The Leader

Vol. XVII, No 21 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1917.



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The Perfect Spray

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THE HARDWARE STORE--OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

Morrisburg, : : : ; Ont.

Munro, Who Lectured in Morrisburg, Arrested

Morrisburgers who attended the Andre Lecture, given at the Music Hall in the summer of 1916, will remember Munroe mentioned in the following article, as advance agent and organizer of this lecture:

"Brockville, Ont., May 22. — George W. Jackson, formerly a New Yotk policeman, who has been wanted by the police for many years in connection with an $83,000 diamond swindle, has been arrested and is being held for the New York authorities.

"Jackson who has been posing here for several years as Geo. Munroe a retired theatrical man was indicted in New York on Oct. 21, 1912, for grand larceny in the second degree. It was alleged that he obtained diamonds and other jewelry from dealers on memoranda and failed to make returns. Eugene Hemmenbinger, one of Jackson's victims, committed suicide in his New York city home when Jackson disappeared with $30,000 of his gems. Jackson was at one time a sergeant on the New York police force."

Emigration Prohibited

An order in Council has been passed prohibiting emigration from Canada of any man of military age, except on production of a passport secured from the Government. Steps have been taken for co-operative supervision by Canada and the United States to prevent would-be escapers from conscription passing back and forth across the border.

Lieutenant Snubbed

An incident which occurred in Halifax yesterday, created a flurry of excitement. A number of soldiers were standing in a group—a bronzed and stalwart chap had his back to the building, his arms behind him. A young Lieutenant passed by and the "chap" failed to salute him. This annoyed the Lieutenant and after he had proceeded a few yards he wheeled and again passed the soldier and again he failed to salute. The indignant Lieutenant sharply rebuked the soldier, who still stood with his arms behind him. "Don't you know you must salute an officer," said the officer Then came the arms from behind the soldier's back. They were handless arms, and as he held them to the callous youth with the commission, he said: "Run home and tell your mother you have seen a real soldier."

An Imperial Cabiuet

On his return to the (political) battle ground, Sir Robert Borden last week outlined the Imperial Cabinet, which is to be an annual conference in London hereafter, to consult upon matters of common interest to the Empire.

The Imperial Cabinet, Sir Robert explained, is to be a purely consultative body, with no executive authority, and its recommendations, before coming into effect, must be accepted by each of the self-governing Dominions.

THE WAR

Mr. Borden, returning, it is assumed, with full knowledge, creates the painful impression that the end of the war is s far off. The cessation of activity on the eastern front and the concentration of German force in the west, raise the suspicion not only that Russia is collapsing, but that there is in effect an armistice between Germany and Russia. That there is no armistice in the west, the Canadian casualties of 22,000 since Easter amply testify.

Salvation Army Morrisburg

Many thanks to the people of Morrisburg who have kindly helped in the self-denial effort, which is about to close. Last year Morrisburg Corps raised $60.60. This year $111.37 which will be for Missionary and Military operations.

Officers in charge,
Lieut. Geo. Rhodes,
Cadet Lieut. Yorke.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Major Magwood Back From the Front

Major W. H. Magwood, of Cornwall who went overseas as second in Command of the 154th Counties Own Battalion, returned home on Tuesday evening. The 154th has been drafted into other battalions, and did not go to the front as a unit. Any further drafts will be made into the 2nd., and 21st. and the 156th Battalions. Major Magwood spent three weeks in France and was eleven days in the trenches during the heavy bombardment. He brought home as a souvenir of his stay in the trenches a piece of an 8 inch shell which struck him on the shoulder blade. Another small fragment struck him on the forehead, and it is only within the past week that he has not felt the effect of it. The piece of shell weighs about six ounces. The Major is in fairly good health again and has much improved during the past three weeks.

Col. A.G.F. Macdonald, Officer Commanding the 154th was at Seaford, Eng., when Major Magwood left, he is also returning home.

Major Magwood says all the boys were well when he last saw them.—Cornwall Standard.

Ross Strike, a Former Morrisburg Boy Writes his Parents

"In the Field, April 17, '17
'My Dear Mother and Father:—

"I was very sorry to learn today that a letter I had written to you on the 31st of Mar. had been delayed. It means one less and I guess they are scarce enough now. I was scarcely in a position to cable to you last week, I went down to the postman to send one but Harry McFarlane had sent one already, so I hope it was alright. I was up the line with a bunch of stretcher bearers during all of ast week and saw and had some great sights and experiences.

"We have been leading up to this "coup de main" by many and hard artillery bombardments and frequent raids, and from what we know now we had the sons of saurkrout and sausage pretty well up a tree as far as analyzing our moves were concerned. Our fellows were very sure and very confident and on their toes all the time, so Fritz altogether scarcely walked a path strewn with roses.

"——is a long rolling hill with a gradual slope from our side of attack, whilst on the other side and formerly behind the German lines, it drops sheer away in steep terraces for a few hundred feet. An admirable place for support work and shelter from shell fire. Away behind the ridge and its sheer drops lies a fertile valley with church pires, clustered villages amidst he trees, smoke stacks and mine dumps and long, rolling green fields with here and there the duller brown of cultivated land.

"Our ambulance was to look after all the walking cases that occurred in the Corps and we had a very busy day. Each section ran a dressing station and we put through a record run. I might mention just here, all in passing of course, that our section headed the lists in the official returns. I was a personage with technically a very long name, but my duties were to put on the man's card a diagnosis of his wound and its location, etc. The work was very steady and we were forced to work very quickly and accurately as possible. The rush subsided about nine p.m. A spasm of about 13 hours. Amongst others, we dressed a great many German prisoners, who of course were very grateful for any kindness done them. They, poor fellows, look very frightened and scarcely at ease although occasionally one could get glimpses of relief in their faces as they thought of the fact that the fighting at least, was over for them.

"I saw the bombardment from one of the highest points behind our lines and it was by far the greatest bombardment ever loosed by any guns in the history of the world. As a spectacle it was beyond description, a perfect line of blazing fire and

(Continued on page 4)

McLAUGHLIN

Will You Be One of the Fortunate Ones to Own a McLaughlin this year

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If you will you are assured of saving over $150 and upwards over any other car you may buy. :: :; ::

Just think, an actual saving of that much money at this particular time.

The McLaughlin is the only "Quality" car selling at a moderate price. :: ::

For a car as good as the McLaughlin you must pay much more money.

If you buy a McLaughlin you are through buying.

If you do not you will not be satisfied until you do so.

Buy once and for all the McLaughlin. ::

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A War Measure

Keep up the FOOD SUPPLY and help make VICTORY sure



Now is the time to think about increasing your poultry flocks. Introduce new blood by purchasing eggs for hatching from pure bred flocks. The Dundas Co-Operative Association, Limited, will assist its members in getting eggs for hatching at reasonable prices from flocks approved by the Live Stock Branch of the Department of Agriculture-

Day old chicks will also be for sale up to and including the third week of June

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SELECTIVE CONSCRIPTION FOR THE DOMINION

Not Less Than 50,000 and Probably 100,000 Men Will Be Required —Canada is in Struggle Until Final Victory is Achieved.

A despatch from Ottawa says: "It is my duty to announce to the House that early proposals will be made on the part of the Government to provide by compulsory military enlistment on a selective basis such reinforcements as may be necessary to maintain the Canadian army in the field as one of the finest fighting forces in the Empire," said Sir Robert Borden on Friday at the conclusion of one of the most momentous statements which a Canadian Prime Minister has ever addressed to the House of Commons. He said: "The number of men required will not be less than 50,000 and will probably be 100,000. These proposals have been formulated. In part they will be presented to the House with the greatest expedition that circumstances will permit. I hope that when they are submitted all the members of the House will receive them with a full sense of the greatness of the issue involved in this war, with a deep realization of the sacrifice that we have already made, of the purpose for which it had been made, and with a firm determination that on our part we will do our duty in this struggle to the very end, whatever it may be."

It had been anticipated that the Prime Minister would make an important pronouncement upon the results of his recent visit to England, and the gallery of the chamber was filled by an expectant audience. It had not been made known, however, that the Government's plan for dealing with the recruiting situation would be divulged. The announcement came at the close of a speech which occupied two hours in delivery. It was preceded by a careful analysis of war conditions leading up to the Prime Minister's conclusion that the conflict would not be ended this year, and that a great effort still lay before the allied nations.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs

Toronto, May 22—Manitoba wheat—No official quotations.
Manitoba oats—No official quotations.
American corn—No. 3 yellow, $1.66, nominal, subject to embargo, track Toronto.
Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 75 to 76c, nominal; No. 3 white, 74 to 76c, nominal, according to freights outside.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, $2.95 to $3.00; No. 2 do., $2.93 to $2.98, according to freights outside
Peas—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.
Barley—Malting, $1.40 to $1.45, nominal, according to freights outside.
Rye—No. 2, $1.98 to $2.00, nominal, according to freights outside.
Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $15.40; second patents, in jute bags, $14.90; strong bakers', in jute bags, $14.50, Toronto.
Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, $13.00 to $13.10, in bags, track Toronto, prompt shipment.
Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included—Bran, per ton, $40; shorts, per ton, $45; middlings, per ton, $48; good feed flour, per bag, $3.00 to $3.10.
Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, $12 to $13.
Straw—Car lots, per ton, $9, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 39 to 40c; creamery prints, 43 to 45c; solids, 42 to 43c.
Eggs—New-laid, in cartons, 46 to 47c; out of cartons, 44c.
Dressed poultry—Chickens, 26 to 28c; fowl, 24 to 25c; ducks, 22 to 25c; squabs, per doz., $4.00 to $4.50; turkeys, 30 to 32c.
Cheese—New, large, 27 to 27½c; twins, 27¼ to 27½c; triplets, 27½ to 27¾c; old, large, 29c; twins, 29½c.
Honey—White clover, 2½-lb. tins, 14½ to 15c; 5-lb. tins, 14½c; 10-lb., 13½c; 60-lb., 13c; buckwheat, 60-lb. tins, 10 to 10½c. Comb honey—extra fine and heavy weight, per doz., $2.75; select, $2.50 to $2.75; No. 2, $2 to $2.25.
Maple syrup—Imperial gallon, $1.65 to $1.75.
Potatoes—On track Ontario, per bag, $4.25; New Brunswick Delawares, per bag, $4.25; Albertas, per bag, $4.00; P.E.I. whites, bag, $4.00.
Beans — Imported, hand-picked, per bush., $8.00; Canadian, hand-picked, per bush., $10.00; Canadian primes, per bush, $8.00 to $8.50; Limas, per lb., 19 to 20c.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 30 to 31c; do., heavy, 25 to 26c; cooked, 41 to 42c; rolls, 26 to 27c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 35c; backs, plain, 35 to 36c; boneless, 37 to 39c.
Lard—Pure lard, tierces, 26¾ to 27c; tubs, 27 to 27½c; pails, 27¼ to 27½c; compound, tierces, 20¾ to 21c; tubs, 21 to 21¼c; pails, 21¼ to 21½c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 24 to 25c per lb., clear bellies, 24 to 25c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, May 22—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 86½c; No. 3, 83½c; extra No. 1 feed, 83½c. Barley—Manitoba feed, $1.18. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, $15.50; seconds, $15.00; strong bakers', $14.80; Winter patents, choice, $16.75; straight rollers, $16.00 to $16.30; do., bags, $7.75 to $7.90. Rolled oats—Bbls., $8.75 to $9.00; do., bags, 90 lbs., $4.25 to $4.50. Bran, $40. Shorts, $46. Middlings, $48 to $52. Mouillie, $52 to $57. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $13.00 to $13.50. Cheese—Finest easterns, 22c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 42 to 42½c; seconds, 41 to 41½c. Eggs—Fresh, 44c; No. 1 stock, 42c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, $3.75 to $4.00.

Winnipeg Grain

Winnipeg, May 22—Cash prices:—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.77; No. 2, do., $2.74; No. 3, do., $2.69; No. 4, $2.57; No. 5, $2.32; No. 6, $1.75; feed, $1.35. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 76½c; No. 3, do., 73½c; extra No. 1 feed, 73½c; No. 1 feed, 70½c. Barley—No. 3, $1.30; No. 4, $1.20; rejected, $1.05; feed, $1.05. Flax—No. 1 N.-W.C., $2.97½; No. 2 C.W., $2.94.

United States Markets

Minneapolis, May 22—Wheat—May, $2.80; July, $2.41; September, $1.82; cash, No. 1 hard, $2.86 to $2.91; No. 1 Northern, $2.71 to $2.81; No. 2 Northern, $2.61 to $2.76. Corn—No. 3 yellow, $1.56 to $1.58. Oats—No. 3 white, 67 to 69c. Flour—Fancy patents, $15.50; first clears, $13.50, jute; other grades unchanged. Bran—$32.00 to $33.00.
Duluth, May 22—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $2.81; No. 1 Northern, $2.80; No. 2 Northern, $2.75; May, $2.80, nominal; July, $2.46½, nominal. Linseed—$3.31; May, $3.31; July, $3.28; September, $3.25; October, $3.16.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, May 22—Extra choice steers, $12 to $12.50; choice heavy steers, $11.35 to $11.75; good heavy steers, $10.50 to $10.75; butchers' cattle, choice, $11.50 to 11.75; do., good, $10.50 to $11.00; do., medium, $9.75 to $10.00; do., common, $8.85 to $9.15; butchers' bulls, choice, $10.50 to $11.00; do., good bulls, $9.65 to $10.00; do., medium bulls, $8.50 to $9; do., rough bulls, $6.40 to $6.50; butchers' cows, choice, $10.25 to $11.00; do., good, $9.15 to $9.85; do., medium, $7 to $7.25; stockers, $7.50 to $9.00; feeders, $9.50 to $10.25; canners and cutters, $5.25 to $6.25; milkers, good to choice, $85 to $125; do., com. and med., each, $40 to $60; springers, $60 to $110; light ewes, $13 to $15; sheep, heavy, $8.50 to $10; calves, good to choice, $12 to $14; spring lambs, each, $5.50 to $9; lambs, choice, $15 to $17; do., medium, $10.50 to $12.50; hogs, fed and watered, $17.35 to $17.45; do., weighed off cars, $17.60 to $17.65; do., f.o.b., $16.00 to $16.70.
Montreal, May 22—Spring calves, $7 to $10; old sheep, $10 to $11; yearling lambs, $14.50 to $15.50; selected hogs, $17.75 to $18; rough hogs, $17.50.

FRANCHISE MEASURE ENDORSED BY WOMEN.

A despatch from London says: Despite the fact that the franchise age for women in the Electoral Reform Bill is fixed at 30, it has been learned that Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and other leading suffragists are satisfied with the measure's provisions. The suffragists believe that this concession is an entering wedge which ensures the granting of full suffrage soon. They are determined to uphold the Lloyd George Government.

CANADIANS PRAISED BY VIVIANI

Extract From Famous Speech at Ottawa.

Monsieur Rene Viviani's address before the joint Houses of Parliament at Ottawa, which is being reprinted in the original French in editions sufficient for every one who desires a copy, contained no passage more worthy of remembrance than that in which he spoke of the Canadian troops and of gratitude to Great Britain. The following is a translation from the Hansard report:

"Yes, you Canadians, mingled with English and French troops without distinction of race or distinction of country, under different standards, have shown the same bravery. And let us not forget that in the month of April, 1915, at Ypres, in the north of France, quite close to Belgium, in that region desolated by floods, after the terrible assault delivered by the German soldiers by means of asphyxiating gas—that Germany which has derailed science, and which instead of bringing all its blessings to humanity caused to be cast on it all its evils and its crimes—it was the Canadian soldiers who in that terrible day rose up and saved the day. And in many a combat and in numerous and recent victories they have stood firm. We see yet your young men, alert, agile, courageous, under their colors the first to scale Vimy Ridge, which had been reputed impregnable. Honor to all these soldiers; let us piously incline our thoughts before those who fight, before those who suffer, before those who have died. They knew well what they did and why they left your land. They knew well that they did not bear their arms merely for Great Britain, or merely for France, invaded and attacked, but with a clear vision fixed upon the sky, beholding a higher ideal, they knew that it was for the holy cause of humanity, of democracy and of justice. And it is under the aegis of these glorious and recent deeds that we have come to visit you."

BULLECOURT IN BRITISH HANDS ENEMY RETREAT ON FRENCH FRONT

Sir Douglas Haig's Troops Complete Capture of Village of Bullecourt—German Casualties Heavy in Assaults on French Lines.

A despatch from London says: After days of most intensive fighting, in which the position several times changed hands and men fell in hundreds in attacks and counter-attacks, the British forces have at last driven the Germans out of the village of Bullecourt and once more are threatening the southern end of the Drocourt-Queant line, which Field Marshal von Hindenburg constructed to fend Cambrai from the eastward advance of Field Marshal Haig's army.

Thousands of fresh German troops recently have been thrown into the fray around Bullecourt, but their efforts have gone for naught in endeavoring to drive out the British from the entire village. Although several times the line has been bent by the preponderance of weight of the German formations, at no time have the British been forced to evacuate, holding here and there fringes of the outskirts and keeping back the Teutons until their elements were reformed with sufficient strength to drive in effective counter-attacks and regain their lost territory.

Likewise to the east of Arras, around the village of Roeux, the battle has been waged with a viciousness scarcely ever before seen, and here also the British have been successful against the Germans.

Although the forces of the German Crown Prince have renewed with extreme violence their attacks against the French north-east of Soissons in the sectors of the Moulin-de-Laffaux and Braye-en-Laonnois—three of them against each position—they were again repulsed by the French artillery and infantry, suffering enormous casualties. To the east the French troops near Craonne delivered a successful attack, capturing German trench elements.

TRANSPORT SHIP SUNK BY U-BOAT

140 Lives Lost on Cameronia in Mediterranean.

A despatch from London says:—It is officially announced that the transport Cameronia has been sunk. One hundred and forty men on board are missing.

The Admiralty report read:

"The British transport Cameronia, with troops, was torpedoed by an enemy submarine in the Eastern Mediterranean on April 15. One hundred and forty men are missing, and are presumed to have been drowned."

The survivors of the Cameronia say the vessel was torpedoed in fine, calm weather in the afternoon. The submarine was not seen. A large number of the casualties were due to the explosion of the torpedo, which struck where there happened to be many soldiers. There was some excitement and confusion at the outset after the torpedo had struck, but discipline soon prevailed. The boats were smartly launched, but one of them was smashed, and many lives were lost. The Cameronia was afloat for 40 minutes after she was torpedoed, which enabled torpedo-boat destroyers to run alongside the wounded vessel.

NO MORE WET CANTEENS.

General Adoption of Prohibition in Canadian Camps.

A despatch from London says: Under-Secretary of War Macpherson, in the House of Commons on Wednesday, replying to Sir Stephen Collins, said he had not received the report concerning the Canadian canteens found in the Militia Department, Sir Sam Hughes had discontinued wet canteens in training camps in Canada, but permitted them to permanent corps in barracks. In view of the general adoption of prohibition it is presumed the wet canteens would not be re-established.

NAVAL ENGAGEMENT IN THE ADRIATIC

14 British Drifters Sunk—Two Enemy Cruisers Damaged.

A despatch from London says:—The British Admiralty announced on Friday that fourteen drifters had been sunk in a raid by Austrian light cruisers in the Adriatic Sea, and that the British light cruiser Dartmouth was torpedoed in a subsequent engagement with the Austrian warships, but reached port safely.

The Admiralty stated that the British warships Dartmouth and Bristol pursued the Austrian vessels to a point near Cattaro, when, battleships coming to their assistance, the British vessels were compelled to withdraw.

ENGINEER FROM CANADA SOLVES FRENCH PROBLEM.

I have just returned from a visit to some of the forestry camps which are situated in all parts of France, several quite close to the front, says Douglas Robertson in a London cable to The Toronto Evening Telegram. I visited those in the Jura Mountains, within sight of the Alps and close to the Swiss frontier. The section is so dry that it has never been cut, as the French thought it impossible to get water to operate the mills, but a Canadian engineer from Arnprior solved the difficulty by a hydraulic pump. He invented a syphon that raises water 600 feet, and there is now a large output. The forest is reminiscent of British Columbia, the timber being spruce and balsam trees, tall and symmetrical. For quality Ottawa lumbermen declare there is nothing in Canada to equal it. The product is going chiefly to the French army.

More corn means less feed bills for the farmer to pay; more corn means more live stock to sell.

CRISIS IS OVER IN RUSSIA

Noted Commanders Will Retain Their Posts.

A despatch from Petrograd says:—The Cabinet crisis has been settled. A declaration of the Government's policy has been accepted by the representatives of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates with merely slight alterations, and was signed by them.

As a result of a meeting in Petrograd of the commanders-in-chief from all the fronts except the Caucasus, Gens. Brussiloff and Gurko have withdrawn their resignations and reports of further resignations are refuted by the definite announcement that all the commanders have decided to remain at their posts. Thus, the crisis in the army, which formed an alarming accompaniment to the political crisis, has been averted.

Discussing with the temporary Government the serious condition of affairs at the front, the commanders declared that the unfortunate phrase "peace without annexations" had found its way to the army, and was there translated into an argument against offensive warfare. This and other harmful doctrines pervading the army and the inability of the officers satisfactorily to explain them had ruined discipline and destroyed the authority and prestige of the officers.

ARMY DRAFT BILL PASSED BY U. S. SENATE.

Col. Roosevelt's Proposal Has Received Approval.

A despatch from Washington says: After a long tempestuous debate, the Senate on Thursday passed the army draft bill with the House amendment of last Saturday, which authorizes the President to permit Col. Roosevelt to raise his proposed volunteer army for France. The final vote was 65 to 8. Senators Stone, Norris, La Follette, Kirby, Hardwick of Georgia, Gronna, Gore and Tramwell voted against it.

The bill as passed provides for conscription of men between 21 and 30 inclusive, and raises the soldiers' pay from the present graduated scale of $15 to $21 a month, to $30 to $36 a month.

ITALIAN TROOPS CAPTURE DUINO

Occupy Important Town Twelve Miles North-West of Trieste.

A despatch from Paris says: A despatch to La Liberte from Turin reports that the Italian troops have captured the town of Duino. The despatch says an announcement of the taking of this important strategic point will soon be made officially. The town of Duino is on the Gulf of Trieste, about 12 miles north-west of Trieste, Austria's principal seaport.

Austrian troops have strongly counter-attacked the Italians in positions they had gained in carrying out their offensive movement. The enemy reaction, however, has failed, the Rome War Office announces. The prisoners taken by the Italians since Monday now number 4,021. Five additional small-calibre guns have been captured. The Italians have made further progress in their drive, pushing ahead on Mount Vodice, and also south of Grazigna, north-east of Gorizia.

DENSE GERMAN FORMATIONS ATTACK RUSSIANS IN VOLHYNIA

A despatch from London says: Dense German formations, Petrograd says, have attempted an attack against Russian positions near Shelvov, in the region of Vladimir-Volynski, Volhynia. The Russian soldiers met the attempt with artillery, rifle and machine gun fire and drove the Germans back. There have been no reports of strong German attacks along the line from Riga to the Rumanian-Bukowina border since a few days after the fall of the Romanoff dynasty.

BIG BATTLE ON ITALIAN FRONT

British Artillery Assisting in Advance—Capture of Monte Kuk.

A despatch from Italian headquarters dated Friday says:

The great battle whose first notable feature was the capture of Monte Kuk continues to develop in favor of our allies. No big advance was expected yesterday, as time is required to consolidate the positions on the crest of Kuk and bring reserves and munitions up the difficult steeps that drop to the Isonzo. Word went out that the day would probably be quiet, but the prophets had not reckoned on the enemy, who called for fighting, and got it. The counter-attacks of Wednesday were repeated in greater force, but all were thrown back with heavy loss to the assailants.

Italians now hold the dominating positions which had faced them so long. They had plenty of machine guns and behind them artillery which is accurate. It has been extraordinarily interesting to watch the work of the Italian guns. There was no question on the middle Isonzo of crushing the whole zone by a whirlwind fire except in one instance. The line of the Austrian positions on the slopes of Kuk were traced on the wooded hillside in a perfectly distinct pattern with relentless accuracy by the steady succession of perfectly-placed shells.

The "Seven Wonders of the Ancient World" were: The Pyramids of Egypt, Pharos of Alexandria, Walls and Hanging Gardens of Babylon, Temple of Diana at Ephesus, Statue of the Olympian Jupiter, Mausoleum of Artemisia and Colossus of Rhodes.

UNITED STATES DESTROYERS HAVE JOINED BRITISH FORCES

Squadron Arrives Off Queenston and is Now Patrolling Seas—Has Encountered German Submarine.

A despatch from Queenstown says: A squadron of American torpedo-boat destroyers has safely crossed the Atlantic and is patrolling the seas in war service.

The American navy's actual entry into the war zone has already been productive of a brush between a destroyer and a German under-water boat, according to an announcement by the British Admiralty, but the result of it has not been made public.

The destroyer squadron arrived in Queenstown after an uneventful voyage across the Atlantic, but almost immediately after a formal exchange of greetings with the British naval officials put to sea again for the hard work that is before it.

One of the American destroyers began war duty even before reaching this side of the Atlantic. This was when it picked and escorted through the danger zone one of the largest of the Atlantic liners. This action so pleased the British passengers on board that they sent a message of greeting and appreciation to the commander of the destroyer.

IMPERIAL WAR CABINET TO MEET YEARLY IN ENGLAND

Success of Imperial War Conference Makes It Part of the British Constitution.

A despatch from London says:—In the House of Commons on Thursday Premier Lloyd George said he desired to report to the House a very important decision which had been arrived at as a consequence of the recent meetings of the Imperial War Cabinet.

It was desirable, he said, that the House should officially and finally be made acquainted with an event which constituted a landmark in the constitutional history of the British Empire. The House would remember that in December last the Government had invited the Prime Ministers, or leading statesmen, of the overseas dominions and India to attend sittings both of the Cabinet and the Imperial War Conference. The former body had held fourteen sittings, and the British Cabinet became, for the time being, the Imperial War Cabinet. While it was in session the overseas members had access to all the information at the diposal of the Government, and occupied a status of absolute equality with the members of the British Government. It had prolonged discussions on all the vital aspects of British Imperial policy, and came to important decisions which would enable us to prosecute the war with increased unity and vigor, and would be of the greatest value when negotiations for peace came to be discussed.

The fresh minds and new viewpoints which the Government's colleagues from overseas had brought to bear on the problems with which they had been so long engrossed, said Mr. Lloyd George, had been an immense help to all of them. So far as the Government was concerned they could state with confidence that the experiment had been a complete success.

The Doings of the Duffs.



Hard to Drop Meat?

All depends on what you eat as a substitute. It is a good time to study "food value." You may be eating the wrong foods, the foods that cost most and give the least nutriment. **Shredded Wheat Biscuit** contains more real, body-building nutriment, pound for pound, than meat, eggs or potatoes and costs much less. Two of these Biscuits with milk and a little fruit make a nourishing meal at a cost of a few cents. Make Shredded Wheat your "meat." A satisfying breakfast on which to start the day's work. It is ready-cooked and ready-to-eat. Made in Canada.

An Up-to-date Costume



Foulard figures among the smart silks for summer this year, and the polka-dot pattern is especially favored. The bolero dress illustrated is developed in this silk. Highly up to date is this model with the short bolero and straight skirt attached to a yoke belt. McCall Pattern No. 7815, Ladies' Bolero Dress; round or instep length. In 6 sizes; 34 to 44 bust. Price, 20 cents.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept, W.

Codfish for Bindings.

A bookbinder at Bremen is using codfish skin as a substitute for leather in bookbindings. The new material is said to give excellent results, and it has many advantages over shark-skin, which has frequently been used for de luxe bindings. The strength and durability of the new material have been tested and approved by the Imperial Testing Office. It is easy to work, literally untearable, and has the beautiful markings of snake-skin.

Experimenting.

It is surprising how ignorant girls can be at times. They should all know what a kiss means, but they often insist on having it repeated.

Salt should never remain in anything rubber. It causes the rubber to rot.

THE LIFTUP



(Patented)

BIAS FILLED CORSETS

The Support You Need and Just Where You Need It.

All the latest styles of corsets to suit any figure.

If your dealer cannot supply you, write us direct for catalogue and measuring form.

Representatives Wanted

BIAS CORSETS LIMITED

37 BRITAIN ST. TORONTO.

THRIFT AND PRODUCTION.

They Will Prove a Bulwark of Strength To Our Empire.

Thrift is the handmaid of production. Of what avail would lavish production be without the strong restraining power of thrift? A fighting force in action, unsupported by reserves, is like a runner who exhausts himself by an ill-judged spurt, and when he most needs it finds his reserve strength gone. What a reserve force is to an army and reserved strength is to a runner the product of thrift is to the individual and the nation in time of dire need.

From one end of Canada to the other our people, old and young, men, women, and even children, have begun a campaign of production which is exhibiting to the world another phase of our invincible National Spirit.

Now, with equal ardor, energy and determination, let us learn the lesson —and put it in practice—of individual, family, social and national thrift. Thrift in each of the varied and complex ways in which we live and move and have our being; thrift in what we eat or drink; thrift in what we buy or sell; thrift in the things we use — the very clothes we wear. Thrift in the sunshine of prosperity, that we may be prepared and seasoned for the trying times that are bound to come when we will feel the pinch of adversity.

Let the rich man—as well as the poor man—study and practice thrift. No selfish, miserly thrift however, but wise, timely and patriotic thrift, worthy of the Canadian name—that will prove a bulwark of strength to our Empire, our allies, and a staunch support to the fighting cause of justice and freedom.

ST. VITUS DANCE

Even the Most Severe Cases Can be Cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Is your child fidgety, restless or irritable? Are the hands shaky or the arms jerky? Does the face twitch? Do the legs tremble or drag? These are signs of St. Vitus Dance, a nervous disease which is confined chiefly to young children, but which often affects highly-strung women, and sometimes men. St. Vitus Dance is caused by disordered nerves, due to poor blood, and is always cured by the use of Dr. Williams Pink Pills, which fill the veins with new, rich, red blood, stengthening the nerves, and thus drawing out the disease. Here is proof:—Mrs. John A. Cumming, Lower Caledonia, N.S., says:—"When my daughter Myrtle was about nine years of age she became afflicted with St. Vitus Dance. The trouble ultimately became so bad that she could not hold anything in her hands, and had to be fed like a child. She could not even walk across the floor without help. She was treated for some time by a physician, but did not show any improvement. One day a neighbor said she had read of a case of St. Vitus Dance cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and we decided to give this medicine a trial. By the time the third box was used there was some improvement in her condition, and we continued giving her the pills for about a month longer when she was entirely cured, and has not since had the least return of the trouble.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can be obtained from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

POLICY OF ENSLAVEMENT.

Deliberate Plan of the Germans in Occupied Countries.

Mr. J. P. Whitaker, an Englishman, who recently effected his escape from Roubaix, and arriving at Copenhagen, gives an interesting account of his remarkable experiences behind the German lines.

"Enslavement is part of the deliberate policy of the Germans in France. It began by the taking of hostages at the very outset of their possession of Rorbaix," said Mr. Whitaker.

"A number of the leading men in the civic business life of the town were marked out and compelled to attend by turns at the town hall to be shot on the spot at the least sign of revolt among the townspeople," continued Mr. Whitaker.

"Not a few of the mill owners were ordered to weave cloth for the invaders, and on their refusal were sent to Germany and held to ransom. Many of the mill operatives, quite young girls, were directed to sew sandbags for the German trenches. They, too, refused, but the Germans had their own ways of dealing with what they regarded as juvenile obstinacy. They dragged the girls to a disused moving picture hall, and kept them there without food and water until their will was broken.

"Barbarity reached its climax in the so-called 'deportations.' They were just slave raids, brutal and undisguised.

"The procedure was this: The town was divided into districts. At three o'clock in the morning a cordon of troops would be drawn round a district—the Prussian Guard and especially, I believe, the 69th Regiment, played a great part in this diabolical crime—and officers and non-commissioned officers would knock at every door until the household was roused. A handbill, about octavo (note-paper) size, was handed in, and the officer



Fly Poisons Attract Both Flies and Babies

In the last three years the press has reported 106 fly poisoning cases—a large proportion fatal. The innocent looking can with its sweetened wick—the saucer of poison paper—both contain *arsenic*, deadliest of poisons.

No mother would put fly poison within her children's reach if she realized the danger. Yet it kills more children than all other poisons combined.

This is the U. S. Government warning against fly poisons, taken from U. S. Public Health Service Bulletin, supplement No. 29:

"Of other fly poisons mentioned, mention should be made, merely for the purpose of condemnation, of those composed of arsenic. Fatal cases of poisoning of children through the use of such compounds are far too frequent, and, owing to the resemblance of arsenical poisoning to summer diarrhea and cholera infantum, it is believed that the cases reported do not, by any means, comprise the total. Arsenical fly-destroying devices must be rated as extremely dangerous, and should never be used, even if other measures are not at hand."

The one safe, sure, non-poisonous, efficient fly catcher is

TANGLEFOOT

which catches the fly and embalms it and all the deadly germs it carries in a thick coating of varnish. (107)

Made in Canada by

THE O. & W. THUM COMPANY, Walkerville, Ont.

American Address: Grand Rapids, Mich.

passed on to the next house. The handbill contained printed orders that every member of the household must rise and dress immediately, pack up a couple of blankets, a change of linen, a pair of stout boots, a spoon and fork, and a few other small articles and be ready for the second visit in half an hour.

"When the officer returned the family were marshalled before him, and he picked out those whom he wanted with a curt, 'You will come, 'And you,' 'And you.' Without even time for leave-taking the selected victims were paraded in the street and marched to a mill on the outskirts of the town. There they were imprisoned for three days without any means of communication with friends or relatives, all herded together indiscriminately and given but the barest modicum of food. Then, like so many cattle, they were sent away to an unknown fate.

MAKING STEEL HELMETS.

Special Sort of Material Needed for the Purpose.

The steel helmets adopted by the French and British weigh from one and a quarter to one and a half pounds each. The materials used, says the Sphere, consist of plates of steel for the convex helmet and for the visor and neck piece, leather and cloth for the lining, and aluminium for the waving plaquettes that form the springs between the lining and the interior surface of the steel.

The rolled-steel plate has to be supple enough to be worked cold, as heating would lessen its resisting qualities. That requirement compels the manufacturers to use a special steel obtained from very pure castings that are free from phosphorus or sulphur.

The helmets are coated with a dull gray similar to that used on the 75-millimetre gun, which is difficult to distinguish even at a short distance. In painting them, the manufacturers use a spraying process that has the advantage of being very rapid and of giving no inequality of surface. To add to the permanence of the paint they suspend the helmets on bars in a gas drying oven.

The lining consists of a cloth cap, to which is fixed a segment of black glazed leather cut in a particular form. One sheepskin provides about five linings; for making three million helmets about six hundred thousand skins have been used. The lining projects a little below the helmet, so that the metal in no place comes into contact with the wearer's head.

ECONOMY WITH GOOD LIVING

is excellently attained by adding to the daily menu a ration of

Grape-Nuts

Goodness—Energy—Ease of Digestion—Excellent Flavor—are all found in this truly remarkable wheat and barley food.



NEW READINGS OF OLD WORLD.

Out of Present Turmoil Will Come a Future of Joy and Peace.

Here are a few pertinent questions. Is it possible that Germany's infallible efficiency as crystallized in her army is doomed to failure? Will England's insuperable navy be conquered by the submarine? Will the France of "fashion and frivolity" be known hereafter as the land of sobriety and heroic endurance? Will the United States, prodigal son in the family of nations, learn to save, that it may feed the exhausted world from its exuberance? Will Russia, its monstrous autocracy dead, set a luminous example of democracy? Will rival nations join a league of human liberty? Will you and I forgo luxury and selfishness to practice the Golden Rule? These questions are uppermost in men's minds, and events day unto day will answer them. The only one we can answer now is the last; the others will be answered when and in the way God sees best. There is something new under the sun every time is rises. History is in a fluid state. So are men's opinions. War itself cannot efface the record and the promise of human life upon this confused and busy planet. The eye of faith serenely looks beyond the hideous turmoil to the age that must arrive when the law of love shall be paramount and the character of an individual or of a people shall be seen and known for what it is.

He Knows Just Why He Admires Them

Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Mrs. Mercredi.

She Had Been Ill Two Years and Could Find No Cure. That's Why Her Husband Is Enthusiastic Over Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Fort Smith, Alberta, May 21st (Special)—Among all the thousands of Canadians who praise Dodd's Kidney Pills for the good they have done there is no more fervent admirer of the great kidney remedy than Isidore Mercredi, of this place.

"Yes, it always gives me pleasure to say a good word for Dodd's Kidney Pills," Mr. Mercredi says. "My wife was sick for two years. We could not find anything to restore her to health. Then we found a pamphlet telling of several persons who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My wife used just two boxes of them and she is perfectly well, to the great surprise of all our neighbors. They can tell you the same thing. I cannot recommend Dodd's Kidney Pills enough."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are the greatest of all remedies for weak, suffering women. They cure the kidneys. The kidneys are the root of nine-tenths of women's ills. Moreover, cured kidneys mean pure clear blood all over the body. That means good health everywhere.

SWAT HIM!

The Fly is a Constant Menace to the Health of the Family.

Why, there's a fly! Seems kind o' good, doesn't it, to hear it buzzing around contentedly in that sunny window? It means that spring has come. You are glad to see it, just as you welcome the crocuses and bluebirds. But wait a minute.

Where did that fly come from? Not up from Florida with Gentle Sister South Wind, as did Welcome Robin and Winsome Bluebird. No, it hatched out of a muck heap, and it came right into the house without wiping its feet.

And its mate will go back to the muck heap to lay more eggs, and by the time the hot days come the two will have some millions of descendants. And all of them will come into the house without wiping their feet, and they will leave filth and disease germs in your food. Spoils the romance, doesn't it? The fly is your enemy. Kill it!

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

Editorial Elysium.

"Fellow dropt into the office the other day and ordered the paper, and we were pleased. Said it was a good paper, and we were glad. Said it was more than worth the money to any man of intelligence, and we were tickled. Said it was the mainstay of the town, and we were supertickled. Said it was the greatest booster and the most reliable town-builder and developer in this whole community, and we yelled with joy. Paid for his paper, and—we slid gently to the floor in blissful unconsciousness. Nature had reached its limit.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Baking soda gives instant relief to a burn or scald. Applied either wet or dry to the burned part immediately, the sense of relief is magical.

AMICABLE ADJUSTMENT.

Between Britain and Argentine Regarding Wheat Embargo.

The diplomatic quarrel between Argentine and Britain over Argentine's wheat embargo has been settled.

The two nations have reached an agreement whereby Argentine agrees to send to Britain and the Allies 180,000 tons of wheat and 20,000 tons of flour. In return Britain contracted to forward to Argentine at a later date 200,000 tons of wheat from Canada, Australia and elsewhere. Delivery of the British wheat is to be between July and September. Presumably the Argentine wheat will be sent to Britain at once.

Argentine's wheat embargo was instituted because of apprehension of her Government officials that the tempting prices offered for export trade would drain the republic of grain. The crop just harvested was a disappointment, and it was feared the nation faced a serious situation.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS OF GREAT VALUE

Mrs. J. A. Lagace, Ste. Perpetue, Que., writes:—"Baby's Own Tablets have been of great value to me and I would strongly recommend them to other mothers." Thousands of other mothers say the same thing. They have become convinced through actual use of the Tablets that nothing can equal them in regulating the bowels and stomach; driving out constipation and indigestion; breaking up colds and simple fevers; expelling worms and curing colic. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

BRITANNIA RULES THE WAVES

Post Office System Still Marvellous in War-Times

In these war-times the Post Office is still one of the wonders of the age. The way the mails still go to and fro from the ends of the earth is a wonderful certificate to Britain's command of the oceans.

One heard the other day of a letter sent from Melbourne to Salisbury Plain to one of our splendid Anzacs, says an English writer. The man to whom it was addressed had gone to France, and the letter followed him.

But, meanwhile, he had been wounded, and it went on to Havre. There it was discovered that he had been discharged, and had actually gone back to Australia. Away went the letter back to the Antipodes, and the man and the letter arrived home almost simultaneously. That letter had travelled thirty thousand miles, at least.

Even the mistakes of the Post Office are wonderful. A letter addressed to "The Registrar, County Court, Bromley," some months ago did not arrive within any reasonable time, and was given up for lost. It has lately turned up, with various Indian Postmarks on it. It had been delivered to the Registrar in Bombay.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

In the New Testament the cock is mentioned in reference to the denial of the Lord and indirectly in the "cock-crowing." There is no mention in the Old Testament of the cock or hen. These domestic birds were known to the early Greeks and Romans and probably were introduced by the Romans into Palestine. It is said that these birds were prized by the Romans both as food and for cock-fighting.

Had ship's anchor fall on my knee and leg, and knee swelled up and for six days I could not move it or get help. I then started to use MINARD'S LINIMENT and two bottles cured me.

PROSPER FERGUSON.

Seagulls are undoubtedly weather prophets. Dwellers on the coast have noticed that when certain winds begin to blow the gulls collect in large flocks and fly to the fields or circle high over the land, screaming all the while uneasily. After such demonstrations it is said that a rainstorm is certain to follow.

After the Movies Two Eyes for a Lifetime

Murine is for Tired Eyes. Red Eyes—Sore Eyes—Granulated Eyelids. Rests—Refreshes—Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity.

Care for Them. You Cannot Buy New Eyes!

Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail. Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

If an article has been scorched in ironing, wet in cold water and lay where the bright sunshine will fall directly on it. This will take the mark entirely out.

MONEY ORDERS

Remit by Dominion Express Money Order. If lost or stolen, you get your money back.

Keeping Your Friends.

Don't expect to keep your friends if you give them away.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

ROYAL

MADE IN CANADA



MAKES PERFECT BREAD

YEAST

Certain chemists are endeavoring to adapt the horse chestnut to the human dietary. The nuts are more than half starch and sugar, with some protein and fat, and are nutritious. Their value chiefly depends on the elimination of the bitter elements and the irritating saponin-like glucosides.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 Adelaide Street, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

BICYCLES, NEW AND SECOND Hand. $12.00 up. Send for special price list Varsity Cycle Works, 413 Spadina Ave., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE

1910 CADILLAC IN GOOD RUNning condition. Has spare tire. Price $250.

HUDSON, 1916 MODEL, 6 CYLINder, 7 Passenger Touring Car. Electric lights and starter. Recently overhauled and newly painted. Tires in good shape. Price $1,300.

HUDSON, 1915 MODEL, 6 CYLINder, 7 Passenger Touring Car, with electric lights and starter. Thoroughly overhauled in our shop and newly painted. Seat covers on all seats and doors. Oversize tires. Price $1,200.

HUDSON, MODEL 37, 5 PASSENGER, 4 cylinder Touring Car. Electric lights and starter, in good running order and newly painted. Looks like a new car. Price $650.

PAIGE SEDAN. A VERY FINE looking closed car seating five. Electric lights and starter, also inside dome light. Nearly all the windows open, which gives ample ventilation for summer driving. Price $700.

HUDSON, MODEL 33. 5 PASSENger, 4 cylinder Touring Car, in good running order, at a special price, $350.

HUDSON 1913 MODEL "54." A HIGH powered, six cylinder, 5 passenger Touring Car. In good running order and looks like new. Price $750.

STUDEBACKER, SEVEN PASSENger, 4 cylinder Touring Car, in good running order. Tires in good shape. This car was painted this year and looks very nice. Price $350.

JACKSON, 5 PASSENGER, 4 CYLINder Touring Car. Has electric lights and starter, good tires, and is a bargain at the price, $300.

RUSSELL, 3 PASSENGER CABRIOlet. A very handsome closed car, suitable for a doctor. Price $1,000.

We only sell used cars after the purchaser has had a demonstration and satisfied himself of the running qualities of the car he is buying. Call at our showroom next time you are in Toronto and let our salesmen show you any of our used cars and give you a demonstration.

THE DOMINION AUTOMOBILE CO., Limited

146-150 Bay Street, Toronto, Ont.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You say to the drug store man, "Give me a small bottle of freezone." This will cost very little but will positively remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn relieves the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn or callus, root and all, dries up and can be lifted off with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that freezone dries in a moment, and simply shivels up the corn or callus without irritating the surrounding skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whittling at his corns, but clip this out and make him try it.

If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to order a small bottle from his wholesale drug house for you.

"Clean All" BOILER COMPOUND

For All Boiler Feed Waters

Cyclone Shaking and Dumping Grate Bars for all requirements

Canadian Steam Boiler Equipment Co. Limited

Tel. Gerrard 3660

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America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

BOOK ON **DOG DISEASES** And How to Feed

Mailed free to any address by the Author

H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.

118 West 31st Street, New York

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FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1917

The Leader

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The Leader Publishing Co. Limited

LEO LAURIN, MANAGER

TIME-TABLE

GOING WEST

No. 7	12.48 P. M.
No. 25	8 07 P. M.
No. 19	10 13 P.M.

GOING EAST

No. 18	4.23 A. M.
No. 26	6.55 A. M.
No. 6	4.54 P. M.

SUNDAYS ONLY

No 106	5 45 P M
No. 14	3.27 P. M

The Late Mrs. J. Smyth Carter

The following article is reprinted from a recent issue of the Christian Guardian, Toronto:

"A large number of friends and acquaintances attended the funeral service of the late Mrs. J. Smyth Carter, at the family home, 521 Markham street, Toronto, on the afternoon of April 25th. Rev. Dr. Hincks and Rev. Dr. Tovell, beloved pastoral friends of the deceased during her membership in Queen Street Methodist in her earlier years, and subsequently at Trinity Methodist Church, officiated. The service was simple and impressive, the pastors referring in most kindly terms to the life and efforts of one who, in her thoughts and activities for the comfort of others, found her supreme joy. The sweet influence of a refined Christian home brought her in childhood within the circle of church life, and as the years of her short life passed by, her love for the noble, the uplifting, the Christ-like, increased. The kindness, brightness and sincerity radiating from her life brought an ever-widening circle of true friends. Even during her months of impaired health her interest in human betterment was paramount in her thoughts. As a member of the Samaritan Club and kindred organizations, the objective of which is "helping and healing," she was ever a glad benefactor.

"Good literature was to her one of the essentials. Her few contributions to the public press were suggestive of the wider sphere of literary achievement which she had planned.

"The deceased was a daughter of Mr. James Little, late of the Toronto Post Office Department, who, with her husband and sister, Miss Mary Little, survive. She was also a sister of J. Edward Little, B.C.L., well known in legal and athletic circles, who predeceased her several years.

"Her mother was one of the best known of the 'elect women' of Queen Street church, and as St. Paul traced the influence of a good mother in Timothy, so we trace the saintly life of Mrs. Little in her children. As it was mother's lot to bear affliction of body with triumphant fortitude, so it was her daughter's lot under physical affliction to reveal a perfect patience. And one could plainly see in Mrs. Carter the ever present influence of her sainted mother.

"Following her demise a large number visited the home to look once again on the face of a friend who in life they had so dearly loved. Many and beautiful were the floral tributes from personal friends and organizations. The funeral cortege went by motor to the Necropolis cemetery, where the remains were interred in the family plot."—Rev. William H. Hincks

RossStrike writes his Parents

(Continued from page 1)

explosions, the sky was lit up for miles, the air was one vast pulsation. the ground shook and quivered. First it landed on the barb wire entanglements, levelling the whole structure to a tangled mass of twisted debris, then on to the first line trench, where it seemed to stop and con centrate even more fiercely, nothing could ever live in it the fraction of a second. Then on up the slope it swept, never slacking in intensity, an all devouring, an all destroying, an all seeking out, line of a thousand hells of destruction and death as if loosed and guided by a single hand. Nothing made by man could stand against it and nothing did. The Canadians ought like the well trained, accurate, precisioned, intelligent fighters they are and the outcome was never in doubt. The Canucks had waited long for this day and they were not to be denied, their zeal never outdid their generalship, however, and their light casualty list for such an undertaking shows that they not only fought well but very wisely, all gained from a long experience in other encounters. This great event, so entirely a success, places the Canadian troops amongst the highest places ever enjoyed by any warriors dead or living. I hope Canada and Canadians realize what that means.

"The night after the battle we had finished our walking cases end of the business and went up to help in the stretcher bearing part of it.

I had thought previously that I had seen all that was to be seen in the battlefieds but this was beyond what any human brain could conceive of. Everything had been utterly destroyed and demolished, trenches deemed by experts well nigh impregnable, had completely vanished, strong points were tossed about like match wood, cunningly devised defences were left beyond recognition; dug-outs all blown and completely buried, all a mass of shell holes so thick that three or four were made in one. There was not one place on that long, big rolling ridge where one could place his hand upon the ground and not touch a shell hole.

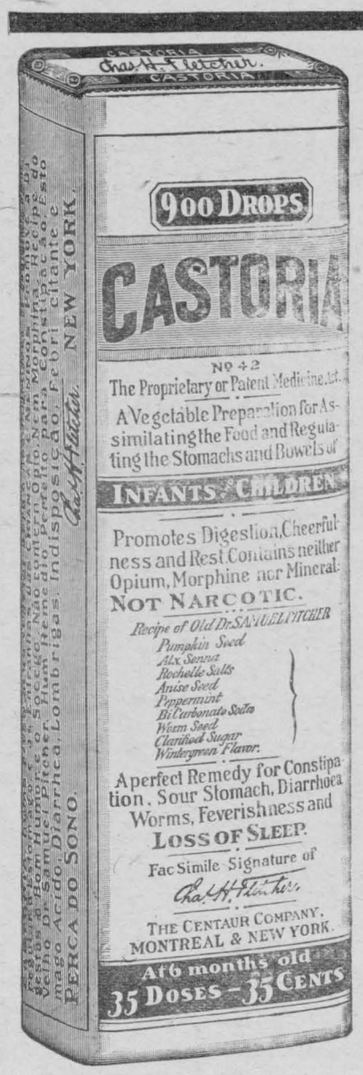
"Of course all our carrying was over country of this nature and I am afraid the patients had some very rough times. It had rained considerably, also snowed, which was worse, and the going was a bit slippery. At night one has an almost impossible situation. There are no lights to guide one and absolutely not a land mark for miles. It is very peculiar, but nevertheless a fact, that all shell holes look exactly alike and I will defy any living man to go out there in that no man's land and twist and turn amongst the shell holes and mine craters and not lose his sense of direction completely. It was rough on our fellows, sometimes they would wander for hours trying to get out of that labrynth of shell holes and debris. Of course, the German dug-out come in very handy for us sometimes, especially if he gets nasty with a few of his "whiz-bangs" and "coal boxes."

"As we moved further up and got over the ridge into the valley we found things in a better state of repairs and the fellows received lots of souvenirs. Personally that sort of thing does not appeal to me. In these latter dug-outs Fritz appeared to have left in a great hurry and was not able to pull off many of his funny tricks.

"When we came back from our week's line work, where sleeping and eating were both rather at a premium, a box from grandmother and one from you were waiting for me.

"We are back from the line at present having practically a bit of rest, though not for long I think. We had a rather strenuous time for a few days. I am feeling very fit which is a great asset in this country. I will try and squeeze in as many letters to you as possible and cable if I can quite regularly.

With love to you both, your son, ROSS."



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

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Roof Barns with Paroid

THE choice for roofing narrows down to wooden shingles, metal, and Paroid. The fire risk with wood is too great, and frequent repairs are necessary to insure even reasonably long life. It costs less to lay Paroid than either metal or wood, affords full protection from the weather, checks a fire from falling sparks and embers, and requires no repairs. Roof with

NEPONSET

Paroid ROOFING

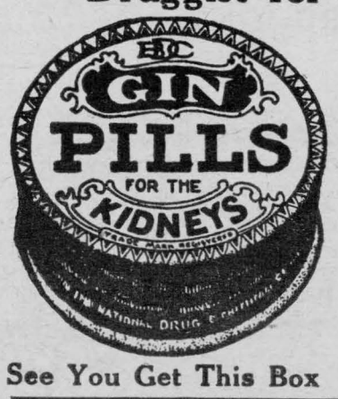
Three permanent colors—Grey, Red and Green. Every roll carries a complete kit inside and our unconditional guarantee. Paroid has given 19 years' service. Go to a Paroid dealer and get real satisfaction.

W. H. McGANNON, Dealer, Morrisburg

For Homes: Neponset Twin Shingles. 122



Ask Your Druggist for



See You Get This Box

Gin Pills FOR THE KIDNEYS

Tilley Road, N.B.
May 1st, 1915.

"My trouble was gravel in the bladder. My case was very serious and my death was daily expected. No suffering could be worse than I had to endure. I beg you to publish my letter so that people may know what Gin Pills had done for me. The first box relieved me a great deal. Eight boxes were sufficient to cure me entirely and to bring me back to perfect health.

Isadore Thomas."

Your druggist sells Gin Pills—50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50. Sample free if you write to

NATIONAL DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. OF CANADA, LIMITED
Toronto, Ont. 52

U. S. Address—Na-Dru-Co. Inc.
202 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y.



If you can solve this problem

These grand prizes FREE

			8
	5		
			2

AS an advertisement of the opening of our new Ottawa store we will give these Prizes to the persons sending in the Neatest Correct Solutions of the FIFTEEN PROBLEM. There is positively no "Lot Casting," "Drawing," or "Chance" connected with the distribution of these prizes—it is a contest of skill. The contestant sending in the Neatest Correct Solution will be awarded the first prize; the contestant sending the "second best" Neatest Correct Solution will be awarded the Second Prize—and so on until the entire HUNDRED PRIZES are distributed. In case of a tie, each contestant will receive equal rewards.

Why we do this

Instead of spending Thousands of Dollars in expensive advertisements, high-priced solicitors who annoy you frequently, also many other methods which all merely add to the price of the piano and which the purchaser pays in the end, we believe in giving the cost of all this expense direct to the customer.

The Percival Piano Co. is a subsidiary concern of the old and well-known Percival Plow and Stove Co., of Merrickville, of 70 years' standing. Ask any Bank who we are.

FIRST PRIZE, a beautiful upright piano, value	$450.00
SECOND PRIZE, a beautiful upright piano, value	$350.00
THIRD PRIZE, credit cheque for (Good on the purchase of a piano)	$150.00
FOURTH PRIZE, credit cheque for (Good on the purchase of a piano)	$125.00

THE NINETY PRIZES following in the order of merit, credit cheques ranging in value from $35.00 to $117.00, depending on the order of merit. Good on the purchase of a piano

NINETY-FIFTH PRIZE	$20.00 in gold
NINETY-SIXTH PRIZE	$15.00 in gold
NINETY-SEVENTH PRIZE	$10.00 in gold
NINETY-EIGHTH PRIZE	$5.00 in gold
NINETY-NINTH PRIZE	$2.50 cash
HUNDREDTH PRIZE	$1.00 cash

N.B. *All solutions must be in our possession on or before Wednesday, June 6th, 1917*

Directions

TAKE the figures from 1 to 9 inclusive and place them in the squares in such a manner that when added diagonally, vertically or horizontally, the total will always be 15. No number may be used more than once. Use this sheet, a separate piece of paper or any other material.

Only one person from each family may enter this contest. The integrity of the gentlemen who have consented to act as judges is a guarantee that the prizes will be awarded to those deserving them. DO NOT DELAY. Send in your solution immediately. You may win the First Prize.

The Percival Piano Co.

203 Queen St. Ottawa Phone Q. 3769

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DENTIST
Graduate of Chicago Dental College and o Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
Office—Arthur Casselman Block,
Phone No. 6. - Morrisburg.

DR. D. C. CASSELMAN
Dentist
Office—Casselman Block
MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons Toronto

R. F. LYLE
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.
Barry Block, Main Street
MORRISBURG, : : ONTARIO
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor o the Molsons Bank.
New Molsons Bank Building,
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A large amount of private money to loan at p r nt on easy terms.

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This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:
1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, President. J. C. ALGUIRE, Sec.-Treas.

I CAN PLACE 40
WILLIS GRADUATES
EACH MONTH

Employers ask me, each month, to supply them with an average of 40 young women, young men and boys.

During the past year I have filled 250 good positions; I have had calls for fully 250 more.

Our Shorthand training is universally recognized by the largest employers in Canada as THE STANDARD.

They Are The Ones Who Count

IF YOU have the equivalent of a Public Shool education, and are fifteen years of age or older, we can train YOU to fill one of these good places and to secure one of the good salaries that are being paid.

Full particulars upon request. Do not delay.

N. I. Harrison, Principal
WILLIS COLLEGE,
Ottawa.

Cornwall Commercial College —the school you will attend if you investigate

FALL OPENING
September 1st, 1916.

An excellent time to enter The CORNWALL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE for a thorough preparation in business, shorthand, amanuensis course, Civil service, etc.

60 New Typewriters, expetrt eachers, fine st equipment throughout, free employment department, are only a few of the advantages which the Cornwall College offers.

Write for a free copy of our catalogue Address:—
GEORGE F. SMITH, Principal,
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WE SPECIALIZE IN PUBLIC SCHOOL AND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE SUPPLIES

A Full Line; from the Smallest Child's to the Teacher's wants.

D. T. Henderson,
DRUGGIST.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

1917 MAY 1917

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

WILLIAMSBURG

When in town drop into M. O. Trickey's Ice Cream Parlor and have a dish of Neilson's Ice Cream. It only costs 5c and you will find no better and refreshing dish for the summer months.

A memorial service will be held in the Lutheran Church, Williamsburg, on Sunday evening, May 27th., for the late Pte. Fred Quickfall who enlisted with the 154th and was reported killed in action last week.

The I. O. O. F. and Rebekah Lodges held their annual service in the Lutheran Church here on Sunday afternoon. The services which were well attended were conducted by Rev. J. Maurer.

Miss Jennie Shannette of Ottawa Normal School was a week-end guest of her mother, Mrs. Mary Shannette.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whitteker and baby, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Saddlemire of Glen Becker, and Miss Flo. Casselman of Dundela were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Whittaker on Sunday.

Miss Ethel McIntosh was in Morewood last week attending the memorial service of the late Pte. J. Shaver.

Mr. and Mrs J. W. McIntosh and daughter, Mary, of Ottawa motored from there on Saturday and spent the week-end at Mr. Edgar McIntosh's.

Miss Ethel Whittaker was the guest of Miss Alice McIntosh on Sunday last.

We understand that Miss Jessie Becksted has taken the agency for California Perfume Co. and will be calling on her friends soon.

Miss Belle McMillan of Ottawa was the week-end guest of her mother, Mrs. Anson Becker.

The many friends of Mr. J. W. Reddick of Toronto, a brother of Mrs. M. Shannette of this place and a former M.C.I. student, will be pleased to learn that he has been successful in passing his Exams. at Toronto University and thereby securing the degree of M.D. Dr. Reddick enlisted with the 13th. Battery of Toronto after the declaration of war and saw active service, having been in the trenches nine months. He was sent home by the Government along with twelve other young men and took two years' college work in one, and he expects to return to active service at the front shortly.

Misses Amber McIntosh and Opal Hess were guests of Miss Mattie Cochrane last Sunday.

Mr. Perley Boyd of Mountain and Mr. D. Hamilton of Morrisburg were in town on Saturd last attending a meeting of the valuators of the Dundas Public Schools.

Mr. D. C. Bush and family motored through our village one day last week.

Miss Alice Loucks and brothers, Walter and Arthur, spent Sunday at Mr. Orlin Becker's.

ARCHER

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Myers spent Sunday afternoon and evening the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Gallinger.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Prunner spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Millward, Froatburn.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellison Denison and little daughter spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Shaver, Cedar Grove.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. G. Postlethworth of Aultsville spent Thursday last with Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Baker.

Mrs. Froats of Aultsville spent a few days last week with her mother, Mrs. Richard Denison.

Mrs. John Warren spent a few days with her son, Mr. Frank Warren, Dunbar.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Heagle of Colquhoun spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Heagle.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Fetterly of East Williamsburg spent Saturday last the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Baker.

Mrs. Wm. Plantz spent Tuesday last the guest of Mrs. Nelon Prunner.

Master Murray and Miss Nora Myers spent Saturday and Sunday with their uncle, Mr. Harry Buchanan, Cedar Grove.

NUDELL BUSH

Miss Taylor and Miss L. Hyunga spent a few days at Mr. George Cramer's this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Plantz spent a day in town this week.

Mrs. J. B. Baker is spending a few days at Riverside.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. A. Casselman visited friends at Riverside on the 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin McIntosh and son, Harry, visited friends at Archer on Sunday.

Mr. William Wagner was blasting stones at W. F. Reddick's this week.

Mrs. Geo. Vassaw, Jr., spent a few hours at Ferndale recently.

Much sympathy is expressed for Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Loucks in the death of their infant daughter, who died on Tuesday, May 15th.

Mr. Durant was a business caller in our Burn this week.

Mr. Edwards passed through here on the 21st.

Mr. James Salmons was a business caller in our Burn on Tuesday.

Mr. Charles Whitteker visited his sister, Mrs. Geo. Vassaw, Jr this week.

Mrs. Charles Hart visited at M. McIntosh's this week.

Mr. N. Hummell passed through here this week.

BRINSTON

Miss Gertie Feader spent last week at Jas. Murray's.

A number from here attended the concert at Iroquois last week, given by the Young People of the English Church of that place.

Miss Greta Smail spent a few days last week with Miss Earl Merkley of Iroquois.

Mr. Kennedy of South Mountain has opened a harness, boot and shoe repair shop in town.

Mrs. Feader is spending a few days at Hainesville with her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Barkley.

The I.O.O.F. will hold their annual Church parade on Sunday afternoon, May 27th.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Murray attended the funeral of the latter' aunt, Mrs. English of Cardinal on Monday.

Mrs. Bush of Kemptville called on friends in town last week.

We are glad to report the 253rd. Battalion with whi Ernest Hamilton and Baz Wylie sailed on April 28th have landed safely in England.

MARIATOWN

Mrs. Andrew Carruthers of Waddington spent a few days last week with her sister, Mrs. M. Hanson.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Swerdfeger on Sunday were: Mr and Mrs. Allen Becksted and son, Glen Becker, Mrs. George Forrester, Master Herbert McConnell and Master Emerson Swerdfeger of Morewood.

We are pleased to report that those who we reported on the sick list last week are all improving.

Mr. John Casselman and Mr. Bruce Strader of Strader Hill were the guests of Mr. J. D. Deeks Monday.

Mrs. W. Brindley of Ohio, U. S.A., is at present visiting her mother, Mrs. Lucy Stata.

Mr. Clarence Deeks of Williamsburg was in our town on Thursday.

Mr. Lee Deeks made a business trip to Williamsburg on Wednesday.

WINCHESTER SPRINGS

Mrs. Alex. Beckstead is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. M. McPherson.

Mrs. W. J. Fisher returned home after spending a week with friends at Iroquois.

Mr. I. P. McIntosh and Mr. Wm. Davidson have purchased new Chevrolet cars.

Miss Clara McIntosh spent the week-end with her sister, Mrs. G. S. Barkley of Williamsburg.

Miss L. Durant spent a few days at the home of Mr. W. J. Fisher's.

We are glad to see Mrs. M. McPherson around again after her illness.

Mr. C. A. Coons and Ella and Elezon spent Sunday at Glen Stewart with his mother who came home with them to spend a few days.

Miss Adella Loucks spent a few days last week with Miss Gladys Baker of the Nation.

AULTSVILLE

Mr. Wm. McCary of Brockville was visiting friends in town this week.

Mrs. I. J. Cramer and son, Chas. left last week to visit friends at Greene, Iowa.

Mr. Ross Wells and his bride returned home last week and will take up house-keeping on Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hanes were in Cornwall on Tuesday.

Mrs. Carr and little daughter of Grantley are spending a few days here with Mrs. Carr's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. Beckstead.

Born—On Saturday, May 19, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Jarvis a daughter.

CEDAR WOOD WANTED

A load of dry cedar wood wanted for kindling. Apply at this ffice.

Letter From Lord Grey on Origin of the War

(The Christian Science Monitor)

"The following extract is from a private letter, written by Lord Grey of Fallodon, and dated from Fallodon, Lesbury, Northumberland, March 5, 1917 It is of such remarkable and historical interest, as containing the deliberate opinion of a man, intimately familiar with every phase of world policy, during the last quarter of a century, as to the origin of the war, that permission has been obtained, from the writer, for its publication in these columns

* * *

"We know that the origin of our entente first with France and then with Russia was a desire to avoid war and to put an end to our quarrels with those Powers and to the embittered feeling on their side and ours that had so often brought us or seemed to bring us to the brink of war. This was our motive, and a policy of encircling Germany was not in our thoughts.

"Latterly the restlessness, ill concealed ill will and enormous strength of Germany on sea and land made us feel that isolation was dangerous. But we made no binding alliance with France or Russia before the war; we kept our hands free as regards participation in war, and France and Russia knew that aggression upon Germany or even an aggressive policy would get no support from us. With this they were content and I never found an aggressive spirit in French or Russian policy.

"We wished to keep our friends, but also to keep the peace of Europe, and in the European conference in London over the Balkan War we gave proof of this and came through that without reproach and indeed with the credit of having worked for peace.

"One of the tragedies of the situation is that this conference showed clearly that there was in London machinery and personnel that could have settled honorably and fairly every dispute such as that of 1914, if it had been permitted to try and been trusted again. That this was so was due to the personalities of the Ambassadors in London of the five great European Powers, including of course Licknoivsky and Mensdorff, the German and Austrian Ambassadors. I would have trusted every one of them to work for peace again in 1914 as they had done in 1912-13 and I believe they would all have trusted me to play fair and not to try for anything but a fair settlement.

"But in 1914 Germany thought the time had come to take advantage of the situation and to force the pace, and I suppose the Prussian Military men had decided that the time to strike successfully had come.

"As far as I can see the Germans believe that if England had promised Germany to remain neutral in a European war or in other words if we had given France and Russia to understand that under no circumstances should we help them and had thus parted all company with them, France and Russia would have given in to Germany without fighting, England would have been isolated and discredited and German domination would have been secured without war.

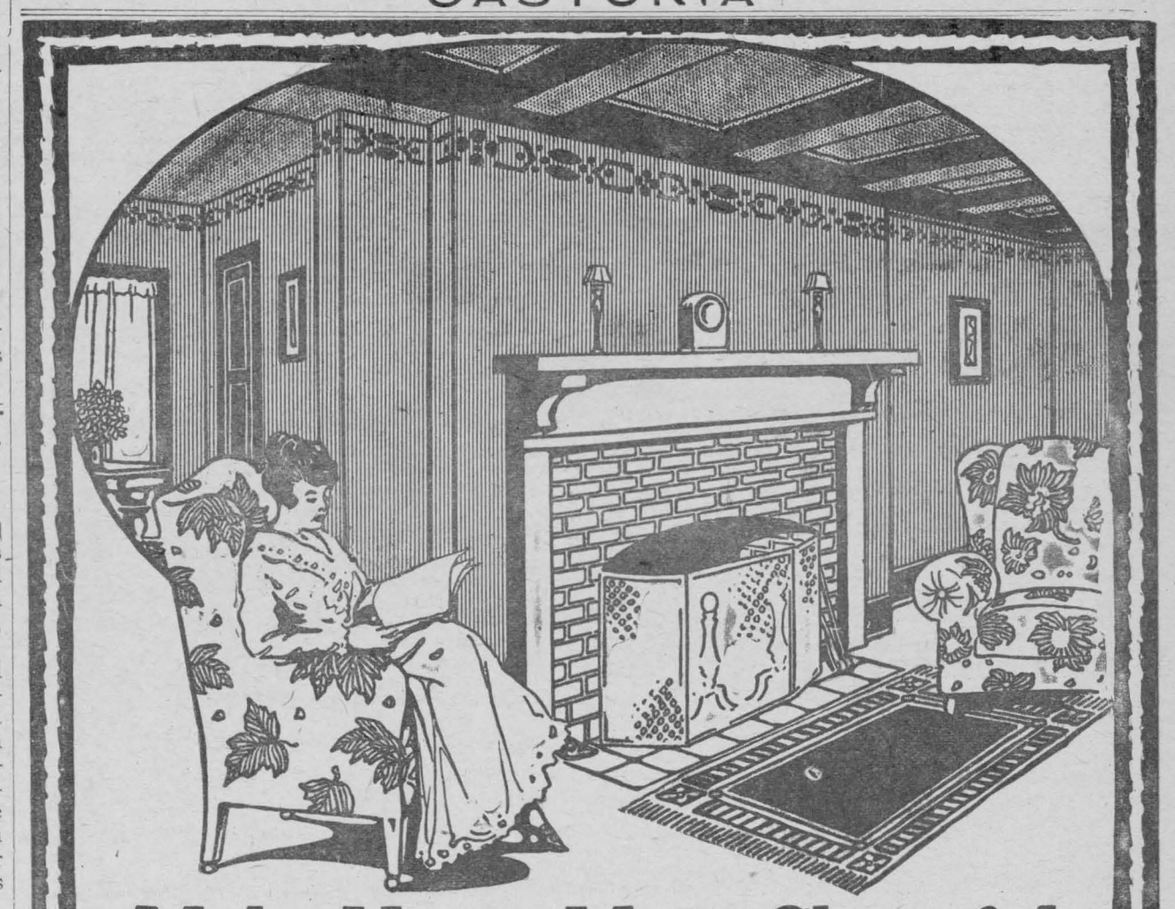
"And the Germans hold us to blame for the war because we did not act according to their idea.

"This view can only be justified in the assumption that Germany is morally and intellectually so superior to all other nations that it is wrong not to desire her will to be imposed on Europe and a crime to put any obstacle in her way. This, it seems to me, is the belief and the ground on which consciously or unconsciously the Germans do justify it to themselves. Just after the outbreak of war there were some outbursts (from one German professor, I think) that said this quite definitely, and the conclusion of the matter is that there is no greater danger to the world than a nation which believes that itself is superior to all law, and that others have no rights as against it.

"GREY OF FALLODON."

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher



Make Home More Cheerful

Walls that are dark and dreary are made light and cheery with Lowe Brothers

Mellotone

The colors rival the rainbow tints in softness and beauty, and do not fade. They soften the light and make rooms ideal for reading and sewing.

Mellotoned walls can be washed with soap and water when soiled. Each washing makes the finish look bright and fresh. This sanitary quality appeals to careful housekeepers.

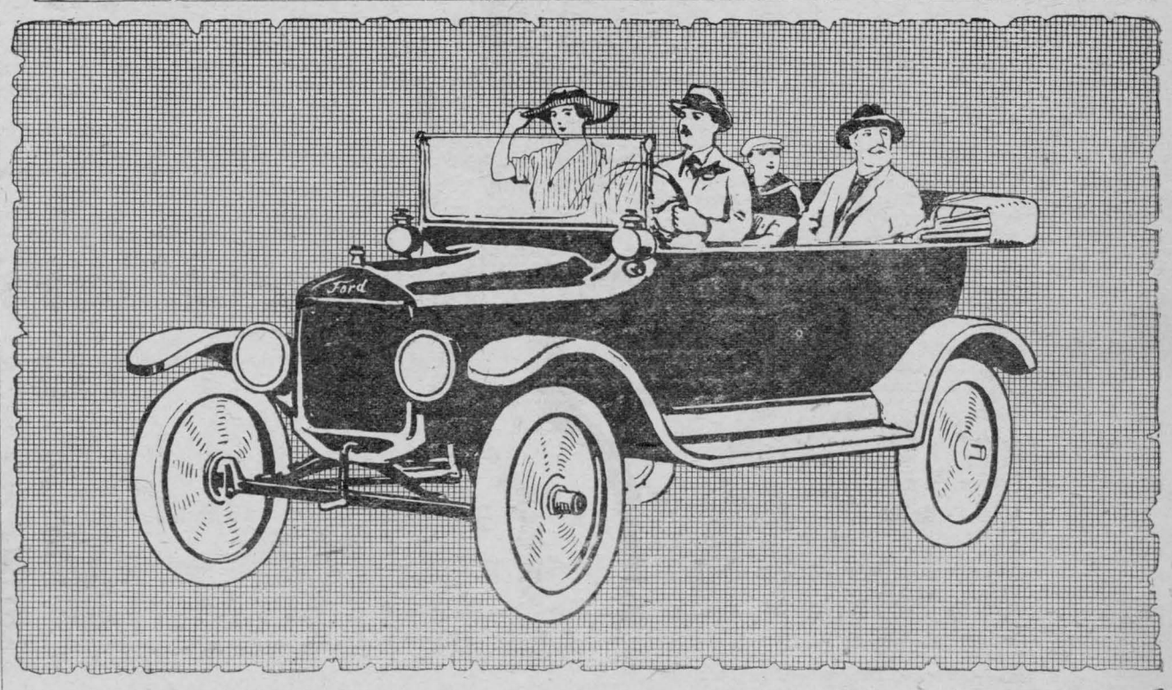
Before you do your decorating come in and let us show you the Mellotone tints.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

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The Ford Is Economical

The average man can easily afford a Ford car. It is the most inexpensive car to drive.

20 to 25 miles on a gallon of gasoline is an every-day occurrence. 33 miles is frequently reported by Ford owners. Yearly repair expenses of less than one dollar are not unusual. The car is light in weight, and tires give more mileage on a Ford than on any other car.

You can buy a Ford for yourself and one for your wife for the price of one car at $1000. You can run both Fords at about the same expense as for one larger, heavier car.

You can always sell a "used" Ford at a good price. You have to accept a big reduction for a "used" larger car

Go and take a ride in the 1917 model. See how comfortable it is. And stylish too—stream line effect tapered hood, crown fenders, beautiful finish. You need one for business. Your wife and children need one for pleasure and health.

WILFRID QUENNEVILLE

DEALER, MORRISBURG.

Between Cousins;

OR, A DECLARATION OF WAR.

CHAPTER V.

A year later the question of how they would "pull together" was being partially answered. During this year a good many prosaic facts had poked their plain faces right through the rose-colored veils of illusion hitherto shrouding them.

Things had not turned out just as Ella expected. John's social education, in particular, dragged sadly. Curiously enough, he had not yet begun to grasp the extent of his duties both towards herself and towards his own position. It was all right, of course, his devoting himself to his ministry; but did his duty demand of him to be at the beck and call of every rheumatic old woman for miles around, who was too stiff on her legs to come and fetch the spiritual consolation she imagined herself in need of? What strength could he have remaining for the real, urgent calls, if he exhausted himself in those purely optional ones —for this was a parish of widely scattered crofts, and many a mile of rough walking was entailed? It was for the sake of his work itself that she protested, she assured him. As for her own claims, she did not wish to put them forward, though it was rather lonely sometimes of an evening, and tiresome too, to have to wait dinner at least four times a week. Once or twice she had hazarded a gently reproachful remark in which the word "neglect" had been playfully interpolated; but he had looked at her with so naive an astonishment that perforce she held her tongue. And this blindness of his held good with regard to others of her wishes. Theoretically, she had of course been aware of the existence of all these humbly situated blood relations, but had not doubted that they could be "kept in their place" by judicious treatment. And so they could have been, if only John would hear reason. As matters stood, they acted as a dead-weight to the soarings of social aspirations. The neighborhood of the quarries was in itself a grievous trial. What was the good of carefully avoiding every reference to them, when John on all possible occasions plumped out with some reminscence of his own working days? And that ubiquitous slatestone, from which there was no getting away, in the shape of door-steps and seats, and even queer, irregular palings, just as though it took a special pleasure in provoking Ella by reminders of the sore subject!

If John, on his side, was only indistinctly aware of something in his marriage which fell short of his expectations, it was principally because the marriage itself had never been to him the event which it had been to Ella. If gradually he dropped out of the habit of discussing his work with his wife, whom he found generally too much occupied with domestic "improvements" to lend him an undivided attention, this was no great sacrifice. Reticence was far more natural to him than expansion, which had, in fact, been only a passing phase, artifically provoked. With scarcely a pang he returned to his former exclusive self-communions.

Occasionally, aas he viewed the "improvements" Ella ssured him were essential, a mild bewilderment would come over him. The white cap and apron which the maid-of-all-work was rigorously compelled to don before opening the door, the dessert plates and the finger-bowls (out of which he had began by trying to drink)—there were things so strange to him as to be almost disquieting. Gently, but firmly, he had been trained to change his coat every evening, and had got used to the silk blouse in which Ella sat opposite to him as she dispensed the roast mutton, without quite realising that the increased smartness of her appearance belonged to the process known as "dressing for dinner." Though unable to see the necessity of these things—and even at moments uneasily aware of something that jarred between them with his private conception of his life-task—he never actively resisted them, partly because they did not seem to him of enough importance, and partly because rebellion would have appeared to him ungrateful. Could he, in justice, reproach Ella with wanting to beautify her home and his—with striving to minister to what she took to be his bodily wants? Because, personally, he happened to be a born ascetic, supremely independent of creature comforts, could he therefore fail to be touched by her efforts to do things which she evidently considered ought to please him?

At the end of that year the situation might have been summed up as a mutual but not yet acute disappointment, conscious on one side, subconscious on the other, and here still veiled by the concentration of mind on what had remained the chief object right through the episode of marriage. To say that Ella had entirely cooled towards her husband would be unfair. Her admiration for his person persisted, but of her enthusiasm for his work there remained but the ashes. The social drawbacks of her surroundings hopelessly outweighed the delights she had expected to draw from their picturesque elements. The very picturesqueness was not of the sort which appealed to her, except in theory. All that rugged grandeur was too high and broad—in one word, too big for her personality, whether of mind or body.

The peevish twitch of the lips began to predominate, betraying a growing fretfulness. The excursions in the mental balloon afore-mentioned had likewise been resumed. The picture she saw from there was extremely touching: a young wife, living a life almost forlorn, cut off by her present delicate state of health from any assistance she might otherwise have given her husband, and thus virtually shut out from his life. Or, from another point of view, a woman of education and "aspirations," exiled in a land of semi-barbarians, and tied to a man who would not understand her real wants. The vision caused more than one flood of tears to rise to her eyes during those idle days spent perforce upon the sofa in the much-improved sitting—no, drawing-room.

That even the prospect of becoming a father should have changed John so little was, in Ella's opinion, the worst symptom of all. True, he had beamed at the first intelligence, and thanked God upon his knees for the favor; but his remarks upon the coming event only too clearly betrayed the subjective place it took in his mind.

"If it were a boy, Ella—oh, if it were a boy!" had been almost his first words. "What happiness to think that perhaps some day he may be able to take up the work I shall be forced to lay down!"

Upon which Ella had only smiled a little faintly, while inwardly registering the wish that it should not be a boy. A daughter would be in many ways preferable, if only because she would be more exclusively given into her own hands to be trained up in the way she would consider fit.

It was in favor of her wish that the balance of Fate inclined.

The news met John six miles from home, and under circumstances which remained in his mind for many a day to come.

He had been out of the house for twenty-four hours, summoned to a dying woman in the wildest part of the hills. His task had been done ere nightfall, but a violent thunderstorm had kept him prisoner all night in the distant croft. Even by daylight the smaller burns, the slippery rocks made progress slow and difficult. As he tramped through the wet heather beaten all away by the violence of the past downpour, he was thinking a good deal of Ella, and hoping that his absence would not have distressed her; but he was also thinking a good deal of the old woman whose eyes he had closed last night and of the marvellous way in which the lines of care, drawn by eighty years, had been smoothed out in a few minutes by the hand of Death.

(To be continued.)

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Ross Self Sealers

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—for interior or exterior painting on wooden surfaces Ramsay's is unsurpassed.

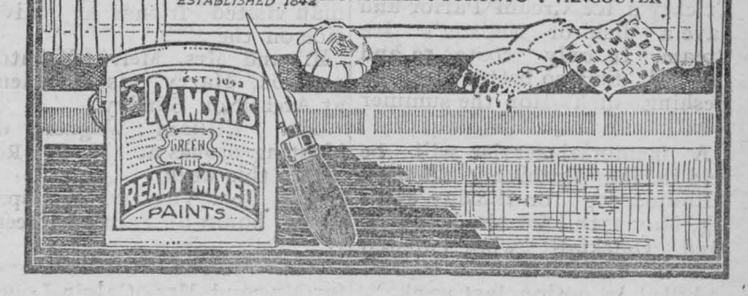
The quality of the ingredients and the well-balanced porportions give Ramsay's Paints unusual spreading and covering capacity as well as durability and protective properties.

Local Ramsay Dealer will serve you with any information you may desire—or write to us direct.

A. RAMSAY & SON COMPANY

Makers of Fine Paints and Varnishes 5

ESTABLISHED 1842 MONTREAL : TORONTO : VANCOUVER



About the House





What the Doctor Orders.

Often the doctor will say, "Give the baby barley water. Easily said, thinks the mother, but how does one make it? Or, worse still, she doesn't think at all and hurries home to cook up something that is far from the healthful thing the doctor intended. Here are a few recipes for foods frequently used in caring for the children.

Barley Water.—Two tablespoonfuls of pearl barley, one quart of water. Boil continuously for six hours; as the water boils away, add more, keeping the quantity one quart. Strain through coarse muslin. It is well to soak the barley before cooking it.

Barley Water with Prepared Flour. —One tablespoonful of prepared barley flour, twelve ounces (one and one-half cupfuls) of water. Boil twenty minutes.

Oatmeal Water.—One tablespoonful of oatmeal blended with one tablespoonful of cold water. Add speck of salt. Stir in one quart of boiling water. Boil three hours, adding water as it boils away. Strain through fine sieve or cheese-cloth. After the sixth month, either barley or oatmeal water may be used in preparing the infant's food, instead of plain water. Barley water is to be used when there is looseness of the bowels, and the oatmeal when the tendency is toward constipation.

Barley Gruel.—Blend two table spoonfuls of barley flour with a little cold milk, and stir into one quart of scalded milk. Cook in double boiler two hours. Add a little salt and sugar. Strain.

Oatmeal Gruel.—To three cupfuls of boiling water add one-half cupful of coarse oatmeal and one-half teaspoonful of salt. Cook five hours in double boiler. Dilute with hot milk, and strain.

Farina Gruel.—One tablespoonful of farina, one pint of water, one teaspoonful of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of salt. Put into one pint of boiling water the salt and farina; cook for twenty minutes; strain, and add sufficient milk to obtain the desired consistency.

Rice Water.—Wash two tablespoonfuls of rice. Add one pint of cold water and a little salt. Cook one hour. Dilute with boiling water, and strain.

Toast Water. — Toast sufficient bread to make, when broken into small pieces, two cupfuls. Add to this one pint of boiling water, and let stand one hour. Strain through cheese-cloth. Serve hot or cold.

Flaxseed Tea.—Wash carefully two tablespoonfuls of whole flaxseed. Add four cupfuls of cold water (one quart). Cook slowly one hour. Add a little lemon-juice and sugar. Dilute with hot water, if necessary, and strain.

Plain Tapioca.—Add to one cupful of scalded milk, in double boiler, one ane one-half tablespoonfuls of granulated tapioca, two teaspoonfuls of sugar, a little salt, and a dash of nutmeg. Cook for fifteen minutes.

Plain Bread Pudding.—Scald one cupful of milk. To a beaten egg add one tablespoonful of sugar and a pinch of salt. Pour on this mixture gradually the scalding milk. Add one cupful of stale bread cut into half-inch cubes. Bake in buttered pudding-dish, in moderate oven, until custard is set. Serve with milk.

Albuminized Milk.—Beat up the white of an egg till light; add a good-sized pinch of salt, four ounces of fresh sterilized milk, and sugar if desired.

Beef-Juice.—Chop and broil slightly lean meat from the round. Squeeze by means of small hand-press or lemon-squeezer into a warm cup. Salt and serve immediately. One pound of round steak usually yields from two to three ounces of juice.

Beef Tea.—Cut in small pieces one pound of round steak from which all fat has been removed; cover with one pint of cold water; let soak one-half hour; put into a preserve-jar, and cover closely. The jar is placed in another vessel containing cold water. Heat this slowly. Cook for two or three hours, strain and season.

Value of Cheese in Your Diet.

Canadian women have long regarded cheese merely as an accessory to the diet, and not as a staple supplying real food value. In fact, most women believe cheese, when used in large quantities is indigestible and harmful.

Experts of the Department of Agriculture have found that cheese is seldom a cause of physiological disturbances, and may easily be used as the chief source of nitrogeneous food.

When cheese is served as a substitute for meat or other staple—and this has been done very successfully—housekeepers should regulate carefully the other part of the same menu as they now select vegetables according to the meat they intend to have, as green peas with lamb. With cheese crisp, fresh vegetables, as lettuce, celery and water cress, should be used, with or without dressing. Fruits, plain or in salad form, are also very good.

It is not generally known that cheese has nearly twice as much protein, weight for weight, as beef, and that its food value is more than twice as great. It contains 25 per cent. more protein than the same weight of porterhouse steak as purchased, and nearly twice as much fat.

Biscuits.

Things to remember in biscuit making:

Select the best flour.

Have flour thoroughly sifted.

Have liquid chilled.

Have shortening just soft enough to rub in with tips of fingers.

After adding liquid, handle as little and as lightly as possible.

Baking Powder Biscuits.—2 cups flour, 2 teaspoons baking powder, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 cup milk and water (half each), 1 tablespoon butter, 1 tablespoon lard.

Sift the flour, salt and baking powder together, twice. Cream butter and lard together, and add to the dry ingredients, using the tips of fingers. Then add the liquid, mixing with a knife until you have a very soft dough. Place on a mixing board and pat out lightly until three-quarters of an inch thick. Cut out and bake in a hot oven for 15 minutes. This will make 2 dozen biscuits.

Cheese can be combined with many more vegetables than is generally supposed.



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City Eye Specialists Tell How To Strengthen Eyesight 50% In a Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

Boston, Mass.—Victims of eye strain and other eye weaknesses, and those who wear glasses, will be glad to know that Doctors and Eye Specialists now agree there is real hope and help for them. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored and many who once wore glasses say they have thrown them away. One man says, after using it: "I was almost blind. Could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without my glasses, and my eyes do not hurt any more. At night they would pain dreadfully. Now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can read even fine print without glasses." Another who used it says: "I was bothered with eye strain caused by overworked, tired eyes which induced fierce headaches. I have worn glasses for several years, both for distance and work, and without them I could not read my own name on an envelope or the typewriting on the machine before me. I can do both now, and have discarded my long distance glasses altogether. I can count the fluttering leaves on the trees across the street now, which for several years have looked like a dim green blur to me. I cannot express my joy at what it has done for me."

It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time, and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses.

Dr. Beck, an eye specialist of nearly twenty years practice, says: "A patient came to me who was suffering from Blepharitis Marginalis with all the concomitant symptoms, as morning agglutination of the lids, chronic conjunctivitis and ephiphora. Her eyes when not congested had the dull, suffused expression common to such cases. Having run out of her medicine a friend suggested Bon-Opto. She used this treatment and not only overcame her distressing condition, but strange and amazing as it may seem, so strengthened her eyesight that she was able to dispense with her distance glasses and her headache and neuralgia left her. In this instance I should say her eyesight was improved 100%. I have since verified the efficacy of this treatment in a number of cases and have seen the eyesight improve from 25 to 75 per cent in a remarkably short time. I can say it works more quickly than any other remedy I have prescribed for the eyes."

Dr. Smith, an oculist of wide experience, says: "I have treated in private practice a number of serious opthalmic diseases with Bon-Opto and am able to report ultimate recovery in both acute and chronic cases. Mr. B. came to my office suffering with an infected eye. The condition was so serious that an operation for enucleation seemed imperative. Before resorting to the operative treatment I prescribed Bon-Opto and in 24 hours the secretion had lessened, inflammatory symptoms began to subside, and in seven days the eye was cured and retained its normal vision. Another case of extreme convergent strabismus (cross eyes) escaped the surgeon's knife by the timely use of your collyrium. The tightened external muscles yielded to the soothing and anodyne effects of Bon-Opto. I always instil Bon-Opto after removal of foreign bodies and apply it locally to all burns, ulcers and spots on the eyeball or the lids for its therapeutic effect. By cleansing the lids of secretions and acting as a tonic for the eyeball itself the vision is rendered more acute, hence the number of cases of discarded glasses."

Dr. Conner says: "My eyes were in bad condition owing to the severe strain arising from protracted microscopical research work. Bon-Opto used according to directions rendered a surprising service. I found my eyes remarkably strengthened, so much so I have put aside my glasses without discomfort. Several of my colleagues have also used it and we are agreed as to its results. In a few days, under my observation, the eyes of an astigmatic case were so improved that glasses have been discarded by the patient."

Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by the use of Bon-Opto and if you want to strengthen your eyes, go to any drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and let it dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start, and inflammation and redness will quickly disappear. If your eyes bother you even a little it is your duty to take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have saved their sight if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: A city physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Yes, Bon-Opto is a remarkable eye remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. I have used it very successfully in my own practice on patients whose eyes were strained through overwork or misfit glasses. I can highly recommend it in case of weak, watery, aching, smarting, itching, burning eyes, red lids, blurred vision or for eyes inflamed from exposure to smoke, sun, dust or wind. It is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." Bon-Opto is not a patent medicine or secret remedy. It is an ethical preparation, the formula being printed on the package. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances, or refund the money. It is dispensed by all good druggists, including general stores; also by G. Tamblyn and T. Eaton & Co., Toronto.



Farm Crop Queries



Henry G. Bell.

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.

Question—T. A. L.:—What is the best way for putting fertilizer on for potatoes and how much fertilizer would you put on a quarter of an acre? Should the fertilizer be mixed with earth before the potatoe are put in or would it be all right put in the hills with the seed? I have just read it would burn seed.

Answer:—Two hundreds pounds of fertilizer to the quarter-acre is a moderate application for potatoes. This fertilizer should analyze 2% ammonia, 8 to 10% available phosphoric acid and 1 to 2% potash, if obtainable. In applying this, scatter 100 pounds over the quarter-acre when the ground has been dug or plowed. The harrowing or raking of the ground will work this available plantfood into the soil. When the holes or drills for the potatoes are made, scatter the remaining hundred pounds of fertilizer in a light dust along the potato furrows, or into the holes where the potatoes are to be dropped. Cover this with a light dusting of soil before dropping the potato pieces. There is no danger of fertilizers burning seed if care is taken to mix the soil and fertilizer as described. When the foregoing has been done, drop the seed and cover as usual. It is sometimes found highly advantageous to scatter another light application of fertilizers around the potato hills or along the rows when the plants are up two or three inches. This can be worked into the soil when the potatoes are cultivated.

Question—W. W. L.:—Please send me full particulars how to treat potatoes before planting to prevent top blight.

Answer:—No pre-planting treatment can be given to potatoes to prevent blight. If possible, make sure that the potatoes being used for seed were not produced on a field that has been infected with blight. The blight winters in the tubers, and sends its fine threads up through the stalks where they flower on the surface of the leaves of the plant. When the disease matures it sends out large quantities of tiny spores. When these spores light on other damp potato plants, they infect the other plants with late blight disease. To prevent this the potato grower should spray his crop with Bordeaux mixture five to seven times during the growing season. Begin as soon as potato plants are up three or four inches and spray at intervals of 10 days to two weeks.

Bordeaux mixture is composed of 5 lbs. of lime, 5 lbs. of copper sulphate and 50 gallons of water. Dissolve the lime and the copper sulphate separately, then mix and dilute with the water. Apply the Bordeaux mixture immediately, since the mixed material will not retain its strength if allowed to stand any length of time. The dissolved lime and dissolved copper sulphate may be stored un-mixed, and just sufficient for the spraying mixed up at the times desired. The proper quantities can easily be calculated from the mixture given above.

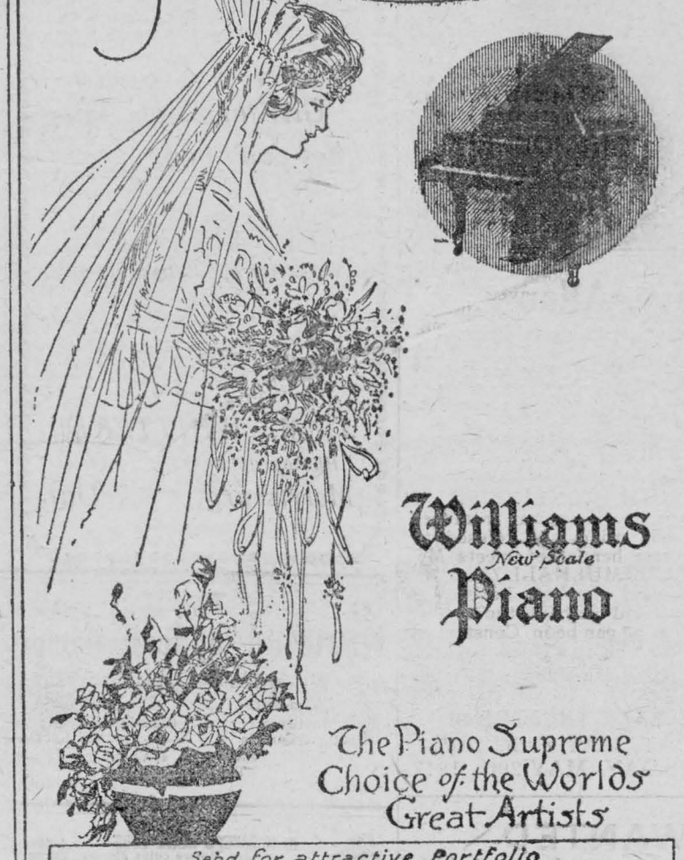
To prevent scab and to assist in control of the spores of other diseases, it is beneficial to dip potatoes in a mixture of corrosive sublimate, one part to a thousand, by weight. Dissolve a tablet in a quart of water, or an ounce in 30 quarts of water, and soak the potatoes for two hours. This material is very poisonous and must be handled with great care. Potatoes which have been treated should never be used for human or animal food.

You can prevent potato scab by soaking the potatoes in a solution of one pint of formalin to 30 gallons of water. They should remain in the solution about 20 minutes. Formalin is a gas dissolved in water. It kills the spores on the surface of the potato but does not injure the food value.

Question—C. D. E.:—Is fertilizer that has been stored up in a dry shed for two years as good as fresh fertilizer?

Answer:—If the fertilizer has been stored in a dry place, it will not have lost plantfood through storage. However, before you use it, you should empty it out on a hard floor and break it up by pounding, after which it should be shoveled through a sand screen. This will put it in good condition for drilling.

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Your Problems





Conducted by Mrs Helen Law

Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed.

Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 235 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

S. R.:—1. Between two and three weeks before the ceremony is the time for sending out invitations to a wedding. Announcements may be sent to those who do not attend the ceremony. 2. It is perfectly good form to have no attendants at a quiet home wedding. The bride may wear a veil with a simple white dress and it is not necessary to wear gloves when the sleeves are long. 3. Yes, have music very soft and sweet during the ceremony.

W. E. B.:—These are some of the most commonly known meanings attached to certain flowers: Oak, patriotism; myrtle, beauty; olive, peace; ivy, revelry; roses, love; apple blossom, preference; buttercup, riches; anemone, frailty, anticipation; dandelion, coquetry; daffodil, unrequited love; lilas, fastidiousness; narcissus, self-love; marigold, contempt; goldenrod, encouragement; lily, majesty, purity; calla, magnificent beauty; forget-me-not, true love; poppy, oblivion; amaranth, immortality; gentian, virgin pride; geranium, deceit; foxglove, insincerity; hyacinth, sorrow; honeysuckle, fidelity; pansy, thoughts; heliotrope, devotion; sweet William, gallantry; candytuft, indifference; cowslip, youthful beauty; white violet, modesty, and snowdrop, friendship in need.

M. K.:—It is not natural for your child to be afraid of the dark. He should never be allowed to believe that darkness holds special terrors. Permit no one to frighten him by playing "ghost." Permit no one to tell him stories of the gruesome or the supernatural. But in spite of all your precautions, if any one of the household shows a dread of the dark, this dread is likely to be noticed by the child, and you know example is stronger that precept.

T. H.:—1. It is not good form to use any ink except blue black for correspondence. Seals on letters are entirely proper if they are quite small and nicely applied. 2. No answer is required to a wedding announcement.

L. R.:—A vegetarian diet includes all the good grains, nuts, eggs, cheese, milk, cream and honey, besides all the fresh and dried fruits. This does not sound like starvation, does it? Rather like a generous plenty. Three meals a day with no "piecing" is the diet rule. Plenty of fresh, pure water, except with meals. Coffee and tea are allowed, but it is better to do without them.

R. P.:—The author of the poem "Green Things Growing" is Dinah Maria Mulock Craik (1826-1887). She was an English novelist, best known under the name of "Miss Mulock" and as the author of "John Halifax, Gentleman."

W. M.:—Here is a set of rules which every boy and girl would do well to follow, and which I hope will answer your requirements:

Be brave. Courage is the noblest of all gifts.

Be silent while your elders are speaking, and otherwise show them deference.

Obey. Obedience is the first duty of every boy and girl.

Be clean. Both yourself and the place you live in.

Understand and respect your body. It is the temple of the Spirit.

Be the friend of all harmless wild life. Conserve the woods and flowers, and especially be ready to fight wild fire in forest or in town.

Word of honor is sacred.

Play fair. Foul play is treachery.

Be reverent. Worship the Great Spirit and respect all worship of Him by others.

Be kind. Do at least one act of unbargaining service every day.

Be helpful. Do your share of the work.

Be joyful. Seek the joy of being alive.

Music in the Home

The Educational Value of Music—The Power of Modern Musical Instruments to Reproduce and Intrepret the Old Masters.

That some knowledge of music is essential to a well-balanced life is now an almost established fact. Music, let it be noted, is the instinctive impulse of the human being from the cradle up, and it reverberates the world over. It is the adorable gift of God, which instinctively seeks to express itself in a manner more fundamentally natural, perhaps, than speech itself.

Who has not been attracted by the cooing music of the cradled babe long ere it sought to utter a word. Does it seem natural to instinctively crave to express one's every sense of feeling in speech? The claims of music for greater educational recognition are so manifold that one wonders that it is not given more prominence and taught more thoroughly in our public schools.

What magnificent opportunities there are for the pupils of to-day to enhance their musical education, as compared with the hard striving times of the old masters, who had to content themselves with such limited instruments as the old harpsichord. Can you imagine how manifestly grateful Bach, Handel and other old masters would have been had they at their disposal such high grade pianos, as manufactured to-day, capable of responding to every emotion? It is difficult to conceive how it was possible for these old masters to give to the world such beautiful and immortal works, handicapped, we might say, with such inferior instruments. Were they in possession of such perfected instruments as we have to-day, who could conjecture what undiscovered form of music might have been handed down to us.

From the educational standpoint how potential would be the influence to-day if the wonderful mechanical musical instruments, with their appliances, we now have, existed two hundred and fifty years ago, thus enabling Bach, Handel, Haydn, Mozart and other illustrious old masters to relegate to posterity faithful reproductions of their performances by means of the player-piano and phonographs.

Inasmuch as it would be of priceless value to have such recordings at this time, present-day pupils and teachers will find, and some have already found from experience, that the records made by some of our eminent artists of to-day afford possibly unequalled facilities for acquiring certain phases of musical knowledge. The teacher of musical history when reviewing epochs and events, giving biographical sketches of composers and classifying the different schools and forms of music, will find the player piano and phonograph, or either one, invaluable by demonstrating the record suitable for the occasion. When studying tonal effects of the different instruments, the phonograph record would indeed be very helpful and highly interesting.

While perhaps being efficient in the art of voice production there are many teachers who are far from being masters of interpretation, especially in some of the grand opera arias, for the reason that they have not had the opportunity of witnessing performances by artists of the highest rank. In many vocal studios is the phonograph finding itself useful as a coach, as also it is in the homes of many pupils.

It is questionable that the potentialities of the player-piano and phonograph have been fully realized. It was an extremely delicate and difficult matter to convince such artists as Patti, Melba, and other prominent artists of the possibilities of the phonograph, as likewise it was Paderejewski, Greig, Moszkowski, etc., in regard to the player-piano. It is said that so highly are the master rolls and records of some of these masters valued that they are carefully stored away in specially constructed vaults in Paris and elsewhere for revelation to music students in years to come.

Music, the subtlest, the most powerful joy of life, that in which solace is found, lives within all. Within many it is dormant—it needs kindling.

The Sunday School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON MAY 27.

Lesson IX.—The Holy Spirit and His Work—John 15. 26 to 16. 14. Golden Text—John 14. 26

Verse 26. Paraclete (margin)—We seem driven to borrow the Greek word (as in the case of baptize, and a few others) to express what no one English word will render. Comforter is grammatically wrong—the form is passive—and far too narrow. Advocate (margin) suits 1 John 2. 1 exactly, and comes nearer than other terms here, but is hardly wide enough. The central point is that the Paraclete, "called in" (this is what the word means), to help us, performs the same part as the other Paraclete, who has gone to be our Representative "with the Father." It is actually impossible to mention any function assigned in Scripture to the Holy Spirit which is not somewhere else assigned to the glorified Christ. Representative fairly joins this passage with that in the Epistle. I will send—That the Spirit "proceedeth from the Father and the Son" is one of the most palpable facts in New Testament theology. What the Eastern church meant when it insisted on dropping from the creed the Filisque, is an unsolved mystery.

27. Bear ye also witness (margin): this seems better. It is significant that men are bidden to perform the same function as the Divine Spirit, of course by his indwelling strength. There is a similar association in Acts 15. 28.

7. Go away—From visible fellowship: "I am with you all the days" remains true. The Father to whom he goes is ever infinitely near. He means that his spiritual presence is better for them than his bodily: it becomes a more intimate part of the man. The disciples would not have learnt independence and initiative: they would have always waited for express commands. The substitution of his spiritual Representative brought the needful self-reliance: the true self is only complete when God is interfused deeply.

8. Convict—The "world"—which in John nearly always means the world as it is, in rebellion—fights against the true view of all these great subjects. The inspired disciples will reduce it to helpless silence: it cannot "withstand the wisdom and the Spirit by which" they speak (Acts 6. 10).

9. Sin, as normally in the New Testament, is the failure to accept a positive duty, not the mere doing of something wrong. With us omission is treated lightly as against commission: and that is why we have failed so grievously in our practical doctrine of sin. The work of God—for all those to whom the Gospel has come—is to believe on the Sent of God (John 6. 29). For this saving faith carries with it inseparably the fulfilment of all God's law.

10. The world condemned Jesus as a blasphemer and "unrighteous"; one recalls Plato's great demonstration that if ever an ideally righteous man appeared he would be counted as perfectly unrighteous and martyred as such. His disappearance from men's eyes, and enthronement at God's right hand—evidenced by the resurrection, and the mighty works of his Spirit in his disciples, finally "justified" him.

11. Judged—As usual, of a condemnatory judgment. The "world" has a "ruler" of its own choosing: compare Luke 4. 6.

12. There have been many bad guesses as to the field in which these truths lie. Surely it must be mainly in the meeting of his death, which they could not bear until the incredible was a supreme fact.

13. Paul's interpretation of Calvary is the greatest of all instances; see Gal. 1. 12. From himself, for each Person in the Godhead speaks for the Triune.

14. Glorify — Interpret, reveal, when used of God or Christ, who only need knowing to be glorious.

Poultry

Pointers on Marketing.

Most of the market poultry sold is marketed in about one-sixth of the year, that is, in the autumn. As a result prices suddenly fall when farmers are about ready to sell. The congestion means that part of it must be put into cold storage, and produce once stored does not bring so high a price as the fresh quality. This means lowered prices for the farmer.

The remedy lies with the producer. He should distribute his produce over more of the twelve months than he does. To do this requires different methods of handling his poultry than he has practised in the past. For instance, instead of keeping the spring chicks all summer, some of them might be marketed throughout the season as broilers. Broilers bring two or three times as much per pound in May and early June as they would bring as roaasters in the fall.

Broilers are chickens weighing under 2½ pounds. The best way to feed broilers is to give a palatable mash in a clean yard, mix the mash with milk if possible, give some green food and keep everything clean and the chicks free from lice.

When convenient, bleeding and dry plucking are advised before selling, though, if the weather is warm and local killing facilities not good, it may pay to ship alive.

Hens that have completed their second laying winter and have passed through the breeding season, should be marketed as soon as the breeding season is over rather than be kept until the fall.

Hens in June or July bring from 50 to 100 per cent. more than they do in October because they are then the only roasters on the market.

Green ducks, that is, ducks that have just completed their first coat of feathers, should be marketed early rather than be kept until fall. The Experimental Farm at Ottawa reports that 65 young ducks sold at 10½ weeks of age brought on the local market about 200 per cent. more than it cost to feed them, or in other words they cost for feed $20 and at 10½ weeks of age they brought $60. Similar ducks that were sold in the fall did not pay for the cost of feed.

Market in June.

All roosters, old hens, early broilers, green ducks.

During the first week in June, kill off, dispose of or remove from the flock, the male birds after the breeding season. Their presence in the flock after this date causes a loss of a million dollars a year to Canadian farmers through the sale of partially incubated and bad eggs in the produce which is marketed. All old hens should also be marketed at this date.

Cuts Labor in Half

Do you first disinfect, and then go over all surfaces again with whitewash in order to keep your stables, dairies and poultry houses bright, cheerful and free of lice, mites, fly eggs and the germs of roup, white diarrhea, cholera, glanders, etc?

Such a method is a waste of time, money and labor. Use Carbola instead—it does the two things at the same time. It is a disinfectant that dries out white—not dark and colorless—and gives much better results.

CARBOLA

Carbola is a mineral pigment combined with a germicide twenty times stronger than pure carbolic acid. Comes in powder form, ready to use as soon as mixed with water. Applied with brush or sprayer. Will not clog sprayer. Will not flake, blister or peel off nor spoil by standing. No disagreeable odor. Absolutely non-poisonous.

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Horse Sense

Foot punctures, caused by treading upon sharp objects, result in lameness, and, in many cases, the nail or other object is visible when the foot is lifted. Remove foreign body, pare wall down to the sensitive part, fill the opening with 1 part iodiform to 6 parts boracic acid and keep so until lameness disappears, then get shod with a leather shoe as for corn.

Plan for a variety of horse feeds. Barley is an excellent grain for a horse; also peas. These, of course, should be crushed before feeding.

If the breeding mare is inclined to have too little milk, feed her for a month or six weeks before foaling, with this end in view. Give her clover-hay, wheat bran, oats and carrots. Be sure that she has exercise in the open air every day. She should spend the warm part of every day in a sheltered yard.

Light work will not injure her, but comparatively few men have sufficient judgment to work a valuable breeding mare with safety.

Don't give the breeding mare corn.

A properly fitted collar will not rub any part of the shoulder. Collars should fit snugly on top and on the sides.

Bedtime Stories

The Story of Rumble and Grumble.

Rumble and Grumble were the sons of the Stubbletail Bears, who occupied a comfortable cave in the Yellowstone Reservation. Rumble was stronger on voice than on his legs, and Grumble was stronger on his legs than on his voice, but, anyway, they got along most amicably and loved each other as only bear brothers can.

One day Rumble and Grumble slipped away from their parents, who were industriously picking berries, and started off by themselves. "We will be perfectly safe," said Rumble, "for, if anything happens, I have only to use my powerful voice and you your powerful legs, and everything will be all right. "Quite so!" growled Grumble. They were rather well-spoken young bears, as you will notice from their speech, coming in contact with tourists, as they did!

The sun was hot and the trail taken by the two little bear cubs very rough and stony. It was not long before Rumble said his legs were going back on him, which is another way of saying he was tired. Grumble said never mind, that his voice was still hearty, and while they were discussing it a twist in the trail showed them a little mountain burro, fast asleep, with his head and tail drooping down. "Why should you not ride, as the two-legged visitors do, dear brother?" suggested Grumble, wiggling his ears gently. "I will lead this foolish beast and we can thus get upon our journey!"

Rumble swung bashfully to and fro, then at Grumble's suggestion climbed into a tree and dropped plump upon the burro's back. Open flew the donkey's eyes, up flew his ears. The two brothers, seeing that a crisis was at hand, did that which each did best; that is to say, Rumble used his voice and Grumble his legs. The roar of the little cub so discomfited the burro that he also used his legs, and as Grumble was quite near, it ended disastrously for him. Over the edge of the precipice he bowled, bump! bump! bump! And if he had not caught in the crotch of a tree jutting out about half way to the bottom—well, he would have been nothing but a little bearskin rug, I am afraid.

Rumble was faring no better. The burro was still using his legs, skeeting down the trail at such a rate that poor Rumble was shaken almost to a jelly. Kerbump! kerflump! he pounded up and down upon the worn old saddle, clinging for dear life and with the senses quite jolted out of him. But suddenly he remembered, and, opening his mouth, screamed and growled and roared for all he was worth. One particularly shrill screech so alarmed the burro that he stopped with a suddenness that sent Rumble flying over his head. He landed with an unpleasant thud, and the burro, giving him one outraged white-eyed look of terror, ran clear out of the story.

For all I know, Rumble stayed there till rescued by his doting parents or by Grumble, whose legs would surely help him out of his difficulty. I only know that they were somehow restored to their family, because I saw them playing roly-poly-slide-down-the-hill in front of Mrs. John Stubbletail's cave the other morning.

The Dairy

Don't sacrifice any heifer calf from a first-class dairy cow.

Cottonseed-meal is a valuable feed in connection with pasture. It is a good cream and butter feed, and the fertilizing values can be passed on to the land.

Give the cows a good feeding of hay before turning into the fresh pasture.

This will prevent the excessive scouring that results from a too liberal supply of fresh grass.

The cows should be left in the pasture only a few hours the first day.

For several days they should be left on green feed only a half day.

Put the cows on the low ground where the coarse grass springs up and grows rankly at the start. If this grass is left uncropped it becomes tough and will not be eaten at all.

Calves can be raised perfectly on skimmed milk.

Pumpkins made excellent autumn feed for dairy cows, and the labor required in production is quite limited in proportion to the value of the crop.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales May 19
Williamsburg, May 22
Morrisburg, May 23 to June 2

EDITH K. NEILSON,
L. T. C. M.,
Graduate of the Toronto Conservatory of Music.
Pupils prepared for all grades of the Conservatory pionoforte examinations :: :: ::
Studio at Mrs. Percy Nash's

Mrs. Wilson and Miss Johnson representing the California Perfume Co., paid a visit to the local agent, Mrs. Henry Clark, on Monday of this week.

Mr. Wm. Brydges of Ogdensburg spent the first part of the week in town.

Mr. H. M. Ouderkirk, formerly of Cardinal, who has purchased the Windsor House will keep open to the public. An up-to-date Millinery Shop has been opened in connection with the hotel.

Mr. R. Silsmer of the Bank of Ottawa staff returned to his duties after spending a couple of weeks' holidays with his parents in Chesterville.

My stock of plants is larger and better than ever. Anyone wishing Tomato, Cabbage Cauliflower or Celery Plants call at A. J. Harrison's.

A memorial service for Pts. Freen Rice and Fred Quickfall will be held in St. James Church, Sunday, May 27th., at 2 p.m.

Mrs. Geo. H. Hanes and Geo. Jr., of Chicago are home for a visit.

Word was received by relatives in town that Charles Robertson of Winchester who enlisted with the 154th, was reported as killed in action on Friday last. Pte Robertson was a nephew of Mrs. Henry Clark of this town.

Dr. Grant C. Madill of Ogdensburg, well and favorably known in this district has joined the Medical Reserve Corps of the U. S. Army.

Misses Annie Barkley and Jennie Veitch of Madrid, N.Y., spent the week-end with the former's aunt, Mrs. Annie Mouthrop.

Four Thousand transplanted tomato plants for sale at F. W. Herbick's.

Mr. Charles Deschamps of Kingston is spending a few days with his sister, Mrs. W. Fro[illegible].

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Godfrey of Montreal spent the week-end with Mrs. Wm. Allison.

Mr. Arnold Allen of the Bank of Ottawa has been transferred to Avonmore. During his sojourn in our midst Mr. Allen has made many warm friends who regret his departure.

Mrs. Jas. Lyle returned home last week after spending the winter with her daughter in Pittsburg, Pa.

Mrs. S. E. Stanfield and children of Montreal have arrived in town to spend the summer.

Dr. G. O. Barclay, Miss Verlie Barclay and Mr. W. A. Balharrie of Ottawa, also Mrs. G. Barclay, S. F. Barclay and Miss Lillian Smith of Winchester spent Sunday at the home of F. W. Barclay.

The Misses Ault will hold a Public Sale of their household effects on Saturday, May 26th.

Mr. Robert Buchan of the Bank of Ottawa, Montreal, spent the week-end at his home here.

Mr. Donald Stata left on Saturday for his home in Asbestos, Que.

Mr. Alfred Clement has purchased the property on Church Street, formerly occupied by Mr. J. C. Eamon.

Mrs. N. M. Stuart and Miss Laura Stuart returned home on Monday night after spending the past month in Montreal.

Miss Tindale of Ogdensburg was the guest of Mr. and Mrs Howard Tindale a few days this week.

Vegetable Plants of all kinds for sale at F. W. Herbick's.

Mr. Martin of Bedford, Que., has joined the local staff of the Molsons Bank, succeeding Mr. Boright who was transferred to Wales.

Mrs. F. W. Bowers has arrived in town after an absence of four years, during which time she has travelled from the Atlantic to the Pacific, both in Canada and the United States. Her many friends were delighted to welcome her home.

Hon. Andrew Broder was on Tuesday removed to the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, for further treatment.

Mrs. H. Hartell and Master John are visiting in Montreal and places of interest in New Brunswick.

Mr. R. H. Ashton announces that his carload of seed potatoes which he will sell at $4.00 per bag, has arrived. Unloading will begin on Saturday, May 26th.

The first detachment from the American Army consisting of 25 surgeons and 65 nurses arrived safely in England on Wednesday, May 22nd.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hummel spent Sunday last in Chesterville with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Fyke.

Spring Bedding Plants

I have a fine assortment of bedding plants; Annuals and House Plants for sale at reasonable prices.

Window Boxes, Vases and Hanging Baskets filled to suit the customer.—A. J. Harrison.

Captain S. N. Dancey, O. C. 2nd Battalion Reinforcing draft has been discharged from the Canadian Expeditionary Forces through orders of Brig-General Hemming, O.C., M.D., No. 3.

Mr. A. C. Casselman, Barrister of Prescott, son of our esteemed townsman, Mr. M. J. Casselman, has joined the colors with the McGill Heavy Artillery. Clare has been busying himself for the last few weeks straightening up business matters and expects to don the Khaki in a week or so. His many friends in this district trust that his usefulness will prove as fruitful as it nas in the professional world, and that he may return to us as fit as he leaves us to complete his already large legal practice from which he departs while vet in its infancy.

The local Canal Police Patrol assumed their duties on Monday night. The personnel is as follows:—Mr. J. Irving, chief; W. G. Baker, Nelson Casselman, J. Campbell, Harry Lamble, Alex. Ernault, Leslie Prunner and Ed Barkley.

Major G. J. Campbell, chief recruiting officer for No. 3 Military District, which includes Dundas County, says this district has enlisted 42,213 men or about eight per cent. of its population and that there are still 12,000 men in this Military District eligible for conscription.

Women's Institute

At the annual meeting of the Women's Institute the following officers were elected:

Pres.—Mrs. I. Hilliard.

1st. Vice Pres.—Mrs. A. Casselman.

2nd. Vice Pres.—Mrs. Goodfellow.

Sec.-Treas.—Miss Grace Merkley.

Red Cross Sec.—Mrs. Ashton.

Directors—Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Will Davy, Mrs. M. C. Gibson.

Auditors—Mrs. J. Ross, Mrs. D. C. Casselman.

Press Reporter—Miss Gould Smith.

District Director—Mrs. McArthur.

Red Cross Committee — Miss M. Loucks, Mrs. J. H. Meikle, Mrs. J. A. Farlinger, Miss Carrie Stata, Mrs. J. McMartin, Mrs. M. C. Gibson, Mrs. G. W. Cook, Mrs. Wotherspoon.

Miss Carrie Stata has offered to act as assistant Red Cross Secretary.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA



"Love Aflame"

A Romantic Comedy-Drama

with a wonderful variety of settings of Constantinople, Cannibal Island, Hobo Life. Side Door Pullmans' Pacific Liner and Rich Society Home A wonderful scene showing a Volcano in eruption and an entire Cannibal Village built especially for this production.

MISS RUTH STONEHOUSE
attractive as a boy, runs away from her sissified cousin whom she refused to marry to please her father. meets Mr.
JACK MULHALL
a rich young man who bets he can go around the world without the aid of skirts and that he can be in Constantinople on a given time as a Hobo.

See the chase the cousin and father with the friends of Jack give them, at

THE STAR THEATRE
MONDAY, MAY 28th, 1917
and TUESDAY, MAY 29th, 1917

WANTED

Farm help, must be good milker and kind to the cattle.

Apply to — A Farmer

* * *

Dear Mr. Farmer;

I am applying for the position your add in this paper calls for. I can milk from 25 to 30 cows per hour, if you give me a boy to assist and carry away the milk. I will milk your cows dry. I do my work perfectly. I have a temperment which will not irritate the cows. They love me and they love me better when they know me. I will work thirty days on trial and if you are not satisfied with me, I will leave. I never stay where I am not wanted. My name is the NATURAL MILKER. I was sent here from the FARM AND DAIRY MACHINERY Co., Toronto. There is a book published which tells all about me. It is free for the asking

THE FARM EQUIPMENT Co.

JAMES A. BUIST
SALESMAN, — MORRISBURG

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

FOR SALE
Two dwelling houses in Morrisburg, both well rented. For particulars apply to,
R. F. LYLE,
BARRISTER,
Morrisburg Ont.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

REDUCED FARES FOR
HOMESEEKERS
To Western Canada

Each Tuesday until October 30th, the Grand Trunk Railway will run HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS. Round trip tickets will be issued at very low fares to all points in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, good via the New Transcontinental or via Chicago, and during the season of navigation, via the Great Lakes. Tourist car accommodation is available and stop-overs are allowed on these tickets.

Full particulars may be had on application to any Grand Trunk Agent.

W. H. McGANNON Local Agent

There are all kinds of
weather but only one kind of
PURITY
FLOUR
Always the same
More Bread and Better Bread



The gift that doesn't require an occasion— that is always timely— your photograph.

Give them something they can't buy.

Make the appointment to-day

J. M. WHITTEKER,
Photographer & Optometrist
Morrisburg, - Ont.

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor

A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College

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MORRISBURG, ONTARIO



DR. McGAHEY'S HEAVE CURE For broken-winded Horses cures Heaves, Chronic Cough and all chronic affections of the throat and lungs. The only medicine in the world that will cure the above disease, making the animal sound in wind and useful to his owner. Price $1.50.

DR. McGAHEY'S KIDNEY & COUGH POWDERS for all acute affections of the throat and lungs, such as Coughs, Colds Distemper, Stocking of the Legs (the result of hard driving), Kidney Trouble, etc. One dose relieves, and one box will cure. Price 50c.

THE DR. McGAHEY MEDICINE CO., KEMPTVILLE, ONT.

D. T. HENDERSON,
Morrisburg, :: Ont

FOR SALE
Chickering piano. Apply at this office.

TO RENT
Two front rooms over The Leader Office and R. H. Bradfield & Co. Store. Apply to
R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

R. A. LISTER MILKING MACHINE
The latest up-to-date milker on the market. Lister Engines, Threshers, Grinders, Silos Corn Blowers, Avery Tracters, Electric Lights &c.
A. H. BECKSTED,
Agent, Morrisburg.

FOR SALE
Farm—Consisting of forty acres more or less, situate along the Nash Road, in the first Concession of the Township of Williamsburg, known as the "Jane Nash Farm." On this property are first class outbuildings and good brick dwelling, also two tenant houses, both in good repair. Also house in good repair to let.
For further particulars apply to
M. J. CASSELMAN, or
HUGH A. YOUNG,
Morrisburg.

TO RENT
Two dwelling houses in Morrisburg. Immediate possession. For particulars apply to
R. F. LYLE,
Barrister,
Morrisburg, Ont.

PASTURE
Situated on the "Jane Nash Farm." Will accommodate ten or twelve young cattle. For particulars apply, J. S. Garlough, D. D. McMillan, Morrisburg. c

New Times—NewChances
Prices Going Up!
Drop us a card. We are paying highest prices for poultry, Junk, Rags, Rubbers, Copper, Lead and Zinc; also all kinds of scrap iron empty bags, and magazines. Satisfaction guaranteed to my customers.
J. S. TEVAN,
Removed—From Main street to Windsor House, Lock street, Morrisburg.
P. O. Box, 144 - - 'Phone 28

NOTICE

I will pay highest prices for rags, rubbers, copper, brass, zinc, lead and all kinds of scrap iron. For best service 'phone 63 or write
Owing to the fact that certain rumors are about that I have engaged certain parties to work with me, I beg to inform the public that these rumors are entirely false. I will call on you personally; hold all your junk until I call myself.
SAM AGULNICK,
Box 17, - - Morrisburg

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874
Paid Up Capital - - $4,000,000
Rest - - - - $4,750,000
95 OFFICES IN CANADA

Farmer's Banking
receives careful, courteous attention.
Savings Bank Department at every Branch.
Sale Notes Discounted

Morrisburg Branch — B. A. HERRING, Manager.

House To Rent

Handsome Brick Residence on Main St. with all modern conveniences, formerly occupied by Miss Ault. Apply to - - - - -

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GENERAL MERCHANTS,
MORRISBURG, — ONT.

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Clean Up, Paint Up

We have the Paint —
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English Paint. A Strictly Pure paint for all purposes—Porch Floors, inside Floors or Walls Inside or outside. :: ::
To Know this paint best is to try it, if only a Small Can, and you will be Convinced of its Merit. :: ::

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Hardware, Groceries, Flour and Feed
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IT'S A PLEASURE to burn our coal says the lady who has used it. It is the free buzning, clean coal that gives the best satisfaction If you will try a ton we feel sure you will agree with us that it is the best coal to be had

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Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE
The Greatest Shingle Proposition on the Market.
BAMWELL NOXIE WIREFENCE ALWAYS IN STOCK.

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