

LOOK AT THE LABEL

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THE LEADER

The Leader

Our JOB PRINTING is the kind that PARTICULAR PEOPLE LIKE. It is done promptly and satisfies you when you receive the work.

Vol. XI, No 40

MORRISBURG, ONT., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1911.

Local and General

Whitaker, the Optician, will be at Morrisburg, Sept. 30 to Oct. 7.

Miss Lillian Morton, of Montreal, is visiting Mrs. John Morton.

Secure your seats at Chalmers for "The Private Secretary" for next Thursday, Oct. 12th.

Miss Jennie Dillen returned on Wednesday evening after spending several weeks visiting in Ottawa.

Mr. V. Fallon, of the Fallon Dredge Co., who are working in the canal here, spent Sunday in Montreal.

Mrs. Adam Moore returned last week after spending three weeks visiting friends in Bellefontaine, Ohio.

Mr. Andrew Aikman, of Amsterdam, N.Y., arrived home Sunday afternoon for a few days with his family.

Mr. S. O. Casselman went to Ogdensburg to day to meet his wife and daughter, who have been on an extended visit at Syracuse, N.Y.

By the will of the late John H. Meikle, the Cornwall Hospital will be benefitted to the extent of \$500. He also left an amount for Presbyterian Home Missions.

Mrs. E. H. Wellington and son, Joe, leave for Montreal on Friday and will sail on the steamer Canada on Saturday morning for South Wales to join her husband who left a couple of weeks previous.

Mr. E. J. Frenette, the new livy-man, is this week moving his household effects into Mrs. George Bradford's house on Main street, where they will reside. Mrs. Frenette arrived in town last week from Ottawa.

"The Private Secretary" comes to the Music Hall next Thursday, October 12, direct from His Majesty's Theatre, Montreal. The company is composed entirely of English actors and actresses—always acknowledged superior to the American stage people. There are 16 people, complete set of scenery and some beautiful costumes.

Miss Neva Rooks, graduate nurse of Michael Reese Hospital, Chicago, who has been spending a fortnight's vacation at her parental home here, returned on Monday evening of this week to resume her duties, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. Sydney Rooks. The latter goes to visit her daughter, Mrs. Gensfeldter and baby Alice.

The steamer Pellatt is still aground near Iroquois. On Saturday the Calvin Company's tug Frontenac and Johnson, and the Donnelly Wrecking Company's steamer Saginaw failed to pull her off, and further assistance was needed. On Saturday afternoon the Calvin Co. sent another "blue barge" as a lighter to take the cargo off. The Pellatt has been in her perilous position since Sept. 19.

His Honor Judge Liddell has delivered judgment in the case of Ralph Summers vs. Edgar Vanallen, tried at the last sittings of the Division Court here. The judge's finding was in favor of the plaintiff for \$26, the full amount of his claim, and costs, except witness fees, and the defendant's counter claim for \$175, the value of the horse that died, is dismissed. R. F. Lyle for plaintiff, and A. Flynn for defendant.

Freeholder:—Louis Edward Haines, son of the late Captain George Haines, sr., and Miss Louise Lalonde, sister of Robert Lalonde of the Empire House, Cornwall, were married at the Church of the Nativity on Tuesday, Sept. 26th, by Rev. Father McMillan. Owing to a recent bereavement in the groom's family, the wedding was a very quiet affair. The bride was gown in navy blue broad cloth with a black hat with willow plumes. She received many valuable presents.

Some time ago H. C. Jones, editor of the Eastern Ontario Review of Vankleek Hill, published some of the history of Judge Constantineau of Prescott and Russell, which that gentleman considered a reflection on his character, and had the editor indicted for criminal libel. Mr. Jones declined to apologize and was prepared to justify his remarks at the Assize Court at L'Orignal last Tuesday week. Judge Constantineau failed to appear, and Mr. Jones was honorably discharged by Judge Latchford, all the costs of both parties being assessed against Judge Constantineau. They will be heavy.

The ladies of the Women's Institute met with such a generous response to the appeal for donations in aid of the Cornwall General Hospital, that they have decided to undertake the work again this year. Members of the Institute have been appointed to canvass the different districts in town and country, to secure donations for this most worthy and deserving institution. The Cornwall-General Hospital is not endowed, and has to depend greatly for support on the gifts of the public, who need only to be reminded that an opportunity will be given to help this most worthy work. All contributions to be left at the Agricultural Office, Morrisburg, October 13th and 14th, 1911, where they will be repacked and sent to their destination.

S. O. Casselman, Grocer, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Morrisburg, Ont.

See "The Private Secretary" at the Music Hall next Thursday, Oct. 12th.

Miss Grace Spetsinger, of Cornwall, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George H. Merkle.

Mrs. D. T. Henderson and little daughter left on Sunday for an extended visit to Montreal.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Boyd, of Algonquin, visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Barr, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. David Simpson returned to Montreal on Tuesday after spending a week visiting Miss Jennie Burris.

Miss Kathleen Wingard returned from the west yesterday, where she has been teaching during the university holidays.

The Morrisburg Social Dancing Club will hold an assembly in Casselman's hall on Friday evening, October 6th. Hulme's Family Orchestra will furnish music. Dancing will commence at 8.30 sharp.

The athletes of the Morrisburg Collegiate Institute journeyed to Iroquois yesterday and cleaned up everything in connection with the High School sports of that town except the pool vault. Our boys and girls, of course, feel jubilant.

Mr. C. E. Casselman has installed an electric motor and grinder at his place of business—the Molsons Bank old stand—and is prepared to do custom grinding at a moments notice. Satisfaction guaranteed. 37d

James H. Botsford, of the legal firm of Buell & Botsford, of Brockville, a bright and promising young lawyer and a former member of Brockville's town council, is dead. He was a member of C. M. B. A. and Knights of Columbus. The funeral on Tuesday was largely attended.

Rev. J. T. Pitcher, a Methodist minister well known in these parts, having had charges here and at Iroquois, but now located at Gananoque, is undergoing treatment at Dr. Myers' sanitarium in Toronto. All will regret to learn that he suffered a slight stroke of paralysis the latter part of last week, at that institution.

Richard Brownbridge, for the past eighteen months proprietor of the St. Lawrence Hall, Brockville, made an assignment on Saturday last to Sheriff McCammon. The Hall has been doing business in Brockville for over fifty years. W. H. Comstock, the owner, now contemplates making it into an apartment house.

Mrs. Alex. Dickson, of Lancaster, aged 81 years, passed away on Sunday, September 24th. She leaves to mourn her loss one brother, James Dickson, of Glasgow, Scotland, and three sons. The sons are John Dickson, of Kerrobert, Sask.; William Dickson, of Winchester, and Alexander Dickson, of Lancaster. The funeral took place on the Tuesday following, service being conducted by Rev. J. U. Tanner, B.A., pastor of St. Andrew's church.

The Lancaster correspondent of the Cornwall Freeholder thus writes in last week's issue of that paper:—"Among the passengers sailing from Quebec last Friday by the C. P. R. steamer Empress of Ireland, were John L. McLennan and Guy Stuart McLennan, Ridgewood. The former, who has taken a course at the Royal Military College, Kingston, will continue his military training in the Imperial army, while the latter will resume his college studies near London.

Cornwall Freeholder:—"A very pretty house wedding took place on Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 27th, at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Glasgow, Water street, when their daughter, Rose, became the bride of Walter Scott Smyth, son of Chief of Police Smyth. The house was prettily decorated with carnations, asters and ferns. The bride, who was given away by her father, was unattended. She wore a gown of elegantly embroidered Brussels net over silk and carried a shower bouquet of white carnations and maiden hair fern. After the ceremony, at which Rev. Dr. Harkness officiated, luncheon was served, and the young couple left on the 4.10 p.m. express on a wedding trip to New York, Boston, Mass., Lewiston, Me., and other points east.

Three 15-year old boys from Brockville, named Gilmour Fox, William Murray and Terrance McGuire, were locked up on Saturday afternoon by Chief Stone, having come down on a freight train. Young Fox had a 32-calibre revolver and a box of cartridges on him. They claimed to have got on the freight to go to get some butternuts, but were unable to get off, it being a fast freight, until Morrisburg was reached. They were detained until the 10.13 train, Chief Stone in the meantime having telephoned Chief Burke, who in turn saw the parents of the lads, and they asked that they be sent home. They were all allowed to go but Fox signed a document showing that he pleaded guilty to carrying a concealed weapon, and Magistrate Eager fined him \$5 and costs, being the minimum fine for such an offence.

BORN

Armstrong—At Morrisburg, Ont., on Friday, Sept. 29th, 1911, to Mr. and Mrs. Harry Armstrong, a daughter.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

CANADIAN POLITICAL HISTORY

Standing of the Parties Since Confederation With the Names of the Premiers—Those Who Have Represented Dundas County Since That Time.

The following political figures will prove of interest to those who keep a scrap book:—

1867	Minist'l	Oppo.
Ontario.....	47	36
Quebec.....	45	20
Nova Scotia.....	3	16
New Brunswick.....	7	8

Conservative majority—22.

1872	Cons.	Libs.
Ontario.....	38	50
Quebec.....	38	27
Nova Scotia.....	11	10
New Brunswick.....	7	1
Manitoba.....	3	1
British Columbia.....	6	0

Conservative majority—6.

1874	Libs.	Cons.
Ontario.....	64	24
Quebec.....	33	32
Nova Scotia.....	17	4
New Brunswick.....	11	5
Prince Edward Island.....	6	0
Manitoba.....	2	2
British Columbia.....	0	6

Liberal majority—60.

1878	Cons.	Libs.
Ontario.....	59	29
Quebec.....	45	20
Nova Scotia.....	14	7
New Brunswick.....	5	11
Prince Edward Island.....	5	3
Manitoba.....	3	1
British Columbia.....	6	0

Conservative majority—68.

1882	Cons.	Libs.
Ontario.....	54	38
Quebec.....	48	27
Nova Scotia.....	15	6
New Brunswick.....	10	6
Prince Edward Island.....	4	2
Manitoba.....	2	3
British Columbia.....	6	0

Conservative majority—67.

1887	Cons.	Libs.
Ontario.....	54	38
Quebec.....	36	29
Nova Scotia.....	14	7
New Brunswick.....	10	6
Prince Edward Island.....	0	6
Manitoba.....	4	1
Northwest Territories.....	4	0
British Columbia.....	6	0

Conservative majority—41.

1891	Cons.	Libs.
Ontario.....	48	44
Quebec.....	30	35
Nova Scotia.....	16	5
New Brunswick.....	13	3
Prince Edward Island.....	2	4
Manitoba.....	4	1
Northwest Territories.....	4	0
British Columbia.....	6	0

Conservative majority—31.

1896	Lib.	Con.	Pat.	Ind.
Ontario.....	43	44	3	2
Quebec.....	49	16	0	0
Nova Scotia.....	10	10	0	0
New Brunswick.....	5	9	0	0

Mr. Broder's Majority

The majority for Mr. Broder, as declared by Returning Officer W. L. Redmond, is 644. The Leader's figures last week were correct in all polls with the exception of Limerick, which should have read, Broder 42, Campbell 44, instead of 58 for Mr. Broder and 38 for Mr. Campbell. The returning officer's figures show that Mr. Broder had 2262, while Mr. Campbell had 1618, and that there were 19 rejected ballots and 21 spoiled ones.

A PUZZLER

A Chance for Those Who Have Figured on "How Old Was Ann?"

New Castle, Ind., Sept. 30.—Harvey Yauky, a wealthy farmer living near here, is trying to figure what kin he is to his wife. This comes about through the issuance of a marriage license to the father of Mr. Yauky, Jacob Yauky, and Mrs. Jane Doctor, mother of Mrs. Harvey Yauky. It is simply a case of Harvey Yauky's father marrying Harvey Yauky's mother-in-law. Yauky figures that his wife is his stepsister, that her father is his father-in-law, and Mrs. Harvey Yauky's mother is her mother-in-law. Yauky's mother-in-law is also his stepmother, and Mrs. Yauky's stepfather is likewise her father-in-law.

A Correction

The late Mr. Allan S. Ault, of Toronto, was a son of the late Samuel Ault, of Aultsville, at one time mem-

Prince Edward Is.	2	3	0	0
Manitoba.....	3	4	0	0
N. W. Territories.....	3	1	0	0
Brit. Columbia.....	4	2	0	0

Liberal majority—35.

1900	Lib.	Con.	Ind.	Lab.
Ontario.....	37	54	1	0
Quebec.....	58	7	0	0
Nova Scotia.....	15	5	0	0
New Brunswick.....	9	5	0	0
Prince Edward Is.	3	2	0	0
Manitoba.....	2	3	1	1
N. W. Territories.....	4	0	0	0
Brit. Columbia.....	3	2	0	1

Liberal majority—53.

1904	Libs.	Cons.
Ontario.....	38	48
Quebec.....	54	11
Nova Scotia.....	18	0
New Brunswick.....	7	6
Prince Edward Island.....	1	3
Manitoba.....	6	4
N. W. Territories.....	8	2
British Columbia.....	6	1
Yukon.....	0	1

Liberal majority—62.

1908	Libs.	Cons.
Ontario.....	37	49
Quebec.....	54	11
Nova Scotia.....	13	6
New Brunswick.....	11	2
Prince Edward Island.....	3	1
Manitoba.....	2	8
Saskatchewan.....	9	1
Alberta.....	4	3
British Columbia.....	1	6
Yukon.....	1	0

Liberal majority—47.

CABINETS SINCE CONFEDERATION
The first Macdonald Ministry—1867-1873.
The Mackenzie Ministry—1873-1878.
The second Macdonald ministry—1878-1891.
The Abbott Ministry—1891-1892.
The Thompson Ministry—1892-1894.
The Bowell Ministry—1894-1896.
The Tupper Ministry—1896-1906.
The Laurier Ministry—1896-1911.
The Borden Ministry—1911.

PREMIERS OF CANADA
Sir John A. Macdonald.
Hon. Alex. Mackenzie.
Sir John J. C. Abbott.
Sir John Thompson.
Sir Mackenzie Bowell.
Sir Charles Tupper.
Sir Wilfrid Laurier.
Hon. Robt. L. Borden.

GENERAL ELECTION DATES
1867—Aug. 7 to Sept. 20.
1873—July 20.
1874—January 23.
1878—September 17.
1882—June 20.
1887—February 22.
1891—March 5.
1896—June 23.
1900—November 7.
1904—November 3.
1908—October 26.
1911—September 21.

ELECTED IN DUNDAS COUNTY
1867-72—John S. Ross.
1873-78—William Gibson.
1878-82—John S. Ross.
1882-91—Dr. C. H. Hickey.
1891-96—H. H. Ross.
1896-1911—Andrew Broder.

ber of Parliament for the county of Stormont. Deceased is survived by his widow, his aged mother and four sisters. Mrs. R. E. Gibson, Miss Ada and Miss Mary Ault, residing in Morrisburg; Mrs. C. C. Ray, of Ottawa; and two brothers, Dr. E. D. Ault, of Acton, Ont., and William H. Ault, of Ottawa. His brother George, of Chicago, pre-deceased him a little over a year ago.

OPENING OF NEW RAILWAY

CANADIAN NORTHERN ONTARIO RAILWAY OPEN FIRST SECTION OF THEIR TORONTO-MONTREAL LINE MONDAY, THE 9TH.

The first section of the Toronto-Montreal line, 110 miles, has been finally approved by the Railway Commission and will be opened for traffic between Toronto and Trenton on Monday, the 9th, with a double passenger train service daily except Sunday. Trains will leave Union Station, Toronto, 9.30 a.m. and 6.30 p.m., arriving at the Central Ontario Station in the city of Trenton at respectively 1.20 and 10.20 p.m., leaving Trenton 9.10 a.m. and 5.40 p.m., arriving Toronto 1.00 p.m. and 9.30 p.m. This double service will be maintained with entirely new standard equipment, including dining and parlor cars.

The new line is exceedingly well built and opens up considerable fruit country which was formerly without direct service and also affords an improved service between Toronto and such points as Cherrywood, Brooklyn, Oshawa, Bowmanville, Orono, Port Hope, Cobourg, Grafton, Colborne, Brighton, Picton and points on the Central Ontario Railway.

S. S. CONVENTION

Williamsburg Township Association Held Session at Winchester Springs.

The annual convention of the Williamsburg township Sunday School Association was held in the Presbyterian church, Winchester Springs, on Monday, Oct. 2nd. The meeting opened at 7.30, Rev. H. Cameron, president, in the chair. The program arranged for was carried out, and, in addition, the Rev. R. J. Glassford, Provincial Field Secretary, gave a very helpful address on some phases of school work. Rev. S. F. Newton, of Elma, was elected president; Mrs. Orin Becker, of Williamsburg, secretary-treasurer; and on invitation of Mr. Robinson, Grantley was chosen as the next place of meeting. It was agreed to give the usual grant of twenty dollars to the county association.

The 34th annual meeting of the Dundas County Sunday School Association was held at Winchester Springs on Tuesday, Oct. 3rd, three services being held:—at 9.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. in Methodist church, and at 7.30 p.m. in Presbyterian church. The Rev. W. A. Morrison, of South Mountain, president, occupied the chair. The services of this convention were all well attended, and the services most helpful and inspiring. Rev. Mr. Glassford, who was present instead of Rev. Mr. Halpenny, gave vigorous, timely and inspiring addresses at each service, the addresses of the morning and afternoon being devoted to the four corner stones of successful Sunday School work, these being (1) the minister, (2) the home, (3) the superintendent, (4) the teacher. Each of these thoughts was cleverly worked out and the addresses were most impressive. With very few exceptions those whose names were on the program, were present, and no time was lost. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—President, Rev. Mr. Stephens, Chesterville; Vice-President, Rev. J. R. McCrimmon, B.D., Williamsburg; Sec'y-Treas., Mr. Jackson, Brinston's Corners. The following departmental superintendents were appointed:—Teacher training, Rev. S. A. Woods, Chesterville; Missions, Miss Bessie Carlyle, Dunbar; Primary Department, Miss Kyle, Colquhoun; Adult Class Work, I. Hilliard, K.C., Morrisburg; Temperance, Miss McTavish, Winchester; Home Department, Rev. H. Cameron, Morrisburg. Winchester is the next place of meeting. Mr. Preston McIntosh, who retires from the office of county secretary-treasurer, after seven years of faithful service, was accorded a hearty vote of thanks. Mr. Glassford said he was one of the six most faithful county secretaries in the Province. The annual grant of fifty dollars to the Provincial Association was agreed on. The retiring president was appointed county representative to the Provincial convention at Brockville. The residents of Winchester Springs and the vicinity extended to all the delegates and friends who came to the convention a most cordial welcome; their kindness was very much appreciated, and a cordial vote of thanks was given for their generous hospitality. At the annual Provincial convention to be held this year at Brockville a larger number of delegates than usual were allowed to the counties in the east, and the following were appointed in addition to M. Morrison, the official representative:—Preston McIntosh, Winchester Springs; Mrs. Orin Becker, Williamsburg; Rev. H. Cameron, Morrisburg; Mrs. L. M. Durant, Inkerman; Clarke Hyndman, Hallville; J. Jackson, Brinston's Corners; Rev. S. N. Boyd, Dundela; J. A. Thompson, Iroquois; Wm. Campbell, Winchester; H. S. Merkle, Chesterville; Morley Becker, Elma; Mr. Carkner, Ormond; Mrs. N. Marshall, Brinston's Corners; W. A. Bowen, Iroquois.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. convened at their room, corner Main St. and Gravel Road, on Tuesday, Sept. 26, after a two months' vacation. Thirteen members and three visitors were present. After devotional service the annual election of officers was held, the following being chosen for the year: President—Mrs. Ebert. Acting Vice-Pres—Mrs. Hilliard. Rec. Secretary—Mrs. G. Smith. Cor. Secretary—Mrs. A. Hill. Treasurer—Mrs. Bouck. An adjourned meeting was held on Tuesday, Oct. 4th, at the home of Mrs. A. Hill.

Several departments of work are carried on by this union:—Supt. of Franchise Work, Mrs. Cowan; Supt. of Juvenile Dep't, Mesdames Riddle and Watson. Other departments will be supplied after the convention. The Provincial Women's Christian Temperance Union convention will meet in Winchester October 16 to 20. Mrs. Ebert and Mrs. Cowan will represent the local union. All ladies are urged to go if they can. The meeting to be held on Oct. 31st will be open to the public. "Echoes from the Convention" with a good musical program, will make a profitable afternoon. Morrisburg women are asked to mark their calendars and respond to a cordial invitation to be present and become better acquainted with this work.

HONOR ROLL

Morrisburg Public School

Room A.

Sr. IV Class—Mary Lahue 86, Geraldine Murphy 85, Bertha Colquhoun 76, Isabel Eager 72, Grace Gillard 71, William Broder 69, Gerald Meikle 67, Grant Pruner 65, Clara Harrison 59, Adella Loucks 57, Irene Ryan 56, Gertrude McCreery 56, Florence Colquhoun 55, Marguerite Wood 49, William Pruner 48, George Shennette 44, Dorothy Thirkettle 40, Colborne Weegar 29.

Jr. IV Class—Winifred Murphy 67, Francis Ketchum 51, Harold Jones 46, Ernest Dillen 44, William Duval 40, Charles Summers 39, Charles Sherman 38.

Chas. R. Duprau, Teacher.

Room B.

Class A—John Eamon, Laura Merkle, Frank Mackenzie, Graham Casselman, Jack Anderson, Erle McMartin, Fraser Weegar, Wilfrid Coligan, Lillie Doran.

Class B—Hugh Jackson, Jack Bradford, Marjorie Plantz, Raymond Coligan, Ida Dailey, Frank Becksted, Eva Ryan, Talma VanAllen, Gladys Harper, May Ernault, Dorothy McMartin, Barney Weegar, Robt. Helmer, Edith Priest, Annie Barclay, Fred Nash, Denzel Nash.

J. R. Myers, teacher.

Room C.

Uldene Barclay, Verlie Barclay, Lena Burrette, Ione Bouck, Helen Duprau, Irene Ebert, Kathleen Ernault, Elda Epauh, Joseph Evans, Fannie Gamble, Clinton Gillard, John Heagle, Francis Helmer, Pearl Lemon, Millicent McMartin, Stuart Meikle, Lorne Merkle, Hillis Osborne, Allie Pruner, Frances Potter, Lawrence Styles, Muriel Thom, Gladys Townsend, Myra Tracy, Eunice Weegar, Clara Weegar, Frank Shooove, George Myers, Annie Wallace.

J. Ernest Zeron, teacher.

Room D.

Form II Senior—Marion Hilliard, Marjorie Thirkettle, Susie Campbell, Marjorie Weegar, Lizzie Collison, Hylda Nash, Mary Gamble, Bruce Wood, Morris Beckstead, Winnie Barclay, Lillian Harrison, Wilfrid Helmer, Stella Fetterly, Harold Coligan, Spencer Eager, Della Coir, Jack Dailey, Nellie Griffiths, Calvin Saddleire, Willie Helmer, George Priest, Kathleen Stitt, Eva Cassell, Aileen Ault, George Tracy, Carrie L. Hazell, teacher.

Room E.

Jr. II Class—Willie Moyle, Douglas Stitt, Mildred Jones, Bessie Abel, Malcolm Campbell, Bessie Ray, Leonard Ryan, Arnold Jarvis, Ruby Thirkettle, Winnie Dailey, Willie Weegar, Eva Bouck, Stuart Thom, Eddie Mullin.

Sr. I Class—Veryl Myers, Eva Barkley, Earle Loper, Georgina Rushton, Olive VanAllen, Vera Moyle, Pauline Townsend, Mildred Meikle, Lillie Eastman.

M. Smith, teacher.

CLOSE QUARTERS;

OR, THE HOUSE IN THE RUE BARBETTE

CHAPTER V.

Once clear of the Albert Gate mansion, the barrister was bound to confess to a sense of indefiniteness, a feeling of uncertainty which seldom characterized either his thoughts or his actions. He admitted as much to his companion, for Brett was a man who would not consent to pose under any circumstances.

"It is quite true," he explained, "that our first duty must be to find Mr. Talbot, and it is still more certain that we will be able to accomplish that part of our task; but there are elements in this inquiry which baffle me at present."

"And what are they, sir?" said the detective.

"I fail to see why Mr. Talbot was dragged into the matter at all. On the straightforward assumption that Turks were engaged in the pleasant occupation of taking other Turk's lives—an assumption to which, by the way, I attach no great amount of credence—why did they not allow Mr. Talbot to go quietly to his own home? It was not that they feared more speedy discovery of their crime. The hour was then late; it was tolerably certain that he would make no move which might prove injurious to them until next morning, and then the whole affair was bound to be discovered by the police in the ordinary course of events."

"I don't quite follow you, sir," said Winter, with a puzzled tone in his voice. They had, for the sake of quietude, turned into the Park, and were now walking toward Hyde Park Corner. "What do you mean by saying that Mr. Talbot would make no move in the matter until next morning?"

"Oh, I forgot," said Brett.

"Of course, you don't know why the diamonds were stolen?"

"For the same reason that all other diamonds are stolen, I suppose."

"Oh, dear no," laughed the barrister. "This is a political crime."

"Political?" said the amazed policeman.

"Well, we won't quarrel about words, and as there are perhaps no politics in Turkey, we will call it dynastic or any other loud-voiced adjective which serves to take it out of the category of simple felony."

"What beats me, Mr. Brett," said the detective, viciously prodding the gravel path with his stick, "is how you ferret out these queer facts—fancies some people would call them, as I used to do until I knew you better."

"In this case it is simple enough. By mere chance I happened to read this morning that there had been some little domestic squabble in royal circles at Constantinople. I don't know whether you are acquainted with Turkish history, Mr. Winter, but it is a well-recognized principle that any Sultan is liable to die of diseases which are weird and painfully sudden; for instance, the last one is popularly supposed to have plunged a long sharp scissor into his jugular vein; others drank coffee that disagreed with them, or smoked cigarettes too highly perfumed. In any case, the invariable result of these eccentricities has been that a fresh Sultan occupied the throne. Now, don't forget that I am simply theorizing, for I know no more of this business than you do at this moment, but I still think that you will find some connection between my theory and that which has actually occurred. At any rate, I have said sufficient to prove to you the importance of not being too ready to make arrests."

"I quite see that," was the thoughtful rejoinder. "But you must not forget, sir, that we in Scotland Yard are bound by rules of procedure. Perhaps you will not mind my suggesting that a word from you to the Foreign Office might induce the authorities to communicate officially with the Home Department, and then instructions could be issued to the police which would leave the matter a little more open than we are able to regard it under the existing conditions."

"I will see to that," said the barrister. "When does the inquest take place?"

"This evening at six."

"It will be adjourned, of course?"

"Oh, yes; no evidence will be given beyond that necessary for purposes of identification, and this can be supplied by the police themselves and an official from the Turkish Embassy."

"Very well. You will mention to no one the theory I have just explained to you?"

"Not if you wish it, sir."

"I do wish it at present. Which way are you going?"

"Straight to the Yard."

"In that case I will accompany you a portion of the distance."

They had now reached Hyde Park and, hailing a hansom,

Brett told the driver to stop outside the Carlton Hotel. The man whipped up his horse and drove in the direction of Constitution Hill, evidently intending to avoid the congested traffic of Piccadilly and take the longer, but more pleasant, route through the Green Park and the Mall.

"By the way," said Brett, "did the driver of the hansom which conveyed Mr. Talbot and his companion from Albert Gate on Monday night tell you which road he followed?"

"Yes," said the detective, "he went this way."

Brett rubbed his hands, with a queer expression of thoughtful pleasure on his keen face.

"Ah," he said, "I like that. It is well to be on the scent."

He did not explain to his professional confrere that it was a positive stimulant to his abounding energy and highly strung nerves to find that he was actually following the path taken by the criminal whom he was pursuing. The mere fact lent reality to the chase. For a mile, at any rate, there could be no mistake, though he might expect a check at the Carlton. Arrived there, Brett alighted.

"Are you going to make any inquiries in the hotel, sir?" said Mr. Winter.

"Why should I?" said Brett. "You have already ascertained from the management that no person even remotely resembling any of the parties concerned is staying at the hotel."

"Yes, confound it, I know I did," cried the other, "but I never told you so."

"That is all right," laughed Brett. "Come and see me at my chambers this evening when the inquest is finished. Perhaps by that time we may be able to determine our plan of action."

Once left to himself, Brett did not enter the hotel. He made it an invariable rule in conducting inquiries of this nature to adopt the French method of "reconstituting" the incidents of a crime, so far as such a course was possible in the absence of the persons concerned. He reasoned that a very plausible explanation of the unexpected appearance of the three strangers in the Albert Gate mansion on Monday night had been given to Jack Talbot. This young gentleman, it might be taken for granted, had not been selected by the Foreign Office to carry to a successful issue such an important and delicate matter as that entrusted to him, without some good grounds for the faith in his qualities exhibited by his superiors. Brett thought he could understand the brother's character and attributes from his favorable analysis of the sister, and it was quite reasonable, therefore, to believe that Talbot was a man not likely to be easily duped. The principals in this crime were evidently well aware of the trust reposed in the Assistant Under-Secretary, and they, again, would not underrate his intelligence. Hence, there was a good cause for Talbot to accept the explanations, whatever they were, given him during the conference in the dining-room; the effect of which, in Inspector Sharpe's words, had been to "puzzle" the young Englishman. Further, there must have been a very potent inducement held out before Talbot would consent to drive off with a stranger at such a late hour, and when the cab was dismissed at the Carlton, the excuse given would certainly be quite feasible.

"It must surely be this," commented Brett. "The man explained that he was a stranger in London, that he lived quite close to the Carlton Hotel, and that he found it convenient not only for the purpose of giving directions that would be understood, but also for paying fares, to direct the drivers of hired vehicles to go there and not to his own exact address, which he had found by experience many of them did not recognize, whilst his knowledge of the language was not ample enough to enable him to describe the locality more precisely. It follows, then, in unerring sequence, that Talbot was conveyed to some place within a very short distance of the spot where I now stand."

He looked along Pall Mall, up the Haymarket, and through Cockspur street, and he noted with some degree of curiosity that there were very few residential buildings in the neighborhood. Clubs, theatres, big commercial establishments and insurance offices occupied the bulk of the available space. It was a part of his theory that none of the other great hotels in this district could harbor the criminals, otherwise there would have been no excuse to stop the hansom outside the Carlton.

Brett did not take long to make up his mind once he had decided upon a definite course. A call at the Foreign Office procured him an

KEEP THE SKIN CLEAR



With CUTICURA Soap and Ointment

No other emollients do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough and oily skin, itching, scaly scalps, dry, thin and falling hair, chapped hands and shapeless nails. They do even more for skin-tortured and disfigured infants.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold by druggists and dealers everywhere, a liberal sample of each, with 32-page booklet on the skin and hair, will be sent, post-free, on application to "Cuticura," Dept. 54, Boston, U. S. A.

official authorization from the United-Secretary to inquire into the circumstances of Talbot's disappearance and a promise that the Home Office should be communicated with.

He desired to review the whole of the circumstances attending this strange mystery of modern life, and the result of his reflections quickly became apparent when he reached his residence, for in the first instance he dispatched a telegram, and then made several notes in his private diary.

The telegram, in due course, produced an elderly pensioned police inspector, a quiet, reserved man, whom the barrister had often employed. He explained briefly the circumstances attending Mr. Talbot's disappearance, and added—

"I want you to find out the names, and if possible the business—together with any other information you may happen to come across—of every person who lives within a distance, roughly speaking, of two hundred yards from the Carlton Hotel. The Post Office Directory and your own observation will narrow down the inquiry considerably. It is the unrecorded balance of inhabitants with whom I am particularly anxious to become definitely acquainted." The man saluted and withdrew.

Brett imagined that he would now be left in undisputed enjoyment for a few hours' rest before the Earl of Fairholme kept the appointment fixed for seven o'clock. But in this he was mistaken.

Smith brought in some tea, which was refreshing after his walk, for the engrossing nature of the morning's occupation caused him to forget lunch. A cigar and evening paper next claimed his attention, but he had barely settled down to the perusal of a garbled account of events at Albert Gate when his man again entered, announcing in mysterious tones the presence of Mr. Winter. Smith's attitude towards the myrmidons of Scotland Yard who occasionally visited the barrister on business, was peculiar. He regarded them with suspicion, tempered by wholesome awe, and he now made known the arrival of the detective in such a manner as caused his master to laugh at him.

"Show him in, Smith," he said cheerily; "he has not come to arrest me this time."

Winter entered, and a glance at his face brought Brett quickly to his feet.

"What is the matter?" he cried when the door had closed behind the servant. "You have received important news?"

"I should think I have," replied the detective, dropping into a seat. "I was just writing a report in the Yard when I was sent for by the Chief, and you could have knocked me down with a feather when I heard the reason. I suppose I am acting rightly in coming at once to tell you, although in my hurry at the time I quite forgot to ask the Chief's permission, but as you are mixed up in the case at the request of the Foreign Office, I thought you ought to learn what had happened."

"Well, what is it?" cried Brett, impatient at the other's careful provisos.

"Simply this," said the detective. "Mr. Jack Talbot bolted from London on Tuesday in company with a lady. They crossed over from Dover to Calais by the midday boat, and went direct to Paris. Mr. Talbot calmly booked rooms for himself and the girl in the Grand Hotel, had the nerve to write (Mr. and Mrs. Talbot, 118 Ulster Gardens, London, W.) in the register, and both of them disappeared forth-

with. But we will soon lay hands on the gentleman, no fear. I have somehow suspected, Mr. Brett, that your notion of a political crime was all poppycock. It is a good big brazen-faced steal."

"Is it?" said Brett, his face glistening with excitement at the intelligence so suddenly conveyed to him. "Would you mind explaining to me how this precious information reached you?"

(To be continued.)

GUARDING CROWN JEWELS.

A Remarkably Strong Room in the Tower of London.

There has only been one attempt to steal the Crown Jewels from the Tower of London, and that was when the famous Irish adventurer, "Colonel" Blood, attempted the feat in 1871. The clumsy methods of the notorious "Colonel" are not to be compared with the subtle and scientific ways of the modern cracksmen, but even the latter—did he possess the genius of a dozen Raffleses—could scarcely hope to steal the Crown Jewels from the new Jewel Room, which is now completed in the Wakefield Tower of the Tower of London.

The floor and walls are made of solid stone, while a new steel grid has been built to enclose the plate-glass regalia show-case. The bars of this grid are made of the finest tempered steel, the ends being embedded in the solid masonry of the roof and flooring. Connected with this grid is a hidden electric alarm, which instantly warns the custodians of the Tower if a bar be wrenched ever so slightly.

The doors of the Jewel Room are iron lined and fitted with the latest in complicated locks. The jewels themselves will lie in automatically closing steel cases, absolutely burglar-proof. While the room is being completed the jewels are kept in the Government strong-room, and when everything is ready they will be taken to the Wakefield Tower under guard and mounted for public exhibition in their new cases behind the grid.

At one time it was proposed that a trap should be constructed, so that, if necessary, the jewels could be lowered through the stone floor into the dungeon beneath the Wakefield Tower. This dungeon, however, is below the level of the river, and very damp; consequently the scheme was abandoned. As a matter of fact, nothing has been housed in this dungeon since the Middle Ages, when prisoners languished in the Tower.

FOOD AGAIN

A Mighty Important Subject to Everyone.

A Boston lady talks entertainingly of food and the changes that can be made in health by some knowledge on that line. She says:

"An injury to my spine in early womanhood left me subject to severe sick headaches which would last three or four days at a time, and a violent course of drugging brought on constipation with all the ills that follow."

"My appetite was always light and uncertain and many kinds of food distressed me."

"I began to eat Grape-Nuts food two or three years ago, because I liked the taste of it, and I kept on because I soon found it was doing me good."

"I eat it regularly at breakfast, frequently at luncheon, and again before going to bed—and have no trouble in 'sleeping on it.' It has relieved my constipation, my headaches have practically ceased, and I am in better physical condition at the age of 63 than I was at 40."

"I give Grape-Nuts credit for restoring my health, if not saving my life, and you can make no claim for it too strong for me to endorse." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

TWO CRITICS.

A speaker oft proclaimed aloud That he could always hold a crowd;

He felt that he could prove it; But of a paper's work, said he, "The paper is no use to me; For I am far above it."

An editor desired to find In that great speaker's cultured mind

Some gems for future leaders: But in the speaker's sounding brass He only found what is like gas, Despised by thoughtful readers.

The paper had no voice to plead: The speaker had no power to read

With profit from another: And then because they failed to see That each the other's friend should be

They criticized each other. T. WATSON. Iona Station, Ont., 1911.

If a girl meets a man who doesn't admire her she imagines that he is a confirmed woman hater.

Men have no idea what funny ideas women harbor until they get married.

BONDS

For a trustee investment in Ontario a most satisfactory selection could be made from these high-grade offerings:

City of Toronto 4's, due 1944.

City of London 4½'s, due 1913.

Township of York 5's, due 1912-31.

County of Simcoe (guaranteeing Town of Midland) 5's, due 1911-40.

City of Fort William 4½'s, due 1927.

City of St. Thomas, Ont., 4½'s, due 1912-41.

City of Niagara Falls 5's, due 1911-30.

Town of Port Hope 4½'s, due 1913-50.

Town of Petrolia 4½'s, due 1911-34.

Town of Walkerville 4½'s, due 1911-30.

Town of Welland 4½'s, due 1940.

The income yield ranges from 4 per cent. to 4¾ per cent.

A wider range of debentures of this character furnished on request.

DOMINION SECURITIES CORPORATION-LIMITED
TORONTO. MONTREAL. LONDON. ENG.

On the Farm

THE FORMATION OF THE SOIL.

Vegetation begins with the very simplest forms of plants, such as lichens and mosses, and is, of course, very scanty at first. These plants on dying become a part of the soil, all of the plant nutrients used by them being thus returned, writes Mr. Alfred Vivian.

Food that has once been used by plants is very readily made available to succeeding crops through the process of decay. The soil is now able to produce a larger crop, as it contains the plant food in the previous growth in addition to that added through the agencies detailed above.

In this way the growth gradually becomes more abundant. The plants upon decaying give rise to humus, and this increases the fertility of the land both by being a source of plant food and by increasing the water-retaining power. Humus is a very important factor in fertility. During the decomposition of the plants, acid substances are formed which act upon the rocks in such a way as to make more of the plant food available. One of the products of decay or fermentation is carbonic acid, and this is dissolved in the soil water, and this gas-containing water is an important help in disintegrating the rocks.

As the nutritive materials increase from these various causes the lower simpler forms of plant life are gradually replaced by those which are more highly organized. With the advent of plants, like our common crops, which bear roots, other factors in the formation of soils are introduced. The roots secrete an acid substance that has a solvent effect on the mineral matter of the soil, and the roots themselves also assist mechanically in breaking down the rocks.

All are familiar with the tremendous force exerted by plants in breaking apart rocks and stones if once their tender rootlets obtain a foothold in a crevice. The roots penetrate the soil sometimes to great depths, and as they decay after the death of the plant, they leave little channels in the soil which serve to carry down water laden with carbonic acid, as well as to introduce the oxygen of the air, that, in its turn, is a factor in bringing about chemical changes in the soil, which assist in making plant food available.

This study of the formation of the soil then suggests two things that the farmer can do to prevent the exhaustion of the fertility. The first is to treat the soil as to assist and hasten nature in the process of converting the plant food into available forms by means of good tillage.

The second is to return to the soil by means of manure and fertilizers an amount of plant food equivalent to that removed by the crop.

"THE BEST HOME PRESERVES"

These are made by rightly combining luscious fresh fruits with

Redpath

EXTRA GRANULATED SUGAR

The best results are then assured.

Ask your grocer for Redpath Extra Granulated Sugar. He knows then that you want the best.

The Canada Sugar Refining Co., Limited, Montreal
Established in 1854 by John Redpath.

The World's Standard for Tea is LIPTON'S TEA

OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

WHAT GERMANY IS DOING.

Some Reasons Why Her Sons Have Ceased to Emigrate.

Twenty years ago Germany was losing vigorous and enterprising men and women by the hundred thousand, who went to help the States of the Western Hemisphere rival her commerce and industry. To-day through her system of vocational training, she has begotten a generation of tradesmen, mechanics and engineers that have transformed her from an agricultural to a manufacturing country, and their dexterity has not only captured for her an increased share of international trade but has developed a home market that supplies her proletariat with employment and has for the present effectually stopped emigration.

"And this," writes R. Fulton Cutting in the North American Review, "in spite of an increase in population since 1870 of more than twenty millions. The industrial development of Germany has created for her a new economic life; it is the phenomenon of modern industrial history. The genius of her statesmen has conserved the resources she used to squander upon the nurture and education of the millions she exiled. Her people now remain in the fatherland and are the consumers of her own products."

"The scientific system in operation in Germany of contributive insurance against sickness, accident, infirmity and old age is full of significance. In 1903 \$67,500,000 was paid out in sick benefits and hospital service to wage earners, of whom about 13,000,000 were in contributive co-operation with the Government. Since 1891 \$330,000,000 has been distributed in old age and infirmity pensions, \$210,000,000 of which was contributed by employers and employees and \$120,000,000 by the State. The latest returns show that 14,000,000 individuals are insured in this class and that the State holds a fund of \$350,000,000 for this insurance."

"The Mayoralty is a profession, and municipal chief executives are promoted from the smaller to the larger cities as they demonstrate their capacity for greater responsibilities. For example, some time ago the following advertisement appeared in several Cologne newspapers:

"As the undersigned will be retired under the pension law on October 4, 1900, the position of Mayor of the city of Gladbach will thereby become vacant. Candidates who have passed the State examinations for the higher judicial or administrative career, and who have had experience in the administration of a large city, are requested to send in their applications by March 20. The salary is 10,000 marks, with right to a pension, and 1,500 marks additional for expenses."

"Legislative enactments are intended to be genuinely operative and not merely expressive of moral sentiment. The measures are first drafted by men qualified by experience as well as study and who can be trusted to make the actual purpose unmistakable."

22,478 WERE KILLED.

Fearful Mortality From Snakes Among Natives of India.

According to a statement published by the Government of India, the total number of persons killed by wild animals in 1910 was 2,400, compared with 2,496 in 1909. Man-eating tigers were more aggressive in the Sundarbans portion of the Khulna district, and this fact is attributed to the diminution of their natural food supply owing to the drowning of large numbers of deer in the storm wave which accompanied the cyclone of 1909. In the Central Provinces and Berar, tigers destroyed 67 victims, as compared with 102 in the preceding year. Six known man-eating tigers and two panthers were killed during the year in these provinces. The abnormal number of deaths due to wild pig in 1909 in Eastern Bengal and Assam—126—was not maintained, though 50 persons were victims to these animals.

The total mortality among human beings caused by snake-bite rose from 21,364 to 22,478. An increase in Eastern Bengal and Assam is attributed to snakes being driven by high floods to take refuge in the raised village sites.

SOME GREAT INVENTIONS

SPLENDID RESULTS OF HUMAN INGENUITY.

The Field of Applied Science Has Profited Greatly by the Cleverness of man.

Have we reached the limit of human achievement? is a question that one may well ask, now that so many things have been invented, and it will be answered only by the future. It is not a strange question to ask, for in many lines of endeavor inventors seem to have reached the acme of all of our desires. If we consider for a moment the type of locomotive that is in use to-day on the big railroads of the country we feel sure indeed that it cannot be improved upon. It seems to contain everything required for strength and speed consistent with economy and safety, yet undoubtedly new parts will be added even this year that will tend to even further increase its efficiency.

Electricity seems to have been successfully harnessed to all uses for which it appears at this time to have been adapted, for while it is being utilized to further advantage every day, yet it is along the same lines which we have been following for some time, and if we have but lately discovered that street cars can be run by the aid of storage batteries and without the necessity of wires, yet we have been using both electric street cars and storage batteries for other purposes for a long time. We have lighted our railway coaches, sleepers and diners with electricity; we have installed electric fans in these cars, but we had both the lights and the fans years ago. We have not invented something new, but we have found a new use for something we already possessed, and we have improved upon.

OUR FORMER METHODS.

In other lines our progress has also been very wonderful. We have a heavier-than-air flying machine, and man has flown against the air currents, and it is undoubtedly toward the aeroplane, the monoplane and such other air craft that the world is now being directed. We desire to make our conquest of the air more sure and to improve our methods of flying, and above all to make it safe, or as near safe as it may be.

Let us consider for a moment the other things that we have had for some time, and are enjoying at this very moment. We have of course, the motor car, with its enormous power and its high speed; the monoplane, the turbine steamship, wireless telegraphs and wireless telephones; telephotography for the transmission of pictures and photographs by wire, and even without wire; television, which enables one to see a perfect reflection of the person with whom he is conversing; the telegraph typewriter, which enables us to write upon a typewriter from any reasonable distance. We have bottled sunshine delivered every morning at our doors the same as the bottled milk. We can buy music by the meter like gas or water. If you don't care for the music box you can have a phonograph, and if you don't care to go to the opera or if you can't afford to you can sit at home and write letters while Caruso or Constantine sings for your amusement as many songs as you care for and as often as you care. If you can't play the piano you can sit on a stool and work your feet on a piano board and have canned music by the yard, or as many yards of perforated paper music as you can pay for.

Transportation facilities both on land and sea have improved wonderfully. With the submarine man has invaded the depths of the sea, sinking, rising or traveling in any desired direction. Securely hidden below the surface, the operator of the submarine looks into his periscope and observes all that is going on around him above water for a radius of several miles. We have color photography and we have motion pictures, and, better still, we have colored motion pictures, and a still further step in that direction we have talking pictures.

PERPETUAL MOTION

yet remains to be discovered and the closest thing that we have to it is a timepiece devised by the Honorable R. J. Strutt, the son of Lord Rayleigh of London. It consists of two leaves of aluminum, an exhausted glass tube and a fraction of a grain of radium. The apparently inexhaustible radio-activity of the radium causes the aluminum leaves to move once in a minute and with a wireless coherer a bell rings at each movement. For 10,000 years at least the wonderful energy inherent in the microscopic piece of radium will, it is calculated, continue to act and nothing whatever needs to be done to the clock once it is set going.

One of the important improvements in aerial telegraphy makes it possible for four operators to send and receive messages simultaneously from the same aerial station. One of the first obstacles to a completely successful operation of wireless telegraphy was the difficulty of preventing messages intended for one station from being received at another. This was later remedied by having the apparatus at receiving and sending stations tuned to varying keys so that a wireless message projected in waves of one key could only be received by a station tuned to a similar key. In several European cities clocks controlled by wireless are already in operation. From Norway comes the news that Captain Hovland of the royal navy has practically completed a system for the automatic recording in print of wireless messages.

Wireless is also adding another safety device for the protection of travelers on the railroads. This is to be accomplished by means of a device similar in principle to the aeroplane or automatic wireless marine signal. In use on a locomotive it will tell the engineer with unfailing certainty of the approach of another locomotive or any obstruction on a track for a distance of two miles. Wireless telegraph on trains going at the rate of 60 miles an hour has been partially achieved on the flyers of the roads running between New York, and Chicago. A device for the prevention of train collisions has been successfully tested on the tracks of the Erie Railroad between Newark and Nutley, N. J. The device is an electric one and is intended to obviate

HEAD-ON COLLISIONS.

When the fast approaching trains equipped with the new device get within a half mile of each other the air brakes are set automatically, not with the usual suddenness in an emergency, but with a gradually increasing force, the same as a skillful engineer would put them on. The trains stopped far from each other to avoid mishaps, and all this happened without the engineer moving a hand toward the throttle, lever or air brakes, the device working automatically. The invention is operated by a third rail, the shoe from the locomotive touching the rail and receiving power through it both for the operation of the emergency brake and also for a telephone. The principle is similar to that of the block system, the track being divided into zones. The operation may be graduated so that the trains may be slowly stopped.

It appears from the progress made in wireless telephony that it is but a question of a short time when we may speak to each other in the various sections of the city or even in distant places. During recent experiments conversations have been held between persons overlaid at distances ranging from one to ten miles. Some of the warships of the great powers have already held conversations with the land over 100 miles away. A development of the wireless phone that is promised is the transmission of melodies from the opera-house direct into the home. This is to be accomplished by a large wireless transmitter hung directly over the stage, which will flash out the musically charged electric impulse that is to be caught up and enunciated through a receiver installed in the house.

ANOTHER WONDER

of the wireless is the transmission of electrical energy or power. Experimenters declare that the time is not far distant when the meters supplying the propulsive force to the screws of aeroplanes will receive their power through the air from stations at many points in the country. We already have the submarine torpedo that is controlled from shore by wireless, its course being directed hither and yon at the will of the man in the land station with absolute accuracy. We have planted in many of the great harbors of the world submarine mines that can be exploded from shore at will, at the approach of a hostile fleet. We have huge electric magnets that pick up hundreds of thousands of tons of steel as though it were but child's play. These are installed in all the great shipyards of the world. We have the X-ray and the Roentgen ray, that pierce our bodies and cure our ills without the necessity of a surgical incision.

The discovery of telephotography, the transmission of pictures by wire to a distance, which was first made practical in 1903 by Professor Kern of Munich, foreshadowed the distant possibility of an even more marvelous discovery—that of television, or seeing at a distance. It seemed a dream when first suggested, this instantaneous reproduction upon a distant screen of the moving features of a living face—the gestures, expressions and attitudes of a person far away, at the very moment that he was making them. But even this dream has been realized. Ernest Ruhmer of Berlin, an inventor already well known for his remarkable work in telephony and wireless telegraphy, has made the first apparatus which actually solves the problem of

SEEING AT A DISTANCE.

The first machine consist of a screen composed of 25 sections, behind each of which are placed exceedingly sensitive selenium piles. These selenium piles are so sensitive that they react to the slightest variation in the light which strikes them. One of these screens is placed at the sending station, and each section of one screen is connected electrically with the corresponding section of the other.



ally with the corresponding section of the other.

Each variation in the light and shadow which strikes the sending screen—hence every detail of the picture projected upon it—is transformed by the selenium into electric waves, and these are transmitted over the wires to the receiving station, where they are re-transformed into light rays, thus reproducing upon the receiving screen the image at the far end of the wire. For a perfect apparatus, 10,000 sections, each with its selenium pile and its mirror galvanometer, would be necessary, and it is calculated that such a machine would at present prices, cost about \$1,200,000.

In surgery we have discovered, beside the wonderful use of the X-ray, the Roentgen ray and the violet ray, how to cure tuberculosis. We have discovered the manner of grafting skin transferred from one person to another: the transfusion of blood, and there have been many cases where the heart has been taken out and operated upon and replaced in the human body without bad results.

STRANGE SIBERIAN HOUSES.

One Enters by a Hole in the Roof and Climbs Down a Pole.

There are many kinds of queer houses in the world, but for difficulty of ingress and egress the huts of some Siberian fur hunters, Koryaks by name, take the palm.

From a distance these houses have the appearance of huge funnels rising out of a snowbank. The crater-like top of the house, besides forming a roof, is used as a general storage place for food and all sorts of articles. This slopes downward to an aperture in the centre, which serves as a smoke hole, ventilator, and passageway below.

A number of logs arranged in a circle support the rickety framework of the roof, the lower end of which rests on a secondary pile of timbers forming the walls of the living quarters. For nearly nine months the whole house is covered up to the projecting roof with tons of snow, chinked in with frozen earth and debris, the inmates being about ten feet below the surface.

The most peculiar feature of the house, according to Fur News, is the means of entrance. This is accomplished by scaling a narrow spilt log, having holes cut in for the feet and hands which extends down from the roof at an angle of almost 90 degrees. Getting inside is a feat which none but the experienced native can accomplish with comfort.

The interior is reached by descending another perpendicular tree log stairway, the holes being covered with a slippery coating of grease and soot. A misplaced step of any visiting white fur trader or agent would result in his landing in a pot of blubber always kept boiling at the base.

The whole enclosure has a ground floor, and is barren of anything in the shape of furniture. A large vessel for cooking seal and blubber and a kettle used for melting snow are the chief household utensils. The diet is limited almost exclusively to raw and half-cooked seal and whale flesh, with Russian brick tea and American tobacco as an extra luxury.

Before entering one of these Arctic households it is customary for the white visitor or trader to send word ahead prior to his arrival. On reaching the house he will usually find assembled on the roof awaiting him the host and all his family, including dogs. Dogs play an important part in their primitive religion, and are thought to be a potent agency for keeping away evil spirits and bringing good luck in the hunting of fur animals. For this reason the stuffed form of a dog is always kept dangling from the rooftop of the houses.

SOMETIMES HAPPENS.

Friend—"You took your son into your establishment a few months ago to teach him the business, I understand. How did he turn out?"

Business Man (wearily)—"Great success. He's teaching me the business now."

With one foot in the grave it doesn't take a man long to get there with both feet.

LOST EMERALD MINE FOUND.

Old Spanish Workings in South America Promise Many Gems.

"The continued increase in the values of emeralds during the last ten years—until at present they outrank diamonds—lends considerable interest," says the Mining and Engineering World, "to the recent rediscovery of one of the old Indian emerald mines in the South American Andes which was lost for over a century."

"The real emeralds, as distinguished from Siberian stones, which are not at all comparable in beauty to the South American gems, are entirely produced from one mining district called Muzo, in the Republic of Colombia, South America."

"The gem was mined by the native Indians for centuries previous to the discovery and conquest of the plateau of Bogota in the Andes, and the Indians operated three mines widely separated geographically named Muzo, Cosquez, and Somondoco."

"About 1555, under Capt. Pedro de Valenzuela, the Spanish conquistadores took over the mines, enslaved the native Indians, and compelled them to work the mines. So eager were the Spaniards to get rich quickly that atrocious cruelties were practised on the Indian workers, and this was carried so far that finally the priests complained to the Crown (King of Spain) that the innumerable deaths of the Indians employed in the mines adversely affected the ecclesiastical revenues."

"This resulted in the importation of African negroes, but eventually the mines were partly closed. During the War of Independence in 1816 and later the whole region was so desolated that two of the mines, Cosquez and Somondoco, were entirely lost, and Muzo has produced all the gems since that time."

"It has been prolific, but the output has been steadily declining during the last ten years, and according to the very best information the ultimate practical abandonment must come in the near future, unless new veins are uncovered, which is deemed improbable by the English engineers formerly in charge of the workings."

"For several years a Colombian named Francisco Restrepo, guided only by a few hints contained in ancient Spanish parchment maps in the Government archives in Popayan, wandered far and wide looking for the lost emerald mine of Somondoco."

"Senior Restrepo knew nothing of geology nor emeralds, yet in 1896 he came upon traces of ancient workings, and later uncovered very extensive workings, which proved to be the real treasure trove, the lost emerald mine of Somondoco, which gives every promise of duplicating the wonderful record of Muzo, which probably was \$2,000,000 to \$4,000,000 annually for a century and for unknown centuries in pre-Spanish times."

THE HAPPY FARMER BOY.

Country Youth's Daily Round of Pleasure.

"I'd like to be a boy again without a woe or care, with freckles scattered on my face and hayseed in my hair."

"I'd like to rise at four o'clock and do a hundred chores, saw wood and feed the hogs and lock the stable doors, and herd the hens and watch the bees and take the milk to drink, and teach the turkeys how to swim so that they wouldn't sink, and milk about a hundred cows and bring the wood to burn, and stand out in the sun all day and churn and churn, and wear my brother's cast-off clothes, and walk four miles to school, and get a licking every day for breaking some old rule, and then get home again at night and do the chores some more, and milk the cows and feed the hogs and carry mules galore, and then crawl wearily upstairs to seek my little bed, and hear dad say: 'That worthless boy! He isn't worth his bread.'"

"I'd like to be a boy again—a boy has so much fun. His life is just a round of mirth from rise to set of sun. I guess there's nothing pleasanter than closing stable door and herding hens and chasing bees and doing evening chores."

THE MAILS		
	Despatched	Arrive
Cliffterville stage	8.00 a.m.	5.05 p.m.
Day, west	12.30 p.m.	1.30 "
Waddington	1.30 "	3.00 "
Day, east	3.30 "	4.30 "
Winchester	2.00 "	11.15 a.m.
Day, east	7.30 "	
Night, west	7.30 "	
Sunday, E. & W.	7.30 "	

G. T. R. TIME-TABLE		
EASTBOUND		
No. 8 (daily)	due	4.19 a.m.
" 12 (daily except Sun)	"	7.15 a.m.
" 4 (daily)	"	3.32 p.m.
" 6 (daily except Sun)	"	3.55 p.m.
" 76 (Sundays only)	"	5.25 p.m.
WESTBOUND		
No. 7 (daily)	due	1.04 p.m.
No. 11 (daily except Sun)	due	7.42 p.m.
" 5 (daily)	"	10.13 p.m.

The Leader
ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY FROM
ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET,
MORRISBURG, BY
The Leader Publishing Co.
LEWIS E. MURPHY,
Editor and Manager

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1911.

EDITORIAL NOTES.
The Leader is creditably informed that great pressure is being brought to bear on Sir William Van Horne to become one of Mr Borden's Cabinet Ministers.

Those civil servants who have performed their duty, should have no fear by the change of government, as one of Mr. Borden's planks was "The extension of civil service reform," and if The Leader takes the meaning of that rightly, it is to take the civil service out of politics. Mr. Borden is a man who will live up to his promises, and hence the civil servants who have done the right thing by their superiors need not commence "shaking in their boots."

If George P. Graham accepts the proffered seat in Glengarry, he will be getting near to his old home—Dundas. It is not unreasonable to think that he would be unopposed, as The Leader has heard of prominent Conservative members who have hoped that George would get a seat. Whether they were sincere in their remarks, or whether it emanated through a desire to have an opportunity to "get back" at him for some of the contracts he let before the dissolution of the House, The Leader is not prepared to say. At any rate, George would greatly aid the opposition.

Joseph Girard, M.P.-elect for Chicoutimi, has the distinction of being a man without a party. The game of politics, as played by Mr. Girard, has not proved conducive to popularity, for, by the press despatches he is pilloried as a "traitor to the Conservatives," a "traitor to his electors," and finally, a "traitor to himself." This is surely not a very unique distinction, and would tend to show that even in politics you must play the game fair. It looks as though Joseph Girard would have, to form a party of his own with himself as leader, whip and follower.

By to day's Montreal Gazette, it is stated that Mr. Borden will not present his Cabinet to the Governor-General until Monday. The Leader had hoped to be able to tell its readers in this issue that our able representative, Andrew Broder, had been selected for the position of Minister of Agriculture, a position which there is no member of Parliament more eminently qualified to fill. As we go to press there is no word to send out, but let us all hope that our wishes will be gratified, and when the names for the various portfolios are called, that of Minister of Agriculture will be Andrew Broder.

The Road to Yesterday
I took the road to yesterday
Which starts at Bygonville,
And met a tailor right away
To whom I owed a bill.
I hadn't thought of this old hunk
In seven years or more,
I had to hand him forty plunks
To liquidate my score.
A little further on I met
A chap I used to whip.
He instantly upon me sat
And split my lower lip.
I seemed to have no earthly luck;
I got another jolt,
I met a fellow whom I stuck
One summer on a colt.
And then I made a hurried break
And came back to To-day.
I do not think it pays to take
The road to yesterday.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*

SUNDAY SCHOOL CENTENNIAL

Provincial Workers Meet in
Forty-Sixth Annual Convention,
Brockville, Ont., October
23-26, 1911.

There are more than five thousand Sunday Schools in Ontario, almost fifty per cent. of the entire number throughout the Dominion of Canada.

One hundred years ago the first Sunday School in Ontario was organized (Oct. 1811) in the village of Elizabethtown, now Brockville City. The school was organized by Rev. William Smart, who came to this country in response to a call from a Missionary Committee instead of going to India as he had originally planned.

The outgrowth of this first Sunday School is the strong and vigorous congregation of the First Presbyterian church, Brockville. They are housed in a splendid church edifice on the corner of the City Central Square.

In view of the local celebration in October, which will climax in the holding of the forty-sixth annual convention of the Ontario Sunday School Association, the building has been thoroughly renovated and the organ rebuilt.

A year ago in convention at Oshawa, Ont., the pastor of the First Presbyterian church, Brockville, Rev. Norman McLeod, backed by the 'Brockville and vicinity' pastors' Association, urged the claims of Brockville as the next meeting place, and Hamilton City, which had waited one year already, generously yielded to Brockville's claim.

The Provincial Sunday School Convention at Brockville promises the completest programme ever offered to an Ontario audience. It has several features never before introduced. Hardly a phase of Sunday School interest but finds a place for consideration. Among those taking part in the programme are: Rev. E. T. Capel, of Montreal, Que., General Secretary of the S. S. Union of the Province of Quebec; Rev. J. C. Robertson, B.A., B.D.; Rev. F. L. Farewell, B.A.; Rev. P. K. Dayfoot, B.A., well known workers in the field of our Ontario Sunday School denominational efforts, and many other local leaders.

In addition to home talent the programme contains: Rev. A. H. McKinney, D.D., of New York, assistant to Rev. A. F. Schaffler, D.D., of international and world fame; Mrs. Mary Foster Bryner, of Chicago, Ill., one of the staff of the International Sunday School Association, and Mr. Alfred Day, Syracuse, N. Y., who was General Secretary of the Ontario S.S. Association for thirteen years.

The music leader will be Mr. J. Ritchie Bell, Superintendent of the Montreal Sailors' Institute.

A special souvenir programme and music booklet of 32 pages is being prepared. The demand for space and entertainment promises to tax the capacity of Brockville, and is, therefore, being controlled by issuing credentials to delegates, direct from the office of the Ontario Sunday School Association, Confederation Life Building, Toronto. These credentials will be issued in order of application on the principle of "first come, first served."

Mr. T. F. Harrison, Kingston, is President; Mr. Wm. Hamilton, Toronto, is Chairman of the Executive Committee; Mr. H. E. Irwin, K.C., Toronto, Treasurer. The General Secretary is Rev. E. W. Halpenny, B.D.

\$11,000 in Prizes at Winter Show in Ottawa

There is probably no exhibition in Canada which is making more rapid growth than the Eastern Ontario Live Stock and Poultry Show, the great educational show held each January in Ottawa. In recent years, the attendance has been increasing over fifty per cent. annually, while the gain in the number of exhibits has been almost as great. This success is largely due to the generous prize list which is sufficient to bring out very high quality exhibits in large numbers. The different departments and the total of prizes offered in each are as follows:

Horses.....	\$ 3,000 00
Dairy cattle.....	1,400 00
Beef cattle.....	1,600 00
Sheep.....	850 00
Swine.....	850 00
Poultry.....	2,750 00
Seeds.....	550 00

Total.....\$ 11,000 00

There are in all 748 sections in the prize list representing 197 breeds and varieties. The individual prizes are large and in a great many cases more than one prize may be won by the same animal.

A new feature of the prize list this year is the introduction of several classes open only to exhibitors who have never won a first prize at exhibitions held in Ottawa, Toronto, London or Guelph. These will offer special inducement to new exhibitors as they may also show in open classes.

The dates for the next show are January 16th to 19th, 1912. Our readers may secure prize lists by sending a request by post card to D. T. Elderkin, Secretary, Ottawa, Ont.

Report of S.S. 11, Williamsburg

Names in order of merit.
Class IV—Emma Froats, Sarah Bowman, Lorne Cunningham, Hugh Whittaker, Clifford Shannette and Bessie Hess, equal; Harold Shannette, Nellie Hunter, Sandie Shannette.
Class III—Florence Coughler, Viola Whittaker, Archie Shannette, George Hess, Agnes Whittaker, Archie Casselman.
Class II—Ray Hunter, Vincent Casselman, Walter and Phyllis Whittaker, equal; Florence Hall, Maude Coughler, Mattie Shannette.
Grace McIntosh, teacher.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

DOCTORS HAD GIVEN UP ALL HOPE

"Fruit-a-tives" saved my Life

RIVIERRE A. PIERRE, Q., May 9, 1910.
"I look upon my recovery as nothing short of a miracle. I was for eleven years, constantly suffering from Chronic Dyspepsia and Indigestion.

I was treated by several doctors and they simply did me no good. During the latter part of my illness, I was so thin that I weighed only 90 pounds, and I vomited everything I ate.



The doctors gave me up to die as the stomach trouble produced heart weakness and I was frequently unconscious. I received the Last Rites Of The Church. At this time, a lady strongly urged me to try 'Fruit-a-tives'. When I had taken one box, I was much better and after three boxes, I was practically well again, and had gained 20 pounds. I have taken 13 boxes in all and now weigh 150 pounds and am well."

"Fruit-a-tives" is the only medicine in the world made of intensified fruit juices and always cures Indigestion, 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, or trial size, 25c. At all dealers, or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

The Salvation Army

The 29th Annual Congress of The Salvation Army in Canada will be held in Toronto from October 11th to 16th, inclusive. This Congress will be of special significance to the officers and members of The Army, as General Booth has arranged for his daughter-in-law, Mrs. Bramwell Booth, wife of the Chief of the Staff, to conduct the entire series of meetings. Mrs. Booth will be accompanied by Colonel Mildred Duff, also from London, England.

Mrs. Booth is head of the Women's Social Work in all lands and is a recognized authority on the treatment of those unfortunate women who are cared for in connection with this beneficial work.

The welcome Meeting to Mr. Booth will take place in the Massey Hall on Wednesday, October 11th. This will without doubt be the most impressive, spectacular and interesting demonstration of The Army work ever held in Canada. It will be in the nature of a pageant, over three hundred persons taking part in the same.

On Sunday afternoon, Mrs. Booth will give a Special Social Address in the Massey Hall. The chair will be occupied by His Hon. Lieut. Governor Gibson. This will be followed by a special evangelical service in Massey Hall in the evening.

The programme of meetings (public and private), prepared by Commissioner David M. Rees, leader of The Salvation Army in the Dominion of Canada, is indeed an extensive one, and will be of interest to those who are fortunate enough to attend. It is anticipated that many members and friends of The Army will come to Toronto to participate in this Congress, special railway rates having been arranged with the different transportation companies.

NA-DRU-CO LAXATIVES

a new evacuant pleasant to take, mild and painless.
Increasing doses never needed. 25c. a box at all druggists.

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited
45

NOTICE

THE Counties Council of the United Counties of Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry will meet at the Court House, Cornwall, on Monday, 16th October, 1911, at 8 p.m., pursuant to adjournment.

Cornwall, Sept. 25th, 1911.
ADRIAN I. MACDONELL,
Counties Clerk.

Voters' List, 1911

MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWNSHIP OF WILLIAMSBURG, COUNTY OF DUNDAS.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Sections 8 and 9 of the Ontario Voters' Lists Act the copies required by said sections to be so transmitted or delivered of the said list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality at Elections for Members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the said list was first posted up at my office at Bouck's Hill on the 27th day of September, 1911, and remains there for inspection.

Elections are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omissions or any other errors are found therein, to take immediate proceedings to have the errors corrected according to law.

GEO. LANE,
Clerk of said Municipality.
Dated this 27th day of September, 1911. 39b

Millinery Notice

Ladies, we will dispense with our formal millinery opening for this season, but cordially invite you to call at your earliest convenience and inspect our fall and winter stock, which is now complete.

Mrs. S. E. Barkley,
Williamsburg, Ont.

WANTED

A Live Representative for Morrisburg and Surrounding District to sell High-Class Stock for

The Fonthill Nurseries

More fruit trees will be planted in the Fall of 1911 and Spring of 1912 than ever before in the history of Ontario.

The orchard of the future will be the best paying part of the farm. We teach our men Salesmanship, Tree Culture and how big profits in fruit-growing can be made.


Pay weekly, permanent employment, exclusive territory.
Write for particulars.

STONE & WELLINGTON
TORONTO
34-3mos

FRUIT TREES

Our Nurseries are open to inspection at any time. Those interested in the subject of fruit growing will do well to inspect our immense stock of growing Peach, Apple, Plum and Cherry trees, Small Fruits, Ornamental Trees and Shrubs. If our local agent has not called upon you, write us. Catalogues or terms to agents sent on application.

Brown Bros., Browns Nurseries,
Welland County, Ont.



Why don't some flours behave? Why don't they keep good?
Because they contain too much of the branny particles, too much of the inferior portions of the wheat—may be little pieces of the oily germ.
Which act on one another—that's why some flours "work" in the sack.
FIVE ROSES is the purest extract of Manitoba spring wheat berries.
Free from branny particles and such like.
It will keep sound, and sweet longer than necessary.
Keep it in a dry place, and when needed you find it even healthier, sounder, fresher, drier than the day you bought it.
Buy lots of FIVE ROSES.
It keeps.

Five Roses Flour

Not Bleached



Not Blended

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY, LIMITED MONTREAL

Fire! Fire!

Owners of buildings and contents will do well to remember that Fire is able to destroy their property when they least expect a visit from this destructive fiend. They will, therefore, consult their own best interests by insuring with the undersigned in the Royal and other good solid British companies.

Remember that CHEAP Insurance often proves to be very DEAR when losses occur.

All HONEST claims promptly and liberally settled.

A. F. MERKLEY,
Local Agent, Morrisburg.
D. MONROE, Cornwall,
District Inspector & Adjuster

TO RENT

MY TWO FARMS, being Lots 13 and 14 in the 5th Concession of Williamsburg, containing 200 acres; good houses and outbuildings on each farm; four good wells and a creek; will rent separately or together. Possession 1st February or March. Can plough now. Apply to

ALFRED WELLS,
Box 110, Aultsville.

FOR SALE

MY FARM on Lot 37, 1st Concession of Osnabrock Township, containing 200 acres; good frame house and outbuildings in good repair; will carry 50 head of cattle; creek crosses farm; 4 wells; well fenced with wire; house on the St. Lawrence; good orchard—100 apple trees; will sell in part or whole, with or without stock. Apply to

CHARLES E. WELLS,
Box 94, Aultsville.



\$6.50
Round Trip to
NEW YORK
FROM R. W. & O. DIVISION STATIONS
Annual Coach Excursion
October 10th and 11th
Special train Service on October 10th
Final Return Limit, October 20th

Ten days for sightseeing in the Metropolis—Theatres, the Hippodrome, the Water-front, Ocean Liners, the Subway, Museums, Parks, Skyscrapers, Navy Yards, Broadway, Fifth Ave., Riverside Drive, Baseball.

Secure your tickets early. For complete information and time of trains, consult local agents or address New York Central Lines, General Agent, Watertown, N. Y.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

OFFICIAL FIGURES

A cable from the International Agricultural Institute, Rome, Italy, gives the official figures published there on that date concerning the production of wheat during the present season in Great Britain and Ireland, France, Russian Empire, Algeria and Egypt. These figures are new and appear in the table hereunder. Revised figures are also given for Belgium, Hungary, Italy and Tunis. The estimated production for the latter countries on Sept. 1st, compared with that of August 1st, is given in bushels, as follows, with the August estimate in brackets:—Belgium, 14,617,000, (14,054,000); Hungary, 192,691,000, (187,780,000); Italy, 192,170,000, (203,192,000); Tunis, 6,625,000, (7,716,000).

The following table comprises these estimates (except acreage) together with those published by the Institute to date. For the purpose of comparison the figures for 1910 are also given:

	1911 Acres.	1910 Acres.	1911 Bushels.	1910 Bushels.
France	16,210,000	320,141,000	254,363,000	
Great Britain and Ireland	1,857,000	63,916,000	56,593,000	
Russian Empire	71,064,000	633,777,000	836,240,000	
Algeria	3,427,000	17,821,000	39,375,000	
Egypt		38,048,000		
Prussia	2,835,000	86,167,000	87,798,000	
Belgium	378,000	381,000	12,449,000	
Denmark	104,000	104,000	4,550,000	
Spain	9,607,000	9,413,000	137,449,000	
Hungary	8,915,000	9,375,000	181,398,000	
Italy	11,614,000	11,759,000	153,339,000	
Luxemburg	27,000	30,000	634,000	
Roumania	4,843,000	4,814,000	110,828,000	
Switzerland	105,000	105,000	2,756,000	
United States	52,120,000	49,305,000	656,762,000	
British India	39,552,000	39,015,000	353,137,000	
Japan	1,156,000	1,165,000	23,798,000	
Tunis	1,236,000	1,227,000	4,042,000	
Canada	10,501,000	9,295,000	149,990,000	

For the totality of the countries so far reported, the 1911 wheat crop is expected to be 100.5% of that of last year.

Full data concerning oats, barley and rye, will be given in the regular printed bulletin to be issued shortly.

T. K. DOHERTY, Chief Officer.

Publication Branch, Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa, Sept. 25, 1911.

Bradfield Bros. & Co.

GURNEY'S STOVES

Coal Hods Ash Sifters
Oil Heaters Stove Boards

Connell Coal The Best By Test

Bradfield Bros. & Co.

Hardware :: Coal :: Groceries

CUSTOM TAILORING

THE LATEST PATTERNS IN FALL SUITINGS,
OVERCOATINGS, TROUSERINGS AND FANCY
VESTINGS. ——— STYLE AS YOU WANT.

Yotsman and Blenheim Serges are Guaranteed.

FRANK STEWART, MERCHANT TAILOR
MORRISBURG, - ONT.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM

Reduced Fares

SEPT. 15 to OCT. 15

INCLUSIVE

SECOND-CLASS COLONIST FARES

FROM MORRISBURG

—TO—

Nelson and Spokane, Vancouver,
Victoria, Seattle and Portland \$47.10

San Francisco, Los Angeles, San
Diego \$49.00

Mexico City, Mex.

Low rates to many other points.

W. H. MCGANNON, Agent,
Morrisburg, Ont.

POTATOES

2,000 Bus. 2,000

will arrive next week.

Place your orders now,

as they are going fast.

Selling at 75c per bus.

while they last.

BAKER & BOUCK

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS
BRING RESULTS.

Everybody's Corner

Advertisements under this heading will be
inserted at the rate of five cents per line, for
the first insertion and three cents per line for
each subsequent insertion. Advertisements
of five lines or less, 25 cents for the first insert-
ion and 10 cents for each subsequent insertion.

FOR SALE CHEAP

HORSE, IN GOOD CONDITION.
Apply to GEO. MOUTHROP.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT

MY FARM on lot 7, Sixth concession of
Matilda, containing 100 acres more or
less, all under cultivation; will run 25 head of
cattle; good brick house and outbuildings in
good shape; fall plowing will be done.
HENRY HANSON
Bristol's Corners.

PRIVATE SALE

WILL sell all of my household goods at
private sale; also lot of single and
double harness, three wagons, single sleigh,
single and double buggy.
I. LEMON.

WANTED

TWO heavy home-made quilts. Apply to
this office.

WANTED

A QUALIFIED teacher for S. S. No. 1, Wil-
liamsburg (Marristown). Duties to com-
mence immediately. Apply to
EZRA DUVAL,
Sec'y-Treas.

WANTED

1000 CORDS OF FIELD STONE, deliver-
ed at Lock 24 (head of Morrisburg
canal). Apply at the works to
ROGER MILLER & SONS

WANTED

OPTIONS on stock of the Morrisburg Tack
Mfg Co., Ltd.
Address, care P. O. Box No. 50
Morrisburg, Ont.

WANTED

TO rent a stocked farm that carries 15 or
more cattle. Apply to The Leader

MUSHROOMS

BEAUTIFUL Fresh Mushrooms for sale
Enquire at the Morrisburg Sanitarium.

EXCELSIOR Lodge, No. 112, G.

R. C. A. F. & A. M. holds its
Regular Meetings in the Masonic
Hall, Morrisburg, on the Friday
Evening on, or before, full moon.
A full attendance is particularly requested.
Visiting brethren are always welcome.
E. M. BECKSTEAD, DR. WILL C. DAVY,
W. M. Sec'y.

Our Correspondents

WILLIAMSBURG

Mrs W. C. Strader and son George
spent a few days in Montreal last
week.

Mr and Mrs D. L. Collson and son
Herman spent the latter part of the
week at Mr Herman Whittaker's.

Mr Sam Merkley and bride called on
Miss Alice Eastwood on Monday.

Mr and Mrs Ross Hanson and son
Acil, of Brinston's, spent Sunday in
our village.

Children's day will be observed in
the Presbyterian church on Sunday
morning. Rev. Mr MacCrimmon will
address the children.

Quite a number from here attended
the Sunday-school convention held in
Winchester Springs on Monday and
Tuesday.

Misses Ethel Whittaker, Alice East-
wood, Lottie Weaver and Verna
Whittaker spent Monday at Win-
chester Springs.

Mrs MacCrimmon entertained a few
of our grandmothers on Friday. The
afternoon was spent in conversation
of days gone by. Tea was served,
and all seemed to enjoy themselves.

Miss Ethel McCaffery and Miss
Grace McElintosh have both bought
new pianos.

Mrs Earl Casselman is spending this
week at her home in Maxville.

Mrs J. D. Beckstead has added an-
other fancy driver to his livery.

Mr and Mrs Riley Beckstead and
daughter left for their home in Salt
Lake City on Monday.

Misses Belva Barkley and May Gil-
son, of Brinston's, spend Sunday at
Mrs S. E. Barkley's.

Mrs J. Beckstead and Mrs Matthew
Beckstead, of Glen Becker, and Misses
E. Duff and Athalia Casselman, of
Berwick, were guests of Miss Emma
C. Casselman last week.

Mrs Wm. Laflaur, of Ottawa, is
spending a week visiting with her
parents, Mr and Mrs George Pharoah.

While the Turney Variety Co. was
preparing for their show on Friday
evening in the town hall, the oil
stove exploded and Mr C. Pitt, who
was helping Mr Turney to carry it
out, got his hands badly burned.

SEPTEMBER HONOR ROLL FOR S. S. No 12, WILLIAMSBURG

Room A.

Class IV — Robert Norval, Molly
Garlough, Viola King, Maefred Plifer,
Bernice Connor, Anna Connor, Cecil
Clifford, Irwin Empey, Eva Beck-
stead, George Crobar, George Cassel-
man, Ansel Perault, Ward Merkley.

Class III — Bessie Brown, Grant
Casselman, Garnet Casselman, Violet
Trickey, Etta Weaver, Harold Cassel-
man.

Part II — Reginald Perault, Ollie
Connor, Helen Becker, Mabel Cassel-
man, Alice Casselman.

GEO. K. CASSELMAN, Prin.

Room B.

Sr. II — Garnet Merkley, Mary Beck-
stead, Jessie Casselman, Percy Ouder-
kirk, Clifford Casselman, Helen West-
on, Ross Beckstead, Alva Weaver,
George Strader, Claude Casselman,
Lorraine Buchan.

Junior II — Frank Whittaker, Aden
Garlough, (Wyda Marcellus, Elvera
Trickey), Alfred Casselman, Bernard
Whittaker, Roy Casselman, Jackie
Weaver.

Junior I (A) — Florence Buchan,
Heber Casselman, Ruby Perault, Ger-
tie Beckstead.

Junior I (B) — Mary Tupper, Morna
Perault, Eva Weaver, Olga Perault,
Grant McIntosh, Mabel Casselman.

ETHEL MCCAFFERY, Teacher.

CEDAR GROVE

Mr and Mrs. Herman Wyatt, of
Lunenburg, were the guests of Mr.
and Mrs. James Sampson for a few
days last week.

Messrs. George and Dalton Dilla-
bough spent the latter part of the
week in Berwick and Russell with
friends.

Mr. George Ray was in Morrisburg
on the 26th.

Mrs. Willis Werley is spending a
few days in Newton the guest of
her brother, John Steele.

Mrs. Thomas Ray is the guest of
her son George.

Mr. and Mrs. George Sampson and
children, of Aultsville, were spending
the 24th in the Grove.

There was quite a number from
here went to Cornwall Friday for the
great demonstration.

Miss Annie Shaw, daughter of Mr.
and Mrs. Robert Shaw, and Mr.
Thomas Millward, of Froatburn,
were united in marriage on Wednes-
day, the 27th.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

LEADER ADVERTISEMENTS
BRING RESULTS

AULTSVILLE

Mr. Harris Baker left on Sunday to
resume his duties as operator at Belle-
ville, Ont.

Mrs. Sarah Morgan is spending a
few days with friends in Louisville,
N. Y.

Mr and Mrs Wm. McCarey moved
their household goods to Brockville
last week where they will reside.

Miss Margaret Morgan, of Louis-
ville, N. Y., spent a day or two here
last week.

Mr. Jack Hunter left to-day for
Lachine to resume his work there.

Mrs. Frank Shaver is spending a
few days with friends in Brockville.

Miss Ruby Fetterly and Mr. Heath,
of Mille Roches, spent a few hours at
the former's parental home here on
Sunday.

Miss Laura Stillwell, who has been
teaching near Moose Jaw, Sask., this
summer, returned home last Monday.

Miss Ella Barkley, of Chesterville,
and Mr. Barkley visited Mr and Mrs
A. N. Daeoe over Sunday.

Miss Laura Stillwell and Mr. Erwin
Stillwell, of the M.C.I., spent the
week end with friends in Norwood,
N. Y.

The Misses Evelyn and Mary Weag-
ent, of Archer, were in town last
Thursday.

The Misses Lillian and Lucy Pol-
lock, of Inkerman, spent last week
with their sister, Mrs Chas Hanes.

Miss Sadie Bigelow left last week
to attend Queen's College, Kingston.

A new turnace is being installed in
the Public School building which
should add to the comfort of both
teachers and pupils.

Miss Leah Loucks and Miss Jean
Bouck spent last week with friends in
Montreal.

Mrs. E. Mattice and little son Stua-
rt spent the past week at A. F.
Nash's.

Mrs S. Casselman left last week for
Lachine to spend the winter with her
daughter, Mrs. Jas. Clark.

Mr. and Mrs. Weagent, of Riverside,
spent Sunday with the latter's par-
ents, Mr and Mrs. F. Gogo.

Guests at Mrs. A. F. Nash's this
week are: Miss Jennie Grant, Miss
M. E. Gillespie, Mrs. E. Mattice and
son Stuart, all of Lunenburg.

DUNDELA.

Mr. Aden F. MacIntosh has re-
turned to college at Montreal after
spending his vacation at his home
here.

Mrs. Addison Cooper and daughter
Verla, have returned home after
spending a few days at Norwood and
other places.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lavier and
daughter, of Pittston, were the guests
of Henry Sykes on Sunday.

A number from here attended the
Ladies' Aid social at the home of Wil-
liam Strader, at Strader's Hill, and
report a very pleasant evening.

Mr. Raney and George Lavier, of
Pittston, were calling at the home of
Addison Cooper on Monday.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs Charles
Hamilton, on Sept. 30th, a daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bowden and
children, of Cardinal, were visiting
under the parental roof Sunday.

FROATBURN.

Mr and Mrs M. Manchester, of Chi-
cago, and Mrs Weagent, of Riverside,
passed through here on Thursday.

Mr and Mrs C. Brown and Mrs
Stanley Forward spent Wednesday at
Lucius Froats'.

Mr Thomas Barkley, of South
Mountain, was calling on friends here
on Sunday.

Mr and Mrs Roy Shell spent the
week-end at the latter's parental
home.

Mr and Mrs Durham Wells and son,
of Hoasic, passed through here on
Saturday.

Mr and Mrs Archie Warren, of Mor-
risburg, passed through here on Mon-
day.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG.

Messrs Walter Reddick and Thomas
Bowman, of Morrisburg, were visiting
at Mr Wesley Reddick's on Sunday.

Our cheesemaker is all smiles. It's
a boy.

Miss Ida Doyle was visiting at Wad-
dington on Saturday.

Mrs George Weaver, of Montreal,
who has been spending a few weeks at
East Williamsburg has returned to
her home.

Messrs Samuel Donnelly and Walter
Baker are digging a well on the farm
occupied by Wesley Reddick.

Mr Fred Warren was a business
caller in our burg one day last week.

Rev. Mr Stillwell was calling at Mr
Edwin Vincent's on Tuesday.

Messrs Willis and Roy Schell, of
Froatburn, was calling at Mr Gar-
lough's on Thursday.

Mr and Mrs Howard Vincent were
visiting their son, Mr Edwin Vincent,
on Sunday.

Miss Catharine M. Watson, of Aults-
ville, was renewing acquaintances in
our burg on Saturday.

There was a pleasant reunion at the
home of Mr Wm. Henophy on Sunday,
Oct. 1st, in honor of Mr and Mrs Riley
Beckstead and daughter Dorothy, of
Salt Lake City, Utah. Among those
present were Mr and Mrs Ed Beck-
stead, North Williamsburg; Mr Leo,
Miss Josephine and Mrs Patrick
Henophy, Froatburn; Mr and Mrs
Malcolm Beckstead and daughter
Blanche, Hoasic; Mrs James McAdam,
Ogdensburg; Mr and Mrs M. Henophy,
Nudell Bush; Mr and Mrs John Bell,
and daughter Nellie, and Mr and Mrs
Alfred Snyder and sons Garnet and
Willie, of Morrisburg; Mr and Mrs
Thomas Dailey and daughter Mar-
guerite, of Farran's Point. Mr and
Mrs Beckstead will be returning to
their home in a few days.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been
in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

and has been made under his per-
sonal supervision since its infancy.
Allow no one to deceive you in this.
All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but
Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of
Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Pare-
goric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It
contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic
substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms
and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind
Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation
and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the
Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep.
The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

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NERVOUS DEBILITY

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are annually swept to a premature grave
through Early Indiscretions, Excesses and Blood Diseases. If you have any of the fol-
lowing symptoms consult us before it is too late. Are you nervous and weak, despon-
dent and gloomy, specks before the eyes, with dark circles under them, weak back,
kidneys irritable, palpitation of the heart, bashful, dreams and losses, sediment in urine,
pimples on the face, eyes sunken, hollow cheeks, careworn expression, poor memory,
lifeless, distrustful, lack energy and strength, tired mornings, restless nights, changeable
moods, weak manhood, premature decay, bone pains, hair loose, sore throat, etc.

YOU WILL BE A WRECK

Our New Method Treatment can cure you and make a man of you. Under its influ-
ence the brain becomes active, the blood purified, so that all pimples, blotches and ulcers
disappear, the nerves become strong as steel, so that nervousness, bashfulness and despon-
dency vanish, the eyes become bright, the face full and clear, energy returns to the
body and the moral, physical and sexual systems are invigorated; all drains cease—no
more vital waste from the system. Don't let quacks and fakirs rob you of your hard
earned dollars. We will cure you or no pay.

EVERYTHING PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

READER: No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion Free of Charge.
Books Free—"The Golden Monitor" (Illustrated) on Secret Diseases of Men.
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to our Canadian Correspondence Depart-
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see us personally call at our Medical Institute in Detroit as we see and treat
no patients in our Windsor offices which are for Correspondence and
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Crystal Glassware also

Hints for Busy Housekeepers.

Recipes and Other Valuable Information
of Particular Interest to Women Folks.

INVALID'S DISHES.

Emergency Beef Tea.—One pound of shredded beef, one pint of water, place the meat in a saucepan with cold water, stir it to separate the meat, and allow the water to extract the juice. Leave for ten minutes, then place over a moderate fire, and stir till it simmers, then pour off the liquid, remove the fat from the surface with paper, and serve at once.

Fish in Milk.—One whitefish, milk, salt, pepper, half teaspoonful of butter, and half a teaspoonful of flour. Butter a pie dish, lay the fish in it, and cover with milk, sprinkle with pepper and salt, and bake till the flesh will leave the bones when gently touched. Take up the fish, lay it on a dish, put the milk into a saucepan, thicken it with butter and flour worked together, and pour around. Garnish with parsley and slices of lemon.

Barley Water.—One tablespoonful of pearl barley, lemon rind, sugar, and one quart of water. Wash the barley and put it in a jug with some lemon rind and two or three lumps of sugar, pour boiling water over, and let it stand for six hours; strain for use.

Emergency Barley Water.—One dessertspoonful of pearl barley, a strip of lemon rind, sugar to taste, and a quart of boiling water. Mix a dessertspoonful of barley with a wineglassful of cold water into a smooth paste; pour this into a stewpan containing one quart of boiling water and stir over the fire for five minutes. Flavor with lemon and sugar, either or both, according to taste; allow the mixture to cool, and strain.

Calf's Foot.—One calf foot, one quart of milk, one small onion, half a head of celery, small piece of lemon peel, one ounce of butter, one ounce of flour, slice of lemon, chopped parsley. Put the prepared foot in a stewpan with enough milk to cover, add the onion, celery and lemon peel, cook gently till the meat is tender enough for the bone to be removed, place it on a dish, and keep it warm. Strain the gravy, thicken it with the butter rolled in flour, season with pepper, salt, and a few grains of powdered mace, and serve. Garnish with slices of lemon and chopped parsley.

Boiled Coffee.—One egg, a small teaspoonful of milk, a few drops of essence of vanilla. Beat the egg thoroughly and mix with the milk, pour into a buttered breakfast cup, cover with buttered paper, and strain for twenty minutes. Turn out, sift a little sugar over, and serve.

BREADS.

Virginia Spoon Bread.—Stir into a quart of warm salted milk a teaspoonful of fine yellow corn meal and four eggs well beaten; add a little sugar, two heaping tablespoonfuls of butter, and cook thoroughly. Turn out into buttered baking dish and brown in the oven. Serve hot with syrup, honey, or just butter. When properly made is smooth and fine, slightly thicker than mashed potatoes, and in the delicacy of flavor bears no resemblance to ordinary corn bread.

Three Bread Recipes.—Take three pints water, two hot and one cold. Into the lukewarm water place one cake compressed yeast; into the hot water place three large tablespoons lard. Allow to melt and cool. When perfectly cool pour into the yeast mixture. Add three teaspoons salt and three teaspoons sugar. Carefully sift three quarts flour and add slowly, beating with a wooden spoon or paddle until you have used it all. Finish mixing with the hands and set aside in covered pan to rise for two hours. Then put in pans; let rise again and bake. This bread can be started at 8 o'clock in the morning and baked by 11 o'clock, thus doing away with the old tedious way of baking bread. The beating makes it very fine grained and takes the place of kneading with hands.

MEATS AND DRESSING.

Veal Breast and Dressing.—Get a three pound breast of veal and have the butcher cut a pocket on the meat side for filling. Filling: One calf's heart, ground, one-half loaf of bread, one egg, one quarter minced Bermuda onion, three leaves of sage, powdered. Soak the bread in lukewarm milk and water, then squeeze it until nearly dry and add all the other ingredients. Put in to the veal pocket and salt and pepper the veal. Lay two slices of salt pork over the top of breast. Put a few slices of onion around, according to taste, and about one pint of water. Put in a slow oven for two hours and baste often.

Hamburger Loaf.—Three pounds hamburger, six onions sliced thin, two tablespoonfuls salt, pinch red pepper, teaspoonful of chili powder, add about one loaf stale bread well soaked in hot water. Mix all together with hands in shape of a loaf, cover with tomato sauce, add

bake for one hour in slow oven. Can be served either hot or sliced cold.

DESSERTS.

Banana Fluff.—Slice six large bananas, sprinkle with lemon juice and grated coconut, and place directly on ice for one hour. Then mash smooth with a wooden spoon, add a scant cup of powdered sugar and the stiffly beaten whites of two eggs, which should be lightly folded in. Pour into freezer, turning the crank about four minutes or until there is a slight resistance, when one-half pint of whipped cream may be added. Freeze to the consistency of mush.

Rice Blanc Mange.—Into a double boiler put three cupfuls of milk, a pinch of salt, and a scant half-cupful of rice, which has been thoroughly washed. Cook until the milk is entirely absorbed. Soak one-third of a box of gelatin in cold water, dissolve over hot water, and add to the rice mixture. As the mixture begins to thicken add one-half cupful of powdered sugar, one teaspoonful of vanilla, and a wineglassful of sherry, and finally add one-half pint of cream whipped to a stiff froth. Turn into a wet mold and set away in a cool place until needed.

GRAPE RECIPES.

Grape Pie.—Make a rich pie crust the same as you do in making any other pie. Wash the grapes and remove the skins. Then fill the pie with the skins and sprinkle two pounds of flour and one and one-half cupfuls of sugar over the skins. Put on top crust and bake. The remaining part of the grapes may be used for jelly. Concord grapes must be used.

Grape Catsup.—Five pounds of ripe grapes picked from the stems, three pounds of sugar, one pint of vinegar, one tablespoonful each of cinnamon, pepper and cloves, one-half teaspoon of salt. Boil the grapes and strain to remove seeds and skins. Add the other ingredients and boil until thick.

COOKING AND VEGETABLES.

Hints on cooking vegetables: After preparing vegetables, place in cold water for some time before using. Always let water boil before putting them to cook, and continue to boil until done. Turnips should be peeled and boiled from thirty minutes to an hour. Beets, boil from one to two hours; then put in cold water and slip skin off. Spinach, boil twenty minutes. Parsnips, boil from twenty to thirty minutes. Onions, best boiled in two or three waters, adding milk the last time. String beans should be boiled one and one-half hours. Shell beans boil one hour. Green corn, boil twenty to thirty minutes. Green peas should be boiled in little water as possible; boil twenty minutes. Asparagus, same as peas; serve on toast with cream gravy. Cabbage should be boiled from one to two hours in plenty of water; salt while boiling. Winter squash, cut in pieces and boil twenty to forty minutes in small quantity of water; when done press water out, mash smooth, season with butter, pepper, and salt.

CLEANING.

Brass.—Wash in warm soapsuds, using woollen cloth to polish lacquered brass; clean with cloth wet in alcohol.

Copper.—Polish with hot vinegar in which salt has been dissolved; finish off with an oil polish.

Nickel.—Cover with thin paste made of emery powder, with turpentine and sweet oil in equal parts.

Steel.—To remove rust apply thick paste of emery powder mixed with equal parts sweet oil and turpentine; finish by rubbing with woollen cloth and a dry powder.

Bronze.—Wash in soap suds and ammonia, dry and polish with tripoli or rotten stone, mixed with oil or paraffin. Rub off with soft cloth.

Drains.—Flush with four ounce-chloride of lime dissolved in one gallon of water.

Mirrors.—Wipe with cloth wet with alcohol.

Woodwork.—Wipe with soft cloth dipped in gasoline, which will remove all grease, finger marks, smoke, or dust.

Linoleum.—Wipe up with warm water and a little kerosene.

Gilt frames.—Wipe off with soft cloth dipped in white of egg beaten and mixed with one ounce of soda; afterward polish with silk cloth.

Leather furniture.—Cream with hot milk and polish with thin mixture of melted wax and turpentine.

Willow furniture.—To clean or tighten, also to prevent from brit-

tleness, wet thoroughly with warm water, dry in sun.

Furniture.—Good polish is made of one pound melted wax, one pint turpentine, one gill alcohol beaten in at the last. Apply with soft cloth and rub well. White spots are easily removed from furniture by holding over it a hot iron. When quite warm rub hard with grain of wood.

GOES MAD DURING OPERATION

Students Have Desperate Struggle With Surgeon.

A strange story of a surgeon going mad while performing an operation is reported by the St. Petersburg correspondent of the "Petit Journal."

The scene was Chita, in Siberia, and the doctor's patient was a working man whose condition admitted of no delay. He was chloroformed, and two assistants had placed everything ready for use by the doctor when the latter, much to their surprise, began to make irrelevant remarks. He took up his bistoury, however, and made the required incision with his usual skill and precision, his assistants being thereby reassured.

Suddenly he burst into a laugh, saying that all their trouble was useless, adding: "It would be better if we finished him off with a stroke of the knife." In a flash the assistants realised that their chief had gone mad, and one of them placed himself between the doctor and the patient, whilst the other threw himself upon the lunatic and endeavored to wrest the knife from his grasp.

With maniacal rage the doctor struggled with his assistant, while the nurses fled from the surgery in terror. Another assistant, however, with ready resource, continued the operation already begun, and when the madman had been overpowered successfully completed it. The doctor has been placed in an asylum.

THE BIRD CAGE DANGER.

Poison Gets Into the System Through Carelessness.

Bedsteads and birdcages are among the sources of plumbism—the deadly lead poison disease—according to a report by Dr. Robert Edginton in the current "British Medical Journal" on the industrial diseases of Birmingham. "In putting together chandeliers and gas fittings, white lead is used in the joints," he says, "and it is the custom of the workmen to test the joints by sucking the air out of the tubes, so that in this case the lead is probably conveyed directly into the stomach." The process which figures highest (with seventeen cases in a list of eight-four instances of plumbism) is the painting of motor-car and coach bodies, safes, and stoves, whose glossy, enamel-like surface exacts a heavy toll from the workers owing to the lead dust inhaled during the repeated and sand-papering involved in securing a perfectly smooth surface. House painters come next, and on the same level as regards frequency of poisoning are the girls who smooth down the paint of bedsteads and birdcages with their hands to get an enamel-like surface. Cases of lead poisoning among tanners and kettle makers are ascribed to the mixture of lead and tin used for the inside surface of kettles and saucepans.

14 YEARS WITHOUT A ROOF.

Aged Couple Prefer to Sleep Under the Stars.

Living near Womenswood, a somewhat remote district of East Kent, England, are two remarkable disciples of open-air life. One is known as "Molly," who is 80 years of age, and the other is her son "Billy," aged 60, who is a chimney sweep. "Molly" and "Billy" are inveterate believers in fresh air, and carry their convictions so far that they will not have a roof above their heads. For 14 years they have lived in a chalk pit however inclement the weather may have been. Some time ago a friend presented them with a hut, thinking they would appreciate it. They slept in it for one night, but the next morning they set fire to it, declaring that it was "too stuffy a place to sleep in."

One morning in the depth of winter "Billy" found a foot and a half of snow on him when he awoke, but he said "it was quite warm underneath."

NO HOD CARRIERS IN JAPAN.

There is no hod-carrying in Japan. The native builders have a method of transporting mortar which makes it seem more like play than work—to the onlooker. One man makes this up into balls of about 6 lb. weight, which he tosses to a man who stands on a ladder midway between the roof and the ground. This man deftly catches the ball, and then tosses it up to a man who stands on the roof.

Constant use of hard water is injurious to the good appearance of one's finger-nails.

In ancient times the offending hand of a suicide was burnt apart from the body, as a special mark of disgrace.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL STUDY

INTERNATIONAL LESSON,
OCTOBER 8.

Lesson II. The life-giving stream,
Ezek. 47. 1-12. Golden
Text, Rev. 22. 17.

Chapter 47.—This chapter belongs to the third and last great section of the latter half of the book—chapters 40-48—which set forth a vision of the final glory and peace of the redeemed people of Israel. The preceding chapters of the section give an account of the temple buildings, and of the ordinances of the temple. The two closing chapters, including the lesson, deal with the life-giving stream issuing from the temple, the boundaries of the holy land, and the disposition of the tribes.

Verse 1. Brought me back.—He had been in the outer court of the house of the Lord. There the people were accustomed to worship. Now he is conducted into the temple proper again. Ezekiel, belonging to the priestly class, was minutely familiar with everything that pertained to the temple, as an examination of previous chapters will quickly show. It must be borne in mind, of course, that he is still in the land of captivity. What he describes is part of a vision.

Waters issued out.—This figure evidently had its basis in the fact that there existed a fountain, in connection with the temple hill, from which the waters flowed into the valley east of the city and so made their way toward the sea. This stream had, before Ezekiel's time, supplied a beautiful figure to the prophets (compare Isa. 8. 6). The Orientals enlarged upon the blessings brought them by such streams of water. This passage was the basis of Rev. 22. 1-2.

Right side of the house.—This would be the south. The stream pursued its course eastward, passing the altar on the south side, and coming forth into the open on the right hand of the outer east gate.

2. He brought me out.—As both the inner and outer east gates were closed (Ezek. 44 and 46), the prophet was led from the inner court by way of the north gate, round to the outer east gate, where, from the outside, he saw the stream emerge into the open at the south side of the gate.

3. The man.—He is not to be identified with Jehovah, but is an imaginary being, a symbol of the revelation of God. He has the attributes of God, being bright like brass (Ezek. 1. 7), and speaking with authority (Ezek. 40. 3-4). The line in his hand was of flax, and was used for measuring greater distances, as the reed was used for shorter. With it he proceeded a thousand cubits (about a third of a mile) from the point where the water emerged from the gate. At the beginning the stream barely "trickled forth" (margin to verse 2), but already it has become ankle deep.

4-5.—The water rapidly deepens until, a mile from the temple, it has become deep enough to reach a man's loins; and, with another thousand cubits, it becomes an impassable river, one that a man cannot pass through unless he swim. So God's blessings grow more and more abounding as they flow on from life to life. This is the first fact about the river of life—its fullness. It is a picture of the new era of restored hope and felicity in Israel. God is enthroned in the temple, so the waters are represented as issuing from the sanctuary. Whatever blessings are enjoyed in the better day will be from God, and there will be an abundance about them that will leave nothing to be desired.

7. On the one side and on the other.—The river flowed down through a gorge, or valley, and, as was usual, there were trees on either side. This suggests freshness and fruitfulness. The Paradise on the first page of Scripture, as well as that on the last page, had trees on the banks of the living streams. The righteous man is like a tree planted by the river. There he is perpetually nourished. The palm tree of the East attains its full perfection only as it is planted by the water.

8. Into the Arabah.—This is the depression of the Dead Sea, and southward as far as the gulf of Akabah, a distance of 105 miles. All this country, besides the eastern region, or wilderness of Judaea, and the Dead Sea, is to come within the range of this onflowing river. And whatever is touched is healed. The desert place shall blossom like the rose, the bitter waters of the sea shall be made sweet, and everything shall minister to man's good, both material and spiritual. This is the Jewish conception of the kingdom of God on earth, but it is also a picture of the life-giving properties of the unfailing grace of God in the human heart.

9. Every living creature which swarmeth.—Referring to the smaller animals, especially the fish of smaller size. Even in the waters of the Dead Sea, which are destitute of moving life, there shall be a multitude of fish. Where the life of God comes to abound there can abide no death.

10. Engedi.—The modern Ain Jidy ("kid's well"), situated on the west shore of the Dead Sea, about half way farther on to the north, in all probability, although it has not been actually identified, lay Engedaim. The great sea is the Mediterranean.

11. The miry places.—These are the marshes about the Dead Sea. They are to be left as salt beds. The saltiness of the sea is due to the strata of salt rocks surrounding it.

12. Whose leaf shall not wither.—Compare Psalm 1, and Rev. 22. 2. The leaf is a thing of the springtime. But, with the godly man, it has a perennial freshness. The storms and frosts of the year cannot blight it, for it draws stores of hope and promise eternally from God. Moreover, it is for healing. The sympathy of the godly man is a potion of healing for the wounds and sorrows of the world.

Neither shall the fruit thereof fail.—There is a seasonable fruitfulness, as well as an undying freshness about the good man's life. The end of the good man's life, its purpose, is fruit. The freshness and beauty are a form full of promise. But the tree must ever reach forth to the bearing of fruit, as it will always under the enrichment of the divine life.

TELEGRAPH POLES OF GLASS.

Germans Also Making Water-Pipes of Same Material.

In Germany they manufacture glass telegraph poles near Frankfurt. The glass mass where these poles are made is strengthened by interlacing and intertwining with strong wire threads. It is asserted that the glass poles show their superiority over wooden ones by reason of their resistance to the ravages of insects in tropical countries and against the climatic influence of rain, snow and sleet in other countries. The ingenious Germans have also devised glass water pipes, having a covering of asphalt to prevent fracture. These are employed in many parts of the empire, and it is claimed that they afford thorough protection against moisture in the ground, against the action of acids and alkalis, and also that they cannot be penetrated by gases.

NEWS FROM SUNSET COAST

WHAT THE WESTERN PEOPLE
ARE DOING.

Progress of the Great West Told
In a Few Pointed
Items.

A new ward was recently opened in Nanaimo hospital.

A Dutch bank is to be established in Calgary, Alberta.

A permit has been taken out for a \$40,000 hotel at Edmonton.

The grain yield in Manitoba is between 17 and 30 bushels to the acre.

A large addition is to be built to the St. Eugene Hospital at Cranbrook, B. C.

During August, 1,335 criminal cases were disposed of in the Winnipeg court.

The City of Nelson, B. C., has appealed for provincial help to run down fire bugs.

It is expected that a regular street car service will soon be inaugurated in Moose Jaw.

A new incinerator is to be erected in the garbage wharf in Victoria, at a cost of \$4,839.

Extra rooms were engaged in South Vancouver to provide for the influx of school children.

"Deadman's Island," off the coast, will probably soon be acquired by the City of Vancouver.

The vital statistics of Victoria for August show a total of 66 births, 50 deaths, and 86 marriages.

There is at present quite a rush of settlers to the Dog Lake district, about 125 miles north of Winnipeg.

The C. P. R. have offered prizes for the best alfalfa grown in 1912, in the irrigation block, east of Calgary.

It is said that a big find of gold, silver and copper ore, has been made in the Yellowhead (B. C.), district.

A ship carrying 7,000 tons of sulphur for chemical works along the Sound, landed at Victoria, B. C., the other day.

In future Kildman, Man., is to allow no animals the freedom of the city, as a herd by-law has recently been passed.

Congars are multiplying at a great rate in the Bayoune country, B. C. A passenger along a trail recently met on less than five. Deer and other game are being destroyed.

This year, for the first time, men were brought from the Pacific Coast to assist in harvesting operations of the central west.

Great activity in the Revelstoke mining district is reported by experts who have recently visited that section of the province.

The first shipment of 1911 Fraser river salmon, 2,000 cases, arrived recently in Vancouver, and was shipped to Great Britain.

It is proposed to pipe natural gas from Bow Island to High River, Alta., for power and domestic purposes. The rate will be 20 and 32 cents per thousand, respectively.

Over a hundred poaching boats were seen recently taking in salmon by thousands, off the west coast of Vancouver Island. Most were operating within the 3-mile limit.

Coal has been discovered within ten miles of Fort George and it is the supply point for the great Cariboo gold district, which has produced one hundred million dollars to date.

Owing to the cancellation of the close season for salmon by the Federal Government the packers on the Fraser had been able to put up approximately 210,000 cases of all kinds of fish.

One of Elko (B. C.'s) most respected citizens, Fred Sheridan died recently from acute blood poisoning. A friend in a joke had crowned Mr. Sheridan with a cigar box, and a splinter caused a slight scalp wound, with ended in death.

SCRAP-IRON CHURCH CLOCK.

Made by Villager as Coronation Memorial.

The church clock dedicated on Sunday at Wootton Rivers, a Wiltshire village near Marlborough, England, as a coronation memorial, is probably without an equal in the country.

It was made by a villager named Spratt, who, hearing that local funds were insufficient for the proposed addition of a clock to the church tower, offered to make one provided assistance was given with the heavier work and the necessary metal and other material were supplied to him.

All manner of material—including parts of old bicycles, perambulators, reaping, mowing, and threshing machines, and a chaff-cutter—was brought to Spratt, whose cottage resembled a scrap-iron store.

The two great wheels of the clock, which have 120 teeth each, were taken from disused separators, and other equally incongruous material was used.

On one of the dials are the words, "Glory be to God," in stead of the usual Roman numerals.



Father Morrissey's "No. 11" Cures Stomach Troubles.

When your stomach is working right you never know it is there. But when it feels as heavy as lead—when you have Heartburn, Belching of Wind, Sourness, a gnawing hunger, with distress after eating—when you feel irritable and depressed—then you may know that the digestive

fluids in the stomach are not sufficient to digest what you eat.

Father Morrissey's "No. 11" Tablets supply these fluids in concentrated form. Each tablet, dissolved in the stomach, will digest 1 1/4 pounds of food, which is more than an average meal.

Read what Father Morrissey's treatment did for Mr. Gosline, of Salmon Lake. He writes Nov. 30, 1903:

"I was troubled with indigestion, so severe that I really thought I had cancer of the stomach. I took much doctors' remedies, till I was forced to seek another resource, and this was the Rev. Father Morrissey. His treatments worked miracles, until I have been entirely cured, so that now I do not look to the quality of the diet but to the quantity."

50c. at your dealer's.

Father Morrissey Medicine Co., Ltd., Montreal, Que.

TWO REMARKABLE CAREERS.

One of the Greatest Curiosities of History.

There is probably no more remarkable historical parallel than that exhibited by the career of Scipio Africanus, the hero of the second Punic war, and the Duke of Wellington, the conqueror of Napoleon.

Each was descended from an ancient and noble family. Each was the second greatest soldier of his age, pitted in a life-and-death struggle against the greatest. As Scipio was to Hannibal, so was Wellington to Napoleon. Hannibal threatened the very existence of Rome; Napoleon was on a fair way to become the master of Europe.

Again, Spain was the center of the most splendid achievements in Spain are too well known to need recapitulation, and Wellington's triumphs in the Peninsular War form one of the commonplaces of history.

Neither of these great generals met his archadversary until the final and decisive battle—Zama and Waterloo respectively. And the result of both battles was exile to the defeated chiefs. Hannibal retired to Ephesus. Napoleon was deported to St. Helena.

But the parallel does not end here. Both Scipio and Wellington exchanged a military for a political career. And here the same fate pursued them. Scipio incurred the enmity of the Roman Senate; Wellington gained the hostility of the London populace. And here follows the most remarkable feature of the parallel drawn between these two great men.

Seventeen years elapsed from the Battle of Zama—seventeen years to the very day—when the great Scipio was tried on a question of bribery. He was not slow in his defense to remind his judges that on that day he had saved the republic. Seventeen years elapsed from the Battle of Waterloo—seventeen years to the very day—when the great Wellington had to take refuge from the attack of a London mob, angered on account of his opposition to the Parliament reform bill.

The only point in which the parallel falls is this; Scipio died outside his beloved city of Rome; Wellington has his monument in St. Paul's Cathedral, London. But the parallel between the careers of these two extraordinary men remains as one of the curiosities of history.

AN INDIAN LAWSUIT.

Six Years' Legal Feud Over a Cat and Millions Spent.

The Indian passion for the law has reached its record in a case just finished at Bombay after a six years' legal feud that all began about a cat. That feline animal has cost millions since the quarrel began.

As the Parsees and the treasured Persian pets of the world's wealthy women hailed originally from the same land it is a curious fact that the Parsee regards all cats with loathing. So when a wealthy Parsee found the domestic pet of his Mohammedan neighbor, Mookerjee, wandering into his house every night and curling up on the most sacred corners of his abode, he sent sharp protests next door. Mookerjee gave him the laugh, so he threatened to kill the cat the next time it intruded.

Along came the cat the following night and went to sleep in the fireplace. So the Parsee slipped her into a sack and threw her out the topmost window. The Mohammedan's servant picked her up and reported to his master, who declared an eternal feud on his neighbor. The correspondence that followed was heavily charged with acid, till one day the cat disap-

peared and matters took a serious turn.

Mookerjee swore the Parsee had drowned her in the river Tapti. He gathered his servants and they fought the Parsee's retinue from dawn till dark. Then they took to the law courts. Mookerjee discovered his neighbor was using part of his land as a roadway, so he sued for damages. The Parsee countered with a claim that Mookerjee had roped in part of his land and added it to his garden. Every night the servants stoned each other, in emulation of the ill-will between their masters, till neither house had any glass left in the windows.

From court to court the lawsuits were taken on appeals and counter claims till the Mohammedan had to sell land to satisfy the legal costs and the Parsee had to have recourse to the money-lenders.

Then a little while back Mookerjee heard a noise in his bedroom. It was his old cat come back in a weather-beaten condition from her wanderings far afield.

DEATH AFTER A SCRATCH.

Morris Quatzam, an eleven-year old Windsor boy, fell off his bicycle and scratched his wrist. He thought nothing of the injury, but blood poison set in and he is dead.

Such incidents as these—by no means infrequent—ought to make people realize the danger that may lie even in the smallest wound.

Take a simple illustration. When a knife, a rusty needle, a splinter of dirty wood, a barbed wire fence, or a thorn, scratches the hand, the latter is in inoculated with germs.

The way to avoid serious results is to cleanse the wound and apply Zam-Buk. Zam-Buk is a powerful yet painless germ-killer, and when applied to the broken skin is absorbed into the tissue, instantly destroying the germs that spread disease and stopping the pain and smarting. That is why Zam-Buk is so popular with children.

Zam-Buk must not be confused with ordinary ointments. Zam-Buk is a unique preparation, possessing antiseptic, soothing and healing qualities that are not to be found together in any other preparation. It is not only a unique healing balm, but it is also a skin food. For all skin diseases and injuries—cuts, bruises, burns, eczema, chafing, ulcers, ringworm, etc., it is without equal. It is also used widely for piles, for which it may be regarded as a specific. All druggists and stores sell at 50 cents a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful imitations.

The Artist—Just little daub of mine, you see, dear madame. Miss Gush (gushingly)—O no! You are entirely too modest. I should call it quite a big daub!

Blood Poisoning is often caused by slight cuts or wounds. Death may result. Hamlin's Wizard Oil will draw out the poison, heal the wound and prevent serious trouble.

She—Yes, I like Ted; he is so extravagant. He—That is hardly the best quality for a husband, is it? She—Of course not; I am not going to marry him.

Corns cannot exist when Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to them, because it goes to the root and kills the growth.

First Doctor—Mrs. B Jones seems to be a chronic invalid. What is she suffering from? Second Doctor—Principally enlargement of the imagination.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

CURATIVE TREATMENT.

In his reading lesson Bobby had come to the word "punishment," and it was too long and hard for him. After puzzling a while, he asked the teacher what the word was.

"You ought not to let that puzzle you, Bobby," she answered. "What does your mother give you when you have been an unusually naughty boy?"

"Castor-oil!" he exclaimed, sure that he had guessed it.

And the only good that brain food does some people is to appease their vanity.

A man may be ignorant of the law, but the ignorance of his lawyer is always inexcusable.

Two thrones of solid silver are being cast at the Calcutta Mint for the King and Queen at the coming Delhi Durbar.

A Scottish woman who was spending her holidays in London entered a bric-a-brac shop in search of something odd to take home to Scotland with her. After she had inspected several articles, but had found none to suit her, she noticed a quaint figure, the head and shoulders of which appeared above the counter. "What is that Japanese idol over there worth?" she inquired of the salesman. The salesman's reply was given in a subdued tone. "About half a million, madam. That is the proprietor!"

WHAT IS A BOND?

A mortgage on the C. P. R. could not very well be held by one person so it is split up and sold in sections to a number. Such sections are called bonds. Bonds are always readily turned into cash at par or even better, and they pay twice as much interest as a savings bank deposit. Write to the Royal Securities Corporation, Toronto, and get an interesting book on the subject. They will be glad to send it and you will be pleased to have it; it's free.

A MEAN BROTHER.

She—"Maud's twin brother annoys her dreadfully."

He—"How?"

She—"You see, everybody knows they are twins, and poor Maud can't pass for only 24, because he tells people he's 30."

LOW COLONIST FARES TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

Via the Chicago, Union Pacific and North Western Lines, daily from September 15th to October 15th from all points in Canada. Pullman tourist sleeping cars daily. Personally conducted California tours in Pullman tourist sleeping cars on through trains leave Chicago Tuesday and Thursday of each week. For rates, folders and full particulars apply to B. H. Bennett, Genl. Agt., 49 Yonge St., Toronto, Ontario.

BEFORE AND AFTER.

Stella—"When you are engaged you tell him that he must economize."

Bella—"And after you are married he tells you that you must."

Impurities of the Blood Counteracted.—Impurities in the blood come from defects in the action of the liver. They are revealed by pimples and unsightly blotches on the skin. They must be treated inwardly, and for this purpose there is no more effective compound to be used than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. They act directly on the liver and by setting up healthy processes have a beneficial effect upon the blood, so that impurities are eliminated.

CAN YOU, REALLY?

My lady has a wealth of hair
Of hue nut brown and rich;
The true and false are matched so well,
You can't tell which is switch.

WELL ALONG IN YEARS.

Justice of the Peace—"How old are you?"
Illiterate Prisoner—"I don't adackly know, Squire, but I kin rec-lect when ev'rybody called India rubber 'gum elastic.'"

Practically all Canadian druggists, grocers and general dealers sell Wilson's Fly Pads. If your storekeeper does not, ask him why.

IMPOSSIBLE.

"Why do you women want to go into politics, anyway?"
"We simply want to show that we can't make any worse mess of it than you men do."

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Tnd the softer the road the harder it is to travel.
The only thing a miser ever gives away is himself.

It's easier for a woman to coax a man than drive a nail.
Don't shorten your nights in attempting to lengthen your days.

Query—Is it permissible to get intoxicated on love in a dry town?
Clothes do not make the man—especially breach of promise suits.

Anyway, the knocker doesn't drop his hammer the minute the whistle blows.

After a girl has been married a year she is willing to occupy the hammock alone.

It doesn't take a woman long to come to the point—unless she is trying to sharpen a pencil.

It is the little things in life that are most annoying. Even the small mosquito bores one dreadfully.

Judge a man by his companions rather than by his relations. His companions are usually of his own selection, but relations are thrust upon him.

CURED OF CONSTIPATION

Mr. Andrews praises Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills.

Mr. George Andrews of Halifax, N.S., writes:

"For many years I have been troubled with chronic Constipation. This ailment never comes single-handed, and I have been a victim to the many illnesses that constipation brings in its train. Medicine after medicine I have taken in order to find relief, but one and all left me in the same hopeless condition. It seemed that nothing would expel from me the one ailment that caused so much trouble, yet at last I read about these Indian Root Pills.

That was indeed a lucky day for me, for I was so impressed with the statements made that I determined to give them a fair trial.

They have regulated my stomach and bowels. I am cured of constipation, and I claim they have no equal as a medicine."

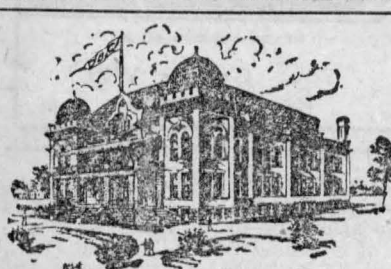
For over half a century Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills have been curing constipation and clogged, inactive kidneys, with all the ailments which result from them. They cleanse the whole system and purify the blood. Sold everywhere at 25c. a box.

Well, Well!



CLEAN and SIMPLE to Use.

No chance of using the WRONG Dye for the Goods one has to color. All colors from your Druggist or Dealer. FREE Color Card and STORY Booklet 16, The Johnson-Richardson Co., Limited, Montreal.



CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE CHATHAM, ONT.

ONE OF AMERICA'S GREATEST BUSINESS SCHOOLS

Over 2,000 choice positions filled in past Four Years.

Some others just filled: L. B. HANN, from Newfoundland, placed with Sask. Milling Co., Moose Jaw, as Steno. FERN SMITH, Steno., Peabody Overall Co., Windsor. E. C. ROBINSON, Bkpr., with Bell Furniture Co., Southampton, Ont. FLORENCE ANDERSON, Steno. and Bkpr., Can. Wholesale Co., Chatham. MILDRED ANDERSON, Steno., with De Laval Separator Co., Winnipeg. R. J. SCOTT, teacher, with Drake College, Newark, N. J. The salaries of the three shown last week average over \$700 per annum. The salaries of the six here shown average close to \$700. Our students are prepared for the big positions where the big pay is offered. IF YOU WANT THE BEST, Catalogue 33 tells of the work at Chatham Catalogue 34 tells of our home courses. Address, D. McLAUGHLIN & CO., C. B. College, Chatham, Ont.

LOGICAL.

She—Why can't you give me some loose change?

He—Because, my dear, money is tight.

On Sale Everywhere.—There may be country merchants who do not keep Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, though they are few and far between, and these may suggest that some other oil is just as good. There is nothing so good as a liniment or as an internal medicine in certain cases. Take no other. The demand for it shows that it is the only popular oil.

AT BUSY PHOTOGRAPHER'S.

"All ready for your sitting, ma'am."

"Can't you wait a moment until I make myself prettier?"

"That's impossible, ma'am. This chair, please."

If every housekeeper would use Wilson's Fly Pads freely during the Summer months the house fly peril would soon be a thing of the past.

AFRAID OF HIM.

"You never go to banquets with your husband."

"No. I'm always afraid that they'll ask him to make a speech."

"And he can't make one?"

"That's it exactly. He can't, but if he were asked just now he'd get up and try."

TRY MURINE EYE REMEDY for Red, Weak, Watery Eyes and Granulated Eyelids. Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain. Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Murine Eye Salve in Asseptic Tubes, 25c, \$1.00. Eye Books and Eye Advice Free by Mail. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

White—Have you any trouble in making both ends meet? Green—Not a bit. The end of my money and the end of the week always come at the same time.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

POWER OF AN AIR BRAKE.

Some idea of the power of an air brake may be gained from the following facts: It takes a powerful locomotive drawing a train of ten passenger cars a distance of about five miles to reach a speed of sixty miles an hour on a straight and level track. The brakes will stop the same train from a speed of sixty miles an hour in 700 feet. Roughly it may be stated that a train may be stopped by the brakes in about 3 per cent. of the distance that must be covered to give it its speed.

The incompetent bookkeeper when weighed in the balance is found wanting.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

A SLAVE TO DUTY.

Mr. Billtops Wishes Mrs. Billtops To Take a Nap Occasionally.

"After dinner on Sunday, and in fact after dinner on various other days, I like," said Mr. Billtops, "to take a little nap, and I take those naps very easily. I just let my head drop back on the chair and the first thing you know I'm in the land of dreams, dozing away very comfortably, as I did after dinner last night for instance."

"But last night when I had waked up and had smiled across the table at Mrs. Billtops sitting on the other side sewing, and had said to her, as I guess I have said a thousand times. 'My dear, I think I must have dropped asleep,' 'Ezra,' she said to me, 'I never could take a nap like that. Sometimes I fall asleep over my work, and sometimes I go to sleep over the newspaper, but to sit down and deliberately let myself go to sleep like that is something I could never do. I should think it was a sin.'"

"And that's the trouble with Mrs. Billtops, that's the trouble, she's got too sensitive a conscience. She thinks she must be doing something all the time."

"There are so many things to be done and she thinks it her duty to keep always at work, never to waste a minute's time. She's a slave to duty, and idleness in any form she looks upon as a sin. She's very lenient with all the rest of us, very kind and gentle, but to herself she denies all luxury."

"I wish that I could persuade Mrs. Billtops to take a little nap occasionally."

Faultless in Preparation.—Unlike any other stomach regulator, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of long study of vegetable compounds calculated to stimulate the stomachic functions and maintain them at the normal condition. Years of use have proved their faultless character and established their excellent reputation. And this reputation they have maintained for years and will continue to maintain, for these pills must always stand at the head of the list of standard preparations.

TRYING TO FILL IT.

"We haven't got half the ingredients on this prescription," declared the new clerk.

"By golly, this ain't a prescription," said the druggist. "This is a Chinese laundry check."

Carterhall, Nfld.
Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.
Dear Sirs,—While in the country last summer I was badly bitten by mosquitoes, so badly that I thought I would be disgraced for a couple of weeks. I was advised to try your Liniment to allay the irritation, and did so. The effect was more than I expected, a few applications completely curing the irritation, and preventing the bites from becoming sore. MINARD'S LINIMENT is also a good article to keep off the mosquitoes. Yours truly, W. A. V. R.

IN THE GLOAMING.

Soulful Girl—What is it the poet says about the night having a thousand eyes?

Enraptured Youth—I don't care how many there are! There is only one "u."

It is an undisputed fact that one packet of Wilson's Fly Pads has actually killed a bushel of house flies. Fortunately no such quantity can ever be found in a well kept house, but whether they be few or many Wilson's Fly Pads will kill them all.

FINANCE.

Knicker—"How much money have they saved?"

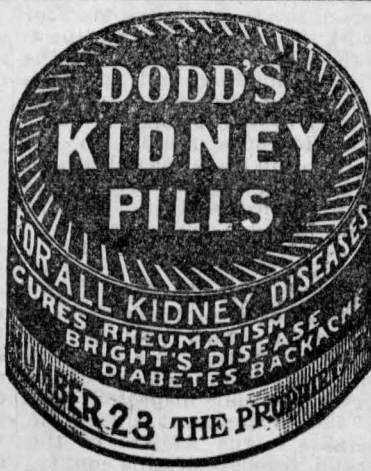
Bocker—"Enough not to but an automobile."

No child should be allowed to suffer an hour from worms when prompt relief can be got in a simple but strong remedy—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

COULDN'T STICK HIM.

"Want a situation as errand boy, do you? Well, can you tell me how far the moon is from the earth, eh?"

Boy—"Well, guv'nor, I don't know; but I reckon it ain't close enough to interfere with me running errands."



BANKS AND BONDS

Bonds have the preference as safe and profitable investments.

Formerly Banks, Insurance Companies and other financial concerns invested their cash surpluses largely in Real Estate Mortgages, to-day they are purchasing the Bond issues of established and prosperous corporations considering that they offer the greatest security and best interest returns.

There is no reasonable argument to offset the fact that what is the best investment for the Bank surplus is the best investment for the individual investor.

Write to-day for our booklet on Bonds, and Bond issues we recommend.

ROYAL SECURITIES CORPORATION

BANK OF MONTREAL BUILDING YONGE AND QUEEN STS. TORONTO

FARMS FOR SALE OR RENT.

ASK DAWSON, HE KNOWS. If you want to sell a farm, consult me.

If you want to buy a farm, consult me.

I HAVE some of the best Fruit, Stock, Grain or Dairy Farms in Ontario, and prices right.

H. W. DAWSON, Ninety Colborne Street, Toronto.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.—A study of other Agency propositions convinces us that none can equal ours. You will always regret it if you don't apply for particulars to Travellers' Dept. 228 Albert St., Ottawa.

UNEMPLOYED MEN OR WOMEN, DO you wish to make Five Dollars day for balance of year? If so, consult J. L. Nichols Co., Limited, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HAY AND FARM SCALES. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

SAWMILL MACHINERY, PORTABLE or heavy Lathes, Mills, Shingle Mills, Engines and Boilers, Mill Supplies. The E. Long Manufacturing Co., Ltd., West Street, Orillia, Ontario.

AGENTS WANTED. A LINE FOR every home. Write us for our choice list of agents supplies. We have the greatest agency proposition in Canada to-day. No outlay necessary. Apply B. C. I. Co., 228 Albert St., Ottawa.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, etc. Internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

6 TON SCALE GUARANTEED. Wilson's Scale Works, 9 Esplanade, Toronto.

SPECIALISTS' ADVICE FREE. Consult us in regard to any disease. Lowest prices in drugs of all kinds. Trusses fitted by mail. Send measurement. Glasses fitted by eye. Write today for anything sold in first-class drug stores to Dr. Bellman, Collingwood, Ont.

H. H. NIGHTINGALE

STOCK BROKER

Member Standard Stock and Mining Exchange LISTED STOCKS CARRIED ON MARGIN

Correspondence invited. 33 MELINDA ST., TORONTO

FEATHER DYEING

Cleaning and Curling and Kid Gloves cleaned. These can be sent by post, 10 per oz.

The best place is BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. MONTREAL.

Silver Pine Healing Oil

Healed a Barb-Wire Cut

without leaving a scratch

MRS. KATE McCRAE, of MOW-BRAY, MAN., writes: "Please send me a bottle of your Silver Pine Healing Oil. I had a cut last winter with barb wire—I used half a bottle and it healed up and didn't leave a scratch. Now I have another cut that has got cut that I calculate for this is an opportunity not to be missed. We offer also an extra large and handsome \$1.00 plume at \$2.50.

Send money by mail, express or money order. Remember that your money will be refunded if the plume is not entirely satisfactory. New York ostrich feather Co., Dept. 11, 513-515 B'way, N.Y.

For all kinds of wounds, bruises, burns and sores on animals or human beings, Silver Pine Healing Oil is a quick, safe and wonderful healer. Keep a bottle on hand for times of need. In 25c., 50c. and \$1.00 bottles, at your dealer's or from the International Stock Food Co., Limited, Toronto, Can.

\$1.00 for this 16-in. PLUME

This plume is just the kind for which you would have to pay \$5.00 at any retail store. It is extra wide, fully 16 inches long, in all colors, with willow flues of great length that do not lose their curl easily. Send us \$1.00 to-day, for this is an opportunity not to be missed. We offer also an extra large and handsome \$1.00 plume at \$2.50.

Send money by mail, express or money order. Remember that your money will be refunded if the plume is not entirely satisfactory. New York ostrich feather Co., Dept. 11, 513-515 B'way, N.Y.

MODERN CUSTOMS. Gramercy—We can't afford to give a dinner in the house. Besides, we haven't the things.

Mrs. Gramercy—Pshaw! We can borrow the silver.

Gramercy—Yes, and have the guests carry most of it away as souvenirs.

Easy Breakfast!
A bowl of crisp
Post Toasties
and cream—the thing's done!
Appetizing
Nourishing
Convenient
Ready to serve right out of the package.
"The Memory Lingers!"
Canadian Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Windsor, Ontario, Canada.

R. H. ASHTON, Manager