The Leader

Vol. XVIII, No 49 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, DEC. 6 1918

We are on the Market for

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We Guarantee Highest Prices

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MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

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Awful cheap you'll say, but we have others that cost **$6.50** to **$7.50** They will warm up a large room in a hurry.

QUEBEC HEATERS

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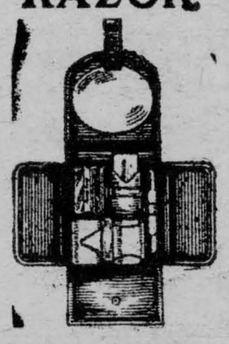
A Real Bargain—only $2. 75

YOU PAY NOTHING TO TRY THIS RAZOR

Yes, you have the opportunity of testing this wonderful Razor without the least cost or risk of any kind.

For one month your shaving will cost you nothing, then you may return the Razor if you can get along without it.

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR



R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

THE HARDWARE STORE--OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

Morrisburg, : : : Ont.

SOLDIERS RETURN

The first fruits of Peace were brought home to us personally on Monday last, when Messrs. Albert George Taylor and Jos. Cassie returned home. Mr. Taylor's home-coming was a particularly welcome one, owing to the fact that an anxious mother and loving little children, who have suffered the ravages of the Flu epidemic, had been deprived of the sympathetic care of a "fighting Dad."

The new arrivals have faced the enemy, and never turned their backs until the destiny of "Right" was in safe hands.

Albert George Taylor volunteered on March 21st, 1916 with the "Counties Own" Battalion, sailing for Overseas in October 1916. He was later transferred to the 2nd Battalion and crossed over to France in May, 1917. Among the many hard-fought battles in which he figured were Hill 70 and Passchendale, and in the big drive in March last when Fritz made a stand outside of Arras district. He was lightly gassed in December of 1917 and is now suffering from trench fever.

Mr. Joseph Cassie, who also arrived home on Monday night, joined the colors in Ottawa with the Second Depot Battalion and crossed over to England in June last. Mr. Cassie, when Peace was declared, was advancing toward the enemy in France, determined to do his bit, but the welcome news released him of his services in the army.

The Leader extends heartiest congratulations to our Canadian boys, whose bravery, courage and determination won a large number of the notable successes in the great conflict which amazed the enemy and the civilized world.

WOMEN'S INSTITUTE

The following motion was unanimously adopted at the December meeting of the Women's Institute.:

"That it is hereby resolved that the Morrisburg Branch of the Women's Institutes of Ontario, put themselves on record as opposed to the custom of canvassing for elections. That it is not only a time-wasting proceeding, but is a reflection on their intelligence; and that they will resent any effort to influence their decision other than from a public platform."

And that a copy of this resolution be sent to the press and to the Candidates after nomination.

COUNCIL MEETING

The regular meeting of the Town Hall, on Friday, Novemb Town Council was held in the er 29th., Members all present

Accounts amounting to $725.-50 were passed.

Messrs Colquhoun and Fetterly—That Messrs. J. H. Meikle W. H. Fetterly, A. F. Merkley, L. Laurin and I Hilliard, be a committee to arrange a public meeting of the citizens to discuss the advisability of erecting a suitable memorial in commemoration of those of our boys who gave up their lives in the great war.—Carried.

Messrs. Fetterly, Flynn — That Mr. Chas. Baker be truant officer for the balance of the year at a salary of $3.—Carried.

Messrs. Fetterly, Whitteker— That Mr. Geo. L. Brown, C.E., be appointed engineer under "The Ditch and Watercourses Act" and that a by-law be prepared accordingly; any previous by-laws conflicting with this appointment are all hereby rescinded.—Carried.

Whitteker — Fetterly — That the Reeve be authorized to sign the notices as requested by the Council, in connection with the proposed award ditch.—Carried. Yea—Whitteker, Fetterly, Casselman; Nay—Flynn, Colquhoun

Messrs Flynn, Fetterly —That Council adjourn to meet at the Clerk's office on the 13th., at 8 p.m.

DIED

Warren—On Sunday, Dec. 1st., 1918, of influenza, at the Royal Columbia Hospital, New Westminster, B.C., Mr. M. Jerry Warren.

He leaves to mourn, two sisters and three brothers: W. J. Warren of Archer, Ont.; Mrs. C. H. Caldwell of Sandy Lake, Pa. Mr. Amos Warren of Croils Island, and Miss Fannie Warren, and Mr. Archie Warren of Morrisburg. Interment at New Westminster, B.C.

Great bargains are to be had in Furniture at the Great Closing out Furniture Sale at W. Marsh & Son. See their Christmas novelties. Never before was there such a display of Furniture shown in Eastern Ontario.

SIGNR. GARNET E. LAVIS DIES OF APPENDICITIS

When the terrible conflict was at its highest pitch of destruction some few months ago, the cords of every loving mother's heart were drawn with the dread of that stinging message which has cast a gloom in many a family circle; but after the ringing of the bells for joy, and all the glorious rejoicing over the news that joy and good will to men had been declared on earth forever, extremely sad was the official notice from Ottawa, conveying to Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Lavis, the news of the death of their dear son, Signr. Garnet E. Lavis, who died of appendicitis on November 28th in Charing Cross Hospital, London, England.

In February, 1917, Garnet enlisted in the 64th. Battery at Guelph, where he was a third year student in the Agricultural College. After training there for three months he went Overseas and trained at Witley camp, taking an instructor's course at Chatham. Garnet had the privilege of remaining in England as a Signaller Instructor, but thinking he could serve his king and country better he went to France in November, 1917. He was there transferred to the 24th Battery, and took part in all the battles in which many brave Canadians fought and died. Three days after the Armistice was signed, he was given his first leave that he had had for over a year, and went to England where he succumbed to an attack of appendicitis.

He leaves to mourn: His parents, one brother, and six sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. Lavis and family have the deepest sympathy of the whole community in their very sad bereavement.

HYMENEAL

Payne—Murray

A very pretty wedding was solemnized at the Methodist parsonage, Delta, on Thursday evening, November 21st, when Miss Amelia Grace Murray, the eldest daughter of the Rev. J. Holt and Mrs. Murray, was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Mr. Percy Ward Payne, only son of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Payne of Brinston.

The bride was charmingly attired in a handsomely embroidered gown of white silk and carried a bouquet of white roses and maiden hair fern.

To the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, rendered by the bride's sister, Miss Retta Murray, who wore a gown of Burgundy silk and a gold sunburst set with pearls, the gift of the groom, the bride entered the drawing room which was decorated with roses, at precisely at 5 o'clock, leaning gracefully on the arm of her brother, Mr. J. Lyman Murray of Queen University Kingston.

The bride's father, Rev. J. H Murray, assisted by Rev. William Craig of Kingston, performed the ceremony.

After congratulations, the bridal party led the way to the dining room which was tastefully decorated with chrysanthemums, and where a sumptuous repast was served.

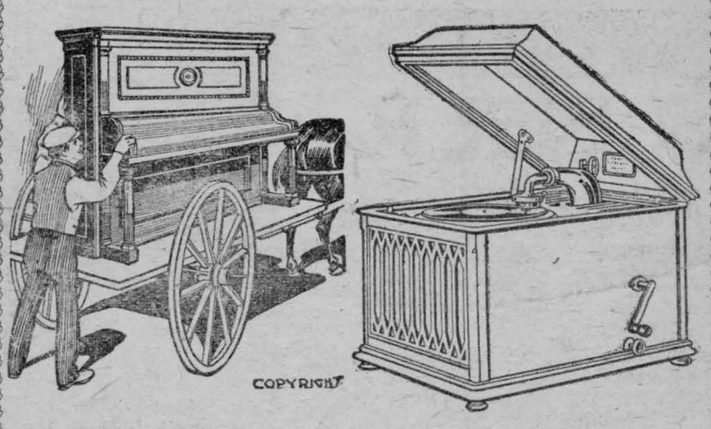
Mrs. Murray, mother of the bride, was gowned in black silk with trimmings of maize satin and a corsage bouquet of red Carnations.

Mrs. Payne, mother of the groom, wore a grey satin gown trimmed with old rose crepe de chene, and a cluster of pink carnations and asparagus fern on the corsage.

Amid showers of rice and confetti, the young couple left on the evening train for Toronto and other points, the bride travelling in a pretty brown cloth costume with a hat to match and sable furs, the gift of the groom.

The bride was the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents, testifying to the high esteem in which the young couple were held.

WILL THERE BE REAL MUSIC IN YOUR HOME THIS CHRISTMAS



Our Pianos and Players, New Edison Phonographs and Vocalions satisfy the best of critics, AND BETTER STILL, when you buy from us you are assured satisfaction always, because we are HERE to make right any of your troubles.

Our Prices Are Right

Call or Write Us Without Obligation

A few used Pianos at Bargain Prices.

Phonographs - - $25 and upwards.

W. H. FETTERLY & Co.

MORRISBURG & CORNWALL

Storage Batteries

We are well equipped to care of your battery, for the winter months.

We recommend DRY STORAGE, if your battery is over a year old.

Our Rates Are Reasonable

Wet Storage - - $3.00 per season

Dry Storage - - $8.00 per season

Free inspection for one year of any battery left with us over winter. We carry a full line of parts, such as jars, plates, etc., for all standard batteries.

Don't forget that we have the only complete battery repair plant in Dundas County.

Bring us your battery to store and your car to paint and overhaul, as we guarantee all work.

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Winchester, Ont.

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Interest allowed at highest current rate

MORRISBURG BRANCH — WILLIAM WALLACE, MANAGER

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The full measure of honest market quality and value is put into every genuine packet, with the selling price on each.

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The tea with every virtue that is worth consideration. B502 *"Try It To-day"*



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CHAPTER XXX.

The intoxication of rediscovered love carried Jerry through one evening. In the morning he awoke to feel only the shackles and the shame.

He was ashamed because he did not know whether he loved Nora or not; he was shackled by poverty and by duties if he loved her and by his word to her if he didn't. And in his slow dressing that morning, while he was lacing up his boots, and while he was fastening his high collar beneath his upstretched chin, he gloomily wondered why he had chosen so to complicate his life. It all seemed unnecessary as it assuredly had been unpremeditated. A call that he had actually forced himself to make from a sense of duty—that it should have ended so! It was too astonishing.

He was conscious of a certain sense of relief as he reflected that in any event marriage was remote. And the moment that he began to feel relief because of that, a counteracting desire seized upon him. If he was bound to marry her anyway, he wanted to marry her now. Those kisses, that feeling of her body pressing against his and of her arms striving to hold him close and yet closer to her heart—they had roused the animal in him. He wanted more kisses, more embraces, and he wanted them passionately, without waiting.

At breakfast Kate tried, rather shyly, to enlist his interest. She asked him if he would do something for her, and with an effort at heartiness he answered, "Sure, I will. What's the big idea, Kate?"

Blushingly Kate explained that her graduation essay had been adjudged the best in the class and she had therefore been condemned to read it at th graduation exercises. And she wondered if Jerry would let her read it to him some time, and would criticize the way she did it.

"Of course, right now," said Jerry. "Only my criticism won't be worth much."

Kate got out her manuscript and began to read. The subject of her paper was loyalty. It was a schoolgirl's dissertation, adorned with extracts from her favorite authors, and she read it with a schoolgirl's self-consciousness, hurrying a little over the passages that had caused her the deepest emotion. Her voice, usually tranquil, quivered a little under the stress of this disclosure of her thoughts; she didn't once lift her eyes from the page. Jerry watched her with an amused and affectionate interest; she sat with hr neat little ankles crossed and her brown head bent over her manuscript, while with one hand she nervously kept gathering up and smoothing out a fold in her skirt. They were capable fingers that thus exercised themselves, and it was a pretty, well-shaped head that was bent over the manuscript, and the neat little ankles, now so sedately crossed, were often lively and twinkling enough.

"'We are loyal to our families, as a matter of course,'" read Kate. "'But there is a harder kind of loyalty that we must all try to achieve—the loyalty, the caprice of the moment or the temptation of the hour may turn our steps forever from the path in which should lie the duty of a lifetime.'—Oh, Jerry," she exclaimed, "is it awfully silly? Don't you want to laugh?"

"No, not a bit. Quite the contrary."

"You mean you want to cry?"

"Now, Kate, go ahead and read your piece. I'm interested. I think it's fine."

So she continued: "'It is the readiness or failure to perform the nearest duties, to meet and master the obvious responsibilities, that is the test of loyalty. There is no real loyalty in one who shirks or evades. There is no real loyalty in one who is selfish. There is ne real loyalty in one who shrinks from enduring or in case of need, giving pain. To every one probably must come some time a supreme test of loyalty, and only those will pass it who have borne themselves worthily in the daily tests of loyalty. "To thine own self be true; thou canst not then be false to any man."'"

"By George, Kate, it's fine," said Jerry. "And you doped it all out for yourself too. I dont see how you did it. Why, Socrates and Emerson have got mighty little on you."

After Kate had gone off to school, Jerry sat for a few moments meditating on her words of wisdom. They did not contribute to his happiness. That sentence about the temptation of the hour turning one away from the duty of a lifetime—was he to be a living witness to its truth? He didn't know, he really didn't know. Nora and her kisses and her clinging arms seemed even more compelling when he thought about them than when he was surrendered to them.

It was an odd thing that Kate should have evolved those aphorisms so pat to his situation. It was an odd thing that she should have got hold of such ideas—that unsophisticated, inexperienced young girl. Yet the whole essay showed clearly that she was still living in an ideal world; in that way it was the work of a young gir, simple, shy, and believing.

Jerry reflected on the contrast between Kate and Nora. He could not imagine Kate talking to any man as Nora had talked to him the night before.

CHAPTER XXXI.

On the morning when Jerry was meditating upon the singular applicability of Kate's monitory words to his own predicament, Nora felt impelled by the exuberance of her spirits, her sense of success and satisfaction, to go shopping. She had a tidy little sum of money now in hand, and there could be no better way of spending it than in the purchase of summer clothes—and no more propitious moment. So, with a sunny April face well suited to the sunny April morning, she took her way towards Bilbow and Slosson's department store.

In the suit department she wavered between a gray suit and a blue. She tried on each, and in each was almost convinced by the admiration of the saleswoman.

"Goodness!" said that person. "If I only had you to show off my suits for me I could sell twice as many as I do. You've just the figure, and things look so stylish on you. We've got two women here to walk round and show off clothes, but they don't put them on with the style that you do."

"Would you really give me a chance to do it?" asked Nora.

"I'm not the boss, but I'd be glad to advise Mr. Stratton to give you a trial. You might find it tiresome."

"Oh, no, it would be lots of fun to walk round in one pretty thing after another. I think I'll keep this suit anyway. Suppose you take me to see Mr. Stratton now, so that he can see just how I would show off a new suit."

The saleswoman arranged the interview, which resulted in Nora's being engaged as a model for a month, to display spring and summer costumes. She carried herself well, she was good to look at, she wore the standard size, and she could put on almost any color; Mr. Stratton told her that there was no reason why she shouldn't have quite a career as a suit model.

Nora went home, wearing her new suit and happier even than she had been when she was anticipating its purchase. Everything seemed at last to be falling just right for her. This occupation that was to be hers for a month was the most congenial possible. It very likely would lead to a permanent and attractive position with Bilbow and Slosson, if she cared to have a permanent position. Jerry might call it drifting if he liked, but it was drifting to some purpose. She would save every penny that she earned; there would be the less excuse then for their not getting married just as soon as Dave was free.

Two days later Mrs. Donohue took Kate to Bilbow and Slosson's to buy a dress for the graduation exercises. After accomplishing this, Mrs. Donohue, who had not yet grown too old to enjoy seeing the newest fashions in clothes, suggested that they go into the suit department and look round. So the bright-eyed little woman in the antiquated clothes and bonnet and the shy girl, who was painfully conscious that her own clothes were more serviceable than stylish, passed into the room where a lady all in lavender and carrying a lavender parasol strolled back and forth in front of some spectators who murmured their approbation as she passed.

"Land sakes! If it isn't Nora Scanlan!" exclaimed Mrs. Donohue under her breath. She made directly for Nora, and Kate, not knowing what else to do, yet extremely reluctant to intrude upon a person of such grandeur, followed at her heels.

(To be continued.)

What grows larger the more it is contracted? Debt.

About the House

Good Citizenship.

Has it ever occurred to the majority that those priceless things—ideals of liberty and justice and right living—can be neither bought nor sold? They are not heirlooms and no parent can hand them down ticketed and tied like goverment bonds or enclosed, like jewels, in a strong box. They may be "recommended" and even insisted upon but are adopted voluntarily or not at all.

These facts offer food for serious thought on the part of those who are responsible for Canada's future. Whatever ideals it is desirable for the citizens of to-morrow to possess must be instilled into the consciousness of the children of to-day. The process is the tedious one of "line upon line, precept upon precept, here a little, there a little"—a process at times inspiring but more often than not discouraging. It is a process little realized in the main because its workings are unseen. Not until the generation stands ready for citizenship can it be seen that damage has been done. Only then is one aware of the existence of the harmful influence. Human careers are too precious to be submitted to this exploitation and the most serious duty confronting patriots to-day is the provision of influences that will produce high standards of living for generations to come.

Had this truth been recognized from any other than a largely theoretical stand point by the men and women of the preceding and the present generation it would not have been possible for the vicious theories promulgated by Frederick the Great (wrongly so called) to be working themselves out to-day in Prussian atrocities. There can not be too vigorous pushing of baby welfare movements or the establishment and maintainence of supervised playgrounds. By Scout movements, national health boards, carefully considered housing schemes, city planning and every other movement that centres in the cleanest, finest living. An examination into the things in which all were most keenly concerned a decade ago will not result in a list of these things as national interests. Every one of them must be absorbing interests if Prussianism is to be stamped out forever.

Delicious Carrot Cookery.

Delectable dishes are made from the "despised" and humble carrot. It is health-giving food, blood purifying and is truly delicious when the taste for carrot cooking has been acquired.

Carrot Butter.—Sift one pint each of stewed carrots and stewed dried apricots, add one pint of white sugar and one-half teaspoon each of ground cinnamon and nutmeg, mix well and cook slowly until thick, like apple butter. Seal in tumblers. This is good all the year round.

Baked Carrots.—Scrape as many carrots as desired, cut in halves lengthwise. Arrange in buttered baker on a bed of cracker crumbs, grate over them one large onion. Cover with beef stock, season with salt and pepper and one teaspoon of minced parsley. Bake one hour, or less if carrots are small and tender.

Carrot Salad.—Dice four cold boiled carrots, two cold boiled potatoes and chop four hard boiled eggs and two stalks of celery. Arrange on bed of shredded lettuce and dress with mayonnaise or French salad dressing.

Carrot and Celery Soup.—Parboil until tender four medium-sized carrots that have been scraped and sliced and one head of well blanched celery that has been cut in half-inch pieces. Drain and add one cup of milk, one cup of cream, and one pint of boiling water. Season with butter, salt, pepper and celery salt to taste. Let simmer for fifteen minutes. Serve hot with a little chopped parsley on top.

Carrot and June Pea Salad.—Dice four cold boiled carrots in tiny dice, add to them one cup of cold boiled June peas and one cup of chopped walnut meats. Mix with mayonnaise and serve on crisp lettuce leaf or in tomato cups if a lovely color combination is desired.

Carrot and Salmon Loaf.—Shred one can of red salmon, chop three or four cold boiled carrots, add two well-beaten eggs and one cup of bread crumbs, salt and pepper to taste. Mix well and add one tablespoonful of minced parsley. Form in loaf and bake until nicely browned. Garnish with curled lettuce leaves or parsley.

Carrot Cream.—Mash two cups of boiled carrots, add one pint of sweet milk, four well beaten eggs, one cup of sweet cream, one package of jelly powder, one-half cup of shredded cocoanut or chopped almonds, two cups of sugar, vanilla flavoring. Heat to boiling point, adding vanilla after removing from fire. Let get cold, then freeze. Serve with a bit of whipped cream and a candied cherry on top.

Carrot and Beet Pickles.—Boil and peel twelve carrots and twelve small beets until tender. Pack in jars with several tiny white onions and small green cucumbers in each jar. Pour over them a sweetened spiced vinegar that is boiling hot. Seal and put away for future use.

Carrot and Chicken Croquettes.—Chop one cup of cold boiled carrots and one cup of cold chicken. Add one egg, one tablespoonful of minced parsley. Salt and pepper to taste and just enough fine cracker crumbs to mix well. Form and dry a delicate brown in deep fat.

Carrot and Lamb en Casserole.—Dice four boiled carrots and two cups of cold roast lamb. Season with salt, paprika and two mint leaves pounded fine. Arrange in the casserole pour over the gravy left from the roast lamb. Bake until nicely browned. Serve with mint jelly or mint sauce.

Carrot and Raspberry Jam.—Clean six carrots and run through the food chopper, add one quart of fresh or canned raspberries and equal weight in sugar. Cook until quite thick. Seal while hot. This is delicious. Fresh berries are best. Rhubarb with carrots also makes a delicious jam.

Carrots with Canned Corn.—Chop three boiled carrots and add to them one-half can sweet corn. Fresh may be used and is better. Season with salt and pepper, add one cup of milk, one tablespoonful of butter and one cup of bread crumbs. Bake one-half hour.

Carrot Chopped Pickle.—Six raw carrots cleaned and chopped, one cucumber grated, two onions grated, one tablespoonful fresh grated horseradish, two cups of green tomato chopped and two cups of cabbage chopped fine. Cover with vinegar, two cups of sugar, salt and spices to taste. Heat and seal while scalding hot. I usually add whole white mustard seed, whole black peppers, cloves, cinnamon, celery seed and a half dozen pimentos or one red pepper shredded. This makes a delicious sauce for meats.

Carrots Candy.—Run three cooked carrots through potato ricer while hot, add one-half cup of sugar, one cup of chopped nut meats one package of lemon jello, one-half pint of boiling water. (Dissolve the jello in the boiling water). Mix. Let get cold, when quite cold cut in squares like caramels.

Food Control Corner

The Feed Division of the Live Stock Branch of the Department of Agriculture has secured a reserve of re-cleaned elevator screenings, upon which there is an export embargo in this country, and which are being sold at a fixed price of $36.00 per ton, bulk car load lots, Fort William, on and after December 1st. Freight will be added to this amount according to the distance from the distributing point.

The government has also secured a reserve of feed corn which is being held at Tiffin, Ont. This corn is sample grade feed corn of average quality, and quoted at $1.40 per bushel f.o.b. Tiffin, Ont.

For dairy men, the government has purchased a reserve of linseed oil cake meal which is offered for prompt shipment at $64.00 per ton Toronto and $68.00 per ton f.o.b. Montreal, in car load lots, packed in 200 pound sacks. In addition to these reserve supplies, the Canada Food Board placed an absolute export embargo on Canadian bran and shorts which are selling at a fixed price of $37.00 for bran, and $42.00 for shorts, net cash, Montreal freights, including sacks, and $31.00 for bran and $36.00 for shorts, Fort William, including sacks. Freight will be deducted or added to these rates according to distance east or west of Fort William and Montreal, respectively.

It has come to the attention of the Canada Food Board that a considerable amount of dried beet pulp or sugar beet meal has been accumulated at certain sugar refineries in Ontario, and is being quoted at $55.00 a ton, f.o.b. Chatham, Wallaceburg and Kitchener. In view of the urgent demand for finished cattle, feeders would be well advised to inquire into the value of this material and to utilize it wherever obtainable to advantage. It is the desire of the Food Board that this feed be used in Canada rather than to permit its export.

Farmers and live stock men are advised to form co-operative groups to purchase car load lots of government feed or feed from the regular trade, without delay, so as to avoid difficulty and delay incidental to winter transportation. Government feed will be supplied upon application to the Feed Division, Live Stock Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. Bran and shorts, upon which there has been no basic advance upon the prices fixed some months ago, are handled by the regular trade, and not by the Feed Division.

From information as to live stock deficiency in Europe the Canada Food Board urges that no live stock be marketed until it is finished, as there will be a steady demand for meat and breeding stock from Europe with the re-establishment of normal communication and the release of ships from war services.

Blessed is he who keeps his troubles to himself

THE CROWNING ATROCITY

Devilish Trick of Retreating Germans Just Before War's Close.

A young tank officer whom I knew before the war and whom I know to be truthful, tells me an honest-appearing British sergeant, in turn, told him that a week or two before the war's end the British, having cleaned up a nest of enemy machine guns, sent a detail out to bury the dead says an American writer. The squad had buried two Germans; then they came upon the body of one of their own men who had fallen in the fighting two days earlier, when the British made their first attack upon the Germans, only to be forced back and then to come again with better success.

The sergeant who stood sponsor for the narrative declared that, as he bent over the dead Englishman to unfasten the identification tag from the wrist, he saw something was fastened to the dead man's arm. This something was partly hidden under the body. Becoming instantly suspicious, he warned the other men to stand back; and then, kneeling down and feeling about cautiously, he came upon a bomb, so devised that a slight jar or a slight pull would set it off.

Before they fell back, the surviving Germans had attached this devilish thing to the corpse with the benevolent intention of blowing to bits the first man among the victors who should undertake the poor clay with intent to give it decent burial. The men, as I know, have been warned against gathering up German helmets and German rifles in places from which the enemy has retired, because such a souvenir has a way of blowing up in the finder's hand by reason of the hidden grenade that it attached to it, with the cap so arranged that a tug at the wired-on connection will set off the charge.

But this crowning atrocity, coming from British sources, shows that they had made improvements in their system. From sawing down fruit trees, from shoveling filth into the drinking wells, from wantonly destroying the cities that for years had sheltered them, from laying waste the lands they have been forced to surrender back into the hands of their rightful proprietors, the ingenious Hun had progressed in his military education to where he made dead men serve his purposes.

No man can plough a field by turning it over in his mind.

Regina operated a city farm this year on which 5,100 bushels of wheat and 1,600 of oats were raised.

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Get into the habit of turning the broom around in your hands while you sweep to save wearing it one sided.



Muskrat Coat

Loose box coat effect, with convertible collar. Extra well made. Length 45". A popular seller. $120

French Seal

Splendid coats that look well and wear better than any other seal. Special price $112.

Persian Lamb and Mink

Two of our specialties in which we offer exceptional values.

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RAW FURS: Highest Prices Paid.



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The clothes you were so proud of when new—can be made to appear new again. Fabrics that are dirty, shabby or spotted will be restored to their former beauty by sending them to Parker's.

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Is properly done at Parker's

Send articles by post or express. We pay carriage one way and our charges are reasonable. Drop us a card for our booklet on household helps that save money.

PARKER'S DYE WORKS, LIMITED
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Your Christmas Gift this year: Not merely a phonograph, but

The Brunswick
"ALL-RECORD" PHONOGRAPHS IN TONE

YOUR good judgment in the selection of gifts is recognized when you present an all-record Brunswick. Here is an instrument with the wonderful Ultona that plays all records—not limited to one particular make; one whose tone carries no metallic nor nasal sounds, because of its all-wood sound chamber—built like a violin.

The Brunswick combines all the merits and discards the handicaps of all other phonographs.

Only your own ears can prove to you the charm of Brunswick tone, and its superiority.

Hear the Brunswick first, then judge for yourself.

BRUNSWICK SUPERIORITIES

Plays all records

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GREAT BRITAIN DEMANDS $40,000,000,000 REPARATION FOR WAR

War Cost the British Empire That Amount—Germany to Pay $2,000,000,000 Yearly Until Claim is Satisfied.

A despatch from London says—Premier Lloyd George has announced a demand from Germany of £8,000,000,000 sterling on behalf of Great Britain and her Dominions as reparation for the war. This, according to the Daily Mail, is what the war cost Great Britain and her Dominions, and British taxpayers will be relieved of £400,000,000 per annum by the German payment.

The British claim, says the Daily Mail, has been prepared by a committee under Mr. Hughes, the Australian Premier, and Baron Cunliffe, former governor of the Bank of England, who is one of the principal members of the committee. It adds that it is expected the report will be published Saturday.

The Daily Mail says the French claim for reparation will be infinitely larger than that of Great Britain.



CHEERING THEIR DELIVERERS—School boys in Ostend, orphaned during the four years of German occupation, demonstrate under the leadership of their teacher. Similar scenes have been witnessed in all the delivered towns.

HOLLAND TO YIELD TO ALLIES' DEMAND FOR EX-KAISER'S PERSON

Dutch Legal Authority Declares Wilhelm Entered Country Under False Pretence—Holds Hun Responsible For Outrages.

Amsterdam, Dec. 8.—Dutch public opinion concerning the disposition of the ex-Kaiser has been roused at last by the Inter-Allied Conference in London. The Dutch are now fully expecting an allied demand for his extradition.

Dr. Louis Israele, a distinguished legal authority, in an article on the subject in the Amsterdam Telegraaf, points out that the ex-Kaiser did not come to Holland as a private person, arguing that the text of the abdication, particularly his appeal to the German people, to which he affixed the imperial signature and seals, "constitute an imperial action on Dutch soil, irreconcilable with the acts of a private person."

Dr. Israele's conclusion is that since the ex-Kaiser came to Holland under false pretences and since Holland thus received him under false premises, "the Dutch Government is freed from the slightest obligation to protect him."

The Nieuws Van Den Dag says it holds the opinion that the former German Emperor is responsible for the acts of his troops in Belgium and France, for the ruthless submarine warfare and the aerial bombbardments of open towns, and that, consequently, no Dutch Government with common sense would allow Holland to be involved in war or have her food supply endangered by reason of acts of friendliness toward the former monarch.

Another reason, the newspaper says, why Holland should be relieved of William Hohenzollern's presence as soon as possible, is that many persons in Germany have not yet abandoned the hope of restoring the Imperial power.

"It would not be surprising if these people entertain relations with Germans in Holland," the article concludes. "Consequently, as long as the Kaiser is in Holland, the germs of a political plot are existent."

London, Dec. 8.—If the allies insist on the delivery of the former German Emperor and Crown Prince to an international court of justice Holland will yield, but will first urge that the allies content themselves with an undertaking by Holland to intern them for life in one of the Dutch colonies, according to an Amsterdam despatch to the Express.

Holland, it is understood, will suggest that Herr Hohenzollern and his son be placed on an island in either the East or West Indies, where he will be guarded by a Dutch fleet.

It is also anticipated that Holland will be asked for compensation for permitting a violation of her neutrality by allowing German troops to pass through the Province of Lumburg on their retreat from Belgium and receiving German ships from Antwerp.

This compensation, says the correspondent, may possibly be the cession of certain territory along the Belgian frontier owned by Holland since 1839, perhaps the southern part of Dutch Limburg, the population of which region is claimed to be principally Belgian.

QUEEN'S MESSAGE TO BRITISH WOMEN

Her Majesty Calls on Women of Empire to Work For Good of Country.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The following message from her Majesty the Queen to the women of the Empire has been received by his Excellency the Governor-General:

"A few months ago, at the height of our anxiety and strain, I sent a message in the name of the women of our lands to our men fighting for us across the seas. Now, in an hour of thankfulness and hope, I should like to give a message to the women of the Empire. During the war they have been given the high privilege of service; they have risen to the great opportunity, and have proved their courage, steadfastness and ability. I have been allowed to watch and appreciate their work in many parts of the country, and my heart is full of admiration and gratitude for what I have seen.

"I earnestly trust that though the thrill and glamor of war is over, the spirit of self-sacrifice and helpfulness which it has kindled will not wane in the coming days. A new era is dawning upon the world, bringing with it many difficulties, fresh responsibilities and serious problems to be faced. Parliament has secured for the whole country greater opportunities of more thorough and varied education, but it will depend upon the parents whether these opportunities are used to the full.

"We all rejoice that plans are afoot for bringing to an end the existence of such bad and crowded housing as makes home life almost impossible. To-day more than ever the Empire needs her daughters, for, in the larger world of public and industrial work, women are daily taking a more important place.

"As we have been united in all our work, whether of head or hands, in a real sisterhood of suffering and service during the war, let us go on working together with the same unity of purpose for the resettlement and reconstruction of our country,

"(Signed) Mary R."

RUSSIA TURNS BACK 1,500,000 PRISONERS

A despatch from London says—The Russian Government has refused to admit 1,500,000 Russian soldiers who have been prisoners in Germany and has turned them back to the frontier, according to a Berlin despatch to the Express under date of Monday. The incident is serious for Germany because of the necessity of feeding these men.

It is reported that the Russian prisoners have seized four ships at Danzig, West Prussia, which the British Red Cross had obtained from the Germans for the purpose of housing British prisoners.

AGREEMENT IS EXPECTED ON TWO MAIN QUESTIONS

A despatch from London says—Two questions, understood to be engaging the minds of the Premiers especially are the freedom of the seas on which they expect to arrive at an agreement for presentation at Versailles, and Italy's claims on the Adriatic, affecting the new Jugo-Slav State, on which an understanding safeguarding Italy's position without compromising the Jugo-Slavs' territorial and ethnological rights is being worked out.

ORDERED TO RAISE HATS TO BRITISH TROOPS

Amsterdam, Dec. 8.—The British authorities in charge of the occupation in the German zone assigned to the British army have ordered all the German men to raise their hats to British officers, according to an official announcement in Berlin. They must do similarly when the British National Anthem is sung, the announcement adds.

GERMANY'S FIRST PAYMENT TO THE ARMY OF OCCUPATION

A despatch from Amsterdam says:—The Dusseldorf Nachrichten, a copy of which has been received here, says Gen. Nudant, president of the French armistice commission at Spa, has presented a note to the German commission demanding for the first month for the British troops of occupation 40,000,000 marks, and for the French troops 54,000,000 marks.

MANY LANGUAGES AT PEACE TABLE

Diversity of Races Will be Present at Versailles Conference.

A despatch from Paris says:—Translators in 23 languages, including Chinese, Arabic, Turkish, and some not even so well known, have been called for by Brig.-General William W. Harts, who is directing the equipment of the American peace delegates. The number required is indicative of the diversity of the races and countries before the Peace Conference, either through participation in the war or by reason of treaties or other relations.

The full list of languages comprises French, Italian, Greek, Japanese, Spanish, Montenegrin, Norwegian, Bulgarian, German, Hungarian, Turkish, Chinese, Portuguese, Polish, Swedish, Persian, Russian, Serbian, Armenian, Czech, Rumanian, Danish and Arabic. This, with English, makes the quota 24.

The knowledge of the languages possessed by translators must be complete in order to get the precise meaning of treaties and documents, and not the ordinary speaking knowledge.

The first effort will be directed at obtaining translators from among college men or army men, and should these be lacking others from various civilian occupations will be taken.

PEACE PARLEY TO LAST UNTIL MAY

Conference Will Open the First Week in January.

A despatch from Paris says—The Inter-Allied Conference will reassemble on December 16 or 17. The meetings will be at the Foreign Office in the Quai d'Orsay, and not at Versailles. David Lloyd George, the British Premier, and A. J. Balfour, the Foreign Minister, expect to come here at that time to meet President Wilson and attend the conference, but the elections in Great Britain may not permit them to remain more than two or three days.

The opening of the Peace Congress is set for the first week in January. The first meetings will be for the actual framing of the preliminaries of peace with the representatives of the enemy powers who will be present.

The names of the French delegates to the Peace Congress have not as yet been announced, but it is understood they will be three members of the Government, and possibly a fourth member. The British delegates will be Premier Lloyd George, Foreign Minister Balfour, Chancellor of the Exchequer Andrew Bonar Law, George Nicoll Barnes, Labor member of the War Cabinet, and a fifth delegate not yet selected. It is anticipated that the peace deliberations will last about four months, and, unless unforeseen obstacles arise, that final action will be reached toward early part of May.

Crown Prince Renounces Succession to German Throne

A despatch from Paris says—Crown Prince Frederick Wilhelm has renounced his right to the German throne.

A despatch received in Basle from the semi-official Wolff Bureau quotes the Crown Prince in renouncing the throne as having said:

"I renounce formally and definitely all rights to the crown of Prussia and the imperial crown which would have fallen to me by the renunciation of the Emperor-King or for other reasons.

"Given by my authority and signed by my hand. Done at Wieringen, December 1, 1918.

"(Signed)

"FREDERICK WILHELM."

GERMANY HANDS TO ALLIES 300,000,000 FRANCS IN GOLD

A despatch from Paris says—The Germans have begun restitutions. They have delivered to the allies 300,000,000 francs gold, which came from the Russian treasury. The French have recovered a rich collection of art works by Quentin, Delatur, a famous etcher, stolen from St. Quentin, and paintings by Antoine Watteau, taken from the museum at Valenciennes. The value of the returned masterpieces is estimated at 2,000,000,000 francs.

5,622 BRITISH SHIPS SUNK

2,475 of These Sent to Bottom With Their Crews Beneath Them.

A despatch from London says:—During the war 2,475 British ships were sunk with their crews beneath them, and 3,147 vessels were sunk and their crews left adrift, according to a statement by Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the Admiralty, in an address in support of a fund by the women of the Empire to erect a memorial to British merchant seamen. Fishing vessels to the number of 670 had been lost during the period of hostilities, and the merchant marine service had suffered casualties exceeding 15,000 men, Sir Eric added.

BRITISH WARSHIP SUNK BY MINE

Struck a Mine in Baltic—Eleven of Crew Perish.

A despatch from London says—Eleven men are missing as a result of the British warship Cassandra coming in contact with a mine in the Baltic Sea last Wednesday night, according to an official communication issued by the Admiralty. Torpedoboat destroyers rescued the remainder of the crew. The text of the Admiralty statement says:

"The British warship Cassandra struck a mine in the Baltic just before midnight Wednesday, and sank at 1 a.m. Thursday. Eleven men are missing. Presumably they were killed by the explosion.

"The remainder of the officers and crew were saved by our destroyers."

GERMANY'S COLONIES WANT BRITISH RULE

A despatch from London says—Natives of Germany's colonies want to come under British rule, said Walter Hume Long, Sec. of State for the Colonies, speaking at Westminster on Thursday night.

"Our representatives at the Peace Conference should see that the case for our retention of those colonies is put forward in full strength. It will be a gross injustice to our great Dominions to tell them that these colonies, which, in a large measure, they conquered by their blood and valor, are to pass under the control of anybody but the Empire to which they belong.'

BRITISH DELEGATES AT WILHELMSHAVEN

A despatch from London says—The British battleship Hercules, with a naval delegation aboard, escorted by five torpedo-boat destroyers, arrived in Jahde Bay Thursday, says a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Copenhagen.

Jahde Bay is the port of the German naval station at Wilhelmshaven.

No Longer Enjoy Immunity Under Laws of Prussia

A despatch from Berlin says—The Prussian Government has formally withdrawn the privilege heretofore held by the members of the Hohenzollern family of immunity from law.

CANADA'S WAR BILL $1,290,000,000

Dominion's Expenditure Estimated to March 31, 1919—More Outlay Later.

Ottawa, Dec. 8.—The Minister of Finance has forwarded to Sir Robert Borden full particulars as to the war expenditure of Canada and as to the annual pension burden which will result from the war. The total expenditure of Canada is estimated at $1,068,000,000 to November 30. To March 31 next, it is estimated at $1,290,000,000.

To this estimate should be added the amount of war outlay which will be incurred after March 31, 1919, which may exceed $300,000,000. The pension load is estimated $30,000,000 per year and probably more. Canada's net debt at March 31, 1914, was $365,000,000. The net debt to March 31, 1919, is estimated at $1,500,000,000.

In addition to the above, Canada will have large claims for indirect or consequential damage as well as those occurring out of the raids of German submarines upon Canadian fishing vessels. The final advertising for claims of this latter character is now being done by the Secretary of State.

BRITISH TROOPS IN COLOGNE, FIELD MARSHAL HAIG REPORTS

London, Dec. 8.—Field Marshal Haig, in his official report Saturday night on the movements of the British army in Germany, says: "Cologne was entered last night by our advanced troops." A Cologne despatch in Friday's Rhenisch Westphalian Gazette of Essen says that Cologne has been presenting a strange spectacle recently. Large numbers of discharged soldiers, youths and even school children, stimulated by offers of rewards for saving guns for the Entente troops, or by getting the artillery pieces to the right bank of the Rhine, were harnessing themselves to gun carriages bearing guns and dragging them to safety.

CANADA KEPT BRITAIN IN BUTTER TWO MONTHS

A despatch from Ottawa says—The dairy industry throughout Canada will rejoice to learn, says a Food Board statement, that its patriotic service, rendered in the recent supply of butter for export to Great Britain to meet a pressing emergency there, has met with the most cordial appreciation from the British authorities and the people generally.

It is entirely due to Canada that the British butter ration, small though it was, was maintained in the last two months of war.

Conscription in Europe May be Abolished by Congress

A despatch from Dundee says:—The British representatives at the Peace Conference will demand general and absolute abolition of conscription throughout Europe.

TRIAL OF FUGITIVE KAISER TO BE HELD AT VERSAILLES

London, Dec. 8.—Reynold's newspaper claims that it has information that the trial of the fugitive Kaiser, William Hohenzollern, will be held at Versailles.



ALLIES OF THE SEAS—British, French and American sailors celebrating the defeat of the Germans by a little party at Ostend. The dog is an important member of the party.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs

Toronto, Dec. 10.—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern $2.24½; No. 2 Northern $2.21½; No. 3 Northern, $2.17½; No. 4 wheat, $2.11½, in store Fort William, not including tax.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 80½c; No. 3 C.W., 77½c; extra No. 1 feed 77½c; extra No. 1 feed, 77½c; No. 1 feed, 75½c, in store Fort William.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, $1.70; No. 3 yellow, $1.65; No. 4 yellow, $1.60; sample corn, feed, $1.40 to $1.55 track Toronto.

Ontario oats, new crop—No. 2 white, 75 to 78c; No. 3 white, 74 to 77c, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 1 Winter, per car lot, $2.14 to $2.22; No. 2, do., $2.11 to $2.19; No. 3 do., $2.07 to $2.15; No. 1 Spring, $2.09 to $2.17; No. 2 Spring, $2.06 to $2.14; No. 3 Spring, $2.02 to $2.10, f.o.b., shipping points, according to freights.

Peas—No. 2, $2.00.

Barley—Malting, new crop, $1.00 to $1.05, according to freights outside.

Buckwheat—No. 2, $1.40.

Rye—No. 2, $1.58, nominal.

Manitoba flour—Old crop, war quality, $11.35, Toronto.

Ontario flour—War quality, old crop, $10.25, in bags, Montreal and Toronto, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, $37.25 per ton; shorts, $42.25 per ton.

Hay—No. 1, $22.00 to $24.00 per ton: mixed, $20.00 to $21.00 per ton, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, $10.00 to $10.50, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Eggs—No. 1 storage, 53 to 54c; selected, storage, 53 to 55c; cartons, new-laid, 70 to 75c. Butter—Creamery solids, 51 to 53c; do., prints, 53 to 55c; choice dairy prints, 45 to 47c; ordinary dairy prints, 38 to 40c; bakers', 30 to 33c; oleomargarine (best grade), 34 to 35c. Cheese—New, large, 27 to 27½c; twins, 27 to 27½c; spring made, large, 27 to 27½c; twins, 27 to 28c.

Comb Honey—Choice, 16 oz., $4.50 to $5.00 per dozen; 12 oz., $3.50 to $4.00 per dozen.

Maple Syrup—In 5-gal. tins, $3.25.

Provisions—Wholesale

Barrelled Meats—Pickled pork, $48; mess pork, $47.

Green Meats—Out of pickle, 1c less than smoked.

Smoked Meats—Rolls, 32 to 33c; hams, medium, 28 t o29c; heavy, 30 to 31c; cooked hams, 51 to 52c; backs, plain, 46 to 47c; backs, boneless, 50 to 52c. Breakfast bacon, 42 to 47c. Cottage rolls 35 to 36c.

Dry Salted Meats—Long clears, in tons, 30c; in cases, 30½c; clear bellies, 28 to 28½c; fat backs, 25c.

Lard—Pure, tierces, 31 to 31½c; tubs, 31¼ to 32c; pails, 31 to 32¼c; prints, 32½ to 33c. Shortening, tierces, 25¼ to 25½c; tubs, 25 to 26c; pails, 26 to 26¼c; 1-lb. prints, 27 to 27½c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, Dec. 10.—Oats—Extra No. 1 feed, 92½c. Flour—New standard grade, $11.25 to $11.35. Rolled oats—Bags, 90 lbs. $4.85 to $5.00. Bran, $37.25. Shorts, $42.25. Mouillie, $68.00 to $70.00. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $25.00 to $26.00. Cheese—Finest easterns, 24 to 25c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 51 to 52c. Eggs—Selected, 55c; No. 1 stock, 50c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, $1.70 to $1.75. Dressed hogs—Abattoir killed, $24.50 to $25.00. Lard—Pure, wood pails, 20 lbs net, 31 to 32½c.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Dec. 10.—Choice heavy steers, $13.50 to $14.00; butchers' cattle, choice, $11.50 to $12.00; do. good, $10.75 to $11.25; do. medium, $9.25 to $9.50; do. common, $7.75 to $8.00; bulls, choice, $10.25 to $11.00; do. medium bulls, $8.75 to $9.25; do, rough bulls, $7.50 to $8.00; butchers' cows, choice, $10.25 to $11.00; do, good, $9.25 to $9.50; do. medium, $8.00 to $8.25; do. common, $7.00 to $7.75; stockers, $7.75 to $10.50; feeders, $10.25 to $11.25; canners, $5.35 to $5.50; milkers, good to choice, $90.00 to $160.00; do. com. and med., $65.00 to $75.00; springers, $90.00 to $160.00; light ewes, $9.50 to $10.50; yearlings, $13.00 to $13.50; spring lambs, $13.50 to $14.75; calves, good to choice, $15.00 to $17.50; hogs, fed and watered, $18.25; do. weighed off cars, $18.50.

Montreal, Dec. 10.—Steers, $7.00 to $11.00; butchers' cows, $7.00 to $10.00; grass calves, $5.00 to $7.00; milk-fed stock, $14.00 to $16.00.

TRANSYLVANIA PROCLAIMS HER UNION WITH RUMANIA

Berne, Dec. 8.—The National Rumanian Council of Transylvania has proclaimed union with the Kingdom of Rumania. Rumanian flags are flying everywhere and great enthusiasm is manifest.

15,053,786 GROSS TONS SUNK BY SUBMARINES

A despatch from London says:—The world's total losses of merchant tonnage from the beginning of the war to the end of October, 1918, by enemy actions and marine risk was 15,053,786 gross tons, according to official announcement.

ENEMY KINGS WILL BE TRIED BY ALLIED COURTS

The Former Rulers of Bulgaria, Austria and Turkey Will Be Brought to Justice as Well as the Hohenzollerns.

A despatch from London says:—Sir Auckland Geddes, President of the Local Government Board and Minister of National Service, in a public address, said that the line of policy advocated by the Coalition Government was a peace which, so far as the enemy powers were concerned, should be based on stern justice, and so far as those men who planned and started the war were concerned, should be founded on justice of the nature meted out in the highest courts of the land. Such men as the former German Emperor, Enver Pasha and the former rulers of Bulgaria and Austria, would be placed on trial and if found guilty their lives would be forfeited.

"Men guilty of unspeakable atrocities upon our prisoners and upon the civilian inhabitants of the invaded lands," he continued, "must stand trial and if they are condemned must suffer death."

It had to be proved how far the commanders of submarines acted under orders, which they had to carry out under pain of death, of how far they acted on their own volition, he pointed out, but if the atrocities at sea were committed on the volition of individual commanders, he declared, they, too, must suffer the extreme penalty.

"To-day is the day of reckoning for our enemies," said the Minister, "and they will have to pay to the uttermost farthing what it is possible to bring out of them."

FRIDAY, DEC. 6 1918

The Leader

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WILLIAMSBURG COUNCIL

Persuant to adjournment the Municipal Council met in Barkley's Hall, Bouck's Hill on Monday, Nov. 18th. Members all present. Minutes of the previous meeting were read and adopted. The Clerk was instructed to send a certified copy of a resolution passed, to the Fuel Administrator, asking him to grant M. A. Barkley, present Fuel Commissioner, permission to obtain a license as a retail coal dealer in the municipality. Orders were passed in favor of the following: Reuben Schell, bal. of account as overseer of Whitteker gravel $11 H. J. Barkley, 48 rods and 10 feet of wire fence $9.72, C. A. Barkley, 28 rods ditto $5.60; Irwin Ball 33 rods ditto $6.60, John Reddick 65 rods ditto $13; Deroche Bros., repairing crusher $13.12; Jacob Swerdfeger, cutting brush $15; Henry Swerdfeger, hauling crushed stone and use of waggon $60.85; Howard Smith, work on crusher $8; Harry Baker ditto $56.62, Walton Baker ditto, $67.37; Archie Crowder ditto $18.00; Sterling Dillabough, ditto $13; Fred Casselman ditto $15. Roy Schell ditto, $2.60; William Baker ditto $14.37 Gilbert Beckstead ditto $2.50, S. I. Casselman, right of way during construction of Stata bridge, $50, Lorne Casselman ditto $50 W. J. Fetterly, services as valuatoriand expenses $65. M. A. Fetterly ditto $60, Geo. A. Fetterly ditto $60; Sawyer-Massey Co., repairs for tractor $20.31; John Reddick ground rent for two years $8.00; Municipal World, supplies 71 cents; P. E. Barkley, repairs for engine $8.10 Wilfrid Queenville, fixing carburator on engine $1.00; Henry Sargeant, dragging road $6; Miss S. I. Anderson, ... written copies of land values $6.00; Ezra Barkley, hired help and work, repairing sluice $14.50, Alex. Young, refund of taxes, error in assessment $2.72; C. M. Whitteker, 30 feet of cedar $2; Joseph Bailey, work on crusher, fixing sluices and dragging road $123.-71, William Beckstead, work and cedar $10.81, M. A. Barkley repairs and supplies for crusher $10.36, John Barkley, winter work and dragging road $27.00; H. A. Gallinger, work on road with team $6.50; Ellison Dennison, work on grader with team, $6.75 John Warren work on road $2.00; Andrew McLatchie, repairs for crusher and grader $14.45, Harold Weagart, one sheep killed by dogs and one damaged $22.00; W. A. VanAllen, hauling crushed stone and other work $20, Samuel Aoulrick, babbit $10.80, Lee Casselman, hauling crushed stone $45; Allan Froats, work on crusher, $37.50, Merkley and Norval, Gasoline and spark plugs $4.00, Mcflenzie Thom, 17½ feet of tile $25.37, James Myers, work $1.-50; Geo Hill, drawing gravel, $1; H. Rutley, gravel and hauling same $6; P. E. Beckstead, repairs for crusher and grader $14-95; G.T.R. Co., maintenance of gates for August $12.52; F. M. Eagleson, services, re A. Webb award ditch $54.50 and Whittaker drain $22.25; Henry Wells, work and taking part of crusher to Cornwall $16, Jacob Froats, drawing gravel and tile repairing sluice $10.69, M. S. Beckstead, Road Supt. payment on salary $50; Hunter & Casselman, repairs for crusher $22.47; Leader Publishing Co., printing account $4.13; J. D. Beckstead hall rent $2.00; H. A. Beckstead, work on road $19.07.

The Council then adjourned to meet at Williamsburg on Monday the 16th day of December, at 10 o'clock, A.M.

Geo. Lane, Clerk.

OTTAWA WINTER FAIR

The Ottawa Winter Fair, which was cancelled in January last, in order that the buildings might be used for quartering troops, will be held in January 1919 as usual. Word has just been received from the Militia Department that the buildings would be available and the Directors are completing arrangements for the Show. The prize list which will be issued inside of the next few days will contain an increased classification in all departments. Bull calf classes have been added to the beef and dairy classes, as well as harness horse classes in the horse department which will make an excellent horse show. Arrangements are being made for the holding of a Pure Bred Stallion sale at the time of the Winter Fair, full particulars of which will be issued later.

Minutes of Matilda Council

Regular meeting of Matilda Council was held in Gilson's hall, Brinston, Saturday, Nov. 16th., 1918.

Members of Council all present.

Moved by A. Locke, seconded by A. Thompson, That George Cooper buy pile stone from Walter Casselman at $2 per cord for road division No. 40; said stone to be hauled by Statute Labor.—Carried.

The following accounts were paid:

J. Merkley, gravel	$44.00
Arthur McRobie, repairs on McCarly bridge	42.60
Frank Murray, work on West Bridge	6.00
George Shaver, wire fence	2.40
Reuben Merkley cedar ...	15.60
Sawyer-Massey Co., repairs for crusher	243.03
Lawrence Whitteker, stone	45.30
Henry Strader, work on crusher	29.20
Ralph Locke, wood ...	4.00
Stanley Merkley, engine for crushing	178.50
Frank Murray work on crusher...	9.60
Jas. Murray Est work on crusher...	95.50
Geo. Timlick, work on crusher	86.50
S. Thompson, hauling plank etc.....	3.00
Mrs. Ennis, rent for stone yard.....	10.00
Edward Doddridge, hauling stone...	22.50
William Hanes, ditto ...	2.50
Albin Barkley work on crusher...	15.00
W. Serviss, ditto	15.00
Arzie Shaver, ditto... @.	13.50
Ancil Ault, ditto...	10.50
Ed. Collison, wood and work...	33.00
Chas. Fader, work on crusher.....	3.00
Ed. Collison, work, road	45.00
R. S. Pelton, printing ...	11.20
C. I. Gilson, repairs, crusher, hall rent	6.00
H. R. Wallace, burial expenses of late Mrs. Markel	30.00
Austin Haggerty, repairs on bridge and tile	16.00
W. J. Marsh, burial expenses, Sherman child....	17.00
Geo. Rutherford, cutting brush	2.00
Reeve, Assessor and Clerk, selecting jurors	12.00
Reeve's expenses to Cornwall, re equalization	6.00
Reeve, telephone	6.00
Edgar Shaver, gravel... ...	36.00

Council adjourned to meet in Barkley's Hall, Dixon's Corners, Saturday, Dec. 14, 1918.

J. J. Payne, Clerk.

Funeral of late Gerald C. Rose

(Moose Jaw Herald)

The remains of the late Gerald Claude Rose, who passed away at his home, 1160 First Ave., N.W., on Friday last, were laid to rest in the Moose Jaw cemetery on Monday afternoon. Dr. Crummy conducted the funeral services at the house and grave.

The late Mr. Rose was born in Dundas Co., Ontario. He attended the Morrisburg Collegiate Institute, and then taught school for a period of three years. He came to this city eight years ago, joining the railway mail service, in which he was employed till the time of his death. The esteem in which he was held was testified to by the floral wreaths contributed by the Supt. and staff of clerks and also by the Mail Clerks' Association.

He leaves a wife, a daughter a month old, his parents, two sisters and a brother residing in the city, a brother in Winnipeg and two brothers overseas.

Parish of Aultsville

Special Service of Thanksgiving for Victory and Peace will be held on Sunday, December 8, as follows:

10.30 a.m., Holy Communion in St. George's Church Gallingertown.

2.30 p.m., Evensong in St. Peter's Church, Osnabruck Centre.

7.30 p.m., Evensong in St. Paul's Church, Aultsville.

All parishioners are urged to attend these services, and the public are cordially invited.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

AUCTION SALE

Having rented my farm, I will sell by Public Auction, on my premises, east half of lot 35, 5th Con. of Osnabruck, near Gallingertown Church, on Wednesday, December 11th., commencing at one o'clock, the following:

Cattle—16 Milch cows, one bull calf; three heifers, rising three years old; one pure-bred Ayrshire bull.

Horses—One bay mare; one Percheron colt, rising four years old; one Hackney mare "Bessie D"; one colt rising three years, sired by "Gay Falckner", Dam, "Bessie D." one colt, rising three from registered Hackney mare; one suckling colt.

Hogs—one Yorkshire boar, one year old in November; 2 brood sows, bred; six shoats.

Twenty-five sheep and a number of hens.

Machinery—One Massey Binder, almost new; one McCormick Mower; one horse rake; one Massey Harris Cultivator; one steel roller; one seeder; one two-horse corn cultivator, one disc harrow; one drag harrow; one lumber wagon; one walking plough; one set of sleighs; one buggy; one cutter; one milk waggon; one buggy pole; one milk wagon pole; one hay rack; two hog racks; one stone boat; one set of "Fairbank" scales

Harness—Two sets of double harness; two sets single harness; one saddle.

Farm Utensils—One cream separator; one "Favorite" churn No. 3; three milk cans; two sets of whiffle trees; two neck yokes; two log chains; one cross-cut saw; forks and shovels.

Feed—A quantity of hay and straw; A quantity of oats.

Many other articles, including some house-hold effects.

Terms of Sale—Sums of $10 and under, cash; over that amount, 9 months' credit will be given parties furnishing approved joint notes, or four per cent. off for cash.

Thos. Irving, Auctioneer.

H. Vincent, Prop.

Freed from Chronic Pains

To those who are afflicted with the agonies of a chronic aching back, loss of strength, weight and vigor, the case of Mr. P. Herbert of Plessisville will appeal with special significance.

Mr. Herbert had suffered with Kidney trouble for years and failed to find a prescription that would give him any relief. Finally he tried Gin Pills because he was impressed by the fact that Gin Pills contained the beneficial ingredient of Juniper without any Alcohol being added.

Note these extracts from his letter:

"I suffered from Kidney trouble for several years, and tried numerous remedies without finding any permanent relief. My case appeared chronic.

I know that Juniper without alcohol was excellent for the Kidneys, so decided to try Gin Pills. One single pill gave me great relief, and since taking four boxes, I find myself completely cured. I am no longer bad-tempered, have increased in weight, and am strong and vigorous again."

Here is another case. Mrs. M. B. Gardner, of Richmond, Que., writes:

"My husband was taken with severe kidney trouble last winter, and could not work for some time. He heard of Gin Pills, and after taking one box was able to resume his work. Two boxes relieved the pain in his back, and to-day he is well and strong again."

Gin Pills help others—surely they will do the same for you. Try them. 50c a box everywhere.

The National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ontario. U.S. residents should address Na-Dru-Co., Inc., 202 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y. 10

EXPERIENCE VS EXPERIMENT

Learning office work is like learning any other kind of work, or trade, or profession. Machinists are trained by practical machinists, doctors by doctors, dentists by dentists.

The secret of success of the Graduates of Willis College is that they are the only ones trained by expert, experienced office workers for expert office work.

For Stenographer, Secretary, or Accountant, we have the best courses available anywhere.

Last year our increase was 45 p. c. This year to date is even better. Still Employers Demands Exceed the Number of Willis Graduates.

N. I. HARRISON, PRINCIPAL

WILLIS COLLEGE, OTTAWA, ONT.

139½ Sparks Street,

Entrance between Ketchums & Sims

A POSITION FOR EVERY WILLIS GRADUATE"

L. JORDAN

Licensed Auctioneer

for Dundas, Stormont and Russell. Ten year's experience, satisfaction guaranteed.

Terms reasonable.

PHONE—43, CHESTERVILLE, ONT.

DR. D. C. CASSELMAN

Dentist

Office—Casselman Block

MORRISBURG, - - ONTARIO

Graduate of Royal College of Dental Surgeons Toronto

DR. GEO. M. GORRELL

DENTIST

Graduate of Chicago Dental College and o Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.

Office—Arthur Casselman Block,

Phone No. 6. - Morrisburg

ARTHUR FLYNN

Barrister, Etc.

Morrisburg, Ont.

R. F. LYLE

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.

Barry Block, Main Street

MORRISBURG, : : ONTARIO

Money to loan at lowest rates of Interest

IRWIN HILLIARD, K.C.

BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, etc. Solicitor of the Molsons Bank.

New Molsons Bank Building, MORRISBURG, ONT.

A large amount of private money to loan at present on easy terms.

Cornwall Commercial College —the school you will attend if you investigate

A Commercial College of unusual equipment, including 69 New Typewriting Machines of all standard makes, wide reputation, for thorough work; it is the Alma Mater of many of our successful business men in Canada. Free Employment Department. Both sexes. Enter any time. Write for 17th year book. Address;—

GEO. F. SMITH, Principal,

Cornwall, Ontario,

MORRISBURG AND WADDINGTON FERRY CO.

NOTICE

The meeting of the Morrisburg Farmers' Club, advertised to take place on Saturday, November 30th. has been postponed until Saturday, December 14th., 1918.

F. B. Robertson, Pres.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

OTTAWA WINTER FAIR

HOWICK HALL, OTTAWA

JANUARY 14, 15, 16, 17, 1919

$16,000.00 in Cash prizes

Excellent classification for all classes of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Swine, Poultry and Seeds

Large Harness Horse Classes

Pure Bred Stallion Sale

For Railway Rates See Local Agents.

Apply to the Secretary for Prize Lists.

WM. SMITH, M.P., Pres. Columbus, Ont.

W. D. JACKSON, Secretary Carp, Ont.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Trustees Act that all parties, having claims against the estate of LEO BRANDSTETTER, late of the Village of Morrisburg, are required, on or before the 28th day of December 1918, to deliver to the undersigned solicitor for John Brandstetter, the Administrator of the said estate, their names and addresses, full particulars of their claim and the nature of the security, if any, held by them, And that the said Administrator will immediately after said date distribute the assets of said estate to the parties entitled thereto and will not be liable for said assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of such distribution.

Dated this 27th day of November, 1918.

ARTHUR FLYNN, Morrisburg, Solicitor for Administrator.

CORNWALL GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, J. C. ALGUIRE,

LICENSED AUCTIONEER

For Provinces Ontario and Quebec

In future I intend to devote all my time to auctioneering.

Sales of all kinds handled.

Pure bred stock a specialty.

Terms reason For dateable. phone at my exp. ense

THOS. IRVING

55 Fourth Ave., Ottawa.

Phone Carling 176.

GRINDING! GRINDING!

BACK AGAIN IN THE OLD STAND

Having taken over the Grinding Plant from O. P. Snyder, I am prepared to do Custom Grinding

Hoping to be favored with your patronage again as in the past.

Satisfaction Guaranteed

EMERY CASSELMAN

License No. 4-641

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

FORD BARGAIN

We have a 1916 model FORD car equipped with the following:

Slip covers over Cushions. and pockets on the doors, worth		$25.00
Fancy top hood	"	8.00
Musical horn	"	8.00
Cut out valve	"	3.00
Robe rail	"	1.00
New up-to-date top Instrument on dash	"	4.00
Electric tail light, also side and head lights	"	5.00
Crank holder	"	.25
		$ 54.25

As you will notice that there is over $54.25 worth o extras which new cars have not as standard equipment. The engine, tires, stearing and appearance are O. K. as it is pointed, making the car look like new, for **$425.** CASH.

We also have a new model FORD with $35.00 igni. tion system and very good lights, all guaranteed as new, for **$650.**

The two above cars will be worth $2[illegible] more next Spring

WILFRID QUENNEVILLE

A Song for Every Mood

Music gives expression to every human emotion. All that is happy and beautiful in life, has been expressed in music.

When things seem bright and cheerful because a ray of happiness has come into your life, you need an outlet to give vent to your feelings.

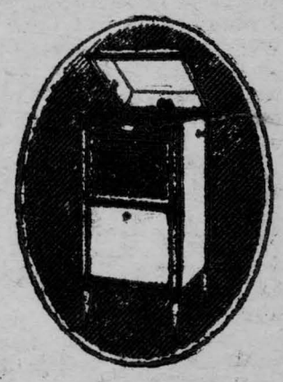
When sorrow or depression comes, the need of consolation is even greater.

It is at such times that you derive the greatest comfort from

The NEW EDISON

"The Phonograph with a Soul"

Then one sweet note of the voice of Anna Case, or one ripple of melody from the bow of Albert Spalding, puts your soul in harmony with the world. Music—real music—is one of life's greatest boons. Edison music is real music because the New Edison does not merely imitate, it re-creates. One never tires of the New Edison, the novelty never wears off, because there is no novelty to wear off. It is not just another "talking machine". It is decidedly different. To appreciate the difference you must hear it.



We will gladly submit the New Edison to your musical judgment either here or in your own home.

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W. H. Fetterly & Co., Morrisburg, Ont.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

Williamsburg

Miss Maefred Phifer is spending this week with her cousin in Morewood.

Miss Jessie Conway of Waddington is visiting her cousin, Miss Dorothy Pitt this week.

Mrs. Bruce Strader spent last Thursday at Mr. Jas. Robinson's, Elma.

Mr. and Mrs. Perry Becksted and their daughter, Mrs. Jones, of Antwerp, were guests of Mr and Mrs. J. D. Becksted at the Temperance House last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Trickey and daughter, Cora, are spending this week with friends at Athens.

Mr. and Mrs. Shaver of Dixon's were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Tom Deeks on Tuesday of this week.

Rev. McInnis of Onmee will preach in the Presbyterian Church here next Sunday morning.

Rev. McCreery will occupy the pulpit in the Lutheran Church here next Sunday morning.

Mrs. Rufus Barkley of Dunbar spent a couple of days last week with Mrs. M. O. Trickey.

We are pleased to see George Robinson out again.

Miss E. Muir was visiting Mr. and Mrs. Agustus Whitteker last week.

Miss Almeade Whitteker has been spending the past week in Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh McIntosh visited at the home of George A. Whitteker on Sunday.

Messrs. Graham Bell, Clarence Barclay and Cecil Wylie of Brinston spent Wednesday evening of last week in town.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. K. Casselman visited at the home of Peter Lanshway of South Mountain on Saturday.

Miss Dorothy Pitts returned home last week from Waddington accompanied by Miss Conway who is also visiting Mrs. Adam Marcellus.

Wedding bells are ringing.

Mr. Adam Merkley is quite ill at present.

George Winegard and Ross spent the week-end in Pittston.

Mrs. Maggie McIntosh was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ruben Schell one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Trickey of Russell are visiting friends here. Earnie has proved himself one of the foremost cheesemakers in Russell County as is shown by the fact that at the Russell Fair he succeeded in winning the Silver Cup given for the best cheese made in the county.—Congratulations.

Rev. Holmes will represent the Dominion Alliance in the Methodist Church Sunday evening.

Mr. Luther Barclay spent Tuesday in Winchester.

Mr. C. J. Casselman visited his daughter, Mrs. O. P. Becker one day last week.

Winchester Springs

The Angel of Death visited our village on Sunday, November 10th, claiming one of our oldest and respected citizens in the person of Mrs. Caroline Casselman, aged 82, widow of the late Mr. Hite Hollister who predeceased her nine years ago. She had been ill for over six months, and a few days prior to her death, she took a stroke, and death claimed her on Sunday night. The funeral took place on Tuesday, at one o'clock, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Michael Casselman's, where she had resided for about three years. Rev. Meredith took charge of the service, the text was taken from 1:15:54 from which, he spoke comforting and sympathizing words. The remains were taken to Williamsburg cemetery for burial. She leaves to mourn, 3 daughters; 2 sons: Mrs. M. Casselman of Winchester Springs, Mrs. Jack McDonald, Ogdensburg, Mrs. Nathaniel Robertson of Watertown, N.Y., and Mr. H. Hollister, San Francisco; Milo of Inkerman. Her brothers and sisters are: Mrs. John McIntosh Williamsburg; Mrs. Jas. Mallen of Morrisburg, Mr. N. Casselman, Matilda; Mr. S. Casselman, Mr. M. Casselman, Hainsville.

The deceased was well known and had a large circle of friends in her younger days. She was of a happy disposition, a good wife and mother. The sympathy of the community is extended to the bereaved.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Barkley from Dunbar, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Whitteker from Williamsburg, spent Thursday at Orren Casselman's.

Mrs. Alex. Becksted has returned home after a two week's stay with her daughter, Mrs. Morley McPherson.

Mr. and Mrs. Robertson and son, Dalton, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Loren Kinkade of Winchester on Saturday.

Mrs. Wm. Webb spent Friday the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Steed of Toye's Hill.

Messrs. Wm. and Wilburn Robertson made a business trip to Morrisburg on Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Davidson called at Chesterville, Saturday.

Mrs. Henry Thorp and daughter, Eletha, spent Tuesday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Steel.

Miss Lucy McIntosh spent Monday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cross.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett Webb and family spent Sunday the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Webb.

Mrs. Orren Casselman spent Tuesday at Toy's Hill the guest of Mrs. Elzie Johnston.

Miss Nellie McQuaig spent Saturday and Sunday at her home here.

Mr. and Mrs. John McAuat and son spent Sunday at the home of the Medaugh brothers.

Froatburn

In Memoriam

In loving memory of my dear husband, and Father, Luther Froats, who passed away, Dec. 7th., 1917.

How slender is life's cord,
How soon ties broken here;
Alas! It's not for us to say,
Whom God shall leave; Whom take away.

—Wife and Family.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Schell spent one day with Mr. Browns, Aultsville.

A few from here attended the funeral of Mrs. George Forrester on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse I. Casselman visited Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Froats on Tuesday.

Mr. George Prunner spent Tuesday in Finch.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Forward spent Monday at Mr. Wm Schell's.

Mr. and Mrs. Earnest Styles spent Sunday at Mr. Calvin Gallinger's.

A large crowd attended the funeral of the late Mrs. Jack Styles on Tuesday.

Mrs. Luther Froats and Mrs. Maria Millward spent a couple of days at Mr. Ira Weegar's.

Miss Nesbitt of Cornwall is at present visiting Mrs. Stanley Forward.

Mrs. Stanley Forward spent a couple of days in Cornwall last week.

Mrs. Luther Froats spent Tuesday at Wm. Dafoe's.

Mr. Ruben Swerdfeger spent a couple of days with his brother, Aaron, this week.

Nation Valley

Miss Cecelia Thomas spent last week in Ottawa.

Rev. Mr. Hall of Drinkwater, Sask., was visiting at the homes of Mrs. Jas. Rae and Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Jamieson.

A number from here attended the Auction Sale on the Robertson Farm, Oak Valley.

Miss Dean Darling of Kingston was the guest of her parents here last week.

Our High School students spent the week-end at their respective homes here.

Mr. Silverman of Montreal was doing business in the Valley this week.

Mr. Andrew Flood of Campbell's Bay returned home this week accompanied by Mr. Garnet Summers.

Mrs. J. Rae received a cablegram of congratulations on the occasion of her birthday, Nov. 22nd. from her daughter, Nursing Sister, Ella Rae, England.

Mrs. A. D. Summers is spending the Winter with her daughter, Mrs. Smith of Campbell's Bay.

Cedar Grove

Our local school re-opened on Monday.

Mrs. Melissa Hollister of Ottawa has been spending some time with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Casselman of Riverside were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lane.

Mr. Simeon Gove of Aultsville was a business caller in the Grove on Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell and Miss Muriel were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Casselman, Riverside, on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dafoe visited Mrs. Dafoe's sister, Mrs. George Alguire, Gallingertow Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Gallinger and Miss Fern were calling on Mr. and Mrs. Frank McConnell, Monday.

Aultsville

Pte. E. Dillabough arrived home from Overseas on Sunday night. We are glad to welcome him back to our midst once more.

Mrs. S. Casselman of Lachine is spending a couple of weeks here with her daughter, Mrs. S. E. Hanes.

Miss Leda Froats of Montreal spent the week-end here with her parents.

Mr. James Clark of Lachine was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Hanes over the week-end.

Mrs. Irene Ault of Ottawa spent the week-end here.

Miss Morrison of Morrisburg spent the week-end here with Miss Ketha Hanes.

A mistake was made in the report of those who contributed to the Christmas boxes for overseas. Mrs. H. Lapointe was credited with doughnuts. It should have read, Mrs. H. Coulliff.

Mrs. John Morgan contributed war cake, and Mrs. James Morgan Doughnuts and fruit cake. We are sorry these mistakes occurred in the report.

Mr. A. E. Fetterly has returned home after caring for his daughter, Mrs. Chas. Shaver and family of the 2nd. Concession with influenza.

Mr. Stanley Dafoe, who has been on the sick list is able to be out again.

Mr. J. S. Morgan was in Morrisburg on Friday.

Mr. Thaddens Gallinger returned home from the West on Saturday.

Mr. Arthur Loucks of Montreal spent the week end here with his parents.

Mr. Chas. Cramer was in Montreal last week.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Loucks are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bouck.

Brinston

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Doddridge, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Payne visited friends at Watertown last week.

We are sorry to report Mr. Reuben Cooper on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Collison and Mrs. A. Brinston were in Morrisburg one day last week.

Miss Cora Locke of Mon spent a few days at her home here recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Ellis visited friends in Iroquois on Monday last.

Mr. Wesley Gilson spent a few few days last week with friends at Iroquois and Stampville.

Mrs. Pitt visited Mrs. R. Wallace of Iroquois last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hamil spent over Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Earl Merkley of Iroquois.

Rev. Calvert of South Mountain occupied the pulpit here in the Methodist Church on Sunday, it being the Missionary service, Matilda Circuit has the objective set at $1200 for this great cause.

We are sorry to report Chester Barkley had to be taken to Brockville Hospital last week suffering from gall stones. At present he has not had his operation. We hope he will soon recover.

Mrs. Wm. Barkley is in Brockville this week with her son, Chester Barkley.

Irena

Miss Maud Sweeney of Carthage, N.Y., was renewing acquaintances in our vicinity last week.

Mr. Lucas Lapier is dealing extensively in horses this autumn.

Mr. and Mrs. Vernon McCaslin and Lillian took in the Victory Dance held in Iroquois, on Friday, November 29th.

Our cheese factory is closed for the season, principally on account of Mr. Strader's ill health. We hope that a winter's rest will restore Charlie to his former self.

Mr. Percy Connor went to Montreal on Saturday where he has accepted a position.

East Williamsburg

Mrs. J. Bailey and Miss Gladys and Master Garnet spent the past week with friends in Waddington.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wells were visiting at Hoasic on Sunday.

Mr. Aden Garlough was visiting his sister, Mrs. B. Wells at Morrisburg on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Merkley and Mr. and Mrs. Alex Whittaker of Williamsburg were visiting J. Bailey's, recently.

Rev. Cameron of Morrisburg was calling in our Burg Tuesday.

Messrs. J. Bailey and Walter Watson spent Tuesday in Cornwall, as juryman.

Rev. Maurer Tendered Farewell

A farewell was tendered to Rev. J. Maurer by St. Peter's Lutheran Congregation in St Peter's Church, Williamsburg, on Wednesday evening, Nov. 27, 1918. The following address and a well-filled purse, were presented to Rev. and Mrs. Maurer in the presence of a large gathering. The presentation was made by Mr. Willis McIntosh, and Mr. M. A. Barkley read the address.

The Address

"Rev. J. Maurer:

"Dear Sir,—

"Since, under the providence of God, you have decided to follow the call extended to you from another field of our beloved Church; and since you are about to depart from our midst your congregation desires to express to you the deep regrets we feel in our hearts, for the loss of you as our spiritual guide, and helper. You have proven yourself a guidesman of whom we were ever proud; you have ever held up to us the life and teaching of Our Lord the Saviour, and guided us in the spirit of sympathy and love. By your assistance in times of sorrow and need, you have proven yourself a true friend and pastor. As a citizen, your mature judgment has been helpful to this community in the moral and social circles. We therefore feel very keenly your departure from amongst us; yet we are willing to give you up to the larger sphere in our Church which your call brings with it. We hereby desire to assure you of our sympathy and well-wishes in your new field. We shall ever be interested in your welfare and our prayers will ever follow you. May God's deepest blessings be with you, and may He spare you for many years of usefulness in His Church."

"On behalf of.

"St. Peter's Congregation

Dairy Farm to Rent

A first class Dairy Farm to rent, with stabling for forty Milch Cows. Convenient to Churches, Schools, Cheese Factory and Railway Station.

Apply to,
W. K. FARLINGER

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Farm For Sale

Containing 57½ acres, west ¼ lot No. 16, 3rd Concession of Williamsburg Township; comfortable dwelling; good barn building, orchard, and never-failing wells; within ¼ mile of store, schoolhouse, blacksmith shop, and cheese factory. For particulars apply to

Geo. W. Froats,
R.M.D., Williamsburg.

Card of Thanks

Mr. and Mrs. A. Coutlee of Brockville wish to tender heartfelt thanks to their friends for the kindness extended to them during the illness and death of their mother, Mrs. Josephine Coutlee.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

POULTRY

We have now reached the season of the year when I can afford to pay you the HIGHEST PRICES for dressed and live poultry.

You Know the Old Reliable

SAM AGULNICK,
Morrisburg — Ont.
Box 17 Telephone 63



"Whatever is the Matter, Jack; You Don't Look Well!"

"OH, I'm all right."

"But you're not. You look so worried and tired."

"Well, I haven't been sleeping very well lately."

"No, and you don't seem to have any appetite. I think you ought to take something to tone up your system."

"Oh, no, I don't need any medicine. I guess I will soon be all right."

"But you should not neglect yourself, for that is just the way I was before I had nervous prostration, and you know what a long time I was laid up."

"Well, I haven't any time to be laid up, that's a sure thing."

"I know what I am going to do. I am going to buy half a dozen boxes of Dr. Chase's Nerve Food and see that you take it regularly."

"You know, Jack, that nothing seemed to help me like Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and I am sure it will be just as good for you."

"You will take it, won't you?"

"I'll do most anything to get feeling better, for I know I have been losing my grip on business lately."

"I get up feeling tired in the mornings, and have to drive myself to do the work that used to be a pleasure for me. I have got in the way of putting off matters that need attention, and hate to meet people when I know that some energy will be required to discuss business deals with them."

"You'll take the Nerve Food, won't you?"

"Oh, I'll let you be the doctor, and if the Nerve Food builds me up like it did you I'll soon get back my old-time vigor and be able to make things hum. I have been rather discouraged lately, but I can see now that the trouble is in the condition of my nervous system. So you get the Nerve Food and we'll see what it will do."

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50 cents a box, 6 for $2.75, all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto. Every box of the genuine bears the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M.D., the famous Receipt Book author.

Soils and Crops

By Agronomist.

This Department is for the use of our farm readers who want the advice of an expert on any question regarding soil, seed, crops, etc. If your question is of sufficient general interest, it will be answered through this column. If stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with your letter, a complete answer will be mailed to you. Address Agronomist, care of Wilson Publishing Co., Ltd., 73 Adelaide St. W., Toronto.

Breeding, Feeding and Weeding The Dairy Herd.

The systematic breeding of the dairy cow is a subject that should be of considerable interest to the general farmer. The high prices received for butter and cheese during the past season, and the prospect that the business will be equally prosperous for another year, should be an incentive to use every available means for increasing the profits. This does not necessarily mean that we should increase the number of cows in our herds. In fact, it would more often be found wiser to dispose of several. The chief function of a good dairy cow is to produce economically, large quantities of milk and when she ceases or fails to do this, her usefulness as a source of profit is gone. It will not perhaps, be untimely to discuss in brief several points in connection with this question, submitting conclusions from personal experience and observation. In order to get the best results out of dairy cattle there are three essential features which may be concisely stated: Breed, feed and weed. Usually if one is to procure a herd of good paying cows he must breed them himself, as only in very rare instances will he be able to purchase such from his neighbors. In almost any herd there are a number of good individuals which may serve as a foundation. By using good judgment in the selection of a bull of the proper dairy type and sticking to the same breed a few years will show considerable progress. In selecting a sire particular attention should be paid to his dam. Provided, as an individual he is satisfactory, and has good breeding, based on performance, he is almost certain to get good calves. If it were only more generally realized, how true is the adage that, the bull is half the herd, there would be more attention paid to the principles of breeding and their application.

No cow is capable of doing her best without proper food. The feed must largely depend on the surrounding conditions, such as the adaptability of the land to produce the necessary crops, or the price at which they can be bought to advantage in the market. Whichever method may be pursued, there are certain principles of feeding that should serve as a guide in compounding a ration, judgment being used in applying them to suit individual requirements. All fodders are composed chiefly of protein, carbohydrates and fat. The first of these nutrients goes to form the hide, hair, hoofs, horns and muscle, and also enters largely into the formation of milk. The other two go to produce heat, energy and fat. It has been found by experiment that about one part of protein to six of carbohydrates and fat gives the best results in feeding. This relation is as the nutritive ratio. Thus by referring to a chart giving the composition of the various feeding materials, it is a simple operation to figure out what proportion of the different food stuffs at hand are required to make up a balanced ration. Having gone this far, we must consider the age of the animals we are feeding. Young animals require food richer in protein than older animals, as they are building up new bone and muscle. A dairy animal should be so fed from birth to maturity, as to encourage a rapid growth without acquiring a tendency to put on fat. To grade up a herd successfully it is necessary to keep a record of the yield of each cow.

Not only are we able to weed out unprofitable ones by so doing, but the utility of such records are of great importance as a guide to the feeder. By their aid one is able to tell what any particular cow is doing and thus judge the ration for each accordingly This will often result in feeding more economically. The writer's experience in this connection has been very satisfactory. By using the scales we have been able to increase or decrease the ration, as circumstances might warrant. It is sometimes urged that such a system of keeping records entails too much trouble, and is unnecessary to ascertain the best milkers. This may in a measure be true, but when weighing is practiced in connection with a systematic use of the Babcock test, and in sections where patrons are paid according to the butter-fat content of their milk the testing of individual cows is of no little importance. Not infrequently, the cow that yields the smallest quantity of milk in a herd will be discovered by the test to be as profitable as, or more profitable, than some of the heavy milkers. But the objections in regard to time, labor, etc., have never, to our knowledge, been made by any person who has given the system a fair trial.

A spring balance is placed in a convenient place in the stable, as are also the record sheets. When a cow is milked it only takes a few seconds to hang the pail on the spring balance, which instantly denotes the weight of the milk plus the pail which, of course, has to be deducted before the record is made. Another feature that should not be overlooked is the interest it creates in those engaged in the work, hence better care and more comfort to the cows. In short, we find it a most important factor in building up and maintaining a dairy herd.

The Right Way is to Weigh.

"How do I know that all these accounts are correct, and that I made a profit on my farm last year? Why, I weigh everything."

The banker was going over a farm account-book with John Blair, one of the most prosperous farmers in the community. After asking himself the banker's question and answering it in four words, the farmer explained.

"I know it paid me to feed stock last winter; my knowledge really begins further back than the feed lot, though. Every load of grain crosses my scales before it goes into the cribs or bins at harvest time. That tells me whether I'm getting any more grain from the use of fertilizers and manures, or from extra care in cleaning, testing and treating my seed-grain. I find that I doubled my profit on oats by treating for smut."

"Do you trouble to weigh the steers in the feed lot every week?" interrupted the banker.

"I weigh them, but it's no trouble; each animal is weighed separately once a week. In the spring or fall one of the boys does it before or after school, for I seldom feed more than a car-load at one time. If a steer gains less than he did the previous week, and continues that way, I cut him out of the bunch and sell him before stowing away a lot of grain in him."

"How long have you had scales?"

"For fifteen years. I always used to sell most of my stock by the head. It got so that stock buyers always wanted to buy my stuff that way. After I bought my scales I knew why. I had been guessing too low on weights. Now I know how much I'm going to get for a load before it leaves the farm. I can tell how heavy to load the wagons for market. I always pay my corn-huskers by weight, and when I rent a field from my neighbor on the shares, there's no guesswork about dividing the crop. The scales are near the driveway, so it's no trouble to drive across them."

"You have only one scales," the banker suggested.

"One is enough if placed right and supplied with a movable pen for stock. It takes but a few minutes to set the pen up on the scales, and no longer to remove it. I have a lane leading up to the scales, so it is easy to drive stock on the platform. Of course, I have smaller scales in the granary for sacks of grain."

When the ground is frozen hard, a top dressing of manure on wheat fields will increase the yield sufficient to make the operation profitable.

Look over farm and garden implements now. If any parts are needed order them at once, to make sure of having the tools complete and ready for business when wanted next spring.

FUNNY FOLD-UPS

CUT OUT AND FOLD ON DOTTED LINES



FARM VS. CITY EMPLOYMENT

By M. Rigby

In many sections it is not only the draft that has reduced the available supply of farm labor. Men and boys have been drifting to the city for ten years or more because of the seemingly high wages that have been paid in the factories. Some men who would have been owners by this time if they had remained on the farm are now working for wages and spending most of their income to meet the daily bills.

A wage of $5.00 per day looks quite large to many farmers and in addition when that wage is guaranteed, it seems to be a doubly fine proposition. Right now, there are some farmers who can hardly resist selling their land, investing the money in bonds and hiring out in factories where their income will be guaranteed. They forget the cost of living in the city. It seems as it it is good business to stick by the farm in these uncertain times.

The shorter hours of city employment usually appeal to the farmer. One farmer who became tired of twelve and fourteen hours on the farm hired out to work in an automobile factory where the men worked ten hours each day. On the farm he had worked long hours, but the work had constantly changed and he never became entirely sick of one job before it was finished and another came to vary the monotony.

In the factory he was placed on a drill press and for several weeks he made three holes through a certain piece of metal and then he took another piece and made three holes through that, and so on for three weeks. It was the same job over and over. He saw a brother laborer in the next building was putting on wheels and screwing on the hub caps. He asked the foreman for a change of work. The foreman replied in substance that the wheelman put on the wheels and the drill pressmen worked at their drills, and that they had no time for monkey-work and every man stuck to his own job and minded his own business or quit. This man worked on his drill press until he realized how fine it was to work in the fresh air and be his own boss and he is now making plans to return to the farming business. It is absolutely true that the monotony of many kinds of farm work is nothing compared to the drudgery of doing the same job in a factory, day after day without a chance of a change of work.

Farmers live near their work and waste no time in going back and forth. In our largest Canadian cities, a great many of the employes of the factories have to spend an hour going to work and an hour going home. In the winter when the street cars are crowded and the windows closed, that hour going home from work is one of the hardest and longest hours of the day. The time spent between the factory and the home is seldom considered by the farmer who thinks about the short hours of city workers.

Most good farmers enjoy live stock and like to work with animals. They make friends with their cows and horses and enjoy the presence of the family dog. When such men go to the city and find that their little flat only enables them to keep a couple of goldfish for pets, they feel that something is missing from their lives. A man who has always worked with animals is always lonesome without them. I know of one farmer who worked in a city for a short time instead of farming as he would have liked to have done. The vaudeville shows soon became uninteresting, it was lonesome in the crowds and the advantages of city life seemed very few, but that man never tired of stopping in front of a bird store where they had day-old chicks, pigeons and dogs for sale. The familiar pets which he had owned back on the farm were of more interest than all the diversions which he had looked forward to enjoying in the city.

City wages are not large when the cost of living is considered. Some men with special training do very well in the city and many men acquire that training from experience but the farmer who knows the farming business knows a trade that is worth money to-day and he should try and work where his skill will do most for the country.

If a man knows where he is going to land in the city it may be a safe adventure. He may succeed and earn more money than he can obtain on the farm. However, this is a poor time to speculate and the average farmer who can make a living on his land is not going to gain much by going to the city. He will not be sure of much more than a living in the city and it will cost just as much effort and it may bring a smaller return. If you have a good farm home and a chance to earn $150 a month in the city, just take out the little note book and the stub pencil. At the top of the list mark $40 for rent. Count the kids in the family and consider their appetites. Then note the prices of food stuffs quoted in the daily papers. Figure on more clothes for everyone in the family. It takes more in the city. Don't forget the laundry bills. Electric light and gas bills must be paid every month, also the telephone bill. When Cousin Bill comes in to spend a week, he will need to be entertained. Possibly he will bring his family with him and theatre tickets are sold for cash.

Then make a little allowance for doctor bills. Many a man picks up headaches in the city that he never experienced on the farm. The automobile which was housed in an old shed on the farm will have to use a rented garage in the city. It costs money at every turn to live in a large city and obtain many of the pleasures that seem to come on a farm for practically nothing. Of course, it costs money to live on a farm and it costs a lot of work to obtain many of the things which do not mean an outlay of actual cash. It pays to balance up all of these things before making any important changes. The average city man sees all of the good things about a farm and none of the detriments. The average farmer notes all of the desirable points about city life and sees none of the disadvantages. By balancing these things a farmer will see that he should be thankful that he has a farm

GOOD HEALTH QUESTION BOX

By Andrew F. Currier, M.D.

Dr. Currier will answer all signed letters pretaining to Health. If your question is of general interest it will be answered through these columns; if not, it will be answered personally if stamped, addressed envelope is enclosed. Dr. Currier will not prescribe for individual cases or make diagnosis. Address Dr. Andrew F. Currier, care of Wilson Publishing Co., 73 Adelaide St. West, Toronto.

Jaundice.

Jaundice is a group of symptoms, not a disease. In rural districts where certain sick people are said to be suffering from "yaller jaunders," attention is thereby called to only one phase which is common to several diseases including cancer, malaria, lead, arsenic or phosphorus poisoning and Bright's disease, this term, however, giving only a hint of what the disease may be.

In reality, jaundice means discoloration of the tissues and fluids of the body with bile pigment, making the skin and other tissues yellow, like the eyes of a weasel or the yellow bird after which the condition is also called icterus.

This discoloration may come from a variety of causes, great shock or intense emotion, or great strain such as that which infants often experience in the process of birth will cause it, so also will poisons and infections of various kinds.

One of the most common causes is mechanical obstruction in the ducts of the gall bladder or liver or both, from the presence of gall stones, indeed it is altogether probable that when all the evidence is boiled down it will be found that mechanical obstruction within the liver or gall bladder or in their immediate vicinity, is in some way responsible for nearly all cases of jaundice.

Thus it has been observed as the result of swelling of the duodenum, which is the first portion of the small intestine, and into which the bile duct empties its bile, swelling, especially from cancer, of the head of the pancreas which also pours its secretion into the duodenum, and pressure upon the bile duct of any kind of abdominal tumor preventing the outflow of bile from the liver to the duodenum.

Strictly speaking the skin in jaundice is not always yellow, it may become green, or olive, and almost black when cancer is the fundamental cause.

Yellow is the constant color of the mucous membrane which covers the eyes, also of the sweat, the tears, the milk, and the expectorated mucus if pneumonia is present.

The urine is sometimes yellow but it may also be dark brown or even black.

It is important to notice that since in jaundice, particularly if directly and clearly due to obstruction, bile does not enter the intestine, constipation will alternate with diarrhoea, the evacuations being clay-colored and pasty.

Other symptoms which are associated with discoloration, are loss of appetite, coated tongue, offensive breath, indigestion, slowness of the pulse and of breathing.

There may also be haemorrhages into the skin, intense itching, boils, headache, irritability, depression, drowsiness and dizziness. When jaundice is intense it may mean such a degree of blood poisoning that unconsciousness and convulsions may be expected.

When jaundice is present with malaria or typhoid fever the liver will be very large and very soft.

When simply due to removable obstruction it may last only a few days or it may be continued through many weeks.

It is always important to remember that it is one of the evidences of cancer and this becomes the more probable if it is unattended with pain and there is enlargement of the abdomen from dropsical effusion.

When it is found to be due to obstruction from gall stones or some kind of removable tumor, as determined with or without an X ray examination the obstruction must be removed surgically as soon as possible, but it is not generally best to do such operations while the jaundice persists, the condition of the blood and of the liver being unfavorable to operations, or to the use of an anaesthetic.

Purging with suitable drugs like podophyllin, ipecac, and mercury, when properly carried out is often of great service, but the principal measures of treatment are hot alkaline baths, rest in bed, very simple diet especially milk and plenty of sleep.

It is always of first importance to find out whether the jaundice is of a character to be benefitted by medical or surgical treatment.

Hogs

The pig that makes a profit for the owner must be strong and thrifty from the start. The number in the litter and the vigour and size of the pigs are features that may be largely controlled by the management and feeding of the sow during the gestation period.

Try to avoid the use of a "scalawag" boar; keep a type in mind and look for strength, length and quality. He should be neither over-fat nor too thin. Both conditions in the sire at breeding will likely mean a disappointing litter,—thin, weak, unthrifty pigs. The boar should be well fed, vigorous and hard from plenty of exercise.

The sow at breeding time should be in good flesh or, in any case, rising in condition. Particularly, in the sow, avoid a too-thin or an over-fat condition. With either of these present it is useless to expect a successful litter. Breed the sow as late in the period of heat as possible, —with average individuals on the second day. All evidence points to the truth of the statement that a larger litter will result.

With both sire and dam at breeding two features are of paramount importance—exercise and conservative feeding. Over-feeding is, first, a direct loss of an increasingly valuable commodity. Further, such practice is ruinous to the unborn pigs. Surprising though it may be, more litters would seem to be ruined through over-kindness than from neglect.

Make three rules in feeding and caring for the bred sow. 1. Supply a shelter; a well protected shed or a cabin will do, provided it is dry, well bedded and that it will house three or four individuals. 2. Give the sows access to a paddock or barnyard; arrange that they not only can, but must, take exercise in order to get their food. 3. Supply these food requisites:—succulent feeds, roughages, mineral requirements and a light meal ration carefully fed.

In detail, the following ration is recommended,—Roots, such as mangels and sugar beets, pulped and fed raw, or turnips and potatoes cooked, 5 to 10 pounds daily. Alfalfa or clover hay, well cured and of the best quality, fed in racks kept constantly filled. Meal in the form of bran and shorts, equal parts, or ground oats and shorts, equal parts, (particularly for the young sow), 2 to 4 pounds daily. Barley may be used also, sparingly. In general, avoid corn except as one quarter of the meal ration or less. Mineral requirements in the form of ashes, earth, sods, charcoal, etc. should be constantly accessible during the winter. Hairless pigs, or those lacking in evidence of bony structure, usually owe such condition to a lack of mineral requirement in the sow's ration.

In conclusion, pure, fresh, dry air, no matter if frosty, never killed or harmed a healthy pig accustomed to it gradually. Warm stuffy, damp—"comfortable"—quarters have caused more crippled sows and ruined more litters than all other causes combined. Be guided accordingly. Mill feeds of all kinds are scarce and high-priced. Feed them sparingly, but make the fullest use of roots and clover hay.

To educate without religion is only to produce clever devils.—The Duke of Wellington.

Dustless dusters can be made by sprinkling cheesecloth squares with furniture oil and rolling tightly over night.

The Victory Loan total of $676,000,000 is equal to nearly $84.50 for every man, woman, and child in Canada. The per capita contribution to the last Liberty Loan was $62, and that was considered a wonderful achievement.

Sheep Notes

The shepherd having in mind Easter lamb production must not forget the fact that he is aiming to produce a delicacy at a time when it is most difficult to place it on the market. His object is, to have his lambs in the choicest possible condition at Easter time. This entails more expense in the way of buildings and feed than spring lamb raising, but this extra cost may be overcome by the handsome returns obtained for the product. Given a market within reasonable distance, where special prices may be obtained, Easter lamb production frequently proves a profitable side line. Unless this special market is forthcoming it is not advisable to attempt this branch of the sheep business.

One of the greatest difficulties to be encountered is the tendency of most ewes to conceive in the fall of the year and drop their lambs in the spring. The Dorset Horned ewes are an exception to this rule. Unlike other ewes they will breed at almost any time of the year. The Dorset ewe is an excellent mother producing frequently three lambs. She is a good milker, and, when well fed, her lambs usually make quick gains. For this reason the Dorset fills a special place as a producer of Easter lambs.

When the lambs are intended solely for meat purposes, it is not imperative that a Dorset ram be used. A compact, good quality, early maturing ram of any of the mutton breeds is satisfactory.

The ewes should be bred by July 1st to have the lambs approximately four months old at Easter, when they should dress from forty to fifty pounds each. Most sheepmen never wean the lambs but finish them as quickly as possible. A creep should be arranged where the lambs are taught to feed at an early date. A suitable grain ration may be made of two parts bran, two parts oats, and one part oilcake. Cracked corn and a little barley may be added to the ration as the lambs learn to eat more freely. Some succulent food should also be supplied liberally to the young lambs as well as the mothers. A plentiful supply of clean water should be placed within easy reach. Large runs are not demanded, but dry, light, clean quarters are essential for the best success.

Very careful managing of the entire proposition is necessary to make it a success. The breeding of ewes in early summer, and the wintering of very small lambs require considerable skill. Not only is the food cost higher for winter lambs but the fleece of the ewe suckling a lamb lacks in quality and weight when compared with the ewe intended for spring lambing.

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FUNERAL OF GENERAL LIPSETT



Funeral of General Lipsett near the lines. Taking the coffin from the gun carriage. H.R.H. the Prince of Wales following the coffin.

FAMOUS HERO OF THE EAST

ALLENBY'S EXPLOITS OBSCURED BY VICTORY

Mighty Events on Western Front Distracted Attention From Amazing Feats in Palestine.

At any other time General Allenby's victories in Palestine and Syria would have made him the most famous man of his day, says the military critic of the London Times.

So complete was his victory in the Plain of Esdraelon that after it his advance to Damascus and Aleppo was obviously conditioned, not by any resistance that the Turks could offer, but solely by the success with which the difficulties of transport could be overcome. The result is that everything that General Allenby has since done has been taken for granted, and the press of more tremendous events elsewhere has prevented his exploits from being estimated at their real value.

There are two main routes between Asia Minor (which really belongs to the European system of geography) and Asia proper; one along the shores of the Black Sea, to which belong Trebizond, Erzerum, and the routes through northern Armenia into Persia, the other along the southern shores of Asia Minor, through the gates of Silicia into Syria and Mesopotamia. The occupation of Alexandretta would mean that we had definitely crossed the pass between the Asiatic Empire of Turkey and its European extension.

The tide of conquest (in this case we ought rather to say of liberation) has usually flowed the other way; but General Allenby has taken his place in the long roll of generals whose exploits have been transfigured by the romance of the East. Alexander the Great was not the best soldier of antiquity, but his campaigns have undoubtedly fired the imagination of more famous soldiers than any other campaign in history.

It has taken two British campaigns —that of Mesopotamia and that of Palestine—to cover the span of Alexander, but let it never be forgotten that the British army in this war has covered the span of Alexander, and that as a kind of extra to its chief business on the Western front. Truly, we live in the days of the heroes.

Policy in East Defined.

There is room for a clearer statement that has yet been attempted of the problems of defence in the East, and, above all, it is necessary that the identity of our interests as an Asiatic power with the cause of liberty should be vindicated. The tyranny which a phrase like imperialism can exercise, even over noble minds, needs very careful exorcising, for on that depends true appreciation of the true ends of British policy in the East.

Briefly, these ends are twofold. In the first place, we desire to maintain our old policy of setting up buffer States between possible enemies and our Indian empire. This buffer state in the past was Turkey, but Turkey hasproved her unfitness, after long and patient trial, to fulfill what was her true role in the East. She can never again be trusted as an imperial power, though it is to be hoped that there may be a future for her in the parts of Asia which are still mainly inhabited by people of Turkish race.

Secondly, in place of the old Turkish obligarchy we propose to set up an Asiatic Balkans, consisting of a new Jewish State in Palestine, a new Arabia, an autonomous Armenia, and a revivified Persia. Our system of buffer States is no longer to rest on alien misrule of a magnificent estate, but on the creation of a number of new States, each renewing its ancient and opressed patriotism in the fires of this world-war. Very imperfect justice has as yet been done to the grandeur of this political reconstruction even in this country; in other countries, and especially in America, its elements are hardly yet grasped even by those who, if our policy were better understood, would feel the warmest sympathy towards it.

Conditions of Success.

What are the conditions of success in the new experiment that we are making? They are these:

First, there must be an end of Turkish rule under any form in the provinces of Arabia, of Palestine, Armenia, and Mesopotamia. If we are creating new States in which the experiment of freedom is to be tried, let us do it boldly, and have done once for all with the old policy of relying on Turkey. Oil and water will not mix. By no ingenuity can we reconcile the philo-Turk traditions with the new policy of reconstruction in the Near East.

Secondly, more work needs to be done on the difficult problem, which has troubled thousands of years of statesmen, of the delimitation of frontiers. Whatever political solution is reached, the idea of a condominium must be definitely rejected. If we are setting up a Jewish State in Palestine, let us do it whole-heartedly, in reference alike to the historical past of the Jews in Palestine and of the problems of the future defence of the country. On such questions as these, which are partly military, partly political, there is no one who can speak with such authority as General Allenby, and he should certainly be given a voice in their settlement. Similarly with regard to Armenia and Mesopotamia, no one is more competent to speak on these mixed questions of politics and strategy than those who have taken a part in the direction of the Mesopotamian campaign.

One's only fear with regard to the East is that future settlement should depend on accidental and extraneous political circumstances. Those who have made history in the past and present should make it in the future. It is for the politicians to lay down the general conditions—in this case the great ideals of our settlement. These should, however, be interpreted by those who know these new countries, their geography, and all that is comprehended in the phrase "political strategy."

The music of birds was the first song of thanksgiving which was offered on earth before man was formed. All their songs are different, but all harmonious, and all together compose a choir that we cannot imitate.

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MINERAL WEALTH OF BALKANS

Peninsula Can Become Immensely Rich, Says Red Cross Worker.

The mineral deposits in the Balkans are of such extent that the Serbs, Bulgarians, Greeks and Roumanians may make the peninsula immensely rich after the war if they quit fighting and settle down to business," says a Red Cross worker who spent eight months with the Allied armies.

"Why, the principal pastime of a lot of French soldiers there was washing out the gold from the river bottoms. The mountains are rich in coal, copper, zinc, lead, gold, silver, iron and oil. This is particularly true of the territory claimed by the Serbs. Last winter the soldiers about Monastir kept themselves warm by digging coal. I saw one group of soldiers dig holes two feet down and strike a six-inch vein of coal, and on digging further down they struck a vein which did not give out after a depth of eighteen feet.

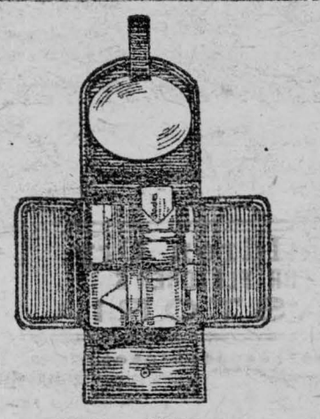
"In going about among the poor families of the country I frequently found them in possession of pieces of almost pure gold. They told me they had picked it up out of the beds of nearby streams.

"Austria and Germany expected to open up the East by their Bagdad railway and pick up the Balkan wealth as they went along.

"The only way to settle the Balkan question seems to me along racial lines, making the Serbs an independent State. I am of Serb origin myself and have studied the question. The Serb State ought to have its boundaries determined by a neutral commission speaking the language and going carefully over the ground. If this is not done, if the boundaries are determined arbitrarily, there will be more trouble.

"The Serbs have not yet lost their spirit, despite all their war troubles. During the last advance on the Bulgars and Germans the Serb soldiers fought savagely, and when wounded let the surgeons operate on them without flinching, despite the absolute lack of ether or chloroform. All the wounded asked was a cigarette during the operations."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows





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GRANDMA.

Grandma in the good old days
Had such calm and placid ways!
Silvery hair and gentle smile,
Sweet and lovely all the while;
Manners quiet, rather quaint,
Horrified at thought of paint;
Resting in her easy chair.
'Twas delight to see her there—
Dear grandma!

Grandma now is blithe and gay,
Lively as a cabaret;
Energetic, up-to-date,
Not the kind to make you wait;
In all modern ways expert,
Even known sometimes to flirt—
Sprightly, sportive, jaunty, bright,
Lively, frisky—she's all right,
Dear grandma!

MONEY ORDERS.

Buy your out-of-town supplies with Dominion Express Money Orders. Five Dollars costs three cents.

Allies Lost Many Destroyers.

Attention has been directed so largely to submarine losses, that the severe losses among destroyers have not attracted much notice; but they are heavy. Thus the destroyers of all the allies lost from all causes during the four years of war are: Great Britain, 58; France, 9; Italy, 5; United States, 2, and Japan, 2. This makes a total of the allies of 76. During the same period, Premier Lloyd George tells, us, the Germans lost 150 submarines, and this is generally believed to be about equal to their present total force. The enemy therefore has lost twice as many units as have the allied destroyer forces that have been hunting him down. But the great superiority of the hunter over the hunted is shown by the fact that while the Germans have lost 150 U-boats out of three hundred, the allies have only lost 76 destroyers out of more than one thousand.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Be diligent in little things. Remember that for the want of a nail the shoe was lost, for want of a shoe the horse was lost, and for want of a horse the rider was lost.



LIQUIDS and PASTES

KEEP YOUR SHOES NEAT

2 IN 1

SHOE POLISHES

for BLACK, WHITE, TAN, DARK BROWN OR OX-BLOOD SHOES

PRESERVE the LEATHER

THE F. F. DALLEY CORPORATIONS LTD. HAMILTON CAN.

GERMANS GETTING OUT

Several Hundred Thousand in Alsace-Lorraine Now Suffer.

Several hundred thousand Germans in Alsace and Lorraine have begun to experience suffering which equals, if it does not exceed, that which the Germans have inflicted upon the natives during the past forty-eight years. A great many of them who are holding public offices find their occupations suddenly withdrawn. Many others who were employes of the public administrations are living in daily fear of discharge and the necessity of leaving the country.

In addition to these apprehensions, the Germans feel real anguish at the idea of leaving Alsace and Lorraine. While the Germans succeeded in giving newer parts of towns like Metz a Teutonic architectural aspect, and have given German tone to town life so far as they participated in it, those Germans who immigrated or settled there as functionaries or merchants have themselves undergone mental modifications.

Apple and Carrot Conserve.

Carrots, ground or diced, 1 quart; tart apples, diced, 1 quart; oranges, sliced, 2; syrup, 2 cups; salt. Cook the carrots in sufficient water to cover them until they are tender; do not drain them. Add the other ingredients and cook the mixture until it is clear.

I was cured of painful Goitre by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
BAYARD McMULIN.
Chatham, Ont.

I was cured of Inflammation by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. W. A. JOHNSON.
Walsh, Ont.

I was cured of Facial Neuralgia by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
Parkdale, Ont. J. H. BAILEY.

A Scotsman while travelling in America was one day looking at the statue of George Washington. "There," said the American, who with him, "is a man through whose lips a lie never passed. That is more than can be said of any Scotsman." "Na, I suppose he wad speak through his nose, like the rest o' ye," was the reply.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Teacher, after a lesson on Joseph's successful interpretation of Pharaoh's dreams—"What reward was Joseph given for saving the Egyptians from starvation?" Smart Boy—"Please, miss, he was made Food Controller."

The most recently developed method of combating the common botfly of horses is to rub the hair on the fore legs, throat and shoulders of the animals with a 2 per cent. solution of carbolic acid.

YOU CAN'T CUT OUT A BOG SPAVIN OR THOROUGHPIN but you can clean them off promptly with



ABSORBINE TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

and you work the horse same time. Does not blister or remove the hair $2.50 per bottle, delivered. Will tell you more if you write. Book 4 R free. ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Varicose Veins, Ruptured Muscles or Ligaments, Enlarged Glands, Wens Cysts. Allays pain quickly. Price $1.25 a bottle at druggists or delivered.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 516 Lymans Bldg., Montreal, Can.

Absorbine and Absorbine Jr. are made in Canada.

GET SLOAN'S FOR YOUR PAIN RELIEF

You don't have to rub it in to get quick, comforting relief

Once you've tried it on that stiff joint, sore muscle, sciatic pain, rheumatic twinge, lame back, you'll find a warm, soothing relief you never thought a liniment could produce.

Won't stain the skin, leaves no muss, wastes no time in applying, sure to give quick results. A large bottle means economy. Your own or any other druggist has it. Made in Canada. Get it today.

Sloan's Liniment Kills Pain

30c., 60c., $1.20.

"War-Time Cookery" FREE

Send name and address for new "War-time Cookery" This book contains recipes chosen by the judges as the best and most practical recipes submitted in our recent cash prize competition. It is intended to assist in the conservation of food and to effect savings in home cooking and baking.

Approved by Canada Food Board

ADDRESS

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd.

TORONTO, CANADA

An Australian Jewel.

What is claimed to be the finest drop-shaped pearl yet raised in Australian waters was recently found on the north-west coast of Western Australia. It has been exhibited in Melbourne, and has created extraordinary interest. It weighs 100 grains, or rather twice as much as the famous Mayer gem stolen in transit between Paris and London, which sold for $70,000. The pearl, which is the size of a sparrow's egg, has been named "Star of the West." It is remarkable for its perfect shape and coloring. The skin has a beautiful iridescent lustre, diffused with a pinkish glow.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

An Australian soldier had overstayed his leave. He knew his commanding officer was fed up with hard luck excuses, so wired:—"Not sick, nobody dead, got plenty of money, having a good time. Please wire two days' extension." He got three.

FOR SALE

WELL EQUIPPED NEWSPAPER and job printing plant in Eastern Ontario. Insurance carried $1,500. Will go for $1,200 on quick sale. Box 69, Wilson Publishing Co. Ltd. Toronto.

WEEKLY NEWSPAPER FOR SALE in New Ontario. Owner going to France. Will sell $2,000. Worth double that amount. Apply J. H. c/o Wilson Publishing Co., Limited, Toronto.

STORM WINDOWS FOR SALE.

GET OUR PRICE LIST SHOWING cost of windows glazed complete, any size. Halliday Company, Box B. 61, Hamilton.

MISCELLANEOUS

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC. internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

A Dyspepsia Cure

M. D. advises: "Persons who suffer from severe indigestion and constipation can cure themselves by taking fifteen to thirty drops of Extract of Roots after each meal and at bedtime. This remedy is known as Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup in the drug trade." Get the genuine. 50c. and $1.00 Bottles.

Cuticura Heals Sore Red Pimples

Itching, Burning and Irritated. Lost Sleep.



"My face broke out in pimples that would heal up and then break out again. It was very sore and red, and all the time itching and burning, and I irritated my face by scratching. I lost a lot of sleep.

"I had the pimples for over five years. Then I used Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and two cakes of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment healed my face completely." (Signed) Miss Zoo Parkes, Otterville, Ont., March 13, 1917.

Skin troubles are quickly relieved by Cuticura. The Soap cleanses and purifies, the Ointment soothes and heals.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

Hotel Del Coronado

Coronado Beach, California

Where the balmy yet invigorating climate makes possible the enjoyment of outdoor sports throughout the Winter months.

POLO, GOLF, TENNIS, MOTORING, FISHING, BAY AND SURF BATHING

Write for Winter Folder and Golf Program.

JOHN J. HERNAN, - Manager

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales Dec. 14
Morrisburg, Dec. 16 to Jan. 4

CLAIRE SUMMERS, A.T.C.M.
PIANO
Pupils prepared for all Conservatory examinations
Studio at her home, Main Street, West,

An afternoon Tea and Food Sale will be held under the auspices of the Mission Band in the Lecture Room of Knox Church, Morrisburg, Saturday afternoon December 14th., 1918. Everybody come.

Merry Christmas! Music will make it so. Why not let a Victor Victrola make the home happy. W. Marsh & Son have a large assortment ranging in prices from $12 to $200. Over 2000 records carried in stock to choose from. Our December andChristmas records are now in and we ask all lovers of music to call and hear them. Records are same old price, only 90 cents for two selections, double records.

Reeve Casselman was in Cornwall this week attending meeting of the Counties' Council.

Mr. Wilfrid Quenneville's latest Winter motor conveyance, comprising two driving wheels in the rear and two runners in the front, is a light, neat and comfortable outfit. It contains a low, intermediate and high speeds, which is governed by a single lever. On the whole the machine seems to be what may develop into a very practical means of conveyance for the winter months.

Township Debentures bearing six per cent. interest for sale. Apply to Arthur Flynn, Morrisburg.

Rev. and Mrs. J. Maurer of Williamsburg left for their new home in Kitchener, Ont., last Friday. On Thursday evening before their departure, the congregation assembled in the church where refreshments were served. Mr. Ed Beckstead, on behalf of the Congregation, read an address and presented Rev. Maurer with a a purse, as a token of appreciation of services rendered and of the esteem in which he is held.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Beckstead announce the engagement of their elder daughter, Luella May, of the staff of Alberta College, North Edmonton, Alberta, to Mr. F. F. Tracy, B.A., of Lacombe, Alta., the marriage to take place quietly in Edmonton the latter part of December.

Every Canadian soldier coming back from the front, will after his discharge, be carried on the paylist for three months. He will get a check each month in that period at the rate he received when on service. The idea is to tide over each man during the period intervening his discharge and settling down to civilian employment.

As we go to press we learn that Mr. H. B. Fetterly of Cornwall, who had been appointed temporarily, to the position of I. P. S. for Dundas County, received the permanent appointment by the Counties Council, in session this week.

To enable schools to make up the loss of time occasioned by the influenza epidemic, the Provincial Minister of Education, has decided to circularize school boards, inspectors and teachers, to the effect that it will not be necessary to hold any of the departmental examinations in June next so that the second school term will be longer than for several years. The Minister felt that with this provision and with other provisions made the ill effects upon the school work of the interruptions that have occurred may be reasonably well overcome without encroaching on the holidays of the pupils.

Sergt. Lawrence M. Styles, formerly of Morrisburg, who had been an instructor in the Eastern Ontario Depot Battalion at Kingston and Belleville for over a year, left on November 16th., for Victoria, B.C., having enlisted with the 259th. Canadian Rifles for service in Siberia. It is expected that the battalion will leave Victoria about December 10th.

Mr. F. W. Barclay left the first of the week to join his family in Ottawa.

Mr. J. G. Brandstetter of Ottawa spent the week-end at his home here.

Among the Morrisburg boys who have won distinction in the great war is Sgt. Fred Fox, son of Mrs. Jas. Fox of this town. Fred joined a Nova Scotia Battalion and after getting to England reverted to a private in order to get to the trenches more quickly and won promotion to corporal and then to sergeant on the field, and was awarded the Military Medal for conspicuous bravery in leading a detachment of men in one of the recent great offensives. He was in the trenches for over twenty months and was never sick or wounded.

The Re-Opening and Anniversary Services in connection with the Haddo Methodist Church of the Matilda South Circuit will be held next Sunday, Dec. 8th. Services will be held at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p.m. The Rev. Dr. Pierce of the Matilda Circuit, will preach. The Rev. Geo. O. Tredinnick will occupy the pulpits on the Matilda Circuit.

Mrs. G. Anderson spent last week in Montreal.

Mr. Robert Kilgour, head of the firm of Kilgour Bros., manufacturers of paper bags, Toronto, and for a time vice-president of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, died on Monday. He was born in Beauharnois, Quebec, in 1847.

Compulsory restrictions of the amount of flour which may be held in store by dealers, householders and others have been rescinded. The compulsory purchase of a proportion of substitutes for wheat flour has been rescinded. and the use of substitutes by manufacturers, bakers, public restaurants, and households are no longer compulsory.

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor
A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College
'PHONE NO. 18A
TAIT BLOCK
MORRISBURG, ONTARIO

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

SCHOOL SUPPLIES
A Complete Assortment of SCHOOL SUPPLIES from
1c. to $1.00
Send the Kiddies—They will receive the same careful attention as the Adults.
D. T. Henderson,
DRUGGIST.

Poultry Wanted
DRESSED and LIVE
If any for sale, drop a card or 'phone to
J. S. TEVAN
MORRISBURG, ONT
Box 144 - - Phone 28,
Highest Prices Guaranteed

A Clearance of Coats
33 1-3 per cent. discount
ON NORTHWAY COATS
Priced From $12 to $20
The Early Buyer Gets the Bargain
D. C. BUSH

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership

The co-partnership heretofore existing between Aden H. Hunter and Michael J. Casselman, both of the Village of Morrisburg, in the County of Dundas, as heretofore carried on as Retail Hardware, Grocery, Flour and Feed Merchants, at the Victoria Building, Main Street, in the said Village of Morrisburg, under the name, style and firm of Hunter & Casselman, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, the said Michael J. Casselman retiring from the said firm. The business will be conducted as formerly under the name of A. H. Hunter by the remaining partner, who has power to collect all accounts due the said firm.

Dated this 21st day of November, A. D., 1918.

Witness: R. F. LYLE.
A. H. HUNTER
M. J. CASSELMAN

Morrisburg, Nov. 21st, 1918

In reference to the above the undersigned begs to tender to the customers and friends of the firm his sincere thanks for the patronage extended during the past five years. I take this opportunity of soliciting a continuance of the patronage and good will so freely extended to the firm in the past.

A. H. HUNTER

TO RENT

A comfortable dwelling house opposite Presbyterian Church. All modern conveniences. Apply to Mrs. Martha Watson, R. M. D., Morrisburg, Ont.

FOR SALE

A splendid range in perfect condition for $18.00. Owner has purchased a modern Range-Heater—A bargain. Apply,
Wilfrid Quenneville,
Morrisburg, Ont.

FOR SALE

Good property, consisting of a comfortable frame double dwelling house, a good barn, and four village lots, situate on High street, near G.T.R. station. The barn, which is situated on the south end of the property will be sold, to be removed, or on the property. Apply
Rob. Armstrong, Toronto
Nelson Armstrong,
Morrisburg.

If You Want Photographs for Christmas
Please remember that your order must be in on or before
December 14th
to allow us enough time to complete your order.
Make the Appointment to day
J. M. WHITTEKER,
Photographer & Optometrist
Morrisburg, - Ont.

THE BANK OF OTTAWA
ESTABLISHED 1874
94 BRANCHES IN CANADA
Capital Paid Up - $4,000,000
Rest - - $4,750,000

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A Bank well equipped to serve the Public. Drafts, Money Orders and Letters of Credit issued.
Interest added half-yearly to Savings Balances.

YOU MUST HAVE THE GOODS
In spite of scarcity in many lines we have the goods you want and at prices that will save you money, to say nothing of your satisfaction in the quality of the goods.
You must have them—They are here for you in quantities, quality and prices to please.
Men's, Boys', Ladies' and Children's Underwear, Caps, Gloves, Mitts and Hosiery, etc.
Give us a call and examine Our Stock
MULLIN BROS.
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
Canada Food Board License No. 8-3575
MORRISBURG, — ONT.

ON TRIAL FOR MURDER? is a Serious Thing -- But a Merchant is Always on Trial
Give me a trial when in need of your next order for Groceries, Teas and Coffee
Our Stock is Complete and Prices Right
A. H. HUNTER
Hardware, Groceries, Flour and Feed
SUCCESSOR TO HUNTER & CASSELMAN
MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.
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Spend Your Money at Home It Will Pay You

The Big Furniture Sale is Now On. A Chance of a Lifetime to Furnish Your Home AT WHOLESALE PRICES
During the Next 24 Days We Will Offer to the Public
$12,000. STOCK RUGS AND FURNITURE
At Prices LOWER Than Any Departmental Store
For the next 7 Days we will offer Specials in Dining-room and Parlor Furniture.
Our Special Dining-room Suite in Fumed Oak or Golden Surfaced Oak, Buffett, Extension Table, 5 Chairs, 1 Arm Chair for only..... 48.50
We have 12 different styles of Parlor Suites to choose from in prices from $23 to $60
Our Fancy Rockers, over 100 styles in prices from..... $ 2 to $60
TERMS OF SALE CASH
W. MARSH & SON, Morrisburg, Ont.

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

IT'S A PLEASURE to burn our coal says the lady who has used it. It is the free buzning, clean coal that gives the best satisfaction If you will try a ton we feel sure you will agree with us that it is the best coal to be had
ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE
ALL COAL MUST BE PAID FOR
WHEN ORDERED
W. H. McGANNON
CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL