SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.

The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XIV NO. 10. CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1907. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

The Bank of Ottawa.

Savings Department.

Deposits of $1 and Upwards, Received.

Interest Paid 4 Times a Year.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH.

C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

The Merchants Bank

OF CANADA.

Established 1864.

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

CAPITAL (PAID Up) - $6,000,000

RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS - $3,673,197

President—Sir H. Montagu Allan, Kt.
Vice-Pres—Jonathan Hodgson, Esq.
E. F. Hebden, General Manager.

The Bank has 114 Branches and Agencies distributed through Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and other Northwest provinces.

Savings Bank Department.

Interest at 3 per cent per annum allowed on Savings Bank Deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Interest added to principal half yearly.

A General Banking Business transacted.

Farmers' business solicited.

FINCH BRANCH,

D. A. MacMILLAN, Manager.

$15.00 to $18.00 SUITS

-Going For-

Only $12.00

For the next 30 days.

Seeing is Believing.

Save Money

By having one of them.

Fit and Workmanship

Guaranteed.

W. J. NASH,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

Chesterville.

NEWCOMBE PIANOS ARE THE BEST

We Will Put it Against any Manufacturer for

Touch Tone and Durability.

Consult us Before Buying.

W. H. FETTERLY, Stores at Morrisburg & Winchester

Its a strong but true statement:

THE SUN LIFE'S 1905 Record,

Has Never Been EQUALLED

By Any Other CANADIAN COMPANY

IRA J. CRAMER, General Agent, Aultsville.
A. M. FETTERLY, Local Agent, Chesterville.

JOHN R. and W. L. REID, Managers Eastern Ontario, SUN LIFE BUILDING, OTTAWA

EVERYBODY NEEDS

—A—

Business Education,

and the college that stands for the Highest Efficiency in Commercial Education is the

Willis Business College

of Ottawa.

It provides the best facilities and most highly qualified teaching staff in Canada. Graduates assisted to positions. Send for free catalogue.

S. T. WILLIS, Principal, Corner Bank and Albert Streets, Ottawa.

UNION BANK OF CANADA

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received. Interest credited

Four Times Annually.

At all branches in Ontario East of Fort William.

Winchester Branch. R. F. BLAIR, Manager.

Crysler Branch. J. E. J. ASTON, Manager.

WANTED !

A thoroughly competent stenographer. Employment pleasant. Good salary.

Are You Trained to Take the Above Position.

If Not Write at Once to the

Brockville Business College.

W. H SHAW, President. W. T. ROGERS, Principal

N.B. New Term just opened. Students are allowed to enroll at any time.

JAMES CURRIE

LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont, Dundas, Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.

S. A. CRAMER, LICENSED AUCTIONEER

For Dundas County and Township of Finch

ADDRESS

CHESTERVILLE P. O.

Phone McCloskey House.

THOS. H. DUNN,

Civil Engineer and Ontario Land Surveyor.

Municipal Engineering, including the preparation of plans and estimates for bridges, sidewalks, drains, sewers etc.

Prompt attention given to drainage.

Office in Sweet's block over Union Bank, Winchester.

NOTICE

To the General Public

Having an agency for the ROYAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., England

respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

H. KEARNS, - - Chesterville.

George A. Brown, ex-warden of the county of Grey, and one of the oldest residents of Meaford, is dead, aged 65 years.

Piles get quick relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Remember its made alone for Piles—and it works with certainty and satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding, or blind piles disappear like majic by its use. Try it and see! W. G. Bolster.

Maxville Man Asphyxiated.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 1—Daniel Cummings, aged 22, formerly of Maxville, Ont., was asphyxiated in his room this morning by escaping gas from a defective furnace. Eight other occupants of the house are ill from the same cause but will recover.

Try This For Your Cough.

To relieve a cough or break up a cold in twenty four hours, the following simple formula, the ingredients of which can be obtained of any good prescription druggist at small cost, is all that will be required: Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure), one-half ounce; Glycerine, two ounces; good Whiskey, a half pint. Shake well and take in teaspoonful doses every four hours. The desired results cannot be obtained unless the ingredients are pure. It is therefore better to purchase the ingredients separately and prepare the mixture yourself. Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure) should be purchased in the original half ounce vials, which druggists buy for dispensing. Each vial is securely sealed in a round wooden case which protects the oil from exposure to light. Around the wooden case is an engraved wrapper with the name—"Virgin Oil of Pine (Pure)" plainly written thereon. There are many imitations and cheap productions of Pine, but these only create nausea, and never affect the desired results,

Wanted.

AN apprentice to the Printing Business at once. Must have fair education. Good chance to right boy.

Apply at this office.

Farm to Rent.

THE west half of Lot No. 17, in the 1st con. of the Township of Winchester, containing 100 acres. About 65 acres clear, remainder good pasture. Windmill, house and stable for 15 cows. Apply to

MICHAEL MOORE, Chesterville.

For Sale.

HOUSE and Lot in the Village of Chesterville, on Main Street, south of the river. Good stable, carriage house, good well, woodshed, frame house and kitchen. Also some household furniture for sale. Apply at once if you want a bargain.

W. MARQUETTE, Chesterville.

For Sale.

ONE General Purpose Colt, coming 3 years old; broken.

N. G. MOODIE, Chesterville.

Money to Loan.

$2,000 to loan on approved security. For particulars apply at this office.

Notice.

OWING to pressure of other work we have been forced to make stated times during the month for grinding.

After February the 15th. and until further notice, we will grind only on the two first and two middle days of the month.

We thank our patrons for their liberal support in the past.

A first-class Grinder for sale—cheap.

THE MATTHEWS PUMP CO., Chesterville.

Notice.

HAVING leased my house and lot in the village of Berwick to Miss Bella M. Legg, together with all the chattels and household effects on or belonging to said premises, I hereby forbid any parties from attempting to remove any of said chattels or in any way molesting the said Bella M. Legg, she having no claim resting upon her by any parties through or by me to keep and maintain a free boarding house or drunkard's home any longer. And further that I don't want any more deputations re the above matter to wait on me under a pretext to better my condition as I have an able attorney looking after my affairs.

WM. LEGG.

Dated at Cannamore Jan. 15th, 1907.

Well Drilling !

Having purchased complete new outfits, of the latest manufacture, for the drilling of wells, I am in a position to attend to all the wants of the public in this line. Parties wishing can have same done by using either steam or gasolene power.

All correspondence promptly attended to.

Address

HENRY BAZINET, Crysler, Ont.

COBALT SHARES.

I HAVE FOR SALE

1000 Shares of Cobalt Lake Stock

At 85c.

Same price as asked on Montreal and Toronto Exchanges.

FOSTER,
SILVER QUEEN,
SILVER LEAF,

Are recommended as a mining investment.

Any of these Stocks can be bought from

C. W. Casselman.

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

Auction sale of farm stock, at lot 17, in the 9th Con. Tp. of Winchester, on Wednesday, Feb. 13th. Jos. Shaver, Prop.; Jas. Currie, auctioneer.

Whittaker the Optician, will be at Chesterville on Feb. 13th, and Finch on Feb. 14th.

The Rev. W. A. Lundy of North Williamsburg, will occupy the pulpit in the Methodist church in this place on Sunday evening next.

Arrangements are being made for a lecture to be given under the auspices of the Epworth League of the Methodist church on the 22nd inst., by the Rev. Mr. Sykes of Smith's Falls. Particulars later.

Mr. R. McCormick of Morewood, dealer in pianos, organs, sewing machines, etc., intends moving to town in the course of a month. He has rented the residence now occupied by A. M. Fulton.

A. S. Morrison, V. S., and Dr. W. A. Brown were at Shawville, Que., the past week, having been called there on account of the illness of Dr. Morrison's brother, who passed away before their arrival. The funeral took place on Monday.

Mr. C. W. Casselman, insurance agent, etc., of this place, informs us that he has sold $1400 worth of shares the past week in a syndicate being formed to purchase a property in the Larder Lake district of 1280 acres. Besides this he has and is daily selling large numbers of shares of mining stock in the Cobalt district.

As will be seen by notice in the RECORD Mr. Wesley Hamilton has been appointed Canadian Government Employment Agent for this district. His duties will be to secure employment in this vicinity for newly arrived immigrants from England, Ireland and Scotland, on farms or domestic servants.

Seven Years for Savignac.

Ottawa, February 2—Joseph Savignac was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment for attempting to murder his wife. The trial will prove a fairly expensive one. The fees amounted to $712 80 for the prosecution witnesses; the cost of the petty jury was $450, and the grand jury $140.

Premier Roblin, whose health had aroused great anxiety, returned from the south apparently greatly improved.

Farm Labourers and Domestics.

I have been appointed by the Dominion Government to place Immigrants from the United Kingdom in positions as farm labourers or domestic servants in this vicinity. Any person requiring such help should notify me by letter stating fully the kind of help required, when wanted and wages offered. The numbers arriving may not be sufficient to supply all requests, but every effort will be made to provide each applicant with help required.

Wesley Hamilton,

Canadian Government Employment Agent,

CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

Auction :-: Sale

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction at Lot No. 6, in the 4th Con. of the Tp. of Winchester,

1 Mile North-East of Cass Bridge.

—ON—

Wednesday, FEB. 20th, 1907

The Following Viz:

12 milch cows, (some Grade Holsteins); 8 heifers coming 1 year, nearly all grade Holsteins; 1 bull, coming 1 year old, ¾ Holstein; 1 heifer calf, coming 1 year old; 2 work horses, 1 roadster coming 4 years old, 1 mare colt, coming 2 years old, 1 brood sow, 4 shoats, about 100 hens, 1 mower, (Deering) nearly new, 1 horse rake, (Deering) 1 seeder, 1 plow, 1 iron harrow, 1 horse hoe, 1 lumber wagon, 1 pair bobsleighs, 1 one-horse wagon, 1 milk wagon, 2 buggies, 1 cutter, 1 wheelbarrow, 1 feed boiler, 1 dairy churn, 1 washing machine, 1 set double harness, 1 set single harness, a quantity of seed corn, a quantity of mixed grain, a quantity of hay, forks, shovels, etc.; 3 milk cans, 3 cooly cans, 1 horse tread power, 1 Massey-Harris ensilage cutter.

Also at the same time and place there will be offered a house and Lot, which is situated in the 6th concession of Winchester township, on the East Half of Lot No. 16, containing one acre of ground. The house is 2 stories high, size 22x26, and stable 24x30. This will be offered subject to a reserved bid.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

TERMS:—All sums of $10 and under, cash; over that amount 6 months' credit (without interest) will be given to parties furnishing approved joint notes. 3 per cent off for cash.

The house and lot sale will require one half of the purchase price to be paid on day of sale; balance at 5 per cent. interest until paid or special arrangements can be made with purchaser.

THOS. IRVING, Auctioneer. W. S. KITTLE, Prop.

The Molsons Bank

Incorporated A.D., 1855.

Capital paid up - - - $3,000,000.

Reserve Fund - - - - $3,000,000.

Total Assets over - - $31,900,000.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Hereafter interest will be paid or compounded

FOUR TIMES A YEAR

on all Accounts in this Departmen

A General Banking Business transacted.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS, Manager.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH.

PERSONAL.

Miss Sarah Merkley is visiting at Ottawa.

Mr. Rond Smith is spending a few days in town.

Minnie and John W. Foster are attending school at Morewood.

Mr. Thos. Spotten of Connaught, is dangerously ill with pneumonia.

Miss Bella MacQueen spent Saturday and Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Foster.

Mr. Jas. Hughes is confined to his bed through sickness and is seriously ill.

Mr. F. Wood, furniture dealer of this place, is confined to his bed through illness.

Mr. and Mrs. P. N. Myers of Waddington, N.Y., are visiting in town and district.

Miss McNab of Kemptville, was the guest of Miss Nancy Kearns for a few days the past week.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Shaver and two children of Winnipeg, were visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Foster the past week.

Mrs. McDonald and son Jimmie have returned home to Madrid Springs, after spending a week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Murphy.

Crysler Defeated by Chesterville.

Wednesday night was a gloomy night for the "Hickory Limbs" of Crysler. When we say gloomy we mean something more than an ordinary day after pay day gloom, we mean something which has a depressing effect upon the community in general,—such was the effect produced upon the aforesaid bunch of puck jugglers by the "Mollie McGuires" of Chesterville, when a large and influential gathering witnessed the defeat of the "Hickory Limbs" by a score of 3-1.

The "Hickory Limbs" made quite a number of flying excursions in the direction of the stars, very often lodging for brief breathing spaces in the branches of the lofty trees which hedged the open rink on all sides. Messrs. Montgomery and Dixon were the participants of a grand spectacular pyrotechnic display coupled with a record-breaking baloon journey, the result of their coming into violent contact with each other, but we rejoice in saying no damage was done. Our boys, however, had made provision for such occasions, and the victims were lowered in a graceful manner to mother earth by means of warrior's appliances evolved by the fertile brains of some of the team's supporters.

The line-up of the gladiators was as follows:

"Hickory Limbs."		"Molley McGuires."
W. Currier	Goal	A. Kearns.
J. Montgomery	Point	F. Pelletier.
F. Lemay	C. Point	J. Munro.
A. Braithwaite	Rover	L. Dixon.
O. St. Louis	Centre	M. Reid.
P. Lafleur	R. Wing	W. Dixon.
A. Ouderkirk	L. Wing	C. McLean.

Referee—T. A. Cauley.
Judge of Play—H. S. Johnson.

A.O.U.W. Elect Officers.

At a meeting held on Jan. 28th last, the following officers were elected for the ensuing term:—

P. M.—Bro. J. T. White.
M. W.—Bro. T. W. Merkley.
Foreman—Bro. W. A. Brown.
Overseer—Bro. Jas. Beattie.
Financier—Bro. Melvin Durant.
Recorder—Bro. T. T. Shaw.
Receiver—Bro. A. H. Forbes.
Guard—Bro. J. Warren.
Inside Watchman—Bro. H. Merkley.
Outside Watchman—Bro. M. Brown.
Trustees—Bros. M. Brown, J. T. Kearns, S. Fulton.
Auditors—Bros. W. A. Brown, W. H. Casselman.
Rep. to Grand Lodge—Bro. F. W. Merkley.
Alternate to Grand Lodge—Bro. Jas. Beattie.

The Railway Committee at Ottawa knocked out the two-cent passenger rate and long-distance telephone connection clauses of Mr. W. F. McLean's bill.

A Good Sale.

Messrs. Ed. Flynn and John Hummell, of this place; Dr. Reddick and Norman S. Cameron, of Winchester; and Wm. A. Knott, of Hilliardton, New Ontario., made a good sale of their claims in the Larder Lake district this week. They are rather reticient about making it too plain to the public, but we are informed that they have retained a quarter interest in the claims, and have received in cash $14,000 a piece. Very good year's work.

Allison—Barkley.

The marriage of Andrew Thomas Allison, son of Mr. Andrew Allison of Dunbar, to Ethel, daughter of Mr. Aaron Barkley of Dunbar, was solemnized at Lutherean Parsonage, North Williamsburg, on Wednesday, Jan. 30th, 1907, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. Jacob Maurer. The event took place at 5 o'clock in the afternoon. After the nuptial knot was tied the happy couple returned to the bride's residence, where a few of the close relatives assembled and a pleasant evening spent.

The RECORD, with a host of friends, extends congratulations.

Allan—Martin.

A very pleasant event was celebrated at St. Mary's Church here on Tuesday, Feb. 5th, 1907, at 8.30 a.m., when Miss Marguerite Martin became the bride of W. J. Allan, a prosperous young farmer, and son of Mr. Jas. J. Allan of this place.

The bride was elegantly gowned in a light grey broadcloth suit, white lace blouse with white picture hat trimmed with black plumes and black velvet ribbon. She also wore a fox stole a gift of the groom.

The bridesmaid, Miss Sadie Annable of Winchester (cousin of the bride), was dressed in a brown broadcloth Eton suit, white embroidered blouse, whith picture hat trimmed with black plumes and velvet. She also wore a sable stole.

The presents were [illegible] costly.

The groom was a be[illegible]

Mr. [illegible] train fo[illegible] places.

They [illegible] after M[illegible]e at home at Chester[illegible] March the 1st.

The RECORD, with a host of others, extends congratulations.

Hockey Match.

The young hockey enthusiasts of town have been practising time on the rink got in prepa[illegible] themselves on the river, and ments were completed where youngsters of Crysler visited our on Saturday afternoon and had a friendly game. Quite a large crowd were present to witness the event and at times during the game a good deal of interest was manifested. By the result of the score, which was 12 to 0, it is evident the Chesterville youngsters had a snap.

BORN.

BLAIR—At Berwick, to Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Blair, a son.

MARRIED.

ALLISON—BARKLEY—At the Lutherean Parsonage, North Williamsburg, on Wednesday, Jan. 30th, 1907, by the Rev. Jacob Maurer, Andrew Thomas Allison, to Ethel Barkley, both of Dunbar.

ALLAN—MARTIN—At St. Mary's church, Chesterville, on Tuesday, Feb. 5th, 1907, by the Rev. Father Fleming, W. J. Allan, to Marguerite Martin, both of Chesterville.

DIED.

ARMSTONG—At Hulbert, Dundas county, on Jan. 16, 1907, Mrs. Thomas Armstrong, aged 82 years.

MARKELL—At Aultsville, on Jan. 30, 1907, Gertrude, daughter of the late Nelson Markell, aged 41 years.

MCKAY—At Finch, on Jan. 22, 1907, Sarah Wiseman, relict of George McKay, aged 96 years.

NOTES AND COMMENTS

Prof. Starr discovered among other things on the Congo that a man had importance there according to his wealth and that when he lost his wealth through fault or misfortune he lost his importance. Natives say that there has been no change in this respect since the white man came, but so far back as tradition runs the wealthy have been arrogant and the poor servile, cringing, and scheming. In short, instead of the power of wealth being one of the vices of civilization it is at its worst among primitive people.

In proportion as civilization increases the rich have greater actual power but the poor have greater independence : I thought. One of our millionaires may buy luxuries far beyond the imagination of the richest man in a Congo village, but he may hold a much lower place in popular estimation and be treated personally with much less respect than a man who has not accumulated a hundred dollars. Happiness is less dependent upon wealth in the richest cities of the world than in the primitive forest, because there is little real injury that the rich man could inflict upon the poorer even if he were so disposed. The law is above all and public opinion is as powerful as the law. Among the savages there is no law but the law of power, and wealth is both the source and the mark of power.

The mind of the native of the Congo is so consumed by greed that he is incapable of conceiving any other motive for an action. It is only among civilized people that an unselfish action can be understood. The attitude of the Bantu or native of the Congo towards missionaries and all others who try to make him more comfortable or wiser or better is one of suspicion. He is sure that his benefactors are making more out of him than they are giving him, because he cannot imagine any other reason for their doing anything. He will lie to a white man or steal from him without compunction because of his underlying feeling that the white man is getting the best of him in any case.

The faults of the Bantu are not due to his race. The American negro who had come into contact with civilization and Christianity showed himself in the days following the breakup of slavery to be capable in many cases of the highest loyalty and unselfishness. It is in the wilderness, remote from the influences of civilization, that the love of gold, the power of gold, the arrogance of gold, and servile submission to the power of gold reach their maximum.

Coalite is imitating coal and is reputed to excel the genuine article. By a newly discovered process the experts can produce from coal of the cheapest quality this substance of coalite. This coalite produces 20 per cent. more heat than coal. So little carbon is emitted that it can be burned in a white stove without discolorating. So little oxygen is required to support its combusting that the long draft is unnecessary, and the tall chimney is made a thing of the past. It is further declared that the gas ...ced is stronger, purer, and less ...ich we have been ... is said, that ...anufacture ... f ...ore than the ...so that coalite ... produce. If ... as well, the only coalite were edi... ...urely ... goal of human happiness ... would be looming up in sight.

CRICKET FIGHTS IN CHINA.

Combatants Carefully Trained and Worth Hundreds of Dollars.

A. E. Parker has just returned from a trip to San-hui, a large walled city in Kwang-tung Province, and while there visited the guardhouse, where he saw six or seven earthenware bowls of fighting crickets.

He was much amused as to the description of the methods of stabling and dieting these insects. During the day the female and male crickets are separated, but as soon as night falls they are mated. Their diet consists of water, boiled rice, and a little ginseng, the latter to give them stamina.

In matching the insects to fight they are weighed, and a lightweight would not be pitted against a welterweight. The insects are spurred on to combat with a fine piece of glass, which treatment naturally rouses their anger.

The belief that crickets are distinguished by pieces of colored wool is a fallacy. They are recognized by their owners as we recognize our canine pets. In a contest the first cricket to run away is adjudged the loser.

The officer in charge of the guardhouse mentioned that a dispute which had arisen over a cricket contest three years ago had yet to be settled, each party holding that the other man's cricket ran away first.

Some of these crickets are indeed worth many times their weight in gold, several hundred dollars being sometimes paid for a real champion.—South China Post.

NOT TRUE.

Alice—"That Mr. Gilman prolonged his call on you last night till after twelve o'clock, I understand."

Maud—"Yes. And people have always told me that he is easy-going."

ODDITIES OF BIRD WORLD

MYSTERY OF THE ILL-OMENED DEVIL BIRD OF CEYLON.

A Ventriloquist in a Volcano—Parson Bird's Reply to an Orator.

"In the bird world," said a naturalist who has travelled all over the globe, "one is continually running across remarkable looking birds or birds with curious habits.

"One of the most mysterious of birds is the devil bird of Ceylon. The natives call it the ulama and regard it with superstitious horror; for they believe that its scream heard at night presages misfortune, and they offer sacrifices to avert approaching disaster.

"While many people have heard its cry, no one has had the good, or bad, fortune to kill or capture one. Those who have heard it say that its ordinary note is a magnificent, clear shout like that of a human being, which can be heard at a great distance and has a fine effect in the silence of the closing night.

"But the sounds which have earned for it its bad name are indescribable and never to be heard without shuddering. It has been compared to a boy in torture, whose screams were being stopped by being strangled. Scientists have never secured a specimen of this bird, only fleeting glimpses of it being had, and these lead to the belief that it is a species of owl.

"For many years naturalists heard reports of a mysterious bird which made its home in the solitudes surrounding the volcano of Soufriere on St. Vincent, in the West Indies. The natives had many superstitions connected with it, one being that any one seeing the bird would surely die, and as a result

THEY AVOIDED ITS HAUNTS,

and it long remained the 'invisible, mysterious bird with the heavenly song.'

"The mystery was finally dissipated in 1876, when Frederick A. Ober made an expedition to that volcano and after considerable difficulty and danger from big snakes managed to secure several specimens. It developed that the bird was a ventriloquist, which explains why its song would often be heard and still the bird not be seen in the spot whence the sound seemed to proceed.

"One of the most curious birds of the South Seas is the poe honeyeater. Its peculiarities of plumage and of gesture have gained for it the popular name of parson bird. It is an excellent mimic, and can be taught to repeat short sentences with extraordinary clearness and also to whistle short songs quite as well as a parrot.

"The late Sir Walter Buller was once addressing a large meeting of natives in New Zealand on a matter of considerable political importance, when, immediately on the conclusion of the speech and before the old chief to whom the arguments were chiefly addressed had time to reply, a honeyeater, whose netted cage hung to a rafter overhead, responded in a clear, emphatic way : 'Tito !' (false).

"The circumstance naturally caused much amusement among his hearers and quite upset the gravity of the venerable old chief.

"'Friend,' said he, laughing, 'your arguments are very good, but my mokai is a wise bird, and he is not yet convinced.'

"In the West Indies is found a curious bird, known locally as the trembleur. It feeds on the coffee berries, and as it hops from twig to twig it does not forget to stop every few seconds and shake its wings and jerk its tail in a most comical manner. A hop, a quiver of wings and tail, a skip, with accompanying shake all over; a jump, with a convulsive shake, quivering and spasmodic twitching of head, wings, and tail, at once proclaim

THE APTNESS OF ITS NAME.

When several of them meet the birds go through the most laughable series of bows, quivering of wings and tail vibrations.

"Occasionally scientists make mistakes in their classification. One of the most typical examples of such is found in the case of a New Zealand bird.

"This bird was a honeysucker and a hunter of flowers. Now in the early ... it visited most frequently the ... the native flax and later in the flowers of ... fly on the fuchsia. The year fed ... is red and of the pollen of the former ... latter blue.

"Hence in the early ... summer the bird ... and was named appeared with a red hea... But when the red headed honeysuc... the fuchsia its later in the year it went to t... was called head was stained blue, and it ... thus for a the blue headed honeyseeker. ... ht to be long time this bird was thoug... recently two distinct species and only ... of the was it found that the real colo... of the head was blackish brown.

"Some birds are chiefly rem...arkable for the nests they make. The ...e Australian nest is that made by t... collects a quanjungle fowl. This bird ... matter and tity of decaying vege...table ... feet in height builds with it mounds 15 ... circumferand ... 125 to 150 feet in ence. The eggs are laid in a circle nine or twelve inches apart and buried more than an arm's depth with the large end upward.

"The Australian brush turkeys, working in colonies, build pyramidal nests even larger. One of these nests on being removed filled seven carts and its total weight was five tons.

"The most ingenious of nests is made by the Republican. This little bird of India, which is about the size of a sparrow, lives in numerous families, that unite in forming immense colonies.

"Their dwellings have the appearance of a circular framework surrounding the trunk of some large tree and at a distance resemble great roofs attached to the trees. I once counted as many as 300 cells, which indicated that it was

INHABITED BY 600 BIRDS.

These nests are so heavy that many men and a large wagon were required to get one down intact and carry it away.

"Certain live birds are put to curious uses. In the northern part of South America the natives often avail themselves of the services of a species of crane to care for their poultry, and also use it in place of a dog to herd their domestic animals. This remarkable bird, which the Indians call yakamik and the ornithologists Posphia crepitans, is found in a wild state in the great forests that lie between the northern coasts of South America and the Amazon.

"Their usual gait is a slow and stately march, but they enliven themselves from time to time by leaping up in the air, executing eccentric and fancy waltzes and striking absurd attitudes. When alarmed they utter the peculiar cry which has obtained for them the name of trumpeter.

"The yakamiks are very readily tamed and prove valuable servants to the Indians. They may be trusted with the care of a flock of sheep or domestic fowls, and every morning will drive the ducks and poultry to their feeding places and, carefully collecting any stragglers, bring them safely home at night.

"The natives of the Keeling Islands, in the South Seas, make a rather remarkable use of the frigate bird. When captured young this bird is easily trained to act as a decoy for others of its kind.

"A hunter, wishing to shoot some of the birds, throws out within gunshot on the surface of the water a piece of attractive bait upon which the tame frigate swoops down, almost ostentatiously, time after time. Several of its hungry brethren, always hanging about, soon make their appearance to struggle for a share. The decoy soars out of range, while his unfortunate dupe falls a victim to the shotgun."

AN ANGRY AMBASSADOR.

Lord Carlisle's Reception by the Czar in 1664.

A journey from England to Moscow in the seventeenth century was a difficult undertaking. Lord Carlisle, who was sent as an ambassador, and Andrew Marvell, the poet, scholar, and friend of Milton, who acted as his secretary, made the journey in 1664. Their experience is described by Mr. Birrell in his biography of Marvell.

It was one of Marvell's many duties to remonstrate with the authorities for their cruel and disrespectful indifference. He did so with great freedom, but with no effect, and at last the ambassador was obliged to hire two hundred sledges at his own charges. Sixty he sent on ahead, following with one hundred and forty on January 15, 1664. It was an intensely cold journey, and the accommodation as night, with one happy exception, proved quite infamous. On February 3rd Lord Carlisle and his cortege found themselves five versts from Moscow. February 5th was fixed for the entry into the city in all their finery. They were ready on the morning of that day, awaiting the arrival of the Tsar's escort, but it never came. Lord Carlisle had sent his cooks on to Moscow to prepare the dinner he expected to eat in his city quarters.

Nightfall approached, and it was not till "half an hour before night" that the belated messengers arrived, full of excuses. The ambassador was hungry, cold and furious, nor did his anger abate when told he was not to be allowed to enter Moscow that night, as the Tsar and his ladies were very anxious to enjoy the spectacle. The return of the cooks from Moscow and the preparation of dinner was the mitigation, but no cure for wounded pride; and Lord Carlisle, calling Marvell to his side, and with his assistance, concocted a letter in Latin to the Tsar, complaining bitterly of their ill treatment, and going so far as to assert that had anything of the kind happened in England to a foreign ambassador, the King of England would never have rested until the offence had been atoned for with the blood of the criminals.

When, some forty years afterward Peter the Great asked Queen Anne to chop off the heads of the rude men who had arrested his ambassador for debt, he had, perhaps, Marvell's letter before him.

UNCLE JOE'S PHILOSOPHY.

A wummun's crownin' glory ain't allus her hair—it may be somebuddy else's

Some men swear off drinkin' when they are so full they can't hold no more.

Faint heart never won a fair lady no more than it ever did a corner in wheat.

Don't be tew generous with good advice; yew may need some uv it yewrself later on.

They's no use tryin' tew meet a hornet face tew face; he don't dew bizniz thet way.

They's tew kinds uv a "man with a hoe"; he who uses it an' he who leans on it.

In the mad race fur fame man furgits thet he is but a hoss with the manners uv the long-eared veriety.

Don't worry abaout what people are goin' t' say; rather consarn yewrself abaout what yew'd say ef ye wuz in their places.

It's a good thing to hev a high aim, but don't pint the muzzle uv the gun es high es yewr own nose.

The man who hessertates is lost, but the wummun who is waitin' fur the proposal sees tew it thet he finds himself ag'in.

Ef yew stick yewr nose in other people's affairs yew must expect tew wear a piece uv cutplaster on it sooner or later.

They would be a hull lot more uv smilin' in the world ef the teeth crop wuz better.

When a stranger begins tellin' yew his fam'ly hist'ry yew kin make up yewr mind 'tain't wuth listenin' tew.

Jest becauz it takes tew tur make make a quarrel is no sign thet yew need tur be one uv 'em.

It's a poor rule thet won't work both ways—either on a boy's hand or the seat uv his pants.

Yew can't tell by the looks uv a tud haow big he kin swell up ef he hez occasion tew.

Yew've got tur summer an' winter with a pusson afore yew know him, an' then he may surprise yew in the spring.

Jest becauz an infant doesn't like water is no sign he's goin' tur grow up tur be an honest milkman.

The great trouble with a free thinker is thet he thinks any other free thinker ain't thinkin' right onless he thinks jest the way he thinks himself.

If rich people wuz on'y fined fur exceedin' the speed limit in fast livin' ez they be in fast autermobilin' the world would be tuk daown tew a purty fair pace.

LEFT HANDED WRITERS

NO REASON WHY WE SHOULD NOT USE BOTH HANDS.

The Day May Come When Children Will be Educated to Use Them — Dexterity Acquired.

Left-handed writers are not uncommon; left-handed baseball players are familiar on every diamond; piano players use the left hand with as much ease as the right and use them simultaneously. But the left hand is omitted from the scheme of education, its education has been discouraged by school teachers, and such dexterity as it acquires is always obtained accidentally or in the face of obstacles. Why this should be so no one can tell, for both hands were given to man for use, and there is no reason why one should not write, carve or wield the violin bow with the left hand as easily as the right.

Educators are just beginning to realize that the man who can write or work with either hand equally well—the ambidextrous man—is equipped twice as well as the man who can work with but one hand. They are just beginning to give the left hand the education that has so long been neglected.

CHILDREN LEARN.

In some schools they are teaching to draw on the blackboard with both hands. A pair of circles drawn simultaneously is the first exercise. It is easy of accomplishment. It is, in fact, far easier to draw, two such circles, one with each hand, than to draw one circle with the left hand. This is due to a sort of interlocking of the nervous switches, a correspondence between the muscles and the nerves of the two sides of the body, which is familiar to all physiologists. It is the same quality that makes it difficult—and to some persons impossible—to pat the stomach with one hand while one strokes the face with the other. The mind needs much training before it can direct two different actions of similar organs at one and the same time. Students of the piano are obliged to learn to make the hands and fingers move independently, and the necessity for learning this is one of the things that makes it so difficult for an adult person to become

A GOOD PLAYER.

But to perform precisely similar acts with the two hands is easy. A child soon learns to draw two simultaneous circles. The next step is to draw other curved lines and to blend these into patterns. It is astonishing how quickly a child learns to draw complex designs, perfectly balanced, using both hands.

A much more difficult step is to teach the use of the left hand alone.

The exercise of the left hand is valuable; any man or woman may some day find it essential, for an accident may put the right hand out of business, temporarily or permanently, and then, if the left hand has been trained as well as the right, it can take up the pen, the pencil, the tool or the brush, and there need be no pause in the work, such as is necessary if the left hand must be educated from the beginning.

HOW TO MANAGE A MAN.

What a Woman Should do to Retain Her Influence and Make It Felt.

A woman has great influence over a man, even if his love has somewhat waned. Any woman with a fair amount of brains and a little "tact" can keep her husband well in "tow." Don't be too demonstrative in your manner, that is enough to tire or bore him. Keep the showing of your affection for special occasions, either when he is particularly tired or downhearted. A little unexpected show of affection, or some minor attention will go a long way toward smoothing your road. Find out his likes and dislikes, and act accordingly. Don't expect a tired man to pet and humor you all the time; you have no more right to expect it of him than he of you. Most men cease many little attentions after the honeymoon is over. It is not because they are getting tired of you, and don't upbraid him. Don't nag and complain all the time, but be as cheerful as you can, especially when he comes home tired, and when trouble comes share it with as cheery a disposition as possible. If your husband or children do something you don't like find out the reason before you lose your temper; there may have been a very good reason for acting as they did. When he needs a scolding give it to him as you would a child and be done with it.

Don't have a bad word for all your women friends; get the reputation of saying pleasant things about people. If there is nothing kind to be said keep silent.

Take an interest in things which interest him, and be a good companion, so good that he will miss you if you are away.

If your husband is a domestic man, for pity's sake remain at home evenings with him, and don't insist upon keeping up too many social duties. Remember that we women are all vain, more or less, but do control yourself in this respect, and do not let your vanity interfere with your duties.

Many women, especially those of moderate means, let themselves become careless and slovenly when at home and only the "family" is around to see them. They have seen their mothers do the same thing, very naturally they follow; nothing is so unattractive to a man as to see a woman unkempt, with her hair either in limp strings or curlpapers, and clothed in a loose, soiled, wrapper, conspicuous for the presence of many spots, and their feet dragging shabby slippers. No matter how plain the material and simple the fashion, let your dress, whatever it may be, always be neat.

Don't exert your authority in unimportant matters. Cultivate a good disposition. We are what we make ourselves. A contented disposition is all important to quiet nerves.

FRESH AIR SIMPLE CURE

NEW YORK DOCTORS DISCUSS THIS REMEDY.

Cures Insanity, Insomnia, Tuberculosis and Many Other Dangerous Diseases.

Fresh air as a panacea was discussed the other night in the Academy of Medicine, by four of New York's leading physicians.

Among the diseases which fresh air was said to cure are insomnia, anaemia, delirium, pneumonia, typhoid and all other fevers, tuberculosis of the bone as well as of the lungs, and almost every other classified ailment. Only in cases where subnormal temperatures are a feature is the open air treatment questioned.

FRESH AIR AND SIMPLE TONICS.

Dr. William S. Stone, describing the open air treament of septicaemia in lying-in hospitals, said that with the aid of the simplest tonic, cures had been effected by the exposure of the patient to the open air.

Dr. W. Gilman Thompson devoted his attention to contrasting "cooked" with "uncooked" air.

"A mania seems to exist for the so-called 'closed' ventilation system in the hospitals of New York," he began. "The air is heated to 400 degrees and then transmitted through metal pipes to wards. But if a window is opened in a single ward the whole system is put out of commission. It follows naturally that the window is never opened.

HEATED AIR WON'T DO.

"Heated air is not fresh air, but until it is known that fresh air is more vital to our well-being than fresh food we must expect to see continued this theory that any kind of air, so long as it is heated to 70 degrees is what ward patients need."

Dr. William Mabon, superintendent of Manhattan State Hospital on Word's Island, who has been in charge of the tent colonies in which insane patients have been quartered in increasing numbers since 1901, said:—

"The escape from bars and bolts and the absolute freedom of the open air have done much for the patients. Although the precautions are no greater than are taken in the wards, and while the proximity of the river would seem to provide a temptation, in five years only one casualty has occurred.

"Sleeplessness seldom lasts for more than a week in the most obstinate cases.

"The demand for larger accommodations in the outdoor camps is increasing all the time."

ODD DOWRIES FOR BRIDES.

One Received Her Weight in Soap, Another Her Weight in Chocolate.

A rather valuable wife in the present state of the soap trade must be the lady whom M. Le Blanc, a Parisian, has just married. The fair bride, who was the daughter of a hair-dresser in a large way of business, not only received from her father a handsome dot in money, but her own weight in the best toilet soap. As she weighed close on 140 pounds the couple will possess sufficient soap to last them for some years to come, says London Tit-Bits.

When asked by his prospective father-in-law, a flourishing West End tobacconist, to name the present he would like to receive on his wedding day the young man suggested a few boxes of cigars as being of more use than the usual gifts presented on such occasions. "Very well; you shall have my daughter's weight in cigars," said the other. He was as good as his word. On the day before that fixed for the ceremony he had the bride weighed, and that same evening forwarded to his future son-in-law some dozens of boxes of cigars, weighing in the aggregate 128 pounds.

Mlle. Marie Brie, the niece of a Marseilles confectioner, received from her uncle on her marriage, three years ago, an equally eccentric gift in the form of her own weight in chocolate. Perhaps the worthy patissier had in mind when making the present the custom which prevails in Peru. There on the marriage morn the bride is accurately weighed, and after the ceremony the bridegrom is presented by his wife's relatives with her weight in sugar.

A Yorkshire coal merchant's present to his daughter on her marriage was to be regulated by her weight, for every pound of which she was to be the recipient of a ton of best Wallsend. His intention, which was communicated to her on the day she became engaged, stirred her, as she was a young woman of most frugal mind, to emulate the fat women of the fairs, so that during the six months her engagement lasted her value went up ten tons. Doubtless she would have made further inroads into her father's store had not the worthy merchant hurriedly married her off at a loss of only 172 tons.

The father of a girl living in the town of Koniggratz offered to present any one who should become her husband with her weight in silver currency. As the lady was well favored and of a build which, although not exceptionally stout, promised an amount ample to make a good start in business, more than one claimant appeared.

The most eligible was at last selected, and the wedding duly solemnized. Then came the most important function—the weighing of the bride, who to her husband's delight was found to weigh 155 pounds, or 13,500 kronen, an equivalent to £562 10s.

So much did he admire stout men that Mr. Batt, a tradesman who prospered exceedingly at Brighton under the Regency, promised his only daughter that her dowry should consist of the equivalent in gold to the excess of her husband's bodily weight over hers. She at once threw over her fiance, a mere atom of a man, and after due consideration made so wise a choice that, although she herself weighed upward of 12 stone, she found herself on her marriage morn richer by no less than 4,000 guineas.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices, Chesterville, and Winchester. The Winchester office will be open on Saturday of each week from 1 to 4.30 p.m.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary, &c. A limited amount of Private Funds to loan at lowest rates of interest. Mortgages purchased.
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DOMINION HOUSE
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.
T. FLYNN, - - PROPRIETOR
This hotel has lately been renovated and is in a position to cater to the traveling public.
Always in stock the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

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DRAUGHTSMAN, Land Surveyor, and Civil Engineer, Estimates and reports made on bridge work, waterworks and sewerage construction. Special attention given to drainage. Office in Fulton Block.

WINCHESTER
Marble and Granite
WORKS.
Constantly on hand both Marble and Granite Monuments of the latest Designs and Best Quality.
We import Granite direct from Aberdeen, Scotland, and can give customers work at Astonishingly Low Prices.
A call will convince you that this is the place to purchase anything in the Headstone line.
W. CAMPBELL, - - PROP

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—The Popular and Reliable—
GRENVILLE PATRON MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company
Insures farm property against loss or damage by fire or lightning.
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Insures against loss or damage to buildings or contents, by Wind Storms, Cyclones or Tornadoes.
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Accept a general insurance on all classes of property wherever situated. Capital $2,000,000
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KEARNS' BLOCK

VIGOROUS THINKING.

Adopt Hobby of Thinking and You'll Prolong Your Life.

Nothing reacts so favorably upon the various functions of the body as strong, vigorous, mental exercise. Nothing else will take the place of clear, forcible thinking. It is a perpetual tonic. Use your brains, and bodily strength will follow. It is well known that great thinkers are longer lived, as a rule, than indifferent thinkers.

A celebrated English physician says that to attain a long life, the brain must always be active when not asleep, and he lays great stress upon the necessity of everybody having a hobby outside of the vocation which gives him a living. This hobby must be one in which he takes real delight, one which will exercise pleasantly and agreeably, without unduly taxing his mental faculties.

Nothing will destroy itself quicker than an idle brain. If there is anybody in this world to be pitied, it is the one who thinks he has nothing to do; no motive to impel him out of himself; no ambition which will exercise his brain or his ingenuity, and call out his resourcefulness or exercise his energies.

The continued application of whiskey is said to be a cure for baldness; but most men are inclined to apply the remedy a few inches south of the afflicted spot.

RHEUMATIC AGONY.

Nothing Reached the Root of the Trouble Until Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Were Used.

"I suffered almost untold agony from rheumatism. For several weary months I was confined to bed. I had the best of medical treatment, but nothing seemed to reach the root of the disease until I used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These have completely restored my health." This strong emphatic statement is made by Mrs. Edna Morrill, of Woodstock, N. S., a lady who had practically been given up as incurable by doctors. She further says: "I suffered for over two years and rheumatism seemed to be firmly implanted in my system. At the outset I was able to attend to my household duties, but at night I suffered the greatest pain. I at once began to take medicine, but my condition actually grew worse. I was attended by a skilful doctor, but was ultimately forced to remain in bed, suffering untold agony with every movement. Finally the doctors told me the trouble was incurable. One day I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I decided to do so. Presently the pains were not so severe, and I began to feel myself gaining. Shortly after I was able to go about, and in less than three months I was perfectly well. For this condition my thanks are gratefully due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cured Mrs. Morrill by driving the rheumatic poison out of her blood. They actually make new blood. They don't act on the bowels. They don't bother with mere symptoms. They go right to the root of the trouble in the blood. That is why they have cured the worst cases of anaemia (bloodlessness) headaches and backaches, kidney trouble, indigestion, neuralgia, nervousness and the special ailments of girls and women whose blood supply becomes weak, scanty or irregular. Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50c a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

COPPER HARD AS STEEL.

St. Louis Youth Discovers a Long-Lost Art.

John Berlien, the St. Louis youth who announced last week that he had discovered the secret of tempering copper to the hardness of steel has suddenly found himself famous. Investment companies, hardware dealers and capitalists all over the country have wired him, offering big sums for the secret.

Berlien says he has refused to negotiate with any of them, because he hopes to get the $100,000 that he has been told has been offered by the Government to the first man who could harden copper.

Scientists have tried long to discover the process for hardening copper. Owing to the fact that it will not rust, if would make ideal tools and also armor plates for battleships.

FELL DOWN FLIGHT OF STEPS

PROVED ZAM-BUK BEST IN THREE DIFFERENT EMERGENCIES.

One of the most valuable points about Zam-Buk, the herbal balm, is the variety of uses to which it can be applied.

Mrs. A. Livernois, of 131 Sydenham St., Toronto, says: "I have used Zam-Buk for colds on the chest and found when rubbed well in it gave almost instant relief to the 'tightness' and 'stiffness.' One day I slipped when descending the stairs and fell to the bottom. My right arm was terribly discolored and swollen and became quite stiff. As I still had a supply of Zam-Buk I rubbed some on the bruised limb and it was really surprising how quickly it removed the discoloration, cured the stiffness, and restored the arm to its proper form. Since that time I have had occasion to use Zam-Buk for rheumatism, and I have found it equally good."

Zam-Buk is so uniformly good because it is composed of the finest herbal balms, essences, and juices known to medical science, compounded and refined in a special and peculiar way. It has such high germ-killing power that it is unequalled as an antiseptic. Its healing virtue is very great and as a household balm Zam-Buk is absolutely unique. It is a sure cure for eczema, itch, blood poison, ulcers, chronic sores, ringworm, children's rashes, spots, etc. It also cures cuts, burns, bruises, chapped hands, enlarged veins, piles, and all diseased or injured conditions of the skin and subjacent tissues. All druggists and stores sell at 50c. a box, or post free from the Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. 6 boxes sent for $2.50. Send one cent for dainty trial box.

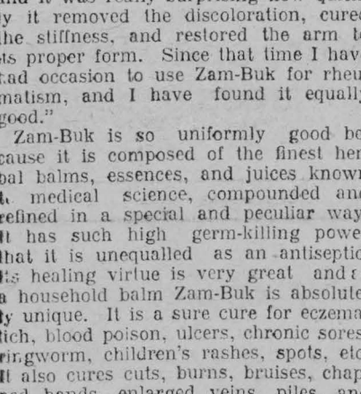
COULDN'T SMELL IT.

"Jane, don't you think that sweetheart of yours is a procrastinator?"

"I've been suspectin' it, mum; but he always uses a breath perfumer an' I can't be sure."

ONE ADVANTAGE.

I much prefer the man who speaks
From manuscript—don't you?
For though he may be windy, yet
He knows when he is through.



TO TORTURE OR DEATH.

Russian Refugees Sent Back to Their Enemies.

The London Chronicle tells of an exceedingly painful scene which recently marked the sitting of the Grimsby Immigration Board an aggravated case of many that make a commentary on the conditions of life in Russia.

One family of Russian fugitives were Jews, named Shitzk—a cabinet maker, his wife, a son of ten and two daughters—who came from the province of Minsk, and wished to join a son and brother in Glasgow. But the medical officer found them all to be in a pitiably debilitated condition.

The man had bronchitis and general weakness; the boy was minus one eye and suffered from trachoma, and one daughter was also afflicted with trachoma.

Just before being asked to retire the father fell down and clasped Dr. Grange, secretary to the board, around the legs and begged piteously to be allowed to stay, crying out that to send him back to Russia would be to send him to torture or death. The children added their cries and tears to those of their unhappy parents. Observers of the scene were visibly affected.

Questions drew from the man an admission that revolutionary meetings had been held at his house in Minsk. His home, he said, had been ruined in consequence, and his life was now at stake.

When the family's pleadings had been stilled the court considered the pathetic, if difficult, problem before it. Then Mr. Smith, the stipendiary Magistrate, who presided, announced that, although the case had many sad features, they felt there was no alternative but to refuse the family leave to land. The man's health was extremely bad, and with two children afflicted as those were it should be unsafe to admit them.

When the news was interpreted the whole family broke down, the man declaring that all were doomed.

A MOTHER'S PRIDE.

A mother's greatest pleasure is in seeing her little ones bright, playful and healthy. The well child is a blessing to the home, but the sick child is a regular little tyrant. A few doses of Baby's Own Tablets will make the sickly child well, or an occasional dose will prevent sickness. There is nothing to equal these Tablets as a cure for stomach and bowel troubles. They make teething easy, break up colds, expel worms and cure simple fevers. Baby's Own Tablets are sold under the guarantee of a government analyst not to contain one particle of opiate—they never do harm — always good. Mrs. G. M. Kemp, Carleton Place, Ont., says: "I have given Baby's Own Tablets to my little one since he was a week old, and have found them a splendid medicine. At eleven months he weighed over twenty-six pounds." The Tablets are sold by druggists or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BRAIN IN YOUR THROAT.

Subservient to Genuine Brain But Does Thinking for Itself.

Did you know that the throat has a brain of its own? Few people are aware of it, but it's a fact. There is a small ganglia which exercises direct control of the muscles of the throat, and acts as its brain. Of course, it is subservient to the genuine brain, but at the same time does a good deal of independent thinking for itself. It is very timid and suspicious of any strange objects that come near the throat.

For this reason it is very difficult for a physician to operate on the throat. Before anything can be done in this direction it is necessary for the operator to gain the confidence of the little brain that dominates it. It frequently takes weeks before this confidence can be secured, and until it is secured it is impossible to perform any operation.

Woe to the man who attempts rough treatment to the throat before gaining the little brain's confidence. His operations will be resented with violent paroxysms, first of the throat, then of the diaphragm, and, if the operator still persists, the patient will be thrown into convulsions. Still more curious is the fact that this little brain has a memory, and if once frightened in this way it is almost impossible to ever gain the confidence, no matter how gentle the operator may be.

BREAD THAT IS TWO YEARS OLD.

The Hungarian Has a Year's Supply on the Shelves.

In Hungary they do not eat fresh bread. Whether it is because the Hungarians believe in hygiene more than their European brothers and sisters or not has never been told, but the Magyar is partial to stale bread, and the staler the better. His "rozskenyer," or ordinary black bread, as it is eaten by the very large majority of the Magyar population, is carefully laid away on a shelf and dug out for consumption months and months after it has come out of the great ovens. If the huge loaf, weighing something like five pounds and for which the Hungarian pays six or seven kreutzer, equivalent to about three or four cents in our money, has carefully been hidden away for two years it is considered all the better. The Hungarian never thinks of where the bread is to come from to-morrow. He thinks of where it is to come from next year, for he has at least a year's supply on the shelves. The Hungarian bakes her bread 365 days ahead of time. Her Wednesday baking is for the Wednesday of a year to come; her Thursday baking for a Thursday of a year to come.

The immigrants arriving in America from Hungary bring over many of these immense loaves. They are cumbersome affairs and of ripe old age. The loaf weighs a trifle under five pounds and is so hard that to drop it on your foot would be to smash a toe or two. A hatchet struck into this loaf is hard to remove, and yet the loaf is considered a great delicacy by the Hungarians, who look upon it with the same pride that the German peasant looks upon his pumpernickel.

The Mark That Tells



Trade marked thus in a variety of styles, fabrics and prices for women, men and children. Form Fitted. Dealers are authorized to replace instantly and at our cost, any Pen-Angle garment faulty in material or making. 206

Pen-Angle trademark (in red) on every Pen-Angle garment, tells you it will fit and won't shrink,—your own dealer so guarantees it. Underwear thus trademarked is softer, warmer, more flexible, better wearing.

BETTER UNDERWEAR

SWEEPING ASSERTIONS.

Father: "Did you notice how gracefully Ethel swept into the room at the party last night?"

Mother: "Yes, but when it comes to sweeping out a room she's not much use."

A BROAD STATEMENT.

Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid will cure any case of Piles.

This statement is made without any qualifications.

It is in the form of a tablet.

It is the only pile remedy used internally.

It is impossible to cure an established case of Piles with ointments, suppositories, injections or outward appliances.

A $1,000 guarantee with every package of Dr. Leonhardt's Hem-Roid.

$1.00, all dealers, or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

HOLLOW GLASS BRICKS.

The demand for hollow bricks and building blocks for house construction has induced glass manufacturers to put hollow glass bricks on the market, and they promise to be used extensively for novel and artistic effects. The first glass bricks, being solid, proved a failure on account of their cost, but the hollow glass bricks can be made at much less expense. They are lighter and stronger than clay bricks and are such excellent nonconductors that walls built of them are proof against dampness, sound, heat and cold. The bricks are sealed hermetically when hot and are placed in walls with a colorless mortar made of special glass. The bonding strength of the glass mortar is almost as great as the bricks themselves.

Constituent—"Now, Mr. Wunnout, I wish you'd do your best to get my boy a good Government position." M. P.—"Well, what can your son do?" Constituent—"What can he do? Great Scot, man, if he could do anything I wouldn't be bothering you!"

The never failing medicine, Holloway's Corn Cure, removes all kinds of corns, warts, etc.; even the most difficult to remove cannot withstand this wonderful remedy.

And when you hear a man boast of his ancestors it's a safe bet that his descendants will have no occasion to boast of theirs.

A matter of importance to all those who are run down and debilitated is the fact that "Ferrozm" is the *best tonic* ever compounded. It gives strength and builds up the system.

Judge—"And your wife aimed at and struck your head with a cup?" Witness—"Yes, sir." Judge—"Well, all I have to say is that you ought to be very proud of her."

If you are a sufferer from colds get a bottle of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup and test its qualities. It will be found that no praise bestowed on it is too high. It does all that is claimed for it, and does it thoroughly. Do not take any substitute for Bickle's Syrup, because it is the best, having stood the test of years. All the best dealers sell it.

Mrs. Madison—"How do you like your new neighbors?" Mrs. Dyer—"I don't know. I haven't tried to borrow anything yet."

Like little volcanoes of disease, the eruptions of eczema pour out discharges. Bad blood causes the trouble. The local remedy is Weaver's Cerate, and Weaver's Syrup will drive the poison from the blood.

VERY LIKELY.

"I can't understand how a man can commit suicide for love."

"It happens frequently."

"Well, perhaps so, but if I did it, I should regret it all my life."

Your Doctor

Can cure your Cough or Cold, no question about that, but—why go to all the trouble and inconvenience of looking him up, and then of having his prescription filled, when you can step into any drug store in Canada and obtain a bottle of SHILOH'S CURE for a quarter.

Why pay two to five dollars when a twenty-five cent bottle of SHILOH will cure you as quickly?

Why not do as hundreds of thousands of Canadians have done for the past thirty-four years; let SHILOH be your doctor whenever a Cough or Cold appears.

SHILOH will cure you, and all druggists back up this statement with a positive guarantee.

The next time you have a Cough or Cold cure it with

SHILOH

935

ISSUE NO. 6—07.



"Queen City"

is better than a pure Manitoba flour—it is better than a pure Ontario flour—being blended it combines the best qualities of both.

"Queen City" is an all-purposes flour.

Dealers Everywhere Supplied

The Campbell Milling Co. Limited
Toronto Junction, Ont.

Ask your grocer for
Campbell's Queen City

NO HEART TO HEART.

She—"And now, Charlie, I suppose to-morrow you will have to speak to papa about this?"

He—"Yes, dearest, I suppose I must." (After a pause)—"Has your father a telephone?"

GIRLS ENTERING WOMANHOOD

FIND BILEANS A BOON.

Mothers who have daughters just in the critical borderland over which the girl passes into the fuller life of womanhood, will find Bileans a great boon. They make rich, red blood, and strengthen and invigorate the internal organs involved in the great change. Mrs.. T. Beadle, of Home Place, Toronto, says: "My daughter, Elsie (13), was feeling far from well this winter. She complained of frequent headache and was always weakly, tired, and drowsy. She seemed altogether without energy or strength. Each morning her tongue was coated and her appetite failed. She was sometimes so dizzy that on stooping she almost fell, and she was also troubled a great deal with constipation. One single box of Bileans made a world of difference in her, and so I continued to give her this remedy. Within a few weeks they built her up wonderfully and they are keeping her in the best of health."

Bileans also cure anemia, green sickness, debility, sick headache, constipation, piles, rheumatism, sciatica, and all liver and kidney ailments. They tone up the system and enable it to throw off colds, chills, etc. All druggists and stores sell Bileans at 50c. a box, or obtainable from the Bilean Co., Toronto, for price. 6 boxes sent for $2.50.

The great Austrian salt mine at Wieliczka has 600 miles of galleries, and employs 9,000 miners. It has been worked for the past six centuries.

They Advertise Themselves.—Immediately they were offered to the public, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills became popular because of the good report they made for themselves. That reputation has grown, and they now rank among the first medicines for use in attacks of dyspepsia and biliousness, complaints of the liver and kidneys, rheumatism, fever and ague and the innumerable complications to which these ailments give rise.

Doctor: "Did those red pills I left for little Walter do him any good?" Mrs. B.: "Yes, indeed, doctor. He's been sitting up in bed all day playing marbles with them."

You need not shed any tears if you will place "The D & L" Menthol Plaster on that lame back. Try and be convinced.

ANTI-SUICIDE BUREAU NEEDED.

People of Austrian Capital Have a Tendency to Self-Destruction.

In Vienna, the seemingly gayest of cities, an anti-suicide bureau, such as has been established in London, is badly needed. The year's record of self-murders shows that Vienna still retains her bad pre-eminence among European capitals in respect to the percentage of her population who voluntarily cut short their lives.

The figures for 1906, just published, show that 425 persons committed suicide, while another 707 tried to do it, but failed. The figures reveal some curious anomalies which must sorely puzzle psychologists. More suicides take place in summer than in winter. In the month of May when all nature was proclaiming the joy of living, 48 persons decided that death was preferable and terminated their existence. In drearer November, when the birds had ceased singing and bleak winds wailed mournfully through the leafless trees, only 28 persons yielded to the conviction that life was not worth living.

The motives assigned for suicide also disclose some perplexing problems. For instance, only 31 persons committed suicide because of poverty, while two more shuffled off this mortal coil because life had dealt too generously with them, and they had become satisfied with it. Sickness was the motive alleged in 100 cases, while love affairs gone wrong drove 63 to destruction, and domestic strife impelled 23 to flee to the other world where there is neither marriage nor giving in marriage.

The oldest victim was a man of 87; the youngest a little girl of eight. What dire tragedy of childhood caused her to take the leap in the dark does not appear; but the bare mention of the fact awakens a feeling of infinite pity. Poor little mite! May her soul rest in peace.

The men greatly outnumbered the women, which can hardly be regarded as proof of the superiority of the male sex. There were 313 of them who took their own lives in the last twelve months and of women, 113—little more than a third as many. In the methods chosen for making their exits, men showed a much greater partiality for bullets than did women. Only twelve of the latter shot themselves while 118 men chose that way of ridding themselves of the burden of life. Despairing womanhood displayed the greater preference for poison. Thirty-two women swallowed fatal draughts. Twenty-eight women selected the most ghastly form of suicide—throwing themselves from top-story windows.

They Cleanse the System Thoroughly.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills clear the stomach and bowels of bilious matter, cause the excretory vessels to throw off impurities from the blood into the bowels and expel the deleterious mass from the body. They do this without pain or inconvenience to the patient, who speedily realizes their good offices as soon as they begin to take effect. They have strong recommendations from all kinds of people.

Sugar to-day is only one-sixth the price of what it was in the year of Waterloo.

There is no such thing as a harmless cough. The trouble goes from bad to worse unless checked. Allen's Lung Balsam cures the worst colds. It allays inflammation and clears the air passages.

Before Lister's antiseptic inventions the deathrate in amputations of the thigh was 41 per cent. It is now about 6 per cent.

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator does not require the help of any purgative medicine to complete the cure. Give it a trial and be convinced.

Sometimes a woman doesn't meet her ideal man until she is too old for him to recognize her.

Do Your Children Cough in the Night ?

What mother's or father's heart has not leaped into their throat when they have been suddenly awakened in the night by that hard and prolonged, or that smothering, choking, croupy cough that betokens the most serious results unless relieved at once? What shall I do? is the first thought, and without an effective and reliable remedy at hand the child may suffer or die before relief can be given.

SLOCUM'S

COLTSFOOTE

EXPECTORANT

is a quick and absolutely safe, reliable and certain cure for all forms of Cough, Cold, Sore Throat, Lagrippe, Croup, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma and all irritated and inflamed conditions of the throat or chest. It will save every mother many a sleepless, anxious night, and the children as well as adults many an hour's suffering and illness.

"I had been suffering for over two months with an obstinate cough, as had also my little girl. We tried several remedies common to any drug store without obtaining any apparent relief, in fact we were growing worse. I got a bottle of Coltsfoote Expectorant from my druggist and inside of two days the cough was cured, and the results so permanent and rapid that we decided to keep Coltsfoote Expectorant in our home continually."

ROBERT PALEN,
C.A.R. Station, Ottawa.

No home should be without it. It is the greatest family medicine for these troubles the world has produced. Keep it on hand. It is a never-failing friend. 25c. at your dealer.

GOOD FOR OLD AND YOUNG.
PERFECTLY HARMLESS.
CHILDREN LOVE IT.

FOR SALE.

45 acre ranch, 16 acres bearing orchard, 25 acres fenced pasture, 8 cows, 3 horses, good house, barn and well. A good home.
H. J. WARRICK, Corning, Calif.

AGENTS

Big money now being made selling shares of one of Cobalt's safest, best and most reliable companies. A trustworthy representative wanted for this district. Write at once to
Box 413, Toronto.

CARPET DYEING
and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the
BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO.
Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy
Address Box 158, Montreal.

"How much coal is there, Susan? How long will it last?" "Well, ma'am, it will last quite a while if you don't have any fires." "Then there isn't much left?" "There isn't any left, ma'am."

Pain is Punishment.—Pain is a protest of nature against neglect of the bodily health, against carelessness regarding the physical condition. It steals in at the first opportunity and takes up its abode in a man and it is sometimes difficult to eject it. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will drive it out in short order. Pain cannot stay where it is used, but immediately flees away.



—THE—
CHESTERVILLE RECORD
—PUBLISHED—
EVERY THURSDAY,
T. T. SHAW.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
$1 per year in Advance
$1.25 IF NOT SO PAID.

Transient or legal advertisments inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.
Business notices inserted in local columns for 8 cents per line every insertion.
No advertisment published for less than 25 cents.
All advertisments measured by the scale of solid nompareil, 12 lines to the inch.
Advertisments without special directions will be inserted tillforbid and charged accordingly.

Auction :-: Sale

There will be offered for sale by
PUBLIC AUCTION
At Lot No. 13, in the 10th Con. Township of Finch,
At Crysler Village,
—ON—
Friday, Feb. 15th, '07

The Following:—
30 milch cows, 6 2-year-old heifers, 1 Holstein bull, 2 yrs. old, registered; 2 colts, coming 3 years old (1 is bred from King Chief, other from Paul's Clyde), 1 colt, coming 2 years old, (stallion), 1350 lbs., bred from Paul Bros. Clyde; 2 pigs, 17 sheep, 1 hay-loader.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

TERMS:—All sums of $10 and under Cash; over that amount 6 month's credit, (without interest), by furnishing approved joint notes, or 4 per cent. off for cash.

JAS. CURRIE, Auctioneer. JAS. SERVAGE, Proprietor.

Auction :-: Sale.

GEORGE H. BARKLEY
Will Sell by Public Auction
On His Premises,
About 1¼ Miles North-West of Elma,
Lot 26, in 7th Concession of Williamsburg,
His Stock and Farm Implements, consisting of
20 MILCH COWS, ETC.
—ON—
Wednesday, Feb. 13, '07

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, Sharp.

TERMS:—$10 and under, Cash; over that amount 9 months, without interest, by furnishing approved joint notes. 4 per cent off for cash.

For further particulars see posters.

THOS. IRVING, Auctioneer.

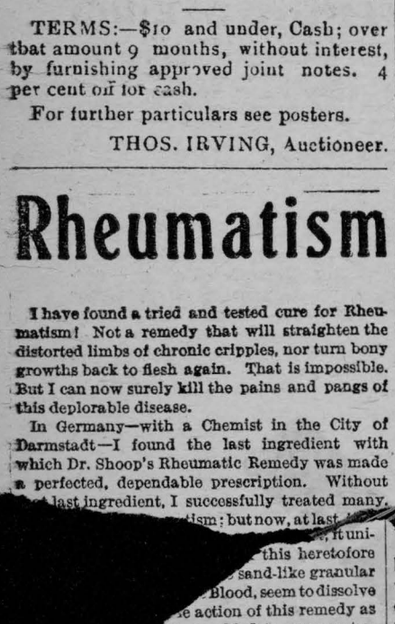
Rheumatism

I have found a tried and tested cure for Rheumatism! Not a remedy that will straighten the distorted limbs of chronic cripples, nor turn bony growths back to flesh again. That is impossible. But I can now surely kill the pains and pangs of this deplorable disease.

In Germany—with a Chemist in the City of Darmstadt—I found the last ingredient with which Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy was made a perfected, dependable prescription. Without [illegible] last ingredient, I successfully treated many, [illegible]tism; but now, at last, [illegible], it uni- this heretofore sand-like granular Blood, seem to dissolve e action of this remedy as when added to pure water. dissolved, these poisonous wastes ely pass from the system, and the cause of heumatism is gone forever. There is now no al need—no actual excuse to suffer longer with- out help. We sell, and in confidence recommend

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy
WALTER G. BOLSTER.

BRONZE FIGURE OF FAME
Representation of which appears on medal awarded to
LABATT'S ALE AND STOUT
AT PARIS EXPOSITION.



Most Wholesome of Beverages

COUNTIES' COUNCIL.

(From Cornwall Standard,)

When the Council resumed on Friday afternoon, at the invitation of the Warden, Mr Ed Welch and Mr W D Macpherson (Lancaster tp) were invited to a seat at the board.

The report of E Welch. commissioner, for the Winchester Springs bridge, was presented and referred to the Committee on Roads and Bridges.

After the passing of a number of by-laws the Council adjourned until 8 p m.

The Clerk announced the result of the recent vote on the Co Road System, which resulted in the defeat of the scheme by a majority of 3,465. The vote was:

Stormont—For 626, against 2373.
Dundas—For 825, against 1653
Glengarry—For 818, against 1708.

On motion of Mr McLean (G L) seconded by Mr McLean (J K) the report of the special committee re House of Refuge was presented.

The committe reported that with reference to the communication from Dr Bruce Smith they were of the opinion that the indigent poor of these United Counties are now being sufficiently and humanely cared for; and that the representatives of the ratepayers are better judges of the circumstances and conditions of the people than any occasional visitor to the counties can possibly be. The committee therefore recommends that no definite action be taken towards the erection of a House of Refuge at the present time, but that the committee be continued until the Council otherwise determine.

The report was adopted on motion of Messrs O'Callaghan and McKinnon.

Mr Cass presented the report of the committee on Roads and Bridges.

The committee recommended the appointment of W B Lawson to represent the Council at the hearing of the application of the Tp of Williamsburg to place the cost of maintenance of the Casselman bridge upon the counties; that the treasurer be authorized to pay one half the cost of winter traffic bridge across the Castor River between Osgoode and Mountain; that G L McLean, Reeve of Finch Village, be appointed commissioner to have Finch Village bridge properly scraped and repainted; that the reports of the commissioners re Grant's bridge, McRae bridge and Winchester Springs bridge had been considered and the committee recommended their adoption; they recommended the reappointment of J L Groves as commissioner re Grant's bridge and of Hugh McMillan as commissioner re McRae bridge, they also recommended the appointment of G L Brown, Reeve of Morrisburg, as commissioner to superintend the completion of Winchester Springs bridge.

The committee recommended the appointment of the following gentlemen as commissioners over the following county bridges for the purpose of having any urgent and necessary repairs made during the year;—W Huxtable, for Chesterville bridge. Eli Merkley, for boundary bridges along west side of Matilda Tp; John A McGregor, for Wert's bridge; Thos A Bailey, for Bigford and McConnel bridges; D A McArthur, for River Beaudette bridge; and that an application for extension of time for erection of steel work and placing of concrete flooring on Grant's bridge be not granted, but that the commissioner be instructed to have the work completed with the least possible delay.

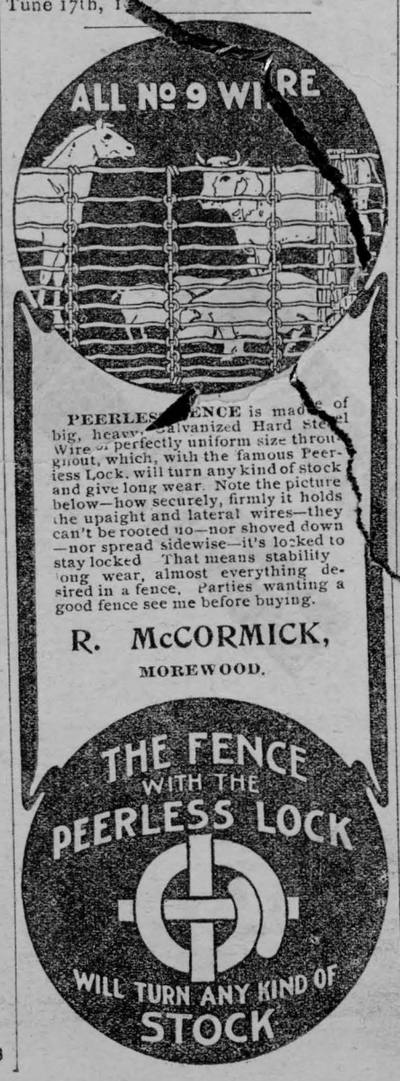
The report was referred to committee of the whole.

The committee of the whole Mr O'Callaghan moved, seconded by Mr McKinnon, that the report be amended by substituting the name of E Welch for that of G L Brown as commissioner for the Winchester Springs bridge.

The motion was lost on division and the report adopted without amendment.

A number of bylaws were passed confirming appointments, etc., recommended [illegible]e report of the Committee on [illegible] and Bridges.

[illegible]e special committee re McOuat [illegible]igation having been unable to consult [illegible]h counsel regarding the holding over wi[illegible]e appeal, would not be able to re- of t[illegible] without detaining the council until port [illegible]xt day; it was therefore decided to the ne[illegible] matter in the hands of the leave th[illegible] committe[illegible]ncil then adjourned until The Co[illegible]007.
Tune 17th, 1[illegible]



PEERLES[illegible]ENCE is made of big, heavy galvanized Hard Steel Wire of perfectly uniform size throughout, which, with the famous Peerless Lock, will turn any kind of stock and give long wear. Note the picture below—how securely, firmly it holds the upaight and lateral wires—they can't be rooted no—nor shoved down—nor spread sidewise—it's locked to stay locked That means stability long wear, almost everything desired in a fence. Parties wanting a good fence see me before buying.

R. McCORMICK,
MOREWOOD.

Honor Roll.

Chesterville Public School.

ROOM A.

No. enrolled 26. Highest daily attendance 21. Average daily attendance 18.

Upper School—Mae Kelly, Bernice Munro, Emerson Smith, Anna Smith.

Middle School—Russell Wood.

Lower School—Arthur McGee, Elvin LaSelle, Lucy Moore.

George Elliot, Teacher.

ROOM B.

No. enrolled 40. Average daily attendance 32. Highest daily attendance 37.

Sr. IV—Ruth Garrow, Dan Knowland, Lyda Fyke, Annie Foster, Ida B. Merkley, Leila Merkley, Laura Simser, Arthur Lawson, George Merkley, Bert Casselman, Charlie Huxtable.

Jr. IV—Ada Garrow, Gladys Smith, Lottie Merkley, Madge Baldrey, Robbie Thompson, Arthur Wood, Tom Scott, Fred Lawson.

Sr. III—Clifford Hummell, Florence Johnston, Howard Forbes, Florence McGee, Samie Smith, Leila McGee, Robbie Huxtable, Howard Bogart.

Stella M. Merkley, Teacher.

ROOM C.

No. enrolled 38. Highest daily attendance 37. Average daily attendance 35.

III Class—Harry Rae, Edith Thompson, Hattie Johnston, Iva Hamilton, Grace Wholehan, Harry Smith.

Sr. II—Harry J. Smith and Clifford Elliott, equal; Ina Robinson, Myrtle Bogart, Ethel Bogart.

Jr. II—Frank Evans, Roy Johnston, Marion Casselman, Clifford Merkley.

Kathleen Winegard, Teacher.

ROOM D.

No. enrolled 40. Average daily attendance 33. Highest daily attendance 38.

Pt III—Edwin Merkley, Fred McLean, Clayton Froats and Fred Evans, equal; Winnie Merkley, Robbie Morrison, Eva Myers, Cline Thompson, Delbert Merkley.

Pt. I, Class II—Russell Hummel, Bertha Harper, Douglas Wood, Sydney Garret, Mae Fyke, Johnny Fyke.

Class I—Kenneth Garrow, Mabel Froats, Marjory McGee, Olive Forbes, Lloyd Bolster, Bertie Myers.

Muriel Bolster, Teacher.

Morewood Public School.

We report three of each class in order of merit.

ROOM A.

Continuation Class, Grade A.

Middle High School Seniors—Laura Moffat, Jennie Reveler, Jakie Steen.

Middle High School Juniors—Anna Moffat, Edna MacGregor, Bernice Smirl.

Lower High School Form II—Bernice Shaver, Grant Countryman, Walter Steven.

Lower High School Form I—Allen Swerdfeger, Sadie Hunter, Williametta Miller.

H. Loucks, Teacher.

ROOM B.

Senior IV—Gerald Bouck, Myrtle Moffat, Maurice Cheney.

Junior IV—Ella Stein, Edith McGregor, Willie Price.

Jennie Hunter, Teacher.

ROOM C.

Class III—Douglas Hunter, Kellock Moffat, Hazel Dillabough.

Sr. II Class—Ovila Dagenais, Dwight Dillabough, Myrtle Fraser.

Jr. II Class—Ona Dillabough, Grant McGregor, Rowat Swerdfeger.

Jessie E. Shaver, Teacher.

ROOM D.

Part II—Massey Moffat, Nora Swerdfeger, Lyle Loughridge.

Part I—Olive Swerdfeger, Bennie Bowman, Ernest Dillabough.

Elsie M. Smith, Teacher.

S. S. No. 10, Winchester.

No. on roll 34. Highest daily attendance 29. Average daily attendance 26.

Class IV Sr.—Annie Masterson, Marguerite Masterson, Adda Hamilton.

Class IV Jr.—Willie Hamilton, Ina Beckstead, Fred McConnel, Fred Edgerton, Fred Smith, Ida Fyke.

Class III—Lottie Smith, Earl Curren, Wilburn Fyke, Willie Hummell.

Sec. Class—Joe Lefebre, Florence Bailey, Mary Froats, Bernard Masterson, Ida Curran, Julia Lefebre, Willie Masterson.

Part II—Tommy Hamilton, Earl Froats, Percy Hummell.

Part I—Hector Lefebre, Hugh Masterson, Loretta Masterson, Jay Bailey, Pearl E. Beckstedt, Teacher.

S. S. No. 21, Winchester.

IV Class—Edna Marcellus.

III Class—Katie Marcellus, Hattie Thompson, Harold Faulkner, Ray Thompson, Hugh Thompson.

II Class—Ella Marcellus, Hartley Faulkner, Ellis Thompson.

I Class, Pt I—Cuthbert York, Allan Thompson, Willis Marcellus, Wilburn Thompson.

Elizabeth V. Smirle, Teacher.

Dr. Shoop's Rheumatic Remedy,—when used faithfully will reach chronic and difficult cases heretofore regarded as incurable by physicians and is the most reliable prescription known to clean out and completely remove every vestige of rheumatic poisons from the blood. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

Drank Wood Alcohol.

Ottawa, February 3—Henry Rochon of Ogdensburg, an employee here of one of the Central Canada ice race competitors, died this morning in the Arlington Hotel, as the result, it is suspected, of having drank wood alcohol by mistake. An inquest will be held.

The Manitoba Legislature, with but one dissenting voice, adopted the resolution providing for the fair wage clause in the Government contracts.

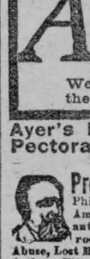
Why Refer to Doctors

Because we make medicines for them. We tell them all about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and they prescribe it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. They trust it. Then you can afford to trust it. Ask your own doctor.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.
We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.



Prof. G. F. THEEL, M.D., 527 North Sixth St. Philadelphia Pa., U. S Only German Specialist in America. The German Treatment is the only Guaranteed cure for Specific Blood Poison, Cancer, Leprosy (also by mail) all Private Diseases, Excesses, Abuse, Lost Manhood, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Stricture, Piles, Asthma, Fits, Losses, Drains. 42 years practical & 6 years hospital experience in Germany. Send for Book "Truth" exposing every City & Country medical & electrical advertising fraud

TO ENJOY A GOOD DINNER.

How to Avoid Distress and Indigestion After Eating.

Let us tell you how you can enjoy a good dinner, so that the heartiest meal will set well on your stomach and cause no unpleasant and disagreeable after effects.

We will show you how to regain the appetite of your childhood and the enjoyment of food, so that it will taste as well as when mother cooked the dinner.

There is no hard work necessary to do this, no need of a rigid and self-denying diet list; no call for nasty and disagreeable medicines. Simply take a Mi-o-na stomach tablet before each meal and before going to bed, and it will so strengthen the stomach that before long a hearty meal will give you gratification and comfort, without the least fear of distress and suffering.

The strongest proof we can offer of our faith in this advice, is the fact that we give an absolute, unqualified guarantee (applying to two 50c boxes of Mi-o-na), that your money will be refunded unless Mi-o-na cures.

Mi-o-na is not a mere digestive, giving only temporary relief, but a specific for all diseases of the stomach, strengthening the digestive organs and making a permanent cure.

We absolutely agree that your money will be refunded should you buy a 50c box of Mi-o-na stomach tablets and not be satisfied with the results. Mi-o-na is sold by all druggists everywhere, or will be sent by mail on receipt of price, 50c.

Write to-day for a free sample package and also give us your symptoms, and one of the best known stomach specialists will give your case his careful and personal attention without charge. Booth's Mi-o-na Company, Buffalo. N. Y.

Isaac Hendry Mathers, deputy-receiver-general at Halifax, has been appointed to represent Canada on the commission to inquire into the shipping combine.

Dr. Slocum's Great Tonic and Disease Destroyer

PSYCHINE

(PRONOUNCED SI-KEEN)

Used in Thousands of Homes in Canada

THOSE WHO don't know what Psychine is and what it does are asking about it.
THOSE WHO do know what Psychine is and what it does are using it. They regard it as their best physician and friend.
THOSE WHO use it are being quickly and permanently cured of all forms of throat, chest, lung and stomach troubles. It is a scientific preparation, destroying all disease germs in the blood and system. It is a wonderful tonic and system building remedy, and is a certain cure for

COUGHS,	Bronchial Coughs,
LA GRIPPE,	Chills and Fever,
Colds,	Difficult Breathing,
Pneumonia,	General Weakness
Bronchitis,	Female Troubles,
Catarrh,	Fickle Appetite,
Weak Voice,	Hemorrhages,
Sleeplessness,	Night Sweats,
Nervousness,	Consumption,
Malaria,	Catarrh of the
Anaemia,	Stomach.

All these diseases are serious in themselves, and if not promptly cured in the early stages are the certain forerunners of Consumption in its most terrible forms. Psychine conquers and cures Consumption, but it is much easier and safer to prevent its development by using Psychine. Here is a sample of thousands of voluntary and unsolicited statements from all over Canada:

Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited:
Gentlemen,—I feel it my duty to advise you of the remarkable cure affected by your Psychine and Oxomulsion, which have come under my personal observation. Three men, well known to me, Albert Townsend, Hazel Hipson and John McKay, all of Shelburne County, were pronounced by the best medical men to have consumption, and to be incurable and beyond the reach of medical aid. They used Psychine and Oxomulsion and they are now in good health.
I feel it a duty I owe to suffering humanity to state these facts for the benefit of other sufferers from this terrible disease.
Yours very truly,
LEANDER McKENZIE, J.P.,
Green Harbor, N.S.

Psychine, pronounced Si-keen, is for sale at all up-to-date dealers. If your druggist or general store cannot supply you, write Dr. T. A. Slocum, Limited, 179 King Street West, Toronto.

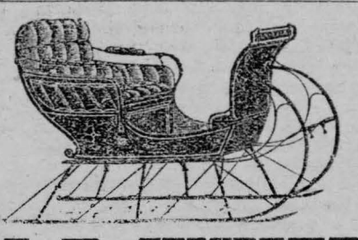
THE
Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,
LIMITED

Clearing Sale

OF

MEN'S WINTER OVERCOATS

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co. LIMITED.



J. T. WHITE
Wishes to Inform the Public that he is Agent for the
MASSEY-HARRIS FARM IMPLEMENTS,
McLaughlin VEHICLES.
Fairbanks-Morse Gasoline Engines and Windmills.

A Share of your Patronage is Solicited.

Page & Landry
DEALERS IN
Agricultural Implements, Washing Machines, Furniture, Etc.
Also Carriages.
Undertaking and Embalming.
Fire Insurance Agents.
Your patronage solicited.
Crysler, - - Ont.

LEAVE YOUR
Order Now
For
ALL KINDS OF
:-: Fancy :-:
CAKES.

Our wagon will call on the Village customers daily.

Eugene McMillan,
CHESTERVILLE BAKERY.

DR. RIELLY.
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Office over J. E. Hough's Jewelry Store.
ALL CALLS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
AVONMORE.

WILLIAM NEWVINE,
All kinds of Cement and Concrete work a Specialty
GRANTLEY, ONT.

Chesterville Lodge No. 320
A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.
Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.
Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.
H. P. D. EVANS, W. M. C. ROBINSON, Secreatry.

Chesterville Lodge No. 288, I. O. O. F.

Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.
G. W. BOGART, N. G. F. WOOD, R S.

TELEGRAPHY
Is best learned at the
OTTAWA BUSINESS COLLEGE
Cor. Bank and Wellington Sts., Ottawa, Ont,
Where a special Telegraph School is conducted. Besides the regular course, Telegraphy students are given instruction in Spelling, Writing, Correspondence and Typewriting, without extra cost.
Write for our special Telegraphy catalogue.
H. G. W. BRAITHWAITE, Principal

A Full Stock of
Cutters and Harness
On Hand.
Call and Inspect and Get Prices before Buying.
Grady & Jordan
CHESTERVILLE.

THE
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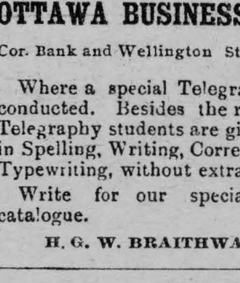
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CHESTERVILLE.

FAMOUS PEOPLE

BY FANNIE M. LOTHROP



RALPH CONNOR

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The Story of the Man and His Books

In the Highland settlement of Glengarry, in the heart of a Canadian forest, Rev. Charles W. Gordon, better known to the reading world as Ralph Connor, was born in 1860. In his career, the markings of heredity and environment are more manifest than in most men, as some hands show the veins more strongly than others.

To the virility, intenseness, individuality and friend-making genius of his father, Rev. Daniel Gordon, a Scotch preacher and teller of stories in the primitive pioneer days of Canada's backwoods forty years ago, was united in him the sympathy, mental keenness, literary temperament, spiritual insight and hunger for helpfulness that distinguished his mother.

In the woods through which he went to school, and where his early childhood days were spent, he grew into that close reverent love and communion with Nature that has become part of his very life, and pulsates through all his pages. At eleven, the removal of his family to another section gave him better school advantages, and prepared him for his course at Toronto University. He earned money in the fields to pay for his education; he was not a hard student, but passed his examinations seemingly by instinct. After a three years' course at Knox College, where prizes and scholarships dropped into his hands when he was not looking, he spent a year in Edinburgh and on the Continent to gain back his fleeting health.

On his return he went to Banff, the National Park of Canada, inhaling the pure, clear air of the mountains and the spiritual atmosphere that seemed nearer to God because nearer to unspoiled Nature. On Sundays he preached in the little Presbyterian Church to an audience of villagers and tourists, and it was while a home missionary in the Northwest that he grew discouraged over the small appropriation made for the work among the miners. His friend, the editor of "The Westminster" of Toronto, invited him to wage his war for funds through the pages of his paper, and, in accepting, Mr. Gordon decided that a strongly human story might win its way to the hearts and purses of the people.

The story was "Black Rock," that virile, crisp series of pictures of life in the mining camps, that made their author famous. Then came "The Sky Pilot," "The Man From Glengarry," "Beyond the Marshes" and "The Prospector," all tingling with vitality—stories tender, humorous, picturesque, pathetic, strenuous in action and simple in thought.

Entered according to Act of the Parliament of Canada, in the year 1905, by W. C. Mack, at the Department of Agriculture.

NATION VALLEY.

Sybil McDermott of Hulbert, has been visiting friends here

Mrs Jas Rae has returned home, having visited her sisters, Mrs Geo Quart, Mrs J F Cass and Mrs Henry Jackson of Winchester

Andrew Carruthers was the guest of his sister, Mrs A Garrow of the Springs

Jas Middagh of Cass Bridge, visited friends in this vicinity last week

A number in the Valley have suffered with LaGrippe and mumps

Messrs Jno Elmer, Jno Jennings and Fred Saukey were in the capital, the latter remaining in the city

Miss Dean Connor of the Springs, has been visiting her cousins, Mr and Mrs Herb Ball for the past week

Miss Mabel Rae has secured a school at Crysler, also W E Darling one in Mountain

Miss Rachael Merkley visited a few days at Aultsville and Waddington She was accompanied by her brother, Chas F of Yorkton, Sask The latter is visiting his home here after an absence of six years

Mr and Mrs Henry Jackson of Winchester, were visiting relatives here the latter part of the week

Mr and Mrs Lemuel Hutt of Cass Bridge, visited the latter's brother, John R Baker, recently

Miss Nellie Jamieson has returned home from Allan's Falls and Canton, N Y She was accompanied there and home by her cousin, Miss Carrie Quart

Miss Maude Henderson of the Springs, visited friends here last week

Mrs J A Shaver and daughters Bessie and Winnifred, have returned to Kingston, having holidayed at the former's parental home here

To stop a cold with "Preventics" is safer to let it run and cure it aftewards. Taken at the "sneeze stage." Preventics will head off all colds and Grippe, and perhaps save you from bronchitis. Preventics will head off all colds or grippe, and perhaps save you from pnuemonia or bronchitis. Preventics are little toothsome candy cold cure tablets selling in 5 cent and 25c boxes. If you are chilly, if you begin to sneeze, try preventics. They will surely check the cold, and please you. Sold by Walter G. Bolster.

John McDougall, an Indian, was run over and instantly killed by the regular train at Maniwaki, Que. He was lying on the track.

BOUCK'S HILL.

Wedding bells are ringing

William Hyndman and Leroy Barkley of Mountain, were visiting friends here on Saturday and Sunday

Bert Barkley and Miss Nancy P Merkley spent a few days visiting friends at Madrid, N Y

Mr and Mrs Jacob Lane of Aultsville, were visiting friends here last week

Mr Jacob Couglar of Massena, N Y, visited his niece, Mrs T Merkley last week

The angel of death has again visited our community being the infant son of Mr and Mrs Jacob Whittaker

Miss Ruth Carr of Grantley, is spending a few days here

Wilfred McPherson and Miss Ada McIntosh were married at the bride's home on Wednesday evening, Jan 23rd

We are glad to announce that George Lane is able to be out again after his recent illness

A union service was held in the Methodist church on Sunday evening Mr McElroy preached on behalf of the bible society

Clarence Beckstead has returned home from N Y state

Mr and Mrs Nathaniel Merkley drove to S Mountain on Wednesday to attend the wedding of Miss Vida Barkley

Miss Lue Merkley of this place, the Misses Martha and Maggie Webster and Edwin Webster of Dunbar, spent Saturday at Thos Hill's

Mrs Bert Barkley and Lue Merkley were visiting Miss Ruby Swerdfeger on Friday

Eliza Harrin had a bee drawing wood on Friday

Thomas McQuag and Mrs M Weegar of Winchester Springs, were visiting at Hugh Ailison's on Wednesday

Mr and Mrs George Whittaker were visiting Allan Barkley's on Tuesday

Miss Jennie Harriman of Massena, N Y, is visiting her cousin, Rollo Harriman

Croup can positively be stopped in 20 minutes. No vomitting,— nothing to sicken or distress your child. A sweet, pleasant and safe syrup, called Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure, does the work and does it quickly. Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure is for Croupe alone, remember. It does not claim to cure a dozen ailments. It's for croup, that's all. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

FINCH.

S. S. Reveler, barrister, Winchester, was in Finch on Friday of last week

Duncan. H. McIntosh, painter, has moved into the dwelling lately vacated by Oliver Wert.

Miss Whittaker of Dundela, Dundas county, was visiting Mrs. F. D. McNaughton this week.

Capt. Donald N. McLean of North Glen Payne, spent a few hours in this town on Monday.

W. H. Lowry, real estate and insurance agent, etc., Ruseell, was in Finch on Friday of last week.

Jas. R. Simpson, township and village clerk, was in Cornwall on Thursday of last week.

Mrs. H. Casselman is on the sick list this week, she is suffering from a severe attack of la grippe.

Mrs. David R. Brown of Carleton Place, formerly of Cornwall, was visiting Mrs. F. E. McNaughton on Tuesday

A. A. Johnstone, of the firm of Stubbs & Johnstone, marble dealers of Farran's Point, was in Finch on Tuesday.

Aden Casselman of Riverside, 6th concession of Finch township, and Simon Hutt of Maxville, were in town on business on Thursday.

Large quantities of pressed straw were sold here this week at $6 per ton, delivered by parties residing in the township of Cambridge.

John M. Cameron, lot 9, 2nd con., one of Finch's leading and most enterprising farmers, was in Cornwall on business on Jan. 24.

Aden Casselman has rented his valuable farm, the east half of lot No. 7, sixth concession of Finch, to Simon Hutt of Maxville, for a term of years.

John Curren left here on Monday morning for Barry's Bay, Ont., where he is engaged as fireman in the works of the Canada Turpentine Company.

Mrs. MacMillan, wife of D. A. MacMillan, manager of the Finch branch of the Merchants Bank of Canada, has been confined to her room during the last week and is very ill.

D. D. Sutherland of lot 33, 5th Con. of Roxborough, Cedar Grove, one of Roxborough township's leading and most progressive farmers, was in this village last week.

Duncan G. McMillan is filling his yard with a large quantity of first-class split maple stovewood. He evidently intends to make Finch his home for a long time and to make himself comfortable.

H. A. Nesbitt, tinsmith, has sold his business stand and dwelling house on Main street, in this village, to William Elmer Grant, tinsmith, formerly of Chesterville. Finch people welcome Mr. Grant as a permanent citizen of this village and wish him success in his venture.

D. D. Cameron of Cedar Grove, lot 20, 4th Con. of Finch, ex-reeve of Finch township, was in the village on Monday. Mr. Cameron was ill during the last two weeks with a severe attack of la grippe, therefore his numerous friends and admirers were pleased to see him and to know that he was recovering from his illness.

Alexander McDermid has sold his valuable farm, the south east quarter of lot No. 8, 4th concession of Finch (50 acres), for a good price to John Hill. Mr. McDermid and his family intend moving to Carman, Manitoba, in about six weeks time. In parting with Mr. McDermid and family the township of Finch will lose one of its most highly respected families.

The meetings of Matilda District Ministerial Association, held here last week in the Methodist church, were very successful. All the papers and addresses were good and were much enjoyed by all in attendance.

The annual Bible Society meeting was held in the Presbyterian church here on Sunday evening, Jan. 27. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. D. MacVicar, pastor of the church. A very interesting and helpful address, illustrated by lime-light views, was delivered by Rev. Thomas Bennett, secretary of the Montreal branch of the British and Foreign Bible Society The attendance was exceptionally large, the spacious church being filled to the utmost capacity. D. P. McKinnon occupied the chair. A most gratifying report of the local society was given, and through the good work done by the collectors, this year's receipts are far in advance of last years or any previous year, being $91.65.

The officers elected for the ensuing year are:—

President—D. P. MacKinnon.

Vice-Presidents—Rev. D. MacVicar and Rev. W. A. Hamilton.

Secretary—Treasurer—Angus J. Cameron.

CLOVERDALE.

Frank Dillabough is ill with measles

Mrs Ezra Dillabough is recovering from a severe cold

Mrs Richard Empey visited at Mrs E Dillabough's and at Mrs G H Shaver's last Wednesday

Mr and Mrs Seathurstitch returned to their home in Caledonia, N Y, last Saturday

Ezra Dillabough and Mrs A F Reveler attended the funeral of William Nugent at Newington last Saturday

John Nugent called at Ezra Dillaboughs and at A F Revelers last Thursday

Mr and Mrs Wm Dafoe and Master Lloyd Dafoe visited at A F Revelers last Wednesday

Mr and Mrs Chas Dafoe and Sidney Dafoe spent Saturday at Robert Dafoe's

Mrs. Lillian Miller, Toronto, was found guilty of supplying drugs for an improper purpose.

GRANTLEY.

Miss Annie Gordon has arrived home after spending some time with friends in Montreal

Mr and Mrs Charlie Weaver of Delorain, were visiting at their friends. Mr and Mrs Jas Carr's, Thursday and Friday of last week

Miss Annabel McEwan was visiting at Walter McIntosh's recently

Miss Sarah Fader was visiting friends at Colquhoun

Bernie Robinson was the guest of Willie Fader

Will Car purchased a load of dry goods and groceries from the T Eaton Co Going to keep store Will ?

Mr and Mrs Peter Droppo were calling on friends here last week

Mrs Swerdfeger of Morewood, is spending a while with her sister, Mrs Wallace

Mrs James Black is recovering of her sickness, we are glad to hear of her being around again

Miss Ruth Carr is spending a fewdays with friends at Bouck's Hill

Misses Clara and Bertha Carr were calling on Mrs Jas Blair on Friday

Mrs Chas Beckstead of Elma, was visiting at her daughters, Mrs Jas Carr, on Saturday

Don Carr has moved to his new house

Sandy Gordon is making good use of the time Cutting wood all day, drawing logs all night up to the saw mill Take it easy Sandy, lots of time

Mrs Howard Beckstead was calling on Mrs William Collins recently

Mrs Walter Carr was visiting her parental home, Harmon Shaver a few days last week

BERWICK.

T. Casey is getting out timber for an up-to-date cow barn.

J. D. McDonald has been confined to the house with lagrippe.

Miss Flossie Meldrum was the guest of Mrs. T. Casey last week.

John Patterson, D. Henry and William Park have gone to Cobalt.

John McQueen has gone to see his son, Alex. McQueen, who resides in Duluth, Minn.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Hutt are going to occupy W. Bogart's house for the summer months.

The young people should organize a singing class. This section has a lot of good talent

Miss Sarah Ruddy, Miss Flora McDonald and John Legge were in Crysler on Wednesday, Jan. 23.

Miss Marion B. Casey has returned to Ormstown, Que., to resume her high school and music studies.

Miss Fannie Thoms was the guest of Mrs. William Dillabough on Wednesday afternoon of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stark were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dillabough on Tuesday, Jan. 22.

Miss Alice Galvin has returned home fram the Kingston Hospital, where she underwent an operation.

Lorne Hutt and James Patterson are working in Russell and playing hockey with the team of that village.

This little village and surrounding country is flourishing, if new buildings can be taken as evidence. Four or five new buildings will be erected next summer for farmers near the village.

Watson Ouderkirk has returned home from Cobalt.

William Dillabough had a bee drawing and cutting wood on Thursday.

A crowd attended the ball in W Bogart's hall last Thursday night.

Charles and Robert Meldrum returned home from Cobalt on Monday.

Miss Hannah Patterson of Canton, N. Y., is visiting her mother, Mrs. John Patterson.

Miss J. McLeod of Roxborough, was the guest of Mrs. T. Casey the first part of the week.

Miss Mary Ann McDermid of Madrid, N.Y., has returned to her parental home for a short visit.

Miss F. Dillabough of Chesterville, is the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Dillabough.

Michael Baker returned home from Athol last week, where he was the guest of his brother, William Baker.

Word has been received by Mrs. M. H. Patterson that Mr. and Mrs. Patterson have reached Oakland, Cal., safe.

Miss Carrie Dillabough is home, after spending about a month her aunt, Mrs. Joseph Dillabough, South Mountain.

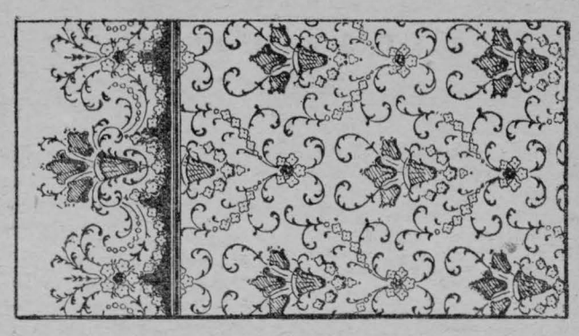
Quite a number from here attended the hockey match at Crysler on Tuesday night between Casselman and Crysler.

Bert Hutt is recovering from his recent illness.

The recount of the ballots cast in the local option vote gave the prohibionists a gain of one, but did not affect the result. Collingwood, therefore continues to have licenses.

One man was killed and twenty-four injured in a collision on the Intercolonial near Beaverbrook, N.B.

Wall Paper



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CHESTERVILLE

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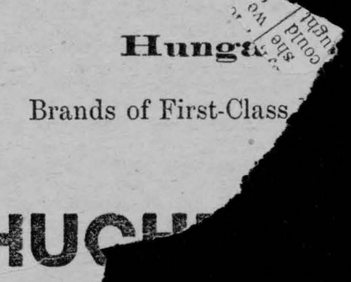
Royal Household,

Glen[illegible]

Hung[illegible]

Brands of First-Class

HUG[illegible]



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Mondays, Tuesday[illegible]

Saturdays

OF EACH [illegible]

DURING THE W[illegible]

For anything in the [illegible] you will find it to your [illegible] my stock:—Washing [illegible] ers and Churns, at [illegible] Cash paid for all kin[illegible] Furs.

Thanking the public [illegible] and soliciting a contin[illegible]

Face to Face

OR, GERVASE RICKMAN'S AMBITION.

PART III., CHAPTER I.—(Continued).

"He is really such a good fellow, and it would make us all so happy to have you near, and you would make him so happy. And his mother wishes it, she even asked me to try to bring it on."

"Oh!" returned Alice, with a sigh of relief, "in strict confidence, I suppose, Miss Sib. A pretty conspirator she chose when she lighted upon you. You sweet goose, if you must needs amuse yourself with match-making, you could not hit upon a worse plan than to show your hand."

"But, Alice, do be serious——"

"Dear child, I am serious, and I wish you to understand once for all that it is a mistake, and to help me spare him the pain of a direct refusal. I saw it all months ago, and have done my best to put a stop to it. I even thought of going away for a time."

"It is in your power to make him so happy," said Sibyl, pathetically. "You might grow to care for him in time, you know."

"Never," she answered. "I could never—in any case—have cared for a man of that uncontrolled disposition—even supposing——"

"Supposing what?" Sibyl asked, with a keen look.

"Oh, nothing! I mean , if I had loved him, I could never be happy with such a man. I am like my mother. I saw her misery, Sibyl, child as I was. There was that in my poor father which made her feel him her inferior; it is not for me to speak of his faults. If I once found what I could not respect in a man, I could not live with him. I have a sort of pride——"

"But, Alice," interrupted Sibyl, quickly, "if you can not respect Paul Annesley, whom then can you respect?"

"Oh, I beg his pardon," replied Alice, her breath taken away by this sudden indignation; "I spoke widely. Of course I respect our old and true friend, Paul. But a husband—that is different; it is something stronger and deeper than respect; it is reverence that a husband compels."

"And what can you not reverence in Dr. Annesley?" asked Sibyl, with such remorseless persistence that Alice began to wonder if Paul Annesley could be the name of him who had troubled her friend's peace of mind.

"He is at the mercy of his own impulses," she said.

"And they are always good," pursued Sibyl, vindictively.

"You say a bold thing when you say that of any human being, Sibyl. No, I can only give my deepest reverence to the man who is master of himself. 'Give me the man that is not passion's slave.' I can value this one as a friend, but—no nearer. No one knows what is in Paul Annesley; any turn of fate may bring him into a totally opposite direction; he might do anything. I tell you in the very strictest confidence what I would tell no other human being, I tremble for him now; he will never be the same again, now that his circumstances are so changed, and what he will be, Heaven alone knows. As you say, he has good impulses, but what are they without a guiding principle and a compelling will?"

"And you alone can give his life a right direction," urged Sibyl. "Oh, Alice! think what it is to hold this man's fate in your hands!"

"And what if I hold another——" She stopped short and colored. "Dear Sibyl, you are indeed a stanch friend," added, in a gentler voice, "

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Lieutenant Annesley, don't you, Master Pink?" said the ready Sibyl.

"When I zeen he and you walking together, Miss Lingard," continued the shepherd, gravely, "I zes to mezelf, I zes, 'Marriages is made in heaven,' I zes. And Mam Gale, she zays——"

"Oh! Master Pink, you won't forget about the sec...ngs, will you?" cried Alice, starting up. "It is getting so late. We have stayed too long."

And with hasty farewells Alice left the cottage, forgetting the basket, and leaving Sibyl to follow in more leisurely fashion. She walked so fast that she had reached the gate at the end of the field through which the cottage was approached before Sibyl had left the garden, and waited for her there, with flushed cheeks Sibyl's ready tongue was unaccountably tied when she joined her; a strange pain was gnawing at her heart, and Alice's attempts at commonplace chat did not succeed.

"I can't help thinking that this same Mr. Edward Annesley might just as well write to us, Alice," she said at last. "That little note to mother the day after he left was the briefest formality."

"Perhaps," replied Alice, who had now regained her self-possession, "he thinks the same of us. You can scold him when he comes."

"But will he come?" asked Sibyl, with such an eagerness in her voice that Alice stopped on her way and looked with sudden misgiving into Sibyl's dark, ardent eyes, and read all.

"Sibyl," she said, "oh! Sibyl!" and she tried to draw her nearer; but Sibyl pushed her back with a look Alice had never seen before, and walked on in silence.

In the first bitter flood of jealous agony that surged into her heart Sibyl felt capable of hating her friend; then the mortifying memory of her self-deception made her so hot with self-contempt that every other feeling was swallowed up in it, and she longed for the earth to open and hide her away forever. It seemed as if she had better never have been born than make so dreadful a blunder at the very threshold of life; she thought she could never endure to live any more. Then things came back to her memory, little insignificant details which had passed unobserved at the time, but which now showed the general meaning of the whole story, just as the festal lights reveal the general outlines of a building, and she saw clearly how things stood between Edward and Alice. How could it have been otherwise? She felt the charm of Alice too deeply herself to wonder that she should have been preferred. It was inevitable that those two should choose each other. But for her everything had come to a full stop. "Entbehren sollst du," was the message the woods and fields and sea had for her that day; it was written in the deep, cloud-piled sky, and in the solemn shadows about the hills; the rooks, sailing home in stately chanting procession, reminded her of it, and the blackbirds, fluting mournfully down in the copses, repeated it; even the lark, fluttering upward with the beginning of a song and dropping back into silence, had the same meaning in his music.

She paused and allowed Alice to come up with her, and seeing that she had been crying, kissed her with a sort of passion.

"Do you remember the day you first came to Arden, Alice," she said, "when I found you crying in your room after were sent to bed?"

"And you comforted me, and we agreed always to be friends."

"And now my crossness has made you cry, you poor dear! And you are dearer to me than anybody in the whole universe."

"Sibyl."

"And there is Gervase out by the ricks wondering why we are so late. Let us e haste home."

n Gervase caught sight of them and meet them, scolding them both nal impartiality for being so dely taken to living in to save time in go- business, and now as a guest in his

CHAPTER II.

It is beautiful to be on the line of rail which runs along the Jura; the mountain rises sheer on one side and the steep falls suddenly away on the other, while the traveller is borne with bird-like swiftness and directness along the hill-side, secure, without effort, straight to an apparent block which hinders further progress. But a closer view shows a black spot in the rocky mass, tiny as the nest of some sea-bird on a cliff; it grows as the distance lessens, till it becomes a dark arch, and into that darts the train with angry thunder and impatient panting, and there is blackness all around, and thick air, and a vague distress of body and mind for awhile. Then gleams a pale light and a sweet rush of air follows, and out like a bird darts the long train, as if suspended in midair by the mountain-side, till another tiny bird-hole appears, and growing, swallows up the darting length of the train, which is soon cast forth once more on the open face of the steep cliff. All this is pleasant in itself, but still more pleasant to one who, like Edward Annesley, is impatient of the journey's length and anxious to reach its end.

He bestowed various inward maledictions upon continental railways as he journeyed on, and wondered how such a blessing as steam came to be bestowed upon a people so inapprecoative of the speed to be got out of it. But the swiftest English express would have been slow in comparison with the winged desires which bore his heart onward to the goal of Alice Lingard's presence. The three months' embargo was now taken off and Paul was not yet engaged to Alice; Edward was therefore free to prosecute his own suit.

The frontier is cleared, the interminable delay of the customs officers at an end, and now the long sweep of the waters of Neufchatel shines grayly along the shores in the dim, misty morning. And is this the glory of Alpine lake-land? this long, gray river between the low gray shores? Where are the mountains? where the pearly gleam of the far-off snow-peaks, shaming the less ethereal lustre of the white cloud-masses? where the blue shadows in the mountain-flanks, the distant hint of glacier and crevasse, the purple folds of the wooded spurs lower down? There is nothing but a pall of gray sky brooding heavily over a sheet of cold, gray water, ruffled slightly by the September breeze; the sedges and reeds about the banks rustle mournfully; a bird's wild and desolate cry is heard; no boats glide over the lonely lake; the train creeps on, and Edward feels the inward chill of disappointment that reality often brings to long brooded hopes. The train stopped to the accompaniment of cries of "Granson;" he got out and strolled through the narrow street to a broad-eved house with a low portal opening on the pavement, and was soon standing in the cool, flagged hall, clasped in the arms of a bright, golden-haired girl, and the centre of admiring and sympathetic glances from other fair-haired girls who were flitting up and down the uncarpeted staircase and sighing for the day when fathers and brothers should come to fetch them away to their foreign homes.

"I say, Nell," he remonstrated, after a resigned kiss, "if this kind of thing could only be done with some attempt at privacy."

"I dare say," sobbed Eleanor," when I have not spoken English for months or seen anybody from home for a year. Wait till you get Heimweh, you hard-hearted thing!"

"Well, pack up your traps and let us be off to Neufchatel by the next train," he said, following his sister into the august presence of the old school-mistress, from whom he had much difficulty in wresting the required permission. Then, after being introduced to five of Miss Eleanor's best friends, and dining in a very feminine and attenuated manner with the whole sisterhood, he bore her off at last in triumph by the afternoon train.

And then a miracle happened. By this time the streets were flooded with the warm gold of autumn sunshine, and the lake waters sparkled with sapphire reflections, and lo! the heavy pall of gray had been swept away by unseen hands, and behind it, spreading away into infinite dim distances, gleaming beneath a clear sky, lay range upon range of white, blue-shadowed Alps, their pure summits springing high, one above the other, into the very depths of the pale-blue ether overhead. There they lay, terrible in their snowy grandeur, dream-like in their marvellous beauty, tinted with the delicate transparency of some airy, unsubstantial pageant, and yet so real and so impressive in their massive reality. Such a repose they had in their naked sublimity, lying reclined like strong gods at rest, girdling about the lake and lowlands and holding the earth still in their mighty grasp.

"So Neufchatel is tame?" Eleanor asked, watching her brother's face of rapt admiration with pleased delight.

"There is enchantment in it. Are there witches hereabouts, Nell?" he replied.

"Only Sibyl Rickman, who passes for something of the kind. So nothing came of your flirtation, Ned?"

"Which one?" he replied, tranquilly. "One a week is the average you girls impute to me."

"Oh! we heard all about it. Harriet wrote me some long letters from Aunt Eleanor's this summer. Auntie told her all about Sibyl——"

"I hope Miss Rickman boxed the imp's ears well."

"The Rickmans were pleased, auntie said, especially Gervase."

"Stuff! I say, Nell, tell me what those peaks are called?"

"Of course you have heard about Paul and Alice Lingard?"

"Heard what?" he asked, abruptly, facing about with a defiant gaze.

"It's not given out yet, I believe," replied Eleanor, tranquilly, not unwilling to tantalize her brother now that she had succeeded in interesting him, "but of course, as Harriet says (for fifteen, I must say Harriet is very observant), no- with half an eye can doubt what is to happen. Paul was like her sha- whole time, and when a girl ac- esents from a man——"

ou mean to say," Edward asked, and distinct utterance, "that ngaged to Miss Lingard?"

say it is not given out? But ady makes plans for herself, s not to live at Gledesworth Not that they don't get on ce is like a daughter to her. . Everybody thinks it a Miss Alice. I never much admired her myself. I believe she has an awful temper. You saw her, of course?"

"Of course. I was there in the spring," he replied, absently, and turned his face away to study the splendid vision of the far-spreading mountains before him. Stern and awful those couched giants looked now, lying so still in their snowy beauty; the pitiless purity of the lonely ice-peaks struck chill to his very soul. Why had he come? Would it not be better now, after escorting Eleanor on her way to join her aunt, just to leave her and go back? It was too great an advantage for Paul to be near Alice in all those months; what else could have been expected? Naturally he would die out of her memory, however strong the impression made in those few blissful days at Arden might have been. It was hard and bitter, but the only thing was to face it like a man. Yes, he would go in and join the party as before proposed, and see Alice once more—there was no fear that he should trouble her peace, appearing thus at the eleventh hour. All the circumstances, which at the time had seemed so strong in confirming the hope that she returned his feeling—airy, inessential things, as they were, tones, glances, the turn of a head, the quiver of a lip, the faltering of an even step—faded into nothingness now; probably she had never even guessed at his own devotion; so much the better.

"So that is the Jungfrau," he said at last, in response to Eleanor's long catalogue of summits and ranges. "No? Oh, you mean that? Yes. Very fine. Yes." There were tears in his eyes when his sister looked down at him, and his face was quite pale, which signs she set down to emotion at the first glimpse of Alpine splendor.

"When was Harriet at Medington?" he asked, suddenly.

"Just now. She left in time for auntie to start. She was awfully sorry to go; she wanted to see things come to a crisis. I am to watch progress and describe the denouement."

(To be continued).

HOW PERFUMES ARE MADE.

Interesting Process of the Chemical Manufacture of Scents.

Almost the entire population of the city of Grasse, in southern France, is devoted to the cultivation of flowers and the extraction of perfumes from them—with the result, says Harper's Magazine, that the community controls the market for the most delicate essences. For ten months in the year the Grassois are employed gathering, sorting and distilling blooms. About the town are flower-gardens which extend for many miles, and from which arep lucked in a single season more than three million pounds of roses, half as many again of orange-blossoms, a million pounds of jasmine, nearly as much of violets, and hundreds of thousands of pounds of other flowers, including lavender, tuberoses, thyme, rosemary, myrtle and jonquils.

After these are picked they must be carefully sorted, and in the case of the roses, at least, the petals carefully separated from the pistils by hand.

The essential oils are extracted in several different ways, in each of which the Grassois have kept abreast of modern science and have utilized the latest discoveries of the chemical laboratory.

Rosemary, thyme, lavender, geranium, roses and orange-flowers they distil by steam, in huge alembics which hold from three hundred to sixty thousand quarts. The oil is skimmed from the water after condensation. The water itself is preserved and used over and over again, for it is saturated with the perfume, and great quantities of it are sold as jasmine-water, rose-water and other flower waters.

For the extraction of the more delicate essences the method in highest favor is that of cold enfleurage. On the purest of cold lard, spread on glass plates in wooden frames, the fresh flowers are laid until the lard becomes a saturated pomade of essence. Cold alcohol is then added to the lard and the two continually paddled together, until the alcohol has dissolved out the floral oil. After the evaporation of the alcohol the perfume remains as the "quintessence" of the flower.

The third method, by which the "quintessences" of rose and violet are obtained, is hot maceration, in which the flowers are put into hot lard and there continually stirred, the lard being afterward pressed out. The most modern of all methods, although not the best in results, is that in which the perfumes are extracted in a closed vessel by some light spirit of petroleum.

A pound of oil extracted from orange-flowers by the steam process is worth thirty-six dollars; extracted by petroleum it is worth twice as much, and by melted lard one hundred and thirty-six dollars. Violet essences extracted by the petroleum method is worth one hundred and sixty-three dollars a pound, but a pound extracted through lard is worth more than fourteen hundred dollars.

It is a curious characteristic of the perfume manufacture that although chemists have succeeded in closely imitating many of the odors by synthesis, this competition has stimulated and not cut down the demand for the natural product. Artificial odors, used to scent soaps and other toilet articles, apparently add to the desire for the finest essence in the scent bottle.

The chemical manufacture of scents proceeds in three ways—by the actual synthesis of the essential oil, by the production of some other substance having the same odor, and by the development of new odors not found in nature. In the first manner is produced annually a great quantity of artificial vanillin exactly like the extract of the vanilla bean. By the second is produced an artificial musk, entirely unlike the natural product except in odor. By the third are made heliotropin, which constitutes the perfume known as "white heliotrope," and terpinole,—from turpentine,—which is made into "white lilac" scent.

There are nearly 50,000 adults in England who never eat meat.

Forty popes have lived less than a year after their election.

The origin of the supposed ill-luck of a May marriage is traced by some to the fact that Mary Queen of Scots was married to Bothwell in May.

Invest in Coal Stocks

More money has been made from investing in Coal Stocks at low prices than from any other class of investments.

BUY AT ONCE

British Columbia Amalgamated Coal Company Stock

AT 25 CENTS PER SHARE.

COAL - COAL - COAL

This has been the cry from the Atlantic to the Pacific and although every coal mine in Canada and the United States is shipping every pound of Coal they can produce, still the demand far exceeds the supply. Fortunes will be made during the next few years by investing in Coal Stocks at low prices.

The British Columbia Amalgamated Coal Company control over 17,000 acres of valuable Coal Lands situated in the famous Nicola Valley, British Columbia, about 180 miles from Vancouver, B. C.

We only have a limited amount that we will sell in blocks of 100 or over at the above price.

To any one who intends investing in these shares we advise you to wire us at once stating the number of shares you wish us to reserve, then remit by express order, bank draft or registered mail. Write for booklet giving full information about Nicola Coal District.

For further information write or wire us immediately.

SHARP & IRVINE, Brokers, 138 Wall Street, **Spokane, Washington**

We give as our reference as regards our standing Bank of Montreal, Spokane, Washington.

About the Farm

DAIRY HERD FROM COMMON STOCK.

When developing the dairy herd from common stock, it is not necessary to go to great expense, but a few years of time are necessary in which to accomplish this, writes Prof. Thomas Shaw. The amount of time called for will, to some extent, be dependent on the character of the stock, that is, the foundation stock, at the outset, and to some extent on the closeness of the culling or selection that is practiced. In some instances a fine dairy herd may be built up in two or three generations of correct breeding. In other instances a longer time may be required; but it should not require more than four or five generations of proper breeding in any event to effect the changes sought. A great change in the line of improvement desired should result from the first cross made.

The plan to be followed is in outline as follows: Begin with such females as can be got conveniently without greater cost than may be termed common prices such as are usually paid for common stock. Give the preference to those that have indications of a reasonable amount of milk-giving capacity. Mate with these a pure sire of one of the dairy breeds with proper form and breeding. Retain all the female progeny for future breeding that have been found to possess the milk-giving quality in a high degree. Discard those of the opposite class as soon as their deficiency becomes known. Continue the same line of breeding until the excellence sought has been reached, or at least continue it until the standard of milk giving in the cows has come up to the average of the herd from which the sires have been chosen.

THE FORMATION FEMALES.

In one sense it would be correct to say that a good dairy herd may be built up from any class of females that are sound and healthy. While that is true, it is also true that to begin such change on high grades of a beef foundation will take a longer time to produce good dairy cattle than if the foundation were common females of mixed breeding, but already possessed of milk-giving qualities in a considerable degree. Mixed breeding is no detriment in such a case.

First, look for a cow with a large, long and capacious barrel, open and rather widely spaced in the ribs which should spring well downward. Second, look for evidences of refinement as seen in a head inclining to long, a neck long and slim, crops somewhat sharp, and limbs inclining to fine. Third, look for the present evidences of good milk giving capacity. Fourth, look for evidences of stamina as indicated by good width through the lower part of the chest, by an active carriage and a bright, full eye. Fifth, prefer the cow that has a nice soft handling hide and silky coat.

Choose sires from that dairy breed which may be preferred. The straight dairy breeds that stand in the front in this country are the Holstein, Ayrshire, Guernsey and Jersey, named probably in the order of relative size. The Dutch Belted cattle, not very numerous, are much like the Holstein. The choice being made, don't change the breed from which the sire is chosen, and exercise great care in choosing the sire.

The individual points of a good dairy sire cannot be given in detail here, but two of these will be mentioned, because they are in a sense indispensable. The first is, the evidences of much stamina and bodily vigor. The second is, an amplitude of soft skin on the underline in front of the testicles, distinctly traceable milk veins and miniature teats of good size and wide spacing.

The performance of the ancestry of the bull should be examined. The more good performers in the upward line of his ancestry the better. Good performance on the part of ancestral dams means the giving of large quantities of milk, rich in quality and persistence in milk giving for a long period.

The successive sires should be chosen from the same breed. If chosen from another breed disturbing factors are chosen. This may not be apparent at the first, but it will be later. The antagonism likely to result cannot be explained here. By adhering to the same line of breeding the improvement should be rapid and continuous, at least for several generations, but the improvement will be less noticeable with each succeeding generation.

CONTINUED SELECTION.

No matter what the line of breeding, where a high standard in dairy qualities is to be reached and maintained, there must be culling and discarding with every generation. Evidences of physical inferiority are sometimes so apparent at birth, that the decision to discard such specimens may be made forthwith. As soon as it is known that the animals fall below the standard, the eye should not pity nor the hand spare. They should be sent to the shambles by a short cut at the earliest possible moment.

Every man will, of course, set his own standard. If he fails to set a standard he is not likely to reach high attainment in his work. Breeds differ in their capacity to produce milk, hence, high grades of these will also differ. With no breed of dairy cattle or their grades, however, should the standard be set at less than 6,000 pounds of milk per year, old and young. This is probably more than twice the amount produced by the average herd in the United States to-day.

The animals thus grown must be properly fed to have them grow into high type dairy cows. They must be fed such food as will keep them in a sappy and growthy condition until maturity is reached. They must not be made fat nor should they even be lean.

The system outlined is very simple and inexpensive. The man who wants to get better dairy stock does not require to expend one dollar extra in the purchase of cows. Let him begin with such as he has. There will be some expense in getting a bull, but if he is unable to bear it alone, let some neighbors help him to purchase it, or if not, let them patronize his sire by sending their cows for service at a reasonable price. It will not answer the same purpose to get a grade bull, even though a high grade, for transmission from such an animal is variable.

NO MUSTACHES.

In all the German papers of August, 1833, appeared an ordinance signed by the King of Bavaria forbidding civilians, on any pretext whatever, to wear mustaches, and commanding the police authorities to arrest the offenders and shave them by force. Apparently this was not necessary, for, according to a French account of the time, "mustaches disappeared immediately, like leaves from the trees in autumn; everybody made haste to obey the royal order and not one person was arrested."

The average carrying powers of steamships is a little over 2,000 tons.

Don't neglect your cough.

Statistics show that in New York City alone over 200 people die every week from consumption.

And most of these consumptives might be living now if they had not neglected the warning cough.

You know how quickly *Scott's Emulsion* enables you to throw off a cough or cold.



ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

RESIGNATION OF SWETTENHAM

Citizens of Kingston Deplore the Government's Incapacity.

A despatch from London says: There is reason to believe that the resignation of Sir Alexander Swettenham as Governor of Jamaica has been accepted, though the officials of the Foreign Office are mystifyingly silent and refuse all information on the subject. This official reticence is attributed to a desire to complete the arrangements for a succession to the post before announcing Swettenham's retirement. It is expected that the latter will leave the island as soon as details can be completed for handing over the affairs of his office. The Government officials here, particularly those of the Foreign Office, have expressed the opinion throughout that this was the only possible outcome of the Kingston incident, short of the peremptory dismissal of the Governor.

CITIZENS EXPRESS THEMSELVES.

A despatch from Kingston, Jamaica, says: A large meeting of representative citizens was held in Victoria Market on Tuesday to discuss plans for rebuilding the city. The following resolutions were adopted by acclamation:—

"This meeting deplores the enormous loss caused the entire community, and more particularly the mercantile communily, by the wholesale pillaging of shops and stores, such pillaging being entirely due to lack of organization on the part of the Government, the Government not calling citizens to its aid, and its refusal of valuable succor offered by the navy of the United States, which would have prevented much of the loss that has occurred.

"This meeting with deep regret desires to place upon the record its conviction that the chief executive officers of the Government have been and are still out of touch with the community generally; that this attitude on the part of the said officers would appear to render them incapable of coping with the situation in the only way practical, namely, that of concerted action on the part of all the persons concerned."

STRICKEN KINGSTON.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Department of Trade and Commerce has received a letter from a Halifax commercial company in close touch with conditions in Jamaica expressing surprise at the recent telegram from Mr. Burke, commercial agent for Canada on the island, stating that there was no great need of aid from outside, and that conditions following the earthquake could be remedied by the local authorities. From advices received direct from Jamaica the Halifax correspondents of the department state that they cannot understand why such a reassuring telegram should have been sent to the Canadian Government. Their information is that the whole city was practically destroyed, and that for ten miles out in the surrounding country there is hardly a habitable house.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Wheat—Ontario, No. 2 white winter, 72c asked outside, 70½c bid; No. 2 red, 71c bid; No. 2 mixed, 70½c asked outside, 70c bid.

Barley—No. 3 extra, 50c asked outside, 49c bid for 5,000 bushels.

Peas—No. 2, 81c asked outside.

Oats—No. 2 white, 38c asked outside, 37c bid.

Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 hard, 84c to 84½c; No. 1 Northern, 82½c to 83c; No. 2 northern, nominally 79½c to 80c.

Peas—79c to 80c outside.

Corn—No. 3 yellow, 51c to 51½c, Toronto; No. 3 mixed, American, 50½c outside; Ontario, 43c to 44c.

Buckwheat—52c to 54c.

Oats—No. 2 white, 37c to 37½c.

Rye—69c to 70½c.

Flour—Ontario, 90 per cent. patents, $2.65 asked, $2.63 bid; Manitoba, first patents, $4.50; seconds, $4; bakers' $3.90.

Bran—Nominally, $18 to $20 outside.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—The market continues comparatively easy.

Creamery, prints	26c to 27c
do solids	23c to 24c
Dairy prints	22c to 23c
do tubs	19c to 21c

Cheese—Quotations are 13½c for large and 14c for twins, in job lots here.

Eggs—New-laid, 29c; select, 26c to 27c; storage, 24c; limed, 22c.

Poultry—The market is quiet, with very little demand.

Chickens, dressed	10c to 12c
Inferior	8c to 00c
Fowl	8c to 00c
Ducks	10c to 12c
Geese	10c to 11c
Turkeys	11c to 12c

Honey—11c to 12c per pound for pails and $2 to $2.50 for combs.

Beans—$1.55 to $1.60 for handpicked, and primes $1.40 to $1.45.

Potatoes—Ontario, scarce at 70c to 75c per bag; eastern, 75c to 80c, in car lots here.

Baled Hay—$11 to $11.50 per ton for No. 1 timothy and $8.50 to $9 for No. 2 in car lots on track here. Deliveries are not very heavy.

Straw—$6.50 to $7 per ton on track here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Feb. 5.—Buckwheat—56c to 56½c per bushel.

Corn—American, No. 2 yellow, 55c; No. 3 mixed, 65c, ex-store.

Oats—On spot, No. 2 white, 52½c; No. 3 white, 41½c to 42c; No. 4, 40½c to 41c per bushel, ex-store.

Peas—Boiling peas, $1 in carload lots, $1.10 in jobbing lots.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, $4.25 to $4.60; strong bakers', $3.90 to $4.10; winter wheat patents, $4.10 to $4.25; straight rollers, $3.60 to $3.70; do in bags, $1.65 to $1.75; extras, $1.50 to $1.55.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, in bags, $20 to $22; shorts, $22 to $22.50; Ontario bran, in bags, $20 to $21; shorts, $22 to $29.50; milled mouille, $21 to $25; straight grain, $28 to $29 per ton.

Rolled Oats—Per bag, $1.95 to $2 in car lots $2.10 in jobbing lots.

Hay—No. 1, $13.50; No. 2, $12.50; No. 3 $11.50; clover mixed, $11; pure clover, $10.50 to $11 per ton in car lots.

Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $22 to $23.50; half-barrels, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat backs, $21 to $24.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50 to $22; half-barrels do., $10.75 to $11.50; dry salted long clear bacon, 12c to 12½c; barrels plate beef, $11 to $12.50; half-barrels do., $6 to $6.50, barrels heavy mess beef, $8.50; half-barrels do., $4.75; compound lard, 8¾c to 10c; pure lard, 11¾c to 13c; kettle rendered, 13c to 13½c; hams, 13c to 14½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 15c to 16c; Windsor bacon, 15c to 16c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $10; alive, $7 to $7.25.

Cheese—October make is now quoted at 13½c to 13¾c.

Butter—Fresh-made creamery, 25c to 25½c; western dairy, selected, 22c to 22½c; Manitoba dairy, 20c to 21c; rolls, in baskets, 22½c to 23c, and half-barrels, 22c to 22½c.

Eggs—New-laids quoted at 35c to 40c; selected, 45c to 55c; selected stock is quoted at 26c to 26½c; No. 1 cold storage, 21c to 22c, and limed 21c.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, Feb. 5—Flour—Steady. Wheat—Steady; Spring firm; No. 1 Northern, 86¾c; Winter nominal. Corn—Strong; No. 2 yellow, 49½c; No. 2 white, 50½c. Oats—Strong; No. 2 white, 42½c; No. 2 mixed, 40½c.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Feb. 5—Spot firm; No. 2 red, 81¾c elevator; No. 2 red, 83¼c f.o.b afloat; No. 1Northern Duluth, 92c f.c.b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter, 87¼c f.o.b. afloat.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Feb. 5.—Owing to the influence of a heavy run of cattle at the Western Market buying was somewhat slow.

Export cattle were reported to be firm on small transactions. The quotations were:—Medium exporters', $4.30 to $4.60; good, $4.70 to $4.95; choice, $5 to $5.25 per cwt.

Trade was not active in any grades of butchers' cattle excepting the best. Best butchers' cattle, $4.40 to $4.75; heavy butchers' $4 to $4.35; fat cows, $3.25 to $3.75; common cows and mixed lots, including canners, $1.50 to $3.25 per cwt.

A limited demand obtained for light stockers and feeders. Stockers, 400 to 800 lbs, $1.75 to $3.20; feeders, 850 to 1,050 lbs, $3.25 to $3.75; short-keeps, 1,150 to 1,300 lbs, $3.80 to $4.20 per cwt.

Lambs were weaker at $6 to $6.75 for grain-fed, and $4.50 to $5.50 for common. Export ewes were quoted at $4.25 to $5, and export bucks, at $3 to $4 per cwt.

Hogs were steady. Selects sold at $6.60, and lights and fats at $6.35 per cwt.

Milch cows were in fair demand, and prices ruled steady at $25 to $60 for each, according to quality.

COOL CURING OF CHEESE.

The Government Disposes of Two Stations

A despatch from Ottawa says: A return brought down on Friday, shows that four establishments for the cool curing of cheese were built at the expense of the Government. The one at Woodstock, Ont., cost $32,904; Brockville, $25,868; St. Hyacinthe, $30,953; Cowansville, $38,001. The number of cheese, respectively, cured in the different establishments last year were as follows:—Woodstock, 8,923; Brockville, 12,430; St. Hyacinthe, 10,946; Cowansville, 4,325.

Owing to the progress which had been made in connection with these establishments in the past five years the Government did not think there was any necessity for further operation by the Department of Agriculture. The establishments at Brockville and Woodstock had therefore been rented for the storing and curing of cheese, while negotiations are now pending for the disposal of the other two.

DEADLY COAL GAS.

Daniel Cummings Was Asphyxiated at Winnipeg.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Daniel Cummings, aged 22, whose parents reside in Maxville, Ont., was asphyxiated by coal gas on Friday from a faulty furnace at the home of L. Calder, traveller for the C. Wilson Company, Toronto, where the unfortunate young man had been rooming. Several other occupants of the house had a narrow escape from the same fate.

DEATH CAME SUDDENLY.

Frank Nellis, of Woodstock, Drops Dead While Chatting.

A despatch from Woodstock, Ont., says: Mr. Frank Nellis, brother of City Solicitor J. H. Nellis, dropped dead in Dr. Murray's office while chatting with friends on Sunday evening. Deceased, who was 59 years of age and unmarried, had been in the best of health, and death was entirely unexpected. Heart failure was the cause. The late Mr. Nellis was a veteran of '66, and was one of Woodstock's best-known citizens.

CHAS. McGILL'S SENTENCE.

Former Manager of Ontario Bank Gets Five Years.

A despatch from Toronto says: Five years' imprisonment in the Kingston Penitentiary was the sentence imposed on Friday on Charles McGill, former general manager of the Ontario Bank, who pleaded guilty in the Criminal Assizes before Mr. Justice Clute to the charge of preparing and signing false returns to send to the department at Ottawa. There were three indictments against the accused, and he pleaded guilty to two counts in the first one. The court imposed sentence in these cases and traversed those in which McGill pleaded not guilty until the next Assizes. Mr. Justice Clute and the counsels in the case stated emphatically that the newspaper statements regarding the dropping of the theft charges were incorrect. No understanding existed whereby the prosecution promised not to go on with these indictments, which would come up for trial in due course.

LADY VICTORIA DEAD.

Earl Grey's Eldest Daughter Falls Victim to Typhoid

A despatch from Ottawa says: Lady Victoria Grenfell, eldest daughter of their Excellencies, who has been ill from typhoid fever for the past three weeks, died shortly before midnight on Sunday night. Her Ladyship passed the critical fourteenth day a week ago. It was felt that if she tided over three periods of seven days, which fell due on Sunday, her conditon would be absolutely safe. Saturday the viceregal family were very hopeful as to Lady Victoria's condition, but unfortunately Sunday evening a relapse set in and she gradually succumbed. All the members of the viceregal party, including Mr. Arthur Grenfell, husband of Lady Grenfell, were present when the end came. Lady Victoria was married to Mr. Arthur Grenfell four years ago. She was in the 29th year of her age.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

Woman and Two Children Found in Grand Rapids Tenement.

A despatch from Grand Rapids, Michigan, says: Miss Emma K. Livingston and two children, her nephews, were found on Sunday frozen to death in a tenement here. A third child, a niece, was found badly frozen, but alive. The dead children were Alfred Livingston, aged seven, and Lincoln B. Livingston, aged three. The name of the little girl is Helen. Her age is ten. None of the family had been seen since Thursday, when two of the children attended school. It is supposed that after the family retired Thursday night they became partially asphyxiated by coal gas and the fire died out and they were frozen to death.

MR. G. R. R. COCKBURN ACQUITTED.

Was the Former President of the Ontario Bank.

A despatch from Toronto says: The trial of Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn, former president of the Ontario Bank, on a charge of wilfully making false returns to the Government as to the bank's position, was concluded on Monday evening. It ended in the acquittal of Mr. Cockburn, Magistrate Denison holding that the Crown had entirely failed to prove that the president had had any knowledge of the falsification of the accounts. Allegations on this point had been made by one witness alone, a witness who had been convicted of a serious offence and against whom there were two indictments for theft outstanding. The evidence given by Mr. McGill had been contradicted by innumerable witnesses, who had also testified that they had been instructed by him to conceal the books from the president.

TWO LIVES LOST.

Norman McDougal and Daughter Suffocated at Winnipeg.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Norman McDougal, a member of the real estate firm of Marshall & Co., and his little daughter, aged three years, were suffocated in a fire in their residence, 680 Sherbrooke Street, on Wednesday night. The explosion of a lamp caused the fire, and the father's life was lost in a desperate effort to save the child, who had been distracted by fear when the fire broke out and concealed herself in a room. One of the saddest features of the distressing occurrence is the fact that two other little girls are left orphans, almost helpless, their mother having died about a year ago.

TO RELIEVE THE SETTLERS.

Patrol of Police Starts for Eagle Lake With Provisions.

A despatch from Regina, Sask., says: Commissioner Berry, of the Royal North-West Mounted Police, issued orders for a patrol of three men to set out from Saskatoon to take relief to the settlers in the Eagle Lake district, who are in dire want since their provisions ran out. This patrol will take along three big sleighs loaded with provisions, and will investigate the freezing to death of men in that district, which report reached Regina on Monday.

KILLED AT LONGWOODS.

Mr. Walter Phillips Struck by Grand Trunk Flyer.

A despatch from Strathroy, Ont., says: Mr. Walter Phillips of Melbourne was struck by the Grand Trunk flyer and instantly killed on Monday at Longwoods crossing. Mr. Phillips was one of the best known cattle dealers in western Ontario.

CANADA'S EIGHTY MILLIONS.

Lord Strathcona Predicts this Population by Year 2000.

A despatch from London says: Lord Strathcona in an interview here on Monday said he was confident that by the end of the century Canada's population would be quite 80,000,000.

THE EARTH OPENED.

Fearful Earthquake in the Solomon Islands.

A despatch from San Francisco says: The Solomon Islands in the South Seas were visited by a fearful earthquake several months ago, in which the earth was opened and deep gorges created. The entire appearance of the islands was changed. There was no loss of life. The news was brought here by Governor C. B L. Moore, who arrived on Thursday from Samoa. He stated that a trading schooner came into Apia with the news shortly before he sailed. It is deemed probable that the earth quake was the one recorded then on the seismographs in various parts of the world. According to the instrument at Apia, Samoa, it lasted for several minutes, and was said to be the heaviest shock ever recorded. It was figured that it occurred somewhere in the South Seas, but as no report came from any civilized island it was believed that it occurred at sea.

A HORRIBLE DEATH.

Conductor Lay for Ten Hours Pinned Under Boiler.

A despatch from Missoula, Montana, says: Two engines, upon which were riding a large number of men who had been engaged in breaking the snow blockade near Saltez, Mont., plunged over an embankment two miles west of De Borgia on Thursday, killing two men and injuring nearly a score, some of them seriously. The dead are: D. R. McDonald, conductor, and Levi Burris, fireman. Conductor McDonald's death occurred on Thursday night after he had lain for ten hours pinned beneath a boiler, with his body partly submerged in the icy waters of the river. His fellow-workmen, unable to help him, kept his head above the water until he died. He steadfastly refused to have his leg amputated.

GIVES SKIN TO SAVE BROTHER.

London Man Has Twenty-Four Square Inches Removed at Hospital.

A despatch from London, Ont., says: Samuel Anderson on Thursday underwent an operation at Victoria Hospital, when four strips of skin, one inch by six inches, were removed and grafted on the side of his brother, James Anderson, who was terribly burned in September last while underneath a G. T. R. engine in the Guelph roundhouse. The whole contents of the firebox were emptied on him, burning him from shoulder to hip. Both patients are doing favorably, and a complete cure is expected.

$40,000 FIRE AT PICTON.

Three-storey Brick Structure Occupied by Two Firms, Destroyed.

A despatch from Picton, Ont., says: Picton was visited shortly after midnight Saturday with one of the worst fires in the history of the town, when the Jamieson Block was destroyed, at a loss of about $40,000. The building, a three-storey brick structure, was occupied by the dry goods establishment of Cayley and Tanner, and A. J. Fralick and Company, men's furnishings. The cause of the fire is unknown. It was nearly an hour before the firemen got properly at work. The fight to control the flames was kept up with the greatest difficulty, as a strong biting wind blew, and everything coated with ice as fast as the water issued from the hose. The loss is partially covered by insurance.

McGEE'S MANY VICTIMS.

Colin Campbell, the Florist, Compelled to Assign.

A despatch from Montreal says: The Attorney-General of the Province has been asked to intervene in the case of William J. McGee of the People's Mutual Building Society, and see that a strict and far-reaching investigation takes place. The new features in the case are these: McGee will not be sentenced on the mere plea of guilty of theft. Every detail of this remarkable series of crimes will be investigated by the Attorney-General's representative. Probably a score of warrants will be issued against McGee. Four men alone are known to have lost $15,000 each. Colin Campbell, the florist, will lose $16,000, and as a result of the losses has been compelled to assign. Twenty other men will lose about $4,000 each. Two hundred people will lose sums ranging from $100 to $1,500. McGee does not even know, in many cases, which signatures are forgeries and which are genuine. It is believed that his losses will total a quarter of a million dollars. The investigation shows that only a small part of the money has been spent. The question now is, Where is the money?

CATTLE DYING FAST.

Packs of Hungry Wolves Follow the Herds of Wornout Animals.

A despatch from Medicine Hat, Alta., says: The cattle situation is desperate. Many have died in the streets of the city after drifting in along the trails from the prairie.

A despatch from MacLeod says: The outlook on the ranges is becoming daily more desperate and the cattle are dying thick and fast. The animals are skin poor, and if the cold weather continues the majority of them will be food for the packs of wolves and coyotes now eagerly haunting the trails of the famished and tired out herds. The great drove of cattle which invaded the town this week came from Little Bow, and other northern points.

OTTAWA NURSE KILLED.

Miss Margaret Cavan Falls From Window at Water Street Hospital.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Margaret Cavan, aged 24, a nurse in the Water Street Hospital, fell from a window of that hospital at 5.30 on Thursday evening and was taken from the sidewalk dead. It was a French window through which she descended. She had been ill with grippe for a day or two, but doctors had not attended her. Miss Cavan was a native of Thurso, Que.

CAPTAIN LIABLE; MATE BLAMED

Verdict of Coroner's Jury for Death of Golspie Sailor.

A despatch from Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., says: "We find that Sydney Neal came to his death from frost, caused by exposure. This exposure was due directly to Capt. Boult, who drove the said Sydney Neal from shelter when he might have protected him. We also think that Mate McLeod should be severely censured for not sending prompt assistance on his arrival at the mission."

Such was the verdict given on Wednesday night by the coroner's jury on the death of Sydney Neal, one of the sailors of the steamer Golspie, which was wrecked early in December at Brule Harbor, and who died at the "Soo" hospital from the effects of the subsequent hardships which he, with several others, underwent.

Captains Joseph Gantry and W. C. Barr, of the "Soo" and William Kimball and Joseph Andrews, of Michipicoten, were examined. The captains gave evidence regarding the negotiations that had been carried on between them and the MacKays for the sending of relief to the Golspie after the wreck. They said that had tugs been sent up earlier than was the case it would not have prevented the men from being frozen as they were.

William Kimball, of Michipicoten, said that he saw Mate McLeod after he arrived at Michipicoten, the evening the unfortunate sailors who had been with him earlier were left out in the cold. Kimball volunteered to go out and get them, but the mate told him he had made the arrangements.

Joseph Andrews, an Indian, told of being engaged by the mate to go out for the men the next day, of finding them, and of their being taken to the hospital at Michipicoten.

Capt. Boult and Engineer Andrews, who had been summoned at Hamilton and Collingwood, did not appear to give evidence. Crown Attorney McFadden accordingly decided to give the case to the jury without hearing them.

LEFT $5,000,000 TO POOR.

Murdered London Merchant Had an Imposing Funeral.

A despatch from London says: Unusual public interest in the tragic death of William Whiteley, who was shot and killed in his great department store, Jan. 24, by Horace George Raynor, was shown by the scenes at the funeral of the merchant on Wednesday morning. Long before the hour for the ceremony thousands of persons gathered about the Whiteley residence and dense masses lined the streets leading to the church. Most of the shops in the Westbourne Grove district kept their shutters up and over a hundred carriages followed the hearse to the cemetery. Four of these were laden with floral wreaths. According to the newspapers, Mr. Whiteley bequeathed $5,000,000 to provide almshouses and homes for the aged and deserving poor.

INVADED BY CONSUMPTIVES.

Calgary Wants a Sanitarium for Eastern Invalids.

A despatch from Calgary says: Calgary has been burdened in a most alarming manner during the last few years, and particularly during the last few months, with a large number of consumptives coming here from eastern Canada. They come here usually with a small amount of money and are unable to work. The result is that they are soon on the hands of the city. They also find great difficulty in getting accommodation. Many heartrending cases are reported every day. At a meeting of the Calgary Board of Trade on Tuesday night a resolution was passed calling upon the Dominion Government to establish a sanitarium some place in the mountains where a cure can be effected in the best form.

WILL RETAIN WHIPPING POST.

Delaware Legislature Refuses to Abolish It—Good Effect on Crooks.

A despatch from Dover, Del., says: The Delaware Legislature on Tuesday voted to continue the whipping post and public floggings for prisoners convicted of theft, felonious assault, house-breaking and mayhem. The Senate committee reporting on the bill abolishing the whipping post said:—"We do not say that the public whipping post is not an extreme punishment, particularly in winter time, but we do say that the whipping post is a fearful thing to gentleman crooks, robbers, and safeblowers, for they pass Delaware by so long as she lays the cat upon the culprits' backs."

FIVE MEN KILLED.

Powder Exploded in an Illinois Coal Mine.

A despatch from Marion, Ill., says: By an explosion of powder in the Johnson City and Big Muddy coal mine at Johnson City on Tuesday five men were killed and eleven hurt.

DEATH LIST NINETY-ONE.

Not a Single Survivor of West Virginia Mine Explosion.

A despatch from Charlestown, West Virginia, says: There were 91 men in the Stuart Mine, in Fayette County, where an explosion occurred on Tuesday afternoon. It is not believed any of the men will be taken out alive, the force of the explosion being so terrific as to wreck the entire inner workings. So far the cage in the mine has been lowered 300 feet, or within 150 feet of the bottom. Repairing will have to be done before the cage can be let entirely down. The Stuart Colliery Company has already received 60 coffins and has ordered 25 more. It is thought that the mine is on fire, but this cannot be determined until later. The heat from the shaft is intense and the men could not be reached for a day or so even if the shaft was in working order.

SPANISH BREAD TROUBLE.

Proposed to Establish Bakeries as a Popular Trust.

A despatch from Madrid, Spain, says: The proposal is unofficially made and influentially supported in the press and elsewhere, to eliminate the everlasting bread trouble by establishing the bakeries as a popular trust, with individual participation at as low a price as a peseta monthly, the bread being sold at cost price. It is claimed that this would protect the consumer from constant squeezing by the middleman, and stop the perpetual quarrels between the employers and employed.

[redacted]

Aid for [redacted] erected in [redacted] asked from the Gove[redacted]

PRISON GOVERNOR KILLED

Hated by the Revolutionists for Ill-treating Prisoners.

RECENT VICTIMS OF TERRORISM.

Prince Nakachidze, at Baku, May 25, 1905.

Gen. Czenolucki, at Kishineff, June 30, 1905.

Gen. Vonliarharski, at Warsaw, Aug. 27, 1905.

Gen. Gakovloff, at Warsaw, Sept. 12, 1905.

Gen. Golotchkonoff, at Tiflis, Nov. 22, 1905.

Gen. Polkownikoff, at Poltava, Dec. 1, 1905.

Vice-Admiral Kusmich, at St. Petersburg, May 14, 1906.

Gen. Kozloff, at St. Petersburg, July 14, 1906.

Count Alexis Ignatieff, at St. Petersburg, Dec. 22, 1906.

Gen. Von de Launitz, at St. Petersburg, Jan. 3, 1907.

Lieut.-Gen. Pavloff, at St. Petersburg, Jan. 9, 1907.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: M. Guidema, Governor of the political prison on Vasili Ostroff (Basil Island), a suburb of this city, was shot in the main street of the island on Wednesday and died almost immediately.

The assassin, who was a youth of 18, dressed as a workman, emerged from a tea house as M. Guidema was passing on his way home, and shot him twice in the stomach. The Terrorist also shot and mortally wounded a prison warden who accompanied M. Guidema, and who pursued the assassin. The latter disappeared and the police have been unable to find any trace of him, as the population of the island generally sympathize with the revolutionists.

The Governor of the political prison has been a marked man for some time. He was accused of ill-treating political prisoners.

CHIEF OF POLICE KILLED.

A despatch from Warsaw, Russian Poland, says: A band of terrorists on Wednesday evening shot and killed Victor Gruen, the chief of the secret police of this city, as he was driving in a cab. The murderers escaped, but the police and troops are searching Warsaw for them and many suspects are being arrested.

DISORDERS IN ODESSA.

A despatch from Odessa says: There was serious street fighting here Friday night in which three policemen were killed and many pedestrians were wounded. Earlier in the day, following the funeral of two murdered policemen, there was a conflict between Jews and members of the black hundreds, and many persons on both sides were injured. Troops are patrolling the city at night.

Bargain Chances.

We are preparing for Stock Taking and are making some Big Reductions on Winter Goods.

Ladies' Overshoes, were $2.00; now $1.50
Men's and Boy's Caps, were 75c, now 25c.
Little Boys' Suits, were $2.50, now $1.25.
Boys' Overcoats, were $4.00, now $2.90,
Mens' Fea Coats, were $3.50, now $.250.
Mens' Pea Coats, were $4.50, now $3.50.
Mens' Fine Tweed Overcoats, were $10.00, now $7.50.

We still have Good Winter Apples at 3.75 per bbl.

TERMS CASH. **McGEE & CO.**

JOB PRINTING OF ALL KINDS DONE AT THE RECORD OFFICE.



Guns, Rifles and Ammunition
IN GREAT VARIETY,
WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE
WINCHESTER AND MARLIN RIFLES

McDOUGALL & CUZNER,
523 Sussex Street, **OTTAWA.** Established in 1850.
SIGN OF THE BIG AUGER.

EMPIRE ! EMPIRE !



The Empire Cream Separator outwears other Separators, lasts longer and requires fewer repairs, because—It's simple in construction and—It is more carefully built. That has been the Exerience of thousands of farmers who have used the Empire Its easy to see why. Being so much simpler in construction it has fewer parts to get out of order. The bowl being so much lighter and there being so much less mechanism, there naturally is less friction and wear. It will pay you to consider these things.

Winchester, Ont., Jan. 9, 1905.

Empire Cream Separator Company, of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—I am using one of your EMPIRE Separators and am pleased to be able to recommend to all who intend to buy machines.

I can truly say that I have tried several methods of handling milk, and can recommend a seperator to be far in advance of all other methods.

I can also say that I have tried several other makes of separators and prefer the EMPIRE to any of the others on account of it being easily cleaned, a close skimmer, and the lightest to operate. I am

Yours truly
THOS. IRVING.

Chesterville, July 31, 1906.

Empire Cream Separator Co., Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your Empire Cream rators after having tried others, I wish to recommend ir for its easy running and the work it does. The ry close and produces a fine quality of cream. other machine so simple in construction. nd your Empire Cream Separator.

LAND SHAVER, Morewood,

Chesterville, July 31, 1906.

mpire Separators I wish to re- im er and ease of operation. I re for me to induce my friends to buy

truly
AMAZIAH FROATS, Nation Valley.

ire and be sure.

ER, Chesterville,
chester and Finch Townships.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We beg to inform our many patrons in the vicinity of Chesterville and Winchester that after a brief shut down for the purpose of installing new water wheels, &c., we have again resumed operations, and in a better position than ever to look after their business in the way of exchanging wheat, chopping &c. We gurantee to please everyone, and solicit your patronage.

Joseph Bishop & Son.
CRYSLER. ONT.

L. D'AMOUR, Up-to-Date Tailor,
CHESTERVILLE.

I have adopted at considerable expense the latest system of Cutting and Fitting. With my 25 years' experience I now am in a position to guarantee all my work to be Up-to-date in Cut, Fit and Workmanship.

I make a specialty of
Mens' Suits in all Styles, Mens' Overcoats in all Styles
Also Ladies' Tailoring.

Give me a call and I will please you.

I have removed my shop to Baldrey's New Block.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE RECORD

LEAD GLASS.

The Processes by Which It Is Cut and Polished.

Designs to be followed by the cutter are first drawn on the blank or plain glass with whiting and water and then traced with red lead and turpentine. The first cutting is classed as "roughing" in the glass factory, when the glass is cut or ground out wherever there is a red line. The first cutting or roughing is with a soft steel disk on which there flows a small stream of water and very fine sand. The disk is in a lathe, and the glass is held by the hands of the cutter, and on his ability to firmly hold the glass and true eyesight to see that lines are followed depends the quality of the article.

Cut glass in blank or plain form is known as lead glass or best metal glass, crushing or collapsing like sand instead of shattering or breaking like window or lime glass.

From the roughing or first cutting the article being cut goes to the smoothing process, the same lines or cutting being followed on two stone disks, one of Graigleigh or gas stone imported from England and the other of blue stone, the finest cutting being done with the latter. The polishing is done with wooden disks, from which the glass goes to an acid bath and thence back to the polisher, who uses a chemical compound like putty, and finally to a felt disk or wheel, then the brush wheel and finally the wash with water.

ROBBED BEN FRANKLIN.

His Description of the Stolen Garments and the Thief.

The following advertisement is taken from the Pennsylvania Gazette, No. 532, wherein the reader of Feb. 22, 1738, was informed that the Gazette contained the "freshest advices, foreign and domestick, printed by B. Franklin, Post Master, at the news printing offices, near the Market. Price, 10 shillings a year. Where advertisements are taken in and Book Binding is done reasonably in the best manner:"

STOLEN on the 15th Instant, by one William Lloyd, out of the house of Benj. Franklin, an half worn Sagathee coat lin'd with silk, four fine homespun shirts, a fine Holland shirt ruffled at the Hands and Bosom, a pair of black broadcloth Breeches, new seated and lined with leather, two pair of good worsted stockings, one of a dark color, cambrick Handkerchief, marked with an F in red silk, a new pair of Calf skin shoes, a Boy's new Castor Hat, and sundry other things.

N. B.—The said Lloyd pretends to understand Latin and Greek and has been a schoolmaster; He is an Irishman, about 30 years of age, tall and slim; Had on a lightish colour'd Great Coat, red jacket, a pair of black silk breeches, an old felt Hat too little for him and sewed on the side of the crown with white Thread, and an old dark colour'd wig; but may perhaps wear some of the stolen cloathes above mentioned. Whoever secures the said Thief so that he may be brought to Justice, shall have Thirty Shillings reward and reasonable charges paid by

B. FRANKLIN.

Triplets In China.

In some of the southern provinces of China there is a superstition that if triplets are born one of the three children will eventually become a noted rebel. In order to avoid that direst of Chinese curses, bad son, a "wise man" is sent for in order to decide which of the three children is the destined black sheep. The three infants having been conveyed into a perfectly dark room, the "wise man" takes three pieces of twine, each of a different color, as white, red and black, and, entering the room, ties one of these pieces of string around a wrist of each baby. The one which when brought out into the light is found to have the red string on its wrist is drowned like a puppy.

"Book of Advertisement."

The "Book of Advertisement" would at the present day mislead most readers by its title. It was prepared at the command of Queen Elizabeth and printed in 1565. The purpose of the book was to define the doctrines, discipline and ritual of the English church, so that uniformity should be secured in Great Britain. This book was the direct origin of a denominational title in England, for, after its publication, Sampson, dean of Christchurch, in Oxford, and Humphrey, professor of divinity at Oxford university, with others, dissented from some of the doctrines it contained; hence they were called nonconformists.

A Pinless People.

A member of the Chinese legation, clad in splendid, pale hued silks, was talking. "Pins," he said, "cause untidy habits. We have no pins in China. The right way to fasten things is with buttons and buttonholes or with loops and frogs. To fasten things with pins is to make use of an untidy makeshift. To employ pins is to become lazy and slovenly. We have no pins in China. Certain foreign manufacturers shipped millions of them to us in the past, but we sent them back. We had no use for them. We were too neat."

Youthful Impressionism.

"One of the lads in my Sunday school class," writes a correspondent, "had been to a musical service and had heard there a violin solo in which a number of the notes were played with finger instead of the bow—pizzicato, I think, is the musical term. The boy described is as 'a piece with a hiccough in it.'"

Rural Excitement.

"Was there much life in the country town from which you came?"

"Well, I guess! You ought to have seen the gatherings in our cemetery of a Sunday."

Show us the man who never makes a mistake and we will show you a man who never makes anything.—Wayland.

New Flour and Feed Store
At Crysler.

I have opened a store at Crysler and will carry in stock all kinds of Flour and Feed, etc.

FLOUR—ROYAL HOUSEHOLD, GLENORA.

I respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

JOHN H. CURRIE,
CRYSLER, ONT.

NOVEL CURE FOR COLDS.

Healing Medication that is Breathed, Giving Quick Relief.

It seems just as ridiculous to put medicine into the stomach to cure a cold in the head or lungs as it does to go out in the rain if we want to keep dry.

The fact that many people right in Chesterville cough and hawk and snuffle for days and weeks after they treat a cold with the usual stomach dosing, shows how valueless are ordinary cough and cold cures.

The right way to cure a cold in the head or a cough and irritation in the throat and lungs, is by breathing Hyomei's medicated air. Put a few drops in the neat pocket inhaler that comes with every outfit and breathe this healing air for a few times and immediate relief will be noted. The medication goes right to the spot where the disease germs are located and renders them harmless in the future.

At the same time the soothing and healing effects of Hyomei on the irritated mucous membrane give quick relief, and the cough or cold is broken up.

A complete Hyomei outfit, consisting of a bottle of Hyomei, the inhaler and a medicine dropper, costs but $1, while extra bottles of Hyomei, if needed, can be obtained for only 50 cents.

All druggists shou'd be able to supply you with Hyomei, or we will send it by mail on receipt of price, and every package is sold with the distinct understanding that it costs nothing unless it cures. Write us to-day for a symptom blank, which we will send you free, together with a treatise on catarrh and how to cure it. When you fill in and return to us the symptom blank, our consulting physician will give your case the best care and attention, and write you a letter of advice without charge. Booth's Hyomei Company, Buffalo. N. Y.

Her Lamp Exploded.

Brockville, Ont., Feb. 3.—While Mrs. Wm. Bennett was carrying a lamp just before retiring, it exploded, setting fire to a portion of her clothing. Her son extinguished the blaze, but not before the old lady was badly burned about the head and shoulders. She was removed to the hospital.

A Perfect Bowel Laxative for constipataion, sallow complexion, headache, dizziness, sour stomach, coated tonge, biliousness. Lax-ets act promptly, without pain or griping. Pleasant to take,—Laxets,—5 cents and 25 cents. Sold by W. G. Bolster.

FISHER & ROBINSON,
Butchers, Etc.
CHESTERVILLE, - - ONT.

Constantly on hand
Beef, Pork, Lamb,
and Cured Meats,
VEGETABLES IN SEASON.



For Sale by W. G. Bolster.

WELL DRILLING

A 4½ inch bore through rock or soil either summer or winter. Pumps or fixtures supplied and water connected with houses or stables.

I have five drills at work and have just received the sixth one at Chesterville station, which will be in operation next week.

Any person requiring my services will please communicate with me in Vankleek Hill Satisfaction in every particular guaranteed. Long distance phone No. 23.

Arthur Campbell,
VANKLEEK HILL, ONT.

J. B. Thompson
SUCCESSOR TO
THOMPSON & CLINE
Tinsmiths &c.,
CHESTERVILLE,

A full Line in connection with my business always kept in stock.

PAINTING. PAINTING.

Now is the time to bring in your Cutters for painting. I can do them promptly for you if brought in at once.

Buggies.

I have a few first-class stylish Buggies on hand yet, both in Steel and Rubber Tires, which I will sell at Reduced Prices. Come and see them if you need anything in that line, and I will save you money if you buy now.

M. BAILEY, ST. LAWRENCE St., Winchester.

F. W. Merkley
General Blacksmith,
CHESTERVILLE,

Is Agent for the Following Lines:

FARM IMPLEMENTS:—
The famous Frost & Wood Machinery

THRESHING MACHINES.—
Sawyer & Massey Steam and Horse Power Thrashing Machines, and Road-Making Machines.

LAND ROLLERS:—
Bissel's Land Rollers stand without a rival.

CREAM SEPARATORS:—
We handle the National, which is known far and near as the best Cream Separator on the market.

CARRIAGES:—
The Canada Carriage Co., which is famous for quality of material, workmanship and finish.

PIANOS:—
Sole agent for this district for the Mason & Risch Pianos.

Call and inspect goods and get prices

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Insurance

You should protect yourself and family by taking out a

Fire Life Accident, Sickness, and Weather Insurance Policy in any of the following companies:

FIRE.

North British and Mercantile, Anglo American, Liverpool & London & Globe.
British American, Caledonian, Canadian Phoenix of London, Metropolitan, Equity, Hartford, Sovereign, York Mutual.

ACCIDENT.

Ocean Accident, Canadian Casuality, and Boiler Ins. Co.

LIFE—Mutual Life of Canada.
WEATHER—Weston Farmers.

OFFICE OVER FULTON BLOCK.

C. W. CASSELMAN,

Wilford M. Saucier,
Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler, Engraver, &c.,

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewellry, Spectacles, etc., etc., for sale and repaired with neatness and despatch.

Prompt attention paid to repairing sent by mail.

Issuer of marriage Licenses.

W. M. Saucier.

Big Money in EGGS.

Make your Hens Lay Lots of Them by Feeding

HESS' POULTRY PANACEA.

The Guaranteed Egg Producer.

Your Stock Needs Particular Care at This Season of the Year.

Feed Your Cows Hess & Clarkes' Stock Food.

It Will Pay You.

We carry International Stock Food, Carnefac, Herbageum, Kow Cure, and Our Own Horse and Cattle Food.

If you have a Prescription for a Condition Powder, a Liniment, or any other Preparation, bring it in and let us fill it for you.

Have you LaGrippe or a bad Cold?—My Own Grippe Cure.

For Coughs—My Own Licorice Linseed and Menthol Cough Syrup. It is very good.

Our Stock of Drugs, Medicines, School Books, Stationery, etc., is complete.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS.

W. G. BOLSTER, DRUGGIST AND STATIONER.

NEXT DOOR TO R. BUIST'S. - - CHESTERVILLE.