

# The St. Lawrence News

## AND DUNDAS COUNTY ADVERTISER

VOLUME 29. NO

IROQUOIS, ONT., FRIDAY, MAY 4, 1917

\$1.00 PER YEAR

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### Flour, Feed and Seed Corn Prices Going Up

Flour and Feed are advancing in price. Better stock up now. We carry the famous Five Roses Flour, the kind that goes farther than other Flour.

A large stock of Mill Feed at Right Prices.

We have been fortunate in securing a choice lot of Seed Corn, and invite inspection.

Bernard Sweeney

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WE ARE NOW SETTLED in our new business stand and we think we are better prepared to serve you than we have ever been before. Our stock of Boots and Shoes is now very complete and our Hardware department with all its new goods added thereto must certainly please you. We would like you to try us thoroughly out and find our efficiency.

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### SEELY BROTHERS

Z. A. Seely H. R. Seely C. B. Seely

P. S.—A carload of Lime just received  
PRICES RIGHT.

### SEED CORN

Just arrived—a large quantity of  
Choicest Seed Corn, all the best well known  
varieties.

Prices the Lowest

Oranges Special Sale Friday and Saturday  
Oranges, good size, good quality,  
low price, 33c dozen.

Stone & Fisher Iroquois

### Notice to Shippers and Consignees

### The Steamer Britannic

Commencing Wednesday, May 2nd, will leave Montreal for Kingston, arriving at Iroquois on Thursday, May 3rd, and at Kingston Friday, at 2 p.m.

Leaving for Montreal and Intermediate Ports Every Friday at 4.30 p.m. Low Rates. Good Service.

ARNOLD N. SMITH

General Manager, Cornwall

### FRED McROBIE

A Prominent and Respected Citizen  
of Matilda Passes Away

The death of Fred McRobie, which occurred after only a day's illness, on Sunday, April 22nd, 1917, produced a most profound impression on his many friends and neighbors. It made many realize that they are slowly climbing the ridge that leads to the sunset gate. Happy is the soldier who doffs the accoutrements of war with a feeling that he fought not in vain; that his cause was right and that therein he won brilliant victories.

The late Fred McRobie was born in Iroquois in 1851 and lived in Iroquois and Matilda all his life. At the early age of 15 years he heard the call to take up arms in defence of his country, for his services he received from the Dominion Government a medal and one hundred acres of land.

For a number of years latterly he also performed valuable services for the Ontario Government as judge of live stock at the Fall fairs, and was an authority on sheep and cattle, especially sheep, of which he was a successful breeder.

In 1872 Mr. McRobie married Miss Minnie Evener, who survives with seven sons and daughters, namely, Arthur, John, Mrs. Geo. Merkley, Mrs. Edson Morgtroid, Mrs. Foster Hilliard, all of Matilda; Mrs. N. Morgtroid, of Edwardsburg, and Thomas, of Cardinal; also one sister, Mrs. Sara Armstrong, of Brighton.

The funeral service, which was largely attended, was held in the Methodist church, Haddo, on April 24th, Rev. D. O. MacArthur officiating, assisted by Rev. Geo. O. Tredinnick. The following is a brief extract from the service based on II Cor. 7:1: Comfort for the cast down. What afflictions and depressions the bereaved show the noble nature of a truly capable of grief or joy. There is never a rose without a thorn, but there is no thorn without a flower or fruit. To-day the soul may be full of buoyancy, hope and joy. To-morrow it may be cast down. This condition comes to all; the hero, statesman, King. There comes a time when even the nation is cast down. It is not a desirable state, but there is relief in God, who telleth the number of the stars and healeth the broken-hearted. He is the comforter of men. He comforts by many means, such as the visit of a friend, the Bible, the great comforter, Jesus Christ. Or it may be a gleam of sunshine, the blooming of a flower, the singing of the birds, the smile of approbation, or the shedding of a sympathetic tear. God delights to use those and many other instruments for the comfort of the cast-down. If you would be comforted let God comfort you. Let not depression lay hold of you. Throw off your sackcloth and yield to comfort. Help one another by speaking words of cheer and by wearing a cheerful and helpful countenance. Make the heart shivering with fear and trembling with despair leap with the glow of assurance, peace and joy.

The pall-bearers were Eli Merkley, Wm. Briggs, David Flaherty, John Moore, Charles McCarthy and Reuben Merkley.

The casket bore two beautiful wreaths, one from the family and the other from the neighbors.

The remains were interred in Point Iroquois cemetery.

The family desire to thank the friends and neighbors during their recent bereavement; to those who offered and loaned their automobiles for the funeral. Also Knox church choir for their services of praise.

### The Cheese Markets

Cornwall—26c white, 26 9-16c colored.  
Iroquois—26c.  
Pictou—26c.  
Napanea—27 11-16c.

Born at Prescott on Thursday, April 19th 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Boydair a son.

Born at Mille Roches, on Monday April 16, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Raymond, a son.

Born at Prescott on Thursday, April 19th, 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. George Piche, a son.

Born at Prescott on Thursday, April 19th 1917, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Dean a son.

Died in Morrisburg, on May 4th, April 25th, Levi McMark, 87th year.

### Town Topics

Born in Mariatown April 6th to Mr. and Mrs. Alex. J. Smith a son.

James Murray is erecting a new home and feed building on his new lot, next the post office, Brimston.

Mrs. D. Wood, who has contributed one of her sons to the great struggle, this week received the following note of condolence:

BELGIAN RELIEF—I beg to acknowledge receipt of \$5.00 for Belgian Relief from Mrs. Harry Knox. C. E. Cameron, Collector.

Died at 551 Markham St., Toronto, on Monday, April 23rd, Elizabeth Little, beloved wife of J. Smyth Carter, formerly of Morrisburg.

Lieut. General Sir Sam Hughes was nominated Saturday at the convention of Victoria and Haliburton Conservatives.

The oldest citizen in Kemptonville passed away to his reward on Monday morning, April 9th, when death claimed William F. Dickinson, in his 94th year.

The fourth meeting of the Quarterly Official Board of the Matilda South circuit will be held at Rowena Methodist church next Monday, May 7th, at 2 p.m.

Hon. Wm. Pugsley's resolution in Parliament to give the women a place on the Federal franchise has been laid over until the return of Premier Borden.

V. A. Riddell has returned home from attending funeral of his beloved sister, Mrs. C. B. Ray, of Chesherville who passed away in the Toronto Hospital.

Quarterly sacramental service of the Matilda South circuit will be held at the Rowena church next Sunday afternoon, May 6th, at 2 p.m., the pastor, Rev. G. D. Tredinnick, officiating.

Lieut. Bob Caldwell has been offered and accepted the congenial and lucrative position of Superintendent of a Soldiers' Convalescent Home to be established and maintained, as a gift to the nation, by a wealthy lady. It will have accommodation for about 70 inmates.

The play, "A Woman Keeps a Secret," which was given at the Town Hall on Wednesday eve, May 3rd, 1917, by the Girls' Club of St. John's church. The play, "A Woman Keeps a Secret," promises to be very amusing. Tickets 25c, children 10c. Homemade candy will be sold during the evening.

A. C. Harly, of Brockville, owned the animal that topped the list of the 58 Holsteins at the sale there last week. Pietje Clothilde Pontiac Artin, two years old last December, was the animal. Another of Mr. Hardy's, Artis Tolkje Pontiac, four and a half years old, brought \$300. The average was a little over \$150.

A RECORD YEAR—The News is indebted to J. J. Payne, the efficient and obliging Secretary of the Iroquois Board of Trade, for the following report for the year 1916: Cheese boarded, colored, 20,290 boxes; white, 4,740 boxes, total 25,030 boxes, or about 2,375,000 lbs. The highest price paid during the season was on Nov. 17th when 25c. was paid. Lowest price, July 14, 14 5-16c. Average board price, 20c. Amount of money paid, \$489,875.00. There was about \$500,000 worth of cheese manufactured in Matilda township in 1916. Not bad for a patch of ground nine miles square. 3,000 more boxes were made in 1916 than in 1915. Average price for 1915, 15c.; 1914, 13c.

DIED—After a protracted illness, Alma Werts passed away at the home of her brother, W. N. Werts, on April 24, aged 59 years. Deceased was a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Werts, of Matilda, and since their death she has made her home with her brother Will, who with Mrs. Werts were very kind to her and considerate of her invalidism. She leaves to mourn her death besides her brother W. N., five sisters, Mrs. Geo. Sufell, of Inkerman; Mrs. H. A. McMoyl, of Ogdensburg, N.Y.; Mrs. David Graham, of St. Thomas; Mrs. H. Redmond, of Iroquois, and Miss Ida Werts, of Montreal. The funeral service was held in the Methodist church on April 27th, Rev. Mr. Coates officiating in the presence of a large number of sympathizing friends of the family. Interment was made in Point Iroquois cemetery. The pall-bearers were Messrs. W. A. Bowen, John Davy, Donald Brouse, Harry Merkley, Anson Wallace and Mason Shaver.

PRESENTATION—On the eve of their departure for Iroquois, a number of the neighbors met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Reichardt, river front, to bid them farewell as neighbors. The evening was spent with music, songs and recitations, followed by cake and coffee served by the ladies, to which all did ample justice. James Morrison then on behalf of the neighbors presented Mr. and Mrs. Reichardt with a beautiful cut glass berry dish, and in a neat speech expressed the regret they all felt in parting with Mr. and Mrs. Reichardt as neighbors and wishing them long life and happiness in their new home. Mr. Reichardt, although taken altogether by surprise, feelingly thanked the donors for their beautiful gift and said that they regretted very much that age and health compelled them to leave the farm and accepted a warm invitation to all neighbors to visit them in their Iroquois home, to which all joined in singing "God Bless the Homes" before departing.

## Call on Max Rabin

and See the Suits that  
Please the Boys

Also Good Clothing for Men, Raincoats, Overalls  
Working and Fine Shirts. Ladies' Skirts and Coats.

Full Line of Jewelry

Low Prices. Satisfaction. OPEN EVERY DAY

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Local Office, to-day.

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## Men with Common Sense

are taking to our Bachelor Suits like ducks to water.

Good reason why, too. Notwithstanding their good looks, good workmanship and good wearing qualities, they are the biggest bargain ever offered to men, being the first guaranteed trade-marked, nationally known clothes to be sold at

\$16<sup>50</sup>

"THE Bachelor" SUIT

is sold exclusively by

Kavanaugh & Hyslop



TRY THE NEWS



# ORKNEY ISLES HELD IN PAWN

HOW ORKNEY AND SHETLAND  
BELONG TO BRITAIN.

Giving an Interesting Bit of History  
Which Is Not Generally  
Known.

It is not generally known that the Orkney Islands, though supposed to be part and parcel of the British Empire, are in reality held by us exactly as the pawnbroker holds the watch of the impecunious individual who has temporarily parted with that useful article. These islands are only held by us in pawn, and Norway, as it were, holds the ticket.

Long ago Orkney, together with the Hebrides on the west coast of Scotland, belonged to Norway. After the battle of Largs, Norway ceded the latter to Scotland for a cash payment of 4,000 marks and an annual tribute of 100 marks. This tribute, known in history as the Annual of Norway, has to be paid regularly under a penalty.

## Payment Refused.

In 1397 Norway, Sweden and Denmark were united under one crown, and when Christian became king of the united realms Scotland had neglected the annual payment for forty years, incurring a penalty of over 40,000 marks. King Christian promptly sent in his account for the whole sum, with a request for immediate payment.

Scotland declined to pay, and as King Christian insisted, a rupture between the two countries seemed inevitable. The King of France, however, who happened to have alliances with both countries, used his influence and suggested a marriage between Prince James of Scotland, afterwards King James the Third, and Margaret, King Christian's daughter, trusting that such a union would lead to a friendly settlement.

## Marriage Arranged.

After much haggling the marriage treaty was arranged and the princess's dowry fixed at 50,000 florins; 10,000 to be paid within the year and the Islands of Orkney to be pledged for the other 40,000.

Only 2000 florins was paid, the Shetland Islands being pledged for the remaining 8000—and there the payments stopped. Though unable to pay, King Christian would on no account accede to the permanent cession of the islands, and it is quite certain that he intended to redeem them, as he was the plenipotentiary of Eric, who declared that the islands were still redeemable. However, neither he nor any of his successors have been able to do so, and that is how Orkney and Shetland belong to Britain.

But supposing that the present ruler of Norway produced the ticket along with the money due and demanded back these islands, it would be interesting to know what would happen.

## DEATH RATE IN BRUSSELS.

Twelve in Every Thousand Die Each Month in Spite of Relief Efforts.

Appalling figures have just been received pointing out the situation in occupied Belgium, with more convincing details, perhaps, than has been given before. In the city of Brussels twelve people out of every thousand die each month, and practically every death is traceable to starvation.

This is the condition that obtains in spite of the two and a half years of ceaseless efforts on the part of the Belgian Relief Committee.

And to make matters worse, it is women and children, aged men and women, cripples and the helpless who are the victims. It is those whom the soldiers of Belgium had to leave behind when they went out to fight the battles of humanity.

These are the conditions that the Belgian Relief Committee is asking the people of Canada to help better. The Belgian Relief Committee—the same committee that has its work to do in Belgium—has its offices at 59 St. Peter Street, Montreal, and in practically every town in Canada where contributions to this great relief cause may be sent.

## NEW RUSSIAN GOVERNMENT

Former Royal Family Are Virtually Prisoners Under Constant Guard.

The imperial Winter Palace in Petrograd, one of the most gorgeous buildings in the world, where formerly were held the brilliant affairs of the autocratic Russian court, is to be the scene of the first great decisive step toward the liberation of Russia from the shackles of political bondage. The palace has been seized by the Russian revolutionists and will be put to Government uses. Instead of the imperial standard the red flag of the revolution now floats above the edifice which was once the home of the ex-Czar.

Russian women are to get the ballot. Announcement is made that it has been settled that women shall vote for members of the Constituent (National) Assembly.

Among the precious jewels in the crown jewel room of the Winter Palace is a diamond-studded scepter that cost \$1,200,000. The Orloff diamond, formerly the property of Empress Catherine II, 185 karats fine, is valued at \$225,000, not to mention the priceless quality of its historic associations. A crown ordered by Empress Catherine I is valued at \$550,000.

In addition there are millions of dollars' worth of diamonds, emeralds, rubies and pearls, gathered from all parts of the world in the course of the last century and a half.

The Winter Palace was completed in 1764, but part of it was destroyed by fire in 1837. It was restored during the next two years and made finer than ever. The building is 500 feet long, 385 feet wide and 95 feet high. The grand ambassadorial staircase, constructed of Carrara marble, is one of the architectural wonders of the world.

The last of the Romanoffs was under detention at Tsarskoe-Selo, literally "Village of the Czar," a town situated about forty miles from Petrograd, and containing a Royal residence. The former Czar, the Czarina, the royal couple's only son and their four daughters are now housed in the palace. Every deference has been shown all these members of the former royal family.

The ex-emperor is under constant guard and no one is allowed to communicate with him except on permission by the provisional Government. The former Czar's dagger was taken away from him when he was interned. The one-time ruler of all the Russians is described as "pale, haggard and nervously restless." He frequently bursts into tears and bemoans the fate of himself and family.

## Pumping Out Holland.

Holland has been fighting against the encroachments of the sea. In January, 1916, tremendous storms from the west drove the North Sea into the narrow bottle neck of the Zuider Zee. Because of a simultaneous windstorm from the north, the pressure became so great that the dikes gave way and the Waterland region of Holland was flooded. Only the elaborate system of inland dikes and drainage canals and hastily built coffer dam kept the flood from the larger cities. As it was, the flooded area reached almost to Amsterdam. According to the Edison Monthly, three and one-half billion gallons of water covered the land. The existing pumping stations had a capacity of twenty-eight thousand cubic feet a minute—one quarter, perhaps, of what was needed. In the emergency the Dutch decided to use electrically driven centrifugal pumps stationed at many points throughout the flooded area. The floods occurred on January 14. By March 31 the pumps had been built, the motors delivered and installed, the cross-country electric cable had been stretched from Amsterdam and the work of drainage had begun. By the end of April all the polders had been drained, and in another month the lower lakes were emptied. Thus modern pumps and electric motors did all the work in four and one half months, whereas it took a year and a half to clear the land of the flood of 1825, which covered a smaller area.

The bayonet was so called because it was first made at Bayonne in France. The modern bayonet is a short sword (about one foot in length) which fits on to the barrel of the rifle. When not in use it is carried in a scabbard hanging on the left of the soldier's belt.



A New Photo of Prince of Wales at the Front.

The heir to the British throne joined the army four days after the war began, August 8, 1914, as a second lieutenant of the Grenadier Guards. In the following November he went to France as A.D.C. to Sir John French, and on the 18th of the month was promoted to lieutenant. In March, 1916, H.R.H. was temporarily transferred to Egypt as a staff-captain to the commander-in-chief of the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force. On being promoted to his regiment's adjutant he was last October promoted as a general staff officer, second grade, at army headquarters in France. The Prince of Wales, who has been under fire in the trenches, as published soldiers' letters relate, has twice been mentioned in despatches. Sir John French "mentioned" him for special work as a liaison officer at Neuve Chapelle, for zeal and thoroughness in the performance of duty, and his deep interest in the men's welfare. Sir Douglas Haig "mentioned" him more recently "for gallant and distinguished conduct in the field."

## Fur Production in Canada.

Canada's rich resources in fur-bearing animals formed her earliest commercial attraction, and, through generations of energetic exploitation, the fur industry has occupied an important position in primary production. Of recent years it has become increasingly evident that the permanent preservation of this source of wealth demands the much more rigorous protection of fur-bearers. One of the essential requirements is the collection of accurate statistical data of fur production from year to year, as a reliable index to the increase or depletion of our resources. Such a system is already enforced in several provinces, where trappers and fur dealers are licensed and compelled to make annual returns as to their operations. Similar measures should apply to every important fur producing region of the Dominion.

## Post Office Deficit Accounted For.

Helen was the little daughter of a thrifty woman, who always took advantage of bargain sales. One day the little girl rushed home from the post office, and said to her mother: "Mamma, you can get a five-dollar money order at the post office for five cents."

## WHEN THE MOOSE CHARGED.

Thrilling Incident of a Hunting Trip in Quebec Province.

In a Book-Lover's Holidays in the Open, Col. Theodore Roosevelt takes his readers into the less familiar corners of both North and South America. Many of his experiences were exciting, but perhaps the most thrilling was his encounter with a bull moose when on a recent hunting trip in Quebec.

When we were half a mile from the landing, he says, we saw a big moose on the edge of the shore ahead of us. He looked bigger than the one I had shot that morning, and his antlers were rather more palmed. We paddled up to within a hundred yards of him, laughing and talking, and remarking how eager we should have been if we had not already got our moose.

At first he did not seem to notice us. Then he looked at us, but paid no further heed. We were surprised, but paddled on past him; we supposed that he did not realize what we were. But another hundred yards put us to windward. Instead of turning into the forest when he got our wind, the moose merely bristled up the hair on his withers, shook his head and walked along the shore after us. Plainly he meant mischief. So we turned the canoe round and paddled on our back track. But the moose promptly turned and followed us along the shore. We yelled at him, and Odilon struck the canoe with his paddle, but with no effect.

For more than an hour he thus kept us from the shore, running to meet us wherever we tried to go. The afternoon was waning, and a cold wind began to blow. He was not a pleasant-looking beast to meet in the woods in the dusk. We were at our wit's ends to know what to do. At last he turned, shook his head and, with a flourish of his heels, galloped—not trotted—for fifty yards up along the little river that paralleled the portage trail. I called Arthur's attention to that, as he had been telling me that a big bull never galloped. Then the moose disappeared at a trot round the bend. We waited a few minutes, cautiously landed and started along the trail, watching to see if the bull were lying in wait for us. Arthur told me that if he now attacked us I must shoot him at once or he would kill some one.

A couple of hundred yards on, the trail led within a few yards of the little river. As we reached that point a smashing in the brush beyond the opposite bank caused us to wheel; and the great bull came headlong for us. Arthur called to me to shoot. With a last hope of frightening him I fired over his head, without the slightest effect. At a slashing trot he crossed the river, shaking his head, with his ears laid back and the hair on his withers bristling.

"Tirez, m'sieu, tirez vite, vite!" called Arthur, and when the bull was not thirty feet away I put a bullet into his chest, in the sticking point. It was a mortal wound, and stopped him short.

I was sorry to have to kill him, but there was no alternative. As it was, I only stopped him in the nick of time, and had I not shot straight at least one of us would have paid forfeit with his life. Even in Africa I have never known anything except a rogue elephant or buffalo, or an occasional rhinoceros, to attack so viciously or with such premeditation when he was neither wounded nor threatened.

## Work.

Let me but do my work from day to day,  
In field or forest, at the desk or loom,  
In the roaring market-place or tranquil room;  
Let me but find it in my heart to say,  
When vagrant wishes beckon me astray,  
"This is my work; my blessing, not my doom;  
Of all who live, I am the one by whom  
This work can best be done in the right way."

Then shall I see it not too great, nor small,  
To suit my spirit and to prove my powers;  
Then shall I cheerful greet the laboring hours,  
And cheerful turn, when the long shadows fall  
At eventide, to play and love and rest,  
Because I know for me my work is best.

—Henry Van Dyke.

## WAR DOGS DOING THEIR BIT.

Remarkable Feats That Trained Dogs Are Doing on Battlefield.

The Germans entered the war with hundreds of dogs trained to perform various services. They had the dogs that did what the St. Bernards used to do, namely, hunt out perishing men, and bring their friends to them. They had also scouting dogs, and dogs that would growl or bristle at the approach of a stranger. They had dogs that would recognize an enemy, by what means we do not know, but maybe by his uniform, and seize him if the opportunity arose.

In the matter of training their dogs for war the Germans, as usual, led. The Belgians, always animal-lovers, had made use for years of the dogs that dragged their rapid-fire guns in time of war as they dragged their milk wagons in time of peace. It was not long before both Belgians and French had established a dog service in the army quite equal to that of the Germans.

Some of the things the dogs have been taught to do remain almost miraculous even to those who are not altogether ignorant of the brain-power that may be developed in a dog. For instance, a dog at a listening post, whose business it is to give warning of the approach of an enemy, has been taught to do so not by barking or even by growling, but merely by pricking his ears or scratching on the ground.

He has been taught to cross ground that is being swept by shell and bullet carrying despatches, to continue even after he has been wounded. He has been taught, in some cases, to distinguish between an offensive and a defensive, to know when to hurl himself upon an enemy patrol, and when to lie close to the ground to let the Boche pass.

In one authenticated instance an English Airedale, at his master's bidding, seized a bomb that had fallen in a trench and rushed with it into the open. The dog was blown to pieces, but the lives of a dozen men were saved. They are taught to work sometimes for two days and two nights without rest. They are taught to ignore the trench rats, a particularly hard job to teach a terrier, and to make no sign whatever unless a German approaches.

They can see and hear further than a man, and at night they have frustrated scores of surprise attacks. Their services in the past couple of years of trench warfare have been invaluable, and we are glad to learn that on more than one occasion particular dogs have been mentioned in official French despatches, and have even been decorated.

## GERMAN FRIGHTFULNESS.

Some of the Means Employed by the Enemy to Injure Civilians.

Tempting French children with poisoned candy is the accusation made against the Germans again, as it was in Serbia and Rumania. The candy drops from the skies, so to say, which appeals the more to childhood. The police of Bar-le-Duc, where the American flying corps was stationed formerly, and of Besancon, have warned the people to forbid children from eating candy from boxes of sweetmeats which they may find. The packages of bon-bons are dropped by German aviators, it is alleged, and the sweets contain arsenic and other poisons. Moreover, it is charged that packets filled with tubes containing the germs of contagious diseases are being sown by Teuton flyers. The curious and incautious open such a packet and the germs, if the report is to be credited, infect all those near.

The French troops easily defeat the Germans' attempts to poison them by tampering with drinking water. Medical officers, keeping pace with the advanced troops, examine all springs and wells and mark poisoned water "drinking forbidden."

Meantime fresh water is piped along just behind the advance guards. The Germans usually throw dead horses into the wells, but sometimes they use arsenic.

## Too Much Water.

George was hampered by a mother whose idea of godliness was cleanliness. Notwithstanding the frequent baths to which he was condemned George thrived exceedingly. One day a neighbor remarked on his rapid growth. "Yes," said George; "that's ma's fault. She waters me so much!"

## ODD MENTION.

Selection of good seed won't help you if you let the hoe rust. To keep the good dinners coming the cook must have plenty of raw material. See that she has them.

When wood is dry is the time to store it in the shed. Your wife can not hurry dinner with wet wood.

Have you made the last payment on the farm mortgage? Then get a release and have it recorded.

All Frenchmen can cook and are not ashamed of it. How many Canadian farmers can say the same?

Condemn no man unheard, for illness or lost courage may bear the likeness of laziness. Put hope in the man.

Life's success is not measured by acres or dollars in the bank, but by the comforts that you have every day.

If the robins do police duty over your orchard don't object to the cherries they take. They have earned them. Set more trees.

50 per cent. more than the May hatch, and the May hatch is worth 100 per cent. more than the June hatch.

Be ready at all times to drop everything and run when an animal or fowl is hurt, and apply "first aid to the injured"; and be sure to learn what to do beforehand.

A word to the young man with the big ambition: Put a little money in the bank or invest it somewhere so that it will bring in a regular return. It goes better than the clock. You don't have to wind it up—it runs on night and day and always works for its owner's good.

## Wood and Water.

The destruction which the war has wrought in British forests has caused many an artist to shed unattractive tears. Yet the scarring of beauty spots is merely one objection to tree-felling on a large scale.

The rains which refresh the earth, and which are essential to its productivity, are largely influenced by the effect of forests on the upper atmosphere, and—to carry the danger of tree-felling to its fantastic limit—if every tree in the world were felled the earth would indeed be a parched planet!

Many ideas have been held in regard to rain, and many experiments worked out. People used to ring church bells during dry seasons, hoping the concussion would bring rain. The effect of gunfire upon weather is still a debated point. Not long ago the wine-growers of Italy and Austria feared for their crops, and induced their Governments to try "weather shooting" on a big scale. The results were unsatisfactory, though they did not shake everybody's belief in gunfire as a rain producer.

## The Fruits of Perfection.

"Be good," observed the wrinkled philosopher, "and you will be happy." "Prove it!" challenged the young man of the world.

"Why, that is quite simple! If you hate you will be hated. If you are greedy your appetite will grow beyond your capacity to feed it. If you steal you will never enjoy possession. If you sneer at others be sure they will sneer at you. Then, thousands of digestions are ruined by irritability, and more people have died from fear of cholera than from the disease itself." "Tush!" retorted the young man of the world. "You hate your master, and sneer at him. You are a perfect pig at meals; and I saw you once stealing an apple from your neighbor's garden. As for irritability, didn't you snap at me just now when I slammed the door, and aren't you for ever coddling yourself for fear of pneumonia?"

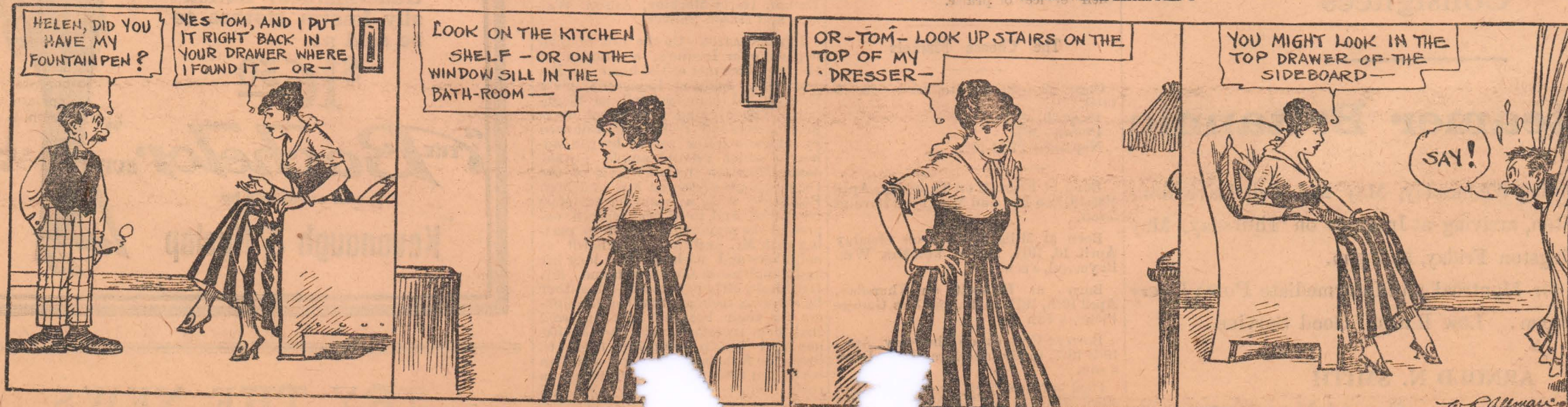
"Quite true," said the philosopher. "I have never spent a really happy day in my life."

And the young man went, pondering, on his way.

## Bird of Sweetest Song.

It is said the larks of Scotland are the sweetest singing birds of earth. No piece of mechanism that man has ever made has the soft, sweet, glorious music in it that the lark's throat has. When the farmers of Scotland walk out early in the morning they flush the larks from the grass, and as they rise they sing, and as they sing they circle and higher and higher they go, circling as they sing, until at last the notes of their voices die out in the sweetest strains that earth ever listened to.

## The Doings of the Duffs.





# Farm Crop Queries

Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.



Henry G. Bell

Question—G. H.:—If I plow in a full crop of clover, would I have to do this in the summer to get the full benefit of it, or would it be as good if I let it grow on till the fall? Or, on the other hand, would it be as good if I took a crop and plowed in the aftermath? I have no stock except fowls and two horses, therefore little stable manure. However, I intend to use a lot of phosphate.

Answer:—At the present price of food and its universal scarcity in most sections, I would advise G. H. to feed the first crop of clover and plow in the aftermath. If he does not have enough stock to consume the clover it will pay him to make the hay and sell it, and to buy feed and plant food in the form of fertilizers. Since he has little manure I would advise him to use a fertilizer containing 2 to 4% ammonia, 8 to 12% phosphoric acid, and if he intends to plant potatoes, truck or root crops, from 1 to 3% potash. This will supplement the plant food in the soil and that turned under in his clover. It is very questionable, and especially at the present price of practically all farm feed and produce, if anyone can plow under a full crop of clover or any other cover crop, for that matter. Apply the fertilizer at the rate of 200 to 400 lbs. per acre.

Question—H. B.:—What distance apart should the rows of Indian corn be planted and what distance in the rows? How many kernels should be put in a hill? I wish to get as much ripened corn as possible.

Answer:—The farther south we go the farther apart the rows of corn

and the greater the distance between the hills. For instance, in the Southern part of the United States the rows are frequently five feet apart and four feet between the hills. As we come North this is reduced to at least 36 inches and some men even plant closer.

The number of kernels to the hill and the distance apart depends very largely on the type of corn and the fertility of the soil; ordinarily the richer the soil the closer the corn can be planted.

H. B. says he wishes to get as much ripened corn as possible. If he does not care for the size of ears he can plant much closer than if it is large ears that he desires. The Nebraska Experiment Station, U. S. A., found that 3, 4 or 5 stalks to a hill gave practically the same yield but the weight of ears was less with four than with three and still less with five than with four. One plant to the hill gave but two-thirds as much corn as did three plants. Two plants gave 10 bushels less to the acre than did 3, 4 or 5. The corn was planted in hills three feet eight inches apart each way.

I would recommend that H. B. plant his corn 36 inches apart each way, unless the soil is extremely fertile when he might plant a little closer, and plant three to four kernels to the hill. If he wishes to drill it, the stalks should be ten to twelve inches apart in the row, unless the soil is exceptionally fertile, when this distance may be reduced to 8 to 10 inches.

# RENNIE'S QUICK-GROWING SEEDS

Early Valentine Bush Beans, ready to pick in 35 days, 4 ozs. 15c, lb. 40c  
Early Model Blood-red Table Beet .....Pkg. 10c, oz. 20c, 4 ozs. 50c  
First and Best Cabbage, solid heads .....Pkg. 10c, oz. 30c, 4 ozs. 90c  
Early Gem Red Table Carrot .....Pkg. 5c, oz. 25c, 4 ozs. 65c  
Citron for Preserving, red seeded .....Pkg. 5c, oz. 15c, 4 ozs. 40c  
Early Malcolm Sweet Table Corn .....Pkg. 10c, lb. 40c, 5 lbs. \$1.90  
Prize Pickling Cucumber (great cropper) .....Pkg. 5c, oz. 20c, 4 ozs. 50c  
Earliest Wayhead Head Lettuce .....Pkg. 10c, oz. 30c, 4 ozs. 90c  
Early Hackensack (Sugar) Musk Melon .....Pkg. 5c, oz. 20c, 4 ozs. 20c  
Richard Seddon Bush Garden Peas .....4 ozs. 15c, lb. 40c, 5 lbs. \$1.75  
Select Yellow Dutch Onion Setts .....lb. 35c, 5 lbs. \$1.70  
Earliest Scarlet Olive Radish .....Pkg. 5c, oz. 10c, 4 ozs. 30c  
Early Milan Turnip (earliest grown) Pkg. 5c, oz. 20c, 4 ozs. 50c  
Giant White Feeding Sugar Beet, for cattle .....4 ozs. 15c, 1/2 lb. 25c, lb. 45c  
Rennie's Giant Yellow Intermediate Mangel.....1/2 lb. 25c, lb. 45c  
Rennie's Derby Swede Turnip, for stock feed .....1/2 lb. 37c, lb. 70c  
Improved Jumbo Swede Turnip (Elephant) .....1/2 lb. 37c, lb. 70c  
Rennie's Kangaroo Swede Turnip (very hardy) .....1/2 lb. 35c, lb. 65c  
High Grade Compton's Early Yellow Flint Seed Corn.....Bus. \$3.25  
5 bus. for \$16.00.  
High Grade White Cap Yellow Dent Seed Corn .....Bus. \$2.75  
Earliest Six Weeks Seed Potatoes .....Peck \$1.00, bus. \$3.50  
Extra Early Eureka Seed Potatoes .....Peck \$1.00, bus. \$3.50  
Seed Corn and Potato Prices do NOT include freight charges.

Pakro Seedtape. "You plant it by the yard."  
2 pkts. for 25c. Ask for descriptive list.

Rennie's Seed Annual Free to All  
Cotton bags 30c. each extra.

Order through your LOCAL DEALER or direct from  
**RENNIE'S SEEDS** Wm. RENNIE Co., Limited  
Also at MONTREAL WINNIPEG VANCOUVER  
King and Market Sts., Toronto



INTERNATIONAL LESSON  
APRIL 29.

Lesson V. Jesus Welcomed As King  
—John 12. 12-26. Golden  
Text—John 12. 13.

Verse 12. The common people (margin)—John is sharply distinguishing the masses from the "classes."  
13. The branches—Specially associated with the Passover, the most joyous of the Feasts. Hosanna—"Save!" (Psa. 118. 25), a prayer addressed to God. It had come to be used with a religious tone, like "God bless you!" He that cometh—The Messiah's name. In the name—Join with Blessed.

14. Found—Mark tells us how. This was a case of deliberate fulfillment of prophecy: he would claim before the people the peaceful royalty that the animal suggested. The horse being the symbol of war—it was used for nothing else—the ass represented peace: there is no suggestion of lowliness about it, however true it is that he came in humility (Matt. 21. 5).

15. See Zech. 9. 9. The context is all concerned with the abolition of war. Is not this the kind of "Second Coming" that we are called to think and pray and work for? It is an intensely practical ideal—which is more than can be said for some "Second Advent" dreams.

16. Glorified—For John this "glory," or complete self-revelation, culminates on Calvary.

17. The crowd that saw the great Sign is busy telling those who had not seen it.

19. Here is the turning point of the story. The Pharisees are everywhere the Lord's real enemies, who won their purposes by making the

powerful but apathetic hierarchy do their foul work for them (John 11. 47-53). Here they are pictured as in despair. No more vivid evidence could be given of the completeness of his triumph. They little knew that the appalling deed they contemplated was to be the Divine way of truly enthroning him over the world—a vaster world than they could see!



The man who keeps cows is well fixed for raising hogs.

Hogs will eat alfalfa hay, and pay well for it. That was proved the past winter on many farms where economy was practised by substituting alfalfa for corn and tankage or other millfeed which is customary to feed.

It is essential that the brood sow be fed a well balanced, succulent, nutritious, milk-producing ration while suckling the litter. Dairy by-products, such as skim-milk, buttermilk or whey together with meals such as shorts, ground oats, barley, oil cake and the like, are all highly suitable for the feeding of the sow at this season. These are also splendid feeds for the litter at weaning time. If dairy by-products are not available, digester tankage may to some extent supplement these feeds.

Kitchen slops, ground barley and shorts formed the greater part of the ration of a pig which took first prize at a recent show. The pig had the run of an alfalfa pasture, with a stream at the foot of the hill in the same lot.

A nation which does not realize and does not fulfil its duty of service to the world has not reached the highest conception of national life.

## SWEET CHERRIES: SOILS AND VARIETIES

G. A. Robertson, St. Catharines.

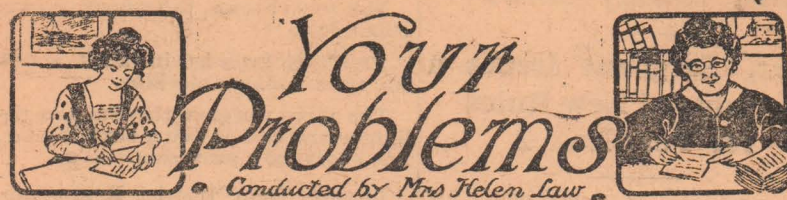
Sweet cherries are yearly increasing in popular favor; and this popular favor will increase or diminish only as the product put on the market is good, thereby increasing the demand; or poor, thereby decreasing the consumption. Not many years ago the sweet and so-called sour varieties were marketed at practically the same price per basket; the sweets are much more difficult to produce and to market than the common or sour varieties; and an impetus was given to planting the sour cherry at the expense of the sweet; since then the sour cherries have decreased steadily in price and the sweet have increased until now a sweet cherry orchard in full bearing is a decided asset to any farm.

Location: Sweet cherries should be planted on a deep, dry, well drained soil. No other tree fruit will respond any better to good treatment, but planting on an unsuitable soil is disastrous, and a wet subsoil will prove fatal. Therefore, when choosing a location, a high, dry, sandy, or gravelly knoll is best, and a proper system of underdrainage will prove beneficial. Close proximity to a town where a requisite number of good pickers may be had, and frequent and rapid shipping facilities is desirable.

Sweet cherries bloom very early, varying in the last few years from say as early as the 23rd of April, and sometimes as late as the 10th of May. Most of our varieties bloom

heavily and set freely; when in full bloom a few hours of hot sunshine assisted by the presence of myriads of bees will set a fair crop. This may be followed by a week or ten days of cold wet weather, with perhaps a few degrees of frost, but if properly set the calyx of the blossom forms a little blanket to protect the tender fruit, and this drops only as the cherry swells or as the stem of the improperly fertilized fruit shrivels and drops; hence planting an orchard near a body of water which will modify the temperature, will often insure a crop when a few miles inland the few degrees difference in temperature may shorten it materially, if not destroying it entirely for the season.

Varieties: In choosing the varieties from a commercial standpoint, annual bearing is the most desirable, and coupled with this a fruit that is good size, color and flavor and also good in shipping quality. The tree should be a rapid grower, strong and hardy. The varieties that so far I have tried that conform to this standard named in the order of ripening are: Black Tartarian, Napoleon Bigarreau (white), Elkhorn and Windsor. I have also fruited Lambert which ripens after the Windsor, and is promising, being of good size and flavor, and I may also add Bing, both of these being grown in the west, the latter ripening about the same time as Elkhorn, and is an excellent flavor cherry.



Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed.

Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 235 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

A. M. S.:—1. In the vacant spots in your flower border plant perennial phlox in white, pink and yellow. They like the sun. It is always wisest to buy large plants. 2. Spraying is the best way to water plants. This not only keeps them clean, but, as you know, plants absorb moisture through the pores of their leaves, and they are therefore much benefitted by spraying. 3. Dahlia roots should not be put into the ground until the weather is settled and the ground warm. They are very liable to rot in wet and cold ground. 4. Did you ever try cannas for the large bed in the centre of your lawn? Cannas being large plants need space to show up to the best advantage, and require very rich loamy soil and heat. The flowers are very showy, but are not suitable for cutting as they are so tender and easily bruised. If the bed is eight or ten feet in diameter, place a ricinus (castor oil plant) in the centre, surround with two circles of cannas, say, the inner circle King Humbert, outer Alphonse Bouvier; and geraniums for the base or outside circle. As the canna is a tender plant it cannot be transferred to the permanent bed before June 1st. It flowers during July, August and September. Be careful to cut out all dried blooms and seed pods. It encourages freer blooming.

K. McL.:—1. Here is a remedy for brittle nails which I hope you will find effective: Oil of pistache, 1/2 ounce; refined table salt, 1/2 dram; powdered resin, 1/2 dram; powdered alum, 1/2 dram; white wax, 1 1/4 drams; carmine, 1 1/4 drams. Rub well into the nails at bedtime, also after bathing the hands. 2. Lotion for red, oily nose: Sulphur precipitate, 1 dram; spirits of camphor, 1 dram; glycerine, 1 dram; rose water, 4 ounces. After bathing the nose in very hot water, mop the lotion on with absorbent cotton. 3. The amount of water required by the body daily is sufficient to balance the loss through the skin, kidneys, lungs and other excretory organs. This has been shown to be about two and one-half quarts, the amount depending much upon the temperature of the air

and the amount of work done. Part of this water is derived from the food. 4. A good ointment for dry skin is made of lanolin, two ounces; boroglyceride, one ounce; cold cream, six ounces. 5. Whether one should drink hot or cold water before breakfast depends upon whether the gastric juice is too acid or not sufficiently acid. If one's stomach does not make enough hydrochloric acid, she should drink a little cold water half an hour before meals, because this will stimulate the gastric glands. If one has too much acid she should take a glassful of hot water half an hour before eating.

H. M.:—If your little girl's school reports are not so good as you would like, the reason may lie in her physical condition. It is not at all likely that she is wilfully lazy and inattentive. The first step would be to have the family physician make an examination for eye defects, adenoid growths, dental diseases, and things of that kind. If she is free from these, it will be necessary to look elsewhere for the cause of her failure to do well at her studies. In the first place, is she properly nourished? Does she take just the right quantity of food at meals and of the kind suited to her age? She should not be permitted to nibble between meals or to have too much candy. Too much food causes poisoning of the brain, while too little or of unsuitable variety causes the brain to function freely owing to lack of nourishment. In the second place, are you allowing her to have too much "fun" out of school? If she remains up late at night, and does not get sufficient sleep in a well-ventilated room, she will be unfit for school work because of physical exhaustion. As to automobile rides, it is true that they furnish plenty of fresh air which is good, of course, but long and frequent rides keep the child in a state of nervous tension and excitement, which is the reverse of good. In short, the manner in which you are bringing up the child must be scrutinized to discover the cause of her backwardness at school.



The Rainy Day.

I want the sun to shine again,  
I want the rain to stop.  
It marches like the feet of men—  
Drop-drop, drop-drop, drop-drop!

I do not like the rain a bit,  
I do not like the mud.  
The cows all turn their backs to it,  
And sadly chew their cud.

I press my nose against the pane  
Until my nose is flat,  
But all I see is just the rain—  
Pat-pat, pat-pat, pat-pat!

I want the children out again,  
I want the weather fine.  
I don't know how to wait till then—  
I want the sun to shine.

When I Spank My Dolls.

From my dolls I have chosen three (whom I consider sisters) of whom I am going to write a story. Emmeline, who is the oldest, is a lovely girl with long, dark curls. Unfortunately she has a high temper. The next in size is Winifred, who is quite different from Emmeline. She has short light curls that shine in the sun like gold. Winifred has a very loving disposition. The youngest daughter, Laura, has short, brown curls. She is a sweet, mischievous little girl.

One Wednesday we had planned to go on a picnic. Wednesday dawned bright and clear. We were all dressed, the lunch was packed, when Winifred suddenly exclaimed:

"Where is Laura?"  
Where was she? The naughty girl! I will tell you.

Little Laura had been told by her mother never to go near the flypaper. Now Laura had not meant to disobey. She just thought she would like to count the flies on the flypaper before she went on the picnic.

She knew where a sheet of flypaper was, so she went into the parlor, which was dark at that time. Little Laura tumbled over a cushion on the floor and she fell. Her head went into something sticky. Now she knew!

Laura was frightened. She ran upstairs and hid in a closet—her pretty brown curls one sticky mass.

They hunted everywhere. At last Emmeline looked in the closet where poor Laura was hidden.

"Laura Browne! You're a nice mess! What has happened?" she cried. With that she pulled Laura out and was shaking her in a high temper, when I, their mother, came in.

Emmeline turned and when she saw me she let go Laura and looked very

much ashamed. Laura was frightened and asked me if she was going to be spanked, but I said, "No, Laura, you do not deserve to be spanked." Then I took Emmeline, who was crying, and spanked her and put her to bed.

Laura came and told me the story. Then I took her and Winifred to the barber shop, where Laura's curls were cut off. When I returned, Emmeline said:

"Mother, aren't you going to punish Laura?"

"Look at her, Emmeline, and tell me if you do not think she is punished enough," I answered.

Emmeline looked at Laura, who was standing there feeling the head which the barber had robbed of its curls. She was crying. Emmeline really felt sorry for Laura and promised that she would not have "temper" again and she didn't. Laura was never mischievous again! We all missed the picnic that day!

Care of Orchards This Year.

The British embargo placed upon apples and canned fruits containing sugar may be a serious blow to our Ontario growers. If this year a good average crop is harvested in all parts of the continent, as appears reasonable to expect, our local markets will have to dispose of all of the fruit that ordinarily goes overseas and a vigorous advertising scheme will be necessary to again introduce our quality fruit to the Canadian consumer. Low grades and poor varieties are bound to be at a decided discount this fall. On account of the great prevalence of scab in 1915, it would be poor economy to leave all the spraying out. If the grower of necessity has to cut down labor, and has no San Jose scale or very few oyster shell bark lice, the dormant would be the best spray to leave out.—Fruit Branch, Ontario Department of Agriculture.

Mollifying a Creditor.

One of Hawkins' principal creditors was a man named Joy, and one morning the impecunious undergraduate awoke to find this worthy tradesman seated in his bedroom.

He was rather taken aback, but not in the least nonplussed, and he greeted the intruder with a smile, saying cheerily:

"This is indeed a pleasant surprise. Sorrow may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the morning!"

The creditor looked at him blankly for a moment, then his face was illuminated with a beaming smile, and, slapping his thigh, he cried delightedly:

"Why, that's very good, very good indeed, sir. And now I'll say good-day to you, sir, and leave it to your consideration to settle my little bill as soon as you can."



That some source of sediment in milk does obtain even under the most rigid conditions possible in a cow stable is evident from an examination of any sediment disk through which the average milk has been passed, and there is no doubt that thorough straining will add to the cleanliness of the product even after all possible precautions have been taken. The presence of slime in the separator bowl after skimming is another sign that some dirt has found its way into the milk between the time of its secretion and its arrival in the machine, provided the receiving or supply can has been clean up to the time when separating started.

The separator no doubt removes a great deal of the foreign matter that occurs, but is incapable of throwing out much of the undesirable bacteria that accompanies the dirt which enters the milk at milking time, so the importance of cleanliness in caring for the cow and for the milking utensils is very great indeed.

The assurance that milk delivered at the dairy, where pasteurization takes place, is free, or reasonably free, of sediment, should be worthy of consideration by the wholesale purchaser who, in his turn, should reap a benefit from the ultimate consumer to whom he can guarantee this milk as having been clean, and thus safe from the time it leaves the cow's udder until it arrives at the consumer's residence.

The farmer's part of the undertaking to supply pure, wholesome milk must start with the taking of precautions previous, even to the secretion, of the milk. He should satisfy himself fully that his cows are entirely healthy; and in order that the small amount of dust that will inevitably get into the milk pail may be as harmless as possible, he must provide for a plentiful supply of sunlight in his stables. Then if the cattle are always kept as clean (or a little cleaner) all the year round, as they would keep themselves on a good, well-drained pasture field, and the milkers obliged to wear well-washed clothes, and take a bath frequently, the chances of the milk being satisfactory are pretty good. Of course, aeration of the milk and thorough cooling must also be attended to.

Mother's Method.

The bright boy in khaki was dilating on the woes of Army life.

"Yes," he said to his old mother, "we don't get much in the way of fancy foods, or anything like that. Our camp cook's all right on stews and soup, but he can't go beyond them. The other day, you know, when I went back, I took a cucumber with me, that I was going to share with one or two of the boys. I gave it to the cook, and asked him to get it ready for us, and what d'you think he did with it? Put it in the oven and baked it."

"Oh, poor boy!" said the fond mother. "A pity I couldn't have been there to look after you. I'd have boiled it lovely for you!"



Sell off all hens in their third year, as soon as the rush of laying is over. The last call for hatching is now on. Chicks hatched after the first week in May cannot be expected to prove good winter layers.

Brood chicks that are closely housed and fed too heavily are very likely to develop weight too fast in proportion to their strength.

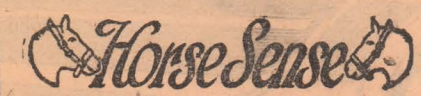
It will cost the farmer no more money to raise pure-bred poultry than it will to grow scubs.

Turkeys do best when kept separate from chickens. If the two are kept together the turkeys are likely to take chicken diseases.

Dampness, lice and filth are deadly foes to poultry of any kind.

Since hens on range produce more eggs at a lower cost and fewer young hens die than do those kept in confinement, poultrymen are urged to provide outside yards with plenty of green feed for laying hens. Hens on range produce 15 to 44 per cent. more eggs at a feed cost of 15 to 36 per cent. less per dozen than hens kept in confinement.

In Spring fowls require more careful attention than at any time in the year. All the accumulated debris of winter lies on the surface. Then comes a warm spell, and the surface of the ground gets muddy, while the filth of winter sticks to everything that touches it. This is the time to keep the hens dry and to give them straw to stand on and to work in during the day.



There are two forms of strangles or distemper, viz., regular and irregular strangles. The symptoms of regular form are: cough, unthriftiness, fever, difficulty in swallowing, nasal discharge, swellings between jaws or about throat, which form into abscesses. In irregular form the same symptoms occur, with less difficulty breathing, and the abscesses may form any place, externally or internally.

Attend to comfort, apply poultices of antiphiogistine to throat, lance abscesses as soon as ready, give 2 or 3 drams hyposulphite of soda out of a spoon 3 times daily, do not drench. If breathing becomes very difficult send for veterinarian.

Go easy with the horses at the start and see that collars fit.

Mares in foal should be given regular work but not overwork.

Farm horses usually could haul larger loads on the country roads if waggon tires were wider, and less damage is done to roads by wide tires.

Different horses require different kinds of foods, the same as different people; study each horse and see what kinds of food he does best on.

It is a lot better and cheaper to feed and care for stock so that they will be in good health, than to pay a doctor to get them back to the standard after they once get down.



## New Military Orders

### Lieut. Sargeant Issues a Number of New Rules for Post No. 2

The following orders for the guidance and convenience of the people of Iroquois went into effect at Post No. 12, St. Lawrence Canals Patrol, Iroquois, Ont., on May 1st, 1917:

1. Parties now holding a pass may enter locks by day at any point by presenting his pass to the Sentry.

2. Parties now holding a pass may enter locks by night at Power House entrance only, after presenting his pass to the Sentry.

3. Parties without a pass may enter locks on business only, at any point by day, if known by the Sentry. If you are not known by the Sentry he will call a non-commissioned officer to take you to the parties you wish to see.

4. Parties without a pass may enter locks, on business only, at Power House entrance, by night, if known by the Sentry. If you are not known by the Sentry he will call a non-commissioned officer to take you to the parties you wish to see.

5 (Special). From 1 to 5 p.m. Sunday afternoons all civilians that are known by the Sentry on either of the following posts, Swing Bridge, Power House, or Little White Bridge, may enter the locks at these points. Parties entering at this time must keep to north side of locks. Crossing lock gates will not be permitted.

Taking of photographs, loitering about Sentry beat, or carrying on conversation with any Sentry must not be practised. As far as possible a Sentry that is known about town will be posted at the Power House to assure you entrance without delay or inconvenience.

6. Parties now holding a pass may fish during daylight only at the outer pier and east of Little White Bridge. Parties without a pass may fish during daylight only east of Little Bridge.

7. Parties with or without a pass must enter locks on business only, excepting Sunday afternoons from 1 to 5, or for fishing at the points mentioned above.

8. The above mentioned orders have been newly drafted for the convenience of the public, but may be revoked without further notice if found that the public do not or will not comply with our requests.

P. H. SARGEANT, Lieut.  
O. C. Post No. 12, St. Lawrence Canals Patrol.  
May 1st, 1917.

### Special Notices

Whitaker, the Optician, will be at the Central Hotel, Iroquois, May 7th, 1917, from Monday noon to Tuesday noon.

Go to White's for the latest and best in Men's Furnishings. Geo. H. White.

SPRAYING TIME—Spraying time will soon be here. Send your order in for Lime-Sulphur. Jed Tuttle, Phone 1-4, Iroquois.

NOTICE—All parties indebted to the late L. Cameron will please pay their accounts on or before May 15th. After that date they will be placed with the Clerk of the Court for collection.

MRS. L. CAMERON ) Executors  
CHAS. E. CAMERON )

EGGS FOR HATCHING—From bred to lay Single Comb Red Island Reds, 23 pullets averaging 19 eggs every day. Order at once. Price, \$1.00 for 15 eggs. Jed Tuttle, Phone 1-4, Iroquois.

Marsden Kemp, Specialist in Piano Treatment and Tuning, has been very late this season making his large number of repair engagements which requires much house time. He will be in Iroquois and Cornwall now for awhile, and requests his Iroquois patrons to leave their orders at Copeland's Drug Store as soon as possible.

BULL FOR SALE—Alex. McGruer, of Gt. St. In, unloaded a fine pure bred Holstein Bull at Iroquois station recently that comes from a famous herd of this popular breed. He is a grandson of the \$25,000 bull, Rag Apple Komdyke, while his dam was sold for \$500 to Prof. Barton, of Macdonald College. Mr. McGruer offers for sale a pure bred bull, ready for service. A rare opportunity to farmers wishing to build up a pure bred Holstein herd.

### Town Topics

Mrs. R. Barton and Gladys are enjoying a few weeks visit with friends in Rochester and Watertown, N. Y.

Rev. Mr. Watchorn and family have moved into the residence recently vacated by Rev. Mr. McRoberts and family, who have moved to Stittsville.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Reichardt are moving into their Iroquois home this week from the farm. Mr. Reichardt having recovered from his recent operation.

The annual meeting of the Women's institute will be held on Friday, May 11th, at 3 p.m., in the Reading Room. All members are requested to be present. The financial statement of the year's work will be given, also election of officers.

The following additional names have been sent in of I. H. S. pupils who have enlisted for overseas service: Leonard Marlatt, Edmund Harkness, Kenneth McInnis and Chas. Crobar. Possibly the pupils know of others whose names we have not received. Send them in.

Swat the fly. Do it now.

The sooner sown, the sooner grown. Plant now.

Archie McInnis has installed a new Sharpless milking machine.

The more you grow this Summer the lighter the cost of living next Winter. Let everybody grow something.

Reports from District Representatives all over Ontario indicate a general and pronounced shortage of experienced farm labor.

Coal will, if it is claimed, advance 65c. per ton as a result of recent wage increases at the mines in the U. S.

Stanley Tennant, Customs Officer, has purchased a handsome new McLaughlin car from Fetterly & Co., Morrisburg.

Born to Corporal and Mrs. John Dixon, in St. John's Hospital, Hamilton, on Sunday, April 22nd, a son. Congratulations.

"When did you first become acquainted with your husband?" "The first time I asked him for money after we were married."

The T. Eaton Co. of Toronto, have bought out Hillbrook Creamery and business, Prescott, including the trade mark and buildings.

The abnormal cost of production has forced the Toronto Daily Globe to raise its subscription price by \$1. It is now \$4 anywhere in Canada.

Always salt French fried potatoes after they have been fried. If salted before, the salt will draw the water into the potatoes, causing them to be less crisp.

Married in London, England, on Monday, April 16th, Capt. Dr. K. Cooke of Toronto, to Miss Beatrice Baker, nurse of the Duke and Duchess Hospital, London, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Baker of East Williamsburg.

SAME OLD GAG—Winchester Press: According to the Inspector's report the Winchester Public School has the largest attendance of any public school in Dundas County. It also has the best staff of teachers although the Inspector's report doesn't say so.

Miss Effie McNair and Nelson Brontmire, two popular young people of Cardinal, were united in the holy bonds of wedlock by the Rev. D. H. Currie at the manse on Saturday last. They were unattended. They left on the night train for a short honeymoon. We wish Mr. and Mrs. Brontmire every success and happiness.

Beginning May 1st, the new Quebec liquor legislation, closing saloons at 9 p.m., and banning treating came into effect. The new legislation applies to hotels and restaurants. The problem as to whether the new law applies to clubs will be settled by a test case, the open bar system will be abolished in Quebec May 1st, 1918, and the cafe substituted.

The present high price of flour, potatoes, and other necessary foods should be sufficient to emphasize the necessity of cultivating the home garden, and growing every kind of vegetable that will help through the coming winter. All that can be raised will be needed, and much more. Don't sit and talk about it, but get to work and do it.

Death. Mrs. Caroline Louise Herlick, one of Morrisburg's oldest and most highly esteemed residents, whose maiden name was Caroline L. Phifer, died at her home, August street, on Sunday evening, April 22nd. Deceased, who was 81 years of age, was the widow of the late Joseph Herlick, who predeceased her seventeen years ago. She was born in Frankenstein, Prussia, and emigrated to Canada with her parents in 1858, and settled in Morrisburg where she had since resided continuously until the time of her death—Leader.

WORKING FOR PEACE—The war, Lloyd George says, may continue till next year, but it is evident that powerful influences are working for peace. Russia relinquishes her contract for the possession of Constantinople and the German Chancellor, yielding to the pressure of German opinion, is apparently about to discontinue annexation. A new, probably candid offer of peace will then be made, it is not likely that Germany believes that the submarine will achieve victory, but only influence for her a favorable peace, perhaps the return of her colonies and freedom from indemnities.

Some remarkable statements were made during a debate in the Dominion Parliament on drinking in Canadian military camps in England last week. General Sir Sam Hughes said the Canadian boys at Salisbury originally had the dry canteen. They "carried the good custom with them," he said, but it was intimated to him by "high authority," that after the troops were in England he had no control. The ex-Minister said that his position was that Canada should have full control of her troops in England on such matters, and had his plan carried and had he been supported, this would have been the case. Sir Sam blamed the Premier, Sir Robert Borden, and Sir George Perley, for the situation. He said that their position enabled General Alderson to restore the wet canteen, and later had assembled the boys, told them they were free men and henceforth not tied to apron strings like children.

DIED—Calgary News-Telegram: "The death occurred early Wednesday morning of Mrs. W. A. Munro. The deceased was seriously injured in a street railway accident about a year and a half ago from which she never recovered, and she had been seriously ill for some time before her death occurred. Mrs. Munro and family are among the old timers of Calgary, she having come here with her husband from Iroquois some eleven years ago. The family are well known in Calgary, their son being E. S. Munro of the Robin Hood Flour Mills. There are also two daughters, Margaret, who was on the staff of The News-Telegram a few months ago, and is now on the staff of the Institute of Technology, and Laura, who is in the Land Titles office. The funeral was held on Saturday, April 7th. Rev. C. E. Bland conducted the services. Mrs. Munro leaves a large circle of friends who deeply regret her death and although she has not been out for so long, they had not forgotten her in her long illness. Mrs. Munro is a sister of Mrs. G. Lentin, South Mountain.

W. J.

L.D., D.D.S.

Graduate of Ontario Dental Surgeon and Department of the Post Office

### SALE

Choice Strawberry Plants for Sale, a mixture of Glen Mary and Senator Dunlap. Two fine varieties for home garden. Plants 50c. per 100.

W. J. FORWARD

Beeswax Wanted.

In His Majesty's Surrogate Court of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry

### Notice to Creditors

In the matter of the estate of William Edwin Tousaw, late of the Township of Matilda in the County of Dundas, Farmer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 56 of The Trustee Act, R. S. O. 1914, Chapter 121, that all creditors and others having claims or demands against the estate of the said William Edwin Tousaw, who died on or about 10th day of August, A. D. 1916, at the Township of Matilda, are required on or before the 23rd day of May, 1917, to send by post, prepaid or deliver to Chas. R. Tousaw, Esq., 6 St. Sacramento street, Montreal, Que., the surviving executor of the last will and testament of the said deceased their Christian names and surnames, address and descriptions, the full particulars, in writing of their claims, a statement of their accounts, and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, and take notice that after such last mentioned date the said executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall have notice, and that the said executor will not be liable for the said assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claim notice shall not have been received by him at the time of such distribution.

CHARLES R. TOUSAW, Esq.

6 St. Sacramento St., Montreal

Executor

G. H. DAVY, Esq.,

Iroquois, Ont.

Solicitor for Executor

Dated at Iroquois, Ont., this 24th day of April, A.D. 1917.



### GEO. CUKRIE

### Just to Remind You

Nothing new or startling at all, but just to remind you that I am paying strict attention to my Watch and Jewelry Repairing Department. Send your work by mail if you cannot come yourself.

### EYE TESTING AND FITTING

by the Latest Methods. Do not neglect your eyesight. If you do many complications may set in which will be hard to correct later.

A full line of Wedding Rings and Silverware and Fancy Goods.

### JAMES W. TINDALE

OPTOMETRIST

I CAN PLACE 40 WILLIS GRADUATES EACH MONTH

Employers ask me each month to supply them with an average of 40 young women, young men and boys.

During the past year I have filled 250 good positions; I have had calls for fully 250 more.

Our Shortland training is universally recognized by the largest employers in Canada as THE STANDARD.

THEY ARE THE ONES WHO COUNT.

IF YOU have the equivalent of a Public School education, and are fifteen years of age or older, we can train YOU to fill one of these good places and to secure one of the good salaries that are being paid.

Full particulars upon request. Do not delay.

### Willis : College

N. I. HARRISON, Principal  
OTTAWA CANADA

Wood's Phosphorine. The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new blood in old veins. Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Depression, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Fading Memory. Price \$1 per box, six for \$5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain package. Receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. WOOD'S MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT.

**Briscoe \$205 FULLY EQUIPPED**

*The Car with the Half Million Dollar Motor*

MADE IN CANADA

## Trust Your Own Eyes To Judge Its Beauty

ONLY a blind man could fail to appreciate the distinctive body lines of the BRISCOE. This beautiful body was designed by one of the foremost body builders. Its graceful appearance compels admiration. The BRISCOE gives you everything the heart could wish for in style, attractiveness, comfort and equipment. It is a car of which you will be proud to say, "I own a BRISCOE"—a car so beautiful, so sturdy, so light, so powerful, and yet so economical to maintain, that it brings the joy of motoring within reach of those who have never before been able to obtain the class of car they desired at a price they could afford to pay. The BRISCOE is a car to delight the bride-to-be. It will lend dignity to the physician—add to the prestige and prosperity of the salesman—save time and money for the busy business man—give untold pleasure to any family. Its unusually complete equipment would add \$200 to the price of the average light car. In the BRISCOE, B "4-24" you get: Electric Lighting and Starting System, Full Elliptic Springs, front and rear, Tilted Eye Saver Windshield, Trouble Light Socket in Dash, Gasoline Gauge, Ammeter, Automatic Switch with Key Lock, Speedometer Electric Horn, Pump, Jack, Tools, Repair Kit—and other important accessories well worth noting carefully.

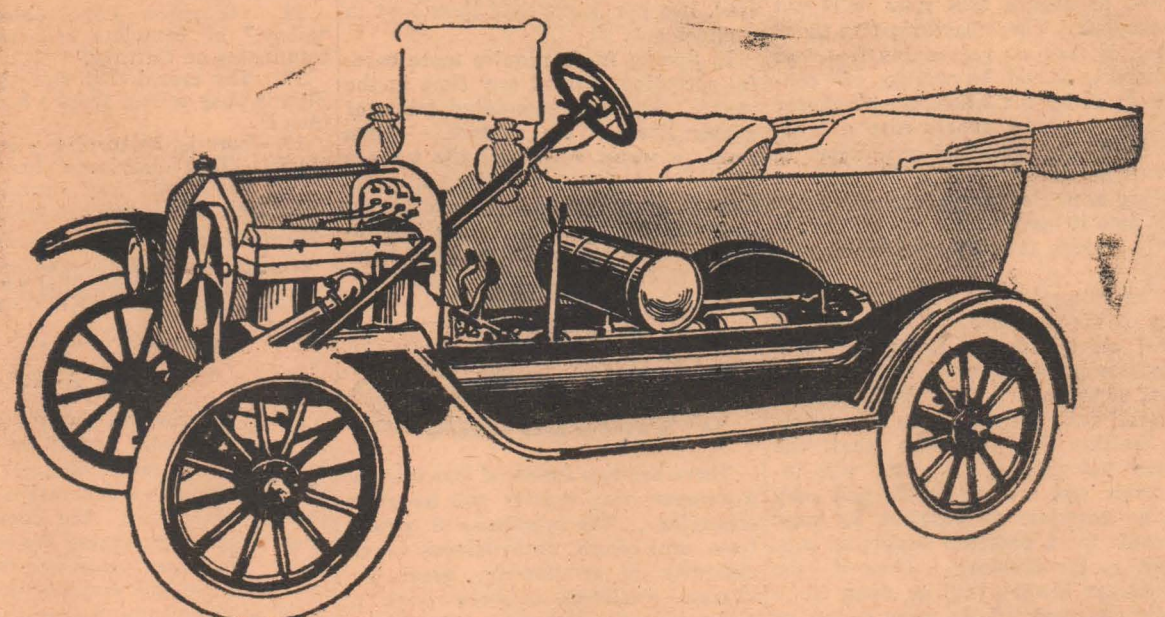
The price includes everything—no extras to buy.  
BRISCOE, B "4-24" Touring Car or 4-Passenger Roadster.  
105-inch Wheel Base, \$895 f.o.b. Brockville, Ont.

WRITE for Benjamin Briscoe's own story of the "Half Million Dollar Motor," or call at your local BRISCOE Garage and let the car "show" you.

THE CANADIAN BRISCOE MOTOR CO., LIMITED  
BROCKVILLE, ONT.

**W. F. Bell**

## Quality in the Right Place



Expensive upholstery doesn't prove that a car excels in quality.

The Real Quality of the car is determined by its chassis—its power plant, transmission, axles, etc.

Both by laboratory tests and actual service tests, the different parts composing the Ford chassis, have proven themselves superior to those used in other cars. Ford Vanadium steel has never been surpassed in quality and strength.

## WILFRID QUENNEVILLE

Dealer, Morrisburg





**MARTIN-SENOUR**  
100% PURE PAINT & VARNISHES

New Field Husbandry Building  
ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE,  
GUELPH.

Barns at the  
ONTARIO AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE  
GUELPH.

# FARMERS !

## Every Building on Your Farm Needs Good Paint.

Paint protects. Paint wards off rot and decay. Paint is a property improvement that increases the value of your whole place. Paint is an investment that pays a big profit in prosperous appearance and long life to the buildings.

# MARTIN-SENOUR

## "100% PURE" PAINT

(Made in Canada)

is saving the farmers of Canada hundreds of thousands of dollars by protecting their homes and barns from wear and weather. This pure, reliable paint spreads easily and is the cheapest in the end, because it covers 900 square feet of surface per gallon and lasts far longer than the cheap prepared paint or hand-mixed lead and oil.

Ask for "Farmer's Color Set" and "Town and Country Homes". Just what you'll need in planning your painting.

**A. J. ROSS,**  
IROQUOIS.

## Five Good Reasons for Buying this Good White Lead



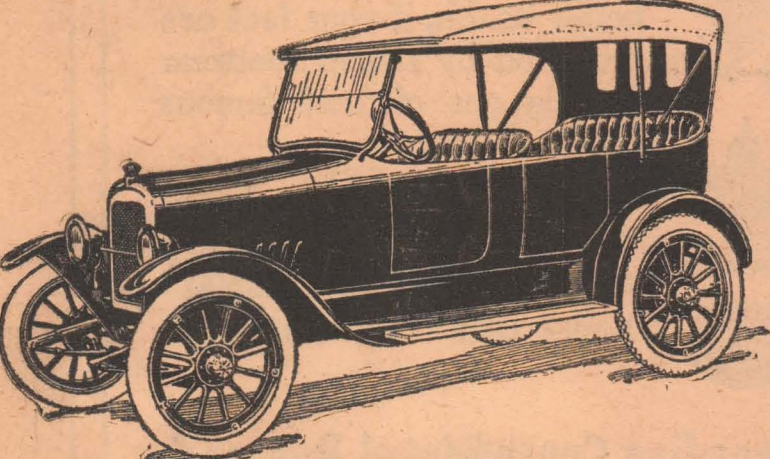
1. It is absolutely pure, ensuring the brilliancy of any paint in which it is used.
2. It has great covering capacity and long life.
3. It is of unequalled, uniform "fineness"—is never crystalline.
4. It works easily under the brush.
5. It need not be scraped or burned off when, after several years, the building requires another paint.

Its high reputation has been gained by nearly 200 years continuous manufacture. Used and recommended by experienced architects, builders, painters, owners.

**SOLD BY LEADING HARDWARE AND GENERAL STORES THROUGHOUT CANADA**

**BRANDRAM-HENDERSON**  
MONTREAL HALIFAX ST. JOHN TORONTO WINNIPEG EDMONTON CALGARY

## Hare & McInnis = Iroquois, Ont.



Why, W. F. Bell has installed an Air Pump for Auto Tires Free to Everybody. Drop in and have your tires pumped up. We keep all makes of Tires and Tubes at prices that cannot be equalled. Cement Patches, Bumps and all Accessories for Autos. We also Repair all makes of Cars, and if we do not fix them we will not charge for our work.

**BUGGIES, HARNESS, RUGS**

and the New Williams Sewing Machines that we will sell Cheap, as we have not time to canvass for these goods. Now do not be afraid to Call and See Our Goods as it is a pleasure to show you through our stock.

**W. F. BELL IROQUOIS**

### House and Lot Sale

The undersigned offers for sale his house and lot on Albert street. Town water and light in house, and good cellar. Immediate possession. A bargain to quick buyer.

**A. J. OSBORN**  
Iroquois

---

### AN AGED COUPLE

#### Tell How They Regained Strength and Vigor

Steuenville, Ohio.—"My husband is 79 years old and I am 78 years of age and we owe our good health to Vinol, the greatest strength creator and diene there is. When either one of us got into a weakened, run-down condition, Vinol has never failed to lift us up and restore strength. We often said we would not be living now were it not for Vinol."

—MARY A. LEE.

We guarantee Vinol to create strength for feeble old people.

Iroquois Drug Store. Also at the best druggists in all Ontario towns.

## The St. News

R S P E

### Methodist Church Notes

Quarterly meeting next Sunday, reception of members and the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper at the close of the morning service.

Next Thursday evening there will be a congregational meeting to hear report from the different organizations of the church and to discuss methods of work for a better service.

At the annual meeting of the Ladies' Association the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

President,	Mrs. H. Walker
Vice-President,	Mrs. R. Ellis
Secretary,	Mrs. C. Burnside
Treasurer	Mrs. W. A. Bowen

### Stampville

Mrs. E. McRobie is visiting Mrs. J. Bimmer.

Isac Barkley is moving on his farm at Irena this week.

Mrs. Bertha Shaver is confined to her bed with the grippe, we are sorry to report.

J. W. Gilson, of Brinston, spent Sunday at Mrs. S. Clow's.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Armstrong spent Sunday at Eli Merkle's.

Mrs. S. Ault is spending a few days at Earl Vanallen's.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Lewis have returned home after spending the Winter in Port Colborne.

Mrs. G. Ellis spent the last two weeks in Toronto.

### Presentation

At a recent meeting of the Travel Club, held at the home of Misses Shaver, Miss Watson, a Red Cross nurse home on furlough, was presented with a silver thermometer case by the members of the club, who wished to show their appreciation of the interesting talks Miss Watson has given during her stay in town.

Miss Watson is a sister of Mrs. W. Fisher and seems to belong to Iroquois. Hearing at first hand how the wounded are received into the hospital, the treatment they receive etc., has been an impetus to continue in the work of sending necessary articles for the comfort of those who are so bravely doing the fighting for "home and country."

The presentation was made by Mrs. Harkness while the President, Mrs. Nash read the following appropriate address:

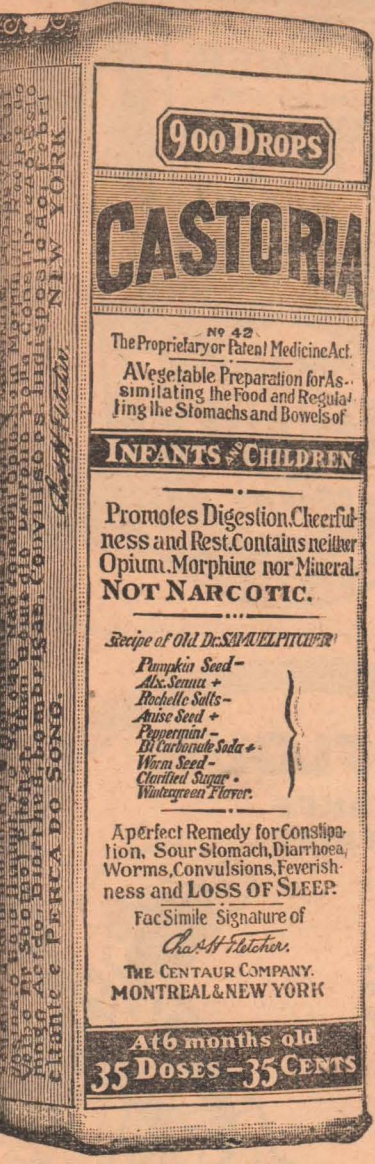
DEAR MISS WATSON—We the members of the Iroquois Travel Club desire to express to you in some small way our appreciation of you and your splendid work of service for our country and soldiers. Your visit has given us great pleasure, and while we regret your departure we feel that you are going back to a position that will bring its reward to you in the gratitude of our soldiers and of those who remain at home.

As a very slight appreciation of your work we ask you to accept this thermometer case and trust that you will be a blessing to many in the months to come.

We wish you Godspeed and a safe journey, praying that you may come home to us at the close of the war.

Signed on behalf of the club,  
Mrs. E. B. NASH, Pres.  
Mrs. Gass, Secretary.

Miss Watson replied feelingly in a few words of thanks.



# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

## Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

*Dr. J. C. Hutchins*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

# CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## Bishopric Lathboard

No repairs ever become necessary due to plaster falling or crumbling behind paper if you use Bishopric. The peculiar manner of construction ensures a rigid non-breakable wall, dry and tight, making a background for any finish desired.

Once Tried Always Used

## THE THOMPSON ESTATE

## Farmers, Prevent Loss

### Treat Your Seed for Smut

The method usually adopted for Loose Smut of Oats, Covered Smut of Barley, Smut of Wheat, is as follows:

Mix one pint of Formalin solution, 40 per cent. Formaldehyde, with 42 gals. water.

Place grain to be treated on clean floor. Sprinkle the solution over the grain, then shovel. Repeat this until every kernel is wet, then cover the pile with sacking or canvass and leave three or four hours. Spread grain out thinly to dry. Disinfect bags and Seeder with same solution. 1 pint of formalin will treat 40 to 50 bushels of grain.

Immersing the grain in a sack is sometimes practised and is equally effective. Use same strength solution and immerse for 20 minutes.

Those requiring further information apply to

<b>Hon. W. H. Hearst</b> Minister of Agriculture Toronto	<b>E. P. Bradt</b> Minister of Agriculture Morrisburg
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### G. T. R. Time Table

GOING WEST

No. 7, Daily, Mail and Express, ... 1.00 p.m.
No. 25, " (except Sunday), Moccasin, 3.20 "
No. 19, Daily, Mail and Express, ... 10.25 "

GOING EAST

No. 18, Daily, Mail and Express, ... 4.13 a.m.
No. 28, " (except Sunday), Moccasin, 6.43 "
No. 6, Daily do do ... 3.41 a.m.

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### IRA W. BECKSTED

#### PHOTOGRAPHER


ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

Becksted Block Iroquois, Ont.

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### Cook's Cotton Root Compound.

A safe, reliable regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, \$1; No. 2, \$2; No. 3, \$5 per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)



## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

### The Kind You've Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

*Dr. J. C. Hutchins*



This most valuable of farm books costs you not one cent. It will, if properly used, mean hundreds of dollars in actual profits to you. It covers all the uses of Concrete on the farm from fence-post to silo.

Write for it to-day

**Canada Cement Company Limited**  
88 Herald Building - Montreal

**FIVE ROSES FLOUR**  
FOR BREADS - CAKES  
PUDDINGS - PASTRIES

YOUR neighbour, famous for her baking—maybe she uses Five Roses.

## THROUGH THE DARK SHADOWS

Or The Sunlight of Love

### CHAPTER XXVI.—(Cont'd).

When he arose from his knees his face had lost all its old languid self-possession; there was a graver, more earnest light in his eyes, and as his lips pressed the hand of the dead girl they muttered a farewell vow, which was never to be forgotten from that hour till his last.

Lady Constance, bravely overcoming her own pain and horror at the double tragedy—for Jasper's body had been recovered and brought back to the house an hour after the death of Jessica—had retired with poor, remorseful Ada to her own rooms, where she did her best to soothe and comfort the unhappy woman. Overwhelmed with remorse at her previous neglect of the girl, Ada blamed herself bitterly for not watching her enemy more closely, and thus protecting all concerned from danger.

Meanwhile, the last painful duty had to be done. In the Blue Room were seated in expectant silence Lord Barmister, Mortimer Shelton, and Mr. Harker. On the table lay the papers which Mr. Harker had brought with him, amongst them the all-important roll which Jessica had rescued from the street. The three men were waiting now for Adrien, with patient

respect, knowing the cause of his absence.

Presently the door opened, and the young man entered. Lord Barmister held out his hand without a word, and his son, as silently, grasped it; then, with a sigh, he seated himself at the table, prepared to learn to what extent he had been robbed by the man he trusted so fully.

Without comment, Shelton passed him paper after paper, all drawn up in the clear writing of Mr. Harker; Adrien, with deep humiliation, examining them all. With another sigh he dropped the last one upon the table and looked up.

"It is like some hideous dream," he said in a low, shocked voice; "Jasper Vermont, then, was not only a traitor to me, but a forger and thief. I can scarcely believe it—though, of course, it is impossible to get away from these proofs. He must have even bribed that jockey to lose the race, as the man hinted. That he could so have used my trust and confidence to gain money, and by crime, when he could have had it for the asking, seems past belief."

His father looked pityingly at him; he knew only too well what a blow this was to the young man.

"I believed in him to the last," continued Adrien, in the same low tones. "I believed him true, in spite of all your warnings."

He turned to his friend. "Shelton," he said, "I cannot thank you as I should like, nor indeed, you either, Mr. Harker. I am deeply grateful to you all for what you have done for me. Truly a man should take heed of his self-conceit, lest he fall, as I have done."

He dropped his head on his hands, and his father turned to him affectionately. "You do not ask if the evil this man has worked can be remedied, Adrien," he said, in a softer tone than he had ever been known to use. "You do not ask whether anything can be regained?"

"I am willing to pay the penalty of my folly," said Adrien, in a low tone; "and if only it can be arranged that you, too, do not suffer, I shall not mind."

"Not even if it should leave you penniless?" asked his father.

Adrien raised his head with a mournful smile.

"But for one reason, I am indifferent," he said.

His father's face lit up. "Yes," he said, "I think I know that reason. Mr. Harker, will you be so good as to place Mr. Leroy in possession of the facts which you have already given me. I am almost too tired to speak, after the strain of these last few hours."

Adrien looked at him remorsefully; for the old man had indeed undergone much suffering during the last eventful weeks.

Mr. Harker laid a small book upon the table.

"This will do so better than I can, gentlemen," he said. "It is a list of the various investments in which Mr. Jasper Vermont placed the wealth he had so fraudulently amassed. His expenses were small; and the investments which were made with Mr. Leroy's money, and which he hoped, of course, to put to his own use, amount to a large sum. When realised, they will cover the enormous embezzlements, when the forged bills are destroyed."

Adrien took up the book and glanced through it.

"Is this true?" he said, with an earnestness that all present under-

### War-Time Savings.

The economical housewife gives us the benefit of some of her discoveries.

"The other day I made an apple pie, she says, which looked a perfect success, but, alas, when I attempted to slip it off the plate I found that the under crust had not baked well. As the top crust was beautifully brown I simply turned it upside down, scraped off the undone crust and covered the apples with a nice meringue, and the members of my family were delighted."

We do not use stove polish on our stoves, as we find it economical to save all our old stockings, sew them together and use them moistened with coal oil for cleaning the stoves. Care must be taken, however, that the stove is not hot when cleaned.

When I put my roast away to serve cold I wrap it while warm in cheese cloth; both the flavor and the moisture are retained, and, speaking of cheese-cloth, if you will wrap a double piece, wet in vinegar, around that piece of cheese, when you get ready to use it again it will not be hard, mouldy or dry.

Should you wish to keep cream for future use add two or three lumps of sugar, cover and set away in a cool pantry.

Omelet is cheaper and much more tender made with water than milk. Before eating canned foods put a bright, clean, steel knife into the can as soon as opened. Leave for a minute, and if ptomaine is present it will be seen on the knife. Throw the contents out and you will escape poisoning.

Do not melt your butter if too hard to serve; just fill a bowl with boiling water, let this stand until the bowl is very hot, throw out the water and turn the hot bowl over your butter. This will not impair the taste or waste the butter.

In making croquettes always use three tablespoons of boiling water to one egg in which to dip them. Beat the water and egg well together and you will find that it answers the purpose just as well as two eggs. Cut your stale bread up in small pieces and crisp in a corn popper, and your croquettes will be made.

When I use half a lemon I place the remaining half on a small saucer, cut side downward, and cover with a tumbler. I also warm a lemon before squeezing, and I find that I get more juice. As potatoes grow old I add a teaspoonful of lemon juice to the water in which they are boiled, and they do not grow dark while cooking.

It is not necessary to use a lot of tea in order to have it strong; just add a teaspoonful of sugar; this opens the leaves and makes it stronger. When a fowl seems tough I add a pinch of soda or a little vinegar to the water in which it is cooked, or I cover it tightly and bake it a whole morning in a moderately hot oven, after adding lard, boiling water, salt and pepper and sprinkling with flour.

### Food Values.

In the present state of the food market it is a wise economy to serve two or three vegetables at dinner and less meat. Those which have the

stood. "Am I still a rich man?"

"The statement is correct, sir," returned Mr. Harker respectfully. "You will find that you have in reality benefitted by his cunning and astuteness, even after the racing debts are fully paid."

Adrien laid the book on the table.

"I am grateful," he said gravely. "But I would leave this room penniless, and gladly, if by so doing I could bring one life back to us." Then, almost overcome by his emotion, he abruptly left the room.

On the morrow, despite all efforts to hush the matter up, the news went flying through the land. Adrien Leroy, the well-beloved of Vanity Fair, had been betrayed by his friend and confidant. Great was the sensation when all the facts came out into the full light, and it was known that Adrien had been saved by the traitor's own daughter, who had given her life that his might be spared.

Mr. Harker was well rewarded for the part he had taken in exposing Jasper Vermont, and preserving the Leroy's from the pitfalls and ruin he had dug for them. All the forged bills were promptly burnt, and there remained only those real amounts that Adrien had signed, and which, all put together, only amounted to but a minute fraction of the supposed sums owing by the young man.

Jessica was buried in Windleham churchyard; the funeral was attended by all the Leroy's, as well as by many of the countryfolk, for her sad little story had become known. Ada Lester was also present; she paid her last visit to the neighborhood of Barmister on that day, and, with a tact most unusual to her, refrained from attracting any attention so far as the Leroy's were concerned.

Well placed now in money matters, and proprietress of the "Casket" Theatre, she settled down to learn the art of acting as well as dancing, and eventually married her business manager. She also undertook to look after her sister, who, however, died shortly afterwards, without ever regaining her memory.

Adrien looked at the man whom she had loved, and the daughter of whose father she had forgotten since the day of her birth.

(To be continued)

## The Housewife's Corner

highest food value are the legumes, peas, beans and lentils, which contain starch, protein and mineral matter. The green vegetables have a large proportion of water, and are principally useful on account of the mineral salts which they contain. Potatoes and other root vegetables are about one-half water, and the dry matter consists of starch, sugar, protein, mineral matter and fat.

### A Cure for Floor Stains.

Should you accidentally spill shoe-blackening on a wooden floor, put a handful of corn-meal on the spot immediately and rub in briskly. Sweep off; not even a sign of the stain will be seen. This will also answer for fruit juices or almost any liquid that leaves a stain. It will also greatly aid in taking up kerosene oil and other grease spots.

### Maple-Sugar Recipes.

**Colonial Bread Cake.**—Two cupsful risen bread-dough, one-half cupful butter, one and one-half cupsful maple-sugar, two eggs, one-half teaspoonful soda, one-fourth teaspoonful cloves, one-half teaspoonful cinnamon, one-half teaspoonful mace, one-half teaspoonful nutmeg, one cupful seeded raisins, one-fourth cupful sliced citron. Take dough, when ready to shape into loaves, add other ingredients, and mix and beat with hands. Turn into tube cake-pan, and when light (it should not quite double in bulk) bake in oven at a little lower temperature than for bread. When cold pour maple frosting over cake and decorate with pecan or hickory nut meats.

**Maple Frosting.**—One cupful maple-sugar, one-half cupful boiling water, whites of two eggs, one-half teaspoonful vanilla. Cook sugar and water without stirring, until syrup threads when dropped from spoon. Pour syrup in a fine stream onto whites of eggs beaten until foamy, beating constantly meanwhile. Set saucepan on range for a moment and continue beating until egg is cooked. Add vanilla, set over cold water, and beat occasionally until cool enough to spread.

**Maple Cookies.**—One cupful maple-sugar, three tablespoonsful butter, one egg, one cupful sour cream, one-half teaspoonful salt, one-half teaspoonful soda, flour, maple-sugar. Cream butter and sugar, add well-beaten egg, cream. Sift soda and salt with a little flour, then add to mixture enough more flour to make of right consistency to drop from spoon. Care should be taken not to get the mixture too stiff. Grate maple-sugar on top of each cookie and bake in moderate oven eight minutes. Cookies should be kept in an air-tight receptacle.

### How To Use Skim Milk.

Many people do not realise how nutritious skim milk is. They imagine that because it so generally has little or no commercial value it is hardly fit for human food. As a food it is not so valuable as whole milk and cannot take the place of the latter in the diet of children. Nevertheless, skim milk can be used to great advantage in combination with other food materials, especially in cooking, and is altogether too valuable to be wasted.

The uses of skimmed milk are many and in cooking it adds to quality as well as to food value. If used in place of water in bread it adds about as much protein to one pound of bread as there is in an egg. Skim milk used in place of the usual half milk and half water, of course increase the quantity of protein in a loaf by the amount that is contained in half an egg. To cook a cupful of cereal in three cupsful of skim milk instead of three of water adds as much protein as that contained in three eggs.

There are many dishes which may be described as vegetable milk soups, usually made by combining milk and the juice and pulp of vegetables. This mixture is then thickened with flour and starch and enriched with butter or other fat. If a fire is kept all the time and the cost of fuel need not be taken into consideration, the following method is recommended as a means of utilizing skim milk: Chop the raw vegetable or cut it into small pieces. Put it with the skim milk into a double boiler and cook until the vegetable is tender. The mixture can then be thickened and enriched as described above. By this method no part of the vegetable is thrown away and the liquid of the soup, instead of being part milk and part water, is all milk. A soup so made, therefore, usually has about twice as much protein as that made in the other way, and has the additional advantage of a particularly good combination of mineral substances, for milk is rich in calcium and phosphorus and the vegetables are rich in iron.

### Inside Information.

The lady bank clerk had completed her first week, and a friend asked her how she liked the work.

"Oh, it's beautiful!" said the girl. "I'm at a branch where nearly all the people we know have accounts, and it's so nice to see how little money some of our friends have in the bank!"

## When you think of Cleaning and Dyeing

Think of PARKER'S

Let us restore to seeming newness your Lace Curtains, Carpets, Blankets and other household and personal effects. The Parker process is thorough; the charge is very moderate, and we pay carriage one way.

Send for our Catalogue on Cleaning and Dyeing.

**PARKER'S DYE WORKS LIMITED**  
791 Yonge Street - Toronto



### HUNDRED YEARS OF PEACE.

Amazing Advances Made During Lifetime of "The Oldest Inhabitant."

Recently, a Mrs. Hastings, native of the State of Massachusetts, U. S. A., celebrated her 104th birthday. The first railway in that part of the world, the Boston and Albany, was not built until twenty years after she was born.

George III. was King of England, Napoleon was Emperor of France, Madison was President of the United States, and the war of 1812 was in progress when Mrs. Hastings began her extraordinarily long life.

She was twenty-five before she ever saw a match. Nor until that age had she ever seen a cook stove. An open fireplace and the hanging crane were universally used. Often has she gone to a neighbor to borrow fire which she carried home by means of her

lighted candle.

The amazing progress of the world is best measured by such a person's life. Mrs. Hastings was well toward womanhood before she saw a gas-light.

The first steamship did not cross the Atlantic until she was old enough to go to school. Men still went to war on horseback or walked. There was no railroad, telephone, telegraph, airship, aeroplane or phonograph. She was past threescore before she saw an electric light. She was beyond fourscore before any of us rode in an automobile. When she was a girl asphalt paving was unknown. She was a woman long before anybody dreamed of an elevator. At her birth, Cooper had not written his first Leatherstocking story. The very oldest of that coterie of renowned authors, including Emerson, Mrs. Stowe, Hawthorne and Whittier, were only children when she was born.

### THREE VITAL QUESTIONS

Are you full of energy, vital force, and general good health? Do you know that good digestion is the foundation of good health? Pains and op-

pression in stomach and chest after eating, with constipation, headache, dizziness, are sure signs of indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup, the great herbal remedy and tonic, will cure you.

**AFTER MEALS TAKE** **MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP** **AND BANISH STOMACH TROUBLES**

At all Drugists, or direct on receipt of price, 50c. and \$1.00. The large bottle contains three times as much as the smaller. A. J. WHITE & CO. LIMITED, 6141 St. Lawrence, Montreal.

## Doctor Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 per cent In One Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

London.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weakness? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me."

A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses."

It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense

of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturer guarantees it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." The Valmar Drug Co., Store 4, Toronto, will fill your orders if your druggist cannot.

**PEDLARS "O SHAWA" SHINGLES**

THE value of your home is judged most often by the wear-resisting qualities of the roof. Get permanence and security into your roof and you add a definite measure of value to your home. PEDLARS' "O SHAWA" SHINGLES give you both, at small cost. Made of specially tested galvanized iron—cannot rust or rot or break away. Easy to put on. Locks weather-tight on all four sides. If you want your home to remain more valuable to you and others for years, it's time you Pedlars your roof with "O SHAWA" Shingles. Write for "The Right Roof" Booklet w w to-day.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE, LIMITED  
(Established 1861)  
Executive Office & Factories:  
OSHAWA, ONT.

Branches:  
Montreal  
Ottawa  
Toronto  
London  
Winnipeg

Made in Two Styles

**DOMINION RUBBER SYSTEM**

Millions of colds start with wet feet, which could and should be prevented by wearing rubbers, rubber farm shoes or high rubber boots.

Through the slop and slush of Spring you can work better, be more comfortable, and enjoy better health, if your feet are protected by rubber footwear bearing one of these famous Trade Marks:

"JACQUES CARTIER" - "GRANBY"  
"MERCHANTS" - "DAISY"  
"MAPLE LEAF" - "DOMINION"

**Canadian Consolidated Rubber Co. LIMITED**  
Largest Manufacturers of Rubber Goods in the British Empire  
EXECUTIVE OFFICES - MONTREAL, P.Q.  
SEVEN LARGE, UP-TO-DATE MANUFACTURING PLANTS IN CANADA  
28 "SERVICE" BRANCHES AND WAREHOUSES THROUGHOUT CANADA

MADE IN CANADA



**Man's Staff of Life** is the whole wheat grain—not the white, starchy centre of the wheat—make no mistake about that—but be sure you get the whole wheat grain in a digestible form.

**Shredded Wheat Biscuit** contains all the tissue-building, energy-creating material in the whole wheat, steam-cooked, shredded and baked. A perfect food for the nourishment of the human body. A better balanced ration than meat, or eggs, or starchy vegetables, supplying the greatest amount of body-building nutriment at lowest cost. For breakfast with milk or cream, or for any meal with fruits. Made in Canada.

## Dainty Afternoon Frocks

The fluffy afternoon frock is to divide honors with sports clothes this season. While we know that sports clothes are all-important, that their charms are indeed legion, and that no woman who considers herself as having the least pretensions to being fashionable will be without a goodly assortment of them this year; yet, in spite of all this, we must acknowledge that there is a touch of severity about them that creates a craving for the contrast of dainty, frilly, lingerie frocks.



A Charming Way of Developing the New Bordered Fabrics

Silk marquisette is combined with charmeuse in many dainty dresses of the more elaborate kind. The former material takes, seemingly, the less important part, but it really is quite important, forming the background, as it were, to bring out the sheer material to greatest advantage. It may be used in a band at the edge of the skirt and in touches on collar and cuffs, or it may be used for a skirt with a long

overdress of the sheer material falling over it. Georgette crepe is another of the dainty materials employed in this manner.

The crepe de Chine dress is to come in for more attention than it has had for a long time. Crepe de Chine is to be one of the most popular fabrics for spring and summer dresses. No one will regret investing in a dress of this material, seeing that it has so many advantages, among them that of being a material which can be laundered very successfully. When so many of the present materials must be dry-cleaned, a dress which can be laundered and look just as fresh as new is a great boon to those whose incomes do not permit of many extravagances.

**Smart Bordered Fabrics** Among the fashionable designs used in dress materials, borders appear very frequently. The bordered fabric with a design scattered all over the surface is one of the most striking of the new effects. Borders on plain materials have been used largely before, and they are again favored this season, but the border around an all-over design is the very newest fashion. Both the embroidered and the printed effects are looked upon with favor. The colors show the same tendencies noted in the other spring and summer materials; that is, they are quite gay and often combine several bright tones.

One of these fascinating bordered fabrics is illustrated in the sketch of an afternoon dress for a young girl. This shows by far the simplest and not the least effective way of using such materials. The border goes around the bottom of the skirt, and makes the belt, and a strip of it is applied around the edges of the sleeves, forming a veritable frame for the figure.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Company, 70 Bond St., Toronto. Dept. W.

## A GOOD MEDICINE FOR THE SPRING

**Do Not Use Harsh Purgatives—A Tonic is All You Need.**

Not exactly sick—but not feeling quite well. That is the way most people feel in the spring. Easily tired, appetite fickle, sometimes headaches, and a feeling of depression. Pimples or eruptions may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order—that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble.

Do not dose yourself with purgatives, as so many people do, in the hope that you can put your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. Any doctor will tell you this is true. What you need in spring is a tonic that will make new blood and build up the nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is the only medicine that can do this speedily, safely and surely. Every dose of this medicine makes new blood which clears the skin, strengthens the appetite and makes tired, depressed men, women and children bright, active and strong. Mrs. Maude Bagg, Lemberg, Sask., says: "I can unhesitatingly recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as a blood builder and tonic. I was very much run down when I began using the Pills, and a few boxes fully restored my health."

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Some Helpful Maxims.

He is truly happy who makes others happy. You can pass into the temple of honor only through the temple of virtue.

Continual cheerfulness is a sign of wisdom.

The goddess of fortune dwells in the feet of the industrious. The goddess of misfortune dwells on the feet of the sluggard.

Clear hands are better than full ones in the sight of God.

Hypocrisy is a sort of homage that vice pays to virtue.

Health and understanding are the two great blessings of life.

Laziness travels so slowly that poverty soon overtakes him.

Nothing is well said or done in a passion.

He that overcomes his passions overcomes his greatest enemies.

Solitude is the despair of fools, the torment of the wicked, and the joy of the good.

It is a principal rule of life not to be too much addicted to any one thing.

Gain got by a lie will burn one's fingers.

A great man scorns to trample on a worm or cringe to an emperor.

Luck will carry a man across the brook if he is not too lazy to leap.

There is no one luckier than he who thinks himself so. Better suffer a great evil than do a little one.

Experience is the father of wisdom and memory the mother.

Doctor—You cough more easily this morning. Patient—I ought to. I practised nearly all night.

Auntie: "Is your father asleep, Elsie?" Elsie: "His eyes is, auntie, but not his nose."

## Tells Just What They Did For Her

**Well Known Lady Makes a Statement Regarding Dodd's Kidney Pills.**

**She Had Numerous Troubles, All of Which Came From Diseased Kidneys and Found a Cure in Dodd's Kidney Pills.**

Ayre's Cliff, Que., Apr. 16th.—(Special).—Mrs. W. Coules Macdonald, of The Farm, a member of one of the oldest families living in this neighborhood has consented to give the public the benefit of her experience with Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"My trouble started from overwork," Mrs. Macdonald states, "and I suffered for two years. I was treated by a doctor, but the results were not satisfactory. My joints were stiff, I had cramps in my muscles, my sleep was broken and unrefreshing and I was heavy and sleepy after meals. I had bad headaches, my appetite was fitful and I was always tired and nervous. I was depressed and low-spirited, I had a bitter taste in my mouth, in the mornings and I was often dizzy."

"I perspired with the least exertion and I often had sharp pressure or pain on the top of the head. Then rheumatism was added to my troubles. I have taken just two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and they have done me good, not only in one way, but in many. Even my rheumatism is much better."

Mrs. Macdonald's symptoms all showed that her kidneys were wrong. If you have similar symptoms try Dodd's Kidney Pills.

### ARSENICAL FLY POISON.

**Warning on the Danger of Using Poison Composed of Arsenic.**

Dr. Ernest A. Sweet, Past Assistant Surgeon, United States Public Health Service, is the author of a government health bulletin on "The Transmission of Disease by Flies," which contains a timely warning on the dangers of arsenic fly poison. Dr. Sweet considers their use a menace which threatens every home. That the fly poison peril is a real one is proved by the fact that the American Press has recorded 106 child poisoning cases in the last three years.

Dr. Sweet advises his readers to destroy flies some other way than with arsenical fly poison. He says: "Of other fly poisons mentioned, mention should be made, merely for the purpose of condemnation, of those composed of arsenic. Fatal cases of poisoning of children through the use of such compounds are far too frequent, and owing to the resemblance of arsenical poisoning to summer diarrhoea and cholera infantum, we believe that the cases reported do not, by any means, comprise the total. Arsenical fly destroying devices must, therefore, be rated as extremely dangerous and should never be used, even if other measures are not at hand."

The Japanese do not sleep on European beds, but on many thick, soft puffs piled one on top of each other upon the floor. For bed covering they use more of the same kinds of puffs. It is said that the Japanese emperor has twenty such puffs. One of those which covers him is made in the shape of a kimono and has a velvet collar. Probably he creeps inside of this, if he feels cold in the night.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Teacher: "Robert, how is it you haven't learnt your lesson?" It couldn't have been so very hard to learn." Bobby: "No, please, teacher; it wasn't because it was so hard to learn, but because it was so easy to forget."

### When Your Eyes Need Care

Use Murine Eye Medicine. No Smarting—Feels Fine—Acts Quickly. Try it for Red, Weak, Sore Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine is compounded by our Oculists—not a "Patent Medicine"—but used in successful Physicians' Practice for many years. Now dedicated to the Public and sold by Druggists at 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Aseptic Tubes, 50c and 50c. Write for Book of the Eye Free. Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago. Adv.

The birds are arriving in town and countryside. Why not kill the worthless alley cat and at least bell the petted house cat?

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

### Peculiar Bird.

The mound bird of Australia makes a large mound sometimes 150 feet in circumference, and its eggs are deposited in it at a depth of five or six feet.

## ZAM-BUK

Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring Antiseptic—Stops blood-poison Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc. Pure—Best for baby's rashes. Heals all sores.

50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

ISSUE No.

## ENTERPRISE YALTY.

Long List of Eng. and Mch. Who Are

The King of Serbia is the proprietor of a large motor and bicycle factory near Madrid. The Kaiser runs a cafe at Potsdam, close to his castle-gates. His All-Highest also receives dividends from a large beer brewery in Hanover; and he is the sole owner of the big and flourishing porcelain works at Cadinen, which return him a profit of about 9 per cent. on a capital of \$500,000.

King Peter of Serbia owns a shaving saloon and chemist's shop in Belgrade. Before the war, his majesty was the agent for a well-known French motor car. The Queen of Holland supplies from her dairy, near the palace at Het Loo, a large proportion of milk consumed by buyers in Amsterdam. The King of Wurtemberg draws a net profit of at least \$50,000 a year from the hotels he runs in the Beach Forest.

The beautiful Queen of sorely-stricken Rumania started, a few years ago, a factory for manufacturing toothpicks. So successful was this enterprise before the war, that her majesty was able to make quite a comfortable income out of it.

The Czar of Russia is a timber merchant. The Duke of Wurtemberg owns perhaps the largest corset factory in the world. The Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar is a butcher, and, like all Huns, does a flourishing business. The Archduchess Frederick of Austria invested nearly \$2,500,000 in a candle-making factory near Budapest. The King of Denmark confines his commercial ventures to the stock exchange, and has made many considerable "deals."

The King of Sweden has a large interest in a Stockholm brewery. A large brandy distillery fascinates the new Emperor of Austria, who has put quite a large sum of money into this industry, which thrives remarkably well in the ramshackle empire. King Albert of Belgium, when a young man, courted fickle fortune as a reporter on an American paper at a salary of \$15 a week. The King of Bulgaria enjoys the reputation of being the shrewdest and wildest of all royal business men. He owns theatres, cinemas, tobacco factories, dairies, and has made considerable sums on the Austrian stock exchange.

### The Largest Tree.

It is said the largest tree known, in thickness, is a partly decayed chestnut in Sicily, which is sixty feet across. Mexican cypress and the Oriental plane have reached forty feet. This puts the California big tree and the baobab in the background, but the big tree is of greater bulk in combined height and girth and the baobab is thickest in relation to height.

## BABY'S OWN TABLETS AN EXCELLENT REMEDY

When the baby is ill—when he is constipated, has indigestion; colds, simple fevers or any other of the many minor ills of little ones—the mother will find Baby's Own Tablets an excellent remedy. They regulate the stomach and bowels thus banishing the cause of most of the ills of childhood. Concerning them Mrs. Paul Dinette, Cheneville, Que., writes: "I can recommend Baby's Own Tablets to all mothers as I have used them for my little one for constipation and diarrhoea and have found them an excellent remedy." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

### Where the Mother Was.

A young lady was walking in the country one day, when she came upon a boy about to climb a tree. There was a nest in the tree, and from a certain angle it was possible to see in it three eggs.

"You wicked little boy!" said the girl, "are you going up there to rob that nest?"

"I am," the boy replied coolly.

"How can you?" she exclaimed.

"Think how the mother will grieve over the loss of her eggs."

"Oh, she won't care," said the boy; "she's up there in your hat."

I consider MINARD'S LINIMENT the BEST Liniment in use.

I got my foot badly jammed lately. I bathed it with MINARD'S LINIMENT, and it was as well as ever next day.

Yours very truly,

T. G. McMULLEN.

### Girls of Chili.

The Chilean girl's reason for being is marriage, and one of her earliest lessons is that woman's place is indeed the home and that man is ordained her master. Old maids have a particularly horrid time in Chili and most of them take the view that there is little else for them to do but to become school teachers. No other career is open for a girl who does not marry. We have lawyers, doctors, clerks and practising

Minard's Liniment

## GILLETT'S LYE

HAS NO EQUAL

It not only softens the water but doubles the cleansing power of soap, and makes everything sanitary and wholesome.

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

### Careless.

It is the law of a school in a town near Boston that only children born in that town shall attend. One little girl in this town was born while her parents were at their vacation in the country. This made her ineligible as a pupil of this school. In telling a playmate about it when she was old enough to understand the situation the child said:—

"You see, I was born while I was on my vacation."

## PAIN? NOT A BIT! LIFT YOUR CORNS OR CALLUSES OFF

No humbug! Apply few drops then just lift them away with fingers.

This new drug is an ether compound discovered by a Cincinnati chemist. It is called freezone, and can now be obtained in tiny bottles as here shown at very little cost from any drug store.

Just ask for freezone. Apply a drop or two directly upon a tender corn or callus and instantly the soreness disappears. Shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it off, root and all, with the fingers.

Not a twinge of pain, soreness or irritation; not even the slightest smarting, either when applying freezone or afterwards.

This drug doesn't eat up the corn or callus, but shrivels them so they loosen and come right out. It is no humbug! It works like a charm. For a few cents you can get rid of every hard corn, soft corn or corn between the toes, as well as painful calluses on bottom of your feet. It never disappoints and never burns, bites or inflames. If your druggist hasn't any freezone yet, tell him to get a little bottle for you from his wholesale house.

After Brazil, Colombia exports more coffee than any other country. Its annual shipments being about 132,000,000 pounds. This amount is reported to be produced by 125,000,000 coffee plants, and each plant is valued at 30 cents.

### MONEY ORDERS

PAY your out of town accounts by Dominion Express Money Orders. Five dollars costs three cents.

It is stated that the amount subscribed by Dublin to the War Loan was in the neighborhood of £10,000.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

John Herbert Pollock, Deanfield, has been appointed a justice of the peace for the county of Londonderry.



## For Stiff Neck

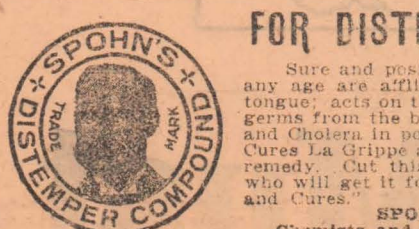
Apply Sloan's Liniment without rubbing to the sore leaders and the pain will soon be relieved.

For rheumatic aches, neuralgia, gout, lumbago, bruises, strains, sprains and muscle stiffness, have a bottle handy.

Quickly penetrates and soothes, cleaner than mucous plasters or ointments, does not stain the skin.

At all druggists, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00.

## Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN



### Their Bond of Sympathy.

The taxi swayed and narrowly missed a policeman, then swerved again as it dashed past another taxi, and in so doing just escaped collision with a lamp post.

"Please be careful," pleaded the lady occupant of the cab. "This is the first time I have ever ridden in a taxi."

"Madame, you have my sympathy," gasped the driver. "This is the first time I ever drove one."

### NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 Adelaide Street, Toronto.

### MISCELLANEOUS

BICYCLES, NEW AND SECOND Hand. \$12.00 up. Send for special price list. Varsity Cycle Works, 413 Spadina Ave., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

## "Clean All" BOILER COMPOUND

For All Boiler Feed Waters

Cyclone Shaking and Dumping Grate Bars for all requirements. Canadian Steam Boiler Equipment Co., Limited

Tel. Gerrard 3660 Toronto

## When buying your Piano insist on having an "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

## BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed

Mailed free to any address by the Author

H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc. 118 West 31st Street, New York

## DON'T CUT OUT A Shoe Boil, Capped Hock or Bursitis

## FOR ABSORBINE

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2 a bottle delivered. Book 6 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., for mankind, the antiseptic liniment for Boils, Bruises, Sore Throats, Varicose Veins, Allays Pain and Inflammation. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Will tell you more if you write.

W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 516 Lyons Bldg., Montreal, Can. Absorbine and Absorbine, Jr., are made in Canada.

## EAGLE MOTOR STYLE

Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE

showing our full line of Bicycles for Men and Women, Boys and Girls—Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps, Bells, Cyclometers, Saddles, Equipment and Parts for Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices.

T. W. BOYD & SON, 27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.



MAKES HARNESS PLIABLE

**EUREKA HARNESS OIL**

softens harness, makes it tougher, stronger.

Penetrates into the leather, closing the pores to water—leather's greatest enemy.

THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY, Limited Branches Throughout Canada

## PINK EYE, BRISCEOTIC, SHIPPING FEVER, and CATARRHAL FEVER.

Sure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are afflicted or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the blood and glands; expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings, and is a fine Kidney remedy. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper, Causes and Cures."

SPOHN MEDICAL COMPANY, Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.



Scientific facts prove the drug, caffeine, in tea and coffee is harmful to many, while the pure food-drink—

## POSTUM

is not only free from drugs, but is economical, delicious and nourishing.

Made of wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, Postum is highly recommended by physicians for those with whom tea or coffee disagrees.

Postum is especially suitable for children.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers.



# Famine and World-Hunger Are On Our Threshold



*"in the nation's honour, heed!  
Acquit yourselves like men.  
As workers on the land, do your  
duty with all your strength!"*  
—Lloyd George.

## THE CRISIS

France, England and Italy in peace times did not depend upon America but on Russia, Roumania and Bulgaria for most of their breadstuffs. With these sources closed the crisis of the hour demands that we see that our soldiers and the Motherland are fed.

Everyone in Great Britain has been put on limited rations: meat is prohibited one day a week and the making of cakes and pastry has been stopped. Further restrictions are anticipated.

Bread has gone to 28c per four-pound loaf in England, for the first time since the Crimean War.

Lord Devonport, British Food Comptroller, proposes taking authority to search the houses of Great Britain to prevent food hoarding.

Forty million men, less the casualties, are now on active service.

Twenty million men and women are supporting them by service in other war activities.

In the last analysis, the land is bearing this burden.

One million tons of food-carrying ships have been torpedoed since February 1st, 1917.

Germany's hope for victory is in the starvation of Britain through the submarine.

Canada's sons will have died in vain if hunger compels the Motherland's surrender.

The land is waiting—the plough is ready—will we make the plough mightier than the sword?

Will we help the acres to save the flag?

## World-Hunger Stares Us in the Face

David Lubin, representative of the United States to the International Institute of Agriculture—maintained by forty Governments—reports officially to Washington that the food grains of the world on March 31st, 1917, showed a shortage of 150,000,000 bushels below the amount necessary to feed the world until August, 1917. He declares it is beyond question that unless a greater acreage is put to crop in 1917 there will be WORLD-HUNGER before the 1918 crop is harvested.

The failure of the grain crop in the Argentine Republic, which is ordinarily a great grain-exporting nation, resulted in an embargo being placed, in March, 1917, upon the export of grains from that country to avert local famine.

The United States Department of Agriculture, in its official report, announces the condition of the fall wheat crop (which is two-thirds of their total wheat crop) on April 1st, 1917, to be the poorest ever recorded and predicts a yield of 244,000,000 bushels below the crop of 1915. The 1916 crop was poor. Even with favorable weather, the wheat crop of the United States is likely to be the smallest in thirty-five years, not more than 64% of the normal crop.

Under date of April 10th, Ogden Armour, executive head of Armour & Company, one of the world's largest dealers in food products, stated that unless the United States wishes to walk deliberately into a catastrophe, the best brains of the country, under Government supervision, must immediately devise means of increasing and conserving food supplies. Armour urged the cultivation of every available acre. The food shortage, he said, is world-wide. European production is cut in half, the Argentine Republic has suffered droughts. Canada and the United States must wake up!



**Hunger  
Tightening  
His  
Grip**  
—New York  
Evening Mail

People are starving to-day in Belgium, in Serbia, in Poland, in Armenia, in many quarters of the globe.

Famine conditions are becoming more wide-spread every day.

On these alarming food conditions becoming known, President Wilson immediately appointed a Food Comptroller for the United States. He selected Herbert C. Hoover, to whom the world is indebted as Chairman of the International Belgium Relief Commission for his personal direction of the distribution of food among the starving Belgians.

Mr. Hoover is already urging sacrifice and food restrictions, for, as he states, "The war will probably last another year and we shall have all we can do to supply the necessary food to carry our Allies through with their full fighting stamina."

## The Problem for Ontario

The land under cultivation in Ontario in 1916 was 365,000 acres less than in 1915.

Consider how much LESS Ontario produced in 1916 than she raised in 1915:

	Year	Acres	Bushels	1916 DECREASE	
Fall Wheat	1916	704,867	11,942,060	105,315	9,784,961
	1915	811,185	24,727,011		
Barley and Oats	1916	529,886	12,388,969	24,432	7,504,160
	1915	554,318	19,893,129		
Peanut and Beans	1916	95,542	1,243,979	31,401	799,070
	1915	126,943	2,043,049		
Corn	1916	258,832	12,717,072	51,441	9,043,424
	1915	309,773	21,760,496		
Potatoes and Carrots	1916	139,523	7,408,429	34,411	5,858,594
	1915	173,934	13,267,023		
Mangel-Wurzel and Turnips	1916	42,793	9,756,015	8,006	15,600,308
	1915	50,799	25,356,323		

Other crops show as critical decline.

Reports from Ontario on the condition of fall wheat for 1917 are decidedly discouraging.

As there is an average of not more than one man on each hundred acres of farm land in Ontario, the prospects indicate even a still smaller acreage under cultivation in 1917 unless extra labor is supplied.



—Photo from London (Esp.) Bylander.

## A 15-year Old Girl at Work

Miss Alexandra Smith, one of the thousands of British women workers on the land. She recently won an All-Comers' Champion prize for plowing.

## Food Production is the Greatest Problem the World Faces To-day

Owing to destruction by submarines, ocean ships are scarce.

It is much easier to protect shipping between Canada and England than on the longer voyages from India or Australia.

One vessel can make twice as many trips from Canada to Britain as from India, and four times as many as from Australia.

Therefore, every ton of food stuffs grown in Canada is worth to the Motherland two tons grown in India or four tons grown in Australia.

## Why the Call to Canada is So Urgent

If this country does not raise a big crop this year, not only will the people of Canada suffer but the Motherland and her Allies will suffer and their military power will be weakened if not paralyzed. Therefore, the right solution of the present war problem comes back to the farm, as to a foundation upon which our whole national and international structure must be built and maintained.



**The  
Second-  
Line  
Trenches**

—McCay in  
The New York  
American.

The farmers know that they are the last reserve, and that the soil on which crops are grown is the strategic ground on which wars are decided. To their care is entrusted the base of supplies.

To enable the farm to do the work two factors are essential. The first is Time. Whatever we are to do must be done at once. Nature waits for no man. The second is Labor. Many farmers cannot plant the acres they would because they cannot get the necessary help. Many are afraid to increase their acreage because they fear they would not be able to cultivate and harvest an unusual crop after they have raised it. If they are to do the work that is essential for them to do, the last man in each city, town and village must be mobilized at once.

Every man not on Active Service can help. In every city, town and village are men who, by their training on the farm, or by their present occupation, can readily adapt themselves to farm work. These can render no greater service to the Empire at the present time than by answering the call of the farm. Capable men and boys willing to learn should not allow their lack of farm experience to stand in the way.

Can the employer render a more signal service in this crisis than by encouraging these men to help the farmer to cultivate every available acre, and by making it easy for them to go?

Ontario's farm lands are waiting—the implements are ready—the equipment is complete—the farmer is willing—all he needs is labor.

So short is the world's food supply that without increased production many in Canada must go hungry, and even with enormously increased production we cannot expect cheap food. The world is waiting for our harvest.

If peace should be declared within a year, the food conditions will be no better, for the accumulated hunger of the Central Empires must be met. This will absorb a large part of the world's supply.

We do not know when this war shall cease. It is endless—its lengthening out has paralyzed the thought and conception of all men who thought about it and its possible time of conclusion. Three months—six months, we said; nine months, a year, we said; and yet two years and eight months have passed, their long dreary and sanguinary length and there is no man who can tell how long this gigantic struggle may yet last.

Lloyd George, in a letter addressed to farmers throughout the Empire, said:

*"The line which the British Empire holds against the Germans is held by those who WORK ON THE LAND as well as by those who fight on land and sea. If it breaks at any point it breaks everywhere. In the face of the enemy the seamen of our Royal naval and mercantile marine and the soldiers gathered from every part of our Empire hold our line firstly. You workers on land must hold your part of our line as strongly. Every full day's labor you do helps to shorten the struggle and brings us nearer victory. Every idle day, all loitering, lengthens the struggle and makes defeat more possible. Therefore, in the nation's honour, heed! Acquit yourselves like men, and as workers on land do your duty with all your strength!"*

So, for the honor of Canada's soldiers in France—and for the glory of our New-born Nationhood—let it be said of Ontario's citizens that, in the hour of our greatest need, their response was worthy of their sons.

We owe a great debt to those who are fighting for us.

## Organization of Resources Committee, Parliament Buildings, Toronto.

Chairman: His Honour, Sir John S. Hendrie, K.C.M.G., C.V.O., Lieutenant-Governor of Ontario; Vice-Chairmen: Honourable Sir William H. Hearst, K.C.M.G., Prime Minister of Ontario; N. W. Rowell, Esq., K.C., Leader of the Opposition; Secretary: Albert H. Abbott, Esq., Ph.D.

# We Must Produce More Food