The Leader

XXIII, No. 37 MORRISBURG, ONT. FRIDAY, OCT. 26, 1923

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THE HARDWARE STORE—OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL
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MRS. EDWARD AULT

After a lingering illness, Mrs. Ella O. Ault, widow of the late Edward Ault, died last Saturday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John L. McMartin.

Mrs. Ault was born in Williamsburg, February 27th, 1846, being one of the large family of the late Mr. and Mrs. George Whittaker. She is survived by three brothers, George, Charles and Arthur Whittaker and three sisters, Mrs. G. M. Moss, Mrs. M. H. Fishburn and Miss Mary Whittaker. Besides Mrs McMartin she leaves to mourn her departure from this life, two sons, Ernest of Freeport, N.Y., and Fred of Ocean City, N.J., and three other daughters, Mrs. Wm. G. Robertson of Matilda, Mrs. Morgan B Clark of New York City, and Mrs. George H. Hanes of Chicago. Mrs. Ault spent the greater part of her life in and around Morrisburg, and was beloved by all who knew her, and came in touch with her sweet nature and truly Christian character. She was one of the oldest and most esteemed members of St. Paul's Lutheran Church, whose pastor, Rev. H. C. Kraft, conducted the funeral service on Monday afternoon. Her funeral was attended by all her children, and by a large number of relatives and friends. The floral tributes were numerous and beautiful.

The sympathy of the entire community goes out to the family in their hour of sorrow.

SEEKINGS---BECKSTEAD

The home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Beckstead, Williamsburg, was the scene of a very pretty wedding on Wednesday evening, October 24th, 1923, when their eldest daughter, Jessie Eleda, was united in marriage to George, son of Mrs. Pauline Seekings and the late Mr. George Seekings of Brockville. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. F. Newton of Athens, Ont. in the presence of about seventy-five invited guests. The bride who was given in marriage by her father entered the drawing room to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played by Mrs. Amber Miller, cousin of the bride. She looked charming in a gown of white meteor crepe with a cononet veil held by a wreath of orange blossoms and carried a bouquet of American Beauty Roses and White Heather. The bride's maid-Miss Maudie Seekings, sister of the groom, was dressed in biege georgette, and carried a bouquet of pink chrysanthmeums. Mr. Sidney Seekings was the best man. During the signing of the register, Mrs. Clinton Fetterly of Morrisburg sang "O promise me." Following the ceremony, a sumptuous wedding supper was served by Miss Aggie Beckstead and Mrs. Strader McIntosh. The groom's gift to the bride was a black fox fur neck-piece, to the bride's maid, a gold bar pin, set with amethyst and pearls, to the groom's man, a pearl tie pin, to the soloist, an ouyx pendant and chain, to Mrs. Miller, who played the wedding march, a pearl pendant and chain, to the flower girl and ring bearer, Evelyn and Arliss Merkley, signet rings. The pearls, to the groom's man, a pearl silver cigarette case. The bride was the recipient of many beautiful gifts.

Mr. and Mrs. Seekings left on the 10.18 train for Montreal, Quebec City and other eastern points. The bride travelled in a blue broadcloth suit with a smart hat of grey panne velvet. Their many friends tender sincere best wishes.

MARCELLUS---WILLIAMSON

A quiet house wedding was solemnized on October 20th, at Toronto, when Florence Belle, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Marcellus, Norway Ave., became the bride of George Banks Williamson, second son of the late Alex. Williamson, Toronto. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Hardy Andrews of Queen St. E. Presbyterian Church. The bride was prettily dressed in blue Canton crepe, and carried Ophelia roses. After the ceremony, the young couple left for St. Catharines, where they will be at home, at 29 Queenston St., after the first of November.

AUCTION SALE

I will sell at my home on Saturday, October 27th from the estate of Mr. R. M. Bradfield, bed-room sets, wash stands, chests of drawers, sideboards, chairs, pictures, oil paintings, water colors and steel engravings, kitchen table, range enamory, kitchen utensils, screens and other articles.

Sale to commence at one o'clock Saturday, October 27th.

BERTHA G. BRADFIELD,
Thos. Irving, Auctioneer.

HARVEST SUPPER WITH PROGRAM

To be held in Dunbar, Oct. 30th, 1923, under the auspices of St. Luke's Lutheran Church. Supper at the home of Christopher Barkley, at 7 o'clock. Program in church at 9 o'clock. Admission 40c.

DISTINGUISHED LECTURER HAS FINE AUDIENCE

(Contributed)

Seldom in the history of Morrisburg has so fine an audience greeted a lecturer, as that which listened to the distinguished lecturer, Mrs. Pankhurst, Thursday evening, Oct. 18th

Delightful music rendered by Miss Summers, caught the ear, on entering the hall. Ven. Archdeacon Carson, chairman of the evening, spoke of the honor he considered it to preside on this occasion, and in a few well chosen words, presented Mrs. Pankhurst. Her appearance was kindly and gracious, and the audience sat in perfect silence, as she in a quiet, though earnest, manner, considered the question which is prompting her to spend her life in promulgating, namely, Social Hygiene. She pointed out that there were similar organizations in Great Britain, France and the United States, started chiefly because of the startling condition of young men, volunteering for service in the Great War. A campaign of instruction for the prevention and cure of social diseases has been the result.

Parents were especially advised to be their children's teacher and guide, lest they through ignorance, or information wrongly interpreted, should fail to keep their bodies fit for life's task.

The perfect attention accorded Mrs. Pankhurst, while for an hour and a quarter she discussed the different phases of her subject, is the greatest proof of her charming personality, and forceful address. Mr. Hilliard spoke a few words of sympathy with the movement, and appreciation of the address. Mr. Jamieson moved a vote of thanks to our distinguished lecturer, which was seconded by Mr. A. A. Whitteker, and thoroughly endorsed by the audience.

The evening was certainly a real treat, Mr. Burris adding his quota in a beautifully decorated platform.

Mrs. Kennedy of Ottawa and Miss Estelle Hewson of Windsor ably assisted Mrs. Pankhurst in her work.

HOME GARDEN COMPETITION

Home Garden Competitions have become an important feature in the agriculture education of the boys and girls of the Province. Numerous of these competitions are held in the different counties and they are becoming increasingly popular from year to year. Garden seeds of exceptional quality are supplied at cost to a pupil of any school belonging in a School Fair district who makes application for a garden plot.

This year two competitions were held by the Dundas County Branch of the Ontario Department of Agriculture. One Competition was held in East Dundas with eighteen competitors. One was held in West Dundas with seventeen competitors. A. E. Springstead, Agricultural Representative states that the gardens were excellent considering the season. The boys and girls showed great interest in their gardens and asked many questions in regard to how they might have improved their methods

The awards are as follows:

EAST DUNDAS

1. Arnold Garlough, Williamsburg, Ont.
2. Mary Alguire, Gallingertown.
3. Dorothy Shaver, Finch.
4. Annie Beckstead, Elma.
5. Gladys R. MacLean, Northfield Station.
6. Dena Barkley, Dunbar.

WEST DUNDAS

Eileen Durant, Winchester.
Ralph Mulholland, South Mountain.
Stanley Coleman, Hallville.
Edwin Forward, Chesterville.
Harold Marcellus, Dunbar.
Ena Tinkler, Inkerman, R.R. 1.

NOTICE

Owing to necessary repairs to be made on the intake pipe, through which our water supply is taken, it will be neeessary to pump out of the canal for a couple of days starting Monday morning, the 29th inst.

Users of water are urgently advised to boil all water for drinking during the time this work is going on.

F. R. CHALMERS,
Villge Clerk.
Morrisburg, Ont., Oct. 26, 1923.
ac

NOTICE LUTHERANS

Sunday, October 28th is Reformation Sunday. A mass meeting of all Lutherans in this vicinity will be held in the evening at 7.30 o'clock in St. Peters Lutheran Church, Williamsburg. There will be a full representation of all the pastors of the Eastern Conference. Each pastor will speak on some phase of the Protestant Reformation. The meeting is opened to the general public and all are urged to attend and hear at first hand the reasons for such a Reformation, its results, and its outlook into the future.



Easier to Operate The New McLaughlin-Buick

Every motorist will appreciate the advantages of the new, completely automatic oiling system of the 1924 McLaughlin-Buick "Master Six" engine. Every part is lubricated at all times without any attention other than keeping the crank case supplied. Push rods, rocker arms, crank shaft, timing gears, are all perfectly oiled and require a minimum of care from the driver.

From radiator to tail light the new "Master Sixes" are new cars.

More powerful engine—new and longer chassis—new body—four-wheel brakes. Yet underlying all these improvments are the proved McLaughlin-Buick engineering principles—principles famous throughout the Dominion and responsible for McLaughlin-Buick's enviable position as "Canada's Standard Car."

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"My Valet"
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For Your Health

you should buy the best.

"SALADA"

TEA H500

is the purest and most scientifically prepared tea, sold today. — Try it.

The Woman of To-Day

MY BABY'S LAYETTE.

The requirements for the layette differ with how much the baby is to appear in public. The first one I found adequate when I helped my mother with her resort business. The second was sufficient when the baby got his fresh air on the porch, and went very seldom.

Six dresses, two flannel petticoats, two muslin petticoats, four nightdresses, three pairs wool stockings, four pair bootees, three wool shirts, six wool bands, two wool sacks, two coats, two caps, two cashmere squares, one blanket, one carriage robe, two pair of cotton crib blankets, one rubber sheet, four pairs rubber diapers, ten diapers one yard square, sixteen diapers 22x22 inches.

Three dresses, four flannel petticoats, one muslin petticoat, four cotton flannel petticoats, four nightdresses, three pair wool stockings, one pair bootees, two cotton flannel kimonas, three wool shirts, three wool bands, one coat with hood attached, one cashmere square for blanket, one blanket, two pair of crib blankets, one rubber sheet, one pair of rubber diapers, ten diapers one yard square, sixteen diapers 22x22 inches.

The kimona style for dresses and nightgowns is the easiest to make and iron. I like the dresses made with a narrow insertion turned back on the neck and sleeves, and a narrow edge finish. By running in narrow ribbons the sleeves and neck can be easily made to fit the changing neck and arms and conceal the little shirts.

A bath or carriage pad made by doubling a yard and a half of Turkish toweling is very handy. One end is left open and a piece of rubber sheeting is fastened inside with tiny pins. Heavy lace of a crocheted edge of heavy thread is a nice finish.—Mrs. R. J. V.

EVEN CRUMPLED WAX PAPER.

Aunt Martha's unending little lectures on economy have become a family joke. A kindly, loving joke, for there is no denying the wisdom of her ideas. Her dozen nieces have formed a habit of saying: "We'll keep this until Aunt Martha comes. She is sure to know some excellent use for it." Nevertheless, each has a secret ambition of "flooring" the dear lady occasionally.

So: "Aunt Martha, do you know of any good use for a waxed bread paper that is too torn to use in a cake pan or to wrap things in?" asked her namesake as she cleared away after dinner.

"I certainly do," answered the good lady emphatically. "Shake out the crumbs, crumple it into a ball and polish your warm stove with it."

Young Martha complied rather skeptically. She'd used crumpled paper to polish her stove before and considered it rather a lazy and ineffective way of doing a distasteful task.

"Why," she exclaimed as she polished. "Why, Aunt Martha, I never saw anythng like this—the wax melts just enough to polish just beautfully. And it is so easy."

"And cheap," added Aunt Martha. "I never throw away a piece of waxed paper no matter how torn or crumpled it may be until it has served its purpose as a stove polisher."

CINNAMON TOAST.

Here is the way to do it and the materials to use—there is no magic about it:

Cut fresh white bread about one-half or three-eighths of an inch thick, toast quickly on one side only and spread thickly with butter on the untoasted side. Then spread generously with the cinnamon mixture (one tablespoonful cinnamon to three of powdered sugar). Dot with pieces of butter and place in the oven with the broiler on full. The rack on which the toast is placed should be in the lower part of the oven, not too near the flame. The mixture should melt and soak into the toast as well as brown. Do not leave it a bit longer than is needed to melt the mixture.

In spreading the mixture be sure that the edges are well covered, so that the crusts are not left "after the party," as they are the very best parts of the bread, being so thoroughly dextrinized. Cut the toast in strips or halves as desired and serve with "tea and trimmings." Note that it is buttered above and below the cinnamon. The whole point is to get a soft, buttery paste, not a hard dry mass.

I TEACH BY EXAMPLE.

I want my children to think of their home not as a place to eat and sleep and go to when they can't go anywhere else, but as the one place where they may live naturally and happily.

I've taught them to play by playing with them. As they have grown older I've been able to help them correct their own bad habits and to learn to play with other children. We play "by rule," and try to learn to be good losers as well as modest winners.

I teach manners through example rather than by rules. Little intimate talks, not criticisms, do more to make a pleasant, agreeable child than all the rules for behavior that he might learn.

I do not encourage my children to criticize or ridicule others, but I do try to have them notice anyone whose life and achievements are worth imitating.

I teach them not to complain of their surroundings, but to adjust themselves rather than upset the plans of those around them, so that they themselves may be satisfied.

We have tramped together out of doors at all seasons of the year. We have discussed the useful plants as well as those which seem so useless, and I have tried to show them how each has its place. I never allow them to destroy any useful growing thing, but liken the weeds to unpleasant, disagreeable habits.

Next after personal friends, I want them to make books their companions, and to discover the many fields open to them. In very early childhood I taught Mother Goose rhymes, and told and read them little stories. I allowed them to look at the illustrations in magazines, drawing their attention to those which were beautiful. Later I took them with me to the public library and let them look at the children's books and magazines. Half of the books we carried away with us were chosen by the children.

They seem to be responding to my teaching, so I believe they will be better and happier citizens because of these things I have taught them.

A DAINTY FROCK FOR THE GROWING GIRL.



4477. Printed cotton crepe in blue and tan tones, with black velvet ribbon for trimming, is here portrayed. The dress is a one-piece model, over which the sleeveless overblouse is fastened. Linen would be nice for this style, or gingham. For bordered goods the dress is also attractive.

The pattern is cut in 4 Sizes: 8, 10, 12, and 14 years. A 10-year size requires 3⅞ yards of 36-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 15c in silver or stamps, by the Wilson Publishing Co., 73 West Adelaide Street, Toronto. Allow two weeks for receipt of pattern.

The United States annually gives away 65 million packages of vegetable and flower seeds.

Gambling on rainfall is popular in India, where paid watchers keep a look-out for raincloud and give warning to "speculators" to make their bets.

Minard's Liniment Heals Cuts.

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One of the Best Equipped in Ontario. We have First-Class Instructors to make you a Real Expert. Write or see W. G. Paton, 661 Queen St. E., Toronto.

ISSUE No. 42—'23.

Tangled Trails

—BY WILLIAM MACLEOD RAINE

(Copyright, Thomas Allen.)

CHAPTER XV.—(Cont'd.)

James Cunningham met Rose with a suave courtesy, but with reserve. Like his brother he knew of only one subject about which the sister of Esther McLean would want to talk with him. Did she intend to be reasonable? Would she accept a monetary settlement and avoid publicity that could only hurt her sister as well as the reputation of the name of Cunningham? Or did she mean to try to impose impossible conditions? How much did she know and how much guess? Until he discovered that he meant to play his cards close.

Characteristically, Rose came directly to the point after the first few words of introduction.

"You know my sister, Esther McLean, a stenographer of your uncle?" she asked.

The girl was standing. She had declined a chair. She stood straight-backed as an Indian, carrying her head with fine spirit. Her eyes attacked the oil broker, would not yield a thousandth part of an inch to his impassivity.

"I—I have met her," he answered.

"You know . . . about her trouble?"

"Yes. My cousin mentioned it. We—my brother and I—greatly regret it. Anything in reason that we can do we shall, of course, hold ourselves bound for."

He flashed a glance at Jack who murmured a hurried agreement. The younger man's eyes were busy examining a calendar on the wall.

"I didn't come to see you about that now," the young woman went on, cheeks flushed, but chin held high. "Nor would I care to express my opinion of the . . . the creature who could take advantage of such a girl's love. I intend to see justice is done my sister, as far as it can now be done. But not to-day. First, I'm here to ask you if you're friends of Kirby Lane. Do you believe he killed his uncle?"

"No," replied James promptly. "I am quite sure he didn't kill him. I am trying to get him out on bond. Any sum that is asked I'll sign for."

"Then I want to tell you something you don't know. The testimony showed that Kirby went to his uncle's apartment about 9.20 and left nearly an hour later. That isn't true."

"How do you know it isn't?"

"Because I was there myself part of the time."

Jack stared at her in blank dismay. Astonishment looked at her, too, from the older brother's eyes.

"You were in my uncle's apartment—on the night of the murder?" James said at last.

"I was. I came to Denver to see him—to get justice for my sister. I didn't intend to let the villain escape scot free for what he had done."

"Pardon me," interrupted Jack, and the girl noticed his voice had a queer note of anxiety in it. "Did your sister ever tell you that my uncle was responsible for—?" He left the sentence in air.

"No, she won't talk yet. I don't know why. But I found a note signed with his initials. He's the man. I know that."

James looked at his brother. "I think we may take that for granted, Jack. We'll accept such responsibilities on us as it involves. Perhaps you'd better not interrupt Miss McLean till she has finished her story."

"I made an appointment with him after I had tried all day to get him on the 'phone or to see him. That was Thursday, the day I reached town."

"He was in Colorado Springs all that day," explained James.

"Yes, he told me so when I reached him finally at the City Club. He didn't want to see me, but I wouldn't let him off till he agreed. So he told me to come to the Paradox and he would give me ten minutes. He told me not to come till nearly ten, as he would be busy. I thing he hoped that by putting it so late and at his rooms he would deter me from coming. But I intended to see him. He couldn't get away from me so easily as that. I went."

Jack moistened his dry lips. His debonair ease had quite vanished. "When did you go?"

"It was quite a little past a quarter to ten when I reached his rooms."

"Did you meet any one going up or coming down?" asked James.

"A man and a woman passed me on the stairs."

"A man and a woman," repeated Jack, almost in a whisper. His attitude was tense. His eyes burned with excitement.

"Was it light enough to tell who they were?" James asked. His cold eyes did not lift from her until she answered.

"No. It was entirely dark. The woman was on the other side of the man. I wouldn't have been sure she was a woman except for the rustle of her skirts and the perfume."

"Sure it wasn't the perfume you use yourself that you smelled?"

"I don't use any."

"You stick to it that you met a man and a woman, but couldn't possibly recognize either of them," James Cunningham said, still looking straight at her.

She hesitated an instant. Somehow she did not like the way he put this. "Yes," she said steadily.

"You didn't take the elevator up, then?"

"No. I'm not used to automatic elevators. I rang when I got to the door. Nobody answered, but the door was wide open. I rang again, then went in and switched on the light. There didn't seem to be anybody in. I didn't feel right about it. I wanted to go. But I wouldn't because I thought maybe he—your uncle—was trying to dodge me. I looked into the bedroom. He wasn't there. So after a little I went to a door into another room that was shut and knocked on it. I don't know why I opened it when no answer came. Something seemed to move my hand to the knob. I switched the light on there."

"Yes?" James asked, gently.

The girl gulped. She made a weak, small gesture with her hand, as though to push from her mind the horrible sight her eyes had looked upon. "He was dead, in the chair, tied to it. I think I screamed. I'm not sure. But I switched off the light and shut the door. My knees were weak, and I felt awf'lly queer in the head. I was crazy to get away from the place, but I couldn't seem to have the power to move. I leaned against the door, weak and limp as a small puppy. Then I heard some one comin' up the stairs, and I knew I mustn't be caught there. I switched off the lights just as some one came to the landing outside."

"Who was it? Did he come in?" asked Jack.

"He rang and knocked two or three times. Then he came in. I was standing by the table with my hand on some kind of heavy metal paperweight. His hand was groping for the light switch. I could tell that. He must have heard me, for he called out, 'Who's there?' In the darkness there I was horribly frightened. He might be the murderer come back. If not, of course he'd think I had done it. So I tried to slip by him. He jumped at me and caught me by the hand. I pulled away from him and hit hard at his face. The paper-weight was still in my hand and he went down just as though a hammer had hit him. I ran out of the room, downstairs, and out into the street."

"Without meeting anybody?"

"Yes."

"You don't know who it was you struck?"

"Unless it was Kirby."

"Jove! That explains the bruise on his chin," Jack cried out. "Why didn't he tell us that?"

The color flushed the young woman's cheeks. "We're friends, he and I. If he guessed I was the one that struck him he wouldn't tell."

"How would he guess it?" asked James.

"He knew I meant to see your uncle—meant to make him do justice to Esther. I suppose I'd made wild threats. Besides, I left my glove there—on the table, I think. I'd taken it off with some notion of writing a note telling your uncle I had been there and that he had to see me next day."

"The police didn't find a woman's glove in the room, did they?" James asked his brother.

"Didn't hear of it if they did," Jack replied.

"That's it, you see," explained Rose. "Kirby would know my glove. It was a small riding-gauntlet with a rose embroidered on it. He probably took it with him when he left. He kept still about the whole thing because I was the woman and he was afraid of gettin' me into trouble."

"Sounds reasonable," agreed James.

"That's how it was. Kirbys a good friend. He'd never tell on me if they hanged him for it."

"They won't do that, Miss McLean," the older brother assured her. "We're going to find out who did this thing. Kirby and I have shaken hands on that. But about your story. I don't quite see how we're going to use it. We must protect your sister, too, as well as my cousin. If we go to the police with your evidence and ask them to release Kirby, they'll want to arrest you."

"I know," she nodded wisely, "and of course they'd find out about Esther then and the papers would get it and scatter the story everywhere."

"Exactly. We must protect her first. Kirby wouldn't want anything done that would hurt her. Suppose we put it up to him and see what he wants to do."

"But we can't have him kept in jail," she protested.

"I'll get him out on bond; if not to-day, to-morrow."

"Well," she agreed reluctantly. "If that's the best we can do."

Rose would have liked to have paid back Kirby's generosity in kind. If her sister had not been a factor of the equation she would have gone straight to the police with her story and suffered arrest gladly to help her friend. But the circumstances did not permit a heroic gesture. She had to take and not give.

(To be continued.)



Hoped to, at Least.

She—"How will you treat me after we are married?"

He—"Well, just as often as I do now, I hope."

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff.

To-morrow.

He was going to be all that a mortal should be
To-morrow.
No one should be kinder or braver than he
To-morrow.
A friend who was troubled and weary he knew,
Who'd be glad of a lift and who needed it, too;
On him he would call and see what he could do
To-morrow.

Each morning he stacked up the letters he'd write
To-morrow.
And thought of the folks he would fill with delight
To-morrow.
It was too bad, indeed, he was busy to-day,
And hadn't a minute to stop on his way;
More time he would have to give others, he'd say,
To-morrow.
The greatest of workers this man would have been
To-morrow.

The world would have known him had he ever seen
To-morrow.
But the fact is he died and he faded from view.
And all that he left here when living was through
Was a mountain of things he intended to do
To-morrow.

—From "A Heap o' Living," by Edgar A. Guest.

Blood Tells in the Race.

Dr. Christian P. Neser, of Onderstepoort, South Africa, declares he has found a way to determine the endurance of a racehorse more scientifically than has hitherto been possible.

He finds that the red blood corpuscles in the animal increase as its ability to stand hard strain increases, so that, other things being equal, the horse with the highest blood count has the best chance of winning.

Horses used in ordinary work, states Dr. Neser, have only 23 per cent. of red corpuscles in their blood, while horses trained for the course often have as much as 52 per cent.

ed corpuscles are oxygen carriers, and when a horse has many of them he can run longer and faster, because his muscles can draw on a large reserve of oxygen, and he therefore does not tire so quickly.

Woman's Tool.

Engine-Driver—"The reason we are kept waiting here, ma'am, is because the engine has broken down. I have examined it, and if I only had the proper tools I could fix it in half an hour."

Helpful Old Lady—"Here's a hairpin.

Weighing 36 stone, and 5½ feet in width, the world's fattest man comes from Zaitchar, in Czecho-Slovakia. To make him a suit calls for 16 feet of cloth.

Lumps of coal, with holes bored to take flowers and varnished to protect the cloth, were used as table decorations at a South African banquet recently.

After Every Meal

A universal custom that benefits everybody. Aids digestion, cleanses the teeth, soothes the throat.

WRIGLEY'S

a good thing to remember

Sealed in its Purity Package



THE FLAVOR LASTS

It's a good safe rule to sojourn in every place as if you meant to spend your life there, never omitting an opportunity of doing a kindness, speaking a true word or making a friend. —Ruskin.

To supply the steadily increasing demand for

EDDY'S MATCHES

Eddy's make 120 MILLION matches a day



Just Swing a "444"!

Feel the perfect balance and the hand comfort of the Smart made Axe.—Hardened, toughened and tempered by men who know how to build double life and double value into every axe they make

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Any Shape—Any Weight

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BROCKVILLE ONT.

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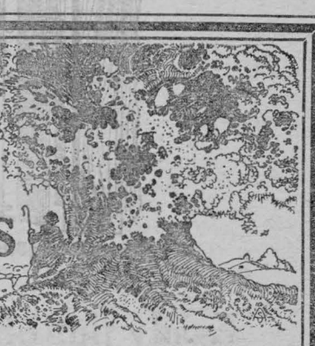

Great Oaks from Little Acorns Grow

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CANADA'S CEREAL SUPREMACY

The rapid settlement of Western Canadian lands which has taken place in the last quarter of a century, especially by the two main classes of British and Americans, is the most eloquent testimony, if any were needed, of the greater advantages found in following the pursuit of farming in that area over their native lands. Many of the advantages are patently obvious, others not so clearly so.

The American immigrant, who is nearly always a farmer, is given the opportunity of securing, at a much lower price, a more substantial acreage than he has been accustomed to; he can expand his holdings without limitation, which extension is precluded when hemmed in with high priced lands. The boon is even greater in the case of the British immigrant, to whom the possibility of ever owning land of his own is extremely remote.

It has likewise been pointed out recently that the Western Canadian farmer has certain advantages over the agriculturist south of the border in the marketing of his produce. Whilst, for instance, wheat prices at the Canadian markets are frequently as high as on the American markets, the farmer in the Prairie Provinces is able to get his crop to the marketing points or ship it to the lake terminals at a much lower rate than that paid by his farming brother to the south.

There is another decided advantage to Canadian farming often overlooked. Whilst the American farmer coming to Canada secures a much larger acreage than he has left, at a considerably lower price, he finds the cheaper acre of Canadian land capable of greater production than his former high-priced land. Even in comparison with the small farms of the British Isles, where farming activities are prosecuted so intensively, the Canadian yields on farms, many times their size, compare very favorably.

To consider wheat first. The quality of the Canadian product cannot be gainsaid when year after year it secures the world's premier honors and millers all over the world demand it. The average production of fall wheat in Canada for the last ten years has been 23 bushels to the acre and of spring wheat 15.50 bushels to the acre. In the United States, where farming operations are carried out on a very similar scale, the average production in the period 1916-20 was for fall wheat 14.93 bushels, and for spring wheat 11.23 bushels. The production of all-wheat in England and Wales in 1919 was only 28.7 bushels to the acre.

Taking a list of the thirty leading wheat producing countries of the globe, Canada is found, in average yield per acre, to be outclassed by only eight of them, and they, such countries of intensive farming as Germany, Belgium, Denmark, England and Wales, Greece, Poland and Czecho-Slovakia. Canada substantially outyields such other countries of small farms as Austria, Bulgaria, Spain, Finland, Hungary, Italy, Netherlands, Roumania and Sweden.

The average acre of Canadian land seeded to oats in the last ten years yielded 32 bushels to the acre as against 31.32 bushels in the United States in the four-year period 1916-20 and 44.33 bushels in England and Wales in the same time. Only six of the thirty countries exceeded Canada's average, Germany, Belgium, Denmark, England, Netherlands, and Sweden, and it should be remembered that all of Canada's export wheat is hard.

Canada's ten-year average in barley production has been 24.75 bushels per acre. Against this the United States, in the four-year period under review, produced an average of 24.23 bushels per acre, per year, and England and Wales 32.04. The same six European countries outclassed the Dominion in the average production of barley.

Against a United States average rye production of 13.75 bushels per acre in the period 1916-20 Canada has a ten-year average for this crop of 15.75 bushels, and only seven countries have a higher average yield and that on relatively small acreages.

The additional profits, farm bookkeeping will show, when low-priced purchased farm lands outyield those previously held at high figures, are immediately evident, for there are few, if any, disadvantages to counterbalance this consideration. And when it is borne in mind that above all this, low-priced Canadian lands can be secured on a scheme spreading the payments over a period as extensive as thirty-four years, the advantages become overwhelming, and Canada can rest assured and confident that no other country can exceed so many or attractive inducements to intending agriculturists.

CANADIAN FIELD CROPS.

Ten-year average yield per acre. 1913-22.

Fall Wheat	23.00 bus.	Mixed Grains	33.75 bus.
Spring Wheat	15.50 bus.	Flax	8.65 bus.
Oats	32.00 bus.	Corn for husking	51.00 bus.
Barley	24.75 bus.	Potatoes	88.60 cen.
Rye	15.75 bus.	Turnips, etc.	181.30 cen.
Peas	16.75 bus.	Hay and clover	1.40 ton
Buckwheat	21.75 bus.	Fodder Corn	9.30 ton
Beans	16.00 bus.	Sugar Beets	9.25 ton

Dairying at the Antipodes.

A noticeable feature of the recent visit of the Dominion Dairy and Cold Storage Commissioner and the Manager of the Saskatchewan Co-operative Creameries to New Zealand and Australia, as recorded in a bulletin, just published by the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa, is the uniform courtesy and willingness with which they were received, not only by dairy officials but at the many cheese and butter factories, grading stores, dealers' warehouses, and farms that were inspected. Although they were there to spy out the land, as it were, to observe the methods followed by Canada's keenest rivals in the exportation of dairy products, they were everywhere cordially welcomed and given every facility to satisfactorily fulfil their mission. One reason probably was that the Dominion Commissioner was to some extent visiting old friends, Mr. Ruddick having formerly occupied a similar position in New Zealand.

Important facts are given in the bulletin, "Dairying in New Zealand and Australia," which cannot fail to prove of interest to every Canadian dairyman. Milk production, cow-testing, the factory system, followed with statistics of production, the position of buttermakers and cheesemakers, the quality of the cream delivered at the creameries, methods of butter-making, character and quality of both butter and cheese, packing and banding, grading, marketing methods, development of the industry, government services, and the prevailing laws are all described. The conclusions arrived at are embodied in a couple of pages at the end, a number of advantages enjoyed by Canada pointed out and the policies that must be adopted, and the course that must be followed, set forth, if this country hopes to regain and maintain its former status in the exportation of cheese and to develop an assured trade in export butter.

To Sew Braid Straight.

If you find it hard to sew braid straight, try using the quilting attachment on your sewing machine. Run attachment along the edge of the part to be braided to get the first row on straight, then run it along the first braid to indicate where the next row should be sewed.

No Butter Substitutes Admitted.

As a war time relief, permission was given by the Parliament of Canada in 1917 to admit oleomargarine, which for thirty years had been excluded from trade in this country. This was revoked at the last session of Parliament, and hereafter, oleomargarine and other dairy produce substitutes are barred from Canada. While the manufacture and importation ceased at the end of August, dealers are given until the end of February, 1924, to dispose of their stock.

The other products to be excluded are renovated butter, filled milk, filled cream, and filled butter. These contain certain proportions of fats other than the fat of milk, and after October 1, of the current year, they may no longer be imported or sold.

Of Interest to Dairymen.

Speaking of his recent visit to New Zealand, Mr. J. A. Ruddick, Dominion Dairy Commissioner, says: "The regulations in New Zealand with respect to certain matters have particular significance for Canadian dairymen. For instance, no cheese may be offered for sale until it is fourteen days old. All butter and cheese for export must be sent to one of the designated cold stores for grading. No butter may be placed on shipboard before it has been three full days in cold storage. The ship will not receive butter the temperature of which is not below 32 deg. F."

Scored Crankshafts.

Where a connecting rod, due to lack of oil, seizes and scores the crankshaft, it is essential that the crankshaft be polished to remove the rough spots. A simple method of polishing the bearing is to use strips of emery cloth about an inch and a half wide torn lengthwise of the cloth. Attach a piece of twine to each end of the strip, lap over the bearing and pull alternately at the opposite ends.—G. A. L.

The average life of a dog is about ten years. A few live to be fifteen, and we have records of their having lived from twenty to twenty-five years.

Standardized Mill Screenings as a Feed.

Amongst the feeding stuffs available at the mills and feed stores in Canada, the product known as mill screenings will become more plentiful after the beginning of October of this year. With that date the amended Feeding Stuffs Act comes into force requiring millers to discontinue the practice of adding ground screenings to shorts and other mill offal, and to sell them as a separate, standardized product. Hitherto screenings have been very variable in composition and quality, but standardization will give the purchaser the same assurance of value as with shorts or other mill feeds. The Act is administered by the Seed Commissioner of the Dominion Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Although a useful feed for several kinds of stock, mill screenings have been found by Experimental Farm tests to be specially valuable for hogs. At the Central Farm at Ottawa, they were found to be equal to standard meal mixtures for this purpose, and at several of the branch Farms and Stations the material has come to be regarded as a standard feed in maintenance and to a lesser extent in fattening mixtures.

Screenings have also proved particularly valuable in feeding beef cattle. As feed for sheep they are better ungroúnd because sheep dislike a fine, dusty or floury feed.

Mill screenings combine well with all grain mixtures for all classes of farm stock. In hog feeding they are useful for all classes over three months of age. Equal parts bran and screenings answer well for dry sows, while for milking sows the ration is improved by the addition of shorts. For fattening, they may be fed with milk or in mixture consisting of screenings two parts, corn or barley one part, and shorts one part. For milch cows they may form up to one-third of the regular meal ration.

For calves of over five months, a good mixture consists of oats two parts, bran one part, screenings one part, oil cake one-half part. For heifers the screenings may be considerably increased. For fattening cattle, combined with bran, barley, corn, oil cake, they may replace from one-third to one-half of the regular meal mixture. Two parts each of oats, bran and screenings makes a good combination. The addition of one-half part of oil meal is advisable, but the screenings themselves frequently contain a considerable percentage of flax seed.

Neighbor folks, get together and put up a nice flagstaff at some central point where it can easily be seen. Then chip in and buy a good bunting flag and cord. Keep the flag flying every day, but lower it at sun-down. It will teach the young folks lessons in patriotism and good citizenship. Now and then have a little rally round the flag, with singing, speaking and a talk from some good man.

We were riding in the country and saw far ahead an umbrella waving back and forth in the air and wondered what it could be. It was pouring rain at the time. When we reached the spot, we found a young girl swinging in a tree and she was enjoying herself as if it were a bright sunny day, but she held the umbrella carefully over her head.—L. A. H.

Saving and Spending Minutes

Tricks and Schemes to Save Time Which I Have Learned.

By Elizabeth M. Wright.

Finding time is as good or better than finding a dollar. It is the busy people who generally acquire both. When I first began doing my own work, I realized that I must be saving of the minutes if I would have any time left from my manifold household duties for things outside. May I tell you of some of the time-savers I then attached to myself?

One of them was learning to dust with two dust rags instead of one. It was a little awkward at first, but I soon found that I could manipulate a dust rag in each hand. I would make my left and right slide from opposite directions along book shelves, door casings, table legs, arms and backs of chairs, and presto! my dusting was done in half the time. After two years of practice I am almost expert enough to dust the picture molding with one hand and polish the floor with the other! This specialty in the line of time savers caused much amusement among my friends, some doubting Thomases requiring a demonstration, after which they adopted the method for their own daily schedule.

APPLIED IN MANY WAYS.

I found this same two-handed principle worked in many things. In polishing silver, I use flannel mittens instead of rags and rub with each hand. It also works magic in washing windows, scouring and any other occupation in which one's left hand has been accustomed to soldiering.

The next time-saver I got hold of was avoiding the accumulation of mail, papers and so forth. By forming a habit of looking over and disposing *immediately* of all not to be kept for reference or passing on, I eliminated the trouble of a second inspection, which would have been necessary if the things had been laid away and forgotten. Especially do I clean up empty envelopes, circulars and other printed drift that the mail brings but no one needs.

Then I started the habit of keeping in the living room a work basket, so as to have some pick-up sewing always handy. Putting in a few stitches now and then, when chatting with friends, will develop many embryo garments into finished ones. If the machine work is completed on undergarments, the hand finishing goes quickly, done in this way. Then I always keep a magazine handy to read during moments snatched, here and there, while waiting for someone or something.

When setting or clearing a table I always use a large tray to carry the dishes. A wheel tray of course is ideal. When the dishes are washed I replace on the tray those that are to be used at the next meal; this saves putting them back and forth into the china closet. I scrape and stack the dishes before washing them, separating the glass and silver and by rinsing all of them in hot water the burden of drying is minimized. Polishing the glass and silver will be about all that is necessary. I fasten a small piece of rubber tubing to the bottom of each faucet and this lessens accidental chipping of dishes that might strike them.

ANOTHER LABOR SAVER.

White oil cloth on all my shelves and tables saves much labor. It is easily wiped and always looks fresh. When doing work that necessitates making any trash or stains I protect my work table or the floor with old newspapers and gather up the debris in them. I keep all scraps of soap in a small tin can with a top well perforated. Boiling water poured over or run through this gives a nice suds and soap wastage is lessened.

It is a great convenience to have in the kitchen a bag for clean wrapping paper and string; also a bill file, a pad of paper and pencil, and a box containing some pins and needles, coarse thread for basting, a small piece of muslin and a pair of scissors. I keep fat drippings in a glass jar, also mayonnaise and cracker crumbs. I always have on a shelf in the kitchen a row of big and little jars and dishes for such uses.

USEFUL BAGS.

I find it also of the greatest convenience to have a number of bags handy of different thicknesses of material. A canvas bag for crushing ice. Flannel for broom bags; small paper bags for parsley, mint, lettuce or celery, into which they can be put when washed and then kept crisp on the ice. Also bags for straining things, for cottage cheese and so forth. I keep a supply of these bags on hand made from scraps or sugar sacks as there is no limit to their usefulness. There is a large bag hanging in my pantry for soiled table and kitchen linen. In the linen closet is a row of them, hung by loops of tape and open at the top. Each is labelled with a large, metal rimmed tag. In one is white scraps, colored scraps in another, another large one holds wrapping and tissue paper, with two pockets at the bottom for fine and coarse string. One for flannel and white rags for cleaning, one for patterns, and another for pieces of different weight light and dark material for mending. Then there are smaller ones for buttons, another holds pieces of tape, wire, boning, seam binding and various sewing accessories, another hooks and eyes, and snaps; for I find this a better way of keeping the loose ones ripped from garments, than in boxes that can be upset. In the attic are more bags hanging under the shelf where I keep a convenient pile of empty boxes. One bag is labelled "hat trimmings," another "ribbons and silk scraps." I use bags for everything. My friends claim that I have a chronic case of "bagitis."

FOR MEDICAL PURPOSES.

On a shelf in my linen closet there is also a row of clean (*boiled*) bottles and jars, culled from the periodical cleaning out of the medicine closet, and wonderfully convenient they are, when an empty jar or bottle is needed in a hurry.

I found out that in making beds one can save a lot of steps and time by finishing entirely the spreading of covers on one side of the bed, before going to the other side.

I have in every room a small ornamental bag that holds a dustrag, so that when one is required in an emergency it is at hand. They are attractive, made of the same material as the drapery in the room. Such a bag is also convenient for soiled handkerchiefs and collars which are thus kept together for the laundry man.

In the bathrom closet I keep an extra broom, dust pan and small ironing board. This has saved me many steps back and forth when they might be at different ends of the house when needed. If one has not a closet to hold them, keep them behind a curtain hung on a rod a foot or two from the wall, where a shelf can also be placed to hold bathroom conveniences and include in these a small jar to hold bits of soap, that can be made into liquid soap for shampooing or laundry work and bottles of disinfectant and cleaning powders.

There are so many more conveniences that I have discovered and ways of utilizing what I call the discard, that I can not tell it all at one time.

Home Education

"The Child's First School is the Family"—Froebel."

A Word of Praise—By Mrs. Nestor Noel.

"How badly you weeded the garden," remarked a mother to her young boy, one hot day.

The boy, John, looked ashamed, as I had just entered the garden.

"I've done all that lot," he said, pointing to a well-weeded bed. "I can't do it all in one day." He threw down his hoe and went sulking into the house.

"It's always like that," remarked his mother to me. "He can't finish what he begins."

"Perhaps you give him too much to do at a time," I ventured. "He seems to have done that bed of pansies beautifully, and it is very hot to-day."

"So it is," said the mother. "Come on to the porch and we'll have some iced lemonade. It isn't fit for a dog to be outside. See how lazy Rollo is. He doesn't even get up to welcome you."

The dog wagged his tail lazily, but did not move.

Yes! It was not a day on which a dog could be expected to exert himself; yet this woman had expected a boy to do a man's job. When I expostulated with her mildly, she remarked: "A boy must do something or he will only get into mischief."

I have often seen women of this type and pitied their sons. This woman was cross with her boy for what he had not done, yet never gave him one word of praise for the beautiful bed of pansies which he left as perfect as an experienced gardener might have done.

I have had a great deal to do with children and I have invariably found that a word of praise will bring out the best that is in them and induce them to greater efforts. Why not let them have this little word? It costs us nothing.

In looking over a child's work, why not notice the good qualities about it, as well as the bad? For instance, that mother might have said: "How well you have done the pansy bed. It's hot now. Suppose you rest, and finish the other part later on." The boy would have welcomed the word of praise, especially in front of a stranger and he would have worked twice as hard in the cool of the evening, until the rest of the garden was as good as the first part.

In his own home, a boy is often set to work with no word of encouragement and nothing to reduce the drudgery of his home tasks.

Even filling the wood box, the boy's daily job, could be made less irksome. A boy often says, "I'm forever filling that box," but a mother could change his point of view and make it a pleasant job if she made the boy realize that she needed the wood to cook good things for him.

I do not believe in paying a child for every bit of work he does, because he must bear his share in the household; but I believe the kind word of appreciation should be given more often than it is. A word is not much. We do not have to open our purses to give it. Why then are mothers so chary of this little word of praise when it brings such good results?

THE CHILDREN'S HOUR

SEEING THE BLUE.

At the window of herp retty cottage home, Joan Abbott stood one June afternoon watching the cloudy sky as the rain came down in showers.

She did not see that leaves and grass were being washed of their coat of dust—she saw the rain as it ran gutters in the street.

"Oh, mama! Is it not too mean bad that this rain has spoiled all my plans. I am sure we did not need rain!" pouted the young girl.

"There are other days, Joan," said her mother, glancing up from her sewing.

"Don't act as though the clouds are going to remain—the blue is there. Soon it will show all the brighter for the rain and clouds we see now."

"But I wanted to have my picnic to-day. Alice Foster is going away in a few days and so is Jack Hudson. He was to take us up the river in his motor boat. Even if it is fine to-morrow we can't have the picnic—every place will be so wet. Just look how it rains!"

"If you can see nothing but the rain Joan, why stand looking out. Forget about your disappointment—think of the good this rain will do the gardens," quietly spoke Mrs. Abbott as she continued sewing.

"There is nothing one can do in this lonely place on a wet day. There isn't a new book or magazine in the house," grumbled Joan as she went over to the book shelves. "If it would stop raining I would go over to Alice Foster's—there's always some fun there."

"Put on your raincoat and rubbers and run up to see Lucy Wiggins. She and her mother will be glad to have you. Do go, Joan," urged the mother.

"Take some of your lunch and picnic with Mrs. Wiggins and Lucy. I'd go myself if it were not that I want to finish this piece of work."

Joan began to put up her lunch and prepare herself for the visit to her neighbors; but with many murmurings against the clouds and rain.

"Now, dear, chase away your cloudy looks. I believe you will see the blue through the clouds by the time you get home again," called Mrs. Abbott as Joan left the room.

Soon she arrived at a low, dingy brown house. As the door opened, Lucy Wiggins smiled a welcome.

"How good of you to come to see us. Isn't the rain refreshing? Everything will be so clean after this nice rain. The garden's have been suffering during the dry spell. Did you smell the Balm of Gilead? I can smell its freshness from mother's room window."

As Lucy chatted in her pleasant way, Joan was silently removing her raincoat and rubbers.

"Yes, she is suffering quite badly," in reply to Joan's enquiry for Mrs. Wiggins.

Soon she entered a bright, spotlessly clean room.

"Mother, Joan has come to see you," spoke Lucy, going up to the bed where Mrs. Wiggins lay smiling a welcome for her visitor.

As she held out her hand, Joan took it in both of hers. The young girl looked at the twisted finger joints—telling of pain and suffering, then at the face so bright, so full of patient hope.

"Did the rain bring you to visit us, Lassie? I love to hear the patter of the rain. It will do so much good."

"Is your rheumatism not worse in wet weather?" asked Joan in a tone of surprise.

"Yes, a bit. But I try not to think about it. I have so many nice things to think of—it would not be right, my Lassie, to forget all of God's good gifts in thinking of my rheumatism!"

Thus Mrs. Wiggins talked—telling of the brightness of her life until Joan told of her disappointment about her picnic.

"You are just like Mama—you are always seeing the blue even though the clouds are heavy and dark. You make me feel ashamed—you are in bed suffering, and yet you are so bright and cheerful. I was so cross about the rain this afternoon. I thought Mama sent me to you to get rid of my complaining; but now I know she did it for my good," and Joan looked at Mrs. Wiggins with soft grey eyes.

The hours passed quickly it seemed to Joan. At supper, which the three had in Mrs. Wiggins' room, Joan was delighted to know how greatly her lunch was enjoyed.

"Sorry we are, Lassie, to be enjoying all these good things prepared for your picnic; but the sun will soon dry up things that you can have it some day soon. The blue will come through the cloud."

"Well," said Joan, "I hope I shall ever remember that the blue sky is always there. I shall try after this to see it."

When Joan was ready to return home she bent down and kissed Mrs. Wiggins, saying, "You have done me good. I came here as dark and cloudy as the sky. I am leaving, feeling ashamed and sorry for my conduct."

Putting her poor stiff hands up to Joan's face she said, "Lassie, there should never be a cloud on your sweet face to darken its brightness. Through bright days and dark days ever remember God's loving kindness. He knows when the rain is needed, when the clouds should gather, so that we shall be better fitted to enjoy the brightness of the blue."

Joan's thoughts were busy as she picked her steps down the wet road towards home.

From the top of a tree came the "chick-a-dee-dee-dee" of a saucy little chickadee, followed by the "cheero," cheero" of a robin whose mate was nesting in an old apple tree by the roadside.

Joan stood listening—watching its throat swell with its song.

"Ha, Robin Red Breast! You too see the blue. Shall I do less?" and with quick steps she hurried home to tell her mother she now understood what she meant by seeing the blue, and that she was going to try and keep the lesson ever in her mind.—E. Robinson, N.B.

A Country Schoolhouse.

Four grey walls and a door,
Six windows, dim and small,
A desk, map, seats, plain floor—
Again I see it all.

Remote, sidetracked, it rose;
But who can estimate
Where Learning's pathway goes,
Whence world-roads radiate?

For boys by whom those trees
Were climbed, or that pool stirred,
Have captained argosies,
Or been in Senates heard.

So, plain old place, on you,
And on your solitude,
Oft will a retinue
Of Yesterdays intrude!

—Alexander Louis Fraser.

Friendship.

No blessing known to men is so rich and satisfying as that which is ministered by a pure and beautiful friendship.

All things come to the other fellow if you will only sit down and wait.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT

In the estate of Fred A. Nash, Morrisburg, Ont., Authorized Assignor.

Notice is hereby given that Fred A. Nash, of Morrisburg, Ont., did on the 19th day of October, 1923, make an authorized assignment of all his property for the benefit of his creditors, and that Horace Pratt, Esq., official receiver, has appointed me to be Custodian of the estate of the debtor until the creditors at their first meeting shall elect a trustee to administer the estate of the debtor.

Notice is further given that the first meeting of creditors in the above estate will be held at the office of Horace Pratt, Esq., official receiver, Court House, Ottawa, Ont., on Thursday, the 1st day of November, 1923, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

To entitle you to vote thereat, proof of your claim must be lodged with us before the meeting is held.

Proxies to be used at the meeting must be lodged with us prior thereto.

And further take notice that if you have any claim against the debtor for which you are entitled to rank, proof of such claim must be filed within thirty days from the date of this notice for, from and after the expiration of the time fixed by sub-section 8 of section 37, of the said act, the Trustee shall distribute the proceeds of the debtor's estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he has then notice.

Dated at Ottawa this 24th day of October, 1923.

M. H. McKAY,
Custodian,
63 Sparks St., Ottawa, Ont.

Larger Mills—More Quaker Flour



The growing popularity of Quaker Flour has necessitated additions to the Peterborough mill, that increase its output by more than 40%. The Quaker Mill is now prepared to meet all demands—to make more Quaker Flour from Canada's wheat crop.

QUAKER QUALITY tells everywhere. Not only in Canada, but in foreign countries too, women have learned that Quaker Flour is the best for every sort of baking. They know it is the one flour that will *always* give them satisfactory results.

Every sack of Quaker Flour is sold under this guarantee—that if it does not satisfy you, the dealer will refund your money without question.

Quaker Flour

Always the Same-Always the Best

A product of The Quaker Mills, Peterborough and Saskatoon 226

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MORRISBURG--W. S. L. Merrill, Aultsville--Jarvis Shaver
Iroquois--Beach Milling Company.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Ford

Order Books for Present Model Ford Closed Cars Will Close November 1st

Ford Motor Company
OF CANADA, LIMITED.

HENRY FORD, President
W. R. CAMPBELL, Vice-President
R. W. BRAND, JEAN, Secretary

Automobile and Truck Manufacturers

CABLE ADDRESS "FORDCANADA" WESTERN UNION CODE.

WORKS AND OFFICE
Ford, Ontario.

October 12th, 1923.

TO ALL CANADIAN FORD DEALERS

ALL STATEMENTS OR AGREEMENTS CONTAINED IN THIS LETTER ARE CONTINGENT ON STRIKES, ACCIDENTS, FIRES OR ANY OTHER CAUSES BEYOND OUR CONTROL AND ALL CONTRACTS ARE SUBJECT TO APPROVAL BY THE SIGNATURE OF A DULY AUTHORIZED EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF THIS COMPANY. CLERICAL ERRORS SUBJECT TO CORRECTION.

When this organization decided, September 20th, to bring out the Four-door Sedan and redesigned Coupe models, we had on hand approximately 4600 present type bodies.

To ascertain how the buying public would react on Ford car prices heretofore unprecedented, we reduced each closed model $100. in price--the Coupe to $595., the Sedan to $685. both F.O.B. Ford, Ontario (Government Taxes extra).

The response has been such that we have on hand now only 696 of these models to dispose of. This demand is evidence that the public appreciates values, and we take this opportunity of thanking you, and through you, the public in appreciation of their action.

In view of our appreciation, and in order that you may play entirely fair with the Ford buying public, we think it advisable to inform you that at the present rate it is a matter of days before all these jobs will be completely disposed of to dealers. In any event, we will not be able to entertain orders from dealers on or after November 1st. On that date we will close our books. We reserve the right to do this earlier, if necessary.

If you have any orders you wish to deliver to the public after November 1st, it will be necessary for you to place them with us before November 1st.

All orders should, therefore, be taken by you with no obligation to deliver except as prior orders permit.

We must protect ourselves in the same way - we can deliver your orders placed with us only as prior orders permit and as long as the above number of cars last.

Yours very truly,
FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited,

HSP-LS

H. B. Rutherford
Sales Manager.

PLEASE ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO THE COMPANY AND NOT TO INDIVIDUALS.

The information in this letter should be known to every prospective Ford buyer. It opens up an opportunity for the family without a closed car to get one at prices which will probably not be as low again.

This is an opportunity for the man with a large car to relieve the larger car and decrease its depreciation, especially during the coming winter months.

R. G. FETTERLY

MORRISBURG, ONT.

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED, FORD, ONTARIO

The Leader

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

$1.50 per year, strictly in advance to any address in Canada. $2.00 per year when not paid within 3 months. Foreign subscriptions $2.00 in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES

Display, or open Advertisements, one insertion 50c per inch, 2nd and following insertions 35c per inch; 200 inches and over, by contract, not over one year, 15c per inch.

LOST, FOUND, TO LET, WANTED, ARTICLES FOR SALE, ETC., 5 lines and under, 1st insertion 50c; each subsequent insertion 35c.

NOTE—All small advertisements received by mail must be paid in advance.

CARD OF THANKS AND IN MEMORIAM NOTICES—10c per line, minimum 50c.

GOVERNMENT, LEGAL AND MUNICIPAL NOTICES, BY-LAWS, ELECTION READERS, ETC., 15c per line for the 1st insertion, 10c per line for each subsequent insertion; 12 lines to inch.

Advertisements ordered for insertion without instruction, will be published until orders are received to discontinue same.

LEO. LAURIN, Ed. & Mgr.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT

In the matter of the estate of Herbert Durant of the township of Williamsburg, in the County of Dundas, farmer, authorized assignor.

Notice is hereby given that Herbert Durant of the Township of Williamsburg, did on the nineteenth day of October 1923 make an authorized assignment.

Notice is also hereby given that the undersigned was appointed "Custodian" of the estate of the said Herbert Durant by Horace Pratt of the City of Ottawa the Official Receiver.

And Notice is further given that the First Meeting of the creditors of the above estate will be held at the office of Horace Pratt, Official Receiver, Court House, Ottawa, on Friday, the 2nd day of November, 1923, at the hour of 11.30 o'clock in the forenoon.

To entitle you to vote thereat proof of your claim must be lodged with me before the first meeting is held.

Proxies to be used at the meeting must be lodged with me prior thereto.

And further take notice that if you have any claim against the Debtor for which you are entitled to rank, proof of such claim must be filed within thirty days from the date of this notice, for, from and after the expiration of the time fixed by sub-section 8 of section 37 of the said Act, I shall distribute the proceeds of the Debtor's Estate among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claim of which I have then notice.

Dated at Morrisburg this 22nd day of October, 1923.

(Sgd.) Elmer H. Dillabough,
Custodian,
Elma, Ontario.

bc

LOCAL REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

For Morrisburg and district to sell the "Old reliable Fonthill Nurseries." Spring selling season now starting. Largest demand for stock since the war exclusive territory; highest commissions; free equipment.

—Stone & Wellington, Toronto.

FOR SALE

One DeLaval Seperator and one barrel churn 500 lbs. capacity, practically new. Apply,

W. C. COUR,

Fagan's Bakery

Lock Street

Bread, Buns, Pastries, Etc.

Have You Tried
Our Cinnamon Buns
Fresh Every Day

"QUALITY"
Is adding New Customers
Daily

CHEAP AUTO SERVICE

Why is it, when we speak of a cheap article we are prone to think of low initial cost? To be sure, the initial cost usually demands first consideration, but we should not be oblivious to other and frequently more important cost items which must be included in our figures to complete the account.

A thing is cheap or otherwise in direct proportion to the value received in actual service. Our experience has taught us that it usually pays to buy the best. Accordingly we purchase no (so called) cheap or trashy products or materials, but only goods of known worth, which in our judgment will give the best satisfaction to our customers and thus prove cheapest for them in the long run.

Many have learned that our shop turns out the cheapest repair jobs also, not because prices are unusally low, but because of the quality of the work itself and the long period of satisfactory performance inevitably following each properly executed job. If you too would enjoy the satisfaction which a smooth running motor can bring, have your work done at Tindal's Garage.

TINDAL'S GARAGE
H B. TINDAL, Prop.

APPLES FOR SALE

A number of Snow and McIntosh apples for sale. Apply,

W. A. VANALLEN,
R.M.D., Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

Four Ayrshire cows; three are thoroughbreds (Registered); also one pure-bred Ayrshire bull (Reg.) ac

FARM FOR SALE

250 acres with fine Brick House, barn 50x100 feet and other buildings well with windmill, sugar bush with equipment, 145 acres under cultivation and thirty-five acres more ready to clear up, balance pasture and mixed bush, soil, first class, one acre of valuable gravel knoll supplying gravel to two townships for roads, 4 miles North of Aultsville, Ont., and one mile West of Gallingertown.

Apply to,

ARNOLD NEILSON SMITH,
Cornwall, Ont.

JAMES BRYAN,
Gallingertown, Ont.

fc

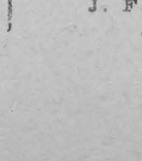
ITALIAN BEES POR SALE

Fifty colonies of Italian Bees for sale. Apply to,

LEONARD W. BARKLEP
Box 141
Morrisburg, Ontario.

8p

Cook's Regulating Compound



A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor)

CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

WESTBOUND—

1.21 p.m. daily except Sunday, for Prescott, Brockville, Kingston, Trenton, Toronto and all points west. On Sunday runs to Brockville only.

7.59 p.m daily except Sunday, for Prescott, Brockville and intermediate stations.

10.18 p.m. daily for Prescott, Brockville, Trenton, Toronto and west.

EASTBOUND—

4.05 a.m. daily, 7.26 am and 4.04 p.m. daily except Sunday; 6.30 p.m., and 4.45 p.m. Sunday only. For Cornwall, Coteau Jct, Ottawa, and Montreal, where close connection is made for all points in United States, via Central Vermont Railway, also for New York via Rutland Railway, and the Maritime Provinces via C. N. Railway.

For tickets and all information apply to,

MRS. K. M. McGANNON,
Town Ticket Agent.
J. F. MYERS,
Station Ticket Agent.

I DO WANT TO GO TO

Business School

Let me hear you say, "I do want to go to business school" and I will tell you if the business world is anxious to have your services.

I can tell by the way you say it. Do you emphasize "do"? There are plenty of boys and girls who would like to dream themselves into good jobs and never get there.

The Do-ing kind get into action and reach the goal of their desires.

Our catalogue tells you all about our different courses of study, tuition rates, etc. Write for your copy today.

CORNWALL
COMMERCIAL
COLLEGE
Cornwall, Ontario

IRWIN HILLIARD, K. C.

Barrister,, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor for the Molsons Bank Molsons Bank Building, Morrisburg Large amount of private money to loan on easy terms.

R. F. LYLE

Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Nova Scotia and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.

Barry Block, Main Street
Morrisburg ..... Ontario
Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

ARTHUR FLYNN

BARRISTER, ETC.

MORRISBURG ONTARIO

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

Fees from paying patients.

Grants from the Government and Municipalities.

Donations and subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

YOU ARE ASKED TO ASSIST IN THIS WORK

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to

AUCTIONEER

For the Province of Ontario
Terms Reasonable
Phone at my expense to
Morrisburg, Phone 76J
THOS. IRVING, Morrisburg

R. LINK

MORRISBURG, ONT.,

Licensed Auctioneer
For County of Dundas

PILES

Do not suffer another day with Itching, Bleeding, or Protruding Piles. No surgical operation required. Dr. Chase's Ointment will relieve you at once and afford lasting benefit. 60c. a box; all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Sample box free if you mention this paper and enclose 2c. stamp for postage.

POULTRY WANTED

I am in the market to pay the highest prices for aged hens, also in the market to buy empty bags and all kinds of junk If any for sale drop me a line or phone No. 63W.

H. AGULNIK,
Morrisburg, P. O. Box17.

HONEY FOR SALE

Guaranteed Pure Extracted Honey for Sale. Apply,

LEN. W. BARKLEY,
Morrisburg, Ont.

TO RENT

100 acre farm; 99 acres under cultivation; school adjoining the farm. Further particulars apply,

KENNETH J. MERKLEY,
Iroquois, R.M.D., No. 1

fp

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

WILLIAMSBURG

The Reformation Festival will be observed in St. Peters Lutheran Church on Sunday October 28, at 7.30 p.m. At this time there will be a mass meeting of all Lutherans in this vicinity. The pastors of the Eastern Conference will be present and each one will speak on some particular phase of the Protestant Reformation. All are welcome.

We are called upon this week to record the death of a well known and highly respected resident of Williamsburg in the person of William I. Merkley, whose death occurred at his late home on Sunday evening, October 21st, 1923, in his sixty-fifth year. Death was not unexpected as Mr. Merkley had been in a critical condition for some time. A large number of friends and neighbors were in attendance at the funeral to pay their last tribute of love and respect to him who by his genial manner and kind heartedness won the esteem of all whom he came in contact with. He leaves to mourn their loss a loving wife, one daughter, Mrs. Joe Bailey of Perth, two sons, Frank at home and Lennie of Ottawa.

The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Meader of Dunbar, on Tuesday afternoon in the Lutheran Church.

The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved.

An unfortunate loss was sustained by Mr. Alex. Madden of this vicinity last Thursday evening when his barn, together with the contents including all this season's crops besides some machinery was destroyed by fire The origin of the fire is not known.

Dr. and Mrs. J. S. Dickey and family of Newington, Mr and Mrs. J. W. McIntosh and family and Mrs. Alice Strader of Ottawa Mrs. Chas. Merkley of Iroquois, Mrs Bert Barker of Antwerp, N.Y., Mrs. J. C. Payne of Brinston and Mrs. Annie Mouthrop of Waddington, were guests at Sunnybrook this week.

Much sympathy is extended to Mrs. Theo. Isler in the accidental death of her brother of Ottawa, who was shot while out hunting last week. Rev. and Mrs. Isler attended the funeral which was held in Ottawa last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Strader entertained a few of their friends to a pleasant evening on Tuesday of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Linden Shannette of Ottawa spent last week end at their parental home here. Mr. Shannette has invested in a new Ford Coupe.

Mr. Garnet Locke of Iroquois was calling on friends in this vicinity on Tuesday evening of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Barkley of Dunbar were guests of Mr. and Mrs Isaiah Whittaker on Tuesday of this week

Mr. and Mrs. John F. Casselman and family spent last Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Levi Casselman of of Iroquois.

Mrs. Strader McIntosh and baby are spending the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Merkley of Ottawa.

Rev. and Mrs. Newton of Perth were visiting friends in our village this week.

Miss Aggie Beckstead of Montreal, Mrs. Carmichael of Schenectady, N.Y. Mrs. Margaret Beckstead are guests of Mrs. Alex. Shannette Jr. this week.

AULTSVILLE

Miss C. A. Rogers of Iroquois attended the Matilda District Convention here last Friday and spent Saurday with friends in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Hickey and son, George, are removing to Lachine, Que., where they will reside. The best wishes of a wide circle of friends here will follow them to their new home.

The Ladies Aid of the Methodist Church will be entertained at the parsonage next Friday p.m. for their November meeting.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Beckstead of Mariatown spent a day last week here with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Beckstead and family.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Pitts of Toronto are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Dillabough and other friends here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Beckstead of Grantley spent Sunday here with Mr. and Mrs. Ross Beckstead. They were accompanied home by their daughter, Miss Wilda Beckstead who spent the past two weeks with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hanes and daughter Lovella Mr. R. H. Hanes and daughter Zella were in Morrisburg on Sunday.

Mrs. Alice Duffin, Station St., spent Sunday here with Mrs. M. A. Rich.

The Annual Bible Society meeting was held in the auditorium of the Methodist Church last Sunday evening at 7.30 o'clock. The Sect, Mr. Frank Shaver, gave a very encouraging report and the old officers were re-elected for another year.

Rev. M. McLennan, Sect., gave a very enteresting and instructive lantern lecture. The subscriptions and collection were well up to last year's givings.

The Annual District Convention of the W.M.S. of the Matilda District convened in the Methodist Church here last Friday, October 19 at 9.30 a.m. There was a large gathering of delegates and visitors from every point on the district and all were of the opinion that it was the best convention ever held on the district.

Mrs. W. S. L. Merrill of Morrisburg, Distict Organizer, presided in her usual pleasing manner. Mrs. W. H. Henderson of Ottawa (Branch President) was present and gave very interesting and instructive addresses. The one disappointment of the day was the unavoidable absence of our returned Missionary, Miss Brackbill of China, who was detained by the serious illness of a near relative. The Convention Church was nicely decorated with mottoes for the day's meetings which added greatly to the beauty of the church. Dinner was served at 12 o'clock by the members of the local W.M.S. and the tea at 5.30 by the members of the "Lets Try" Circle. The decorations in the dining room at the tea hour being carried out in the circle colors of Yellow, White and Green. At the close of the tea greetings were given; words of welcome by Mrs. John Morgan from the Auxiliary, by Mrs. Harold Froats from the Circle, and greetings from the Pres., W.F.M.S., by Mrs. Frank McConnell. The Pres. Church by Rev Sinclair. Mrs. W. H. Gardner of Cornwall replied and other Ministers of the district gave a few words of encouragement to the Ladies. The special music rendered throughout the sessions added greatly to the pleasure of the guests. Rev. A. W. Stewart, the Pastor, presided at the evening meeting. Mrs. W. H. Henderson of Ottawa gave a very fine address and the meeting closed by a Pantomine Circle wish to publicly express Try Circle. The next convention in 1924 is to be held at Iroquois. The Executives of both Auxiliary and Circle wish to publickly express their gratitude to all who helped either in providing or serving the dinner and tea or in any other way in making their Convention such a success.

Mrs L. Meeker has been spending a couple of weeks with friends in Gallingertown.

Quite a number of members of the Masonic Order went to Massena N.Y. Tuesday evening and attended a banquet with their American breth ern.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Winters left last Saturday for their home in Montreal.

Mr. S. T. Loucks of Montreal, was in town last Friday.

Mrs. Catherine Dafoe is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Herman Brownell of Woodlands.

Mr. Lloyd McRae of Coteau Jct spent Sunday here with Mrs. McRae.

Mrs. John Hickey, "Ingleside" West Front, returned to Montreal for the winter, this week

MOREWOOD

Miss B. Hetherington of Crysler spent the week-end with Miss Mildred Dillabough.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Annable of Winchester spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Roy Fetterly

Mr and Mrs Vernon Fetterly spent Sunday with the former's sister, Mrs. Allan Summers of Winchester.

Mrs. Harry O'Connell and son Earle of Toronto are spending sometime with her parents, Mr. and Mrs James Fetterly.

Miss Luella Allison of Bethune Bush spent the week end with Miss Luva Allison.

The Rev. Stewart of Aultsville is conducting Evangelistic services in the Methodist Church this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Gordon and children, Mr and Mrs. Abner Dillabough and daughter, Sybil, spent Sunday with friends at Mountain.

Mr John Craik, the Misses Olive Bogart and Leah Hough of Ottawa spent the week end with Mr. J. W. Bogart

Miss Weagant Carlyle spent the week-end with Miss Gladys Swerdfeger

Mrs. G. C. York of Ottawa is visiting friends here

A number from here attended the opening of the new road at Chesterville, Friday

Mrs. R. A. Glasgow spent Wednesday with her sister Mrs. Wm. McConnell.

A number of ladies of the W.M.S. attended the convention at Aultsville Friday

The Rev. H. S. Cooke exchanged pulpits with Rev. Stewart of Aultsville on Sunday.

The Misses Carrie and Sadie Hunter are visiting their parents Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. David Coulthart are visiting their daughter, Mrs. John Clarke of London, Ont.

HOASIC

Mr. and Mrs. Ova Lane of Aultsville and Mr. and Mrs. J. Lane and Mr. Alex. Becker of California were at Durham Wells on Tuesday.

Mrs. D. Wells and Mrs. Bert Marcellus spent a few hours on Tuesday with Mrs. Chas. Shaver of Aultsville.

Miss Dorothy Robertson and Miss Gladys Oshaughnessy and Mr Wm. Buckingham and Mr. Floyd Fisher and sister Hilda spent Thursday evening at the home of Blanche Wells.

Mr. B Bolton and daughter Florence of Inkerman were calling through here on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs Durham Wells and Miss Dorothy Robertson were guests at the home of Elenor Swerdfeger one night last week.

In the Old Stand

You will find the Choicest Brands of Flour, sold on a money back guarantee. In Feed we have

Bran, Shorts, Middlings, O. Barley Feed, Barley Meal, Feed Flour, Log Grade Flour, Hominy, Schumacher Feed, Oil Cake Meal, Oats, Buckwheat, Corn, Wheat, Scratch, Bone Scrap.

DO NOT FORGET DANDY LAYING MASH FOR MORE EGGS.

W. S. L. MERRILL & SONS

AT YOUR SERVICE — MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

PHONES: Office 39; Residence 21J

NUDELL BUSH

Wedding bells are ringing.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Henry spent Sunday at the home of Mr. John Shaver, Winchester Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Edwards spent Thursday at Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Taylor and family of Matilda spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Cramer.

Miss Helen Ellis spent the week end at Gallingertown.

Mr. Bert Joyce and Mr. Jim Styles spent Saturday afternoon at the home of Mr. George Cramer.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Shaver spent one day last week with Mr. and Mrs. Isaiah Shaver.

Quite a number from here attended the sale of Mr. Charlie Shaver on Saturday.

Mr. Dan Schell made a business trip through here on Monday.

Mrs. George Cramer is spending a day with friends in Matilda.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Bowman of Morrisburg spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Phillips.

Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Bodette left last week to spend their holidays with friends at Massena.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Markell and family spent one day last week in Cornwall.

GALLINGERTOWN

Mr. A. W. Weagant spent last week end with friends at Wales.

Mrs. Dahana Alguire and Mrs. Ruben Gallinger spent Monday with Mrs. Roy Cunningham of Archer.

Miss Beatrice Gallinger and Mr. Murray Myers of the M.C.I. spent the week end at their homes here.

Miss Helen Ellis of Archer spent the week end with Miss Nora Myers

Mrs. A. Crites has returned home after spending a few days with her daughter Mrs. J. Beaupre of Cedar Grove.

Sorry to report Mr. John Southworth is very low. There is also no improvement in Mr. S. Bryan.

Mr. F. Lennox and daughter Uelma spent Sunday last at Mr. D. Weegar's, Osnabruck Centre.

MATILDA SOUTH

Ploughing is the order of the day.

Dr. VanAllen of Iroquois spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Edward VanAllen.

Mr. Wilfrid Zeron and Miss Lena Zeron were the guests of Mr. George Larmour on Sunday.

Mrs. Wesley Richard of Ottawa is spending a few days with Mr. John Hare's.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Merkley spent Sunday at Nation Valley.

Mr. and Mrs. James Zeron were visiting their daughter, Mrs. David Mellan on Tuesday.

Guests of Mr. and Mrs. Earl VanAllen were: Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Larmour and children, and Mrs. Wesley Richard of Ottawa.

We are sorry to report that we are losing Mr. Kenneth Merkley out of our neighborhood. We wish them all happiness in their new home.

Mr. Arthur Merkley called on Mr P. Zeron on Monday evening.

Rev. J. Price was visiting in this neighborhood Wednesday.

Mrs. Geo. Larmour of North Dakota spent a few days with Mrs. James Zeron.

FOR SALE

One of the best houses in town, at a very reasonable price, construct ed of solid brick throughout, known as the Judge Johnson property. Who will be the lucky buyer. Several other dwellings; the Loucks property property known as the Harrison garden, also two good dwellings between Morrisburg and Aultsville, with five acre point, the most beautiful spot on the river front, $3200. Money to loan on farm property at reasonable rate of interest. Life, Sickness, Accident and Fire Insurance.

bp J. A. RIDDELL.



WE SELL AND RECOMMEND

Wampole's Extract of Cod Liver

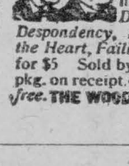
The Best Tonic for Coughs, Colds, Influenza and Grippe

IT IS better than ordinary cough medicines, for it reaches the seat of the trouble, relieves the cough and supplies continual treatment to build up the system to withstand future attacks. A splendid blood and body-building tonic for both young and old who take it regularly.

Price - $1.00

D. T. Henderson
REXALL STORE
Morrisburg Ont

WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE



The Great English Preparation. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. Used for *Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $2 per box, 3 for $5 Sold by all druggists, or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

FALL COATS

JUST RECEIVED

The Biggest Assortment of Ladies' and Children's Fall Coats ever shown in Dundas County has just been received.

Come in and select your Coat before they are picked up. If you are not prepared to buy now, come in anyway and make your selection and we will set your choice aside until you are prepared to buy.

THE VERY LATEST STYLES. THE HIGHEST QUALITY AND THE VERY LOWEST PRICES

SUITS, OVERCOATS, SWEATERS, ETC.

We have also a full assortment of Suits, Overcoats, Sweaters, Etc., for Father, Mother, Sister or Brother.

If you cannot come, write or telephone, and I will call at your door with a full assortment of goods.

SAM AGULNIK

MORRISBURG — ONTARIO

Used After Shaving Keeps Skin Soft and Smooth



Many men suffer from irritation of the skin as a result of shaving. With some it assumes a form of eczema and becomes most annoying and unsightly. By applying a little of Dr. Chase's Ointment after shaving the irritation is overcome and Barber's Itch and Eczema are prevented or relieved.

DR. CHASE'S OINTMENT

60 Cents a box, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Ltd., Toronto

THE GREAT WINNER

The great outstanding paper of this country, that paper that has won its way to the front rank and heads the procession, the paper that is attracting universal attention and exciting universal commendation—The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, with 750,000 readers all over Canada—East, West, North and South—is the Great Winner. This is the paper that yields its subscribers not only immense dividends, but returns ten times the capital every year. It is a treasure-house of reliable information, essential to all who want reliability and the best of everything. Its magnificent staff of writers makes a galaxy unapproached by any paper in the Dominion or elsewhere. Besides its wonderful value to all men and women, The Family Herald and Weekly Star, of Montreal, is this year giving to all who apply in time a magnificent premium that is taking the people by storm. To say that it is causing a furore is a mild description of the intense interest created by this beautiful, incomparable premium.



Always Good

When you buy SURPRISE you get a big, bright, solid bar of the highest grade household soap and it is always the same.

A Pure Hard Soap



EASY TO CLEAN

Just use soap and hot water to clean SMP Enameled Ware. It is so clean and so pure. As smooth as china and as strong as steel. And no metal touches the food. Be sure you get

SMP Enameled WARE

Three finishes: Pearl Ware, two coats of pearly grey enamel inside and out. Diamond Ware, three coats, light blue and white outside, white lining; Crystal Ware, three coats, pure white inside and out, with Royal blue edging.

The Sheet Metal Products Co. of Canada Limited
Montreal Edmonton TORONTO Vancouver Winnipeg Calgary

153

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BRITAIN TO CANADA IN THIRTY HOURS; TO INDIA IN ONE HUNDRED HOURS

A despatch from London says:—"Britain to Canada by airship in less than 30 hours."

This idea was held out, although somewhat nebulously perhaps, at Friday afternoon's sitting of the Economic Conference.

Sir Samuel Hoare, British Minister of Air Services, had been outlining to the Conference the proposed Burney airship service between London and Cairo and on to India.

Then Col. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty, drew a picture of the giant airships of the future. He thought the airship had reached the stage when its success was assured. By taking the extreme northern circle track it could shorten the actual distance to Canada. Airships could be turned out almost with the rapidity of automobiles. Germans, he observed, had during the war constructed Zeppelins in ten weeks.

Col. Amery's remarks were made during a somewhat desultory discussion, in which Hon. George P. Graham observed that Canada at present was not much interested in the lighter-than-air craft, especially as under the proposed Cairo service Canada would not be affected.

The South African delegates pointed out that they were more intrested in aeroplane development, particularly in view of the extent to which the aeroplane is being used for patrol work in their country. The discussion had two developments: First, the appointment of a committee of the Conference to consider the details of the Burney scheme, and, second, the general agreement that it was desirable to create some machinery whereby the experience of Great Britain and the Dominions in air transportation could be pooled and made available to all parts of the Empire.

The steady progress in air transit was described by Sir Samuel Hoare, Minister of the Air, to the Imperial Economic Conference. He emphasized in particular the intention of the British Government to conclude a contract for an airship service to Egypt and India, under the scheme drawn up by Commander Burney, and he informed the Dominion representatives that their co-operation would be welcomed if they desired to offer it.

Airship development, Sir Samuel explained, had been suspended by the British Government since August, 1921, and it had now only a few military airships left over from the war, stored in their hangars. But it realized that the time had come to take up airship work on commercial lines.

Commander Burney, in his scheme, will proceed by three stages. First, he will produce an airship able to reach India in 100 flying hours, and will experiment with that between England and Egypt. Secondly, he will establish a weekly service to India, and, thirdly, he will make the service bi-weekly, and keep six ships of 5,000,000 cubic feet actually in commission. Even if a service is established only as far as Egypt, it will mean a considerable saving in time in the carriage of mails and passengers between London and Australia. London to Cairo would be negotiated, it is reckoned, in two instead of from three and a half to six days, and when the service is extended to India the present 14½ days would be cut down to five.

As for Australia, London to Perth now takes 28 days, and by airship it should need only 11 days.



COMING HOME
—From the News of the World.

BRITAIN TO RETAIN ITS SOUND CURRENCY

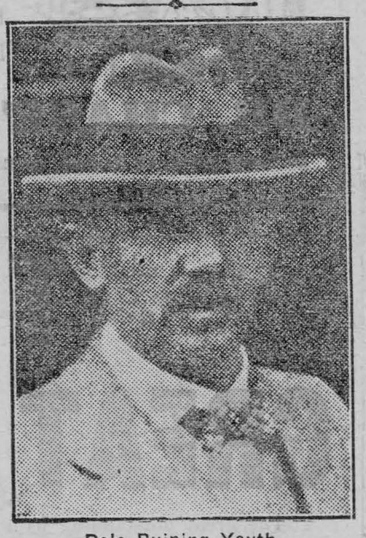
Policy of Inflation as Remedy for Unemployment is Rejected.

A despatch from London says:—Great interest has been aroused recently by reports that the Government was considering a policy of currency inflation as a remedy for the present serious unemployment which some economists had attributed to too rapid deflation, but if the Government ever contemplated such a change of policy it would seem that it has thought better of the idea.

Sir Laming Worthington-Evans, Postmaster-General, in a speech at Colchester, emphasized the need of a sound currency system, and said of the rumors that the Government intended to manufacture artificial money that there was not the slightest ground for such a fear; it had no such intention.

Frederick Goodenough, Chairman of Barclay's Bank, in a speech at the same meeting, made it clear that he is opposed to any policy of inflation. He pointed to Germany as an instance of the danger of an unchecked inflation, and declared his belief that a policy of deliberate inflation would not cure the evils of unemployment, nor secure commercial prosperity for the Empire. On the other hand, deflation was a matter requiring handling with the greatest care and with due regard to the conditions existing elsewhere.

It was to Mr. Goodenough that Minister of Labor Barlow in a speech last week erroneously attributed the plan for currency inflation.



Dole Ruining Youth

J. H. Thomas, the British Labor leader, who has declared that the young men of Britain are being demoralized by the unemployment dole. He says that 100,000 young workmen who have completed their apprenticeship, have never had a chance to work at their trades.

HOLDERS OF DOMINION '23 BONDS TO BE PAID

Minister of Finance Arranges for Immediate Conversion Into Cash.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Holders of 1923 bonds who have not yet exercised their option of conversion into the 1928 or 1943 refunding issue may have their bonds paid off in cash through any branch of any chartered bank in Canada, it was announced on Friday by Rt. Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance.

The bonds call for payment of the principal at the Department of Finance, Ottawa, and at the offices of the Assistant Receivers-General at Charlottetown, Halifax, St. John, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary and Victoria. In addition, for the greater convenience of the holders, the Minister has now made special arrangements with the chartered banks for the payment of the bonds without charge.

It is urged by the Minister that it will facilitate settlement promptly at date of maturity if, when dealing through a bank, the holders will deliver their bonds for examination and listing as early as possible before November 1. Correspondingly, if bonds are presented to a bank on or after November 1, holders must be prepared to await payment for a few days.

The banks have received instructions as to the form of endorsement required from holders of registered bonds. In the case of these, as well as bearer securities, payment is made only on the surrender of the bonds themselves. Interest ceases at maturity date, and if the bonds are retained thereafter claims for further interest cannot be entertained.

OFFERS WELCOME TO SURPLUS IMMIGRANTS

Canada Invites the Britishers Turned Back by U.S. Rule to Remain Here.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—An interesting situation has been created for the Department of Immigration and Colonization here by a provision just made effective by the corresponding department in Washington. By this provision any immigrant who lands in Canada, whose destination is the United States, and who is outside the quota allowed by the United States from the immigrant's country, cannot enter the United States, and cannot, if he remains in Canada, make application for entry into the United States for one year. If, however, he returns to his native country he may then make a new application within a month.

The Canadian authorities, however, have made it known that if these immigrants, who were destined for the United States, and who cannot enter there because they landed in Canada, and because they exceed the quota, are of British origin, they will be allowed to remain in this country.

Nine-Storey Building is Skyscraper in Paris

A despatch from Paris says:—Construction of one of France's tallest skyscrapers—nine stories high—has started in the Rue Marcnniers. Hitherto the highest buildings were eight stories and a special permit was needed to construct the additional storey, for fear of making a jagged and ugly skyline, and cutting off the light and air of the adjacent buildings.

ROMANTIC COLOR TO IMPERIAL SESSION

Maharaja of Alwar Brings Greetings to the Assembled Premiers of the Empire.

A despatch from London says:—The extraordinary diversity of the British Empire was illustrated on Friday by a picturesque incident at the Imperial Conference. As it settled down to a continued discussion of defence, the Maharaja of Alwar, one of the independent Princes of India, rose and called the attention of that body to the fact that the day was the Dusseshra festival, the greatest feast in the Indian calendar. Then, as the representatives of the Dominions looked in astonishment, he went on:

"It is a festival to commemorate the march of Shri, one of our greatest incarnations, to Ceylon, where he achieved a victory. The anniversary is celebrated in India nowadays in inspecting our military troops and units—in other words, examining our means of war; or, more correctly speaking, our means of peace.

"It is a curious—I hope a happy—coincidence that we should to-day in this room be celebrating the Dusseshra festival by examining the means of defence of our Empire."

Then, with a courtly bow, he added: "Friends, I wish you all, in the name of my country, as an Indian, in the name of the Princes, as one of their order, our cordial and sincere greetings to each and all of you."

World's Total Wheat Yield 219,000,000 Bus. Over 1922

A despatch from Ottawa says:—According to a cablegram received from the International Institute of Agriculture, Rome, the first official estimate of the production of wheat in Argentina is 248,755,000 bushels, against 189,047,000 last year and 180,642,000 in 1921. The production of flax-seed in Argentina is 75,981,000 bushels, against 44,280,000 last year and 32,272,000 in 1921.

"These figures for wheat," states T. K. Doherty, Canadian Institute Commissioner, "coupled with the recent Canadian report and the latest revisions of the European crop raise the world's total production to 3,422,072,000 bushels, compared with 3,108,000,000 last year and 3,087,000,000 in 1921. Excepting for a few unimportant countries, the official total production of Europe is now known and indicates an increase of 219,000,000 bushels over last year's crop and 33,000,000 over that of 1921."



Admiral Sir Osmond Brock

In command of the British fourth squadron in the Mediterranean. British naval power in the Mediterranean is higher now than for twenty years past.

CANADIAN DELEGATES TAKE LEADING PART IN LAKES CONFENCE AT MILWAUKEE

A despatch from Milwaukee says:—Canadian delegates are taking a prominent part in the work of the Great Lakes Harbor Conference, which opened here Thursday afternoon. Joseph Gibbons and D. M. Goudy of Toronto, and William H. Duncan of Midland, Ont., were appointed on the Nominations Committee, and Mayor Alfred Maguire and Wm. A. Summerville of Toronto on the Resolutions Committee. Mayor Maguire addressed the banquet Thursday night, and J. H. Duthie of Toronto, Secretary of the National Waterways Association, spoke Friday afternoon.

Other Canadian delegates present are: Thomas McQueen, Controller W. W. Hiltz, Toronto, and D. I. White, Jr., Midland, Ont. Twenty- two Wisconsin and Great Lakes cities are represented among the 100 delegates present.

The conference is called by the Great Lakes Harbor Association, which was permanently organized at the meeting.

The purposes of the conference are: Preservation of lake levels and protection of harbors and channels; promotion of harbor development and port efficiency.

Co-operation between harbor cities for the stimulation of Great Lakes commerce to the highest stage of service.

Co-ordination of water and rail lines to effect quick and efficient transport of freight to and from lake ports, giving economic and efficient service to the entire nation.

It is also proposed to unite American and Canadian cities on the Great Lakes in a movement to back the St. Lawrence River Deep Waterways project. Resolutions endorsing this waterway and condemning the diversion of water from Lake Michigan through the Chicago Drainage Canal will be adopted. Canada's co-operation in the encouragement of water transportation on the Great Lakes was assured by Mayor Maguire of Toronto in his address on Thursday.

Dominion News in Brief

New Westminster, B.C.—Fir cones are now being gathered in the Fraser Valley, from New Westminster to North Bend, under the direction of the Dominion Forest Service. Three thousand sacks are to be secured and the seed from these cones will be recovered at the seed extraction plant here. This year is the first time that the British Forestry Commission has asked for any red cedar seed. Red Cedar, as a rule, is scarce and difficult to obtain. This year it is very plentiful.

Calgary, Alta.—Alberta reached a world's record for wheat production in 1915 when the average yield was 31.30 bushels to the acre and, judging from threshing returns now being received, 1923 promises to be another record season. Yields ranging from 27 to 60 bushels to the acre have been recorded, and many reports of 50-bushel yields have been received here.

Regina, Sask.—Local dealers estimate that half a million turkeys will be available from Saskatchewan for Thanksgiving Day. They state that the price will certainly not be higher than last year, when the best birds sold for 30c a pound.

Winnipeg, Man.—With a net surplus for the first nine months' operation of the current fiscal year of more than $22,000, a total profit for the year of not less than $35,000 is forecasted by the Manitoba Government Telephones. This will be an increase of $3,000 over the past year and a marked change in the condition of the system as it was in 1921 when there was a large deficit, the improvement amounting to $573,000.

North Bay, Ont.—The Spanish River Pulp and Paper Mills have announced that they will build a new slip and wharves on the river front just below their General Offices at Sault Ste. Marie. The slip will be 800 feet long and 200 feet wide, and will cost approximately $400,000.

Bryson, Que.—It is understood that plans are completed to go ahead immediately with the construction of the Ottawa River Power Company's development. This company is a subsidiary of the Ottawa and Hull Co., and owns a development here on the Ottawa River capable of 60,000 h.p. The first installation is to be one unit of 25,000 h.p.

Woodstock, N.B.—As the result of prospects offered by unlimited electric power from Aroostook Falls it is rumored that many manufacturers are casting their eyes upon this city as a manufacturing centre. The first to be established will be the Canadian Branch of the John Watson Co., Inc. Mr. Hassel, present owner of the company, was at Woodstock this week and purchased from the Woodstock Foundry Co. the large sheds in connection with the foundry, and will go into the business of assembling and manufacturing all kinds of farming machinery, cultivators, potato diggers, etc.

Sydney, N.S.—A contract has been signed by the Imperial Oil Co. and the British Empire Steel Corp. to take the whole benzol output of the by-product plant at Sydney. Benzol is an excellent motor fuel.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Man. wheat—No. 1 Northern, $1.07.
Man. oats—No. 2 CW, 51¾c; No. 3 CW, 47½c; No. 1 feed, 45½c.
Manitoba barley—Nominal.
All the above, track, bay ports.
Am. corn—Track, Toronto, No. 2 yellow, $1.26.
Ontario barley—60 to 62c.
Buckwheat—No. 2, nominal.
Ont. rye—No. 2, 70 to 72c.
Peas—No. 2, nominal.
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, $28.25; shorts, per ton, $31.25; middlings, $38.25; good feed flour, $2.10.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, 95c to $1, outside.
Ontario No. 2 white oats—40 to 44c.
Ontario corn—Nominal.
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, $4.70; Toronto basis, $4.60; bulk, seaboard, $4.50.
Manitoba flour—1st pats., in jute sacks, $6.50 per bbl.; 2nd pats., $6.
Hay—Extra No. 2 timothy, per ton, track, Toronto, $15; No. 2, $14.50; No. 3, $13.50; mixed, $12.
Straw—Car lots, per ton, $9.
Cheese—New, large, 25 to 26c; twins, 26 to 26½c; triplets, 27 to 27½c; Stiltons, 27 to 28c. Old, large, 32c; twins, 33 to 33½c.
Butter—Finest creamery prints, 40 to 42c; ordinary creamery, 37 to 38c; No. 2, 36 to 37c.
Eggs—Extras in cartons, 44 to 45c; extras, 42 to 43c; firsts, 38 to 39c; seconds, 31 to 32c.
Live poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 25c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; hens, over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 22c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 17c; roosters, 15c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 22c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 20c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs., and up, 25c.
Dressed poultry—Spring chickens, 4 lbs. and over, 33c; chickens, 3 to 4 lbs., 30c; hens, over, 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 20c; roosters, 18c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 30c.
Beans—Canadian, hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6½c.
Maple products—Syrup, per Imp. gal., $2.50; per 5-gal. tin, $2.40 per gal.; maple sugar, lb., 25c.
Honey—60-lb. tins, 11 to 12c per lb.; 10-lb. tins, 11 to 12c; 5-lb. tins, 12 to 13c; 2½-lb. tins, 13 to 14c; comb honey, per doz., $3.75 to $4; No. 2, $3.25 to $3.50.
Smoked meats—Hams, med., 27 to 29c; cooked hams, 40 to 42c; smoked rolls, 22 to 24c; cottage rolls, 23 to 27c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 34c; special brand breakfast bacon, 34 to 38c; backs, boneless, 31 to 38c.
Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., $18; 70 to 90 lbs., $17.50; 90 lbs. and up, $16.50; lightweight rolls, in bbls., $36; heavyweight rolls, $33.
Lard—Pure tierces, 17½ to 18c; tubs, 18 to 18½c; pails, 18½ to 19c; prints, 20 to 21c; shortening tierces, 15¼ to 15¾c; tubs, 15½ to 16c; pails, 16 to 16½c; prints, 18¼ to 18¾c.
Heavy steers, choice, $7.25 to $7.50; butcher steers, choice, $6.25 to $6.75; do, good, $5.50 to $6.25; do, med., $4.50 to $5.50; do, com., $3 to $4; butcher heifers, choice, $6.25 to $6.75; do, med., $4.50 to $5.25; do, com., $3 to $4; butcher cows, choice, $4.25 to $5; do, med., $3 to $4; canners and cutters, $1.50 to $2.50; butcher bulls, good, $4 to $5; do, com., $2.50 to $3.50; feeding steers, good, $5 to $6; do, fair, $4.50 to $5; stockers, good, $4.50 to $5; do, fair, $3.50 to $4; milkers and springers, $80 to $120; calves, choice, $10 to $11; do, med., $8 to $9; do, common, $4 to $5; do, grassers, $3.50 to $4.50; lambs, ch'c, $11.25 to $11.50; do, bucks, $9.75 to $10; do, com., $8 to $8.50; sheep, light ewes, good, $6.50 to $7.25; do, fat, heavy, $4 to $5; do, culls, $2 to $2.50; hogs, thick, smooth, F.W., $8.35; do, f.o.b., $7.75; do, country points, $7.50; do, selects, $9.25.

MONTREAL.

Oats—Can. West. No. 2, 58½c to 59c; CW No. 3, 57 to 57½c; extra, No. 1 feed, 56 to 56½c; No. 2 local white, 55 to 55½c. Flour—Man spring wheat pats., 1sts, $6.50; 2nds, $6; strong bakers, $5.80; winter pats., choice, $5.75 to $5.85. Rolled oats, bag 90 lbs., $3.05. Bran, $28.25. Shorts, $31.25. Midlings, $38.25. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, $15 to $16.
Cheese—Finest easterns, 21 to 21¼c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 35⅞ to 36c. Eggs—Selected, 42c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, 95c to $1.
Cows, $1.50 to $2.25; bulls, $2.25 to $2.50; canners, $1; fairly good veals, $9 to $10; grassers, $2.50 up; hogs, thick smooths and straight lots of ungraded, $9; sows, $6.75.



Vincent Massey

Who addressed the Canadian Club in Winnipeg. He urged Canadians to regard Dominion Day as the proudest day in the year, and to celebrate accordingly. There is no bloodshed to commemorate, he said, but plenty of romance.

3,500,000 Marks to Send One Post Card

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Nearly three and a half million marks in postage were necessary in sending a plain post card received by the Department of Trade and Commerce from Germany. Seventeen stamps were used, almost obliterating the address and the message.

IN RABBITBORO





Fill your pipe with

Ogden's CUT PLUG

"It Satisfies"



15¢ per packet

80¢ a ½ lb. tin

If you roll your own ask for OGDEN'S FINE CUT (green label)

Surnames and Their Origin

SMALL

Variations—Little, Pettit, Lepetit.
Racal Origin—English and French.
Source—A characteristic.

Here is a family name, with variations, which "means just what it says." If you bear this name you may be sure that the particular ancestor of yours who first bore it was a small man—unless, perhaps, he was prominent for his great size. At any rate, he was not of medium build.

Some people find it difficult to conceive how such a surname as this can develop into a hereditary family name. They grant that it was natural to speak of a John who was little, as "John Little," or "Little John." But they don't understand by what law or rule all his descendants have borne it, for in the first place the name was merely descriptive of the individual.

W[illegible] to begin with, not more than a v[illegible] small percentage of the persons to whom the name was descriptively applied passed it on to their children. Family names did not develop suddenly. They took form gradually, over a period of three centuries or more. In one family the name might have become hereditary in the twelfth century, in another in the fourteenth. Then, too, it is not uncommon for the children of small parents to be small. So a man's son might be called Little, not so much because his father bore the name, as because he, too, actually was undersize.

As the strongest evidence that the names Little and Small developed from this descriptive source, we have the corresponding names of Pettit and Lepetit in French. Lepetit leaves no possible doubt, being a combination of "le" and "petit"—"the small."

WALDO.

Racial Origin — Gothic, or ancient French.
Source—A given name.

Here is a family name which does not sound English, a name borne by Ralph Waldo Emerson, and though it has been settled in England as a family name for many centuries, it is not an English name.

It is traceable to no given names among either the Anglo-Saxons or the Norman French, nor to any other likely source in the language of those peoples. On the other hand, it is traceable genealogically, through the settling in England of a family bearing that name, to a certain merchant of Lyons named Peter Waldo, who in the twelfth century attracted considerable attention for his denial of the church's doctrine of transubstantiation and his translation of the gospels into French, or rather the Provencal language.

With this clue it is not difficult to trace his family name (and this was just the period when family names were beginning to come into existence) to a given name among the Goths. Comparatively little is known of the language of this Teutonic race which dominated all southern Europe after smashing the Roman Empire, for both the language and the customs of the Goths gave way rapidly before the superior civilization which they conquered and settled themselves into. Their nomenclature, however, persisted, exerting a powerful influence on that of modern France and Italy.

The given name in question apparently was derived from the Gothic word "Valdan," and signified "one who rules." Names ending in "o" were as typical of the Goths and the Franks as those ending in "a" were of the Anglo-Saxons.

BABY'S OWN TABLETS AN EXCELLENT REMEDY

When the baby is ill—when he is constipated, has indigestion; colds; colic or simple fever or any of the other many minor ills of little ones—the mother will find Baby's Own Tablets an excellent remedy. They regulate the stomach and bowels, thus banishing the cause of most of the ills of childhood. Concerning them Mrs. E. D. Duguay, Thunder River, Que., says:—"My baby was a great sufferer from colic and cried continually. I began giving him Baby's Own Tablets and the relief was wonderful. I now always keep a supply of the Tablets in the house." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Faith.

Faith always takes the first step forward. It is sight, which peers far beyond the physical eye's vision, a courier which leads the way, opens the closed door, sees beyond the obstacles, and points to the path which the less spiritual faculties could not see.

Addicted to Smoking.

Passenger—"I say, driver, what is the average life of a railway engine?"

Driver—"Oh, about thirty years, sir."

Passenger — "Gracious! I should have thought such a tough-looking thing would last longer than that."

Driver—"Well, perhaps it would, sir, if it didn't smoke so much!"

MONEY ORDERS.

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. Five Dollars costs three cents.

The soul refuses all limits. It affirms in man always an optimisim, never a pessimism.—Emerson.

THE INTRUDER

By Rene Bizet

Translated by William L. McPherson

I was eighteen years old. For the first time I was free. My parents had allowed me to make a trip alone through the country. For a whole month I could realize my dream of rambling over the Breton roads, my sack on my back, without worrying about the length of the march, sleeping under the stars and eating my bread on the bank of a stream.

Sometimes I was tired and conditions of travel afoot were not favorable. Thus one oppressive July Sunday I regretted that I had not stopped at Sarzeau when it grew dark and the sky clouded over. I had still three good leagues to go to the next village. The southwest wind blew in squalls across the country, forcing me to stop to catch my breath. I was not discouraged until the rain began to fall in torrents, blinding me and almost strangling me. The lightning illuminated the horizon. The thunder and the ocean mingled their tumult so completely that I feared any minute I should reach the edge of a cliff and stumble into the waves below. I had given up hope of finding shelter.

. . . . . .

Suddenly I saw on my right a dark mass in the shadows. It must be a house on the side of the road. Who would be cruel enough to refuse hospitality to a drenched wayfarer? I felt for the door. I discovered it and rapped on it. There was no answer. A lightning flash revealed a low, thatched cottage. I rapped again. Not a sound in reply. Then out of irritation than anything else, I seized the knob and turned savagely. The door opened. I entered with a sigh of relief. Finally I had a refuge.

But where was I? What was going to happen? I drew my lamp from my pocket and walked ahead. There was a long passageway—then to the left a furnished room. I called aloud to awaken the occupants. No voice responded. The house was empty. Since I was the sole possessor for the night and there was little chance that the owners would return in such weather, I decided to install myself as comfortably as possible and go to sleep I found copper candlesticks on a mantel-piece. I lighted the candles. In the room were chairs, a table and a peasant clothes closet. But all the furniture seemed to have been chosen by a city person with rustic taste rather than by country people.

"It is a lucky chance which brought me here," I said to myself. "At dawn I shall get out, for after that I might not find a welcome."

The tempest raged outside. I was so tired that I closed my eyes as soon as I sat down on the bench which I intended to make my couch, and I thought I was dreaming when I heard these words:

"What are you doing in my house?"

I gave a start. No, it was not a dream. Two steps away was a woman who, a candle in her hand, was examining me curiously.

"I"——

"You came to rob me?"

She spoke so audaciously and had the air of being so little frightened my presence that I did not know what to answer and contented myself with looking at her closely. She was a young woman and very good-looking, as far as I could judge, for the water was streaming from her clothes. Her locks, escaping from under her hat, were matted against her cheeks. But even so, nothing could alter the purity of her profile, and I could see her wide blue eyes glitter like two pale sapphires.

"Well," she continued, "are you afraid?"

As she said this she drew a revolver from her pocket. I jumped up.

"But, madamoiselle"——

"Don't be afraid. It is not for you. It is for me. So I am going to give you a piece of advice If you want to keep out of trouble and avoid being accused of a crime, go away I intend to kill myself. And if they know that you spent the night here"——

I was sure that she was not joking. She expressed herself calmly, without bravado and toyed with the weapon in her hand as she might have toyed with a pendant to her necklace.

"You want to kill yourself?"

"Yes."

"Why"

"For reasons which don't interest you."

"Nevertheless, what justifies you in killing yourself?"

"No—no moralizing. If you please. There is something so ridiculous in our dialogue at this hour and in this place, that I almost feel like leaving you here and killing myself outside on the road."

"But it is raining too hard. You want to shoot yourself, but you are afraid of the rain!"

"It is true. And now, go. I beg you, leave me here alone You don't know me. What difference does it make to you if I kill myself? At my age, when one is tired of life, it is because one has suffered in love. The man whom I loved has just deserted me, in spite of my tears. I am indifferent to everything. I can neither smile nor weep. I ask your pardon for sending you away. But it must be. Go. Continue your journey. Think of me until the dawn. And swear to me that you will never tell any one what you have seen.

She put the weapon and the candle on the table. She pushed me out and slammed the door violently behind me.

. . . . . .

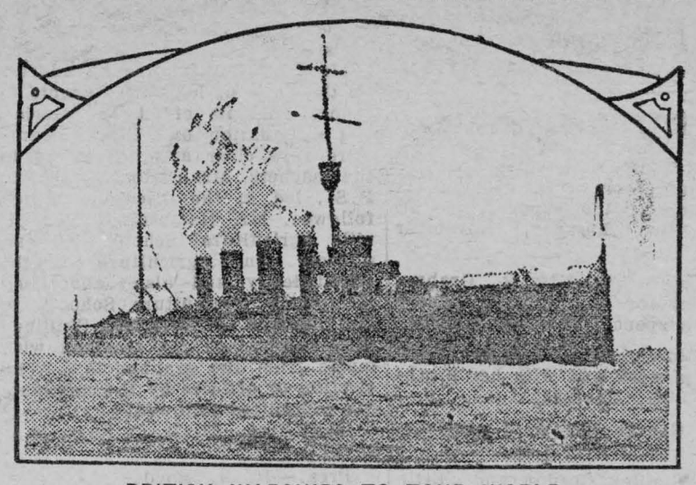
I know that I ought to have resisted, that I ought to have defended her against her folly. But I had neither the time nor the strength to do so. We had talked but a few minutes, and the scene which I had passed through was so strange and so unexpected that out on the road I hardly knew if it had not been all a dream. I walked ahead abstractedly in the rain and mud. I paid no attention to the howling of the wind. I tried to keep on my feet and to plunge through the darkness. I remembered nothing.

Stumbling against a stone and almost falling over it restored me to my senses. My memory came back. There was a thatched house and a young woman. There was the revolver—and death. There was the drama which I was allowing to be played through. I turned about and ran toward the house. I shouted aloud my remorse, as if men could hear me. I hurled mysel fat the door. The flames of the candles threw fitful shadows on the wall. I listened. All was silence. I saw her stretched on the bench on which I had lain. I had arrived too late.

I drew nearer and heard the sound of regular breathing. I saw her beautiful hair in a golden network about her closed eyes. Her hands lay on her breast like flowers. The revolver was still on the table. Weary, exhausted, no doubt, she had been overcome by sleep before death appeared.

I put the weapon in my pocket. I blew out the candles. I went out again into the storm, this time joyously, leaving my Sleeping Beauty. I was not, under my vagabond cloak, enough of a Prince Charming to awaken her with a kiss.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.



BRITISH WARSHIPS TO TOUR WORLD.

Five light cruisers of the type shown in the picture are to start in November on a tour of the world in which outlying parts of the Empire will be visited. The ships will include the Delhi, the Dauntless, the Danae, the Dragon and the Dunedin. They will be commanded by Sir Hubert G. Brand.

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS

May Obtain Relief by Enriching the Blood Supply.

In the days of our fathers and grandfathers, rheumatism was thought to be the unavoidable penalty of middle life and old age. Almost every elderly person had rheumatism, as well as many young people. It was thought that rheumatism was the mere effect of exposure to cold and damp, and it was treated with liniments and hot applications, which sometimes gave temporary relief, but did not remove the trouble. In these days there were many cripples. Now, medical science understands that rheumatism is a disease of the blood, and that with good rich red blood any man or woman of any age can defy rheumatism. There are many elderly people who have never felt a twinge of rheumatism, and many who have conquered it by simply keeping their blood rich and pure. The blood enriching qualities of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is becoming every year more widely known, and the more general use of these pills has robbed rheumatism of its terrors. At the first sign of poor blood, which is shown by loss of appetite, dull skin and dim eyes, protect yourself against further ravages of disease by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. They have helped thousands—if you give them a fair trial they will not disappoint you.

You can get these pills through any dealer in medicine or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Timely Thoughts.

Genius does nothing without reason.

Music may be termed the universal language of mankind.

Music has, like society, its laws of propriety and etiquette.

What is genius else than a priestly power revealing God to the human soul.

Music is never stationary, successive forms and styles are only like so many resting places on the road to the ideal.

A sympathetic recognition is assured to everyone who concentrates his art to the divine service of a conviction of a consciousness.

God and Religion.

I wish it were possible to speak of God without the implication of dealing with religon. By this I mean that I am anxious to keep religion out of this subject of the conquest of fear. The minute you touch on religion, as commonly understood, you reach the sectarian. The minute you reach the sectarian you start enmities. The minute you start enmities you get mental discords. The minute you get mental discords no stand against fear. is possible.—Basil King, in "The Conquest of Fear."

Good All Year Egg Production.

S. W. Knife.

Now is the time to get your birds into winter quarters. They should be fully matured by this time, and to start off in the race for high egg production for the year, should have a certain amount of surplus flesh and fat. There is no particular secret in getting late Fall and Winter eggs. The essential factors are good stock, well matured (not mongrels, as they cost more to keep and pay less dividends). Hens should be confined from early in October throughout the winter in a well ventilated, dry, frequently cleaned and disinfected house, free from draughts. For each bird allow 3½ to 4 sq. ft. floor space. Provide straw litter about 6 inches deep for them to exercise in. Feed grain in the litter night and morning, and above all, feed at regular times, not 7 a.m. to-day and noon to-morrow.

Laying mash should be available to the hens at all times. They never eat too much of it. Feed greens, mangles, cabbage, etc., daily, if possible.

Remove any sick birds at once. Keep drinking vessels clean. Gather your eggs often and market them before they get old. And you will soon have the pleasure in seeing your profits come in.

A cheap comfort in summer is a shower bath. If you can do no better, even the sprinkler head of a watering pot attached to the bottom of a ten-gallon keg will serve.

To get the most out of the coming year, we must put the most into it. —James Freeman Clarke.



What Ails the Dance?

Friend—"What you doing—subscribing to the dance?"

Doctor—"No—prescribing for the dance."

Too Slow.

Jimson had barely taken off his coat when his mother-in-law, pale of face, rushed up to him and grabbed his arm.

"Oh, Arthur," she gasped, "that great, heavy grandfather clock in the hall just crashed down on the spot where I was standing only a minute ago!"

Jimson did not seem to be greatly agitated at the news, and only murmured:

"H'm! I always said that clock was slow!"

Keep Minard's Liniment in the house.

Tactless.

"Tact," said the lecturer, "is essential to good entertaining. I once dined at a house where the hostess had no tact. Opposite me sat a modest, quiet man.

"Suddenly he turned as red as a lobster on hearing his hostess say to her husband, 'How inattentive you are, Charlie! You must look after Mr. Brown better. He's helping himself to everything."

Son, don't wait to be a great man —be a great boy.—The Watchman.

Use MURINE NIGHT & MORNING & KEEP YOUR EYES CLEAN CLEAR AND HEALTHY

WRITE FOR FREE EYE CARE BOOK- MURINE CO. CHICAGO, U.S.A.

America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

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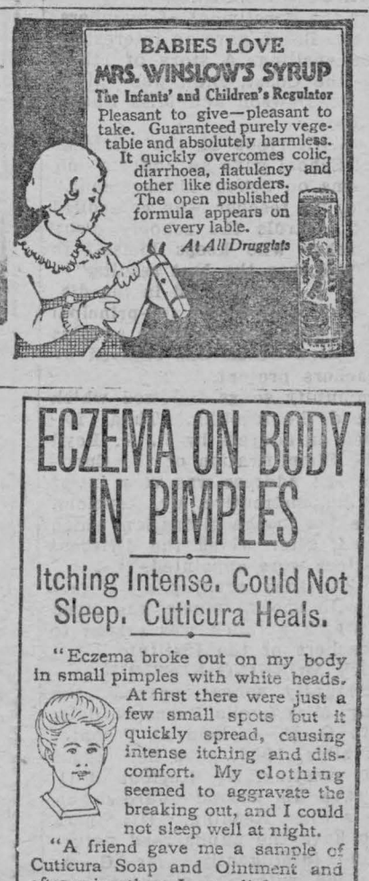

ECZEMA ON BODY IN PIMPLES

Itching Intense. Could Not Sleep. Cuticura Heals.

"Eczema broke out on my body in small pimples with white heads. At first there were just a few small spots but it quickly spread, causing intense itching and discomfort. My clothing seemed to aggravate the breaking out, and I could not sleep well at night.

"A friend gave me a sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after using them I got relief so purchased more, and after using one cake of Soap and one box of Ointment I was healed." (Signed) Miss Maybelle Brett, Pullman, Wash.

Give Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum the care of your skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Lymans, Limited, 344 St. Paul St., W., Montreal." Sold everywhere. Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Classified Advertisements

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN AND LIGHT sewing at home, whole or spare time; good pay, work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Montreal.

SILVER FOXES—NOTES FROM MY DIARY (Booklet). Nine years' experience ranching foxes. 25 cents. Dr. Randall, Truro, Nova Scotia.

Debt.

Someone has said that if all the tears that have been shed on account of debt could be gathered into one place they would form a Niagara Falls.

Who could ever estimate the heartaches, the sufferings, the premature deaths caused by debt!

Debt is the killer of ambition, the blighter of hopes and prospects, the murderer of love, the cause of unhappy homes, the monster that makes life, intended to be beautiful and full of promise, a hell upon earth for millions of men and women and for countless little children.

The Russian Press.

The Russian people complain that readable and interesting newspapers in their language have ceased to exist. All they have is an "elaborate machinery for spoiling paper." An observer in Russia writes that under the present government the newspapers are merely the mouthpieces of a small despotic group; the really able journalists have given up their profession, and the daily run of printed matter is little more than a lot of colorless propaganda. Before the revolution the Moscow Ruskoije Slovo had a circulation of more than 1,200,000; to-day the combined circulation of all the soviet press is no more than that.

BOILS! Minard's kills the inflammation, disinfects and relieves.

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

ASPIRIN

Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product proved safe by millions and prescribed by physicians over twenty-three years for

Colds	Headache
Toothache	Lumbago
Earache	Rheumatism
Neuralgia	Pain, Pain

Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Druggists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada) of Bayer Manufacture of Monoaceticacidester of Salicylicacid. While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer Manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

WOMEN FROM FORTY TO FIFTY

Will Be Interested in Mrs. Thompson's Recovery by Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Winnipeg, Man.—"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me good in every way. I was very weak and run-down and had certain troubles that women of my age are likely to have. I did not like to go to the doctor so I took the Vegetable Compound and am still taking it right along. I recommend it to my friends and to any one I know who is not feeling well."—Mrs. THOMPSON, 303 Lizzie St., Winnipeg, Man.

When women who are between the ages of forty-five and fifty-five are beset with such annoying symptoms as nervousness, irritability, melancholia and heat flashes, which produce headaches, dizziness, or a sense of suffocation, they should take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It is especially adapted to help women through this crisis. It is prepared from roots and herbs and contains no harmful drugs or narcotics.

This famous remedy, the medicinal ingredients of which are derived from roots and herbs, has for forty years proved its value in such cases. Women everywhere bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who suffer should write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Cobourg, Ontario, for a free copy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Ailments Peculiar to Women."

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Stove repairs ordered for any range.

MORASH FOUNDRY

Why is November 8th a special date? Why, the Thanksgiving supper, given by the Ladies of St. James Church, takes place on that date.

Miss Bessie Clark spent the week end with friends in Chesterville.

Mr. and Mrs. Lev. Southworth spent last week in Lancaster.

Mrs. T. Irving and Mrs. Jas. Challies spent the week-end in Prescott.

Mrs. M. E. Bassford of Ogdensburg, N.Y., spent last week with Mrs. Jane Bockus.

Mrs. J. G. Challies is visiting friends in Winchester.

Morried—At St. Marys Church, by Rev. Father Meagher, on Monday October 22nd, 1923, Mr. Floyd Mitchel of Wales, to Miss Emma Furnace of Morrisburg.

Born—At Morrisburg, on Sunday, October 21st, to Mr. and Mrs. Leo Laurin, a daughter.

Mrs. J. H. Meikle and Mrs. H. E. Paull were in Montreal Thursday, attending the Pavlowa entertainment.

Mr. and Mrs. Garnet Cheley of Ottawa spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Levi Cheley.

Mrs. James Connolly and Mrs. Orry Harper spent last week end with friends at Chesterville, attending the opening of the new street.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Meikle spent Tuesday in Montreal.

Dr. G. M. Gorrell left for Nominingue, Que., Thursday, where, with a party, called the Chesterville Hunt Club, he will spend ten days Deer hunting.

Come with the crowd to the Thanksgiving supper at St. James Hall, Thursday, November 8th

The Methodist League will hold a Hallowe'en concert on Monday night, starting at 8 o'clock sharp. A large program, and a small price, only 15c. All welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Irvine of Inkerman, spent Sunday at Mr. Jas. Gillespie's.

Mrs. G. L. Brown and Mrs. Irwin McIntosh spent the week end in Ogdensburg, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Reddick.

The Rev. Geo. Rhodes of Onslow, Quebec, will be here this coming Sunday to take charge of the meetings in the Mission Hall for this winter. The services on Sunday will be, 10.30 a.m. and 7.30 p.m. Everyone is welcome.

Miss Jane Smith spent a few days in Montreal and Beauharnois this week.

Mr. Clare Marshall, Finch, and Miss Clara Marshall, Gallingertown, spent the week-end at their home.

Keep November 15th free to attend a musicale in the assembly rooms of the Methodist Church. Full particulars and program will be given later.

Mrs. John Carmichael, Schenectady N.Y., and Miss Agness M. Beckstead of Montreal arrived in town Monday to be present at the wedding of their niece, Miss Jessie Beckstead. They will spend a few weeks in the community with their mother and other relatives.

Don't miss the big Thanksgiving supper in St. James Hall, Thursday November 8th.

Mr. Alex. Madden whose farm is in the vicinity of Williamsburg, suffered a severe loss on Thursday evening of last week, when his barn and contents, including all this season's crops and some farm machinery were destroyed by fire. The origin of the fire is not known.

Married—Lapierre—O'Malley, on Thursday, October 11th, 1923, at St. James Rectory, by the Rev C. O. Carson, Thressa, second daughter of Mrs. James O'Malley, to Allan, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Lapierre, both of this place.

You should treat yourself to "The Ladies Home Journal." It comes practically free to you. For instance, the Oct. issue contains 240 peges. The postage is 8c; on 12 copies it would be 96c, so that all you pay for the magazine is 4c per year.—J. P. Gormely, agent, Morrisburg, Ont.

Crashing into a telephone pole sixteen inches in diameter an automobile owned by John H. A. Briggs was wrecked. His chauffeur Ernest McLennan, who had the car out, is under arrest and Henry Yeldon and his sister, Mrs. Delmar Holmes, are in a local hospital suffering from serious injuries as a result of a live Hydro wire falling to the ground in front of the car a short distance west of Prescott. The pole was snapped in two. McLennan is charged with fast driving.

You won't be disappointed if you come to St. James Hall November 8 to the big Thanksgiving supper.

Chicken, doughnuts, pumpkin pies, etc., at the supper in St. James Hall, Thursday, November 8th.

Mrs. Lyle and Miss R. Graham left today for Pittsburg Pa., where they will spend the winter months.

Mr. Morehouse of Smiths Falls spent the week end with her brother Mr. J. G. Challies.

Mrs. George Dardis of Ogdensburg spent last Friday in town.

Mrs. Stanley Gordon and little son are visiting her sister, Mrs. Scott in Winchester.

The annual bazaar, given by the Ladies of St. James Church, will take place in St. James Hall, on Wednesday, December 5th. Don't miss it.

Mrs. G. H. Challies and Miss Jane Dillen attended the Women's Institute Convention held in Ottawa on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Mrs Harvey Heagle spent the week end with her son Mr. James Heagle at Ogdensburg.

Born—On October 19th, at Kobe, Japan, to Rev. and Mrs. Foster Hilliard, a son.

November 8th. Keep this date in mind and come up to St. James Hall to the special Thanksgiving supper.

Miss Bertha Callahan, an employee of the Bell Telephone Coy., Campbellford, Ont. has brought suit against the Agricultural Society of that town for injuries received. She was watching a game of base ball in the grounds, when a ball batted into the crowd struck her in the eye, permanently injuring her sight. She asks $2000 damages and the society is fighting the case.

A case of considerable interest was decided in the Division Court at Orillia last week when Dr. Boyd was awarded $120 damages to his car. A farmer named Teskey drove out of his yard with a team and wagon in front of the car, and proceeded along the road for a short distance and then turned into an opening on the same side from which he emerged. Dr. Boyd who was following up ran into the wagon and his car was injured. He claims that in turning in the farmer did not give the necessary signal of his intention. Had he done so the Dr. could have avoided the collision. The decision is important inasmuch as many drivers of horse vehicles seem to think it unnecessary to observe the rules of road traffic as applied to automobiles.

49th ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Dundas Teachers' Institute Held in the Music Hall Morrisburg, Oct. 11-12

On Thursday and Friday, October 11 and 12, the 49th annual meeting of the Dundas Teachers' Institute was held in the Music Hall, Morrisburg. An address of welcome was given by Reeve W. K. Farlinger. After the enrollment of members the president, Mr. J. C. Fetterly, gave an address on Discipline.

Then followed the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting and the approval of same after which the reading of the financial statement and the Auditor's report was given showing a balance of $103.56.

Moved by Miss Mary Beckstead, seconded by Leroy Strader, that the auditors' report be accepted—carried.

AFTERNOON SESSION—

After the enrollment of members, Miss Jean Beach gave an interesting talk on spelling. A story of their trip to the Coast, B.C., was given by J. E. Dawson and Miss Luella Burnside.

Mr. A. Kerfoot of the Ottawa Normal School gave an address on "Problems on School Management." He said, "A teacher who controlled himself controls the school also; the teacher who keeps himself in good spirit has the best results."

Mr. D. L. Collison led in the discussion. Mr. Jamieson, ex-principal of the M.C.I. gave a short address on discipline which was enjoyed by all teachers present.

Community songs followed which enlivened the meeting. Then followed an address by P. S. Boyd on The Simplification of the Curriculum. His address was very interesting and instructive. Mr. Raymond Colligan led in the discussion which followed, after which the different committees were appointed.

On Thursday evening a picture show with special music was given after which a lunch was served to the teachers of the Institute.

FRIDAY MORNING SESSION—

Community songs opened the meeting. Miss Luella Burnside, delegate to O. E. A. held at Toronto, Easter time, 1923, gave her report of that meeting. Mr. Kerfoot of O. N.S., gave his second address on Methods in Reading. His plan was to have the pupils read naturally and intelligently. Mr. G. A. Foulds led with a few short remarks in the discussion. Then followed an address on Agriculture by Mr. Springstead, District Representative. He said the teacher is to get in sympathy with his pupil. Our own boys and girls make the best farmers, and not the immigrant. Therefore, to educate the boys and girls to go back on the farm should be the chief aim of each teacher. Miss Ellice Smith led in the discussion. Rev. C. O. Carson gave a short talk on The Education of the Present Day, which was very interesting.

Mr. Orval Ault gave an address on the basis of legislative grants to schools and its effect on salaries. His explanation on these grants were very clear and interesting to the teachers. Mr. Fetterly, M.A., I. P.S., led in the discussion which followed. Mr. Hampson of Kemptville Agricultural School gave an address on Agriculture taught scientifically and also advertised Kemptville Agriculture School to the Institute. Miss Mae Skillings then entertained the teachers with music from the graphonola. The election of officers by the nominating committee followed:—

Hon Pres.—H. B. Fetterly, M.A, I.P.S.

Pres.—P. S. Boyd.

Vice-Pres.—Miss Jean Beach.

Sec-Treas.—Mr. Herman Hamilton, (owing to J. E. Dawson's retirement from the profession.)

Ex. Committee—Miss Mary Beckstead, Mr. D. L. Collison, Miss Ellice Smith.

Delegates to O. E. A.—Mr. Leroy Strader. Alternative, Mr. Fred Weager.

Auditors—Miss Nellie Stacey; Miss Lola Adams.

Moved by P. S. Boyd, seconded by D. L. Collison, that the Nominating Committee's report be accepted. The Resolution Committee's report followed. Be it resolved that the Institute tender its sincere thanks:—

To the executive and especially the President, for providing such an excellent and varied program.

To those who contibuted to the program.

To the Morrisburg Board of Education for engaging the Music Hall for the Institute meeting.

To the management who presented the enjoyable and thrilling evening entertainment.

To the teachers who secured accomodations for teachers from afar.

To the Boy Scouts who gave their services in doing a good turn for the Institute.

To the people of Morrisburg who opened their homes and furnished cars for the accomodation of teachers.

To Mr. Biggs, the manager of the Canada Tack Co., for affording us the pleasure of a visit to his factory.

Whereas the 50th anniversary of the foundation of this Institute occurs next year, Be is resolved that some part of the program next year be specially prepared to celebrate that event.

Whereas there is a lack of means of members of the Institute becoming personally acquainted with one another, Be it resolved that the program next year provide a special event for this purpose.

Whereas our worthy secretary is to resign his position before next meeting and because he has served this Institute faithfully for many years, Be it resolved that we show our appreciation of his services by a gift of $25.00.

Resolved that a recommendation be sent to the Dept. of Education to the effect that English History be dropped from the curriculum of the Public School.

Moved by G. A. Foulds, seconded by H. Hamilton, that the resolution committee's report be accepted — Carried.

Moved by Miss Gertrude Campbell, seconded by Miss Lola McGee that the Executive Committee be authorized to hold the 1924 meeting of the Institute at the Kemptville Agriculture School if suitable arrangements can be made.—Carried.

Mr. H. B. Fetterly, M.A., I.P.S gave a satisfactory answer to all the questions in the question drawer Mr. P. S. Boyd followed with a short talk on "Junior Red Cross Work, as being taught in some of the Public Schools.

Moved by Orval Ault, seconded by G. A. Foulds, that the delegates' fee to the O.E.A., Public School Dept. be paid.—Carried.

A lesson on a problem in carpeting was taken up by Mrs. E. M. Ennis. Mrs. Ennis explained the method of teaching carpeting in a very clear way. Miss Annable followed with a short discussion

Moved by P. S. Boyd, seconded by C. Crowbar, that the U. P. E. papers be examined and returned on or before July 20th each year.—Carried

Mr. P. S. Boyd, the new president was invited to take the chair and dismiss the meeting.

The meeting closed by singing the National Anthem.

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A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, $1; No. 2, $3; No. 3, $5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT (Formerly Windsor.)

A Common Complaint

"My vision is all right, but I cannot see to read well lately."

This man was found to have just one-half the vision he should have had, yet he thought he had good vision.

Have your eyes examined, and KNOW their Condition.

Phone for Appointment

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MILES OF FOREST FIRE, BURNING VILLAGES, HEROIC DEEDS OF RESCUE WORK

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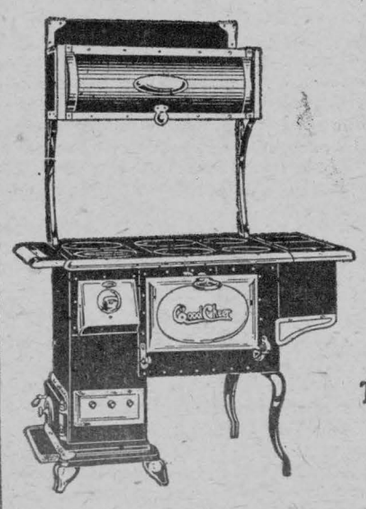

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