SEND IT TO YOUR FRIENDS.

The Chesterville Record.

IT ONLY COSTS $1 PER YEAR

VOL. XII NO. 48. CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1906. $1 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE

The Bank of Ottawa.

DEPOSIT

Your Savings with this Bank; no matter how small. The same consideration and courtesy is shown to large and small depositors alike. Commence now with a deposit. Add to it systematically, and at the end of the year the result will prove most beneficial and gratifying.

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH.

C. R. KAVANAGH, Manager.

....THE....

MOLSONS BANK

INCORPORATED 1855.

CAPITAL Paid Up

$3,000,000.

RESERVE FUND

$3,000,000.

Total Assets Over $30,000,000

Farmers' Sale Notes Discounted or collected at lowest rates.

Loans Made to Farmers, Stock Dealers and Business Men at lowest rates and on most favorable terms.

Drafts Issued payable in all parts of the world.

Deposit Receipts Issued and highest current rates allowed,

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit and compounded on june 30th and Dec. 31st in each year, at highest current rate.

Agents all over the world.

H. P. DUNBAR EVANS, Manager

CHESTERVILLE BRANCH

OUR

New Fall Goods

Have arrived and are now open for Inspection.

—LATEST EFFECTS IN—

Suitings and Coatings

ASK TO SEE OUR

Emperor and Yotsam Serges

W. J. NASH,

Chesterville.

NEWCOMBE PIANOS ARE THE BEST

We Will Put it Against any Manufacturer for

Touch Tone and Durability.

Consult us Before Buying.

W. H. FETTERLY, Stores at Morrisburg & Winchester

Its a strong but true statement:

THE SUN LIFE'S 1905 Record, Has Never Been EQUALLED

By Any Other CANADIAN COMPANY

IRA J. CRAMER, General Agent, Aultsville. A. M. FETTERLY, Local Agent, Chesterville.

JOHN R. and W. L. REID, Managers Eastern Ontario, SUN LIFE BUILDING, OTTAWA

Union Bank OF CANADA.

HEAD OFFICE, - QUEBEC.

ESTABLISHED IN 1865.

PAID UP CAPITAL, -	$ 3,000,000
REST - - - - -	1,500,000
TOTAL ASSETS, 30th SEPT. 1905 - - -	28,000,000

President, ANDREW THOMSON,
General Manager, G. H BALFOUR,
Inspector, J. G. BILLETT,

Branches in Ontario, 39.
Branches in Quebec 4.
Branches in Manitoba, 35.
Branches in Sask, 26.
Branches in Alberta, 16.
} 120 in all.

Interest at current rates allowed on deposits.

Accounts of Farmers, Merchants and Municipalities solicited.

Winchester Branch. R. F. BLAIR, Manager.

Crysler Branch. J. E. J. ASTON, Manager.

The Merchants Bank OF CANADA.

Established 1864.

HEAD OFFICE, - MONTREAL.

CAPITAL (PAID Up) - $6,000,000

RESERVE FUND AND UNDIVIDED PROFITS - $3,673,197

President—Sir H. Montagu Allan, Kt.
Vice-Pres—Jonathan Hodgson, Esq.
E. F. Hebden, General Manager.

The Bank has 114 Branches and Agencies distributed through Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba and other Northwest provinces.

Savings Bank Department.

Interest at 3 per cent per annum allowed on Savings Bank Deposits of $1.00 and upwards. Interest added to principal half yearly.

A General Banking Business transacted.

Farmers' business solicited.

FINCH BRANCH,

D. A. MacMILLAN, Manager.

JAMES CURRIE

LICENSED Auctioneer for the Counties of Stormont. Dundas, Prescott and Russell. Phone No. 16.

CRYSLER, P. O.



Prof. G. F. THEEL, M.D., 527 North Sixth St. Philadelphia Pa., U. S. Only German Specialist in America. The German Treatment is the only Guaranteed cure for Specific Blood Poison, Cancer, Leprosy (also by mail) all Private Diseases, Nervous Abuse, Lost Manhood, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Stricture, Piles, Asthma, Fits, Losses, Drains. 42 years practical & 6 years hospital experience in Germany. Send for Book "Truth" exposing every City & Country medical & electrical advertising fraud

S. A. CRAMER, LICENSED AUCTIONEER

For the Townships of Williamsburg, Winchester, Finch and Osnabruck. Rates reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed.

A number of arrests have been made on both sides in connection with the Buckingham, Que., shooting.

Millinery Opening !

J. B. LaFRANCE & Co.,

OF CRYSLER,

Wishes to announce to the Ladies of the surrounding country that their Millinery Department is now open for inspection with a New and Up-to-Date Display of Millinery of the Latest Styles and Patterns.

MISS BOZE

an experienced Milliner, is in charge of this department and will be pleased to attend to the wants of the public in this line.

LaFRANCE. & Co., - - CRYSLER, ONT.

INSPECTION OF STALLIONS.

Public Meeting Will be Held in Each County at the Close of the Canvas.

The following letter of interest to horse-breeders and owners of stallions has been received from Mr. A. P. Westervelt, of Toronto:

To the Editor of the Record, Chesterville,

Enclosed herewith you will please find further information regarding the investigation of the horse industry, particulars regarding which were sent you a few days ago. You will notice that the enclosures give the names of the commissioners for each general district; the places, with dates, at which public meetings will be held and the starting point and dates for each institute district. I am sending you these particulars for publication as a large number of your readers will be interested in having the information regarding their own neighborhood.

As this investigation will be of great benefit to the province generally, any assistance you may be able to give to the work, or to the commissioners in your district will be much appreciated.

Yours very truly

A. P. WESTERVELT, Director.

Toronto, Oct. 5th.

DISTRICT NO. 7.

Commissioners—W. F. Kydd, Simcoe; Geo. Gray, Newcastle.

County of Prescott—Public meeting, Vankleek Hill, Oct. 13, 2 p.m.

County of Russell—Public meeting, Russell, Oct. 22, 7.30 p m.

Russell Institute District, October 15 to 22. Ottawa, Orleans, Hawthorn, Johnson's Corners, Greeley, Vernon, Metcalfe, Russell, Vars, Sarsfield, Cumberland, Rockland, Clarence Creek, The Brook, Casselman, St. Albert, Embrun, Russell.

County of Carleton—Public meeting, Stittsville, Oct. 30, 7.30 p.m.

DISTRICT No. 8.

Commissioners—H. S. Arkell, B. S. A. O. A. C., Guelph; J. Sinclair, V. S., Cannington.

County of Glengarry—Public meeting, Alexandria, Oct. 13, 7.30 p m.

Glengarry Institute District, October 9 to 3. Summerstown, Bainsville, Bridge End, Martintown, Munro's Mills, Glenneyis, Dalhousie Mills, Apple Hill, Dominionville, Glen Robertson, Dalkeith, Maxville, Alexandria.

County of Dundas—Public meeting, Winchester, Oct. 18, 7.30 p.m.

Dundas Institute District, October 15 to 18. Winchester, Mountain, South Mountain, Brinston's Corners, Dundela, Iroquois, Morrisburg, Grantley, Chesterville, Winchester Springs, Winchester, Morewood.

County of Grenville—Public meeting, Kemptville, October 25, 7.30 p.m.

County of Stormont—Dates, routes, and date and place of public meeting for the Institute Districts of Stormont and Cornwall, will be arranged later.

Cordial Invitation to Disease.

This is an apt description of constipation. It's an unnatural condition to begin with, and it's more, because it brings about blood deterioration, interferes with digestion, renders you susceptible to infectious diseases and causes anaemia. Not so much a purgative as a general stimulant to the bowels is what you need. You get it in Dr. Hamilton's Pills, which increase liver activity, restores the bowels to perfect action and positively cure constipation and its attendant evils. Insist on having only Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c per box at all dealers.

Whittaker the Optician, will be at Chesterville on Oct. 17th, and Finch on Oct. 18th.

NOTICE

To the General Public

Having an agency for the ROYAL FIRE INSURANCE CO., England respectfully solicit a share of your patronage.

H. KEARNS, - - Chesterville.

THOS. H. DUNN,

Civil Engineer and Ontario Land Surveyor.

Municipal Engineering, including the preparation of plans and estimates for bridges, sidewalks, drains, sewers. etc.

Prompt attention given to drainage.

Office in Sweet's block over Union Bank, Winchester.

North Bruce Election.

The writ for the vacancy in North Bruce has been issued. Nominations will take place on Tuesday, Oct. 23rd, and polling a week later.

Good Corn Sheller for 25c.

A marvel of efficacy and promptness, a remedy that does cure corn and warts. It's name is Putman's Corn Extractor. Contains no acids, never pains, gives lasting satisfaction. insist on "Putman's" only. It's the best.

Perth Mystery.

Just at present Perth is the scene of another mystery. About twenty-eight years ago Miss Elizabeth Ewart and Mr. Robert Raine, both of Perth, were married and lived together happily for sixteen years. In fact their bliss was something more than ordinary. At the end of that time Mr. Raine left to conduct a series of entertainments with majic lantern views and that was the last Mrs. Raine saw of him. Everyone was so sure of his death that the A O.U.W. paid over to his supposed widow $2000 insurance on his life. About a month ago Mrs. Raine left for Vancouver to live with a brother-in-law and shortly after the missing husband sent from California to Mr. James Ewart for his wife's address.

The people of Perth and vicinity are watching the outcome of this mystery with great interest.

Fatal Accident in South Mountain.

At South Mountain on Tuesday afternoon of last week, Mr. Joseph Dillabough, who lives near the village, was helping Mr. Wm. Barkley deepen his well. When the well was originally dug a large stone had been left in the side of it, and the men now tried to remove the stone. Failing to dislodge it, they started to stone up the well again and for this purpose Mr. Barkley was down inside. Mr. Dillabough, looking over the edge, told Mr. Barkley he was not doing it right, to come up and he would do it. Mr. Dillabough had only been down a few minutes when a scream and a splash were heard, and the man was found in the water dead. The large stone had loosened and fallen down on the unfortunate man's head, splitting it open. Mr. Dillabough who was about sixty-five years of age, leaves a wife and a family of seven small children.

The Late Dr. McIntosh.

Sorrow was expressed by the many frlends of the late Dr. Geo. McIntosh, a former pupil of the Morrisburg Collegiate Institute, when word was received from McDonald's Corners, a place north of Kingston, on the Kingston & Pembroke Railway, that he had joined the silent majority as the result of an attack of typhoid fever.

The deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. John McIntosh, former residents of Morrisburg, but now living in Kingston, and was about 25 years of age. He graduated in 1904 from Queen's College. He was a bright pupil at the M.C.I. and Queen's, and readily gained friends, whom he always retained.

He leaves a father, mother and one brother to mourn his loss. The remains were brought here and the funeral took place on Sunday from the residence of his uncle, Thomas Merklev, North Williamsburg, to the Lutheran church.

The RECORD joins with the many friends of deceased in extending its sincere sympathy to the bereaved ones.

Kemptville Has Big Sensation.

Residents of Kemptville are all agog over a sensational development. Mrs. Fredrick Arcand and her two children, a boy and a girl, have been missing since Tuesday of last week, and Basil Laplante, who lived with the Arcands, has also disappeared. Mrs. Arcand took $300 belonging to her husband and Laplante. Mrs. Arcand and her two children are known to have gone west on the transcontinental train. Fredrick Arcand, the husband, was in Ottawa an hour after their departure. He begged Chief de la Ronde, County Chief Hamilton, Constable Lascelle and Constable Law of the C. P. R., to help him recover his money and children. The local police were helpless in the matter, however, and Arcand returned to Kemptville to get a warrant for his wife's arrest. He wired the Winnipeg police to stop the runaway couple.

Mr. Arcand is a farmer, well known in Kemptville, and his wife is aged about 35 years. The boy is four years old, and the girl two. Mrs. Arcand is a good looking woman, and Laplante, with whom she is alleged to have eloped, is about her own age. He has his right arm bandaged, having injured it some time ago.

Arcand went to Magistrate Allen and took out a warrant. He intends following the runaway couple himself and has asked Chief McIntosh of Kemptville to accompany him. Arcand also states that he does not want his wife, but that he intends if possible to take the children from her. Arcand was away from Kemptville on business when Laplante and his wife and children got on the train for Ottawa.

Thirteen years and had [illegible] of stuff recommended as a cure but which made me worse rather than better. Doctors told me there was no hope for me. Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pain Cured me."

Dealers or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

purifies the blood

free trial

LOCAL AND DISTRICT NEWS.

Mrs. E. Merkley has moved to Winchester.

Mr. Ed. Flynn returned last Friday from Cobalt.

Thursday next, October 18th, is Thanksgiving Day.

Mr. Giles Bogart has purchased the Gillespie property, and moved his household effects there yesterday.

Miss Mary Coyne, daughter of Mrs. Honor Coyne, of this place, left on Saturday for Kingston to study for a nun.

Mr. W. M. Saucier of this place, has received the blanks for licenses for deer hunters, and is prepared to issue them to intending hunters.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church intend holding their Bazaar and Concert in the Town Hall, afternoon and evening of Oct. 26th.

Mr. A. C. Fetterly, of Cornwall, has been appointed general agent for the Mutual Life of Canada, for the County of Dundas. For a number of years he also has held the same position for the Counties of Stormont and Glengarry.

The bye-election held in North Renfrew on Tuesday, resulted in the return of Gerald White, Conservative, son of the late Hon. Peter White, by a majority of 1098 over his nearest Liberal opponent, Mr. Thos Murray.

WANTED—A Boy, with a fair education, to learn the Printing Business. For particulars apply at this office.

The names of the following from these counties appear in the list of those in attendance at the Ottawa Normal School:—Misses Agnes McCloskey, Chesterville; Eva L. Ouderkirk, Cornbar; Maggie M. N. Robb, [illegible]; Matilda M Thompson, Dixon's Corners; Mr. Herbert P. Coulthart, Williamstown.

The Methodist Conference has ordered that the salary of a married minister shall in future be not less than $800 per annum, exclusive of horse keep, parsonage, etc., a single minister not less than $500, and a probationer not less than $400, representing an increase of $50 in each case.

Mr. John Currie, of Crysler, has rented his farm to the Paul Bros., and intends retiring from farming. In consequence he will have an auction sale about the first of November, and as he is an up-to-date farmer, the public will have a splendid chance to secure some choice cattle and horses from his well selected stock. Watch for posters, which will appear in due time.

Crysler Cheese Board.

On this board on Saturday, 847 boxes of cheese, 585 white and balance colored, were boarded and sold for 12 13-16c. Buyers present were Messrs. Ault, Currie, McLean, Weir, Campbell and Logan.

Concert and Tea.

A Thanksgiving Tea and Concert under the auspices of the Presbyterian congregation of Morewood, will be held on Thursday, Oct. 18. Tea will be served from 5 45 to 7.30 p. m., after which a concert will be held in the Foresters' Hall.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. It's made for Piles alone—and it does the work surely and with satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large, nickel capped glass jars, 50c Sold and recommended by Walter G. Bolster.

Dr. Stewart Dead.

Shortly after 10 o'clock, Saturday night, Dr. James Stewart, the well-known specialist on nervous diseases, passed away at his residence, Mountain street, Montreal, after an illness of a little over a week.

The funeral service took place on Tuesday afternoon, when service was held in St. Paul's Presbyterien Church, Montreal, by Rev. Dr. Barclay, commencing at 2 o'clock. Interment took place at Osgoode, Ont., where Dr. Stewart was born, the remains being conveyed thither by the 4.15 train from the Windsor Station.

Dr. Stewart never married, practically devoting his life to his profession, although he was a keen student of current affairs. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, and a Conservative. He is survived by two brothers and three sisters, Mr. H. Stewart, Ormond, Ont.; A. Stewart, Kenmore, Ont.; Mrs. Bolton and Miss Stewart, Winchester, Ont., and Mrs. Rutherford, Osgoode.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, that dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with the human lips. Dry, cracked, and colorless lips mean feverishness, and are as well ill appearing. To have beautiful, pink, velvet-like lips, apply at bedtime a coating of Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free trial box, at our store and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25 cents. Walter G. Bolster.

DIED.

FETTERLY—At Morrisburg, on Sept. 28, 1906, Roy, the infant son of W. H. Fetterly.

"Everyone knows dead men tell no tales."

She—"Lady Buncomb is fond of doing good on the sly." He—"Yes; but she's terribly cut up if other people don't find out about it."

Liberal Conservative Meeting.

A meeting of the Liberal Conservatives of the county of Dundas, will be held at Winchester Springs on Tuesday, Oct. 23rd.

For Sale or Rent.

DWELLING House in good state of repair. For further particulars apply to WM. HUXTABLE, Chesterville, or J. P. BOGART, 34th street, Ottawa East.

Card of Thanks

MRS. JOSEPH DILLABOUGH of South Mountain wishes to express her deepest feelings of gratitude toward the many friends and neighbors of Chesterville who have been such a support and comfort to them in their hour of deep affliction and bereavement.

Cabbage and Pigs For Sale

A LOT of fine Cabbage for sale. $3.50 per hundred in the field. A lot of cabbage for little money. Also Sixteen young Pigs for sale. Ready now.

S. HURLEY. Maple Ridge.

House For Sale.

HOUSE AND LOT on Church street for sale. Fair House and Barn, good sized Lot with a good Well. For particulars apply to PETER HOPPER, Chesterville.

For Sale.

THAT Desirable Brick Residence, with attached lots; one of the finest premises along the St. Lawrence, situated in Mariatown, the property of G. E. Myers. The lot contains two acres, more or less, good orchard, stable, well, &c. Conveniently situated to schnol; just the place for a retired farmer. An ideal home about ½ mile west of Morrisburg. Apply to G. E. MYERS, Morrisburg, Ont.

For Sale.

I have the following which I will offer for sale at reasonable rates:

3 Milch Cows,
2 Cutters,
2 Buggies.

Study your own interests and consult me if you want a bargain.

JOHN FOSTER, Chesterville.

Farm For Sale.

THERE will be offered for sale by Public Auction, on **Monday, the 22nd day of October, 1906,** at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Post Office **at Cannamore,** by James Currie, Auctioneer, the following property:

The east half of the east half of lot number two in the tenth concession of the Township of Finch, in the County of Stormont, containing fifty acres, more or less.

The above land is all cleared and in a good state of cultivation and is convenient to Cannamore post office, cheese factory and public school. A frame farm house with kitchen and woodshed and suitable frame barn and stables are built upon the above premises. Water is furnished by two convenient wells.

Terms of Sale:—20 per cent of the purchase money to be paid down at the time of sale to the vendor's agent; the balance may be arranged by the purchaser furnishing suitable security. The vendor reserves the right to make one bid.

Further particulars and conditions of sale will be made known on application to Thomas McGregor, North Winchester post office, Vendor's Agent.

Dated October 9th, 1906.

MRS. CHAS. FEELEY, Owner.
THOMAS McGREGOR, Agent.

Poultry Wanted

I WILL BE AT THE

McCloskey -:- House CHESTERVILLE,

From Oct. 25th Until Nov. 15th,

Prepared to purchase all kinds of Live and Dressed Poultry.

W. A. OLMSTEAD.

ATTENTION !

A MEETING OF THE

Liberal Conservative Assoc'n

Of the County of Dundas, will be held at

WINCHESTER SPRINGS

—ON—

Tuesday, Oct. the 23rd, 1906,

at 1 p.m., sharp, for the purpose of electing officers and dealing with other matters in the interest of the Association. Hon. J. P. Whitney will be present and give an address.

M. J. CASSENMAN, President.
WM. FAITH & W. J. FISHER, Joint Secretaries.
GOD SAVE THE KING.

AUCTION SALE !

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction at lot 12 in the 9th con. Finch,

Half Mile South of Crysler, on

Thursday, Oct. the 25th, 1906,

The following:

15 grade Ayrshire milch cows, all young,
1 registered Ayrshire cow,
1 3 yr-old colt, 1 2 yr-old colt

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

ISSUE NO. 41—06.

TWO STRIKERS SHOT DEAD

MacLaren Mills, Buckingham, Quebec Scene of Murderous Affray.

THE DEAD.

THOS. BELANGER, labor leader.
XAVIER THERRIEAU, striker, Buckingham.

FATALLY WOUNDED.

Detective Peter Pecard, Montreal.
Detective Herbert Verner, Montreal.

SERIOUSLY WOUNDED.

James Kiernan, policeman, Buckingham.
Albert Leyotte, detective, Montreal.
Frank Kierman, Chief of Police, Buckingham.
Isidore Renaud, striker, Buckingham.
Edward Miner, striker, Buckingham.
Baptiste Clemow, striker, Buckingham.
Felix Fauvalle, striker, Buckingham.
Xavier Tremblay, striker, Buckingham.
Adelard Hamelin, striker, Buckingham.
Louis Gervais, striker, Buckingham.
Felix Lacelle, striker, Buckingham.

THE OUTBREAK.

Buckingham, Que., Oct. 8.—One of the most disastrous affrays in connection with a labor dispute occurred this afternoon in this town, 20 miles down the river from Ottawa. A pistol battle took place between the strikers of the Jas. McLaren Company, Limited, lumbermen, and a detachment of police, and as a result two of the strike leaders are dead in the morgue, two special constables are at the point of death in St. Michael's Hospital, nine men are seriously wounded, and a score are slightly injured.

About a month ago the men employed in the lumber and pulp mills of the James McLaren Company, Limited, demanded an [illegible]. A number [illegible] the pe[illegible] and res[illegible] first em[illegible] ed in se[illegible] ars ago one of these flowers(?) gave ly six months to reside in Chester- nd with difficulty a little perfume increased [illegible] by reason of the lowness of the water in the Lievre River, they did not feel warranted in entertaining the demand. Accordingly, on Sept. 15 the employes of all the mills refused to work any longer, whereupon the mills were closed down and the men paid off.

This morning it was decided to move an accumulation of logs which were obstructing navigation in the river. A few of the men who had stood loyal to the firm were engaged for this purpose. They were accompanied by about 40 constables, who had been specially engaged as watchmen of the McLaren property.

ATTACK WAS PLANNED.

The attack upon the police had been planned in the morning. When the non-union men commenced to move the logs the strikers assembled in force. Thomas Belanger, president of the union, and another of the officers, named Charette, went forward and asked to be allowed to speak on behalf of the men. Mayor Verequllelee, who is superintendent of the works, shouted back, giving consent. Belanger made a violent harangue on behalf of the strikers, and declared that they would resort to violence unless the moving of the logs was stopped. Mayor Verequllelee, in reply, said the company would not recognize the union and that hereafter the mill would be an open shop.

Belanger and Charette then returned to their fellows, and, after a conference, the strikers dashed down the hill yelling at the top of their voices and hurling stones. Belanger and Hamlin were in the lead, and as soon as the rush began Belanger waved a revolver and shouted "Come on, men, show them what we are made of." The strikers had advanced about fifty yards when a shot grazed the head of Constable Kiernan. The specials fired their revolvers in the air over the heads of the advancing mob, but when the bullets from the revolvers of the strikers began to fly around them they took steady aim.

TWO LEADERS FELL.

Belanger was one of the first to fall, and a few seconds later Theriault dropped. For 20 minutes the sanguinary feud continued. Men had dropped on both sides. Seeing how serious had been the struggle, the strikers pulled off.

The townspeople had in the meantime commenced to gather, and the work of removing the dead and injured was speedily carried out. Fearing a possible renewal of the trouble, requisition was made upon Col. Hodgins, D.O.C. of No. 4 District, for the services of the military, and shortly after 8 o'clock to-night 66 men of the G.G.F.G. and 35 men of the 43 Rifles left Ottawa by special train. Col. Hodgins was in command of the force, the officers with him being Major D. Cameron, Major Morrison, and Capt. Cunningham.

ENGINE CRASHED INTO VAN.

Fatal Collision on a Railway in Nova Scotia.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The worst collision in the history of the Sydney and Louisburg Railway, owned by the Dominion Coal Company, happened near Glace Bay on Mondoy night, and one man is dead and another dying and nine others injured. The accident was caused by a collision in a deep cut of the road between a construction train and a train of empties coming from Louisburg. The construction train was reversed, and had all the cars ahead of her, the farthest in advance being the van in which workmen were standing. As they entered a deep cut just the other side of the cut near the town reservoir the roar of another was heard. Conductor McLeod, who had charge of the construction train, was standing on the steps, and, seeing the coming collision, jumped and escaped. With a crash and a roar the big engine crashed through the construction van, and of the 11 men inside not one escaped injuries of a more or less serious kind. The van was smashed to kindling wood and the unfortunate men were strewn in all directions along the track.

Norman McLennan, cousin of A. N. McLennan, of the Sydney and Glace Bay, was killed outright. His brother Dan is in a dying condition with terrible injuries on the head. The men's injuries include scalp wounds, broken legs and arms, bruises and minor wounds.

MURDER OF ENGLISH GIRL.

Distantly Related to the British Royal Family.

A despatch from Essen, Prussia, says: A great sensation has been caused here by the murder of Miss Madeline Lake, daughter of an English army officer, whose body, terribly mutilated, was found Monday evening in the city park. The police have been unable to throw any light in the mystery surrounding her death. Both temples were beaten in, her throat was lacerated by the hands of her murderer, who, evidently strangled her in addition to beating her terribly about the head, and her arms and body were severely bruised.

The excitement caused by this horrible crime in a public park, almost in daylight, apparently, has been increased by the fact that the inquiries of the authorities have resulted in seemingly establishing the fact that Miss Lake was related, distantly, to the British Royal family, the brother of her grandmother. It is stated, having married a daughter of Caroline Amelia Elizabeth of Brunswick, the divorced wife of George IV. of England.

CROP OF APPLES WILL BE FAIR.

Nova Scotia Expects to Export About Same as Last Year.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The Nova Scotia apple crop this season will, in quantity, be about the same as last year, when 325,000 barrels were exported to foreign markets. In quality the crop is fair, gravensteins are a failure. In regard to price it is not expected that they will be quite as high as last year, when an average of $2.75 per barrel was noted, but the returns will be good.

Advices from England are that the crop, which at one time promised to be very abundant, has been materially diminished through drought and gales, while the recent hot weather has caused it to mature quickly so that it will not keep well, and the fruit will be off the market earlier than usual. Prices in New York will be higher than at the corresponding time last year. In Nova Scotia they are advancing. Buyers began paying $1.50 per barrel and are now offering $2 in some cases for run of orchard.

DRANK SOOTHING SYRUP.

Four-year-old Montreal Boy Drank Contents of Bottle.

A despatch from Montreal says: Hermengilde Vermette, four years old, whose parents live at 1,059 St. Dominique street is dead, the result of an overdose of soothing syrup. While his mother was washing in the back of the house the little fellow spied a bottle of soothing syrup on the kitchen table. Liking the taste of the mixture, he drank the whole contents. Thereafter he wandered out into the back yard, where not long after his mother found him, apparently asleep. All efforts on her part to awake him proved futile, and, although medical assistance was procured, he passed away without regaining consciousness.

AGED WOMAN CUT HER THROAT.

Domestic Troubles Cause Suicide of Resident of Blenheim.

A despatch from Blenheim, Ont., says: Mrs. James Jeffrys, of this place, ended her life on Saturday evening by cutting her throat. She was about 75 years of age and leaves a husband and one son. Domestic troubles are supposed to be the cause of the deed, as she had been in good health.

2,000 BABIES SUFFOCATED.

Yearly Fatalities in England Through Sleeping With Parents.

A despatch from London says: At an inquest in the case of an infant who had been suffocated in its parents' bed the coroner said that 2,000 infants were so suffocated annually in England. There were 600 cases in London alone. He pointed out that in Germany the law made it illegal to have a baby under a year old in the same bed with its parents.

NEW COAL FIELDS.

[illegible] 100 Square Miles Near [illegible]land.

[illegible]s: What [illegible]rgin coal [illegible] has just [illegible]om Dov- [illegible]d, of 100 [illegible]d to be [illegible]rs.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Oct. 9—Flour—Ontario wheat 90 per cent. patents are quoted at $2.75 in buyers' sacks outside for export. Manitoba first patents, $4.10; second patents, $3.90; and strong bakers', $3.80, Toronto.

Bran—The market is firm at $15 to $15.50 in bulk, outside. Shorts are quoted at $18 to $18.50 outside.

Corn—No. 2 American is quoted at 56c on track, Toronto.

Wheat—No. 2 white offered at 72½c outside, and at 72c at 70 per cent. points, with 71¾c bid. No. 2 red Winter offered at 72c outside, without bids. No. 2 mixed offered at 71c at 70 per cent. points, with 70½c bid, while 71c was bid east of Toronto. No. 1 Manitoba hard was 80½c bid on track, Point Edward, and No. 1 Northern offered at 80c, Point Edward, without bids.

Barley—No. 3 offered at 46c at 78 per cent.. points, with 45c bid.

Oats—No. 2 white offered at 35½c on a 6c rate to Toronto, with 35c bid. Two cars sold at 35½c on a 5c rate to Toronto.

Rye—No. 2 wanted at 66c outside, without sellers.

Buckwheat—No. 2 offered at 52c outside, without bids.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Beans—Hand-picked selling at $1.75 to $1.80, and primes at $1.60 to $1.70.

Honey—Strained honey quoted at 10 to 11c per lb. and combs at $2 per dozen.

Hops—New quoted at 20 to 25c.

Hay—Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at $9.50 to $10 on track, Toronto, and No. 2 at $8.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 12 to 14c; chickens, 9 to 11c per lb. alive; ducks, alive, 10 to 11c per lb.

Straw—$5.50 to $6 per ton.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 21 to 22c; tubs, 18 to 20c; large rolls, 18 to 20c. Creamery prints sell at 24 to 25c; and solids at 22½ to 26c.

Eggs—Good stock brings 19c per dozen, and splits 13c.

Cheese—Prices rule at 13½ to 14½c, the latter for twins.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots nominal. Bacon, long clear, 12¾c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, $22 to $22.50; short cut $24.50.

Hams—Light to medium, 16c; do., heavy, 15c; rolls, 12½c; shoulders, 11½ to 12c; backs, 17½ to 18c; breakfast bacon, 15 to 16c.

Lard—Tierces, 11½c; tubs, 11¾c; pails, 12c

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal,, Oct. 9.—Grain—There was some enquiry for Manitoba wheat from over the cable, but bids showed little or no improvement, and business was quiet. The local market for oats is firm in tone though the demand is rather quiet. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat, $4.50; strong bakers', $4; Winter wheat patents, $4 to $4.10; straight rollers, $3.80 to $3.90; do., in bags, $1.75 to $1.80, extras, $1.50 to $1.60. Feed—Manitoba bran, in bags, $20; shorts, $23 per ton; Ontario bran, in bags, $19 to $19.50; shorts, $22 to $22.50; milled mouille, $21 to $25 per ton, and straight rollers, $28 to $29. Provisions—Barrels short cut mess, $22 to $24; half-barrels, $11.75 to $12.50; clear fat backs, $23.50; long cut heavy mess, $20.50; half-barrels do., $10.75; dry salt long clear bacon, 12¼ to 12¾c; barrels plate beef, $12 to $13; half-barrels do., $6.50 to $7; barrels heavy mess beef, $11; half-barrels do., $6; compound lard, 8 to 9¼c; pure lard, 11½ to 12c; kettle rendered, 12½ to 13c; hams, 14½ to 16c; breakfast bacon, 15½ to 16½c; Windsor bacon, 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $9.50; alive, $6.75 to $6.90 per 100 lbs. Eggs—Selects, 22c; No. 1 candled, 18 to 19c. Butter—Choice creamery, salted and unsalted, 24 to 24½c; medium grades, 23 to 23¾c. Cheese—Ontario, 13 to 13⅛c; Quebec, 12¾ to 13c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Milwaukee, Oct. 9.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 79 to 80½c; No. 2 Northern, 76 to 78½c; December, 75⅝c. Rye— No. 1, 63¾ to 64c. Barley—No. 2, 55c; sample, 38 to 54c. Corn—No. 3 cash, 46½ to 47c December, 43.

Duluth, Oct. 9.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 76½c, No. 2 Northern, 75c; October, 76c; December, 75c; May, 78¾c.

Minneapolis, Oct.—Wheat—December, 74¼ to74¾c; May, 78⅜c; cash, 76½c; No. 1 Northern, 76c; No. 2 Northern, 74c; No. 3 Northern, 72¾c. Flour — First patents, $4.20 to $4.30; second patents, $4.05 to $4.15; first clears, $3.25 to $3.35; second clears, $2.40 to $2.60.

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Toronto, Oct. 9.—Trade was active in good cattle at the Western Market today, and prices held pretty steady on moderate offerings thereof.

Little business was transacted in exporters' cattle. The quotations ranged in general from $4.25 to $4.75 per cwt. For good animals a little more than the above would be paid.

Best butchers', $4.25 to $4.50; good butchers', loads of, $4 to $4.25; fair and medium butchers', $3.40 to $3.90; rough to good cows, $2.25 to $3.45; heavy cows, $3.35 to $3.60; canners, $1.25 per cwt. up.

Trade in feeders is somewhat hurt by the low prices which are offered. Shortkeeps, $3.60 to $4; feeders, $3.25 to $3.50; stockers, $2.50 to $3 per cwt.

Export Ewes, $4 to $4.50; export bucks, $3 to $3.50; lambs, $6.10 to $6.25; calves, $3.50 to $6 each.

The offerings of milch cows were large and the demand was strong. Prices were firm at $25 to $50 each.

Hogs were unchanged at $6.65 for selects, and $6.40 for lights and fats.

COURT-MARTIAL FOR MUTINY

Russian Sailors Being Tried for Disobeying Orders.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says. The court-martial at Cronstadt on Wednesday began the trial of the three ringleaders of the mutiny on board the torpedo gunboat Kazanatz, Aug. 2. Next week the court will begin trying 295 members of the crew of the battleship Alexander II., who refused to obey Capt. Petroff's orders to enter the ship's boats and assist in suppressing the mutiny at Cronstadt.

A court-martial at Libau, in Courland, has found 23 sailors of the transport Riga guilty of mutiny in August last and has sentenced them to various terms of imprisonment at hard labor.

The seriousness of the August mutiny was revealed at the court-martials held at Cronstadt, Helsingfors, Reval, Riga, Libau, and practically every Baltic port, showing that the whole fleet was honeycombed with sedition.

An unreported mutiny of the 21st East Siberian Regiment, which distinguished itself in several battles in Manchuria, has been disclosed by the verdict of a court-martial held at Blagovieshtchensk, Asiatic Russia, which has sentenced six of the ringleaders to death, three others to hard labor, and 19 to serve various terms in the disciplinary battalions.

Tuesday's record of executions, as the result of the sentences of drum-head court-martials, includes four Anarchists put to death at Kiev and seven bandits executed at Bakhmut. The latter were shot owing to the inability of the authorities to procure a hangman.

TERRORISTS AS BANDITS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Twenty-five robbers recently boarded a Russian steamship as passengers, seized the vessel after they had overpowered the crew, and took 12,000 roubles and the valuables of the passengers.

The police on Wednesday afternoon captured several of a party of revolutionists who had planned an attack on the cashier of the Customs House. Many shots were fired and one man is said to have been killed.

CAPT DZIANHOWSKY KILLED.

A despatch from Moscow says. Capt. Dzianhowsky, who was shot and killed in a street here on Wednesday, was assassinated in pursuance of a sentence of the revolutionists. He was the commander of a company of the Pernova Regiment, which on Aug. 16 killed two political prisoners during an outbreak among the political offenders confined in the Central Prison of Moscow. Several members of drumhead courtsmartial have also been sentenced to death by the revolutionists.

WITTE IS HOPEFUL.

A despatch from Paris says: Count and Countess Witte arrived here on Wednesday from Germany. The Count, who has considerably improved in health, attended the theatre at night, his presence attracting much attention. He says he has absolutely no connection with the direction of affairs in Russia, but is following the developments with the keenest interest. Continuing, the former Premier said:

"The Empire is passing through a great crisis, but although I am a pessimist at present I have not abandoned hope of seeing eventually evolved a Parliamentary and monarchical regime suited to the needs of the country."

THREW BOMB AT GOVERNOR

A despatch from Simbirsk, Province of Simbirsk, Russia, says: Gen. Starynkewitch, Governor of Simbrisk, had a narrow escape from assassination on Thursday. A bomb was thrown at him, wounding him in the hand and leg. His injuries are not fatal.

DEADLY POISON IN BOMBS.

The London Telegraph's correspondent at St. Petersburg says that bombs seized by the police in their recent raid on the Engineers' Institute contained a barbarous device for destroying life by prussic acid. When such a bomb burst even the smallest fragment that was in contact with the acid would cause speedy death if it scratched the flesh. Many injured by bombs in the past have been cured, but nobody hurt by these bombs could be cured.

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK BETTER.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says The official telegraph agency has circulated a calming explanation of Minister Kokovtzeff's report, winding up with the declaration that the financial outlook in Russia is decidedly favorable.

Forty Terrorists stopped a railroad train near Ufa on Friday and seized $1,300.

JAPAN WARNS RUSSIA.

Action of the Government in the Manchurian Expulsion Case.

A despatch from Tokio says: With regard to the expulsion of a party of Japanese from North Manchuria on Sunday by the Russian authorities, which was in violation of the convention signed Sept. 28, abrogating the Szingchieh treaty, which excluded Japanese and Russians from North and South Manchuria respectively, the Government announces that it is willing to regard the incident as due to the carelessness of the Russian officials. Nevertheless the Government has instructed Dr. Montono, the Japanese Minister at St. Petersburg, to warn the Russian Government and to demand that immediate telegraphic instructions be sent to the authorities at Harbin and Vladivostock.

TO PRESERVE MILK.

French Physician Discovers New Method of Sterilizing.

A despatch from Paris says: The Matin announces that Prof. Behring has discovered a new method of sterilizing milk without boiling it or destroying any of its essential principles. The method is based on the qualities of perhydrol, simply oxygenated. One gramme per litre destroys all noxious germs. Milk thus sterilized can be kept for a long time, while it is not injured by travelling. Prof. Behring says he has proved that light has a very harmful effect on milk, whether it is sterilized or not. He recommends that it be kept in the dark, or in red or green bottles.

MISSING GIRL IS LOCATED.

Miss Robertson, of Goderich, Found Employed in a Buffalo Store.

A despatch from Stratford says: The news has reached here that Miss Jessie Robertson, sister of City Solicitor Robertson, who disappeared so completely at Quebec some weeks ago, has been located in Buffalo. Her state of mind had been affected by her poor health. When found she was employed with a china decorative firm. The girl will be taken back to Goderich, her home.

HIGHEST ON RECORD.

Fire Losses From January to September Total $400,587,750.

A despatch from New York says: The loss by fire in the United States and Canada during the month of September as compiled by the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin aggregates $10,852,550, or about $3,000,000 below the record of the same month in 1905. The nine months' losses by fire now reach the sum of $400,587,750, a figure never before equalled in the history of the country.

ROME EXPRESS DERAILED.

Five Persons Killed and Twenty Injured.

A despatch from Rome says: The Milan-Rome express train, while running at full speed on Saturday night, was derailed at Piaczena. Five persons were killed and twenty injured. There was great confusion at the time of the disaster, which was due to dilapidated rolling stock.

WINNIPEG SUFFERS BY FIRE.

Over $40,000 Damage Done in Immense Lumber Yard.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A disastrous fire occurred in the immense lumber yard in Fort Rouge of ex-Mayor Arbuthnot on Saturday night, when damage to the extent of $40,000 was done. The fire started in the boiler-room with a strong north-west breeze and was quickly beyond the control of the brigade. The heaviest loss was occasioned in the destruction of the mill and ten cars of expensive mouldings standing on a siding nearby. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

TOUCHED A LIVE WIRE.

Young Man Instantly Killed on the Street at Belleville.

A despatch from Belleville says: Wm. Walsh, 18 years of age, was instantly killed here on Friday evening by coming in contact with a live electric wire. One of the wires which is used by the Trenton Electric Company in lighting the street, fell on St. Charles Street, and Walsh, who happened to come along at the time, struck the wire, with the result that he was thrown for some distance. When picked up he was dead, having received the full shock of the voltage which was being carried about the city.

GAS MAIN EXPLODED.

Havoc in Philadelphia Street—Six Men Were Killed.

A despatch from Philadelphia says: A terrific explosion of illuminating gas in the subway of the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company under construction at Sixth and Market streets on Friday resulted in the death of six men, the injuring of about a dozen others, and caused damage of thousands of dollars. The explosion was caused by a leak in a city main that had been improperly repaired on Thursday night. The escaping gas formed in a pocket in the subway, and it is believed that a workman with a lamp ignited the gas.

KICKED TO DEATH.

Winnipeg Man's Fate at Hands of Two Bartenders.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Fatally kicked in the bar-room of the Stock Exchange Hotel, Logan Avenue, on Saturday night, Thomas Humphreys, an employe at Gordon, Ironsides and Fare's abattoir, died within 15 minutes of his removal to his home. Humphreys was drunk and quarrelsome and in the course of a fight in the bar two of the bartenders, Montgomery and Savage, attempted to put him out of the building. While being ejected he was kicked over the heart. Both bartenders were arrested.

Thanksgiving Dinner

A very pleasing menu containing the favorite dishes of Thanksgivings, both "ancient and modern," is the following:—

Raw Oysters.
Brownbread Sandwiches.
Roast Turkey Stuffed with Chestnuts.
Cranberry Sauce. Pickled Peaches.
Celery. Baked Ham. Cider Sauce.
Chicken Pastry.
Mashed Potatoes. Creamed Onions.
Browned Sweet Potatoes.
Scalloped Squash. Ginger Sherbet.
Lettuce and Walnut Salad.
Wafers. Cheese.
Pumpkin Pie. Mince Pie.
Cranberry Tart.
Baked Indian Pudding, with Cream.
Ice Cream. Sponge Cake.
Coffee.

This may seem rather a formidable menu to the woman without superior help, yet so many of the dishes may be prepared beforehand, that it need necessitate very little more cooking when the day arrives than that required for the usual Sunday dinner. The day before, the turkey may be made ready for roasting, the chestnuts cooked and mashed for the stulling, and all the dry ingredients for the making it mixed together, the chickens cooked for the pastry, the crust made and set away in a cool place, the cranberry sauce made, and jellies, pickles and other foods may even be placed in readiness on dishes for serving, if kept in a cold place and carefully covered. If more convenient the pies may be made two days before, and cakes at the same time, if kept where they will not dry out. Nuts may be cracked, mixed with raisins and bonbons, and placed in the rishes ready for serving. Even the vegetables may be almost ready for the table the day before, and if carefully cooked no one need ever discover that they have been warmed over. The onions may be boiled in readiness for the cream sauce, the squash boiled and mashed ready to scallop, and the sweet potatoes parboiled for browning. Mashed potatoes must of course be prepared just before time to serve. Sauces may also be made on the previous day, and all baking done except the pudding.

Every bit of china, glass and linen should be put in readiness beforehand and the house all swept, dusted and decorated, so that when thanks giving morning arrives the least possible work and time will be required to put it in perfect order.

Autumn leaves, golden grain and rich-hued chrysanthemums are seasonable and beautiful for Thanksgiving decorations, and a charming centrepiece for the table may be arranged with some of them with a wash made by beating the yolk of an egg very light with two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of blanched and coarsely chopped almonds. Return these to a slow oven until slightly browned. The white of the egg may be used if preferred, but should only be beaten enough to free it from stringiness.

A very nice and wholesome sweet is made by mixing equal quantities of fresh popcorn and shelled, blanched, and coarsely chopped peanuts; heat as much molasses as will be required with one-half of its bulk in sugar, and when very hot pour just enough over the popcorn and peanuts to stick all nicely together, and form into small bars, cakes and balls. If the mixture is sticky too much molasses has been added, but this mistake is easily rectified by working in more of the popcorn.

Stuffed dates are another delicious bonbon. Stone the dates and fill the hollows with an almond or walnut meat which has been dipped in a syrup that will candy. If the hollow will hold a raisin as well, so much more delightful for the palate. When stuffed give each date a thick coating of the same syrup, roll in blanched, chopped almonds, or walnuts, and lay on buttered plates to harden. These are rather tedious to prepare, but are worth the trouble. It is a form of cooking, too, which delights the children of the household, and they may be quite safely be trusted to perform such work most satisfactorily after one or two experiments.

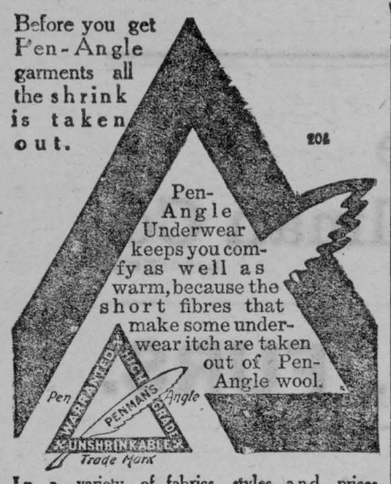
A very pleasing way to serve the salad is as follows: Cut good-sized boiled beets into symmetrical cups and let stand in seasoned vinegar over night. With a pair of sharp scissors (reserved for such purposes) cut the lettuce into shreds, just before the dinner is to be served. Allow a tablespoonful of chopped walnut meats for each cup and mix with lettuce, toss lightly in a French dressing, and fill into the beet cups. Garnish with a star of golden mayonnaise. The red, green and yellow combination looks very pretty and is as palatable as it is handsome.

DREADNOUGHT TRIAL TRIPS.

Admiralty Reports the Results Satisfactory in Every Respect.

A despatch from London says: The Admiralty has issued a report on the preliminary trials of the Dreadnought, the largest warship in the world, which commenced Monday and were finished the next day. The results were most satisfactory. Her manoeuvring power proved to be exceptionally good. The ease with which she steered and handled, even at low speed, was very noticeable. She proved herself a good sea boat, although the water was not sufficiently severe to make a thorough test of her qualities in this direction. There was a complete absence of vibration of the [illegible]

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The highest and most sightly addition in Denver; furnishing a perfect view of Pike's Peak and the Rocky Mountains for a distance of 75 miles. Overlooking Washington Park. An ideal spot.
Lots 25 x 125 Feet for $100
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THESE lots are bound to double in value within the next year or two, and before many years are apt to be as valuable as any in Denver.
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Choice lots to those who respond promptly. Better send $5 and secure select location. Lots going fast.
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The Century Building Denver, Colorado
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SOLID GOLD

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It carries a full guarantee as to its accuracy in time-keeping.

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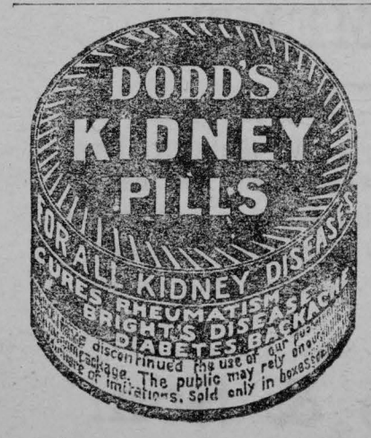
Ryrie Bros Limited
Toronto, Ont.

MEAT FOR ONE MAN.

Statisticians estimate that twenty-two acres of land are necessary to sustain one man on fresh meat. The same space of land, if devoted to wheat culture, would feed forty-two people; if to oats, eighty-eight; potatoes, Indian corn and rice, 176; and if to the plantain, or banana, over 6,000 people.

INDIA'S SACRED FIRES.

The sacred fires of India have not all been extinguished. The most ancient which still exists was consecrated twelve centuries ago, in commemoration of the voyage made by the Parsees when they emigrated from Persia to India. The fire is fed five times every twenty-four hours with sandal-wood and other fragrant material, combined with very dry fuel.



KING UNDER COST PRICE

BRITISH PEOPLE ARE NOT TAXED TO DEFRAY EXPENSES.

British Nation Have Best of the Bargain Made by King on His Accession.

Neither King Edward nor the princes or princesses of his house cost the English taxpayer a single cent, and Professor Masterman was perfectly justified in declaring the other day at Cambridge that "John Bull got his monarchy below cost, and even made a profit on it." The fact of the matter is that the British Sovereign possesses by right of inheritance an immense amount of very valuable property, known by the name of "the Crown lands," which belongs to him ex-officio as a species of life tenant, much in the same way that the territorial magnates in England hold their ancestral estates. That is to say, the "Crown lands" cannot be alienated by the Sovereign for any period beyond the length of his reign, just as the owner of an entailed country place cannot lease it or otherwise dispose of it for any term beyond that of his own life, save with the legal consent of his immediate heirs. Following the example of his mother, the late Queen Victoria, and of his grand-uncle, King William IV., England's present ruler on his accession to the throne made a statutory agrement with Parliament and with the national treasury whereby, in return for his surrender to the State of the major portion of the Crown property for the duration of his life he received in an undertaking from the nation to furnish him with a civil list of nearly $3,000,000 a year and to provide adequate allowances for the princes and princesses of

THE ROYAL HOUSE.

It was not the King and his family who made the best of this bargain, but the State. For, owing to the careful management and extraordinary development of the Crown property, coupled with the amazing growth in the value of building land during the last fifty years, the treasury is managing to net profits of as much as $1,000,000 a year from the proceeds of the Crown property, after all the expenses of its management, the civil list of the King and Queen, and the allowances of the royal princes and princesses have been deducted. In fact, the calculation has been made that instead of Queen Victoria and her family having been a source of an expense to the national exchequer, they have since 1837 benefited the State to the extent of at least $35,000,000—that is to say, they have relieved the taxpayer from the amount of fiscal burden, thanks to the bargain concluded by Queen Victoria near threescore and ten years ago, and renewed by King Edward at the time of his accession, in 1901. The agreement will come to an end at his death, as it is impossible for him to bind his successor. But there is every reason to believe that when the Prince of Wales becomes sovereign as George V. he will be led by motives of policy and expediency to agree to a similar arrangement. He will be perfectly justified, however, in exacting from the State as a quid pro quo for the Crown lands a considerably larger civil list than that now enjoyed by his father. For, large as are the revenues derived therefrom at the present moment, they are bound within the next few years to receive

A PHENOMENAL INCREASE

by the falling in of the leases of large tracts of land in London, including the whole of Regent Street, with all the buildings thereon—that is to say, one of the most important thoroughfares in the fashionable shopping district. From this it will be seen that the English people can, thanks to their enjoyment of the revenues of the ably administered Crown property, afford to pay considerably more than they do toward the maintenance of their reigning house without it costing the tax-payer a cent.

The expression crown lands covers a great variety of property. It comprises, as I just mentioned above, entire shopping and residential districts of London, salmon fishings in Scotland, over 100,000 acres of the finest agricultural land in England alone, huge forests—among them Windsor, Great Park and the New Forest—canals, mines of every description from those of gold in Wales to those of lead in the Isle of Man; salt works and an extraordinary number of feudal dues and rents, the very names of which are beyond the comprehension of even the Englishman of average education. Then there are quarries and royalties and forfeitures, treasure troves and a quantity of other sources of revenue, though the "deodand" was the forfeiture to the Crown of any chattel which had been the cause of the death, accidental, or otherwise, of a human being; and by way of illustration I may mention that if a carriage ran over a child and killed it, the carriage became

ESCHEATED TO THE CROWN.

All these revenues derived from the Crown lands are paid, along with the other revenues of the State, into what is known as the Consolidated Fund. The first charge upon the latter is the interest of the national debt, the second charge is the civil list of the Sovereign and it is only after these two obligations have been met in their entirity that the balance becomes available for the expenses in connection with the maintenance of the Government. This shows better than anything else that the reigning house of England is in the eyes of the law not a stipendiary of the State, but a perferred creditor of the national treasury.

In conclusion it may be mentioned that the existence of the Crown lands dates from the dawn of English history, and Doomsday Book, compiled by William the Conqueror in the year 1085 A. D., shows that even in those days they comprised, in addition to all sorts of other property, royalties and fees, no less than 1,422 manors in England. In almost every century that has elapsed since then laws have been enacted by Sovereign and Parliament to prevent the alienation of Crown lands. Their management is vested to-day in the State Department of Woods and Forests and in the State Department of the Board of Works, at the head of which is J. Pierpont Morgan's nephew through marriage, Lewis Harcourt, who thus rather appropriately finds himself intrusted with the direction of what is probably the oldest trust in existence, namely Great Britain's Crown lands.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Notes of Interest About Some of the World's Prominent People.

Mme. Patti possesses an old doll called "Henriette," which was given to her when she was seven years old for singing nicely.

M. Rousslière, the now famous operatic tenor, was once a poor French blacksmith. In New York he is said to have received the princely salary of $1,600 a night.

First Lieutenant von Franck, the oldest officer in the German army, has celebrated his 100th birthday at Charlottenburg. He is in full possession of his faculties.

Sir Edward Clarke has a great knowledge of medicine, as well as of law, and is regarded as a special authority on poisons. His favorite hobbies are boating and piano-playing.

The Pope is one of the most frugal of men. He receives annually a sum equivalent to $100,000 for the upkeep of his establishment and his own personal expenses, but so few are his wants that he does not spend more than $1,000 a year on himself.

Sir Redvers Buller was urged by his relatives when he was a youth to devote himself to politics, but he announced that he would rather be a private in the regiment than be Prime Minister. Sir Redvers is fond of reading historical novels.

Habibulla Khan, the Ameer of Afghanistan, has considerable architectural skill, and is said to design his own palaces. Stone and marble enter largely into their construction, and they contain many beautiful things specially manufactured in Europe for the Afghan Court, including electric lights, pianos, and the phonograph. The Ameer's gardens are on a gorgeous scale, and when he entertains at night the display of fireworks in his grounds is extraordinarily brilliant.

The Duke of Abruzzi, who has at last conquered Ruwenzori, the highest peak of the Mountains of the Moon, "never before touched by human foot," has always displayed a passion for mountaineering and exploration. Before he was eighteen the Duke started on a tour round the world in an Italian warship. His successful ascent of Mount Elias, in Alaska, in 1897 was a feat never before accomplished, and in 1899 he made his famous voyage in the Stella Polare, when he got eighteen nautical miles nearere the North Pole than Nansen had done.

Lord Curzon was a perfect enigma to his masters when he was at Eton. He was always apparently wasting his time, and seemed to pay no attention whatever to lessons; and yet whenever he was called upon suddenly for an answer he was as ready as any boy who had been listening to the master's remarks, and could frequently give an explanation of a difficult matter when no one else could. A master said recently that Curzon gave him more trouble than any other boy, owing to his fondness for playing pranks in class, yet it seemed impossible to score him off.

Giovanni Segantini, the artist, who recently died, was known as "the painter of the Alps" on account of his fondness for depicting mountain scenery. He was born at Arco, in the Tyrol, on a slope of the Alps overlooking Italy. His parents were very poor, and at his mother's death, when he was only five years old, his father sent him to live with relatives at Milan. He stayed there for two years and then ran away, intending to tramp from Italy to Paris. One evening some farm people found the boy utterly overcome by fatigue and hunger, and, taking pity on him, gave him food, and then employed him in minding pigs. This not very savoury occupation greatly pleased young Segantini, and he amused himself by drawing portraits of his charges on stones and pieces of slate. Later on he went back to Milan, and there studied art.

Sir Thomas Henry Sanderson, who retired a few months ago, after having been for over eleven years British Permanent Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, always declared that the esential qualifications for a young man entering upon a diplomatic career were "the ability to remember all he hears and the sense to keep it to himself." A standing joke among those intimate with the Under-Secreary was that he never answered the simplest remark without carefully turning it over in his mind and examining it in all its bearings. On one occasion he met a well-known politician in the corridor of the Foreign Office, who called out genially, "A very fine day, Sir Thomas." "Is that so?" responded Sir Thomas, deeply meditating; "I will have inquiries made and let you know about it!" The King years ago dubbed Sir Thomas Sanderson "the Keeper of the Nation's Secrets."

Mr. R. D. Rockefeller, the "Oil King," is not very extravagant as regards "tips," though he cheerfully pays for extra attention when he thinks the service is worth it. Some time ago he suffered very much from rheumatic gout, and every evening a masseur visited him for professional purposes. The first night he called the oil magnate gave him an additional dollar, saying that the extra was owing to the inclement state of the weather. "And," he added, "every time it is wet you shall have an extra greenback." The attendant was highly gratified, and for the time being fine weather had no further attractions for him. If it was in the slightest degree damp, he would, on receiving his fee, remark: "Very dirty weather to-night, Mr. Rockefeller." And the man of billions would go to the window, study the atmosphere, and calculate whether the state of the weather called for an extra dollar. More often than not his opinion ran counter to that of the masseur, who had to cheerfully accept his legitimate fee and depart.

DESERVED TO SUCCEED.

A late matrimonial engagement is said to be the outcome of a daring little piece of repartee on the part of a young woman who has enjoyed the reputation of being not only a wit, but a beauty and belle as well. Although quite young, she was known to have declined the honor of matrimonial alliance with several so-called "catches," and it began at last to be rumored that her mind and heart were set on one of her admirers who had not as yet the temerity to come to the point.

However that may be, the young man in question was her partner in an assembly, and during the intermission for supper was seated with her in a sequestered nook, "far from the madding crowd." Apropos of something that had been said, he asked her laughingly if the report was true that she had refused all the eligible men in her set. She blushed vividly for a moment, then suddenly raised her head, looked him full in the face, and said, pointedly:—

"Yes, it is true—present company excepted."

It is, perhaps, needless to state that they remained in the "sequestered nook" some time. Rumor also has it that the above conversation was overheard by one of the discarded suitors, who forthwith "gave it away."

SAVED BABY'S LIFE.

There are thousands of mothers throughout Canada who have no hesitation in saying that the good health enjoyed by their little ones is entirely due to the judicious use of Baby's Own Tablets. And there are many mothers who do not hesitate to say that at critical periods the Tablets have saved a baby life. Mrs. Wm. Fortin, St. Genevieve, Que., says: "I feel sure that Baby's Own Tablets saved my baby's life. When I first began giving them to him he was so badly constipated that the bowels could only be moved by injection, and he suffered terribly. After the first day I saw a marked change, and in less than a week the trouble was entirely removed, and he has since enjoyed the best of health." You can get Baby's Own Tablets from your druggist or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

VALUE OF DEAD LEAVES.

According to tests recently made in France dead leaves possess a higher value as fertilizers for the land than ordinary manure. They are extensively used by the market gardeners about the city of Nantes. Pear leaves rank the highest in nitrogenous matter, oak leaves come next, and the leaves of vines stand lowest in value. Experiments have shown that 44lb. of pear leaves, 80lb. of poplar leaves, 51lb. of peach leaves, 82lb. of elm leaves, and 38lb. of locust leaves are respectively equivalent in nitrogenous matter to 100lb. of ordinary manure. Vine leaves alone are less valuable than manure.

Men make money that their wives may leave it at home when they go shopping.

Where can I get some of Holloway's Corn Cure? I was entirely cured of my corns by this remedy and I wish some more of it for my friends. So writes Mr. J. W. Brown, Chicago.

Doddy sententiously)—"It isn't good for a man to be alone." Peggy (thoroughly bored)—"Then hadn't you better go home to your mother?"

The Spinster—"Do you think men and women ever get too old to marry?" The Bachelor—"Not necessarily. Age doesn't always bring wisdom."

Parents buy Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator because they know it is a safe medicine for their children and an effectual expeller of worms.

"Look here!" exclaimed the old lady. "I want you to take back that parrot you sold me. I find that it swears very badly." "Well, madam," replied the dealer, "it's a very young bird; it'll learn to swear better when it's a bit older."

Cholera morbus, cramps and kindred complaints annually make their appearance at the same time as the hot weather, green fruit, cucumbers, melons, etc., and many persons are debarred from eating these tempting things, but they need not abstain if they have Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial and take a few drops in water. It cures the cramps and cholera in a remarkable manner and is sure to check every disturbance of the bowels.

"I'm goin' to stop bein' kind and helpful to people," said little Johnny. "How is that?" asked his mother. "Well, it's this way; at school to-day I saw Tommy Jones putting a pin in the master's chair, so, just as the master was about to sit down, I pulled away the chair. The master sat down on the floor, and when he got up he licked me for pulling away the chair, and then Tommy Jones licked me for interfering. Yes. I'm goin' to stop helpin' people now."

MARTYRDOM DESCRIBED.

Kingston Man Tells How He Suffered and How He was Released.


Chas. H. Powell.

"For years a martyr," is how Chas. H. Powell, of 105 Raglan Street, Kingston, begins his story. "A martyr to chronic constipation, but now I am free from it and all through the use of Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill.

"I was induced to try Anti-Pill by reading the testimony of some one who had been cured of constipation by it. I had suffered for eighteen years and had taken tons of stuff recommended as cures but which made me worse rather than better. Doctors told me there was no cure for me. Dr. Leonhardt's Anti-Pill cured me."

All Dealers or The Wilson-Fyle Co., Limited, Niagara Falls, Ont.

COLTSFOOTE

COLTSFOOTE

Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Coughs of every description and character, Lung troubles, Asthma, Sore Throats, etc., are all cured by this Safe and permanent remedy For sale by all dealers. Only 25 cents a Bottle. On all sides we receive thousands of testimonials from grateful people Expressing their appreciation of—

COLTSFOOTE
EXPECTORANT

"OSHAWA" Steel Shingles.

Wind, Water, Storm and Fire Proof — Locked on All Four Sides



Made from Painted or Galvanized Steel, at prices varying from $2.85 to $5.10 per hundred square feet covering measure. This is the most durable covering on the market, and is an ideal covering for Houses, Barns, Stores, Elevators, Churches, etc. Any handy man can lay the "OSHAWA" shingles. A hammer and snips are the only tools required.

We are the largest and oldest company of the kind under the British flag, and have covered thousands of the best buildings throughout Canada, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING-PROOF.

We also manufacture Corrugated Iron in long sheets, Conductor Pipe and EAVESTROUGH, Etc.
METAL SIDING, in imitation of brick
METAL CEILINGS, in 2,000 designs.
Write for Catalogue No. 14R and free
Write to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

Montreal, Que.	Ottawa, Ont	Toronto, Ont.	London, Ont.	Winnipeg, Man.	Vancouver, B.C.
Craig St.	423 Sussex st.	11 Colborne st	69 Dundas st.	76 Lombard st.	615 Pender st.

Write your Nearest Office.—HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS—OSHAWA, Ont

640 ACRES PRAIRIE WHEAT LAND
FOR SALE

Near Neudorf, Saskatchewan. A great bargain. **$12 per acre.** Close to two railroads. Branch line of Grand Trunk Pacific surveyed almost through the property.

BOX 21, 73 WEST ADELAIDE STREET, TORONTO.

WEATHER FORECASTS BY POST.

Mexico's postal department has a novel method of informing the public of the weather bulletins given out by the weather bureau. Every letter which passes through the office is now stamped with the indications for the next twenty-four hours. This stamping is done at the same time as the postage-stamps on the letter are cancelled and the receiving stamp fixed.

Sleeplessness.—When the nerves are unstrung and the whole body given up to wretchedness, when the mind is filled with gloom and dismal forebodings, the result of derangement of the digestive organs, sleeplessness comes to add to the distress. If only the subject could sleep, there would be oblivion for a while and temporary relief. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will not only induce sleep, but will act so beneficially that the subject will wake refreshed and restored to happiness.

A clergyman who was a widower had three grown-up daughters. Having occasion to go away on a visit for a few weeks, he wrote home from time to time. In one of his letters he informed them that he had "married a strapping widow with six children." You may imagine what a stir this created in the household. When the vicar returned home, one of his daughters, her eyes red with weeping, said:—"Where's the widow you married, father?" "Oh, I married her to another man."

The Flagging Energies Revived.—Constant application to business is a tax upon the energies, and if there be not relaxation, lassitude and depression are sure to intervene. These come from stomachic troubles. The want of exercise brings on nervous irregularities, and the stomach ceases to assimilate food properly. In this condition Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will be found a recuperative of rare power, restoring the organs to healthful action, dispelling depression, and reviving the flagging energies.

If anything the quack doctor was more than usually eloquent. "Ladies and gentlemen," he cried, at the end of his telling oration, "I have visited this place for the last ten years. I have sold thousands of bottles of this miraculous specific, and I have never received a complaint from a purchaser. Now, what does this prove?" He paused for dramatic effect, and there was no doubt that his words had impressed his audience, till a man at the back of the crowd spoke. "Don't prove nothing," he said. "Everyone knows dead men tell no tales."

She—"Lady Buncomb is fond of doing good on the sly." He—"Yes; but she's terribly cut up if other people don't find out about it."

A SNAP IN A WHEAT FARM
NEAR WINNIPEG.

1,066 acres of clean unbroken prairie, the finest wheat land on earth, on the banks of the Red River, 45 miles from Winnipeg, four miles from two railway stations. $15 an acre takes it, $5,000 cash, balance easy. No better farm, no better investment.

WAUGH & BEATTIE,
12 Merchants Bank Building,
Winnipeg, Man.

BUYING A CROWN.

Not once or twice, but many times, a crown has been lost, stolen, or pawned. At the close of the Abyssinian War the crown of King Theodore was bought from a common soldier by a Prussian officer, and presented by him to his Sovereign. It is now at South Kensington, having been sent to the museum by the Prussian Monarch.

A Merry Heart Goes all the Day. — But one cannot have a merry heart if he has a pain in the back or a cold with a racking cough. To be merry one must be well and free from aches and pains. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil will relieve all pains, muscular or otherwise, and for the speedy treatment of colds and coughs it is a splendid medicine.

EXTRACTING AN ELEPHANT'S TOOTH.

The greatest dental operation on record was performed upon an elephant in the city of Mexico. The aching tooth was 12in. long and 14in. in diameter at the root. After the animal had been securely fastened with chains, his mouth was pried open and a quantity of cocaine applied to deaden the pain. When this was done a hole was bored through the tooth and an iron bar inserted. Then a rope was twisted around the bar and four horses attached to drag it out.

Dear Mother

Your little ones are a constant care in Fall and Winter weather. They will catch cold. Do you know about Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, and what it has done for so many? It is said to be the only reliable remedy for all diseases of the air passages in children. It is absolutely harmless and pleasant to take. It is guaranteed to cure or your money is returned. The price is 25c. per bottle, and all dealers in medicine sell 314

SHILOH

This remedy should be in every household.

ISSUE NO. 41—06.

—THE—
CHESTERVILLE RECORD
—PUBLISHED—
EVERY THURSDAY,
T. T. SHAW.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
$1 per year in Advance
$1.25 IF NOT SO PAID.

Transient or legal advertisments inserted at the rate of 10 cents per line for first insertion and 3 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Business notices inserted in local columns for 8 cents per line every insertion.

No advertisment published for less than 25 cents.

All advertisments measured by the scale of solid nompareil, 12 lines to the inch.

Advertisments without special directions will be inserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

NIPPED IN THE BUD.

In most of small towns there are a few of evil-disposed persons and Chesterville seems to be no exception to the rule. Of course people are aware that newspaper proprietors have enemies as well as any other business people, and in connection with the recent picnic held under the auspices of the Dam Construction Committee of this place, a few sore heads took upon themselves the privilege of circulating a report which is proven to be a falsehood by a statement that appears below and which, when the committee were made aware of the report by friends of the RECORD, gratuitously offered the same and wished to have it published, so that these trouble-makers would, in future, think twice before they speak. As soon as the picnic was over they started a report that the RECORD's bill for printing was outrageous and went so far as to request some of the business people to withdraw their advertising patronage and of course to run the newspaper proprietor out of town. In this proposition, we are informed, they received their rebuke in good style. A [redacted] of [redacted] us on [redacted] ville a[redacted] felt [redacted] fore the expiration of [redacted] time, but we are here yet and intend to stay, and we are prepared to do printing for these people, as well as anyone else, if they wish. Evil-disposed persons, if you give them rope enough, will tie themselves, and we believe in this case their time is short.

Not being content with the exhorbitant bill scheme, they reported that three families in town (and of course we were one of them) did not bake for the picnic. As for the others we do not speak (let them defend themselves), but in our case it is a falsehood.

If the parties think they are being harshly dealt with by the RECORD and these statements are untrue in any way, these columns are open for reply.

The following is the gratuitous report of the Chesterville Dam Coustruction Committee handed us:—

At a meeting of the Chesterville Dam Construction Committee, held to consider the various bills for expenses in connection with the recent picnic, the account of T. T. Shaw for printing was amongst others received and considered. The amount, $40.50, was thought to be reasonable for the amount of matter furnished and a motion was made that the acct. be passed and paid. Mr. Shaw, however, made a reduction of $5.50 from the bill and the committee settled with him for $35.00.

(Sgd) W. G. BOLSTER, F. DWYER, } Printing Com.
W. R. FULTON, Sec'y C. D. C. C.

Preventics, as the name implies, prevent all colds and grippe when "taken at the sneeze stage."

Preventics are toothsome candy tablets, Preventics dissipate all colds quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventics are thoroughly safe for children, and as effectual for adults. Sold and recommended in 5 cent and 25 cent boxes by Walter G. Bolster.

Several people were injured at Ottawa by the wall of the old Gilmour Hotel being blown down and falling on a street car.



Many housewives think it cheaper to buy than to bake. That is because their baking isn't successful every time. Their failures run the cost up. Get

Royal Household Flour

and follow directions. The result will be light, wholesome bread or pastry every time. You pay a few cents more for Royal Household, but those few cents buy certainty and purity. Your grocer can supply you.

Ogilvie Flour Mills Co., Ltd.
155 Montreal.

THE LIBERTY CAP.

Its Significance Dates Away Back to Early Greek Times.

From very early times one of the distinguishing marks of a slave, both in Greece and oriental countries generally, was the lack of any covering for the head. Accordingly the cap came to be considered the insignia of liberty, and when slaves were given their freedom they were presented with a cap as an emblem of it. In Sparta the helots wore a cap of dogskin, and this was reckoned a badge of servitude, but upon gaining their freedom this was replaced by a cap of a different material, of another shape and ornamented with flowers. A similar custom was observed in Rome, where the presentation of the pileus, or cap, was always a part of the ceremony of manumitting a slave; hence arose the proverb, "Servos ad pileum vocare." Also on medals the cap is the symbol of liberty and is usually represented as being held in the right hand by the point. When a cap was exposed to the people's view on the top of a spear, as in the case of the conspiracy against Caesar, it was intended as a public invitation to them to embrace the liberty that was offered them. The Goddess of Liberty on Mount Aventime was represented as holding a cap in her hand as a symbol of freedom. The Jacobins wore a red cap during the French revolution, and in England a blue cap with a white border is used as a symbol of liberty. The custom which prevails among university students of wearing a cap is said to have had its origin in a wish to signify that the wearers had acquired full liberty and were no longer subject to the rod of their superiors.

RESTAURANTS.

The First of Them Was Established In Paris In 1765.

For a long time inns and eating houses in France were only intended for the benefit of traveling people, for [redacted]ople took their meals at home [redacted]staurants were unknown. The [redacted]terprise of the kind was founded [redacted] Paris in 1765. A citizen by the name of Boulanger opened in the Rue des Poulies an eating house where soup, meat, fowl and eggs were served. A chronicler relates that meals were served there on small, round marble tables and everything was scrupulously clean.

Over the entry to this first eating house the proprietor had hung a sign, upon which were the Latin words, "Venite ad me omnes quae stomacho laboratis, et ego restaurabo vos" (Come unto me all ye whose stomachs need attention, and I will restore them). This is a parody on the well known Biblical quotation, "Come unto me all ye who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest," only in place of labor and heavy laden he said, "whose stomachs need attention." The word "restaurabo," from the Latin "restaurare" (restore or refresh), was the main characteristic of the new establishment and gave it its name. Boulanger amassed a large fortune, for his enterprise proved eminently successful, but he was soon imitated, some of his imitators becoming more famous than he.

A Child Wonder.

The French Academy of Sciences in 1729 examined the case of a French lad only seven years old who, in all respects save that of intelligence, was the equal of a man of twenty. His remarkable physical development began when he was two years old. At four he could do the farm work of a boy of fifteen or sixteen, and at seven he was a fully grown man. Although his physique was thus remarkably developed, his intelligence was no greater than that of children of the same age. He died before he was twenty. As is usual in such cases of premature development, his strength faded away, and he became prematurely old before other men would attain maturity.

The Pandects of Justinian.

The pandects of Justinian, the most complete body of Roman laws ever collected, were supposed to be lost, but in 1137, when Amalfi was taken and plundered by the Pisans, a private soldier found a copy, which he sold to an officer for a few pence. The value of the discovery was soon apparent, and the precious volume was taken to Pisa and stored in the city library. When Pisa was stormed by the Florentines in 1415 the precious volume was captured and taken to Florence, where it was placed in the library of the Medici.

Needles.

Needles are all made by machinery. The piece of mechanism by which the needle is manufactured takes the rough steel wire, cuts it into proper lengths, files the point, flattens the head, pierces the eye, then sharpens the tiny instrument and gives it that polish familiar to the purchaser. There is also a machine by which needles are counted and placed in the papers in which they are sold, these being afterward folded by the same contrivance.

True Wealth.

A man's true wealth is the good he does in this world. When he dies men will ask what property he has left behind him, but angels will inquire, "What good deeds hast thou sent before thee?"—From the Arabic.

Bribeless.

To be content is to be happy, and Happiness is one of the three who cannot be bribed; the other two are Love and Death.—Papyrus.

A man cannot leave a better legacy to the world than a well educated family.—Thomas Scott.

Teachers' Institute, 1906.

The annual meeting of the Dundas County Teachers' Institute, was held on Thursday and Friday, Oct. 4th and 5th, in the assembly room of the Collegiate Institute at Morrisburg.

The fine weather and good roads enabled a large number of teachers to be on hand when the president, Geo. H. Steer, of Chesterville, called the convention to order, with T. A. Flynn at the secretary's desk.

Mr. Steer in addressing the teachers, thanked the convention for advancing him to the office of President, and also the secretary and committees for their able support during the past year. He also announced to the convention the nomination of Johnson E. Dawson, of Elma, as a candidate for election to the Advisory Council, which the present government has arranged for in the new education regulations.

Mr. Dawson, who was nominated at a special meeting of teachers recently held in Winchester, is a popular teacher of over twenty years' experience, and deserves the support of all who may have any influence. The fact that Mr. Dawson has spent the last fourteen years in one school (S. S. No. 13, Williamsburg,) speaks volumes for him.

The rest of the forenoon was spent in appointing and receiving the reports of the various committees.

Thursday afternoon was principally devoted to the addresses on "Modern Tendencies in Education," by Mr. Jas. L. Hughes, chief inspector of schools, of Toronto.

The reputation of the speaker had preceded him, but the large gathering of Dundas teachers were pleased even beyond their expectations.

Mr. Hughes emphasized one fact which might be mentioned; "The child has a Self-hood," or "soul-hood," which the teacher must kindle. At the close of a two hours' address the teachers all voiced a hearty vote of thanks tendered Mr. Hughes, and all agreed that the management committee should be commended for their wisdom in securing the services of Mr. Hughes, whose lively address should bear fruit during the coming year in the work of every teacher who had the pleasure of hearing him.

In the evening Mr. Hughes delivered an interesting lecture in the Music Hall to an appreciative audience on the subject of "Dickens as an Educator." The Morrisburg Orchestra very kindly furnished music during the evening.

Friday morning, Miss K. Shaver, of [redacted]er, and J. R. Balfour, of Morrisburg, the delegates to the annual meeting of the Ontario Educational Association, gave very able and interesting reports of the proceedings of the meeting of that association, held in Toronto, last Easter holidays.

The reports of the delegates proved that as Mr. Balfour said, "the convention was getting it's money's worth, and had been well represented at O.E.A."

Dr. W. C. Davy, an old Dundas teacher, who has still a lively interest in the profession, was introduced, and pleased the audience with his subject "Oral Hygeine in Schools." He found fault with the treatment of the teeth in our public school Physiology and Hygeine, which he characterizes as incomplete, and in many cases erroneous. The teeth, he said, were generally neglected by old and young, and he thought the children in our public schools should be required to clean the teeth as regularly as the face and hands. A vote of thanks was tendered Dr. Davy at the close of the paper.

Mr. A. Broder, M. P., was the next speaker. He referred in his usual entertaining way to his personal experience as a teacher, pointed out the great responsibility resting on the teacher of to-day, and deplored the prevailing system in many schools of simply preparing for examination instead of developing the character of the child.

He pointed out some defects in our school books and thought the advancement in this respect not as fast as it might be.

Mr. A. Brown, I. P. S., and Mr. J. S. Jamieson, Principal M. C. I., both gave interesting addresses on the duties and work of the teacher, which were well taken.

It was resolved that honorary membership be conferred on Mr. Jas. L. Hughes Mr. A. Broder, M.P., Dr. W. C. Davy, and Mr. J. S. Jamieson, M. A.

It was resolved that our present textbook on Physiology and Hygeine is inadequate, and that the convention express this feeling by requesting the Ontario Department of Education to supply our schools with a more up-to-date book.

A pleasing feature of the afternoon programme was the presentation to each teacher by Mr. Broder, of a beautiful mounted map of Canada and the Empire.

The election of officers by ballot closed the work of the convention. Although the nominations were particularly numerous, yet good feeling prevailed and all seemed satisfied with the results which were as follows:—

Honorary-President—A. Brown, I.P.S. (unanimous vote.)
President—C. D. Bouck.
Vice-Pres.—W. A. Bowen.
Secretary-Treas.—Jas. R. Balfour.
Executive Com.—Miss J. Hunter, Messrs. G. H. Steer, H Loucks.
Valuating Com. U. P. E.—Messrs. J. E Dawson, P. D. Strader, C. D. Bouck, Chas. R. Duprau, W. A. Bowen, D. Collison, A. A. Strader, Geo. H. Steer, H. Loucks, Jas. R. Balfour, E. Robinson, Seeley and Misses J. Hunter, S. Merkley and A. Nina Driscoll.

The new Pure Food and Drug law will mark it on the label of every cough cure containing opium, chforolorm, or any other stupifying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years, entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get a safe and reliable Cough Cure by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's, Let the law be your protection. We cheerfully recommend and sell it. Walter G. Bolster.

Friday, Oct. 12.—At lot 19, in the 5th con. of Finch, 2 miles east of Berwick. Ephrum Receine, Prop. Jas. Currie, auctioneer. See advt. in RECORD.

My Hair Ran Away

Don't have a falling out with your hair. It might leave you! Then what? That would mean thin, scraggly, uneven, rough hair. Keep your hair at home! Fasten it tightly to your scalp! You can easily do it with Ayer's Hair Vigor. It is something more than a simple hair dressing. It is a hair medicine, a hair tonic, a hair food.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. CHERRY PECTORAL.

It Actually Destroys the Cause.

That's why catarrh is invariably cured by inhaling "Catarrhozone." The healing vapor spreads to every part of the breathing organs. Germs infecting the tissues of the nose, throat and lungs are killed. Nothing is left to cause inflammation. Spots that are sore are healed. Discharge is cleared away and catarrh becomes a thing of the past. Use "Catarrhozone" and your recovery is guaranteed. Two sizes, 25c and $1.00 at all dealers.

Auction Sales.

Friday, Oct. 19.—Lot B, 10th con. of Russell. Freeman Burd, prop. Jas. Currie, Auctioneer.

Saturday, Oct. 20.—Lot 1, 3rd con. of Finch, 3 miles east of Chesterville. Geo. F. Droppo, Prop. S. A. Cramer, auctioneer. See advt. in RECORD.

Monday, Oct. 22—Farm for sale at Cannamore. Mrs. Chas. Feeley, owner. Jas Currie, Auctioneer. See advt. in RECORD.

Thursday, Oct. 25.—Lot. 12, 9th Con. of Finch, half-mile south of Crysler. Arthur Ouderkirk, prop. Jas. Currie, Auctioneer. See advt in RECORD.

Newspaper Law.

1—A postmaster is required to give notice by letter (returning the paper does not answer the law), when a subscriber does not take his paper out of the office and state the reason for it not being taken. Any neglect to do so makes the postmaster responsible to the publisher for payment.

2—If any person order his paper discontinued he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not. There can be no legal discontinuance until payment is made.

3—Any person who takes a paper from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or another, or whether he has subscribed for it or not, is responsible for the pay.

4—If a subscriber orders his paper to be stopped at a certain time, and the publishers continues to send, the subscriber is bound to pay for it if he takes it out of the post office. The process is upon the ground that a man must pay for that he uses.

5—The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers or periodicdls rom the postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.

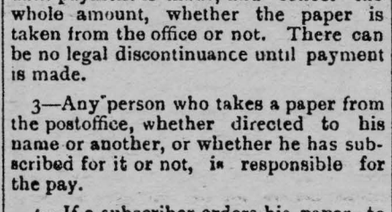
The Toronto-Buffalo express was wrecked at Rurlington, but no lives were lost.

Insurance

You should protect yourself and family by taking out a

Fire Life Aceident, Sickness, and Weather Insurance Policy in any of the following companies:

FIRE.
North British and Mercantile, Anglo American, Liverpool & London & Globe.
British American, Caledonian, Canadian
Phoenix of London, Metropolitan, Equity,
Hartford, Sovereign, York Mutual.
ACCIDENT.
Ocean Accident, Canadian Casuality, and Boiler Ins. Co.
LIFE—Mutual Life of Canada.
WEATHER—Weston Farmers.
OFFICE OVER FULTON BLOCK.
C. W. CASSELMAN,



NOTICE!

I wish to inform the public generally that I have preceded Mr. J. G. Tate, agent of this place, for the sale of Agricultural Implements, etc., of the

Massey-Harris Company,

Also for Buggies, Cutters, etc., manufactured by

MUNROE & McINTOSH,
—OF—
ALEXANDRIA, ONT.

A share of your patronage is solicited.

W. L. Scott,
CHESTERVILLE.

THE
Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co,
LIMITED

FURS, FURS, FURS.

Furs of all Descriptions,

Furs at all Prices,

Furs Large and Small,

In fact, we have furs to suit all people.

If you want a Fur Coat of any kind, we have it.

If you want a Fur Collar or Ruff, we have them.

Give us a call before buying.

The Sanders, Soule & Casselman Co.,
LIMITED.

BLOOD POISON

On account of its terrible effects, blood disease is called the king of all diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted; so while it may not be a crime to have the disease, it is a crime to permit it to remain in the system. It may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, rheumatic pains, stiff or swollen joints, itchiness of the skin, eruptions or blotches, ulcers in the mouth or on the tongue, sore throat, falling out of hair, disordered stomach, and a general depression of the system. If you have any of these symptoms don't neglect yourself. You have no time to lose. Beware of "old fogy" treatment—beware of mineral poisons—beware of Quacks and Fakirs. OUR NEW MEWHOD TREATMENT is guaranteed to cure this disease, never to return. Bank Bonds will protect you. Our treatment is not injurious in any way, but reaches the very root of the disease and eliminates all poison from the system. The symptoms of disease gradually disappear. The blood becomes pure and enriched, the whole system is cleansed and purified, and the patient feels prepared anew for the duties and the pleasures of life. CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY. 25 Years in Detroit. 250,000 Cured.

Consultation Free. Question Blank for Home Treatment and Books Free.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN

Cor. Michigan Ave. and Shelby St., Detroit, Mich.

Let the People Know Your Wants
Advertise in The Record.

All KINDS
—OF—
Four and Feed
—AT—
HUGHES',

Opposite McCloskey House, Chesterville.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

We beg to inform our many patrons in the vicinity of Chesterville and Winchester that after a brief shut-down for the purpose of installing new water wheels, &c., we have again resumed operations, and in a better position than ever to look after their business in the way of exchanging wheat, chopping &c. We gurantee to please everyone, and solicit your patronage.

Joseph Bishop & Son.
CRYSLER, ONT.

EVERY PALE WOMAN

Read This and Learn the Way to Good Color and Better Health.

Pale people have pale blood.

In other words the blood is watery and lacks red corpuscles.

The stomach is wrong.

Assimilation is poor and food is not changed into blood. Naturally the system is robbed of vitality, lacks strength and reconstructive power.

Don't slip from vigor into weakness.

Don't allow the appetite to fail, but instead use Ferrozone.

You're bound to feel rejuvenated and gain strength at once.

Appetite is braced up, digestion is stimulated, vigor imparted to the stomach. Everything you eat is turned into nutriment and that supplies what your thin weak system needs.

Vital, life-giving blood that makes rosy cheeks and dancing eyes—that's the kind that Ferrozone makes.

The strength and buoyancy that defies depression and tiredness, that's the sort you get with Ferrozone.

Every pale woman can transform her bleached out appearance with Ferrozone.

Not only will it improve looks and spirits, but by rebuilding all weak, tired organs, Ferrozone establishes a soundness of health thats surprising.

For women and girls who want to feel well, to look well and stay well, nothing known in the annals of medicine is so certain as Ferrozone.

Won't you try Ferrozone?

Concentrated cure in tablet form, that's Ferrozone, 50c per box or six for $2.50 at all dealers.

FOURTH AVENUE, OSNABRUCK

Will Duprau called on friends in Finch on Sunday

Mr and Mrs Claude Russell visited Mr and Mrs Zack Hart on Sunday

Miss May Dunbar of Goldfield, visited her aunt, Mrs Zack Hart recently

Claire Daughterty left on Monday to attend the Cornwall Commercial College

Miss Pearl Robinson left on Tuesday to visit her aunt, Mrs Jack Canvin, Montreal

Miss Minnie Hart has returned home after visiting friends in Grantley and Goldfield

Rev Frank Pitts occupied the pulpit of Pleasant Valley church, on Sunday afternoon

Mr and Mrs John Duprau visited the former's sister, Mrs Robert Styles, Froatburn, on Sunday

Miss Gertie Hollister visited the Misses Jessie and Bell Alexander of Pleasant Valley on Sunday

Miss Jennie Gallinger of Gallingertown was the guest of her sister, Mrs W N Hollister, on Friday

Mr S H Morgan has been spending a few days in town with her daughter, Mrs David Carbino, Massena

It Does Cure Womanly Ills.

"I feel it my duty" writes Mrs. S. Mead, of Fraserville, Ont., "to sometimes previous to the change of life I suffered more than I could tell. Neighbors told me Ferrozone was the only remedy and their advice was good. Ferrozone put a stop to my pain and sickness, had a direct action on my troubles that relieved from the start. I safely passed the turn, and now enjoy perfect health and rest. No womanly medicine can be better than Ferrozone." Instant relief is found in Ferrozone for female weakness of every kind, 50c. per box at all dealers.

Miss Fisher a Winner.

The matched running race between Gamey and Miss Fisher took place at Monkland on Friday last for the sum of $250, and was won by Miss Fisher. Quite a crowd were present to witness the event. Gamey took the first heat, and Miss Fisher the next two. There was also a trotting race during the afternoon.

Archbishop Bond died at Montreal in his 92nd year.

WARM WEATHER WILL HELP.

Now is the Time to Get Rid of Your Catarrh by Using Hyomei.

Every one who is afflicted with catarrh should take advantage of the warm weather to get rid of this annoying and distressing disease, for the right treatment in August and September will give benefit much more quickly than in the winter and early spring.

The germ killing and health giving Hyomei when breathed in the summer months has an even more beneficial action than when used in the colder weather. It is Nature's own remedy for the cure of catarrh. It goes to the most remote air cells in the nose, throat and lungs, killing and driving from the system the catarrhal germs.

Hyomei is the simplest, most pleasant and the only guaranteed cure for catarrh that has ever been discovered. It is sold under a guarantee to refund the money if it does not give complete satisfaction.

At this season of the year, the first day's use of Hyomei will show a decided improvement in health and in a short time there will be no further trouble from catarrh.

You take no risk in buying Hyomei. The complete outfit costs but $1.00, extra bottles 50c.

For sale by all dealers. The R. T. Booth Company, Buffalo, N. Y.

BERWICK.

W G Empey has returned from the West

Archie Henry has been tinning T Casey's house

Miss Hazel Franklin was in Berwick on Monday

William Stark is recovering from his recent severe illness

Sandy Stark of Montreal, visited his parental home here this week

Duncan Patterson of Montreal, visited his mother here recently

F Dubois has built an up-to-date fence in front of his place

Sandy Dingwall attended the picnic at Chesterville on Wednesday

Mrs McIntosh of Morewood, is the guest of her brother, Wm Dillabough

Miss Tena Henry of Thorold, is visiting her brothers, W A Henry and D Henry

Mrs Shepherd of Montreal, visited her mother, Mrs Humes, and brothers, last week

Manson Alguire and Joseph Dutt have the contract of building a house for John Graham

Misses Nettie McIntyre, Tena Henry and Isabel McLean visited Mrs (Dr) Stark last week

Mr and Mrs McCleary of Cornwall, were visiting the former's parental home here recently

Mrs (Dr) Stark, who was visiting her sister, Mrs Darling, and other relatives at Gananoque, returned home last week

Those who took in the excursion to Ottawa on Saturday were Morris Servage and his mother, James Patterson, Bert Hutt, and Mrs S Johnson

Mrs McQueen left for Scotland on Sept 13, by the steamer, Sicilian, to visit her sister and other relatives It is 43 years since Mrs McQueen left the home land

William Dillabough has received sad news that his brother, Joseph Dillabough of Mountain township, was killed in a well Deceased leaves a wife and seven children

Among those who took in Avonmore fair last week were Mr and Mrs S Hutt, Mrs C Grey and daughter Orpha, Misses Luella and Florence Hutt, Miss Christy Gray, Misses Grace Dingwall, Bella McLean, Nettie McIntyre and Miss Duff

Many Children Sick.

Get their feet wet, catch cold or cramps, and give mothers an anxious time. With the first shiver or sneeze rub the little one's chest with Nerviline, gargle the throat, and give ten drops in hot water at bed-time. Next morning all is well. No cold, no time lost or school. If Polson's Nerviline is not in your home get it there at once. Dealers sell it in large 25c. bottles.

Chesterville Public School.

Report for month of September.

Room A.

No. enrolled 27. Highest daily attendance 27. Average daily attendance 25.

Senior Middle School.—Anna Smith, Martha Knowland, Emerson Smith, Katie Curran.

Junior Middle School.—Russell Wood.

Lower School.—Arthur McGee, Elvin LaSalle, Maud Fisher, Lucy Moore.

Geo. H. Steer, Principal.

Room B.

No. enrolled 42. Highest daily attendance 38. Average daily attendance 33.

Class IV.—Ida Bell Merkley, Dan Knowland, Bert Casselman, Lyda Fyke, Ruth Garrow, Leila Merkley, Arthur Lawson.

Sr. III.—Alice Smith, Alice Merkley. Gladys Smith, Samie Smith, Wilson Smith, Lottie Merkley, Tom Scott, Robbie Huxtable, Clifford Hummell, Robbie Thompson.

Jr. III.—Ada Garrow, Arthur Wood, Helen Soule, Nina Merkley, Florence McGee, Leila McGee, Howard Bogart.

Stella M. Merkley, Teacher.

Room C.

No. on roll 31. Highest attendance 30. Average attendance 28.

Sr. II.—Hattie Johnston, Edith Thompson, Harry W. Smith, Harry Rae, Grace Wholehan, Nina Merkley, Ina Robinson, Harry J. Smith.

Jr. II.—Clifford Elliott, Ada Bilow, Clark Hutt, Clifford Merkley, Lottie Fisher, Ruth Lawson.

Helen Cameron, Teacher.

Room B.

No. on roll 54. Average daily attendance 44. Highest daily attendance 48.

Class VI.—Frank Evans, Jennie Nicholis and Marion Casselman, equal; Elbret Harper, Dora Bowman.

Class V.—Eva Myers, Pearl Merkley, Robbie Morrison and Cline Thompson, equal; Delbert Merkley.

Class IV.—Winnie Merkley, Arlie Durant and Edwin Merkley, edual; Carl Rice, Harold Gray.

Class III.—Russell Hummell, Douglas Wood, Malcolm Sanders, Bennie Bowman, Arthur Smith.

Class II.—Margaret Bogart and Olive Forbes, equal; Marjory McGee, Willie Huxtable.

Class I.—Kenneth Garrow, Zula Harper.

Pearl E. Beckstedt, Teacher.

SELECTIONS

RUSSIAN TERRORISM.

The Ruses to Which Trepoff Is Compelled to Resort.

I was chatting the other evening with a Parisian who had just returned from Russia and who told me that in western Europe we had as yet no real idea of the state of affairs there.

"Trepoff, for instance, who has the position once occupied by Plehve, knows that any moment he may be blown to pieces, as Plehve himself was, although he spent £20,000 a year to assure his personal safety. Do you know," my friend added, "how Trepoff goes out? A landau leaves the palace surrounded by a squad of Cossacks. A man is in it, but the man is not Trepoff. Trepoff drives in an ambulance wagon, with the red cross of Geneva floating from the driver's seat, and as he passes people cross themselves and murmur, 'Another one of Trepoff's victims.'

"I went to interview Trepoff a few days before I left St. Petersburg," he added. "I had received a letter promising me an audience. At the palace I was passed on to a secretary, who took me through three empty salons to a small private office, where he left me. A few minutes later he returned and pointed to a telephone upon the table. 'His excellency is waiting for you,' he said quietly. 'Waiting?' 'Yes, at the other end of the wire. He sees nobody.' 'But I am a personal friend of his excellency's,' I explained. 'And that is why you are allowed in the palace,' was the answer.

"And so I said goodby by telephone to Trepoff. I could not bring the words 'Au revoir' across my lips somehow, for who knows where Trepoff will be when I am next in Russia?"—Paris Letter to London Express.

A Wild Twelve Hours.

More intoxicants are drunk between 6 o'clock p. m. Dec. 31 and 6 o'clock a. m. Jan. 1 than during any other twelve hours in the year, declares a writer in What to Eat. "Women who never taste liquor on any other day now often make it a practice to indulge freely on the event of watching the old year out and the new year in. The seats in the great restaurants in New York and Chicago are engaged two months in advance for the occasion, and on the night of the revel the orgies, in which women at other times recognized in church and high social circles participate, "continue till daylight." The scene in one restaurant is described as follows:

"Women rose to the floor and, brandishing their spilling glasses, proposed toasts to the house. Some made speeches. Men tied about their heads wreaths of wineglasses, knives and forks and loaves of bread all bound together by napkins, and rose to make speeches, and respectable women laughed at them as if it were a very funny sight to see."

Ten Fortunes, $2,000,000,000.

Today it is computed that there are in the United States no fewer than seventy estates that average in value $35,000,000 each. There are ten private fortunes aggregating $2,000,000,000—those, namely, of John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, Marshall Field, W. K. Vanderbilt, John Jacob Astor, J. P. Morgan, Russell Sage, J. J. Hill, Senator W. A. Clark and William Rockefeller. There are 400 fortunes aggregating $3,000,000,000 and 4,500 aggregating $10,000,000,000. Five thousand men in this country, whose aggregate wealth is estimated at $15,000,000,000, actually own, to say nothing of how much they control, nearly one-sixth of our entire national wealth in money, land, mines, buildings, industries, franchises and everything else of value, which sixth, if put into gold, would give them all of the yellow metal above ground in the world and leave more than $9,000,000,000 still owing them.—Harper's Weekly.

Schoolbooks and Contagion.

A discussion of far reaching interest has taken place in the French Academy of Medicine on the subject of class books as disseminators of contagion in schools, especially in the case of such diseases as scarlet fever, measles and diphtheria. Paper has long been recognized as a dangerous agent of infection, even in tuberculosis, owing to the habit among children of turning over leaves with fingers wetted with saliva. Dr. Lop in order to test the extent of danger in schoolbooks made long experiments to establish the duration of infective power in various bacilli, finding it to range from forty-eight hours for some to fifty days for the Ebertle and 103 days for the Koch bacillus. General agreement was expressed as to the importance of thorough disinfection of school materials.

Interviewing the Turk.

An interview with the sultan of Turkey has its amusing side. That monarch is not supposed officially to know any language but his own. An interpreter thunders his majesty's questions at the visitor, then cringes with awe as he listens to the words of his royal master. The contrast is close to the ridiculous. At the conclusion of the interview the sultan rises and says quietly in the visitor's language or in French, "Now that our business is over, will you join me in my study and have a cup of coffee?"

A Chivalrous Message.

Let us defend woman! In these days femininism is one of the battle standards of all reformers. Whatever may be said of the rehabilitation of woman under Christianity, her lot—at least among us—is far from enviable.—President of Ecuador in His Message.

PAINTING. PAINTING.

Now is the time to bring in your Cutters for painting. I can do them promptly for you if brought in at once.

Buggies.

I have a few first-class stylish Buggies on hand yet, both in Steel and Rubber Tires, which I will sell at Reduced Prices. Come and see them if you need anything in that line, and I will save you money if you buy now.

M. BAILEY, ST. LAWRENCE St., Winchester.

New York & Ottawa Line

The Preferable Way Between

OTTAWA, CORNWALL, TUPPER LAKE, ADIRONDACK MOUNTAINS, UTICA, ALBANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Short line to all points in New York State. Connections at Ottawa with Can. Pac. Ry. for all points west. Also at Cornwall Jct. with G.T.R. for Toronto and points west.

Time table in Effect Nov 13 h, 1905.

	Express Ex. Sun.	Express Ex. Sun.	Mixed Ex. Sun.
	North Bound—Read Down.		
Lv. Tupper Lake	6.15 a.m.	1.50 p.m.	6.30 a.m.
Moira	8.26	4.04	10.05
Cornwall	9.03	4.43	10.54
FINCH	9.42	5.22	11.42
Ar. Ottawa	11.00	6.35	1.15 p.m.
	South Bound—Read Down.		
Lv. Ottawa	7.50 a.m.	4.35 p.m.	6.00 a.m.
FINCH	8.59	5.47	7.31
Cornwall	9.33	6.24	8.20
Moira	10.09	7.02	10.05
Ar. Tupper Lake	12.30	9.25	1.10 p.m.

Passenger trains use Central Station in Ottawa. Mixed trains use Nicholas St. Station, Ottawa. For tickets and other information apply to Depot Office, or

C. F. DALY, Pass. Traffic Manager.
G. H. PHILLIPS, Gen. Pass. Agt.
H. K. GAYS, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt.
OTTAWA, ONT.

EVERYBODY NEEDS

—A—

Business Education,

and the college that stands for the Highest Efficiency in Commercial Education is the

Willis Business College

of Ottawa.

It provides the best facilities and most highly qualified teaching staff in Canada. Graduates assisted to positions.

Send for free catalogue.

S. T. WILLIS, Principal,
Corner Bank and Albert Streets, Ottawa.

When to Take

Zutoo

The best time to take Zutoo Tablets is when you first suspect you are going to have a headache. In this way you will ward it off—nip it in the bud.

The next best time to take Zutoo is when you have a headache. The tablets will cure it in twenty minutes and do it every time.

Yet, after all, you need not have suffered those twenty minutes if the tablets had been taken at just the right time.

10c. and 25c. at dealers or by mail. B. N. Robinson & Co., Coaticook, Q.

Ask for Laurance Fountain Pen None better



$1 upwards

For Sale by W. G. Bolster.

Dr. Hugo's

Health Tablets for Women Make Healthy Women

Accident at the Mill.

What might have proved to be a serious accident occurred at Mr. Rae's grist mill on Thursday afternoon. While the grinder was running at full speed a smash occurred, and pieces of iron flew in all directions, but fortunately no one was seriously hurt. A stone in the grain is supposed to be the cause. A piece of iron weighing 36 pounds was hurled to the top of the mill and imbedded in the timber several inches. Besides the delay the cost of repair will amount to a nice sum.

FURS, FURS, FURS.

Our Stock of Furs is now Complete.

If you want First-Class Furs, Give Us a Call.

Overcoat Sale

During this Month.

We will sell Men's Youths' and Boys' Overcoats,

At Big Reductions.

Bargains Every Day at

FETTERLY & BOGART'S

CHESTERVILLE



Guns, Rifles and Ammunition

IN GREAT VARIETY,

WE ARE AGENTS FOR THE

WINCHESTER AND MARLIN RIFLES

McDOUGALL & CUZNER,
523 Sussex Street, OTTAWA. Established in 1850.

SIGN OF THE BIG AUGER.

THE CELEBRATED



SHARPLES

Tubular Separator.

We have received the agency in this district for the above Separator, which is looked upon as the best on the market. If you dont believe it let us place one on trial and convince yourself.

Grady & Jordan

CHESTERVILLE.

AUCTION SALE!

These will be offered for sale by Public Auction at lot 19 in the 5th con. of the Township of Finch,

2 Miles East of Berwick, on

Friday, the 12th of Oct., 1906

The following articles:

6 Milch Cows, 3 2-year-old heifers, 1 2-year-old bull, 2 1-year-heifers, 2 brood mares, 2 4-year-old colts, 2 1-year-old colts, 2 suckling colts, 2 pigs, 1 binder, horse rake, mower, roller (new), disc harrow, seeder, harrow, sulky plow, root cutter, plow, fanning mill pair sleighs, wagon, hay rack, hog rack, wagon box, express wagon, milk wagon, buggy, cutter, 2 sets single harness, set double harness, cream separator, 2 milk cans, 1000 feet elm plank, wood and many other articles.

TERMS—All sums of $10 and under cash; over that amount 9 months credit by parties furnishing approved joint notes, or 4% off for cash.

Jas. Currie, Auctioneer. Ephrum Receine, Proprietor.

LABATT'S ALE

Is not artificially charged with gas (carbonated) as are some ales, but is allowed to mature in the natural way. Not pasteurized, it retains the delicate flavor and aroma of the hops and malt. Taken before meals, it stimulates the appetite and prevents constipation.

PURE WHOLESOME PALATABLE BEVERAGE

GET MORE WAGES.

You can do this by getting properly trained for a Business course.

Learn Book-keeping, Stenography and Telegraphy as taught by our expert teachers.

Catalogue upon request.

FALL TERM JUST OPENED.

Students enrolled at any time.

BROCKVILLE BUSINESS COLLEGE.

W. T. ROGERS, Principal.



Design Registered

Send 3 Corks drawn from quart bottles of our Whiskies and receive a handsome enameled pin.

For 8 corks we will send a silk watch fob with enamel charm.

WRITE FOR OUR PREMIUM LIST.

25 H. CORBY DISTILLERY CO Limited, Montreal

NEW TAILOR SHOP!

Having purchased the business of A. Vigeant I am prepared to do

CUSTOM TAILORING

in the usual way. My 25 years' experience in city trade enables me to

Guarantee Fit, Style and Workmanship.

GIVE ME A CALL AND I WILL PLEASE YOU.

L. D'AMOUR, Chesterville

THE CRIMINAL'S CONFESSION

OR, SYBIL BERNER'S VINDICATION

CHAPTER XXVI.—(Continued).

"I'll soon raise the fire's sperrits," said the old lady, briskly rising and seizing the poker and giving the logs a good lunge and lift, that sent up a shower of sparks and a sheet of flame, lighting the whole room with the brightness of day.

The effect was as transient as it was brilliant, however. The sparks expired in their upward flight, and the flame died down again, leaving the logs simmering as before.

"There, now! you see how it is, mother? The very fire feels the time," sighed Miss Tabby.

"Fiddle! it is only because the wood is green. I'll cure that, too. I'll make lame-legged Joe gather a heap of pine cones, that will burn the greenest wood as ever sulked on a hearth," shirped the blithe old lady, as she set the poker in its place.

And then she went to the back door of the back room, and, standing on the covered porch, called out:

"Joe! Joe! fetch in a basket of pine cones to make the fire burn!"

A rumbling noise, a little resembling a human voice, was heard in the distance, and the old lady shut the door, returned to her seat, and resumed her reeling.

"I—don't feel to think it is the firewood, mother; I—I think it is the souls," slowly and solemnly announced Miss Libby, who had not spoken before.

"The what? What in patience are you talking about, Libby?" severely demanded the old lady, as she briskly wound off her yarn..

"The souls, mother; the souls—the souls that do wander about without rest on this awful night."

"Well, I do think," gravely began the aged woman, laying down the ball she was winding, and taking off her spectacles that she might speak with the more impressiveness, "I do really think of all the foolish women in this foolish world, my two daughters is the foolishest! Here's Tabby, always whimpering about the sorrowful things in this world, and Libby always whispering about the supernatural things in the other! If you had both on you married twenty or thirty years ago, you wouldn't be so full of whimsies now! But, Libby, as the oldest of the two, and a woman nigh sixty years of age, you really ought to set a better example to your sister."

And, having delivered this little lecture, old Mrs. Winterose replaced her spectacles on her nose, and resumed her reeling.

"It's all very well for you to talk that a way, mother, and it's all very right; but for all that, you know as how the old folks do say as on this awful night, of all the nights in the year, the 'churchyards yawn and the graves give up their dead', and the unsheltered souls do wander restlessly over the earth; and though we may not see them, they come in at our doors and stand beside us or hover over us all the night. Ugh! It do make me feel as if ice-water was a-trickling down my backbone only to think of it! For, what if as how her soul was a wandering about here now!" continued Miss Libby, solemnly clasping her hands and rolling up her pale blue eyes. "Yes! what if as how her soul was a wandering about here now—here, where all unprepared to go, on just such a dismal Hallow Eve as this, it was wiolently druv out'n her body! Ah! good land! what was that?" suddenly exclaimed Miss Libby, breaking off with a half-suppressed scream.

"It was nothing but Gem's wheel stopping suddenly, as her thread snapped, you goose," said the old lady.

"Ah! but it sounded just like an awful groan, as it might be an echo of her dying groan as her soul fled from the body, and rewived by memory, if so be she should be walking now," shuddered Miss Libby.

"And surely, if any soul ever did wander over the earth anywhere, at any time, her soul, of all souls, would wander in this place of all places, on this night of all nights, when she——"

"Hush, for Heaven's dear sake, both of you!" exclaimed the old lady. "Tabby is so sentimental and Libby is so superstitious, that what with the snivelling of one of you and the shuddering of the other, and the talking of both, I should get the horrors myself if it wern't for Gem, my bright Gem, there, humming to a tune to her humming wheel!" said the old lady, with on affectionate glance toward the young girl. "And I wonder," she added, "what has become of Joe? I shouldn't wonder if the poor fellow had gone out to the pine woods to collect the cones. But now, Tabby and Libby, let me hear no more of your snivelling and shivering."

"But I can't help of it, mother. I should die if I didn't cry. Hallow Eve, especially a dark, drizzily, windy, dreary Hallow Eve like this, always brings back that awful night so vividly again. I seem to see it all again. I seem to see my child, raging and burning like the Spirit of Fire she called herself. I seem to hear that piercing shriek that woke up all the house. I seem to meet that flying form in the flowing white dress, and with the scared and pallid face. I seem to feel the hot blood flowing down upon my hands and face, as I caught her in my arms and tried to stop her, when she broke from me and fled screaming into the library, and threw herself upon Lyon Berners' breast, dying. How can I help it? How can I help it?" cried Miss Tabby with a burst of tears.

"It is her spirit a-hovering over you, and impressing on you, Tabitha," solemnly whispered Miss Libby.

"I shouldn't wonder! no, I shouldn't wonder the least in the world," assented Miss Tabby, with a serious nod of her head.

"And remember, Tabby, that her murderer is still at large, and her spirit cannot rest until that murderer is brought to justice," whispered Miss Libby.

"Ah, but who was her murderer? Surely, Elizabeth Winterose, you do not dare to hint as it was my darling, that beautiful and noble lady who was so nearly executed for the crime she never could have committed?" demanded Miss Tabby, with awful gravity.

"Tabitha Winterose, you know I don't," answered Miss Libby, in solemn indignation.

"I'm glad to hear you say so, for she never did it, nor yet could have done it, though she had cause enough, poor dear! cause enough to go raving mad with jealousy, and to hate her rival unto death, if ever a lady had. But she never was that poor woman's death, though well the woman might have deserved it at her hands. But she never did it! No, she never did it!" reiterated Miss Tabby, with many vain repetitions, as she wiped her faded blue eyes.

"And if Rosa Blondelle's spirit cannot rest in her grave, it ain't so much because her real murderer is at large as it is because Sybil Berners, her benefactress, as she wronged so ungratefully, when she was alive, is now falsely accused of her death," whispered Miss Libby.

"Yes, and would a been just as falsely executed for it, too, if she hadn't a been reskeed on that dreadful night of the flood. And where is she now? Where is the last of the Berners now? An exile and a wanderer over the face of the earth! A fugitive from justice, they call her! 'A fugitive from justice!' when all she needs to make her happy in this world, if she still lives in it, is just simple justice. Oh, I shall never, never forget that awful night of the storm and flood, when with her infant of a few hours old, which they had waited for it to be born before they meant to murder her, she was suddenly snatched out of the flooded prison and carried away from sight, as if the waters had swallowed her! And that was the second horrible Hallow Eve of my life!" sobbed Miss Tabby.

"Hush! hush! why harp upon the horrors that happened so many years ago! 'What's done is done,' and can't be undone," urged the old lady.

"I know it, mother; but it is some sort o' relief to talk—it keeps me from thinking too deep about——"

"About what, Tabby? Don't be a fool!"

"About this, then! as there never was no dreadful thing ever hapened to us as didn't happen to happen on a dark, drizzly, dreary Hallow Eve!" whimpered Miss Tabby.

"It is a fatality!" whispered Miss Libby.

"It is a fiddlestick!" snapped the old lady.

"Oh, mother, mother, you can't dispute it! Wasn't it on a Hallow Eve at night that Rosa Blondelle, sleeping calmly in her bed, was mysteriously murdered?" inquired Miss Tabby.

"Yes, yes," impatiently admitted the old lady.

"And wasn't it that same night in the storm that Sybil Berners fled away from her home—some said, driven mad by horror, and some said by remorse?"

"Oh, yes!" sighed the old lady; "and that was the worst thing as ever she did in her life, for her flight was taken as a proof of conscious guilt. I was very sorry she fled."

"Yes, but she was persuaded by those as was wiser than we. And besides, what could she do but fly, when the evidence was so strong against her? so strong that everybody believed her guilly? so strong that even when she came forward and give herself up, it convicted her, and she was doomed to death! that beautiful, noble, lady! and only spared until she could bring her babe into the world—her babe born in the condemned cell."

"I know it, I know it; but for all that, it was her first flight that prejudiced people's minds against her."

"And do you remember, mother, that awful night when the child was born in the prison? You and I and the prison doctor was with her in that stone cell! And, oh, how we prayed that she might die! But she was strong, and could not die, nor could the babe. Both lived."

"Yes, thank Heaven! despite our short-sighted, sinful prayers, both lived," fervently exclaimed Mrs. Winterose.

"But that awful night of storm and flood, when the condemned mother gave birth to the child in the condemned cell, that awful night was also Hallow Eve, and do you mind how, when all was over, and the baby was dressed and the mother was lying in stupor, how you had to leave us, and go away in the storm to tend m father's sickbed?"

"Ah, child, don't I remember it all!"

"And now I'm going to tell you what happened after you left!"

"Why, Tabby, you never would tell us before," said Mrs. Winterose, taking off her spectacles and becoming very attentive.

"No, mother, because I was bound by an oath. It is true, the man I made the oath to released me from keeping of it! But still I never did feel free to tell all I knew until to-night."

"And why to-night, Tabby?"

"Because it is borne in upon my mind that something will happen on this very Hallow Eve to clear up the whole mystery, that I feel free to reveal my part of it!"

"But what makes you feel as if something was going to happen to reveal the secret, Tabby?" inquired her mother.

"Because I had a dream last night as foretold it! I dreamed as I was walking in the haunted wing, in the very room where Rosa Blondelle was murdered, and suddenly the sun shone full into the room, lighting it up like noonday."

"And to dream of the sun shining into a room is a sure sign of the revelation of secrets and the discovery of hidden things," said Miss Libby, mysteriously.

"Stuff and nonsense about dreams and visions!" sharply exclaimed Mrs. Winterose; "but whatever has caused you to change your mind about Mrs. Berners' rescue, I shall be very glad to hear the particulars, Tabby; so go on."

"Well, goodness knows, there ain't much after all, as I have to tell, but you shall hear it. Well, soon after you left, mother, the prison doctor he got up to go home; and he asked Mr. Berners, who had been waiting out in the lobby to hear from his wife, if he would go along with him to bring back some medicine; and Mr. Berners and him they both went out in the storm, and oh, how it was a storming to be sure."

"Yes, that it was!" assented Mrs. Winterose. "I thought as I should never a got through it myself!"

"Well, I sat there hour after hour, holding the new-born baby in my lap, watching the unconscious mother and waiting for Mr. Berners to come back with that medicine. Well, I might a waited!"

"Yes, for there was no getting back that night!" put in the old lady.

"No, for the storm got worse and worse! The rain poured, the wind howled, the waters rose! Oh, what a horrible night! It was as if the end of all things was come, and the world was about to be destroyed by water, instead of by fire!"

"I know what sort of a night it was, Tabby. I can never forget it! Tell me how Sybil Berners was rescued?" said Mrs. Winterose, impatiently.

"I am telling you as fast as ever I can; which she never would a been rescued neither, if it hadn't a been for that there blessed flood, which you don't even want me to tell about," complained Miss Tabby.

"Tell me about the rescue!" commanded Mrs. Winterose, peremptorily.

"Well, then, just as I had discovered as the waters had riz almost up to the level of the windows, and was even oozing through the walls like dew, and rising higher every minute, and I was in deadly fear of our lives, and screeching as loud as I could screech, for some one to come and let us out, which nobody could hear us because of the hollering and bawling, and running and racing, and banging and slamming of doors and windows, and all the route and rumpus made by the people as were trying to save their own lives, suddenly the window was busted in. And before I had time to say my prayers, in jumped a big man followed by a little man."

"Lor'!" exclaimed Mrs. Winterose and Miss Libby, in a breath.

"And the big man, in all his haste and hurry, he took her up, Sybil, as tenderly, and wrapped her up as carefully as if he had been her mother. He cussed some about the baby, which was a sort of surprise to him; but Raphael——"

"Raphael!" exclaimed Mrs. Winterose and Miss Libby, in a breath.

"Yes, Raphael! He was the little man I soon discovered. Raphael pleaded for the baby, and so the big man he let him save her; but he said how he must leave the 'ole 'oman,' meaning me, to be drowned, though, goodness knows, for that matter, I wasn't so old as to be tired of life, being only just turned of thirty-three——"

"Oh, bother about your age, Tabby! tell us about the rescue!" snapped her mother.

"Ain't I a telling of you as fast as I can? But he did call me an ole 'oman, and me not thirty-four then, which I would say it if I was to die for it, and he would a left me to be drowned, but Raphael he plead for me like he did for the baby, and the waters was rising higher and higher, and the uproar in the prison was getting louder and louder, and the big man, he swore at Raphael, and told him to fetch me on; but first he made me swear on the Bible never to tell how we was rescued. Then he took us off on the boat, which I tell you, mother, it was just awful to be a riding on the high floods over the tops of the houses. It had done raining, which was a good thing for my poor child, who was well wrapped up also. They rowed me up to the Quarries, and put me out high, and on a ledge of the mountain, and rowed away with my child, and that's the last I ever saw or heard of her or her baby until that letter come to Mr. Berners, a telling of him how she was took off to foreign parts, and a releasing of me from my oath of silence."

"But you never told us, for all that."

"Because, as I said afore, I never felt free to do it until to-night, and to-night it is borne in upon my mind as something will happen to clear up that Hallow Eve mystery."

"It is a presentiment," said Miss Libby, solemnly.

"It is a fiddle!" snapped the old lady.

"You may call it a fiddle, mother, but I believe you know more about the fate of Mrs. Berners and her baby, too, than you are willing to tell," said Miss Libby.

"May be I do, and may be I don't," answered the old lady. Then, suddenly breaking out angrily, she exclaimed: "I told you both before as I didn't want to talk of these here horrid events! And I don't! And here you draw me on to talk of them, whether or no! And look at Gem there," she added, lowering her voice, and directing her glance toward the girl at the spinning wheel; "she knows nothing about these dreadful doings, and ought to know nothing about them. Yet there she stands, with her wheel still, and she a drinking down every word."

(To be continued).

WHEAT MOTOR TIRES.

Inventor Discovers Substitute for Rubber Made From Cereals.

A new substitute for rubber has been found, and if the claims of a Middlesex (England) inventor proves to be well founded, we shall some day see motor cars and bicycles with tires made of wheat, golf balls that once were kernels of maize, pavements of barley, and linoleum that might have been rye bread.

Patent office records show that some 300 inventions of substitutes for rubber have been filed, not one of which has attained success.

The new claimant is Mr. William Thredfall Carr, of Wembley. He purposes to make artificial rubber from cereals. It is said that a syndicate of capitalists interested in the manufacturing have offered him $1,250,000 for his patent rights.

The invention of artificial rubber was prophesied at the recent meeting of the British Association, and the industrial world has been eager for it ever since the motor car and bicycle trades threatened to exhaust the supply of the natural article.

Mr. Carr's substitute is obtained by treating any cereal with phylin, a well-known chemical substance that acts in solution as a ferment, turning the starchy matter in grain into dextrose. Another chemical is used in the process to check fermentation at any desired stage. This makes it possible to produce the artificial rubber in several different strengths.

The inventor proposes to make the substance in six grades, from a liquid solution suitable for waterproofing to a hardness suitable for golf balls, in which form it is said to possess the lightness of cork and the toughness of chilled steel. In other trades it will be serviceable for tires, tubes, linoleum work, and slabs and sheets for block pavements.

Mr. Carr intends to visit Canada and other grain-producing countries for the purpose of arranging for supplies of cereals in quantities sufficient to cope with the operations contemplated. When he was asked if his invention might not have the effect of increasing the price of food, he replied:—

"There is no danger. The new linoleum will be a reserve food supply. In the event of a famine it can be boiled and reconverted into food."

A bald story may be improved by introducing a few hair-raising incidents.

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IN some conditions the gain from the use of Scott's Emulsion is very rapid. For this reason we put up a fifty-cent size, which is enough for an ordinary cough or cold or useful as a trial for babies and children. In other conditions the gain is slower—health cannot be built up in a day. In such cases Scott's Emulsion must be taken as nourishment; a food rather than a medicine. It's a food for tired and weak digestions.

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Every leaf is uncolored, undoctored and of virgin purity.

Lead packets only. 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. At all grocers.

GERMANY'S NAVAL IDEA.

Increase in Navy Made Necessary by Her Dependence upon Imports.

A German Government official of high standing, has been giving a correspondent of the all Mall Gazette some explanation of the necessities driving German policy along the road to international collision.

One-third of Germany's raw food stuffs, he says, comes from abroad, one-fourth of the people is fed on imported cereals, and 75 per cent. of her foreign trade is sea-borne. It is our recognition of the utter dependence of German industry and even the vitality of the body politic upon the volume of our imports, which has revolutionized German policy and forced upon us the construction of a great navy; the second impulse being the acquirement of colonies, and the desire to expand across the seas on economic-political lines.

He looks to a future with a Russian Empire barring German goods, self-sufficient American continent, and a self-contained British Empire on Mr. Chamberlain's lines. In spite of Radical and Socialist fanatics, Germany, he says, means to be able to exercise, where necessary, the force upon which the ultimat success of commercial policy is dependent. He claimed the necessity of the establishment of a central European customs union, with the Rhine under Germany's protection and the Adriatic manned by her marines.

STAR RAYS.

What causes the rays or pencils of light that seem to be thrown out by every star when seen by the naked eye? A German scientist has been wrestling with the problem. He finds that all stars show precisely the same rays, but that in the case of the brighter stars the rays are plainer and somewhat longer. It is further remarked that the rays seen by the left and right eyes differ, and that if the head be turned the rays are rotated in a corresponding manner. It is thus concluded that the source of the rays is not in the stars, but in the eye itself, the middle of the retina being not perfectly homogeneous in its sensitiveness.

WHITE BEAR MINE.

Favorable and encouraging reports continue to arrive concerning work on the White Bear mine at Rossland. The Rossland Miner has the following:

"The development of the several new ore shoots found on the 850-foot level and elsewhere in the White Bear, continues with flattering results. Eighty tons of first-class ore and 40 tons of concentrates were shipped to the smelter during the week. This was taken out in the course of the development."

"It is a great comfort to have a child about the house," said the man of domestic tastes. "Yes," answered the unfeeling wretch, "when company comes that you don't care for, you can make the child recite."

WRINKLES AND NERVES

WOMEN'S "FLOATING" FRILLS AND RIBBONS.

Cloudy Draperies Blowing in the Breeze Cause Series of Grimaces.

The unobservant man walking in Bond Street, Regent Street, London, or any place where fashionable women congregate will infallibly come to the conclusion that English women are suffering from St. Vitus' dance. In their carriages, on the pavement, or in motor cars, every woman in the street grins, screws up her mouth and her eyes, twitches her lips, jerks her shoulders, and generally behaves as if she were on wires.

But it is not St. Vitus' dance. The grimaces and the gestures are caused, first, by the woman's hair, and, secondly, by her "floating" frills and ribbons.

"There is a great outcry against the fringe net," said a West End beauty specialist to a London Express representative. "There will be a greater outcry when its abolition results in premature wrinkles and 'nerves.'

WRINKLES MUST COME.

"Only one woman in fifty is blessed with naturally curling hair, and the large majority—those who have to use pins and curling tongs—are always experiencing the uncomfortable sensation of stray locks which flee themselves from hairpins and fall forward to tickle the unfortunate person's nose.

"It is an extraordinary thing to watch a smart woman, her hands engaged with her umbrella, purse, and skirt, trying to blow a curl out of her line of vision. She twists her nose, strains her mouth sideways, and, in fact, would be horrified if she caught sight of herself in the mirror. Wrinkles must inevitably come. Grimaces are the greatest enemy to beauty."

FLOATING FASHION.

A fashionable modiste attributes the "society grimace" to what she designates the "floating fashion."

"The well-dressed woman nowadays must float," she said. "The more cloud-like her appearance the more she will be admired. Her veil must float from the top of her hat, bunches of ribbon depend over the brim, ribbons float from her blouse, and her scarf floats in every breeze.

"These cloudy draperies are liable to blow in front of their wearers' faces, and it is very unpleasant to see a woman distorting her pretty features in the vain effort to blow away the long end of a rosette or a wisp of tulle."

You cant judge every woman by her looks, because appearances may be bought at most druggists.

Investors, Act Quickly

We have associated our name with **White Bear Mining Shares**, and to our established clientele desire to say that we give it the strongest possible endorsement. Firm in our belief that **White Bear** is rapidly reaching a position that will culminate in another **Le Roi** success. It has all the evidences NOW. Located and forming part of the group containing **Le Roi**, War Eagle and Centre Star at Rossland, B. C. Shipments already made (in process of development only) **have netted $10 a ton after paying all costs** of freight, smelter charges, etc. Reports reaching us regularly are highly satisfactory, and we confidently expect to see another repetition of the **Le Roi** wonder.

THINK OF IT! THINK OF IT!

And particularly note the location of **White Bear**. It a group of mining properties paying regular dividends **of 10 per cent.**

CANADIANS WAKE UP!

To the immense possibilities of **White Bear**, before it passes under foreign control. Act, and act promptly, if you would benefit by this, which we consider the greatest opportunity that has been placed before you for some time.

DO YOU REALIZE IT?

$100	Invested	in	the	Le Roi	is now worth	$20,000
$500	"	"	"	"	"	100,000
$1,000	"	"	"	"	"	200,000

You have magnificent possibilities in **White Bear**. Shares in a developed mine, producing under the most favorable conditions, actually selling at prospect figures. To those who have already taken advantage of this offering we want to extend our congratulations. To those who up to the present have not seen fit to do so, **we want to reiterate what we have already said**, and assure them that our confidence in this property is unbounded.

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RUSSIAN PEASANT LIFE

WITH THE HAYMAKERS IN THE MEADOWS NEAR MOSCOW.

Observations of An English Corespondent Upon Curious Russian Customs.

From a letter of the Hon. Maurice Baring to the London Post, the following description of Russian peasant life is taken:

Then I went away, and as I was going Feodor (one of the peasants), asked me if I would like to go and see the haymaking the next day. If so, I had better be at his house at three o'clock in the afternoon. The next day, Sunday, I kept my appointment, but found nobody at home in the house of Feodor except a small child. "Is Feodor at home?" I asked. Then a man appeared from a neighboring cottage, and said: "Feodor is in the inn—drunk." "Is he going to the haymaking?" I asked. "Of course he's going." "Is he very drunk?" I asked. "No, not very. I will tell him you are here." And the man went to fetch him. Then a third person arrived, a young peasant in his Sunday clothes, and asked me where I was going. I said I was going to make hay. "Do you know how to?" he asked. I said I didn't. "I see," he said, "you are just going to amuse yourself. I advise you not to go. They will be drunk, and there might be unpleasantness."

Then Feodor arrived, apparently perfectly sober, except that he was rather red in the face. He harnessed his horse to a cart. "Would I mind not wearing my hat but one of his," he asked. I said I didn't mind, and he lent me a dark blue yachting cap, which is what the peasants wear all over Russia. My shirt was all right. I had got on a loose Russian shirt without a collar. He explained that it would look odd to be seen with some one wearing such a hat as I had. It was a felt hat. The little boy who was running about the house was Feodor's son. He was bare-footed, and one of his feet was bound up. I asked what was the matter with it. The bandage was at once taken off and I was shown the remains of a large blister and gathering. "It's been cured now," Feodor said. "It was a huge blister. It was cured by witchcraft. I took him to the Wise Woman and she put something on it and said a few words and the pain stopped, and it got quite well. Doctors are no good; they only cut one about. I was kicked by a horse and the pain was terrible. I drank a lot of vodka and it did no good; then I went to the Wise Woman and she put ointment on the place and she spoke away the pain. We think it's best to be cured like this—village fashion." I knew this practice existed, but it was curious to find it so done at Moscow. It was like finding witchcraft at Surbiton.

Then we started for the hay meadows, which were about ten miles distant. On the road we met other peasants in cars bound for the same destination. They all gravely took off their hats to each other. After an hour and a half's drive we arrived at the Moscow River, on the bank of which there is a tea-shop. Tea-shops exist all over Russia. The feature of them is that you cannot buy spirits there. We stopped and had tea. Everybody was brought a small teapot for tea and a huge teapot of boiling water and very small cups, and everybody drank about four or five cups out of the saucer. They eat the sugar separately, and do not put it into the cup.

Then we crossed the river on a floating bridge, and, driving past a large white Byzantine monastery, arrived at the green hay meadows in the farther river bank towards sunset. Then the hay-making began. The first step which was taken was for vodka bottles to be produced and for everybody to drink vodka out of a cup. Then there was a great deal of shouting and an immense amount of abuse. "It doesn't mean anything," Feodor said. "We curse each other and make it up afterwards." Then they drew lots for the particular strip they should mow; each man carrying his scythe high over his shoulder. ("Don't come too near," said Feodor; "when men have drunk they are careless with scythes.")

When the lots were drawn they began mowing. It was a beautiful sight to see the mowing in the sunset by the river; the meadows were of an intense soft green; the sky all fleecy and golden to the west and black with a great thundercloud over the woods to the east, lit up with intermittent summer lightnings. The mowers were all in different colored shirts—scarlet blue, white, and green. They mowed till the twilight fell and the thundercloud got near to us. Then Feodor came and made our cart into a tent by tying up the shafts, putting a piece of matting across them and covering it with hay; and under this he made beds of hay. We had supper. Feodor said his prayers and prepared to go to sleep, but changed his mind, got up and joined some friends in a neighboring cart.

Three children and a deaf and dumb peasant remained with [redacted] peasants who were in the neighboring tent were drunk; they began by quarrelling, then they sang for about four hours without stopping; then they talked. Feodor came back about half an hour before it was light, and slept for that brief space. I did not sleep at all. I wasn't tired, and the singing was delightful to hear; so excessively characteristic of Russia and so utterly unlike the music of any other country, except that of Mongolia. What strikes me most about it is in the first place the accuracy with which the parts are taken, and in the second place the curious rhythm, and the close, ending generally on the dominant. The children chattered for some time about mushroom gathering and the deaf and dumb man told me a lot by signs, and then they went to sleep.

As soon as it was light the mowers all got up and began mowing. I do not know which was the most beautiful effect, that of the dusk or of the dawn. The dawn was gay with pearly clouds and the faintest pink tinge, and in the east the sun rose like a great red ball with no clouds near it. At ten o'clock we drove to an inn and had tea; then we drove back, and the hay, although it was quite wet, for it had rained in the night, was carried there and then. "The women dry it at home," Feodor explained; "it's too far for us to come here twice." The carts were laden with hay, and I drove one of them home, lying on the top of the hay, in my sleep. I had always envied the drivers of carts whom one meets lying on a high load of hay, fast asleep, and now I know from experience that there is no such delicious slumber, with the kind sun warming one through and through after a cold night, and the slow jolting of the wagon rocking one, and the smell of the hay acting like a soporific; every now and then one wakes up to see the world through a golden haze, and then one falls back and drowns with pleasure in a deep slumber of an inexpressibly delicious quality

When we recrossed the river we again stopped for tea. As we were standing outside an old woman passed by, and just as she passed one of the peasants said to me, "Sit down, Barine." Barine, I suppose everybody knows, means a monsieur, in contradistinction to the lower class. "Very like a Barine," said the woman, with a sarcastic snort, upon which the peasant told her in the plainest and most uncomplimentary speech I have ever heard exactly what he thought of her personal appearance, her antecedents, and what she was fit for. She passed on with dignity. Then after a time I climbed up on to the wagon again, and sank back into my green paradise of dreams, and remember nothing more till we arrived home at five o'clock in the evening.

30,000 SLAVES RELEASED.

Striking Evidence of the Benefit of British Rule.

Major Coryndon, the Administrator of Barotseland, who has just reached England from northwestern Rhodesia, gives an interesting account of the changes which have recently taken place in that remote region.

Perhaps one of the most striking of recent events, the Major states, was the act of King Lewanika, who, during an imposing function, held at his capital a few weeks ago, formally abolished slavery throughout his kingdom, thus immediately releasing some thirty thousand serfs.

"Perhaps one of the most striking evidences of the rapid progress which is being made," said the Major, "will be found in the fact that on my journey home I travelled the whole way from Broken Hill to Cape Town by train a distance of 2,100 miles. When I first went to Barotseland the journey northward from Buluwayo was made by bullock wagon, the expedition through the thirst land being a long and hazardous undertaking. In the space of a few years this has all been changed, and the trip is now accomplished in a few hours by train.

"When we came into the country there were 13 different tribes of different language all owing allegiance to Lewanika, whose representatives were stationed with each tribe. This main system had not been altered, and today every district commissioner in each district has with him a direct representative of Lewanika, who assists him in hearing native cases and advising on matters of purely native administration. There is not the least sign of disaffection among the Barotsi.

"So great is Lewanika's desire for development and progress that he has recently, by public proclamation, given the final deathblow to the ancient system of serfdom or domestic slavery, which is common in Barotseland as among other South African tribes, and he has freed every slave in his dominions.

"For this purpose he hold a great function in July. It was a most imposing affair. Lewanika, in full uniform, took his place in the centre of the principal group, there being some 2,000 natives present. Around the chief were gathered the Government officials, all the white men in the neighborhood, including 25 missionaries, and the reading by the Prime Minister of Lewanika's decree was a never-to-be-forgotten conclusion.

"As a result, between 25,000 and 30,000 natives have obtained absolute freedom. Lewanika is also making a strong point in keeping guns, ammunition, and liquor out of his country, and the laws, which are very stringent, receive loyal support from him."

WOULD SOON BE STAINED.

Some time since, a trial took place in a remote part of Australia before a rough-and-ready Irish magistrate. The case was a complicated one of manslaughter, and the prisoner bore the very worst character in the whole neighborhood. Owing, however, to the squaring of several of the most important witnesses, a verdict of "Not guilty" was returned.

"I can leave the court, then, without the slightest stain on my character?" said the prisoner to the Bench.

"Ye can," replied the magistrate, "but lave it at once. I know ye for the biggest rogue that ever stepped in shoeleather, though you've got off this time. Yes, ye can lave the court, without a stain on your character; but, by all the saints, if I find you knocking around outside when I've finished with this job I'll lave a stain on your face that all the soap in ould Ireland wouldn't wash off in a year."

MR. SPEAKER'S PRIVILEGES.

The Speaker of the British House of Commons has several peculiar privileges. Every year he receives a gift from the Master of the Buckhounds of a buck and doe killed in the Royal preserves. Later in the year the Speaker receives another tribute from a different source. The donors on this occasion are the Clothworkers' Company of London, who send to the Speaker a width of the best broadcloth to be found in England.

FIGHTING THE SAVAGES

SIR F. LUGARD DESCRIBES THE METHODS EMPLOYED.

Young Lieutenant With Fifty Native Soldiers Destroys a Village and Releases Captives.

The war methods still required to deal with truculent African tribes are set out interestingly in a number of despatches from Sir F. Lugard, published in the London Gazette.

Operations in Northern Nigeria were rendered necessary by the predatory and slave-raiding expeditions of the warlike Munshi tribes. Lieut. Woods, who was left in charge of a detachment at Abinsi, decided on his own responsibility to attack a murderous village chief, who had a number of captives, one of whom he had murdered in cold blood. He was at the time preparing poison for his arrows in order to fight.

A messenger sent to order him to release his captives was told that if he returned again his ears would be cut off and he would be made to eat them. Sir F. Lugard reports that the messenger somewhat naturally declined to take a further message, and Lieut. Woods attacked the village with only 50 native soldiers

CAPTIVES IN DANGER.

"The ju-ju in the village was covered with blood, and a human arm was found in a hut. The village was destroyed, and subsequently the captives were given up, after discussion by the Munshis as to whether or not they should kill them all. Seventy-two more captives were released, making a total of 118 out 163, which was the number missing so far as known, in addition to 76 actually seen to be killed."

Incidentally, it is disclosed by these despatches that the disturbances which broke out at Sokoto while these operations were in progress "gave cause for very grave anxiety." Lieut.-Col. Hasler was so advised by the High Commissioner, and, as it appeared quite possible that there would be a general religious rising throughout the protectorate, he called on his officers and men "for a special effort."

How splendidly that call was answered may be understood by the fact that No. 1 column marched 312 miles, the last 180 miles of which were over a very bad and rocky road, in 12½ days, while another column covered 83 miles in less than 48 hours.

BARBAROUS TRIBES.

Operations in Southern Nigeria were carried on in a country very thickly populated "by tribes more barbarous and less intelligent than any hitherto met with." This country was split up into innumerable independent towns or communities, the chiefs of which were nearly always decrepit old men possessing little authority or control over their tribe, the real power being vested in the young men. The large quantities of arms of precision subsequently surrendered showed how very completely armed the population was.

The operations were brought to a successful conclusion, but were marked by a "regrettable incident" in the shape of the surprise, defeat, and retreat of a small force in the Kwale district, when all the three European officers were wounded, and there were 21 casualties out of a total rank and file of 70.

AMONG THE SLAVE-TRADERS.

A special expedition was sent into the Bende-Onitsha Hinterland, a region in which slave trading and human sacrifices existed, and which was unknown country, closed to trade. The expedition covered 1,100 square miles of country, most of which had not been previously visited, and the most continued and obstinate resistance was met with, trenches and stockades being found everywhere.

Operations in the East African Protectorate were rendered necessary owing to the refusal of the Nandi tribe to move into the nerves allotted to them after previous fighting and the proclamation of an armistice.

The operations were carried on in high altitudes, and in cold and inclement weather, which caused 15 per cent. of the British officers to be invalided. The turbulent Nandis were taught a much-needed lesson, and other warlike tribes were properly impressed.

It is noteworthy that the Uganda railway was found of great use in connection with these operations.

RUIN MENACES ST. HELENA.

Will be the Effect of the Removal of British Troops.

Every white man resident on the island of St. Helena has signed a petition to the British Government protesting against the proposed withdrawal of the military garrison there, and a league has been organized in London to promote the action of the islanders.

"St. Helena has 4,000 inhabitants, of whom 200 are whites," said A. G. Wise, the secretary of the St. Helena League, the other day. "The garrison consists of 200 men, and if they go the sole defence of the islanders will consist of a police force of five natives.

"Moreover, the white inhabitants derive two-thirds of their livelihood from the garrison. The proposed abolition of the coaling station and the withdrawal of the garrison constitute a palpable injustice, in view of the fact that the white inhabitants, following a direct suggestion of the Government, imported a large number of expensive sheep and cattle from England.

"If the soldiers leave these animals will be useless to the inhabitants, who limit themselves almost exclusively to a fish diet. All who can afford to leave the island are planning to do so, and the rest will have nothing to live on.

"The result will be that the Government will be called on to support these poor people, and will have to pay for the development of the mineral resources, especially the manganese. The cable of the Eastern Telegraph Company passes through the island, and this makes it additionally important that the garrison, the cost of which is very small, should be maintained."

GENTLE ART OF TOUCHING

ABOUT THE WELL-DRESSED BEGGARS OF LONDON.

Methods of Living Without Working Practiced by Seedy Members of British Aristocracy.

Every day in every London police court one or more unfortunate persons are sentenced to terms of imprisonment for begging in the streets. They are rogues and vagabonds, generally very ill-fed and ill-clothed, without any occupation except that which is technically known as "pitching the tale," and thereby abstracting odd pennies from the benevolent, writes S. Piers in the London Mail.

But while the ill-dressed beggar is given the opportunity of considering the error of his ways in a stone cell on a Spartan diet, London, and especially the west end, abounds with well-dressed beggars equally without other occupation, equally dependent upon other people's money, but against whom the police have no power, and whom the officers of the Mendicity Society would probably greet with a respectful salute.

MERELY BORROW.

They do not exactly beg, they merely borrow. But borrowing is a euphemism. They pay back on the Greek kalends. Verbally they "want a sovereign until to-morrow," but, as every school child knows, to-morrow never comes. While the whining beggar of the streets is a nuisance the experienced Londoner regards the affable, well-dressed gentleman who asks him casually if he "happens to have a sovereign about him" as being an infinitely greater and more expensive plague.

The successful borrower must be a man of fertile imagination, dogged persistence, unfailing tact, and iron impudence. It is well always to adopt the method of the east end trader, and ask a great deal more than you are prepared to take. One recalls in this connection the famous Mr. Montague Tigg, who, after ambitious requests, was prepared to accept from Mr. Pecksniff the ridiculous sum of eighteenpence, and this was reproduced not so many years ago by a well-known aristocrat who was chronically impecunious.

SLID DOWN.

He drove up one night to the country house of a relative and asked to see him on most important business. He explained that he wanted $3,000 at once, and that ruin stared him in the face unless the sum was forthcoming. The relative was Scotch, and the borrower was a diplomat, and the result was that after half an hour's wrangling he left the house perfectly happy with £1 in gold and three shillings in silver.

One well-known character, who died a short while ago, lived quite comfortably for many years on borrowed money. On one occasion he explained that, after great self-sacrifice, he had accumulated £13 towards his rent, and that he wanted another £3 to make up the necessary sum; but if this £3 was not forthcoming his home would be sold up, and his wife and children turned into the streets, in addition to all his own self-sacrifice coming to nothing.

SENTIMENTAL TOUCH.

It was a pretty story, and, told with the right dramatic emphasis, was an admirable source of income for several weeks, the gentleman working from bar to bar, and Bohemian club to Bohemian club, until the £3 had been obtained from every person with a banking account with whom he had a nodding acquaintance.

On another occasion, with tears in his eyes, he explained that the next day was his wife's birthday. He had, ever since their marriage, given his wife a little present, but on this particular year times were so bad that he found himself without the means to do so. His poor wife would be terribly disappointed, and he himself felt, perhaps, more keenly than he had ever felt before, the bitterness of poverty.

This was also a most successful story, some men finding a sovereign, others half a sovereign, some even five shillings, the present which the husband desired to give depending upon his knowledge of the generosity and the income of the person to whom he "told the tale."

This particular man always spent his summers in small towns on the coast of France, where there was a casino, loans from successful gamblers making an appreciable addition to his income.

SUPPER SNATCHER.

Another man, some years ago, attained fame in the west end as the "champion supper snatcher." He would go into a restaurant soon after 11 o'clock, look round the room until he had found an acquaintance, whom he would go over to and effusively greet, standing and talking till the man, for very shame's sake, was obliged to say: "Won't you sit down and have something to eat?" This was practiced more recently by another individual who frequented one of the most expensive restaurants, and obtained lunches and dinners by the same method.

There are, of course, always, in a city like London, a number of happy-go-lucky, well-to-do individuals who are utterly unable to resist the cry of the impecunious.

SHOT BY HIS OWN DOG.

A sportsman named Lecorbec was shot by his dog near Vannes, France, the other day, while out after sea-fowl. He stood in his boat holding the barrel of the gun, the stock of which rested on the bottom of the boat. As he was about to push off the dog sprang aboard and dashed against the trigger, discharging the gun and killing Lecorbec on the spot.

Japanese children begin to go to school when six years old. During the first four years they learn Japanese and Chinese; in the next four years every child has to learn English.

IN THE NORTHERN WILDS

FINE SUMMER SPORT IN NORTHERN ONTARIO.

Mingling of Civilized and Savage Customs on the Shores of Lake Temagami.

Far up in the north woods of Canada about 150 miles from Georgian Bay, beautiful Lake Temagami lies clear and deep in the heart of the pine forests with nearly 1,000 little wooded islands studding its limpid surface. Withdrawn from settlement by the Ontario Government, these islands have been constituted a timber reserve and remain a perpetual wilderness resort for the sportsmen and a lasting delight to all lovers of primeval beauty.

The quaint old town of North Bay until this year marked practically the end of the civilized trail and of itself wakened scarcely more than a passing interest. To reach Lake Temagami it has always been necessary to make a tedious journey from North Bay partly by canoes and partly overland, but now the trip is completed on a little railroad train which drops the traveler at Temagami station and then goes puffing on its way through the pine woods up into the district where rich silver ore has recently been discovered and where even last summer prospectors were swarming over the rocks tapping with their little long-handled hammers.

At the station Lake Temagami unfolds itself to view and everything else is forgotten in the prospect of the royal sport it suggests. Covering an area of 100 miles and with nearly

3,000 MILES OF SHORE LINE

the section presents ample opportunity for getting back to Nature and knowing life in the primitive.

Directly across from the station about seventeen miles distant is Bear Island, the largest of the group and a little steamer plies busily from shore to shore.

With the unerring instinct of their race the Indians named the lake Temagami—deep water—and it verifies its cognomen with 400 feet or more of depths of crystal clearness. The Indians on Bear Island belong to one of the oldest of the Chippewa tribes and live by trading with the Hudson's Bay Company. Once a year they are paid a bounty from the government, the occasion is celebrated with a grand ball in the fire ranger's cabin and all the countryside turns out to assist, some of the Indians canoeing fifty miles to join in the merrymaking. In the rough little cabin a grizzled old chief sits solemnly scraping a fiddle or a chance visitor at the inn is pressed into service to furnish music for the dancers. The young braves and squaws caper about with stolid expressionless faces, while ranged around the walls on all sides the older squaws with bright, beady black eyes, watch the performance with unflagging interest, and the tiny round head of a little swarthy pappoose nods patiently from side to side, with dreams undisturbed by

THE ANTICS OF ITS ELDERS.

Altogether it is a picture for the pen of the word artist, vivid with life and color. The little cabin of rough hewn logs, the low ceiled room with its dim flaring lights, rank perfume hanging heavy in the air, and the dusky braves and squaws with their pathetic incongruity of attire, all the dignity of a once noble race departed, sacrificed to civilization, made pitifully tawdry and cheap. Outside, the soft summer night drenched with the mystery of stars and of silence, the majesty of age-old forests, black with impenetrable shadows, the vastness of unfathomable spaces, the great fascinating wilderness of the north where the call of the wild sounds with mysterious, compelling force.

The fire rangers' cabins are really milestones, marking the progress on the beat of these government patrolmen. The duty of the rangers is not only to patrol the country to guard against forest fires, but also to see that there are no infringements of the game laws among the sportsmen. These cabins or offices are located from 30 to 50 miles apart and each fire ranger makes the rounds from cabin to cabin on his beat, covering a given territory in a stated time, sometimes travelling nearly a week without the sight of a human face or the sound of a human voice.

THE SPORTSMAN'S PARADISE.

Temagami has been rightly named the Sportsman's Paradise, it is ideal in every sense of the world. Two men and a guide have an easy day's work landing from 25 to 30 black bass or pickerel at an average weight of three to five pounds. The law limits the salmon trout catch to four a day, a feat that is easily accomplished in from four to five hours, the speckled beauties often weighing over 25 pounds. The Siergrist party had a mighty tussle with one big gamy fellow who had no mind to be landed. With 400 feet of line out and the gaff hook left behind on shore it became a mere question of tact and diplomacy. An hour and a half of patient advance and retreat partially tired him out and a little more skillful manoeuvring towed him to shallow water, where E. R. Smith received him in a slippery embrace and hurriedly flopped him aboard.

Not the least of the pleasures of the sportsman's life at Temagami are the shore dinners, prepared by the guide and eaten with a relish which is never enjoyed at the most luxurious hotel in the country. Sitting cross-legged like a Turk on the softest of carpets of balsam boughs, delicious whiffs from the pines stinging the nostrils, the whirr of wings overhead and the swirl of rushing water murmuring over the rocks, the outside world with its cares and perplexities assumes an aspect of unreality, life is only a playday, adrift and adream.—Myrtle Tower Schnell, in the Buffalo Express.

If a man is too lazy to work he sets himself up as a philosophy dispenser.

Every man has his price, but in nine cases out of ten he isn't worth it.

Candid Friend: "You will have to work hard to win the heiress." Impecunious One: "I'll have to work a jolly sight harder still if I don't."

DRS. M. & W. A. BROWN,
Physician, Surgeon, &c.
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SURGEON, DENTIST.
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Visits Moose Creek every Saturday.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, &c. Offices, Chesterville, and Winchester. The Winchester office will be open on Saturday of each week from 1 to 4.30 p.m.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Conveyancer, Notary, &c. A limited amount of Private Funds to loan at lowest rates of interest. Mortgages purchased.
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SURGEON DENTIST,
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DOMINION HOUSE
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.
T. FLYNN, - - PROPRIETOR.
This hotel has lately been renovated and is in a position to cater to the traveling public.
Always in stock the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

GEO. L. BROWN, C.E. & O.L.S.
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DRAUGHTSMAN, Land Surveyor, and Civil Engineer, Estimates and reports made on bridge work, waterworks and sewerage construction. Special attention given to drainage. Office in Fulton Block.

WINCHESTER
Marble and Granite
WORKS.
Constantly on hand both Marble and Granite Monuments of the latest Designs and Best Quality.
We import Granite direct from Aberdeen, Scotland, and can give customers work at Astonishingly Low Prices.
A call will convince you that this is the place to purchase anything in the Headstone line.
W. CAMPBELL, - - PROP

Farmers Insurance Companies
—The Popular and Reliable—
GRENVILLE PATRON MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company
Insures farm property against loss or damage by fire or lightning.
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Insures against loss or damage to buildings or contents, by Wind Storms, Cyclones or Tornadoes.
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Accept a general insurance on all classes of property wherever situated. Capital $2,000,000
Satisfactory adjustments in all cases and prompt payment of losses.
JAMES CLEMENT,
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PHOTOGRAPHER,
CHESTERVILLE,
Studio open every Wednesday
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KEARNS' BLOCK

SUSTAINING POWER OF SUGAR.

The remarkable sustaining powers of cane sugar have often been noted, and it will be remembered that Sir Martin Conway, in his book, "The Ascent of Aconcagua," stated that he found Demerara sugar "the finest heat-producing muscle-nourishing food in the world." For men taking violent exercises, such as soldiers on active service or athletes in training, a plentiful supply of sugar was, he said, far better than large meat rations. A quarter of a pound per day per man was his allowance on the mountain side, and he was inclined to think that this might be increased to nearly half a pound with advantage, cane sugar, of course, being selected for this purpose. This testimony as to the alimentary value of sugar finds striking confirmation in the account of the first crossing of Mount Cook, contributed by Mr. Malcolm Ross to the Alpine Journal. On this expedition, which proved a wonderful feat of endurance, brown sugar formed an important part of the rations. Indeed, Mr. Ross says that upon it he "existed almost entirely on all our climbs."

Mountain guides are justified in charging steep prices.

SELLING CHEAP,

But not Cheap Goods.

Ends of Linen.

Linen Towels,

Pink and Other Flannellettes,

Union Blankets,

Flannellete Blankets,

Mens' Pants,

AND OTHER GOODS.

TERMS CASH. **McGEE & CO.**

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DEALERS IN

Agricultural Implements, Washing Machines, Furniture, Etc.

Also Carriages.

Undertaking and Embalming.
Fire Insurance Agents.

Your patronage solicited.

Crysler, - - Ont.



NEW

- Meat Market -

I have purchased the Butcher business conducted in Chesterville for the past two years by J. H. Cowdrey, and will endeavor to cater to the wants of the public. I will keep constantly on hand

Beef, Pork, Lamb, Sausage,

Smoked Meats and Fowl of all kinds.

A share of your patronage is respectfully solicited.

CHAS. SMITH,
CHESTERVILLE.

TO THE PUBLIC !

I have taken over the business of the late firm of Grant & Fyke, tinsmiths, in this place, and I wish to thank the public generally for the patronage bestowed upon us, and ask for a share of your patronage in the future. I intend conducting the business in the same old stand.

C. M. FYKE.

Twenty Minutes Time Enough?

To Cure the Worst Headache From Any Cause—New Reduction Method.

Most headaches and pains yield instantly to the new Reduction Method—Dr. Shoop's Twenty Minute Headache Cure. The cause for these pains is congestion—a rushing of blood to the nerve centers—which distends the veins to nearly the bursting point. Swollen and enlarged, these veins and capillaries exert an irritating pressure on the myriads of nerve branches and fibres. Then, there's a pain, and finally that excruciating, ceaseless ache. This new Reduction Method disperses the blood, distributes the overflow, and directs it to the proper channels. It frees the nerve centers from all pressure and irritation—the pains and aches disappear because their cause has been removed. You may try a thousand remedies—you may drug and stupify the nerves and send them into submission—but the remedy which brings prompt relief and permanent cure will be successful because it reduces the congestion—it must embody the Reduction Method. Medicine has thus found a way—simple and sure, yet the only way—to thoroughly overcome these attacks of Headache and Neuralgia. The effect of Dr. Shoop's Twenty Minute Headache Cure is prompt—perfectly suited to all forms of Headache and absolutely positive in every temperament. For sale and recommended by

For Headaches

WALTER G. BOLSTER.

J. B. Thompson

SUCCESSOR TO

THOMPSON & CLINE

Tinsmiths &c.,

CHESTERVILLE,

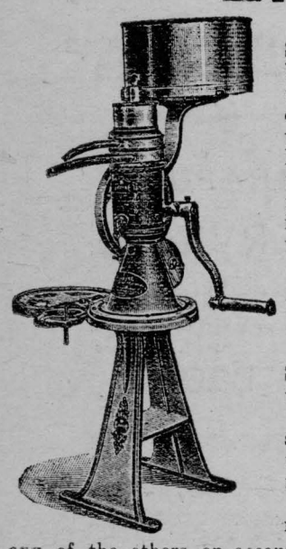
A full Line in connection with my business always kept in stock.

WILLIAM NEWVINE,

All kinds of Cement and Concrete work a Specialty

GRANTLEY, ONT.

EMPIRE ! EMPIRE ! EMPIRE !



The Empire Cream Separator outwears other Separators, lasts longer and requires fewer repairs, because—It's simpler in construction and—It is more carefully built. That has been the Experience of thousands and thousands of farmers who have used the Empire. Its easy to see why. Being so much simpler in construction it has fewer parts to get out of order. The bowl being so much lighter and there being so much less mechanism, there naturally is lessfriction and wear. It will pay you to consider these things.

WINCHESTER, ONT., Jan. 9, 1905.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Gentlemen:—I am using one of your EMPIRE Separators and am pleased to be able to recommend to all who intend to buy machines.

I can truly say that I have tried several methods of handling milk, and can recommend a separator to be far inadvance of all other moethds.

I can also say that I have tried several other makes of separators and prefer the EMPIRE to any of the others on account of it being easily cleaned, a close skimmer, and the lightest to operate. I am

Yours truly
THOS. IRVING.

CHESTERVILLE, July 31, 1906.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR CO., TORONTO, ONT.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your Empire Cream Separators after having tried others, I wish to recommend your Empire for its easy running and the work it does. The Empire skims very close and produces a very fine quality of cream. I have never seen another machine so simple in construction. I can highly recommend your Empire Cream Separator. Yours truly,
ROLAND SHAVER, Morewood.

CHESTERVILLE, July 31, 1906.
EMPIRE CREAM SEPARATOR CO., TORONTO.

Gentlemen:—Having bought one of your new Improved 2 B Empire Separators I wish to report that it gives me entire satisfaction as to capacity, close skimming and ease of operation. I can highly recommend your Empire and it will be a pleasure for me to induce my friends to buy your Empire, as it will be to their advantage.

Yours truly, AMAZIAH FROATS, Nation Valley.

Get an easy running, simple, durable, economical Empire and be sure.

JOHN FOSTER, Chesterville,
Agent for Winchester and Finch Townships.



MISS JANE MORGAN.

A Master Mariner Qualified to Command Any Vessel Afloat.

Miss Jane Morgan of Philadelphia holds a commission as a master mariner from the United States board of engineers and has full legal authority to command any vessel afloat that happens to be in need of a pilot or captain. Miss Morgan, or "Captain Jane," is a daughter of Randal Morgan of Philadelphia, owner of the steam yacht Warturus, which is rated one of the finest vessels of its class afloat.

About a year ago Miss Morgan was granted a second class pilot's certificate for the Delaware river and bay. As this did not allow her to sail the Warturus, which is a ship of 610 tons burden, she decided to secure a master



CAPTAIN JANE MORGAN.

mariner's license. In order to get this she took a special course in astronomy, studied ship construction, the mechanism of all nautical instruments and made herself thoroughly familiar with all the peculiarities of the Atlantic seaboard. She mastered the signal system in use on the high seas and proved her ability to perform all the offices of a master mariner in fair as well as in foul weather. Only five women in the world have been commissioned as master mariners. Miss Morgan commands the Warturus on its long cruises to the Mediterranean and other foreign waters.—Chicago Tribune.

The Ideal Kitchen.

The ideal kitchen, no matter how modest, must meet several absolute requirements. The sanitary conditions must be perfect in regard to both cleanliness and ventilation, and the greatest possible convenience and economy of time, labor and patience must be attained for the cook.

Cleanliness is the first consideration. Walls, floor, furniture and utensils must be nonabsorbent, scrubable with soap and water, free from threatening cracks and crevices and all open to the daylight, without dark, inaccessible corners. The strength and patience of the person doing the scrubbing must also be considered and the surfaces made as easy to clean and polish as possible. Tiles upon floor and walls reduce this labor to a minimum and are a joy to look upon, but they are not a joy to tread and stand upon, because they are too hard and jar and tire a person on this account. Cement floors have this same objection. It is well to have rubber or fiber mats in front of the sink and work tables at least, if the floor is of tile or cement. For most of us tiles are too expensive. The locked rubber tiles, which are much easier for the feet, are also expensive. Hard wood comes next on the list, but that spots and stains so easily that it is a continual source of trouble. Soft wood floors absorb spots and dirt even more than the hard wood and are continually splintering. Paint wears off very rapidly with constant scrubbing. The one that has proved the most practical and the best up to the present time is the soft pine floor made of narrow boards carefully and closely laid and covered with heavy imported linoleum. The linoleum is expensive at first, but will wear for years.—Harper's Bazar.

Wives as Chums.

A certain amount of reading and study of current events is equally important in the work of the day as the dusting of the rooms in order that a wife may be able to discuss events intelligently with her husband or her husband's friends. Another way, also, of becoming a husband's chum as well as his housekeeper is to endeavor to assist him, at any rate in sympathy and interest, in the work which occupies him during the day. Few women realize what assistance they could render their husbands, nor do they see that the overtures of such assistance must come from themselves. This hint also applies to the older daughters, if there be such in the household, as well as to the house mother, whose time may be already occupied, says Woman's Life. It is rare that a man will make any suggestion of this kind, but let him once see such a desire on the part of his daughter or his wife and he will be more than ready to encourage her.

Brown Hair.

Brown hair is usually much prettier when there is a little glimmer of auburn among the darker shades. This red glow may be obtained by the use of

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Marshall's Majority in Elgin 89.

Aylmer, Ont., Oct. 4.—The returns of yesterday's bye election in East Elgin are now complete, the result of the only outstanding poll, No. 8, Yarmouth, having been received this morning. This is as follows: Haight, 43; Marshall 13 Majority for Haight, 30, with all the polls heard from. Marshall's majority is 89.

Stanley Fanjoy, who shot a man in mistake for a moose, was sentenced to eighteen hours' imprisonment in a St. John, N. B., court.

WELL KNOWN IN JARVIS, ONT.

Haldimand County Councillor tells how Psychine cured his Lung Troubles

"I contracted a series of colds from the changing weather," says Mr. Bryce Allen, a well-known resident of Jarvis, Ont., and a member of Haldimand County Council for his district, "and gradually my lungs became affected. I tried medicine and doctors prescribed for me, but got I no relief. With lungs and stomach diseased, nervous, weak and wasted, I began to use Psychine. With two months' treatment I regained my health. To-day I am as sound as a bell, and give all the credit to Psychine."

There is a proof of what Psychine does. It not only cures Colds and kills the germs of LaGrippe, Pneumonia and Consumption, but it helps the stomach, makes pure, rich blood and spreads general health all over the body. You will never have Consumption if you use

PSYCHINE

(Pronounced Si-keen)

50c. Per Bottle

Larger sizes $1 and $2—all druggists
DR. T. A. SLOCUM, Limited, Toronto.

AUCTION SALE !

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction at Lot 1 in the 3rd con. of the Township of Finch

3 Miles East of Chesterville, on

Saturday, Oct. the 20th, '06

The following:

13 Milch Cows (2 of the number are heifers rising 3 years old, ⅞ Holstein)
1 bull coming 2 years old.
1 bull calf 9 months old, ⅞ Holstein,
2 spring calves, 1 colt coming 2 yrs. old
2 suckling colts,
1 brood mare 12 yrs old, with foal,
30 tons of hay
2 horse tread thrashing mill in good running order,
1 boar pig (Chester White)
1 milk wagon, 2 milk cans, milk pails, 1 buggy.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock.

TERMS—All sums of $10 and under cash; over that amount 9 months' credit (without interest) by parties furnishing approved joint notes. 4% off for cash.

Owing to the scarcity of farm labor I have decided to quit the dairying in connection with my farm, and all advertised will be sold to the highest bidder.

S. A. CRAMER, Auctioneer. GEO. F. DROPPO, Proprietor.

Chesterville Lodge No. 320

A. F. & A. M., G. R. C.

Holds its regular meeting in the Masonic Hall, Chesterville, on the Monday Evening on or before full moon.

Visiting Brethren are always Welcome.

H. P. D. EVANS, W. M. C. ROBINSON, Secreatry.

Chesterville Lodge No. 288, I. O. O. F.

Meets in its Lodge Room every Friday Evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially welcome.

G. W. BOGART, N. G. F. WOOD, R S.

WELL DRILLING

A 4½ inch bore through rock or soil either summer or winter. Pumps or fixtures supplied and water connected with houses or stables.

I have five drills at work and have just received the sixth one at Chesterville station, which will be in operation next week.

Any person requiring my services will please communicate with me in Vankleek Hill Satisfaction in every particular guaranteed. Long distance phone No. 23.

Arthur Campbell,
VANKLEEK HILL, ONT.

Wilford M. Saucier,

Practical Watchmaker, Jeweler, Engraver, &c.,

All kinds of Watches, Clocks, Jewellry, Spectacles, etc., etc., for sale and repaired with neatness and despatch.

Prompt attention paid to repairing sent by mail.

Issuer of marriage Licenses.

W. M. Saucier.

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