The Leader

Vol. XVIII, No 40 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, OCT. 4 1918

HOW TO REDUCE THE COST OF LIVING

PATRONIZE YOUR LOCAL COLDSTORAGE



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It is the Law of Life.

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Which will stand any amount of heat, highly glazed, inside finished in white, outside light brown finish. This is the finest class of pottery ware and will stand hard wear.

This line of ware can be had in Jardiniers of various sizes from 6 to 9 inches; Water Pitchers in different designs, and Pudding, Mixing bowls, Casseroles, round and oval, Custard and Ramekins, Teapots in black, brown and white finish; Bean pots and other useful articles.

Do not compare these goods with the cheap crockery ware as usually sold, as it is superior in both quality and finish.

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are guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction to the user. The following is quoted from the instruction book in each Ford car; "There is nothing to be gained by experimenting with different makes of plugs. The make of plugs with which Ford engines are equipped when they leave the factory are best adapted to the requirements of your motor."

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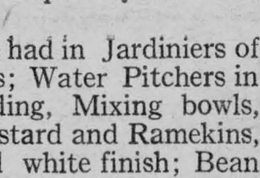
cannot be excelled, regardless of price. The electric welded cross sections, are carefully hardened, resulting in links with a diamond hard surface and tough inner core, thus assuring a maximum of strength and wear. The Rim Chain is rust proof and Cross Chains copper p ated.



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THE HARDWARE STORE--OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

Morrisburg, : : : ; Ont.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Robert Armstrong

On Monday afternoon, Sept. 30th., a former resident of Morrisburg, the late Mrs. Robert Armstrong, was laid at rest in Mount Pleasant cemetery. The service at Morrisburg, which was most impressive, was held in Knox Church by the Rev. Mr. Cameron, assisted by the Rev. Mr. McKinnon, Mountain. A large number of friends of the deceased lady attended, many being from outside points, including, Mr. and Mrs. Clar Hyndman, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Hyndman, Mr. R. Mulholland, Mountain; Mr. and Mrs. R. Wilson, Mrs Doran, Mr. and Mrs. J. Armstrong, Mrs. (Dr.) Stevenson, Mrs. Soper, and Miss Shaver of Iroquois; Mrs. N. Millar, Miss Lizzie Armstrong Mrs. J. P. Lawrence, Mr. Sandy Lawrence, of Spencerville, and Mr. Owen Froom of Toronto. Messrs. James Gillespie, Broder Robertson, Charles McMartin, Ernest Farlinger, William Farlinger and Frank Stata acted as pall-bearers.

"Safe in the Arms of Jesus," "Peace, Perfect Peace," and "Nearer My God to Thee," favorite hymns of Mrs. Armstrong's were sung; the many beautiful floral tributes testified to the esteem in which the deceased was held.

For the last eleven years, Mrs Armstrong had resided in Toronto and a private service was held at her home there on Sunday evening, conducted by the Rev. Mr. Morden of St. James Square Presbyterian Church, where Mrs. Armstrong was a member. Mr. Morden spoke feelingly of the deceased lady's patience and fortitude, and the bright spirit with which she bore her long illness.

Mrs. Armstrong had been in poor health for the last year, and had been confined to bed for several weeks prior to her death, which resulted from heart trouble. Having the best of medical care, it was hoped until very shortly before she died, that she would regain a measure of her wonted vigor; but her heart gradually grew weaker until she passed away on the morning of September 26th. Mrs. Armstrong, who was sixty-eight years of age, was born at Mountain, and from the time of her marriage until her removal to Toronto, had lived at Morrisburg She is survived by her husband and one daughter, Miss Sadie, both of whom were with her constantly; two grandchildren, Mildred and Harry Meikle of Morrisburg; two brothers, Mr. Clark Hyndman and Mr. Robert Hyndman, both of Mountain, and a sister, Mrs. Robert Wilson of Iroquois. A son, Alex., and a daughter, the late Mrs. Fred H. Meikle of Morrisburg, predeceased their mother some years ago.

Mrs. Armstrong, who was a daughter of the late Wm. Hyndman of Mountain, came of old Presbyterian stock, and both at Morrisburg and in Toronto, was a valued member of the Presbyterian Church. In Morrisburg she had been a member of the Women's Missionary Society and on removing to Toronto became a member of the Murray-Mitchell Auxiliary of St. James' Square Church. She was a member also of the Canadian Order of Chosen Friends.

Bright and happy of disposition, and a devoted wife and mother, she won a large circle of friends wherever her lot was cast.

Catholic Army Huts

The Dominion-wide campaign which the Knights of Columbus are conducting on behalf of the Catholic Army Huts has met with the most gratifying success all over the country, in many places the amount sought being exceeded by one hundred per cent. In Morrisburg the collection for this fund will be taken up next Monday and Tuesday Only the members of St. Mary's congregation will be canvassed. Any others who wish to contribute may hand in their donations at W. H. McGannon's office.

SEEKS MORE POWER

Following the granting of additional power rights on the St. Lawrence at the Long Sault Rapids to the St. Lawrence Power Company, another effort is being made by private interests to exploit the river for power purposes. The New York & Ontario Power Company's application for the right to develop additional power from the rapids plants in connection with the Waddington, N.Y., plant was heard before the International Joint Commission this week. The company seeks the right to increase the flow of water through the dam now constructed on the American side of the river by 30,000 cubic feet per second, thus enabling the development of approximately 30,000 more horse power. The company now has power rights of 100,000 horsepower.

Mr. B. B. Tucker, Morrisburg, Resident Engineer of the New York & Ontario Power Company at the hearing, told the Commission that the proposed development work would include a dam approximately 1,100 feet long, 100 feet wide at the bottom and 50 feet at the top. In addition, there would be a super structure for generators. He estimated the total cost of the project based on 1917 prices, at $2,639,000.

Mr. Tucker said that no estimate had been made of the cost on the basis of 1918 price.

The Dominion Government is opposing the company's application on the grounds that:

(1) It will interfere with the full and economic development of the St. Lawrence system as regards the navigation thereof, and the power potentialities therein, which are common to both bordering countries and of equal advantage to each country.

(2) It will interfere with the complete regulation, by a dam at Canada Island, of the level and outflow of Lake Ontario.

(3) The future development of the river will necessitate the acquisition of any rights the applicant may have in the river and the Government of Canada considers it inadvisable to create more.

(4) The St. Lawrence River has enormous potentialities that should be developed in the most efficient and economical manner for future generations.

The Dominion Government claims also that original grantees' rights from the applicants' claim title have lapsed, and that the applicants, as successors, are now asking something entirely different from the privileges granted by the original acts of the Legislature of New York.

MacLean—Wickware

(Moose Jaw Evening Times)

A wedding of interest to many Moose Jaw people was solemnized yesterday afternoon at 5.30 in Zion Methodist Church, when Miss Augusta Eleanor Wickware of Morrisburg, Ont., became the bride of Mr. John A. MacLean, of Rosedale, Alta, Rev. Dr. Eber Crummy was the officiating clergyman.

The bride, becomingly attired in her travelling costume of brown silver tone with hat and veil to match, was given away by her brother-in-law, Mr. N. L. Massey. Her little niece, Miss Roberta Eleanor Massey, preceded her up the aisle carrying a basket of roses and ferns. Throughout the ceremony Miss Mabel Clarry discoursed soft music and during the signing of the register, Miss Winona Massey sang very sweetly, "Because." After the ceremony a wedding dinner was served at the home of Mr. and Mrs. N. L. Massey. The happy couple left on the nine o'clock train for a short honeymoon, after which they will make their home in Rosedale.

Among the out-of-town guests were Mrs. B. S. Wickware, mother of the bride, and Mr. and Mrs. Alex. MacLean, of Lang, Sask.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

RED CROSS NOTES

Red Cross Funds not previously acknowledged: Collected by Miss Annie Hummell, $9.18. From sale of waste paper, Mr. J. H. Meikle, $70.

Total receipts for Red Cross Day, Sept. 2nd, $3,650.89.

* * *

The local Red Cross Society would like to receive donations of clothing for Belgian children; for girls, aged 6 to 15; dresses, coats, all kinds of underwear, stockings and boots.

For boys aged 6 to 15: knickers, blouses, shirts, underwear, stockings and boots. Clothing fo adults is also wanted.. Blankets quilts, shawls and bedding are very much needed. The garments must be new, or if worn, in good repair and clean. All donations to be sent to the local Red Cross rooms in the Farlinger block on Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 16th.

* * *

The executive of the Woman's Institute are very anxious to form a class to take the Demonstration Lecture Course this Winter, on "Home Dressing and First Aid." The demonstrations and lectures in this course will include: Sick Room, Sanitation, Ventilation, Care, etc. Bed-making for various forms of sickness. The Bath, Emergencies. Hot and Cold Applications, Bandaging, Disinfectants and Observation of Symptoms. The Administration of Food and medicine, Baby Hygiene, etc. The terms for the course is 25 cents for Institute Members; 50 cents for non-members. Any young girls or ladies who wish to join these classes, please send their names as soon as possible to Miss Grace Merkley, Secretary of Woman's Institute, Morrisburg, Ont.

HYMENEAL

Swerdfeger—Kennedy

A happy event was solemnized at the parsonage, Finch, on Sept. 25th, 1918, at 8 p.m. when Nellie Florence Kennedy of Colquhoun and Willis H. Swerdfeger of Williamsburg were united in holy bonds of matrimony. Rev. James Leach, officiating. The bride was becomingly dressed in a suit of Navy Blue with white silk blouse, and hat to match. The bride and groom are both well and favorably known and the many friends unite in extending their hearty congratulations, and in wishing them a long, happy, and prosperous career.

BORN

Cramer—At Wolfe Island, Sept. 22nd., to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cramer, a son.

DIED

Cramer—At Wolfe Island, Sept. 25th., infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Cramer. Interment at Aultsville.

PRICES OF CARS WILL BE HIGHER

Bulgaria is out of the war; Turkey will soon follow. Never did things look so well for a complete Allied Victory.

Even though peace be soon declared, prices of cars will continue to soar higher for a year or two at least on account of the scarcity of steel and production curtailed. Now is the time to buy your McLAUGHLIN or NEW MAXWELL at present prices.

You will have a gilt-edged investment with big interest if you buy NOW instead of Spring. Place your order to-day. Don't delay or you may be late in securing one of these cars. : : :

McLaughlin "Light Six"
"Standard" $1700
"Special" $1775

New Maxwell $1395.

Price affective Oct. 4, 1918.

USED CARS

1 Ford (looks like new)
1 1918 Chevrolet (nearly new)

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Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Beware of Frosted Clover.

Caution should be exercised in pasturing red clover after its growth has become checked by frost. Because many farmers have given their horses and cattle free range of clover fields after hard frosts in the fall without injury it is difficult to convince them that it is dangerous to utilize this tempting feed. There are many prudent farmers, however, who, knowing the danger of pasturing frosted clover will not permit horses, cattle or sheep to graze on it. If they do not fear injury to the animals they have learned from observation and experience that there is no surer means of injuring a good stand of clover than to allow stock to graze and trample it down. Even though the frosted clover does not quickly injure the animals that graze on it there is such certainty of injury to the clover plants that it is poor economy to let the stand become injured in the effort to find nourishment from feed of doubtful value.

The extent of injury and time required for it to become known is sure to vary with the condition of the animals given access to the frosted crop. The stock may have a regular ration of roughage and grain at the barn and no visible derangement of the stomach or bowels result, but this proves nothing as to the value of the frosted clover. It merely proves that under certain conditions it is not deadly, and may be used with impunity. But when animals have no other feed than frozen clover we have conditions that will be followed by derangement of digestion, which may be evident from forms of colic and acute indigestion, followed in due course by scours, constipation or severe inflammation of the bowels. Science has been unable to explain just how frost affects the digestibility of clover plants. But we do know that when frost gets in its work, the aroma, the juices and the gums change and eventually disappear, leaving only the skeleton or woody fibre. There is a rapid passing of the plant from its perfected growth back to earth and atmosphere, where it originally came The feeding value of the plant declines rapidly as these nutritive juices and gums change or are dissipated.

The clover plant in full maturity not only contains the largest per cent. of nutrients, but it contains them in the form and quantity best suited to the requirements of the animal's digestive system. All departures from this perfection of feeding value tends to depreciation until it arrives at a point of decomposition, when it is no longer fit for food. The freezing of an immature, succulent plant throws the juices to the surface and as they carry off the gums and sugars, they are soon washed off or change into compounds so as to leave the plant reduced in palatability and digestibility. It is poor economy to make horses, cattle and sheep try to digest plants that carry so little nutritive value, especially when his effort at economy is sure to result in injury to the succeeding crop of clover, and probable injury to the animals.

The Care and Preparation of the Farm Buildings for the Housing of Live Stock for the Winter Months.

This is the season of the year when every farmer should be considering the putting of his farm buildings in the best shape possible for the winter housing of his live stock, that is (1) in regard to cleanliness, (2) light, (3) ventilation and (4) warmth.

First—The farmer should see that all dirt and cobwebs that may have accumulated through the summer are swept down and a good coat of whitewash applied with a certain amount of disinfectant, such as is used on all farms, added to the white-wash, in order to eliminate as much as possible any disease which may be present.

Second—See that there are as many windows as possible in your buildings and that the glass is tight in all of them, for there is no better preventive of disease than plenty of light. If it is is not possible to have double windows for all your stables be sure to use what you have on windows on the north side in order to conserve heat.

Third—Ventilation is one of the most important things in live stock industry, and unfortunately, one that there is not enough stress laid upon, for without proper ventilation, it is practically impossible to get the good, healthy development and benefit from feed consumed that we should have in our live stock.

Fourth—It is also very important to see that all boarding is tightly nailed down and all cracks closed in order to keep as uniform a temperature as possible and prevent drafts which are very detrimental to our live stock at certain times.

The Experimental Farm system is pleased at all times to forward bulletins of farm buildings, ventilation, etc., also answer questions and help prepare plans of such buildings as may be required on your farms.

Poultry

Treatment For Fall Colds.

1. Clean dry, comfortable quarters should be provided, free from drafts
2. Disinfect house with a five per cent. solution of formalin or some good coal tar product.
3. Wash heads of the affected birds with two per cent. solution of potassium permanganate and also put enough in the drinking water to give it a deep claret wine color. (Potassium permanganate can be secured from any druggist. An ounce or two will probably be sufficient). For drinking purposes use about what can be placed on a five-cent piece to a gallon of water. Remove all other sources of water supply.
4. Feed plenty of good wholesome grains and a mash (wet) of bran middlings, corn meal and meat scrops, using about a teaspoonful of mustard to each twelve chicks. The mustard has a stimulating effect, and also acts as an appetizer.

The Dairy

Two representatives of the Belgian Department of Agriculture, Dr. G. Vanderheyden and Dr. H. Holermans, are now touring Canada looking for Holstein-Friesian cattle and Belgian horses, in anticipation of purchasing at the close of the war. These gentlemen have already visited a considerable number of the best Holstein herds in Eastern Canada, and express themselves as very much pleased with what they have seen. They are looking for type, size, constitution and production, and breeders will do well to remember that these are qualities that must not be neglected if we are to build up an export trade with Belgium, Holland, Great Britain, South Africa and New Zealand. All these countries are likely buyers of Canadian Holsteins when shipping factlities are again available, and owners of the right sort of cattle will be in a position to do a profitable business. It is worthy of note that all these countries prefer animals rather dark in color. the American fad for light colors never having made any headway abroad.

Calves that are weakly are best castrated later than the more robust youngsters. In the ordinary calf they may safely be operated on when a week or ten days old.

If it is natural for the cow to give milk right up to the time for dropping her calf, it will mean a detriment to her if she is checked in the milk flow. If her natural course is to go dry, it will mean a deranged system if she is forced to produce milk.

Beekeeping With a Capital "B".

Too much emphasis can not be placed upon the importance of giving the colonies a thorough overhauling during early October, so that they will be in good shape for winter. It is far better to build them up strong now and see that they have ample stores for winter than to try to feed them in cold weather, along in November.

In some localities goldenrod, asters and buckwheat furnish abundant forage for bees during September and October. It is astonishing how much nectar the colonies will store from the fall bloom even where in some instances they have secured practically nothing from the early flow. This is evident where buckwheat is extensively grown.

Go over every colony as early as possible in October, and where one is lacking strength, give it some frames of sealed brood from stronger ones. When needed, some frames full of sealed honey may be transferred.

Bees that go into winter quarters with an abundance of honey are usually the ones that winter well. They need no feeding in the spring, for at that time they have sufficient stores with which to rear much brood for the early flow from the clovers.

It is best to strengthen the colonies with both bees and stores while the weather is warm.

No Skirt Hanger.

Fold the skirt directly in the middle of the front and back breadths, then fold again, keeping the band even. Run a long hatpin through the band and slip the pin over a hook or nail.

"It is not Love that gives the clearest sight,
For out of bitter tears—and tears unshed—
Riseth the rainbow of sorrow overhead
And 'neath the rainbow is the clearest light."

Where silos are carefully filled, so that all air is excluded, there will be little trouble or loss from mould.



Nest Boxes For The Birds.

Before the leaves fall is the best time to choose the spots where the new nest-boxes are to be hung. If this is left until Spring they must be up before the leaves are out of if they are to be in time for the occupants, and it is then very difficult to tell whether the spot chosen will be too shaded when the foliage has grown.

Possibly, however, the most important thing to consider first is the importance of these nest-boxes. So many have said: "We cannot stop to think about birds in war time." If one would stop to consider one would realize that the war has made the protection of birds all the more important. Innumerable instances might be given of the good they have done in saving crops from destruction by insects. Perhaps what would seem just now the most timely benefit is their lessening the need for spraying and much of the spray material is used for various war purposes.

One of the best authorities on birds has made the statement, after very careful observations, that if it were not for vireos, warblers, chickadees, kinglets, wrens and nuthatches, the insects destroyed by these small birds would quickly destroy our forests and set at naught the best work of the fruitgrower. The bluebird also has an excellent record as an insect destroyer, and of this bird a noted scientist has said: "One hundred bluebirds at even thirty insects a day (and they would devour many more) would eat in eight months about seven hundred and sixty thousand insects. If these birds were destroyed or driven away the result would be the preservation on the territory where these birds would have nested of about seventy thousand moths and caterpillars (a large proportion of these cutworms), twenty thousand leaf hoppers, ten thousand curculios, and sixty-five thousand locusts and grasshoppers. What injury such a horde of insects could bring to the farms and gardens! And the bluebirds, the destroyers of those pests fatal to our vegetable life, can be attracted to any spot by suitable nest-boxes hung in suitable places and protected from dangers. Is it not time well spent?

Many of the small birds that work among the trees literally saving our forests every year can also be attracted by suitable nest-boxes. The natural home of the chicadee and the nuthatch is a hollow tree, not an easy thing to find about most orchards now, but a nest-box made out of an old log with an egg-shaped oval scooped out is almost sure to attract them. As to the invaluable little wren almost any sort of a nest-box will satisfy it, and no tenant will pay better rent for the value received.

A Prayer for the World's Rebuilders.

We send them off to school again today,
This cool September morning.
All the street
Is musical with patter of small feet
And little, shining faces all the way
Seem wayside posies for our smiles to greet.

I wonder if they ever guess or know
With what strange tenderness we watch them go?

Just children on their way to school again?
Nay, it is ours to watch a greater thing—
These are the World's Rebuilders, these must bring
Order to chaos, comforting to pain,
and light in blasted fields new fires of psring.

Dear Lord, Thy childish hands were weak and small,
Yet had they power to clasp the world withal,
Grant these, Thy little kindred, strength as true—
They have so much to learn, so much to do!

You can't eat wheat and ship it.

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pretaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

The Sin of Quackery.

There is a class of men calling themselves doctors and hanging out their sign as such, who pose as specialists in certain disorders which are very common among young men, but are not nearly so serious in the majority of cases as they are represented to be.

They also, as I have very good reason to believe, find diseases, particularly in the sexual organs of young men, which do not exist.

But because they impose upon these young men and tell them they have serious, exhausting and perhaps fatal diseases, they frighten them beyond measure and extort from them large sums of money.

When they have drained their victims of their pecuniary resources their interest in their welfare ceases.

If a rejected young man can possibly raise more money he may be taken in by another sharper of the same kind.

When his money is all gone he perhaps awakens to the consciousness that he has been duped, and he is fortunate if he at length realizes that there is not and never has been anything serious the matter with him, and goes about his business with less and less worry about imaginary ailments and their serious significance.

I am not now referring to the venereal diseases, those are certainly as bad as they can be painted, and there is a class of quacks which feast and fatten upon them, they may or may not be distinct from those to whom I have been referring.

I have many times received letters from the victims of the quacks and charlatans to whom I am calling attention, asking me to advise them.

One of these bearing the essential marks of genuineness was from a man who said he was 23, was in great distress of mind and body and had been told by a so-called doctor whose name and address he gave, that he was suffering from varicose veins and disease of the prostate gland.

This quack got $40 out of him for three months treatment, he then told he must have $75 for an operation, but as the patient did not have the money he was obliged to dispense with the operation.

To sum up he had paid $200, up to the time when he wrote me, was then out of work, was suffering unbearable pain, as he said, and begged me to tell him where he could have an operation performed to be paid for when he could get work.

Of course with this man and with many others who have written similar letters the disease was mainly in his mind.

He had been imposed upon by a series of advertising quacks, he imagined he was suffering and every time he visited one of the quacks fuel was added to the flame.

Varicose veins may come to anybody but that they should cause such dire distress as was depicted in the literature which this poor victim sent me, while conceivable, is possible only in rare instances.

The story was a fraud and an imposition. The other disease, while possible in a man of 23 is almost exclusively confined to advanced life.

The medicines which these men give are probably the least harmful part of their treatment. It is more than likely that their only value is in their appeal to the imagination.

If they were to deal with powerful drugs, the drugs would be too expensive and they might do serious harm to the victim which would hurt the sharper's business in either case.

That such men should perform surgical operations when operations are not called for or required is one of the causes for the disrepute of legitimate surgery among large numbers of people.

It has led to mutilations and disfigurements and loss of function in countless cases which were entirely inexcusable.

Two hundred dollars of the earnings of a clerk or book-keeper or professional man means a good deal of money, and to throw it away in this fashion is worse than speculation in stocks. It would be well if every community where this evil abounds would take pains to get rid of it.

The Origin of Conscription.

The Athenians had a mode of universal military training more like that of modern Europe than were most of the other military training schemes of the ancient world. Every Athenian youth was compelled to do two years of garrison duty at Piraeus, the Port of Athens.

The Gentle Rebuke.

When a wealthy man who was stopping at a Florida hotel neglected to inquire the hotel rates, the proprietor took advantage of the oversight, and at the guest's departure presented an exorbitant bill.

The guest, however, paid without a murmur. Then, he said, as he folded up the receipt in his wallet:

"By the way, have you any two-cent stamps?"

"Yes, sir," said the proprietor. "How many would you like?"

"Well," answered the guest, cautiously, "how much are they apiece?"

Neither France nor Italy could continue the war without British coal.

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Prompt Returns—No Commission
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Better quality preferred.
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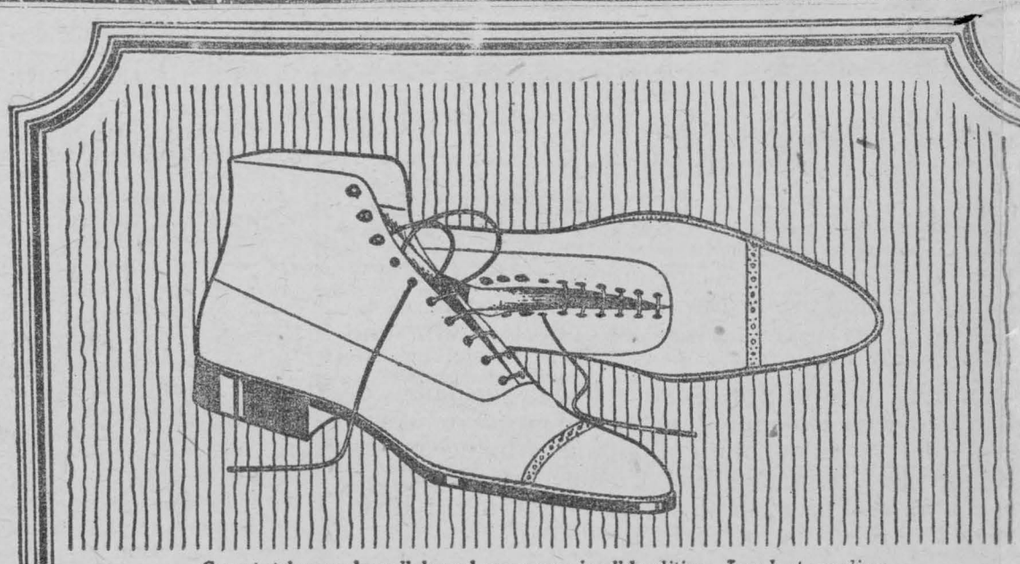

Correct style worn by well dressed young men in all localities. Lace boot—medium narrow recede toe, low heel—made in black, tan or patent calf. Price, $7.00 to $10.00.

Style—Plus Service at a Fair Price

THE style illustrated above is one that is largely preferred by Canadian business men—especially young men. It has the medium long vamp and narrow, somewhat pointed toe which gives the foot a slim and "dressy" appearance, without being extreme in style. Those who like this type of shoe will find it thoroughly satisfactory in fitting qualities and a comfortable easy shoe to walk in.

This style can be obtained in several grades of black and tan. The price range—$7 to $10—considering the present leather market, is extremely moderate.

Next spring a shoe of the same wearing qualities will cost from ten to twenty per cent more. It would cost more *now* except for the fact that the resources of this company enable us to cover our needs well in advance.

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15

MAIN HINDENBURG DENFENCES STORMED ON FRONT OF 250 MILES

French, British, American and Belgian Forces in Greatest Allied Drive Since Beginning of the War—Enemy Defeated At All Points.

London, Sept. 29.—Over a front of more than 250 miles from the North Sea to the Meuse the allies are smashing the German defences on four wide and important sectors, and important strategical points are being taken from the enemy by the sledge-hammer blows of the French, British, American and Belgian forces.

The enemy is faced with the greatest allied offensive effort since the beginning of the war. On all sectors British, French, American and Belgian troops are progressing successfully. Serious inroads are being made into the German defensive system north of Ypres, around Cambrai, north of Aisne and on the Champagne-Verdun sector. Additional prisoners have been added to the allied total of 40,000 for the last three days and several hundred more guns of all calibres have been taken from the enemy.

Vital successes are being gained by the British in their new drive for Cambrai, in which Canadian troops are aiding in the region west of Le Catelet. The capture of Cambrai by the British would appear to be near if it has not already fallen. From the west the British are within 1¾ miles of Cambrai at two points and all natural obstacles have been overcome. The Canadians are actually fighting in the outskirts of the city. Meanwhile the plight of the Germans in the Cambrai sector has been aggravated by loss of valuable railway communications. The enemy in that region is now in a serious position and with one alternative, that of abandoning the Hindenburg line, which already has been pierced at four points.

Looked upon as the keystone of the enemy defence system between Ypres and the sea, the village of Gheluveit, the key to the Ypres-Menin road, has also been taken, the prisoners totaling 6,000. The new thrust of the Anglo-Belgian armies was a complete surprise to the Germans. It is being made against territory held by the enemy since 1914.

In the north the British are pushing forward rapidly. South-west of Cambrai, Field Marshal Haig's men are fighting for crossings of the Scheldt Canal.

Douai, the German base north-east of Arras, and one of the outlying defences of the great fortress of Lille, also is threatened by the Cambroi operation. The British have crossed the high road between Douai and Cambrai and the railroad connecting them is useless to the Germans. South-east of Douai the British have taken Arleux.

Belgian troops entered the great offensive Saturday by beginning an operation in conjuction with the British in the Dixmude-Ypres area. The allies pushed forward rapidly, fighting their way through to Houthoist Forest, which has been captured.

British and American troops launched an attack Sunday morning northwest of St. Quentin and as a result the British are astride the St. Quentin-Cambrai railway.

Le Catelet, La Vacquerie, Nauroy, Bony, and Villers-Guislan, in the St. Quentin sector, are reported captured.



Canadian Brigadier-General and His Staff, in front of a captured German camouflaged shelter, examining a new short German automatic rifle, capable of forty shots, which its owner in headlong flight left behind.

BULGARIA INVADED BY BRITISH CAVALRY IN MARCH ON USKUB

German Reinforcements Fail to Stem Allied Advance—300,000 Bulgarians Doomed if Allies Reach Uskub First.

A despatch from London says: The reports received on Thursday emphasized the demoralization of the Bulgarians who are retreating in confusion, leaving behind an enormous amount of material, and probably many thousands of prisoners, as the allied troops strain every energy to get to Uskub and thereby make the victory complete.

It is pointed out that the Bulgarian army, estimated to aggregate 300,000 men, is in a dangerous position, but the victory will not be decisive, in the opinion of the military experts, until Uskub, the centre of all the enemy's communication lines, is captured. If that is accomplished it is believed the victory will be numbered among the few decisive ones of the war.

The renewed resistance of the Bulgarian rearguards and the arrival of German reinforcements in Macedonia have not succeeded in stemming the great allied advance. British cavalry on Thursday entered Bulgaria, opposite Kosturino, thus avoiding the Belachista mountains, which it was feared might bar its progress, while the Serbians, French, Greek, and British troops routed the Bulgarians from either side of the great salient, which now stretches far into Serbia.

The Serbians, who are taking the leading part in the liberation of their country, are at the gates of Ishtib (one report says they have captured the town), and their cavalry, entering the town of Isvor, has cut the only remaining road northward—that running from Prilep to Veles, and along which a large body of Bulgarians are reported to be attempting to escape. Unofficial reports also state that Veles has been occupied. This probably will lead to an abandonment by the enemy of the Babuna mountains, which are considered virtually impregnable.

A later despatch says:—The Right Hons. Arthur James Balfour and Andrew Bonar Law are conferring with Premier Lloyd George in regard to the Bulgarian armistice proposal.

The British Government on Friday received from an official authorized source an application from Bulgaria for an armistice.

The application is regarded as a serious movement, and, contrary to the report from German sources of the armistice move, there is no suggestion that it is the action of Premier Malinoff on his own initiative. The request, which is addressed to the allies, is for an armistice for the discussion of peace.

Great Britain can only reply after consultation with her allies.

It is understood that the official view is that peace with Bulgaria would have a prodigious effect, especially with Turkey. It would free the whole Saloniki army, and in certain eventualities bring about peace with Turkey and thus free the Mesopotamia and Palestine armies and thus kill the German menace to the East. Moreover, it would affect advantageously the world's food situation.

From the purely military viewpoint the granting of an armistice to Bulgaria, it is considered, would be such a great advantage to her that it could not be granted without severe conditions, such as possibly the evacuation of Serbia.

CANADIAN LOSSES IN RECENT FIGHT

Under 2,000 in the Capture of Bourlon Wood.

With the Canadian Forces in France, Sept. 29.—The following are the net results to the Canadian corps of Friday's fighting.

Penetration of about five miles with possession of the Canal du Nord ond a possible turning of Bourlon Wood, which overlooks Cambrai, and whose fall may follow in a few days; prisoners, 71 officers and 2,300 men passed through the cages last night with a total of between three and four thousand men.

The prisoners are of the best type yet encountered, being mostly Prussians and Hanoverians.

Our own casualties are less than the number of prisoners.

Our men went singing into battle, exactly as they did at Amiens, and were equally confident of victory.

A MIGHTY HAUL OF PRISONERS

Paris, Sept. 29.—The Havas Agency says:

French, British, American and Belgian troops in the last three days have captured 40,000 prisoners, 3,000 guns, 20,000 machine guns and enormous quantities of material. This does not take into account the operations in Macedonia and Palestine.

CAMBRAI AND ST. QUENTIN MUST SOON FALL TO ALLIES

London, Sept. 29.—The fall of Cambrai is considered only a matter of time, and the allies having gained an important footing on the eastern side of the underground canal in the neighborhood of Bellicourt, there is every likelihood that St. Quentin soon will share a similar fate.

LEADING MARKETS

Breadstuffs

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.24½; No. 2 Northern, $2.21½; No. 3 Northern, $2.17½; No. 4 wheat, $2.11½, in store Fort William, not including tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 87⅞c; extra No. 1 feed, 84⅜c; No. 1 feed, 84⅜c; No. feed, 82⅞c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, kiln dried nominal; No. 4 yellow, kiln dried, nominal.

Ontario oats, new crop—No. 2, white, 76 to 78c; No. 3 white, 75 to 77c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2, Winter, per car lot, $2.31; No. 3 Winter, $2.27; No. 2 Spring, $2.26; No. 3 Spring, $2.22, basis in store Montreal.

Peas—No. 2 nominal, at $2 to $2.50.

Barley—Malting, new crop, $1.05 to $1.10.

Buckwheat—Nominal.

Rye—No. 2, nominal.

Manitoba flour—Old crop, war qaulity, $11.25, Toronto.

Ontaria flour—War quality, old crop, $10.75, in bags, Montreal and Toronto, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, $36.40 per ton; shorts, $41.40 per ton.

Hay—No. 1, $19 to $20 per ton; mixed $17 to $18 per ton, track, Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, $9 to $9.50, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesole

Butter—Creamery solids, per lb., 43½ to 44½c; prints, per lb, 44 to 45c; dairy, per lb, 39 to 40c.

Eggs—New laid, 46 to 47c.

Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 33 to 35c; roosters, 28c; fowl, 28 to 30c; ducklings, 33c; turkeys, 32 to 35c.

Live poultry—Roosters, 20c; fowl, 23 to 26c; ducklings, lb., 22c; turkeys, 27 to 30c; Spring chickens, 28c.

Wholesalers are selling to the retail trade at the following prices:

Cheese—New, large, 23½ to 24c; twins, 23¾ to 24¼c; old, large, 25½ to 26c; twin, 26 to 26½c.

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 42 to 43c; creamery prints, fresh made, 48 to 49c; solids, 46 to 47c.

Margarine—31 to 33c.

Eggs—No. 1 starage, 50 to 51c; selected storage, 52 to 53c; new-laid, in cartons, 57 to 59c.

Dressed poultry—Spring Chickens, 38 to 40c; roosters, 25c; fowl, 30 to 34c; turkeys, 40c; ducklings, lb., 35c.

Beans — Canadian, hand-picked, bushel, $7; imp., hand-picked, Burma or Indian, $6; Japan, $7; Lima, 19c.

Honey new crop—Strained, 60-lb. tins, 26c; 10-lb, tins, 27c; 5-lb, tins, 28c. Combs—Dozen, $3.75 to $4.50.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 37 to 39c; do. heavy, 30 to 32c; cooked, 51 to 53c; rolls, 32 to 33c; breakfast bacon, 41 to 45c; backs, plain, 45 to 46c; boneless, 43 to 50c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 30 to 31c; clear bellies, 29 to 30c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 30 to 30½c; tubs, 30½ to 31c; pails, 30¾ to 31¾c; prints, 33 to 33½c. Compound, tierces, 25½ to 26c; tubs, 26 to 26½c; pails, 26¼ to 26¾c; prints, 27½ to 28c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, Oct. 1.—Oats, Canadian Western, No. 3, 98c; extra No. 1 feed, 97½c. Flour, new standard grade, $11.35 to $11.45. Rolled oats, bag, 90 lbs., $5.20 to $5.30. Bran $37.25; Shorts, $44.25. Mouillie, $68. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $17. Cheese, finest easterns, 24½c. Butter, choicest creamery, 47 to 48c Eggs, selected, 58 to 60c; No. 1 stock, 50c; No. 2 stock, 49c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, $2.40 to $2.50. Dressed hogs, abattoir killed, $28.50. Lard, pure, wood pails, 20 lbs, net, 31½ to 33c

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Oct. 1.—Extra choice heavy steers, $15.50 to $16.00; choice heavy steers, $14.50 to $15.00; butcher's cattle, choice, $12.75 to $13.50; do. good, $11.75 to $12.50; do, medium, $10.50 to $11.25; do, common, $8.50 to $9.00; butchers' bulls, choice, $10.50 to $11.00; do, medium bulls, $7.25 to $8.25; butchers' cows, choice, $10.25 to $11.00; do, good, $9.35 to $9.50; do, medium, $7.75 to $8.25; do, common, $7.25 to $7.75; stockers, $8.00 to $10.50; feeders, $10.50 to $11.00; canners, and cutters, $5.50 to $6.75; milkers, good to choice, $90.00 to $150.00; do, com. and med., $65.00 to $75.00; springers, $90.00 to $150.00; light ewes, $13.00 to $14.00; yearlings, $15.00 to $15.50; spring lambs, $17.00 to $17.60; calves, good to choice, $14.00 to $17.75; hogs, fed and watered, $19.50 to $19.75; do, weighed off cars, $19.75 to $20.00.

Montreal, Oct. 1.—Choice steers, $11.00 to $12.00; butchers bulls, $7.50 to $8.00; butchers cows, $7.00; sheep, $12.50; lambs, $16.50 to $17.00.

NO PRIVILEGES ALLOWED TO MENNONITES

A despatch from Edmonton says: Opposition to the invasion of Western Canada by Mennonites is very strong and protests are being poured in from all over the country. Hon. George P. Smith, Minister of Education, has lost no time in making the policy of his department plain and has issued the following emphafic statement:

"So far as the Department of Education of Alberta is concerned, no special privileges of any kind will be extended to these new settlers. They will be required to conduct and support public schools under the law of this Province, to use our authorized text-books, to use only the English language, to employ teachers with proper Alberta qualifications and to satisfy the regularly appointed school inspectors in the employ of the department."

It is the want of motive that makes life dreary.

METZ SHELLING DISCONCERTS GERMAN PEOPLE

Amsterdam, Sept. 29.—The American's bombardment of the fortress of Metz is getting on the nerves of the German people. This is emphasized by a correspondent of the Rheinsch Westphalisc, of Essen, who visited Metz on Thursday.

Other correspondents attempt to appease the anxiety of the Germans by pointing out that Metz is fortified strongly with all the latest devices

FRANKFORT BOMBED BY BRITISH AVIATORS

A despatch from London says:—British airplanes on Wednesday dropped bombs on the German city of Frankfort, according to an official statement issued on Thursday evening by the War Office. Five enemy machines were shot down. Four British airplanes are missing.

BRITISH TROOPS CONTINUE TO SURROUND THE SEA OF GALILEE

Occupy Tiberias and Amman—Fourth Turk Army Faces Annihilation in Region East of the Jordan.

A despatch from London says: British troops operating in Palestine are extending their occupation about the Sea of Galilee. They have occupied Tiberias and Semakh, on the borders of that sea, and Es-Samra, it was officially announced.

Pushing on the east of the Jordan, the British have occupied the strategic town of Amman, on the Hedjas Railway.

The British casualties during the offensive were less than one-fifth of the number of prisoners taken from the Turks, the announcement states.

The Fourth Turkish Army on the Palestine front is virtually surrounded in the region east of the Jordan, and faces annihilation by General Allenby's forces.

The annihilation of the Fourth Army, now hoped for, would complete the clearing up of the Turkish forces in Palestine, accounting for about 80,000 men.

The precarious position of the Fourth Army may be seen from the fact that Arab cavalry and infantry are north of it. Arab and British forces east of it, and British troops to the south. All these are pressing inward on the enemy, while the Jordan, with the crossings, is in the hands of the allies.

The full Turkish strength in Palestine is not definitely known, as hardly two Turkish divisions are of the same size or organization. It is known, however, that the allies had to deal with 18,000 fighting men west of the Jordan, with about 1,000 men on communications, as well as many thousands east of the Jordon.

A despatch from Lausanne, Switzerland, says: Public irritation in Constantinople has become so great, according to a despatch from the Turkish capital to the Lausanne Gazette, that rumors are again spreading that the Ottoman Government will seek a separate peace. The Sultan himself, the message says, would favor a separate peace if he could obtain favorable conditions from the Entente powers.

BELGIANS CAPTURE PASSCHENDAELE RIDGE AND TOWN OF DIXMUDE

King Albert Directed Offensive in Person—11,500 Prisoners and Much Territory Falls to Gallant Belgian and British Troops.

London, Sept. 29—The whole of the famous Passchendaele Ridge was overrun by the British and Belgians in a powerful assault on the Flanders front Saturday morning, which carried them from four to five miles forward on a 20-mile front. Capture of the range along its whole length from the south of Passchendale toward Roulers and Ypres and to Messines, Bethune, Dixmude and Ypres has been authoritatively announced; 11,500 prisoners were captured. King Albert, of the Belgians, personally directed the drive, which is under his immediate command. The British are now east of Messines. A semi-circular wedge has been driven into the German lines.

Continuing the advance on Sunday Dixmude has been captured by the Belgian troops. The Belgians have also taken Zerrem (Zarren?), Stadenberg, Passchendaele, Moorslede and part of Westbroosebeke. This means an advance of several miles.

In addressing the Belgian army before its attack Saturday morning, King Albert asked his soldiers to drive the enemy from the Belgian coast with the help of their French and British comrades.

"This is the decisive hour," said the King. "Everywhere Germany falls back. Be worthy of the sacred cause of our independence and the traditions of our race. Forward for right and liberty and for glorious and immortal Belgium."

CANADIANS TAKE BOURLON WOOD: HAIG'S ARMY WITHIN 3 MILES OF CAMBRAI

British Make Quick Progress in Cambrai Area—Hindenburg Defences Crossed at Several Points—Canadian Losses Light.

A depsatch from London says:—British troops advanced to a point within three miles of Cambrai in a great attack made on a wide front. They took between 5,000 and 6,000 prisoners. The attack started shortly after five o'clock. Some German guns, including a complete battery, were captured by Field Marshal Haig's men.

Haig's maximum advance on Friday was three miles. The Hindenburg outpost defences were crossed at several points. At two o'clock on Friday afternoon the British line ran southwest of Gouzeaucourt, east of Beaucamp, west of Marcoing and east of Graincourt, where some of the enemy were still holding out. Thence it ran between Anneux and Cantaing and east of Bourlon and the Bourlon Wood; a thousand yards west of Raillencourt and along the road to Marcoing. It is not known whether the British or the Germans hold Marcoing.

The capture of Bourlon is of the highest importance, because it is the bulwark of Cambrai. It was captured, notwithstanding the waterline in front of it, the whole of which has now been crossed.

The British are in a good position to capture Cambrai. Even now the enemy cannot use the town, as the railway, roads and junctions are under the British fire.

A despatch from the Canadian Forces says:—A great and impressive victory, and with relatively few casualties—that is the situation at this hour. Our troops are still pressing on towards the gates of Cambrai.

The Canadian Corps opened the battle for Bourlon Wood sharp at 5.20 Friday morning, and before noon was reported to be in complete possession, while others of our troops were sweeping northeast, turning the enemy flank on the Canal du Nord.

A great concentration of artillery, in which Imperial heavies and the converging fire of British neighboring corps materially assisted, prepared the way for the infantry. They had a hard battle for the Canal du Nord, for, although it is dry at the point selected for the attack, in front of Inchy-en-Artois, it is a formidable embrasure a hundred feet wide and thirty to fifty deep.

But soon their flares from the hills to the east showed they were making satisfactory progress.

This is the fourth set show the Canadian Corps has put over since August 8, and its developments promise to make it the most notable of all. At midnight it began to rain, but it cleared up on Friday morning. Our infantry moved secretly from their old line, and Thursday night toughed it out in the open, lying in old trenches or behind hill crests. There are always some tense minutes before "zero." It is a pregnant hour. If the enemy is appraised of the attack he will lay down a barrage on our concentrated troops and reap a bitter harvest. For several days he had been nervous, but he was again caught by surprise.

FRANCO-AMERICAN TROOPS IN SUCCESSFUL ATTACK IN CHAMPAGNE

8,000 Prisoners and 14 Towns Captured on 40-Mile Front—Advance of From Four to Seven Miles—Menaces the German Line in That Vast Territory.

A despatch from Paris says:—Marshal Foch delivered a new attack on Thursday morning against the Germans in the Champagne on a front of 40 miles, from the Suippe River, east of Rheims, to the River Meuse, just north of Verdun. The offensive was launched in a dense fog after six hours' artillery preparation. The Americans advanced to an average depth of seven miles, penetrating the defences to a depth of nine miles at the maximum point. They captured 5,000 prisoners and 12 towns. The French made a gain to an average depth of four miles and 3,000 prisoners have already reached the cages. The enemy, anticipating the attack, had voluntarily abandoned their forward positions. The Americans attacked on the right wing and the French made their assault on the left.

Taken in conjunction with the allied offensive which has materially kept back the German front in Flanders, Artois and Picardy and along the Aisne, the new drive of Marshall Foch in the south will bear important fruit if it meets with success. Driving northward the entire western battlefront would be shaken and of necessity be compelled to readjust itself. Lateral railway lines of great importance to the German positions between Laon and Verdun lie directly in the path of the advancing Franco-American forces. Vouziers, an important railway junction on the main line from Laon to Metz, is but 12 miles north of Servon, which already is in the hands of the French.

The Americans through the capture of Gercourt, north-west of Verdun, are in the Meuse Valley, which leads northward to Sedan, and a little farther west at Varennes, have won the Aire Valley, which winds in a northwesterly direction to Vouziers. A successful advance along these two valleys for any appreciable distance would be disastrous to the German lines from the North Sea to the Swiss frontier.

SERBIANS ADVANCE TOWARD USKUB CAPTURING MOUNTAIN RANGE

Italians Capture Krushevo and Pursue Bulgarians on Monastir-Kichevor Road—British and Greeks Advance on Petrich.

London, Sept. 29.—Large fires are burning around the important base of Uskub, towards which the Serbians are advancing from Veles, which they captured Friday, according to the Serbian official statement on Saturday. The Serbians have captured the important mountain range of Plachkovitsa, south of Kochana.

North-west of Monastir allied troops advanced 11 miles up to Friday, and along the entire front had captured more than 300 guns, according to the French official statement on operations in Macedonia. Further important captures of prisoners have been made. The allies are also making progress between Lake Presba and Lake Ochrida.

Krushevo, an important Bulgarian base, 20 miles north of Monastir, has been captured by Italian troops, who also have driven the enemy from the mountain ranges between the Cerna and Velika Rivers. The official statement from the Italian War Office says that the Italians still are pursuing the Bulgarians on the Monastir- Kichevor road north of Demir Hissar, an advance of 20 miles. The Bulgarians are retiring rapidly in the direction of Krobedo.

British and Greek forces also are moving on Petrich along the Strumitna valley. Petrich is about 20 miles inside the Bulgarian frontier. Several guns of various calibres have been captured.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales Sept. 14
Morrisburg, Sept. 16 to Oct. 5

CLAIRE SUMMERS, A.T.C.M.
PIANO
Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations
Studio at her home, Main Street, West,

The Societies of St. Pauls Lutheran Church will give a Food Sale and Tea on October 19th.

In order to complete repairs to the Municipal electric line, the power will be off, in certain sections of the town, on Saturday October 5th. from 7 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Mr. Gordon Smith, a young man of Mariatown, in an accident which occurred at the Beach Saw Mill, the early part of the week, sustained injuries to one of his hands, so severe, that the hand had to be amputated. Much sympathy is extended to the unfortunate young man by his many friends.

Our early buying takes the ice out of the price of Men's "Stanfield" underwear. If you freeze up at the prices asked you, come here and it will warm your heart and loosen your purse strings to find the values we are giving, not only in underwear, but in all lines of Dry Goods and Ready-to-Wear—D. C. Bush.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Whitteker and Mr. George Shennette have returned home after an enjoyable two-weeks' car tour of New York State.

Mrs. W. H. E. Warner of Toronto accompanied by her little daughter, Kathleen, are visiting at W. G. Baker's, having been called home owing to the illness of her mother, Mrs. W. L. Southworth.

Miss Ruth Hilliard and Miss Blanch VanAllen left on Monday for Toronto where they will attend University.

The collector of Municipal taxes, Mr. Jacob Hopper, has started on his rounds this week. He informs us that he intends making but one call on each party, so that it is advieable for all parties who do not wish to have any extra charges appended to the present item, to cash up at first call.

Mr. Douglas Bush left the early part of the week to resume his studies at Toronto University.

From 45 beans weighing ¾ of an ounce, Mr. A. A. Whitteker grew eight pounds, 2 ounces, or 243 from one. There were 98 well-filled pods on one stalk.

There being every indication that we will have a severe Fall we would remind those of our readers who anticipate taking a trip over the State Roads to do so without delay, while the Ferry is still running on schedule time.

Miss Alice Barry has accepted the position of book-keeper with the Morrisburg Tack Manufacturing Co., Limited.

J. A. Hewson, who conducts a liquor store on St. Catherine street west, Montreal, was fined $1,000 and costs by Police Magistrate McDougall at Alexandria, Ont for a violation of the Ontario Temperance Act. Hewson, who abandoned a truckload of liquor at Moulinette, near Cornwall, about ten days ago, was arrested in Montreal Wednesday and brought to Alexandria for trial. He cashed

The Belleville papers contain the following reference to Pte. Casselman, who is a nephew of Mrs. Celia Markell, Morrisburg: "Mrs. George Casselman of this city is in receipt of the following official telegram which refers to her son—Sincerely regret to inform you, Pte Wm. Neilson Casselman, infantry, reported admitted to No. 4 General Hospital; gunshot wound in right shoulder. Pte. Casselman enlisted and left Belleville with the 80th. Battalion three years ago. Since being on active service he has been wounded five times.

The Brockville Town Council has decided to give permission to the Government for the erection of a building at the fair grounds to be used for quartering troops. The building, which will be a two-story frame one with concrete foundation, will cost approximately $30,000. Of this amount Council passed a resolution to contribute $9,000.

Providing the weather is favorable the Steamer Eloise will make a trip to Ogdensburg on Thanksgiving Day, Oct. 14th., leaving Morrisburg at 7.45; returning, leave Ogdensburg at 4 p.m.; this cancels the Ferry's regular trip on Thursday, Oct. 10th.

We believe in progressiveness, in keeping things moving, the cash drawer ringing and Sales multiplying. Consequently, we have planned for a record-breaking trade. Before the big advances we were buying and buying heavily, so that today, notwithstanding the scarcity of good material at any price whatever, we are well equipped with goods and our values are unapproachable.—D. C. Bush.

Col. Morgan was a visitor to town on Thursday.

Miss Helen Nash is spending a few weeks with friends in Ottawa.

At the residence of the bride's father, Colquhoun, Township of Williamsburg on Wednesday evening, Sept. 25th., by the Rev. Hugh Cameron, B.A., Miss Annie Mary, daughter of Samuel Kyle, Esq., was married to Mr. Hector M. Beach, son of Edwin Beach, Esq., of Winchester.

Mr. Donald McLaren of Quebec who is attending McGill University, spent the week-end in town.

"Leader" readers are reminded that the big event of the coming week, the Auction Sale at the St. Lawrence Hall, takes place on Wednesday the 9th. inst., commencing at 10 a.m. sharp. In this connection we are informed that in the event of lack of time to close out everything, the sale will be continued during the evening.

Mrs. A. E. Standfield and children of Montreal, returned home on Tuesday after spending the past two weeks at the home of Mrs. Wm. Fetterly.

The Misses Elda Epaugh and Ruth Hunter of Cornwall, spent the week-end in town, the guest of Miss Stella Fetterly.

On Thursday Oct. 10th., Miss Pariseau will have a new lot of Fall and Winter hats. The inspection of the Ladies of Morrisburg and vicinity is invited.

Mrs. Harry Lamble and son, Master Frank, left on Wednesday for Toronto, where they will in future reside.

A memorial service for the late Pte. Harry Wells will be held in Knox Church, Morrisburg on Sunday, October 13th. at 2.30 p.m. The service will be conducted by Rev. Hugh Cameron.

Mr. S. O. Casselman returned home from the Royal Victoria Hospital on Saturday last. We are pleased to state that Sol is recovering favorably from his recent operation.

Miss Gladys Bradfield left last week for New York on an extended visit to her sister, Mrs. S. G. Finnie.

Miss Eloie Casselman, Montreal, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Casselman.

Mrs. F. B. Barclay and family left the first of the week for Ottawa, where they will be joined by Mr. Barclay later.

Mr. J. D. McDonald of Ottawa spent the week-end with his family here.

Mrs. J. J. Hayes of Calgary, after visiting friends in the county returned to her home in Calgary on Wednesday night.

The forty-fourth annual meeting of the Dundas County Teachers' Institute will meet in the Oddfellows' Hall, South Mountain on Thursday and Friday, Oct. 10th and 11th.

Mr. Archie Carson left last week to attend college in Lennoxville, Que.

Mrs. A. Anderson and family of Montreal spent the week-end with Mr. and Mrs. G. Anderson.

Mr. and Mrs. Eacutt and daughter, Miss Nellie, left on Tuesday for their new home in Toronto.

Miss Annie Hummell returned home on Friday last after spending the last three weeks in Brockville.

Mrs. E. Lavallie of Sorel, Que. arrived in town last week to spend the Winter months with her mother., Mrs. J. Derosier.

FOR SALE
One Power Feed Cutter. Apply H. H. Pruner, R.M.D. No. 2, Williamsburg.

Stove for Sale
Good Wood Stove for Sale at very reasonable price. Apply at Leader Office.

MILLINERY OPENING
Ladies! 'Get your Fall and Winter Hats at "The Corner Store." Style and Quality right. Prices reasonable.
BELVA A. BARKLEY,
Brinston, Ont.

FOR SALE
Three Leicester Ram Lambs
Apply T. L. DEEKS,
Williamsburg, Ont.

FARM FOR SALE
100 acres, more or less, situate along side River St. Lawrence, about six miles from Morrisburg, and three miles from Aultsville, lots East half of 8 and west half of 9. Good out buildings, large stone cottage, three wells, one acre orchard and about 70 acres under cultivation, rest in pasture and bush. For further particulars
Cornelius Wells,
R.M.D., Morrisburg.

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor
A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College
'PHONE No. 18A
TAIT BLOCK
MORRISBURG. ONTARIO

A GOOD DEED
Should expect no reward, yet early care of the eyes is repaid in later years a thousand fold.
Be good to your eyes, they are your best servants.

Consult us when your Eyes trouble you

J. M. WHITTEKER,
Photographer & Optometrist
Morrisburg, - Ont.

SCHOOL SUPPLIES
A Complete Assortment of SCHOOL SUPPLIES from
1C. to $1.00
Send the Kiddies—They will receive the same careful attention as the Adults.
D. T. Henderson,
DRUGGIST.

Auction Extraordinary
At Morrisburg
Wednesday, Oct. 9, 1918

Entire Contents of
St. Lawrence Hall
Conceded to be one of the best and most completely furnished hotels on the Grand Trunk Railway

List embraces everything required in House Furnishings;—Heavy Oak Arm and Dining Chairs., Writing Desks, Large and Small Tables, Walnut Sideboards, Hat Racks, Glassware, dinner ware, tea ware, curtains, easy chairs and rockers, carpets, rugs, hall runners, stair matting, portieres, pictures, 30 setts chamber ware, wardrobes, bookcases, 2 John Bull ranges, potato peeler, electric washing machine, electric mangle, laundry stove, iron and wooden bedsteads, springs, mattresses, pillows, comfortables, 3 box stoves, 2 Quebec heaters, 1 brilliant heater, large size, and a thousand and one things requisite in the furnishing of a good hotel.

Sale will be under the personal supervision of Fraser Bros., of Montreal, one of the oldest and most reliable auctioneering firms in Canada.

TERMS CASH.

LEV. SOUTHWORTH, : : Lessee.

DR. D. C. CASSELMAN
Dentist
Office—Casselman Block
MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO
Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons Toronto

DR. GEO. M. GORRELL
DENTIST
Graduate of Chicago Dental College and of Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
Office—Arthur Casselman Block,
Phone No. 6. Morrisburg

ARTHUR FLYNN
Barrister, Etc.
Morrisburg, Ont.

R. F. LYLE
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.
Barry Block, Main Street
MORRISBURG, : : ONTARIO
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.
BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for the Molsons Bank.
New Molsons Bank Building,
MORRISBURG, ONT.
A large amount of private money to loan at current rate on easy terms.

L. JORDAN
Licensed Auctioneer
for Dundas, Stormont and Russell. Ten year's experience, satisfaction guaranteed.
Terms reasonable.
PHONE—43, CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

LICENSED AUCTIONEER
For Provinces Ontario and Quebec
In future I intend to devote all my time to auctioneering.
Sales of all kinds handled.
Pure bred stock a specialty.
Terms reasonable. For date phone at my expense.
THOS. IRVING
55 Fourth Ave., Ottawa.
Phone Carling 176.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA
ESTABLISHED 1874
94 BRANCHES IN CANADA
Capital Paid Up - $4,000,000
Rest - - $4,750,000
Conservation of Resources means success.
Conserve YOUR assets by building up a Bank Account.
SAVINGS DEPARTENT A TALL BRANCHES

PICKLES
The Pickling season is close at hand and Mullin Bros. will as usual have a full stock of Pure Spices and Vinegar—This is the one department where QUALITY counts. It is false economy to waste time and material on low grade spices and vinegar for pickling. We could buy some grades at half what we pay for them and consequently sell them at a lower price, but the public would not get the satisfaction that they get in buying the best Spices and Vinegar.

SPICES
We carry all the varieties, ground and whole spices used in Pickling and the best pure spices that we can procure.

VINEGAR
We carry Wilson's white wine, cider and malt Vinegar which we sell at a reasonable price.

MULLIN BROS.
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
Canada Food Board License No. 8-3575
MORRISBURG, — ONT.

CHILLY ROOMS MADE WARM



By using one of our HOT BLAST HEATERS for just a few minutes. You can chase that chill out of the bathroom, bedroom or any cold corner. Beautifully finished, durable economical and cheap.
Try one, and you save money and enjoy warmth these cool evenings.
PRICE $8.00

HUNTER & CASSELMAN
Hardware, Groceries, Flour and Feed
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.
Canada Food Board License No. 8-088

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL



IT'S A PLEASURE to burn our coal says the lady who has used it. It is the free burning, clean coal that gives the best satisfaction If you will try a ton we feel sure you will agree with us that it is the best coal to be had

ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE

ALL COAL MUST BE PAID FOR
WHEN ORDERED

W. H. McGANNON

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL
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WHY NOT BE A MECHANIC IN THE ROYAL AIR FORCE?

Have You Mechanical Ability?
Can You Drive a Car?
Can You Handle Horses?
Are You a Good Clerk??
Do You Understand Gasoline Engines?

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY

is here offered for men in Medical Category "B" who are under the M.S.A., and for men who are not under the M.S.A., to work in the flying fields, workshops and offices of the Royal Air Force in Canada. No other branch of the Service offers the possibilities for improvement that is obtained by ambitious endeavor in Royal Air Force work. It is a big opportunity to serve the Allied cause, in congenial and healthy surroundings, and in instructive and interesting work.

SKILLED AND UNSKILLED MEN NEEDED

If you are skilled in a R.A.F. trade, you will be given the opportunity to work at it; if you are unskilled, you will have the chance to make yourself proficient in some branch of work that will be of benefit to you when you return to civilian life.

APPLY PERSONALLY OR BY LETTER
OFFICER IN CHARGE TRADE TESTS, R.A.F.
COR. GEORGE & DUKE STS., TORONTO

ST. BERNARD DOGS ECONOMY VICTIMS

ALL BUT SIX AT FAMOUS MONASTERY KILLED TO SAVE FOOD.

Bread Shortage Affects the French Nation More Seriously Than Any Other.

All but six of the famous St. Bernard dogs kept by the monks of that ancient monastery in the Alps have been killed. Shortage of meat caused by the war led to this massacre.

The St. Bernard Pass is of historical renown. It connects the valleys of the Rhone and the Dora Baltea. It was traversed by Roman legions thousands of years ago. In mediaeval times the pass served the armies of conquerors and the bands of mercenaries. Napoleon crossed the Alps at this point in 1800.

The great monastery was built in the middle of the sixteenth century. It was maintained for the relief of travellers who were surprised by snowstorms while crossing the pass. The St. Bernard dogs were used to find the frozen victims of the storms in the snowdrifts. They were specially trained for this work of relief and carried the first aid to the injured in a little basket attached to their collars. These dogs rescued thousands of human beings, many of whom were of historical prominence. And for the first time in the history of this famous monastery the dogs had to be slaughtered for want of food.

Human Food First Interest.

At other times a report of this sort would create profound interest in Paris, but at present the human race is thinking of its own necessities and cares less about dog heroes living more than 8,100 feet above the surface of the sea.

To-day the people of France are restricted in the consumption of meat, bread or any other article of food in the making of which dough or flour is used and sugar. There are three meatless days and to prevent any one buying meat in advance the rule restricts purchases to 200 grains of meat on a day preceeding a meatless day.

The sale of meat is prohibited on Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays. In hotels and restaurants no guest is entitled to more than 100 grams of meat as part of a meal Tuesdays. This restriction is aimed at hoarding. Even slaughter houses are entirely closed the meatless days. Thus the attempt is made to prevent, as far as possible, any violation of the rule.

Of course any attempt at enforcing restrictions of this sort in the provinces would be needless. French peasants eat little meat, once or twice a week at the most, if at all.

French Are Frugal People.

The average Englishman consumes much more meat. England had three meatless days a week, applied to restaurants and similar dining rooms, beginning in the summer of 1917. However, these meatless days were abolished, the order taking effect May 17 this year. In place of the former restriction a meat card was issued. This card entitles the holder to a certain amount of meat, which he may buy four specified days of the week. Englishmen are consuming about double the amount of meat eaten by the same number of Frenchmen at present.

French frugality in meat is the more remarkable as it is accompanied by a similar and much more drastic restriction in the consumption of bread. "A Frenchman," according to a peace time wit, "is a gentleman who wears a decoration and orders an extra portion of bread." Bread has been the staff of life for the French people.

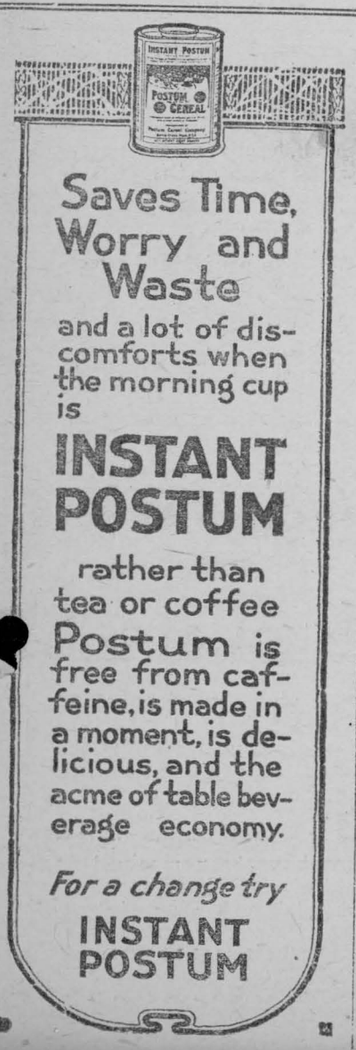
Still, France is in a better position than adjacent countries. Meat is very scarce and costly in Belgium. In Antwerp one has to pay twenty francs for a pound of meat and thirty francs for a pound of bacon. In Meerle, near Antwerp, a butcher paid 2,625 francs for a two-year-old steer. Cows are sold for 5,000 and goats for 500 francs

Swiss Regulation Strict.

At Val dé Travers, Switzerland, two butchers were found guilty of having violated the Government rule regulating the price of calves. The butchers were fined 1,500 francs each and will have to pay the cost of the trial, while fifteen farmers, to whom the butchers had paid more than the maximum price allowed, were acquitted by the jury.

In the course of proceedings in the court it was shown that an army officer of the commissary department in buying cattle for the army had also paid more than the maximum price permitted. Now the State's attorney is going to prosecute the army officer for the same offence for which the two butchers were found guilty.

In Vienna meat rations for hotels, dining rooms and boarding houses were cut 20 per cent., beginning July 1. Even meat supplies for hospitals were reduced 10 per cent. This caused increased prices.



Saves Time, Worry and Waste

and a lot of discomforts when the morning cup is

INSTANT POSTUM

rather than tea or coffee

Postum is free from caffeine, is made in a moment, is delicious, and the acme of table beverage economy.

For a change try

INSTANT POSTUM

ERASING BLOTS ON THE MAP.

Names of Allied Heroes Should Replace Those of German Origin.

Every German name which occurs on the map of the British Empire is a blot which ought to be erased, and something more worthy put in its place. What Briton wants to live in a Schomberg, a Kaiserstuhl, or a Grunthal, names which sound like the things that swine say when they are at the trough, or longing to be?

South Australia has taken the lead in expunging from her borders every name which offends the eye and ear by its Hunnish origin, and either simply and sufficiently anglicising it, as Summerfield for Summerfeldt, and Olivedale for Oliventhal, or wholly changing the name for something which will in future remind the inhabitants of the mighty struggle for the freedom of mankind which we are passing through at this era in the world's history, names like Mount Kitchener, Beatty, Maude, Dorrien, Allenby, Jellicoe, Jutland, Sturdee, Mons, and Cambrai.

Already this has been done in isolated cases in the other colonies: but a clean sweep ought to be made, and the great names, which are legion, of British and French and Italian heroes, of towns not less heroic, of battles called after places which are no longer anything but a scarred mud-heap, substituted for them.

Strong On the Count.

"The way the Germans count their prisoners," said the office boy, "reminds me of the circus barker who stood in front of the tent and barked: "Walk up, ladies and gents. Walk up and see the remarkable African hyena. Measures 16 feet from the tip of his nose to the end of his tail, and the same distance back again, making 32 feet in all. Walk right up, ladies and gents."

FRENCH WAR DOGS.

Faithful Servants Are Cared For By Blue Cross Society.

Not every one realizes the important place which dogs are taking in this war. Of course, the Germans began training dogs for war uses many years ago, but the French did nothing in that line for two years after war had begun. They now have 18,000 dogs trained or in training. These are cared for by the Blue Cross, which, at the request of the French Government, has attached a dog hospital to all the Blue Cross base hospitals in France where war horses are treated. All dogs named by the French army are received at these bases, disinfected and quarantined. They are then assigned for duty or training.

Terriers are used to free the trenches of rats, and the larger dogs are used for patrol work, to police prisoners, as first aids to ambulances to carry appliances and water, to seek out the wounded men in shell holes and out-of-the-way places. It is said that Samoyede dogs have actually saved the guns to which they were harnessed; they carry shells, and even draw sleighs and light transport. Perhaps most important of all are the messenger dogs, which can travel where men cannot go, and exceed any other messenger except the pigeon in speed. They travel through the barrage, making 23 or 24 miles an hour, and are, literally, "faithful unto death," striving even when wounded to perform their alloted task. No one would question for an instant the fine appreciation which has caused the French Government to "mention" its dogs in despatches.

So far, over 1,000 dogs have been treated at the hospitals. All operations on dogs and horses are performed under anaesthetics by trained veterinarians. The town of Mossley lately presented to Lady Smith-Dorrien, president of the Blue Cross fund, a cheque for £1,050, which is the first instalment of its subscription towards this fine work. Mossley is a town of only 8,000 inhabitants.

Thistle Down.

Thistle down, thistle down,
Blowing from the west,
Sail across the surging seas
To the boy that I love best.
Kiss his rosy lips for me
And nestle in his ear,
And whisper "Mother waits for you,
Son-Boy, over here."

To-day the birds are singing
In their choirs of maple trees,
And the goldenrod is courted
By the hum of myriad bees;
The squirrels with heaven-sent vision
Add to their winter store;
And the streamlet ripples laughingly
To join the ocean's roar.

But what is that sails into view
And wakes me from my trance?
An airship blots out heaven's blue
And speaks of war and France!
The wild flowers wilt, the song birds cease;
All beauty fades away!
The world's at war! dear God send peace
My son's in France to-day!

Thistle down, thistle down,
Blowing from the west,
Sail across the surging seas
To the boy that I love best.
Kiss his rosy lips for me
And nestle in his ear,
And whisper: "Mother waits for you
Son-Boy over here."

Quick Excavation.

When Sir Harry Lauder, the Scottish comedian, who now spends most of his time singing to the boys at the front, gave one such entertainment to the Canadians up near Ypres, he took his place at the bottom of a sort of natural amphitheatre, on the sides of which the soldiers grouped themselves. After he was through he stood talking to one of the officers, and asked him how often the German shells landed fair inside the concentration camp.

"Oh, I don't know," said the officer slowly. He looked around. "You know that hole you were singing in just now?"

I nodded, says the comedian. I had guessed that it had been made by a shell.

"Well, that's the result of a Boche shell," he said. "If you'd come yesterday we've had had to find another place for your concert!"

"Oh! Is that so," said I.

"Ay," he said, and grinned. "We didn't tell you before, Harry, because we didn't want you to feel nervous or anything like that while you were singing. But it was obliging of Fritz now, wasn't it ? Think of his taking the trouble to dig out a fine theatre for us that way!"

"It was obliging of him, to be sure," I said, rather dryly.

"That's what we said," said the officer. "Why, as soon as I saw the hole that shell had made, I said to Campbell, 'By Jove, there's the very place for Harry Lauder's concert tomorrow!' And he agreed with me!"

Just So.

To be successful a farmer has to be sharp as a raiser.

The earliest crockery designs made use of in England were secured from the Chinese.

Coal is defined as "a solid, apaque, combustible substance of vegetable organ, taking millions of years to form."

For Autumn Days



Chic, indeed, is this little vest effect which slips under the panel in the back and buttons in front over gathered chemisette. McCall Pattern No. 8489, Ladies' Dress. In 6 sizes, 34 to 44 bust. Price, 25 cents.



Check suits always appeal for fall wear. This attractive design has an interesting shawl-collar which gives a soft finish to the neck. McCall Pattern No. 8487, Ladies' Coat. In 6 sizes, 34 to 44 bust. No. 8483, Ladies' Two or Three-Piece Skirt. In 7 sizes, 22 to 34 waist. Price, 20 cents each.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer, or from the McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT!

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers —It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

To Be Exact.

A recruit on night guard duty for the first time, observed a shadowy form approaching. Following his instructions, he cried:

"Halt! Who goes there?"

"Shut up!" a husky voice replied with some impatience. "I ain't going; I'm coming back."

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gents,—A customer of ours cured a very bad case of distemper in a valuable horse by the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Yours truly,
VILANDIE FRERES.

The consumption of horse flesh for human food in France is steadily increasing. Paris alone reports that 70,000 horses were slaughtered for food last year.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

The Little Drum.

I was brave when they told me he was gone;
I shed no tear on that awful day,
Though the only light that had ever shone
On my lonely life had passed away,
I was calm when I touched his empty bed,
When I gathered up his clothes and hat;
I was firm when I saw his little sled—
But his drum—I could not look at that.

It seemed somehow to speak—that little drum,
That lies neglected, silent now;
To me more eloquent, though dumb,
Than any voice on earth, I vow.
How strange that out of all his things—
His skates, his wagon, ball and mitt—
His drum most poignant mem'ries brings—
And still I cannot look at it.

LEMONS MAKE SKIN WHITE, SOFT, CLEAR

Make this beauty lotion for a few cents and see for yourself.

What girl or woman hasn't heard of lemon juice to remove complexion blemishes; to whiten the skin and to bring out the roses, the freshness and the hidden beauty? But lemon juice alone is acid, therefore irritating, and should be mixed with orchard white this way. Strain through a fine cloth the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing about three ounces of orchard white, then shake well and you have a whole quarter pint of skin and complexion lotion at about the cost one usually pays for a small jar of ordinary cold cream. Be sure to strain the lemon juice so no pulp gets into the bottle, then this lotion will remain pure and fresh for months. When applied daily to the face, neck, arms and hands it should help to bleach, clear, smoothen and beautify the skin.

Any druggist will supply three ounces of orchard white at very little cost and the grocer has the lemons.

Impossible.

A good story appears in one of Ian Hay's books which should stand repeating. The scene is a Y.M.C.A. hut "over there." A Cockney soldier, thinking to be smart, says that a German spy got into the lines. "You see," said the Cockney, 'the spy was disguised as a joke, and the sentry, being a Scotty, didn't see him." After the laughter had subsided a brawny "Jock" turned to the Cockney and said, "I suppose ye think ye're unco clever, but look here, my mannie, did it ever occur to you what wad happen tae England if Scotland was tae sign a separate peace?"

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

What Lime Does.

Besides being a plant food itself, lime helps most soils by improving the structure of the grains; it sweetens the soil, thereby aiding the little living germs called bacteria, by setting free the potash that is locked up in the soil.

MONEY ORDERS.

Buy your out-of-town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five Dollars costs three cents.

West Needs More Reserves.

Further extensions of the areas set apart in Western Canada as forest reserves are much to be desired. No such reserves have been made since 1913, though very considerable areas have been found upon examination to be chiefly valuable for forest purposes.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

After the present harvest is gathered French farms are to be almost stripped of horses suitable for military purposes.

Rafts hinged to the sides of a lifeboat and which spread out when it is afloat to give additional buoyancy form a recently invented device for safety at sea.

The orange was originally a pear-shaped fruit, not much larger than a cherry, and it is said that its evolution is due to twelve centuries of cultivation.

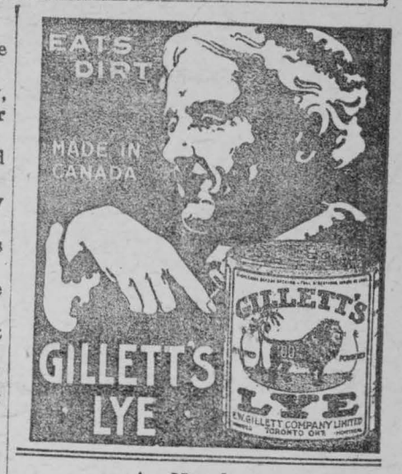
WHEN YOU SUFFER FROM RHEUMATISM

Almost any man will tell you that Sloan's Liniment means relief

For practically every man has used it who has suffered from rheumatic aches, soreness of muscles, stiffness of joints, the results of weather exposure.

Women, too, by the hundreds of thousands, use it for relieving neuritis, lame backs, neuralgia, sick headache. Clean, refreshing, soothing, economical, quickly effective. Say "Sloan's Liniment" to your druggist. Made in Canada. Get it today.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain



A Napoleon.

It requires ability to succeed in business. Quite often business success is due to ability like Carker's. Carker's partner said to him the other day:

"In view of the war scarcity, Carker, shall we shorten the weight of this commodity, or shall we raise the price?"

Carker frowned a Napoleonic business frown.

"Humph," he said, "why not do both?"

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Chiefly for roofing automobiles an imitation glass that resembles celluloid has been invented in Europe.

AGENTS WANTED

PORTRAIT AGENTS WANTING good prints. Finishing a specialty. Frames and everything at lowest prices. United Art Co., 4 Brunswick Ave., Toronto.

WANTED

BALED HAY. QUOTE DELIVERED, Bothwell, Ontario. Reid Bros., Bothwell, Ontario.

FOR SALE

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried $1,500. Will go for $1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., Toronto.

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR SALE in New Ontario. Owner going to France. Will sell $2,000. Worth double that amount. Apply J. H., c/o Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

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CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

KEEP YOUR STOVE BRIGHT
BLACK KNIGHT STOVE POLISH
Will not burn
Easy to use

SELDOM SEE a big knee like this, but your horse may have a bunch or bruise on his ankle, hock, stifle, knee or throat.

ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

will clean it off without laying up the horse. No blister, no hair gone. Concentrated—only a few drops required at an application. $2.50 per bottle delivered. Describe your case for special instructions, and Book 8 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; allays Pain and inflammation. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Liberal trial bottle postpaid for 10c.
W. F. YOUNG, P.D.F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.
Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT
2 IN 1
SHOE POLISHES
LIQUIDS and PASTES
for BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES
PRESERVE the LEATHER
THE F.F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS Ltd., HAMILTON, CANADA.

Cuticura Heals Pimples On Face

That Itched and Burned. Scratched Constantly.



"I had pimples and blackheads on my face which were caused by bad blood. They came to a head and were hard and red causing disfigurement for the time being. They itched and burned so much that I constantly scratched and made them worse.

"I sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and afterwards bought more. Now I am completely healed." (Signed) Miss Josephine A. Wetmore, 35 Sheriff St., St. John, N. B., Aug. 10, 1917.

Keep your skin clear by using Cuticura for every-day toilet purposes.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

FRIDAY, OCT. 4 1918

The Leader

$1.50 per year; $1.25 in Canada, if paid n advance. $1.75 in United States or $1.50 if paid in advance.

ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY

The Leader Publishing Co. Limited

LEO LAURIN MANAGER

Honor Roll for September, S.S. No., Hoasic

Sr. IV.—Jimmie Gow, Clarence Alguire.

Jr. IV. — Winnie Herriman, Gladys O'Shaughnessy, Willie Gow.

III.—Gladys Marcellus, Edris Darragh, Marguerite Alguire, Leila St. Pierre, Beulah Darragh Iva Wells, George Gow.

Sr. II—Hilda Marcellus, Ralph McMillan, Arnold Garlough, Cecil Darragh, Flossie Ferguson.

Jr. II.—Dwight Weegar, Mahlon Gow, Bernice Alguire.

I.—Alywn Darragh.

Primer—

A—Nellie Wells, Stanley Gow, Stella Herriman.

B—Graham Wells.

C—Russell Wells.

Blanche Wells, Teacher.

Williamsburg R. R. No 7 [illegible] Senior Department—

V—Dorothy Morgan.

Jr. IV.—Summers Elliott, Alfred Morgan, Isabelle Cross, James Stewart.

Sr. III.—Lloyd Brown, iDale Wells, Edna Hanes, Ruth Sheets

Jr. III.—Verna Lane, Sadie Greene, Sara Baker, Ida Canough.

Jennie H. Ralph, Teacher.

Junior Department—

II.—Thelma Rupert, Dora Casselman, Lawrence Morgan, Glen Baker.

I.—Gladys Greene, Francis Pruner, Frank Jarvis.

Primer (a)—Garnet Gallinger Ethel Canough, Robin Cross.

Primer (b)—Charles Postlethwaite, Della Wells Bazil Hunter.

M. E. Willard, Teacher.

Winchester Springs

Mr. Albert Holmes' five children are very sick with LaGrippe

Mr. Wiburn Robinson and Rev. Malhon Robinson visited friends at Morrisburg.

Mrs. William Webb visited Mrs. Roy Weaver Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. Hector Munroe spent Sunday at Morrisburg the guest of Miss Hazel Fisher.

Mrs. Henry Thorn is much improved and is able to be up.

Mrs. Walter McIntosh visited Ottawa friends the week-end.

Mrs. Albert Haggarty of Philadelphia, N.Y., visited at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Orren Casselman last week. Mrs. Haggarty's old friends were glad to see her again.

Silo-filling is the order of the day.

Rev. and Mrs. Malhon Robinson from Clarenceville, Que., are holidaying at Toy's Hill the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Hutson McIntosh.

Mr. F. Bolton is able to use his arm some now. We are pleased to see him improving.

Mrs. Annie McIntosh is spending a few days with her daughter in Ottawa who is a nurse-in-training.

Nudell Bush

Farmers having wheat for sale please communicate with R. H. Ashton, Cold Storage.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Wilson and Mrs. Frank Lount and baby, F. J. Lount of Beiseiker Alta are leaving today for Cornwall, where they will take the fast train for their home in the west.

Mr. Jas. Alguire is busy thrashing in our Burn at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cramer of Kingston visited friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Pruner were guests in our Burn this week.

We are glad to report that Mr George Casselman, who has been confined to the house through sickness, is able to be out again.

Mr. Freen Casselman and son have shipped four hundred dollars' worth of pigs on Monday.

Rev. Mr. Bermon visited friends here this week.

Mr. Wilbert Casselman was a business caller here on Wednesday.

Mrs. Sidney Pruner spent Wednesday with Mrs. Wm. Henoph

Miss A. E. Casselman spent Wednesday evening with Miss F. M. Lount.

In Memoriam

In loving memory of our late Father and Husband, who died on October 2nd., 1917.

We will weep for the days that come no more,
For the sunbeam gone from the heart and door;
For a missing step for a nameless grace,
For a Father's form, for a Father's face;
But not for the soul whose crown is won,
Whose infinite joy has only begun;
Not for the spirit enrobed in light,
Crowned where the Angels are tonight.

Inserted by Mrs. M. Cassel and Children.

STRAYED

On my premises, Lot 26, 6th. Concession Williamsburg, Two black and white heifers.

Owner may have same by paying expenses. Apply,

IRA WEEGAR.

Morrisburg, Sept. 20th., 1918.

HIGHEST PRICES PAID

Having secured a motor truck I can now serve you better and cheaper than ever Therefore I will pay highest prices for JUNK, and POULTRY

If I do not call at your home, drop a card to the old reliable

SAM AGULNICK,

MORRISBURG, — ONT.
Box 17 Telephone 63

FOR SALE

One Jersey Cow, seven years old; one Chestnut Horse, six years old; one Chestnut Mare 8 years old, and one gelding, 2 years old. Prices right to quick purchaser.

O. W. DUPRAU,

Morrisburg, Ont.

NOTICE—MILITARY SERVICE ACT, 1917

REGISTRATION OF UNITED STATES CITIZENS

Male citizens of the United States living in Canada of AGES 21-30, both inclusive, MUST REGISTER BY REGISTERED POST with the Registrar under the Military Service Act of the district in which they live, during the TEN DAYS NEXT FOLLOWING SEPTEMBER 28th, 1918; and such CITIZENS OF THE AGES 19, 20 AND 31-44, both inclusive, must so register during the TEN DAYS NEXT FOLLOWING OCTOBER 12th, 1918. It must be emphasized that THIS INCLUDES AMERICANS LIVING IN CANADA OF THE ABOVE AGES, MARRIED AND SINGLE, and includes ALSO ALL THOSE WHO HAVE SECURED DIPLOMATIC EXEMPTION OR HAVE REGISTERED WITH AN AMERICAN CONSUL, or HAVE REGISTERED FOR MILITARY SERVICE IN THE UNITED STATES.

Registration letters may be handed to local Postmasters for despatch to the proper Registrar, under the Military Service Act.

MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH.

NOTICE—MILITARY SERVICE ACT, 1917

MEN EXEMPTED AS FARMERS

Having in view the importance of leaving a sufficient number of men on those farms, which are actually contributing to the National Food Supply, notice is hereby given as follows :

1. ALL MEMBERS OF CLASS I POSSESSING EXEMPTION AS FARMERS which is expiring and WHO WISH TO REMAIN EXEMPT should communicate with the Registrars under the M.S.A., of their respective districts, REQUESTING AN EXTENSION IN TIME OF SUCH EXEMPTION. Questionnaires will thereupon be issued to these men by the Registrar and they will receive further exemption upon furnishing satisfactory proof that they are contributing sufficiently to the National Food Supply.

2. In order to facilitate productive employment during the Winter months, MEN EXEMPTED AS FARMERS SHOULD APPLY TO THE REGISTRARS FOR PERMITS TO ENGAGE FOR THE WINTER IN SOME OCCUPATION OF NATIONAL INTEREST, SUCH AS LUMBERING, MUNITION WORK, ETC. Such permits will serve to enable exempted farmers to pursue other useful occupations for the months during which farming operations cannot be carried on.

MILITARY SERVICE BRANCH.

Apples! Apples!

All kinds of Winter Apples for sale by the Barrel or Bushel

Parties furnishing barrels will be allowed $1.00 off purchase price.

E. S. CASSELMAN

DUNDELA - - - - ONT.

Phone Williamsburg.

PLOUGHING MATCH AND TRACTOR DEMONSTRATION

Under auspices of

CHESTERVILLE FARMERS' CLUB

COMMISSION OF CONSERVATION

& ONT. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE

TUESDAY, OCT. 8th, 1918

On farm of W. H. Casselman CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

Commencing at 12 O'clock Sharp.

JUDGES

John Fixture, Central Experimental Farm — W. L. Graham, Ottawa

OFFICERS

A. J. Forward, - - President C. F. C.
Thos. Houlehan, - - Secretary C. F. C.
F. C. Nunnick, - Commission of Conservation.
E. P. Bradt, - - District Representative.

For the benefit of the Soldiers' Comfort Fund a booth will be on the grounds where a substantial lunch will be served as well as other refreshments

PRIZE LIST

All Ploughing will be done on sod land.

CLASS 1.

Walking Plough, single furrow, open to all comers. 1st, General Purpose Plough, donated by Bateman-Wilkinson Co.; 2nd, $10.; 3rd, $6.00; 4th, $4.00.

CLASS 2.

Walking Plough, single furrow. Contestants to be not over 25, years of age. Open to Dundas and West Stormont. 1st, General Purpose Plough, donated by Percival Plough Co.; 2nd, Pair Boots. Value $3.00, donated by G. W. Bogart & Son; 3rd, $6.00; 4th, $4.00

CLASS 3.

Walking Plough, single furrow. Contestants to be not over 17 years of age. Open to Dundas and West Stormont. 1st, General Purpose Plough, donated by J. Fleury's Sons; 2nd, $6.00; 3rd, $3.00; 4th, $2.00.

CLASS 4.

Two Furrow Plough (riding or walking). Open to all living in Dundas or West Stormont. 1st, General Purpose Oliver Plough, donated by International Harvester Co.; 2nd, $10.00; 3rd, $6.00; 4th, $4.00.

SPECIALS

1—Oldest Ploughman on grounds. Pair Mitts, Value $3.00.

2—Youngest Ploughman on grounds. Engraved Silver Medal.

3—Best Outfit, team and harness considered. Credit slip, value $10.00 donated by Massey Harris Co., good for this amount when applied on purchase of any Massey-Harris implement.

4—Best in and out. Halter.

5—Best finish in single furrow classes. Whip.

6—Best finish in two furrow class. Blanket.

7—A trophy, value $20.00, given by the Ottawa Farm Journal for the best plowed land in the field, provided the winner competes at the Provincial Match to be held at Ottawa, October 16th, 17th and 18th.

8—The Executive of the O. P. A. will give $10.00 to this Match for the Club in Dundas County sending the largest number of competitors to the Provincial Match.

DONATIONS

O. D. Casselman, M. P., $25.; Maple Leaf Condensed Milk Co. $25. Molsons Bank, $10.00; Dundas Board of Agriculture, $10.00; I. Hilliard, K. C. M. P. P., $10.00; W. J. Fisher, Warden of United Counties, $5.00.

REGULATIONS

1.—All ploughs used in the Match must be of a model in general use in the County today.

2.—Average depth of ploughing in all classes must not be less than six inches.

3.—No ploughman allowed in Class 4 with less than three horses.

4.—One assistant allowed with each ploughman in setting and removing stakes only. At the conclusion of this, assistant must leave the land.

5.—After the first scratch up and down, no handling of land allowed.

6.—Ploughmen to be on grounds at 12 o'clock sharp, for drawing of lands. Ploughing to commence at 12.30 o'clock and finish at 4 o'clock.

7.—No spectator will be allowed to interfere with or offer suggestions to competitors or judges.

Points governing judging

Opening and Finishing; Width and depth of furrow; Firmness and general appearance.

Presentation of prizes will take place in Town Hall, Chesterville, at 8.00 on the evening of the match.

ENTRIES

Entries will be accepted up to 12 o'clock on the day of the Match, but it is very desirable that entries be sent to the Secretary of the Club not later than October 5th.

TRACTOR DEMONSTRATION

Arrangements have been made with a number of Tractor firms to have outfits on the grounds to demonstrate tractor ploughing and other power work on the farm. Tractor ploughs will operate in both sod and stubble land. This will be an excellent opportunity for the farmers of Dundas to see the different makes of tractors in actual operation.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

EXPERIENCE
VS
EXPERIMENT

Learning office work is like learning any other kind of work, or trade, or profession. Machinists are trained by practical machinists, doctors by doctors, dentists by dentists.

The secret of success of the Graduates of Willis College is that they are the only ones trained by expert, experienced office workers for expert office work.

For Stenographer, Secretary, or Accountant, we have the best courses available anywhere.

Last year our increase was 45 p. c. This year to date is even better. Still Employers Demands Exceed the Number of Willis Graduates.

N. I. HARRISON, PRINCIPAL
WILLIS COLLEGE, OTTAWA, ONT.
139½ Sparks Street,
Entrance between Ketchums & Sims
"A POSITION FOR EVERY WILLIS GRADUATE"

CORNWALL
GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, J. C. ALGUIRE,

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Robert C. Mullin, Deceased:

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 56 of the Trustee Act, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of Robert C. Mullin, late of the Village of Morrisburg in the County of Dundas, retired Merchant, deceased, are required on or before the 10th day of October A.D. 1918, to send by post prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors of said Estate, their Christian and Surnames, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and in default thereof and immediately after the said 10th day of October the said Executors to said Estate will proceed to distribute the assets of said Estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have had notice; and the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 19th. day of September A.D., 1918.

IRWIN HILLIARD,
Solicitor for Executors
Morrisburg, Ont.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate William Merkley, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 56 of the Trustee Act, that all creditors and others having claims against the Estate of William Merkley, late of the Township of Matilda, in the County of Dundas, Yeoman, deceased, are required on or before the 10th day of October A. D., 1918, to send by post prepaid, or otherwise deliver to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors of said Estate, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions and full particulars of their claims, and the nature of the securities, if any, held by them, and in default thereof, and immediately after the said 10th. day of October the said Executors to said Estate will proceed to distribute the assets of said Estate amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they then shall have had notice and the said Executors shall not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof, to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 19th. day of September, A. D., 1918.

IRWIN HILLIARD,
Solicitor for Executors.
Morrisburg, Ont.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

Farmers having wheat for sale please communicate with R. H. Ashton, Cold Storage.

Williamsburg Red Cross

Sept. Shipment—

Village—34 pairs socks; 12 towels, 66 face cloths; [illegible]

South End—

25 pairs socks.
[illegible] towels.
82 pillow cases.
30 handkerchiefs.
36 face cloths.
6 shirts.

N.B.—Towels left over for next month.

West End—14 pairs socks.
North End—One pair socks.
East End—No Report.

Total shipment for September:

74 pairs socks.
13 Shirts.
82 pillow cases.
30 handkerchiefs.
102 face cloths.
12 towels.

The proceeds from refreshment booth at the School Children's Fair was $29.69.

The social given by the South End Workers netted $40.11 for the Society.

In the last three months we have shipped 300 pairs socks—an everage of 100 pairs per month; with one division not reporting. This is a splendid record.

The Secretary very much regrets that an error occured in a previous report wherein Miss Christie Loucks is named as distributor for the West-End; instead of Miss Kathleen Patrick.

Work valued at upwards of $1300 has been contributed by our Branch during the past five months.

Miss Jessie Beckstead has been made Secretary, and will take charge of the books beginning with October.

Nation Valley

No school this week owing to Miss Beach's illness, who is at her home, Winchester.

Miss Grace Darling is visiting relatives at Russell.

Miss Pauline Rae of Winchesten spent the week-end at her home here.

Mr. Wallace Darling visited Ottawa the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Johnston and Mr. and Mrs. W. Clark of Cass Bridge were calling in the Valley.

Mrs. B. Casselman of Cass Bridge has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. J. R. Baker.

Another of our Vallevites has invested in a new car. Mr. Calvin Merkley.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Johnston and Mrs. Elsie Johnston of Bethune Bush were guests recently in this vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Robertson and Miss Piney of Oak Valley, were visiting in the Valley last week.

Miss Cecelia Thomas and Pte. Russell Jackson attended Russell Fair.

This community was cast in sudden gloom when it was made public that Merton Alexander Colquhoun had slept away after a nine days' illness of pneumonia along with a complication of diseases, on Monday Sept. 23 at 7.30 p.m.. The deceased was born at Gallingertown on Nov. 1st, 1884. About seventeen years ago he came to Bethune Bush where he remained until five years ago when he married Miss Luella Kendrick, daughter of Mr. S. O. Kendrick, Bethune Bush. They resided a year in Manitoba and for the last four years had resided in the Valley.

The late Mr. Colquhoun was a favorite with old and young; he had friends everywhere he went. He was a hard-working young man, thereby prospering favorably in his worldly undertakings. Mert was a big-hearted, jolly good fellow and will be greatly missed by the young people of this district. A young widow is left to mourn the loss of a kind husband and two little children, a son, three years old; and one daughter, one year old, a loving father. Our deepest sympathy goes out to them in their sorrow; an aged mother and father, Mr. and Mrs Alexander Colquhoun of Gallingertown and four sisters. Mrs. Wm. Froats, Dixon's Landing; Mrs. Reed, Massena, N.Y.; Mrs. Frank Stillson, Massena, N.Y.; Mrs. Crookshanks, Massena, N.Y.; and four brothers, Allan of Boucks Hill; Frank of Wales; George of Boucks Hill, and Sandford of Gallingertown, are also left to mourn the loss of a loved son and brother. The funeral which was largely attended was held at 1.30 Wednesday at his late home, the service being conducted by the Rev. Mr. Hicks of Chesterville. who chose for his text: "It is appointed once for man to die and after death the judgment." A hymn entitled "Some day he will make it plain," was rendered by a quartette composed of Mrs. J. A. Munroe, Mrs. P. Darling, Miss J. Beach and Mr. Hector Beach. The bearers were six chums of the deceased, namely: Messrs. Ernest Grey, Jno. A Munroe, Robbie Johnston, Enos Munroe, Kenneth Woods and Calvin Munroe, Jr. Interment was made in Maple Ridge cemetery.

The high esteem and respect which the late Mr. Colquhoun enjoyed and the sincere regret which was caused by his death, were amply demonstrated by the number of Floral designs sent by sympathizing relatives and friends.

East Williamsburg

Mrs. Michael and Mrs. John Burton and baby of Nudell Bush spent Thursday at Mr. George Watson's.

Miss C. M. Watson of Aultsville spent a couple of days last week at Mr. George Watson's.

Mrs. Mina Wells, who spent a few weeks at Mr. George Watson's returned home on Friday.

Quite a number from here attended Newington Fair last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. McKenzie and Master James and Mr. Harry Baker spent Sunday with friends at Newington.

Quite a number from here attended the Rally Day Service on Sunday at Aultsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Meredith Garlough and family of Willamsburg spent Sunday at the latter's home.

Mr. J. Bernard Watson of Calgary, who has been spending the past month with friends here left on Wednesday to rejoin his platoon.

Mr. Sidney Dafoe spent Sunday with friends at Froatburn.

Messrs. Milton Casselman, Walter Watson are helping Connaught with his silo this week.

Rev. Mr. Bermon was visiting at Mr. Cornelius Wells on Saturday.

Miss Maggie Swerdfeger and Miss Genevieve Whittaker were calling in our Burg on Monday.

Mrs. Cornelius Wells and daughter were visiting [illegible] Sam's Domain on Sunday.

Brinston

Mrs. C. I. Gilson and daughter, May, are in Peterboro this week attending the wedding of the former's niece, Miss Helen Shaver.

Sunday was observed in the Methodist Church here as Rally Day.

A number from here took in Spencerville Fair last week.

Mrs. Goodwillie of Metcalfe is visiting at Mr. J. J. Paynes.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hamilton visited Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Merkley of Iroquois on Sunday.

Mr. Wesley Gilson is making extensive repairs to his house at the south end, by way of an addition of a new verandah.

The Brinston Dramatic Club put on their popular play "Broken Vows" at Spencerville on Wednesday night last at which an extra large crowd was in attendance. The proceeds were divided as usual between the two local Red Cross Societies.

The Annual Business meeting of the Red Cross Society was held in their hall here on Monday night, at which the new officers were elected for the coming year. A full report will appear next week.

Any one having a friend or a relative overseas from Matilda township will kindly send in their addresses to Dr. Collison at once, as the Christmas boxes will soon be packed, and it is the intention of the R. C. Society to send every boy overseas from Matilda, his Christmas box as was done last year. Any donations towards same will be greatly appreciated along with what the Society are sending. Don't forget our boys in the trenches and help cheer them up by helping fill their Christmas boxes. The following donations are suitable: paper and envelopes, chocolate, dates, raisins, cakes, handkerchiefs, pencils, gum, home-made candy, oxo, etc. The society is sending a flannel shirt and pair of socks in each box, besides these other donations. "Do your bit for the boys."

Rheumatism Entirely Gone

After Twenty-seven Years of Suffering—Swelling and Puffiness Has Disappeared — Not a Pain or an Ache Left.

A most astonishing cure of rheumatism and eczema has been reported here, and Mrs. Ray is enthusiastic in telling her many friends how cure was effected.

Rheumatism and eczema frequently go together, and in this case caused the most keen distress imaginable. All the swelling and puffiness resulting from many years of rheumatism have disappeared, and there is not a pain or an ache left.

Mr. G. H. Ray, R.R. No. 1, Kincardine, Ont., writes: "Mrs. Ray has been using your Kidney-Liver Pills. She was very bad with rheumatism and eczema, and had had that fearful itch for twenty-seven years. It was simply terrible what she suffered. I persuaded her to try $1.00 worth of Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. She is now on the last box, and let me tell you she scarcely knows herself, she is so free from both these diseases. All the swelling and puffiness caused by the rheumatism has gone away, and she has gone down in weight 18½ pounds. She never has an ache nor pain, biliousness nor sick headache all these months. She often says herself 'How glad I am that I know what to do instead of paying doctors so much to make me worse.'"

There is only one way that the poisons in the blood can be cleaned away and the cause of pains and aches removed, and that is by the healthful action of the kidneys, liver and bowels. Because Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills act directly and specifically on these organs and insure their activity they remove the cause of rheumatism and other dreadfully painful and fatal diseases. One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Look for the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author, on the box you buy.

Irena

Farmers in this section are busy harvesting and threshing beans in spite of the wet weather the turn-out is quite satisfactory.

Mr. Clarence Bouck attended Spencerville Fair on Thursday last and reports a good time.

A couple of our East-End sports were calling on Brockville friends in our town last week.

Mr. Frank Wells of Iroquois filled Mr. Edward Gibbon's silo last week. Frank has a good outfit and doed good work.

We are sorry to report that Mrs. Wm. Ault is on the sick list. We hope to see her around shortly.

Wedding bells are ringing.

We advise Michael Hushman to participate in the coming ploughing contest to be held in Chesterville on October 8. Mike is Irena's best ploughman and we would like to see the old town represented.

Aultsville

The Ladies who knit in September were: Mrs. S. E. Hanes 8 pairs socks; Miss Zella Hanes, 5 pairs socks, one trench cap; Mrs. (Rev.) C. D. Baldwin, 4 pairs; Miss J. Ralph 3 pairs; Mrs. J. Zeron, 3 pairs socks, 1 trench cap; Mrs. S. T. Loucks, Mrs. Geo. Markell, Mrs. Frank Shaver Mrs. H. Rupert, two pairs each; Mrs. I. Fetterly, Mrs. Jas Morgan Miss Dorothy Morgan, Mrs. I. Robertson, Mrs. S. Gove, Mrs. Jas Cooper, Mrs. Gillard, Mrs. W. Froats, one pair each; Mrs. F. Markell, one trench caps. A total of 39 pairs socks and three trench caps.

Thirteen more boxes were packed on Tuesday evening at Mrs. H. Rupert's for our boys Over Seas.

The Ladies are preparing for the Christmas boxes now to be sent some time in November. If you cannot knit or sew, help the Red Cross Workers with a contribution of money for their work.

Rev. C. D. Baldwin left on Monday to attend the General Conference of the Methodist Church which opened in Hamilton Wednesday a.m. There will not be any services in the church during his absence except the mid-week prayer. Service on Thursday evening at 7.30 and the Sunday School Sunday morning at 10 o'clock.

Miss Lucy Hanes returned home from Toronto Monday after a two-weeks' stay with friends in that city.

Mr. Frank Cramer, Wolfe Island, brought the remains of his infant child here for interment on Monday.

Sergt. B. Watson who has been spending a month at his old home at East Williamsburg left on Wednesday on his return trip to Calgary, Alta. His many friends here were pleased to see his smiling face again.

Miss Ella VanAllen, nurse-in-training in the Royal Victoria Hospital, Montreal, who has been spending a few weeks at her parental home, East Williamsburg, returned to the city on Wednesday.

Mr. Wm. Green's sister and niece from Ottawa are visiting him this week.

The many friends of Private Lloyd Rupert regret to hear of his serious condition in the hospital in France.

Mrs. M. Burton and Mrs John Burton and baby of Archer spent Tuesday with Mrs. A. M. Dafoe.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Couliff celebrated their golden wedding last Tuesday, Sept. 24th. Miss Lillian Couliff of Ogdensburg, N. Y., came down to be present with her parents on that day—Congratulations.

Mariatown

Mr. and Mrs. James Thompson of Morewood and Mrs. Agnes Miller of Metcalf spent the week-end with their sister, Mrs. Oscar Casselman.

Mr. Merle Deeks was in Brockville for a couple of days visiting his parents this week.

Mr. Wm. Fetterly of Morrisburg were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Froats on Wednesday of this week.

Mrs. A. H. Beckstead and Miss Eva Beckstead were in Iroquois on Thursday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Froats and their two boys spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Lee Deeks.

Filling silos is the order of the day but owing to the heavy rains it is making the work very unpleasant, both for man and beast, as only part loads can be taken from the field.

Mr. Frank Woodland and Mr. Henry Moore of Morrisburg were at H. D. Swerdfeger's on Saturday erecting a Hilo Silo.

Mr. and Mrs. James Riddell spent Friday at Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Casselman's, Williamsburg

Born — To Mr. and Mrs. J. Pier, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Seeley and family of Mainsville were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hunter on Sunday.

Miss Ida and Hattie Barkleytown this week.

of Glen Becker were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Froats, on Sunday.

Mrs. A. McLatchie of Morrisburg spent Monday with her sister, Mrs. A. Cleland.

Mr. A. H. Beckstead is at Mr. Oliver Fisher's, Iroquois, erecting a silo, this week.

Miss Inda Larmour spent Sunday the guest of Miss Martha Zeron.

Mr. and Mrs. John Fawsett of of Hainsville were the guests of Mrs. David Hamilton on Sunday.

Mrs. Roy Swerdfeger of Froatburn spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. J. Dain this week.

Miss Ursula Saddlemire of Morrisburg, was a caller in our

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

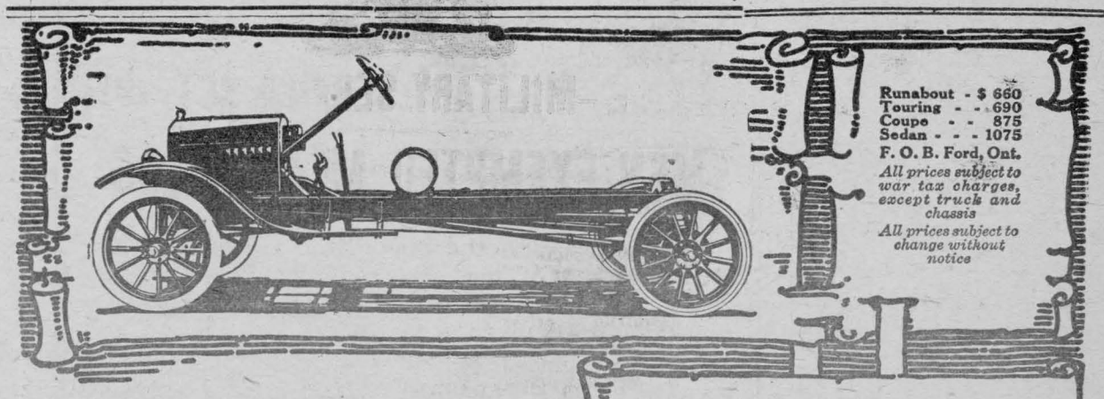
In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Poultry Wanted

Highest Prices paid at all Times, for all kinds of Poultry and Junk.

Drop a Card or Phone No. 28 for full particulars.

J.S.TEVAN&SON
DEALERS IN
Junk, Hides, Poultry, & Wool
Phone 28, MORRISBURG, ONT



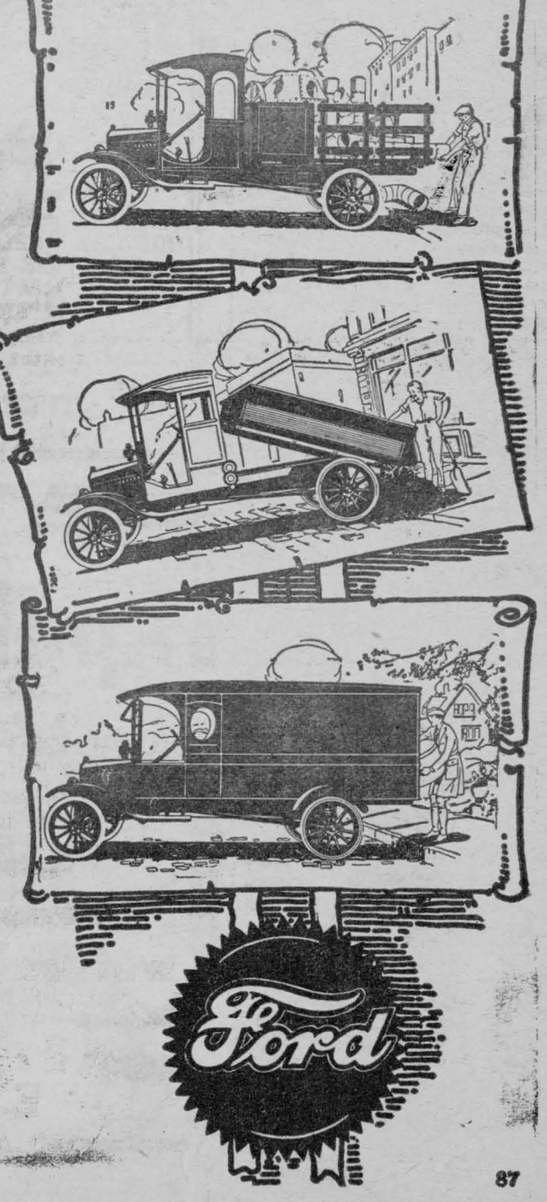
More Satisfied Customers and Increased Profits

MANY storekeepers extend their business by taking advantage of the uses to which a motor truck can be put.

Those who use the horse and wagon for delivery are restricted to a limited area. But the merchant who owns a truck can cover many times the area possible by horse and wagon. He is able to increase his list of customers without interfering with the service he renders nearby customers. A rural delivery route can be added or lengthened. His loads can be increased. His service is improved while his costs are reduced.

The Ford One-Ton Truck Chassis fitted with a stake, express, or closed body will fill every requirement of the merchant. The Ford Truck is of service in all weathers.

Price (chassis only) $750
F. O. B. Ford, Ontario



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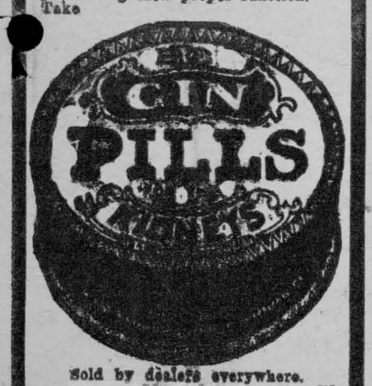
WILFRID QUENNEVILLE, Dealer, Morrisburg,

BACK-ACHE!

You will NEVER get rid of that pain in the back until your kidneys are performing their proper function. Take



Sold by dealers everywhere.
50c. a box. 205

NOT How much a pound?

BUT How many cups from a pound?

"SALADA"

TEA

will yield twice as much in the teapot as will ordinary tea. It is REAL economy to use it, to say nothing of the unique flavour.

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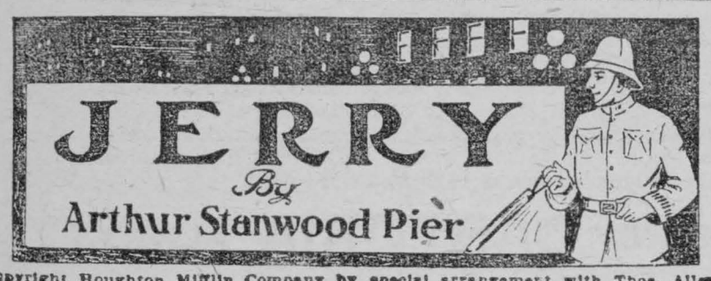

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CHAPTER XX.

When the District Attorney called the name of Martin Kemperton, Dave Scanlan looked round with unconcealed alarm. Jerry at least caught the expression on his face and hoped that none of the jurors had noticed it.

A respectably dressed, comfortably stout man of middle age took the witness stand and stated that he was a dealer in small arms and that he was always careful to observe persons to whom he sold revolvers.

"Do you recognize either of the defendants as a person to whom you sold a revolver?" asked the District Attorney.

"Yes. The defendant Scanlon."

"Do you recall any of the circumstances?"

"It was the day before the murder occurred. He came into my store in the afternoon and said he wanted a revolver. I asked him no questions, but he told me he was a night watchman and his employer wanted him to carry a gun. He bought a 38-caliber revolver and a dozen shells."

"You are positive this is the man?"

"Yes. As soon as I saw the picture of him in the paper the day after the murder I recognized him."

Dave was talking in eager whispers with his lawyer, whose face was grave and attentive. The jurors watched them while the witness returned to his seat in the back of the room.

Jerry had listened to Kemperton's testimony with amazement. The man seemed to be telling the truth. Yet Dave, in spite of his declarations that he had made a clean breast of everything had never mentioned this transaction. Jerry was not reassured by his excited whisperings and the lawyer's grave face; Mrs. Scanlon, pale, nervous, yet bent on comforting her boy, leaned forward in her chair and pressed and patted his arm all unheeded.

The District Attorney had no more witnesses. Maxwell called Hans Bergmann to the stand. A broad-shouldered, thick-chested man of about thirty, with a heavy, Tentonic face, stiff, light hair erect upon his head, skin pale and blotchy, eyes small and shifty, testified that on the night of the murder Schlupfe, whom he knew well, had been in his pool-room until it closed at midnight. Asked how he could be sure it was the night of the murder, he replied that Otto Wangenheim came in at about half past eleven and said that there had been a shooting over on Eighth Street, less that a quarter of a mile away. Schlupfe, who was standing by at the time, had remarked that a fellow was a fool as well as a crook to go into the hold-up business on Eighth Street.

"He said that if he was going out with a gun to rob somebody he'd pick on somebody worth while," testified Bergmann.

Cross-examination by Trask failed to confuse or shake the witness. He declared stolidly that he could not be mistaken, that he knew Schlupfe well, that Schlupfe spent many an evening in his pool-room.

Otto Wangenheim testified that he was a barber and that on his way home from his shop at a few minutes past eleven on the night of the murder he saw a crowd gathered in the doorway of Walsh's store. On joining it he learned that a man had been shot and killed less than a quarter of an hour before. He had tried to see the body, but two policemen were guarding the door and he was unsuccessful. He had gone at once to Bergmann's pool-room and had been the first there to announce the news. He remembered that the men who gathered round him were Bergmann, Schlupfe, Goldstein, and Kupelmayer.

Both Goldstein and Kupelmayer corroborated Wangenheim. Moreover, they testified that they had been playing pool with Schlupfe for at least two hours before Wangenheim came in with the news of the murder. They were unsavory-looking young men; and Wangenheim, with his lopsided head and thick, weak lips, was not a prepossessing person. But they all told their stories with apparent frankness.

Other witnesses were produced to testify to Schlupfe's good character—the liveryman in whose stable he had once worked, the alderman from his district, the butcher who had employed him as errand boy eight years before, the keeper of the bar-room that he was accustomed to frequent and that never saw him drunk or disorderly, and finally his uncle, who had a teaming business and had sent Schlupfe to buy some horses in the town where he had been arrested. The horse dealer appeared and corroborated this testimony.

The prosecuting attorney cross-examined none of these witnesses. Trask's efforts to trip them up or to discredit them resulted in failure.

Maxwell recalled Jerry for cross-examination, and asked him if Scanlan in his confession had admitted the purchase of the revolver as described by Kemperton. Jerry was obliged to say he had not.

"How do you happen to be appearing to-day without your uniform?"

"I object!" shouted Trask.

"If Your Honor please," said Maxwell, "I believe it is competent to bring out any facts that may tend to impeach the veracity of a witness."

The judge allowed the question, and Jerry answered:

"I'm not wearing the uniform because I've been suspended from the force."

"That will do, Mr. Donohue."

Maxwell glanced with a triumphant smile at the jury. He chose not to put his client on the stand. Dave Scanlan took the chair.

Confused, hesitating, making statements and then changing or retracting them, Dave caused Jerry's heart to sink. In regard to the revolver he said that Schlupfe had told him the one who was to use the weapon had better not be the one to buy it. Schlupfe had given him the purchase money and had waited in the neighborhood of the store until he emerged. He never would have bought the revolver if he had believed that Schlupfe meant to do more than intimidate people with it. He hadn't included the story of the revolver in his confession to Officer Donohue because he didn't want to make himself appear worse than he was—and in view of what had happened the purchase of the revolver would have seemed a suspicious circumstance, and he hadn't felt it necessary to mention it.

Making these explanations, Dave apparently felt that he did not carry conviction; he wavered and stopped upon an uncompleted, halting sentence.

Trask guided him through the story of the crime. He had met Schlupfe by appointment at the corner of Fifth and Tanner Streets at eleven o'clock; they had gone along Tanner Street and then up Burchard Avenue, and then down Eighth Street looking for places where it might seem safe to attempt a hold-up, and finally they had passed Walsh's store, and then, attracted by the deserted aspect of it, had turned back and entered. When he described the shooting, Jerry squirmed and gripped the edge of his chair in painful apprehension; he believed Dave, but he knew that Dave was not making others believe him. The stillness of the courtroom grew more and more ominous, as Dave gropingly, diffidently delivered his narrative. The jurors and the judge were watching him with unconcealed doubt and suspicion; Mrs. Scanlan sat pulling a handkerchief through first one hand and then the other, while she gazed at Dave with an imploring fixity and earnestness; Schlupfe and Maxwell leaned back in their chairs comfortably and smiled in open scorn; Trask stood close to his witness and strove, by question and suggestion and an appearance of calmness and confidence, to steady him.

"Now," said Trask, when Dave had at last finished his story, "just what were the circumstances under which you met Schlupfe and arranged with him to embark on a series of robberies?"

"I'd just come out of the reformatory where I'd been for a month."

"Why had you been in the reformatory?"

"Drunk and disorderly."

"Was it your first offense?"

"Yes, sir."

"Never been arrested before?"

"No, sir."

"What day was it that you were released from the reformatory?"

"Wednesday, the 20th."

"The day the killing took place?"

"Yes, sir. I got out of the reformatory that morning and came down to the city. I wanted to find a job before I went home and saw my mother; she didn't know where I'd been. But I met Schlupfe and he took me into Pomeroy's saloon and gave me a drink, and then we got to talking together, and he told me his scheme."

"So he persuaded you then to join in it?"

"Yes, after about half an hour's talk."

"This was in Pomeroy's saloon?"

"No: we just had a drink in there, and then we went and sat on a bench in the park in front of City Hall."

"And after that you agreed to buy the revolver for Schlupfe?"

"Yes. He said that if he was willing to make the play with it, I ought to be willing to take his money and buy it."

"After you bought the revolver what did you do with it?"

"I gave it to Schlupfe."

"Did you ever handle it again?"

"No, sir."

Trask had no more questions; Maxwell rose to cross-examine.

"You say that Schlupfe persuaded you to buy the revolver, and that, as you supposed it was to be used to intimidate only and not to kill, you consented to do it?"

"Yes, sir."

"Then why did you buy loaded shells for the revolver?"

"Well, he asked me to and gave me the money."

"And yet you say you never supposed that revolver was to be used except to intimidate?"

"He told me he wouldn't use it."

Maxwell had no further questions to ask.

Trask was able to introduce evidence discreditable enough to Schlupfe. He showed that Schlupfe had been convicted of theft and had served a sentence of eighteen months: also that he had once been found guilty of assault and robbery, and had served for that offence a term of six months. He asked for an adjournment until the next morning in order that he might look up the records of the witnesses who had been interested in trying to establish an alibi for Schlupfe. Over Maxwell's protests the court granted the request and gave Trask until the following morning.

(To be continued)





Long Years of Preparation.

"Many are called but few are chosen." These words come to mind again and again, when women and war work are considered. The road to France beckons invitingly, insistently, and multitudes would answer the self-given invitation. But the impulse to "do something" is not enough. It is not even important unless it is the crowning glory of a course of honest, strenuous, lengthy training. The most glorious outcome of this war, for women, is the fact that it has eliminated completely the superficial woman. She may remain superficial but she cannot remain influential and prominent. It is amazing, when one pauses long enought to consider the fact, how completely the women agitators and propagandists of five years ago have disappeared. Their calling is done and they have withdrawn from the feeble limelight of those days exactly as the tiny summer gnats disappear on the first cold day.

To-day the women who are doing things that count are women who began to do things thoroughly at the very commencement of their career. They never called it "career," by the way, never named it in fact, except to themselves, and then this process of self-discipline and self-improvement was, more often than not, simply called "making a living" or "doing the very best I can." The world was full of just such women whose one passion was to do the work in hand in the very best way it could be done. Advancement, pecuniary gain, material benefit were not even secondary. The work was the thing! No training was too severe if only excellence crowned the work.

These women were truly the wise virgins, more concerned to keep their lamps filled and the wicks in perfect working order than about the accomplishments that fill leisure hours. Their call has come at last and their lamps are needed—every one of them. There is not a woman in the world to-day who has improved her talents from the time she began to view life seriously (in girlhood days) but has a most important mission to perform. The world is waiting for her work. There is no such thing as "blossoming unseen" at this age of the world, if one's training has accomplished all that it should. The "shelf" on which women have resignedly laid themselves for years has been taken down and even the grandmothers are, to-day, coming in for honorable mention as being responsible for the "soldier lads" in France.

Every woman who was prepared is doing a real part in the world's work and those who preferred veneer and superficiality to genuine worth of character are being refused admittance, every day, into coveted fields of endeavor. Prepare for work and the task will find the worker!

Diet For Children.

The essential diet for the children is an abundance of simple, easily digested foods, carefully prepared and of sufficient variety to form a balanced diet.

Food must supply the child with material for bodily growth and with energy for the constant and abundant activity. For this reason it is important to have exact knowledge of food value; they should be constantly kept in mind.

The building foods are milk, eggs, fish, legumes and meats; of this last item very small portions should be given. It is best to replace the meat portion of the diet with poultry during the summer.

The fuel foods are milk, butter, starchy vegetables. Mineral salts are necessary for a proper balance; they are quickly available in fresh fruits, green vegetables and milk. Together with these foods there should be plenty of pure drinking water, so that the food may be properly digested and the waste eliminated.

Milk should be used at every meal. Many mothers think of milk as only a beverage. Frequently they feel that they can cut down on this product with the idea of lowering the cost of foods. This is a great mistake. The mother must fully understand that few if any foods can replace milk in the diet of children under twelve years of age.

Every child should have at least one quart of milk in addition to other foods, daily, besides plenty of cooked green vegetables, cereals and stewed fruits. Children need for growth, the vitamines that are found in the fresh creamery butter, eggs, milk and green leafy vegetables. When making up the menu, these ideas should be kept vividly in mind.

The English idea of feeding children under twelve years of age apart from the family dinner table, is followed by many parents. This practice gives the mother a chance to plan and provide foor that will be suitable and at the same time digestible for the little folks. Then again this meal is arranged an hour earlier than the regular family meal, the mother may sit down in comfort, knowing that the children have eaten a meal that will supply them with material for growth and energy.

A Few Suggestive Menus.

Breakfasts

Orange Juice Cornmush and Milk
Toasted Barley Bread and Butter
Milk

Stewed Fruit
Cornmush and Milk
Omelet Baked Potato
Milk

Dinners

Baked Potato Creamed Carrots
Lettuce Cup Custard
Milk

Broiled Fish Spinach
Lettuce Stewed Fruits
Milk

Stewed Chicken
Boiled Potato Beans
Lettuce Apple Sauce
Milk

Suppers

Oatmeal and Stewed Prunes
Toasted Barley Bread and Butter
Finely Shredded Pineapple
Milk

Cream Toast, using Cornbread
Rice Pudding with Stewed Fruits
Milk

Omelet Boiled Potatoes
Apple Sauce Milk

Many children who suffer from malnutrition are cross and irritable or dull; sometimes they are lacking in alertness. Where there is any reduction of the vitality there is always a possibility of suceptibility to disease. This lack of the proper foods is found not only in homes of the poor but in homes where there is an abundance.

The knowledge of the right quantity and quality of food to maintain the proper standards of growth and development is vitally important factor in child life. I would like to make a plea to the mothers not to give their children pennies for cheap candies, or worse yet, to allow them to buy the ice-cream cones of the street merchant.

Many a mother would faint if she could see the surroundings in which these so-called delicacies are manufactured. Cheap candies contain ingredients that may prove harmful and thus pave the way for more serious intestinal disturbances and perhaps, who knows, a serious illness. Be firm and do not permit the children to have these questionable products. Rather give them fresh fruits, homemade cookies and then know that your child will perhaps, escape much sufferings.

Food Control Corner

Canadians on Their Honor.

In some quarters it has been suggested that Canadians be put on rations and not on their honor regarding food.

Do householders in Canada seek to evade the food regulations? Are the merchants of Canada conniving at the evasion of the food regulations? Let us see about that.

The main objective of the Canada Food Board is to supply Great Britain and the Allies with vital foods. With this in view food regulations are made, which, if respected by the people of Canada, will enable Canada to keep faith with the Allies on food.

Do the people of Canada want to keep faith with the Allies on food? They do. Are the people of Canada keeping faith with the Allies on food? They are.

To take any other position is to suggest that the people of Canada would rather keep their pre-war food habits than keep faith with the Allies on food. No true Canadian is breaking the regulations of the Canada Food Board for he knows those regulations are made in order that Great Britain and the Allies and the Canadian Army at the front may be properly fed. Who of us will eat what should be conserved for the Canadian Army at the front?

The hearts of the people of Canada are sound and in this war to a finish. Food is a first class munition of war and Canadians so view it. It will be time enough to go in for rations in Canada when the people of Canada refuse to conform to national efforts to conserve food for Great Britain and the Allies, and the Canadian Army at the front. When that time comes a policeman, not a food controller, will be needed.

For allowing two batches of dough to go to waste, the Canada Food Board has ordered Arthur Scott, baker, Richmond, Que., to close for seven days. During this period he must not purchase or take delivery of any food commodities or manufacture, sell or deal in bread or any product of wheat or other flour.

The War Trade Board of Washington advised the Canada Food Board that application had been made for an import license by a resident of Monticello, Maine, to import 200 pounds of sugar consigned by E. L. Field of Bloomfield, N.B., who operates a general store. The Canada Food Board immediately cancelled Mr. Field's license for violation of the food laws.

Fifty bags of sugar, twenty bags of brown sugar and twenty-five sacks of flour have been seized in the cellar of the Exchange Restaurant, Winnipeg.

Three establishments in Edmonton, Alberta, dealing in candy, fruit, etc., have been closed by order of the Canada Food Board for disregarding license regulations. The places penalized are: Mike Evanoff, 10120, 101st St.; E. Gibson, 101171, 101st St.; and Jane Detroit, 10320, 101st St. They must remain closed until licenses are granted by the Food Board. It is the intention of the Board to take similar action in the case of other dealers who have not complied with the licensing rules.

For selling flour to American citizens for export and for selling the same without substitutes in the proportion called for by the regulations the Canada Food Board has suspended the license of James Rideout, St. Croix, N.B., and has ordered him not to buy, sell, or deal either directly or indirectly in any food commodity.



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Where the sunshine on me beams
As I muse and dream my dreams,
And listen to the birds' sweet tuneful lays.

Oh, 'tis sweet among the flowers
In the bright and sunny hours
To quaff the fragrant draughts from balmy breeze,
And my cares are all f'rgot
In this sweet seques'ered spot,
My garden, shaded by the leafy trees.