The Leader

Vol. XVII, No 17 MORRISBURG, ONT., FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1917.

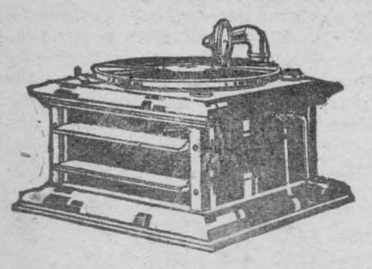
The instrument at the right is the $50 Columbia Grafonola. It has the hinged enclosing lid, the tone-control leaves at the front, the new and wonderful Columbia reproducer and the powerful motor that plays three records with a single winding.



Sent on Approval—

(and on Easy Terms, if accepted)

This $33 or $50 Model Columbia Grafonola



The $33 model of the Grafonola, here pictured, possesses all the essentials that go to make up a real instrument of music—a full, clear, natural tone; strong motor and tone-control shutters. In mahogany or quartered oak.

WILFRID QUENNEVILLE

Columbia Records Note the Name

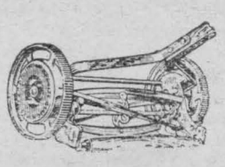
Your Next Suit

We are ready to make it up
in Style and Fit, as You want it
Come in and leave your order now, then
when you want it, it will be ready for you

Frank Stewart, MERCHANT TAILOR

MORRISBURG, : : : ONT.

Why Not Get a New Lawn Mower



To keep your lawn in trim will be easy if you buy one of our light-running lawn mowers.
Our mowers are from the best factories, strongly made and easy to run.
They cut smooth and even, and make mowing your grass a real pleasure.

Come and Price Them

POLISH A CAR LIKE NEW

It is the simplest thing in the world to keep your car— body, hood and fenders— looking bright and resplendent. "Just a rag and a can" of Old English Wax will do it. It will keep a new car looking new and make an old car look like new. This wax forms a light coat over the finish which protects it from the weather and often saves the expense of revarnishing.

OLD ENGLISH WAX in pound tins, ready to use



Next Time Buy at Home

When you buy at HOME;--

You see what you buy "BEFORE" you pay out your money.

You are sure of getting known "RELIABLE" nds of goods.

You have no "FREIGHT" to pay.

And we are here 365 days out of the year to "MAKE GOOD" on what we say and sell.

Buy at home— but only because you can for less.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.

THE HARDWARE STORE--OPPOSITE ST. LAWRENCE HALL

Morrisburg, : : : ; Ont.



PTE. CARL TRUEMAN STATA, son of Mr. Barnum Stata of this village, who was one of the first of a large number of Morrisburg boys to enlist afterwar was declared. He made the supreme sacrifice for the Liberty of his King, Country, and for Us at the battle of Vimy Ridge.

Pte. Stata first enlisted with the 59th. and for some time was connected with the local Canal Patrol. In September, 1915 he transferred to the 77th B. Battalion, Ottawa, where he remained in training until his departure for Overseas in June 1916, and in September of the same year he took his placein the trenches in France where he had since been facing the enemy. He was 23 years of age and pr or to his departure for Overseas he was united in marriage to Miss Ruby L. Reid, daughter of Mrs. Geo. Re d, who survives.

A memorial service will be held in the Methodist Church on Sunday April 29th., at 7 p.m.

EARLY CLOSING

With a view of contributing to what promises to be a "unanimous" success, a number of the merchants in town have signified their intentions of closing their places of business, Saturday, for the Racey entertainment which starts at 8 p.m "If the other fellow does." Why hesitate? when such a splendid opportun ty is afforded the "stay at home" to lighten that vengeful spirit which must naturally dwell on every conscience that is aware of the slaughter of our town fellowmen which is occuring daily. Perhaps you have decided that it will be time enough to make your sacrifice when you are compelled to. If a German "snipper" had been detailed to slaughter you when you close at 10 p.m., you would not hesitate to close at 8 to avoid him. Remember, this snipper has been detailed to get "Canada", but it is the hero from our own town, for the benefit of whom this patriotic entertainment is being held, who has halted him by making the supreme sacrifice. —Will the merchants of Morrisburg acknowledge?

OBITUARY

Mrs. Caroline Louise Herbick

After an illness of several months' duration, Mrs. Caroline Louise Herbick, one of Morrisburg's oldest and most highly esteemed residents whose maiden name was Caroline L. Phifer, died at her home, Augusta street, on Sunday evening, April 22nd.

Deceased, who was 81 years of age, was the widow of the late Joseph Herbick, who predeceased her seventeen years ago. She was born in Frankenstein, Prussia, and emigrated to Canada with her parents in 1858, and settled in Morrisburg where she had since resided continuously until the time of her death. She was of a quiet, retired, unassuming disposition, yet she lived a beautiful and helpful life. Her devotion to her family, and kindness to everybody will long live in the memory of those who were nearest to her.

She leaves to mourn three sons and one daughter, namely: Frank of Morrisburg; Joseph, Philadelphia and George of Ogdensburg, and Mrs. C. I. Hazel of Morrisburg.

The funeral took place on Tuesday at two p.m. at her residence, services being conducted by Rev. Dr. C. H. Little, after which the remains were placed inthe vault.

Relatives from a distance who attended the funeral were: Mr. G. Herbick, Mr. R. A. Beckstead and two sons, Frank and Herbick, all of Ogdensburg.

Mrs. Joseph Cunningham

On Friday morning, April 13th. 1917 at Norfolk, N.Y., death cut off in the prime of life, the devoted wife of Joseph Cunningham. Deceased had been in failing health for some time and had been taken to the Ogdensburg Hospital several times, where the best care and attent on had been given her, but of no avail. At times her suffering was intense, but she bore it with Christ an patience.

Deceased's maiden name was Alice Mary Casselman. She was born in the township of Williamsburg in the year 1864. After her marr age to Mr. Cunningham, which took place in 1880, they moved to Grantley where they resided until seven years ago when they moved to Norfolk, N.Y. To this union there born four children—three sons and one daughter, who with her husband survive. The sons are: Ross, Earl and Bernice, at home; and Mrs. Chas. F. Strader, Canton, N.Y. She also leaves three sisteers and two brothers, namely: Mrs. Wesley Robinson, Heckston, Ont., Mrs. Wallace Beckstead, Ottawa, and Mrs. Morton Locke, Norwood, N.Y.; Mr. Alfred Casselman, Winchester and Mr. Ezra M. Casselman of Williamsburg

The remains were conveyed to her former home at Williamsburg on Sunday, April 15th and the funeral was held on Monday at the Methodist Church where services were conducted by Rev. T. Meredith of Elma.

The pall bearers were six nephews of deceased, namely Thomas G., James, Fordie, Fred and Lorne Cunningham and Harold Casselman,, all of Williamsburg.

Not to Close Schools Regardless of Boards

Cornwall, April 26.—On March first Dr. C. J. Hamilton, Local Officer of Health, peremptorily closed the Cornwall High School, the Public School, and the three Separate schools, and directed that the classes should remain closed until March 5, with the result that 1,800 students had their courses of study suspended, and 43 teachers were prevented from teaching their pupils. The Cornwall High School Board considered that before such drastic action, so wide-spread in its effects, should be taken by an official, the management of the chools concerned should first be consulted. They remonstrated to the Department of Education, suggesting that the regulations should be amended.

After some correspondence, Mr Chisholm has received a reply from the Department of Education stating that it had been decided by the Provincial Medical Health Officer to send out a circular to each local Health Officer advising that in all cases ,where it is deemed advisable to close schools on account of communicable disease, he should first consult the School Board where such is at all possible."

BORN

SMITH—At Mariatown, April 6)h. to Mr. and Mrs. Alex. J. Smith, a son.

DIED

McMARTIN—At Morrisburg, on Wednesday, April 25th, Levi McMartin, in his 87th year. The funeral takes place today, (Friday) at the family home, at 2 p.m.

CARTER—At 551 Markham St. Toronto, on Monday, April 23rd, Elizabeth (Little), beloved wife of J. Smyth Carter, formerly of Morrisburg.

ENLIST!

WITH
THE RED CROSS
AT
THE MUSIC HALL
TO-MORROW
(Saturday)
AT THE
VICTORY BAZAAR

Doors Open at 10 a.m.
With
60 Busy Minutes an hour for Everybody until 7 p. m.

A VERITABLE BEE HIVE WITH NOT A SINGLE DRONE.

God Save the King

The Only **Right** Car

McLAUGHLIN

The Only Right Price

W. H. Fetterly & Co.

A War Measure

Keep up the FOOD SUPPLY and help make VICTORY sure



Now is the time to think about increasing your poultry flocks. Introduce new blood by purchasing eggs for hatching from pure bred flocks. The Dundas Co-Operative Association, Limited, will assist its members in getting eggs for hatching at reasonable prices from flocks approved by the Live Stock Branch of the Department of Agriculture-

Day old chicks will also be for sale up to and including the third week of June

For information, Apply to

R. H. ASHTON

MORRISBURG, ONT.

INCORPORATED 1855

THE MOLSONS BANK

Capital and Reserve $8,800,000

96 Branches in Canada

A General Banking Business Transacted

Circular Letters of Credit

Bank Money Orders

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

Interest allowed at highest current rate

MORRISBURG BRANCH — WILLIAM WALLACE, MANAGER

WILLIAMSBURG BRANCH — R. H. SEAMAN AGENT.

RATIO OF CANADIAN DEAD TO WOUNDED 1 TO 5

Over 2,000 Hit on the First Day of the Battle for Vimy Ridge So Slightly Injured They Walked to Dressing Stations.

A despatch from Canadian Headquarters in France, says:—Now that the lists of casualties from the actions of the last week are beginning to appear in the Canadian press, it may bring solace to the sad hearts to know how carefully the wounded were handled, and how reverently the deal were buried. Hospital arrangements were made to handle far more than the number actually wounded. Extra ambulances were provided at the front, and many supplementary dressing stations were opened. There was little congestion anywhere. Over 2,000 who were wounded on the first day were so slightly hit that they were able to walk back to the stations without aid.

Despite the extraordinary condition of the ground over which the advance was made, the stretcher-bearers found and brought out practically all the wounded before nightfall each day. In only a few cases, where the wounded lay in deep shellholes and had not sufficient strength to make their presence known to the search parties, did they remain in the field overnight.

It is believed that this prompt handling has resulted in a material reduction under the heading, "Died of Wounds." Similar systematic care was shown in the disposal of the dead, who are now believed to bear the remarkably low ratio of one to five wounded.

There are two important military cemeteries on the Canadian front, at Carency and Ecoivre. These are connected with the trenches by light railways, and the dead customarily are brought there for burial. For the operations of last week additional burying grounds were opened near the front of the line, so that the work of the burial parties might be more quickly done. Each body of our men is given individual burial, and over each of the dead is placed a simple wooden cross, giving his name, rank and identification number. Even if these crosses should be removed, the records of the burial are so complete that the location of every body can be indicated. The dead are wrapped in blankets before being committed to the earth by the men's own units, and the burial service is read by a clergyman of the dead soldier's own denomination. The army chaplains are so distributed as almost invariably to permit of this reverence for the dead, which is one of the marked characteristics of the British and Canadian troops.

AWFUL TOLL OF GERMAN DEAD IN FIERCE COUNTER-ATTACKS

Hindenburg, Trying to Stall Off French Threat Along Whole Line, Hits Back With Frenzied Disregard of Losses.

Paris, April 22.—Repeated desperate and vain counter-attacks by the Crown Prince are yielding to Gen. Nivelle a second crop of valuable results, of equal importance to the first fruits of his advance, which consisted in the storming of the German strongholds along the Soissons-Champagne front.

Since it is an axiom that the Allies' task is not to drive back the Germans but to destroy the enemy armies, the importance of Hindenburg's maddened efforts to retake the lost positions can be gauged.

By swiftly hurling forward waves of troops and imbedding them, under cover of the throats of an enormous mass of artillery, in the key positions along the Germans' front, Gen. Nivelle has compelled the German high command to attempt desperate measures to regain their former vantage points, as otherwise the French possession of them means a constant menace to their whole fortified line, and it is in the counter-attacks that the full and complete bloody toll is taken of the enemy formations.

The losses sustained in counter-attacking are far greater than those suffered in ordinary attack, or under the bombardment preliminary to an enemy blow, as for the counter-thrusts the troops must be formed from among men already nerve-shattered by the tremendous artillery pounding, who must be reorganized and grouped under a pitiless enemy gunfire, and then driven forward in attempts to debouch under a criss-cross machine gun fire and the harrying of the machine guns of low-flying airplanes.

GENERAL HAIG RENEWS DRIVE MAKES GAINS NEAR CAMBRAI

Clears Stubbornly Defended Position Between Hermes and Gonnelieu, Eight Miles Southwest of Cambrai.

London, April 22.—Fighting activity, almost suspended on the front held by the Crown Prince from Soissons through the Champagne, swung back again to-day to the great segment of the new Hindenburg line faced by the forces of Field Marshal Haig. The British night report tells of clearing the wooded angle stubbornly held by the Germans between Hermines and Gonnelieu, about eight miles southwest of Cambrai. Both the day and night bulletins from Berlin emphasize the extreme violence of the British artillery fire at many points on the Arras front, north and south of the River Scarpe.

Every indication—the German communiques, the heavy gun duels, the revival of scouting in the air—points to a renewal of the grand offensive by the British armies in that "rhythmic warfare" which began with the storming of Vimy Ridge. The course the battle may take cannot be predicted, but present indications suggest that General Haig is aiming his blow down the valley of the Scarpe toward Douai, which is admittedly the British objective, and the northern pier upon which Hindenburg built his retreat from last summer's battlefield of the Somme.

BRITISH FORCE IN PALESTINE IS IN TOUCH WITH THE ENEMY

About 200 Turkish Prisoners Were Captured in Fighting Which Took Place on the 19th.

London, April 22.—An official communication issued this evening dealing with the report last Friday of the advance of the British forces north of Wadi Ghuzze, in Southern Palestine, says:

"The British have consolidated the ground gained and are now in touch with the enemy's main positions covering Gaza (near the Mediterranean, about 50 miles south-west of Jerusalem). This position extends from the seacoast near Sheikh Ahmed, through Alimantar to the east of the town, and thence in a south-easterly direction to Abuhariera. About 200 Turkish prisoners were captured the 19th."

500 DESERTERS IN A BODY TRIED TO CROSS INTO HOLLAND

Were Fired on by Uhlans With Machine Guns and Thirty-Eight of the Deserters Wounded.

A despatch from Amsterdam says: More than 500 German Fusiliers, sailors and Landsturmers on Monday evening tried to cross the Dutch-Belgian frontier from the environs of Knocke to near Garzand, Holland, says the Handelsblad, but the attempted desertion was frustrated after the party had been pursued and attacked by Uhlans. The deserters were fired on by the Uhlans with machine guns, and in a fight which lasted a half-hour 38 of the deserters were wounded. The mounted guards along the frontier have since been doubled.

Markets of the World

Breadstuffs

Toronto, Apr. 24—Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.57; No. 2 do., $2.52½; No. 3 do., $2.47½; No. 4 wheat, $2.37½, nominal, track Bay ports.

Manitoba oats—No. 2 C.W., 82c; No. 3 C.W., 81c; extra No. 1 feed, 81c; No. 1 feed, 79½c, all rail delivered.

American corn—No. 3 yellow, $1.54, nominal, subject to embargo, track Toronto.

Ontario oats—No. 2 white, 74 to 76c, nominal; No. 3 white, 73 to 75c, nominal, according to freights outside.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 Winter, per car lot, $2.35 to $2.37; No. 3 do., $2.33 to $2.35, according to freights outside.

Peas—No. 2, nominal, according to freights outside.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, $11.70; second patents, in jute bags, $11.20; strong bakers', in jute bags, $10.80, Toronto.

Barley—Malting, $1.35 to $1.37, according to freights outside.

Rye—No. 2, $1.85 to $1.87, according to freights outside.

Ontario flour—Winter, according to sample, $10.10 to $10.20, in bags, track Toronto, prompt shipment.

Millfeed—Car lots, delivered Montreal freights, bags included—Bran, per ton, $39; shorts, per ton, $41 to $43; middlings, per ton, $44 to $46; good feed flour, per bag, $2.80 to $2.90.

Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, $11.50 to $12.50; mixed, per ton, $8.50 to $11, track Toronto.

Straw—Car lots, per ton, $7 to $8, track Toronto.

Country Produce—Wholesale

Butter—Fresh dairy, choice, 40 to 41c; creamery prints, 43 to 45c; solids, 42 to 43c.

Eggs—New-laid, in cartons, 37 to 38c; out of cartons, 35c.

Dressed poultry—Chickens, 26 to 28c; fowl, 24 to 25c; ducks, 22 to 25c; squabs, per doz., $4.00 to $4.50; turkeys, 30 to 32c.

Cheese—New, large, 27 to 27½c; twins 27¼ to 27¾c; tripets, 27¾ to 28c; old, large, 28½c; twins, 28¾c.

Honey—White clover, 2½-lb. tins, 14½ to 15c; 5-lb. tins, 14½c; 10-lb., 13½c; 60-lb., 13c; buckwheat, 60-lb. tins, 10 to 10½c. Comb honey—extra fine and heavy weight, per doz., $2.75; select, $2.50 to $2.75; No. 2, $2 to $2.25.

Maple syrup—Imperial gallon, $1.60 to $1.75.

Potatoes—On track Ontario, per bag, $3.50; New Brunswick Delawares, per bag, $4.00; Albertas, per bag, $3.50 to $3.75.

Beans — Imported, hand-picked, per bush., $6.25; Canadian, hand-picked, per bush., $7.50 to $7.75; Canadian primes, $7.00 to $7.25; Limas, per lb., 13 to 13½c.

Provisions—Wholesale

Smoked and cured meats and lard are quoted to the trade by Toronto wholesalers as follows:—

Smoked meats—Hams, medium, 28 to 29c; do., heavy, 24 to 25c; cooked, 39 to 40c; rolls, 24 to 25c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 33c; backs, plain, 33 to 34c; boneless, 35 to 36c.

Lard—Pure lard, tierces, 25½ to 25¾c; tubs, 25¾ to 26c; pails, 26 to 26½c; compound, tierces, 20 to 20½c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 21 to 22c per lb; clear bellies, 20 to 20½c.

Montreal Markets

Montreal, Apr. 24 — Oats—Canadian western, No. 2, 81c; do., No. 3, 79c; do., extra No. 1 feed, 79c. Barley—Manitoba feed, $1.11. Buckwheat—No. 2, $1.35. Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, firsts, $12.20; do., seconds, $11.70; do., strong bakers', $11.50; winter patents, choice, $11.50; do., straight rollers, $10.80 to $11; do., bags, $5.25 to $5.35. Rolled oats—Barrels, $8.25 to $8.50; do., bags, 90 lbs., $4 to $4.25. Bran—$40 to $42. Shorts—$43 to $44. Middlings—$45 to $47. Moullie—$49 to $54. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, $13.50. Potatoes—per bag, car lots, $3.25 to $3.50.

Winnipeg Grain

Winnipeg, Apr. 24—Cash prices: Wheat—No. 1 Northern, $2.36½; No. 2 Northern, $2.32; No. 3 Northern, $2.20; No. 4, $2.17; No. 5, $1.98; No. 6, $1.67; feed, $1.18. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 71½c; No. 3 C.W., 70½c; extra No. 1 feed, 70½c; No. 1 feed, 68½c; No. 2 feed, 67c. Barley—No. 3, $1.18; No. 4, $1.14; rejected, 96c; feed, 96c. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., $2.98⅝; No. 2 C.W., $2.94⅝.

United States Markets

Minneapolis, Apr. 24—Wheat—May, $2.27½; July, $2.20; cash—No. 1 hard, $2.50½ to $2.53½; No. 1 Northern, $2.43½ to $2.47½; No. 2, do., $2.39½ to $2.47½. Corn—No. 3 yellow, $1.43½ to $1.45½. Oats—No. 3 white, 68½ to 69⅝c. Flour—Unchanged. Bran—$39 to $40.

Duluth, Apr. 24—Wheat—No. 1 hard, $2.35½; No. 1 Northern, $2.30½ to $2.34½; No. 2, do., $2.26½ to $2.29½; May, $2.26¼ bid; July, $2.20 bid. Linseed—$3.25 to $3.26; May, $3.24; July, $3.24 bid; September, $3.23.

Live Stock Markets

Toronto, Apr. 24—Extra choice heavy steers, $11.75 to $12; choice heavy steers, $11.25 to $11.65; good heavy steers, $10.50 to $10.60; butchers' cattle, choice, $11.25 to $11.60; do., good, $10.40 to $10.60; do., medium, $9.65 to $10; do., common, $8.75 to $9; butchers bulls, choice, $10 to $10.75; do., good bulls, $9.25 to $9.75; do., medium bulls, $8.25 to $8.75; do., rough bulls, $6.40 to $6.50; butchers' cows, choice, $10 to $10.25; do., good, $8.75 to $9.50; do., medium, $7 to $7.25; stockers, $7.50 to $9.35; feeders, $9.50 to $10.25; canners and cutters, $5.50 to $6.25; milkers, good to choice, $85 to $110; do., com. and med., each, $40 to $60; springers, $50 to $110; light ewes, $10 to $14.50; sheep, heavy, $8.50 to $9.50; calves, good to choice, $12.50 to $14.75; spring lambs, each $8 to $12; lambs, choice, $14.25 to $16; do., medium, $10.50 to $12.50; hogs, fed and watered, $16.40 to $16.50; do., weighed off cars, $16.65 to $16.75; do., f.o.b., $15.75.

Montreal, Apr. 24 — Choice steers, $12.25 to $12.50; good steers, $10.50 to $11.50; common steers, $9.50 to $10; butchers' cows, $9 to $11; bulls, $9.50 to $12; choice milk-fed calves, $8 to $11; common, $5 to $7; sheep, $10 to $11; yearling lambs, $14.50 to $15.50; spring lambs, $8 to $12; hogs, $17 to $17.50.

SUNDAY SHELL WORK ABOLISHED IN BRITAIN

London, April 22.—Sunday labor is to be abolished as far as possible in a large majority of munitions works. Only in establishments in which the process work is of necessity continuous or where contracts of great urgency are being filled will exceptions be made. This decision is the result of an experiment carried out for four months in works on the Tyne and Tees, where the abolition of Sunday labor, according to an official report, has been in most cases highly beneficial to the health of the workers and the output of munitions.

FARM LABORERS POUR INTO WEST

Problem of Prairie Agriculture is Being Solved Satisfactorily.

Ottawa, April 22.—The farm labor problem in Western Canada is being satisfactorily solved by the National Service Board in co-operation with the Federal Department of Immigration and the Agricultural Departments of the Western Provincial Governments. Many thousands of farm laborers have already been brought into the West from the United States and the majority of these will become permanent citizens.

TURKS LOST 4,000 BRITISH ONLY 73

Although Gen. Maude's Troops Attacked Ottoman Main Position.

A despatch from London says:—The British forces under Gen. Maude forced a passage of the Shatt-el-Adhem River, 50 miles south of Bagdad, and attacked the main Turk position, completely routing the enemy, whose casualties were over 4,000, including 1,244 prisoners. The total British casualties were only 73.

The general officer commanding the British forces in Egypt reports in an official statement to the War Office that on April 17th the British advanced north of the Wadi Ghuzze, in Southern Palestine, and captured the Turkish advanced positions along a front of six and one-half miles.

The attack was assisted by the fire of warships, and the position gained was consolidated. Fighting was still proceeding at the time the report was sent.

The battle now reported follows up the success gained on March 27, at Wadi Ghuzze, near the ancient city of Gaza, when the Turks narrowly escaped complete disaster.

GERMANS DROWN OWN WOUNDED

Two British Hospital Ships Torpedoed Without Warning.

London, April 23.—The British hospital ships Donegal and Lanfranc, with many wounded aboard, have been torpedoed without warning. They were sunk on April 17. Of those on the Donegal 29 wounded men and 12 of the crew are missing. The Lanfranc carried German wounded as well as British. Of those aboard 19 British and 15 Germans are believed to have perished.

The placing of Germans on hospital ships which do not carry the characteristic signs is one of the methods of reprisal decided upon by the British Government because of the unwarned sinking of these boats of mercy.

GERMANY'S WANT FREEDOM'S ALLY

Hunger, Co-Operating With External Enemies, to Bring Autocracy to Terms.

London, April 22.—Hunger, want, and discontent within the German Empire are powerfully co-operating with external foes to bring the autocracy to terms. Demonstrations by the people or by strikers in the City of Berlin, almost unknown in times of peace, and until within a few days quite unknown during war, are unmistakable evidence of bad conditions. The reports that the first demonstrations had been brought to an end, not by troops, but by concessions to the workers, are not contradicted. The trouble has spread to munition works employing thousands of men upon whom Germany now depends to supply her great armies in the field.

U. S. IS WATCHING OVER 3,000 SUSPECTS.

German Residents Under Surveillance in the United States.

A despatch from Washington says: Approximately three thousand German residents of the United States are under close surveillance, Department of Justice officials announced on Friday, because of their activities in behalf of the German Government before America's entry into the war or because of their pro-German sympathies.

TERRIFIC EXPLOSION AT WILHELMSHAVEN.

Damage Caused for Many Miles Around, Says One Despatch.

Amsterdam, April 23.—A terrific explosion occurred in Wilhelmshaven Harbor (Prussia) Friday, according to The Nieue Rotterdamsche Courant. Damage was caused for many miles around.

Wilhelmshaven is one of the main naval depots of Germany, Kiel being another.

SIR GEORGE FOSTER TO GO TO WASHINGTON

A despatch from Ottawa says:—Sir George Foster, the Acting Prime Minister, left for Washington on Saturday where he will represent Canada in the conference at which representatives of Great Britain, France and others of the allied powers will discuss plans for mutual co-operation in the war against Germany. At a later period in the deliberations of the conference, Sir Thomas White will likely go to Washington.

CONTROLLER TAKES OVER ALL FOOD FACTORIES

A despatch from London says:—The Food Controller is empowered by an order-in-Council to take possession of any factory, or other premises, where food is manufactured.

ENEMY WITHDRAWAL ON AISNE CONTINUES AND VILLAGE CAPTURED

British Hold High Ground; French Inflict Heavy Losses on the Enemy; Many Prisoners Captured; Four Villages Taken.

A despatch from London says:—The southern part of the Hindenburg line in France continues to crumble or fall back before the forces of General Nivelle. Thursday witnessed additional important gains by the French at numerous points from Soissons eastward to the old Champagne, and also the capture of men and guns.

In the latter region north-west of Auberive the French captured strongly-fortified German trenches on a front of a mile and a quarter and made prisoner 150 Germans. Northeast of Soissons the village of Aisy, Jouy and Laffaux and Fort de Conde were captured by the French, while to the east, near Hurtebise, another point of support fell into their hands and with it 500 prisoners and two cannon.

Violent artillery actions are in progress between the Somme and the Oise, in Champagne, near Le Mort Homme, in the Verdun sector, and in Belgium around Dixmude.

The French War Office reports that Wednesday night the Germans threw twelve divisions of fresh men into the fray between Soissons and Auberive in an attempt to hold General Nivelle's forces back, but that their efforts were unavailing.

A despatch from British Headquarters in France says: The great value of the recent advance lies in the fact that we have everywhere driven the enemy from high ground and robbed him of his observation. Now all are in our hands. From them we can sweep observation over a wide expanse of country to Douai and beyond, while they shut out all the enemy's view of our movements on this side. Nevertheless all this ground is a continuous alternation of slopes and dips. It is not as if the high ground always commanded a view of the level plain. Everywhere there are hidden folds and creases, lesser ridge beyond lesser ridge. It is not necessarily easy to continue a rapid advance. Attack down the forward slopes of the high ground under the exposed fire of the lesser slopes beyond is often extremely difficult now. On the general front except north of Lens and south of St. Quentin there must intervene a laborious period in the advancing of our present positions. The enemy still has a strong short line running through Oppy, north-east of Arras and southwards some 3,000 yards. Behind that again is the stronger famous Drocoquer-Queant line, or what the Germans know as the Wotan line, which is a part of the even more notorious Hindenburg line running south-eastward to St. Quentin from a junction near Queant. These are undoubtedly formidable, but as above this the Queant end of the Hindenburg line is already ours, if it be the plan of the general staff to break it by a frontal attack, there is not the slightest doubt we shall succeed.

GERMAN OFFICER SANK ON KNEES BEGGED CAPTOR FOR MERCY

General Morale of the Kaiser's Army Typified by Two Significent Incidents.

A despatch from London says: The London Times correspondent with the French army telegraphs that conditions overhead and under foot are as bad as possible. In the course of his despatch, which merely amplifies the present detailed French communiques, he says: "The bombardment that has continued incessantly for days along the front to an extent of 100 miles, added to the formidable length of the English front north of St. Quentin, is, perhaps, the most appalling thing the world has ever seen. . . . I heard today of a captured German officer who went down on his knees when taken to beg for mercy. I saw a French officer who, with two men, had taken 60 prisoners, walking about places where he was exposed, not only to shell fire, but to machine gun bullets, as coolly as if he had been in the Place de l'Opera. The difference between the two men exactly typifies the difference between the general morale of the bombarding force that is attacking and the bombarding force that is being attacked. Not in one place or two, but all along the line the French have shown this morale superiority."

TO GET AFTER SLACKERS FROM U. S. AND BRITAIN

Negotiations Reported to Be in Progress Between the Two Governments.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—It is understood in Government circles here that negotiations are in progress between the British and United States Governments with regard to the recruiting, possibly under some form of compulsion, of the British subjects who have gone to the United States since the war began, and who thereby sought to escape war service. While no definite agreement has yet been reached between Washington and London, it is expected here, according to a semi-official statement given out on Wednesday, that some arrangement will be reached whereby the slackers who fled either from Canada or Great Britain will be made subject to virtual conscription by British agents. They will probably have a choice of enlisting with the Canadian or British armies, or of going into some other form of direct war service. The Canadian and British authorities have kept a fairly accurate list of the names and addresses of the men who have emigrated since the war began.

HORSES PURCHASED FOR CANADIAN ARMY.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In all, 26,015 horses have been purchased in Canada for the Canadian army since the war began, according to a return tabled in the Commons on Friday. The total cost of the animals was $4,398,850. The return stated that the Canadian Government had no information as to the number of horses bought in Canada for Great Britain and the allied nations.

FRENCH OCCUPY NEW VILLAGES

German Attack With Large Effectives Completely Repulsed.

A despatch from Paris says: Clearer and slightly colder weather, after the almost ceaseless rains since the great French attack began, on Friday augured the resumption of the mammoth operations by which Hindenburg's most vulnerable, and therefore most strongly fortified, front-line sector is being squeezed toward the bursting point.

Solidly planted in the enemy's former strong points, General Nivelle's poilus continue dashing aside repeated massed counter-attacks, all the time gaining time for bringing up bigger guns and huge shell supplies, preparatory to a renewal of the assault by a further bound forward. The total number of prisoners taken by the French since Monday is now 19,000, with more than 100 guns.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYS 232 FOOD INSPECTORS.

A despatch from Ottawa says: There are now 197 food inspectors employed by the Department of Agriculture, and 35 employed by the Department of Inland Revenue, according to an answer given Mr. Sinclair, of Guysboro, during the question hour in the Commons on Friday. There was a net increase during the past year of 19 in the number employed by the former department and seven in the number employed by the latter.

EVERY DOCTOR IN BRITAIN CALLED UP FOR SERVICE

Hospitals to be Established Overseas as Result of the Sinking of Hospital Ships.

A despatch from London says: The War Cabinet decided on Friday that every physician and surgeon and every man with medical training of military age must be called up for service immediately.

In reference to the calling up of the physicians and surgeons the following official explanation is given:

"The enemy in total disregard of the accepted tenets of civilized warfare, has deliberately instituted a submarine campaign against hospital ships, and it has therefore become essential that a large number of hospitals should be established overseas in the various theatres of war for the treatment of sick and wounded. In order to allow this to be done with great rapidity it is essential to secure the services of every doctor that can possibly be spared from the United Kingdom."



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YOUR neighbour, famous for her baking—maybe she uses Five Roses.

Between Cousins;

OR, A DECLARATION OF WAR.

CHAPTER III.—(Cont'd.)

For that afternoon on the Necropolis had not remained solitary of its kind, and during his last weeks in Glasgow the meetings, both in tramcars and in the street, had multiplied extraordinary. So had the mutual confidences. More and more deeply had John unfolded to the eagerly listening girl his plans and his hopes; thrilled by the belief that his zeal was shared. Even the visit to Grant Street had been paid; for Mrs. Watson, her first indignation cooled, had reflected that to get Ella off her hands would not be half a bad job, seeing that it might enable her to take a lodger who would pay, not only for board, but also for lodging, and since a poor relation has a terrible way of turning into a stone around one's neck.

Dating from that visit to Grant Street the acquaintance entered unmistakably on another stage. With an alarm that was yet not wholly unpleasant, John began to realise that he was regarded as having "intentions." It was certain, at any rate, that she had. Even John was vaguely conscious of them; and could not find in himself either the energy or even the desire to resist. Occasionally even the practical side of the question would put in its argument. Had not Tim M'Laren long ago recommended a wife for the sewinf on of buttons and similar proceedings? And might not a wife, whose care would keep the sordid things of life from him, prove a help, rather than a hindrance? Yes, a helpmate must be good— else why should so many pastors be husbands? Thus John argued, struggling with some obscure doubt, and overlooking the only decisive argument in the case, which was that he was young and but a man, and that she was likewise young and also very tolerably fair. He would be doing nothing wrong, he was sure of that, even when beginning to be aware of the personal element in the prospect. It could not be called a defection, at the most a compromise, since legitimate love was not forbidden to the spiritual laborer. And yet—and yet, it had not been in the plan before; and, do what he would, he could not get it quite to fit in.

* * * * * *

Another thing which, on this his last return to the quarry, helped to disturb John's mind was a certain heap of stones which he found piled up by the side of a narrow by-road winding into one of the valleys. Was that for the new school-house? he inquired. No, he was told; it was for the Roman Catholic chapel, for which the sum had been raised by subscription.

John's surprise verged on indignation. Was it worth while building a chapel for the hundred and odd Roman Catholics extant within a round of three miles? And how about John Knox? The existence even of that hundred seemed to show that his measures had, after all, not been searching enough. There was a certain cottage in the village whose thatch was weighted by bricks dangling from wires, and which was pointed out as the place where, during the persecutions, Mass had been secretly celebrated. John, despite all his mildness, could not help thinking that, for the purpose, it might have continued to suffice. A chapel meant a priest, or course, and it was impossible to relish the idea of meeting, even only on the road, a Papist worker—on this ground which he had so long looked at as exclusively his own future field.

But after all, this was a free country.

CHAPTER IV.

"How perfectly lovely! Oh, how truly picturesque!"

It was Ella who said it to John—no longer Miss Mitchell to Mr. M'Donnell. And the occasion on which she said it was one which comes to a good many lives, though not to all, and which Society has agreed fantastically to dub a honeymoon.

For Fate had been too strong; either that or else Ella's pale blue eyes. Seeing her again at the outset of his last college term, he had known how it would end, and had not even been sorry to know. Was there not something clearly providential in his meeting with this so sympathetic soul? And how should he doubt her lively interest in his work when she did not doubt it herself? Towards one of the eternally giggling girls of the period, John could never have felt drawn; but Ella herself was so convinced of being "serious," that she easily convinced him. That during one of their Sunday walks he should take her hand and say to her: "Will you work with me, Ella; will you help me?" was therefore just as unavoidable as that a stone dropped into the water should sink to the bottom; and as unavoidable too was the affirmative answer. After that John's doubts vanished, and were believed by himself to be dead; which, under the circumstances, was another unavoidable thing.

As now, upon the steamer's deck, he stood by the side of his new-made wife, doing the honors, so to say, of his native shores, there was, nevertheless, a faint scruple in his mind; for was not the consciousness of being a husband in danger of overshadowing the consciousness of those orders so lately received? Often had he figured to himself this taking possession of his kingdom, but not one of his dreams had showed him the face of a queen by his side.

So much the more reason for gratitude to Providence, he decided, as he gave a furtive pressure to the little hand within his arm, a thing he could do with impunity, fellow-passengers being scarce at this ante-tourist season. About a dozen human beings were thinly sown upon the deck, of which a goodly portion was occupied by a small menagerie, consisting of a shaggy pony, half-a-score of sheep, and a frantically excited collie-dog, barely beyond puppyhood, whose youthful shoulders were obviously not up to the burden of responsibility laid upon them.

Such adjectives as "picturesque," "romantic," "exquisite," had a good deal of hard work that day at young Mrs. M'Donnell's hands. Some people are struck dumb by a certain sort of scenery, but not she. The sweeps of hill on each side of the advancing steamer, the fantastic boldness of the peaks running against the sky into never-ending patterns, the huge surfaces upon which the thin mountain-grass strove in vain to clothe the nakedness of those grim and stony flanks, scarred so deeply by the beds of furious torrents—all that awful impression of solitude and solemnity upon those bare heights and in those deep, abrupt, unclothed valleys—none of these things had power to tie her tongue. Here and there, a forlorn-looking cottage pressed as near as possible to the water's edge, as though to get away from the miles of solitude behind it, and into contact with the element which bound it to the rest of the world. More rarely, a glimpse was caught of a house of greater pretensions, shrouded in artificial plantations, it, too, having violently and protestingly fenced itself off from the wilderness.

"Do you think there will be anybody expecting us?" asked Ella rather fluttered, as towards the middle of the afternoon the boat headed for the Bonnet Ferry pier, which was the station for Ardlock.

John smiled in a rather shy manner.

"I am sure there will not. I took good care not to give them warning. It was only this morning I wired to the 'Stuart Arms' for a machine. I knew you would not like to be troubled with a lot of strange faces just at first."

"Oh," said Ella, looking down rather blankly at her pearl-grey travelling-gown, whose tint had been so carefully selected with a view to a possible "reception."

She had seen herself so distinctly being handed by John into a vehicle—perhaps even decorated—smiling and bowing from under the shadow of her rose-trimmed hat, in answer to the respectful saluations of the populace, turned out to do honor to the new minister and his wife. It was strange that John should miss so good an opportunity of making a favorable impression upon his flock. He certainly was strange in some things. But then, he was likewise good-looking, and, so far, very attentive; a consciousness which helped the new-made bride to take her disappointment with a wonderfully good grace. Some things, quite unpalatable in everyday life, are swallowed down almost easily when served with a certain sauce a la lune de miel.

There were a hundred pictures to look at upon the loch and across it, but Ella had apparently been a little overgorged with scenery for one day. The feature of the drive which appealed to her most was a stately-looking mansion in a wooded park, whose gates they passed.

(To be continued.)



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Made in Two Styles



Maple-Sugar in the Daily Meals.

If you can buy maple-syrup at a reasonable price, do so, and bottle it yourself. To make a success of this the syrup must be bottled while hot, in air-tight bottles—preferably in pint size, for it very soon loses its flavor when left open. Following are some particularly good recipes for the use of maple-sugar and syrup:

Lunch Cakes.—One cupful maple-sugar, one-fourth cupful butter, three-fourths cupful sweet milk, one egg, two cupfuls flour, one teaspoonful baking-powder, nuts. Cream butter and sugar, add beaten egg, milk and flour sifted with baking-powder. Bake in well-buttered muffin-tins, in a quick oven. If nuts are used, add lastly.

Maple Frosting.—One cupful maple-syrup, one-half cupful of white sugar, white of one egg. Boil syrup and sugar until mixture will grain; stir until nearly cold, then pour on stiffly beaten white of egg.

Maple Filling.—Two and one-fourth cupfuls maple-sugar, one-fourth cupful butter, one-half cupful sweet milk, one teaspoonful vanilla. Cook all ingredients together, as for frosting. Beat as it cools, and flavor. Have cake cold when filling is put on.

Cream Maple-Sugar Frosting.—Two cupfuls soft maple-sugar, one cupful cream. Break sugar into small pieces, put in saucepan with cream, and stir occasionally until sugar is dissolved. Boil without stirring until a soft ball can be formed with the fingers when mixture is tried in cold water. Beat until of the right consistency to spread.

Moonshine Cake.—One and one-fourth cupfuls maple-sugar, one-half cupful butter, one-half cupful sweet milk, six tablespoonfuls cornstarch, one and one-half cupfuls flour, one and one-fourth teaspoonfuls vanilla. Whites of four eggs. Cream butter and sugar; sift cornstarch and flour several times, and add alternately with milk to first mixture; add vanilla, and fold in whites of eggs, beaten dry. Bake in quick oven in large tins.

Snow Pudding.

Two cups water, one-half cup sugar, five tablespoonfuls cornstarch, one-quarter teaspoonful salt. Mix the ingredients in order given, then put on fire and bring to a boil. Cook for three minutes. Remove from the fire and add the stiffly beaten whites of egg and one teaspoonful of vanilla. Pour into cups to mold. Serve with custard sauce. Rinse the cups with cold water before pouring in the custard.

Custard Sauce.

One cupful milk, one-half cup water, four tablespoonfuls sugar, two tablespoonfuls cornstarch. Mix in order given, place in saucepan on stove and bring to a boil. Cook for three minutes. Take from fire and add, yolk of one egg, one teaspoonful vanilla. Cool and pour over the pudding.

Skim-Milk Versus Beef.

Skim-milk is a very economical food material in the opinian of experts, and might well be more largely used as human food—this in spite of the fact that it is nine-tenths water.

Whole milk is an indispensable food for the young, and even in the diet of the adult it is comparatively economical. The only nourishing material taken from it in skimming is the butter fat. There is left, therefore, in the skim-milk, not only all of the sugar, which amounts to about four and a half parts in every hundred, and all of the mineral substances, but also all of the protein. The last-named substance is important because, besides serving as fuel for the body, as fats, sugars and starches do, it also supplies tissue-building material. The proportion of protein in skim-milk, as well as of the mineral constituents, which are also valuable for body-building, is even greater than in whole milk.

Skim-milk is to be classed, as whole milk is, with such food materials as eggs, meat, fish, poultry, and cheese (though it is much more delicate than those foods) rather than with such substances as sugar, which serve only as fuel. Two and a half quarts of skim-milk contain almost as much protein and yield about the same amount of energy as a pound of round of beef. When skim-milk sells for four cents a quart, or about two cents a pound, and round of beef for twenty cents a pound, a dime, or any other sum of money spent for skim-milk will provide nearly twice as much nourishment as it will if spent for round steak.

A Meat Loaf Recipe.

Soak two cups of bread crumbs in one cup of boiling water.

Rub the soft bread crumbs and 2 cups of cooked oatmeal through a fine sieve. One and one-half cupfuls of cold boiled meat, run through a food chopper three times. Now rub the meat through a sieve, add the oatmeal and bread crumbs and one and one-half teaspoonfuls salt, one teaspoonful onion sauce, 1 teaspoonful poultry seasoning, one cupful thick cream sauce.

Mix well and pack in a well-greased mold and bake for forty minutes in a moderate oven. Set the mold in a pan of hot water. Serve either hot or cold. If serving hot, a brown or tomato sauce should be used.

To Clean A Blouse.

A very simple way of cleaning white blouses, which has been found efficacious, is to line a box with clean white paper, cover the bottom with Fuller's earth, spread the blouse carefully over this and put another layer of the earth over it. Spread another sheet of white paper over this and put the cover on the box. Let it remain untouched for five or six days; then shake out the blouse, which will be quite clean.

Mending Hints.

To mend a glove that is split at the thumb or near a seam buttonhole the kid either side of the split and then sew the buttonhole edges together. The result will be a new firm seam that will never tear again. When buttonholing take a good hold of the kid, otherwise the stitches will pull out from the kid. All stockings, irrespective of the material, should be darned with darning silk. Not only does it make a neater darn, but it wears better and does not hurt the foot.

Home-Made Hanger.

A handy clothes hanger for children can be made of a broom handle. Make a cross of two pieces of wood fourteen inches long, three inches wide and one or one-half inch thick for a standard. Fasten together, bore a hole in the center and insert the handle. Screw half a dozen hooks in the handle, paint or enamel any desired shade and the hanger is finished. Small children will enjoy hanging their dresses on this hanger, thus teaching them to be neat and tidy.

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DE WET'S ESCAPE.

Incident in South African War Which is Characteristic of a Boer Leader.

Of the three great figures that emerged on the Boer side in the war of defence that developed after Ladysmith—Botha, De Wet and Delarey—De Wet was much the most impressive. His face was a study in resistance, says Mr. Harold Spender in Gen. Botha, the Career and the Man. His body seemed all muscle. Looking on him, one could understand the fear that he inspired in his own men. But it was his schemes of escape, almost miraculous in their cunning, that perplexed an empire and puzzled a planet.

On one or two occasions I have seen his face light up when he referred to one of his own achievements in evasion, and of those achievements one still stands out in my memory.

One evening, after a long day's march,—so he told us,—all his wanderings seemed to have come to an end. The lights of the British bivouac fires twinkled from every point of the horizon. De Wet, as was his wont, went apart from his men and sat alone in dumb despair. Then there came to him softly one of those wonderful scouts who served him so well. The scout had discovered a slight gap in the British lines between two regiments that were not quite keeping touch.

In a moment De Wet was on his feet. Within an hour every horse's foot was muffled with cloth or wool and every wagon wheel was swathed. The Boer camp fires were lighted and were left burning brightly. Then the whole Boer force crept out through the darkness of the night in utter silence, penetrated the gap in the British lines and started on a new course of fugitive warfare.

A Logical Inference.

Mistress—See here, this chair is covered with dust.

Maid—Yassum. I guess there ain't nobody been sittin' in it lately.

THREE VITAL QUESTIONS

Are you full of energy, vital force, and general good health? Do you know that good digestion is the foundation of good health; Pains and oppression in stomach and chest after eating, with constipation, headache dizziness, are sure signs of Indigestion. Mother Seigel's Syrup, the great herbal remedy and tonic, will cure you.

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Doctor Tells How To Strengthen Eyesight 50 per cent In One Week's Time In Many Instances

A Free Prescription You Can Have Filled and Use at Home.

London.—Do you wear glasses? Are you a victim of eye strain or other eye weaknesses? If so, you will be glad to know that according to Dr. Lewis there is real hope for you. Many whose eyes were failing say they have had their eyes restored through the principle of this wonderful free prescription. One man says, after trying it: "I was almost blind; could not see to read at all. Now I can read everything without any glasses and my eyes do not water any more. At night they would pain dreadfully; now they feel fine all the time. It was like a miracle to me." A lady who used it says: "The atmosphere seemed hazy with or without glasses, but after using this prescription for fifteen days everything seems clear. I can even read fine print without glasses." It is believed that thousands who wear glasses can now discard them in a reasonable time and multitudes more will be able to strengthen their eyes so as to be spared the trouble and expense of ever getting glasses. Eye troubles of many descriptions may be wonderfully benefited by following the simple rules. Here is the prescription: Go to any active drug store and get a bottle of Bon-Opto tablets. Drop one Bon-Opto tablet in a fourth of a glass of water and allow to dissolve. With this liquid bathe the eyes two to four times daily. You should notice your eyes clear up perceptibly right from the start and inflammation will quickly disappear. If your eyes are bothering you, even a little, take steps to save them now before it is too late. Many hopelessly blind might have been saved if they had cared for their eyes in time.

Note: Another prominent Physician to whom the above article was submitted, said: "Bon-Opto is a very remarkable remedy. Its constituent ingredients are well known to eminent eye specialists and widely prescribed by them. The manufacturers guarantee it to strengthen eyesight 50 per cent in one week's time in many instances or refund the money. It can be obtained from any good druggist and is one of the very few preparations I feel should be kept on hand for regular use in almost every family." The Valmar Drug Co., Store 4, Toronto, will fill your orders if your druggist cannot.

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FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1917

The Leader

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ISSUED EVERY FRIDAY FROM ITS OFFICE ON MAIN STREET, MORRISBURG, BY

The Leader Publishing Co. Limited

LEO LAURIN, MANAGER

TIME-TABLE

GOING WEST

No. 7 ..... 12.48 P. M.
No. 25 ..... 4 35 P. M.
No. 19 ..... 10 13 P.M.

GOING EAST

No. 18 ..... 4.23 A. M.
No. 26 ..... 6.55 A. M.
No. 6 ..... 4.54 P. M.

BRINSTON

Mrs. Jas. Murray is erecting a new flour and feed building on his new lot, next the Post Office.

Mrs. Feader is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Wm. Barkley of Hainesville.

A number from here motored to South Mountain last Thursday night to attend the play given there by Brinston talent in aid of the Red Cross Society.

Ptes. W. J. Murray and Bazil Wylie of the 253rd Battallion, Cornwall, and Ernest Hamilton of Kingston, made their farewell visit to their homes here last week before leaving for Halifax. We wish the boys a safe return to their homes wher they have done their bit and we hope more of our young men around town will join and do their bit.

Miss Lillie Wallace of Iroquois spent last week with Miss May Gibson.

Mr. Lyman Murray of Kingston is home for his summer holidays.

Mrs. Earl Merkley and baby of Iroquois spent a few days last week with her qrother, Ernest Hamilton who is leaving for Overseas.

Mr. Jno. Adams of Vernon has been engaged as cheese-maker here this year, and will move his family to town soon.

EAST WILLIAMSBURG

Born—On Thursday, April nineteenth, to Pte. and Mrs. Harry K. Wells, a daughter. (Emma E

Mrs. Lorn Holland of Bush Glen spent a few days last week with her mother, Mrs. E. Summers.

Mrs. Meredith Garlough spent last Sunday at her home here.

Miss Ina Salmon has qeen spending some time at Pigeon Island.

Mrs. C. Wells spent one day last week with her daughter at Maple Isle.

Master James Gow spent last Saturday selling post cards in our Burg.

S. S. 21 WILLIAMSBURG

Sr. IV.—Emerald Merkley, Kathleen Whitteker.

Jr. IV.—Tyal Gillard, Walter Marcellus.

III.—Luvia McMillan, Gladys Merkley.

Sr. II.—Alice Gillard, Greta O'Shaughnessy, Maud Marcellus, Pearl McMillan, Frank McMillan.

Jr. II.—Jack H ll.

I.—Ralph McMillan.

Sr. Pr.—Eileen O'Shaughnessy, Florence Marcellus.

Jr. Pr.—Rose Hill, Densil Becksted, Lloyd Barkley, Dwight Weegar.

EVA R CURRIE, Teacher.

Escapes After Fight With Hold-up Men

(New Jersey Daily)

"After a struggle with two men, who attempted to steal his automobile on Whippany Road last night, Frank Reddick, an employee of the Morris and Somerset Electric Company, succeeded in escaping from both with the machine.

"Mr. Reddick was doing some electricgl repair work at about dusk, when he was suddenly attacked by the two men, one of whom jumped on his back, while the third entered the machine.

"Quick as a flash, Mr. Reddick threw the first assailant over his head, and striking the other on the head with his flashlight as he was about to make away with the machine. Then himself entering the car he returned here.

"Mr. Reddick says that while his assailants were unknown to him, he believes that he would recognize at least one of them should he see them again.

Received by Mrs D. Wood

Mrs. D. Wood, who has contributed one of her sons to the great struggle, this week received the following note of condolence:

"The King commands me to assure you of the true sympathy of His Majesty and The Queen in your sorrow.

"DERBY,
"Secretary of State for War."

FOR SALE

From three to four hundred bushels of seed oats (English Abundant)
Apply to
JAMES ZERON,
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Ford
The Universal Car
$495

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

There are all kinds of weather but only one kind of
PURITY FLOUR
Always the same
More Bread and Better Bread



3



Make Home More Cheerful

Walls that are dark and dreary are made light and cheery with Lowe Brothers

Mellotone

The colors rival the rainbow tints in softness and beauty, and do not fade. They soften the light and make rooms ideal for reading and sewing.

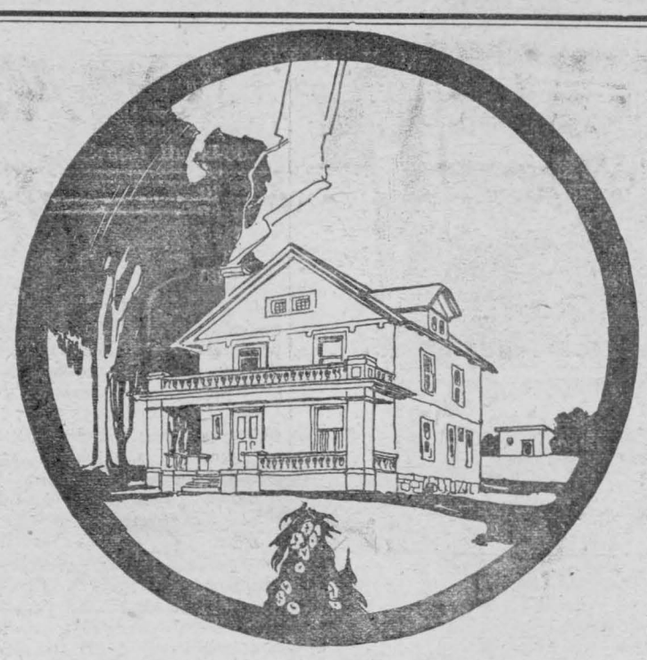
Mellotoned walls can be washed with soap and water when soiled. Each washing makes the finish look bright and fresh. This sanitary quality appeals to careful housekeepers.

Before you do your decorating come in and let us show you the Mellotone tints.

R. H. BRADFIELD & CO.,
MORRISBURG, ONT.



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When You Paint Your Home

BE sure to buy a paint that measures up to highest standard in Appearance, Durability and Covering Capacity. If it lacks these qualities, you'll be disappointed in the job and soon will have to do it over again.

Run no risk. Be certain of the result before spending your money. Use

B-H "ENGLISH" PAINT

It contains 70% Brandram Genuine BB White Lead and 30% Pure White Zinc, mixed in pure Linseed Oil and ground to exceeding fineness in our modern plants. Science and extended tests have proved that this combination produces a paint of great Covering Capacity and Durability,—one that will protect your home against the destructive weather of Canada's changeable climate.

Our authorized agent will gladly give you color cards and prices. Or you may write our Service Department direct, for advice on your painting problems.

HUNTER & CASSELMAN
MORRISBURG ONT.

BRANDRAM-HENDERSON



☞ *To City, Town and Village Dwellers in Ontario.*

Keep hens this year

EGG and poultry prices, the like of which have seldom or never been experienced, certainly make it worth anyone's while to start keeping hens. By doing so you have fresh eggs at the most trifling cost. At the same time you have the splendid satisfaction of knowing that you are doing something towards helping Britain, Canada and the Allies achieve victory this year.

Increased production of food helps not only to lower the high cost of living, but it helps to increase the urgently needed surplus of Canada's food for export. It saves money otherwise spent for eggs and poultry at high prices, and saves the labor of others whose effort is needed for more vital war work.

The Ontario Department of Agriculture will give every possible assistance by affording information about poultry keeping. Write for free bulletin which tells how to keep hens (address below).

"A vegetable garden for every home"

Nothing should be overlooked in this vital year of the war. The Department earnestly invites everyone to help increase production by growing vegetables. Even the smallest plot of ground, when properly cultivated, produces a surprising amount of vegetables. Experience is not essential.

On request the Department of Agriculture will send valuable literature, free of charge, giving complete directions for preparing soil, planting, cultivation, etc. A plan of a vegetable garden, indicating suitable crop to grow, best varieties and their arrangement in the garden, will be sent free to any address.

Address letters to "Vegetable Campaign," Department of Agriculture, Parliament Buildings, Toronto

Ontario Department of Agriculture
W. H. Hearst, Minister of Agriculture
Parliament Buildings Toronto 11

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

I CAN PLACE 40
WILLIS GRADUATES
EACH MONTH

Employers ask me, each month, to supply them with an average of 40 young women, young men and boys.

During the past year I have filled 250 good positions; I have had calls for fully 250 more.

Our Shorthand training is universally recognized by the largest employers in Canada as THE STANDARD.

They Are The Ones Who Count

IF YOU have the equivalent of a Public Shool education, and are fifteen years of age or older, we can train YOU to fill one of these good places and to secure one of the good salaries that are being paid.

Full particulars upon request. Do not delay.

N. I. Harrison, Principal
WILLIS COLLEGE,
Ottawa.

CORNWALL
GENERAL HOSPITAL

This institution provides skilled nursing and care at very moderate rates to those able to pay, and without charge to indigent persons from the three United Counties, other than the Municipal Grants.

It is kept up by:

1. Fees from paying patients.
2. Grants from the Government and Municipalities.
3. Donations and Subscriptions from Churches, Corporations, Societies and Individuals, the last being the largest source of revenue.

You are Asked to Assist in this work

The nucleus of an endowment fund has been established by a legacy recently received, and parties remembering the Hospital in their wills may stipulate that bequests made by them shall go to this fund.

If you would like a copy of the last Annual Report, drop a card to the Secretary, who will be pleased to send you one.

J. T. KIRKPATRICK, President. J. C. ALGUIRE, Sec.-Treas.

Cornwall Commercial College — the school you will attend if you investigate

FALL OPENING
September 1st, 1916.

An excellent time to enter The CORNWALL COMMERCIAL COLLEGE for a thorough preparation in business, shorthand, amanuensis course, Civil service, etc.

60 New Typewriters, expetrt eachers, finest equipment throughout, free employment department, are only a few of the advantages which the Cornwall College offers.

Write for a free copy of our catalogue
Address:—
GEORGE F. SMITH, Principal,
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BARRISTER, Solicitor, Notary, Conveyancer, &c. Solicitor for The Bank of Ottawa and for the Municipality of Morrisburg.
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☞ Money to loan at lowest rates of interest

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Graduate of Chicago Dental College and o Royal College Dental Surgeons, Toronto.
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A large amount of private money to loan at present on easy terms.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

SCHOOL BOOKS
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STATIONERY

WE SPECIALIZE IN PUBLIC SCHOOL AND COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE SUPPLIES

A Full Line; from the Smallest Child's to the Teacher's wants.

D. T. Henderson,
DRUGGIST.

OUR CORRESPONDENTS

1917 APRIL 1917

SUN.	MON.	TUE.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

WILLIAMSBURG

House-cleaning is the order of the day.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Cochrane and Mrs. Alice Strader visited friends in Winchester on Wednesday of last week.

Mrs. Jas. Riddell of Mariatown spent last week with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Casselman.

Violet Trickey has returned home much improved in health after a month's stay with friends in Ottawa.

Mrs. J. A. McIntosh of Winchester Springs was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Geo. Barkley last week.

Mrs. Alice Strader spent the week-end with friends in Morrisburg.

Mrs. Mary Shannette, Misses Ethel Whittaker and Alice Eastwood spent Sunday with Winchester Springs friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Ora McIntosh were guests of the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. Allson, Dunbar, last Sunday.

Mr. A. C. Fetterley of Cornwall, passed through our village on Tuesday of this week.

Miss Martha Cochrane spent Sunday last the guest of Miss Opal Hess.

Pte. Laushway and Mrs. Laushway, Miss Alice McIntosh, Mr. Paul Maurer and Mr. B. H. Cochrane, motored to South Mountain on Tuesday last.

Miss Flossie L. McIntosh spent Sunday last with Alex. Alguire.

Mr. Horatio Loucks of Morewood, son of Mr. Guy Loucks of this place, received his B.A. Degree in his recent examination.

Rev. H. W. Koukel, Evangelist, who has been holding special meetings at Winchester Springs Presbyterian Church last week conduct services in the Presbyterian Church here last Sunday morning. The meetings are continuing all this week and Sunday andMonday evenings of next week omitting Saturday night at Winchester Springs.

The Williamsburg Red Cross Society shipped to headquarters (Toronto) on Wednesday, April 18th. the following:

120 pairs of socks.
21 day shirts.
2 surgical shirts.
2 pairs pillow cases.
2 quilts, magazines.

A number of the school girls of our village are practising for a play, entitled "A Young Girl's Secret" in three acts to be produced in the I.O.O.F. Hall on Friday evening, May 4th. Special items of interest will be given between the acts by local talent. Proceeds in aid of the Red Cross. Don't forget the date.

FROATBURN

Mr. H. Froats of Williamsburg and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Casselman of East Williamsburg spent Wednesday at Roland Froat's.

Mr. Milfred Swerdfeger entertained a few of his friends on Thursday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Luther Froats spent Saturday in Morrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Deeks of Mariatown spent Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Froats.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Lane of Aultsville spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Froats.

Mr. and Mrs. Roland Froats visited at Harve Froats at Williamsburg on Sunday.

Messrs. Arthur and Walter Whitteker and Mr. Lorne Cunningham of Williamsburg called at Mr. William Beckstead's on Tuesday evening.

MARIATOWN

Thomas Clealand spent the latter part of last week with friends n Alexandria.

We are sorry to learn that Miss Joyce LaBelle is suffering with Pneumonia. We all wish her a speedy recovery.

Mrs. Geo. Smythe is still at the Cornwall Hospital and we learn she is doing nicely and expects to be home next week.

Mr. M. J. Casselman of Morrisburg was calling on a few of his old friends in our town Sunday.

Mr and Mrs Lee Deeks visited friends at Strader's Hill this week.

H. D. Swerdfeger drove to Morewood for Potatoes Wednesday returning Thursday and reports them very scarce.

Mr. F. O'Shaughnessy was in our town Thursday of this week.

Everybody along our line seems quite pleased with our new mail driver, so it is to be hoped he will not be leaving us for some time to come.

Mr Thomas Clealand is sporting a car these days

The ladies on Main Street of our town wishes J. Dain to drive on the North side of the street or kindly put a few stones in his pockets to help hold the contents of his load on.

Corporal Ronald Anderson who has been spending some few days with his aunt Mrs Van Allan left on Monday for Toronto. Mr Anderson occupied some of his time while here at beautifying Mrs Van Allan's house with a coat of paint.

GALLINGERTOWN

Mr. and Mrs. David Warner and family, of Osnabruck Centre were guests at Wm. Neills on Sunday last.

Mrs. H. Vincent is at present attending her daughter, Mrs. Clarence Dafoe on the third concession who is seriously ill.

Silas Cooke and daughter, Olive, of Osnabruck Centre were at D. Alguire's on Monday.

Edwin Vincent was in Aultsville on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Durant and son. Ernest, of Winchester, spent a couple of days last week at G. McNairn's.

Services in St. George's Anglican Church on the 29th will be at 10.30 a.m.. At the Methodist Church at 2.30 p.m.

ARCHER

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Millward of Hoasic spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Prunner.

Mr. Ralph Myers of Inkerman spent Sunday with his brother, Mr. W. S. Myers.

Mrs. Neil Bodette spent Tuesday in Morrisburg.

Mr. John Wells of East Williamsburg passed through here on Monday enroute for Hoasic.

Mrs. H. S. Weagant spent Saturday afternoon with friends at Aultsville.

Mr. Alex. Grason of the 204th. Battalion spent Friday and Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Weagant, it being his last visit before going Oversas.

Mrs. Isaiah Fetterley and daughters, Mrs. John Wells and Miss Augusta Fetterley of East Williamsburg, spent Tuesday with Mrs. Clarence Baker.

Rev. Mr. Postlethwaite of Aultsville and Mr. Fred Gallinger of Gallingertown spent Tuesday evening with Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Weagant.

Married—On Monday evening, April twenty-third, Miss Mae Williard, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Williams of this place was united in marriage to Mr. Earle McIntosh, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Melvin McIntosh of Nudell Bush.—Congratulations.

NUDELL BUSH

A very pleasant event took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Williams, Fairview Farm, Aultsville on the twenty-third of April, when their daughter, Ada May, was united in marriage to Mr. Earl McIntosh of this place. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Wells of Aultsville, in the presence of a large number of friends and neighbors. The bride looked charming, gowned in a dress of shadow lace, carrying a beautiful bouquet of white pink flowers. After the ceremony was performed, all gathered to the dining-room where a beautiful wedding supper awaited them. The remainder of the evening was enjoyably spent in games and other amusements. The bride and groom were the recipients of a large number of useful presents. We join in wishing Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh a prosperous wedded life.

Mr. Clarence passed through here on the 25th.

Mr. Geo. Wells was a business caller here on the23rd.

Mr. Randa Schwerdfeger was calling in our Burg on Tuesday.

Mr. Jas. Lount and sister, F. M. Lount, spent the twenty-first in town.

Mr. Isa Fetterly of Riverside passed through here on Monday.

Mr. William Beckstead is spending a few days in our Burn.

The road grader is at work today fixing up our roads.

HEALTHIEST ONE IN THE FAMILY

No Sign Of Dropsy And Kidney Trouble Since Taking "FRUIT-A-TIVES"



HATTIE WARREN

Port Robinson, Ont., July 8th, 1915.

"We have used "Fruit-a-tives" in our house for over three years and have always found them a good medicine. *Our little girl, Hattie, was troubled with Kidney Disease.* The Doctor said she was threatened with Dropsy. Her limbs and body were all swollen and we began to think she could not live. Finally, we decided to try "Fruit-a-tives". *She began to show improvement after we had given her a few tablets.* In a short time, the swelling had all gone down and her flesh began to look more natural. Now she is the *healthiest one in the family* and has no signs of the old ailment. We can not say too much for "Fruit-a-tives" and would never be without them".

WILLIAM WARREN.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

A few of the farmers are starting to work on their farms this week.

Nelson Prunner is putting up a new addition to Mr. Wm. Plantz's house this week.

Mr. Chas. Stilson of town visited friends here this week.

Mrs. Jas. Styles passed through here enroute to Riverside on the twenty-first.

AULTSVILLE

Mrs. Albert Whitlow is a patient in the Cornwall General Hospital.

Mrs. John Summers was in town last week.

Mr. Baker is moving up to East Williamsburg today.

Mrs. Van Duzen of Brockville is the guest of Miss Ella VanAllen this week.

Mr. Postlethwaite of Ottawa, visited his son, Rev. G. Postlethwaite at the Rectory this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Gove, Miss Smith, Mrs. Rupert and Mrs. Morgan motored to Morrisburg on Tuesday.

Mrs. Chas. Hanes was in Morrisburg on Tuesday.

Mrs. T. Hunter spent Monday and Tuesday in Ottawa and Iroquois.

Mrs. McIntosh and children of Cornwall are spending a few days here with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Cooper.

Dr. Miles Brown of Chesterville spent the week-end here with Dr. Ed. Brown and family.

Mrs. Bigelow left on Saturday to tour the county in the interest of the W.C.T.U.

Miss Leland of Wales visited friends here over the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. Balkwell and daughter, Marion, Montreal, visited friends here last week.

Mr. Chas. Hanes met with quite a serious accident on Friday while cranking his car the handle flew back and fractured his right wrist. Dr. Brown was in attendance, and we regret to say Mr. Hanes will be laid up for several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gogo returned to Massena on Sunday after spending a few days here with Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Baker.

Mrs. Walton Baker and daughter Bessie of East Williamsburg spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. Arthur Loucks of Montreal spent the week-end here with his parents.

Mr. I. J. Cramer is making some improvements on his residence at the foot of Nelson street.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Ault spent a couple of days in Montreal last week.

Mr. Reginald Ault of Montreal was in town on Monday.

Mrs. S. Walker is spending a few days in Toronto.

Pt. John Cross and Master G. Robertson visited Mr. and Mrs. Thorold Cross of Croils Island last week.

Mrs. W. Wells, son, Donald, and daughter, Bonnie, spent Sunday with friends at Williamsburg.

* * *

Death of Mrs. Sidney McConnel

The Angel of Death entered unexpectedly in the home of Mr. Sidney McConnell, Aultsville, and took from it a loving wife and mother. Mrs. McConnell, although previously troubled with her hearti was seemingly in good health and was hanging clothes on the line when the summons came. Ere loving hands could reach her she had already passed to the Great Beyond. Mrs. McConnell whose maiden name was Nettie Elliott, daughter of the late John Elliott, jr., of Aultsville, was in her thirty-fifth year. She was of a bright and cheerful disposition and always ready to lend a helping hand in time of trouble. She leaves to mourn her loss, besides a sorrowing husband, three children, Willie, aged fourteen, Ruth, aged ten and Ralph aged six, also one brother, Mr. Emmerson Elliott of Detroit, Mich.

The funeral took place on Thursday afternoon to St. Paul's Church and Cemetery, the services being conducted by the Rev. Mr. Postlethwaite. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Harold Anderson, R. Cook, Albert Hollister, Malcolm Hollister, Wm. S. Loucks, Ernest Shaver. Among the relatives present from a distance were Emmerson Elliott of Detroit; Mr. Munroe of Martintown; Mr. Joubert of Montreal, Miss Ethel Elliott of Montreal, Mr. and Mrs. Robb of Lunenburg. Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cramer, Chesterville. Among the floral tributes were a pillow from Union Sunday School, wreath from Messrs. J. W. Sheets, Dr. E. L. Brown, William Wells and Ed. Markell, cross, St. Paul's Guild; sprays, Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Gove, the Women's Institute, of which deceased was a member.

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

You Know This Box—



This box is familiar to thousands upon thousands not only throughout Canada but in the United States as well. There is Mr. Charles Collins, of Staten Island, N.Y., who says he found Gin Pills the best medicine he had ever taken for Kidney and Bladder troubles. His daughter heard of Gin Pills while travelling in Canada and sent him a box. He writes asking where they can be purchased in New York City as he believes in taking them, off and on, to keep him in good condition.

All druggists sell Gin Pills at 50c. a box, or 6 boxes for $2.50. Anyone can try Gin Pills without risking money. Free sample will be mailed on request to

National Drug & Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited
Toronto, Ont.
U. S. Address—Na-Dru-Co. Inc., 202 Main St., Buffalo, N.Y. 58

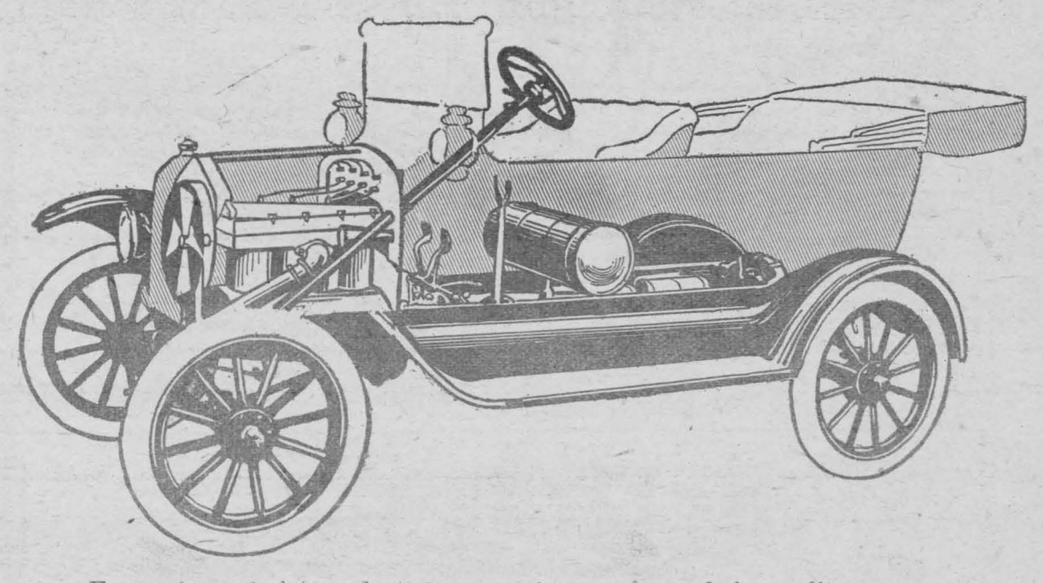


RENNIE'S-- Seeds that bring the Best Results

WE have selected what we know to be the finest seeds for this district. We have chosen them with infinite care so that our customers may be thoroughly satisfied. Every variety of seed that can be used in this locality is here— Come in and look over our stock. :: :: :: ::

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Morrisburg, - - Ontario

Quality in the Right Place



Expensive upholstery doesn't prove that a car excels in quality.

The Real Quality of the car is determined by its chassis—its power plant, transmission, axles, etc.

Both by laboratory tests and actual service tests, the different parts composing the Ford chassis, have proven themselves superior to those used in other cars. Ford Vanadium steel has never been surpassed in quality and strength.

WILFRID QUENNEVILLE,
Dealer, Morrisburg.

CROWN LIFE

The volume of applications for new insurance during 1916 was by far the Greatest in the History of the Company. That is the best evidence of public esteem.

Let us send you some fresh Insurance facts

CROWN LIFE INSURANCE CO., TORONTO

Agents wanted in unrepresented districts

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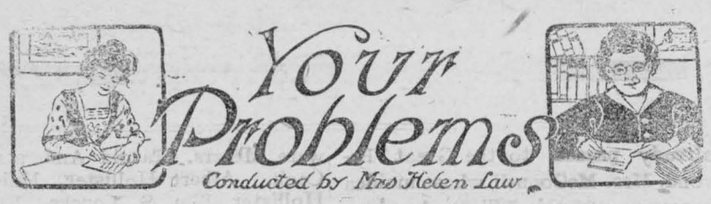
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A. RAMSAY & SON CO.
Makers of Fine Paints and Varnishes

¶ For wear and beauty of color they are unsurpassed. Ask your Ramsay Dealer —or write us.

MONTREAL TORONTO VANCOUVER



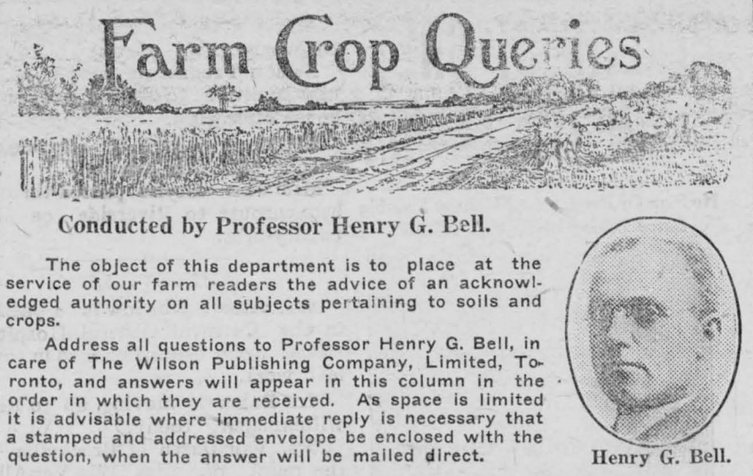
Mothers and daughters of all ages are cordially invited to write to this department. Initials only will be published with each question and its answer as a means of identification, but full name and address must be given in each letter. Write on one side of paper only. Answers will be mailed direct if stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed.

Address all correspondence for this department to Mrs. Helen Law, 235 Woodbine Ave., Toronto.

A. M. S.:—1. In the vacant spots in your flower border plant perennial phlox in white, pink and yellow. They like the sun. It is always wisest to buy large plants. 2. Spraying is the best way to water plants. This not only keeps them clean, but, as you know, plants absorb moisture through the pores of their leaves, and they are therefore much benefitted by spraying. 3. Dahlia roots should not be put into the ground until the weather is settled and the ground warm. They are very liable to rot in wet and cold ground. 4. Did you ever try cannas for the large bed in the centre of your lawn? Cannas being large plants need space to show up to the best advantage, and require very rich loamy soil and heat. The flowers are very showy, but are not suitable for cutting as they are so tender and easily bruised. If the bed is eight or ten feet in diameter, place a ricinus (castor oil plant) in the centre, surround with two circles of cannas, say, the inner circle King Humbert, outer Alphonse Bouvier; and geraniums for the base or outside circle. As the canna is a tender plant it cannot be transferred to the permanent bed before June 1st. It flowers during July, August and September. Be careful to cut out all dried blooms and seed pods. It encourages freer blooming.

K. McL.:—1. Here is a remedy for brittle nails which I hope you will find effective: Oil of pistache, ½ ounce; refined table salt, ½ dram; powdered resin, ½ dram; powdered alum, ½ dram; white wax, 1¼ drams; carmine, 1¼ drams. Rub well into the nails at bedtime, also after bathing the hands. 2. Lotion for red, oily nose: Sulphur precipitate, 1 dram; spirits of camphor, 1 dram; glycerine, 1 dram; rose water, 4 ounces. After bathing the nose in very hot water, mop the lotion on with absorbent cotton. 3. The amount of water required by the body daily is sufficient to balance the loss through the skin, kidneys, lungs and other exceretory organs. This has been shown to be about two and one-half quarts, the amount depending much upon the temperature of the air and the amount of work done. Part of this water is derived from the food. 4. A good ointment for dry skin is made of lanolin, two ounces; boroglyceride, one ounce; cold cream, six ounces. 5. Whether one should drink hot or cold water before breakfast depends upon whether the gastric juice is too acid or not sufficiently acid. If one's stomach does not make enough hydrochloric acid, she should drink a little cold water half an hour before meals, because this will stimulate the gastric glands. If one has too much acid she should take a glassful of hot water half an hour before eating.

H. M.:—If your little girl's school reports are not so good as you would like, the reason may lie in her physical condition. It is not at all likely that she is wilfully lazy and inattentive. The first step would be to have the family physician make an examination for eye defects, adenoid growths, dental diseases, and things of that kind. If she is free from these, it will be necessary to look elsewhere for the cause of her failure to do well at her studies. In the first place, is she properly nourished? Does she take just the right quantity of food at meals and of the kind suited to her age? She should not be permitted to nibble between meals or to have too much candy. Too much food causes poisoning of the brain, while too little or of unsuitable variety causes the brain to function freely owing to lack of nourishment. In the second place, are you allowing her to have too much "fun" out of school? If she remains up late at night, and does not get sufficient sleep in a well-ventilated room, she will be unfit for school work because of physical exhaustion. As to automobile rides, it is true that they furnish plenty of fresh air which is good, of course, but long and frequent rides keep the child in a state of nervous tension and excitement, which is the reverse of good. In short, the manner in which you are bringing up the child must be scrutinized to discover the cause of her backwardness at school.



Conducted by Professor Henry G. Bell.

The object of this department is to place at the service of our farm readers the advice of an acknowledged authority on all subjects pertaining to soils and crops.

Address all questions to Professor Henry G. Bell, in care of The Wilson Publishing Company, Limited, Toronto, and answers will appear in this column in the order in which they are received. As space is limited it is advisable where immediate reply is necessary that a stamped and addressed envelope be enclosed with the question, when the answer will be mailed direct.

Henry G. Bell.

Question—G. H.:—If I plow in a full crop of clover, would I have to do this in the summer to get the full benefit of it, or would it be as good if I let it grow on till the fall? Or, on the other hand, would it be as good if I took a crop and plowed in the aftermath? I have no stock except fowls and two horses, therefore little stable manure. However, I intend to use a lot of phosphate.

Answer:—At the present price of food and its universal scarcity in most sections, I would advise G. H. to feed the first crop of clover and plow in the aftermath. If he does not have enough stock to consume the clover it will pay him to make the hay and sell it, and to buy feed and plantfood in the form of fertilizers. Since he has little manure I would advise him to use a fertilizer containing 2 to 4% ammonia, 8 to 12% phosphoric acid, and if he intends to plant potatoes, truck or root crops, from 1 to 3% potash. This will supplement the plantfood in the soil and that turned under in his clover. It is very questionable, and especially at the present price of practically all farm feed and produce, if anyone can plow under a full crop of clover or any other cover crop, for that matter. Apply the fertilizer at the rate of 200 to 400 lbs. per acre.

Question—H. B.:—What distance apart should the rows of Indian corn be planted and what distance in the rows? How many kernels should be put in a hill? I wish to get as much ripened corn as possible.

Answer:—The farther south we go the farther apart the rows of corn and the greater the distance between the hills. For instance, in the Southern part of the United States the rows are frequently five feet apart and four feet between the hills. As we come North this is reduced to at least 36 inches and some men even plant closer.

The number of kernels to the hill and the distance apart depends very largely on the type of corn and the fertility of the soil; ordinarily the richer the soil the closer the corn can be planted.

H. B. says he wishes to get as much ripened corn as possible. If he does not care for the size of ears he can plant much closer than if it is large ears that he desires. The Nebraska Experiment Station, U. S. A., found that 3, 4 or 5 stalks to a hill gave practically the same yield but the weight of ears was less with four than with three and still less with five than with four. One plant to the hill gave but two-thirds as much corn as did three plants. Two plants gave 10 bushels less to the acre than did 3, 4 or 5. The corn was planted in hills three feet eight inches apart each way.

I would recommend that H. B. plant his corn 36 inches apart each way, unless the soil is extremely fertile when he might plant a little closer, and plant three to four kernels to the hill. If he wishes to drill it, the stalks should be ten to twelve inches apart in the row, unless the soil is exceptionally fertile, when this distance may be reduced to 8 to 10 inches.

English Grammar.

Grace's uncle met her on the street one spring day and asked her whether she was going out with a picnic party from her school.

"No," replied his eight-year-old niece, "I ain't going."

"My dear," said the uncle, "you must not say. 'I ain't going.'" And he proceeded to give her a little lesson in grammar: "'You are not going. He is not going. We are not going. You are not going. They are not going.' Now, can you say all that?"

"Sure I can," responded Grace quite heartily. "There ain't nobody going."

The term "Yankee" is supposed to have been derived from a corrupt pronunciation of the word "English" by the Indians.

According to Josephus the walnut tree was formerly common in Palestine and grew luxuriantly around the sea of Tiberius.

SWEET CHERRIES: SOILS AND VARIETIES

G. A. Robertson, St. Catharines.

Sweet cherries are yearly increasing in popular favor; and this popular favor will increase or diminish only as the product put on the market is good, thereby increasing the demand; or poor, thereby decreasing the consumption. Not many years ago the sweet and so-called sour varieties were marketed at practically the same price per basket; the sweets are much more difficult to produce and to market than the common or sour varieties; and an impetus was given to planting the sour cherry at the expense of the sweet; since then the sour cherries have decreased steadily in price and the sweet have increased until now a sweet cherry orchard in full bearing is a decided asset to any farm.

Location: Sweet cherries should be planted on a deep, dry, well drained soil. No other tree fruit will respond any better to good treatment, but planting on an unsuitable soil is disastrous, and a wet subsoil will prove fatal. Therefore, when choosing a location, a high, dry, sandy, or gravelly knoll is best, and a proper system of underdrainage will prove beneficial. Close proximity to a town where a requisite number of good pickers may be had, and frequent and rapid shipping facilities is desirable.

Sweet cherries bloom very early, varying in the last few years from say as early as the 23rd of April, and sometimes as late as the 10th of May. Most of our popular varieties bloom heavily and set freely; when in full bloom a few hours of hot sunshine assisted by the presencs of myriads of bees will set a fair crop. This may be followed by a week or ten days of cold wet weather, with perhaps a few degrees of frost, but if properly set the calyx of the blossom forms a little blanket to protect the tender fruit, and this drops only as the cherry swells or as the stem of the improperly fertilized fruit shrivels and drops; hence planting an orchard near a body of water which will modify the temperature, will often insure a crop when a few miles inland the few degrees difference in temperature may shorten it materially, if not destroying it entirely for the season.

Varieties: In choosing the varieties from a commercial standpoint, annual bearing is the most desirable, and coupled with this a fruit that is good size, color and flavor and also good in shipping quality. The tree should be a rapid grower, strong and hardy. The varieties that so far I have tried that conform to this standard named in the order of ripening are: Black Tartarian, Napoleon Bigarreau (white), Elkhorn and Windsor. I have also fruited Lambert which ripens after the Windsor, and is promising, being of good size and flavor, and I may also add Bing, both of these being grown in the west, the latter ripening about the same time as Elkhorn, and is an excellently flavored cheery.

The Dairy

That some source of sediment in milk does obtain even under the most rigid conditions possible in a cow stable is evident from an examination of any sediment disk through which the average milk has been passed, and there is no doubt that thorough straining will add to the cleanliness of the product even after all possible precautions have been taken. The presence of slime in the separator bowl after skimming is another sign that some dirt has found its way into the milk between the time of its secretion and its arrival in the machine, provided the receiving or supply can has been clean up to the time when separating started.

The separator no doubt removes a great deal of the foreign matter that occurs, but is incapable of throwing out much of the undesirable bacteria that accompanies the dirt which enters the milk at milking time, so the importance of cleanliness in caring for the cow and for the milking utensils is very great indeed.

The assurance that milk delivered at the dairy, where pasturization takes place, is free, or reasonably free, of sediment, should be worthy of consideration by the wholesale purchaser who, in his turn, should reap a benefit from the ultimate consumer to whom he can guarantee this milk as having been clean, and thus safe from the time it leaves the cow's udder until it arrives at the consumer's residence.

The farmer's part of the undertaking to supply pure, wholesome milk must start with the taking of precautions previous, even to the secretion, of the milk. He should satisfy himself fully that his cows are entirely healthly; and in order that the small amount of dust that will inevitably get into the milk pail may be as harmless as possible, he must provide for a plentiful supply of sunlight in his stables. Then if the cattle are always kept as clean (or a little cheaner) all the year round, as they would keep themselves on a good, well-drained pasture field, and the milkers obliged to wear well-washed clothes, and take a bath frequently, the chances of the milk being satisfactory are pretty good. Of course, aeration of the milk and thorough cooling must also be attended to.

Poultry

Sell off all hens in their third year, as soon as the rush of laying is over.

The last call for hatching is now on. Chicks hatched after the first week in May cannot be expected to prove good winter layers.

Brood chicks that are closely housed and fed too heavily are very likely to develop weight too fast in proportion to their strength.

It will cost the farmer no more money to raise pure-bred poultry than it will to grow scubs.

Turkeys do best when kept separate from chickens. If the two are kept together the turkeys are likely to take chicken diseases.

Dampness, lice and filth are deadly foes to poultry of any kind.

Since hens on range produce more eggs at a lower cost and fewer young hens die than do those kept in confinement, poultrymen are urged to provide outside yards with plenty of green feed for laying hens. Hens on range produce 15 to 44 per cent. more eggs at a feed cost of 15 to 36 per cent. less per dozen than hens kept in confinement.

In Spring fowls require more careful attention than at any time in the year. All the accumulated debris of winter lies on the surface. Then comes a warm spell, and the surface of the ground gets muddy, while the filth of winter sticks to everything that touches it. This is the time to keep the hens dry and to give them straw to stand on and to work in during the day.

Women feel just as men feel; they need exercise for their faculties and a field for their efforts, just as men do.

Teacher—What does gender show? Pupil—Gender shows whether a man is masculine, feminine or neuter.

The beings that can leap the greatest are insects, the flea and grasshopper The former can hop over an obstacle 500 times its height, which is the same as if a man could hop over a mountain 3,000 feet high. A grasshopper can jump 200 times its length. How tall are you? Four feet? Well, if you were a grasshopper you could leap 800 feet.



Let Us Hope This Baby Won't Reach The Poison

106 children were reported poisoned in the last three years by arsenical fly destroyers. And this is but a fraction of the actual number. Arsenical fly poisoning and cholera infantum symptoms are almost exactly the same. Diagnosis is difficult. And first aid in arsenic poisoning must be quick.

Don't subject *your* children to this danger. Use the *non-poisonous* fly catcher

TANGLEFOOT

safe, sure and efficient, which catches the fly and embalms its body and the deadly germs it carries in a coat of disinfecting varnish.

Government Issues Warning

Earnest A. Sweet, Prized Assistant Surgeon in the United States Public Health Service, makes the following statement in Supplement No. 29 to the Public Health Reports: "Of other fly poisons mentioned, mention should be made, merely for a purpose of condemnation, of those composed of arsenic. Fatal cases of poisoning of children through the use of such compounds are far too frequent, and owing to the resemblance of arsenical poisoning to summer diarrhea and cholera infantum, it is believed that the cases reported do not, by any means, comprise the total. Arsenical fly-destroying devices must be rated as extremely dangerous and should never be used, even if other measures are not at hand."

Made in Canada by
THE O. & W. THUM COMPANY
Walkerville, Ont.
American Address, Grand Rapids, Mich.

Hogs

The man who keeps cows is well fixed for raising hogs.

Hogs will eat alfalfa hay, and pay well for it. This was proved the past winter on many farms where economy was practised by substituting hay for part of the corn and tankage or other millfeed which it was customary to feed.

It is essential that the brood sow be fed a well balanced, succulent, nutritious, milk-producing ration while suckling the litter. Dairy by-products, such as skim-milk, buttermilk or whey together with meals such as shorts, ground oats, barley, oil cake and the like, are all highly suitable for the feeding of the sow at this season. These are also splendid feeds for the litter at weaning time. If dairy by-products are not available, digester tankage may to some extent supplement these feeds.

Kitchen slops, ground barley and shorts formed the greater part of the ration of a pig which took first prize at a recent show. The pig had the run of an alfalfa pasture, with a stream at the foot of the hill in the same lot.

Horse Sense

There are two forms of strangles or distemper, viz., regular and irregular strangles. The symptoms of regular form are: cough, unthriftiness, fever difficulty in swallowing, nasal discharge, swellings between jaws or about throat, which form into abscesses. In irregular form the same symptoms occur, with less difficult breathing, and the abscesses may form any place, externally or internally.

Attend to comfort, apply poultices of antiphlogistine to throat, lance abscesses as soon as ready, give 2 or 3 drams hyposulphite of soda out of a spoon 3 times daily, do not drench. If breathing becomes very difficult send for veterinarian.

Go easy with the horses at the start and see that collars fit.

Farm horses usually could haul larger loads on the country roads if waggon tires were wider, and less damage is done to roads by wide tires.

NURSES WANTED

Toronto Hospital for Incurables' Training School for Nurses, affiliated with Bellevue and Allied Hospitals, New York City, offers to women having one year's High School education, a Three Years' Course in Nursing. The pupils receive the uniform of the School and a monthly allowance. The intermediate year is spent in New York. Applications will be received by the Superintendent, Miss Cook, 130 Dunn Avenue, Toronto.

The Doings of the Duffs.



REPLENISH YOUR BLOOD IN THE SPRING

Just now you are feeling "out of sorts"—not your usual self. Quite exhausted at times and cannot devote real energy to your work. Sleep does not rest you and you wake up feeling "all tired out." Perhaps rheumatism is flying through your muscles and joints or may be your skin is disfigured by rashes, boils or pimples. Headaches, twinges of neuralgia, fits of nervousness, irritability of temper and a disordered stomach often increase your discomfort in the spring.

The cause—winter has left its mark on you. These troubles are signs that your blood is poor and watery, that your nerves are exhausted. You must renew and enrich your blood at once and restore tone to your tired nerves, or there may be a complete breakdown. The most powerful remedy for these spring ailments in men, women and children is Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, because these Pills cleanse bad blood and strengthen weak nerves.

New, rich, red blood—your greatest need in spring—is plentifully created by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and with this new, pure blood in your veins you quickly regain health and increase your strength. Then your skin becomes clear, your eyes bright, your nerves strong, and you feel better, eat better, sleep better, and are able to do your work.

Begin your spring tonic treatment to-day for the blood and nerves with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills—the Pills that strengthen.

These Pills are sold by most dealers, but do not be persuaded to take "something just the same." If you can't get the genuine Pills from your dealer they will be sent you by mail, post paid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ONTARIO'S FOREST FIRES.

Strong Organization Being Formed to Administer Protection System.

Material progress is being made in the re-organization of Ontario's forest fire protection system. The organization will be supervised by E. J. Zavitz, Provincial Forester. Mr. Zavitz is a technically trained forester and has had wide experience under Ontario conditions, having been connected with various lines of government forestry work in the province during the past 12 or 13 years. He will be assisted in the head office by J. H. White, of the Faculty of Forestry of the University of Toronto. Mr. White has collaborated in the preparation of reports on Forests of Nova Scotia, Trent Watershed Survey and Forest Protection in Canada, 1913-1914, published by the Commission of Conservation. Three district chiefs have been appointed, for the supervision of the work in the field. L. E. Bliss will be stationed at Port Arthur, Ernest G. Poole at Cochrane, and A. J. McDonald at North Bay. Under these district chiefs will be a large staff of inspectors and fire-rangers. A strong effort will be made to co-ordinate the work of the whole organization, and to provide adequate overhead supervision and inspection.

Co-operation with the Board of Railway Commissioners will be continued, under which the Province will provide a number of inspectors to supervise the fire protection work of the several railways, in forest sections. The regulations of the Board make the railways responsible for the prevention and control of fires due to railway agencies. For the enforcement of these regulations in Ontario, the Province last year provided eleven inspectors. The work of these inspectors related chiefly to right-of-way clearing, the reporting and extinguishing of fires by railway employees, and the inspection of locomotive fire-protective appliances.

Proposed amendments to the Ontario Forest Fires Act will give the Provincial Forester very wide authority in the handling of the whole situation. One of the most important amendments provides for the adoption of the permit system of regulating settlers' clearing fires. This action should go far toward preventing a repetition of previous disastrous fires in the clay belt. Similar provisions are now in effect in other provinces.

SLIGHTLY EXAGGERATED.

Story Which Occurs in a Collection of Theological Anecdotes.

The line between purely rhetorical exaggeration and a reprehensible perversion of truth is not always easy to draw. In the high tide of eloquence, even preachers occasionally forget that it exists. A committee of remonstrance once called upon an old-time Newburyport preacher to protest against the unbridled exaggerations that he permitted himself in the pulpit. The preacher admitted his fault very humbly.

"Indeed," he said to them sorrowfully, "I have shed over it barrels upon barrels of tears!"

The "meenister" of a country kirk in Scotland, a century ago, was less amenable to reproof, even if he invited it—as Mr. J. R. McRae has recently related in a collection of theological anecdotes. His clerk had ventured to suggest the ill effect of exaggeration upon the congregation; the minister, rather offended, declared himself unaware of transgression, but requested that if he erred again the next Sabbath he might be reminded, by a discreet cough, to curtail his eloquence.

The next Sabbath he described how Samson tied the foxes' tails together. He said, impressively:

"The foxes in those days were much larger than ours, and they had tails twenty fut long—"

"Ahem!" coughed the clerk.

"That is," continued the preacher, "according to their measurement; but by ours nae more than fufteen—"

"A-hem!" came the cough, more loudly.

"But sin ye may think that extravagant, we'll juist ca' them ten fut—"

"Ahem! Ahem!"

"Mon," shouted the parson, leaning over the pulpit and shaking a forefinger at the clerk, "ye may cough all nicht if it suit ye, but I'll na tak aff anither fut! Wad ye hae the foxes wi' no tails at a'?"

BABY'S OWN TABLETS USED TEN YEARS

Mrs. W. J. Wilson, Carp, Ont., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets for the last ten years and can highly recommend them for babyhood and childhood ailments. My baby was very delicate; in fact we never thought he would live, but thanks to the Tablets he is now a fine healthy boy." Baby's Own Tablets should be kept in every home where there are small children. They regulate the bowels and stomach and never fail to cure the minor ills of little ones. The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

QUACK GRASS.

Thoroughness an Essential Quality in Method of Eradication.

All methods of eradicating this troublesome weed are based on thorough tillage. The implements found on any well equipped farm are sufficient to eradicate quack grass.

As the quack grass roots are found closer to the surface in sod and pasture fields than in cultivated fields, it is often advisable to utilize a field for pasture or meadow, keeping the grass cut closely or grazed before attempting to kill it. The work should start immediately after haying by ploughing the infested land only deep enough to turn over a furrow containing most of the grass roots. From three to four inches will be deep enough on sod or pasture land. Disk the land thoroughly every ten or twelve days until autumn, when the quack grass will be killed. Plough the land to a good depth the following spring to bury the dead roots which will supply food to the succeeding crop. Plant corn or potatoes and cultivate thoroughly, or sow a smother crop as millet or buckwheat.

The process of killing quack grass is not complicated, but one thing must always be borne in mind, the work must be done conscientiously and thoroughly. A half-hearted effort is useless.

There are signs to-day in Germany, one cannot call it of repentance; it is rather of sorrow, not for her crimes, but for the accumulating failure of the object for which that crime of hers was committed.

The High Cost of Indigestible Food falls heavily upon the household where there is no intelligent direction of the food supply. Expensive high proteid foods, such as beef and pork, impose a heavy burden upon the liver and kidneys. They are not as nitritious as cereals and fruits. Two **Shredded Wheat Biscuits** with milk supply all the nutriment needed for a half day's work at a cost of only four or five cents. Cut out meat and eggs, eat Shredded Wheat Biscuit with green vegetables and fruits, and see how much better you feel. For breakfast with hot milk or cream. Made in Canada.

A Fashionable Gown

The jumper effect and barrel skirt combined make a costume distinctly smart, while its development in oyster-white pongee and Chinese blue adds the artistic touch which is the aspiration of all women of taste. The embroidery used on this dress is the new kind of shadow embroidery which is



very easily done as it is merely a darning-stitch. McCall Pattern No. 7743, Ladies' Jumper Blouse, in 5 sizes; 34 to 42 bust; and No. 7737, Ladies' Two-Piece Barrel Skirt, 39 or 37-inch length; in 5 sizes; 22 to 30 waist. Price, 20 cents each.

These patterns may be obtained from your local McCall dealer or from The McCall Co., 70 Bond St., Toronto, Dept. W.

SACRED LAKE OF ASHANTI.

Regarded by Natives as the Abode of a Powerful Spirit.

In central Ashanti there is a sacred lake, Bosumtivi, which lies about eighteen miles southeast of Coomassie, and is the only real lake in the country. It is roughly circular in shape, with a diameter of four miles, and lies in a deep depression with sides rising to six hundred and seven hundred feet above its surface. It has never been fathomed. An attempt was made to sound it by A. J. Philbrick, acting chief commissioner of Ashanti, but the line broke after five hundred feet had been lowered. The water is fresh, though the lake has no outlet, and only a few small annual streams flow into it. The Ashantis regard the lake as a great fetish, believing that it is the abode of a powerful and energetic spirit which manifests itself, among other ways, by flashing lights on the surface and making noises like the discharge of artillery. There are numerous villages round the lake, but no canoes, paddles, fishboats or brass pans are allowed on or near to it. The natives do, however, permit themselves to catch the fish which abound in the lake, aand they resort to an ingenious method of overcoming the disabilities imposed on them by its sacred character. Plaited reed mats with gaping mouths are taken out from the shore by men lying face downwards on cigar shaped logs of wood. They propel themselves by paddling with their hands, and, having set the mats as a trap, they retire long enough to allow the fish to enter. They then return very quickly in the same fashion, pull together the two parts of the trap, and retire with their haul.

The average man thinks he would have been a perfect terror in war if business had not kept him at home.

Satisfaction, even after one has dined well, is not so interesting and eager a feeling as hunger.

UTILIZE MILL WASTE.

Process Discovered of Obtaining Valuable Products From Refuse.

Dr. J. G. Davidson, of the University of British Columbia, in co-operation with Lloyd L. Davis, of the department of industrial chemistry of the University of Washington, has discovered a process of distilling sawmill waste whereby it is believed that thousands of dollars now lost will be saved.

By means of this process tar, a light oil, acetate of lime, and charcoal are formed. The gas produced by distillation is carried through a pipe nine inches in diameter and twenty feet long. In this pipe is an electrically charged wire, which causes precipitation of the heavy particles of tar. The tar, forty gallons for each cord of wood distilled, is of medium consistency, and immediately marketable. The light oil, obtained in a water condenser, is immediately marketable for use in ore refining, and the yield is twelve gallons to the cord of wood. Eighty pounds of acetate of lime are obtained from the pyroligneous acid of each cord of wood. Nine hundred pounds of charcoal are the final yield.

Well Known Farmer Gives His Evidence

Says Dodd's Kidney Pills Cured Him of Gravel

Mr. William Wood of Hadlington, Ont., is Added to Long List of Cures By the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy, Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Hadlington, Ont., Apr. 23rd (Special)—Mr. William Wood, a well-known farmer living near here, is shouting the praises of Dodd's Kidney Pills. He claims they cured him of two of the most painful and dangerous forms of kidney trouble, bladder trouble and gravel.

"Yes, I was troubled with gravel and bladder trouble," Mr. Woods said when asked about his cure. "But since I took four boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills my troubles are gone. I also had heart flutterings and shortness of breath. There were flashes of lights and specks before my eyes and I was very nervous. All these troubles have gone, too, since I used Dodd's Kidney Pills."

Others in this neighborhood have used Dodd's Kidney Pills and found that they are the greatest of all remedies for kidney troubles of any kind. Dodd's Kidney Pills are specialists. They cure sick kidneys and that is all they claim to cure. The reason they are given credit for curing rheumatism, lumbago, dropsy, diabetes and Bright's disease is that all of these diseases are caused by sick kidneys.

STRENGTH OF DOUGLAS FIR.

British Railway Officials Find It Valuable For Road Ties.

As evidence of the remarkable strength of Douglas fir, an official of one of the great British railways in a letter to an official of the British Columbia forestry department, stated that out of 616 railway ties of Douglas fir laid down more than 16 years ago, on a main line over which traffic of fifteen million tons per annum passed, only 23 had been renewed, the remainder being still in good condition.

British Columbia possesses an inexhaustible supply of this magnificent timber, observes the Vancouver Sun, and undoubtedly it will compete successfully with other timber in the markets for building timber which will be opened in Europe when the war ends. Present indications are that Douglas fir will be a source of immense wealth to this province at the close of the war.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, Etc.

A Complicated Clock.

At Beauvais Cathedral there is a clock which is composed of 92,000 separate pieces, having 52 dial-plates. This clock gives the time in the big capitals of the world, as well as the local hour, the day of the week and month, the rising and setting of the sun, the phases of the moon and tides, as well as considerable other information.

MONEY ORDERS

When ordering goods by mail, send a Dominion Express Money Order.

The discovery of America cost a little more than $7,000, at least so say some documents that were found in the archives of Genoa. These documents give the value of Columbus' first fleet at $3,000. The great admiral was paid a salary of $300 a year, the two captains who accompanied him received a salary of $200 each and the members of the crew were paid at the rate of $2.50 a month each.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere.

Careful consideration should be given to the planting of large trees and shrubs, as planting of this kind should be permanent. Flower beds may be changed more or less every year, but large shrubs and trees require years to develop fine specimens, so they should not be disturbed or moved after they are once located.

ISSUE No. 17—'17.



Tommy (to Jock, on leave)—What about the lingo? Suppose you want to say "egg" over there, what do you say? Jock—Ye juist say "Oof." Tommy—But suppose you want two? Jock—Ye say "Twa oofs," and the silly auld fule wife gies ye three, and ye just gie her back one. Man, it's an awfu' easy language.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

Although cotton is spun and woven in twenty-two countries almost every nation in the world buys English yarns and cloths.

Gold, silver, copper, quicksilver, or mercury, iron, nickel, tin, zinc, lead, and aluminum are the 10 minerals generally to be found in every house.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentlemen,—I had my leg badly hurt, the pain was very severe and a large swelling came above the knee. I expected it would be serious—I rubbed it with MINARD'S LINIMENT, which stopped the pain and reduced the swelling very quickly. I cannot speak too highly of MINARD'S LINIMENT.

AMOS T. SMITH.

Port Hood Island.

Waste ground and spare time may be jointly used for the increased production of food.

The Soul of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the "OTTO HIGEL" PIANO ACTION

"Clean All" BOILER COMPOUND
For All Boiler Feed Waters
Cyclone Shaking and Dumping Grate Bars for all requirements
Canadian Steam Boiler Equipment Co., Limited
Tel. Gerrard 3660
20 McGee St. - Toronto

PILES.
You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? *All Druggists and Stores.—50c box.*
Zam-Buk


BOOK ON DOG DISEASES And How to Feed
Mailed free to any address by the Author
H. CLAY GLOVER CO., Inc.
118 West 31st Street, New York
America's Pioneer Dog Remedies

WOMEN! IT IS MAGIC! LIFT OUT ANY CORN

Apply a few drops then lift corns or calluses off with fingers—no pain.



Just think! You can lift off any corn or callus without pain or soreness.

A Cincinnati man discovered this ether compound and named it freezone. Any druggist will sell a tiny bottle of freezone, like here shown, for very little cost. You apply a few drops directly upon a tender corn or callus. Instantly the soreness disappears, then shortly you will find the corn or callus so loose that you can lift it right off.

Freezone is wonderful. It dries instantly. It doesn't eat away the corn or callus, but shrivels it up without even irritating the surrounding skin.

Hard, soft or corns between the toes, as well as painful calluses, lift right off. There is no pain before or afterwards. If your druggist hasn't freezone, tell him to order a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

A Healthy Job.

The healthiest occupation of all is said to be that in the American petroleum works. Here the men are said never to suffer from sore throats, diphtheria, quinsy or kindred ailments. Indeed, petroleum fumes are so good for the throat that it is quite common for sufferers from throat affections to "take the fumes," just as people "take the waters" at Hot Springs or French Lick.

Sore Eyes Granulated Eyelids, Eyes inflamed by exposure to Sun, Dust and Wind quickly relieved by Murine Eye Remedy. No Smarting, just Eye Comfort. At Your Druggist's 50c per Bottle. Murine Eye Salve in Tubes 25c. For Book of the Eye Free ask Druggists or Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

Use more time and lower heat in cooking to develop flavors and to secure all the value in the food.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

A man may have a lofty aim and still be a poor shot.

It takes a lot of fortitude to follow the dictates of a perfectly good conscience.

NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE

PROFIT-MAKING NEWS AND JOB Offices for sale in good Ontario towns. The most useful and interesting of all businesses. Full information on application to Wilson Publishing Company, 73 Adelaide Street, Toronto.

HELP WANTED

BRIGHT YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with house work. Mrs. White, 47 Indian Road Crescent, Toronto.

MISCELLANEOUS

BICYCLES, NEW AND SECOND Hand. $12.00 up. Send for special price list Varsity Cycle Works, 413 Spadina Ave., Toronto.

CANCER, TUMORS, LUMPS, ETC., internal and external, cured without pain by our home treatment. Write us before too late. Dr. Bellman Medical Co., Limited, Collingwood, Ont.

GREASE IS GREASE
It may be any old kind but
MICA
IS
AXLE GREASE


THE IMPERIAL OIL COMPANY Limited
BRANCHES THROUGHOUT CANADA



Rheumatism attacks the "outside" man. Pains and aches stiffen his joints and muscles and reduces his efficiency.

At the first twinge get Sloan's Liniment, easy to apply, it *penetrates without rubbing* and soothes the soreness.

After that long drive or tedious wait in the cold rain apply Sloan's Liniment to those stiff fingers, aching wrists and arms.

For gout, neuralgia, toothache, bruises, sprains, cold feet, it is promptly effective.

At all druggists, 25c. 50c. and $1.00.

Sloan's Liniment KILLS PAIN

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS OF HEALTHY BOYS & GIRLS EAT Grape-Nuts AND CREAM EVERY MORNING BECAUSE WISE MOTHERS KNOW "There's a Reason"

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER COMPOUND TRADE MARK

STRANGLES

Or Distemper in stallions, brood mares, colts and all others is most destructive. The germ causing the disease must be removed from the body of the animal. To prevent the trouble the same must be done.

SPOHN'S COMPOUND

Will do both—cure the sick and prevent those "exposed" from having the disease. All druggists.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists, Goshen Ind., U. S. A.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Whitteker the Optician will be at
Wales Apr. 21
Morrisburg, Apr. 23 to May. 5

EDITH K. NEILSON,
L. T. C. M.,
Graduate of the Toronto Conservatory of Music.
Pupils prepared for all grades of the Conservatory pionoforte examinations :: :: ::
Studio at Mrs. Percy Nash's

Why not a Municipal potato patch in Morrisburg this year.

* * *

Everybody else is going to the Big Victory Bazaar, why not You?

* * *

Make two potatoes grow this year where you grew one onion last.

* * *

Miss Clara Armstrong is spending a couple of weeks with friends in Spencerville.

* * *

Among the names in the wounded in Monday's list we note J. Secord and C. Dunn of Chesterville.

* * *

With backyard gardening in progress it may be expected that for a fortnight or so spades will be trump.

* * *

The causeway—the longest bascule bridge in Canada—connecting Barriefield and Kingston, was formally opened to traffic on Monday.

* * *

Parties desiring good milch cows can secure them at the McKenzie sale at Morrisburg, on Saturday, April 28.

* * *

The Government has purchased the steamers Drummond and McKee to be used in the coal-carrying trade between Montreal and Sydney.

* * *

Negotiations have been completed whereby the T. Eaton Co., of Toronto took over the Hillbrook Creamery, conducted by James Small for some years at Prescott.

* * *

The steamer Riverside makes her first trip to Ogdensburg today and will run every Tuesday and Friday during the month of May. Fridays will again be made special excursion days.

* * *

Mr. Charlie H. Casselman left on Sunday for Kingston to take charge of the steamer Simla as Mate and Pilot.

* * *

Visitors at the Allison home this week were: Mrs. K. Croft and Mrs. L. B. Brown, Ogdensburg; Messrs. H. H. Hamilton and Thos. Summers, Ogdensburg; Mr. Wade, Pittsburg, Pa.; Mr. Taylor, Warren, Ohio; and Mr. C. M. Brownlow, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

* * *

Mr. Garnet Snyder left on Wednesday for Campbellford, Ont., where he will be employed on a dredge during the summer season.

* * *

Mr. Dick Adams of the Bank of Ottawa, Ottawa, has been transferred to the Toronto branch and left for that city the first of the week after spending the week in town with his mother, Mrs. C. Adams.

* * *

Mrs. LaFlamme and Mrs. McArthur returned home the first of the week after spending a few weeks with relatives in Cornwall.

* * *

Miss Kathleen Pyper returned home from the Hospital at Ottawa on Monday. She was accompanied by her sister, Mrs. A. E. Kelly who spent a few days with her parents.

* * *

Miss Susan O'Neil, who for the last several weeks has been in the Hospital at Ottawa, returned home on Saturday, we are glad to report, much improved in health.

* * *

The estate of James S. McKenzie will sell at public auction at the McKenzie home, Canal street, Morrisburg, on Saturday, April 28th., the farm and other chattels including good farm team, team of colts, a number of fine milch cows and young cattle, also farm machinery, lumber and other articles.

* * *

A recent press despatch contains the information that Major C. Ferguson of the 38th Battalion, well known in Morrisburg, is in the Portland Place Hospital suffering from an attack of pneumonia. His many Dundas friends hope for his rapid recovery.

* * *

Mrs. E. A. Storey was taken to the Hospital at Ottawa on Wednesday where she will undergo an operation.

* * *

Mrs. J. D. McDonald and family returned home on Saturday from Ottawa where they have spent the past few weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Douglas and children of Watertown are spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. Geo. Reid.

* * *

Mr. I. Hilliard, K.C., and Mr. Arthur Flynn were in Toronto the first of the week.

* * *

Zeta Lodge No. 311, I.O.O.F. will hold their anniversary service at Knox Presbyterian Church, on Sunday, April 29th at two o'clock. Sermon to be preached by Rev. Hugh Cameron, Chaplain of the lodge. All members are requested to meet at the Lodge room at 1.45 p.m.

* * *

Mr. John Morton of Montreal spent Sunday in town.

* * *

Mrs. John Smith and Miss Bessie Lalson were guests at A. L. VanAllen's on Sunday.

* * *

Mrs. E. W. Lane has returned to her home in Massena, N.Y., after spending a few weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Larmour.

* * *

Pte. D. J. McDonald who served with the local Canal Patrolin 1916, is officially reported killed in France.

* * *

Mrs. Stuart Wotherspoon spent the early part of the week in Ottawa where she visited with her brother, who has been invalided home from France suffering with trench fever. Major MacPherson was in command of C. Company, 38th Battalion, recruited in Ottawa. He expects to return to active duty shortly.

Mrs. Andrew Barr and little daughter, Mona, left for Cleveland, Ohio, on Friday last where they will in future reside.

Among the names in the list of those who have made the supreme sacrifice at Vimy Ridge we note that of Sergeant J. Selkirk Wilson of Hanover, Ont., who died of wounds at a clearing station on April 10th. Sergeant Wilson was a nephew of Mr. Morrison of the Collegiate staff and had enlisted at the outbreak of war.

MARRIED

Married—At London, England, on Monday, April 19th., Capt. Dr. K. Cooke of Toronto, to Miss Beatrice Baker, nurse of the Duke and Duchess Hospital, London, and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Baker of East Williamsburg.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

ESTATE JAMES S. McKENZIE, deceased

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Trustees Act that all persons having claims against the estate of James S. McKenzie, late of the Village of Morrisburg, deceased, who died on or about the 6th day of April, 1917 are required to send the same, duly verified, post prepaid, or otherwise deliver the same to the undersigned solicitor for Emma A. McKenzie, Executrix, on or before the 19th day of May, 1917.

And notice is further given that immediately after said date the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice, and shall not be liable for the proceeds of said estate or any part thereof to any person whose claim has not been filed at the time of such distribution.

Dated the 19th day of April, 1917.

ARTHUR FLYNN,
Solicitor for said Estate,
Morrisburg.

"All parties owing the Estate are requested to settle by cash or note without delay."

MAIL CONTRACT

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until noon, on Friday, the 1st June, 1917, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails on a proposed Contract for four years six times per week on the route

MORRISBURG RURAL ROUTE NO. 1

from the 1st July, 1917 next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Morrisburg, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector, Ottawa.

P. T. COOLICAN
Post Office Inspector.

Post Office Inspector's Office,
Ottawa, April 19th 1917

FOR SALE

Farm—Consisting of forty acres more or less, situate along the Nash Road, in the first Concession of the Township of Williamsburg, known as the "Jane Nash Farm." On this property are first class outbuildings and good brick dwelling, also two tenant houses, both in good repair. Also house in good repair to let.

For further particulars apply to
M. J. CASSELMAN, or
HUGH A. YOUNG,
Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

Morrisburg—West-End, Fine Residence, 44x34, Colonial Style, Situated along St. Lawrence River. Large verandah, ten rooms, bath room, furnace, electric lights.—All modern conveniences. New roof on house and barn. Lot 155x165; good garden. Big bargain. Apply
A. E., P. O. Box 38
Morrisburg, Ont.

FOUND

On Church Road, Riverside, a bag of grass seed. Owner may have same by calling W. O. Lane's and paying the cost of this Ad.

Notice to Shippers and Consigners

The Steamer Britanic, commencing Wednesday, May the second, will leave Montreal for Kingston every Wednesday at 3 p.m. arriving in Kingston Friday at 2 p.m and leaving Montreal and intermediate ports every Friday at 4.30 p.m. Low Rates—Good Service.

ARNOLD N. SMITH,
General Manager,
Cornwall, Ont.

ART CLOTHES
COOK BROS. & ALLEN LIMITED

THESE SPRING
CLOTHES
DESIGNED TO PLEASE
GOOD DRESSERS



Gentility is the outstanding feature of the style of our clothes—a quiet refinement that is essential to good dressers.

That is the first characteristic that strikes you—and the quality is almost equally apparent.

ART CLOTHES
COOK BROS. & ALLEN LIMITED

are tailored to your measure in any of our many new Spring models. We have hundreds of exceptionally fine fabrics to choose from.

The prices are moderate.

J. F. CASSELMAN & CO.
Morrisburg, Ont.

8.sp

Perhaps you have a loved one at the front. Send him your photograph. He will appreciate it.

Your friends can buy anything you can give them— except your Photograph

Make the appointment to-day

J. M. WHITTEKER,
Photographer & Optometrist
Morrisburg, - Ont.

—The—
Whitteker Optical Parlor
A. A. WHITTEKER, Graduate Optical Institute of Canada
J. M. WHITTEKER, Graduate Canada Opthalmic College
'Phone No. 18A
Tait Block
Morrisburg, - - Ontario



DR. McGAHEY'S HEAVE CURE For broken-winded Horses cures Heaves, Chronic Cough and all chronic affections of the throat and lungs. The only medicine in the world that will cure the above disease, making the animal sound in wind and useful to his owner. Price $1.50.

DR. McGAHEY'S KIDNEY & COUGH POWDERS for all acute affections of the throat and lungs, such as Coughs, Colds Distemper, Stocking of the Legs (the result of hard driving), Kidney Trouble, etc. One dose relieves, and one box will cure. Price 50c.

THE DR. McGAHEY MEDICINE CO., KEMPTVILLE, ONT.

D. T. HENDERSON,
Morrisburg, :: Ont

FRUIT TREES
AND PLANTS
For Spring Planting

We have established a lasting reputation for fair and square dealing, and are now prepared to meet existing conditions by offering our high-grade trees and plants direct to customers at ROCK BOTTOM PRICES

Don't delay planting fruit trees and plants, as there is nothing pays etter.

Send for our illustrated circulars of hardy varieties, which you can order direct and get the benefit of agent's commission. Our prices will be sure to interest you.

THE CHASE BROTHER'S CO.,
OF ONTARIO, LTD.
ESTABLISHED — 1857
NURSERYMEN,
COLBORNE, — ONT.

FOR SALE

Modern 8-room house, with woodshed and summer kitchen, large barn, good well, one and one half acres of land, located in the village of Williamsburg. For particulars apply to
ARTHUR FLYNN,
Attorney, Morrisburg.

FOR SALE

House and lot, on High street, Morrisburg, known as the Adam Johnson property. Or will rent, furnished or without furniture.
Apply, this office, or
M. J. CASSELMAN,
Morrisburg.

FOR RENT

A comfortable brick dwelling house on Church street, Morrisburg, with all modern conveniences. There is also in connection therewith a good garden plot. Possession given after the 10th April, 1917. For particulars apply to
R. F. LYLE,
Marrisburg, Ont.

New Times—New Chances

Prices Going Up!

Drop us a card. We are paying highest prices for poultry, Junk, Rags, Rubbers, Copper, Lead and Zinc; also all kinds of scrap iron empty bags, and magazines. Satisfaction guaranteed to my customers.

J. S. TEVAN,
Main street, first house west of Mr. J. Hopper's, Morrisburg.
P. O. Box, 144 - - 'Phone 65

Notice to the Public

I will pay highest prices for rags, rubbers, copper, brass, zinc, lead and all kinds of scrap iron. For best service 'phone 63 or write S. Agulnick, box 17, Morrisburg.

BANK OF OTTAWA
ESTABLISHED 1874
Capital and Rest — $8,750,000.

— DIRECTORS —

Hon. George Bryson, President. — John B. Fraser, Vice President.
Russell Blackburn. — Hon Sir George H. Perley.
George Burn. — E. C Whitney.
Sir Henry K. Egan. — Alexander MacLaren.

General Manager, D. M. FINNIE. Asst. General Manager, H. V. CANN. Chief Inspector W. DUTHIE.

A general banking business transacted.

Interest allowed on savings balances of one dollar or more. Systematic saving started early in life ensures comfort and independence in later years. Accounts invited.

Morrisburg Branch — B. A. HERRING, Manager.

Best & Cheapest Groceries
Are Here

Canned Fruits			Canned Vegetables		
Peaches	per tin	20cts.	Tomatoes	per tin	15cts.
Pears	" "	20cts.	Pumpkin	" "	15cts.
Strawberries	"	20cts.	Corn	" "	15cts.
Raspberries	"	20cts.	Peas	" "	15cts.

Breakfast Cereals			Dried Fruits		
Cream Wheat	per pk.	20c	Raisins, seeded,	pk.	15c
Malt Food	" "	20c	Currants	"	20c
Roman Meal	" "	25c	Peaches	"	15c
Grape Nuts	" "	15c	Raisins, seedless	"	15c

Teas & Coffee a Speciality.

MULLIN BROS.
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
MORRISBURG, — ONT.

CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL



IT'S A PLEASURE to burn our coal says the lady who has used it. It is the free buzning. clean coal that gives the best satisfaction If you will try a ton we feel sure you will agree with us that it is the best coal to be had

ROOFING & BUILDING PAPERS
Of all kinds in stock; send for a sample of
GRANATIZED SHINGLE
The Greatest Shingle Proposition on the Market.
BAMWELL NOXIE WIREFENCE ALWAYS IN STOCK.

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CELEBRATED SCRANTON COAL

Paroid Roofs First Laid in 1898

NEPONSET Paroid ROOFING

Same Roofs Still in Service

PAROID is so good that the name has come to stand for the best kind of roofing. Complimentary, but dangerous! It means that for your own protection you must look for the name Paroid on every roll you buy. Then you are sure of the roofing that is approved by the National Board of Fire Underwriters.

SAVE MONEY
Look for the Roll with the PAROID Label

Once laid, a Paroid roof is weather-proof and fire-resisting for years to come. The saving on repair bills alone ensures the economy of Paroid, to say nothing of the absolute protection to your stock and crops.

3 permanent colors—Red, Grey, and Green.
For your home, use Neponset Twin Shingles.
Look for the Neponset dealer and get genuine satisfaction.



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Morrisburg,
W. H. McGannon.

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