The Chesterville Record.

VOL. XXI, NO 46 CHESTERVILLE, ONT., THURSDAY, OCTOBER, 7, 1915. SINGLE COPIES 3c.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA

ESTABLISHED 1874

Head Office : - Ottawa, Canada.

Capital Paid Up - - -	$ 4,000,000
Rest and Undivided Profits -	4,978,299
Total Assets over - - -	50,000,000

Board of Directors :

HON. GEORGE BRYSON, President. JOHN B. FRASER, Vice-President
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UNION BANK OF CANADA

A Valuable Feature of a Joint Account

opened with the **Union Bank of Canada** in the names of two persons, is that if one dies the family funds are not tied up just when they are likely to be most needed. The survivor can withdraw the money without delay or formality.

Think it over—then open a Joint Account.

Crysler Branch—J. V. Stanley, Acting Manager.
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CHEESE CHEQUES CASHED HERE.

Dr. S. H. Hutt, D.D.S.
CHESTERVILLE, ONT.
Office: In the Fulton Block.
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M.D., C.M. Physician, Surgeon, &c.
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Fire Insurance.
For all Classes of Property.
Western Assurance Co.
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Special For Farm Property
The Popular and Reliable Grenville Patron Mutual Fire Ins. Co.
The Ontario Farmers Insurance against Windstorm and Cyclone.
Prompt adjustment and satisfactory settlement in all cases.
Lowest rates.
JAMES CLEMENT, Agent.
Phone 24 R. 2-3.

DIXON BROS.
Furniture and Undertaking.
Funeral Directors & Embalmers.
Night—Press button centre door.

Henry's Shorthand School
Ottawa, Ont.

On the May Civil Service Examination, this year, we passed more stenographic candidates than the other local business colleges combined.

It is a common occurrence for Henry-trained students to get 100% in Shorthand 100% in Typewriting, and 95% in Composition.

These subjects being the most difficult on this examination, our record of FIRST, SECOND and FOURTH places for the whole of Canada, is at once explained.

During the past two years, more than 235 students have come to us from other local business colleges.

Does it not prove that we have a superior school ?

Our instruction being individual, you may start at any time.

D. E. HENRY, President.
Cor. Bank and Sparks Sts.

A MATCHED HORSE RACE

A Matched Race has been arranged between

The Bay Colt "Ellis Pointer" &
The Kemptville horse "Fred Hal"

To take place at 2.00 p.m. on
Driving Park Track, CHESTERVILLE
Thanksgiving Day, Monday, Oct. 11th
For a Purse of $200—Winner take all.

This race promises to be sensational, as both horses are in good condition and recognized as being the fastest pacers in the entire country. The performance will be half mile heats, best three in five. Nafional Trotting Association rules to govern, with exceptions. Hobbles allowed. There will be competent judges officiating at this performance, and a competent licensed starter employed, so that the general public will be able to witness a square deal given to each contestant in the race, and the winner will surely be the best and fastest horse.

Admission to grounds . - 25 Cts.
Chas. J. Foy, Perth, Licensed Starter in charge.

Former Morewood Pastor Offers Service.

Rev. A. E. Hagar, pastor of the Methodist church at Frankville, has offered his services to the militia authorities in the capacity of a chaplain, and is awaiting a reply to his application which has been forwarded to headquarters. Rev. Mr. Hagar is a graduate of Victoria University, Toronto.

We Need Your Help.

There never was a paper in any locality that gave all the news. Persons often come and go that the reporter does not see. It often happens that a family is missed several times. They get the impression that the paper does not care to mention them. It is a mistake. The paper has no ill feeling no spite nor enmity against anybody. Do not be afraid to give us items of interest. Perhaps you think the paper shows partiality, but try and see if it don't treat you well if given a chance. If you don't see us to tell us of any happenings or news items at your homes, drop it in the post office, and don't fail to give your name so we will know there is no mistake about it.

Encouraged Sir James When a Student

Cornwall, Ont., Oct. 4— Mrs. Wood, relict of the late William Dixon Wood, and one of the oldest residents of this district, is dead at her home on the West Front Road. The deceased, whose maiden name was Harriet Ann Wagner was 92 years of age. When Sir James Whitney, late Premier of Ontario, was a law student in Cornwall, Mrs. Wood was encouraging the coming man in his efforts to master the intricacies of the law and one day she told him that some day he would be premier of Ontario. Young Whitney jocularly remarked that when he became premier he would send Mrs. Wood a silk dress. Sir James kept his word.

Johnny Foster Plays Baseball in London

An interesting baseball match was played at Lord's cricket field in London, England, recently, between teams from the Canadian contingent and London Americans, champions, before an audience of six or seven thousand people. The proceeds of the game were devoted to the fund being raised for the widows and orphans of Canadians who fall in the war. The result of the game was in favor of the Canadians by 14 to 4. Johnny Foster, a well-known former Chesterville boy, was one of the Canadian boys picked to play this game. Sir Geo. Perley, the Canadian High Commissioner pitched the first ball and after the game entertained the boys at a banquet.

An Excellent Public School Fair.

The fair, on Saturday last in connection with the Chesterville Public School, was a most excellent object lesson showing what can be accomplished by a little enthusiastic co-operation. The exhibits were numerous and were made up of the household pets of the children—their dogs, kittens, fowl and dollies ; vegetables and fruit from the home gardens; needle work and cookery by the pupils themselves. The school rooms were nicely decorated in the colors of the prevailing fall foliage. The teachers deserve much praise in fostering the very democratic spirit shown in the undertaking by the pupils. A sale of food, provided and purchased by grown-ups added considerably to the funds being ralsed. We have been unable to get a list of the prize winners for this issue but hope to have it next week.

To Raise More Funds.

A special issue of the Ontario Gazette has just been published requesting the mayor of every town and city and the reeve of every municipality to confer immediately with the Patriotic and Red Cross organizations in his community and call a public meeting in each and every locality for the purpose of organizing a campaign for the collection of funds on the 21st day of this month (Trafalgar Day) to be devoted to relieving the sufferings of the wounded soldiers and sailors.

INCORPORATED 1855

THE MOLSONS BANK

CAPITAL AND RESERVE $8,800,000.
96 Branches In Canada
A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED
CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT
BANK MONEY ORDERS
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT
Interest allowed at highest current rate.
G. M. WHITNEY, Manager, Chesterville Branch

Extract from Letter Received By Rev. K. A. Gollan of Morewood, from Sergt. Major I. S. Macdonald, 2nd Batt., 1st Brigade, C.E.F Formerly 38th.

Belgium,
In the Trenches, 8-9-15

As you will see from above, I am writing this in the trenches where my battalion has been on duty for nearly a week. We are right in the firing line but may be relieved to-night and retire to the reserve.

You and I, brother, have both seen active service but this is quite a new game. I understand that we have been holding this line for about two months, and the enemy theirs, about 200 yards in front, for the same time. We are just watching each other and I suppose both are preparing for a decisive stroke. The artillery get into a good scrap sometimes and although we can't see the results it kind of breaks the monotony

The most fascinating spectacle, however, is to watch one of our aeroplanes go out over the German lines. The way they dodge in and out among the shells is simply marvellous. The first notice of an aeroplane's approach is the whirr of the engines and soon she sails over our lines. The next act opens with a flash and a puff of smoke some where near the plane and a second or two later we hear the report. then the fun begins, flash ! puff ! bang ! while the aviator continues on his way apparently quite unconcernedly. Yesterday morning I counted 160 shells fired at one plane and then I didn't get them all. I'd give a month's pay just to have one trip over the lines.

While I write an artillery duel is in progress and the enemy's shells are screaming obliquely over this trench. Our guns are replying from, apparently, almost directly in our rear. The trenches of course are not all one straight line. What I can see of them from my dugout door follow somewhat the shape of a man's sock, so that the enemy can almost enfilade us at points. The infantry has very little fighting to do. We had three consecutive wet days when we first came in and we have been working every night baling out and cleaning up communication and shell trenches. We have had several men wounded on these working parties but I don't think any have proved fatal. . . .

We retired to the reserve lines last night and the first thing I got was the parcel of socks. They were specially welcome as I had given my only spare pair to my dugout mate, perhaps more for my own comfort than his. The pair he shed I put in an empty jam tin and threw them over at "Fritz" as a bomb ! Fritz will now swear we are using gas. We are billeted in and around a large farm and although well within range of the enemy's guns will probably have a peaceful day or two. I am sleeping in the open as I prefer that to lying on a concrete stable floor with a rubber sheet by way of mattress.

A Thanksgiving Day Supper under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of Trinity Methodist Church will be held on Monday, Oct. 11th, when supper will be served from six to eight p.m., followed by a musical and literary programme. Admission 25 cents.

Born

SERVAGE—At Deloraine, Man., on Sept. 17th, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Servage, a daughter.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH
CHESTERVILLE
Pastor, REV. H. E. WARREN. M. A., B. D
Subjects for Sunday, Oct. 10th, 1915.
(Thanksgiving Service)
10.30 A M.—The Call to Thanksgiving
7.30 P.M.—Our National Outlook (Patriotic).

Strangers Cordially Welcomed.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH CHESTERVILLE.
Rev. T. B. McCorkindale, M. A.
Hours of service, Sunday, Sept. 26th.
11 A.m, 7.30 P.M.
Evening subject—Things to be thankful for.
S. J. Howard
Organist and Choir Leader.

Personal

Miss Lucy Durant spent last week with her cousin Irene McLean.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Fulton and Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Black spent Sunday with friends in Hoasic.

Miss Jean Casselman left yesterday for Toronto to resume her studies at the Margaret Eaton School of Expression.

Miss Edith Cameron of Brockville and Miss Myrl Beach of Winchester, were calling on Chesterville friends last week.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Beach of Winchester and Mrs. A. E. Cameron of Brockville, were in town Sunday calling on friends.

Mrs. S. A. Deeks and daughter, Mrs. Thomas McLean, and granddaughter Audrey have returned home after spending a few days with friends in Ottawa.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Casselman, Miss Minnie Casselman and Dr. W. A. Brown attended the funeral last Sunday of the late Dr. P. C. Casselman of Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Bilow and son, Osborne of Winchester, and Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Swerdfeger of Mountain Ridge were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Mahlon Swerdfeger of Morewood, on Sunday.

His Grace, Archbishop Gauthier of Ottawa, was the guest of Rev. Fr. Crowley this week, and Rev. Fr. Duffus of Kingston spent a portion of last week with the pastor of St. Mary's congregation.

Miss Lily Tate of the Deaconess' Home, Toronto, spent a couple of days last week with her brother, Mr. J. G. Tate prior to leaving for Formosa, China, where she goes as a missionary of the Presbyterian Church.

Greatest Rural School Fair.

If the success of a Rural School Fair is an indication of the interest aroused in agriculture in the township then E. P. Bradt, District Representative of the Department of Agriculture in Dundas, has every reason to be prond of the success of his work in Winchester Township. Yesterday the display of agricultural products, domestic animals needle work and other lines made in connection with the Rural School Fair would bring envy to the hearts of many managers of agricultural societies, who think they have good fairs. Considerably more accommodation for the purpose of display could have been used to advantage, and the crushing of the large crowd in an endeavor to get a satisfactory view of the exhibits, reminded one of the crush at the city exhibitions. The list of prize winners will be published in The Record as soon as it is available.

"What's In A Name"?

Well, if the name is

"SALADA"

B 75

it means irreproachable quality and value.

Shop Keeper Robbed at Russell.

(The Russell Leader, Sept. 30th.)

A serious case of robbery occurred in Russell on Thursday eve of last week. Thos. Howe who owns a grocery store in the west end of the town being the victim according to the story told by Mr. Howe. A stranger came into his store meeting Mr. Howe who was going out with a lantern in his hand, asking for a box of biscuits, Mr. Howe placed the lantern on the floor and while lifting a box from off the top of the biscuits the stranger caught him from behind choking him. He knew nothing more until he found himself lying on the floor and the lights were all out excepting the lantern which was giving a very poor light was still burning on the floor the bowl of a hanging lamp being removed from its place and the bowl was on the floor with the chimney broken. Mr. Howe then proceeded to gather up some boxes and other articles from the floor which had been strewed around in the mix-up. A boy came in about this time enquiring for a loaf of bread. Mr. Howe went to get some change he discovered a small box in which he kept his change was missing, as far as he could tell about twenty-seven dollars in the box all in silver and copper. Fortunately he carried the bills in his pocket or the loss would have been greater. As Mr. Howe is not as active as he was at one time he cannot give any clue that would lead to the identification of the robber. He describes him as a young man smooth-shaven of light complexion.

We have several times drawn the attention of the town authorities to the need of a Police Magistrate in the village. In fact any kind of a Justice of Peace would fill this bill, as every evily disposed character is well aware of the exhisting condition of affairs that any legal proceedings necessary to be taken five miles is the nearest point at which the services of a magistrate can be obtained. Only the night previous to the Howe robbery a young man living a short distance out of the village drove his horse and buggy under a hotel shed until he was to go home. About ten o'clock he went to get his horse and rig and saw a couple of suspicious characters running away from his buggy and on investigation found that his overcoat and some parcels under the buggy rolled up in a bundle where they had been dropped by the thieves. The whip also was missing. He noticed that one of the party had ran over to another rig before clearing out of the yard. He found the whip beside the strange rig where they had dropped it in their hurry. We understand that the young man has the name of the parties but has not had time to drive five miles to lay a charge before a magistrate and as a consequence there will be no prosecution. How long is this state of affairs going to last? The trustees have appointed a village constable in the person of Mr. Fraser, a good man too, but without a magistrate to give him the necessary authority, he might as well be living in Kentucky trying to catch a Moonshiner.

Dreadnought is Still King of the Seas.

Washington, October 1—Great Britain has discovered and put into effective operation means of combatting the submarine which, according to official reports to the United States Government, already have resulted in a loss estimated at between fifty and seventy German submarines. The reports declare that the British Admiralty confidently believes it has crushed the German under-sea campaign.

New methods of offence and defence that may revolutionize naval warfare have been adopted, and high British naval officers are of the opinion that unless the effectiveness of the submarine is increased, it will no longer constitute the menace that it has been to commerce and battle fleets.

The British censorship has prevented the disclosure of details concerning the developments. Within the last three weeks, however, confidential reports to various Government departments from representatives in European capitals of neutral as well as belligerent countries have confirmed the British Admiralty's view that an effective means of dealing with the submarine has been found.

These reports are being closely scrutinized on account of the bearing they may have upon the naval policy of the United States. They reaffirm officers of the navy in their conviction that the Dreadnought still is the mainstay in warfare on sea, and tend to dissipate the profound impression created by the spectacular and for a long time apparently unsuppressed operations of the German "U" boats around the British Isles.

According to the reports, destruction or capture of fifty submarines actually had been reported several weeks ago, and it was regarded as possible that the number might have reached seventy. A dinner was given recently in London, which, while not a formal state affair, was attended by high Government officials, in celebration of the destruction of the fiftieth under-water enemy. Reports of the dinner apparently were suppressed by the censor in accordance with Great Britain's policy of keeping Germany in doubt as to how many of the boats have been destroyed.

While the greatest secrecy is thrown around the means employed, the United States Government has information concerning the principal methods which have been successful in meeting the German war-zone campaign. A submarine telephone has been developed by which it is possible to detect the approach of a submarine by sound from observation boats or stations planted off shore connected with points on the mainland.

For the capture of these craft, whose presence has not been detected or even suspected, the Government's reports describe how huge nets have been stretched across the channels, through which the submarine may be expected to pass, and in open waters. near steamship lanes or in the vicinity of warships, nets suspended between floats have been spread broadcast. Armed patrol boats watch, and when the floats disappear beneath the water showing that a submarine has become entangled, the patrols congregate at the place and when the victim comes to the surface, as it inevitably must to disentangle itself, it is destroyed or captured.

A special type of mine also has been devised which is laid in large fields that have proven particularly dangerous to submarines approaching steamer lanes.

The German methods of supplying submarines with oil and provisions, either at sea or from concealed places along the coasts of the British Isles, have been ferreted out and practically disposed of. This compels the boats to return to their bases at more frequent intervals and leaves them only a comparatively short time in position and equipped for effective duty.

Aeroplanes are described as exceedingly useful in locating and following the train of submarines. They can detect one even a hundred feet beneath the surface. It is the habit, the reports say, of the German submarines to slip into favorable position along the steamer lanes and lie on the bottom for long periods, rising occasionally to the surface for observation and other purposes. As the batteries are not exhausted by this method, the boats. not being in motion, only a brief stay on the surface is necessary to renew the air supply and take a hurried observation. Under-sea boats adopting these tactics have been the most difficult to catch. Here the aeroplane has shown its great usefulness, as the comparatively shallow water along much of the British coast makes it possible for the aeroplane operators to see the ships lying on the bottom. The aeroplane notes the position and notifies the nearest destroyer or patrol boat which speeds to the spot and waits for the submarine to rise.

The West's wheat crop is now estimated to be 340,000,000 bushels.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County. } s. s.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHE NEY

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of September, A.D., 1886.

Seal. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY and CO. Toledo, O.

sold by all druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its ago is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhœa. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Why you should insure In the Sun Life Company of Canada

Because it has strength.

Because it gives Handsome Profits to Policyholders.

Because it is Successful.—The Insurance, Banking and Financial Review of London, Eng., says:—"A sounder, safer, more progressive Company than the Sun Life Assurance Co., of Canada, has yet to be discovered."

Communicate with

JOHN R. & W. L. REID, Managers East. Ont., Ottawa.

E. B. LYNCH General Agt. Chesterville.

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

The Record has the agency in this district for

THE APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOKS

Look over yont stock, and if you are nearly out drop in and see us, or use the telephone and we will send a representative. Prices on automatic check books are likely to rise on account of scarcity of materials caused by the war, so it will be wise to order now even if you are not needing a new supply immediately.

How the Canadian Order of Foresters is 'Doing its Bit'

At a time when everyone is, or should be, endeavoring to assume his share of the burden, as a result of our being at war, it is interesting to learn what is being done by one of the leading Fraternal Insurance Associations.

Out of the membership of the Canadian Order of Foresters there are ta the present time 1,510 who have enlisted for overseas service, and a large proportion of that number is already in the firing line.

This Society decided that, in respect to all those who were in membership before the first of August, 1915, their assessments in the Insurance and Sick and Funeral Benefit Departments would be paid out of the General Fund of the Order, so that not only is the insurance of the 1,510 members already enlisted kept in full force, but the member is relieved of the respon sibility of making his payments in the meantime, the arrangement being made in such a way that the Insurance and Sick and Funeral Benefit Funds receive the proper amount of assessments, but paid by the Order from its expense account instead of by the individual.

To this date notice has been received that 31 members of this Society have been killed in action. It might here be stated that by a provision made at the annual meeting in June last insurance claims that mature as a result of the war are looked after and paid by a special levy, so that the general financial standing of the Order will in no way be affected by such deaths, which, in the ordinary course of business, would not have been expected for a number of years.

In addition to the above arrangement affecting the individual members who enlist, the Canadian Order of Foresters has donated $1,000.00 to the Canadian Patriotic Fund, $500.00 to the Belgian Relief Fund, $500.00 to the Red Cross Society, and has also endowed two cots in one of the base hospitals in the city of Paris, France.

Steady and satisfactory progress is being experienced in the general business of the Order. On the first of August, 1915, insurance funds on hand amounted to $4,968,779.31. At the corresponding period last year this fund had a balance of $4,541,719.89, showing an increase for this twelve-month period of $427,059.42.

During the same period an increase occurred in the Sick and Funeral Benefft Department funds of $53,895.49.

Some substantial progress during such times as we are passing through must be gratifying to the membership at large.

OVERLAND

1916 MODELS 1916

$375 LESS THAN 1915

No. 83F.--35 H.P., Electric Lights and Starter, One Man Top, fully Equipped.

$1050 F.O.B. Hamilton.

The WILLYS-OVERLAND Co. Ltd Hamilton, Ontario.

THOS. FAULKNER, District Rep. MOREWOOD.

Soldiers' Stories of Souchez Fight.

Paris, Oct. 3.—Paris is being thrilled by stories of fighting on the western front, related by soldiers wounded in the desperate combats, which have resulted in important gains for the allies.

"For several days the Germans had been getting singularly aggressive and insolent," said one of the men who charged at Souchez. "They shouted insults at us and flung into our trenches notes wrapped around pebbles. One of their favorite taunts was: "You are too cowardly to come over here—come on if you are not too lazy.' This ended by getting on our nerves. It seemed to each one of us that we had not only France to defend, but a personal insult to wipe out.

"Thus when at 12 45 on the 25th, the order came which sent us against Hill No. 119, we were filled with joy. I was in the first 'wave'. We made one dash for the German trenches. Fifty yards from the goal, machine guns took us. but we put on speed and jumped over the first trench without stopping. We knew the second 'wave' which followed, would occupy the trench we passed.

"What struck me about this rush, the force and rapidity of which was incredible, was the smallness of our losses. Personally, I saw no one killed. Things changed, however. when we got between the first and second line of trenches. Until our supporting 'wave' arrived we underwent the united fire of both lines. It was then that a fragment of shell broke my arm and put me out of action."

Another man wounded in the fighting between Perthes and Tahure, said:

"We took the offensive at 9.30. I never shall forget the spectacle of our 'wave' of assault. A seething mass of men, clothed in uniforms hardly two of which were alike, but all animated by the same energy, joined in the charge. I was in a stream which passed four lines of trenches in four jumps. We ran like madmen forward, always forward. At one moment we were confronted at a distance of not more than ten yards by a 77-millimetre gun, still firing. It soon was silenced. Then I was hit in the chest by a bullet. and it was all over for me. I was carried off on a stretcher and well looked after."

The French losses in the offensive so costly to the Germans, were relatively very light, according to statements made by persons in a position to know. The soldiers explain this by the speed with which the charges were carried out. In speed, they say, ies not only success for the attack, but safety for those who attack. Most of the wounded were struck by bullets or splinters from high explosive shells.

A resident of the ——— region who has just arrived in Paris, says the great offensive was expected because the French military authorities had ordered the evacuation of all villages situated within a few miles of the firing line.

"But never," he declared, "could I have imagined the awful havoc caused in the German trenches by our artillery. It was no longer a rumbling gun-fire we heard in the distance, but a terrifying, continuous roar. Melanite shells were hurled in a steady stream, sending earth, stones and the trunks of great trees high into the air."

Seven mines, each containing sixteen hundred pounds of powder were exploded with a terrific roar, as soon as the signal was given for the French advance at Souchez, according to the story of an eye witness of the battle.

"Simultaneously," he said, "our men leaped out of their trenches and made for the German trenches before a forest. The Germans bolted through the woods pursued by our first 'wave.' Sections of the second 'wave' explored the ruined trenches and underground shelters which often were twenty feet deep. As they had no desire to go down into these holes whence it seemed unlikely they would come out alive, our men dropped bombs and fired shot guns through the openings which effectually prevented the occupants from coming out and taking us in the rear.

"The bulk of our men followed the Germans, who were running like hares through the woods. They soon captured the second line of trenches in the middle of the forest and went on, some even crossing the Souchez brook or going up the sunken road leading to Angres, but the Germans brought up reserves and tried to surround us. This manoeuvre was foiled, however, by our officers who drew our men back to the first line captured.

"During the night the Germans fortified themselves in the woods, but at daybreak our artillery stopped their work by a furious bombardment. The evening before the forest presented the ordinary aspect, but in a few minutes all was changed like magic. One after another the trees were mowed down by shells and soon the woods were transformed into a field of stumps emerging from a jungle of branches.

"The German artillery was not idle either, but sent at us a steady stream of shells which plowed up the earth all around us without doing much harm. Explosive shells were varied occasionally by shrapnel. This fire was born philosophically, for since they have had their new steel helmets our men don't fear wounds in their head. A fragment of shell tore through one man's helmet, but its force was so spent that he escaped with a grazed scalp.

"At one o'clock in the afternoon the guns ceased firing and we were ordered to attack again. Machine guns which the Germans had placed on their flanks soon were put out of action. It was difficult going in the woods. The men stumbled over branches, but on the other hand, holes torn in the ground by shells gave shelter against machine gun fire. These guns were cunningly concealed in pits covered with steel plates; the barrels, protruding through narrow slits, were invisible from a distance and they sent at us a withering fire. But our men didn't hesitate. From behind tree stumps and from the pits they kept hurling a constant stream of bombs and soon drove the Germans out of the woods, which remained in our hands."

How One Man Saved Two Thousand.

The thunder of our warships was breaking over the peninsula of Gallipoli and fear chilled the hearts of the Turks. They had two thousand English and French residents in Constaninople, and had refused to let them go. They resolved to put these hapless prisoners at a point where our shells were falling! The plot was ripe, the movement of the prisoners was on foot, and there seemed none to save them. But at the eleventh hour one man heard of it, and the story of how he frustrated the terrible plot has now been told.

It was before our troops landed in Gallipoli, when our ships were pitting themselves unaided against the Turkish defences of the Dardanelles. Enver Pasha the Turkish War Minister, the evil spirit who drew Turkey to the side of Germany had hit upon this frightful scheme. Our guns were thundering at the gates of the town of Gallipoli. Very well, then, the two thousand French and English residents, men, women, and children, the aged men and women, the defenceless girls and babes, should be stationed at Gallipoli, so that the shells of our ships in destroying the town, should destroy these helpless innocents.

It was an outrage worthy of the Germans. All the plans were laid. The eve of the day had come; the appalling project was to be carried out on the morrow. Then, at the last, news of the project reached the ears of Mr. Morgenthan, the United States ambassador to Turkey. There was not a moment to lose. Mr. Morgenthan rang up Enver on the telephone, and warmly expostulated with him upon the horrible inhumanity of the proposal. Enver declared his intention fixed.

"Now," said the American, "We have known one another pretty well, haven't we?"

"Yes, that is true," said Enver.

"Now, have I ever advised you wrongly?"

"No, I don't think you have"

"Very well, then," went on the American firmly, "I now warn you that if this thing is done it will be the greatest mistake that you or Turkey have ever made. At the least you ought to warn the Powers concerned of your intention.

Enver would not agree, but at last he did consent to wait until the Tuesday, instead of acting on the Monday. Mr. Morgenthan wired in hot haste to England and France, but as his message had to travel by way way of New York, and the replies to proceed by the same route, the time lost was such that no answer had reached Constaninople by the Wednesday morning. Mr. Morgenthan rang up Enver and demanded a personal interview to explain the position. "Impossible!" answered the bloodthirsty Enver. "I have not a single moment vacant until four o'clock, at which hour I must attend a council of the Ministers."

"Well," answered the undeniable American, "unless you have received me before four o'clock I will come out and enter the Council of Ministers myself, where I shall insist on talking to you." Enver had to give way; he dared not risk this man's tongue in the presence of his fellow Ministers. So he granted an interview. For an hour the two men hammered at the question, and Mr. Morgenthan first secured the exclusion of women and children from the frightful plan. Then he tried to cancel the whole scheme.

"But," complained Enver, "the order has already been given; to withdraw it would be to weaken my discipline. I must at least send the people down and make a demonstration."

"For a demonstration it is not necessary to send them all down," said the resolute ambassador. "Let us agree on a minimum number. We will say 25, whom I am to choose."

He picked them out, 26 English and 24 French. He spared the elders and took only the youngest.

The fifty were marched off to a ship and sent to Gallipoli, but Mr. Morgenthau saw that one of his colleagues, a grand hero, Hoffman Phillip. First Secretary of the Embassy, should be of the party. The fifty were going apparently to be shot by our guns, guns aimed by men who knew nothing of this diabolical manoeuvre; and Hoffman Phillip, under pretext of seeing them properly treated up to the fatal hour, went to share their fate.

In two half-ruined houses the 51 took their places, waiting to be blown to pieces. They had no food, they had no beds.

Four terrible days and nights passed, and still the men lived; the fleet did not fire a shot on the town! A miracle saved the captives. During these four days Mr. Morgenthan had time to work upon the mind of Enver Pasha, and suddenly the 51 were recalled to Constantinople. The courage, persistence, humanity, and logic of one American had saved their lives. They went back to the capital as men redeemed from the grave. The Frenchmen when they met the brave American knelt and kissed his hands.

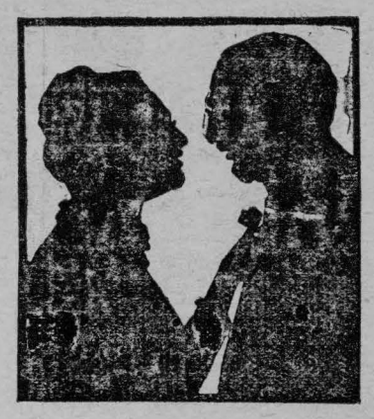
This is not the first time the American flag has waved with the Union Jack. An American sailor going ashore in a Chilian port years ago committed a technical offence, for which he was struck with a sword by a policeman, whom the sailor promptly knocked down, as a sailor would. The sailor was sentenced to be shot, and next morning was led out to the place of execution. Mr. Loring, the American Consul, had protested in vain, when the British Consul rushed up.

"Good Heavens, Loring, you are never going to permit this monstrous thing to happen?" he said. "What can I do? I have protested. I can do no more," answered the American in despair. "Give me your flag," said the British Consul, Taking the Stars and Stripes, he folded it about the condemned man. Then he wound the Union Jack above it. "Now," he shouted to the soldiers—"now shoot if you dare; shoot through the heart of England and America!"

And they dared not. Instead they set the sailor free.

For middle-aged and elderly people the ideal laxative is

Rexall TRADE NAME Orderlies



The gentle but sure laxative

Their effect on the bowels is gentle, soothing and strengthening.

With advancing age comes inactive bowel movement and sluggish liver; through weakness, nature is unable to perform her proper functions and needs assistance.

Rexall Orderlies aid the secretions and functions of the liver, stomach and bowels, assuring a gentle action without griping. They are the perfect laxative for middle-aged and elderly people and being so pleasant to take are a boon to children.

Rexall Stores everywhere sell Rexall Orderlies, and will refund your money if for any reason they fail to satisfy.



Made in Canada and sold in metal boxes at 10c, 25c and 50c each at Rexall Stores only. Get a Box Today from

W. G. Bolster, = Chesterville

Roll of Honor for Volunteers.

It has been announced that it is desired by Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia, that rolls of honor should be established in every municipality, with the names of citizens who had enlisted with any unit of the Canadian Expeditionary Forces. This is a part of a general movement covering the whole of Canada, in which all municipal officers will be asked to prepare and post such Rolls of Honor.

It was suggested that these rolls of honor be posted at the municipal halls, and also published in the local newspapers. It is further asked that persons having sons or other relatives who have enlisted at other points furnish their names to the enrolling officers, so that the lists may be made as complete as possible.

It is further asked that lists of those who are on active service on guard duty in Canada be prepared, but these must be kept separate, as it is not considered that these are entitled to the same honors as those going to the front. Copies of these lists will also be sent to the Records Office at Ottawa, for the information of Militia Headquarters.

A young citizen of Kingston has been arrested in that city for housebreaking. He accepted an invitation from a young lady to call at her home. He stayed late. Father's footsteps on the stairs were heard. The young lady told her gentleman friend to go quickly. But unfortunately he had not sufficient time. He took shelter in a cupboard and a falling dish notified "daddy" where he was. He was pulled forth and arrested for housebreaking.

Canada has the distinction of having the youngest Brigadier-General in the British Empire, in the person of Brigader-General Garnet Hughes, ouly son of the Minister of Militia.

Mr. Jas. Anson of Madoc, has invented a three-barreled machine gun which it is claimed will fire 350 shots a minute and carry three and a half miles.

Cornwall General Hospital.

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept uy by;

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are asked to assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who wil e pleased to send you one.

I. T. KIRKPATRICK, President. F. D. McLENNAN, Sec'y-Treas.

FOR RENT

The South Half of the ground floor of The Record Building with good cellar. Well situated on main business street. Alterations will be made to suit tenant. Size 14x50.

Apply—The Record Office.

Advertise in The Record.

LANNIN'S GARAGE
Winchester, Ont.

Expert Workmen and Specially Equipped with Lathes, Drills, Arbor Press &c.

Complete Stock of

TYRES, TUBES, ACCESSORIES AND FORD REPAIRS, ON HAND

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE

Experts always on hand at your service. Telephone 77 Winchester.

All work guaranteed.

FILTERED GASOLINE. FREE COMPRESSED AIR

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The Chesterville Record

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

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Business notices inserted in local columns for 8 cents per line every insertion

No advertisement published for less than 25 cents

Small advt. card per year, such as Societies, Business, etc., $5.00.

All advertisements measured by the scale of solid nonparell, 12 lines to the inch.

Advertisements without special directions will be nserted till forbid and charged accordingly.

Subscriptions may commence with any issue The paper will not be discontinued unless notice is given. No subscription will be cancelled unless all arrearages are paid.

G. C. LACEY
Editor and Proprietor.

Suggestions for Reducing Fire Loss on the Farm and in the Village.

Farmers and villagers should be among the most active of fire protectionists. While most villages have some fire fighting system, few have paid departments. Living isolated from auto pumping fire engines, chemical and other apparatus, and fire alarm boxes, the farmer or the villager must constitute himself an individual fire department. It is in the autumn and winter when the stoves, the open fireplaces and the kerosene lamps come into use that the fire danger is greatest. Eternal vigilance is the price of safety.

Many country and village homes have a "store room" into which, during the cold months, rubbish and debris are thrown indiscriminatley. Newspapers, rags, old clothes, etc., constituting the most inflammable collection, are thrown into this room, usually the worst—from the fire protection standpoint—in the house. Most villagers use the kerosene lamp or possibly a tallow candle while searching in the cellar or store room. The lamp or candle is put down, a rat runs out and, in the excitement, especially if a woman is present, the light is frequently knocked over and a blaze is almost certain to result. Water is hard to get, pumps freeze up and the farmer or villager is powerless when the fire develops.

During the summer, English sparrows carry nest-making material into cracks and crannies, building nests close to chimneys and flues. Chimney swallows, nesting in the stacks, knock the mortar from the bricks and make holes through which sparks find their way to the sparrow's nest. A mysterious fire results, generally on the coldest night of the year.

All flues and chimneys should be examined before the fires are lighted in autumn. Water should be drawn at night and placed in pails where it will not freeze. Roofs should be examined and cleared of curling shingles and other spark catchers. The store room should be the most carefully kept room in the house. Rats, mice and squirrels should be cleared out. Lanterns should be kept filled, cleaned and with wicks of proper length. A dirty, short-wicked lantern, full of oil, is a bad fire hazard.

All dead herbage should be removed from the house and outbuildings. Sparks travel far on a winter gale and, alighting on dry herbage, as dangerous. Bonfires are a bane. Most persons who have large yards could well afford to build a small furnace of brick, covering the stack with wire netting, and thus burn the refuse without danger. Smoking about the barns should be prohibited and lanterns used in barns should be hung where stock cannot kick them over. At all times, the lantern should be kept in a safe place. A small electric torch is a good investment where hay and fodder must be reached in the darkness. Matches should be kept in a tin box tightly covered and placed out of the reach of small children. No member of the family should search in cupboards or drawers with a match for a light. This is an imperative rule which is frequently violated.

Where wood is the heating fuel, there should be a wire front over the fireplace to stop the sparks. Where coal is used, a wide fender will often stop a threatened blaze. Coal, "snapping" out into the room, causes many fires. The place for ashes is a metal can and the place for the can is where its sides will not come into contact with wood. Because they do not show sparks, is no reason for believing that wood or coal ashes are not dangerous. Remember that ashes, especially the finer kinds, hold heat for a long time.

The foregoing cautions may seem simple but are frequently forgotten. It is the unusual that often happens. Teachers in village and country schools should educate the children to think of the dangers. One sharp-eyed boy is as good as a fire department.

HONOUR ROLL.

S. S. No. 6 Winchester.

Class III—Rose Cross, Orma Hutt, Flora Jamieson, Corinne Pickering, Jessie Cross, Willie Cassidy, George Todd.

Class II—Otho Hutt, Sherman Ball, Ernest Allison, Mary Cassidy, Donald Gray.

Pt. I—Ronald Fulton, Bob Allison and Mabel Helmer equal, Pearl Lawson, Harry Todd, Olive Lawson, Aura Hutt.

Pr. sr.—Minnie Gray, Cecil Cassidy, Harry Cassidy.

Pr. jr.—Arthur Hutt and Sadie Todd equal, Douglas Allison, Pearl Gray.

Essie M. Dwyer teacher.

S. S. No. 7 Williamsburg.

Full attendance—Martha Hanna.

Class IV sr.—George Hanna, Dwight Beach.

Class IV jr.—Grace Russell.

Class III—Martha Hanna, Walden Beckstead, Alma Jaycox, Allan McNairn, Willie Black.

Class II—Ralph Colquhoun, Robert McNairn, Willie McNairn, Harold Lawson, Grant Black.

Class I—Ethel Gallinger, Kathleen Colquhoun, Allister Colquhoun, Ruby McNairn.

A. M. Kyle teacher.

S. S. No. 2 Roxborough.

No. enrolled 14. Highest attendance 14. Average attendance 11.

Jr IV—Christena Hamel.

Sr. III—Roddie Hamel.

Jr. III—Wendell Morrison.

Sr. II—Dannie Cameron, Dannie McBain, Eddie Porrier.

Sr. I—Percy McBain.

Sr. pr.—Hugh Munro, Della Porrier, Arena Porrier.

Jr. pr.—Andie Hamel, Mary Porrier, Celima Porrier.

Jennie M. Coulthart teacher.

North Winchester School.

Sr. IV—Emerson Swerdfeger.

Jr. IV—Charlie Gardiner. Carl Carruthers.

Class III—Bert Fawcett, Hilda Swerdfeger, Reggie Countryman, Sybil Carruthers, Jack Inman, Walter York.

Class II—Mildred Fawcett, Luella Swerdfeger, Pearl Swerdfeger, Clayton Fawcett, Lorne Irvin, Margaret York.

Pr. sr.—Ida Irvin, Earl Gordon.

Pr. jr.—Gladys Swerdfeger, Thelma Fawcett, Elmer Flegg, Donald Gordon.

Class A—Gordon Irvin, Nelda Coulthart.

Zita R. McMahon, teacher.

S. S. No. 10 Finch.

Class IV—Margaret Rady, Helen Beehler, Lily Robertson, Annie Barkley, Katie Coyne, Mary Manley, Abbie Murphy.

Class III—Stella Rady, Rose Murphy, Laura Murphy, Peter Manley, Annie Coyne, Katie Manley, Mary Murphy, Ranald Murphy, Ella Murphy, Hugh Murphy, Eunore Gibeault, Edmund Murphy, Mike Knight.

Class II—Nellie O'Malley, Harold Murphy, Margaret Grady, Veronica Murphy, Gordon Murphy, Darcy Lynch, Theresa O'Malley, Walter Beehler, Annie Lynch, Roy Lynch, Mike Moran, Henry Gibeault, Pearl Baker.

Sr. pr.—Roy Murphy, Leo Gibeault, Williard Baker, John Robinson, Walter Lynch, James O'Malley.

Jr. pr.—Joseph Manley, Madalyn Rathburn, Mike O'Malley, Crawford Barkley, Mollie Murphy, Charles Grady, Jacob Baker, Catherine Gibeault, Orne Robinson, Arthur Rathburn, Rose Moran, Ector Gibeault, Frank Baker.

Most industrious boys—Peter Manley, Joseph Graham, Walter Beehler, Roy Murphy.

Best Nature Study collections—Lily Robinson, Darcy Lynch, Margaret Rady, Annie Barkley.

B. Gibbons teacher.

In the village of Harrowsmith there is an old lady who is doing her "bit" in this, the Empire's time of need. She is Mrs. L. Kish. Up to date she has knitted 120 pairs of socks for the soldiers at the front. She is sixty-five years of age, and loves to knit. She has no kith or kin at the front, and is taking this means of making her offering to king and country.

Women troubled with constipation find Rexall Orderlies far superior to the usual harsh purgative. Sold only by W. G. Bolster. The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

Morewood High School.

Two weeks, ending Friday, Oct. 1st.

Form II— Latin— Total 50— Olive Swerdfeger 48, Evangeline Elliot 45 Robert Andrew 42, Lloyd Myers 42, Lyle Hunter 42, Ernest Nelson 41, Willie Barrington 41, Boyd Gauley 40, Nettie Swerdfeger 40, Fred Weaver 36, Eva Reveler 35, Milton Swerdfeger 34, Eunice McCusker 33, Clara Allison 33, John Whittaker 32, Arnot Steinburg 32, Grant MacGregor 31, Vera Johnston 31, Nancy Gollan 31, Olive Bogart 29, Willie Elliot 16.

Form II— French— Total 50—Olive Swerdfeger 50, Eunice McCusker 49, Clara Allison 48, Evangeline Elliot 46, Robert Andrew 43, Nettie Swerdfeger 41, Milton Swerdfeger 41, Lloyd Myers 39, Ernest Nelson 39, John Whittaker 39, Vera Johnston 37, Lyle Hunter 37, Olive Bogart 36, Eva Reveler 33, Boyd Gauley 33, Nancy Gollan 26, Arnot Steinburg 25, Willie Elliot 21, Grant MacGregor 14. Willie Barrington and Fred Weaver absent.

Standing below 30 is weak.

Form III—Problems in algebra. First place—Frank Jervis.

Form I—mental arithmetic—first place—Gordon Countryman.

BOY WANTED.

Smart boy to learn the printing. Apply at The Record Office.

PIGS FOR SALE.

A number of young pigs five weeks old for sale. Apply

J. H. SHIRKEY
R R No. 3 Chesterville.

BOARDERS WANTED.

Board and room for ladies. Apply
BERTHA MERKLEY.

LOST.

On Friday, Sept. 17th, a brown and white Collie Pup about three months old. Finder will be rewarded by returning to
PERCY ALLISON.

STRAYED.

From my premises, a black pig with yellow spots, weighing about 45lbs. Finder will be rewarded for information leading to recovery.
ELGER LASELLE.

MEN WANTED.

A number of laborers required at once. Apply
44 tf EMPEY STOCK FARM.

ESTRAY.

Came on the premises Lot 19, Con. 2, Winchester Tp., on Tuesday, Sept. 14th, four heifers. Owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.
44 tf EMPEY STOCK FARM.

FARM FOR RENT.

Part of Lot 16, in Con. 7. Williamsburg containing 60 acres. Apply to
LEMUEL DILLABOUGH, R. R. 2,
Chesterville, 41-45.

FARM FOR SALE.

Lot 19, Con. 5, Winchester Township, three quarters of a mile directly north of Chesterville, known as the Bogart place, consisting of about 90 acres, school and factory adjoining. For particulars apply Bank of Ottawa, Chesterville, or James Bogart, Morewood.
46-49 JOHN BOGART, owner.

C. W. DIMOCK,
Carpenter & Builder.
Call Fulton's Store.

AUCTION SALE :
— OF—
VALUABLE STOCK IN WILLIAMSBURG

The undersigned on account of giving up dairying owing to scarcity of help will sell by Public Auction on the premises Lot 10, Con. 6, Williamsburg Township

About Five Miles South of Chesterville
—ON—
Tuesday, Oct. 19th, '15

At One O'clock, p.m., the following valuable Live Stock:

Four Young Horses

1 Percheron Mare Colt 2 years old
1 Black Percheron Horse Colt 1 year old
1 Bay Hackney Colt 1 year old
1 Bay Mare 2 yrs. old by Foxy McGregor

Twenty-three Pure Bred and Grade Cattle

3 Pure Bred Ayrshire Cows
1 Registered Ayrshire Bull two years old, No. 40839, sired by King Drongan of Glenhurst No. 29902.
2 Pure Bred Ayrshire Bull Calves
2 High Grade Ayrshire Bull Calves
1 High Grade Ayrshire Yearling Bull
6 High Grade Ayrshire Cows
2 Ayrshire Heifers 2 years old
4 High Grade Ayrshire Yearling Heifers
1 Holstein Milch Cow
1 Yearling Holstein Heifer
Six Sheep

TERMS OF SALE:—$10.00 and under Cash; over that amount Ten Mouths' credit will be given on approved joint notes. 4% allowed for cash.

Wm. BOWMAN, Proprietor.
L. JORDAN, Auctioneer.

FULTON BROS.

Perfection Oil Heaters

Every home should have one of these heaters.
It will keep your living room cosy.
Different sizes at different prices.

Coal Oil. Coal Oil.

A Carload of best American Oil Just arrived. Price per gallon **15c.**

Woollen Horse Blankets

72 x 80 Heavy $3.00
80 x 80 Light $3.00
80 x 80 Heavy $4.75
Woollen Buggy Rugs $2.50

Trulite Lanterns

The kind that does not break so many globes 75c
Also the old kind always on hand.

FULTON BROS.

CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

F. A. Shaver, Photographer

Chesterville & Avonmore.

HOW MUCH WOULD YOU GIVE FOR A PHOTOGRAPH OF YOUR GRANDFATHER'S FAMILY ?

As the appeared in their time—say fifty years ago. The coming generations would appreciate just such a picture of your family. Don't you think you owe it to them ?

Then again think of how many friends you have promised pictures. Have these promises been fulfilled ?

Come to Chesterville Studio any Wednesday or Thursday and have a sitting and square yourself up with your friends and the coming generations.

STUDIO IN KEARNS BLOCK. GIVE US A CALL.

FALL OPENING

September 1st, 1915.

An excellent time to enter the Cornwall Commercial College for a thorough preparation in business, Shorthand, Amanuensis course, Civil Service, etc.

60 new typewriters, expert teachers, finest equipment throughout, free employment department, are only a few of the advantages which the Cornwall College offers.

Write for a free copy of our catalogue. Address:

GEORGE F. SMITH, Principal,
Cornwall, Ont.

TO BUILDERS !

If you purpose building let me quote you prices on your roofing.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

C. M. FYKE

Tinsmith - - Chesterville, Ont

The Heintzman & Co. Pianos

The Heintsman Co. Piano is without a peer in its class.



It Is Made In Canada.

Yet, that does not constitute our appeal for its favor. Too many inferior articles are being sold to-day whose only merits are that they are made in Canada. The Heintzman & Co. has maintained its own standard of excellenee for 60 years.

There are several styles; all can be examined and tried in our show rooms. Write or call in for illustrated catalogue. Easy terms of payment can be arranged.

C. W. Lindsay, Ltd.

204 St. John St., Que.— Montreal —189 Spark St., Ottawa.

Thos. Faulkner, Rep., Morewood, Ont.

Phone No. 35 A. P.O. Box 114.

These are the days when all eyes are focused on the words "REAL VALUE"

The following are a few of the many lines in "Real Value" in our Fall Stock

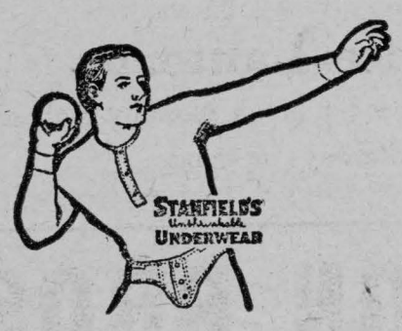
FOR MEN AND BOYS

LIGHT AND HEAVY OVERCOATS
SWEATER COATS,
GLOVES & MITTS
HATS AND CAPS

FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS

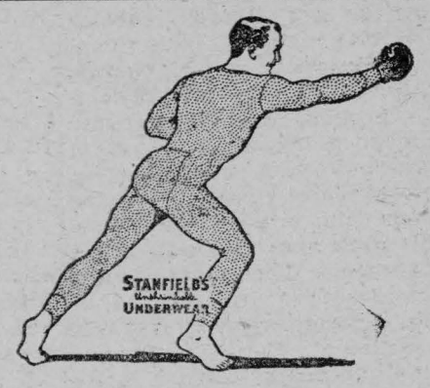
WINTER COATS
NEW DRESS GOODS
GLOVES AND BOOTS
HOSE & UNDERWEAR

EXTRA SPECIAL for next few days, Tweed and Worsted made-to-order Suits $18 & $20



UNDERWEAR

From such reliable makers as "Standfields" for Men and Boys, also the famous "Turnbull" lines for Women and Children Mention of the names of those brands is sufficient guarantee of quality.



G. W. BOGART, = = CHESTERVILLE

TOYE'S HILL

Picking apples is the order of the day.

Master Clayton Hummel was the guest of his sister, Mrs. W. Tupper for the week-end.

Mr. Levi Casselman of Shanley was helping his uncle, Mr. J. E. Johnston, to fill silos.

Miss Mary Mitchell who has been the guest of her uncle, returned to her home in Cobourg last week.

Mr. Will Allison of Inkerman, made a trip through here last week.

Rev. A. D. Ferguson of Williamsburg was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. McLaughlin last Tuesday.

Quite a number attended the prayer-meeting at Toye's Hill last Tuesday.

Mr. James Hummel was the guest of his parents on Sunday last.

Mrs. Willis Tupper called on her parents last Thursday, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hummel.

The Red Cross Society sent another bale of hospital needs on Wednesday last. Mrs. Wm. Moore, sr., finished her sixteenth pair of socks for this good work.

THE BOYNE.

Owing to the wet weather silo filling is delayed.

Miss Hazel and Mr. Angus Smith took in Russel Fair.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Durant spent Sunday with the latter's sister, Mrs. Geo. Shay.

Rev. McLeod of Winchester called on Mrs. R. J. Anderson on Monday.

Mrs. Clifford Stewart of Hallville spent part of last week with mother, who is seriously ill.

Mrs. Geo. Weaver of Morewood spent the first of the week with Mrs. John Crump.

Messrs. Chas. Crump and Wm. Sproule spent Friday at Russell attending the fair.

Mrs. R. J. Anderson underwent a serious operation for cancer on Friday last at her home here. She is doing nicely at present with Nurse Rae in attendance.

MELVIN.

Miss Mary Cummings of Russell visited her sister, Mrs. R. Bruce last week.

Mrs. U. Steinburg drove her father, Mr. Loney, home to Russell last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Earle attended the funeral of the former's cousin, Mrs. Becker, at Elma on Friday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Rodney spent Sunday with the latter's parents in Winchester.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Christie and Master Donald and baby Orval were guests of Winchester friends on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edson Crowder and nephew George Black came down in their car to spend Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. S. Black.

Mr. J. R. Martin who recently wrote on the Queen's supplemental exams in Arts received word last week that he had passed with first class honors in Botany and second class honors in English.

Several from here attended Russell fair on Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Beckstead and family spent Sunday with friends near Morrisburg.

Many of the school children here intend exhibiting the products of their school plots, their chickens and other things at the Rural School Fair in Chesterville on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Melvin and little daughters, Eileen and Jean spent Sunday in Winchester.

Mr. J. R. Martin intends taking in the Teacher's Convention to be held in Iroquois this week on Thursday and Friday.

Mr. G. E. Beckstead has filled silos for Messrs. John Scott, A. Gainer, and L. Flora during the past week.

Mr. Geo. E. Earle attended the regular October meeting of the Township Council at Chesterville on Monday.

Miss M. J. Frith whose home for many years was at Maple Avenue here, sailed last Friday for India, where she has formerly labored several years as a missionary. Miss Frith receives a yearly contribution from our Sunday School to help in her mission work.

Mr. R. Bruce got his silo filled this week.

Mr. S. Black with his steam engine has been filling silos in the Annable neighborhood lately.

A Red Cross tea is to be given on Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Matthew Wilson from 5 to 6. The ladies are asked to come at 2.30 p.m., with thimbles and scissors to aid in the good work of preparing articles for the wounded.

DUNBAR.

Rev. J. McCurlie of Colquhoun conducted the Rally Day service held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Allan Durant are spending this week with relatives in Cardinal.

Mr. Wm. Nugent of Newington is visiting at Mr. M. Carlyle's.

Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Barkley attended the Russell Fair and were week-end guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Merkley.

Mrs. Alfred R. Casselman of Berwick is visiting at "The Cedars."

Mr. and Mrs. Charles McMillan spent Sunday at the latter's parental home, Mr. Ira Dillabough's, Elma.

Miss Myrtle Newvine was the guest of Miss Clarabel Barkley on Sunday.

Mr. Herbert Durant of Chesterville is visiting his sister, Mrs. Harvie Dillabough.

The continuous rainy weather has been a disadvantage to a number of our farmers who were endeavoring to fill silos.

SPRUCE GROVE.

Mr. and Mrs. Aden Casselman of Brinston were visiting the latter's parental home on Wednesday.

Mrs. Bertha Weegar and daughter Gladys of Chesterville was visiting friends in our vicinity for a few days.

Rev. and Mrs. McCreery were calling on Mr. and Mrs. George Weegar on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Ball visited the former's parental home, Mr. and Mrs. James Ball of Maple Ridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Clark visited the former's parental home, Mr. and Mrs. James Clark on Sunday.

Visitors at Mr. Lemuel Dillabough's on Wednesday:—Mrs. Wm. Elliot and daughter Belle, Mrs. Myron Weegar and daughter Lou, Mrs. John Weegar, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Whittaker, Misses Edith Barkley and Ruby Weegar.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy McMillan and baby Beatrice were visiting Mrs. Geo. Weegar.

Mrs. Barney Whittaker is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Eliza Barkley for a few days.

Mrs. Lemuel Dillabough was calling on Mrs. Irwin Ball on Tuesday.

Mr. Orlando Crobar of Dixon's Corners visited at Mr. Henry Weegar's on Wednesday.

Miss Dorcas Weegar has returned home after spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. James Parker in Wtnchester.

Mr. Charlie Whittaker was visiting his sister, Mrs. Eliza Barkley on Tuesday.

BERWICK

What has become of the Riverside football team.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Isaiah Ouderkirk was held in the Methodist church on Saturday afternoon and was very largely attended. The family have the sympathy of the community.

Wilfred Hutt, Earl McDermid and Wm. Alguire enlisted for overseas service this week.

Mrs. W. J. Foster of Cleveland is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Archie Hunt.

Ross Thompson and Virle Hutt of this place were married on Wednesday of last week. We all join in wishing them long life and happiness.

Clifford Coons, who has worked for Robert Bogart the past two years enlisted for the front last week.

Mildred Ouderkirk ls very sick at present with the fever.

MOREWOOD.

A very large number of ladies attended the meeting of the Ladies Aid Society at Mrs. Adam Carlyle's on Tuesday.

The Methodist W. M. S. are taking charge of the service in the church on Sunday evening, Oct. 10th. A special thankoffering will be expected. Efforts are being made to secure a speaker for the service.

A Red Cross tea will be held at the home of Mrs. M. Wilson Friday, Oct. 8th. The ladies meet to work at 2 p.m., and tea to be served at 4 p.m. A charge of 10c. is made for the tea. Proceeds to procure goods for the work. Gentlemen cordially invited at the tea hour.

The regular monthly meeting of the Women's Institute will be held at the home of Mrs. B. Hutcheson on Tuesday, Oct. 12th. We hope for a good attendance of members as there is business of importance to be discussed. Visitors always made welcome.

Messrs. I. Gollan and H. Shaver of Kingston spent the week-end at their homes.

A number of teachers motored to Iroquois to attend the Dundas Teacher's Convention.

Anyone wishing to obtain work to do for the Red Cross may obtain the same from Mrs. J W. Bogart. We have a quantity of yarn for socks.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Swerdfeger and little son spent the week-end with friends in Morewood and the Ninth.

Miss T. Coons spent Sunday at her home at Mountain Ridge.

Mr. Loucks visited his father at North Williamsburg on Sunday.

Mrs. Martin Miller, an old resident is renewing acquaintances in the neighborhood, having been the guest of Mrs. Mahlon Casselman.

(From another correspondent)

The Russell fair was well patronized by the people of this locality and several prizes carried off by exhibitors from here.

John Shaver and family met with an accident when returning home but fortunately it only resulted in a broken buggy and no one was seriously hurt.

Gunners H. Shaver and I. Gollan had a few days at home to bid farewell to friends as the draft from the 32nd, 83rd and 34th batteries C. F. A. may leave for overseas shortly.

Miss Sarah Cochrane of Zealandia, Sask., visited her old friends here this week and was the guest of Miss Laura Hunter.

Rev. K. A. Gollan, Miss Jennie Stephenson and many friends from Cannamore attended the funeral of the late Cecil Moyer in Ottawa on Monday.

The lecture on the Greatest War of the centuries by Rev. W. D. Reid, billed for Monday night had to be postponed till Tuesday evening, the 12th.

Mrs. Matthew Wilson will be the hostess of a Red Cross tea at her home on Friday afternoon.

The Morewood Lodge I. O. F. presented Gunner Hubert Shaver with a handsome shaving case and appreciative address on the occasion of his departure for overseas service.

Elderly people should use Rexall Orderlies. They are a perfect and mild laxative. Sold only by W. G. Bolster. The Rexall Store, 10c., 25c. & 50c. boxes.

"Look here !" sternly said Squire Peavy, "this is about the seventh time you have been up before me in a year !"

"Yas, sah," replied Brother Hooker. "I's proud to say 'tis 'cawdin' to muh recerlection. I never was one o' dese fluttery pussons dat's heah today and some'rs else to-morrow; when I like a man I gives him all muh business. Yes-sah, when a gen'leman wins muh 'steem I b'lieves in standing by him."

One day an English tourist was passing along the road when he saw an Irishman sowing oats in a field close by the roadside. The Englishman made up his mind to have a joke with Pat. "Hello !" said the Englishman, "you'll only have half a crop there."

"That's all I am putting in," replied Pat.

"How far is this road going ?" asked the Englishman.

"Well," said Pat, "I'm here these ten years and never saw it going any place."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

HOW SHE WAS WON

A Story of a Statesman and a Politician.

By F. A. MITCHEL

Two men about the same age—between thirty and thirty-five—met on the steps of the capitol at Washington. They were marvelously alike. Both stopped, and each fixed his eyes on the other in astonishment.

"If I were not sure, sir," said one, "that I have no twin brother I would look upon you as such."

"You are certainly like me," said the other, "though immeasurably better looking. I would be glad if I possessed that eagle eye, that noble brow"—

"Nonsense!" exclaimed the other. "Who are you?"

"I am Winfield Gawtry, the new member of the house of representatives from the —th congressional district of ——."

"And I am Newland Ferguson, recently elected to the house from the —th district of ——."

"Happy to meet you, Mr. Ferguson. I trust we shall be friends. I have often heard of you and the confidence your constituents repose in you. Your handling of the —— canal case has made you known all over"—

"And it is evident from your palaver that you are a smooth tongued politician."

"Right you are, while you are a man of ponderous brain. We are each started on the political ladder. I'll wager you, Mr. Ferguson, that I reach the top round first."

"And I'll wager you that you tumble over the top round as soon as you have reached it and fall to the ground."

"Where I will find just as many fools to start me climbing again."

"Doubtless."

"Will you kindly give me your address, Mr. Ferguson? I am not such a fool as you think me. I recognize in you one upon whom we men of the people must draw on for ideas. I desire to call upon you, to make you my friend."

The address was given, and the two men became intimate. It is not true that in friendship like clings to like. Mr. Ferguson envied the scatterbrained Gawtry for his ability to make himself attractive to the masses, and Mr Gawtry proposed to get out of Ferguson all there was in him. One evening when they were together Mr. Ferguson heaved a deep sigh.

"That's a love sigh," said Gawtry.

"How did you guess that?"

"Love is a folly that even a brainy man may indulge in. I have observed no other nonsense about you; therefore I conclude that your sigh indicates love."

"You are right. Mine is a case of unrequited love."

"You mean that you are too intellectual, too much inclined to be always looking for the meat at the bottom of questions, too matter of fact for the lady?"

"Perhaps so."

"If I had your intrinsic worth with my showiness I could win any woman in the world."

"Very likely."

"I wonder," continued Gawtry after a pause, "if such a combination could not be effected between you and me?"

"What do you mean?"

"You and I are as like in appearance as two peas in a pod. The lady you court knows your worth. How would it do for me to personate you and bring to bear upon her my blandishments in your behalf?"

Ferguson looked at his friend inquiringly, thoughtfully.

"Do you suppose you could fool her?" he asked.

"I could try."

"She would detect the deception in the difference in clothes."

"I could wear your clothes."

After a number of conferences it was decided to make the attempt. As soon as Gawtry had supplied deficiencies he was to coach Ferguson in how to win with a woman, and it was hoped that the latter would be able to maintain the advantage secured. Ferguson was wearing at the time a blue suit with striped waistcoat and neckwear of a special pattern. Gawtry donned this apparel and one evening called upon Miss Agnes Buell, the lady who was to be won by this combination of worth and flummery. She came into the room with indifference in her bearing and put out her hand carelessly to her caller. To her surprise he raised it to his lips and kissed it. The lady looked up at him, surprised.

It seemed to her that her lover was slightly changed in appearance from her last meeting with him. But there were the striped waistcoat, the figured scarf.

"You see a difference in me?" said Gawtry, smiling. "I expected it. I have had my hair cut since I saw you last."

"I thought there had been some change, but I could not tell what it was."

"There is also a change in you."

"A change in me?"

"Yes. I have never seen you so lovely."

"Dear me! What's come over you?"

"I'll tell you. A political deal of great importance has been absorbing my attention, distracting it from everything else. It is achieved. Congratulate me."

Mr. Gawtry drew her to him and kissed her. She was passive, and he kissed her again.

"I hope you won't get involved in any more political deals, for then you're horrid. As you are you're very nice."

Of course he kissed her for that and, leading her to a sofa, drew her down beside him and poured forth a flood of mingled adoration and flattery that, coming from a man supposed to be usually wrapped in questions of import to his constituents, was delightful. And to think that she was the recipient of all this; that she had won a man at once so deep and so full of sentiment! After an evening which Miss Buell thought altogether too short this combination of sense and absurdity departed, leaving her in a seventh heaven.

Gawtry told Ferguson about the interview except the kisses, for he was an adroit politician and never made blunders in his handling of others. Ferguson was much interested in the report. After listening to the methods his double had used he said that he thought he could mend his ways and accomplish something of the same results. The next evening he made the experiment and failed signally. When Miss Buell entered the room where he was awaiting her she advanced joyfully, but was at once repelled by the stern look on his face.

"Oh, my goodness gracious!" she exclaimed. "You have relapsed to your old self."

"Do tell me," he said earnestly, "how I am different from what I was when I saw you last."

"Why, you haven't kissed me yet!"

"Kissed you!"

The plan was nearly spoiled by this revelation. That "rascally political charlatan," as Ferguson called Gawtry in thinking of him, had been kissing the lady. But Ferguson was a man of great self control, and instead of betraying himself he bent forward and gave his ladylove a reverential kiss. This helped him out for awhile, but he soon continued to lose ground again, and in half an hour Miss Buell was sitting by him pouting. He tried to say some "soft" things to her, but they were spoken from the lips rather than from the heart and produced a contrary effect from the one intended. The consequence was that the parting was not what it should have been.

Ferguson returned to his room crestfallen. He was to have the floor of the house the next morning on a very important bill and spent several hours before going to bed in preparation for his coming effort. He had endeavored to excuse himself for his seeming coldness to Miss Buell by telling her that his mind was on his speech, and the next morning she resolved to go to the capitol to hear it.

When Ferguson took the floor there was the usual hum of conversation and business, and it continued till the speaker was half through his argument. But gradually certain influential members were attracted by what he was saying, and before he had finished the whole house was listening. Miss Buell was much struck with this power in her lover and very proud to have won such a man, but she sighed at remembering that only once had he thrown off the statesman for the lover.

Not long after this she was in the gallery of the house again when she saw, as she thought, her Ferguson arise to speak. He was not in his usual apparel, and there was something about him not like himself. When he began to speak there came forth a charming flow of words. The members with one accord dropped what they were doing and listened to him. Miss Buell was surprised that whereas at his previous effort he had been obliged to wait for the attention of his audience he now jumped right into it.

But as the speaker continued one by one the thinking members ceased to listen. There was the same flow of language, but no flow of ideas. When the oration was ended the hum of business there had been before was recommenced.

"Who is that man?" asked a lady sitting near Miss Buell of another.

"That's Gawtry, the great demagogue. He has an immense following among people who mistake his oratorical powers for statesmanship."

A light broke in upon Miss Buell's brain—not one light, but two. In the first place she had mistaken this man for her lover. In the second she saw the immeasurable superiority of the one over the other. There was a third light that did not pierce her brain. It did not occur to her that one of these men had played the part of the other.

She sent a message to Ferguson asking him to call the same evening. He obeyed the summons with alacrity and a new hope. As soon as they met Miss Buell said:

"There is a member of the house whom, as soon as I saw him, I mistook for you. The likeness is marvelous. I heard you speak the other day, and I heard this man Gawtry speak today. I noticed that you gradually gained a hearing by bringing forth ideas, while he, starting with a hearing on account of a delightful flow of language, lost it because ideas were wanting. I'm afraid we girls are very much like the people and their representatives. We are caught by blandishments. Fortunately, I have been disenthralled by hearing you and this man Gawtry speak. Hereafter if you are not demonstrative I'll try not to notice it. I prefer your worth to another's blarney."

This speech gave Ferguson a confidence he had never felt before. He took the lady in his arms and kissed her rapturously.

Ferguson in time left the political arena. Gawtry never did. And now Ferguson's name is being mentioned among thinking men as a candidate for president.

KIDNEY DISEASE WAS KILLING HIM

Until He Used "Fruit-a-tives" The Great Kidney Remedy

HAGERSVILLE, ONT., Aug. 26th, 1913.

"About two years ago, I found my health in a very bad state. *My Kidneys* were not doing their work and I was all run down in condition. Having seen 'Fruit-a-tives' advertised, I decided to try them. Their action was mild, and the result all that could be expected.

My Kidneys resumed their normal action after I had taken upwards of a dozen boxes and I *regained my old-time vitality*. Today, I am as well as ever."

B. A. KELLY.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

ACTIVITIES OF WOMEN.

Women's clubs of Havana have joined in a petition against bullfighting.

Although she is 101 years of age, Mrs. Elizabeth Taylor still works behind the counter in her tobacco store in Manchester, England.

Rather than take a civil service examination Mrs. F. H. Schmidt, who has been postmistress at La Mott, Pa., for the past thirteen years, has resigned.

Queen Mary is the only woman in Great Britain who does not come within the scope of the married woman's property act. Therefore if she contracted debts in her husband's name he would not be responsible for them.

Miss Katherine Minehart, a Philadelphia woman, has patented a new form of hand bag which is capable of being converted into a seat. When opened one part of the contrivance serves as a seat while another forms a support for the back.

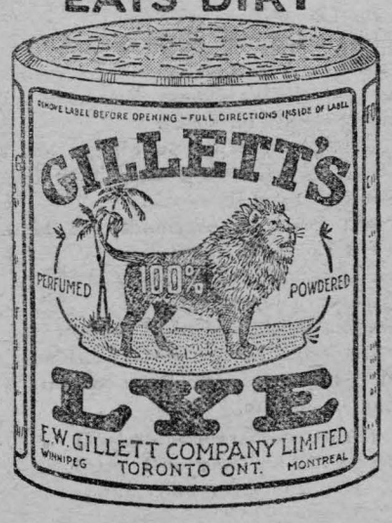
During the present year $10,000,000 will be paid out to mothers in the United States for the support of their children in their homes. This sum represents public money distributed in twenty-five states that have adopted mothers' pensions.

Fortune From Soap.

A fortune of £405,564 has been left by Mr. T. J. Barratt, the head of the Pears' Soap business, for whose great advertising campaigns he was personally responsible.

He left to the Greenwich Naval Hospital two wine coolers, two sauceboats, and a teapot which formerly belonged to Lord Nelson, and various bequests to his servants. To one he left $25 in lieu of mourning, desiring them, however, not so to spend it."

GILLETT'S LYE EATS DIRT



For Young Folks

A Boy Who Has a Big Rooster For a Pet.



Quite an unusual pet is that possessed by a Pennsylvania boy. It is a big Cochin rooster, and it is very fond of its master and follows him about when permitted to do so. Since a little chick just out of the shell the boy has fed and cared for the bird, and of course the little chick learned to love its master. Now that he has grown to be a big rooster he shows the same affection and likes to be petted. The hen family is said to be lacking in intelligence, but this big fellow is said almost to understand what the boy says to it, and will obey when ordered to go to his coop and do other smart things. Of course it has always been treated with kindness, and that goes a long way with all creatures.

AN ISLAND SONG.

By Marjorie Pickthall.

Oh, the gray rocks of the islands and the hemlock green above them,
The foam beneath the wild rose bloom, the star above the shoal.
When I am old and weary, I'll wake my heart to love them,
For the blue ways of the islands are wound about my soul.

Here in the early even when the young gray dew is falling,
And the king-heron seeks his mate beyond the loneliest wild,
Still your heart in the twilight and you'll hear the river calling
Through all her outmost islands to seek her last-born child.

SOME GOOD ADVICE

If you have dandruff, get rid of it by killing the germs.

If your hair is falling out, stop it.

There is one sure cure that will remedy these misfortunes and aid you to remain young.

PARISIAN SAGE, the great hair restorer, is guaranteed to permanently remove dandruff in two weeks, or we will give you your money back.

PARISIAN SAGE stops falling hair—it prevents the hair from fading.

It is the best beautifier for ladies' hair, as it makes harsh, lifeless hair fluffy, soft and beautiful.

PARISIAN SAGE is rigidly guaranteed. 50 cents a large bottle.

W. G. Bolster. Chesterville

A WORD FOR MOTHERS

It is a grave mistake for mothers to neglect their aches and pains and suffer in silence—this only leads to chronic sickness and often shortens life.

If your work is tiring; if your nerves are excitable; if you feel languid, weary or depressed, you should know that Scott's Emulsion overcomes just such conditions.

It possesses in concentrated form the very elements to invigorate the blood, strengthen the tissues, nourish the nerves and build strength.

Scott's is strengthening thousands of mothers—and will help you. Try it.

Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ont.

Dominion House!

CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

T. FLYNN, Proprietor

This hotel has lately been renovated and is in a position to cater to the travelling public.

Always in stock the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

CHESTERVILLE

GRIST MILLS

S. BARRIE, Proprietor.

Grinding done on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Flour, Feed and Whole Grain.
All kinds of Grain bought and sold or exchanged for lumber or other stock

We have a big stock of

Rough and Dressed Lumber, Lath Shingles, Feather-Edge, Clapboards

Also for inside finish

Pine and Spruce V-Joint Wainscotting. Beaver Board in sheets 32 in wide x 8, 9 and 10 ft. long. Bishrack Wall Board in sheets 4 x 4 ft. Takes the place of lath and plaster and will not get loose or fall off.

DR. DeVAN'S FRENCH PILLS A reliable Regulating Pill for Women. $5 a box or three for $10. Sold at all Drug Stores, or mailed to any address on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St. Catharines, Ontario.

PHOSPHONOL FOR MEN. Restores Vim and Vitality; for Nerve and Brain; increases "grey matter"; a Tonic—will build you up. $3 a box, or two for $5, at drug stores, or by mail on receipt of price. THE SCOBELL DRUG CO., St Catharines, Ontario.

HORSES WANTED

Good Heavy Chunks in Good Condition

MONDAYS

Highest market prices paid for all kinds of Live Stock.

Vene Robinson

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Panama—Pacific International Exposition
San Francisco, Cal.
Panama—California Exposition
San Diego, Cal.

Reduced fares in effect March 1st to November 30th, 1915.

Return limit 3 months, but not later than December 31st, 1915.

Choice of Routes. Libeoal Stop-over Priveleges.

Homeseekers' Excursion

To Winnipeg, Edmonton and intermediate stations and return, every Tuesday from March 2nd to 26th Oct., 1915. Return limit two months. Full particulars on application.

THANKSGIVING DAY

Single Fare good to go 11th Oct. return limit same day.

Fare ond one-third good to go 9th, 10th and 11th, return limit 12th Oct. 1915

CHESTER CASSELMAN,
C.P.R. Town Ticket Agent

Farm For Sale

To wind up the estate of the late J. H. Deeks, the executors offer for sale one of the best dairy farms in Eastern Ontario. The farm situated about 5 miles South of Chesterville is part of Lots 15 and 16, in 8th Concession of the Township of Williamsburg and consists of 150 acres of good clay loam, all under cultivation, well dreined, well fenced, with 3 good wells, fine orchard and nice hedges leading from house to roadway.

On the farm there is a large well-built frame house with sheds attached, two large barns, drive shed, implement sheds, hen house, conveniences for 30 cows and 10 horses. All buildings are in excellent state of repairs. The property is on rural mail route, has phone in house, is situated close to main road and convenient to store, school and factory.

Purchaser will have a chance to purchase machinery and any of fine registered Ayrshire cattle now belonging to the farm. This is a rare opportunity for intending purchasers. For further particulars apply on the premises or to

ARTHUR FLYNN, Barrister, etc.
Morrisburg, Ont.

CANADA

THE PART WHICH PLAYED IN THE

A Brief Review of What Has Been Done During the Past Year.

AFTER one year of the great struggle in which Great Britain is participating in order to implement her bond, destroy militarism, and perpetuate the Empire, a review of the part Canada has played clearly shows that this country has been an effective factor in the success of the allied forces and in the check administered to the overweening ambition of the Kaiser and his junkers. There were those in high places, both in Britain and Ca[illegible] who had maintained that Canada would not or should not participate in the Empire's wars, but the wonderful response to Sir Robert Borden's call for aid to the Motherland has completely confounded these apostles of Little Canadianism. Not only has Canada rallied to the call, ut has sent across the Atlantic the largest expeditionary force ever dispatched either from America to another country or from Europe to America.

Previous Preparation.

The defeat of the Government's naval aid bill was a severe check in



SIR ROBERT BORDEN,
Canada's Prime Minister.

the preparation for the day of conflict that ominous and significant events indicated would not be long delayed. While this was a great disappointment it did not prevent the Government continuing its policy of preparation. At once a committee of the heads of all departments was formed to prepare plans to meet any emergency that might arise, and their report was completed only a few weeks before the actual outbreak of war.

Immediate Action.

War was not declared against Great Britain until August 4th, last year; but three days previous, in a secret dispatch, Sir Robert Borden offered a considerable force if necessary. On August 4th a reply was received that there seemed no immediate need. A few hours later war broke out. On August 6th Canada's offer was accepted, and the same day orders were issued to mobilize militia units in preparation for active service, and four days later it was decided to send a first contingent of 22,218 men. This number was afterwards increased to 33,000. The troops were mobilized at Valcartier, and within thirty days after the outbreak of war, this army, fully equipped, was reviewed by his Royal Highness, the Duke of Connaught. In October they sailed for England, and since have won undying fame in France and Belgium. Since then a steady stream of reinforcements have been transported across the the Atlantic. Two days after the outbreak of war the Dominion Government offered one million bags of flour as a gift to the British Government to be used as they saw fit.

Canadian Forces.

Canada has at present under arms in France, England, Bermuda, St. Lucia, and at home 150,000 men. As soon as the first overseas army landed in England, enlistment of more men commenced, and it was decided to maintain two army divisions of 25,000 men each at the front with sufficient reserves in England and Canada to keep them at full strength. The Canadian troops are now distributed as follows: In France and England, 80,000; in Bermuda, 1,000; in St. Lucia, 500; on home defence, 10,000, and in preparation in training camps in Canada, 60,000. There have been at least 40,000 men sent across the English Channel.

A Splendid Record.

Of the Canadian forces the Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry first met the Huns. All during the terrible winter campaign they fought in the trenches side by side with the veterans of France and England. Of the 1,100 men, who in

Lansdowne Park, Ottawa, received the regimental colors from her Royal Highness, Princess Patricia, only 40 remain in service. Early in the spring the First Division landed in France and at Ypres, Hill 60, Langemarck, St. Julien, and Festurbert, they fought with such gallantry and desperation as to win even from the Germans the tribute of being the best troops in the Allied armies. On that memorable day at St. Julien when the Turcos broke before the German gas fumes only the Canadian division stood between the Huns and their goal—Calais. The Canadian line was extended to fill the gap; they stopped the German rush, but at an awful price. Again at Festurbert they smashed the German line.

Naval and Aerial Services.

Assistance in the naval defence of the Empire on a large scale has been impossible owing to the action of the Senate in defeating the Government's proposals in 1913. On the outbreak of war, however, two submarines were purchased in Seattle for the defence of Vancouver and Victoria against the German raiders on the Pacific, and the Niobe and Rainbow were refitted to act as transport convoys and to help keep trade routes open. The British navy has, however, again vindicated its supremacy, and Canada under its protection has enjoyed complete immunity from attack. There have also been established aviation schools, and the first detachment of Canadian aviators are now in England in the British aerial service.

Munitions and Equipment.

In providing munitions and equipment for the allied armies Canada has played a great part. So far contracts for over $300,000,000 have been placed in this country. Of this huge amount $152,000,000 is for shrapnel and high explosive shells. Shortly after the outbreak of the war the Canadian Government established a Shell Commission which was so successful in speeding up the production of munitions that last May a similar system was adopted in England. From Sydney to Victoria our manufacturing plants are turning out completed shells at the rate of 30,000 a day.

Financial Arrangements.

To preserve our credit, prevent a panic, and maintain our industrial and financial prosperity, at the outbreak of the war the Government adopted measures which have been eminently successful. No serious business disruption was experienced, although the outbreak of war occurred during a commercial depression, the sequence of years of feverish speculation and inflated values. For our war expenditure arrangements were made with the Bank of England through the British Government for a line of credti to last until the cessation of hostilities when our debt will be consolidated and repayment spread over a period of fifty years. There were also new revenue measures enacted in the form of special taxes and increased tariff imports. These have been very successful, and our revenue promises for the current fiscal year to regain its normal level. Recently the Minister of Finance successfully floated in New York, for domestic purposes, a loan of $45,000,000.

Future Assistance.

"The measure of our assistance will be limited only by the need," was the declaration of our future policy made by Sir Robert Borden. With 150,000 men under arms the Government is steadily recruiting more men, and if the war lasts another year there will be at least a quarter of a million Canadians fighting for the Empire. Huge training camps at Vernon, Calgary, Sewell, London, Niagara, Barriefield, Valcartier, and Sussex have been established, and here the thousands of young Canadians receive preparatory training before going to England.

AT WAR

CANADA HAS EUROPEAN WAR

What Remains to Be Done Shall Be Limited Only by the Need.

ROMANCE OF BERMUDAS.

Sergeant Mansfield Saved Life of Kitchener's Niece.

Fit as a fiddle despite the severity of his experiences at the time, Sergeant Henry J. Mansfield, the man who saved Lord Kitchener's niece from drowning, is at present with the second Canadian contingent at Shorncliffe. The young man is a gymnastic instructor. Though not, in true story book style, made a colonel on the spot, the sergeant will find his bravery far from detrimental in his career in the army.

The exploit, of which Mansfield was the hero, happened in the Bermudas several years ago. General Kitchener, the War Secretary's brother, is in command of troops on those coral islands.

Attracted by a commotion as he was strolling along the causeway one day, Mansfield hurried over to see the cause. There, he beheld a crowd gazing down on the channel below, where someone was drowning. A little boat containing three ladies had been caught in the strong tideway. The fragile craft dashed against a coral reef, had thrown its occupants into the water. The crowd looked helplessly on as the unfortunate ladies shouted for help.

But Mansfield did not hang back. In a trice he was on the parapet. Next he dived straight down the one hundred and twenty feet to the water.

Meanwhile, two of the young ladies—strong swimmers—had succeeded in reaching the rocky shores, a good one hundred and fifty yards away. Their companion, however, was still struggling vainly in the strong current, and to her aid Mansfield hurried, presently contriving to get her ashore. Then the rescuer tried to scramble on to the rocks himself, but an arm, fractured in the dive, although he had been unaware of the mishap at the time, proved useless, and after several abortive attempts he slipped back into the water.

Swept into the Government Channel, he was carried away by the strong tide, out to sea. It was just 2 o'clock in the afternoon when the brave rescue took place. Yet, marvellous to relate, at seven o'clock that evening—five hours later—a pilot boat picked Mansfield up out in the ocean, unconscious, but still alive.

Hurried to a hospital, the half-drowned man lay insensible for 24 days. Nothing short of a marvellous constitution pulled him through. On regaining his senses, Mansfield learned that he had saved Miss Madge Kitchener.

A month later when the young man had sufficiently convalesced, an invitation arrived for him. General Kitchener requested the pleasure of his company at an "At Home" at that commander's residence. Here, in the presence of many prominent people, the General presented him with a gold medal and a purse of gold, on behalf of himself and the British residents in Bermuda.

Sergeant Mansfield, now busy hardening the muscles of Canada's soldier sons, has rescued many lives from the water. He is an expert swimmer and has won many regimental and several Canadian championships.

Soldiers Pile Up Savings.

Canadian soldiers at the front, including those who are now prisoners of war in Germany, are piling up quite a tidy little savings account with the Canadian Government. The pay allowance to the Canadians is in most cases being held to their credit at the London Paymaster's office, as the men at the front have little opportunity to spend money while in the war zone, and prefer to leave all but a small portion of it to their credit in London. According to advices received at the Militia Department from London, a considerable portion of this accumulated pay was recently invested, on the request of the soldiers, in bonds sold by the British Government in connection with the recent war loan.

The Canadian prisoners of war in Germany are also accumulating a Government credit at the rate of about 75 cents per day. The pay allowance of those men from the Government is being continued while they are prisoners, but it is impracticable to forward it to them in Germany, and the monthly amount due them is being regularly placed to their credit, less the shilling per day or $1.75 per week, which is being forwarded through the British War Office through arrangement with the United States Consul-General at Berlin. The War Office is forwarding a shilling per day to British soldiers who are prisoners in Germany, and it was not thought wise to allow a larger sum to the Canadian fellow-prisoners for spending money.

Would Do Well in Manitoba.

T. Reg. Arkell, Chief of Sheep and Goat Division, Ottawa, in answer to queries from a Manitoba correspondent of The Montreal Herald and Family Star, says:

It should be possible to raise both Angora and Milch Goats in Manitoba profitably. The milch goats especially, are accustomed to a cold climate, since the most prominent breeds come from Switzerland. Angoras are able to adapt themselves fairly successfully to almost any condition of climate.

Goats, like sheep, require high and dry land if the best results are to be obtained with them. Therefore, they should not be allowed, if possible, upon swamp lands.

Both Angora and Milch goats can be maintained during the winter months chiefly upon good clover or alfalfa hay with some oats. In the summer they seldom require other feed than pasture. They are actually more easily maintained than sheep, since they do not require such a great variety of feed.

Angora goats will subsist almost entirely upon browse and are consequently used most profitably for clearing lands containing underbush.

CANADA'S WAR BILL.

The Struggle is Costing Roundly $300,000 a Day.

A year of war has cost Canada $90,000,000. The great struggle in which many Canadians have already laid down their lives is also calling for great financial sacrifices. It is costing Canada, in fact, $300,000 a day.

Figuring this out even more finely, it will be apparent that Canadians are going down into their pockets to pay the expenses of the present struggle at the rate of nearly $13,000 an hour or about $225 a minute. And the statistician who cares to reduce his calculations to the ultimate unit will discover, of course, that the Canadian financial war clock is ticking at the rate of about $4 per second.

The total war expenditure up to July 31, or practically twelve months after the war was declared on August 4 last year, was $81,750,000. Adding to this the expenditures since that date it will be seen, as stated, that so far Canadians have paid the best part of $90,000,000 for their convictions. The ratio of expense, of course, is going up all the time as the Dominion places more and more troops in the field.

Almost the whole expenditure is military in character, Canada's navy, especially now that German cruisers have been driven from the sea, costing her comparatively very little. The navy items are in the equipment and upkeep of men at home, in England, and at the front. The pay of the troops alone costs little less than $100,000 per day.

Of the $90,000,000 which constitutes the total expense of the war so far $50,000,000 was voted at the special August session of Parliament last year and $40,000,000 comes out of the war appropriation of $100,000,000 made at the last session and which is being borrowed in England.

Secured 1,700 Men.

Wm. Windham and G. N. Barnes, M.P., who came to Canada last May on behalf of the British Government to secure skilled mechanics for British arsenal and naval works, have left for England, having completed their mission.

They have secured altogether 1,710 skilled iron and steel workers, mostly riveters and turners, and all of those have now left for England under contract with the War Office. Every man before being accepted was given a thorough test as to his experience and ability to perform the highly skilled work required of them in Great Britain in connection with the manufacture of war munitions. About 80 per cent. of them have had previous training in British munitions or naval works, and all are guaranteed return passage to Canada after the war is over.

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The Sawyer-Massey Thresher Separator and Road Machines

The supposedly wild man who has been roaming the woods in the vicinity of Brockville, turns out to have been a patient of the Eastern Hospital at that place who had been sent home as cured. He suffered a relapse and disappeared, his friends believing he had gone back to be cared for, while the hospital authorities thought he was at his home, consequently neither parties were interested.

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MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

The Most Thrilling Hour of The War Day.

The men at the front call it "seeing the chickens come home to roost." The chickens are Sir John French's eagles, the airmen whose daring flights over the enemy's lines have done so much to safeguard our armies from surprise, and to enable the British Commander in Chief to plant his blows in the right place.

The most thrilling hour of the day is when twilight is creeping over the land, and the young eagles should be homing—coming back to their headquarters—some to tell of stirring battles with Taubes ten thousand feet up in the air, some to report new enemy concentrations, some to produce photographs of positions which the artillery will have to pound on the morrow. So many have gone out; how many will return? The men already home gather, as the light begins to fade, at the flying ground.

A dull drone is heard in the distance; a gnat in the sky grows into a dragon-fly; a dragon-fly becomes an aeroplane, and glides lightly down to earth. A young man steps out, stiff and cold, and joins the throng, eagerly scanning the skies. "Who's not in yet?" is his first question.

More and more dragon-flies turn into descending aeroplanes. As each comes within earshot the listeners note the hum of the propeller, and speculate as to the identity of the pilot. So wonderfully is their hearing atuned to their task that they have identified the owner before the outline of his machine can be seen.

At last only one man is out, and the watchers talk of shrapnel, and "Archibalds," and other anti-air-craft guns. They think the missing man has fallen a victim, but they do not confess their fear.

"Better get out the flares," says an officer. Ground which the airman can see to alight upon by day becomes blurred and indistinct by twilight. The missing man may come down too fast in the gloom; he may fail to apply that steadying up tilt of the elevator necessary at the last moment, and may land with his machine in fragments.

"Better get out the flares."

Soldiers run hither and thither dotting the fields with little flames of white light which the benighted pilot will see and steer to from afar.

"There he is!" cries one, as a distant droning is heard. "Yes, that's him!" answer the others. "Where?" asks a novice. "Can't see him but that's his propeller," replies the first. And the strayed craft comes home. Two young men step forth, to ask the inevitable question, "Who's not in?" "Everybody's in." "Good!" That's all. The eagles have safely homed; Sir John French's chickens have returned to the roost.

Sometimes the others wait in vain; sometimes they light flares to which no wanderer returns. But a young eagle of another brood will take the missing one's place, and he, too, will be racing home the next night to ask, "Who's not in?"

The marvel is that so many nightly answer the roll call, for some of the adventures through which the young eagles pass is appalling. Not long ago one of our men was struck in the leg by a piece of shell when a mile and a half high. He felt that his leg had gone, and for a while shock and loss of blood made him lose his senses. He lost control and plunged down three thousand feet. The gun was slipping from its moorings, and all the ammunition fell out. But just in time, the pilot recovered himself, raised the elevator, cleared the enemy's lines into which he was falling, and got safely home. Alighting neatly he remained still in his seat, afraid to move lest his damaged leg should fall off. Careful hands lifted him out and carried him to hospital, and they are saving not only his life but his leg.

The enemy's fliers are brave men, too, and some of them are chivalrous. It is not uncommon for them, after one of our men has met with an accident and been brought down, to fly over our lines and dropping a note, inform us whether the victim is killed or only slightly wounded.

Local and District News.

Monday—Thanksgiving Day.

The registered attendance at Chesterville High School for September was 100 pupils and the average attendance 90.

November 12th has been set for the Chesterville High School commencement concert. Watch for later announcements.

Regular meeting of the Ladies' Aid will be held next Wednesday at 3.30 p.m. Members are expected to attend if possible.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't die in the house. 15c and 25c at Drug and Country Stores.

Bargain — Slightly used piano for sale on easy terms, monthly or yearly payments. Apply at The Record office.

Hubert Wheeler, a Gananoque youth of 18 years, died last week from the effects of having been struck by a base ball on the bridge of the nose during a game.

The Teacher's Institute of Dundas County is holding its annual meeting in Iroquois today and Friday. Public schools throughout the county are consequently closed.

Dr. P. C. Casselman of Morrisburg, died in the Royal Vicioria Hospital in Montreal on Thursday last after undergoing an operation for the removal of cancer.

Invitations have been issued by the Young People of Chesterville for an assembly in the Music Hall next Monday evening. Valentine's orchestra will be in attendance.

Whitteker, the Optician, will be at Winchester, Monday, Oct. 11th; Chesterville, Tuesday, Oct. 12th; Russell, Thursday, Oct. 14th; and Finch, Friday, Oct. 15th.

Three thousand dollars damage to the stock of J. McDonald of Morrisburg, by fire and water last Wednesday at the noon hour. The origin of the fire is unknown as the place was closed when discovered.

A Thanksgiving Day Supper under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of Trinity Methodist Church will be held on Monday, Oct. 11th, when supper will be served from six to eight p.m., followed by a musical and literary programme. Admission 25 cents.

Regular meeting of the Women's Missionary Society will meet in Sunday School Hall at 2.30 p.m. next Wednesday afternoon. Full meeting is requested. Visitors made welcome.

The lecture "God Strafe England or the Greatest War of the Centuries" advertised for last Monday evening in Morewood had to be postponed. It will be given on Tuesday evening, Oct. 12th.

A number of the Chesterville members of the Masonic Order were in Russell yesterday taking part in the ceremonies of dedicating the new hall in that place, built to replace the one destroyed in the big fire.

The annual meeting of the Red Cross Society will be held in the Town Hall on Friday evening, Oct. 8th at 8.30 o'clock. An account of funds raised and work accomplished in the cause will be given. The public are especially requested to attend. Election of officers will take place.

At a meeting of the Ottawa city council on Monday evening it was definitely decided that the support of the city would be given to the road to the St. Lawrence at Prescott by way of Kemptville. This makes it very unlikely that the so called "Whitney Memorial Road" will be built through Dundas county.

The Record had a pleasant call Tuesday afternoon from Mr. Robert Stevens, the "Potato King" of Cannamore. Mr, Stevens this year has a crop of about two thousand bushels of the tubers which he has just finished taking up. From the reports of rot in sections where the summer has been wet, he is likely to realize a handsome figure for his crop.

Miss Helen Soule has just received word from the Ottawa Ladies College, where she was in attendance last year, that she was successful on her Normal entrance examination and also received Junior matriculation without French composition. Congratulations are especially due Helen as in addition to these courses she received her academic diploma with six honour passes.

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Made from Finest Quality, Full Furred Glossy Skins. Full Animal Style. Large Head, tails and paws. Mnff in Large Pillow or Animal Style..... ..... **$28.50 up**

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Neck Piece full, made from Beautiful Quality Full Furred Glossy Skins. SPECIAL **$37.50**

Mink Marmot Sets.
Beautiful Quality Sets. Neck Pieces are made to cross over. Some plaia, others finished with heads and tails. **$5.00 Up**

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14 Quart Bread Dishes 35c. 14 Qt. Stew Kettles 35c
10 Qt. Stew Kettles.. 30c. 8 Qt. Stew Kettles 25c
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This is the season for odd jobs about the buildings and good saw is most necessary. We have a dandy for one Dollar and another high grade saw at One- Fifty. We can also give you a Cross Cut Saw complete for $2.00

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