-five thousand casualties; but to the call of duty Canada's response is immediate and unmistakable. It is a response which will be noted in Berlin as well as in London. Is it too much to expect it may even be heard in Rome? In a time of momentary pessimism Canada has cheered all of us. In an hour of depression and weakness Canada has shown the road of courage and victory illuminated by the spirit of self-sacrifice and devotion."

In conclusion Mr. Hilliard took time to present a few figures regarding the accomplishment of Great Britain. He showed that since 1914 the Naval forces of the Empire had increased from 150,000 to 450,000 men; an army of over more than 400,000,000 had been built up; and the total enrollment of Britain's armed forces today was about 7,500,000 of which the Dominions and Colonies had supplied 900,000. A great army of women had been enlisted for various kinds of war work. n 1917 no less than 815,000 were engaged in munition factories and during the last eleven months over 750,000 women had been placed in one kind of work or another.

McLAUGHLIN VALVE-IN-HEAD MOTOR CARS

MR. J. S. JAMIESON
Former Principal of M.C.I. writes:--

Morrisburg, March 6th, 1918

Messrs. W. H. Fetterly & Co.,
Morrisburg, Ontario.

Dear Sirs;—

After driving my car a distance of nearly four thousand miles, it may interest you to know my experience.

I received the car on the 7th of July 1915. It was the 1916 model, six cylinder. During that season we ran it about 2000 miles at a total cost (not including license) of $19.43. The second season [1916] the roads were still worse and gasoline nearly double the price of 1915; consequently the cost was greater for the distance covered, viz. $14.70 (not including license)

Had only the same person been at the wheel the cost would be less; but four persons learned to run it. We went through deep mud and sand, and up and down some of the worst hills in Eastern Ontario. Hence I consider the car was thoroughly tested but never failed us. We have had only two punctures, and a mere trifle for repairs. The car is also in good running order and very little the worse of wear. The mileage for the three seasons has been about 21 miles to a gallon of gasoline. Good care and thoughtfullness greatly reduces cost.

I have much pleasure in recommending the 'McLaughlin Six" as one of the best cars on the market.

Yours truly,
J. S. JAMIESON

BORN

McCoy—At Three Rivers, on March ninth, to Mr. and Mrs. Owen J. McCoy, a son.

DIED

Berkley—At GlenBecker, Sunday, March tenth., Mr. Zenas Berkley, in his seventy-third year.

The funeral service was held at his late residence Wednesday March thirteenth.

INCORPORATED 1855

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Capital and Reserve $8,800,000
98 Branches in Canada
A General Banking Business Transacted
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Interest allowed at highest current rate
MORRISBURG BRANCH — WILLIAM WALLACE, MANAGER
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Between Cousins;

OR, A DECLARATION OF WAR.

CHAPTER XXIV.—(Cont'd.)

A growing, pressing earnestness spoke out of the tones—almost a prayer. He seemed to be pleading with his son for one word of self-justification. The brown eyes that hung upon the hidden face clearly begged a favor.

But it was not granted. As Albert dropped his hands, John knew the truth without his words.

"No, father," he said, as coldly and as sternly as though it were he who was the judge instead of the old man in the arm-chair. "It is no use. I could blind you with excuses, perhaps, but I could not blind myself. I did did know what I was doing; I did consider, and even if I had made a mistake about the boats, that could not justify me; for the intention was there—the full intention. And it is the intention that matters—you should know that—it is your business to know it. I wanted this result. Do you not remember how, on the day when I found Fenella here, in this room, I told you that I should prevent the marriage—somehow? That thought has not left me since then; and yesterday my opportunity came, and I took it,—that is all."

John had fallen back again in his chair as though the so mercilessly positive words had been so many blows. Now he gazed at his son with wide eyes which seemed to be waiting for more.

"From the first that marriage had been to me an abomination. It was the upsetting of a plan of life—not for myself alone, but for us all—the surrendering of all the advantages we had so laboriously gained. On her death-bed I had promised mother to fight for them; to me it was a duty—almost sacred. How could I look on peacefully at Fenella's social degradation? I feel the same way about it just now; the abomination is still there just the same, but the sensations of to-day are more abominable till. I am not able to bear the sight of Adam's and of Fenella's faces with my secret upon me. A matter of nerves, I suppose. That is why I have spoken."

With each word John's white head had sunk a little lower upon his breast. When Albert ceased he did not move, nor give the answer which the young man's eyes more demanded than entreated.

"Father!" cried Albert, in an altered tone, after a moment of this numb silence. "Speak to me! Tell me: Is my crime past forgiveness? What is there I can do? Can my secret be kept—or would that be a second crime? Can you still think of me as a son, or is the sin too enormous in your eyes?"

With a sudden sharp groan he once more covered his face and waited. Then, just as the silence had grown almost unbearable, he felt a weight upon his shoulder. It was his father's hand; and, looking up, he saw his father's face bending towards him. There was no condemnation in the brown eyes, rather a deep and humble trouble.

"The sin is great indeed,—but I do not know that it is all yours, my son."

"Not all mine? But, father—"

"It is not you who have done this thing. It is the Pride of Life; and into this house the Pride of Life should have had no entry if—others had been faithful."

His eyes wandered to the window vaguely, and to Albert's ears the very sense of his words seemed to be wandering.

"Father!" he urged, for already it seemed as though the minister had forgotten his presence. "Is this all you have to say to me? Will I find forgiveness?"

"There is forgiveness for all," murmured John, "but it is the unfaithful who will seek for it furthest."

"And my punishment?"

He had to repeat his question before John looked back at him with a little start of remembrance.

"Your punishment will be written in your sister's face. But mine? But mine?"

In bewilderment Albert gazed: but before he had spoken the minister, with an effort, had recovered himself.

"Go, my boy," he said in a tone of authority that was almost calm. "I must be alone; I will speak to you again, but not now. Do what you can. Keep your sister from despairing yet, and keep your secret from her and from all. Do you not see that this second blow would kill her?"

A minute later John sat alone, and knew by the load in his breast and by the clamor of accusing tongues in his head that one of life's great and most appalling moments was upon him: a moment of self-enlightenment. Straight in front of him he was gazing, not at the worn wood and dulled varnish of his writing-table, but back, into dead years. From the vantage-ground of this day's crisis he looked back upon the road which lay behind him—back to the very starting-point. The sweetness of those early dreams was upon him again for a little. Unbounded devotion to a cause, and that the greatest on earth—complete self-surrender to one beckoning mission—towards these things his young soul had yearned with a mighty, heart-whole desire. That, then, had been the starting-point. And the goal? Was it towards this that he had been steering all these years? With Albert's confession still ringing in his ears, it seemed impossible to connect the two moments. His son a murderer; his daughter bereaved and almost widowed by this son's act; his household revealed to him as a very hot-bed of baffled ambition and frustrated greed. Almost for a space he doubted his own identity. How did he, John M'Donnell, come to this pass?—he, in whose youthful visions that thing called the "World" had had no portion,—nor its prizes, nor its cares?

Heavily his trembling under-lip sank; for he knew the answer already: by unfaithfulness. Not the commonplace and palpable unfaithfulness of the lax pastor—not unfaithfulness at all in the literal and legal sense of the word, but a far more intimate personal defection from an individual vocation. With a clearness undimmed by any haze of doubt, he was conscious of having been called upon for sacrifices beyond those of the mass of his fellow-workers; of having been one of the chosen ones who are singled out for complete surrender. But before the order to quit "everything" his renunciation had failed. Touched by human passion, he had sought to compromise with Divine commands.

Vividly, after all these years, he could recall his own almost indignant astonishment that day in the quarry when Tim M'Laren had twitted him with a future wife. How conscious he had been of the misfit in the picture of the future, how determined a helpmate for his work. At the tell himself that he had sought in her easily as any wording. No use to he had succumbed as weakly and as Ella's blue eyes and her red lips, and man fetters. And then had come to keep himself untrammelled by hu- moment itself the excuse might serve, but not now as seen from the vantage-ground, with the pitiless light of experience upon it. It was not Ella's virtues which had drawn him, it was her bodily charms. To the flesh he had succumbed, not to the spirit.

And the result? That of most compromises: the imperfect attainment of both ends aimed at. He had been a bad husband and a bad father, and certainly not so good a priest as he had it in him to be. He knew now that the uneasiness of his defection had it in him to be. He knew now that the uneasiness of his defection had never quite left him; and that though he had worked harder than most men he had not worked with an undivided mind. His very zeal had in it a touch of fever, meant to convince himself that his earthly ties were no impediment. The hidden sting had, upon occasion, put harsher words into his mouth, more exaction into his spiritual demands than would have come to him naturally. At such moments the fanatic within him had gained the upper hand of the gentle shepherd of souls.

Presently he raised his head and looked up towards the hill-side, where between the leafless trees of the back garden the spire of a little grey chapel was visible. What was that the funny old man who dwelt up there myself—you see; not certain enough had said? "I am not sure enough of that my strength would suffice for the burden of earthly affections, along with the—other burden."

There was another, then, who was afraid of his own weakness; but that one had acted accordingly. Not able to bear both burdens;—was any man able? John would not dare to say No, being far too humble minded to judge of others' strength. It was himself only that he judged. Others, even in matrimonial fetters, might be "solicitous for the things that belong to the Lord," and for those alone; of himself, he knew that the Apostle had been right to call such a one "divided." The unfaithfulness had been his own private unfaithfulness.

And the punishment was upon him now. The harvest of shame and tears reaped to-day had been sown on the day when ye yielded to Ella. Those laborious years of study, those painfully hoarded savings, had all led to this, because of one moment of weakness. The "step" which he had climbed with only spiritual objects in view had been used as a ladder to social success. The Pride of Life flourished upon the results of efforts planned for its destruction.

Unsteadily he folded his hands in his lap. The confession, so recently heard, rang again in his ears. Who was he to absolve, whose own soul yearned for disburdenment? Once more his heavy eyes sought the grey spire on the hill-side. Up there was another old man,—one of those who had made no compromises whose ear had listened to the tale of many failings, whose lips were sealed upon them with a sevenfold seal. He, and such as he, might appreciate the acuteness of this intimate reproach, which to others would doubtless rank as a symptom of approaching dotage.

For a moment John played with the fantastically impossible idea, then dismissed it with a smile that was no gayer than a sigh.

(To be continued.)

Gunns Shur-Gain Fertilizer

Food Control Corner

During the next four or five months food conservation on this continent and among their own people must be almost the sole hope of the Allied nations in Europe and of friendly neutrals. No effort that can be made by the people of North America can add any considerable amount of new food to the available supplies before next fall. Stocks are dangerously depleted, particularly in the case of cereals and meats. The problem is to "stretch" these supplies over the interval until this year's crops are harvested. While preparing for increased production, we must also do our utmost to help our Allies over the next few months when starvation will be threatening them dangerously.

Official information, much of it confidential, received during the past few days emphasizes the scarcity of supplies of cereals and meats and the necessity of avoiding at all costs encroachment upon the supplies for the armies. In Great Britain, in France, in Italy, the people are alive to the situation. They know something of what the next few months will mean. Their spirit was expressed by Lord Charles Beresford the other day when he said: "We are tightening our belts and we are going to win."

A recent cable from London stated that the present meat ration in Great Britain is not more than one-half of the amount to which the people have been accustomed. Accompanied as this is by the restrictions on the consumption of bread it cannot but entail physical loss and privation. Canadians too, must tighten their belts and help the Allies to win. Use should be made on this continent of every available substitute for wheat, beef and pork. Upon our food service depends the very lives of thousands of women and children in the Allied countries.

Articles Wanted for Cash

Old Jewellery; Plate; Silver; Curios; Miniatures; Pictures; Needlework; Lace; Old China; Cut Glass; Ornaments; Watches; Rings; Table Ware.
Write or send by Express to
B. M. & T. JENKINS, Limited
ANTIQUE GALLERIES
28 and 30 College Street, Toronto, Ont.

God's Acres.

From a first-class war-story, "The Red Planet," by W. J. Locke, we have just learned a beautiful thing that we had not known before. It seems that the French Government has assigned to the British, ownership for all time of the soil occupied by British graves in France. Could anything be more appropriate, more touching, more magnificent? In time perhaps France will be studded, too, with the graves of American soldiers. Can anyone doubt that henceforth for all world purposes Britain, France and the United States will be bound together in an indissoluble friendship?

Leave it to Parker

THE postman and expressman will bring Parker service right to your home. We pay carriage one way. Whatever you send—whether it be household draperies or the most delicate fabrics—will be speedily returned to their original freshness. When you think of cleaning or dyeing think of PARKER'S.

A most helpful booklet of suggestions will be mailed on request.



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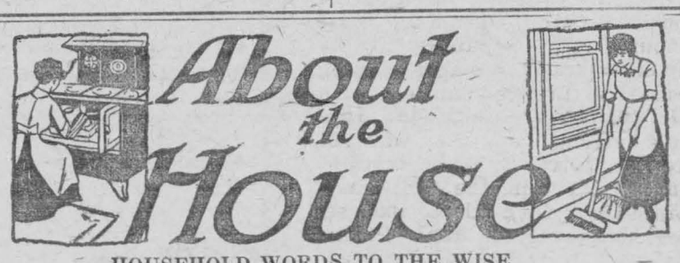


HOUSEHOLD WORDS TO THE WISE.

What would you do if you found a rent in a conspicuous part of your raincoat?

Lay the coat on a flat surface so that the torn parts fit perfectly together and lay adhesive plaster over the torn place on the wrong side of the goods. Press together with the fingers and let dry. A tiny hole in coat, cloak or trousers may be mended in the same way with plaster of a similar color. Kid gloves and umbrellas are better repaired thus than darned.

How may you prevent the moisture from a potted plant marking the varnished table on which it stands?

Place under it a square pane of glass, hidden by a paper or linen doily.

What would you do to render palatable the morning cup of hot water prescribed by your doctor?

Add a little celery seed and a pinch of salt and transform it into a delicate bouillon. Some persons prefer a dash of lemon juice.

How would you take the shine from black garments?

Rub the spots with pieces of raw potato.

What would you do for the child whose tender heels are always blistered by new shoes?

Place over the heel a square of surgeon's plaster. This prevents friction of the skin by the constant rubbing of the shoe and is a sure preventive of blistered heels.

When you need the whites of eggs only in cooking how may you preserve the yolks?

Make a small hole in the shells, let the whites run out. Wet a tiny paper square in the white and seal the hole. The yolks may thus be kept fresh for several days.

How would you make a good mustard plaster?

Mix the mustard with white of egg instead of half flour. This will never blister and the plaster is lighter and more comfortable.

Do you know the "best way" to clean stone steps, stone window sills and kitchen utensils that have become discolored?

Get a nickel's worth of sandpaper, coarse and fine. Use the coarse grade on sills and steps. The fine is excellent for cleaning almost everything round the kitchen.

Is it necessary to dicard your window shades that are soiled or wrinkled at the bottom?

No, they may be made over by removing them from the rollers, turning them upside down and, with a loose machine stitch, hemming the other ends. Run the sticks through these, attach the pull-cords, then tack the worn ends to the rollers and set up again.

How can you make ice cream without a freezer?

Use the fireless cooker. Prepare in the usual way and pack in the cooker. Use more salt than usual and pound the ice fine. After one hour, beat thoroughly. Three beatings will make it beautifully smooth.

If your scissors are dull how can you sharpen them quickly and easily?

Cut the neck of a bottle with the scissors as if you were trying to cut the neck off.

What would you do to protect your garden seed while germinating if you were troubled with moles and mice?

Preparatory to plantings, soak the seed for twenty-four hours in one quart of water to which one tablespoon of turpentine has been added.

Have you an economical idea for mopping your hardwood floors?

Saturate the ordinary fibre mop with crude lemon oil. Partly dry and it is ready for use. This oil costs only from ten to fifteen cents a quart and is recognized as one of the best treatments for hardwood.

Have you an easy method of darning large holes in stockings?

Baste, on the wrong side, a patch of netting of the same color as stocking. Turn and darn on the right side.

When baby sits at the table how may you protect the tablecloth without the use of the unsightly tray?

Use a large piece of plate glass with beveled edges. A square of white oil cloth is also neat and useful for this purpose.

How would you freshen a faded carpet?

Take it up, beat well and brush. Spread it face down on the lawn. When it is fastened down again, rub well into it with a clean floor cloth, a mixture of hot water and one pint of vinegar.

School Luncheons.

It takes time to pack school luncheons, but it is time well spent; and after the boys and girls are grown and out in the world, mothers look back on this as one of their pleasantest duties.

If the children are at school all day, they must have substantial food, which should be carefully prepared and packed. Luncheon kits of fibre may be purchased, but a basket is about the best choice, as it does not retain food odors. Keep on hand a supply of paper napkins and waxed paper. Provide an aluminum cup and spoon and, if possible, a thermos bottle to hold hot soup or cocoa.

In satisfying the craving for sweets, provide things which have food value. Raisins, figs, dates and prunes are excellent for this purpose. So is a bit of maple sugar or sweet chocolate. Buy the best prunes, wash through several waters, spread out on a platter to dry, then put away in a tin box and they will be ready for use. Raisins, figs and dates may be bought in packages.

Hot, nourishing soup in the thermos bottle, bread and butter sandwiches, an orange and a cake of sweet chocolate combine to make a wholesome and satisfactory luncheon to carry to school.

Sandwiches should be wrapped in waxed paper, and the crust left on the bread, for it is good for the children's teeth. Whenever possible, put in fresh fruit—apples, oranges and bananas are wholesome and carry well. Cookies (not too rich) or bread and jelly are better for little "tummies" than pie or doughnuts. Vary the luncheons from day to day, for something which comes as a surprise will be doubly welcome.

The strong smell in old fowls can be removed by washing in warm soda water.

The secret of perfect frying is to have the fat hot enough to brown the outer surface instantly.

When the eyes say one thing and the tongue another, the practical man relies on the language of the first.—Emerson.

Watch dahlia and canna roots to see that they do not dry out completely or have so much moisture as to cause them to rot.

BOVRIL
Take it as Soup before Meals
1-18

I wish there was a Walker House in every little town



I wish there was a WALKER HOUSE
In every little town;
Then I could travel merrily,
And always sit me down
At night in peace and comfort,
Happier than king with crown,
If there was just one Walker House
In every little town.

I wish there was a WALKER HOUSE
In each place where I go.
The comforts of my dear old home
While on the road I'd know.
The meals—the Cheerful Service, too,
Would leave no cause to frown,
If there was just one Walker House
In every little town.

The Walker House
The House of Plenty — Toronto — Geo. Wright, E. M. Carroll



OGILVIE'S STANDARD
SPRING WHEAT FLOUR

THIS is the WAR FLOUR of the OGILVIE MILLS—a loyal product to conserve Canada's resources and, at the same time, give the public the best possible flour that can be milled according to the Government standard.

This War Flour is excellent in quality and flavor—but it is slightly darker in color than "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" to which you have been accustomed.

It is just as hard for us to give up milling "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" as it will be for you to forego your favorite brand; but our "STANDARD" Flour will nevertheless make delicious bread, rolls, biscuits, cake, pies and pastry. If you have any difficulty—just drop us a line; we have a staff of expert chemists and bakers, whose experience is at your service.

Just as soon as the Food Controller will allow us to mill "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" again, we will tell you of this happy fact.

In the meantime, the new regulations—being in the best interests of the British Empire—demand the whole-hearted support of the Millers and the Public.

Certain stores and dealers have stocks of "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" still on hand. In order to avoid any confusion or misunderstanding, all "STANDARD" FLOUR will be plainly branded as such.

When all your "ROYAL HOUSEHOLD" is gone, make sure of getting the next best grade by ordering

OGILVIE'S STANDARD

Grocers everywhere have it,—don't forget to stipulate "OGILVIE'S." It will be your surest guarantee of the highest grade obtainable.

The OGILVIE FLOUR MILLS Co., Limited
Montreal — Fort William — Winnipeg — Medicine Hat.
Daily Capacity, 19,000 Barrels
The Largest Millers in the British Empire

COSSACKS WILL JOIN JAPANESE IN APPROACHING SIBERIAN CAMPAIGN

New Russian Government Constituted in Far East—Trotsky Has Resigned Post of Foreign Minister.

Petrograd, March 10. — The Pravada, organ of the Bolsheviki, prints a despatch from Irkutsk, which says:

"The ex-President of the Council of Ministers of Revolutionary Russia, Prince Lvoff, has constituted in the Far East a new Russian Government which at present has its seat at Pekin, and which is awaiting the landing of Japanese troops at Vladivostok in order to enter Siberian territory with them.

"Telegraphic communication between Vladivostok and Irkutsk is interrupted. The Soviet of Vladivostok is mobilizing forces for resistance and is forming a Red army."

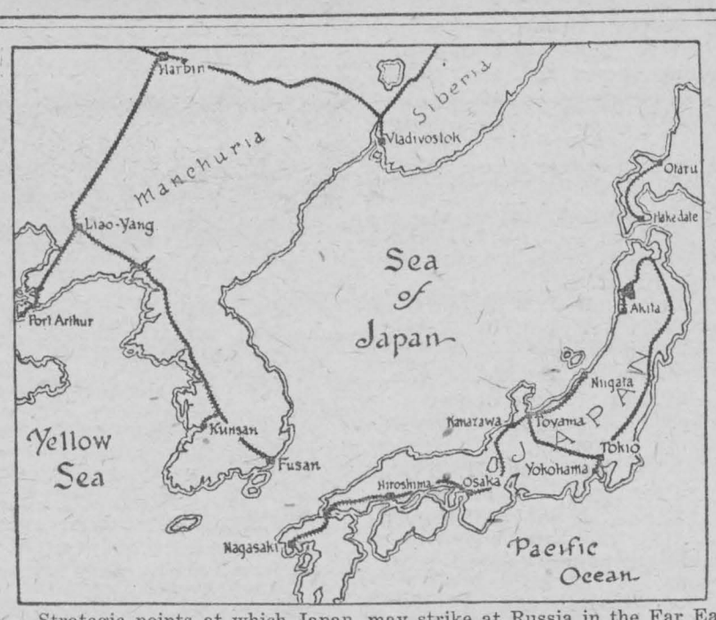
It is stated in the newspapers that the Bolsheviki forces have granted complete freedom to Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, who has been under arrest at his home. Emperor Nicholas, on abdicating, designated him as regent.

A decree signed by Premier Lenine announces the evacuation of the State institutions at Petrograd. The people's commissioners are leaving to-day for Moscow, which is to be the new Russian capital, at least temporarily. The commissioner of education M. Lunacharsky, will remain in Petrograd as the representative of the Government, and will be invested with extraordinary powers.

The official organs of the Soviet, Isvesti and Pravda will appear tomorrow for the last time in Petrograd; both will be published thereafter at Moscow.

The Petrograd papers confirm the report of Leon Trotzky's resignation as Foreign Minister. His duties will now fall upon his deputy, Mr. Tchitcherin.

Harbin, March 8.—After a preliminary clash with Red Guards, resulting in a few casualties on both sides, Gen. Semenoff, leader of the Cossacks, has formed a new front along the Siberian Railway, where he is endeavoring to break the Bolsheviki control. The Bolsheviki are using heavy guns, under the direction of a German officer.



Strategic points at which Japan may strike at Russia in the Far East to safeguard war supplies in store at Vladivostok and Harbin.

BRITISH DEFEAT ENEMY IN THE YPRES-DIXMUDE SECTOR

Strong German Attack Repulsed at Most Points—Brief Advantage of Foe Regained by Counter-Attack Launched by Yorkshires.

A despatch from London says: An official statement from General Haig says:

"Shortly before dawn, after heavy artillery preparation, the enemy delivered a strong local attack on a front of over a mile south of Houltholst Forest. On a great part of this front his attack broke down under the fire of our troops. At one point, however, on the left of our line, where the attack was pressed with great determination, and supported by troops carrying flame-throwers, some of the soldiers holding our advance posts were compelled to fall back a short distance on a front of about 500 yards.

"After severe fighting later in the morning a counter-attack was launched by the Yorkshire Light Infantry. It met with considerable success, with the result that the enemy's troops were driven back a distance of three hundred yards beyond their former front line, and heavy losses were inflicted upon them. Our positions are completely re-established. Our casualties in the enemy's original attack and in the subsequent fighting were light.

"Sussex troops carried out a successful raid east of Laventie, and with little loss to themselves captured a few prisoners. Hostile artillery showed considerable activity at a number of points, particularly in the neighborhood of Flesquieres, in the Givenchy, Neuve Chapelle and Armentieres sections and east of Ypres."

UTTER FAILURE OF BIG ENEMY RAID

Canadians Escape Without Loss in Repulsing Strong German Attack.

London, March 10.—Gen. Currie writes to Sir Edward Kemp, under date of the 6th: "Yesterday morning the enemy attempted a very large raid against us. Nearly three hundred of his specially picked assaulting troops raided our trenches. He put on a tremendous artillery fire, stretching many hundreds of yards on each side of his point of entry. No sooner had he entered our lines than he was immediately counter-attacked and driven off. Our chaps killed a great many Boches in the trenches and during his retirement many Germans were left lying dead in No Man's Land. Not a man of ours is missing, so he failed absolutely in his mission which we learn from prisoners was to take prisoners and gain information. Furthermore, troops which he raided went back at him last night, entered his lines, killed many and brought back a prisoner. Our losses were very light. The weather is very fine and everyone is working very hard."

GERMANS WATCH CREW DROWN

Norwegian Ship Sunk—Six Survivors Rescued.

A despatch from London says: The Norwegian steamer Havna, of 1,150 tons gross, has been torpedoed without warning. She sank in less than one minute. The crew of 18 had no time to launch a boat and jumped into the sea. The captain and five survivors were landed Monday night.

With five companions, Capt. Hermansen spent a terrible night on a raft, exposed to intense cold. They found an upturned lifeboat at dawn and managed to right her. They had drifted about for 50 hours when rescued by an American destroyer. One man died in delirium; the others had their feet frozen.

The Germans watched the men struggling in the icy water, said Capt. Hermansen, but did not offer any help.

BRITISH CASUALTIES FOR PAST WEEK 3,343

A despatch from London says:—For the first week of March, British casualties were 3,343, the lowest of any week for several months. The official report for the week was: Killed or died of wounds—Officers, 63; men, 628. Wounded or missing —Officers, 179; men, 2,473.

The total casualties for February, a low month, were 18,961.

BLACK SEA IN HANDS OF ENEMY

Russian Fleet There Comprised at Least Two Super-Dreadnaughts and Some Minor Craft.

A despatch from London says: Although the fate of the Russian Black Sea fleet is still a mystery, it is believed that as a result of Germany's peace with the Ukraine it has practically passed into Teuton hands, and with it the complete domination of the Black Sea. At least two super-dreadnaughts and a number of minor craft were comprised in the Russian fleet. It will not be surprising if these ships eventually join the Goeben.

What is now considered certain is that Germany is planning to use considerable of her strength in the Near East. Naval men believe that Germany is already preparing for the rapid development of the Black Sea transport service so as to get forces into Asia Minor. With Rumania out of the war, large Bulgar-German forces can be used against Salonica while the German-Turkish forces operate in Asia Minor.

BRITISH GOVT. RECRUITS MINERS

Threatened Strike of 70,000 Tramway Employees Averted.

London, March 10.—Three decisions of great importance to labor have been arrived at in the last 24 hours. The first is the announcement that the Government has decided to proceed with the recruiting of 50,000 coal miners; the second is the agreement reached with the machinists, which it is hoped will bring about amicable co-operation in recruiting additional men for the army from their ranks; and the third is the averting of the threatened strike of 70,000 tramway and 'bus employes by an increase of $5 in the weekly wage over the figure that was paid before the war.

FINLAND REPUBLIC SIGNS PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: Official announcement was made in Berlin on Thursday of the signing of a peace treaty between Germany and Finland, and also of trade and shipping agreements and a supplementary protocol.

Finland, by the conditions of the treaty, agrees to cede no territory nor grant territorial rights to any foreign power without the previous consent of Germany, who undertakes to exert herself to secure the recognition of Finland's independence by all the powers. The fortifications of the Aland Islands will be removed.

LEADING MARKETS

Breadstuffs

Toronto, Mar. 12—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.23½; No. 2, do., $2.20½; No. 3, do., $2.17½; No. 4 wheat, $2.10½, in store Fort William, including 2½c tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 99½c; No. 3 C.W., 96½c; extra No. 1 feed, 95½c; No. 1 feed, 92½c; in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried, $2.05, track Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 99c to $1; No. 3 white, 98 to 99c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, $2.22; basis in store Montreal.

Peas—No. 2, $3.70 to $3.80, according to freights outside.

Barley—Malting, $1.73 to $1.75, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—$1.78 to $1.80, according to freights outside.

Rye — No. 2, $2.35, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—War quality, $11.10, new bags, Toronto.

Ontario flour—War quality, $10.70, new bags, Toronto and Montreal freights, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots—Delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $35; shorts, per ton, $40.

Hay—No. 1, per ton, $17 to $18; mixed, $14 to $16, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, $8.50 to $9, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Creamery, solids, per lb., 47 to 47½c; prints, per lb., 47½ to 48c; dairy, per lb., 36 to 38c.

Eggs—New laid, 41 to 42c.

Poultry—Dressed, chickens, 26 to 28c; fowl, 25 to 27c; ducks, 23 to 24c; geese, 21 to 22c; turkeys, 30 to 35c.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:

Cheese—New, large, 23 to 23½c; twins, 23½ to 23½c; early cheese, 25½ to 26c; large twin, 26 to 26½c.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 40 to 41c; creamery prints, 51 to 52c; solids, 49 to 50c.

Eggs—New laid, 46 to 47c; new laid, in cartons, 48 to 50c; No. 1 storage, 40 to 42c.

Dressed poultry—Milk-fed chickens, 35 to 37c; fowl, 30 to 33c; turkeys, 40 to 45c.

Live poultry—Turkeys, 30c; chickens, lb., 26 to 28c; hens, 30 to 33c.

Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, bush., $8.25 to $8.50; imp. hand-picked, Burma or Indian, $6.50 to $6.75; Japan, $8 to $8.25; Limas, 19 to 20c.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 34 to 35c; do., heavy, 28 to 30c; cooked, 45 to 47c; rolls, 28 to 30c; breakfast bacon, 40 to 42c; backs, plain, 42 to 43c; boneless, 45 to 46c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 28 to 29c; clear bellies, 27 to 28c.

Lard—Pure lard, tierces, 29½ to 30c; tubs, 29½ to 30½; pails, 30 to 30½c; compound tierces, 25½ to 26c; tubs, 25½ to 26½c; pails, 26 to 26½c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, Mar. 12—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 3, $1.11; extra No. 1 feed, $1.11; No. 2 local white, $1.10; No. 3 local white, $1.06; No. 4 local white, $1.05. Flour—New standard Spring wheat grade, $11.10 to $11.20. Rolled oats—Bags, 90 lbs., $5.60. Bran, $35. Shorts, $40. Middlings, $48 to $50. Mouillie, $60 to $62. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $17.

Winnipeg Grain

Winnipeg, Mar. 12—Cash prices—Oats—No. 2 C.W., 99½c; No. 3 C.W., 96½c; extra No. 1 feed, 95½c; No. 1 feed, 92½c; No. 2 feed, 88½c. Barley—No. 3, $1.87; No. 4, $1.82; rejected, $1.53; feed, $1.50. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $3.83½; No. 2 C.W., $3.78½; No. 3 C.W., $3.61.

United States Markets

Minneapolis, Mar. 12—Corn—No. 3 yellow, $1.80 to $1.85. Oats—No. 3 white, 92¼ to 93¼c. Flour—In carload lots, standard, $9.70 a barrel in 98-pound cotton sacks. Bran—$32.98.

Duluth, Mar. 12—Linseed—$4.11 to $4.23; arrive, $4.11; May, $4.11 bid; July, $4.08½ bid; October, $3.70 asked.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Mar. 12.—Extra choice heavy steers, $11.75 to $12; do., good heavy, $11.35 to $11.69; butchers' cattle, choice, $11.25 to $11.50; do., good, $10.60 to $11; do., medium, $10 to $10.25; do., common, $9 to $9.25; butchers' bulls, choice, $10 to $10.50; do., good bulls, $9 to $9.25; do., medium bulls, $7.85 to $8.50; do., rough bulls, $6.50 to $7; butchers' cows, choice, $10 to $10.50; do., good, $8.75 to $9; do., medium, $8 to $8.50; stockers, $7.50 to $8.50; feeders, $9 to $10; canners and cutters, $6 to $6.50; milkers, good to choice, $90 to $140; do., com. and med., $65 to $80; Springers, $90 to $140; light ewes, $13.50 to $14.50; sheep, heavy, $6 to $7.25; yearlings, $11.75 to $12.75; lambs, $18 to $19.25; calves, good to choice, $16 to $17; hogs, fed and watered, $19.75; do., weighed off cars, $20; do., f.o.b., $18.75.

Montreal, Mar. 12—Canners' cattle, $5.50 to $6 per 100 pounds; milk-fed calves, $12 to $15; sheep, $11 to $13; lambs, $14 to $16; choice select hogs, off cars, $19.50 to $20 per 100 pounds.

CANADA'S NET DEBT IS NOW $1,010,780,470

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Canada's net debt stood at $1,010,780,470 on Feb. 28, an increase during February of $13,251,263. The total gross debt of the Dominion on Feb. 28 was $1,996,393,359. Total assets were $985,612,889. Total war expenditures for the eleven months' period to the end of February was $207,849,726.

Revenues show an increase. In February, 1918, the revenue was $21,225,872, as compared with $17,513,473 in February of last year. Expenditure on account of consolidated fund was $11,323,497 in February of the present year, in comparison with $12,581,954 in February, 1917.

PREPARED TO CRUSH U-BOAT MENACE

Feeling of Optimism Prevails in Official Circles.

A despatch from Washington says: More submarines were destroyed by the allied and American naval forces in December than Germany was able to build during that month, according to information reaching Washington. This fact developed on Thursday in discussions of the statement made to Parliament on Thursday by Sir Eric C. Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty, that the submarines were being checked.

Whether succeeding months have shown a net loss in German submarines is not known here. It is believed, however, that the anti-submarine campaign has proved so effective that increased efforts this Spring will see a steady decrease in the number of U-boats available to prey on allied and American shipping.

American naval officials appear to be satisfied that the weapons with which they expect to crush finally the submarine menace are forthcoming. Increased numbers of patrol vessels of various types, appliances, and devices to make them more effective against underwater craft, and the increased skill of navy personnel are among the things upon which they count. It has taken time to devise and build the weapons, but they are beginning to become available now.

BRITISH BOMB GERMAN CITIES

Stuttgart Motor Works and Munition Factories Attacked in Daylight Raid.

London, March 10.—British aviators bombed the Daimler motor works at Stuttgart to-day. The official announcement says that the raid was carried out in broad daylight. They also bombed the railway station and munition factories. On Saturday the official report stated that ten tons of bombs were dropped on sidings and factories in Mainz, and that the British raiders returned safely. In the air-fighting of Friday twelve foe machines were destroyed and others driven down, with loss of three British machines. Sunday's report tells of the destruction of ten more Hun machines, and the disabling of ten others, the British losing two.

BRITISH CRUISER CALGARIAN SUNK

Torpedoed Off Irish Coast—48 Lost Out of 610.

A despatch from London says: The British auxiliary cruiser Calgarian was torpedoed off the Irish coast on Saturday last. She was struck by four torpedoes, but of the 610 persons on board all but 48 were landed at an Irish port. The people of the same town, who a few days ago won the gratitude of the American people by their kindness to the survivors from the Tuscania, have extended their hospitality in the last few days to nearly 500 men from the Calgarian, one of the finest auxiliary cruisers in the Atlantic service. The Calgarian was torpedoed in the late afternoon not far from the place where the Tuscania met her doom.

VICTORIES OF BRITISH IN EAST

In Palestine and Mesopotamia Occupy Strong Positions.

London, March 10.—British official communications issued to-day say the British have occupied Hit, 80 miles west of Bagdad on the Euphrates River in Mesopotamia, and in Palestine have made a general advance on both sides of the Jerusalem-Nablus Road on a front of 13 miles to an average depth of from two to three miles.

U.S. TRANSPORTS MOVING ON TIME

Transportation Facilities For Gen. Pershing's Army Are Satisfactory.

A despatch from Washington says: Troops and supplies for General Pershing's forces now are moving to France on schedule time, it was learned on Thursday on high authority. While figures may not be published, it was stated positively that transportation requirements of the army are being met by the Shipping Board, and the immediate situation as to ships was described as satisfactory.

In view of this assurance that the United States will be able to maintain its place as a fighting unit on the battle front, reports from the Western front are being scanned more eagerly than ever by officers here for the first signs of the 1918 campaign. It is felt strongly that the opening of major operations in what President Wilson has predicted will prove the decisive year of the great war will not be much longer delayed.

HEROISM OF BELGIAN ARMY

Drove Out the German Invaders With Heavy Loss.

British Army Headquarters in France. Great gallantry and individual heroism was displayed by the Belgian soldiers in the face of great odds in the flooded zone north-west of Dixmude a day or two ago. The German attack was futile. This operation has been characterized as a raid, but, as in the case of the recent attack on the Portuguese, there it little doubt that the Germans meant to occupy certain posts permanently. They succeeded temporarily in one place, but were driven out with heavy losses after spectacular fighting.

King Albert personally congratulated his troops yesterday on their remarkable work.

BRITISH GAIN IN PALESTINE

Gen. Allenby Makes Further Advance of Three Miles on Eighteen-Mile Front.

A despatch from London says:—British troops astride the Jerusalem-Nabulus Road in Palestine have advanced their positions along a front of 18 miles to a depth of three miles, the British War Office announced on Friday. The text of the statement reads:

"Palestine: From Monday to Thursday our line astride the Jerusalem-Nabulus Road was steadily advanced. Little opposition was encountered.

"Yesterday the advance was to a maximum depth of three miles on a frontage of 18 miles.

"On Wednesday night the enemy blew up his bridge over the River Jordan at El Ghoranieh."

One of the surest methods of relieving pain is to use hot moist applications. The articles needed for this treatment are: Hot water, pieces of soft flannel twice the size of the area to be covered, a protector which may be made of folds of flannel, or better, of cotton batting quilted between layers of cheese-cloth, and some kind of a wringer. The flannel is wrung out by placing it in the centre of a towel and twisting the ends of the latter in opposite directions. This device can be improved upon by making a hem in either end of the towel and running sticks through the hems. By twisting the sticks in opposite directions the flannel can be wrung very dry. To apply, cover the painful part with the protector, then remove flannel from the wringer, test it with the back of the hand, and, if it is not too hot, place it under the protector and put it down slowly to avoid burning the patient. Change these applications every few minutes; do not allow them to become cool.

GERMAN TREATY WITH RUMANIA

Province of Dobrudja as Far as Danube is Ceded to Central Powers.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: A preliminary peace treaty between Rumania and the Central powers has been signed, says a despatch from Bucharest.

Under the terms of the preliminary peace agreement Rumania cedes the province of Dobrudja as far as the Danube to the Central powers. Rumania also undertakes to further the transport of Teutonic troops through Moldavia and Bessarabia to Odesso.

An official German statement said Rumania had accepted the conditions of the Germans for an armistice. Apparently the signing of a preliminary treaty followed almost immediately.

A despatch from London says: The drastic terms imposed by Germany upon Rumania, it is contended here, not only definitely takes her out of the war, but places her geographically at the economic mercy of the enemy. All pretence of "no annexations, no indemnities," is openly abandoned in the clause requiring "rectification of the Austro-Hungarian frontier," which involves the loss of the valuable oil fields. The cession of Dubrudja, not to Bulgaria, but to the Central Powers, suggests that there is a conflict in the Quadruple Alliance over the division of the booty from the spoliation of Rumania.

BELGIAN CAVALRY DEFEAT ENEMY

Drive German Troops From Position and Capture One Hundred.

A despatch from Havre says:—The Belgians crushed two sharp German attacks on the night of March 5. The first was against the Beverdik position, over a front of two kilometres. It was stopped by artillery fire. The second was south of Stuydekenskerke, directed against positions held by dismounted cavalry. After a violent artillery preparation, men belonging to three German regiments, all being specially picked storm troops, succeeded in gaining a foothold in the Belgian line. A vigorous counter-attack made by cavalry drove them back, with severe losses, from the positions which they had been ordered to hold at all costs. The Belgians took 100 unwounded prisoners.

TURKS SLAUGHTER THE ARMENIANS

Every Male—Man, Boy or Baby —Is Being Put to the Sword.

A despatch from London says: "There is evidence, based on statements by German Consuls, and, therefore, hardly to be prejudiced," says a despatch from The Hague to the Daily Mail, "that as the Turkish troops advance to re-occupy Armenia they are literally exterminating all the remaining Armenian population at Saosun, on the Black Sea.

"Every Armenian male—man, boy or baby—was put to the sword, while similar atrocities are being perpetrated, town by town and village by village. The handing over by Russia of the trans-Caucasian district will simply mean extermination, at German instigation, or at least with German approval, of the population left behind."

Production of Pleasure Autos Reduced.

A despatch from New York says: Production of pleasure automobiles will be cut 30 per cent. during the present fiscal year as a war measure, according to a decision reached here on Thursday by the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce. The reduction applies to the entire uncompleted schedule for the year.

AIR RAID ON PARIS MEETS WITH FAILURE; GERMAN COMMANDER KILLED

Captain Eckstein and Three Companions Crash to Earth With Plane—Anti-Aircraft Guns Prevented Much Damage.

Grand Headquarters of the French Army in France, March 10.—The commander of the German airplanes, which attempted to terrorize Paris, Capt. Fritz Eckstein, and three companions, one of whom was an officer of the Emperor's White Cuirassiers from Potsdam, were killed when their machine crashed in the Compignon Forest. It is questionable whether the commander ever reached Paris. It is believed that most of the bombs the machine carried were dropped after it was hit during the course of its trip, but several were still attached to the airplane when the correspondent saw it lying half buried in the earth. Two of the aviators were underneath the motor and the other two nearby, having thrown themselves out in an effort to save their lives.

The German machine was of the latest model. It was built at Friedrichshafen. The wings had a stretch of 80 feet, and it was supplied with the most modern instruments. The canvas wings were painted black, violet and dark blue.

Ten or twelve squadrons participated in the raid, proceeding towards Paris by three different routes in successive waves. The remarkably effective co-operation of the anti-aircraft guns, the defence escadrilles and the searchlights prevented much damage and stopped many of the raiders from reaching the capital.

FRIDAY, MARCH 15, 1918

The Leader

$1.50 per year; $1.25 in Canada, if paid n advance. $1.75 in United States or $1.50 if paid in advance.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY

The Leader Publishing Co. Limited

LEO LAURIN, MANAGER

OBITUARY

John Elias Baker

Death has removed from our midst one of the oldest and most respected citizens of East Williamsburg in the person of J. E. Baker, having been a lifelong resident of this and nearby vicinity. Born at Nudell Bush on January 23rd, 1837, he was the son of the late Adam P. Baker, having resided near the place of his birth until the year 1889, when he moved to Aultsville, after which he moved to his present home.

His last illness extended over several months, being stricken with Paralysis in August last from which he never recovered.

On December 31, 1856 he was married to Margaret Weaver, who predeceased him on June 16, 1914. To this union were born eight sons and three daughters of which six sons and one daughter survive, namely: Charles S. and Walton of East Williamsburg, Reuben A. and WilliamF. of Aultsville, Leslie D. of Morton, Minn, Clarence of Archer and Mrs. Emma Page of Massena, N.Y. Also two sisters, Mrs. Alex. Colquhoun of Hoasic and Mrs. E. Rooks of Morrisburg. Also thirty grand children and seventeen great grand children.

A man of stirling qualities he possessed a host of friends. He always took a deep interest in educational and municipal matters, and in politics he was a staunch Liberal. He was a member of St Paul's Anglican Church, Aultsville where the funeral and interment services were held on Friday, conducted by the Rev G. S. Postlewaite, rector, The large number of sorrowing friends who paid their last tribute by attending th funeral, testifies to the esteem in which deceased was held in his community.

The pall-bearers were Messrs. Frank Casselman, Joseph Bailey, Cornelius Wells, William Casselman, John Casselman, and William VanAllen.

Among those who attended the funeral from a distance were Mrs. Carrie Tinnlic, Messrs. Charles and Clifford Baker of Brockville, Mr. James S. Baker of Elma, Mr. Merton Colquhoun of Chesterville, Mrs. G. Weaver of Montreal, Mr. A. L. Ames and Mrs. E. Page and Mrs. Laura Reid of Massena, N. Y., Mrs. W. Woods and daughter, Eileen, of Bainsville and Mr. and Mrs. F. Whittaker of Williamsburg.

East Williamsburg

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Bailey spent a few days last week at Winchester Springs.

Mrs. Martha and Mr. George Watson and Miss Martha Wells were calling on friends at Aultsville on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Castleman were calling at Nudell Bush on Monday last.

Mrs. William Dafoe and Mrs John Wells spent a few days at Montreal last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Lavis were visiting at Riverside on Friday.

Mrs. William T. Merkley, Williamsburg, spent a few days last week with her daughter, Mrs. Joe Bailey.

Mr. and Mrs. John Burton, Nudell Bush, spent Thursday at Mr. Clarke Garlough's.

Mr. Isaiah Garlough and son, Immanuel, of Casselman spent a couple of days with the former's brother, Mr. Thomas Garlough.

Died—At his home, East Williamsburg, an aged and highly respected resident in the person of Mr. John E. Baker. We sympathize with the relatives in their bereavement.

Mr. Aden Garlough of Morrisburg spent Saturday at his home here.

Mr. and Mrs. George Styles of Froatburn spent Friday at Mr. Alfred Wells'.

Rev. Mr. Wells of Aultsville were calling in our Burg on Friday.

Miss Ina Salmons was visiting at her sister's at Pigeon Island last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stilson of Woodlands spent Wednesday at Mr. Cornelius Wells'.

Froatburn

Miss Ina Salmons was visiting friends in Froatburn last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Styles were visiting at Mr. James R. Style's on Thursday.

Several from Froatburn attended the funeral of Mr. John E. Baker at Riverside on Friday.

Mr. Marcus Reddick was busy hauling hay last week.

Mr. George Pruner is busy drag-sawing in the vicinity of Williamsburg.

Reddick Brothers are sawing wood in this vicinity at present.

Mr. Willis Casselman passed through Froatburn on Friday.

Mr. Ed. Swerdfeger was in Morrisburg on Saturday.

Mr. Grant Cassel passed through Froatburn on Friday.

Mr. Harold Pruner was hauling wood last week.

Mr. Simon Schwerdtfeger was in Morrisburg on Friday.

Mr. Arthur Heagle of Riverside, passed through our Burn on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Tvo were in Morrisburg on Friday.

Mr. Jas. J. Baker of Elma passed through Froatburn to attend his cousin's funeral at Riverside.

Mariatown

Mrs. Hamilton spent Wednesday with Mrs. James Riddell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Deeks went to Brockville on Monday where Mr. Deeks assumed his new position Mrs. Deeks returned home Wednesday morning but expects to join Mr. Deeks in Brockville soon.

Miss Winnie Fawsett returned to her home in Hainsville after spending a few daos with friends here.

Mr. A. H. Runions of Cardinal was calling on friends here Thursday.

Mr. A. H. Beckstead and Mr A. H. Runions made a business trip through the Osnabruck Country Thursday.

Miss Mabel Riddell of Brockville spent the week-end at her home here.

Miss Hattie Kirk of two Mountains, Alberta spent a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Riddell this week.

Mrs. Bateman (Sr) is visiting friends in the Second Concession this week.

Mrs. J. Zeron and Mrs. Cleland spent Friday last with Mr. and Mrs. McLatchie of Morrisburg.

Miss Francis Zeron is engaged as teacher of Dunbar School until Easter, owing to the illness of the teacher there.

Mr. J. Zeron is enjoying himself these days by doing some fast driving on the canal practising some of his trotting stock.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger visited at Mr. and Mrs. Colin Robertson's, River Road, on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Casselman and family were the guests of Mrs. J. D. Deeks on Thursday.

Mrs. L. Froats of Froatburn is at present with her daughter Mrs. Lee Deeks.

Visitors at Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger's this week were Mr. and Mrs. L. Bell, Brinston, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Robertson Mr. and Mrs. Allen Deeks and Miss Hattie Deeks of River Road west.

A few of our town people attended a quilting at Mrs. Loren Casselman's on Wednesday.

Nation Valley

A very successful Circle was held at the home of Mrs. Geo. A. Merkley on Friday last. This week we will meet at the home of Mrs. C. Merkley.

Mrs. Jno. R. Baker received information from her son Capt Walter Baker, who has been in an English Hospital, to the effect that his wounds were practically healed and he would soon be ready for service again. Although for some weeks they caused a great deal of anxiety to his attendants. Not only his immediate family, but our community where he was reared are proud of possessing so fine a soldier and hero.

Mr. Wallace Darling left Friday morning for a trip to Western Canada.

Mr. Merton Colquhoun attended the funeral of his uncle, the late, Mr. Baker of the Churches, Morrisburg, on Friday last.

Miss Minnie Jamieson spent the week-end with her sisters of Cass Bridge district.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FOR SALE

The property situated about one-half mile south of the village of Williamsburg, containing one acre of land. On the premiseslare two houses, a barn, a good well and a small orchard of good fruit trees. For terms apply to the owner.

Silas Merkley.

FOR SALE

Frame House and Lot on Church street. Water and Light Apply,

Mrs. Allan Moyle.
Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

A comfortable eight-room brick house, situated in the village of Morrisburg. For further particulars apply.

Corry Brown,
Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

Brick Dwelling on Victoria street, 2½ stories; in good state of repair; recently newly papered; all conveniences, including bath and toilet. Apply

H. H. Bradfield,
Morrisburg.

MORTGAGE SALE

Pursuant to the Power of Sale contained in a certain mortgage and pursuant to the County Judge's order, both of which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be sold at Public Auction at the office of the undersigned, in the Village of Morrisburg, Saturday the 16th day March A.D., 1918, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the following lands and premises, namely: All that certain parcel or tract of land and premises situate lying and being in the said Village of Morrisburg, being composed of all that part of the East Half of Township lot number thirty, in the first concession of the Township of Williamsburg, lying North of the Grand Trunk Railway, including Block V., as laid down on the map of the said Village, made by Walter Beatty, P. L. S., except that part thereof deeded to the Corporation of the said Village of Morrisburg.

The said farm comprises about One Hundred acres of land, all of which is cleared. Upon the said premises is a good comfortable brick house and good frame barns and stabling, also a thriving young orchard.

TERMS OF SALE

Ten per cent. of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of Sale to the Vendors' Solicitor, and the balance within thirty days thereafter without interest.

The property will be offered for sale subject to a reserved bid.

Further particulars and conditions of sale made known on the day of sale and on application to undersigned.

I. HILLIARD, K.C.,
Morrisburg, Ont.
Vendors' Solicitor

Dated at Morrisburg this 16th. day of February A.D., 1918.

POULTRY WANTED

Highest prices paid for all kinds of Poultry. Also special prices for all kinds of Junk.

For reliability, drop a card to the old reliable

SAM AGULNICK
MORRISBURG, ONT.
Box 17 — Telephone 63

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

DEPARTURES

†12.48 p.m. and *10.13 p.m, for Prescott, Brockville, Kingston, Belleville and Toronto.

†7.47 p. m. for Prescott and Brockville.

*4.23 a.m.. †7.30 a.m., and †3.19 p.m. for Cornwall and Montreal

ARRIVALS

†12.48 p.m., †7.47 p.m. and †10.13 p.m. from Montreal and Cornwall

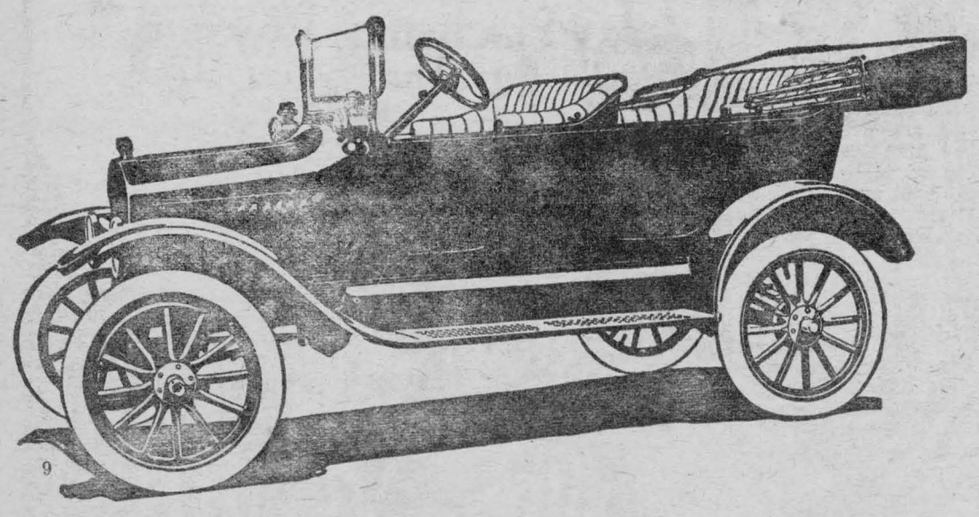
*4.23 a. m. and †3.19 p. m. from Toronto, Belleville, Kingston, Brockville and Prescott.

†7.30 a.m. from Brockville and Prescott.

* daily † daily except Sunday

For tickets and all information apply to

W. H. McGANNON, Local Agent

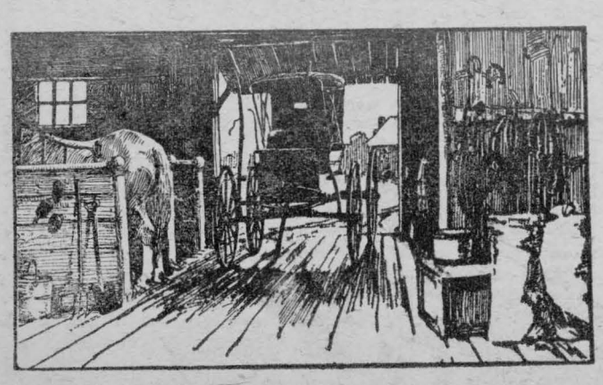


A Ford Car Takes the Place of all These Things

WHEN you own a Ford you can do away with many articles that are a source of continuous expense to the man who still drives a horse. For instance, not only your driving-horse and buggy, but the single harness, blankets, whips, currycombs, brushes, horse-shoes, pitch-forks, feed-bins, etc.

In their place you have a speedy, dependable, dignified, roomy Ford Car—complete in itself. It is vastly superior to the narrow, cramped buggy that travels so slowly. And when a Ford is standing idle it does not eat three meals a day, and it requires no "looking after."

A Ford will save you time, trouble, and money. It is the utility car for the busy farmer and his family.



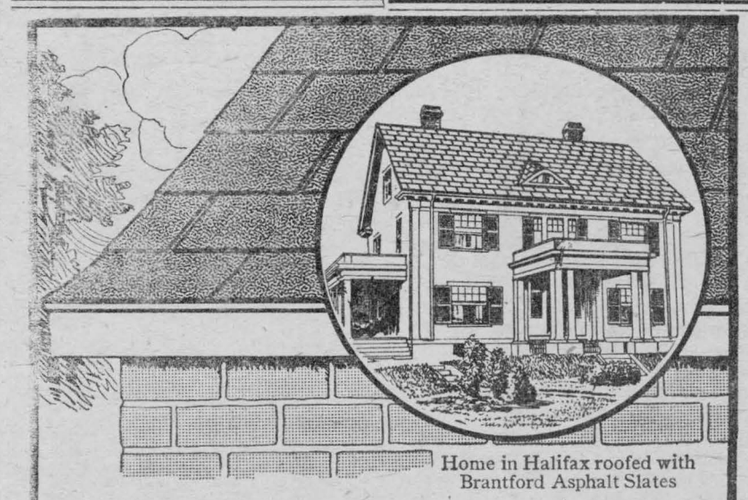
Ford

THE UNIVERSAL CAR

Runabout	$575
Touring	$595
Coupe	$770
Sedan	$970
Chassis	$535
One-ton Truck	$750

F. O. B. FORD, ONT.

WILFRID QUENNEVILLE, Dealer, Morrisburg



Home in Halifax roofed with Brantford Asphalt Slates

A handsome roof that defies the weather

An added touch of beauty to any house is a roof of Brantford Asphalt Slates, which are in soft, harmonious shades of reddish brown and dark green. The colors are permanent and unfadeable, being the natural shades of the slate just as it is taken out of the quarries.

It will also prove a very economical roof, because Brantford Asphalt Slates do not split, get loose, absorb water or rot. They are strongly fire-resistant and are classified as non-combustible by the fire insurance companies, and allowed to be used in cities where the most rigid fire-prevention By-laws are in force.

Brantford Asphalt Slates are very moderate in cost. The regular size of the slates and their pliability make them easily and quickly laid, thus saving time and cost of labor. Being made of high grade felt saturated and coated with asphalt, and with a surface of crushed slate, they make a roof that defies the elements and is a permanent part of the building, just like the walls and the foundation.

Brantford Asphalt Slates

are being used more extensively every year for city, country and summer homes, churches, golf clubs, stores, garages, and wherever an artistic effect is desired on a pitch roof.

If you are going to do any building this year or have an old roof that needs replacing, it will be to your advantage to investigate Brantford Asphalt Slates.

Brantford Roofing Co. Limited

Head Office and Factory, Brantford, Canada
Branches at Toronto, Montreal, Halifax 90

FOR SALE BY

HUNTER & CASSELMAN

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

Williamsburg

Mrs. Walter Buchan (nee Miss Nellie Casselman) a respected resident of Williamsburg passed away on Wednesday, March sixth, after only a couple of weeks' illness, at her home in Caughnawaga. Deceased was in her thirty-seventh year, and a daughter of the late William Casselman of Casselman, and Mrs. Ralph Empey of Williamsburg. She leaves to mourn her husband, and four daughters, Lorraine, Florence, Dorothy, and Minnie, also her mother, Mrs. Ralph Empey and three sisters, Mrs. Mal. Froats of Froatburn, Mrs. Bernice Merkley and Mrs. John Whittaker of Williamsburg. Deceased was a kind and loving mother, of a quiet and unassuming disposition and highly respected by all in the community in which she resided. The funeral took place on Friday afternoon at her late home, the services being conducted by the Rev. D. A. Ferguson, after which the remains were placed in Williamsburg vault. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the bereaved family and relatives.

Work done for Williamsburg Red Cross from First December until first March

Miss N. Merkley, one pr. socks
Mrs. Maggie McIntosh, six prs.
Mrs. Merle McIntosh, five prs.
Miss Eva Whitteker, one pr.
Mrs. Chas. M. Whitteker fourteen prs.
Mrs. B. J. Whitteker, II prs.
Miss Jane Whitteker eight prs.
Miss Eugena Alguire seven prs.
Mrs. Edgar Alguire one pr.
Mrs. Melvin Alguire three prs.
Miss Alice Loucks five prs.
Mrs. Chas. W. Loucks five prs.
Mrs. Alex. Alguire four prs.
Miss Ada Barkley four prs.
Mrs. Arthur Hutt three prs.
Miss Mary E. Barkley two prs.
Mrs. John E. Barkley one pr.
Mrs. Alex Hess two prs.
Mrs. Martha Weaver five prs.
Mrs. Earl VanAllen one pr.
Miss Sadie Shennette three da shirts.

Work collected and distributed by Miss Ethel Whitteker and Alice Loucks.

The Williamsburg Red Cross Society intend packing next Wednesday, March twentieth for one having finished work will please see that it is sent in before that date.

Bouck's Hill

Following is a letter received by Mrs. M. A. Barkley of this place:

Mrs. M. A. Barkley,
Bouck's Hill.

Just a short letter thanking you for the socks which Ira gave me tonight which was very acceptable. He gave me a pair before and can assure you they are very much better than the kind we are issued with. I have known Ira for a long time first meeting him at Barriefield then to Bermuda where we lived together in the same barracks then to England, Belgium and France. On the eighteenth day of October a sniper hit me on the left arm and made rather a good job of it. I was in a Birmingham hospital for ten weeks. Spent Christmas and New Years in Scotland.. Wherever I am sent I am always meeting one of my battalion. My home is in Toronto. How I long to see the good old Canadian shores. Three years is long enough at this game. I do not think it will last very much longer. We all hope not at least.

Thanking you again for socks I remain, Pte. J. Barr.

* * *

There passed peacefully away at her home a mile above Williamsburg, after a short illness Mrs. Walter Buchan, aged sixty-seven years. She leaves to mourn her loss a husband, four daughters, Lorraine, Florence, Dorothy and Minnie, a mother and father and one brother, Irvin, and three sisters, Mrs. Malcolm Froats, Mrs. Bernice Merkley and Mrs. John Whittaker. The funeral which was held at the home on Friday afternoon was conducted by Rev. D. Ferguson of Williamsburg, after which the remains were laid in the vault. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilfrid McPherson returned to their home at Maple Creek, Sask., after spending a few months with friends here.

Council meeting was held in our hall here on Monday with a large attendance.

Mrs. Genzmer Barkley received the sad news last week of the death of her father, Mr. Cline, of Massena.

Miss Nellie McQuaig spent the week-end at her home at Winchester Springs.

Mr. John Barkley and sister Lillie, returned home on Friday after spending a few days with Iroquois friends.

Mrs. F. Vincent and little son, Garfield, of Gallingertown was the guest of her sister, Mrs. C. Oshaughnessy one day last week.

Hoasic

Miss Luva Wells spent a few days this week in Morrisburg.

Mrs. Calvin Gallinger and son Oliver were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Styles recently.

Mr. Wm. Hess of Morrisburg visited his son Frank a few days this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Hamilton of Chesterville passed through here on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Vincent of Gallingertown called at Malcolm Beckstead's on Saturday.

Mrs. Durant has returned to her home after spending the past week with her daughter, Mrs. Neil Bodette of Archer.

Mr. Chesley Swerdfeger spent Monday at his parental home here.

Archer

Quite a number from here attended the funeral of the late John E. Baker at Aultsville on Friday, March eighth.

Mrs. L. Myers of Aultsville is spending a few weeks with friends here.

Mrs. Clarence Baker spent part of last week at East Williamsburg visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. Fetterly.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bodette left on Friday for their home at Henderson, N.Y., after spending a couple of months with their son, Mr. Neil Bodette of this place.

Born—to Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Myers on Sunday, March ten a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baker spent Monday at the former's brother, Walton Baker, East Williamsburg.

Mrs. M. Dillabough and daughter of Morrisburg spent a few days with her cousin, Mrs. N. Bodette.

Mrs. Durant after spending a few days with friends here returned to her home at Hoasic on Wednesday.

Miss Clara Baker spent a few days last week with her grandparents, East Williamsburg.

Mr. Sidney Denison is busy moving a house he purchased from Mr. John Hannah.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Weagant spent Thursday evening with Mr. and Mrs. Robt. Weagant.

Irena

Mrs. V. Merchant and little daughter of Sydney, C. B. are visiting her brother, Mr. Edward Gibbons and other friends in this vicinity.

A load of young people attended a party given by Mr. Hilliard Adams of Brouseville, ville on Tuesday evening.

Mr. Wm. Ault sold a fine Zenobia colt to Mr. Walton Merkley of Williamsburg for a fancy price last week. Good boy, Bill!

Brinston

The Red Cross Concert which was held on Saturday evening was a decided success in spite of bad weather. Pte. Ed. Strader gave a very interesting address on his experiences at Vimy Ridge.

Mr. James Bell had a bee cutting wood at which Mr. Howard Bell had his shoulder bruised by a falling tree. Walter McGowan also just escaped from another tree while Bazil Strader cut his finger seriously. Both are receiving medical treatment from Dr. Collison.

Hilliard Wallace is busily engaged in hauling lumber for a new residence.

Miss Olive Driscoll is on the sick list.

Miss Zella Coons has returned home from Williamsburg.

Last week our Club went East
in a sleigh,
To a neighboring town to put
on a play.
With them was a girl who so
pretty and sweet
Down there Rube Williams expected to meet.

Now for a short time things
were nice as could be,
Till Rube and his girl went off
for their tea.
Thence straightway they went
to the fine opera hall,
Where Rube was delighted in
having a ball.

Another fine gent who is not
hard to name,
Came marching across to this
beautiful dame,
And said—"Will you come, have
a dance?"
While Rube looked and said—
"Where is my chance?"

Now, in these two sleighs, the
people all got,
Where Rube could have sat by
her as well as not;
But when he turned round, his
sweetheart to see,
Another was seated as nice as
could be!

Poor Rube! Downhearted! Sad
and depressed!
Had to go behind and sit with
the rest,
So if this troop chances to go
elsewhere,
Rube Williams, be careful! Be
mindful! Beware!

The Red Cross Knitting Contest was a great success, the total number of socks knitted during three months being 2,405 pairs. The north side team winning by a few pairs.

Brinston

Mr. and Mrs. Herb Feader, who have been spending the Winter at Mr. John Adam's, have moved to their farm in Mountain.

Mr. and Mrs. John Wright have moved in their new home they recently purchased from Levi J. Casselman.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Zeron and daughter, Olive, of Morrisburg, spent Saturday and Sunday at Mr. Thos. Hamilton's.

The Brinston Dramatic Club went to Winchester last Thursday evening and presented their popular play "Farmer Haskins" in aid of the Red Cross Society. The proceeds amounted to one hundred and four dollars which was divided between the Matilda and Winchester Societies. A good time is reported by all who attended.

Mrs. Feader and son, Charlie spent one day last week at Hainsville with Mrs. W. Barkley.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Casselman, on Feb. the eighteenth, a son.

Miss Greta Smail is spending a couple of weeks with her cousin, Mrs. Earl Merkley of Iroquois.

Two sleighloads and several cutter loads attended the concert at Winchester last week.

A good crowd attended the semi-monthly Red Cross concert here on Saturday night. Pte. Ed. Strader gave an address.

Mrs. H. Collison and son of Watertown, N.Y., are guests at Mr. Ed. Doddridge's.

Mr. Wm. Millar spent a couple of days last week with his uncle at North Augusta.

The recent knitting contest ended on February twentieth, and as a result the society has knit 2397 pairs of socks in a less than three months. The township was divided in two sections at Brinston, Mrs. Alex Brinston being captain of the north side and Mrs. Rev. Murray captain of the south. The north side won by a majority of forty-three pairs.

North side, pairs 1221
South side, pairs... ... .1176

Total 2397

On the following Monday evening the South Side gave a tea and social evening to the Knitters of the North Side, which was agreed on at the beginning of the contest, that the winning side be given a tea by the losers. A good crowd attended

Aultsville

Mrs. W. F. Baker is spending a few days in Belleville with her son, Mr. Harris Baker and family.

Mrs. E. Myers is spending a few days at W. Myers', Archer.

Mrs. H. S. Weagant of Archer spent a couple of days here last week with her sister, Mrs. C. S. Ault.

Mrs. Alice Duffin spent a couple of days last week with her sister, Mrs. L. Campbell of East Front.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Sampson were in Third Avenue on Saturday.

Several from here went to Morrisburg to see the Birth of a Nation on Friday evening.

Mr. Reginald Ault of Ottawa spent the week-end here at his parental home.

Owing to the severe storm of last Sunday most of the Church services were cancelled.

Miss Bessie Vance of Montreal spent the week-end here with her cousin, Miss Lillian Barr.

Misses Muriel Thom and Lydia Moore of Morrisburg are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. S. Gove and family.

Only three more weeks until the final count in the most popular young lady contest which closes Mar. thirtieth at twelve p.m. The result will be announced at the concert on Easter Monday evening, April first. The Executive of the Red Cross are sparing no pains to secure talent both local and foreign to make this the concert of the season. The vote on Saturday March ninth was as follows:

Miss N. Rombough 3200
Miss L. Hanes 3025
Miss F. Dafoe 3000
Miss C. Bryan 2835

The young Ladies are depending on you to help them out in this contest. Do it Now.

Aultsville

Mr. Reuben Gallinger, Gallingertown was calling on friends here this week.

Several of our young people snow-shoed down to Mr. Robert Donnelly's on Wednesday evening, where a very pleasant time was spent in games and music, after which ice-cream and cake were served.

Mr. Frank Casselman of Riverside was the guest of Mr. George A. Beckstead on Wednesday last.

Mr. John Cross is spending a few days with his mother, Mrs. Geo. Cross.

Mr. George Lavis is busy getting out his ice.

Mr. Frank VanAllen of Cloverdale Farm was visiting at Mr Robert Donnelly's last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Deeks of Riverside were the guests of Mr James VanAllen on Saturday last.

Mr. John Casselman intends to keep an up-to-date Butcher Shop in the village, and is busy looking out for good beef.

Mr. Wm. Scott was calling on friends here on Monday.

Three cars of flour and feed arrived Wednesday for Ault Bros. and A. N. Dafoe.

Mr. Wm. VanAllen and the Government Inspector from Brockville were calling on Mr. Robert Donnelly's on Thursday last inspecting the Delco Lights.

Mr. and Mrs. Allen Empey expect to move in our midst shortly. Mr. Empey, owing to ill health, has been obliged to give up farming.

Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Gove were calling on friends in Morrisburg on Tuesday of last week.

Mr. Josiah Markell made a business trip to Matilda Township on Tuesday last.

Mrs. M. Croil spent Tuesday in the village visiting friends.

Mr. Ova Lane is busy hauling the remainder of his hay down on his farm this week.

Mr. and Mrs. L. Campbell of Cornwall have moved in the house lately occupied by Mrs. John Hunter, and Mrs. Hunter has moved into the village into the McConnell house.

Mrs. Robert Donnelly and Mrs. Wm. Croil attended a quilting bee at Mrs. W. Froat's on Thursday last.

A large number attended the funeral of Mr. John E. Baker of East Williamsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. James Baker, of Elma were calling on friends here on Friday.

Mr. Frank Markell our famous fox hunter, has reached the two hundred dollar mark for hides this season.

We are glad to see Mr. Albert Whitlaw getting around again.

Mr. and Mrs. William Wert, of Wales spent Wednesday last at the home of Mr. Josiah Markell's.

Mr. Orval Beckstead spen Sunday last at the home of Mr John Williard's.

Mrs. George Raney of Toronto is spending a few weeks here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joe Dafoe.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Stillson, of Sandy Creek were calling on friends here on Wednesday.

A large number of our citizens attended the "Birth of a Nation" at Morrisburg on Friday among them were: Mr. R. H. Hanes and family, Mr. Wesley Robertson, Mr. Arthur Dafoe, Miss Addie Cramer and brother, Charles, Mr. and Mrs. Clifford Gove, Mr. Orval Beckstead, Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan, Mr. Carl Wells and Mr. Walter Evans.

Winchester Springs

Mrs. J. A. McIntosh accompaneed by Mr. and Mrs. Hudson McIntosh of Toys Hill spent Saturday with friends in Brinston.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Haggerty of Toys Hill visited with Miss Jennie Haggerty on Saturday.

Miss L. Nesbitt of Toys Hill, was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Nesbitt.

Miss Minnie Connor of Ottawa has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Lorne McIntosh for the past week.

Miss Clara McIntosh spent Friday last with Mrs. Frank Shirkey at Chesterville.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Durant were callers in town the latter part of the week.

We are glad to report that Miss Millie Davidson is over the scarlet fever.

Miss Hilda Fisher spent a few days with friends in Hulbert.

Mrs. J. Patterson spent part of the week with friends in Ottawa.

A Red Cross Tea was held in the Orange Hall on Wednesday evening which was well attended. The collection being twelve dollars and fifty cents.

The W. M. S. of the Methodist Church held their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. J. Patterson on Tuesday, Mar. sixth.

The W. M. S. of the Presbyterian Church held their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. W. Webb on Wednesday the fifth.

The Red Cross Society packed a box at the home of Mrs. W. J. Fisher on Thursday, March eighth, containing sixty-seven marv tailed bandages, nine day shirts, thirty-two night shirts, forty-eight pairs of sox.

Nudell Bush

William Barnhart was calling at Riverside on the eleventh.

Miss Florence Lount and Mrs. M. Henophy spent Saturday with their sister, Mrs. W. G. Beckstead.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Prunner spent Friday evening at Brookside.

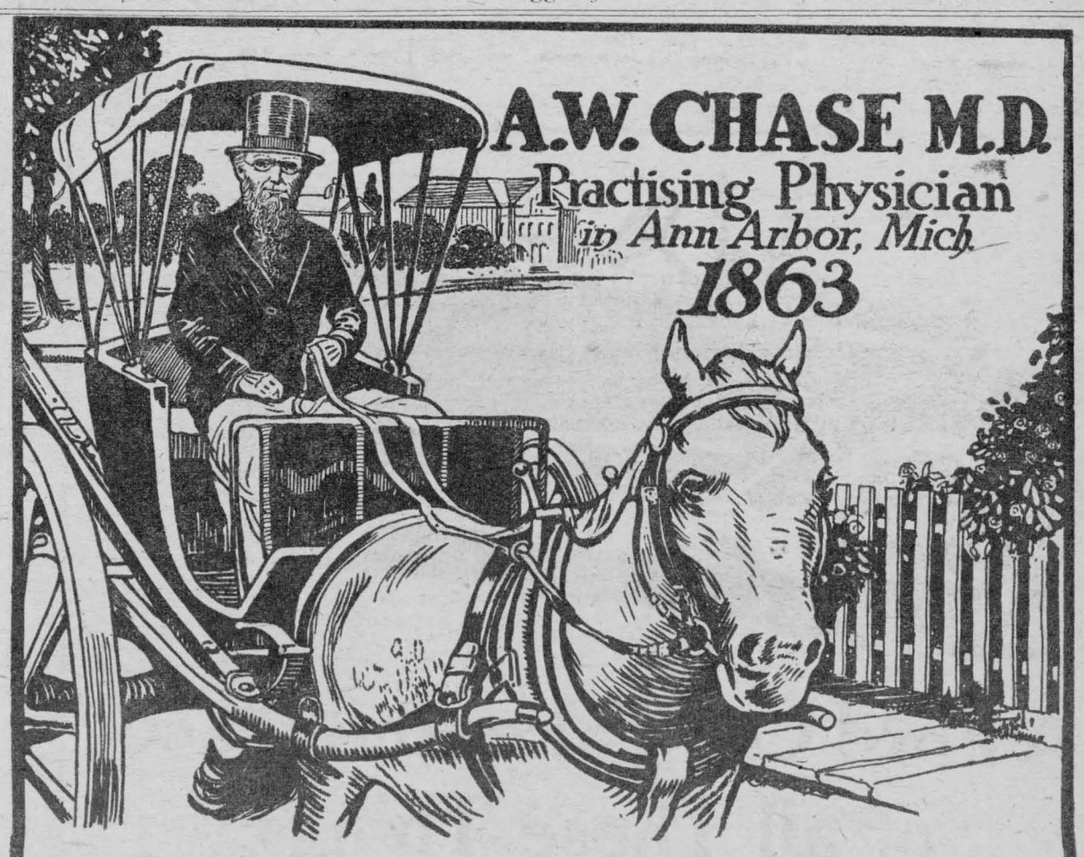
Mr. Corrie Brown was a business caller in our Burn this week.

Mrs. W. Baker spent Tuesday the guest of her sister at Froat burn.

Mrs. Freen Casselman and daughter, Lena, spent Saturday afternoon with Mrs. N. Shultice.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Baker spent Sunday at Riverside.

We are pleased to welcome Mr. and Mrs. John Pruner and family to our midst.



A.W. CHASE M.D.
Practising Physician in Ann Arbor, Mich.
1863

"WHO IS THIS DR. CHASE?" we are sometimes asked by persons who know his medicines, but are not familiar with his interesting life story.

The boyhood days of Dr. A. W. Chase were spent in the vicinity of Buffalo, N.Y., and as he had early decided to be a medical doctor, he took the first opportunity of attendance at the University of Michigan, located at Ann Arbor.

After graduation he began the practice of medicine in Ann Arbor, Mich., and, at the time represented in the illustration, his reputation as a physician of exceptional skill had spread far beyond the confines of his State, and people came to him for treatment from many miles around.

As he was accustomed to travel across western Ontario to his native city of Buffalo he frequently stopped over at Canadian towns and cities for special consultation, and in this way made many friends in Canada.

The character and personality of Dr. Chase was such that to know him was to love him. He inspired confidence and respect, and made lasting friends wherever he went.

And thus it happened that when Dr. Chase placed his most successful prescriptions on the market, so that the people might obtain them more readily, they met with a reception in Canada as well as in the United States.

This letter from Mr. Parish will give you some idea of how Dr. Chase's Medicines became known throughout Canada.

Went to Dr. Chase in 1867

"In the year 1867 I was very bad with my kidneys. I could not work on account of my back being lame, sore and painful all the time. Though I carefully followed the directions of our family doctor he was unable to do me much good. At this time Dr. A. W. Chase was becoming known as an especially successful physician, and on the advice of my uncle, Charles Williams, I went to Dr. A. W. Chase at Ann Arbor, Michigan, and he gave me a box of his pills for kidney disease.

"You can scarcely imagine how much good they did me. They helped me so much that I went back to the doctor and bought a dozen boxes. In my mind there is not a medicine half so good as DR. A. W. CHASE'S KIDNEY-LIVER PILLS for kidney trouble and headache. We always keep them in the house as a family medicine, and I would not think of using any other."—Mr. G. W. Parish, Sturgeon Bay, Ont.



Dr. A. W. Chase's medicines are for sale by all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto.

Note that the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author, are on every box of his medicines.

1

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

CULTIVATING THE GARDEN.

Nothing will take the place of cultivation for growing crops. If you cannot give what is needed to your garden, better not expect good results, as you will not get them.

There are three particular things we aim to accomplish when we give cultivation to growing crops, and by "cultivation" is meant both that given by hand and by tools or machinery. The effect is the same; the difference is merely the means used to accomplish it.

First. The keeping down of weeds, which, if not kept in check, will crowd out and smother the growing crops, and deprive them of needed moisture and plant food. This is a serious reason for cultivation. Your garden cannot support, at one and the same time, crops of vegetables and weeds. Of course, you prefer the vegetables; hence the necessity of keeping out the weeds.

When To Begin Hoeing

Hoeing should begin as soon as the crops are planted, if the rows or drills have been outlined. Or, if the rows have been marked by quick-growing plants, such as the radish or lettuce, as soon as they appear. This is a great advantage in a dry spring season, as the soil moisture can be conserved from the beginning.

Deep hoeing is a mistake, except in a very few rare cases, which need not be considered here.

Hoeing is not as easily done as would seem. Beginners as a rule take too large a "slice" or bite with the blade at one time. This merely chops the soil into large clods, especially when deep hoeing is done. The proper way is to give the hoe a good slant, and, when hoeing for weeds, just skim off the surface. Any perennial weeds, such as the docks, plantains, dandelion, etc., should be dug out, root and all, and destroyed.

However, there are exceptions to the above, in the cases of those plants which are hilled-up. When working with these we draw the soil up around the plants, a little each time, rather than all at once, as this enables one to work the soil close to the plants as well as around them, while at the same time raising the soil around them in time to the desired height.

Much of the discomfort of hoeing is due to dull blades. A hoe should be kept sharp as regularly as an axe—for the same reason—to make it cut well. When filing make the bevel on the outer side of the blade. A clean blade also adds much to its effectiveness and lessens the labor of hoeing. The hoe should be kept polished so that it will come out of the soil free from adhering particles. Any tendency to rust can be prevented, or cured by the application of a piece of soft brick and a little machine oil to the effected places.

Value of Dust-Mulch

The second reason for cultivation, so far as the garden is concerned, is to keep on the soil about and between the plants what is known as a "dust-mulch." A mulch is a covering put on the soil for a particular purpose. We mulch about shrubs and herbaceous plants in the fall to protect them over winter by keeping the frost from the soil. In the same way we prevent evaporation by covering the ground with a mulch of dust during the hot, dry days of midsummer.

It does not require a heavy dust mulch to do the work perfectly. Hoeing for this purpose should not be done deeper than two inches—less, if you are skilled with the hoe, as it does not require a deep mulch to cut off the movement of the moisture from the bottom up.

Keep in mind the fact that the dust mulch, once made, does not last forever—or for the season, for that matter. Every time it rains it is spoiled, and the capillary action of the soil from top to bottom renewed, and for this reason the soil should be worked after all rains to break up the crust which forms on all but very light sandy ones after every rain.

This soil-crust is one of the worst things for a garden, and many otherwise good ones are spoiled for the best results by ignorance of this fact. Keep it broken up all season.

For the larger garden there are the hand-wheel tools, both for planting and cultivating purposes. These will take away a very large percentage of the drudgery of the garden if used where the area is sufficient to warrant it. These combination tools can be had for a number of purposes.

Cultivating After Rain

When using the wheel-hoe, set the teeth so that the cultivating will be shallow—not over two inches deep, and teach yourself to run close to the plants without touching them. This will obviate much back-breaking work in the following up with the hand-weeder always needed after the wheel-hoe has gone over the garden, to finish off the few weeds which cannot be caught by the wheel-hoe.

It should be understood that while cultivation is required after every hard rain, yet you must use judgment not to do this before the soil is dry enough to have it done without making it harsh. A good test is to take a handful of soil and squeeze it tightly. If, when the hand is opened, the mass of soil breaks apart or reacts, it is all right to be worked; but if it stays in a tight mass, like putty, let it alone until it gets in proper condition.

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Bruce's Mammoth White Carrot—A half long variety, heavy cropper, splendid quality, easily harvested, grand keeper. ¼ lb. 60c; ½ lb. $1.10; lb. $2.00 postpaid.

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Bruce's Selected Swede Turnip—A grand purple top variety, splendid for the table and also for feeding cattle. A grand keeper and shipper. ¼ lb. 40c; ½ lb. 75c; 1 lb. $1.40; 5 lbs. $6.75.

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We have no time to issue Price Lists. Don't ask for any. Ship us your Muskrats. We will pay the very highest Market Prices. Put your own valuation on them if you wish, but ship to us. A trial shipment will convince you that we are the best buyers of Raw Furs in the World.

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GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M. D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pertaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not it will be answered personally, if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnoses. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

Boils.

A boil or furuncle is a painful inflammation of the skin forming around a hair follicle.

One or several may develop in the same area at about the same time, or there may be successive crops of them.

While it is the rule that one hair follicle be involved, it is possible for the inflammation to include as many follicles as there are openings in the boil when it gets ripe and discharges.

This kind of eruption seems to have a particular predilection for young adults, though the exclusive privilege belongs to no age or sex.

Boils often come at the end of winter or in the early spring, when so many people feel run-down and seem to think they require medicine for spring cleaning.

Boils are caused by germs which produce suppuration and which may generally be found on the skin of most people, unless they have formed the habit of scrubbing and cleaning it with powerful antiseptics.

They may be perfectly harmless, but if the individual, and particularly his skin, offers slight resistance, and the individual is debilitated and run down, the germs will improve the opportunity to develop and cause boils.

Their development is encouraged when the diet of the individual is a faulty one and when he indulges freely in greasy food, half baked bread, pies, pastries and gravies.

Nervous irritation, overwork, constipation, and local irritation or friction of the skin, also favor their development.

Almost everybody has had them and knows how they act, look, and feel.

The tendency to these unpleasant visitors may be overcome by a careful attention to diet, abundance of sleep, out-door exercise and perhaps a good vegetable or mineral tonic.

The development of a boil should be arrested if possible, and I am sure it is often possible.

Sometimes this can be done by the careful application of pure carbolic acid, or some other mineral acid or caustic.

The injection of suitable vaccines is fashionable at the present time.

Heat applied to the boil will hasten its development, and a free incision will lessen tension, relieve pain, favor drainage and facilitate the removal of the core or slough.

The cleaner the wound is kept with antiseptic applications and dressings, the less the possibility that the infection will extend, and the sooner the patient will get well.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

L. H.—1. What causes mitral insufficiency?

2. Is it curable?

3. What causes high blood pressure? Could it be due to the heart trouble?

Answer: 1. It is due to a lack of proportion between the mitral valve and its opening; in other words, the valve does not fit tightly into its opening—thus, causing the blood to back up when the heart contracts.

2. It is curable, though it may undergo compensations.

3. Changes in the walls of the arteries, due to increased tissue formation, which comes naturally with advanced years, or as a result of certain diseases. It is possible that the condition of the heart might have a bearing upon this condition of the arteries.

Poultry

The Value of the Trapnest.

Perhaps there is no single factor which has played so important a part in the past few years in stimulating the production of better poultry than the trapnest. By the use of this device hundreds of farms have been able to reduce their expenses by one-half and at the same time have kept up their egg production. This has been made possible by careful selection of the layers and the drones, resulting in the elimination of the latter from the poultryman's flock. Formerly it was necessary to feed 1,000 hens composed of an equal number of heavy laying, profitable birds and worthless, non-laying hens. Now that the trapnest shows exactly what every hen lays in the course of the year, the flock of 1,000 hens may safely be reduced to 500 or 600 without any appreciable decrease in egg production.

The saving in feed alone by this method of selection is a great item and this, together with the saving in labor, makes it an economic duty with the poultryman to trapnest his flock, or, if unable to devote the time to this work, it is important that he raises nothing but trapnested stock. There are a number of well known breeders who have followed the trapnest system of breeding for a number of years. Their equipment has enabled them to offer the back-yard poultryman a strain of fowls that he would be unable to develop in years. Every bird raised from this superior ancestry will inherit the heavy laying qualities which are so essential to-day.

Do your bit Mr. Poultryman! See that your 1918 hens are the trapnested kind.

Horse Sense

What the Farmer Should Know.

Now let us take a backward glance at the mistakes of last year, in order to steer clear of them the present year. How much money did you make the past year? Few farmers could answer that question to the dollar, but a large proportion of them know that they have only made a bare living or run in debt. In such an uncomfortable contingency a carefully kept expense account would aid materially in finding the big leaks.

Perhaps you are running a dairy farm and sell your milk to the milk factories. How much profit are you making out of the enterprize? Do you know whether you are making any money or not? It is a capital idea to keep a bank account with each cow, that you may know how many unprofitable ones there are in the herd.

In these days of small profits and close competition a man can no more farm profitably without keeping books in some form, than a large manufacturer can get along without his salaried accountant. We would say to those that have never tried this method, begin at once, and keep a record of everything in your farm transactions this year. Set down the cost of every new tool, seed, fertilizer, amount paid out for labor, transportation, etc., and do not forget to add in your taxes and all other expenses. Be able to tell to a cent the money received from the sale of stock and other products, and at the end of the year see if you have made anything more than day wages and a bare living for your family.

If you have accomplished nothing else, when Christmas comes you will have acquired valuable pointers for next year's operations. Many farmers at the end of the year count up the cash on hand and say, "I have made so much," and yet they cannot exactly tell whether every dollar has cost them four to obtain it, as if they have made that much profit over and above interest on capital invested. But some will say, "I have not the time or education to keep books." To them I would say, such a man has no more business to engage in farming, expecting to make a profit on capital invested, than he would to fill a college professorship or the office of a bank president. In these days of high and advancing prices the farmer must and should know where he "is at," just as surely as the most strenuous business man or manufacturer, or sooner or later he will find himself a prey to the money shark or the land grabber, and in these days of widely diffused and easily obtained education the average farmer has no right to be a back number in the business world and have dealings with shrewd business men and speculators who seek, and do, in many cases, increase their wealth at the expense of the too often careless farmer.

It is not what we get but what we give,
Not what we pray but as we live;
These are the things that make for peace,
Both now and after time has ceased.

The Dairy

One morning recently, I was over to the next township on some business. I went in to see a friend of mine, who has a large farm. I walked out to the barn where he was just finishing his "chores." I was surprised to see the change that had taken place in his tie-up.

"Good morning," I said to him, "this is certainly a surprise! The last time that I heard from you, I understood that you were going out of the dairy business. Now here you have your tie-up all made over; what does it mean?"

"Well, I've found out a thing or two, since I saw you," he replied. "Yes, I was pretty well discouraged then. You remember I had been having more or less trouble with the creamery. They were 'kicking' about my cream all the time; they said it had 'off' tastes and would not keep. I could not seem to tell what the matter was; I thought perhaps that they were prejudiced. I was ready to sell my cows.

"One morning as I was milking my cows, a neighbor, who is a successful dairyman, came in. We got to talking about things and he advised me not to give up. 'I think you can make things all right,' he said. He called my attention to the condition of my cows. They were all covered behind, on their flanks and tails, with dirt and manure. Even their udders were none too clean. But I did brush those off when I milked. But with the cows that way I was unable to keep the milk clean when I milked, pieces of dirt and dust would get into the pail. You see, I got careless and did not clean them off regularly. Nor did I give them much bedding and they would lie down in the droppings and get all dirty.

"You notice that I now have swing stanchions hung on chains? If you remember, I used to have them tied with chains around their necks attached to a pole. With that arrangement they had too much freedom so that gave them a chance to get dirty. But these stanchions give them enough liberty and at the same time keep them from getting too dirty.

"I began to keep them cleaned off and I was very careful not to allow any dirt to get into the milk. You see, I always supposed that the separator took out all the impurities! I know now after he explained to me, that it might do so with the large particles but by letting the large pieces get in, there was more or less of the dirt that got dissolved and went through the separator into the cream. I know of farmers that have that same idea; they think that the separator can purify the milk. That is not so.

"Well, since I made these changes in the tie-up, and also have been careful to keep everything clean when milking and separating, I have had no more complaints from the creamery."

Gunns Shur-Gain Fertilizer

A Careful Maid.

Her grandfather gave to Elizabeth Ella
A perfectly beautiful silk umbrella.
It was rosy red, with a tassel so gay;
And I thought, "I will wait till the next rainy day
And see our dear little Elizabeth Ella
Walk proudly forth with her new umbrella."

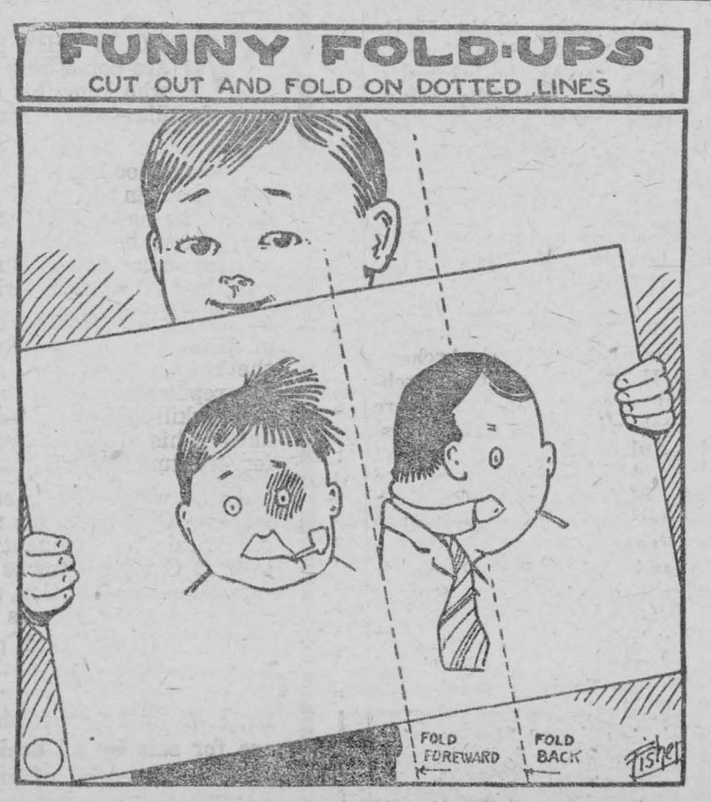
But what do you think? On the very next day,
When it rained "cats and dogs" (as we hear people say),
All drenched and dripping, I met my daughter,
Looking much like a naiad just out of the water.
"Where, where," I cried, "O Elizabeth Ella,
Is your perfectly beautiful new umbrella?"

She gazed at me in the greatest surprise
And a look of reproach in her big blue eyes.
"Now do you once think," said she, "that I'd let
That lovely umbrella of mine get wet?"

The war has cost Germany approximately 22 billion dollars to date.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



Upon this card our Willie drew,
Two awful looking faces;
But take another look before
The picture he erases.

PLANNING THE FARM ORCHARD

By L. H. Cobb.

This is the question that comes to everyone who intends to set an orchard, or even replace dying trees in the orchard they now have. It is not an easy matter to select the varieties for an orchard, and too often it is practically left to the fruit tree agent who takes the order. This is a serious mistake in most cases, for the best sorts are often the cheaper trees, and the agent is directly interested in selling the most expensive. He wants to sell the specialties his house is introducing if he can, and he will extoll them at the expense of the standard varieties that you should buy instead.

Use Recommended Varieties

Very often it will be a good plan to get in touch with the Provincial Experimental Farm and find out which varieties they will recommend, for they will know which sorts will do the best in the district, and can give advice as to the selection for the special kind of soil and location you have. Another good plan is to find out the names of the most popular varieties growing in your neighborhood, and see how you like them by sampling the fruit and examining the trees. Your soil may be such that a variety that is a general favorite will not be thrifty with you; the condition of the trees of this variety in your vicinity will tell the story. It wouldn't be wise to plant a variety that is dying out right along for your neighbors, provided another variety can be had with similar qualities.

For the Season's Supply

The orchard should be carefully planned to meet the needs of the family during as long a season as possible. There is no need for a dearth of fruit at any season if this is done. From the time the Early Richmond cherry starts you off in the spring until the last Northern Spy apple is consumed there should be no let up in the supply of fruit in a condition to use. In spite of the fact that this is not only possible but easily managed, there are seasons when it is almost impossible to buy any kind of fresh fruit locally produced and scarcely a farm will have a regular supply.

Cherries, plums, apples, and peaches have good varieties ripening in order from the time the first is ready until the latest variety ripens, while apples alone can be so planted as to ripen as wanted.

Varieties for the Home Orchard

Fruit for storing and putting up in various ways for future use must receive due consideration, but too often the whole orchard is run to varieties best suited to this purpose. The Morello cherries, Elberta peaches, wild goose plums, and winter apples get most of the orchard. There is plenty of fruit for winter but a shortage during the summer season except when these special sorts are in condition. Many like the Early Richmond cherries better than the Morello, and the Montmorency comes between these and is superior to either for any purpose, to my mind. The Wild Goose is the poorest plum grown when it comes to quality, and it is a mystery to me why it is so generally planted when there are so many really good sorts. The Japanese are the best plums by all odds. The Elberta is a splendid peach, but there are others. There is no need to be without peaches, the big white late clings are gone with the coming of frost.

The pear season is shorter, but there are some of the early fall pears that can be used quite well before the main varieties ripen. Keiffer is planted exclusively and is a good general crop sort and very reliable, yet I would not want to do without a few trees of Tyson, Seckel, Duchess, and others that are newer and as good or better. The Bartlett is the pear par excellence, but the tree is not a good grower.

The Size of the Orchard

The size of the orchard must govern the selection to an extent, as will the purpose for which it is planted. If it is intended to sell some fruit on the local market the home orchard can be relatively increased all along the line and give the best chance for a steady profitable market. If a larger acreage is contemplated with a view to selling on the general market then some standard variety will be selected for the larger portion of the orchard so the packing and grading can be done at the least expense, for it is just as easy to sell the whole crop of one kind as it would be to have it divided up among several. For the ordinary farmer, though, the local market with the smaller supply of the many varieties coming in regularly would give the best chance to get good prices.

FERTILIZER PAYS
Better than ever. Write for Bulletin
ONTARIO FERTILIZERS, LIMITED
WEST TORONTO - CANADA

WEAK, NERVOUS PEOPLE

Such Sufferers Can be Restored by Building Up the Blood.

Nervous people who have not yet developed a disease that can be recognized and treated by the medical profession have the greatest trouble in finding relief. Irritation, headaches, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia, all these discomforts make life miserable, but are endured rather than run a doctor's bill without definite hope of an improved condition.

Every sufferer should know the danger of such a condition to the nervous system. Nervous debility and even paralysis may result if the one of the nerves is not restored.

The one big fact that brings hope and relief is that the nerves can be restored by building up the blood. It cannot be too often repeated that only through the blood can nourishment or medicine reach the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make the blood rich and red and quickly restore vitality and energy to a weak, nervous system. A nervous person who gives these pills a trial is almost certain to see good results, and what is more, the benefit will be lasting because the trouble is attacked at its root; building up the blood restores the nerve force. That is why people who occasionally take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills always feel bright, active and strong. Mrs. Wm. McIntyre, Gananoque, Ont., says:—"For a number of years I was always tired and listless. The least noise would so startle me that I would tremble and shake; my heart would flutter, and I would feel as though I were choking. I was almost wholly unfitted for housework, and always so nervous that life was almost a burden. I tried several medicines, but they did not help me in the least. One day I received a pamphlet describing Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and decided to give them a trial. I am glad now that I did for after using eight boxes they have so strengthened and built up my run-down, nervous system that I can work with pleasure and feel refreshed after a night's sleep. I sincerely hope some similar sufferer may benefit by my experience."

If you are weak, nervous or feeling "out of sorts," give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial and you will be surprised to see how quickly the nervousness will pass away and your former energy return. You can get these pills through your medicine dealer, or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

How a Tank Behaves.

From the depths of the wood opposite came a crackling, crunching sound, as of some prehistoric beast forcing its way through tropical undergrowth, writes Ian Hay. And then, suddenly, out from the thinning edge there loomed a monster—a monstrosity. It did not glide, it did not walk. It wallowed. It lurched, with now and then a laborious heave of its shoulders. It fumbled its way over a low bank matted with scrub. It crossed a ditch by the simple expedient of rolling the ditch out flat, and waddled forward. In its path stood a young tree. The monster arrived at the tree and laid its chin lovingly against the stem. The tree leaped back, crackled and assumed a horizontal position. In the middle of the clearing, twenty yards further on, gaped an enormous shell crater, a present from the Kaiser. Into this the creature plunged blindly, to emerge, panting and puffing on the further side. Then it stopped. A magic opening appeared in its stomach, from which emerged, grinning, a British subaltern and his grimy associates.

As soon as the snow goes and the frost is out of the ground, and a few dry days take off the excess moisture, clear the lawns of litter or manure applied last autumn by the use of the rake. Roll, to smooth out the roughness.

You Will Better Understand

The popularity of

Instant Postum

when you use it as your regular table beverage for a few days.

It so readily proves its own worth in flavor, comfort, convenience and economy that its amazing increase in use is quickly explained upon trial.

"There's a Reason"

DRY-LAND FISHES.

Inhabitants of India and South Africa That Can Live Ashore.

The phrase "like a fish out of water" was coined as a vivid means of expressing extreme discomfort amid unusual surroundings. Doubtless the originator felt confident that no fish could leave its natural element for any length of time and live. According to Mr. W. P. Pycraft, who writes in Marvels of the Universe, however, there is a fresh-water fish in India and the Malay countries that not only can live without discomfort ashore but that can crawl and climb.

This strange creature is the anabas, or climbing perch. It is equipped with stout spines on its under fins and gill covers, and it thrusts these makeshifts for feet into the ground a it wriggles forward. When premonition of impending drought warns the anabas to leave the pond in which it is living, it sometimes makes overland journeys of considerable length in search of deeper water. A special breathing apparatus enables it to live out of water. This takes the form of a pair of large cavities, one on either side of the head, opening downward into the gill chamber and divided by thin, scroll-like plates of bone covered with a delicate skin, over which ramifies a network of blood vessels for the purpose of absorbing oxygen.

No less strange than the anabas is a fish that inhabits the waters of Lake Victoria Nyanza in Africa. Sir John Bland-Sutton describes it in his book, Man and Beast in Eastern Ethiopia. This fish is equipped with lungs as well as with gills, and is known as the mamba, or mudfish. It is long and cylindrical in shape, something like an eel, and it often attains a length of six feet. During the dry season the marshes that the mudfish frequents dry up, and, to meet that change, it burrows into the mud to the depth of eighteen inches, makes a cocoon or capsule of mucus, secreted by the glands of its skin, coils up, and remains in a dormant state for half a year.

All this time it breathes entirely by its lungs, and obtains air through a small aperture in the dry mud. In this condition it is often dug up by the natives, who appreciate it highly as an article of diet.

When placed in warm water it immediately wakes from its sleep and resumes the gill method of breathing. In ordinary circumstances the fish remains dormant within the cocoon until the rainy season floods the marshes again.

Care of Roses.

Roses should be pruned after the hard freezing weather is over. Most of the monthly roses, such as the China, Bengal and Moisettes, should be cut back severely, leaving only one to three eyes on each stem. Bourbons and hybrid Chinas should be left with six or eight eyes. Hybrid perpetual roses should have the weak and decayed wood cut out, also branches that are crowding. The remaining shoots, which are to produce flowers, should be cut back to about six or eight eyes from the base. All shoots older than those of last year should be cut out. Climbing roses only require the poor wood cut out and the shoots shortened sufficiently to keep them in bounds.

A SPLENDID LAXATIVE FOR THE BABY

Baby's Own Tablets are a splendid laxative for the baby. They are mild but thorough in their action; do not gripe; are easy and pleasant to take and are absolutely free from injurious drugs. Concerning them Mrs. S. P. Moulton, St. Stephen, N. B., writes:—"I have used Baby's Own Tablets for a long time and have found them the most effective laxative I have ever used for the baby." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

EARLY AMBITIONS.

Career of Two Noted Men Took Unexpected Direction.

Andrew Carnegie in his early days had an ambition to enter the newspaper business, but when he failed to obtain a position on the Pittsburg Despatch, he turned his talents in other directions and finally became America's leading iron and steel manufacturer.

Robert Burns, on the other hand, spurned efforts to induce him to go into journalism and thus made the way clear for his becoming the most beloved of Scottish bards. These points were brought out in an address recently given by William Will, president of the London Burns Club.

The first attempt to get Burns in the newspaper line was when Peter Stuart of the London Morning Post started the Star. Burns declined to give active assistance in turning out the paper, although he occasionally contributed articles. Later James Parry, proprietor of the London Morning Chronicle, offered Burns £5 a week to join the staff. Burns refused the offer on the plea that his duties as an excise officer would prevent him from attending to the work. Nothing ever resulted, either from the suggestion that Burns write a three act comic opera.

A little ground well tilled is better than a great deal that lies neglected.

FERTILIZER

ONTARIO FERTILIZERS, LIMITED
WEST TORONTO - CANADA

WHEN THE PLAGUE IS WORST.

Origin of Dread Disease Prevalent in Parts of China.

News dispatches speak in a horrifying way of the recent spread of "pneumonic plague" in the Shansi province of China. Dead bodies lie about in the streets of villages and are not removed for fear of infection. The local authorities defy Government orders and oppose the efforts of Chinese and foreign medical men to fight the dreaded malady.

Everybody knows about the "bubonic" plague, and that it is carried by rats. But the term "pneumonic" is little understood.

It is the same disease, but in another and much more dreadful form. When many cases of plague have developed, the lungs of some of the victims are liable to become infected. Germs distributed from their sputum get into the air. Other people breathe them, and soon the very atmosphere is poisoned. The infection then spreads like wildfire and human beings die like flies.

The populations of entire towns are literally wiped out in a few weeks' time. That is what is happening in the Shansi province just now.

The symptoms are like those of an extremely malignant type of pneumonia. The lungs fill up with water and in a day or two the victim dies. Death comes with great certainty and remarkable quickness.

There is, however, a form of plague worse even than this. It is called the "septicemic," being a poisoning of the blood. Germs find their way directly into the blood-stream and the sufferer literally rots away.

In every Chinese village there are one or more inns, where the guests commonly sleep huddled together on the floor. This gives a first-class opportunity for the rat flea (originally infected by biting a plague-stricken rat) to bite persons, and so to communicate to them the disease. Hence it is beyond a doubt that these inns are foci of plague infection.

So far as can be ascertained, the original home of plague—the disease which in the Middle Ages was known in Europe as the "black death"—is the Yunnan province of China. There it always exists, though sometimes slumbering. From there have come all the great destructive epidemics of the malady since the beginning of historic times.

GIRLS! LEMON JUICE IS SKIN WHITENER.

How to make a creamy beauty lotion for a few cents.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quarter pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin oftener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

Relieving Congestion at Terminals.

Serious congestion in Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific terminals at Toronto and other points, has been obviated by the co-operation of the Canadian Northern Railway in handling over its trunk line between Toronto, Ottawa and Montreal, a large number of cars which the other roads were unable to forward, according to figures issued here yesterday.

Up to Feb. 18th a total of 1256 loaded Grand Trunk cars destined for eastern points, had been accepted by the Canadian Northern at Toronto and moved east over its lines. Relief was extended to the C.P.R. to the extent of 360 cars, making a grand total of 1616 cars.

It is officially announced by the Canadian Northern that the road will further co-operate with the other lines to the extent of 90 cars daily from the Grand Trunk at Toronto; and 40 cars each day from the C.P.R. at Sudbury to be handled over the transcontinental line of the C.N.R. as far as Ottawa.

The old Phillistines were angels of light compared iwth the modern Hun. —Sir A. G. Boscawen.

A little girl wrote the following composition on men: "Men are what women marry. They drink and smoke and swear, but don't go to church. Perhaps if they wore bonnets they would. They are more logical than women, also more zoological. Both men and women sprang from monkeys, but the women sprang farther than the men."

Gunns Shur-Gain Fertilizer

Sacrifice.

I saw them there—
The train staccato panting in expectant haste,
Car doors and windows bulging forms all khaki-clad—
A laugh upon his lips, his arm about her waist,
She, small with bent and drooping shoulders sad;
A hurried kiss just at the parting of her hair,
And he was gone.
She shrank and withered as from heat of hungry flame,
Then gasped—and stood erect—and softly breathed his name;
I saw leap to her eyes a light that put to shame
The glory that she knew when he was born.

—Evelyn King Gilmore.

He Knows Just Why He Admires Them

Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Mrs. Mercredi.

She Had Been Ill Two Years and Could Find No Cure. That's Why Her Husband Is Enthusiastic Over Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Fort Smith, Alberta, March 11th (Special.)—Among all the thousands of Canadians who praise Dodd's Kidney Pills for the good they have done, there is no more fervent admirer of the great kidney remedy than Isidore Mercredi, of this place.

"Yes, it always gives me pleasure to say a good word for Dodd's Kidney Pills," Mr. Mercredi says. "My wife was sick for two years. We could not find anything to restore her to health. Then we found a pamphlet telling of several persons who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My wife used just two boxes of them and she is perfectly well, to the great surprise of all our neighbors. They can tell you the same thing. I cannot recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills enough."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are the greatest of all remedies for weak, suffering women. They cure the kidneys. The kidneys are the root of nine-tenths of women's ills. Moreover, cured kidneys mean pure clear blood all over the body. That means good health everywhere.

Safety First.

First Colored Recruit:—"Yes, I'se registud all right, and I'se already concreted; what you gonna join, de infamy or de calvary?"

Second Colored Recruit: "No, calvary for me. I'se goin' in dat infamy. When de Genrul sound de word 'Retreat,' dis nigger don't wan' to be bothered with no hoss."

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Stick to It.

Plan for more than you can do,
Then do it.
Bite off more than you can chew,
Then chew it.
Hitch your wagon to a star,
Keep your seat, and there you are.

THE BELGIAN NEED.

A letter has just been received from the wife of the French Ambassador to the Belgian Government at Havre, saying: "Can you not raise funds for our poor Belgian prisoners? or even if you could go to the hotels and restaurants and ask for their waste bread; when first dried in the oven it keeps well, and is far better than anything they get from the Germans."

To freshen a carpet sweep it with a broom previously dipped in salt and water. Shake the broom well before using it, for it is needed damp, not wet.

We have been using MINARD'S LINIMENT in our home for a number of years and use no other Liniment but MINARD'S, and we can recommend it highly for sprains, bruises, pains or tightness of the chest, soreness of the throat, headache or anything of that sort. We will not be without it one single day, for we get a new bottle before the other is all used. I can recommend it highly to anyone.

JOHN WALKFIELD.
LaHave Islands, Lunenburg Co., N.S.

Since we have "slacker" for the man who tries to shrik his military duty altogether, and "clicker" for the man who hunts the softest and safest place, why not "nitter" for the girl who wastes yarn on herself that she might use for a soldier?

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES Granulated Eyelids, Sore Eyes, Eyes Inflamed by *Sun, Dust* and *Wind* quickly relieved by Murine. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes. No Smarting, Just Eye Comfort

Murine Eye Remedy At Your Druggist's or by mail, 50c per bottle. Murine Eye Salve, in Tubes 25c. For *Book of the Eye*—Free. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

Cabbage and Nut Salad.—For every two cups of shredded cabbage allow one-half cup of hickory nut meats or walnut meats. Cut the nuts in thin slices with a sharp knife, mix with the cabbage, and add boiled salad dressing.

Wild flowers should be planted as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.



MAGIC BAKING POWDER

CONTAINS NO ALUM.

The only well known medium priced baking powder made in Canada that does not contain alum and which has all its ingredients plainly stated on the label.

E.W.GILLETT COMPANY LIMITED
WINNIPEG TORONTO, ONT. MONTREAL



Science and the Arts.

If I had to live my life over again. I would make it a rule to read some good poetry and listen to some good music at least once a week.—Charles Darwin.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

A golden dream was sent to dreamers two;
One scorned the dream, the other made it True.

How much happier most of us would be if we had the moral courage to say more often, "No, I can't afford it!"

WITH THE FINGERS!

SAYS CORNS LIFT OUT WITHOUT ANY PAIN

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn can shortly be lifted right out with the fingers if you will apply on the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

At little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain or soreness or the danger of infection.

This new drug is an ether compound, and dries the moment it is applied and does not inflame or even irritate the surrounding tissue. Just think! You can lift off your corns and calluses now without a bit of pain or soreness. If your druggist hasn't freezone he can easily get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

Doctors Recommend Bon-Opto for the Eyes

Physicians and eye specialists prescribe Bon-Opto as a safe home remedy in the treatment of eye troubles and to strengthen eyesight. Sold under money refund guaranty by all druggists.

A Quick Relief for Headache

A headache is frequently caused by badly digested food; the gases and acids resulting therefrom are absorbed by the blood which in turn irritates the nerves and causes painful symptoms called headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, etc. 15 to 30 drops of Mother Seigel's Syrup will correct faulty digestion and afford relief. 8

No Need to Rub

Try Sloan's Liniment and see how quickly the swelling is reduced and the pain disappears. No need to rub; it penetrates quickly and brings relief. Have a bottle handy for rheumatic pains, neuralgia, backache and all muscle soreness.

Generous sized bottles, at your druggist, 25c., 50c., $1.00.



Sloan's The World's Liniment

Sloan's prices not increased 25c 50c $1

Lay a piece of newspaper over the sink-strainer before pouring greasy water down the drain-pipe. It will gather and hold the grease and keep the pipes from clogging.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

FOR SALE

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN WESTern Ontario. Doing a good business. Death of owner places it on the market. A great chance for a man with cash. Apply Box 82, Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried $1,500. Will go for $1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

TRUST YOUR SKIN AND SCALP TO CUTICURA

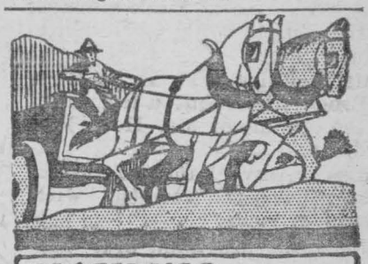


The Soap to cleanse and purify, the Ointment to soothe and heal

Pure and sure, these fragrant, supercreamy emollients are wonderfully effective for skin and scalp troubles that itch, burn, torture and disfigure infants, children and adults.

Free Sample Each by Mail

For free sample each address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. N, Boston, U. S. A." Sold throughout the world.



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without extra spanning is easily accomplished when you use

MICA AXLE GREASE

"Use half as much as any other"

Axles are rough and porous, causing friction. The mica flakes fill the pores and the grease keeps them there. Mica Grease prevents locked wheels and hot boxes, gives sure relief for unnecessary strain on horses and harness.

EUREKA HARNESS OIL

"Lengthens leather life"

replaces the natural oils that dry out of the leather and puts new life in old harness. It penetrates the leather leaving it soft and pliable, and overcomes the worst enemies of harness—water and dirt.

Sold in standard sized packages by live dealers everywhere.

IMPERIAL OIL LIMITED

BRANCHES IN ALL CITIES



DOES YOUR STOMACH CONTAIN A GLASSFUL OF ACID?

96 OUT OF 100 DYSPEPTICS HAVE DANGEROUS ACID IN THEIR STOMACHS, WHICH MUST BE NEUTRALIZED IF GOOD HEALTH IS TO BE MAINTAINED.

If you held a teaspoonful of hydrochloric acid in your mouth for only a second you would not be surprised at its burning and inflaming all the tissues; yet an eminent specialist states that 96 out of 100 dyspeptics go about with a glassful or more of this powerful acid in their stomachs, and then wonder what causes the burning and aching and why they suffer the discomfort after meals. To put wholesome food into an acid stomach only increases the discomfort, because the acid mixes with the fresh food and turns it sour, making a lot more acid. The acid condition causes food fermentation, which irritates, distends and inflames the tender stomach lining, and it is not surprising that specialists say acid stomachs are dangerous. This decidedly dangerous and uncomfortable condition can be overcome either by following a strict diet or, and this is far easier and more quickly effective, by taking a teaspoonful of bisurated magnesia in a quarter glassful of water after meals to neutralize the acidity. The latter course is much more satisfactory because it corrects the acidity and banishes discomfort without any need for diet.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales March 16
Morrisburg, March 18 to April 6

CLAIRE SUMMERS, A.T.C.M.
PIANO
Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations
Studio at her home, Main Street, West,

Miss Mabel Poupore arrived from Montreal Tuesday noo and is the guest of Miss Grace Merkley.

The new Parliament will assemble on Monday next.

Mr. J. G. Brandstetter of Ottawa spent the week-end with his mother.

Mr. R. J. MacKay has joined the staff of the local branch of the Molsons Bank.

Don't forget the St. Patrick's afternoon Tea and Food Sale in Mr. Frank Stewart's store, on Saturday, March sixteenth, under the auspices of the Young People's Association of Knox Presbyterian Church. Tea will be served from three o'clock until six. Admission ten cents.

Mr. Dick Adams of Pembroke is spending a few days in town.

Mrs. L. Mallen is visiting in Prescott this week.

"Raise a Pig" is the slogan for the Summer of 1918. Every little pig helps. Pigs are useful animals. They supply nourishment, oil, music and perfumery—Get one.

Hartley Killaly's many Morrisburg friends will be glad to learn of his promotion. He has this week been made manager of the Union Bank at St. Catharine's, Ont.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Wright of Brockville, spent a few days at the home of Mr. H. D. Willard.

Miss Amy Banks of Brockville, spent the week-end with friends in town.

Under the provision of a new regulation passed by the Ontario Government all owners of motor vehicles are required when taking out a license to procure new light glasses for the cars. The regulation requires a pebbled glass that dims to a certain extent the extreme glare of the lights commonly in use.

Mr. M. G. Casselman has moved from Williamsburg to the Farlinger Farm formerly occupied by Mr. Samuel Donnelly. Mr. Arthur Heagle from Boucks Hill is located on the farm owned by the late James McCullough and Mr. James Link is installed on his new purchase, the fine Walter J. Fetterly property.

For the information of those who have not received expected mail from overseas, it may be said that the London Times announces, on the authority of the Postmaster-General, that among the mail matter lost in the sinking of the Andania was the letter mail for Canada.

In the casualty list on Wednesday appeared the name of G. McNulty, Iroquois, killed in action.

The Curling Championship is still undecided. Saturday Marsh upset the dope by defeating Hilliard 24 to5, the largest score of the season and was in turn beaten by Davy's rink in two games 12-7 and 18-7. The final is now between Davy and Chalmers and will likely be played Monday night if the weather holds.

The design of the Cornwall one hundred thousand volts station which will supply the St. Lawrence system with electrical power, has been completed and approved by engineers of the Cedar Rapids Transmission Co. Work will be started on the Cornwall-Morrisburg forty-four thousand volts line as soon as the weather is favorable. This is the proposed new source of Power for Brockville.

The third annual "Waddington dinner" is being held in New York City tonight (Friday This year an invitation was extended to all Morrisburgers residing in the City. The affair promises to be enjoyable and successful. The dinner is given at Murray's Roman Gardens, an orchestra will provide the music for dancing.

Nine hundred cases of eggs from China for New York City passed through Ogdensburg on Monday. This is the record shipment in the last twelve months.

"The Birth of a Nation" was presented last Friday afternoon and evening to good-sized audiences. This film is sure to be the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" of the silent drama.

Dr. Clifford Casselman announces that on or about April first, he will remove his office from the present premises to the offices formerly occupied by the late Hon. Andrew Broder above Hunter & Casselman's store.

Mrs. Henry Taylor of Brockville spent the week-end in town

Mr. Russell Robinson of Hamilton spent a few days in town with his aunt, Mrs. Henry Clark.

Miss Bessie Clark took a trip to Cornwall on Wednesday with her cousin. Mr. Russell Robinson who is travelling agent for the Ford Supply Co.

COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

Arithmetic Form I—M. Campbell 100, A. Gordier 100, E. Lapierre 92, M. Farrer 91, J. Ernault 86, C. Farrer 85, P. Ouderkirk 81, W. Buckingham 76, P. Whitteker 73, M. Meikle 70, A. Garlough 68, V. Robinson 62, A. Carson 60, O. Hess 60, M. Osborne 60, A. Farlinger 60, M. Weegar 45, L. Stata 43, E. Carter 42, B. Little 38, B. Bowman 37, L. Weagant 35, H. Keys 30, O. Zeron 28, O. Carter 27, H. Wells 27 A. Beach 23, H. VanAllen 20, L. McLatchie 12, E. Cassell 8, G. Hummell 8, J. McHaffie 8, V. Myers 8, E. Reddick 8, H. Nash 0, S. Eager 0, M. Shannette 0. Absent: W. Daley, B. Storey, R. Link, G. Smith.

Writing, Form 1—H. VanAllen 81 M. Weegar 80. S. Eager 77, M. Osborne 76, V. Robinson 75, E. Carter 73, P. Whitteker 73, J. McHaffie 72, W. Buckingham 71, O. Hess 71, L. Stata 71, M. Farrer 69, G. Hummell 69, E. Reddick 69, H. Nash 68, A. Beach 67, A. Carson 67, E Lapierre 67, O. Carter 66, A. Garlough 66, M. Meikle 66, L. McLatchie 66, H. Wells 66, E. Cassel 64 V. Myers, 64, C. Farrer 63, O. Zeron 63 A. Gordier 61, P. Ouderkirk 60, L Weagant 57, B. Little 56, M. Campbell 55, M. Shennette 52, J. Ernault 51, A Farlinger 47, H. Keyes 46, B. Bowman 40

Grammar, Form 11—W. Farrer 71 L. Harrison 66, I. Wallace 63, F. Cook 59, G. Tracy 59, T. Marcellus 55, D. Coir 53, M. Tracy 52, M. Lavis 50, R. Casselman 45, H. Coligan 23, B. Casselman 7

Literature, Form 111—E. M. Plantz 72, M. Zeron 60, W. Robinson 60, M. Beckstead 58, S. Petterly 56, W. Barclay 54, E. Weegar 52, A. Casselman 52 D. Robinson 50, S. Campbell 50, Geo. Bolton 50, B. Hess 48, L. Fossitt 48 M. Lavis 48

Ancient History, Form 1V — W. Plantz 67, C. Marshall 60, I. Ryan 60 D. Carson 56, T. Hamilton 54, F. Weegar 51, F. Robertson 49, H. Meredith 47, R. Story 42, G. Casselman 40 D. VanAllen 38, M. McMartin 30, R. Coligan 25. R. Watson 24. S. Meikle 23 A. Wallace 22. Absent: W. Duvall, M VanAllen, E. Moorehouse. D. McMartin E. Farlinger, L. Casselman.

Mediaeval History, Form V—C. A. Story 61, A. Carson 61, B. Sherman 60 N. Cougler 58, A. M. Hilliard 58.

PUBLIC SCHOOL
Honor Roll for February

Sr. IV—J. Ernault, E. Eamon, H. Moore, K. Bowman, O. VanAllen. B. Clark, R. Priest, L. Beckstead, S. Thom H. Thompson.

Jr. IV—E. Clarke, P. Coligan. D. Lapierre, W. Sherman, D. Nash, S. Crateau, H. Meikle, E. Marsh, J. Wallace, W. Weegar, M. Moore, D. Brandstetter.

No. on roll 34, Average attendance 31
D. L. Hamilton

Sr. 111—G. Bokus, C. Fetterly, M Casselman, A. Aikman, G. Davy and L VanAllen equal.

Jr. 111—A. Bowman, F. McPherson G. Priest, D. Tracy, P. Casselman.

No. enrolled 35 Average attendance 33
C. E. Cook

Jr. 3rd, Room C — M. Nash, T. O'Malley, L Heagle, H. Biccum, N. McIntyre, R. Aikman, W. Beckstead.

Sr. 2nd—G. Prunner, H. Roy, A. Ouderkirk, A. Duvall, F. Barclay, J. O'Malley, D. Dain, G. Biccum, P. Carson G. Clark.

No. on roll 29. Average attendance 25
E. M. Steed

Jr. 2nd, Class A—L. Story, F. Ouderkirk, M. O'Malley, P. Biccum, K. Pyper D. Bockus and E. Williams equal, S LaPier, K. Pyper and L. VanAllen equal H. Guay, C. Clark, E. Myers, M. McGannon, J. Sherman H. McIntyre, C Weegar

Jr. 2nd, Class B—M, Marsh, M. McGillvray, F. Reid, J. Williams, M Vipond, G. Coligan, M. Empey, Geo Harper, H. Casselman

No. on roll 30. Average attendance 26.75
C. L. Hazell

Sr. 1st— E. Davy and F. Bermon equal, E. Lane, G Barclay, C, Casselman, R. Casselman, R. Cassel, P. Gormley, M. Dillabough

Jr. 1st— M. Casselman, G. Casselman R. Henderson, M. Priest, H. Cassel, G Clarke, O. McPherson, B. Markell, M Munroe, V. Myers

Sr. Primer—H. Janack, H Vipond, H Duval, L. Aikman.

No. on roll 31. Average attendance 25
M. Smith

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Cephrenus Moore, beloved husband of Sarah Moore, who departed this life March 17, 1916.

Sleep on dear Father, and take thy rest,
God called you home, he thought it best.

Inserted by wife and children.

In loving memory of our son, W. J McKoy, who died March 12th, 1906, in Pasadena, California.

A bitter grief, a shock severe,
To part with one we loved so dear.
Tho great our loss, we won't complain
But trust in Christ to meet again.

Inserted by his Parents, Brother and Sister.

In loving memory of our dear Mother, Mrs. Euphenia Wells, who died March 13th, 1915, at Aultsville, Canada

Days of sadness still come o'er us,
Tears in silence often flow;
For memory keeps you ever near us,
Though you died three years ago.

Inserted by Daughters in California.

In loving memory of our dear mother Mrs. Geo. A. Whitteker who departed this life March 16th, 1917.

Oft we think of you dear mother,
And our hearts are sad with pain
O, this earth would be a heaven
Could we but hear your voice again.

Just a year ago you left us,
How we miss your loving face;
But you left us to remember
None on earth could fill your place

In behalf of the family.

WANTED

A Farm to work on shares or to rent, with stock, at once if possible. Apply W. M. Pruner, R.M.D., No. one, Morrisburg.

FOR SALE
Two-year-old Holstein Bull.
H. S. Weagant,
Aultsville, Ont.
R.M.D. No. 1.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish, through this paper, to thank the many friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us during the illness and bereavement of our wife and mother.

—Walter Buchan and Family.

Farm For Sale

I am authorized to sell the George Phiier Farm being East half of Lot twenty-two in the Fourth Concession of the Township of Williamsburg, containing One Hundred Acres. Upon the land is a comfortable house and frame barn. Sixty or more acres are now under cultivation. There is considerable wood on the place. Terms easy.

Apply to
IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.
Morrisburg, Ont.

The Beginning of Trouble

with your eyes should receive prompt attention.

If you believe in eternal punishment, don't start it here by neglecting your eyesight,

Make the appointment today for a thorough test and be on the safe side.

We close daily at 6 o'clock p.m., except Saturdays.

J. M. WHITTEKER,
Photographer & Optometrist
Morrisburg, - Ont.

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor
A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College
'PHONE NO. 18A TAIT BLOCK
MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

POULTRY WANTED

Owing to the fact that different parties are buying Poultry and Junk in this district, we beg to advise the public, that we guarantee highest prices and satisfactory deal to everybody.

We are always in touch with the latest market prices in poultry and bags.

J.S.TEVAN & SON
DEALERS IN
Poultry, Bags, Hides & Junk
BOX 144, MORRISBURG, ONT

Farm For Sale

A good dairy farm, about one and a half miles from Williamsburg, part lot Twenty-eight, Sixth Concession, One Hundred Acres, rich clay loam, good house, large barns, cow stable, piggery, hen house, good wells, For particulars write to Frank Casselman or Myron Weegar, executors, Williamsburg, Ontario, or Arthur Flynn, solicitor, Morrisburg, Ontario.

FOR SALE
Two general purpose mares.
Apply to E. M. Beckstead,
Glen Becker.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

94 BRANCHES IN CANADA

Capital Paid Up - $4,000,000
Rest - - $4,750,000

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Interest added half-yearly to Savings Balances.

Don't Be a Slave to High Prices

Buy Your Groceries Here and Save Money

CEREALS		CANNED FRUITS	
Corn Flakes	12½c	Peaches per tin	25c
Grape Nut	15c	Pears " "	20c
Shredded Wheat	15c	Raspberries " "	20c
Puffed Wheat	15c	Blueberries " "	15c
VEGETABLES		**MEATS**	
Tomatoes per tin	25c	Machine sliced	
Corn " "	20c	Windsor bacon per lb	55c
Peas " "	18c	Cooked ham " "	55c
Beans " "	15c	Breakfast bacon " "	50c
SPECIALS			
Asparagus per tin	35c	Lobsters per tin	30c
Spaghetti " "	20c	Shrimps " "	25c
Mushrooms " "	60c	Kippered Herring	25 & 30c
Maple Butter "	30c	Chicken Haddies	25c

MULLIN BROS.
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
MORRISBURG, — ONT.

DAIRY PAILS

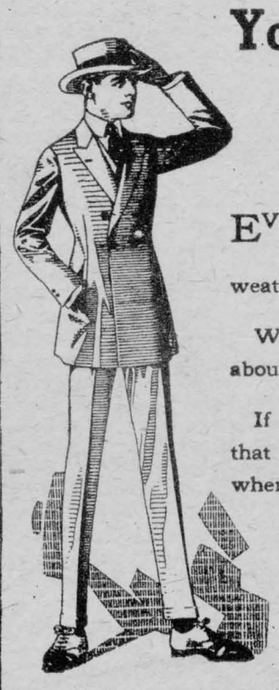
STRONG AND DURABLE

Made of heavy tin with a much heavier bottom, in 12, 14 & 16 quarts

at prices sure to suit

HUNTER & CASSELMAN
Hardware, Groceries, Flour and Feed
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

Young Men's Summer Clothes



EVERY man must settle right soon the question of warm weather garments.

What are you going to do about it?

If you knew for a certainty that there is one place in town where you can get your very ideal of a suit—custom tailored—at the lowest price consistent with quality, would that help you?

Peck's
MADE-TO-MEASURE CLOTHES FOR MEN

—procurable through us—answer your question fully and completely.

Models for business, dress and outing; fabrics that harmonize perfectly with every style. Prices that are not a drain on your purse.

Better call now while choice is best.

W. SHENNETTE
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