The Leader

Vol. XIII, No 1 MORRISBURG, ONT., THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1913.

Local and General

Whitteker, the Optician, will be at Morrisburg, December, 24 to January 4.

Miss Hazel Beckstead visited friends in Wales this week.

Miss Jane Willard is visiting friends in Cleveland and Troy, Ohio.

Mr A. A. Summers and family spent New Years' Day in Aultsville.

Mr Percy Nash, of Toronto, spent the Xmas holidays with his family

Miss Kimball, of Cardinal, was the guest of Miss Lorraine Bradfield this week.

Misses Eloie Casselman and Gertrude McCreery spent New Years' Day at Lisbon, N.Y.

The regular meeting of the W.C.T.U. will be held on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 7th, at 3 o'clock in the Bush block.

Mr and Mrs Richard Bennett, of New Haven, Conn., are guests of the former's parents, Mr and Mrs Robert Bennett.

Mr Tom Parker, and two daughters, Gladys and Willa, of Maple Ridge, are visiting at the residence of Mr. W. G. Hall.

Dr Harold McCreery, of New York and Clarence McCreery, of Rochester, N.Y. were New Years' visitors to their home here.

Miss Louise Reefer spent New Years at the Hotel Dieu, Cornwall, visiting her mother, who is seriously ill, having undergone an operation on her eyes.

Mr. M. D. Bennett, Superintendent of the Norwood and St. Lawrence Railroad, was in town to day, and in company with Mrs. Bennett, took dinner at the St. Lawrence Hall.

The public library has been changed from upstairs over Casselman's Brothers boot and shoe store to across the street on the ground floor adjoining Jarvis' furniture store.

Church of England services on Sunday, 5th inst, will be in St. James' church at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and in Trinity church at 2 p.m. Subject in St. James' church in the evening, "The Guiding Star."

I expect to have a carload of No. 1 Seed Oats for sale, on or about the 10th of January, at 55 cents per bushel at the car. 1a George Styles.

Mr and Mrs Peter Harkness, Irena, announce the engagement of their only daughter, Annie Louise, to Geo. G. Johnston, eldest son of Mr and Mrs Archie Johnston, of Hainsville, the marriage to take place early in the new year.

The Leader would call attention to the advertisement of the new industry for Morrisburg, namely the custom hatching of chickens. This industry should prove a great benefit to those who wish to raise chickens for the market.

A grand treat is in store for music lovers, the ladies of the Presbyterian church having secured the great English organist composer, Gatty Sellers, to give an organ recital in Knox church on Monday evening, Jan. 13th. See advertisement.

Miss Andrews, who is to direct the three act comedy, "Merry Travelers," to be given in the Music Hall, January, 10th and 11th, for the benefit of St. James' church, is in town. At least one hundred will be required to give this comedy. All catchy choruses and funny dialogues. Rehearsals held every afternoon and evening at the Parish Hall.

At Midnight Mass, Christmas, the choir of St. Mary's church, under the able direction of Miss M. C. Hickey, sang Loescli's Mass in F in a most creditable manner. It is seldom, in a small town, that one has the chance of hearing such excellent singing and reflects great credit on Miss Hickey and choir. The soloists were Mrs. Justice McDonald, Misses D rosi Labelle, Pariseau and Hickey. Davy, bass, and Mr. J. M. Gaskell, M., Tenor.

Tuesday evening the curlers met at the rink to organize for the season. During the past few years the schedule has been much delayed by postponement of games so it was decided advisable to make a stringent rule that no games should be postponed except for ice conditions. Provision was made whereby should being short a man or men may have such places filled by appealing to the official referee and drawing for substitutes by number. In case however no substitute can be found the game must proceed or go by default It is expected nine rinks will be played and the following nine skips were elected: Davy Hilliard, Gorrell, Chalmers, Baker, Merkley, Meikle, McDonald, Cameron and should further rinks be formed the following were chosen to take them in the order named Henderson, Rose, Clement, Marsh. The skips meet at I Hilliard's office tomorrow (Friday) night to choose rink.

Dundas Agricultural Society

The Annual Meeting of the members of the Dundas Agricultural Society will be held in the Town Hall, Morrisburg, on Tuesday, January 14th, 1913, at one o'clock p.m., for the election of officers and the transaction of other business.

W. K. Farlinger, President.
Chas. A. Styles, Secretary.

Dr Hughnergard, of Berlin, was a New Years' visitor to town.

Mr and Mrs W. G. Hall spent New Years' Day at Williamstown

Mr. Garnet Cheley, of Ottawa, spent New Year's Day at his home here.

Mr. Jim Jonus, of Middleton, Pa., spent a few days in town this week.

Mr C. F. Allison, of Cobourg, is the guest of his aunts, the Misses Louck's.

Messrs Clyde and Willie McFarlane spent New Years' Day at their home in Arklan.

Mr Tom Robinson, Principal of the Empire School, Moose Jaw, Sask., spent a week with his family here.

Mr. J. V. Dillabough, of the engineers' department of the Hudson's Bay Company at Fort Garry Court, Winnipeg, was a Leader caller on Saturday last. He spent Christmas at Brockville, with his sister, Mrs. Jou Brown and mother. He leaves for Winnipeg on Friday next.

The regular monthly meeting of the L.A. and M.S. of St. Paul's Lutheran church will be held at the home of Mrs A. H. Hunter on Tuesday, Jan. 7th. at 2.30 o'clock. As the officers for the coming year will be elected, a full attendance is requested; also all those holding mite boxes please bring or send them to this meeting.

An evening meeting of the Women's Institute will be held on Monday, Jan. 6th, at the residence of Mrs J. W. Allison. An excellent musical program will be given and the usual contest will on this occasion take a novel form. All the members and friends of the Institute are invited to attend this, the first social meeting of the year.

Festival of the Circumcision

The Festival of the Circumcision was duly observed in both St. James' and Trinity churches. In St. James' the service began shortly before midnight, when a very large congregation (considering the hour) assembled to begin the New Year with God. Over 80 received the Holy Communion. The service began by singing Hymn 87, "For Thy Mercy and Thy Grace, Constant Through Another Year." Then the Litany was said and the Litany hymn, 784, (parts I & V) was sung, all kneeling; after which there was silence for a space while the congregation engaged in private devotions. Immediately after midnight the Holy Communion was celebrated, beginning with Hymn 89, 'The Year is Gone Beyond Recall. With All Its Hopes and Fears." The Communion service used was Newton Nevin's and was rendered very impressively by the choir and the congregation. The Communion hymn was No. 235, "Till He Come." The rector delivered a short address in which he referred to the Jewish rite of Circumcision and pointed out that that religious ceremony instituted by God Himself in the time of Abraham was similar in many respects to the Christian rise of Holy Baptism which was instituted by our Blessed Lord.

Brief reference was also made to the sacred name "Jesus" which was given to the Holy Child when He was 8 days old. The congregation was urged to cultivate a spirit of reverence for all things pertaining to God and to His holy religion. God's holy name, His holy word, His holy day, and His house. "the place where His Honor dwelleth" are all things that Christian people should learn to respect and reverence.

The preacher spoke very strongly against the sin and profanity, the taking of the sacred Name in vain; and he commended the action of "The Diocesan Union of the Holy Name Society" (a R. C. Society) in Denver, who were putting placards with the inscription "Do not Swear," in the street cars and in other public places and he thought a similar crusade against swearing might profitably be waged in Morrisburg by the people who profess to be followers of Him who was named "Jesus" by the Angel of God before He was born.

After the service the choir was entertained at the rectory.

Presentation

Prior to the usual choir practice on Saturday night last, the members of St. James' church choir presented a handsome silver mounted silk umbrella to the choir leader, Mr. B. A. Herring, accompanied by the following address, signed by the rector, organist and members of the choir. Mr. Herring, in a few words, thanked the members and rector for their good wishes and evidence of appreciation.

Morrisburg. Dec. 28th, 1912.

To Mr. B. A. Herring, Manager of Bank of Ottawa, and Choir Master in St. James' church.

We, the rector, the organist, and the members of St. James' church choir, realizing how greatly we are indebted to you for your very efficient, and untiring services as choir master, desire in this way to emphasize our sincere gratitude to you for the time and the labor you so cheerfully devote to us, and as a token, both of our deep appreciation of your services and also of our very high esteem for yourself, we ask you to accept this Christmas gift, and with the gift our genuine good wishes for the New Year. We all find the practices very helpful, and we sincerely hope that the pleasure which is ours, is not ours only, but that it is a mutual pleasure.

Signed G. S. Anderson, Rector
Catherine Adams, Organist
And members of the Choir.

MAKING GOOD

Mr. C. A. Allison, son of Mr. O. F. Allison, Formerly of This Town, Presented with an Address and a Chair at Port Hope

The following, taken from the Port Hope Guide of December 23rd, will be read with pleasure by the many friends of Charlie Allison, formerly of this town. Concerning the work of Mr. Allison as choir leader of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church at Port Hope, the Guide says of his Christmas music:—

"Mr. Allison has faithfully worked the past weeks to give to the people of this church and the community, something new and inspiring for the Christmas season, and to say it is a musical feast to follow from Sunday to Sunday the musical services at St. Paul's, and the splendid work of the choir, but bespeaks the sentiments of the many who come up to enjoy the services. We desire to extend to Mr. Allison and the choir congratulations for their magnificent efforts during 1912. Mr. Allison is to be commended for the splendid showing of his work with the choir and the excellent organ numbers given from Sunday to Sunday."

That Charlie is popular also with the choir, will be shown by the following taken from the same paper:—

"At the conclusion of the choir practice Friday night, Mr. Allison was presented with a handsome mission chair, and the following address:—

"To Mr. C. F. Allison, organist and choir director of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Port Hope.

"Dear Mr. Allison—We the members of your choir at this season of peace and good-will wish to assure you of the high esteem in which you are held by us, and of our appreciation of your painstaking fidelity in the work of the choir, of your unfailing courtesy in the work, of your personal interest in each member, and of your great devotion to the service of praise.

"Will you please accept this chair from us as a slight token of our regard for you, and be assured that it carries with it the wish that the Christmas season may bring you much happiness, and that your musical career may be eminently successful

"Believe us to be very sincerely, the members of your choir.

"Port Hope, Dec. 20th, 1912.

"Mr. Allison was completely taken by surprise and thanked the members for their beautiful gift, assuring them that the interest he had manifested in the choir had been a sincere pleasure, appreciating as well the general attendance and interest taken by each member in the choir work"

BRADT—COX

As intimated in our last issue, Mr E P. Bradt, B.S.A., District Representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, has taken unto himself a life partner, the happy event occurring on Christmas Day. Mr and Mrs Bradt arrived here yesterday, and will take up their residence in the P. Fetterly house on High Street.

The bride's name was Margaret Bell Cox, youngest daughter of Mr and Mrs Edward Cox, of Tyneside, Ont. The ceremony was performed at the home of the bride's parents by Rev R. H. Bell, of Guelph. The bride was given away by her father. The bridesmaid was Miss Norma Gilmore, of Hamilton, a cousin of the bride, and the groomsman, Mr Augustine Bradt, of St. Catharines, brother of the groom. After the pleasing ceremony the happy couple left for Toronto, Montreal and Ottawa.

The Leader extends a cordial welcome to the young bride to our fair town, and wish Mr and Mrs Bradt many years of happy and prosperous wedded life.

Experimental Union Annual Meeting.

The Ontario Agricultural and Experimental Union will hold its annual meeting at the Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, on the 7th and 8th of January next.

The co-operative experimental work of the Union has been more extensive during the past year than at any previous time. Six different committees have conducted active work in 1912 In Agriculture alone experiments were conducted on 5,027 farms in Ontario. The summary results of these experiments will be presented and discussed at the annual meeting.

Besides the presentation of the results of experiments there will be addresses and discussions on the following special subjects: "Possibilities of Intensive Farming in Ontario," "Division of Labor on the Farm," "The Operation and Value of the Seed Control Act of 1911," "Conveniences in the Home and on the Farm," "Ontario's Part in Federal Agricultural Co-operation," etc.

These meetings are open to any one interested in agriculture. Cheap rates have been arranged for on the certificate plan. For fuller particulars apply to the Secretary, C. A. Zavitz, Agricultural College, Guelph, Ontario.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

MUNICIPAL NOMINATIONS

A Big Crowd at the Town Hall and No End of Nominations—R. E. Gibson Again Reeve by Acclamation—Only Two of the Old Council Standing, Messrs. Hilliard and Merkley Drawing Out.

Monday was nomination day, and the old Town Hall was packed to the doors, all eager to hear the old council members give an account of their stewardship. After the nominations closed at one o'clock, Mr. Wm. Eager was selected to act as chairman. After a few brief remarks he called upon Reeve Gibson, who took up the printed financial statement and went over it item by item.

The chairman then called upon Mr. Hilliard, who explained the power situation extendedly, defending the actions of the council and answering many questions that were fired at him, especially by Messrs. John H. Meikle and Geo. L. Brown. Mr. Hilliard made it plain, however, on what ground he stood if he sought re-election, and many have since expressed regret that he has decided to withdraw from the contest.

Space will not permit a verbatim report of the meeting, but it was the best that has been held in years. The following names were placed in nomination:—

For Reeve—R. E. Gibson, nominated by John D. Dain and seconded by James McKenzie.

Councillors—John H. Meikle, by W. H. McGannon and R. E. Gibson; Arthur F. Merkley, by N. W. Davy and R. C. Mullin; George L. Brown, by A. A. Whitteker and W. H. McGannon; W. H. McGannon, by Wm. Eager and A. G. F. Drew; Arthur Flynn, by Fred H. Meikle and G. N. Hickey; Wm. C. Coir, by J. R. Biccum and Frank Wood; Irwin Hilliard, by Frank Stewart and Jacob Hopper; Fred A. Nash, by Frank Stewart and James McKenzie; John D. Dain, by F. A. Nash and C. W. Marsh.

Trustees for 1913-14.

Thos. Coligan, by S. Phifer and W. H. McGannon; James L. Casselman, by F. H. Meikle and W. H. McGannon; Dr. G. M. Gorrell, by W. C. Davy and D. C. Bush; G. Ogal Mallen, by D. C. Bush and J. H. Mullin; Arthur H. Casselman, by George L. Brown and Arthur Brown; James McKenzie, by J. D. Dain and R. E. Gibson.

Un-expired Term of C. T. Whitteker.

Fred H. Meikle, by J. L. Casselman and Geo. L. Brown.

The reeve has been elected by acclamation, as also Mr. Fred H. Meikle, for the unexpired term of Mr. C. T. Whitteker, but there will be a contest for the remaining trustees and councillors, the following being in the field:—

For Councillors—Fred A. Nash, John D. Dain, John H. Meikle, W. H. McGannon, W. C. Coir and Arthur Flynn.

For Trustees—Thos. Coligan, J. L. Casselman, Dr. George Gorrell, and James McKenzie.

The candidates seeking election in the nearby townships are as follows:—

Williamsburg.

For Reeve—Malcolm S. Beckstead and John M. Casselman.

For Deputy Reeve—Chas. F. Whitteker (accl.)

For Councillors—Alex. W. Beckstead, John H. Deeks, Peter A. Hill, Thos. C. Merkley, Wm. I. Merkley, Wm. J. Wilson.

Matilda

Reeve—Eli Merkley (accl.)

Deputy Reeve—George Cooper and F. B. Robertson.

Councillors—A. H. Hunter, Thos. Johnston, Sidney Thompson, Jos Landon, Alfred Marcellus and David Warren.

Winchester Village.

Reeve—J. F. Cass, (accl.)

Councillors—W. J. Fisher, W. G. Feader, Wm. Dickson, Jas. Scott, Chester Timmins and Dr. J. A. Bean.

Winchester Township.

Reeve—Samuel Howes and Walter Rae.

Deputy Reeve—Wm. Clark, Ezra Countryman and Henry Dillabough.

Councillors—J. A. Bogart, Geo. Earl, Wm. Hamilton and George Quart.

Chesterville.

Reeve—G. W. Bogart and Wesley Hamilton.

Councillors—Fred Sanders, Thos. Wholehan, jr., Lawrence Jordan, Howard Fulton, Samuel Barrie, Dr. Ellis.

Mountain.

At the Mountain nomination there were 13 nominated for reeve, 11 for deputy reeve and 13 for councillors. Thos. Christie, Robt. Mulholland and Thos. Carlyle were elected councillors by acclamation, but there will be a contest for reeve and deputy reeve, as follows:

For Reeve—Wm. Timmins and W. F. Miller.

Deputy Reeve—J. W. Thompson, J. S. Render and W. D. Kennedy.

Drowned at Cardinal

Two Brothers Met Their Death in the Canal—No Eye Witnesses of the Accident.

A gloom was cast over the village of Cardinal about noon, Friday last, over the finding of the bodies in the canal of Roy and Gordon Dodge, sons of Mr. and Mrs. William Dodge, aged four and eleven years respectively. There were no eye witnesses of the tragedy so far as can be learned, and it was only when the lads failed to turn up for dinner at the noon hour that a search was instituted which resulted in the painful discovery.

The family live opposite the old canal, separated by the road. When last seen the boys were coasting on a hill leading into the canal. It is supposed the sleigh carried Roy out on the thin ice which broke under his weight and Gordon going to his assistance, both boys perished. This version is borne out by the finding of Roy's body entangled in the rope of the sleigh, which floated, holding the little form well to the surface. The body of his brother was found in four and a half feet of water, a short distance away.

When the boys did not answer Mrs. Dodge's call for dinner she at once became alarmed and hurrying to the canal was horrified to see their toques floating in an opening in the ice. The greatest sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. Dodge in their double bereavement. The funeral took place Sunday.

AGAIN HONORED

Inspector Brown Presented With a Club Bag

(Chesterville Record)

Early in the term the pupils of Chesterville Public School exacted a promise from Inspector Brown that he would visit them at the close, and refused bidding him good-bye until then. He kept his promise and was present on Friday afternoon, the 20th.

An impromptu program had been hastily prepared, and recitations, songs, dialogues and readings were given by the pupils of all forms in the Principal's room, where all were assembled. The pupils, young and old, acquitted themselves admirably. The speaking was good and the singing excellent. The rendering of "Canada" would have done credit to a trained teacher.

At the conclusion an address from teachers and pupils was read by Master Bobs Lawson, and a valuable club bag presented to Inspector Brown and a box of rich cut flowers to Mrs Brown, herself an old teacher, and therefore heartily in sympathy with teacher and pupils.

Inspector Brown replied that while he appreciated the gifts of the teachers and pupils, he felt more grateful for the kind words of their address. He had always received a friendly welcome from the pupils of Chesterville P. S., and he was sorry to bid them good-bye as their Inspector. He appealed to the boys and girls to be strong and lay well the foundation of their character, which is the world's best heritage. He would still be their friend and would always be glad to hear of their successes in life.

In marching out the pupils each gave the Inspector a farewell handshake.

LOST EAR RESTORED

Severed Ear Grafted on Head of Toronto Man Yesterday

Toronto, Dec. 26.—A Christmas operation, unknown in the annals of local surgery, was performed by Dr J. W. Russell, assisted by Dr. W. G Russell, upon John Watson of Woodbridge in Parkdale Hospital, when a portion of his ear, severed in a street car accident on Christmas Eve, in which a friend, W. J Blake, was also seriously injured, was successfully grafted on again without the hearing being affected.

Additional interest was added to the operation by the fact that the missing portion of the ear was not discovered until an hour after the accident occurred.

Previously the wound had been operated and dressed. The lost part was then picked up from the road by a pedestrian and eventually was returned to the hospital, where in was immediately restored.

The accident occurred on College street, near Dufferin. The two men were driving home in a waggon after spending the day in the city purchasing Christmas presents. The waggon was struck by a College street car, which was running rapidly down the grade at that point and could not be stopped in time to avoid hitting the waggon. The two men were buried under the wreckage of the waggon, which was completely demolished. It is not known in what manner Watson had his ear severed, but judging from the nature of the wound it was jammed between two pieces of broken glass. Blake, who was thrown directly in front of the car, sustained a broken collar bone and three fractured ribs. His shoulder was also fractured. The only injury received by Watson was to his ear. Both were taken to the same hospital.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

ELECTION CARDS

(Cards under this heading will be charged for at the rate of 50c. for 10 lines or less, over that amount an additional charge of 5c. per line will be made.)

To the Electors of the Village of Morrisburg:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—As I have decided to remain in the contest for councillor for the ensuing year, I ask for your vote and influence. If elected I will do all in my power to promote the interest of Morrisburg and will maintain the stand I have always taken to not enter into any contract with any corporation unless the town's interests are safeguarded in every way possible.

F. A. NASH.

Dated January 1, 1913.

To the Electors of Morrisburg:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Having been nominated as councillor for 1913, I take this method of seeking your support and influence instead of a personal canvass.

If elected I will work for the best interests of our village.

ARTHUR FLYNN.

Dated January 1, 1913.

To the Electors of the Village of Morrisburg:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to advise you that I am a candidate for councillor for the ensuing year and take this opportunity of soliciting your support.

Yours faithfully,
J. H. MEIKLE.

Dated January 1, 1913.

To the Electors of the Village of Morrisburg:—

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Having received a nomination to sit at the council board, I have concluded to accept the same, and take this means to ask your vote and influence, promising to always work in the best interest of the town.

Wishing you the compliments of the season.

Yours truly,
W. C. COIR.

Dated January 1, 1913

To the Electors of the Village of Morrisburg:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Having served you as a councillor for the past seven years, doing my best for the interests of the town, if you again see fit to elect me, it will be my aim to put forth every effort for the advancement of the town.

Wishing you the compliments of the season,

I am,
Yours faithfully,
JOHN D. DAIN.

Dated January 1, 1913.

To the Electors of Morrisburg:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to advise you that I have accepted nomination and am a candidate for trustee for ensuing term. Instead of a personal canvass, I take this means to respectfully solicit your support.

Yours sincerely,
GEO. M GORRELL.

Dated January 1, 1913.

To the Electors of the Village of Morrisburg:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—Having again been nominated to serve you as school trustee, I have concluded to ask your vote and influence, promising to ever guard your interest in school matters.

Wishing you the compliments of the season,

Yours truly
THOMAS COLIGAN.

Dated January 1, 1913.

To the Ratepayers of the Township of Williamsburg:

As I am a candidate for the reeveship, I take this opportunity of quoting you a few actions and statements made by our present reeve. We all appreciated the honor of having our representative as warden of the Counties' Council last year, but what did he give us in return? His casting vote gave away as a present $1,000 to private institutions As an example of his action the council saw fit to give away $400 more. We will take our own township into consideration. We find in the 1911 financial statement a surplus of about $225, and the financial statement of this year gives no credit of last year's surplus. The reeve made a statement on the platform at nomination that if he had his own head he would resign I think you will agree with me that he has lost his head and is being brought out to run for the reeveship by a ring of men that do not like the finances handled in a business-like and economical way. I take this opportunity of asking your assistance and support in this contest, and is elected I assure you that I will see that the finances are spent in a proper manner.

I remain,
Your obedient servant
JOHN M. CASSEL
Dated January 1, 1913.

A CARD

We, the undersigned hereby ag sell a package of five standard siz boxes of Silver Tip Silent mat twenty cents. Quality guarante

C. S. COLQU

Quality Tells!

The emphatic demand of the public is for

"SALADA"

Tea and "Salada" Only.

Black, Mixed or Uncolored Green | Sealed Packets Only Refuse Substitutes

FREE Samples Mailed on Enquiry. Address: "SALADA," Toronto. 07

ONLY A MONTH;

OR, A CURIOUS MYSTERY EXPLAINED.

CHAPTER XXIX.

It is of course a truism that we never fully appreciate what we have, until some trouble or some other loss shows us all that has grown familiar in a fresh light Fond as he had been of his home before, Frithiof had never until now quite realized what it meant to him. But as each evening he returned from work, and from the severe trial of an atmosphere of suspicion and dislike, he felt much as the sailor feels when, after tossing about all day in stormy seas he anchors at night in some harbor of refuge. Sigrid knew that he felt this, and she was determined that he should not even guess her trouble. It was with her certainly as she went about her household work, with her as she and Swanhild walked through the hot and crowded streets, and with her as she played at Mme. Lechertier's Academy. But there was something in the work that prevented the trouble from really preying on her mind; she was sad indeed, yet not in despair.

Nevertheless, Mme. Lechertier's quick eyes noted at once the change in her favorite.

"You are not well, cherie," she said, "your face looks worn. Why, my dear, I can actually see lines in your forehead. At your age that is inexcusable."

Sigrid laughed.

"I have a bad habit of wrinkling it up when I am worried about anything," she said. "To-day, perhaps, I am a little tired. It is so hot and sultry, and besides I am anxious about Frithiof, it is a trying time for him."

"Yes, this heat is trying to the strongest," said Mme. Lechertier. "Swanhild, my angel, there are some new bonbons in that box; help yourself."

The child was never happier than when hard at work at the academy; even on this hot summer day she never complained; and in truth the afternoons just brought the right amount of variety into what would otherwise have been a very monotonous life.

"Sigrid," said the little girl, as they walked home together, "is it true what you said to Madame Lechertier about Frithiof feeling the heat? Is it really that which has made him so grave the last few days?"

"It is partly that," replied Sigrid. "But he has a good deal to trouble him that you are too young to understand, things that will not bear talking about. You must try to make it bright and cheerful at home."

Next morning (Sunday) was so bright that Sigrid persuaded him to take a walk, and fully intending to return in an hour's time to his translating, he paced along the Embankment. He crossed Blackfriars Bridge and walked further and further, and on to the further bank of the Tower—solid and grim, as befitted the guardian of so many secrets of the past. Even here there was a quiet Sunday feeling, while something familiar in the sight of the water and the shipping carried him back in imagination to Norway, and there came over him an intense longing for his own country. It was a feeling that often took possession of him, nor could he any more account for its sudden seizures than the Swiss can account for that sick longing for his native mountains to which he is often liable.

"It's no use," he thought to himself. "It will take me the best part of my life to pay the debts, and till they are paid I can't go."

CHAPTER XXX.

Perhaps it was almost a relief both to Frithiof and to Sigrid that, for at this time, all intercourse with Rowan Tree House should become impossible. Lance and Gwen had sickened with scarlatina, and of course, all communication was at an end for some time to come So that, perhaps, the only person who grieved over the separation was Cecil, and she was fortunately kept busy by her little patients that she had not time to think much of the future.

By the middle of August, Lance and Gwen had recovered, and were taken down to the sea-side. But in spite of lovely weather that summer's holiday proved a very dreary one. Roy was in the depths of depression, and it seemed to Cecil that a great shadow had fallen upon everything.

"Robin," said Mrs. Boniface, "I want you to take that child to Switzerland for a month; this place is doing her no good at all. She wants change and mountain air."

So the father and mother plotted and planned, and in September Cecil, much against her will, was packed off to Switzerland to see snow-mountains and water-falls.

Still, being a sensible girl, she did her best with what was put before her, and though her mind was a good deal with Sigrid and Frithiof in their trouble and anxiety, yet physically she gained great good from the tour, and came back with a color in her cheeks which satisfied her mother.

"By the bye, dearie," remarked Mrs. Boniface, the day after her return, "your father thought you would like to hear the 'Elijah' to-night at the Albert Hall, and he has left you two tickets."

"Who Albani is singing, is she not?" cried Cecil. "Oh, yes; I should like to go, of all things!"

"Then I will tell you what we will do; we will send a card and ask Mrs. Horner to go with you, for it's the church meeting to-night, and father and I do not want to miss it."

Cecil could make no objection to this, though her pleasure was rather damped by the prospect of having Mrs. Horner as her companion. There was little love lost between them, for the innate refinement of the one jarred upon the innate vulgarity of the other, and vice versa.

It was a little after seven o'clock when Cecil drove to the Horners' house and was ushered into the gorgeous drawing-room.

"My dear," exclaimed Mrs. Horner, entering with a perturbed face, "did not my letter reach you in time? I made sure it would. The fact is, I am not feeling quite up to going to-night. Could you find any one else, do you think, who would go with you?"

Cecil thought for a moment.

"Sigrid would have liked it, but I know she is too busy just now," she remarked.

"And oh, dear, far better go alone than take Miss Falck!" said Mrs. Horner; "I shall never forget what I endured when I took her with me to hear Corney Grain; she laughed aloud, my dear; laughed till she positively cried, and even went so far as to clap her hands. It makes me hot to think of it even."

"I always enjoy going anywhere with Sigrid," said Cecil. "It seems to me that her wonderful faculty for enjoying everything is very much to be envied. However, as there is no chance of her going to-night, I will call and see whether one of the Greenwoods is disengaged."

So with hasty farewells she went off, laughing to herself as the cab rattled along, to think of Mrs. Horner's discomfort and Sigrid's intense appreciation of Corney Grain. Fate, however, seemed to be against her; her friends the Greenwoods were out for the evening, and there was nothing left for it but to drive home again; or else to go in alone and trust to finding Roy afterward. She decided to go alone, and writing a few words on a card asking Roy to come to her at the end of the oratorio, she sent it to the artiste's room by one of the attendants, and settled herself down to enjoy the music, secretly rather glad to have an empty chair instead of Mrs. Horner beside her.

All at once the color rushed to her cheeks, for, looking up, she saw Frithiof crossing the platform; she watched him place the score on the conductor's desk, and turn to answer the question of some one in the orchestra, then disappear again within the swing-doors leading to the back regions. She wondered a little that Roy did not come to her; or, at any rate, send her some message, and at the end of the last chorus began to feel a little anxious and uncomfortable. At last, to her great relief, she saw Frithiof coming toward her.

"Your brother has never come," he said, in reply to her greeting. "I suppose this fog must have hindered him, for he told me he should be here; and I have been expecting him every moment."

"Is the fog so bad as all that?" said Cecil, rather anxiously.

"It was very bad when I came," said Frithiof. "However, by good luck, I managed to grope my way to Portland Road, and came down by the Metropolitan. Will you let me see you home?"

"Thank you, but it is so dreadfully out of your way. I should be very glad if you would, only it is troubling you so much."

"You will be giving me a real pleasure," he said. "I expect there will be a rush on the trains. Shall we try for a cab?"

So they walked out together into the dense fog, Cecil with a blissful sense of confidence in the man who piloted her so adroitly through the crowd.

At last, after much difficulty, Frithiof secured a hansom, and put her into it. She was secretly relieved that he got in too.

"I will come back with you if you will allow me," he said; "for I am not quite sure whether this is not a more dangerous part of the adventure than when we were on foot. I never saw such a fog! Why, we can't even see the horse, much less where he is going."

"How thankful I am that you were here! It would have been dreadful all alone," said Cecil; and she explained to him how Mrs. Horner had failed her at the last moment. "You have not met my mother since she came back from the sea. Are you still afraid of infection? The house has been thoroughly painted and fumigated."

"Oh, it is not that," said Frithiof; "but while this cloud is still over me, I can't come. You do not realize how it affects everything."

"It does not affect your own home."

"No, that's true," said Frithiof. "It has made me value that more, and it has made me value your friendship more. But, you see, you are the only one at Rowan Tree House who still believes in me; and how you manage to do it passes my comprehension—when there is nothing to prove me innocent."

"None of the things which we believe in most can be absolutely proved," said Cecil. "I can't logically justify my belief in you any more than in our old talks I could justify my belief in the unseen world."

"Do you remember that first Sunday when I was staying with you, and you asked me whether I had found a Norwegian church?"

"Yes, very well. It vexed me so much to have said anything about it, but you see, I had always lived with people who went to church or chapel as regularly as they took their meals.

"Well, do you know I was wrong; there is a Norwegian church down near the Commercial Docks at Rotherhithe. It is too far for Sigrid and Swanhild to go very often, but to me it is like a bit of Norway planted down in this great wilderness of houses," he said. "It was strange that I should have happened to come across it so unexpectedly, just at the time when I most needed it."

"But that surely is what always happens," said Cecil. "When we really need a thing we get it."

"You learned, before I did, to distinguish between needing and wanting," said Frithiof. "But I, you see, had to lose everything before understanding—to lose even my reputation for common honesty. Even now it seems to me hardly possible that life should go on under such a cloud as that. Yet the days pass somehow, and I believe that it was this trouble which drove me to what I really needed."

"It is good of you to tell me this," said Cecil. "It seems to put meaning into this mystery which is always puzzling me and seeming so useless and unjust. By the bye, Roy tells me that Darnell has left."

"Yes," said Frithiof, "he left at Michaelmas. Things have been rather smoother since then."

"I can't help thinking that his leaving just now is indirect evidence against him," said Cecil. "Sigrid and I suspected him from the first. Do not you suspect him?"

"Yes," he replied. "I do. But without any reason."

"Why did he go?"

"His wife was ill, and was ordered to a warmer climate. He has taken a situation at Plymouth. After all, there is no real evidence against him, and a great deal of evidence against me. How is it that you suspect him?"

"It is because I know you had nothing to do with it," said Cecil.

He had guessed what her answer would be, yet loved to hear her say the words.

(To be continued.)

On the Farm

Succulent Food for Stock.

Just as one enjoys eating an apple occasionally—especially during the winter, when less fruit and vegetables are used than during the summer—just so the live stock in the winter, when their rations consist largely of dry feed, need and appreciate some form of succulent food. There is very little added expense in supplying animals with a reasonable amount of succulent food, either in the form of roots or silage. For a herd of twelve or more cows, this succulent food is most cheaply supplied by the use of silage; but for the smaller herd, or for a man without a silo, roots afford an excellent substitute for silage.

By care in preparing the soil and growing the crop, from fifteen to twenty-five tons of roots, like mangels, rutabagas or stock carrots can be grown per acre. They can be stored under the feeding-alley or in a pit outside of the barn, at very little expense. Twenty tons of roots will supply ten cows twenty pounds per day each for 200 days, and can be grown and harvested at a cost of less than $40. The nutrients contained in twenty tons of roots are worth $30 when bran is worth $20 per ton; so the feeding value of the roots is sufficient to pay for the cost of production, beside the additional advantage of their supplying the succulence needed by the animal.

Planting Seeds of Fruits.

Large seeds like peaches and plums may be planted in the fall, and they will freeze sufficiently during the winter to cause them to sprout readily in the spring. Small seeds like the apple, grape, etc., should be mixed with sand in the fall or early winter, and placed in a shallow, open box. The box should be set flat, on the ground on the north side of a building where it will keep moist and remain there all winter to freeze and thaw as often as it will. The contents of the box should never be allowed to dry out. Very early in the spring just as soon as the soil in the garden will do to work, the seeds should be planted in rows and covered very lightly. The seeds may be separated from the sand with a sieve, but this is unnecessary as sand and all may be sown in the row. Take care that the seeds do not become dry before they are planted. Apple seeds begin growing very early, so that care must be taken to get them in the ground before sprouting begins.

In the Poultry Yard.

It is a mistake to keep late hatched pullets of the large varieties for winter layers. These are always the late moulters. A hen changes her coat at the same time each year.

If convenient separate the fowls into several bunches. They will lay more eggs than if crowded together in one house. For instance if a hundred hens are kept, divide into four or five flocks and have a separate house or apartment for each flock.

Don't forget to store plenty of cabbage for the hens. They take the place of grass better than anything else with the exception of green rye. In case the cabbage crop is a failure then by all means sow a patch of rye in the fall.

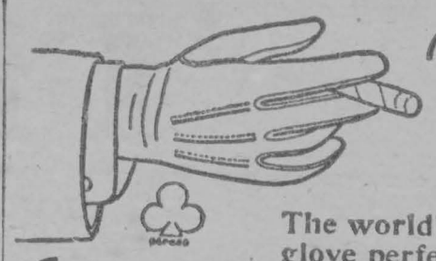
Save all the turnips, rutabagas, pumpkins, etc., that can be conveniently stored for winter poultry food. They may be fed either cooked or raw. Cooked vegetables, of course should be mashed and thickened with ground grain. Always remove the seed from pumpkins.

Raise More Sheep.

Fifteen or twenty ewes, and a ram, will constitute about the right-sized flock with which to begin. They must have abundant shelter from rain and snow; but it need not be in a warm barn. Wet, whether from above or underfoot, is to be scrupulously guarded against by the sheep-owner. Exposure in a cold rain is bad for a horse or steer; it is doubly bad for sheep. The sheep sheds should be on a high, well drained site—indeed, sheep should be allowed to run over no low, wet land, no matter how attractive the herbage thereon may be.

Except that the ram should have a little grain now and then, to maintain his virtility, and the ewes a little at lambing time, the flock will require only pasturage for the greater part of the year, with clover hay or like roughage for winter feeding. The farmer with only himself and a child or two to carry the burden of caring for animals, will often find the keeping of sheep more advantageous than the keeping of cattle.

Boys and Girls | Send Post Card today for, how to make "Easy Pocket Money" ... at once before they are ... Address P.O. ... Montreal, Can.



PERRIN GLOVES

The world's standard of glove perfection.

Style —— Fit —— Durability.

See that the trade mark is on every glove.

THREE AMUSING STORIES.

"King Edward In His True Colors," by Mr. Edward Legge.

"King Edward In His True Colors" is the title of a book that has just been published from the pen of Mr. Edward Legge, which is aimed to controvert the life written by Sir Sidney Lee, in the Dictionary of National Biography. Here are two or three amusing stories from it:

"At Marlborough House one night in the eighties the King, who was then Prince of Wales, was playing billiards with some of his guests. 'R.R.H.' was not in particularly good form, and, after a rather bad shot, one of the younger men shouted, to the amazement and disgust of the others: 'I say, Wales, pull yourself together!' The Prince made no reply, but beckoning to a servant, said: 'Call Mr. ——'s carriage!'"

"Etiquette prescribes that those who are invited to meet sovereigns, or their heirs-apparent, should wear, when they possess them, the orders of the visiting monarch, or his representative for the time being. The Marquis de Soveral, when he was once commanded to Sandringham, where some of the members of the Royal Family of Greece were staying, was seen by King Edward at the dinner to be wearing the wrong decoration. His Majesty quietly removed his own Greek Order, and under cover of the table cloth affixed it to the nether end of the Marquis's waistcoat. None of the party perceived this timely, good-natured action, the amusement being divided between the King and the then Portuguese Minister."

"An American soldier was once asked what he thought of the Prince of Wales. 'What do I think of him?' replied the sergeant in a burst of enthusiasm, 'Why, Albert Edward gave me my first start in life! When the Prince was over here on a visit to the President, a grand review and luncheon was given in his honor right here in Boston. A friend of mine, a Mrs. Brown, was there, and was fairly 'gone' on the young Prince, like everybody else. They all raved about him. After the luncheon she said to me, 'Oh, corporal, can't you give me something that the Prince of Wales has touched. I don't care what, as long as it's something, if it's only a fishbone.' 'Well,' I said, 'I'll get you those duck bones that I see there on the Prince's plate!' I went over to the table where the Prince had sat, picked up every one of the duck bones that he had left on his plate, and passed them on to Mrs. Brown, who gave me three dollars for the prize, and went her way as proud as a Thanksgiving turkey. I then strolled around the table, collected all the bones which the other people had left, made them up into little parcels, and traded them off to my friends as the real, original duck bones that the Prince of Wales had left on his plate! It was a regular cinch, and I cleared forty-eight dollars by the deal! That's how I got my first start in life from your Prince, the loveliest young gentleman I ever struck."

HERO OF LIGHT BRIGADE.

Sir George Wombwell Celebrates His Eightieth Birthday.

Sir George Wombwell, who has just celebrated his eightieth birthday, has been described as the Major Pendennis of our day. He withstood all the horrors of the Crimea, rode with the Light Brigade without turning a hair and even still is envied by men half his age for the skill of his tailor and the way he wears his clothes.

His home is Newburgh Priory, in Yorkshire, a historic mansion which holds more secrets of history than many places of greater fame. Sir George, who married a daughter of the sixth Earl of Jersey, celebrated his golden wedding a couple of years ago.

Sir George took part in the great charge immortalized by Tennyson, and after having two horses shot under him and falling into Russian hands he escaped and returned to camp with "all that was left" of the heroic brigade.



CONVALESCENT.

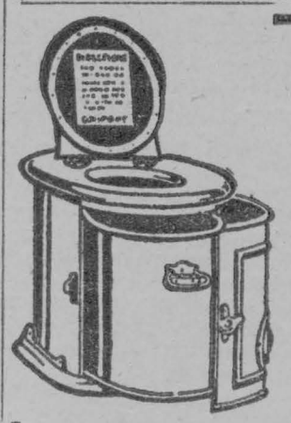
The Waiter—"Bacon rank, sir! Impossible, sir! Why we cured it ourselves only last week!"

The Victim—"Well, it's had a relapse!"

Still Anxious.

"Are you going to keep your new cook?"

"I can't tell. We don't know yet whether we suit her.



LOOKING FOR TROUBLE

Every farmer who allows an outside closet to remain on his farm is Looking for Trouble—disease and illness—for himself and his entire family.

It Has Been Proved

That nine out of every ten cases of illness on the farms are directly traceable to the outside closet—that horrible sink of disease and filth.

Just think! You allow this horror to remain within a few steps of your home—and force your family—your wife and daughter to use it—in all weathers—winter and summer.

Why, man, it's outrageous! Especially when you consider how little it would cost you to install a Good Health Sanitary Closet—right in your own home. Imagine how your family will appreciate its privacy and convenience. Make up your mind now to get rid of that outside privy. We will show you how.

Mail This Coupon to Us RIGHT NOW

THE GOOD HEALTH COMPANY

Brockville Ontario

COUPON

The Good Health Co.

Gentlemen:—
Please send me literature giving full particulars of the Good Health Sanitary Closet.

Name .....

Address .....

That Terrible Fatigue Can Be Overcome

A Simple Home Remedy Now Cures Lack of Energy, Loss of Ambition, and a Feeling of "Don't-Care."

Successful in Nearly Every Case.

That miserable nervousness and half-sick tired-all-the-time condition is due nine cases in ten to a clogged-up system. You grow irritable and despondent, you lack ambition, energy seems all gone. Surest road to health is by the frequent use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they will make you feel like new all over in a short time.

Writing from his home in Barcelona, Mr. Frederick G. Mayer states: "I think no one ever suffered as severely as I did for nearly six months. So many serious symptoms were developing as a consequence of this evil condition of my system that I realized I must find a remedy. The strong pills of various kinds I tried seemed after their first effects were over to make me far worse and I did not know which way to turn for relief. I saw Dr. Hamilton's Pills advertised, and the first box used satisfied me. I found a true remedy. Instead of griping with undue activity, Dr. Hamilton's Pills acted as naturally as if physic had not been taken. I never had to increase the dose, indeed, within a month I reduced it, and when the system finally acted of its own accord as a result of Dr. Hamilton's Pills, I took a dose twice a week only, just to make sure the old condition would not come back."

No other remedy cures constipation and biliousness so easily or safely as Dr. Hamilton's Pills; they are an ideal family remedy for all diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels. Sold in 25c. boxes, five for $1.00, all druggists and storekeepers or The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Canada.

LORD ROBERTS AT 80.

"No man could inculcate with better right the lesson of patriotism and physical fitness which is of the essence of the system of national service which he has striven to recommend," says the London



Lord Roberts.

Times of Lord Roberts, who has just completed his eightieth year. "Experts may differ as to the military value of some features in that scheme, but its moral value, and its influence on physique, are sufficient alone to make its adoption urgent in one or other form.

"The greatest moral which young Englishmen may drew from the example of Lord Roberts' career is precisely that which a system of national military training is most designed to fulfil—the duty of 'keeping fit' for national ends. With all his genius and capacity for work, the secret of Lord Roberts' sixty years of public service has been, we think, the constancy with which he has kept his faculties trained to meet the most sudden call of duty."

Just What He Said.

Housekeeper—"How's this? You promised to saw some wood if I gave you a lunch." Tramp—"I recall no such promise, madam." "The idea! I told you I'd give you a lunch if you'd saw some wood, and you agreed." "Pardon me, madam. Your exact words were—'I'll give you a lunch if you saw that wood over there by the gate.'" "Exactly. That's just what I said." "Well, madam, I saw that wood over by the gate as I came in."

Warts on the Hands Corns on the Feet

Removed Without Pain

Just apply Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor; it does the whole trick; does it sure, does it in a real hurry too. Putnam's Extractor cleans off a wart or lifts out a corn without any bad after effect. You don't have to lay up—no inconvenience, pain or distress. Putnam's Extractor sells round the whole world, 25c. per bottle, sold and recommended by druggists.

THE HOME OF 7,000 MONKS

WOMEN CAN'T SET FOOT ON SACRED MT. ATHOS.

Once a Famous Retreat for Banished Notables of Byzantine Empire.

Among the possessions of disrupted Turkey in Europe there is none to which the Greeks have greater claim than the holy Mount of Athos, the most easterly prong of nature's trident—the three similarly shaped peninsulas that extend into the Aegean sea a few miles east of Salonica. Among the inhabitants of the sacred mount, some 7,000 in all, the greater part are Greeks, men who have withdrawn, most of them voluntarily, from life to eke out a lonely existence among the rocky defiles of the peninsula, dividing their time between the cultivation of heaven and earth.

Mount Athos, situated at the extreme southern point of the peninsula, rears its snowcapped summit 6,350 feet above sea level. It looks for all the world like one of the pyramids of Egypt transplanted to a colder clime, and its history is replete with as much mystery and charm. Stand on the plain of old Troy—to-day swallowed up in the name Anatolia—and you may see the hoary peak of Athos against the setting sun. Or climb to the heights of Olympus, in old Thessaly, and there, among the once sacred groves which to-day are infested with bands of thieves who fear neither god or man,

You Again See Athos.

These two peaks, one famed as the abode of gods who are to-day but myths, and the other the abode of holy men, are soon to become Greek again, if Greek diplomacy can so turn the wheel of fortune.

Nothing perhaps is more interesting of the many peculiarities of Mount Athos than the fact that women and even female animals are forever barred from setting foot upon it by a decree issued about the middle of the eleventh century. Lonely man lives there his miserable existence—for miserable it must be where no woman has a part—and dying disappears. Young monks come from the outside world to take the places of those who in their own behalf are merely "translated," but the name of this or that monk remains but a memory. Life there is the downhill stumble to old age and the grave. Never a gay laugh and seldom a smile, so that the sun shines on this God chosen spot in vain.

There are twenty monasteries on Mount Athos, all belonging to the order of St. Basil and twelve affiliated monastic communities where live the lay brothers. Others of these religious fanatics occupy hermitages far distant from each other, their goings and their comings guided by the ascetic principles of Saint Athanasius.

Of the monasteries the largest is Russian, there are two Serbo-Bulgarian and the rest are Greek, so that the latter race is largely in the majority, and thus dominates the community and the assembly which governs it. To this assembly each monastery sends one representative. But the Government is very primitive, as are the lives of the monks.

The Monastery Libraries

are vast storehouses of information, containing until comparatively recent times many priceless relics which the monks, their intellectual development having been left to its own devices, cared little or nothing for. Many of these documents tell in the language or Xenophon of the glories of a Greece that was. Indeed, much of the history of the East is locked up in these dust-filled coffreforts in which from time to time this or that wanderer has come across a priceless relic to carry off to the museums of Europe.

One of the most notable finds was a papyrus containing the fables of Aesop in Coliambic verse. But so many curio collectors, attracted by the fabulous tales of voyagers, have taken passage for Mount Athos that the monks have become suspicious and now refuse entrance to nearly all strangers. The larger part of the monastic valuables, however, are in safe and more worthy hands.

The Turks destroyed much of the valuable papyri in the monasteries in making cartridges during the war of the Greek independence in 1820-29. Other valuable documents were torn up by the monks themselves for fishing bait. Such is the value of historical documents to these monks who spend their time apart from their religious devotions in fishing and tilling the land.

In 1749 an attempt was made to establish an academy on the mount. For a time it flourished, drawing the flower of the youth of the East, but the teaching was so primitive that the academy became deserted and to-day is

A Mass of Ruins,

over which tangled vines, lizards and other crawling things hold sway. When the star of the Byzantine empire was at its zenith Mount Athos was a chosen retreat for those in court disfavor. Many others, wealthy and noble, had their fling at life and then banished themselves to Mount Athos.

Viewed from the sea in the fall of the year Athos is a mountain of exquisite beauty, with its shades and tints of dying foliage. High up on the mountain the monasteries can be seen clustering in the niches scooped out by nature. They are all strongly fortified and, with the exception of Rossikson, the Russian monastery, their architecture is a quaint representation of the Byzantine period which had so much influence on the sacred mount to its inhabitants. On the isthmus which separates the mount from the mainland traces can still be seen of the canal dug by Xerxes and his men before the invasion of Greece in 480 B.C. It is the story that Xerxes dug the canal because he feared lest he lose his ships in doubling the cape.

Among the Turks who inhabit the main land in proximity to Mount Athos there has always been a superstition that the Russian monks, some 3,000 in all, are in reality Russian soldiers in disguise, and if ever war should break out between the two countries the monks would seize their arms and march down onto the plain. With the passing of Turkey in Europe it can only be conjectured what new attitude will be assumed between the monks and their "unholy" neighbors.

TOLL OF WAR IN FIFTY YEARS.

Over Two Million Men Have Been Killed in Battles.

The Balkan war has given the generation some idea of what war means in detail. It is significant of the growing horror that a Bavarian newspaper should present its readers with a striking record of the wars of the last fifty years.

Under a series of little pictures of fallen soldiers on the battlefield it gives the number of killed in each great war of the past half century, with the strange exception of the Boer war. Here is the record:

Crimean war, 750,000; Italian war of 1859-60; 45,000; American civil war of 1861-65, 800,000; Danish war of 1866, 45,000; Franco-German war, 215,000; Russo-Turkish war, 250,000; Russo-Japanese war, 200,000.

The addition of these figures shows that no less than 2,313,000 men were killed in these wars.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Mexicans Peddle Water.

In some parts of Mexico water is very scarce. Perhaps that accounts for the lack of cleanliness among the natives. Here and there you will see water carriers who have small tanks strapped on their shoulders in much the same manner as the Italian carries his hand organ. In these they carry drinking water from house to house, selling it by the gallon.

BABY LOVES HIS BATH



With

CUTICURA SOAP

No other keeps the skin and scalp so clean and clear, so sweet and healthy. Used with Cuticura Ointment, it soothes irritations which often prevent sleep and if neglected become chronic disfigurements. Millions of mothers use these pure, sweet and gentle emollients for every purpose of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout the world. A liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the care and treatment of the skin and scalp, sent post-free. Address Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Dept. 21D, Boston, U. S. A.

I was cured of Rheumatic Gout by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Halifax. ANDREW KING.

I was cured of Acute Bronchitis by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
LT.-COL. C. CREWE READ.
Sussex.

I was cured of Acute Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Markham, Ont. C. S. BILLING.
Lakefield, Que., Oct. 9, 1907.

Secret Parting.

"Jack and I have parted forever."

"Good gracious! What does that mean?"

"Means that I'll get a five-pound box of candy in about an hour."

WHY NOT SPEND THE WINTER IN CALIFORNIA!

Attractive rates will be quoted by variable routes, affording finest scenery. The Los Angeles Limited, leaving Chicago daily 10:15 p.m. for Southern California, the San Francisco Overland Limited, leaving Chicago 9:30 p.m., less than three days en route, provide the best of everything in railway travel. The China and Japan Mail leaves Chicago daily 10:45 p.m. for San Francisco and Los Angeles. Illustrated literature on application to B. H. Bennett, General Agent, Chicago and North Western Ry., 46 Yonge St., Toronto, Ont.

Some Distinction.

Private Secretary — "I want enough salary so I can marry and be comfortable."

R. R. President—"What you ask is impossible, but I'll give you enough money to marry on."

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

Keeping Better Time.

They were at the skating rink. "George," she asked, as they rounded the bend, "is your watch correct?" "Yes," replied George, with a merry laugh; "it is keeping better time since I put your picture inside the case." "Oh, you flatterer! How could that be?" "Well, you see, when I placed your picture inside the case I added another jewel."

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Pat's Reply.

He had just concluded what he considered the best political speech of the century. "Well, Pat," he asked one of his hearers, with kindly condescension, "what did you think of my speech?" "Sure, it was a grand speech," averred Pat. "Was there any part of it more than another that seemed to hold you?" the speaker asked. "Well, now that you ask me, I'll tell ye," responded the Irishman. "What took hould of me most, sir, was your perseverance—the way ye wint over the same thing agin and agin."

Some people are down on their luck and some others never have any to be down on.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES BACKACHE
NUMBER 23 THE PRICE

A Boon to Stock-Raisers

To Know How to Cure Colic, Distemper, Colds, Swellings, etc., Saves Thousands Each Year.

Of Practical Interest to Horsemen.

It is a matter of vital importance to every farmer, horse-owner, and stock-raiser to know exactly what to do when one of his animals is taken suddenly sick.

The letter of Mr. Frank G. Fullerton, which we print below, gives information of inestimable value, and tells of his experience in curing ailing stock during the past thirty-eight years.

SAVED 1,000 BY NERVILINE

"Several years ago when my horse took colic I used to give them Cayenne Pepper in hot milk, but in a few cases only did I help, and because I had no proper means at hand I lost several valuable animals. Some one told me of the success Mr. Wending, of Brockville, Ont., had in his racing stables with 'Nerviline,' so I laid in a supply. It wasn't very long before Nerviline saved the life of a valuable stallion of mine, which was worth at least $1,000.00. This horse was taken with colic, and would have died had it not been for Nerviline. I have used Nerviline for reducing swellings, for taking out distemper lumps, and easing a bad cough, and always found it worked well. I recommend every man who owns horses or cattle to keep Nerviline on hand."

Large size bottles, 50c.; small size, 25c.; all dealers, or The Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont., and Buffalo, N. Y.

Did the Easy Thing.

"He must be somebody."

"What makes you think so?"

"Didn't you notice that between courses at dinner he sat with his hands on the table, while everybody else kept theirs hidden, no matter how uncomfortable they were."

Mrs. Knicker—"This book tells what to do before the doctor comes." Knicker—"And my chequebook tells what to do after he comes."

PITCAIRN ISLAND DWELLERS.

Interesting People Descendants of "Bounty" Mutineers.

Bound for the South Seas on a cruise, which will last 185 days, H. M. S. Algerine, Commander Brooker, has just sailed from Esquimalt, B.C. Among other calls to be made will be one at Pitcairn Island, and Commander Brooker took with him clothing, books, etc., for the islanders, the descendants of the Bounty mutineers, who have so few visitors.

The residents of Pitcairn Island are a most interesting people. They are of a light copper color, being descendants of Englishmen who intermarried with natives. Their houses, mostly small cottages of three rooms, are built of lumber sawn by hand from native trees, some of the boards for finishing being secured from passing ships and the tools from kindly ship's carpenters. The men tend their gardens, build boats, fish, etc.

Some grain is grown, but not enough to supply the demands of the islanders and is threshed rudely with flails. The people are of a very religious turn of mind. They built a church many years ago in which is an organ sent to the island by the late Queen Victoria.

The population is about one hundred and fifty in number and the families are so intermarried that the majority of weddings are between cousins. The oldest man on the island is Governor; he is the executive, legislative and judicial branches all in one.

The first settlers were from the ship Bounty. The vessel left Spithead in 1787 and in the spring of 1789 Fletcher Christian and three companions broke into the captain's cabin and bound and gagged him, and the master and mates were set adrift in an open boat. They eventually reached land, and the mutineers after various vicissitudes reached Pitcairn Island and founded the colony which now occupies the little isle.

CONSUMPTION

All suffering from Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Laryngitis, Weak Lungs, or a Weak Throat, should write for particulars of my medicine. It never fails. It satisfies you that it does you good. WM. R. COPELAND, 511 Pape Ave., Toronto, Ont.

Good For Two.

"Did you ever tell that young man that late hours were bad for one?" asked the father at the breakfast table. "Well, father," replied the wise daughter, "late hours may be bad for one, but they're all right for two."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

IT SATISFIES MILLIONS OF PEOPLE

Worth your while to test it

LIPTON'S TEA

Sustains and Cheers.

Lady—Uardon me, but are these eggs fresh laid? Grocer—Absolutely, madam. The farmer I purchased them from won't allow his hens to lay them any other way.

FARMS FOR SALE.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

HUNDRED ACRES—COUNTY HALTON; Good House; Buildings; Orchard. Cheap and on easy terms.

SEVENTY-SIX ACRES WITH GOOD buildings and apple orchard; about five miles from Hamilton.

H. W. DAWSON, Toronto.

FIFTY ACRES — IN MIDDLESEX County, 6 miles from London, soil clay loam; good buildings; excellent variety of fruit. Has to be sold to close up estate. The Western Real Estate, London, Ont.

FARMS WANTED.

FARMS WANTED—LOW PRICED FOR old country buyers. J. Drummer, 18 Toronto St., Toronto.

STAMPS AND COINS.

STAMP COLLECTORS—HUNDRED DIFferent Foreign Stamps, Catalogue, Album, only Seven Cents. Marks Stamp Company, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

SEVERAL NEW "SOLAR" ACETYLENE Gas Plants for sale. To clear our stock a bargain. Keith's Limited, 123 King West, Toronto.

CARPET DYEING

and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the British American Dyeing Co. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Gold Medalists. Address Box 233, Montreal

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the

"OTTO HIGEL" Piano Action

BOILERS

New and Second-hand, for heating and power purposes. TANKS AND SMOKE STACKS. Agents for Sturtevant Ventilating and Heating Systems.

POLSON IRON WORKS LIMITED TORONTO

Engines and Shipbuilders

HOTEL TRAYMORE

ON THE OCEAN FRONT.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.



A magnificent ten-story, fire-proof addition is just being completed, making this famous hostelry the newest and most up-to-date of Atlantic City Hotels. A new feature is the unusual size of the bed rooms, averaging 19 feet square.

Every room commands an ocean view, bath attached with sea and fresh water. Chevalglass in every chamber. Temperature regulated by Thermostadt, the latest development in steam heating. Telephone in every room. Golf privileges. Capacity 600. Write for illustrated booklet.

CHARLES O. MARQUETTE, Manager. TRAYMORE HOTEL COMPANY, B. S. WHITE, President.



Brings Solid Comfort to Old People

THE PERFECTION SMOKELESS OIL HEATER

All winter long—on the Zero days and the windy, blustering days—the Perfection Smokeless Oil Heater gives them real solid comfort.

It saves them many a cold and sickness for it easily warms the rooms not reached by the ordinary heat.

The Perfection Heater is made with nickel trimmings (plain steel or enameled turquoise-blue drums). Ornamental. Inexpensive. Lasts for years. Easily moved from place to place.

At Dealers Everywhere

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited

TORONTO MONTREAL WINNIPEG ST. JOHN HALIFAX

THE MAILS

	Despatched	Arrive
Chesterville stage	8.00 a.m.	5.05 p.m.
Day, west	12.30 p.m.	1.30 "
Waddington	1.30 "	3.00 "
Day, east	3.30 "	4.30 "
Winchester	2.00 "	11.15 a.m.
Night, east	7.30 "	
Night, west	7.30 "	
Sunday. E. & W.	7.30 "	

TIME-TABLE

EASTBOUND

No. 8 (daily)	due	4.19 a.m.
" 12 (daily except Sun)	"	7.15 a.m.
" 4 (daily)	"	3.32 p.m.
" 6 (daily except Sun)	"	3.55 p.m
" 76 (Sunday only)	"	4.50 p.m

WESTBOUND

No. 7 (daily)	due	12 44 a m.
No. 11 (daily exc'pt Sun.)	due	7.42 p.m
" 5 (daily)	"	10.13 p.m

The Leader

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY

The Leader Publishing Co.

LEWIS E. MURPHY, Editor and Manager

THURSDAY, JANUARY 2, 1913.

Assessment Act O. K.

Assessment Committee Opposed Making Any Radical Change in the Act—the Single Tax Humbug Scored by Sir James

Tax Reform received a knock-out blow by the Whitney Government on Thursday of last week. The two bills introduced by N. W. Rowell, leader of the Opposition, and J. A. Ellis, Conservative M.L.A. for Ottawa, were rejected by the special tax committee. These bills aimed at a radical revision of the present Assessment Act. The committee, by a vote of 20 to 7, decided that the proposed legislation was impracticable and unsuitable, while the present Assessment Act was entirely satisfactory—if properly administered.

After the bills had been put out of business, the Government side of the committee introduced a motion in defence of the present Assessment Act, and carried it by a similar vote to that which defeated the Rowell-Ellis bills.

Mr. Rowell made an amendment to the Government motion to the effect that there should be a lower tax on improvements than on lands, including buildings, businesses and incomes, but this also met the fate of the Liberal leader's bills.

Truly, it was a sad day for Single Taxers and all other tax reformers.

PREMIER SCORES THE BILLS

Sir James Whitney, who was in England during the previous sitting of the committee, gave his views during a general discussion on taxation. In vigorous terms he classed the Rowell-Ellis amendments as entirely unnecessary. He was positively opposed to the principles of the bills. They suggested a harum-scarum remedy for a disease which did not exist in the province. "Until we need a change let us stay as we are," said he. "There is no necessity for such single tax legislation."

The majority of the committee took the same view of it as the Premier, and on motion of Dr. Ross and Harry Eilber, the following resolution was carried :

SHOULD FOLLOW ACT

"That it has been proven to the satisfaction of this committee, from returns furnished by E. C. Drury and Mr. McEwing of the Dominion Grange and by the assessment commissioners and assessors of a number of municipalities, and from information gathered from many other sources, that in most municipalities buildings are assessed at not more than the amount by which the value of the land is thereby increased, which is the basis prescribed by section 36 of the Assessment Act.

"That it has also been proven that there are a number of municipalities which do not assess buildings in conformity with said section 36, but who rely to a large extent on the cost of buildings in determining their assessable value, with the result that the assessment of buildings in such cases is higher than is authorized by a proper interpretation of the Act, and so causing a hardship in a number of cases.

SEND OUT INSTRUCTIONS

"That in order to remove such hardships and to ensure a proper interpretation of the act in future, the chairman cause to be sent out to the assessment commissioners and assessors of every municipality in Ontario a circular letter pointing out by means of general instructions and concrete examples set out in the circular, how building should be assessed in keeping with the Assessment Act.

"That the committee believes that conditions have not changed since the report made by the special assessment committee in 1910, and that committee was correct in disapproving of proposals made similar to those in bills 117 and 118, presented by Mr. Rowell and Mr. Ellis, and that the provisions of those bills should not be recommended to the House for adoption.

T takes but a few minutes to make a pint of appetizing

Club Table Jelly

d a half pint of delicious 5 Jelly Sauce—all from the nts of one carton of Club Powder. Full directions ton. Sixteen Jelly s true as the pure fruit.

WING & SONS, Montreal. 2

CURED OF THIS HORRIBLE DISEASE

Edmonton Girl saved By "Fruit-a-tives"

EDMONTON, ALTA., NOV. 20th 1911.

"I had been a sufferer from babyhood with that terrible complaint, Constipation.

I have been treated by physicians and have taken every medicine that I heard of, but without the slightest benefit. I concluded that there was no cure for this horrible disease.

Finally, I read of "Fruit-a-tives" and decided to try them, and the effect was marvellous.

The first box gave me great relief, and after I used a few boxes, I found that I was entirely well.

"Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine that ever did me any good for Chronic Constipation and I want to say to all who suffer as I did—Try "Fruit-a-tives"—why suffer any longer when there is a perfect cure in this great fruit medicine"

(MISS) E. A. GOODALL.

"Fruit-a-tives" is the only remedy in the world made of fruit and the only one that will completely and absolutely cure Constipation.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

RAISE INCOME MINIMUM

"The committee would recommend that section 39 of the act, providing for the special assessment of farm lands in towns and villages, should be repealed, as perhaps having served its purpose, and also for the reason that it is found that its provisions have not been interpreted in accordance with the intention.

"Your committee would further recommended that the exemption of income derived from personal earnings be increased at least from $1200 to $1500, and from $900 to $1200 in the case of a householder or the head of a famil."

NEED PROPER ASSESSORS

Sir James spoke for about half-hour against a revision of the Assessment Act, as proposed. "In my humble opinion, admitting everything that is contained in the two bills, you still have to prove the necessity for a change of the Assessment Act as it stands. If municipalities get proper assessors no amendment to the act whatever is necessary. I would suggest that elaborate explanation of the Act should be sent to assessor in the province, and after a time if the Act does not work out satisfactorily, it would be up to the government of Ontario to change it. There is one statuate on the statuate books with which no fault can be found, and that is the Assessment Act."

ASKED SOME QUESTIONS

The premier wanted to know where the single tax policy had worked out satisfactorily. What is there in this new system that we should have it?" he asked. Why not wait to see how it works in other places? Is it not better to use our wit than to follow every doctrine proposed by any Tom, Dick or Harry on the continent?" He said that the single tax system was not poison, but the class of papers that took it up did not express the sentiment of the people. Because new communities had accepted it there was no reason why Ontario should gallop over the propositions and accept it helus-bolus. Sir James was very much amused at the predictions of certain newspapers, while he was away, that tax reform had scored a great victory already, the whole matter of the new "progressive" legislation being settled.

If the Assessment Act was not working out satisfactory to all classes it was not the fault of the Act, but it was due to inefficient officials. All that was necessary was the appointment of capable assessors by councils.

HOLLOW POTATOES

During the past saason there have been a good many complaints from potato growers that, although the yield has been good, many of the largest and finest tubers are found, on cutting, to be hollow. This is an occurrance which is not uncommon in seasons which have favoured the rapid growth of the tuber, and for a similar reason it is found more commonly in large tubers than in those of small or medium size. A potato grows by the addition of new lawyers of tissue slightly below the skin. The cells composing this tissue are at first small but rapidly expand to their full size, and in so doing set up a state of tension. The layers of cells towards the outside, being young, are capable of dividing and expanding in a similar way so that an external cracking or splitting is avoided. It is different, however, with the tissue in the interior. This is composed of nature cells no longer in a state of growth, and if the tension becomes too great a tearing or rupture of the tissue will result, followed by degeneration and the formation of a cavity.

Cavities of this nature are much less serious than injuries on the outside of the tubers, since the latter permit of the entrance of numerous organisms of various kinds which cause rotting. They do, however, necessitate increased trouble in preparing potatoes for the table since the discoloured surface of the cavity must be cut away. Hollow potatoes are also particularly objectionable for baking. However, the factor of rapid growth which is liable to bring about this condition is in the main one necessary to the securing of a large yield, and most farmers will probably prefer to so stimulate growth by cultivation and fertilizers as to attain this end and take the risk of a certain proportion of tubers becoming hollow.

Get Butter Wrappers at The Leader

Addresses and Presentation

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Collison Handsomely Remembered by Their Numerous Friends at Winchester Springs.

A banquet was held in the Orange hall Tuesday evening in honor of Mrs. David L Collison before her departure for Elmira, Ont. During the evening Mrs. Collison was called to the platform, and the following address read by Mrs. (Rev) Newton and a presentation of a beautiful jewel case and ten dollars in gold made by Mrs. Jas. Bell Mrs Collison made a feeling reply. The address was as follows:

Winchester Springs, Dec. 17th, 1912.

Dear Mrs. Collison:—We, the members of the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist church, of Winchester Springs, Ont., are gathered here to-night to spend an evening with you on this, the verge of your departure from our midst. You have served the society which we represent faithfully and well in the capacity of secretary, and we shall greatly miss you from your accustomed place. You have set us an example of regularity, being always (when at all possible) in your place. Being present you ever tried to do your full share of work being willing to serve in any capacity, not only shall we miss you, when we gather together from time to time in our regular monthly meetings, but we realize our church as a whole is about to suffer a loss. You have served us in the choir, in the Sabbath school and in the Epworth League, and now the time to part has come and the friendships of the past seven years are to be severed. Your hospitable home is henceforth to be in some other town.

We pray that the God who is above and over us all has been guiding you in this matter and that the new abode may be one of pleasantness and prosperity—not only to yourself but also to dear Mr. Collison and to your only little son, Master Herman. And now as a little reminder of those here assembled we ask you to accept our little gift—this gold coin and jewel case, not for its intrinsic value, but as a token of the love and esteem and appreciation of those whom you are about to leave behind, and may God be with you and with us is our earnest prayer. Signed on behalf of the society,

Mrs. Jas. Bell, President
Mrs. Geo. Myers, 1st Vice-Pres.
Mrs. Thos. McQuaig, 2nd Vice-Pres.
Mrs. G. Christie, Secretary
Mrs. A. McIntosh, Treasurer.

Winchester Springs, Ont., Dec. 19, 1912

Our dear Mr. Collison:—There are mingled feelings of joy and sorrow in our midst to-day. Joy because of our having met to do honor to one of our most worthy residents and to speak words of appreciation, inadequate though they may be. There is sorrow because the thought continually possesses us that we must soon shake your hand in farewell which we do with grief and reluctance. But like one of Israel's fathers, you have heard the call to go into another place that your sphere of usefulness may be enlarged. This call you are about to obey and the prayer of your assembled friends and fellow citizens is that Israel's God may go with you as the pillar of cloud and fire. As is common to the human family, the night of adversity will come; may the pillar of fire then give light, the day of exceeding brightness will come; may the cloud then give shade and protection.

On the eve of the departure of you and yours from among us, we look back over the happy associations of the past seven years. The memories of these seven years will ever act as bright spots on the pages of our lives.

Be assured, dear sir, that this expression of appreciation is not given in any narrow sense. We have been proud all along to claim your acquaintance and fellowship because of your relation to us as teacher, church member, citizen, host and friend. As teacher you have served the highest interests of this section faithfully and well. Who can estimate the debt that we shall always be under because of these incalcuable services? As a citizen you have cheerfully responded to the demands of our community, though always absorbed in your office as teacher you found time to share the important responsibilities that come to every public spirited citizen. As a church member and local preacher you have always taught us well by word and example to bear the burden and heat of the day, never shirking nor wishing to avoid the high call of duty. Your efforts in this connection have been invaluable to pastors and people alike. Broad and sympathetic in views and spirit the pulpits of this section of the country have always been open to you. As an officer and teacher in the church of your choice your place will be hard to fill. Our closing words must bear testimony to our sense of loss that we feel in parting with you as host and friend, your home has been one of the most hospitable in our village. In your counsel and friendship we have always rejoiced, and now at your departure we ask you to accept this assurance that we feel keenly the loss of an efficient teacher, a loyal citizen, a valued church member, and a genial host and friend. In addition to our words we beg you to accept this tangible token (club bag) of our heartfelt appreciation of your life and works in our midst.

Signed on behalf of the citizens
Rev. S. F. Newton.

Winchester Springs, Dec. 19, 1912.

Dear Mr. Collison,—As the tie which has bound us in the pleasing relationship of teacher and pupils is about to be broken, we your pupils feel that we cannot permit the occasion presented this afternoon to pass without attempting to express, in a measure at least, the regard and esteem in which you are held by each and all of us. In the schoolroom you have always treated us with kindness and consideration and have always sought to render our progress not only as rapid but as pleasant as possible. We would therefore ask you, Mr. Collison, to accept this present (suit case) as a slight mark of our regard and esteem for you, and we cannot refrain from expressing the hope that often in the future this little gift may recall to your mind many pleasing memories of Winchester Springs and your pupils there. With best and sincere wishes for your future success and happiness and wishing you a merry Christmas and a happy New Year, we beg leave, dear Mr. Collison, to bid you a kind farewell.

Signed by pupils of each class.

Master Herman Collison was waited on by his young school friends and presented with numerous gifts as tokens of the many happy friendships he has made among the school children.

The officers of the I O O F., of Williamsburg, of which Mr D. L Collison is a member, waited on him on Christmas Day and presented him with a beautiful travelling case.

WINCHESTER SPRINGS.

Mr and Mrs Craig, of Metcalfe, spent Sunday with the latter's father, Mr Wm. Robinson.

Mr Ralph McIntosh, of Calgary, is spending his vacation with his mother, Mrs A. McIntosh.

Miss Maggie Fisher has returned home from South Mountain.

Quite a number of the young people attended the concert at Nation Valley.

Miss Mable and Percy Shaver, of Glen Stewart, spent Sunday at the home of Mr W. J. Fisher.

Mr and Mrs D L. Collison and Herman have left for Elmira where Mr. Collison is engaged in teaching school.

Mr Harold Fisher, of Cornwall, is spending his Xmas vacation with his parents.

Mrs Ford Carscadden and son, of Macklin, Sask., are visiting at the former's parents, Mr and Mrs John Munroe.

Forecasts of development in 1913 are already beginning to be made in the west and great hopes are being built up by the city of Lethbridge of the expected construction of the air line to Regina by the Grand Trunk Pacific which is to tap some of the richest wheat-raising areas of Saskatchewan and Alberta and will give Lethbridge an outlet on Hudson's Bay.

ROYAL PURPLE
Stock & Poultry Specifics

FREE We will send absolutely free, for the asking, postpaid, one of our large 64-page books (with insert), on the common diseases of stock and poultry. Tells how to feed all kinds of heavy and light horses, colts and mares, milch cows, calves and fattening steers, also how to keep and feed poultry so that they will lay as well in winter as in summer. It contains 360 recommends from all over Canada, from people who have used our goods. No farmer should be without it.

You can fatten cattle and hogs in a month's less time by using our Royal Purple Stock Specific than you could possibly do without it, thereby saving a month's feed and labor and the cost to you will not be more than $1.50 for six pigs or $1.00 for one steer. It will keep your horses in show condition with ordinary feed. If you have a poor, miserable-looking animal on your place try it on this one first and see the marvellous result which will be obtained. Our Stock Specific will increase the milk flow three to five lbs. per cow per day, while being fed in the stable. A 50c package will last a cow or horse 70 days.

ROYAL PURPLE POULTRY SPECIFIC will make your hens lay just as well in the winter as in the summer, and will keep them free from disease. These goods are pure and unadulterated. We do not use any cheap filler to make a large package, entirely different from any on the market at the present time.

Royal Purple Stock Specific, 50c pckgs.: four 50c pckgs., in an air-tight tin, for $1.50.
Royal Purple Poultry Specific, 25c and 50c pckgs., and $1.50 air-tight tins that hold four 50c pckgs.
Royal Purple Lice Killer, 25c and 50c tins; 30c by mail.
Royal Purple Gall Cure, 25c and 50c tins; 30c by mail.
Royal Purple Sweat Liniment, 50c bottle; 60c by mail.
Royal Purple Cough Cure, 50c tin; 60c by mail.
Royal Purple Disinfectant, 25c and 50c tins.
Royal Purple Roup Cure, 25c tins; 30c by mail.
Royal Purple Worm Powder, 25c tins; 30c by mail.

Manufactured only by

The W. A. Jenkins Mfg. Co.
London. Canada

Royal Purple Supplies and Booklets may be obtained from

J. D. McDonald, Morrisburg

Parcels Post Cuts Express Rates

May Something of This Sort Soon Happen Here in Canada

Washington, Dec. 27th.—Boarding house keepers all over the country today may celebrate, for the express companies have been compelled by the government to cut down the rate on prunes. It was brought about through the agency of the parcels post. Dr. Charles F. Granfield, first assistant postmaster general, recently received from a San Diego, Cal., grower, the announcement that the latter proposed to send by parcels post two carloads of prunes to New York. It was a "freak" shipment and was to be sent in eight pound boxes. The rate would have been 96 cents. The express companies promptly cut their rate to 35 cents. Dr. Granfield believes that the parcels post eventually will force express rates down to "rock bottom." In the meantime prunes probably will be more popular than ever on boarding house tables.

HOUSE TO RENT.

HOUSE TO RENT, possession given at once, apply by letter to
MRS. J. M. WATSON,
Marshall Hospital,
Dec. 30th, 1912. Marshall, Minn.

FOR SALE

TEN acres of woods, chiefly cedar. This is a snap for parties desiring fencing timber.
1tf JOHN D. DAIN.

WANTED

SIX Experienced Carriage Blacksmiths and Blacksmith Helpers, good wages, steady employment. Apply
CANADA CARRIAGE CO.,
1-c Brockville, Ont.

FOR SALE.

A COMFORTABLE RESIDENCE on St. Lawrence street, Morrisburg; water and light installed; good orchard.
50-d A. BROWN.

ARTHUR FLYNN
Barrister, Etc.
Morrisburg, - - - Ont.
21-1yr

R. F. LYLE

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.
Barry Block, Main Street
MORRISBURG, : : : ONTARIO
☞ Money to loan at lowest rates of interest

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for The Molsons Bank.
New Molsons Bank Building,
MORRISBURG, ONT.
A large amount of private money to loan at per cent on easy terms.

DR. G. M. GORRELL

DENTIST. Graduate of Chicago College of Dental Surgeons and of Royal College of Dental Surgeons, Toronto. Successor to Drs. Gorrell and Kelly.
Office: Casselman Block, Morrisburg.

F. M. EAGLESON

ONTARIO AND DOMINION LAND SURVEYOR, CIVIL ENGINEER
DRAINAGE and other Municipal work will receive prompt attention. Farm lines and sub-divisions.
CONCRETE WORK of all kinds, including bridges and culverts, a specialty.
Office in Sweet's Block, Winchester, Ont.

EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 142, R. C., A. F & A. M., holds its Regular Meetings in the Masonic Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday Evening on, or before, full moon.
A full attendance is particularly requested Visiting brethren are always welcome.
C. W. MARSH, W. M. B. A. HERRING, Secretary

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESULTS.

EASTERN ONTARIO

LIVE STOCK & POULTRY SHOW

Ottawa, January 14-17, 1913.

New Buildings providing accommodation for the increasing exhibits in

Horses
Dairy Cattle, Beef Cattle
Sheep, Swine, Poultry and Seeds

Increased Classification and Prize Money.

Largest Poultry Special Prize List of any Show in Canada.

Eastern Canada's Great Educational Show.

Besides the MAGNIFICENT EXHIBITS IN LIVE STOCK there will be

Practical Lectures

each day beginning Tuesday, January 14th.

Single Fare on all Railroads

Write to Secretary for Programme of Judging and Lectures.

PETER WHITE, President, Pembroke
W. D. JACKSON, Secretary, Carp. (Ottawa after Jan. 1).

We Wish All a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

W. H. FETTERLY.

ORDER YOUR

FLOWERS

BY TELEPHONE

THE HAY FLORAL & SEED CO.
Florists
BROCKVILLE, ONT.

The most Up-to-date Florists in Eastern Ontario.

Engagement Extraordinary

The Great English Organist and Composer

Gatty Sellars

Solo Concert Organist, Queen's Hall, London, England

—AT—

KNOX CHURCH

Monday Ev'g, Jan. 13th

Coronation Music
Descriptive Pieces
The Storm at Sea
The Russian Patrol
The Wonderful Cathedral Chimes exactly as at Westminster Abbey

World's record of 300 consecutive recitals

ADMISSION, 35c.

☞ **Tickets for Sale at F. R. Chalmers'**

MAIL THIS COUPON TO

Cornwall Commercial College

AND GET A FREE COPY OF OUR CATALOGUE

Name.....

Address.....

.....

St. Lawrence Hall

MORRISBURG, ONT.

LEV. SOUTHWORTH PROP.

Synopsis of Canadian North-West Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Subagency for the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-emp a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Must reside upon the homestead or pre-emption six months in each of six years from date of homestead entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra.

A homesteader who has exhausted his homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may enter for a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth $300.00.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, President. J. C ALGUIRE, Sec'y-Treas

Possessing exquisite freshness and a fullness of flavor not found in other teas

"SALADA"

CEYLON TEA—"Pure and Clean to a Leaf"

BLACK, MIXED OR NATURAL GREEN } Sealed Packets Only Beware of Imitations 05

Bradfield Bros. & Co.

FLOUR Ogilvie's, Royal Household, Glenora, King Quality,

The Maple Leaf Milling Co.

Two Cars Mill Feed Just in.

Bradfield Bros. & Co.

Hardware ::: Coal ::: Groceries

Do You Know that MOOSE JAW Has

25 Factories and more coming.
40 Wholesale Houses.
12 Chartered Banks and is the home of the Bank of Saskatchewan.
2 Flour Mills, one of which has an output of 3600 barrels per day.
And Moose Jaw was the first city in Saskatchewan to have a street car system.
Building permits for 1912 to date is over five million dollars.

Buy in TUXEDO PARK the new Industrial District

Prices—$70 to $90 per Lot Corners $25 extra

Terms—$10 Down and $5 per month

Write us to-day

PRAIRIE LAND CO.

5 Bunnell Bldg., High St. W. Moose Jaw, Sask.

Morrisburg's New Industry



The Incubator Plant

located on the Gravel Road and north of the Grand Trunk Railway, will be open for business in March for

Custom Hatching

Early Chickens Pay the Best

BABY CHICKS will be sold for Cash or trade under special contract, orders now being booked for spring delivery.

REMEMBER: Orders will be filled in their respective turn, therefore do not delay placing your order for the dates you desire.

For further information and free booklet, call or address

R. H. ASHTON, Morrisburg, Ont.

AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A RELIABLE MAN IN MORRISBURG

A thoroughly responsible concern would like to get in touch with someone well known in Morrisburg and district—someone who can follow up inquiries and intelligently present a high-class proposition. References required. Must have someone who will not misrepresent—simply state facts. This is a permanent and highly profitably position for the right man. Apply

H. W. McCURDY
502 Temple Building
TORONTO, ONT.

Our Correspondents

AULTSVILLE

Mr and Mrs Jas. Gogo returned to their home in Ottawa on Tuesday after spending the Xmas holidays with friends here.

Mrs Isabel Flynn and Master Harry Flynn, of Montreal, are spending the New Year holidays here.

Miss Florence Smith, of Ladies College, Ottawa, has been spending a couple of weeks at her home in the 2nd Concession.

Mr and Miss Scott spent Sunday at the home of Mrs John McConnell, 2nd Concession.

The Misses Hanes, G. Jackson and F. Smith were calling at Mr L Barkleys on Sunday

Mrs Dalton Loucks and children, of Montreal, returned to that city on Sunday after spending a week at Mr S. T. Loucks.

Mr R. A. Baker spent Xmas Day in Ottawa with Mr and Mrs Allen Baker.

Mrs McIntosh, of Morrisburg, spent Monday with friends in Archer.

Guests at the parsonage this week are Mr and Mrs Henderson, of New York, Mrs Sinkins and son, Frederick, of Toronto and Mr Chas Hanna, of Queen's College, Kingston.

Mr and Mrs Frank Shaver spent the Christmas holidays with friends in Brockville.

Mr Roy McConnell left on Monday evening for Gravenhurst, Muskoka. He was accompanied by his brother, Sidney McConnell.

Mr and Mrs J. S. Morgan spent New Years Day with the latter's mother, Mrs Henderson, of Morrisburg.

Mr Gallinger, of Kingston, is spending a few days at Mr Isiaah Fetterly's, his uncle.

Mrs Carson and sons, Merrin and Egbert were guests of Mr and Mrs Bigelow over New Years.

Miss Beatrice Baker, of Ladies College, Toronto, spent the holidays with her aunt, Mrs E. Eacutt.

Mrs James Sangster, of Bainsville, was the guest of her sister, Mrs I. J. Cramer over the New Year holiday.

Mr and Mrs N. O. Cramer and Miss Thelma Cramer left for their home in Montreal on Thursday after spending the holidays with friends here.

Mrs Howard Baker and daughter, of Croils Island, were in town New Years Day.

Mrs Dr Meikle and daughter, Jean, of Lansdowne, spent New Years with Mrs Meikle's mother, Mrs R. Loucks.

Miss Ruby Smith spent the holidays with friends in New York.

Miss Isabel Stowell, of Scotstown, Que., is the guest of Mr and Mrs Geo Markell over New Years.

Mr and Mrs S. Shaver and Mr Harold Shaver attended the funeral of the late Simeon Shaver, of North Lunenburg on Friday.

The entertainment given in Fraternity Hall on Monday evening by the Adult Bible Class, of Immanuel Presbyterian church, was a very enjoyable affair throughout. Miss Maud Relyea, of Boston, who is well and favorably known here delighted the audience with her selections as elocutionist while the quartettes by Misses Hanna and Zeron and Messrs Ault and Morgan were much appreciated. Others who contributed to the programme were Miss Blanche Relyea, of Prescott, Miss Florence Lapointe, of this place and Master Donald McLaren, of Woodlands.

Mrs Geo. Rockwood and daughter, Neva, of Bombay, N.Y., and Miss Meda Beecher, of Hopkinton, N.Y., were guests of Mrs W. H Beach for a couple of days this week.

Mrs J. A. Fraser, of Ottawa, is visiting friends here this week.

Mrs James Dougherty and daughter, of Pleasant Valley, were guests at the former's parental home on New Years Day.

Messrs Frank Winters and A. S. Loucks, of Montreal, spent New Years Day at Mr S. T. Loucks

Miss Corbett, of Kingston, was in town a few hours on New Years Day the guest of Mrs J. S. Morgan

Miss Lera Zeron is the guest of Miss Lydia Moore, of Morrisburg, this week.

DUNDELA.

Mr. and Mrs Walter Preston, of Cardinal, spent Christmas at the home of Addison Cooper.

Mrs. C. N. Tuttle and son, Jay, were visiting friends in Williamsburg on Wednesday.

A number from here attended the funeral of the late Donald Hanes on Thursday which was held in the Presbyterian church at Williamsburg.

Mrs. Henry Fetterly and children returned home on Saturday to Remsen after visiting under the parental roof.

Mr and Mrs. J. H. Hooke, of Toronto, are spending a few days at the home of J. W. Cooper.

Miss Ina Marcellus of Shanly, returned home on Saturday after visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. A Mc ntosh spent Sunday at Cardinal.

Mr. T. Nesbitt, of Winchester Springs, was visiting at the home of Ivan Nesbitt on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McLaughlin were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harvey McIntosh on Sunday.

Mr. Willie Lavier, of Pittston, is spending a few days visiting at the residence of Henry Sypes.

Mrs. (Rev) S. W. Boyd is spending a week at her home in Leitrim.

Miss Blanche Wells has returned home to Bouck's Hill after visiting at the home of Mrs. C N. Tuttle.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS BRING RESLUT

WILLIAMSBURG

Mr and Mrs Genzmer Barkley and baby spent Xmas week with friends in Massena, N.Y.

Messrs Earl Casselman, of Kemptville and Martin Casselman, of Cardinal, spent Xmas week at their home.

Mr Gorden Empey, of Maxville, was visiting friends in town and vicinity for a week.

Mr and Mrs Jerry Lane spent New Years Day with Mr and Mrs Morley Wells, Hoasic

Miss Anna Mae Hutt, of Ottawa, was Miss Viola Perault's guest Monday and Tuesday.

Miss Eugene Alguire was the guest of Mrs Alice Strader on Sunday.

A number of our young folks journeyed to Elma on Monday evening to spend a social evening at the parsonage with Rev Mr and Mrs Newton.

Mr and Mrs Geo. R. Whittaker spent a few days last week visiting friends in Chesterville.

Rev Mr Reid, of Montreal occupied the pulpit in the Presbyterian church on Sunday morning and will also occupy the pulpit next Sunday morning, Jan 5th.

A family reunion was held at Mr Wm Barkley on Xmas, some 30 of the children and grandchildren partook of the Xmas dinner.

Miss Bessie Ford, of Mountain, spent a few days visiting at Mrs Edgar McIntosh's.

Miss Wyda Marcellus, of Chesteris the guest of Miss Mary Beckstead this week.

Mr Gord Hutt, of Maple Ridge, was calling on friends in the village on Monday.

Messrs John Stata and Stirton Phifer drove to Morewood on Saturday.

Miss Strange, of Cardinal, spent a few days as guest of Miss Lena Casselman

Miss Josephine Whittaker left on Thursday, Jan. 2nd, for Montreal where she will enter the Children's Memorial hospital as nurse-in-training. A number of her friends met at her home Monday evening and regretfully bade her farewell.

Mr and Mrs E. Weston, of Port Arthur, and Mr and Mrs Neil Raney, of Alberta, were guests at J. W. Watson's the past week.

On Thursday evening of last week Williamsburg Lodge No 339, A O U. W., held their annual nomination and election of officers in the Lodge room. The following officers were nominated and elected:—

P.M.—Bro. Geo R. Whitteker
M.W—Bro. J. D. Beckstead
Foreman—Bro. Edwin Perault
Overseer—Bro. W. A. Gordier
Rec.—Bro. W. C. Strader
Treas.—Bro. H. J. Whitteker
Fin. Sec.—Bro. H M. Perault
Guide—Bro. Charles Phifer
I.W.—Bro. Edward Beckstead
O.W.—Bro. H. M. Ouderkirk
Trustee—Bro. Peter McIntosh

The instalation of officers will take place on Thursday evening, Jan. 9th. All members are requested to be present.

Mrs John J. Goldie and children, Mable and Gladys of Grand Coulee. Sask., are visiting the former's mother, Mrs Almon Casselman, at Williamsburg.

CEDAR GROVE.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell and children, Cecil, Morley and Rose spent Xmas at Mrs. McConnell's parental home in Newington.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Dillabough were:—Mrs. Henry Binion and daughter Mary, of Iroquois; Miss May Pitts, of Toronto; Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Pitts, of Aultsville; Mr. and Mrs. Wilbert Gallinger and children, Alexander and Irene, of Gallingertown; Mr and Mrs Geo. Ray and children, Allen and Edward.

Mr and Mrs. Joseph Dafoe and daughters, Sarah and Nellie, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Hollister.

Mr Frank and Dalton Dillabough were in Osnabruck Centre on the 26th.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Dafoe spent the holidays in Moulinette, the guests of Mrs. Dafoe's sister, Mrs. W. McDonald.

Mr. Frank Dillabough is visiting friends in Williamstown.

Mr. and Mrs. James Sampson, of Aultsville were spending a day at their home in the Grove.

Mr. Nathaniel Gove is on the sick list. We wish him a speedy recovery

A number from here are busy hauling stone to Aultsville.

FROATBURN.

Mr. and Mrs. Willis Schell spent Thursday with friends in Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wells, of East Williamsburg, spent Sunday at Geo. Styles

Mr. Robert Weagant, of Hoasic, passed through here on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Reddick and family spent Sunday at Riverside.

Quite a number attended our annual school meeting on Thursday last.

Mr R Cunningham, of Archer, passed through here on Saturday.

Guests at Chas. Watson's on Sunday were:—Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Vincent and son Garfield, of Aultsville, and Mr. and Mrs. Dalton Saddlemire, of Glen Becker.

Miss Dora Bowman spent Sunday the guest of Miss Winnie Styles

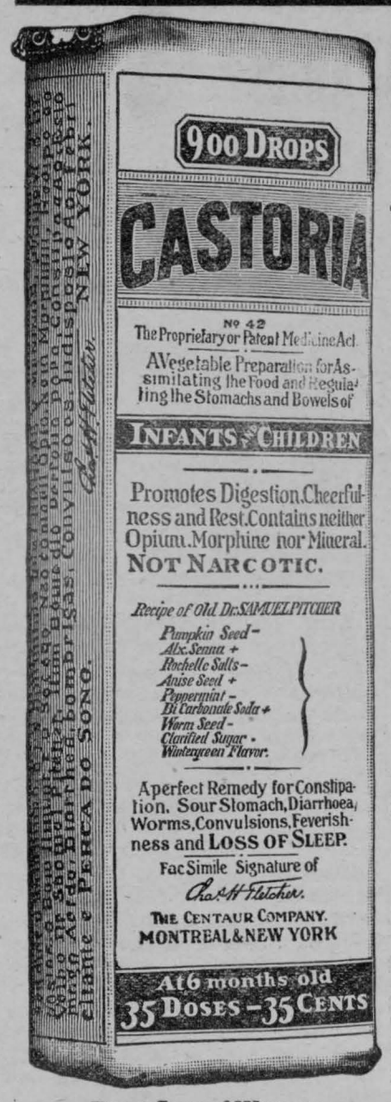
Mrs. David Froats spent the past week with her daughter, Mrs. J. Styles

Mr. Harold Prunner, of Watertown, spent Christmas week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Prunner.

Willis College
OTTAWA
The Premier Commercial Training School

Offers complete courses in preparation for business life.
High standard of graduation and splendid success in assisting graduates to positions.
"Willis College has been recommended to me," say practically all applicants. Ask those who know.
As instruction is individual and the College being in session the year round, students may begin at any time.
Send for the Catalogue.

S T. WILLIS, Principal,
Bank St. Chambers
Corner Bank and Albert Sts Ottawa, Ont



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

NERVOUS DEBILITY

OUR NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure you and make a man of you. Under its influence the brain becomes active, the blood purified so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers heal up; the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despondency disappear; the eyes become bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the body, and the moral, physical and mental systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no more vital waste from the system. You feel yourself a man and know marriage cannot be a failure. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard earned dollars.

☞ NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT

THREATENED WITH PARALYSIS


BEFORE TREATMENT


AFTER TREATMENT

Peter E. Summers relates his experience: "I was troubled with Nervous Debility for many years. I lay it to indiscretion and excesses in youth. I became very despondent and didn't care whether I worked or not. I imagined everybody who looked at me guessed my secret. Imaginative dreams at night weakened me—my back ached, had pains in the back of my head, hands and feet were cold, tired in the morning, poor appetite, fingers were shaky, eyes blurred, hair loose, memory poor, etc. Numbness in the fingers set in and the doctor told me he feared paralysis. I took all kinds of medicines and tried many first-class physicians, wore an electric belt for three months, but received little benefit. I was induced to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kennedy, though I had lost all faith in doctors. Like a drowning man I commenced the NEW METHOD TREATMENT and it saved my life. The improvement was like magic—I could feel the vigor going through the nerves. I was cured mentally and physically. I have sent them many patients and continue to do so.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY

We treat and cure VARICOSE VEINS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, BLOOD AND URINARY COMPLAINTS, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES and all Diseases peculiar to Men.

CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. If unable to call write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment.

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY
Cor. Michigan Ave. and Griswold St., Detroit, Mich.

NOTICE All letters from Canada must be addressed to our Canadian Correspondence Department in Windsor, Ont. If you desire to see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat **no patients** in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and Laboratory for Canadian business only. Address all letters as follows:

DRS. KENNEDY & KENNEDY, Windsor, Ont.

Write for our private address.

An Unusual Cutlery Sale

OF

PEARL-HANDLED POCKET KNIVES

We imported these knives direct from the manufacturer, and they have extended to us the privilege of selecting three patterns of their line at practically Factory Cost, in order to introduce their goods in this vicinity. The knives we have chosen are displayed in our window. They are:

2	Bladed Pearl-Handled Knives, regular price		$ .75
3	"	"	1.00
4	"	"	1.25

Any of These Knives at 50c.
Only One to a Person.

These Knives are all brass lined and bear the makers trade mark "Criffion" and are fully warranted.

Special Reduction on all Cutlery, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.
Plate Glass Front Hardware Store
MORRISBURG, - - - ONTARIO

PEOPLE MISS PAYING FARES

THE RAILROADS ARE ROBBED OF MILLIONS.

Smallness on the Part of Some Passengers Seriously Implicates Officials.

A prominent railroad man has estimated that the aggregate loss of the railroads each year through failure of patrons to pay fares that are rightfully due is $1,000,000. This does not include the mileage of bumper, "blind" baggage, and freight-car riders, an item the proportion of which it is impossible to determine. That it would represent many thousands of dollars there is no doubt, says the Boston Herald, although the employment of detectives throughout the country has partially succeeded in breaking up the practice of "beating a way."

Most of the $1,000,000 is made up by men and women who try to get over-aged children through without paying for them. A New Haven conductor cites a typical case.

Had It In Her Purse.

The conducter he relieved at a division told that "there's a pretty hard case in here—a woman with a boy who looks a good deal over age." Going to the passenger he told her she would have to pay the boy's fare.

"How old is he?" he asked.

"He's not old enough to pay for," impertinently answered the woman. "I never have paid for him."

"Well, that's no sign you never will," respended the conductor. "You will have to pay his fare or get off at the next station."

With that he told the porter on the car not to make up the berth until he had instructions to do so. The woman began to weep and wail bitterly.

"I am sorry to have to do this," said the conductor, "but my job would be in jeopardy if I allowed you to get through. Your friends should have provided you with the funds to make the trip."

Seeing that the conductor was unrelenting, the woman, after many remonstrances and pitiful pleas, reached into her purse and took therefrom a half-fare ticket. With that the conductor delivered himself of a burst of oratory that he himself admits was a work of art.

Bad Example for Boy.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself," he said. "You allow this boy to sit here and listen to your deliberate lies. Not only that, but you threaten the bread and butter of my family. Do you realize that if you had sent that ticket in for a rebate I would have been discharged for failing to collect it?"

The women never had thought of it. The chances are that if she had she would have followed honesty as the best policy.

"Like so many other people," said the railroader, "she thought she had a right to cheat the railroad because it was a corporation. It never occurred to her that it was dishonest to defraud even a railroad. Now she encouraged the same spirit in that boy, who no doubt knew that she had the ticket, but was trying to avoid giving it up."

From railway offices come complaints that many men make a practice of boarding suburban trains the first or the second station from Boston, and then losing themselves in the crowds before the conductor can pick them out.

Street car officials declare there is a perfect mania for beating the traction company, offering void transfers, bad money in rushes, or even declining to pay because they vow they have paid once. This was one reason for the "pay-as-you-enter" car.

Correct Combination.

First Doctor—Well, what has he? Second Doctor—It is a beautiful combination. He has appendicitis, nephritis, laryngitis and $1,000.

CARRIAGE FACTORIES, LTD.

6%

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

ASSETS:

Net Assets	$2,675,000
Bond Issue	500,000
	$1,575,000

EARNINGS:

Earnings, 1911	$132,465
Bond Interest Charges	30,000
	$122,465

SUMMARY:

Bond Issue, 24 p. c. of Assets.
Bond Interest Earned 5 Times.

WRITE FOR PARTICULARS

J. A. MACKAY & COMPANY
LIMITED
Royal Bank Building, TORONTO
H. B. HOUSSER, Manager.
Guardian Building, MONTREAL

IN AFRICA TO KILL.

Three Hundred Parties Per Year Visit the Dark Continent.

D. D. Lyell, in his little book "Nyasaland," tells us that quite 300 sporting parties visit British East Africa annually, so that if each party spends a minimum of 300 pounds, that will mean a total sum of 90,000 pounds. Most of this large sum goes into the hands of the natives.

In Nyasaland the sporting licenses are much more moderate in cost than in British East Africa. In the latter the sportsman pays 50 pounds for shooting a very limited number of each species, and there is an extra charge of 10 pounds for shooting one elephant, and $20 for a second elephant. To shoot one giraffe there is also a special license required of 10 pounds. Many districts are closed for certain game in British East Africa, and to find elephants one has to travel a long way.

Elephants, however, we are told, are still numerous in the wilder parts of Nyasaland, and are particularly abundant in central and northern Angoniland. They are usually found in herds of from four to five to over a hundred. Old males often lead a solitary existence and wander about by themselves. These animals as a rule have the heaviest ivory. The heaviest single tusk known weighed about 235 pounds, and the longest 11 feet 5½ inches. Elephant shooting, in Mr. Lyell's opinion, is the hardest sport in existence, and often entails great hardships on the hunter.

Lions are very common in Nyasaland, but are seldom seen owing to their nocturnal habits. In central Angoniland they kill large numbers of natives annually. They are most dangerous on dark, rainy nights, and during the rainy season, when they find game difficult to catch. Generally they follow herds of buffalo; they are very fond of zebra and eland meat, but refuse nothing when really hungry.

"Great care," says Mr. Lyell, "should be taken over the first shot, for it is not dangerous, as a rule, to fire at a lion in the first instance. The danger begins when it has to be followed up in the thick grass or bush. If the first bullet is badly aimed, a lion will often take a lot of killing." Leopards are described as extremely plentiful in all hilly and mountainous country in Nyasaland. "Their saw-like grunts will often be heard at night."

BRITAIN'S SECOND CITY.

Glasgow Has Now a Population of More Than a Million.

Glasgow can now boast of being the Second City of the Empire, by virtue of the Glasgow Boundaries Act, which came into operation recently.

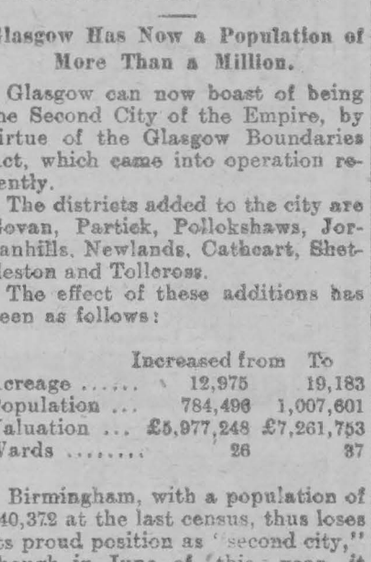
The districts added to the city are Govan, Partick, Pollokshaws, Jordanhills, Newlands, Cathcart, Shettleston and Tolleross.

The effect of these additions has been as follows:

	Increased from	To
Acreage	12,975	19,183
Population	784,496	1,007,601
Valuation	£5,977,248	£7,261,753
Wards	26	37

Birmingham, with a population of 840,372 at the last census, thus loses its proud position as "second city," though in June of this year it claimed to have 850,948 people.

It is hoped that the expansion of Glasgow will have beneficial results all round. The districts which opposed amalgamation, and ultimately were compelled to submit, made what are considered excellent terms, and have ended their municipal careers as separate entities without the expression of either regret or enthusiasm.



DIDN'T NEED IT.

"Mummy, I don't want a bath. I've not been out, so I'm left over clean from yesterday!"

The Human Hog.

Crawford—"Don't you believe that a man should be the architect of his own fortune?"

Crawshaw—"That's all right; but he shouldn't build on the other fellow's lot."

TORONTO CORRESPONDENCE

INTERESTING BITS OF GOSSIP FROM THE QUEEN CITY.

Two Noted Temperance Reformers—The Champion "Marrying Minister"—Professor A. B. Macallum.

Two of the most unusual men in Toronto are the Spence brothers, Francis S. and Ben. H. Their business is fighting the liquor traffic. It furnishes food for speculation as to what would have happened the Temperance movement in Ontario had it not been for the presence of the Spence family and also what will happen to it when they have been removed from the sphere of action.

The first week of January is, under the present arrangements, their annual harvest, for on the Municipal election days a goodly number of Local Option contests are, each year, to the front. This year there are to be 89 of them, involving 294 licenses. The contests are in municipalities ranging from a big city like Peterboro' to the sparsely settled township with its one lone hotel. In 8 years, under the leadership of the Spence brothers, 293 municipalities have carried local option and 741 bars have been cut off. Of the 826 municipalities in the province, 463 are now under local option and 365 retain the license system.

Began as School Teacher.

F. S. Spence has devoted practically all his life to temperance reform and municipal politics. It is true he started out as a school teacher, teaching at Lundy's Lane and Prescott, afterwards coming to Toronto, where he became principal of a large school. But when the Dominion Alliance was organized by some 16 members of Parliament in 1875 F. S. Spence had already made such a reputation as a temperance advocate that he became almost its first secretary and has remained such until this day. He has been editor of various temperance publications, of which the present day representative is the "Pioneer," and the list of offices he has held in connection with various temperance organizations and campaigns would fill half a column.

In recent years he has devoted a great of time to municipal affairs. Six times he has been elected as Alderman, and six times as a member of the Board of Control. Twice he has been an unsuccessful candidate for the Mayoralty, and although he is recognized as perhaps the most intelligent critic of municipal affairs in the city to-day, it is doubtful if he will ever attain the Chief Magistrate's position. His work for the Hydro Electric project, the Harbor Commission, and for various other phases of municipal progress stamp him as one of the most useful servants the city has ever had. At the same time his chances of success in any contest are nearly always doubtful. He does not make friends easily and is somewhat austere in his manner to strangers. He retains, too, the air of the school master, didactic, but not always sympathetic. To many his most human trait will be the fact that he smokes.

Another Crusader.

His brother, Rev. Ben. H. Spence, is not so well known, but since 1906, when he succeeded F. S. as Secretary of the Ontario Branch of the Dominion Alliance, he has, by his energy and enthusiasm, shown that the spirit of the crusaders is by no means monopolized in the Spence family by Frank S. He has been described as "a temperance enthusiast with a long paper knife spearing fat saloon keepers!" In early life he went into the ministry, where he served until appointed to his present position.

A Record in Marrying.

The record as the "marrying minister" in Toronto is this year held by Rev. John D. Morrow, the somewhat eccentric minister of Dale Presbyterian Church, who has come into prominence in other respects by his records as a sprinter and supporter of athletics, by his work among habitues of the Police Courts, and for his campaign for a new $80,000 church edifice.

Mr. Morrow has married over 300 lovelorn couples, an average of one for every week day in the year. In some quarters there is a disposition to criticize him on the ground that many of his marriages ought not to be performed. But as he does not issue the licenses the responsibility is not altogether his. At all events his record far outdistances those of all competitors. Canon H. C. Dixon, at Trinity Church, in the heart of a great population of newly-arrived English immigrants of the poorer class, runs second with about 140 for the year. Others who have been favorites with the matrimonially inclined are Rev. A. L. Geggie, of the Presbyterians and Rev. C. O. Johnston, the Methodist divine, who attained prominence by his attacks on Roman Catholics.

The distinction of being favorite in the marrying line is subject to fluctuation. Rev. Alex. Williams, whose Anglican church is close to down town Yonge Street, used to lead all others, but his district has changed, and he is now down to fourth or fifth place.

University and Atheism.

The stormy petrel of University affairs is Professor A. B. Macallum. There was great excitement when his name was proposed for membership in the Academy of Medicine and much satisfaction in certain quarters when he was blackballed, although scholastically and intellectually Professor Macallum has few equals in Canada. He is a member of the leading medical and scientific associations of the world and has literally scores of degrees and honors.

As often happens, however, in the case of a man with a strong personality, Professor Macallum has made many bitter enemies. One class of these include a number of medical men who are dissatisfied with his policy and actions in the administration of the General Hospital. Another class are personal friends of a prominent surgeon whom it is alleged Professor Macallum attempted to injure many years ago.

Now the Catholic Register attacks Professor Macallum, whose department is the natural sciences with particular reference to Physiology, as being a "half-baked atheist," and for destroying the religious beliefs of the minds of the students. Its attack is hotly denied by the students' publication, which points out that since the coming of President Falconer, who is a prominent Presbyterian Divine, the tone and character of University men has steadily risen. It is declared that far from the University being a "hot-bed of atheism" there are no atheists there at all, except possibly a few isolated individuals, in whose cases it will pass off like the measels.

Something Coming to a Boy.

King Solomon's views on the training of the young are still publicly professed in Anglo-India, if we may judge from the following advertisement appearing in the Pioneer of Allahabad: "Wanted, as nurse, a strong, God-fearing Scotchwoman capable of teaching the Shorter Catechism with a working knowledge of the business side of a slipper, to look after a boy aged 5, who is endowed with a double dose of original sin. Apply, stating salary required, to L 394, Pioneer Press."

Learned to Like Oats.

Frenchmen have never liked oats; doctors have urged them to try the national dish of the Scotch, but they have politely refused. But one group of Frenchmen could not escape; this was a company of the 128th Infantry, whose captain insisted that the men should eat oatmeal porridge for a month. He had the oatmeal toasted to improve the taste.

FIRST CHIMNEY FOUND.

It Was Demolished by an Earthquake in 1347.

In the excavation at Pompeii and Herculaneum no discovery appears to have been made of anything approaching the nature of the modern chimney.

The earliest mention of the chimney seems to be in an ancient Venetian inscription over a doorway, where it is written that in 1347 certain chimneys in that location were demolished by earthquakes. It is by conjecture only that we are able to say that the chimney was known in ancient Italy. Seneca, who lived during the first century of our era, invented a species of tubes which he affixed to the length of the wall, and it seems to have run through floors.

Through this the heat passed from subterranean ovens called "hypocausts," of which remains were found in buried cellars of houses built on the Bay of Naples.

But in this there is no evidence of any chimney in the modern sense or even of any kind of stove. Before the invention of the chimney, fires were made in excavations or pits opened beneath the floor of habitations in about the centre of the room, as the Eskimo of to-day.

The hearth of the ancient Romans was in the porch, but the fires lighted they were not designed to make houses habitable, seemingly, but were merely an indication of hospitality to friends.

The house, when occasion called for heat, was furnished with firing-pan and bellows carried from room to room by slaves. This was in more or less constant operation day and night in very cold weather. In the early centuries of the Middle Ages there seems to have been an attempt made to perfect the very elementary fashion of house-warming.

Before the seventeenth century there is no direct evidence available that a satisfactory method had been found to evacuate the gases liberated by combustion.—Harper's Weekly.

Make the most of everything but your troubles.

GILLETT'S
PERFUMED LYE



FOR MAKING SOAP,
SOFTENING WATER,
REMOVING PAINT,
DISINFECTING SINKS,
CLOSETS, DRAINS, ETC.

SOLD EVERYWHERE
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

Let Him "Holler."

"You never made a sound when your father spanked you just now," said a boy to his chum.

"No," was the reply. "Father says it hurts him worse than it does me, and if that's so he can do his own hollering!"

Punishment by Burial.

The father of a seven-year-old boy at Kiyosu, Japan, punished him for disobedience by burying him for twenty-four hours in a hole in the ground, leaving only his head above the surface. It took four men to dig him out.

FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL STATEMENT

of

The Royal Bank of Canada

LIABILITIES

TO THE PUBLIC:	November 30, 1912
Deposits bearing Interest	$100,663,364.59
Deposits not bearing interest	36,058,812.94
Interest accrued on deposits	749,739.56
Deposits by other Banks in Canada	419,750.63
Total Deposits	$137,891,667.72
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	12,584,617.69
Balances due to Banks in Foreign Countries	1,524,415.60
Bills Payable (Acceptances by London Branch) £439,113.3.10	2,137,017.54
	$154,137,718.55
TO THE SHAREHOLDERS:	
Capital Paid-up	$ 11,560,000.00
Reserve Fund	12,560,000.00
Dividend No. 101 (at 12% per annum)	341,613.32
Former Dividends Unclaimed	1,206.85
Balance of Profits carried forward	610,219.36
	$179,210,758.08

ASSETS

Gold and Silver Coin	$ 5,204,964.20
Dominion Government Notes	14,443,785.25
Deposit with Dominion Government for security of Note Circulation	578,000.00
Notes of and Cheques on other Banks	9,769,273.06
Balances due from other Banks in Canada	122,482.37
Balances due from Agents in United Kingdom and Banks in Foreign Countries	3,665,037.03
Government and Municipal Securities	3,950,698.14
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	11,715,969.62
Call and Short Loans on Stocks and Bonds in Canada	9,422,451.90
Call and Short Loans on Stocks and Bonds in Foreign Countries	14,556,189.97
	$ 73,428,782.49
Loans to Provincial Governments	185,488.77
Current Loans and Discounts, less rebate interest reserved	99,828,879.54
Overdue Debts (Loss provided for)	246,816.20
Bank Premises	5,520,791.08
	$179,210,758.08

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:
Acceptances under Commercial Letters of Credit ... £ 88,186.13.5

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For The Eleven Months Ending 30th November, 1912

By Balance, 30th December, 1911	$ 401,486.56
Net Profits for Eleven Months ending 30th November, 1912, after deducting Charges of Management, Accrued Interest on Deposits, Full Provision for all Bad and Doubtful Debts and Rebate of Interest on Unmatured Bills and General Bonus granted to the Staff	$1,527,324.77
Premium on new Capital Stock	5,503,812.00
	$7,432,617.33
To Dividends Nos. 98, 99, 100 and 101, at 12% per annum	$ 943,585.97
Officers' Pension Fund	75,000.00
Written off Bank Premises Account	300,000.00
Transferred to Reserve Fund	5,503,812.00
Balance carried forward	610,219.36
	$7,432,617.33

RESERVE FUND

By Balance at Credit, 30th December, 1911	$7,056,188.00
Premium on new Capital Stock	5,503,812.00
	$12,560,000.00

Net Profits for the Eleven Months of 1912 the Average Paid-up Capital $8,680,756.=19.19%.

W. B. TORRANCE, Chief Inspector.

EDSON L. PEASE, General Manager.

HOUSEHOLD

New Forms for Old Recipes.

New recipes often are demanded by housekeepers who do not realize the possibility of making some formula with which they already are familiar take an entirely new form.

Let us consider the quick biscuit, often called soda, cream-of-tartar or baking-powder biscuit from the materials used in making them light. It is quite an art to handle these skillfully without making them too stiff with flour, and no recipe can supply the dexterity that comes only by much practice. Untrained hands may be more successful with a quick muffin made by combining with each cup of flour, two level teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a little salt and one-half cup of milk. These should be rapidly mixed, put at once in muffin pans and baked quickly. The quantity of liquid may be varied slightly according to the particular brand of flour used. One trial will show whether they better be made soften next time. Once we learn the nature of the ingredients and the effect they have on each other, we may venture upon varieties of a fundamental recipe. The same proportion already given are suitable for dumplings for a stew of meat or fruit. The mixture should be rather stiffer, so less milk is used than when it is to be baked in the muffin pan. Here it is to be dropped from a spoon over the meat and gravy or fruit and syrup, and will not keep its shape unless fairly stiff. When fat is added to dumplings they are likely to be soggy, and a similar result is reached if they are not cooked rapidly. Most good cooks prefer to have the kettle closely covered for ten minutes and then the dumplings, if not too large, will be ready to serve. Eight or ten dumplings may be made from one cup of flour and will cook more uniformly than if made larger.

For dessert use the same dumplings over stewed fruit, such as canned peaches, stewed apples or cranberries. Be sure there is sufficient juice to avoid danger of burning. These may be cooked in a chafing dish at the table while the family are disposing of the previous course. Sweetened or whipped cream is the best and simplest sauce. Again, a portion of the fruit may be put in a buttered cup—like some of the little Japanese ones that are pretty enough in which to serve the puddings at the table—a spoonful of the batter is put over the fruit and the cups placed in a steamer for half an hour. Any good pudding sauce may be served with these.

Eggs, butter and sugar often are added to such a foundation for the muffins, dumplings, etc., but do not improve the quality of the product in proportion to the added expense.

The baking powder biscuit usually is made in this fashion: Flour is sifted, then measured and sifted again with the baking powder and salt. From one to two level teaspoons of baking powder are used with each cup of flour, according to the degree of lightness desired. If shortening is used, it is then chopped or rubbed into the flour, one teaspoon to each cup of flour; for bread a larger amount, up to 1 ounce to each cup for shortcakes. Then the dough is formed by cutting into the flour about one-third as much milk, or milk and water. The dough is then tossed on the board, which is first sprinkled with flour. The rolling pin is used gently to pat the dough into shape until it is half the thickness desired in the biscuit after baking. Twin biscuit and individual shortcakes are made by spreading soft butter on one layer and placing another on top. After baking they separate readily for filling. Or some thick jam may be placed between the two layers before baking. Such "jelly biscuits" are a delight to children.

Try making very thin crisp shortcakes with bananas sliced into a syrup of the juice of a lemon made thick with sugar. After cutting rounds for biscuits there are many ragged edges left. Here is one way to use them, which often is better than shaping more biscuits: Bring them together and sprinkle with grated cheese and fold over and roll out, then cut in narrow strips about 6 inches long and bake until crisp. These are best served with soup or salad. Thus at one time might be prepared enough dough for a fruit shortcake, chicken pie and cheese sticks, but, of course, they are too much alike to serve at one meal. The fruit shortcake may serve for dinner at night. For the next day's luncheon reheat the others and fill with creamed chicken, while the cheese sticks may be crisped in the oven a few minutes to serve with the next day's salad.

The ordinary paper bag may be trusted to hold these while they are heated in the oven, and they will be as good as if freshly baked. Often cold biscuits may be reheated in the gravy of a stew and if quickly served are as satisfactory as dumplings freshly made.

The Systematic Woman.

When asked how she accomplished so much work so easily the mother of a large family replied, "I work by schedule."

That is the secret of all easy work. If you live in a nerve-racking rush, try what keeping a schedule will do for you.

Buy a notebook and head opposite pages with the day and date. Before going to bed plan and write down the work of the next day. In the evening sum up what has been accomplished.

It does not take long to keep this simple schedule, but it is surprising how quickly you learn system from it. Busy women go so far as to plan certain duties for certain hours.

Do not plan to do too much in one day, for then the opposite page is a disappointment which spurs you to unwise efforts or needless discouragement. What is left undone one day may be carried over to the next day's planning page as a jog against procrastination.

Reading over such a notebook is an object lesson to the shiftless housewife who works by fits and starts, gets nothing accomplished, has no time for leisure, and ends by being a nuisance to herself and a burden to her family.

Household Hints.

When mice trouble you, hunt their entrances to the pantry or cupboard and plaster them with a mixture of soft soap and red pepper.

A square piece of cotton, pasted at each corner of the table oilcloth before using it, will prevent the corners from wearing out as soon as they otherwise would.

Soak a common floor mop in coal oil, it will make a good dust absorber. Soak the mop thoroughly, then hang it out in the air for a few days. It will then be ready for use.

A muddy skirt can be washed easily and white, if you will take some sour milk, dilute it with water and soak the skirt in it over night. Then wash in the usual way.

Sometimes hamburg steak is dry and tasteless. Put two or three tablespoons of fresh cream or milk and a few bread crumbs in with it. You will find it juicy and delicious.

No matter how carefully a frock is laundered, if hooks and eyes are used for fasteners, the dress bears tell-tale prints whenever a hook has been ironed. A way of getting around the difficulty is to reverse the position of the hooks and eyes, putting the hooks on the under instead of the upper flap. After becoming accustomed to it, there will not be difficulty in fastening.

EMPIRE'S POSTAL BUSINESS.

Great Increases in the Various Departments Are Shown.

The report of the British Postmaster-General, just issued, states that the Imperial penny postage system now embraces the whole of the British Empire, with the exception of Pitcairn Island. Following on a reduction to a penny per half-ounce letters from Australia to the rest of the Empire there was an increase of about 33 per cent. in the amount of correspondence from Australia to England, as compared with an increase of about 11 per cent. in the five preceding years.

The weight of newspapers, magazines and trade journals sent to Canada by magazine post during 1911 is estimated at 4,747,000 lbs., compared with 3,836,000 lbs. in the year previous.

Money orders to British North America, while remaining stationary as regards numbers, increased in amount to the extent of £36,000. Orders from the Dominion show an increase of 298,000 in number and £760,00 in amount. The increases were mainly in remittances from Canada and Australia.

Estimate of weight of matter despatched from the United Kingdom to Canada and Newfoundland: Letters and postcards, 713,000 lbs.; printed papers, commercial papers, samples, 6,992,000 lbs.; sent from Canada to United Kingdom: letters, 544,000 lbs,; printed papers, etc., 1,742,000 lbs.

The number of parcels despatched to Canada in 1911 was 505,151; received from Canada, 209,405, against 410,898 and 164,760 in the year previous.

Facts and Fancy.

If the world is round, how can it ever come to an end?

A fifth of the people of France are farmers.

Many a man puts his money and his faith in a speculation, and later on draws out his faith.

It takes a month to weave one square foot of Persian rug.

Half truths make whole troubles.

Valparaiso has female conductors on its trolley cars.

It's easy enough to shut up chickens at night, but it's another story to shut them up in the early morning.

Watches were invented in Nuremburg. The first watches were egg-shaped.

Feather your nest—but don't rob the other birds.

Every lazy man can remember when he used to be ambitious.

CANADA'S PREMIER LUMBER MERCHANT IS JOHN R. BOOTH

His First Big Financial Stroke was Buying of the Canada Atlantic Railroad.

Canada's premier lumberman is J. R. Booth. Among the friends of Booth there is a question whether he made his fortune in lumber or in railroading, but it is the general belief that his estate is about equally indebted to these two sources of revenue.

Booth was born in Ottawa, Canada, in 1841. His father was possessed of more than the average means, but before his death, which occurred when the present head of the family was a boy of 15 years, he lost all of his money and thus compelled his son to depend upon himself.

This enforced independence brought out all there was in him. He saved and worked, worked and saved, and at a comparatively early age built a lumber trust on the old-fashioned lines from a tiny sawmill on the Ottawa River. He did not capitalize, but paid hard cash for all that he bought.

His first big stroke in the world of finance was when he bought the Canada Atlantic railroad, an indifferent sort of institution with few visible assets and fewer prospects. Booth was not dismayed by the handicaps the project offered, but set about his task with the confidence and determination that have been his chief characteristics. The road extended from Montreal to Parry Sound, and covered a distance of about 450 miles.

Booth had no associates in this deal. Out of his lumber earnings, which had been reasonably large up to that time, considering the day and age, he attacked railroading on his own responsibility. Analyzing the situation with his peculiarly analytical mind, he put the railroad's stock in a vault in the Ottawa banks. He was peering into the future when the Grand Trunk



Mr. J. R. Booth.

railroad, then a struggling organization, would be compelled to buy him out. He kept the railroad stock in the bank, unpledged, for five years, when the Grand Trunk first made overtures for their purchase at a price many hundred times in excess of what Booth had paid for them.

No one knows how much Booth made on this deal, but it is believed that the amount gave him his long waited for boost toward great wealth. He is now one of the directors of the Grand Trunk Railroad, while his attention is chiefly devoted to a chain of lumber mills located for the most part in Canada.

ADVENTURE ON THE STEPPE.

A Correspondent Describes a Terrible Experience with Wolves.

There are still wolves on the steppes of Russia, as appears from this story sent to a Swedish paper by one of its correspondents who was travelling in the winter through the wastes of what was formerly known as Lithuania.

It was a bright, frosty winter day, the snow was excellent, and the mail-sleigh glided forward at great speed. A troika with three Poles in it followed behind. Toward sunset we emerged from the dark pine woods upon the steppe, which stretched away in front of us as far as the eye could reach. Soon the stars made their appearance, and the moon rose. It was bitterly cold, and the snow crackled beneath the runners. The horses' breath rose in the air like thick smoke. The songs and shouts of the Poles died away, and profound silence reigned.

Suddenly one of the horse whinnied, then another, and a third shied violently, uttering that terrible cry of which the horse is capable only when in extreme fear. I could see by the light of the moon the shadow of an animal about the size of a dog flitting over the frozen surface of a marsh pool which lay some twenty paces from us on one side of the road. No animal can travel more silently than a wolf when in search of prey, and none can attack so suddenly and unexpectedly. I was slowly raising my gun when a second wolf rose immediately in front of the horses with crest erect and green, phosphorescent eyes. At the same time points of light appeared all over the mere, and the howling of the beasts rang out.

A shot was fired; revolver in hand, Lescek, one of the Poles, stood on the driving seat of the troika. Then from the mail-sleigh I discharged both barrels of my gun, and a savage howl announced that they had taken effect; two of the most daring of our assailants lay rolling in the snow. The three Poles kept firing furiously, although the attack of the wolves was directed more against our sleigh, probably because it was drawn by double the number of horses. Our driver had no other weapon than his loaded whip, but with it he dealt tremendous blows.

The horses struggled madly, and tried with all their strength to break the harness. At each shot from my gun the wolves scattered, only to collect again immediately and renew their attack on the horses. Suddenly there arose a wild yell behind us.

The three Poles were rolling in the snow by the side of their overturned sleigh; Lescek's badly driven horses had torn themselves loose from the troika in their terror, and were careering wildly over the snow-covered steppe, pursued by some of the wolves. They were soon pulled down, and in the stillness of the night their death-screams were terrible. The Poles wallowed about in the snow, shouting, weeping and lamenting by turns.

Their situation was, indeed, sufficiently serious, for only Lescek had had enough presence of mind to hide himself beneath the sleigh, and the mail driver and I, surrounded by wolves, could give them no help. I looked upon them as doomed, and felt sure that we should quickly share their fate.

Suddenly our pursuers disappeared, and although bleeding badly, the horses became calmer; the gleaming eyes of the wolves were seen only here and there out on the steppe. A shot rang out, then a volley, succeeded by yells of pain. A dozen dead wolves lay on the ground, and two huge beasts actually expired beneath the hoofs of the horses as our rescuers came up in their tinkling sleighs.

It was a landed proprietor with his servants whose solitary farm lay only a couple of versts away. None of us were dangerously wounded. The wolves had treated the Poles worst, for their clothes were nearly torn from their bodies; they were bitten, too, but not seriously. The following morning our host, Herr Stanski, came across the skeletons of the three troika horses scarcely half a verst from the scene of our struggle. The poor creatures were still bound together with the harness.

Grains of Gold.

He is an optimist who can believe in the coming of the best while looking at the worst.—Dr. Jowett.

Hope always strengthens to the performance of duty, gives courage, and clears the judgment.—G. MacDonald.

Reputation is an idle and most false imposition; oft got without merit, and lost without deserving.—Shakespeare.

Riches have wings, and sometimes they fly away of themselves, sometimes they must be set flying to bring in more.—Bacon.

When one-half of the Sabbath is given to pleasure religion is not likely to share much of the other half.—Sir Walter Scott.

So long as we love we serve; so long as we are loved by others I would almost say that we are indispensable; and no man is useless when he has a friend.—R. L. Stevenson.

Censure and criticism never hurt anybody. If false, they cannot hurt you unless wanting in manly character, and if true they show a man his weak points and forewarn him against failure and trouble.—Gladstone.

Above the Average.

Mrs. Wayupp—"How much sleep do I need, doctor?"

Doctor—"Well, the average person needs about seven hours."

Mrs. Wayupp—"Then I shall take about fourteen. I consider that I am that much above the average."

In the Market.

"Does Maud like dancing?"

"She does."

"And skating?"

"Oh, yes; she likes anything that may possibly lead to a proposal."

Not one man in a hundred has sense enough to take care of money after he inherits it.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, JANUARY 5.

Lesson I.—The Creation, Gen. 1. 1 to 2. 3. Golden Text, Gen. 1. 1.

Verse 1. In the beginning—The beginning of the order of things which we see, and in the midst of which human history unfolds.

God—Elohim, the ordinary Hebrew word for God, though not quite as common in the Old Testament as Yahweh (Eng., Jehovah), the personal name of the God of Israel. The name here occurs in the plural, though used with a singular verb, created (Heb. singular). This usage of the plural, which is very common in the Old Testament, is best explained as the "plural of majesty," used to express greatness or dignity. The verb "created" means, in the original, shaped, fashioned. It does not necessarily mean that God created the heavens and the earth out of nothing. But it does denote "the production of something fundamentally new, by the exercise of a sovereign originative power, altogether transcending that possessed by man."

2. Waste and void—A compound expression, signifying formless matter, or chaos. The expression occurs again in Isa. 34. 11, where it is rendered confusion and emptiness, and in Jer. 4. 23, where it is translated as in our lesson.

The deep—Primeval, undivided waters, conceived of by the writer as enveloping the chaotic earth.

Spirit of God.—The Divine Energy which creates and sustains life (Job 33. 4), and to which are attributed the supernatural spiritual spiritual gifts and extraordinary powers of man: "I am full of power by the Spirit of Jehovah, and of judgment, and of might" (Micah 3. 8).

Moved upon—Or, was brooding upon.

God said, Let there be—Note the conscious and deliberate purpose as well as the omnipotence implied in these words. We have here the earliest foreshadowing of the personal sense in which the term "the Word" is used in John 1. 1 in the New Testament. Compare also Psa. 33. 6, "By the word of Jehovah were the heavens made."

Light—Here thought of as a thing in itself, independent of the heavenly luminaries. Compare Job 38. 19, 20:

Where is the way to the dwelling of light?
And as for darkness, where is the place thereof,
That thou shouldest take it to the bound thereof,
And that thou shouldest discern the paths to the house thereof?

4. Good—Suitable for the work for which it was designed.

5. One day—In the mind of the priestly author unquestionably a period of twenty-four hours.

7. The firmament—The vaulted dome of the sky is thought of as something beaten out, or pressed down firm, and forming a solid barrier or partition between the waters which were above it and those on the earth's surface. The earth itself was conceived of as flat and round like a disk, supported partly by the encircling sea and partly by the vast abyss of waters constituting "the great deep" beneath the earth. Up from these subterranean waters hidden channels conducted the waters to the surface of the earth, while through openings in the solid firmament the waters from above descend from time to time in the form of rain. (Compare Psa. 24. 2; 136. 6; Job. 38. 16).

9, 10. Waters . . . gathered together unto one place—That part of the chaotic waters still enveloping the earth beneath the firmament is now gathered together into seas. The Hebrew conception of the earth as relatively small, flat, and round must be borne in mind.

12. Grass—Or, tender grass.

Herbs—Larger plants such as vegetables and cereals.

Yielding seed—Capable of self propagation and at the same time producing food for man.

Wherein—That is, in the fruit itself.

16. Two great lights—The sun and moon. These, with the stars also, were for signs and seasons. They are not, as in contemporary Babylonian mythology, thought of as dieties or the abodes of dieties.

21. Sea-monsters—The Hebrew word is one that is applied to reptiles, crocodiles, and other aquatic monsters.

Every living creature that moveth.—Both fishes and other creatures that glide through the water or creep along its bed.

25. Cattle—Here referring more especially to domestic animals, though sometimes denoting wild animals.

27. Created—The repetition of this word adds to the solemnity with which the creation of man is introduced. The author thus emphasizes the fact that man's creation is a more wonderful revelation of God's omnipotence even than the creation of heaven and earth (verse 1), or the formation of conscious life (verse 21).

31. It was very good—The final verdict pronounced upon the whole work of creation, in which each portion was in perfect harmony with the rest.

RAZOR ENDED TOOTHACHE.

Distracted Man Slew Himself and Little Blind Son.

Toothache—called by the poet Burns "the hell of all diseases"—seems to have been responsible recently for a terrible double tragedy in the East End of London.

Startled by the words, "Daddy is dead," muttered by his little son, neighbors rushed upstairs at a house in Fern Street, Devons Road, Bromley-by-Bow, and found Henry Agar, a laborer, and another of his children—a blind boy of nearly two years, named Cecil—lying on a bed with their throats cut.

It appears that Agar had suffered recently from violent toothache. He went to the hospital in the morning to have his tooth extracted, but the authorities, it is said, thought that considerable danger would attend its immediate removal.

Agar accordingly returned home in great pain, and went upstairs to lie down in a room, where his baby son, a blind boy, was lying.

Nothing apparently happened to arouse the suspicions of his wife, and at dinner time she sent another son to tell his father the meal was ready.

The child came down hurriedly with the dramatic announcement, "Daddy is dead," and neighbors found both the man and the baby lying with their throats cut. Near by was a blood-stained razor.

Agar was a middle-aged man in regular employment, and he is described as having been very steady and respectable.

DEMOCRACY OF GENIUS.

Only Two Hundred in Every Million Reach Real Greatness.

The dictionary of the names of eminent men compiled by Sir Francis Galton listed 2,000 persons who reached eminence in the various fields of human achievement, and indicated that barely 200 in every million persons were entitled to appear in his roster of greatness. A study of these lists seems to show that the world's famous men seldom have left sons capable of the measure of service that might have gained equal honor for themselves. Only the members of royal families are specially environed and educated and mated with selected husbands and wives to-day, yet the great monarch who founds a line of kings is usually possessed by a series of mediocrities, often good and faithful men, but without the splendid abilities which created the dynasty.

Upon the other hand Galton shows that among English inventors, James Watt alone may be rated as inheriting his talents from his father, while George Stephenson was the son of a miner, and the father of Thomas Telford was a shepherd. Of the poets, Scott was the son of a Scottish lawyer, Tennyson of an obscure clergyman, Shelley of a country gentleman, and Southey of a Bristol linen draper. It was a barber who fathered the artist Turner, and Romney was the son of a builder and cabinet maker. Sir Joshua Reynolds offered the studio of a great master as an environment for his kinsfolk, but neither he nor Wren, the architect, nor Scott, nor Wordsworth, nor Romney left descendants whose powers gained them recognition.

Blame the Geographs.

Ask any hundred English men, women or children what is the name of a capital in Russia and every one of them will reply, "St. Petersburg," says the London Mail. It may be a small matter, but in point of fact the proper name is "Petersburg." The English are the only folk who insist upon the "Saint." The city was founded by Peter the Great and is named after him. It is quite true that Peter was one of the most extraordinary men that ever filled a throne, but no one would have been more astounded than himself at being dubbed a saint. He neither lived nor died in the odor of sanctity, and it is hard to find out how it became the English fashion to miscall the splendid town he founded.

Peeved.

"Was your husband annoyed when you had used his razor to sharpen a lead pencil with?"

"Annoyed? He couldn't have said more bad words if I'd told him the furnace fire was out."

Hard Luck.

Alfred—"Your wife has a private fortune?"

Friend Parker—"Very private; I've never personally been acquainted with it."

"At whom are you looking?" demanded the young lady of the young man who obstructed her path. "Atchoo!" replied the hay fever victim, and hurried away.

We wish our many friends and patrons a happy and prosperous New Year

J. M. Whitteker
PHOTOGRAPHER

J. G. HARVEY, V. S., B. V. Sc.
VETERINARY SURGEON,
GRAVEL ROAD, - BRINSTON, ONT.
Both Bell and Boyd Phone connections.
All calls promptly attended to.

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

are best for nursing mothers because they do not affect the rest of the system. Mild but sure. 25c. a box at your druggist's.

NATIONAL DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED.
163

BOYS' WORK

Theme of Large Conference—Y.M.C.A. and Sunday School Forces Combine—Leadership a Big Problem—Community Activities from Viewpoints of Business and Pastor

Cornwall, Dec. 27. The Boys' Work Conference for Quebec and Eastern Ontario, under the joint auspices of the Y.M.C.A. and the Ontario Sunday School Association, opened here this evening with a banquet in the Town Hall provided by the ladies of the town and attended by more than 325 people, the outside delegates numbering over 200. The delegates came from Port Hope on the west. Pembroke on the north and Sherbrooke on the east.

Short addresses were given by the following Cornwall gentlemen: Mayor Chisholm, Rev. T. J. Stiles, Dr. D. O. Alguire, M.P., M Gray, W. L. MacFarlane and others. Among the diners were several of the leading business men of the town, who are taking a very active part in Y M.C A. community work.

Community Work For Boys

The principal addresses, which were of an inspiring nature, were delivered by T. J. Storey, Brockville, on "Community Work From a Business Man's Standpoint"; Rev. H. McLeod, Brockville, on "Community Work From a Pastor's Standpoint," and C. C Robinson, New York, on "The Employed Boy" Mr. Robinson gave several convincing illustrations of the uplift work which is being done in the great American metropolis for the employed boy, and this was work applicable, he said, in any town, no matter what size

Place For Older Boys

John L. Alexander of Chicago, who is a prominent member of the Men and Religion Movement, and who is now Superintendent of the secondary division of the International Sunday School Association, spoke on "The Older Boy and the Sunday School." He showed that there is a definite place for older boys in the Sunday school, and that the Sunday school is the most flexible organization in existance for dealing with boys, owing to the fact that any activity which boys are naturally interested in can be worked out there under proper leadership in the organized classes.

Need of Adequate Leadership

Lack of adequate leadership is the biggest problem concerning the Sunday school to-day, said Mr. Alexander, and any man seeking to do a real piece of work that would challenge the best that is in him could find no better place to work out his ideas than the Sunday school, because it deals with the four-fold life of a boy, mental, physical, spiritual and social. If the men of Ontario are wise enough to seize the opportunity, and will study boy life, and will plan acts that will fit into the rapidly developing lives of boys, they can render an inestimable service to the Church and the nation by helping these boys to grow into the highest type of manhood.

Charles W. Bishop of Toronto was the last speaker His subject was "Canadian Citizenship." Among the leading visitors at the conference were Judge Leet, W. P. Goodwin, Gerald W. Birk and J. P. S. Parke of Montreal and R. E Smythe of Pembroke. The Conference will continue until Sunday evening.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills

cure many common ailments which are very different, but which all arise from the same cause—a system clogged with impurities. The Pills cause the bowels to move regularly, strengthen and stimulate the kidneys and open up the pores of the skin. These organs immediately throw off the accumulated impurities, and Biliousness, Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Kidney Troubles, Headaches, Rheumatism and similar ailments vanish. Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills 45

Save Doctors' Bills

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

The Molsons Bank

Incorporated 1855

Record of Progress for 5 Years--1906-1911

Capital, ...	$ 3,000,000	$ 4,000,000
Reserve, ...	3,000,000	4,600,000
Deposits, . . .	23,677,730	35,042,311
Loans and Investments,	27,457,090	38,854,801
Total Assets,	33,090,192	48,237,284

Has 83 Branches in Canada, and Agents and Correspondents in all the Principal Cities in the World.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

at all Branches. Interest allowed at Highest Current Rate

MORRISBURG BRANCH | **Williamsburg Branch**
WM. WALLACE, Manager. | C. H. JOY, Agent.

WANTED

300 CORDS of field stone; $3 per cord, delivered at the "Head."
f7tf ROGER MILLER & SONS, LTD

THE REXALL DRUG STORE

Wishing you all a happy and prosperous New Year

D. T. HENDERSON
DRUGGIST

EATON'S SEMI-ANNUAL



SALE CATALOGUE

This is about the easiest way to keep down the high cost of living

NOW'S YOUR CHANCE TO BUY BARGAINS

Not shopworn or surplus stock, but specially bought merchandise that you'll be glad to get so economically priced.

* * * *

FORTY PAGES OF LOW PRICED MERCHANDISE

A little of almost everything. Just enough to make it interesting to all the family, and just such articles for the home as are useful and sure to be appreciated at such low prices.

* * * *

SEND TO-DAY

For a copy of this Catalogue if you have not received one.



our SPECIAL **FREE DELIVERY**
we will pay charges on shipments amounting to
$10.00
or over, to Railway Stations in Ontario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces, on all orders received up to Feb 28th 1913 reserving the right to ship by either freight, express or mail.
THE T. EATON Co LIMITED TORONTO CANADA

FASHION'S NEWEST FEATURES

You'll find new styles in women's wear and furnishings for the men folks, well designed and fashionably tailored.

* * * *

JUST TWO MONTHS TO BUY AT SPECIAL PRICES

With so much that's new and serviceable to choose from you have also great saving in store—and don't forget our new $10.00 Free Delivery Offer. Truly a grand climax to a notable selling event.

* * * *

A SURE GUARANTEE WITH EVERY PURCHASE

Wondrously good values—a new $10.00 Free Delivery Offer—**Quick Service**—and, back of all that, **EATON'S Guarantee**:—Satisfaction guaranteed absolutely, or your money back. Can you afford to miss all this?

THE T. EATON Co LIMITED
TORONTO - CANADA

Underwear

is important at all times, but now, when the cold blasts are in sight, remember

Your Health

and keep in mind your pocketbook at the same time. We can help you and can show you the biggest and best lot of such goods in town, and at prices that will help you pay your coal bill.

This Fall we are especially strong in

Mitts, Caps and Gloves

Mullin Bros.
MORRISBURG

Fire! Fire!

Owners of buildings and contents will do well to remember that Fire is liable to destroy their property when they least expect a visit from this destructive fiend. They will, therefore, consult their own best interests by insuring with the undersigned in the Royal and other good solid British companies.

Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and liberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY.
Local Agent, Morrisburg.
D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector and Adjuster.

DO YOU REALIZE

the money you can make selling fruit-trees? The present demand for Nursery stock is the greatest in the history of the business. Everybody who has the land is planting or preparing to plant.

WE WANT YOU

for Fall and Winter months a reliable man to sell in Morrisburg and surrounding district. Good pay, exclusive territory, and all the advantages in representing an old established firm. Over 600 acres under cultivation. Established 35 years. Write

PELHAM NURSERY CO.
TORONTO, ONT.